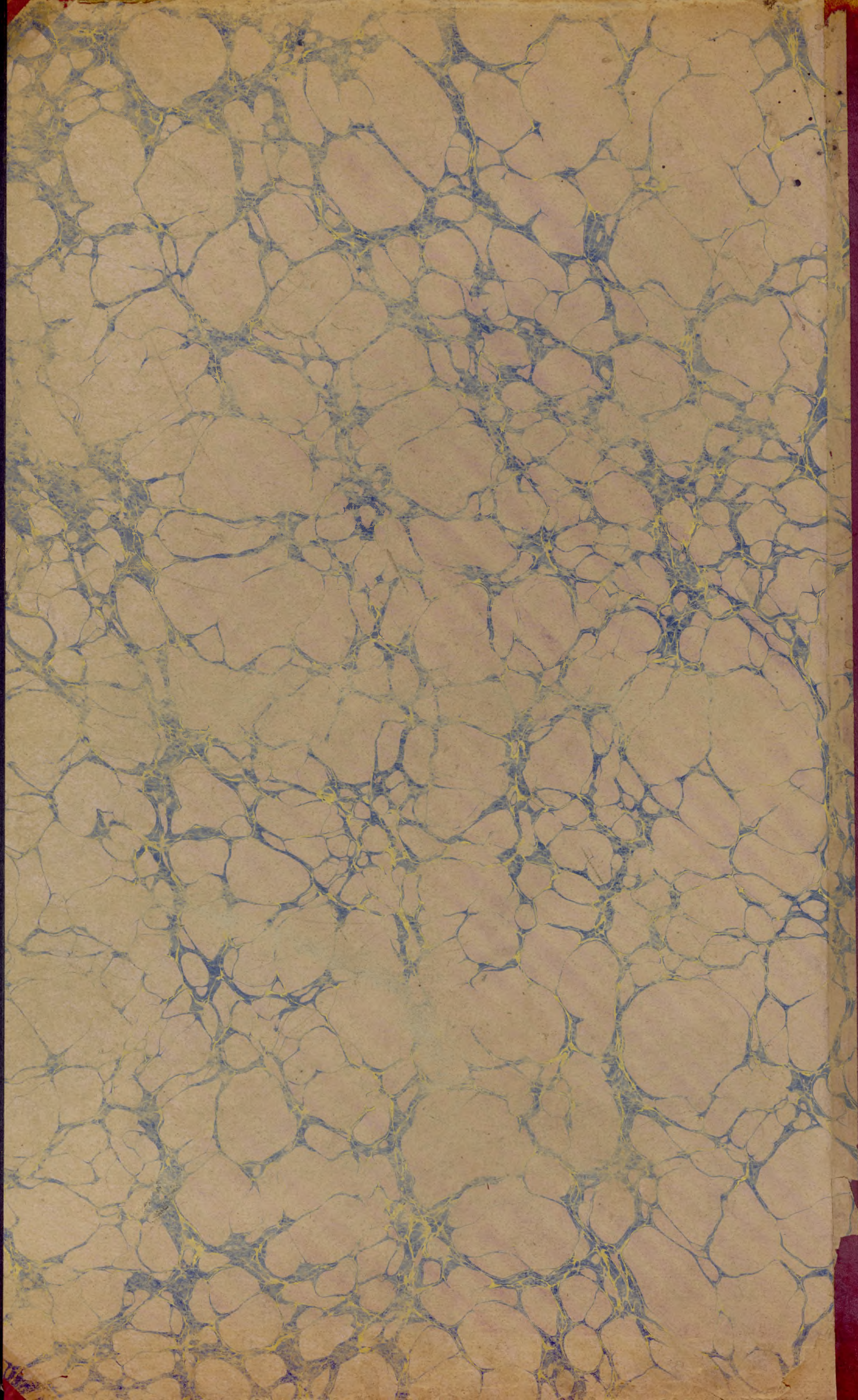




LIBRARY
ALABAMA COLLEGE
MONTEVALLO

CURRENT COMMENT.

It is said that England has investments in the United States amounting to \$3,193,500,000.

PETITIONS are being circulated among G. A. R. men and other veterans of the country advocating Gen. O. O. Howard for president in 1895.

C. I. SMITH, one of the largest stockmen in Lincoln county, Wash., telegraphed President Cleveland that he would furnish the government 5,000 cavalry horses free of charge in case of war with England.

HENRY MENIER jumped from the Washburn street bridge at St. Paul, Minn., into the Mississippi river and coolly swam ashore uninjured. The height of the bridge is 125 feet. When Menier reached the bank he was arrested.

Two women fought a pistol duel at ten feet, at Louisville, Ky., recently over a common lover. Neither was injured, but a third woman, who attempted to act as peacemaker, received a bullet in the stomach and will die.

THE dispensary system of South Carolina is making money hand over fist, and all classes are becoming reconciled to it, owing to the fact that the profits go to the school fund. The idea was taken from the Norway plan.

THE immigration of foreigners into the United States for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1895, is shown by the reports to have reached the lowest point in numbers since 1879, but since then the influx of foreigners has been steadily increasing.

RECENT statistics show that the increase of divorces exceeds in percentage the increase of population in nearly all the states. The causes are such as indicate a growing disposition to regard marriage as a mere contract instead of a sacred union.

THE latest official statistics of the internal revenue department reveal that in the prohibition state of Iowa there are 365 more people engaged in the sale of liquor than are engaged in both the manufacture and sale of liquors in the state of Kentucky.

OFFICIALS of the war and navy departments at Washington talked recently as if they had positive information that there was a secret agreement between the United States and Russia, which would be operative if hostilities came about through the Venezuelan affair.

THE New York Tribune says: "No one in his sober senses wants war. But of all wars with Great Britain, that one of the best ways of preventing it is to be prepared for it. The present excitement will call attention to an unprepared condition, and thus serve a useful purpose."

THE new constitution of Utah has been examined by President Cleveland and Attorney-General Harmon and found to be in all respects in accordance with the terms prescribed in the enabling act. Therefore the president will issue his proclamation January 4 next declaring Utah a state of the union.

It was said at Washington that the president and Secretary of War Lamont were seriously considering the advisability of silencing Gen. Miles. His recent talk of the weakness of this country's coast defenses and the general inability to go to war with assurances of success has been termed indiscreet and his latest speech in Philadelphia has aroused some feeling, it was said, in the executive department, which may occasion a rebuke.

RICHARD W. HART, bishop of the Mormon church at Salt Lake City, member of the territorial legislature and a practicing lawyer of some note in his region, recently expressed some opinions to a reporter which will be received with astonishment by people who had supposed the Mormon church had permanently abandoned polygamy. According to Mr. Hart's view of the situation, the church will at once take up the practice when Utah has been admitted as a state.

THE Militant church, of Chicago, of which Rev. Dr. Rusk is pastor, is preparing for war with Great Britain. Recently, after divine service was concluded, attention was turned to affairs military, and the National Torpedo Defense association was formed. Mr. E. H. Lynn, who in 1882 was identified with the torpedo service of Great Britain, is at the head of the movement. It is designed to call soon a national convention of representatives from the cities exposed to coast attack and arrangements will be made for the instruction of recruits in torpedo work.

THOMAS A. EDISON thinks that American inventors could devise engines of destruction sufficient to destroy any hostile British fleet that came over here. He said that an aerial dynamite torpedo that could be steered might be constructed. It would not be necessary to strike the ship when dropped. The very force of the concussion within two miles of the ship could shiver her. A handful of men could sweep away an army, the destructive power being found in electricity. American inventive genius would soon supply what the army and navy of the country lacked.

THE Railway Age for December 27 says that railway building in the United States reached this year a lower point than in any of the last 20 years, and in only two years since 1865 has so small a mileage been built. Only 1,782 miles of track were laid in 1895. In the eight years since that time the decrease in construction has been great and continuous, and this year the total built was only about 100 miles more than in 1855—10 years ago. The greatest amount of track laid was in Texas, where 224 miles were put down. The railways of the United States aggregate a little over 181,000 miles.

BALTIMORE'S HORROR.

The Dreadful Theater Disaster of Friday Night.

WHICH COST OVER A SCORE OF LIVES.

Horrible Scenes in the Stairways Leading From the Galleries, When to Stumble or Lose One's Footing Meant Certain Death.

The Old Front Street Theater Horror.
BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 28.—Not since the awful Tivoli disaster in 1883 has Baltimore been so horrified as it was Friday night when a tragedy was enacted at Old Front Street theater, which has resulted in the death of 23 men, women and children, while probably 100 are more or less injured. To some person unknown—and it may be well for him if his identity be forever concealed—due this deadly destruction of human life. The venerable Thespian temple was

PACKED FROM DOOR TO ORCHESTRA RAIL. The occasion was a Hebrew operatic performance and more than 2,500 persons of the Hebrew faith, of both sexes and all ages, were present. As the orchestra finished the overture and the curtain was being rung up there rang through the theater a loud cry of "Fire." All eyes were transfixed by a tongue of flame which suddenly burst forth from a leaking gas pipe in the second gallery near the boxes on the left-hand side.

A MOMENT OF PARALYSIS. For a moment paralysis seemed to seize every limb as the dreadful cry of fire struck terror to every heart. The next instant the scene was one of wild excitement, every man on his or her feet, men yelled, women wailed, children screamed. It was pandemonium unloosed.

With one accord, the surging, seething tide turned toward the exits. The rush and jam was appalling. Men and women alike were for the time being bereft of their senses. The cries of the feeble, of the children and of the women—the pleadings of the aged—were heartrending.

HUNDREDS WERE THROWN TO THE FLOOR, while those behind pressed on and over them, little heeding the fate of those underneath their feet, and only possessed of the fear that their turn might come next. The theater attendants and actors on the stage did all in their power to check the panic and stem the human tide which was sweeping along so furiously, but their outcries were unavailing; the crowd was deaf to reason.

TWO GREAT MISTAKES. The cry of fire was a great mistake—the turning off of the gas by the stage director was greater. Instead of allaying the excitement it added vastly thereto. The frantic Russian and Polish Jews, naturally of a very nervous and excitable temperament, redoubled their efforts to leave the building. The occupants of the galleries swarmed to the stairways. Here it was that the most deadly effects of the stampede manifested themselves. In a few minutes the hundreds who composed this part of the audience were

JAMMED TOGETHER LIKE SARDINES in the lowermost stair. Men, women and children went down in the rush and were almost instantly crushed lifeless.

Each of the stair-cases has but one turn, and that is a sharp angle. In these angles many persons went down to their death. Children were torn from their mothers' arms and carried for awhile on the top of the surging mob, brushed here and there when they got to the way of

THE DESPAIRING CREATURES, who were fighting to get away from the way they knew not what, and finally going down under foot never to see the light again.

The man or woman or child whose footing was lost was doomed. But few who stumbled came out of the crush alive.

The fresh air and the light of the street restored to the people some part of the reason they had lost. Out in the air and safe they realized

THE ORDEAL THROUGH WHICH THEY HAD PASSED and what their struggles had cost. It was then that many who had gone into the building with wives or daughters or sons or sweethearts missed them. Some tried to fight their way back into the building, calling aloud the names of the missing ones. Others ran about the street peering into the faces of everyone they met, and beseeching those whom they knew to tell them something about those who were lost. Women ran here and there, calling the names of their children.

RENDING THEIR GARMENTS AND BEATING THEIR BREASTS and calling out that the curse of God was upon them. The confusion on the outside of the building was as bad as that on the inside, only it was not so terrible. It was light on the outside, several electric lights making the place almost as light as day. Inside there were dim lights, being just bright enough to show how hideous the catastrophe had been. An alarm of fire had been turned in. The police and firemen worked with difficulty, and finally

HAD TO TURN SEVERAL STREAMS OF WATER ON the crowd to get it sufficiently dispersed to enable them to bring out the injured and the dead. As each body was brought out the crowd would push up around it and almost tear it away from the police and firemen in the effort to see if it was that of a person known to those about.

Fourteen of those taken out dead were removed to the city hospital. The distressing scenes attending identification continued until after midnight, when the bodies were removed to the morgue. Night bodies were taken di-

JAPAN IS ADVANCING.

Party Government Practically Established in the Empire.

A BAD BREACH OF INTERNATIONAL LAW

On the Part of a Japanese Commander, for which Japan Made Haste to Apologize to the British Government.

THE STATE OF TRADE
As Indicated by Bradstreet's Weekly Review.

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—Bradstreet's weekly review says: As the rule in Christmas week, wholesale trade has been quiet. The holidays, the close of the year and the fact that the business slow and promise only a slight trade in January. At various cities, notably New York, Boston, Baltimore and Chicago, anticipations as to the character of trade in the coming year are not out. It remains to be seen whether the forward movement of demand and prices, and the delay in putting the currency on a sound basis, all of which have begun to show themselves in trade conditions, will permit of a early and marked gain in staple lines of trade. In 1894 has been decidedly active.

Business failures in the country for a completed year number 1,003, an increase of more than two percent, notwithstanding this is the second year following the panic in which, as shown by the record, it is usual for the number of failures to decline. The increase of two percent, in number is accompanied by a gain of six percent in the value of those failures, and the number of failures, which averaged 123 in every 100 engaged in business during five years from 1890 to 1894, inclusive, and ranged as high as 150 in the past year, has decreased to 114 in the year ending December 31, 1895. The percentage of failures has risen from 5.8 per cent. one year ago to nearly 50 per cent. as contrasted with 1894. The number of failures in 1895 (four included as wheat) from both ends of the United States this week amount to 3,400,000 bushels, against 5,050,000 bushels in 1894. In the corresponding week one year ago, 2,000,000 bushels, or 2,000,000 bushels, three years ago, and at contrasted with 2,100,000 in Christmas week 1891. This week's foreign shipments of wheat (100,000 bushels) are the largest since the third week of January '94.

THE DEFENDER'S CASE.

The Hearing Continued Before the New York Yacht Club Commission.

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—The hearing of the charges brought by Lord Dunraven against the people in charge of the Defender was resumed before the special commission at the New York Yacht club.

The hearing began with the resumption of the evidence on behalf of the Defender's side of the case which was commenced shortly before the judgment Friday night with Nat G. Herreshoff, who built the American yacht, on the witness stand.

The discussion ensued between counsel on either side as to the admission of certain evidence. The passage-at-arms between Mr. Choate and Mr. Asquith, the London lawyer, was decidedly interesting.

At 1:15 o'clock Lord Dunraven left the Harrington and entered a carriage with H. M. Kersey. They were driven to the Cunard Steamship Co.'s dock, where Lord Dunraven boarded the steamship Umbria, which sailed at 2 o'clock.

Neither Mr. Asquith nor Mr. Hamilton went with his lordship.

Mr. Glenn left the clubhouse at 12:30, and probably went on board the Umbria with Dunraven's baggage.

TURKISH ATROCITIES.

The Worst Scenes of the Saracenic Invasion Repeated Over and Over.

BOSTON, Dec. 28.—The following letter has been received in Boston from Constantinople from an American resident in that city.

"The details of the atrocities in Asia Minor are perfectly appalling. Some 2,000 were killed and wounded in Arabkir, and almost the entire Christian quarter was burned. Out of about 2,000 Christian homes only 150 remain, and into those are huddled several thousand survivors who are living on the refuse grain rescued from their burned houses."

"The scenes of the worst periods of Saracenic invasion in the seventh century were repeated over and over. Thousands of Armenian Christians have been forced to except Mohammedanism at the point of the sword. Christian women without number have been carried off to the harems of Kurds and Turks."

THERE IS NO TRUTH

In the Report That the President Will Sign the Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—There is no truth in the report that Speaker Reed and Mr. Dingley received assurances from President Cleveland that he would sign the tariff bill if it should successfully run the gauntlet of the senate.

There is no expectation on the part of leading republicans in the house that President Cleveland will approve the tariff bill should it reach him. On the contrary, there is every indication that he would veto it.

There is a well-authenticated rumor in circulation at the capital that the treasury department is now preparing a contract, presumably with the Moroccan-Drexel syndicate, for the sale of a 30-year four-percent gold bond. It is believed that the contract will be signed within the next few days.

Mrs. Dempsey's Benefit.
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 28.—The widow of Jack Dempsey, the "Nonpareil," will receive something in the neighborhood of \$2,000 from the benefit tendered Friday evening. The People's Palace, where the entertainment was held, was packed to the doors, and all the seats were sold on a cash basis.

Death of an Abominably Heavy Child.
WARREN, Pa., Dec. 28.—A son of Mr. and Mrs. Quill Correll, of Columbiana township, dropped dead Friday. The cause of death is unknown. The boy was about 1 year old, being 4 years old and weighing 127 pounds.

OTHER VISE UNNOTICED.

Bob Fitz have patchemmons and Martin Julian Three met up their quarrel.

A NICE LITTLE GAME.

The St. James Gazette Tells About England's Scheme to Establish a Colony Upon Territory Title to Which is Disputed.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—The St. James Gazette, which was the first newspaper to print the ultimatum of Great Britain to Venezuela, on October 17, publishes a statement that initial steps have been taken in British Guiana to form a chartered company, whose operations shall lie between the Essequibo and the Schomburgk line. The Gazette proceeds to say that the origin of this important political development is to be found in a dispatch which Mr. Chamberlain, colonial secretary, wrote in September sketching the new policy of the imperial government as regarded interior affairs and inquiring if local capitalists were prepared to take up a large concession in the northwest and develop its mineral and other resources, at the same time hinting that if not there were people in the United Kingdom who were willing to do so.

The Gazette goes on to print a report of a meeting held in British Guiana for the purpose of forming a chartered company to take up Mr. Chamberlain's offer. The paper, which claims to know the policy of the colonial office, says it is certain that Great Britain will not consent to leave to arbitration the entire territory claimed by Venezuela; hence, if the bona fide official guarantees of local applicants are satisfactory there is no reason why Great Britain should stay her hand by not granting a charter, despite the tension between England and the United States.

VICTORIA AVERSE TO WAR,
And is All Worked Up Over Salisbury's Refusal to Arbitrate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The queen has concerned herself in the Venezuelan boundary matter. Behind the very pacific message sent by the prince of Wales to this country a few days ago, as now appears, was the influence of a private letter from England was tendered for publication. It was not in paragraphs but in a single sentence, and its relation to the present case is that of their deliver of the latter consent to arbitration. The tone is somewhat irreverent, but the information conveyed is very interesting.

"The old lady is all worked up about the boundary dispute and has pulled out large handfuls of Salisbury's hair. She does not think the attitude of Great Britain in this matter is consistent with a Christian nation, and that the refusal to arbitrate a matter of such comparative insignificance is not setting a good example to less civilized nations of the world. I have it straight that she expressed her displeasure because Salisbury did not consult her before forwarding his reply, but she lays it upon Chamberlain, who, as minister for the colonies, is supposed to keep her majesty informed of matters that pertain to them. As the queen grows older and approaches her end she becomes more conservative, and has such a violent horror of war that I am sure we will never see Great Britain engaged in active hostilities until she is buried."

"Her majesty has been very assiduous in cultivating the peace societies and encouraging the adoption of arbitration in all international disputes. She takes great pride in the result of the recent Paris tribunal over the Behring sea troubles, and considers the result a full justification of the British pacific policy. You may be sure that the United States will never be involved in war with England over the Monroe doctrine or any other question as long as the queen survives."

IMPORTANT, IF TRUE.

England Said to be Now Willing to Arbitrate with Venezuela.

CARACAS, Venezuela, Dec. 28.—It is now rumored that England, believing that the United States is determined to fight, is now willing to arbitrate with Venezuela, and wishes to resume diplomatic relations for that reason. The Venezuelan government, while declining to speak officially regarding this rumor, says that Venezuela can not now renew negotiations or receive any communication except through the United States.

PROPOSED BOUNDARY CONFERENCE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Representative Barrett, of Massachusetts, has introduced in the house a joint resolution authorizing the president to arrange a conference between the United States and nations possessing territory on the American continent for the settlement of boundary disputes.

BACK WATER SIX MILES WIDE.

PLEASANTON, Kas., Dec. 28.—The Marias des Cygne river has reached the highest mark known since 1883. Between La Cygne and here the river and backwater are six miles wide. The high water has done thousands of dollars of damage.

A MISSING BAKER'S BODY FOUND.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Dec. 28.—The dead body of Glenn Riley Kimball, the Deadwood banker, who some months ago disappeared from his home, has been found at Reno, Neb., where he had been murdered.

GOLDEN WEDDING CELEBRATION.

PRINCETON, Ill., Dec. 28.—The golden wedding of Mr. and Mrs. William Wilcox, of this city, who were among the early settlers of Barren county, was celebrated here Friday.

FOUL PLAY FEARED.

JOLIET, Ill., Dec. 28.—About five weeks ago Charles Richardson, a musician, left his boardinghouse in this city with considerable money, saying that he was going to Lemons. He has not been heard from since. His friends fear he has been murdered. His baggage and a gold watch were found in a drain pipe channel employee, for his

NEATLY TRAPPED.

Two of the Mission Street Highwaymen Captured in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 28.—Two of the highwaymen who held up a Mission street car Wednesday night and robbed Robert Clarke, an English race track employee, of \$1,000, have been arrested. The discovery of a pouch containing \$800, which was buried in the sand near the Cliff house, led to the capture. The police buried the sack where it was found and then lay in wait with Winchester for the bandits. After dark John Middlemass and Harry Gardner approached the spot and were about to unearth the treasure when they were arrested. Patrick Welch, who is believed to be one of the robbers, was also arrested.

THEY'RE GOOD GRAFT,

So the British Investors are Willing to Take Our Bonds.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—Inquiries made by the representative of the United Press among prominent members of the stock exchange have elicited confirmation of the statement of an eminent London financial authority that bonds of a new American loan would be readily taken here. It is also learned that negotiations are now pending with several London banking firms regarding their taking bonds of such a loan, and the impression prevails that these negotiations will be successful. The bonds, however, must bear 4 per cent. interest and be issued at par.

DEATH OVERTOOK AN ERRING COUPLE.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 28.—Charles E. Hall, 26 years of age, a dealer in hay and feed, and Miss Ida Hopkins, 24 years of age, were instantly killed by an Erie train Friday night while driving across the tracks at the East Ferry street crossing. Hall was a married man. He and the girl had been going together for some time.

Foul Play Feared.

JOLIET, Ill., Dec. 28.—About five weeks ago Charles Richardson, a musician, left his boardinghouse in this city with considerable money, saying that he was going to Lemons. He has not been heard from since. His friends fear he has been murdered. His baggage and a gold watch were found in a drain pipe channel employee, for his

FINDS A VICTIM AFTER LYING AROUND FOR OVER THIRTY YEARS.

RICHMOND, Va., Dec. 28.—In James county Friday a young man named Lawrence used a shell that had been fired by a federal gunboat during the war to prop a boiler in which he was heating water. The shell, though it had lain about the farm for 30 years, exposed to the rain, exploded, and the young man was so horribly mangled that his recovery is regarded as almost impossible.

OWING TO DEPRESSING BUSINESS.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Dec. 28.—The Sweet Manufacturing Co., the leading steel industry in this city, has gone into a receivership. The receiver is Robert Dey, son-in-law of W. A. Sweet, president of the company. Depressed business is the assigned cause. Assets are valued at \$800,000, and liabilities at \$400,000. Three hundred employees are thrown out of work.

OTHER VISE UNNOTICED.

Bob Fitz have patchemmons and Martin Julian Three met up their quarrel.

A NICE LITTLE GAME.

The St. James Gazette Tells About England's Scheme to Establish a Colony Upon Territory Title to Which is Disputed.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—The St. James Gazette, which was the first newspaper to print the ultimatum of Great Britain to Venezuela, on October 17, publishes a statement that initial steps have been taken in British Guiana to form a chartered company, whose operations shall lie between the Essequibo and the Schomburgk line. The Gazette proceeds to say that the origin of this important political development is to be found in a dispatch which Mr. Chamberlain, colonial secretary, wrote in September sketching the new policy of the imperial government as regarded interior affairs and inquiring if local capitalists were prepared to take up a large concession in the northwest and develop its mineral and other resources, at the same time hinting that if not there were people in the United Kingdom who were willing to do so.

The Gazette goes on to print a report of a meeting held in British Guiana for the purpose of forming a chartered company to take up Mr. Chamberlain's offer. The paper, which claims to know the policy of the colonial office, says it is certain that Great Britain will not consent to leave to arbitration the entire territory claimed by Venezuela; hence, if the bona fide official guarantees of local applicants are satisfactory there is no reason why Great Britain should stay her hand by not granting a charter, despite the tension between England and the United States.

VICTORIA AVERSE TO WAR,
And is All Worked Up Over Salisbury's Refusal to Arbitrate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The queen has concerned herself in the Venezuelan boundary matter. Behind the very pacific message sent by the prince of Wales to this country a few days ago, as now appears, was the influence of a private letter from England was tendered for publication. It was not in paragraphs but in a single sentence, and its relation to the present case is that of their deliver of the latter consent to arbitration. The tone is somewhat irreverent, but the information conveyed is very interesting.

"The old lady is all worked up about the boundary dispute and has pulled out large handfuls of Salisbury's hair. She does not think the attitude of Great Britain in this matter is consistent with a Christian nation, and that the refusal to arbitrate a matter of such comparative insignificance is not setting a good example to less civilized nations of the world. I have it straight that she expressed her displeasure because Salisbury did not consult her before forwarding his reply, but she lays it upon Chamberlain, who, as minister for the colonies, is supposed to keep her majesty informed of matters that pertain to them. As the queen grows older and approaches her end she becomes more conservative, and has such a violent horror of war that I am sure we will never see Great Britain engaged in active hostilities until she is buried."

"Her majesty has been very assiduous in cultivating the peace societies and encouraging the adoption of arbitration in all international disputes. She takes great pride in the result of the recent Paris tribunal over the Behring sea troubles, and considers the result a full justification of the British pacific policy. You may be sure that the United States will never be involved in war with England over the Monroe doctrine or any other question as long as the queen survives."

IMPORTANT, IF TRUE.

England Said to be Now Willing to Arbitrate with Venezuela.

CARACAS, Venezuela, Dec. 28.—It is now rumored that England, believing that the United States is determined to fight, is now willing to arbitrate with Venezuela, and wishes to resume diplomatic relations for that reason. The Venezuelan government, while declining to speak officially regarding this rumor, says that Venezuela can not now renew negotiations or receive any communication except through the United States.

PROPOSED BOUNDARY CONFERENCE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Representative Barrett, of Massachusetts, has introduced in the house a joint resolution authorizing the president to arrange a conference between the United States and nations possessing territory on the American continent for the settlement of boundary disputes.

BACK WATER SIX MILES WIDE.

PLEASANTON, Kas., Dec. 28.—The Marias des Cygne river has reached the highest mark known since 1883. Between La Cygne and here the river and backwater are six miles wide. The high water has done thousands of dollars of damage.

A MISSING BAKER'S BODY FOUND.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Dec. 28.—The dead body of Glenn Riley Kimball, the Deadwood banker, who some months ago disappeared from his home, has been found at Reno, Neb., where he had been murdered.

GOLDEN WEDDING CELEBRATION.

PRINCETON, Ill., Dec. 28.—The golden wedding of Mr. and Mrs. William Wilcox, of this city, who were among the early settlers of Barren county, was celebrated here Friday.

FOUL PLAY FEARED.

JOLIET, Ill., Dec. 28.—About five weeks ago Charles Richardson, a musician, left his boardinghouse in this city with considerable money, saying that he was going to Lemons. He has not been heard from since. His friends fear he has been murdered. His baggage and a gold watch were found in a drain pipe channel employee, for his

NEATLY TRAPPED.

Two of the Mission Street Highwaymen Captured in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 28.—Two of the highwaymen who held up a Mission street car Wednesday night and robbed Robert Clarke, an English race track employee, of \$1,000, have been arrested. The discovery of a pouch containing \$800, which was buried in the sand near the Cliff house, led to the capture. The police buried the sack where it was found and then lay in wait with Winchester for the bandits. After dark John Middlemass and Harry Gardner approached the spot and were about to unearth the treasure when they were arrested. Patrick Welch, who is believed to be one of the robbers, was also arrested.

THEY'RE GOOD GRAFT,

So the British Investors are Willing to Take Our Bonds.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—Inquiries made by the representative of the United Press among prominent members of the stock exchange have elicited confirmation of the statement of an eminent London financial authority that bonds of a new American loan would be readily taken here. It is also learned that negotiations are now pending with several London banking firms regarding their taking bonds of such a loan, and the impression prevails that these negotiations will be successful. The bonds, however, must bear 4 per cent. interest and be issued at par.

DEATH OVERTOOK AN ERRING COUPLE.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 28.—Charles E. Hall, 26 years of age, a dealer in hay and feed, and Miss Ida Hopkins, 24 years of age, were instantly killed by an Erie train Friday night while driving across the tracks at the East Ferry street crossing. Hall was a married man. He and the girl had been going together for some time.

Foul Play Feared.

JOLIET, Ill., Dec. 28.—About five weeks ago Charles Richardson, a musician, left his boardinghouse in this city with considerable money, saying that he was going to Lemons. He has not been heard from since. His friends fear he has been murdered. His baggage and a gold watch were found in a drain pipe channel employee, for his

FINDS A VICTIM AFTER LYING AROUND FOR OVER THIRTY YEARS.

RICHMOND, Va., Dec. 28.—In James county Friday a young man named Lawrence used a shell that had been fired by a federal gunboat during the war to prop a boiler in which he was heating water. The shell, though it had lain about the farm for 30 years, exposed to the rain, exploded, and the young man was so horribly mangled that his recovery is regarded as almost impossible.

OWING TO DEPRESSING BUSINESS.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Dec. 28.—The Sweet Manufacturing Co., the leading steel industry in this city, has gone into a receivership. The receiver is Robert Dey, son-in-law of W. A. Sweet, president of the company. Depressed business is the assigned cause. Assets are valued at \$800,000, and liabilities at \$400,000. Three hundred employees are thrown out of work.

CRUSHED HIS SKULL.

An Engineer in a St. Louis Store Killed While Examining His Elevator.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 28.—Rudolph Kassing, an engineer in C. Crawford's dry-goods store, was killed Friday by being struck on the head by a large balance weight of one of the elevators. He was in the basement, making some repairs, when he put his head through a hole in the partition between the elevators to see if the machinery was working properly. The weight, which runs along the side of the elevator shaft, struck him on the head, crushing his skull. He fell to the floor and died almost instantly.

FATALITY BEAT HIS WIFE.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 28.—During a drunken brawl Friday night at their home, 2741 Leithgow street, Charles Green, aged 27, beat his wife Ellen, who is one year his senior, so badly that she died soon afterward. The couple were addicted to drink. Green was arrested.

TO PROSECUTE THE BEEF TRUST.

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver
Neuralgia, Troubles,
Constipation, Bad Blood,
Malaria, Nervous ailments
Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine. It has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.
BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

THE CHRONICLE

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, JAN. 2, 1896.

The average wealth throughout the world, taking its population at 1,500 millions, is about \$325 per head, according to recent calculations. Russia, in spite of her great natural resources, appears to be the poorest civilized nation on the face of the globe.

Public sentiment as expressed by the statesmen who have been interviewed by the newspapers of the country is evidently strongly in favor of maintaining the position of the president in declaring that the Monroe doctrine does apply to the situation in South America and that England must keep hands off all American territory not hers by right. There is also a general belief that there will be no war, and this feeling is based upon the belief that England has too much opposition republics.

STINGHOUSE, the electrician, is interviewed by saying that electrical power can be produced at one-sixth present cost. He expects to show in a few months that this is entirely feasible. If so, then steam is doomed to go sooner than was looked for. Electricity can be distributed anywhere from the largest factory to the plain farmhouse, to become a servant and do his work. It is most certain that the electric motor of a street car can be successfully controlled by the intervention of either a wire or underground conductor. The street car of the future is to be filled thus.

Reason kissing is so pleasant, an oscillatory expert of scientific species, is because the teeth, jaw and lips are full of nerves, and the lips of persons meet an electric current is generated, and, chips of centemporary, you don't have a dynamo machine, nor a battery in the house, nor a call button to touch to ring up the office, and there is no patent and the poorest person in the land can enjoy the electric current than the millionaire, and it is out of order. If Edison had a kissing it would cost \$100 a minute the telephone, and then a man would be charged up if you didn't pay for it they would out your kissaphone and you from the central office.

SOUND ADVICE.

W. Bok, editor of the *Latent Journal*, continues to solve the "young men." The advertisement is always candid, wise, and to the point. The number of his excellent quotes the following, which a young man has then proceeds to answer words of advice which all young men would do well to heed. The questions are:

What's the use of leading a straight life? Nobody gives you credit for it. Society expects a more or less diverting life from a young fellow; it so expects him. Practically it calls him a "ninny" if he lives otherwise. It only asks of him that he shall not be caught. Isn't this so?"

Here is Mr. Bok's reply: "I can scarcely imagine a view of life so entirely wrong in its personal application. The real 'use' of leading 'a straight life' is apparently absolutely overlooked by this young man, who seems to think that his life is lived for others rather than for himself. The 'use' of leading an honorable life is to his own conscience, to his heart. Of what possible satisfaction is to get credit from others for what is best for one's self? Men

do not lead honorable lives for the sake of getting credit for it—to win the hand of applause. They do it for themselves, for their own inner satisfaction—that they may be true to themselves and to the best that is within them.

Aside from this paramount fact, however, people do give a young man credit for the life that he leads, and are far more often aware of his doings than the young man supposes. But it depends upon the people whose favor the young man values. If he seeks the recognition of what is so wrongly called and known as "society," a right-eous life, an upright life, an honorable life—may not count for so much. But the aimless men and silly women who constitute that body called "society" figure for nothing in the life of an earnest young man. If, however, he associates with men who in his development days may mean much to him, and whose acquaintance in later years will be a pride and a joy to him, if he finds pleasure in the society of women who arose his best thoughts he will find that his life, free from blemish, is appreciated, is understood, is recognized and is known. There is an indelible chord which always draws the right men to the young man of pure life. They are the men who give credit to a young fellow who tries to live rightly, and they are the only men worth his knowing. These men may not openly applaud him, but they will give him their confidence, their good will, their friendship. And in later years he will more fully understand what these elements mean to him. Such men do not call a young man "ninny" because he leads an upright life; they call him a manly fellow, and they take him into their hearts and into their homes. An adherence to high principles and right living counts for a great deal as example and inspiration to others as well as training and advancement for one's self. It gives a young man a certain indefinable strength in himself and a position in the eyes of others which nothing else can bring him.

THE TOLERATED TOUGH.

From the Chattanooga Times.

The fellow Daughdrill, who shot down a Mr. Bates, at Gadsden, Ala., is a specimen of the tolerated tough of good family, to be found in every community. He had, after the manner of his kind, "killed his man" before he shot Bates, and was "out on bail." No wonder the South has lynchings when her courts and peace officers deal with assassins of social standing, or other sort of pull, as if they had only committed a petty misdemeanor. When a fellow is hanged, the same hanging is done there and unless the displacement of civil government is more than one vigilante committee. New Orleans has been on the verge of passing into the hands of the populace, more than once in the last few years, and all because the tolerated toughs were not only tolerated, but allowed to override and trample on the law at their pleasure. If they murdered, they were "admitted to bail," in sums like those required of burglars or hall thieves. Being "out on bail," they were free to add more scalps, as it were, to the one or two dangling from their belts.

There is no phase of our criminal administration that more loudly calls for reform, than this easy tolerance by the peace officers, the courts and society, of the sort of hoodlum we are alluding to. He is invariably a dissipated fellow; drunk or sober, he habitually goes armed, and everybody knows it. When in his cups, he is as dangerous as a frantic bullock baited into a wild fury, and one is as apt as the other to kill or wound the unoffending and helpless. The license allowed such men is very demoralizing in its influence on young men or better instincts; and especially does it tend to the ruin of immature young fellows of high and not regulated spirits.

In a few of our cities, notably in New York, the police powers and the courts have learned how to deal with the tough element, that wears good clothes, drinks good wine and high-flavored brandy, and depends on family or political influence to help them out of any scrape they may get into. Some quarter century or so ago, when the car hack murderer said "hanging for murder has played out in New York," he was about right, but his remark probably sealed his doom. He had a great pull; but even the corrupt Judge Cardozo, of the Tweed gang, dared not let him off, and the gentlemanly rough was hanged. Soon after came the explosion that blew Tammany out, and ever since then a New York city murderer's money is of no good except for mere delay.

And it's high time the example of the metropolis, in this case, were followed in all the cities of the country. We should, whatever else we may do in the way of being lenient with venial offenders, not allow a class of murderous assassins to become fixed in our cities. The existence of these human nuisances, is the great reason why so many respectable, responsible and peaceable citizens go armed when they travel, and too often use their arms hastily to repent of the act all their lives. The prevalence of the tolerated rowdy and ready shooter, should either be abolished, wiped out, or the laws in all these states making arms-carrying a crime should be repealed. So long as the police, the courts and society tacitly license pistol carrying by such fellows as we describe, it is outrageous to interdict the use of arms to peaceable people.

Begin the New Year by subscribing to THE CHRONICLE.

THAT REVENUE EMERGENCY BILL.

From the Chattanooga Times.

The rules committee of the house, The majority gagged, and tamely submitted to be that the what was the measure on the floor speaker and his servant discussed, thought should not hearing, must should not be allowed a per whip and be rushed through and increase the spur? It is a measure to legislate, by the revenues, says Mr. Dine, for nearly sum of \$40,000,000 a year, says Mr. three years. It consists of the duties levied, of an increase of the existing levied in schedule "K" or increases, tariff, and sundry other things, raising We are now, says Mr. Dixon, and \$150,000,000 by internal duties, since that is enough of direct, the government is the fixed policy of part of the ment to raise the major taxes. Then revenue from customs is imports to he wanted more taxes of his tend to discourage them, and in the computation the balance of trade in his country's favor, the only way to gold, that ion, to stop the outflow of gold.

And this is about the design to explanation Mr. Dingle American make, of a bill to tax the Not a syl-people \$40,000,000 a year, affect com-able as to how this will do. Not a merce in the taxed matter and collect-ward as to how the laying the classes ing these taxes will affect people as directly concerned, and that these are a whole. In addition to be measure rangements for rushing wed to be of no amendments were also reasonably fered by anybody. It is the mem-ber certain that not a score sure under-ers who voted for this measure. We stood it in anything like a dozen of may reasonably doubt if people be the 205 who said "Let them have even a taxed \$40,000,000 a year," neither the good general idea as to weeded, and additional revenue was to had given not more than a half dozen; this the bill any analytical of course, in while the opposition was to even had the dark, as they had no fore being time to read the measure, i forced to vote on it, of all this

And what is the occasion terrible paucity proceeding? Whooop and emergency demands this on so im- burrah style of legislating bill deals portent a matter as this of a war? with? Are we at the edged money? No. Does the treasury have surplus of So far from it that it has available for \$175,452,183 in the vaults, a had that paying current expenses; he roll was much at the very moment \$40,000,000 calling for the vote to add to to blot a year—not to pay bills, but the the treasury reserve! Minister had much as hinted at a need of more revenue, much less asked ongress to provide more; both had declared, specifically, that more revenue is not now the need of the country; that the people desired and should be given a rest from changes in the present laws for the raising of money.

This is the sort of bill that put through the sort of branch and these are the conditions and circumstances that surrounded this most extraordinary performance. Emergency? Yes, Mr. Reed's presidential boom was in need of help and this is one of the means for helping it. The republican machine needed fat for 1896, where-with to grease its bearings, all its pin-joints and lubricate its joints and the majority of the house would of course, do what it might, to lay fit on the ribs of this and that favorite trust or industry, for the engineers to fry out when wanted.

There never was a grosser exhibition of cant and humbug in American politics, than the lashing of an emergency revenue bill through congress, under a gag rule, with the information on every member's desk that the treasury, at that hour, held nearly \$200,000,000 of cash available for the meeting of all demands, and with the words of the head of the treasury fresh in every memory, that "more money" was not wanted, unless congress determined to retain the uncovered notes in use, and then only gold would be needed, and that gold could not be gotten by process of taxation, under existing conditions!

The unreason and dishonesty of this game, as far as the house has played it, would be hard to match.

A PICTURESCUE PERSONALITY.

A Populite Paper on a Populite Leader.

From the Greenville Living Truth.

"The greatest man today in the world (in his own estimation) is J. C. Manning, of Alabama, president of the Southern Reform League. Pyrotechnic dispenser of vivid interviews, with newspaper reporters, who run him down and force out opinions by the mile and take his pictures at all stages of the progress. People who offer the original remark that "money talks" don't know Manning, and have never seen his wonderful office, out of which the "interviews" are supposed to proceed. It is his mouth that conquers. There is no other mouth like his in all the world. It is all things to all men, and nothing long—a monolith, built for perpetual motion, with metaphor, hyperbole and vivid imagination. It is automatic, and seems to furnish its own motive power. It looks like a bath tub built of cast iron, lined with brass and trimmed with babbit metal. Manning is ubiquitous, one day you hear him in Cleveland, Ohio, and the next day he is in Boston, Philadelphia and Washington City, and the papers are full of him and his pictures—pictures sitting, standing, speaking, gestulating and spreading himself promiscuously. But it is every inch Manning—in the lines and between the lines—in the style and in the pose—as well as in the prose—Manning in capital letters stands out in bold relief on every hand. He set out in life to capture fame and has covered himself all over with success. Here is the last full-ation from his luminous person-

WILL MEET HER OBLIGATIONS.

Treasurer Smith Talks About the Condition of the Treasury and Its Causes.

From the Montgomery Advertiser.

"The state will be prepared to meet all obligations promptly on the first of January," said Treasurer Smith yesterday. "Arrangements were made several months ago for the payment of all the interest to become due on bonds in January, and the matter disposed of, the state will have no trouble in meeting all other bills promptly as they are presented. In order that you may see for yourself the condition of the treasury, the balance at the close of business this afternoon is \$104,672.26.

"It is true that the state has been borrowing money to meet her debts, but that is not unusual, and does not result from any mismanagement or short coming on the part of any public official. The fact is, the tax rate was reduced at an unfortunate time, when values decreased and business fell off unexpectedly. I do not think there is any real cause for alarm over the present financial conditions of the state, for I am sure all trouble can be averted and every arrangement promptly made to meet every obligation that may be incurred. In the mean time, the increased tax rate and the probable advance in the values last year will do much to relieve the treasury. The law passed by the general assembly at its last session providing for the payment of interest on all delinquent taxes due the state has had the effect desired, and moneys have been paid into the treasury last month and this which have not heretofore been received before March or April. The large tax payers are coming forward with their taxes, and the state is getting the use of the money at a time when it is most needed. The January payments will probably be the largest in the history of the treasury."

POPULIST HOWARD'S SLIP.

He Follows the President's Lead Right Off.

From the Coosa River News.

Congressman M. W. Howard, of the "skillet" district, voted for \$100,000 appropriation out of the "people's money" to meet recommendations made by President Cleveland in his message.

What are the "dear people" going to do about it?

Before Mr. Howard went to congress he told the "very dear people" that his first step would be to institute impeachment proceedings against the president, and now he does exactly as President Cleveland says he should.

It would now be in order for the pops to hold a mass meeting and whereas, resolve, and indignate at once. We have a lot of orators in Cherokee who could shake the woods and make the acorns fall. The swine in some sections are getting a little thin, and nothing short of a cyclone or a meeting of this kind could bring down the—

Ice From the Upper Air.

From the South American Journal.

A Yankee farmer in Brazil who longed for the cooling liquids of his native land and was unable to obtain them in that tropical country, has utilized a kite for the purpose of obtaining ice. He fills a tin can with water and sends it to the height of three miles, where it is promptly frozen. After a sufficient interval the kite is rapidly hauled in and the cake of ice is secured. The inventor is so pleased with his toy that he now proposes to send up a kite one hundred and fifty feet long by a steel wire cable. Under the kite will be suspended a pulley over which runs an endless chain bearing cans attached to hooks. The cans will be filled with water, and the speed of the belt upon which they run will be regulated so that the topmost cans will be converted into ice sufficiently hard to stand the downward journey. This is certainly the most original ice machine of which we have ever heard.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby adding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

WANTED!

An intelligent lady to act as our agent for this country. Easy work. Big returns. Address Box 310 Montgomery, Alabama.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment Is a certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Granulated Eye Lids, Sore Nipples, Piles, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum and Scald Head, 25 cents per box. For sale by druggists.

TO HORSE OWNERS. For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Carter's Condition Powders. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and drive away worms, giving new life to an old or even worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists.

PARKER & ARMSTRONG

Notice No. 16,717.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA., November 20, 1895.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on January 1st, 1896, viz.: Joel O. Thomas, Homestead entry No. 22,366, for the sec. of 10, of section 24, in 21 south of range 2 west. Names the following witnesses to prove his claim: J. W. Miller, of Pelham, Ala.; John W. Miller, of Pelham, Ala.; John W. Miller, of Pelham, Ala.; H. Parker, Register.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.
Castoria allays Feverishness.
Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.
Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic.
Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.
Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.
Castoria centralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air.
Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.
Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."

See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of *Charles H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE RACKET STORE.

THE BEST EFFORTS OF A RELIABLE STORE ARE BEFORE YOU WHEN YOU READ THIS AD.

If they do not appear as tempting as some other ads. in this paper, perhaps it is because we're a little more conscientious about what we say. You can take our goods all around to as many stores as you choose. If you can match them in

QUALITY AND PRICE.

You have the privilege to return them and have your money refunded.

Every article in our house is new. The price on every article is positively lower than the lowest.

Men's Overcoats, worth	\$ 9.00	our price	\$5.00
" " " "	11.00	"	6.00
" " " "	12.50	"	8.00
" " " "	15.00	"	9.00
Boys' " " " "	from	1.25	up

Our men's suits are too numerous to mention all the prices, but we will mention a few.

Men's suits, worth	\$ 5.00,	our price	\$ 3.00
" " " "	7.00,	"	4.00
" " " "	10.00,	"	7.00
" " " "	12.50,	"	9.00
" " " "	15.00,	"	10.00

Before selecting a suit elsewhere you want to do yourself justice and look at our fine line of Prince Alberts and Cutaway suits we are selling at \$12.50. For pants we are headquarters; from 50c up to \$4—28 different styles to select from. If you need anything in Boys' Clothing don't fail to call and examine our stock. We can suit you in sizes, quality and price.

Just received 14 cases of underwear straight from the manufacturers. If you need anything in this line it will be to your benefit to call and examine our stock. In Overshirts, Hats and Shoes we can't be beat, as we have all the makes, styles and prices to suit you. Our line of Dress Goods is complete in every respect, and compare with any first-class dry goods house.

In addition to our low prices, we give to every customer who buys \$40.00 worth of goods by January 1, 1896, 1 set chairs valued at \$6.00. Trade with us; it has paid others, and will pay you.

Yours for Low Prices,

J. A. HERZFELD & CO., PROPS.,
SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

"HOT SHOTS,"

BY
SAM JONES.

You Laugh and Cry When You Read This Great Book.

OVER THREE HUNDRED PAGES.

Superbly illustrated and bound in the most elegant English cloth.

DOLLARS FOR WORKERS.

This grand book is now out and will only be sold by Agents.

A WONDERFUL OFFER.

Any responsible man or woman sending us only ONE DOLLAR will receive by return mail POSTPAID a complete Agent's outfit, consisting of a full and complete copy of this noble book.

ORDER NOW

and get your territory or some one else will be ahead of you, and to miss selling this book means the loss of a big salary for the next year. We pay the very best commissions. Order today.

ADDRESS

SOUTHWESTERN PUBLISHING HOUSE,
NO. 208 N. COLLEGE ST., NASHVILLE, TENN.

STAND BY YOU!

We have now completed arrangements for a sale of Popular Goods at prices which will make us

THE FRIEND OF Every economical buyer.

We keep the best qualities and assortment in

DRY GOODS,

Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Hats, Caps, Gent's Furnishing, Laces and Embroideries.

SEE THE STOCK!

Cash bought it—

LOW PRICES WILL SELL IT

Our specialty—To please our customers. Our aim—To save money for our patrons. Our intention—To do better by you than any one else.

Stand up and tell us, if you can, where goods can be bought cheaper, for none are allowed to undersell

S. STARK, SHELBY - - ALA.

TWO FOR ONE!

That is what is offered for

\$1.00 A YEAR

You can get the Montgomery Semi-Weekly

ADVERTISER

An eight-page paper issued twice a week, all the year round. No paper as complete and interesting for an Alabamian can be had in all the land at any price. It is full of instructive and entertaining matter for the

Farm, Fireside and Store.

Scientific American Agency for PATENTS. CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc. For information and full particulars apply to MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York. Our Patent Attorneys are in America. Every patent taken out by us is promptly secured and the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Sent daily illustrated. Its discussion of man should be without it. Weekly, \$2.00 a year; \$10.00 six months; Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

HAVE YOU READ THE * TIMES THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family newspaper.

THE TIMES aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent to any one sending their address.

TERMS: DAILY, \$2.00 per annum; \$1.00 for four months; 50 cents per month. SATURDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages—108 columns, elegantly illustrated, \$2.00 per annum; 50 cents per month; and Sunday, \$5.00 per annum; 50 cents per month. WEEKLY EDITION, 50 cents per annum. Address all letters to

THE TIMES, PHILADELPHIA

Probate Notice.

State of Alabama, Shelby County.
Probate Court, December 10th, 1895.
Estate of James M. Johnson, deceased.
This day came C. W. O'Hara, administrator of said estate, and filed his application in due form and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain lands and personal property described therein, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of division among the heirs, upon the ground, that said property cannot be equitably divided among said heirs without a sale. It is ordered that the 20th day of January, 1896, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.
D. M. McLEAN, Judge of Probate.

Health Restored

ALL RUN DOWN
No Strength nor Energy
Miserable
IN THE
EXTREME
Hands
COVERED
-with-
SORES.
CURED BY USING
Ayer's Sarsaparilla

"Several years ago, my blood was in bad condition, my system all run down, and my general health very much impaired. My hands were covered with large sores, discharging all the time. I had no strength nor energy and my feet were miserable in the extreme. At last, I commenced taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla and soon noticed a change for the better. My appetite returned and with it, renewed strength. Encouraged by these results, I kept on taking the Sarsaparilla, till I had used six bottles, and my health was restored."—A. A. TOWNS, 1909, Harris House, Thompson, N. Dak.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla
Admitted
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, JAN. 2, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year, \$1.00
One copy six months, .60

SHELBY LODGE, No. 140, A. F. & A. M.
Regular communications at Columbian hall, last Saturday night in each month. Visiting brethren in good standing cordially invited. J. S. LEPPER, Sec. L. H. MASON, W. M.

SHELBY LODGE, No. 50, K. O. P.
Regular meetings first and third Monday nights of each month, at 7:30, at Shelby. W. A. WALLACE, C. C. A. M. PIERCE, K. of K. and S. M. of M.

CORINTHIAN LODGE, 402, A. F. & A. M.
Meets at Shelby, Ala., the second Thursday night of each month, at 7:30. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend. J. F. McCLANE, Sec. A. H. AVERY, W. M.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Happy New Year to all.
Miss Leila Parker is on a visit to Jenison.

W. F. Thetford, Jr., spent Christmas with Talladega relatives.

Frank Norris, of Anniston, spent last week here with his parents.

The commissioner's court will meet in regular session next Monday.

Frank Anchors, of Anniston, was here two or three days last week.

Misses Pearl Norris and Eva Weaver took in the Exposition last week.

John Leeper, of Birmingham, was among his friends here last week.

Mayor Browne spent Tuesday with his brother's family in Talladega.

Robert Beavers took in the Atlanta Exposition several days last week.

Miss Emma Wilson spent last week with E. C. Wilson at Birmingham.

Mrs. D. B. McMath, of Montevallo, is a guest of friends in town this week.

John P. Spencer made a business trip to Birmingham one day last week.

Rev. H. M. Milstead spent Sunday in Wilsonville with his son's family.

Mr. and Mrs. Fuqua, of Talladega, Texas, are on a visit to relatives here.

W. A. Walburn and wife of Saginaw, spent Saturday and Sunday here.

J. T. Leeper spent last week with relatives in Anniston and Birmingham.

Miss Nellie Parker made a visit to Montevallo friends during Christmas week.

Ed. C. Parker, a student at Howard College, spent the holidays with home folks.

Rev. Mr. Walker, of Jacksonville, is a guest of his daughter Mrs. T. J. Weaver.

Miss Lucy Vest, of Montevallo, was a guest of Miss Nellie Parker two days last week.

Miss Lena Hendrix, of Renfro, spent a happy week here during Christmas.

Miss Myrtle Swain, of the Alabama Normal college, was at home to spend Christmas.

Geo. Mason, who is attending college at Auburn, was at home during the holidays.

Ned Anchors, better known as "Buck," was one of our jolliest visitors last week.

Miss Pearl Hubbard, of Weavers Station, was the guest of relatives here last week.

Mrs. C. J. Christian, of Bessemer, spent Christmas with her father's family in our city.

T. H. Waterworth, of Bransville, spent Christmas week with the family of J. T. Cromwell.

James Evans, having purchased the Judge Horton dwelling, moved his family into it Tuesday.

Will Seale and wife, of Childersburg, arrived yesterday noon on a visit to the family of T. L. Seale.

A. B. Milner passed a creditable examination last week, and will soon have a position as mail agent.

John Milner, of the University of Alabama, spent a happy Christmas here with friends and relatives.

Miss Sadie Williams, a student at the college at Bailey Springs, came home to spend the Christmas vacation.

Augustus Lawrence, of Texas, was a visitor in town last week.

Mr. Sullivan, daughter and son, of Texas, are visiting the family of J. H. Hammond of our city.

Misses Pearle and Linnie Seale are spending the week with their grandfather near Shelby Springs.

Tom Evans, an old Shelby county boy, now of Whitehall, Tex., is among his old friends here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Calahan returned Sunday from an extended visit to Atlanta, Washington and points in Virginia.

Clem Greek, formerly one of our boys, but now holding a good position in Anniston, was down last week to see his parents.

The festive candidate will soon be around shaking the "fist" of the "horry-handed sons of toil," but he "toils not neither does he spin."

Joe Harris, of Ringold, Tex., is on a visit to his mother near here. Mr. Harris has many relatives and friends here who always welcome his return to his old home.

Our young people enjoyed a happy evening last week at the pleasant home of A. M. Elliott. His amiable wife knows just how to make her young friends enjoy themselves.

Thomas Ellis, who has been in charge of the Southern depot in the absence of Agent Calahan, left Monday for Talladega, where he has secured a permanent position with the same company.

The Christmas tree was a success, and was the source of a world of happiness for the little folks, all of whom were remembered and went home laden with gifts that carry joy to the heart of a child.

We have just printed a large supply of warranty deeds, quit claim deeds, mortgages, croupieins, wave notes, etc., and can supply our customers as promptly and at as close prices as any firm in Alabama. Give us a call.

J. B. Green and family have moved from Childersburg to this place and occupy one of the Verchot dwellings. He was attracted here by our excellent school. A hearty welcome is extended him and his interesting family.

The probate judge informs us that he has received blank applications for pensions for confederate soldiers and sailors and their widows, and that parties desiring to make application can do so between the 18th of January and the 18th of June.

Messrs. A. H. and J. F. Avery, two of Shelby's cleverest merchants made us a pleasant visit yesterday. Each of them favored us with a liberal order for stationery, showing that they are up to date business men, and know where to get the best articles.

The masquerade party last Thursday evening at the Colonial was a brilliant and most enjoyable affair. The girls were sweet, jolly, and looked very cute. The boys were simply "out of sight," and this was true in more ways than one. A happier crowd we have never seen, nor do we expect to see again right soon.

One of the most popular and substantial institutions that has sprung up in our county for many years is the bank of Columbiana. Gordon DuBoise, its owner and proprietor, has grown in public confidence and today no safer nor more accommodating bank can be found. His efforts deserve the success he is having.—Montevallo News.

H. Fox, who has been merchandising for some time in Montevallo, was in town yesterday. He concluded to move his stock of goods to this place, and has rented the store room now occupied by B. L. Moore, and will open up Monday for business. He is a live merchant, we are told, and proposes to use the papers here liberally to tell the people of the wares he handles. That he will succeed is a foregone conclusion.

Hon. E. S. Lyman and Captain H. C. Reynolds came up from Montevallo yesterday to get the first installment of \$2500 appropriated by the commissioners court for the Girl's Industrial School. They informed us that the remainder of the \$9,000 required of them was on hand, and ready to be paid to the proper authorities. They are sanguine and enthusiastic, and well they may be for they have a prize that we feel sure will fully compensate them for their arduous labor in obtaining it.

Our clever, genial young friend, Frank Spears, of Shelby, is in trouble again, and we hasten to assure him of our deep sympathy. Knowing his horse would not stand hitched in any portion of Columbiana, except in the immediate vicinity of Judge McMillan's residence, and knowing further that the boys here were "on" to this fact, he has been spending all the spare time lately at his command in concocting a scheme to keep said boys off his trail. Last week he concluded to try a new plan. He "hooked" a friend's horse, and upon arriving here hitched him in a remote part of town. Frank thought he had the boys this time, and proceeded to congratulate himself on his good fortune. But, alas, how deceptive things are in this "vain and fleeting world." The horse he "hooked" it seems was the property of George Avery, and not having been hitched at his usual place on Depot street, he broke loose and went home, leaving our young friend to paddle home on foot through the mud. Frank, my boy, be careful whose horse you ride in future, and be certain before leaving Shelby to get instructions where he is to be hitched.

Tax Assessor Hammond requested us to call the attention of merchants, business men and corporations to the fact that under the present law as amended by the last legislature they are required between the 1st and 10th of January of each year to make a full and complete invoice of their stocks of merchandise and wares with the value thereof, and in listing the taxes thereon they shall present the same to the tax assessor. The act above referred to can be found in the Acts of Alabama 1894-5, on pages 1162 and 1163, and should be carefully read and followed by all parties to whom it applies. It might be well to remember that ignorance of the law is no excuse for those who fail to comply with its provisions.

A "sixteenth century party" was given Tuesday evening at the residence of Rev. W. I. Sinnott. The program as planned was not fully understood, and not a few failed to "rig up," only two boys complying, Messrs. Joe Spencer and H. C. DuBoise, who wore knee pants, long stockings, slippers with buckles, full dress coat and vest, ruffled collars and cuffs, and hats of approved styles in days long gone by. The girls looked too sweet for anything in varied costumes as follows: Nellie Parker, represented spirits of wine; Anna Milner, queen of hearts; Elva Greek, Grecian goddess; Ethel Greek, Gypsy; Louie Longshore, queen of the ocean; Pearl Norris, shepherd girl; Georgia Cromwell, Indian; Kate Huett, night; Guelma Green, morning; Tommie Alexander, sister of charity; Mary Wagner, a rose; Grace Walker, Italian singer; Vivian McLean, bride; Belle Cromwell, Red Ridinghood; Mrs. Emma Calahan, fairy; Birdie Morrison, a tacky. The variety of the costumes lent charm to the entertainment, and mirth and merriment reigned supreme.

PROGRAM OF TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

To Be Held at Columbiana January 17 and 18, 1896.

9 A. M.—Address of Welcome.... W. B. Greek, Organization of the Institute. Should English Grammar and History be Taught in Third Grade Schools?... Mrs. E. H. Kilpatrick, Essays, Misses Ida O'Hara, Mary Liles.

10 P. M.—How best to secure night study on the part of pupils.... S. S. Crumpton, W. C. Evans, J. P. Kinnett. How best to begin Primary Geography.... Miss Lucy Smith, Prof. D. F. Funderburg.

Evil effects of poor furniture in the school room.... W. B. Greek. Shall we use printed questions in teaching? If so, in what grades? In what grades shall we teach by Topics?... C. E. Franklin, J. H. Harmon, J. B. Farrell.

Pennmanship.... Miss Carrie Cooper, J. O. Dorrough, T. J. Cebulski.

5:50 P. M.—Essays.... Misses P. O. Weatherly, Celestia Dunlap, Belle Seale, Elva Greek. Appalling evils of trashy literature, and ways out of these evils.... J. B. Kilpatrick, J. M. Dill, J. H. Hammond.

Which is better, oral or written examinations?... J. W. Ellenberg, J. M. McCuskey, J. L. Mooney.

9 A. M.—Importance of Mental Arithmetic, and how best to teach it.... C. N. Pritchard, J. I. Standifer, C. H. Flony, T. J. Cabaniss, J. A. Spearman. Essays, Misses Ruby A. Cooper, Mattie R. Johnston, Allie Brewer.

Opening of Question Box. Fearful warnings to those unprogressive teachers who will not attend our County Institutes.... Board of Education.

Wilsonville Warblings.

What became of the serenaders Saturday night?

Christmas has passed with its joys and sorrows.

Rev. and Mrs. L. A. Holmes, of Anniston, are visiting at Geo. McGowens.

You should have seen the Christmas tree last Tuesday night. It was just "lovely."

Oh! what a merry time the young folks of Wilsonville have had during the holidays.

Quite a crowd of young people enjoyed the party at Jas. Ray's last Monday night.

The sociable at Wm. Tinney's was enjoyed by all who attended last Wednesday evening.

Our telegraph operator, E. Williamson, is visiting his home in Brewerville, Sumter Co.

All are cordially invited to attend the literary society at J. F. Pope's next Friday night.

Messrs. W. H. Pope and M. P. Jackson, after a pleasant visit to their relatives here, left Sunday.

One of our most popular young men, W. J. Tinney, has found work in Anniston. We wish him success.

We are very sorry to give up one of our most popular young men, Chas. Arnold, who left us last Friday.

Frank Pope is carrying on a thriving business in his new store. Wilsonville is getting to look quite "civilized."

John Weldon and his sister Mattie, of Howard college, are spending their Christmas vacation with home folks.

Miss Emma Montgomery, of Coosa Station, who has been visiting Miss Mattie Weldon, returned home Tuesday.

A merry crowd of young men and young ladies enjoyed the Christmas dinner at Mr. Bolin's last Thursday evening.

Misses Ethel Kidd and Rosa Lyde, of Vincent, who have been visiting Miss Purnie Pope, returned home Thursday.

Miss Willie Taylor, of Talladega, has been spending Christmas week with her friends, Misses Blossom Denler and Juddie Kilpatrick.

A sociable was given to the young people, last Thursday night, at Henry Jackson's, in honor of his brother, Pierce, and was greatly enjoyed by all.

Our school opened Monday morning with a full house. All the old pupils returned and also many new ones. The school is on a regular "boom."

Oh! how that hay ride was enjoyed by the young people last Friday night, as well as the party at Jesse Taylor's, if we did have to come home in the sleet and rain.

"NELLIE BLY."

Harpersville Echoes.

New Year's gift.

Christmas has come and gone.

Our supreme judge is visiting Pratt City.

How about that war with Great Britain?

Prof. Florey spent Christmas with his best girl at Wonack Hill.

Mrs. W. L. Davis and children, of Columbiana, are visiting here this week.

There are some few cases of sickness in our community, and look out for more later on.

Miss Sallie Martin came over from East Lake and spent Christmas with her father's family.

Rev. James Self came up from the University and spent Christmas with his father and mother.

Frank Gorman came over from the Howard and spent all of last week with the Harpersville boys.

Miss Nattie Lee Walthal and her brother Henry, of Irondale, are visiting W. W. Wallace's family.

There was quite a large crowd of our young people attended the oyster supper at the Elliott hotel in Vincent last Tuesday night.

Now that Christmas is over with, we wonder if some of our churches won't have to see some of their members for dancing and getting drunk.

Harpersville was not infested with the Birmingham dudes this Christmas. To make a professional dude now is to wear specks and carry a cane.

Mr. J. H. Martin, formerly of this place but now at Kelley's Creek, who has been very sick for the past three weeks, is, we are glad to state, much better and we wish for him a speedy recovery.

The new year has found a great many of our farmers in better circumstances than the old year which has just gone. Most of them have enough corn and meat to do them, and their old debts are much smaller, and with good luck and energy they will come out all right yet.

The old year, 1895, is now numbered with the things that were and cannot be recalled, and we have now entered upon the new one. The old one, to some, brought joy, happiness and prosperity, while to others it brought sorrow, trouble and misery. The farmer made good crops and got a very good price for his produce. The merchant made good collections. The churches did extremely well and the heathen were not forgotten. The doctor, the mechanic and blacksmiths all came in for their share, and were amply rewarded for their labors, and even the newspaper men were made to smile by the dollars sent them. So much for the year 1895, and ought not all of us to be thankful. Good bye old year, good bye—welcome new. "JAKE."

Shelby.

A telegram on December 26th announced the birth of a son to Mr. J. William, and Mrs. Susan E. Warner, and grandson to Rev. A. T. Clarke.

A special John and Charles Wesley service will be held in the M. E. church on the second Sunday night in January.

The week of prayer will be observed by union services as follows: Monday night and Tuesday night, at the Baptist church; Wednesday night and Thursday night, at the Congregational church (Covenant); Friday night and Saturday night, at the Methodist church.

Y.

Honor Roll of McGowan's School for the Month of November.

Kittie Hill, Willie Hill, Josie Stinson, Mattie Lett, Ada Lett, Pearl Harkins, Callie West, Josie Whitfield, Lillie Moore, Mollie Mooney, Cassie Lett, Geneva Mooney, Katie West, Pearl Stinson, Alice Stinson, Clara Mitchell, John Epperson, Julius Nelson, Ed. Harkins, Joseph Nelson, Walter Mitchell, Fletcher Sammons, Chester West, Bruce West, Sydney Sammon.

PERFECT DEPARTMENT.
Julius Nelson, Joseph Nelson, Syd. Sammons, Fletcher Sammons, Kittie Hill, Nettie Hill, Mattie Lett, Josie Stinson, Alice Stinson, Callie West, Josie Whitfield.

ELVA GREEK, Teacher.

In Memoriam.

Adelaide H. Mardis was born in Montgomery, Ala., May 22, 1831, died in Columbiana, Ala., December 22, 1895. When fate would have her marry, flushed with maidenhood hopes, she plighted faith with N. B. Mardis, (later probate judge of Shelby county.) With an attachment seldom surpassed their domestic joys ran smoothly until October 13, 1892, when Judge Mardis was called to his eternal rest. In the bloom of girlhood she gave her heart to Christ, and joined the Methodist church at Wetumpka, then moved to Selma, and then to Columbiana, where she died. Her religion was not of a gloomy type, though having much to do with sorrow, having passed through great trials, she was not sored, the brightness of a happy nature came out the brighter for having passed under

clouds. Her last illness was short and severe, but perhaps it was best that she should be taken thus. With the trials that meet struggling human kind on every side, with the sorrows that line the pathway of life, who can contemplate the passing of our innocent soul into the beautiful beyond without feeling that our loss is their great gain. In death she seemed to have fallen asleep; the crucifixion agony had gone, and the same gentle, kindly smile hovered over her face, so often seen in life. No doubt but that her glorified soul is now with her departed husband and other kindred spirits in our Father's house, for she left a dying testimony of the comfort of her faith in Christ. Sunday morning she said: "If this is death it is sweet to die; soon I'll cross the river where I'll have eternal rest." May God's grace sustain her lonely sister in her deep grief. We would bid her lean, by faith, upon the bosom of a dear Saviour, pillowed with so many precious promises to the sorrowing. Your death shall live again. Like as the flowers that at the voice of spring burst forth from the cold, dark ground, so shall the loved and beautiful awake from the tomb at the voice Omnipotent to live forever, for she is only asleep.

"Asleep in Jesus, blessed sleep. From which none ever wake to weep; ☐ A calm and undisturbed repose, Unbroken by the last of foes."

A FRIEND.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised druggist and get a trial bottle, free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills, free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. For sale by Parker & Armstrong, Druggists, Columbiana, Ala.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEPPER.

BROWNE & LEPPER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Notice No. 10,657.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA., November 19, 1895.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on January 14th, 1896, to wit: Armstead Mallory, Homestead entry, No. 34,828, for the ne 1/4 of ne 1/4, Section 28, Tp. 29 south of Range 2 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Wiles W. Wallace, of Wilsonville, Ala.; Thomas A. Goodenough, of Wilsonville, Ala.; Lemuel S. Bradford, of Harpersville, Ala.; John P. Pope, of Wilsonville, Ala. H. PURCELL, Register.

Notice to Non-Resident.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.

Savannah Higgins, complainant, vs. Ed Higgins, defendant, in Chancery. Sixth District, Northeastern Chancery Division. In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of J. N. Cook that the defendant, Ed Higgins, is a non-resident and that his place of residence is unknown, and further, that, in the belief of said claimant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that publication be made in the Shelby Chronicle, a newspaper published in the County of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said Ed Higgins, to plead, answer or demure to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 5th day of January A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him. Done at office, in Columbiana, this 30th day of November A. D. 1895. GORDON DUBOSE, Register.

We Make

the Only Mill

that will Grind

Cotton Seed

Satisfactorily

Capacity up to 200 bushels per hour. Power required about four horse power. We guarantee it fully. Price \$75.

MONTGOMERY IRON WORKS,

Montgomery, Alabama.

THE BEST WAY

—TO THE—

SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST,

NORTH AND NORTHWEST,

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through MONTGOMERY, MOBILE AND NEW ORLEANS.

Connecting for all points in

Texas and the West

Also running through to NASHVILLE, EVANSVILLE, LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS.

Connecting for all points in the North and Northwest.

Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent of the Louisville & Nashville railroad at Calera, or C. P. Moore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

1895 VICTOR BICYCLES:—\$100.00



There are eight Victor Models for ladies and gentlemen, practically any height frame furnished. Victors lead the cycling world. Send for catalogue.

OVERMAN WHEEL CO
Makers of Victor Bicycles and Athletic Goods.
BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO. DENVER. PORTLAND.
SAN FRANCISCO. PACIFIC COAST. LOS ANGELES.

HOOD MACHINE COMPANY,

J. A. HOOD and T. J. CALDWELL, Proprietors.

Cor. 1st Avenue and 15th Street,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Repairers of LOCOMOTIVES, BOILERS and MACHINERY of all Kinds.

Saw Mill Work a Specialty.

Special agents for Decatur Car Wheel Co. We fit up wheels and axles of every description. Gear wheels cut with perfect accuracy from solid cast iron. We buy and sell second hand engines, boilers, etc.

GORDON * DUBOSE,

BANKER,

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Conducts a general banking business on a safe, yet progressive policy.

Best of Facilities Offered to Customers.

Deposits received upon liberal terms. No pains spared to accommodate customers.

Your patronage solicited.

THE CHRONICLE

BOOK AND JOB OFFICE

Rich Red Blood Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.
ASK YOUR DEALER FOR
W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3. SHOE
If you pay \$4 to \$5 for shoes, examine the W. L. Douglas Shoe, and see what a good shoe you can buy for
OVER 100 STYLES AND WIDTHS.
CONGRESS, BUTTON, and LACE, made in all kinds of the best selected leather by skilled workmen. We make and sell more \$3 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world. None genuine unless name and price is stamped on the bottom.
Ask your dealer for our \$3, \$4, \$5, \$6, \$7, \$8, \$9, \$10, \$11, \$12, \$13, \$14, \$15, \$16, \$17, \$18, \$19, \$20, \$21, \$22, \$23, \$24, \$25, \$26, \$27, \$28, \$29, \$30, \$31, \$32, \$33, \$34, \$35, \$36, \$37, \$38, \$39, \$40, \$41, \$42, \$43, \$44, \$45, \$46, \$47, \$48, \$49, \$50, \$51, \$52, \$53, \$54, \$55, \$56, \$57, \$58, \$59, \$60, \$61, \$62, \$63, \$64, \$65, \$66, \$67, \$68, \$69, \$70, \$71, \$72, \$73, \$74, \$75, \$76, \$77, \$78, \$79, \$80, \$81, \$82, \$83, \$84, \$85, \$86, \$87, \$88, \$89, \$90, \$91, \$92, \$93, \$94, \$95, \$96, \$97, \$98, \$99, \$100, \$101, \$102, \$103, \$104, \$105, \$106, \$107, \$108, \$109, \$110, \$111, \$112, \$113, \$114, \$115, \$116, \$117, \$118, \$119, \$120, \$121, \$122, \$123, \$124, \$125, \$126, \$127, \$128, \$129, \$130, \$131, \$132, \$133, \$134, \$135, \$136, \$137, \$138, \$139, \$140, \$141, \$142, \$143, \$144, \$145, \$146, \$147, \$148, \$149, \$150, \$151, \$152, \$153, \$154, \$155, \$156, \$157, \$158, \$159, \$160, \$161, \$162, \$163, \$164, \$165, \$166, \$167, \$168, \$169, \$170, \$171, \$172, \$173, \$174, \$175, \$176, \$177, \$178, \$179, \$180, \$181, \$182, \$183, \$184, \$185, \$186, \$187, \$188, \$189, \$190, \$191, \$192, \$193, \$194, \$195, \$196, \$197, \$198, \$199, \$200, \$201, \$202, \$203, \$204, \$205, \$206, \$207, \$208, \$209, \$210, \$211, \$212, \$213, \$214, \$215, \$216, \$217, \$218, \$219, \$220, \$221, \$222, \$223, \$224, \$225, \$226, \$227, \$228, \$229, \$230, \$231, \$232, \$233, \$234, \$235, \$236, \$237, \$238, \$239, \$240, \$241, \$242, \$243, \$244, \$245, \$246, \$247, \$248, \$249, \$250, \$251, \$252, \$253, \$254, \$255, \$256, \$257, \$258, \$259, \$260, \$261, \$262, \$263, \$264, \$265, \$266, \$267, \$268, \$269, \$270, \$271, \$272, \$273, \$274, \$275, \$276, \$277, \$278, \$279, \$280, \$281, \$282, \$283, \$284, \$285, \$286, \$287, \$288, \$289, \$290, \$291, \$292, \$293, \$294, \$295, \$296, \$297, \$298, \$299, \$300, \$301, \$302, \$303, \$304, \$305, \$306, \$307, \$308, \$309, \$310, \$311, \$312, \$313, \$314, \$315, \$316, \$317, \$318, \$319, \$320, \$321, \$322, \$323, \$324, \$325, \$326, \$327, \$328, \$329, \$330, \$331, \$332, \$333, \$334, \$335, \$336, \$337, \$338, \$339, \$340, \$341, \$342, \$343, \$344, \$345, \$346, \$347, \$348, \$349, \$350, \$351, \$352, \$353, \$354, \$355, \$356, \$357, \$358, \$359, \$360, \$361, \$362, \$363, \$364, \$365, \$366, \$367, \$368, \$369, \$370, \$371, \$372, \$373, \$374, \$375, \$376, \$377, \$378, \$379, \$380, \$381, \$382, \$383, \$384, \$385, \$386, \$387, \$388, \$389, \$390, \$391, \$392, \$393, \$394, \$395, \$396, \$397, \$398, \$399, \$400, \$401, \$402, \$403, \$404, \$405, \$406, \$407, \$408, \$409, \$410, \$411, \$412, \$413, \$414, \$415, \$416, \$417, \$418, \$419, \$420, \$421, \$422, \$423, \$424, \$425, \$426, \$427, \$428, \$429, \$430, \$431, \$432, \$433, \$434, \$435, \$436, \$437, \$438, \$439, \$440, \$441, \$442, \$443, \$444, \$445, \$446, \$447, \$448, \$449, \$450, \$451, \$452, \$453, \$454, \$455, \$456, \$457, \$458, \$459, \$460, \$461, \$462, \$463, \$464, \$465, \$466, \$467, \$468, \$469, \$470, \$471, \$472, \$473, \$474, \$475, \$476, \$477, \$478, \$479, \$480, \$481, \$482, \$483, \$484, \$485, \$486, \$487, \$488, \$489, \$490, \$491, \$492, \$493, \$494, \$495, \$496, \$497, \$498, \$499, \$500, \$501, \$502, \$503, \$504, \$505, \$506, \$507, \$508, \$509, \$510, \$511, \$512, \$513, \$514, \$515, \$516, \$517, \$518, \$519, \$520, \$521, \$522, \$523, \$524, \$525, \$526, \$527, \$528, \$529, \$530, \$531, \$532, \$533, \$534, \$535, \$536, \$537, \$538, \$539, \$540, \$541, \$542, \$543, \$544, \$545, \$546, \$547, \$548, \$549, \$550, \$551, \$552, \$553, \$554, \$555, \$556, \$557, \$558, \$559, \$560, \$561, \$562, \$563, \$564, \$565, \$566, \$567, \$568, \$569, \$570, \$571, \$572, \$573, \$574, \$575, \$576, \$577, \$578, \$579, \$580, \$581, \$582, \$583, \$584, \$585, \$586, \$587, \$588, \$589, \$590, \$591, \$592, \$593, \$594, \$595, \$596, \$597, \$598, \$599, \$600, \$601, \$602, \$603, \$604, \$605, \$606, \$607, \$608, \$609, \$610, \$611, \$612, \$613, \$614, \$615, \$616, \$617, \$618, \$619, \$620, \$621, \$622, \$623, \$624, \$625, \$626, \$627, \$628, \$629, \$630, \$631, \$632, \$633, \$634, \$635, \$636, \$637, \$638, \$639, \$640, \$641, \$642, \$643, \$644, \$645, \$646, \$647, \$648, \$649, \$650, \$651, \$652, \$653, \$654, \$655, \$656, \$657, \$658, \$659, \$660, \$661, \$662, \$663, \$664, \$665, \$666, \$667, \$668, \$669, \$670, \$671, \$672, \$673, \$674, \$675, \$676, \$677, \$678, \$679, \$680, \$681, \$682, \$683, \$684, \$685, \$686, \$687, \$688, \$689, \$690, \$691, \$692, \$693, \$694, \$695, \$696, \$697, \$698, \$699, \$700, \$701, \$702, \$703, \$704, \$705, \$706, \$707, \$708, \$709, \$710, \$711, \$712, \$713, \$714, \$715, \$716, \$717, \$718, \$719, \$720, \$721, \$722, \$723, \$724, \$725, \$726, \$727, \$728, \$729, \$730, \$731, \$732, \$733, \$734, \$735, \$736, \$737, \$738, \$739, \$740, \$741, \$742, \$743, \$744, \$745, \$746, \$747, \$748, \$749, \$750, \$751, \$752, \$753, \$754, \$755, \$756, \$757, \$758, \$759, \$760, \$761, \$762, \$763, \$764, \$765, \$766, \$767, \$768, \$769, \$770, \$771, \$772, \$773, \$774, \$775, \$776, \$777, \$778, \$779, \$780, \$781, \$782, \$783, \$784, \$785, \$786, \$787, \$788, \$789, \$790, \$791, \$792, \$793, \$794, \$795, \$796, \$797, \$798, \$799, \$800, \$801, \$802, \$803, \$804, \$805, \$806, \$807, \$808, \$809, \$810, \$811, \$812, \$813, \$814, \$815, \$816, \$817, \$818, \$819, \$820, \$821, \$822, \$823, \$824, \$825, \$826, \$827, \$828, \$829, \$830, \$831, \$832, \$833, \$834, \$835, \$836, \$837, \$838, \$839, \$840, \$841, \$842, \$843, \$844, \$845, \$846, \$847, \$848, \$849, \$850, \$851, \$852, \$853, \$854, \$855, \$856, \$857, \$858, \$859, \$860, \$861, \$862, \$863, \$864, \$865, \$866, \$867, \$868, \$869, \$870, \$871, \$872, \$873, \$874, \$875, \$876, \$877, \$878, \$879, \$880, \$881, \$882, \$883, \$884, \$885, \$886, \$887, \$888, \$889, \$890, \$891, \$892, \$893, \$894, \$895, \$896, \$897, \$898, \$899, \$900, \$901, \$902, \$903, \$904, \$905, \$906, \$907, \$908, \$909, \$910, \$911, \$912, \$913, \$914, \$915, \$916, \$917, \$918, \$919, \$920, \$921, \$922, \$923, \$924, \$925, \$926, \$927, \$928, \$929, \$930, \$931, \$932, \$933, \$934, \$935, \$936, \$937, \$938, \$939, \$940, \$941, \$942, \$943, \$944, \$945, \$946, \$947, \$948, \$949, \$950, \$951, \$952, \$953, \$954, \$955, \$956, \$957, \$958, \$959, \$960, \$961, \$962, \$963, \$964, \$965, \$966, \$967, \$968, \$969, \$970, \$971, \$972, \$973, \$974, \$975, \$976, \$977, \$978, \$979, \$980, \$981, \$982, \$983, \$984, \$985, \$986, \$987, \$988, \$989, \$990, \$991, \$992, \$993, \$994, \$995, \$996, \$997, \$998, \$999, \$1000.

THE JOHN A. BAIZER SEED CO. have recently purchased the catalogue seed business of the Northrup, Hraslan, Goodwin Co. of Minneapolis and Chicago and have added to their already large business. This gives to this wide-awake firm the largest catalogue trade in America. The firm is in magnificent shape to take care of all seed orders as they are large growers of farm and vegetable seeds, own their own lands and have recently added a large and commodious seed store to their already mammoth building at La Crosse, Wis. If you are in want of choice seeds, this is the firm to write to. They mail their new catalogue upon receipt of but 5c postage.

Mr. Cassman—"You don't think the young man you are engaged to will be jealous of me, because I am paying you attention, do you?" Miss Daisy—"After looking him over deliberately."—"No, I don't think there is any danger that he will."—Somerville Journal.

In the year 1894, the De Kalb Fence Co., of De Kalb, Ill., doubled the capacity for producing their fences over 1893 which gave them an output of 20 miles per day. The demand for their goods has been so great the past season, that in order to be able to supply their trade, they have been compelled this year to double the capacity of 1894, which now gives them an output of 40 miles per day.

This itself speaks well for their product and merits the attention and inspection of readers and all that are in need of smooth wire fencing of any kind. It will be to your interest to write for their catalogue, which describes in detail their goods, comprising the largest and most complete lines of smooth wire fencing now produced by any one plant in the country.

See their ad. elsewhere in this paper.

THE DOCTOR—"Queer saying that, about truth lying at the bottom of a well." The Lawyer—"You wouldn't think so if you knew the amount of pumping we lawyers sometimes have to do to get at it."—Boston Traveler.

The Public Awards the Palm to Hale's Honey of Honeyland and Tar for coughs. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

"De man dat ain't got nuffin ter do," said Uncle Eben, "ceh'n ter kill time, g'n'rally needs no help an do boss ob a factry."—Washington Star.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of Roxbury, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both of them humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squishy feelings at first.

No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

ON ROCKY CREEK.

Christmas As It Is and As It "Use To Be"

Way Down There in "God's Own Country," A Reckless Christmas Drive "Whist Blev Scroggins Heat the Line." Your Uncle Hiram Makes Some Christmas Verses.

(Copyright, 1894.)

Once a year, as regular as the time rolls around, I can catch my foot self feeling like I would love to make a cross mark and spit in it, and turn back and be a boy again for a few days anyhow—and that is in the Christmas. To be certainly of course it don't pay nobody to be forever looking in back, weepin and wallin over something they can't help. You can't feed your pigs on the milk that is spilt. The past is most in generally always past. There is life for the livin and death for the dead.

Christmas Now and Then.

But in durin of the Christmas—in that when I take the back track in my mind and go nosin around promiscuous into the long ago. Right then if I could but only have my way about it I would spit out and start over, and go back and come again, and live over the harum scarum scenes of my boyhood days, and have one more rare, genuine, old-fashion Christmas.

Tonight I can shet my eyes and look back down the long and dusty road which my wanderin feet have trod, and once more I can see the old home place, where I was born and bred and buttered and brung up—where we had Christmas that was Christmas every year. I can see that same old brown house loomin up in the moonlight, with shed rooms for us boys, and a wide open pass way where we use to hang up the saddles, whilst the dogs slept on the blankets.

But somehow or somehow else Christmas nowadays is a right smart like the old song you hear—it ain't like it use to be by a whole tremendous bight. It comes and goes too blame quick and sudden like. I don't have to wait and wait, and wish and wish, and count the days till Christmas comes. By the time I do about a little and stir round some and git the cotton out and the corn in and haul up some wood, by gracious Christmas is here.

It maybe mought be all on account of the man in this case, but I don't see no high-heel times and general Christmas confusion goin on now like we use to have back down there in the old settlement. The fiddles don't turn out such loud and stirrin music, and the boys and girls they don't dance as fast and furious nowadays. The fires ain't so roarin bright and hot, and the dinners ain't near as plentiful and good, and the egg nog ain't as strong, and the fire-crackers don't give out such tremendous loud reports as they did in them old days which I am tellin you about. By gatlins, Christmas is powerful bad swunk up it seems to me when I see what it is now, and then look back and bring to mind what it use to be.

Christmas As Was Christmas.

At the regular time once a year Christmas always did come at our house. But I recollect one Christmas which still stands out in my remembrance more brighter and happier than the common run, and poor as I am I would give the finest calf on the place if I could only turn everything backward in their flight and live that Christmas over once more before the last final shower comes and I have to go in.

The Lucas-Uncle Hiram and all of his folks—come over that time and spent Christmas with us, which it also come to pass in them days that me and Andy went nothin more than a rough and tumble team of yearlin boys. On Christmas Eve all the men folks and boys went to town to lay in the general necessities for a good time. Now Uncle Hiram he was yonder the most out-doinest man for runnin with the boys you ever read about, and he took me and Andy around town and fixed us up right. He pitched in and bought us a whole passle of stuff for fancy eatin, and freerackers and torpedoes and raw powder and the like of that till we had materials enough to keep up a steady line of firing and alarm the settlement for three days.

Then we went on home, the most happiest pair of boys that ever left a track in all them regions perhaps. And of all the shootin in the history of Panther Creek we had it right then and there that night. We went out in the back yard and built up a big fire and turned loose and shook the earth and painted the sky red. Presently Joe Nick Stringer and Will Tom Pickens and John Andrew Milligan they heard the monstrous fuss and confusion and come over to jine in with us. By-and-by when the fire-crackers and things played out we took and bored a hole in a big oak tree so we could fill it full of powder and stop her up and tech her out and let her go with a mighty roar. We kept up the fun and didn't cease firin till about midnight, and there ain't no tellin for certain when we would of look out and quit if Joe Nick hadn't backed himself into a right bad scrape. When it come to his time to fire off the tree gun he didn't move his washin quick enough, and consequently the stopper blowed out and bit him on his left hand and knocked three of his fingers out of whack. We then adjourned the meetin for that night.

The next day all the boys got together and throwed in dogs till we had thirteen in the pack, and we went rabbit huntin till dinner. After dinner we didn't do nothin much but loll around the house and bang out by the fire and wait for the dinner to settle. White people, when I got through with the Christmas dinner, and put all the fancy trimmings on it, I didn't see how I could git hungry any more inside of twelve months.

Well, that night us boys went possum huntin and bird thrashin. Didn't you never go bird thrashin? If you never did come down to Rocky Creek some time before we burn the brush heaps off of the new-ground and we will go. The birds they roost in the brush heaps, you understand, and when the crowd close in with their torches and shake the

brush the birds fly out and you can thrash 'em down with a stick.

The next night me and Andy went to a big candy pullin—which they soon run it into a break down dance—over at the Pickens place. It was a long time before me and Andy could squeeze ourselves up to a pint where we could face the music and go in the house and git mixed up with a girl. In the main time we hung out around the door and peeped through the window like a pair of young idiots, which we were. But man sir, when we did break in and git started there just want no headin of us, and we soon turned out to be the biggest men on the ground.

"At sligh schools and spellin bees, That's where we use to sh; n; We couldn't sing a little bit, Nor spell no mighty fine. But when it come to courtin gals An' such a sort of hard study had left me In a wretched condition. Rightly, fingerin' heads found me a ready victim, and at times I was so drowsy that the dropping of a pin would cause me to give a violent start, and then I would be seized with a fit of tremblin that was, to put it mildly, ex-resistance to the person who I began to doctor myself. Now I flatter myself that I know something of medicine; but with all my knowledge, I could find nothing that could cure this terrible headache or put an end to my nervousness. When I picked up a bottle my hand would shake as I thieved the pills, and if it was a powder that I was handling I stood a good chance of sprinkling it all over these black trousers. Things went from bad to worse, and I soon realized that I was in my physical condition had better not attempt to mix medicine.

"Try a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills," said Dr. Burkhart one day, and I began following. I got the Pink Pills and began to take them. A dinnin's lamp never performed the wonders of this Pink Pills. I would you believe it! Before I had taken the contents of one box my headache began to give me a day off occasionally, and soon it left me another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that with almost startling abruptness. You see I knew enough about the business to appreciate the physician's directions, and by paying strict attention to those given by Dr. Williams with each box of his Pink Pills, I was soon another fellow. I don't know how it was, but the pills put an end to that

JANUARY—1896.

Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
....	....	....	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	....

CURRENT COMMENT.

Forty-five accidents in twenty-five days was the trolley record for December in Chicago.

The number of business failures in the United States during 1895 was 13,197, as against 12,885 in 1894.

A French paper says that the United States is commercially a great and powerful rival for all Europe combined.

Tennessee is having trouble with its convict labor leasing system, being unable to secure bidders for the short time prison leases.

The Cuban revolution was started in April last by less than 100 men. The insurgents now number over 50,000, while Campos has used up 110,000 Spanish troops and is calling for more.

The persons of African descent in the United States are classified according to the degrees of colored blood into 6,337,980 blacks, 956,980 mulattoes, 105,135 quadroons and 69,930 octoroons.

The story about Russia offering to loan Uncle Sam \$100,000,000 in gold was declared by the Philadelphia Press to be rather fishy, Russia's total stock of gold amounting to only a little over \$160,000,000.

Conservative sugar dealers at Chicago predict an advance in the price of that commodity on account of the insurgents burning up the cane fields in Cuba, the best information from the island estimating that there was remaining only 15 per cent of the crop.

The receipts of the American Bible society last year were over \$228,000, much less than was needed for its purposes. It prints the Bible in 93 different languages and dialects. Since 1804, there has been an aggregate of 250,000,000 Bibles printed in the world.

Chicago newspapers are inveighing against the facts that have attached themselves to the public school system there. It is asserted that pupils are surfeited with fancy frills under the name of public instruction and leave school unable to spell, read or cipher properly.

A large meeting of representative colored men of the south was held at Memphis, Tenn., recently with a view to adding a national day of celebration of the emancipation proclamation. Resolutions were unanimously adopted making January 1 the day in the future for celebrating the negroes' "gift of freedom."

The public will not be surprised to learn that work on the Grant mausoleum on Riverside drive in New York has been suspended until the middle of March. This will defeat the plan for dedicating the monument April 21, which is the anniversary of the great commander's birthday. It is now probable that the dedication will not take place until 1897.

Modern banking facilities were illustrated in the recent transaction in the Bank of England by which China paid to Japan an indemnity of \$21,500,000 in gold. The coin would have loaded 35 wagons with a ton each, but the handling of one piece of paper sufficed to transfer the money from China's account to the credit of Japan, the whole proceeding occupying but a few minutes.

For the first time in the history of Colorado the gold output for the year 1895 exceeded in value that of silver. A careful computation of the mineral output for the year from the statistics attainable shows the following: Gold, \$1,340,495; silver, \$14,250,000; lead, \$2,955,114; copper, \$877,493; total, \$35,422,150. The increase in gold production is almost wholly from the Cripple Creek district.

The Raleigh (N. C.) News and Observer thinks that judges should take their share of newspaper criticism like other men. If they are unjustly assailed public opinion will be on their side, and if they deserve the censure of the press they should bear it as other officials do. It wants the legislature to pass a law providing that no judge shall punish for contempt except when it is committed in his presence while court is in session.

The beer war which has raged for more than a year in Chicago has been settled. All the brewing companies doing business in that city have signed a mutual agreement by which the price of beer will be advanced January 1 to \$5 a barrel, the present price being \$4 or less. It is estimated that this will result in the closing of 2,000 saloons in Chicago during the first three months of 1896. When the old brewers' association disbanded beer was selling at \$3 a barrel.

The total length of the common roads in the United States, good, bad and indifferent, is estimated by Gen. Stone, of the road bureau of the department of agriculture, at something over 1,300,000 miles. The majority of these roads have been opened by common laborers, hired by local supervisors, and no engineering principles have been observed in their construction. As a result it costs more to keep them in repair than if they were as many finely macadamized roads.

TRANSVAAL TROUBLE.

Late News Received by Way of Cape Town.

NO REPORT OF JAMIESON'S EXECUTION.

Seventy Were Killed, Thirty Wounded and Five Hundred Taken Prisoners in the Battle With the Boers—The Cables Muzzled.

Late News by Way of Cape Colony.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, received at 5:20 a. m. a cablegram from Sir N. G. R. Robinson, governor and commander-in-chief of Cape Colony, saying:

"I received the following from Sir Jacobus A. De Wet, British agent at Pretoria, at 6 o'clock last evening: 'Everything is quiet now. Further serious disturbances will not occur. A deputation from the Johannesburg reform committee came last evening, giving guarantee of peace. I informed President Kruger of that guarantee, and he assured me, pending Gov. Robinson's arrival, that if the Johannesburg people were quiet and did not commit any hostile acts that Johannesburg would not be molested or surrounded by the Boer forces. The deputation was highly pleased at this assurance, and gave a pledge that the reform committee would preserve order. Agent De Wet proceeds to say:

"I testify in the strongest manner to the great moderation and forbearance of the government of the Transvaal under exceptional and trying circumstances. The prisoners have just arrived. Their casualties are stated to have been severe. Those of the Boers were slight."

Gov. Robinson of Cape Colony has telegraphed to Mr. Chamberlain that, of the force led into the Transvaal by Dr. Jamieson, 70 were killed, 30 wounded and 500 taken prisoners. He also telegraphs that it is said in the Cape Town papers that Jamieson, White and Willoughby are lodged in the Pretoria jail. Gray and twenty of the British South Africa Co. are among the wounded.

British News Censorship—Jamieson Not Wounded.
LONDON, Jan. 4.—It is understood that the scarcity of news from the Transvaal is due to the fact that the British government is exercising a vigorous censorship over all, and especially press and private messages. Occasionally a private message filters through. One received says that President Kruger of the South African republic has declared his willingness to make a satisfactory concession to the demands of the Uitlanders.

Another dispatch gives credit to the Cape Times, published in Cape Town, for the assertion that in the battle between the Boers and the force headed by Dr. Jamieson the former were a great deal more numerous than the latter. Jamieson and 530 of his followers, the paper says, were taken prisoners and conducted to Johannesburg. Dr. Jamieson was not wounded. The latest reports say that 80 of Jamieson's followers were killed. The excitement in Johannesburg is subsiding and the citizens are disarming.

The British Jingoism Waked Up Again.
LONDON, Jan. 4.—The St. James Gazette says that the German emperor's gratuitous insult to England in the message of congratulations sent by him to President Kruger, furnishes another argument in favor of Great Britain's pushing on the work of increasing and strengthening her armaments.

The Globe says: "It is a profound mistake to imagine that England will not fight whatever insults may be offered to her. British passion is steadily rising, and the solicitude of the ministers is to prevent a premature outbreak."

Jamieson was Attacked Front and Flank.
LONDON, Jan. 4.—The government has received the following dispatch from Capetown, dated the 4th, noon: "Jamieson surrendered at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of the 3d. The actual fighting lasted from three o'clock in the afternoon of the 1st until 11 at night. Jamieson made three attacks. The men behaved in the most gallant manner. The Boers attacked the angle of Jamieson's force, and had a fire on his front and flank."

Will Not Accept Code Telegrams.
NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—The cable companies have received the following from London:

The Transvaal government gives notice that they will not accept code telegrams from the public for South Africa."

BIG DEFALCATION.
Columbian Customs Officials Charged With Crookedness.

PANAMA, Jan. 4.—A report has been received here from Cartagena of a defalcation of \$200,000 in the custom-house at that port. Several prominent officials are said to be implicated in the fraud.

Committed by Kurds.
CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 4.—It is believed here that the massacre at Birkid was committed by the Kurds of the Hamadid cavalry.

The recent massacre at Orfah was a terrible affair. The porte admits that 900 persons were killed there, but other accounts say that 2,000 were slaughtered.

Suit Against A. Rush Ritter.
PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 4.—Alexander F. Matthews has brought suit in the common pleas court against J. Rush Ritter to recover \$34,000 with interest from November 7 last. Ritter is the real estate officer of the Solicitor's Loan and Trust Co., whose unauthorized speculations caused the assignment of that company.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

Chili has decided to change her minister at Washington.
The Spaniards have declared martial law in Havana, and Pinar del Rio provinces.

Marion Harcastle received a 35-year sentence for the killing of Dr. J. J. Wray at Dallas, Tex.

Rev. Nathaniel G. Clark, member of the American board of foreign missions, is dead at Boston.

The wholesale drug firm of Singer & Wheeler, of Peoria, Ill., confessed judgment and closed its doors.

Dr. J. F. Grimes, of Advance, Ind., died suddenly of morphine poisoning. It is supposed to be a case of suicide.

The Solicitors' Loan and Trust Co. of Philadelphia has assigned. An employee's speculations caused the action.

Congressman Long, of Kansas, has introduced a bill giving a pension of \$12 a month to every veteran of the civil war.

Rabid dogs have made their appearance near Tiffin, Mo., biting several head of stock and creating considerable excitement.

Thos. H. Alfrey & Son heading factory, together with machinery and some stock, located at Poplar Bluff, Mo., was burned Friday.

Wichita, Kas., is in mourning over the death of George W. Clement, ex-mayor, which occurred Friday. Mr. Clement was 60 years of age.

John Bresnan's dwelling, the finest in Toots' Point township, Shelby county, Ill., was burned Friday, supposedly from an explosion of natural gas.

Judge Humphrey issued an order at Abilene, Kas., that no grand jury should be drawn for the coming term of court, owing to the hard times.

M. Jules Coutant, member of the French chamber of deputies, was shot and wounded by a man who suspected the deputy of intimacy with his wife.

A deposit of coal, which gives every indication of being a valuable and important one, has been discovered in the Hot Springs section of North Carolina.

Subscriptions are being raised in Germany in behalf of the Boers who were wounded at the Krugersdorp, and 180,000 marks has been subscribed thus far.

The post office building and contents at New Cambria, Mo., caught fire early Friday morning and were completely destroyed, with all the mail matter and records.

Special United States Attorney Matt Reynolds, of St. Louis, has been called to Washington to conduct the New Mexican land grant cases before the supreme court.

The coroner's jury at St. Louis found that Annie Bradshaw's death was due to an erroneous diagnosis by the physicians, and that she contributed to the error by concealing her real condition.

Frederick Meyer, a laborer, while leaning out of a window of the fifth floor of Meyer & Bros., 221 Locust street, St. Louis, Friday afternoon, lost his balance and fell to the ground. He was killed instantly.

A NEW DISCREPANCY
Found in Ex-City Treasurer Boln's Accounts at Omaha.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 4.—Several months ago City Treasurer Boln was forced to turn the office over to his bondsmen, when a defalcation of \$25,000 was found. A committee, appointed by the city council, commenced an investigation, and has delayed its report from month to month. A report was to have been made Friday night. At the last moment the committee notified the council that the report must be again postponed, and in explanation said that a new and unexpected discrepancy had been found. The figures indicate an additional shortage in the city treasury, which, unless counterbalance items are found, will reach over \$77,000 alone.

BRIBERY AND FRAUD
Charged in Connection With School-Book Contracts in Mississippi.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 4.—The Mississippi legislature, which meets next week, will be treated to a genuine sensation about the school book publishing firms and their representatives, who made contracts this fall with members of the school book board. Members of the defeated firms have gone to work systematically and methodically to produce evidence of bribery and fraud, and they claim to have it in the greatest abundance.

AUDIENCE WITH THE CZAR.
A Turkish Mission Confers With the Czar on the Situation in Asia Minor.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 4.—The czar gave a special audience Friday to the particular Turkish mission which was sent to Russia by the sultan to confer with his majesty in regard to the present situation in Asia Minor. The conference took place at Tsarskoe-Selo, the summer residence of the emperor, and the commissioners were headed by Husny Arif Pasha, the Turkish ambassador to Russia.

Ex-Priest Wagner Will Publish a Book.
ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Jan. 4.—Ex-Priest Dominick Wagner, who created a sensation here by spiriting away Miss Maude Steidel, whom he afterward married, has just completed a book, which he will place in the hands of the publishers. The work will give an outline of the trouble in which he was involved, and promises some sensational statements.

Conference Postponed.
CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—The Textile Manufacturers' association has postponed its conference, called to meet here on the 14th inst., to Tuesday, January 21, the date set for the annual meeting of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers.

The Yacht Tailman Safe.
WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 4.—The yacht Tailman arrived here for coal and supplies. All well. This effectively dispels the unfounded rumor circulated as to the loss of the vessel off Hatteras.

ALL SORTS OF RUMORS.

Afloat Concerning the Detention of Admiral Buncce's Squadron.

THE ONE THAT FINDS THE MOST FAVOR.

Is That the Squadron's Destination Will be the Bosphorus or Gibraltar, Instead of the West Indies, Carrying Sailed Orders.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The detention of Admiral Buncce's squadron at Hampton roads for the last two weeks, although it was ready to begin its cruise promptly on December 21, according to the programme laid down by Secretary Herbert, was at first generally supposed to be due to a reluctance on the part of the American government to permit even the implied menace of its presence in the West Indies during the excitement following the president's Venezuelan message to congress of December 17. The explanation was plausible enough to satisfy everyone for several days. Now even the commanding officers of the ships forming the fleet are beginning to be mystified by the prolonged delay. Such absence of information about a squadron's movements is said to be unprecedented in times of peace, especially when its daily itinerary for the ensuing five months had been published, and as the wives and other relatives of many of the officers had made engagements to meet the vessels at several ports where they would rendezvous for several days, there is considerable concern lest these meetings will be rendered altogether impossible.

Driven to speculation all sorts of rumors are in circulation among the ships, according to letters received here, and the latest of these, which is not wholly without believers, even in the navy department, proceeds on the assumption that Admiral Buncce has sealed orders which may at any moment send him with his entire force to the Bosphorus. Even the more conservative officers are disposed to attach some credence to the idea, considering it, however, the opinion that Gibraltar or the Azores may be the first stopping place of the squadron after leaving the Chesapeake, instead of St. Thomas, West Indies. There are a number of significant facts which, grouped together, seem to give probability to the rumor.

Admiral Selfridge and Minister Terrell have been sending a good many cablegrams to Washington in the last three weeks, and the late navy department has been spending no small sum of money in cable bills since early in December. On December 21 it was announced that a dispatch of general instructions had been sent to Admiral Selfridge to furnish all protection and comfort to such missionaries as might apply, and almost simultaneously came the press dispatch from Turkey that Admiral Selfridge had cabled the navy department that he was unable to carry out his instructions, whatever they were, because of insufficient force.

The following day Admiral Buncce came to Washington and had a long interview with Secretary Herbert, after which the secretary said that the time of the fleet's departure was indefinite. Some of Admiral Buncce's subordinates now think that Secretary Herbert gave the admiral sealed instructions at that last interview which were only to be opened at sea under agreed conditions. These conditions, if this be so, would, of course, depend upon further advice from Minister Terrell.

UP IN ARMS.
The Province of Havana Rising and the Spaniards Fleeing Back.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—A special to the Herald from Key West, Fla., says: Startling advice has been received here from the city of Havana to the effect that the whole province of Havana is up in arms against the government. While no details are given of the actual crisis, the reports say that the government troops are falling back everywhere in the disaffected western regions before the triumphant rebel army. To allay as much as possible the panic excited by this condition of affairs the chief officials in the capital are sending out in every direction false dispatches about the situation. That these attempts at stifling the facts are far from successful is shown by the wide currency which has been given to the rumor that the actual crisis in the revolution has arrived, and that far from holding the insurgents in check the Spanish military authorities have been outgeneraled, have allowed their foes to turn the flank of their main position, and have thus found themselves in a military dilemma of the most humiliating as well as serious character.

WILL CENSURE THE EARL.
Forecast of the Report of the Defender Investigation Committee.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—The Press publishes the following: The Press is able to state upon the best of authority the gist of the report now in preparation for presentation to the New York Yacht club of the special committee appointed by the club to investigate the charges made by Lord Dunsen regarding the recent international yacht club races. It will appear from the testimony that the earl has begged the real question at issue. The report of the committee will present the testimony in a purely judicial manner and will censure the earl.

McKREPPOT, Pa., Jan. 4.—The National Tube Works Co. will resume operations in full Monday, January 6, after an idleness of nearly a month. The resumption will give employment to nearly 3,000 men.

The National Rolling Mill also starts at the same time, giving work to about 2,000 men.

Norfolk & Western General Office Building Burned.

ROANOKE, Va., Jan. 4.—Fire started in the general office building of the Norfolk & Western railroad at 11 a. m., and soon enveloped the entire structure. Most of the records and furniture were saved, but the building is in ruins. The loss is about \$75,000.

Fire at Vandalia.

VANDALIA, Ill., Jan. 4.—Fire at 6:20 Friday evening destroyed the Illinois Central engine house at this place. The Illinois Central engine No. 119, that pulls the Diamond special to Chicago, was in the fire, and it is thought it is totally ruined.

Found Murdered.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 4.—On Monday street, in the western part of the city, the body of Wm. B. George, a young white man, was found with a head almost severed from the body. George had evidently been murdered.

Died in an Insane Retreat.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 4.—Capt. J. H. Tebbets, a well-known railroad man, for years traveling passenger agent of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, died at the asylum for the insane at Pueblo, where he was lately committed.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

As Indicated by Bradstreet's Weekly Review.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Bradstreet's weekly review says:

The week which ended 1895 and ushered in 1896 has been very dull in mercantile circles, as is usual at this period. The volume of business has fallen away sharply, owing to the New Year's holiday and to quiet in trade circles at a time when stock taking and preparing samples for commercial travelers are taking the attention of jobbers and commission houses.

A slackening of activity in some of the important manufacturing lines is likewise noticeable, and it is significant that telegrams from so many centers report mercantile collections slow or unsatisfactory, the exceptions being at a few points in the southern states. Jobbers in leading lines at many centers are confident as to the outlook for trade in the near future, although in instances where exports of an unfavorable effect, due to inability to secure necessary legislation on financial questions.

Exports of wheat (flour included as wheat) from both coasts of the United States this week amount to 3,065,721 bushels, compared with 3,142,000 in the corresponding week last year, 3,196,000 in the week two years ago, 3,038,000 three years ago, and as contrasted with 5,221,000 in the week four years ago. One week ago the total exports amounted to 3,457,001 bushels. Foreign shipments of wheat this week, therefore, are larger than those for any previous week since that ending September 10, 1893. Exports of Indian corn this week, which amount to 3,227,000 bushels, are exceptionally heavy, being larger than those for any previous week since that ending February 21, 1892.

As is usual at this season, there is a considerable increase in the number of business failures in the United States, the total reported being 403 this week, against 316 last week, 373 in the week one year ago, 480 two years ago, and as compared with 313 in the week three years ago.

WHO DOES THIS HIT?
An Old, but Unrepealed, Statute That Might Hurt Someone.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—State department officials, without comment, call attention, in connection with recent sensational telegrams addressed to the prince of Wales and others, to a provision of the Revised Statutes, taken from a law passed as long ago as January 30, 1790, and still in full force and unrepealed. The section (5335) declares that "every citizen of the United States, whether actually a resident or abiding within the same, or in any foreign country, who, without the permission or authority of the government, directly or indirectly, communicates or carries on any verbal correspondence or intercourse with any foreign government or any officer or agent thereof, with an intent to influence the measures or conduct of any foreign government, or of any officer or agent thereof, in relation to any disputes or controversies with the United States, or to defeat the measures of the government of the United States, and every person, being a citizen of the United States, or resident within the United States, and not duly authorized, who counsels, advises or assists in such correspondence, with such intent, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$5,000, and by imprisonment during a term not less than six months nor more than three years."

VENUEZUELA COMMISSION.
The First Meeting—Justice Brewer Chosen President.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The Venezuelan commission met at 11 a. m. in the diplomatic room of the department of state. Messrs. Coudert, Brewer, Alvey and Gilman were in attendance. Mr. White was absent, and is not expected to join the commission until next week.

Upon assembling in the diplomatic room, the commissioners immediately proceeded to the selection of a presiding officer, who will hereafter be designated as president. As was expected Justice Brewer was chosen unanimously. He proceeded to administer the oath of office to the other commissioners, and then Commissioner Alvey acted in a like capacity for the president.

A motion to designate a clerk to act for the present temporary session of the commission was adopted, and Mr. J. Walter Blanford, private secretary of the secretary of state, was accordingly designated.

The commission will exercise great care in the selection of a permanent clerk, as this matter is deemed to be of some importance. It is understood that a person who speaks and writes the Dutch, Spanish and English languages is desired.

AN EGREGIOUS BLUNDER
Committed by Lord Dunsen in Making Charges Against Defender.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—The Yachtsman, commenting on the inquiry by the New York Yacht club into the charges made by Lord Dunsen against the Defender syndicate in general and Mr. C. Oliver Ikelin in particular, says that Lord Dunsen has signally failed to substantiate his charges, and that it becomes more and more apparent that an egregious blunder was committed in making the charges. The paper adds that the committee of inquiry has been actuated throughout by an impartial spirit.

The Limit of the Law.
LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 4.—George Washington Davis, the negro convicted of wrecking a Rock Island passenger train near here August 9, 1894, in which eleven persons were killed, was sentenced by Judge Holmes, Friday, to life imprisonment, the limit of the law.

Seventeen Horses Cremated.
ST. LOUIS, Jan. 4.—A large frame stable in the rear of 1218 and 1220 North Ninth street, owned by John Mosconi, a coal dealer, was burned at 1:30 a. m. Seventeen horses were cremated. Twelve wagons, 17 sets of harness and a car-load of corn were also consumed.

Sanguinary Battle With Moonshiners.
KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 4.—Reports reached the United States revenue collector's office Friday that in a battle between a posse of officers and moonshiners in North Carolina, near the Tennessee line, seven men were killed and several others wounded.

Richard Croker in Kentucky.
LEXINGTON, Ky., Jan. 4.—Richard Croker, ex-Tammany chief, stopped in the city Friday night on his way to Belle Mead farm, Nashville, Tenn. He owns a half interest in the thoroughbreds at the establishment. He declined to talk politics.

Fire in the Fort Worth Gazette Office.
FORT WORTH, Tex., Jan. 4.—A fire broke out Friday morning in the composing room of the Gazette and destroyed some of the furniture, the belting and shafting, and greatly damaged one of the Mergenthaler machines.

NUMBER FORTY-FIVE.

Utah Has Been Added to the Sisterhood of States

BY PROCLAMATION OF THE PRESIDENT.

The Pen With Which the Document Was Signed Presented to Gov. West—Delegate Cannon Steps Down and May Step Up Higher.

We Have a New Slater.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Utah was added to the sisterhood of states at 10:30 a. m. when President Cleveland signed a proclamation to that effect. There was no ceremony about the matter. Mr. Cleveland and Private Secretary Thurber were alone in the president's office at the time, and the signing was done with a steel stub pen point affixed to a wooden penholder.

The pen and penholder were presented to Gov. West of Utah, who came to the White House about the time the proclamation was signed.

The proclamation is couched in the usual formal language of such documents, and, in view of its verbiage, merely certifies to the legality of the constitutional convention and its acts under authority of the act of congress of July 16, 1894, and declares that the terms and conditions prescribed by congress having been complied with, the creation of the state and its admission into the Union on an equal footing with the original states is now accomplished.

Delegate Cannon Steps Down and May Step Up Higher.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Delegate Cannon, of Utah, severs his connection with the house of representatives, after holding his seat since the organization of the present congress a month ago. He goes by virtue of the fact that on Monday Utah becomes a state.

Mr. Cannon's successor is already in the city. He is Clarence E. Allen, who was elected a representative last fall, and will be the first to cast a vote in congress from Utah. The legislature meets on Monday and must cast its first vote under the general law not later than the second Tuesday after its assembling. It is generally expected that Mr. Cannon will be one of the senators to which the new state is entitled.

VENUEZUELA COMMISSION.
The First Meeting—Justice Brewer Chosen President.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The Venezuelan commission met at 11 a. m. in the diplomatic room of the department of state. Messrs. Coudert, Brewer, Alvey and Gilman were in attendance. Mr. White was absent, and is not expected to join the commission until next week.

Upon assembling in the diplomatic room, the commissioners immediately proceeded to the selection of a presiding officer, who will hereafter be designated as president. As was expected Justice Brewer was chosen unanimously. He proceeded to administer the oath of office to the other commissioners, and then Commissioner Alvey acted in a like capacity for the president.

A motion to designate a clerk to act for the present temporary session of the commission was adopted, and Mr. J. Walter Blanford, private secretary of the secretary of state, was accordingly designated.

The commission will exercise great care in the selection of a permanent clerk, as this matter is deemed to be of some importance. It is understood that a person who speaks and writes the Dutch, Spanish and English languages is desired.

AN EGREGIOUS BLUNDER
Committed by Lord Dunsen in Making Charges Against Defender.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—The Yachtsman, commenting on the inquiry by the New York Yacht club into the charges made by Lord Dunsen against the Defender syndicate in general and Mr. C. Oliver Ikelin in particular, says that Lord Dunsen has signally failed to substantiate his charges, and that it becomes more and more apparent that an egregious blunder was committed in making the charges. The paper adds that the committee of inquiry has been actuated throughout by an impartial spirit.

The Limit of the Law.
LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 4.—George Washington Davis, the negro convicted of wrecking a Rock Island passenger train near here August 9, 1894, in which eleven persons were killed, was sentenced by Judge Holmes, Friday, to life imprisonment, the limit of the law.

Seventeen Horses Cremated.
ST. LOUIS, Jan. 4.—A large frame stable in the rear of 1218 and 1220 North Ninth street, owned by John Mosconi, a coal dealer, was burned at 1:30 a. m. Seventeen horses were cremated. Twelve wagons, 17 sets of harness and a car-load of corn were also consumed.

Sanguinary Battle With Moonshiners.
KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 4.—Reports reached the United States revenue collector's office Friday that in a battle between a posse of officers and moonshiners in North Carolina, near the Tennessee line, seven men were killed and several others wounded.

In Poor Health
means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—won't stain your teeth, and it's pleasant to take.

It Cures
Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Constipation, Bad Blood, Malaria, Nervous ailments, Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

THE * CHRONICLE *

C. C. DuBOSE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, JAN. 9, 1896.

The discovery of an ossified man in Kansas, leads the Jacksonville Times-Union to conclude that this is one of the natural results of populism.

A call for bids for one hundred million dollars of United States bonds was issued by Secretary Carlisle on Monday. The bonds are to be payable in coin thirty years after date, and bear four per cent interest from date.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat calls attention to the fact that when the civil war opened, the wealth of this country was estimated at \$16,000,000,000. In 1890 it had reached \$65,000,000,000. The most remarkable fact connected with these figures is that the United States accumulated three times as much wealth during the thirty years ending with 1890 as in the 250 years preceding 1860.

The management of the Atlanta exposition has given out some interesting figures. It has been ascertained that 1,280,683 people were admitted to the exposition grounds. Of this number 817,928 were paid admissions, including adults and children. The Exposition company realized from gate receipts \$364,072.95; and from concessions \$115,654.32. These are phenomenal figures and but emphasize the magnitude of the great enterprise which Atlanta carried through so successfully.

REV. E. B. TEAGUE, writing to the Alabama Baptist of last week, pays the following high tribute to Judge George E. Brewer: "Judge Geo. E. Brewer, made of stuff very much like his namesake, our good elder, I know not if they be kin—has just held a called term of the circuit court here at Columbiana, holding even night sessions for two weeks to clear the docket, a thing scarcely accomplished within the memory of the oldest citizens. He constantly limited the harangues of the lawyers by the watch. He is quite a young man, and any of us who survive will delight to honor and promote him in the future."

AN editor, who was also the "devil," was in a hurry in making up the "forms," and got two stories mixed. One was the obituary of a greedy old miser, the other, an account of a fire. It came out published thus: "The pall-bearers lowered the body into the grave, but cries of 'water' were heard though all was given up to the flames. There were few, if any regrets, for the old wreck had been an eyesore to the town for years. Of course there was individual loss, but that was covered by insurance." The widow thinks the editor wrote the obituary that way because the lamented partner of her joys and sorrows owes him five years' subscription.

MEDICAL writers are so fond of pointing out the dangers that lurk in nearly everything that is agreeable, that one who takes the other track deserves a special welcome. Such a one is Dr. Talcott, a prominent alienist of the state of New York, who declares that early rising promotes insanity. It has often been a source of wonder why farmers and their families, who are exempt from much of the mental and physical strain that disturbs men's minds, furnish so large a proportion of the inmates of the insane asylums. Dr. Talcott says it is because of their pernicious habit of getting up at unearthly hours, whereby tired nature's sweet restorer is subjected to an "artificial cut-off" that proves destructive to the brain. This is quite the most comforting doctrine that has been suggested by any specialist in a very long time, and it has the great advantage over most medical warnings that it would be no trouble at all to live up to it.

The populists have determined to hold their national convention after the other parties get through, and it is noticeable that no great city is rushing forward with a cash offer or any other kind of inducement to secure the assembly. But the populists are to have a convention. Very true, the situation is not encouraging. Kansas is no more, and Alabama has repudiated the free silver cause. Nebraska has returned to its original fold, and Colorado has dropped from the fence. The Dakotas have no use for the chill green wave, and the cause is no cause at all in other states where it once flourished. But there is to be a convention, as Uncle Joe Sibley issues the call, and, as Sibley is a candidate, there will be delegates. It is Sibley's only chance to be on earth this year. —Philadelphia Times.

CARMACK ON MARION BUTLER.

Carmack, of the Memphis Commercial-Appeal, has placed on paper his thoughts and opinions concerning Marion Butler, the young populist senator from North Carolina, which are as follows:

"Marion Butler, of North Carolina, turned loose in the senate yesterday. We venture the assertion that no man that ever sat in that body has so firm a grip on fame as Marion Butler. Butler reminds you of Daniel Webster—he is so different. We seriously doubt whether there is any living thing, from a man to a bacillus, that has as little sense as Marion Butler, of North Carolina. This is why he will be so famous. Peffer, of Kansas, got mighty short weight when he laid in his brain supply, but Peffer is to Marion Butler as Jove is to a worm. Yet this thing can open its mouth and talk for hours on a stretch, and at a distance of a hundred yards looks almost human. The way North Carolina happened to send this freak of nature to the senate was this: A motion was pending to send him to a dime museum; somebody in a spirit of fun moved to strike out 'dime museum' and insert 'United States senate,' and the legislature, being drunk, and populite, to boot, adopted the amendment, tabled a motion to reconsider, and let it go at that. Butler will do much to promote the gayety of nations while he is there. He is a fountain of folly that is never at rest and never goes dry. He is a spouting geyser of hot mud that will attract visitors from the uttermost parts of the earth. Men whose rich bachelor uncles had died and willed their property to an orphan asylum; men whose mothers-in-law have come to spend the summer with them, henpecked husbands, undertakers, Englishmen and all kinds of solemn and sunless nations have been known to look on Marion Butler and laugh joyously. North Carolina has been noted for its humor, but the broadest joke it ever sprung on the broad and hilarious earth is its freak senator, the thing with the form of a man, the voice of an ass and the brain of a bird."

WHAT THE SILVER CRAZE IS COSTING.

From the Savannah News.

"The people will begin to wake up to the fact after awhile that the silver craze is costing them a great deal of money. The silverites are trying to force the country to a silver basis without converting the people to silver monometallism. Their tactics are dishonest. Notice for a moment what is being done in congress. At the same time, it should be kept in mind that neither of the great political parties has declared for the free and unlimited coinage of silver, and that the majority of congress is against silver."

The last congress refused to authorize an issue of gold bonds to restore the gold reserve of the treasury. What was the result? "Coin" bonds were issued at a loss to the people of \$16,000,000. Now the gold reserve is again far below the point of safety, and bonds will again have to be issued for gold. The president has asked congress—a republican congress—to authorize him to issue gold bonds, and it has refused. Bonds will have to be issued, and "coin" bonds will not command anywhere near as much as gold bonds would. Again the country will be the loser of from \$16,000,000 to \$20,000,000; and for what reason? Simply because the silver men in congress would rather increase the public debt many millions of dollars than recognize a simple business proposition. Do they gain anything for silver by thus increasing the burdens of the people? Not a thing. They disgust the people with silver, rather than make converts to it, and they play in to the hands of Wall street by refusing to allow the greenbacks to be retired. Wall street wants nothing better than the greenbacks, which enable it to force bond issues by drawing the gold out of the treasury.

And who are the men who are largely responsible for this folly of congress? They are senators of the new states of the far West. Eight of these states haven't a third of the voting population or wealth of New York, and yet they have sixteen senators, all howling for free silver coinage. They have eight times the power in the senate that New York has. The injustice of such representation is too apparent to need comment.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a severe kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all kidney and liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 60¢ for large bottle. At Parker & Armstrong's druggists.

MR. CLARKE ANNOUNCES

His Candidacy for the Democratic gubernatorial Nomination.

To the Democrats of Alabama.

I am a candidate for your nomination to be governor of Alabama. It has been for some time known that I have had under consideration the question whether my name should be presented to you, but I have not for one moment been held back by my candidacy for a senatorial place. I believe that, when the occasion demands it, personal preferences and ambitions must be subordinated to duty, and that if I should fail to recognize that obligation I should not deserve public confidence or favor.

I feel that there should be some one in the field who represents what I believe to be the strong and ever-increasing conviction of a majority of the democrats of our state, that the administration of Mr. Cleveland has stood strong and brave for the great foundation principles of our party, that it has been honest, wise and true.

It has been fearless to put down anarchy at home and to resist foreign aggression upon established American faith and policy. It has been the steadfast opponent of unequal and unjust taxation. It has been honest and economical in its expenditures of public moneys.

It has saved the country from a fluctuating and depreciated currency, always a curse to laboring and business men and the rich opportunity of the speculator.

It has been surrounded by trying and distressing conditions, and has been faced by perils from its outset. It came into office with a financial panic already developed and soon culminating—one that had been gathering for more than two years, which had been brought about by causes long existing, and would have occurred had the republican party remained in power, a panic of a character which always requires several years to run its course, and from which we are still suffering.

It is greatly to be regretted that repeated bond issues have been necessary to sustain the credit of the country, but it will be borne in mind that has been largely due to the refusal by a democratic congress to make the same wise provision as to the terms of bonds as was lately made by the democratic legislature of Alabama, and to take other plain measures to secure permanent relief and financial stability.

I assert confidently that a prime cause of the defeat of our party is to be found in the fact that many democratic leaders have devoted themselves to assailing the democratic administration with a bitterness and activity surpassing the natural warfare of the republican party upon it, and as unjustifiable as it has been ruinous.

I do not believe that Alabama democrats desire to indorse such a course in their nomination for the highest office within the gift of the people of the state.

It cannot be doubted that the platform and candidates of our party for the national election now at hand will be an approval of Mr. Cleveland's administration. The state campaign will cover a part of the same time as the national, and will necessarily involve to some extent the same issues, since for more than two years such issues have been injected into state politics and steadily kept in the front by the assailants of the administration.

It is certainly to be desired that we shall be in harmony with the great body of the democrats of the country. I most earnestly desire harmony in the party in Alabama, but that is only to be had by a ready and cheerful acquiescence in the declared principles and policy of a majority of the democrats of Alabama, and it is to obtain that expression I take the field.

I shall make as vigorous a campaign as other duties will permit of, but it will be conducted on my part in a spirit and manner to wound no man; to give none personal grievance, while I shall maintain to the utmost of my strength and ability principles which I regard as eternally right, and a policy which I believe to be fundamentally wise.

RICHARD H. CLARKE.
Washington, D. C., Jan. 2, 1896.

Good Joke on Himself.

The Evergreen Record prints the following on Rev. J. W. Stewart, who recently preached at Parker Memorial:

Rev. J. W. Stewart, secretary of the Baptist church of this place, tells a very good joke on himself. When in Mobile recently, he was invited on Sunday afternoon to preach at the Seamen's Bethel, a chapel and reading room supported by New York philanthropists. It was understood that the chairman was called away to fill another appointment. The invitation was in such perfect harmony with a long felt desire on the part of Mr. Stewart to preach to sailors, that he readily consented. At the hour appointed, he wended his way to the little chapel, and was surprised to find only the organist present. After waiting for a short time, three men filed leisurely in, taking their seats near the front. Mr. Stewart then began his sermon, finding the marked attention of his three auditors inspiring. His discourse was frequently marked with nods of earnest approval from them. The sermon over, the preacher then descended from the pulpit to greet the three men, intending to thank them for their attention, when, to his great surprise and chagrin, he found that not one of them could speak a word of English.

Willing Only to Play Politics.

From the Philadelphia Record.

If the republican congress sincerely desired to increase the revenues without embarrassing business, they could make the sugar duties specific, or they could tax tea, coffee or beer. But they have no notion of increasing the revenues, nor of retiring the greenbacks, nor of doing anything except to play politics for whatever they think they can make out of the game. So much has already been made apparent.

Wilsonville Waifs.

Oh how cold it is!

J. F. Pope made a business trip to Anniston Sunday.

Mrs. John Hall, of Calera, is visiting J. H. Weldon and family.

Mrs. Coleman, of Texas, is visiting her father, Mr. T. Houston.

The young people indulged in horse back riding Friday evening.

Prof. J. H. Hammond paid a visit to this town last week on business.

Miss Edna Waters, of Fayetteville, has been visiting relatives here.

Watson Self, who has been visiting his mothers, returned home Monday.

Miss Georgia Pope left a few days ago for Covington, Ga., to visit relatives.

Edwin Williamson, who has been visiting relatives at Coatopa, returned a few days ago.

Prof. J. B. Kilpatrick, Bud Edwards and Embrue Weldon paid Columbiana a visit Saturday.

Prof. J. B. Kilpatrick and wife have been on the sick list, but are able to be at work again.

John Weldon and sister Mattie have returned to college again. We regret their departure very much.

We regret very much to hear of the illness of Mrs. Lula Millstead, but are glad to hear she is convalescent.

Our literary society met last Friday night at the residence of J. F. Pope. Quite an interesting program was rendered.

Miss Mary Mason, one of Wilsonville's most popular young belles, was married yesterday. We wish her great happiness.

Miss Willie Taylor, of Talladega, who has been visiting friends here, returned home Monday much to the regret of the young people.

At last they have begun to build a wing to our school room. You who have been staying away for fear of not enough room prepare to come back.

Quite a crowd of young people took a ride Sunday eve. It was enjoyed by all, especially Embrue Weldon and Miss Maude Williamson who were riding on horses.

Jeff Liles, of Columbiana, visited relatives here Sunday.

J. L. Ray has purchased Mr. Brown's coal at Bolin's switch.

E. B. Teague, Jr., boarded the train here Sunday for Columbiana.

Messrs. Oscar and John Tinney visited relatives in Columbiana Sunday.

We had no services at the Methodist church Sunday on account of the preacher's failure to come.

Messrs. Will Smith and E. Williamson engaged a hack Sunday afternoon and filled it up with pretty girls and enjoyed a nice drive.

L. D. Pirchett, who filled the position at the depot during Mr. Williamson's absence, has returned to his home in Meridian, Miss.

We are sorry to hear that Mr. Seale killed Amos Roberson and hope he will have no further trouble.

Jack Taylor and Miss Sillie Bolin indulged in a nice horseback ride Sunday afternoon, at least Jack was mule back and Miss Sillie was the one to be so fortunate as to get to ride Jack's fine horse.

Someone should go out to Ray's coaling and see about those children; it is reported that there are five of them and their mother being dead their father deserted them leaving them without anything to eat, no clothes to wear and no beds or bed clothing. Their ages range from three to eleven years and one of them is a girl. This is too bad, and if the people of Wilsonville don't take the matter up it will certainly reflect upon them.

BUTCH JR.

WANTED!

An intelligent lady to act as our agent for this country. Easy work. Big returns. Address Box 310 Montgomery, Alabama.

Shamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment

Is a certain cure for Chronic Eye Sore, Granulated Eye Lids, Sore Nipples, Piles, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum and Scald Head, 25 cents per box. For sale by druggists.

TO HORSE OWNERS.

For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cavi's Condition Powder. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or neglected horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists.

PARKER & ARMSTRONG

Notice No. 16,717.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA., November 20, 1895.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Columbiana, Ala., on January 11th, 1896, viz.: Joel O. Thomas, Homestead entry No. 22,286, for the E. 1/2 of N. 1/2 of section 24, tp. 20 south of range 2 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: James S. Perrell, of Columbiana; Aaron P. Stone, of Pelham; John W. Miner, of Pelham; Ala.

H. PUCKELL, Register.

Non-Resident Notice.

STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.

In Chancery, Sixth District, North-Eastern Chancery Division.

Claudia Holman, Complainant, vs. I. M. Holman, Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of John D. Strange, that the defendant, I. M. Holman, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in the State of Texas; and further, that in belief of said affidavit, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in The Chronicle, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said I. M. Holman, to appear, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 10th day of February, A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office in Columbiana this 4th day of January, A. D. 1896.

GORDON DEBOSE, Register.

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know

that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Pitcher and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of *Dr. H. Pitcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

STAND BY THOSE WHO STAND BY YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

By Those Who Stand by YOU!

ASTHMA,
D'stressing Cough,
SOE JOINTS
MUSCLES.
Despaired
OF RELIEF.
CURED BY
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

"Some time since, I had a severe attack of asthma, accompanied with a distressing cough and a general soreness of the joints and muscles. I consulted physicians and tried various remedies, but without getting any relief, until I despaired of ever being well again. Finally, I took Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and in a very short time, was entirely cured. I can, therefore, cordially and confidently commend this medicine to all."—J. ROSSELL, Victoria, Texas.

"My wife had a very troublesome cough. She used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and procured immediate relief."—C. H. PODRICK, Humphreys, Ga.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
Received Highest Awards
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

THE CHRONICLE
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
COLUMBIANA, JAN. 9, 1896.
SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year, \$1.00
One copy six months, .50
SHELBY LODGE, No. 140, A. F. & A. M.
Regular communications at Columbiana the last Saturday night in each month. Visiting members in good standing cordially invited. J. S. LEEPER, Sec. I. D. MASON, W. M.
SHELBY LODGE, No. 50, K. OF P.
Regular meetings first and third Monday nights of each month, at 7:30, at Shelby, Ala. W. A. WALBURN, C. C. A. M. PIPER, K. of R. and S. and M. of F.
CORINTHIAN LODGE, 402, A. F. & A. M.
Meets at Shelby, Ala., the second Thursday night of each month, at 7:30. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend. J. F. McLANE, Sec. A. H. AVERY, W. M.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.
John Wilson, of Brierfield, spent Tuesday in town.
C. N. Pritchard, of Aldrich, spent Saturday in town.
J. R. Beavers spent Sunday with his mother, in Vincent.
Hon. W. B. Browne is in Montgomery on legal business.
Rev. H. M. Millstead was very sick last week, but is now at his post again.
Dr. and Mrs. T. G. Nelson, of Harpersville, visited relatives here this week.
James Seale, of Childersburg, visited friends and relatives here Monday and Tuesday.
Henry Fallon, recently of New Orleans, La., but now of Birmingham, is a visitor in town.
Miss Emma Millstead is a guest of her brother, John Millstead, in Wilsonville this week.
James Nabors and wife, of Longview, were guests of the family of I. D. Mason Tuesday and Wednesday.
Rev. Thomas McClusky, of Helena, visited friends here this week, and preached Monday night at the Presbyterian church.
The commissioners' court has had a busy session this week, there having been more business than usual to dispose of this time.
The friends of Mrs. Lizzie Bell will regret to hear that she has moved to Atlanta, Mr. Bell having gone into business in that city.
H. Fox, of Montevallo, has arrived with his stock of goods, and is busy arranging his merchandise on the shelves preparatory for business.
For SALE OR RENT.—The very desirable residence property of Mrs. D. B. McMath can be bought on easy terms. For full information apply at this office.
Col. J. K. Milner, who still draws his salary at regular, and more frequently irregular intervals, from a popular Anniston house, was "doing" our town yesterday.
Dr. T. G. Nelson, having recently been elected county health officer, physicians throughout the county are urged to send him their reports to Harpersville, as the law requires.
Will J. O'Hara, who is making a record at Howard college that all his friends are proud of, was at home a few hours Sunday. Will has been on the honor roll every month since he entered college.
MARRIED.—At the residence of the bride's parents, yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, by Rev. S. S. Crumpton, Mr. Thomas Evans, of Texas, and Miss Anna Weaver, of this place. They have our best wishes.
To those interested in the finances of Shelby county, the semi-annual report, published elsewhere, will make interesting reading. It contains an itemized statement of all receipts and disbursements for the past six months.
W. M. Galloway, of Saginaw, was in town a short time Monday. It is rumored that he contemplates entering the happy estate of matrimony here long. We are not prepared to verify this statement, only we noticed that he looked happier than usual.
We stated last week that Confederate soldiers and sailors and their widows, who desired to do so, could make application for relief before the probate judge between the 1st of January and the 1st of June. This should have been between the 1st of January and the 1st of June.

A PRISONER SHOT
And Killed While Attempting to Escape from Jail Saturday Morning.
Jailer Seale Cuts His Career Short by a Well-Directed Bullet.

Such in brief is the history of an exciting but futile attempt to escape from the grasp of the law made by Amos Robinson, who was confined in jail on the charge of grand larceny. He and another white man, M. V. Lowery, charged with embezzlement, had planned to make a bold dash for liberty the first time an opportunity offered. The chance came Saturday morning. Jailer Seale entered the jail about 7 o'clock in the morning to give the prisoners their breakfast. He opened the door to their cage, and while in the act of handing in the food, was rushed upon by Amos Robinson, a man of wonderful strength, and shoved violently against the wall. Before Jailer Seale could recover his position on his feet, Robinson and Lowery had made their way rapidly out of the jail, and when Mr. Seale rushed out after them they were running down the road towards Shelby, Lowery considerably in the lead. Mr. Seale called to Robinson three or four times, telling him to stop or he would shoot him. Robinson replied, "shoot, for I will never go back to jail alive." This left Mr. Seale no alternative but to stop his prisoner with a bullet. He fired only one shot, but it did its work only too well. It struck the flying prisoner almost centrally in the back, just to the left of the spinal column, went through his body and was afterwards found protruding from the skin in his abdomen. He staggered a few steps, fell to the ground, and in thirty minutes was a corpse. Lowery, seeing the fate of his comrade, concluded to take no further chances, and was led back to jail by A. M. Elliott, who went to the assistance of the jailer.
Mr. Seale was shocked and completely overcome with grief when he found that he had killed Robinson, but no possible blame can be laid at his door. He tried to persuade the prisoner to give up, but the only reply each time was "shoot."
Soon after the unfortunate occurrence a coroner's jury was empaneled composed of Rev. C. W. O'Hara, J. W. Johnston, Val McClinton, E. T. Hunter, E. W. Chapman, Evander Morrison and J. W. Mason. The following is the verdict, after a thorough investigation:
CORONER'S VERDICT.
We, the jury summoned and sworn to hold an inquest over the dead body of Amos Robinson, find that deceased was in jail under an indictment for grand larceny, and that while attempting to escape from said jail he came to his death by being shot with a pistol by T. L. Seale, deputy sheriff and jailer. We further find that said shooting was necessary to prevent his escape, and that therefore said Seale was justifiable in killing him.
C. W. O'HARA, Coroner.

While THE CHRONICLE deeply deploras the unfortunate occurrence, we commend Jailer Seale for the unflinching and courageous manner in which he performed a stern duty. Left to preference, he would have pursued a very different course, but he had the manhood and moral courage to do what he knew to be his duty regardless of his own personal feelings. Would that we had more officers of his metal.

APPLES AS MEDICINE.
From the Philadelphia Record.
The apple is such a common fruit that very few persons are familiar with its remarkable efficacious medicinal properties. Everybody ought to know that the very best thing they can do is to eat apples just before retiring for the night. Persons uninitiated in the mysteries of the fruit are liable to throw up their hands in horror at the visions of dyspepsia which such a suggestion may summon up, but no harm can come to even a delicate system by the eating of ripe and juicy apples just before going to bed. The apple is an excellent brain food, because it has more phosphoric acid in easily digested shape than any other vegetable known. It excites the action of the liver, promotes sound and healthy sleep, and thoroughly disinfects the mouth. This is not all. The apple agglutinates the surplus acids of the stomach, helps the kidney secretions and prevents calculus growths, while it obviates indigestion, and is one of the best preventives known for diseases of the throat. Everybody should be familiar with such knowledge. In addition, next to the orange and the lemon, it is the best antidote for the thirst and craving of the person addicted to the alcohol or opium habit.

Two Lives Saved.
Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in coughs and colds. Free trial bottles at Parker & Armstrong's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.
The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

COMMISSIONERS' SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT.
Receipts and Disbursements of the Treasurer for the Six Months Ending January 1, 1896.

RECEIPTS.	
Am't on hand July 1, 1895,	\$9,771 76
John S. Leeper, license,	78 00
" " redemption money,	3 11
A. F. Smith, taxes,	186 78
D. R. McMillan, amount on state land redeemed under act approved Feb. 9, '95,	10 14
A. F. Smith, taxes,	3,548 17
	\$13,597 96
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Holding inquest over body of Charley Mason, J. M. Reynolds,	23 25
Holding inquest over body of H. Murphy, J. M. Reynolds,	10 25
One mortgage record, Roberts & Son,	12 00
Repairing bridge over Spring Creek near Vincent, Elliott & Bell,	5 00
Mdse, Lester, Mason & Co., Medical attendance at poor house and jail, Dr. W. S. DuBose,	31 05
Sewing for paupers, Mrs. W. L. Davis,	50 00
Feeding paupers, W. L. Davis,	11 15
Lumber for road, C. T. Davidson,	186 70
Ex-Officio services, W. R. A. Milner,	2 70
Shingles for poor house, Wm. Blackaby,	250 00
Stationery, The Chronicle, Keeping Elias Armstrong L. Q. Gould,	24 75
Lumber and cross-wayings for road, J. T. Lynch,	13 50
Two days and 44 miles as commissioner, R. H. Walker,	9 00
Three days and 50 miles as commissioner, D. C. Davis,	4 56
Two days and 9 miles as commissioner, James McGowan,	8 20
Two days as commissioner, J. S. Leeper,	11 50
Merchandise, W. R. A. Milner,	8 50
Night-watchman, John T. Cromwell,	6 45
Engineering bridge, Jno. A. Milner,	6 00
Ex-officio service, H. W. Nelson,	6 93
12 sign-boards and 5 mile-posts, G. E. Abbett,	3 00
Carrying four paupers to poor-house, L. M. Roy,	75 00
Publishing Treasurers' report, Shelby Sentinel,	121 90
Refunding taxes improperly paid to county treasurer, A. F. Smith,	11 50
Making land book for 1895, J. H. Hammond,	5 00
Money refunded on invalid tax sale, J. H. Hammond,	43 66
Publishing Treasurers' report, The Chronicle,	125 00
Advocate publishing company, to same report,	5 10
Five days and 44 miles as commissioner, R. H. Walker,	32 00
One day and 50 miles as commissioner, D. C. Davis,	32 00
Two days and 50 miles as commissioner, W. C. Powers,	17 20
One day as commissioner, J. S. Leeper,	5 50
Part payment on bridge at Montevallo, Hardway & Watkins,	8 50
Five days service on board of equalization, W. C. Denison,	3 00
Lumber for bd'g, E. T. Nivens,	220 55
One day and 9 miles as commissioner, Jas. McGowan,	15 00
Building bridge over Yellow Leaf creek, W. A. Lyons,	9 90
Keeping Elias Armstrong, L. Q. Gould,	3 45
Boarding paupers, W. L. Davis,	144 00
Picks and shovels for road, Lester, Mason & Co.,	9 00
Part payment on building bridge over Kelley's creek, W. F. Bell,	135 00
Services on board of equalization, W. C. Denison,	303 40
Paid witnesses before equalization board,	100 00
Building bridge on Wauahatchie creek, M. F. Comer,	9 00
Building bridge on Four Mile creek, A. J. Taylor,	264 80
Balance on bridge at Montevallo, Watkins & Hardway,	101 35
Night-watchman, John T. Cromwell,	298 86
John T. Cromwell, for same, Building barn and smoke-house at poor house, H. W. Nelson,	3 00
Feeding paupers, W. L. Davis,	3 00
Paid to county court jurors, August term, 1895,	24 99
Bailiff, county court, T. L. Seale,	130 50
Paid county court witnesses, Aug. term, 1895,	228 17
Keeping Elias Armstrong L. Q. Gould,	12 00
Services as pension committee, L. M. Roy,	113 97
Services as pension committee, John Russell,	9 00
Lumber, nails, and 6 barrels of lime, John B. Randall,	10 80
	8 19

Nails and lumber, C. C. Vandegrift,	3 42
Paid on building bridge on the Cahaba river, C. T. Davidson,	500 00
Night-watchman, John T. Cromwell,	3 00
Solicitor's fees, J. L. Peters, Inspector, August election, 1894, W. A. Weldon,	13 50
Error in taxes, R. J. Griffin,	1 50
Witness, May term, 1895, Geo. Templin,	72
Keeping Elias Armstrong, L. Q. Gould,	1 30
Paid circuit court jurors, fall term, 1895,	9 00
Paid grand jurors, fall term, 1895,	779 55
Paid court bailiffs, fall term, 1895,	313 30
Grand jury bailiffs fall term 1895,	40 00
Lumber, B. L. Moore,	160 00
52 meals and lodging for jury, J. P. Spencer,	1 60
Making coffin and lumber for same, Gat Harkins,	13 00
Expenses of insane negro to Bessemer, John S. Leeper,	2 00
County court fees, J. S. Leeper,	1 35
Making tax abstract, J. S. Leeper,	40 00
Ex-officio service, John S. Leeper,	100 00
Postage, J. S. Leeper,	10 00
Lodging and feeding jury and bailiff, A. H. Weaver,	35 50
Donation for three months, to James Harris, pauper,	9 00
Cleaning court house well, Lum Holcomb,	4 00
Expenses of Lena Brasher to asylum, J. P. Spencer,	15 00
Publishing assessor's and collector's notice, Advocate,	37 50
Lumber for cross-wayings, W. J. Mitchell,	8 00
Three days services before board of equalization, A. F. Smith,	6 00
One-half of three days service in valuing state lands, J. H. Hammond,	6 00
Lumber and nails, C. C. Vandegrift,	5 00
Lumber, Mrs. L. H. Lyman, Making twelve index boards and 20 mile-posts, Henry Pitts,	3 45
Painting and lettering 12 index boards and twenty mile-posts, E. S. Lyman,	5 00
Printing and stationery, C. C. DuBose,	7 80
Building bridge across Muddy Prong creek, James Spearman,	130 75
Building bridge, J. S. Ferrell,	41 90
Feeding paupers, W. L. Davis,	30 00
Extra service at poor house, W. L. Davis,	120 35
Sewing for paupers, Mrs. W. L. Davis,	48 15
Merchandise, Lester, Mason & Co.,	26 25
Four mile boards and two sign boards, W. A. Wilder,	111 40
Stationery and three subscriptions, the Shelby Sentinel,	2 40
Publishing tax assessors and collectors notice, Shelby Sentinel,	5 75
Seven days and nine miles as commissioner, James McGowan,	37 50
Three days as commissioner, John S. Leeper,	21 45
Two days as jury commissioner, D. C. Davis,	9 00
Two days as jury commissioner, W. C. Powers,	6 00
Two days as jury commissioner, R. H. Walker,	6 00
Two days as jury commissioner, James McGowan,	6 00
Stationery, Roberts & Son,	77 27
Seven days and 44 miles as commissioner, R. H. Walker,	23 20
Balance on building bridge across Kelley's creek, W. F. Bell,	58 32
Material for Kelley's creek bridge, W. D. Bailey,	66 38
Repairing court house and jail, W. W. Albright,	7 50
Night-watchman, John T. Cromwell,	3 00
Four mile posts, Wiley J. Nelson,	1 60
Feeding paupers, W. L. Davis,	117 00
Postage and holding county and chancery court and lumber and lime, H. W. Nelson,	27 30
Seven days and fifty miles as commissioner, W. C. Powers,	23 50
Medical attention at poor house and jail, Dr. W. S. DuBose,	50 00
Right of way of road to the Cahaba river, Dave Harkins,	10 00
Keeping Elias Armstrong L. Q. Gould,	9 00
Glass, putty, etc., for court house, Parker & Armstrong,	4 80
Eleven days and 44 miles as commissioner, D. C. Davis,	35 20
Lumber, W. D. Bailey,	28 42
Nails, J. F. Pope,	2 40
Physician service in post mortem examination, on body of John Burkett, A. D. Smith, coroner,	54 80
Burial expenses of Macklen Brown, D. C. Davis,	10 12
Lumber, H. E. Horton,	7 90
Expenses of Martha Comer to asylum, J. B. Comer,	
Book and stationery for board of equalization,	
Dispatch Stationery Co., Lumber, R. T. Johnson,	
Cross-ties and nails for road, E. D. Hall,	2 87

Feeding paupers one month, W. L. Davis,	130 50
Paid county court jury, November term, 1895,	216 63
Paid county court witnesses, November term, 1895,	61 12
Paid county court bailiff, T. L. Seale,	10 00
Keeping Elias Armstrong L. Q. Gould,	9 00
Balance on bridge across the Cahaba river, C. T. Davidson,	500 00
One day and nine miles as commissioner, James McGowan,	3 45
One day and fifty miles as commissioner, W. C. Powers,	5 50
Three days extra service as commissioner, W. C. Powers,	9 00
One day and 44 miles as commissioner, D. C. Davis,	5 20
Three days extra service as commissioner, D. C. Davis,	9 00
Five days extra service as commissioner, R. H. Walker,	15 00
One day and 44 miles as commissioner, R. H. Walker,	5 20
One day as commissioner, D. R. McMillan,	3 00
Lumber for road, George Krell,	3 89
Lumber and nails, George Krell,	4 92
Merchandise, W. R. A. Milner,	2 70
Night-watchman for court house, John T. Cromwell,	3 00
Paid jurors special term of circuit court, Dec. 1895,	654 35
Paid bailiffs, special term of circuit court, Dec. 1895,	44 00
Building bridge across Locust creek, J. E. Elliott,	135 00
Lumber, W. B. Morgan, Baging and nails, Johnston & White,	7 20
Treasurer's commission on \$8,723 34, W. A. Thompson,	1 89
	436 16
By balance in treasury on January 1st, 1896,	\$9,206 50
Total,	\$4,391 46
	\$13,597 96
W. B. BROWNE.	J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER,	
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,	
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.	
W. F. THETFORD, JR.,	
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,	
COLUMBIANA, ALA.	
Notice No. 16,657.	

Notice for Publication.
LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA., November 18, 1895.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on January 8th, 1896, viz: Armstead Mallory, Homestead entry, No. 24,828, for the ne 1/4 of n 1/4, Section 28 T. 20 south of Range 2 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Walter W. Wallace, of Wilsonville, Ala.; Thomas A. Gordenough, of Wilsonville, Ala.; Lemuel S. Bradford, of Harpersville, Ala.; John F. Pope, of Wilsonville, Ala.; H. FURCELL, Register.

Notice to Non-Resident.
The State of Alabama, Shelby County.
Savannah Higgins, complainant, vs. Ed Higgins, defendant, in Chancery, Sixth District, Northern Chancery Division.
In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of J. N. Cook that the defendant, Ed Higgins, is a non-resident and that his place of residence is unknown, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that publication be made in the Shelby Chronicle, a newspaper published in the County of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said Ed Higgins, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 5th day of January A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.
Done at office, in Columbiana, this 30th day of November A. D. 1895.
GORDON DUBOSE, Register.

We Make the Only Mill that will Grind Cotton Seed Satisfactorily
Capacity up to 200 bushels per hour. Power required about four horse power. We guarantee it fully. Price \$75.

MONTGOMERY IRON WORKS,
Montgomery, Alabama.
THE BEST WAY
—TO THE—
SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST,
NORTH AND NORTHWEST,
—IS VIA THE—
L. & N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Calera daily, running through MONTGOMERY, MOBILE AND NEW ORLEANS.
Connecting for all points in **Texas and the West**
Also running through to NASHVILLE, EVANSVILLE, LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS.
Connecting for all points in the **North and Northwest.**
Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent of the Louisville & Nashville railroad at Calera, or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

1895 VICTOR BICYCLES:—\$100.00



There are eight Victor Models for ladies and gentlemen, practically any height frame furnished. Victors lead the cycling world. Send for catalogue.

OVERMAN WHEEL CO
Makers of Victor Bicycles and Athletic Goods.
BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO. DENVER. DETROIT.
SAN FRANCISCO. PACIFIC COAST. LOS ANGELES. PORTLAND.

HOOD MACHINE COMPANY,
J. A. HOOD and T. J. CALDWELL, Proprietors.
Cor. 1st Avenue and 15th Street,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
Repairers of LOCOMOTIVES, BOILERS and MACHINERY of all Kinds.
Saw Mill Work a Specialty.
Special agents for Decatur Car Wheel Co. We fit up wheels and axles of every description. Gear wheels cut with perfect accuracy from solid casting. We buy and sell second hand engines, boilers, etc.

GORDON * DUBOSE,
BANKER,
COLUMBIANA ALA.

Conducts a general banking business on a safe, yet progressive policy.

Best of Facilities Offered to Customers.

Deposits received upon liberal terms. No pains spared to accommodate customers.

Your patronage solicited.

THE CHRONICLE



BOOK AND JOB OFFICE

Has one of the most complete plants in Alabama. We lead the procession when it comes to artistic work, and prices the very lowest.

I employ the best printers, keep the best stock and ask the city firms no odds, as my expenses are far less than theirs and I give my customers the benefit of the difference in low prices.

Samples of Work and Estimates Gladly Furnished.

Let me quote you prices on any class of work you need. I make a specialty of pamphlet and book work.

Correspondence invited. Address
C. C. DuBOSE, Prop'r.

CALENDAR FOR 1896.

JANUARY							JULY						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31					29	30	31				

FEBRUARY							AUGUST						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31					29	30	31				

MARCH							SEPTEMBER						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31					29	30	31				

APRIL							OCTOBER						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31					29	30	31				

MAY							NOVEMBER						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31					29	30	31				

JUNE							DECEMBER						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31					29	30	31				

On "busy bee," exalted so, we'd work like you, we vow, if we could last six months or so as you are loading now. —Washington Star.

"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROUCES" are unrivaled for relieving Coughs, Hoarseness and All Throat Troubles. Sold only in boxes of 12.

IMPARTIAL. —Brown—"Big failure of Smith's wasn't it? Any preferences?" Jones—"None whatever. He proved wherever he could." —Brooklyn Life.

Hood's

Sarsaparilla has over and over again proved itself the best blood purifier medical science has ever produced. It cures when other medicines utterly fail. Its record is unequalled in the history of medicine. Its success is based upon its intrinsic merit. Hood's

Sarsaparilla
Is the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, mild, effective. All druggists, etc.

Can't Break

because its so strong ;
Can't get out of order
because its so simple ;
Can't unhook by
itself—Why ?

See that

hump?

Send two cents in stamps for New Mother Goose Book in colors to Richardson & DeLong Book, Philadelphia.

DUNCAN'S LINIMENT

The Old Reliable Tested Remedy for

RHEUMATISM,

Headache, Toothache, and PAINS generally.

G. W. GUNTER, CLINTONVILLE, Ala. writes: "I have found DUNCAN'S LINIMENT to be the best remedy for rheumatism I ever saw."

...For COLIC in HORSES and MULES it is a "dead shot."

WEBB MANUFACTURING CO., Proprietors, NASHVILLE, TENN.

"Blight"

costs cotton planters more than five million dollars annually. This is an enormous waste, and can be prevented. Practical experiments at Alabama Experiment Station show conclusively that the use of

"Kainit"

will prevent that dreaded plant disease.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars blowing special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing the results of latest experiments in this line. Every cotton farmer should have a copy. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

THE ARMOTOR CO. does half the world's windmill business, because it has reduced the cost of wind power to 1/10 of what it was. It has many branches, and supplies its goods and repairs at your door. It can and does furnish better steel for less money than others. It makes Pumps and Geared Steel, Galvanized and Complete Windmills, Tilling and Plow Steel, Towers, Steel Bars, Frames, Steel Road Cutters and Road Grinders. On application it will name one of these articles that it will furnish until January 1st at 1/3 the usual price. It also makes Tanks and Pumps of all kinds. Send for catalogue. Factory: 12th, Rockwell and Filmore Streets, Chicago.

CHURCH WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Cures Croup. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

SQUIRE RUFUS SANDERS

Tells a Charming Story From Backwoods Life.

Sad News From Panther Creek—"Over to Old Aunt Liza's"—The Greatest Place for Boys—A Terrible Eating Scrape. "Roses Here and Snow Banks Night Out Yonder."

(Copyright, 1895.)

As for me, I never was a man to borrow trouble and grumble at the good old world we live in. But in the common run of everyday life we are naturally bound to put up with a general mixtry of ups and downs and overs and unders—of storms and sunshine, of trials, triumphs and tribulations—the good as well as the bad, the daylight and the dark. We are glad yesterday and sad today, and tomorrow there ain't no tellin' which. We know what has come and what has gone, but only the good Lord knows what is comin' next. And it's all right and proper, I reckon, that He won't tell us nothin' concernin' the things that are yet to be.

Beyond the gold of evenin' we must meet the dusk of night. There are roses here and snow banks right out yonder. You jest simply can't sometimes always tell where the mixtry will hit you the next time. You maybe mought play the tray for low whilst the other man holds the two-spot. But at any rates, takin' the years together as they come and go they bring forth nothin' but what is right and best—best for you and best for me and best for everybody else. Naturally of course there be some things that don't look right and don't feel right on the first blush, but they will work out that way sometime and somewheres down the line.

Aunt Liza She Is Dead.
Right in the middle of the Christmas and New Year jubulations we heard some sad and terrible news from down in the old Panther Creek Settlement. Aunt Liza Raiborn she is dead and gone. She died about 22 o'clock on the night before New Year. It would seem like as if there was a general closin' out over to Aunt Liza's house that night—the close of the day, the close of the month, the close of the year, and the close of a long and useful and busy and beautiful life. For a common thing it takes a heap to make me solemnly and put me on the mourner's bench. Mother maintains that I wouldn't look serious if I was tarred and feathered and set on fire a mile from water. But I have been creepin' around and mope and droopin' a right sharp little bit ever since we got the bad news from down in the old settlement. Not to say that I am the least ways in trouble as to where Aunt Liza went, or how she is comin' on these days, but mostly on account of how they'll miss her around in the settlement. So far as I know she didn't have nothin' in particular to make her want to linger any longer around down here below. All of her own folks had went on ahead years and years ago, and for a long time she had just simply been "foolin' along and piddlin' about," as she were won't to put it, and "waitin' for the cat to die." And yet at the same time Aunt Liza had her place in this world—not a big place or a high place to be certainly, but a bright place and her right place—and she filled it clean out to the edges.

So whilst the fiddlin' and feasting, and frolicin' and dancin' and wedding and quilting, and house raisins and log-rollins, and shindiggin' and footslingins went on as usual, if not more so, I have been layin' around home considerable and keepin' up a tremendous big pile of thinkin'.

I reckon Aunt Liza Raiborn must of been knockin' along tolerable close to a hundred years old before she was gathered up to her fathers. I am no spring chicken myself, and there ain't no colic's teeth in my mouth to speak of, but it has been "old Aunt Liza" from way back yonder as far as my remembrance runs. So far as we can hear tell of there want anything particular the matter with Aunt Liza when she died. From the general appearances, and from what the neighbors say, it looks like as if she had jest simply lived her life out and then fell to sleep—sorter dried up on the stem and blowed away, as it were.

When I first come to know Aunt Liza ralo well she was livin' there on the old place and runnin' it as best she could, single-handed and alone. The neighbors would call by and drop in now and then, first one and then another, to see that she didn't git sick and lonesome, and there want a day or night that come but what somebody was there to pass the time with her.

The Greatest Place for Boys.
To me it looks plum natural and right for Aunt Liza to of passed away from amongst the shiftn scenes of this vain and fleetin' world without any pain and sufferin', and without havin' any thing in particular the matter with her. She was most in generally always well both in mind and body—in good health and spirits—and she made everybody around her feel the same sort of blessings.

The greatest place for boys anywhere in the Panther Creek country was "over to old Aunt Liza's," as we youngsters use to say. She was livin' then where she always lived and where she died, at the old Raiborn place on the Jackson Trail road over on the other side of Panther Creek. Aunt Liza never did have any folks that I can remember of, but I have heard my grandfather say that once upon a time there was a big family of the Raiborns in the old settlement. From time to time I found out from Aunt Liza that her father and mother had both died when she want nothin' but a spring pullet, whilst her brothers had all got killed off in a big war with the Indians. I also learnt from some of the old heads in the settlement that the first, last and only sweethearth she ever had got shut out of the game in the same way.

Aunt Liza was a powerful hand to pick up all the orphan boys that got left in them regions. She was what you mought call an orphan her own

self, and she showed a kind fellow feelin' for all them that got left, or strayed and straggled off and lost from their folks like she did. There was Billy Johnson and Tom Milligan and Ned Vickery ("Windy Ned," as we boys use to call him) and Tobe Holliday and Jack Peavy and Rans Timmons, and some others I can't now remember—all of them were left poor orphan boys and got picked up by Aunt Liza. And of them that are now livin' all will tell you that they had as good a home as any boys in them regions, and a heap sifter better than some.

Aunt Liza would take a tangly-headed, bare-footed scrap of a boy and raise him up as careful and tender as if he was her own dear child. Soon as he got big and strong enough he would have to work some, mornins and evenins and in crop time, but he were plenty of clothes—them that was nice and clean, too—and went to school two or three months every year, poked his feet under a good table three times a day—three hundred and sixty-five days in the year—and got all the fun and comforts that any other boy could get out of a good old country home. And then when he got big enough to stand his ground and fight his own way through the world she would give him new clothes enough to last him a year and turn him out to run with the dry cattle.

In that way, you understand, she managed so as to always have room at her house for one more orphan boy if in case he happened along poor and helpless and out of a home.

She Had the Boys Down Fine.
"Over to old Aunt Liza's," if it only a boy went there once, was a place he never could forget. There was a big old dingy-lookin' brown house, without any lightnin' rods or bay windows or fancy trimmings on it. There was big oak trees out in the yard, which made the coolest and most bulliest place in the world for boys to hang swings and build frog houses and play marbles. It was always cool and shady-like and pleasant there. Out in the garden there was a plum wilderness of flowers, and down back of the garden you would find the best and biggest orchard for miles and miles around.

But the mainest thing that made it such a fine old place for boys was nothin' but Aunt Liza. She knowed a boy, with all of his fanits and failins, better than most any grown-up woman I have ever had acquaintance with. She always would give us plenty of elbow room and a little slack in the rope to play with. She rather liked young company and she didn't mind the fuss. She never got hot and flew off at the handle if we boys went wrong and somethin' got broke. She wouldn't fuss with nobody about nothin'. When she went singin' and laughin' and talkin' she would be hummin' soft and lively and pattin' with her foot. She always talked with the same voice—low and kind and gentle like—but yet she was plain and blunt and prompt and straight as a shingle in her business. She had as much sense about runnin' a farm and keepin' the place up as any man in the settlement, and a blame sight more than a whole lot of them. Of course Aunt Liza couldn't take hold with her own hands and lay a fence nor drive a six-mule team, but she could beat the whole discovered world standin' in the back door and havin' it done.

The general crops that grewed on the old Raiborn place couldn't be beat nowhere on Panther Creek, and there was corn in the crib, and meat in the smokehouse, and meal in the tub and hard in the gourd from one year into the other. Aunt Liza must of been some kind to me to the general extent that she always did believe in feedin', and she foreever had plenty around her, and that which was good.

But more than all of that, Aunt Liza could beat the created world fixin' up things to please a boy and meet the common wants of his appetite. She could make the best and biggest biscuits, and bake the best custards, and pies, and puddins, and dumplings, and tarts, and fritters, and flapjacks, and the most of them, of any old lady I ever yet have saw. You couldn't pass along by her pantry no time—summer nor winter—without smellin' the great raft of good things she had cooked up and put away, and if it come to pass that you was a little boy you wouldn't have to wait so very long before you could climb up on the outside of your share.

One Terrible Eatin' Scrape.
I will recollect to my dyin' day how I got into a terrible eatin' scrape over to old Aunt Liza's one time when I was a boy. Hit was in the dead of winter, and the weather was tremendus cold, and maybe you mought know what that means in regards to a yearlin' boy's appetite. When dinner got ready that day there was good old country sausage and chittlins and sauce, and backbone and spareribs, and cracklin' bread with the cracklins in it; then sweet things from the big house to the kitchen and fresh sweet milk to wash it all down with. So consequentially I lit in, I did, and stook my knife and fork and spoon into every dish that come around. I was like a fool drinkin' good whisky—couldn't tell when I got enough—and along about midway of the evenin' I was about the sickest white boy you ever heard tell of perhaps. It looked to me like the world was turnin' bottom side upwards, whilst I was turnin' wrong side outwards. Man, sir, I was mighty nigh past thinkin', but the first thing that popped into my mind was the kind and gentle and patient face of old Aunt Liza. I loved to myself if there was anybody in this wide and wicked world which could pull a boy through such a scrape as that alive, Aunt Liza was that body. So I worried along till I got myself back to the house, though I was monstrous tired totin' what I had ot, and laid down two or three times on the way, hopin' maybe somebody mought come along presently with a wagon and haul it back for me.

When I got back to the house and Aunt Liza found out what was the matter with me, she sailed out and flew around a few minnits and come in the house with somethin' which she said would make me git well. I have now forgot exactly what sort of a name she had for the dost she give me, but that is neither here nor there. It would of done as well without any name at all, as for that. I got there all the same, and inside of fifteen minnits it had fetched up everything but my dirty socks and had them sittin' mighty lo-se. Aunt

Liza could beat the livin' world when it come to leadin' a boy up with good things to eat, and then if he was necessary compelled to unload she could draw the waddin' as slick and quick as the next one.

"Jest to Keep the Buggers Off."
When people used to sometimes ask Aunt Liza what in the round world she waited with so many boys around the place, she would always say, "Jest to keep the buggers off and tend to the stock." Then she would most in generally run on to say:

"Somehow or somehow else, I ruther like the boys—particular them that has been left without a mother and without a home. They are so much company to a body, and there is room enough right here on this place for every boy in the settlement. Tell the boys to drop in and see a body—come when they feel like it, and stay as long as they please."

I know full well if the youngsters around in the Panther Creek country could of but only had their way, Aunt Liza Raiborn would of lived on forever and a few days over. In her day and generation there was one place where the boys could always hang up their hats and make themselves at home. And if they took up a notion to have a Christmas tree or a canly pullin', or go out and hire a fiddler and fetch the girls and jump some jigs and run off a few reels, it was perfectly all right "over to old Aunt Liza's." She was considerably of a church woman at that, but she never had went crazy in regards to religion, and nothin' in the world would do her more good, it seems like, than jest to "let the young folks have their way once in a while," as she used to put it.

Now I reckon some folks would wonder how it come to pass that Aunt Liza never did trade herself off as the wife of some sorry white man, but, exceptin' my Aunt Nancy Newton, she was the one oldest old maid I oversaw without feelin' sorry she didn't git married. I reckon it was best for her—and I know it was best for a whole passle of boys—that the right man never did come along at the right time. She was a mother to the motherless and a help to the helpers and a hope to the hopeless, and her home was a home to the homeless.

People that ought to know tell me that when Aunt Liza was sinkin' and droopin' into the last long sleep she was talkin' out of her head, and carryin' on with herself constant about her orphan boys. "Tell the boys to come over and drop in and see a body now and then," says she.

And when the evenin' bells was ringin' in the glad New Year there was a funeral goin' on "over to old Aunt Liza's."

BRIEF AND INTERESTING.

Almost the only monument of the Roman dominion in Egypt, the fortress of Babylon, at Old Cairo, is being torn down to make way for modern buildings.

The latest story of the kind is of a needle which a woman in South Surry, Me., swallowed 72 years ago, and which prodded its way out of her elbow a week or two ago.

Beverage is the suggestive, appropriate, but noncommittal name of the man elected president of a temperance society in North Haven, Me., a few days ago.

Eighty varieties of microbes, some entirely new, have been discovered by M. Van de Steen in Amsterdam drinking water. None of them is cholera bacilli.

A German antarctic expedition has been decided upon and 950,000 marks allotted to it. It will consist of two vessels, will last three years and will start south from Kerguelen Island.

Kildare and Wicklow have been justly termed the garden of Ireland, for nowhere is nature more profuse in her display of the picturesque and the beautiful.

The nettle is put to a useful purpose in some parts of Europe by being converted into various textile fabrics. In Dresden a thread from it has been produced so fine and silky that a length of 60 miles weighs only 40 ounces.

Down to the depth of 200 fathoms where daylight appears, the eyes of a fish get bigger and bigger. Beyond that depth small-eyed forms set in, with long feelers developed to supplement the eyes.

NOTES OF VENEZUELA.

Liberty of worship is guaranteed by law. The standing army consists of a little over 3,000 men. The republic claims an area of 622,807 square miles. The constitution is modeled on that of the United States. The emancipation of slaves took place on March 24, 1854. The national militia consists of all males between the ages of 18 and 45. From 1550 until early in this century the country was under Spanish dominion. The coast of Venezuela was the first part of the American mainland sighted by Columbus. The monetary system of Venezuela is that of the Latin convention, the franc being represented by the bolivar. Don Guzman Blanco was dictator from 1870 until February 20, 1873, when he was elected constitutional president. It was not until 1845 that the independence of the republic was recognized by Spain in the treaty of Madrid. In 1810 Venezuela rose against the Spanish yoke, and in the following year the independence of the territory was proclaimed. The pure white population is less than three per cent. The vast majority of the people are negroes, Indians, mulattoes and sambos. Elementary education is well provided for under the law. There are two universities, 19 federal colleges and various other public and private institutions for higher education.

HISTORY REPEATED.
From the date of the creation to that of the flood, the Hebrew version calculates 1,656 years; the Septuagint 2,262; the difference being 606 years. Dishes of gold and silver used in table service in 900 B. C., were found at Troy by Dr. Schliemann. One of these was about the size now employed.

This mind itself must, like other things, sometimes be unbent; or else it will be either weakened or broken.—Sir P. Sidney.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.
as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co., Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Could anything be nearer than the old dork's reply to a beautiful young lady whom he offered to lift over the gutter, and who insisted that she was too heavy? "Lor, missus," said he, "I use used to liftin' barrels of sugar."—Exchange.

AFTER physicians had given me up, I was saved by Piso's Cure.—HARRIS BRIZO, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 22, 1893.

"Yessir," said Farmer Cortossel, "we're goin' to have a genuine novelty in our townshipp next year." "What will it be?" "We're goin' ter have a county fair without any Midway Plizance into it."—Washington Star.

The same man does the kicking, as the seasons come and go; He grew profane and blasphemous. And does the same towards snow. —Washington Star.

"You and your sister are about the same size, and you look exactly alike. Twins, aren't you?" asked the visitor. "Course not," exclaimed Tommy, highly indignant. "She's a girl!" —Chicago Tribune.

We stumble on the gifts we prize All other things above. For ever since the world began, We've fallen into love. —N. Y. Recorder.

MAY—"They tell me your engagement with Charles Humphreigh is broken. How did it happen?" Carrie—"It is no great mystery. The fact is, he was too fresh to keep; that's all." —Boston Transcript.

"EVERY time I see you, I am reminded of Herr Rummel." "How so?" He owes me \$30." —Filingdon Blatter.

"AND did he say he remembered me when I was a girl?" "No; he said he remembered you when he was a boy." —Life.

"HAVE you seen that portrait of Miss Darwin by Mariphus Borani? It looks just like an old master." "Do you think so? I thought it looked more like an old maid." —Harpur's Bazar.

COAL-DEALER (anxiously).—"Hold on! That load hasn't been weighed. It looks to me rather large for a ton." Driver—"Taint intended for a ton. It's two tons." Dealer—"Beg pardon. Go ahead." —Tit-Bits.

A HARD PART.—He—"I understand your part in the new play is very difficult." She—"Yes. I have to change my costume thirteen times." —Brooklyn Life.

NO MYSTERY.—Mistress (severely).—"How did this fire happen to go out?" New Girl (innocently).—"I guess you forgot to tell me to

JANUARY—1896.						
Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
....	....	....	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	....

CURRENT COMMENT.

The fires in New York city last year averaged over ten a day and cost \$3,115,451.

DURING 1895 there were 6,750 suicides and 10,500 murders, both more than for the preceding year.

DURING the past year the Congregational church erected 222 more churches than in any previous year.

In exactly 15 days Samuel Evans, a young man of Decatur, Ind., recklessly spent a fortune of \$35,000.

It was said that the noted European bankers, the Rothschilds, were buying up the entire gold output of the Colorado mines.

The corn crop of 1895 is now put at the record breaking yield of 2,151,159,000 bushels by the department of agriculture. The only crops which came near it were those of 1889, 2,112,892,000 bushels, and of 1891, 2,060,154,000.

HEDER M. WELLS, the first governor of the state of Utah, was born in Salt Lake city 37 years ago, and was educated at the university of Utah. He has been for five years cashier of the state bank of Utah. He is a member of the Mormon church.

DURING the year 1895 \$12,379,820 was given to colleges, \$5,745,070 to charities, \$1,724,500 to museums and art galleries, \$530,439 to libraries and \$6,471,976 to other institutions. This is an aggregate of \$28,943,519, which is \$10,000,000 more than was given in 1894.

An electric railway which gives practically a sea voyage without the discomforts of attending sea sickness is being built from Rotterdam to Brighton, two watering places on the south coast of England. At high tide the depth of water over the rails will be 15 feet and the cars will be about 24 feet above the rails, having a main deck like a vessel.

FRANK BARTON, who calls himself the American hustler, left New York recently with the intention of making his way around the world. He intends to ride first class all the way, although he leaves without a cent. He expects to return within a year with \$1,000 cash, three suits of clothes and a silk hat. If he accomplishes this result he says he will get \$2,000.

The Brooklyn Eagle recently printed an interview with Senator Pratt in which he said it would be a good thing if the women were sent away from Washington and the legislators left to attend to the business of the country, for they were sent to that city. The New York senator attributed many foolish blunders made by public men to too much society and not enough attention to public affairs.

The London Daily Chronicle reflects the consensus of English opinion when it says: "If Lord Salisbury can find a way to make the slightest advance toward recognition of the American attitude, he will be received with wide-open arms." The people of England are opposed to war with the United States and the peace sentiment there is growing with marvelous rapidity.

THERE are in New York no big grass plots around the schoolhouses over which the children can romp at recess, so the board of education has designed a building with a playground on the roof. It will be in one of the most densely populated portions of the east side, and will have a roof garden with room for hundreds of young children to do all the romping they wish to.

HENRY CAVLING, a Copenhagen journalist visiting this country, said to a Boston reporter recently: "Journalism in Denmark is decidedly different from the American. For instance, we have on our paper about 40 editorial no need for more reporters. We have no need for more reporters, because nothing ever happens. Why, we do not have a murder once in ten years. So, of course, the papers there are more devoted to literary articles than to news."

The campaign in Cuba is being closely observed by the administration. In the event that the insurgents attack the capital of the island in force, it is possible that the North Atlantic squadron may be ordered to Havana to be in position to guard American interests during the disturbed conditions that may be expected to accompany a siege. It is not probable that exception could be taken to the presence of our vessels in such a case by Spain, as it is customary for powers having large interests and many citizens in a city so beset to have some force present for their protection.

"The invention of a successful air ship," says Lieut. Cree, in the North American Review, "will cause an entire revolution in the art of war more stupendous than that caused by any invention since that of gunpowder, and even surpassing that, since it only increased the distance between the lines of the combatants, while the principles of attack and defense, strategy and supply, were only slowly modified. A flying machine will nullify strategy, make vital changes in the principles of attack and defense, and diminish the importance of navies and sea coast fortifications."

DEPEW'S TORMENTOR.

A Wag or Knave Who Causes Chauncey Much Trouble.

THE FELLOW HAS MONEY TO INCINERATE.

And Paints the Localities He Visits a Lurid Vermilion, and If Hauled Up Claims Relationship with Depew and Gets Off.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—There is some one who is causing a great deal of trouble for Chauncey M. Depew and the members of the Vanderbilt family. It may be more than one individual, as Mr. Depew has never seen his tormentor, but the various experiences of this interesting person tally so closely that Mr. Depew is inclined to think that this man, who claims relationship with him, is concerned in all of the escapades.

The latest story comes from Bangor, Me., and when seen Mr. Depew was reading an account of it with great interest. He said: "Here is a nice story. Last Friday morning a train rolled into the station at Bangor. Attached to it was a private Pullman car in which was a man who has since made it interesting in that neighborhood. He had a friend with him. They went to the best hotel, hired the best suites of rooms and proposed that a private room be set aside for them during their stay. The first thing they did was to deposit \$3,000 in the safe of the hotel. They then drove to the bank and hauled out bills in wads until \$2,000 more was to their credit. This fellow told the bank officials that he was a brother-in-law of Cornelius and W. K. Vanderbilt and was down east on a pleasure trip. At the hotel he had 12 dozen bottles of champagne put on ice for the use of himself and friend. He did many other interesting things before he chartered a car and left the city in a blaze of splendor. He said that he had wired me of his movements."

"I have received no such notice. There is a fellow in this country somewhere, however, who makes capital out of my name. Every time he gets into trouble he poses as either my son or my nephew. This fellow paints various neighborhoods and then, having hauled up, calmly says he is a relative of mine and is usually allowed to go. What strikes me as odd is that business men, who are sound in every other way, will be victimized in this fashion. They never wire me until it is all over. I judge that there is not a month in the year that I don't get one or more letters or telegrams asking me about some fellow who has been having a high old time somewhere. This fellow is not a relative of the Vanderbilts, and so far as I know, is not connected with any member of my family. I suppose those people up there are now trying to find out whether those bills are counterfeit or not."

IN FAVOR OF THE ELEVATORS.

Commissioners Having No Authority to Grant Licenses Could Not Revoke Them.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—In the circuit court this morning Judge Tuthill rendered a decision in the grain elevator case which was argued several weeks ago. The question was on the authority of the Railroad and Warehouse commission to pass on the right of elevators to buy and sell grain stored in their warehouses, and is the outgrowth of a long controversy between the Chicago elevator proprietors and the board of trade. The decision was favorable to the elevators, the court holding that as the commissioners had no authority to grant licenses—that right existing in the courts alone—it followed that they had no right to revoke them.

FATE OF A TRAPPIST MONK.

His Casco Caught in Shafting and His Brains Were Dashed Out.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 11.—A Trappist monk met a horrible fate at the monastery of Gethsemane, four miles from here, Friday. The monastery has a grist mill, which does work for the monks and the surrounding country. While chiling the machinery Brother Dominic, the miller, got a portion of his casco caught in the shafting. The body was whirled around and the brains dashed out upon the mill floor.

ORDERED TO SHUT UP.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The Central News is authority for the statement that the British Mediterranean fleet, now in the Levant, has been dispersed, and ten of the vessels composing the fleet have been ordered to Malta. Four others have started from the Levant, but their objective points are not known.

THE VENEZUELAN COMMISSION IN SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The members of the Venezuelan commission assembled in the diplomatic room of the state department at 10:30 a. m. after a recess of a week. Mr. Andrew D. White, who was the only absentee at the original meeting, was present. Justice David J. Brewer presided.

FATAL COLLISION WITH A ROCK SLIDE.

MIDDLESBORO, Ky., Jan. 11.—The Louisville & Nashville freight train ran into a rock slide near here this morning. Hall Looney, engineer, was killed, and Fred Jones, fireman, badly injured.

FALIED.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 11.—The Farmers' and Merchants' bank of Plate Center has failed. The capital stock of the bank was shown by the last report to be \$12,000.

DIED.

BOSTON, Jan. 11.—Mr. John P. Spaulding, of Nash, Spaulding & Co., the heavy sugar refinery, and one of the prominent sugar men of the country, is dead.

AN AMERICAN AMONG THEM.

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 10.—(Friday)—Mr. J. H. Hammond, an American mining engineer, is among the members of the reform committee, who were arrested here to-day and taken to Pretoria charged with high treason.

THE TURKISH BUTCHERS STILL SLAUGHTERING.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The United Press representative in Constantinople telegraphs under Friday's date that fresh massacres have occurred at Rum Kaleh and Djelbne, in the district of Ortha. No details of the outrages are given.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

The profits at the St. Louis post office were over \$1,000,000 last year. St. Joseph (Mo.) ministers will inaugurate a crusade against Sunday baseball.

Rev. W. M. Postlewaite, chaplain of the military academy at West Point, is dead.

Nick Hanks, of Lafayette, Ind., has fallen here to a fortune of \$80,000 in Germany.

Ex-City Treasurer Boln of Omaha, Neb., has been arrested on a charge of embezzlement.

Some shrewd counterfeiters have been passing spurious half dollars at Belleville, Ill.

Senator Morgan introduced a resolution directing the recognition of the Transvaal republic.

A Kansas man who tried to catch a runaway bear was attacked by the animal and nearly killed.

L. T. Slater, of Taylorville, Ill., a bank cashier, killed himself, presumably on account of ill health.

It is announced on Wall street that the administration is assured that the popular loan would be a success.

The state department has information that China is wrestling with extensive ordnance and armor frauds.

William Wright, who chopped his wife to pieces at Nevada, Mo., was convicted of murder in the first degree.

Congressman Cobb, of St. Louis, has introduced a bill providing for the establishment of a department of commerce.

George Smith, of Ransomville, N. Y., murdered his father-in-law, and was shot to death by a posse while resisting arrest.

Dr. J. F. Robinson, a prominent young physician, residing north of Knobnoster, Mo., died Friday, of appendicitis.

Tom Lansing, the pugilist, of Louisville, Ky., is said to have fallen here to an estate of \$50,000 by the death of an uncle in Ireland.

R. B. Smith, aged 72, was married to Mrs. T. B. Parley, aged 37, at Eldorado Springs, Mo. She is his fifth wife and he her third husband.

The inheritance taxes to be paid by the children and brothers and sisters of the late Jay Gould amount in the aggregate to \$577,569.90.

The authorities of Havana suspect a conspiracy to hand the city over to Gomez and 30 alleged Cuban sympathizers have been arrested.

President Kruger of the Transvaal republic has arrested 23 members of the Johannesburg reform committee on a charge of high treason.

Public-spirited citizens of St. Louis have subscribed the sum needed for the entertainment and care of the Democratic national convention.

Pilot Medium, the celebrated stallion, owned by Walter Clark, of Battle Creek, Mich., and valued at \$100,000, died suddenly Friday of inflammation of the bowels.

Gov. Hughes of Arizona stands charged with official corruption, and his personal reputation for integrity and honesty is impeached by a report of the last grand jury.

All the window glass-factories west of Pittsburgh have been closed down for one month to keep up prices, and thousands of men are thrown out of employment that length of time.

Gov. W. O. Bradley's message to the general assembly of Kentucky contained about 12,000 words and dealt mostly with state affairs. The message dealt largely with recommendations for retrenchment and reform, and economy is urged in all departments.

THE BRITISH BLUE BOOK.

On the Venezuelan Matter Will Not Be Ready When Parliament Meets.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The representative of the United Press learns that the blue book on the Venezuelan matter can not be tabled in parliament when the session resumes, as it will not then be ready. The blue book will embody the results of fresh researches into the British, Dutch, Spanish and even the Portuguese archives, and will include a copy of the original Schomburgk map, now in possession of the colonial office, which differs in some respects from the published maps heretofore accepted as the genuine Schomburgk.

If pressure should be put on the government it is possible copies of the blue book would be informally supplied to the American Venezuelan commission. There is no reason why government should abide by etiquette and first present it to parliament. The book will virtually contain the whole case for Great Britain with a fullness that has not yet been given.

HENRY OF BATTENBERG.

Suffering From Fever with the Ashantee Expedition.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Advices from the British Ashantee expedition say that Prince Henry of Battenberg, who accompanied the expedition, is suffering from a slight attack of fever and has returned from the front to the headquarters of the expedition in charge of a surgeon. Spies report that Commaise, the Ashantee capital, is quiet and that there are no soldiers there.

DISCREDITING A GOOD CAUSE.

HAVANA, Jan. 11.—The insurgent bandit leader Perico Delgado and his followers united with a band of rebels and entered the village of Cayajabos, Friday, where they burned a church and committed a number of outrages. Their act has created a strong feeling of indignation among the villagers and others who have hitherto been friendly to the Cuban cause.

A NEWSPAPER AMONG THEM.

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 10.—(Friday)—Mr. J. H. Hammond, an American mining engineer, is among the members of the reform committee, who were arrested here to-day and taken to Pretoria charged with high treason.

THE TURKISH BUTCHERS STILL SLAUGHTERING.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The United Press representative in Constantinople telegraphs under Friday's date that fresh massacres have occurred at Rum Kaleh and Djelbne, in the district of Ortha. No details of the outrages are given.

THIS WAS A BATTLE.

Capture of the City of Guira b, the Cuban Insurgents.

AFTER A DESPERATE AND BLOODY FIGHT.

Col. Gutierrez and His Force of Twelve Hundred Spaniards Defeated, Losing 600 Men—The Cubans, Under Collazo, Lost 400.

KEY WEST, Fla., Jan. 11.—News reached here Friday night of a desperate engagement in Cuba in which 1,000 men were killed or wounded. The insurgents triumphed in the end and captured Guira, a city of 8,000 inhabitants, and the third in importance in the province of Havana. On the afternoon of January 8, Col. Enrique Collazo, leading the vanguard of Gomez's army, appeared before Guira and demanded its surrender.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

(First Session.)

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The house resumed consideration of changes in the code of rules proposed by the committee.

At the suggestion of Mr. Henderson (rep., Ia.), the paragraph regulating the counting of a quorum when one fails to vote on any question was temporarily passed.

Mr. Wheeler (dem., Ala.) moved to strike out the paragraph providing that "on demand of any member, or at the suggestion of the speaker, the names of members sufficient to make a quorum in the hall of the house who do not vote, shall be noted by the clerk and recorded in the journal and reported to the speaker with names of the members voting, and be counted and announced in determining the presence of a quorum to do business."

Mr. Wheeler's amendment was lost. Several committee amendments were agreed to, and a proposed amendment in regard to the memorial services of deceased members led to a lively discussion, but nothing important resulted.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

About Ex-President Harrison's Alleged Flance.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—The reports about the engagement of ex-President Harrison to Mrs. Dimmock have led to some pertinent remarks concerning Mrs. Dimmock's relations with the rest of the generally family. Mrs. Dimmock is a niece of the ex-president's late wife. Her husband died shortly before Mr. Harrison was elected president, and Mrs. Harrison insisted upon Mrs. Dimmock living with her at the executive mansion.

Reports in the papers recently to the effect that Mrs. Dimmock had dined with the members of the Harrison family at the Imperial were denied with some warmth by the relatives of the ex-president. It has been said that the influence of the family has been brought to bear to keep Gen. Harrison from marrying again, not on account of any personal feeling toward Mrs. Dimmock, but because the children felt that no one could or should take their mother's place.

DEPORTED HAWAIIANS.

Seeking Indemnity From the Canadian-Australian Steamship Co.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Jan. 11.—The suits for damages brought by Mueller, Cranston and Johnston, the Hawaiian exiles, against the Canadian-Australian Steamship Co., were commenced Friday before Mr. Justice Drake and a jury.

The case of Cranston was taken up first. The plaintiff was under examination all day relating the story of his arrest and deportation. Mr. Ashford, who was attorney-general under ex-Queen Liliuokalani, and who was himself deported, is here watching the case and will, it is said, give evidence on behalf of the plaintiffs.

Friday the Cuban army entered the city of Alquizar, province of Havana, which is beyond Guira, and nearer Havana. Alquizar was garrisoned by 500 Spanish troops, and, after a brief skirmish, in which 30 were killed, they laid down their arms. The Spaniards had a great quantity of munitions stored in Alquizar, and these Gomez seized.

THE FATE OF ENGLAND.

May Hang in the Balance as the Result of Present Complications.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Events in Europe are approaching a phase that is big with the fate of England. No explanation of Emperor William's message to President Kruger, or the hostile language of the German official press, or of the interviews of the Boers' representatives have been vouchsafed to Lord Salisbury. There is reason to believe that he has demanded such explanations, and that orders to prepare the navy for war were issued after he had duly advised Count Von Hatzfeldt, the German ambassador here, that the German government ought to give the explanations requested.

LORD SALISBURY'S BLUFF.

He Had to Make it as a Part of the Hand He is Playing.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Lord Salisbury has clinched the position at Delagoa bay by notifying the government at Lisbon that the landing of any foreign troops there will immediately be followed by the occupation of the place by the British. By Wednesday five British cruisers will be stationed at Delagoa bay. This procedure rather savors of a bluff, as no power threatens to land troops there, but it is part of the strong hand that the British government is compelled to play.

DAVIS, THE IOWA BANK LOOTER.

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 11.—Detective Salsbury, of Denver, has brought to Des Moines C. O. Davis, the Peru (Ia.) bank robber, who, as president, took \$20,000 of depositors' money with him last October. Davis went from Peru to Duluth, thence by steamer to Buffalo and Shortville, N. Y., where he was captured.

CLARA BARTON WILL START FOR TURKEY WITHIN TWO WEEKS.

BOSTON, Jan. 11.—It is learned, through Mr. Hagob Bogigian, who is prominently connected with the Armenian relief movement, that Miss Clara Barton, president of the Red Cross society, will start for Turkey on her mission of relief to the suffering Armenians within two weeks.

ALLEGED WOULD-BE TRAIN WRECKERS.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Jan. 11.—Jim Kelley and Will Roach, two young men living near Cleveland, Tenn., were arrested Friday at Ringgold, Ga., charged with attempting to wreck the Washington vestibule passenger train on the Southern Railway recently.

MR. WILSON IS DEAD.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 11.—Representative Isaac Wilson, democrat, of Nelson county, died this morning, thus breaking the tie in the legislature.

BLACKBURN'S FRIENDS SAY THERE SHALL BE NO ELECTION OF SENATOR TILL WILSON'S SUCCESSOR IS ELECTED.

THE TURKISH BUTCHERS STILL SLAUGHTERING.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The United Press representative in Constantinople telegraphs under Friday's date that fresh massacres have occurred at Rum Kaleh and Djelbne, in the district of Ortha. No details of the outrages are given.

FIRE AT SPRING HILL, KAN.

OLATHE, Kas., Jan. 11.—Ten of the principal business blocks in Spring Hill, ten miles south of this city, were totally destroyed by fire Friday, causing a loss of \$7,000. Business houses on opposite sides of the street were damaged several hundred dollars.

HIS INSPIRATION IS FAULTY.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Alfred Austin, the newly-appointed poet laureate, has a poem in the Times which may be said to be his first work in connection with his office, and which is laudatory of Dr. Jamieson's ride into the Transvaal.

FOUND WITH HIS THROAT CUT.

PONT SCOTT, Kan., Jan. 11.—Friday afternoon the body of Chas. Berger, a colored man, was found in a cave in a field on Judge Scortille's land on West Second street, with his throat cut from ear to ear.

NATIONAL RED CROSS.

CLARA BARTON AND STAFF WILL LEAVE ABOUT JANUARY 22.

FOR FIELD WORK AMONG THE ARMENIANS.

THERE WILL BE A PRELIMINARY GUARANTEE FUND OF \$50,000 TO START WITH, AND MORE IS EXPECTED TO SOON FOLLOW.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—An enthusiastic meeting was held here Friday night at which sympathy was expressed with the Armenian sufferers. Miss Clara Barton made the important announcement at a meeting held in New York Friday that such satisfactory guarantee fund had been received that in about two weeks she would be prepared to sail for Armenia.

The staff of the American National Red Cross which will leave New York for Constantinople, probably on Wednesday, January 22, will consist of Miss Clara Barton, president; George E. Pullman, financial secretary; Dr. Julian B. Habbell, physician and for over twenty years the general field agent of the association; Ernest Mason, linguist and assistant secretary, and Miss Lucy Graves, stenographer, all attached to the general headquarters in Washington.

From the New York Red Cross hospital will be taken the surgeon-in-chief, Dr. A. Monae Lesser; the sister superintendent, Bettina Hoffker; Dr. Gottlieb Steger, assistant surgeon, and Stephen E. Barton, second vice-president of the national organization and Miss Barton's nephew; and from Philadelphia, E. M. Wistar, of the Society of Friends, who was on Miss Barton's staff in South Carolina, and will be a district official in Armenia. The other members of the general staff, which will number about 20 persons, will be announced in a day or two.

Miss Barton's determination to wait no longer for the accumulation of funds which will be required to feed and clothe the starving and freezing Armenians is the result of a conference held in New York with representatives of the various relief committees at work throughout the country when she pointed out how precious was every day gained, and consented to embark the moment a preliminary guarantee fund of \$50,000 was raised. This amount will be promptly forthcoming, and it is expected that before she reaches Turkey, through the generosity of American sympathizers, the committee will have collected \$50,000 additional, to be immediately devoted to relief work in the field. Within a few weeks it is believed that grain and clothing will also be contributed in sufficient quantity to enable the committee to charter a steamer and send supplies directly to Constantinople.

STOLE A MARCH.

Mrs. Alva E. Vanderbilt and Oliver H. P. Belmont Secretly Married.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—The Evening Telegram says Mrs. Alva Vanderbilt, the divorced wife of Wm. Vanderbilt, was married to Oliver Hazard Perry Belmont, by Mayor Strong this morning.

The ceremony was performed at No. 24 East Seventy-second street, the residence of the bride.

The ceremony was performed at ten o'clock, and only Miss Smith, Mrs. Vanderbilt's sister, and a very few personal friends were present.

Almost immediately after the couple had been wedded they left the house, and it is understood started for Marble house, at Newport.

R. LYNN MINTON.

Editor of the Anna Tark, Died From Injuries Inflicted by His Footman.

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 11.—During an altercation in the office of the Anna Tark, on the night of December 20, R. Lynn Minton, editor of that paper, was struck on the head with a chair by his foreman, James T. Moreland. Minton lingered until this morning, when he died. Moreland has been arrested.

Mr. Minton was well known among the newspaper fraternity of southern Illinois, being at one time president of the Southern Illinois Press association.

DEATH OF GEN. FRANCIS C. BARLOW.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—Gen. Francis Barlow, the former attorney-general of this state and widely-known lawyer, died at his home here to-day in his sixty-first year. His death was attributed to the effects of grip contracted a year ago.

AN OLD WHEELMAN DEAD.

OWINGSVILLE, Ky., Jan. 11.—A. D. Ruff, the oldest wheelman, and probably the best-known member of the National League of American wheelmen, who recently made a trip to Yellowstone park on his bicycle, is dead, aged 69 years.

PROBABLY FATAL FALL.

KOROMO, Ind., Jan. 11.—Five men fell from the tower of the new Methodist church building Friday. William Spurgeon, Joseph McGowan and Earl Chase were badly crushed. It is feared McGowan and Spurgeon will die.

A VICTIM OF CONSUMPTION.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Jan. 11.—Miss Lucy Barnes, daughter of Mr. Franklin Barnes, a young lady who was quite prominent in society circles, died Friday from consumption, aged 18.

PULLED THE TRIGGER WITH HIS TIE.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 11.—Jacob Ruff, aged 18, committed suicide Friday at his father's residence in West Charleston. He shot himself with a shotgun by pulling the trigger with his tie.

WIFE-KILLER HANGED.

MONROEVILLE, Ala., Jan. 11.—Freeman Collins, a colored man, was hanged at Tuskegee, Ala., at noon Friday, for the murder of his wife last year. He died game, confessing his guilt.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

As Indicated by Bradstreet's Weekly Review.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—Bradstreet's weekly review says:

General trade has not improved appreciably. Some wholesale houses are sending out travelers, while others are not completing orders. A moderate amount of stock. Mild weather at western points has interfered with business in some instances, and trade continues to present a character of uncertainty. The impression is general that uncertainty as to financial action by congress and disturbing political conditions have an unfavorable influence on the prospects for new enterprises. Mercantile transactions east, west and northwest are complained of but at the south the comparative ease with which they are consummated is conspicuous. Demand for funds at various western centers is the most active for the year. Stocks of wholesalers at many of the larger interior distributing points are low. Prices of salesmen on the road are of moderate demand for goods, improvements showing itself first in dry goods, shoes and clothing.

Exports of wheat, including as wheat from both coasts of the United States this week amount to 3,471,000 bushels, as compared with 3,865,000 last week, 2,587,000 in the week one year ago, 2,400,000 two years ago, and 3,306,0

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Neuralgia, Constipation, Bad Blood, Malaria, Nervous ailments, Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

THE * CHRONICLE *

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, JAN. 16, 1896.

THE democratic state executive committee will meet in Montgomery next Tuesday. Then the boys can begin to whop 'em up in earnest.

THE Chicago Dry Goods Reporter says that it is important to note that many of the most acute financiers of the country are lacking with investments their opinion that we are about to enter upon a period of pronounced and general prosperity.

GOVERNOR OATES and the board of convict commissioners have completed arrangements for the construction within the next six months of a 5000-spindle cotton factory on the state convict farm at Speigner's. The intention is to provide proper and profitable employment for the female and youthful convicts. The machinery has been ordered and the plan of the building has been selected. The brick for its construction will be made by the convicts on the ground, and almost all of the work on its construction will be done by the convicts.

PRESIDENTIAL candidates are remarkable for their reticence of speech. Mr. Reed is muzzled on the silver question. In his message, Gov. McKinley is careful to confine himself to state issues, and Governor Morton is especially guarded in the same way. All this is creditable to the discretion of the candidates, but not particularly so as to their candor or courage. When the times called for an expression of opinion, Mr. Cleveland, whether candidate or not, never hesitated. He has more backbone in his little finger than the three aspirants named here in their whole composition. —Pittsburg Post.

THE Baltimore Manufacturers Record thinks that during the decade ending with 1900 the total output by agriculture, manufacturers and mining in the South will aggregate about \$10,000,000 more than for the decade ending with 1890, or, in other words, this decade will show an average increase in the total value of all southern products of about \$1,000,000,000 over the preceding decade. This looks like an enormous gain, remarks the Record, and so it is but when we contrast the vast increase in mining, manufacturing and agriculture in the South since 1880 we can see that it is by no means an overestimate.

As between the two gubernatorial candidates now before the people, THE CHRONICLE is for Clarke, and our preference for him over Johnson is very decided. The editor of this paper holds no postoffice job, and has never made application for a government position, but we are in hearty sympathy with President Cleveland and his administration, and we are a "gold bug" of the most approved pattern. Mr. Clarke is built on this pattern, and we are for him. On the other hand "tadpoles will cease turning to frogs and gophers will be worth \$1,000 a piece," when we support Johnson on his present platform. There, now, we have said our piece.

HERE is a bit of advice taken from a Montana paper, that if taken would prove profitable to quite a number of our patrons: "Don't get mad if your visitor's name does not appear in the personal column. Perhaps you did not tell the editor; he's no mind reader. Don't get mad if your neighbor's doings are referred to more frequently than your own. Your neighbor uses his mouth. Your modesty may be keeping you in obscurity. That's no dream. A country newspaper man can't spend all his time on the street, and make three meals a day. If you know an item of news, hold us up and give it out of your system. Sixteen to one if we get it second-handed there will be a blunder in it."

APLAN FOR HARMONY.

W. H. Lawson, member of the state democratic executive committee from the second congressional district, in order to try to dispose of the financial question, which is now the disturbing element in the democratic party, proposes to offer the following resolution and urge its adoption at the meeting of the committee at Montgomery on the 21st instant:

"Inasmuch as the democrats of Alabama hold contrary views upon the question of finance, and to the end that the democrats of Alabama may unite in the election; therefore be it

"Resolved, That we, the democratic state executive committee, do earnestly recommend to the county conventions, county primaries and mass meetings (called for the purpose of selecting delegates to the democratic state convention) to instruct their delegates to favor the proposition to refer the financial question to the national democratic convention. That said delegates to the democratic state convention be further instructed to favor an equal division of the delegation from Alabama to the national democratic convention between the two factions of the party known as the sound money and silver factions."

"It is the opinion of the committee that the government of Alabama in the hands of those who love Alabama, her people and institutions, is of far greater importance to our peace and prosperity than the question of gold, silver or bonds."

This is similar to the action taken by the democrats of Louisiana, and Mr. Lawson thinks that it will be favorably considered and will avert a possible rupture, or to say the least, a bitter fight in the party of the state. The plan meets with our hearty approval, and in our humble judgment would tend to allay strife and put a check to a deal of needless friction. It was a great blunder to make this an issue in state politics, and we predict that the men who forced the issue will be overwhelmed with the wave of popular condemnation that will follow "when the clouds have rolled away."

GOVERNOR OATES has been doing some paophysing, and here is his idea of what the future has in store for us: "I am not a prophet nor the son of a prophet," and my predictions as to what may occur within the next century I presume will be worthless. We can but judge the future by the past, and by this test the development of new industries, scientific discoveries and human progress is beyond the bounds of certainty and but a speculation. The greatest progress that has been made within the last ten centuries has been mainly within the field of mechanics. Man with his machine has developed nearly all the progress. Within the early part of the next century the immense carrying trade upon our railroads will be done by electricity. The water powers, which are now extensively used for manufacturing purposes, will be used mainly to drive motors for the generation of electricity by which the machinery of the factories, the locomotives, etc., will be driven, and the flying machine will be perfected for navigation of the air. At first it will be used only by the venturesome, but will gradually be perfected, and its safety improved, until about the middle of the century a large part of the travel will probably be done in the aerial car. As to what improvements and progress may be made in the latter half of the century, that is too remote for finite beings to speculate upon. I think the progress of the next century will be quite great, even greater than it has been during the present century."

SOME of the small fry silvermoon "democrats" are likely to burst with merriment when they contemplate the fact that the free silver folly will pass the repop senate. These little fellows would be less easily amused if they had sense enough to realize that the "cause of silver" can gain nothing by the mere passage of this bill through one house. If they knew anything of recent political history they would reflect that a far more radical free coinage bill passed the senate five years ago and would have passed the house had not the thing been by direction of Speaker Reed locked up by the clerk of the ways and means committee; this five years ago, whereas now a free coinage bill, pure and simple would be beaten in the house by two to one. If the little silvermoths see a gain for the "cause" they imagine they champion, in the present condition as compared to the status of 1890, they can see more than the wisest among us have ever thought they could discern. The truth is that the "cause of silver" has distinctly lost ground for many months. It's now growing down—like the cow's tail—at a fast rate. It will be as dead as the greenback craze by the end of this congress.—Chattanooga Times.

THE Kentucky legislature is a tie and in order to meet the emergency and gain a United States senator the republicans of the house propose to unseat enough democrats on trumped-up contests to cover their point. This is dangerous business. The democrats hold a majority in the senate and promptly announce that for every democratic representative deprived of his seat a republican senator will be removed by the same process, to continue as long as senators last. This may probably maintain the official count as it now stands, but it will tie up the legislature in a manner that means serious injury to the state. In any event the situation is one entirely new and exceptional even in Kentucky politics, and the Kentucky style of dealing with it will be watched with great interest.

THE ABLEST MAN.

A Fine Tribute to Mr. Clarke from a Paper Outside the State.

From the Chattanooga Times.
We are made glad by the news that Hon. Richard H. Clarke, of the Mobile district, will be a candidate for democratic gubernatorial nomination in Alabama this year. Clarke has made a national reputation as a debater and business legislator in his eight years in congress. He is easily the ablest man of his state, in either house. He is a powerful orator, a logician of irresistible force, and an eloquent allround talker. Clarke is for sound money, sound sense, sound democracy. He would give Alabama an administration the state and the South might be proud of. If he goes for the nomination he will get there, we earnestly hope. If he loses and the free silver crank, Johnston, of Birmingham, is named, the democrats will stand a chance of losing Alabama; and while the politicians would deserve the defeat, the fact remains that it would be bad for the people, the state, the South. Neither the populists nor republicans of Alabama are fit to be trusted with even a little power.

DECATUR'S SCANDAL.

From the Morgan County Herald.

The Herald is not in the habit of even hinting at scandal, but there are occasions when for a newspaper to remain silent with respect to certain things is to seem to sanction an evil as well as do injustice to the paper itself.

We can name no less than eight prominent business men in the Decatur, married men, men who occupy a high social position, each of whom habitually carries in his pocket the picture of an attractive young woman not his wife. While we shall not name these men, at least not at present, we have determined to give the name of the young woman in question—Miss Anna Willis-Williams, of Philadelphia—whose picture ornaments the lovely silver dollar. We have been trying to get hold of these pictures, and have offered large quantities of advertising space to induce the said business men to surrender possession of at least some of them, but have been only partially successful. In the interest of this growing town, and in behalf of the best country paper on the face of the earth, in the name of common decency and fair play, we respectfully ask these gentlemen to get a move on themselves and save the editor from starvation and the town from complete moral and commercial ossification.

A NUISANCE.

The Memphis-Commercial Appeal has this to say of Senator Morgan's recent performance:

Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, has introduced a foolish and mischievous resolution in the senate congratulating the Bers of the Transvaal on their stand for liberty and directing the president to transmit an expression of this country's cordial sympathy. What have we to do with quarrels in South Africa? Have we so little business of our own to attend to that we must needs go to Africa to find employment for our energies? The trouble with Mr. Morgan is, that he is very much of a jingo and he wants to have this government do something that would be offensive to England and make a peaceful settlement of the pending controversy as difficult as possible. It is to be regretted that he could think of nothing more original than copying the performance of the German emperor. Whatever may be the merits of any quarrel in the Transvaal, it is not our quarrel, and it is none of our business.

Commenting on the above paragraph, the Chattanooga Times expresses its opinion quite freely, as follows:

As to Morgan and his unreasoning, blind, dull, brutal hatred of Great Britain, and his other fads and follies and inconsistencies and general cussedness—his become a senatorial aspirant in public nuisance. He cannot discuss a subject reasonably, but he's of small account; let him go.

We have a human interest in seeing fair play, everywhere on earth. We should have a friendly, courteous word to say to both sides in South Africa. The more so since some thousands of Americans are involved, some of whom are men of wealth, and all of whom are our fellow countrymen.

But we have no right to complicate the trouble between the German and British empires. To make the situation worse, do what we could to bring on a war would be criminal; and this is precisely what the Alabama senator is up to, if he really knows what he is at. He is in that kind of work as the first democratic member of the foreign relations committee of the senate, of which he was, until just now, the chairman. His crime is both un-Christian and immoral; it is a public crime; and we are glad the Commercial-Appeal has taken proper notice of the senator's misbehavior.

The law makers of Alabama will never do full justice to the people until they enact a law requiring insurance companies doing business in the state to pay the full amount of their policies in case of loss by fire. Some insurance companies will go on for years collecting the premiums on a policy, and if the property which is insured for a reasonable sum should be destroyed by fire the first movement made is to hatch up some scheme to beat the policy holder out of a part of the money he is entitled to. The laws of the state should be such that whenever an insurance company insures a piece of property for a thousand dollars and collects its premiums on that amount it should be required to pay the full amount in case of loss. Such a law would be plain justice and honesty, and nothing short of it will be.—Talladega Mountain Home.

WANTED!

An intelligent lady to act as our agent for this county. Easy work. Big returns. Address Box 310 Montgomery, Alabama.

THE POPULIST REVOLUTIONARY PLOT.

Grattan B. Crowe, Captain Kolb's adjutant general, has been criticised by the Greenville Living Truth of trying to antagonize the populist movement, of which Crowe is regarded as one of the leaders. The accused replies in a column article, addressed to the Birmingham Tribune, in which he makes some curious disclosures. He says in so many words that he was appointed revolutionary leader by Kolb, and did organize a revolution in Alabama in 1894, but twice failed of Kolb's support at the critical moments, namely, at the time of Governor Oates' inauguration, and at the time of the adjournment of the last general assembly.

It was at the Kolb convention in Montgomery, on November 12, that Dr. Crowe made his speech urging a resort to force in the seating of Capt. Kolb. The convention, however, counseled the employment of peaceful methods. Notwithstanding this, a week later Captain Kolb issued a proclamation, calling upon "all lovers of liberty" to meet him in Montgomery on the first of December, as he intended at that time to be sworn in as governor of Alabama. Dr. Crowe says that he set to work organizing his forces; and on the appointed day had several hundred men at the capitol, ready to meet force with force; "but, owing to the timidity of the leaders, no action was taken." From this we learn that had Captain Kolb lifted his hand on that bright winter's morning, the joyous gathering of brave men and beautiful women assembled there to witness the inauguration of the lawfully elected governor of Alabama would have been the victims of an assault with deadly weapons, and the people's blood would have coursed down the slopes of Capitol Hill. Fortunately, Captain Kolb saw the guns of the state troops and their bayonets glittering in the sunlight and he postponed action, contenting himself with uttering a bombastic protest at a safe distance from the scene of the inauguration. It was not Crowe's fault nor the fault of his followers, however, that Alabama was not plunged in mourning on that day.

The work of organizing the revolution was subsequently continued, upon Captain Kolb's announcement that should the assembly, then in session, fail to pass a contest law by which the right of a contestant for a state office could be adjudicated, he, Kolb, would give Crowe orders to take charge of Montgomery, or some other county seat in Alabama, and there establish a dual government. Dr. Crowe says he had his men ready to seize upon the state government, but the populist executive committee refused to countenance his demonstration, possibly because the assembly did pass a contest law, although Dr. Crowe, in his article to the Tribune, tells his deluded associates that the assembly failed to pass such a law. The act was approved February 18, 1895.

The point deserving attention is that Dr. Crowe was thoroughly in earnest, as were, doubtless, the two or three hundred populists who were at his back. Had they had a determined leader in Kolb there would have been bloodshed on the occasion of the inauguration. This spirit of revolution has grown with the lapse of time. It found expression in a speech made in Birmingham this summer by the late Colonel Troy, of Montgomery, and now that Kolb is virtually deposed from leadership, the restraint formerly exercised is removed. Dr. Crowe declares that the issue will be made again in the next campaign. "The sooner we get together and perfect an organization under the leadership of men who will do or die," he says, "the better it will be for the cause of freedom in Alabama."

Dr. Crowe and his men are those who are to be permitted to come into the democratic primaries and control them. The democratic party will never have enough votes to win, unless it enjoles these revolutionary spirits and gives them charge of the party's management. That is the kind of talk given us by the Birmingham State Herald and its able conductor, the Birmingham News. Let us harmonize, they say, but all the harmony we see offered us is harmony at the muzzle of a shotgun and the Winchester rifle. Harmony, under such circumstances, is equivalent to surrender. Are democrats ready for such action? Do they want "harmony" on such terms?—Mobile Register.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

Knights of the Maccabees.

The State Commander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: "After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it hereafter, as our experience proves that it cures where all other remedies fail."—Signed F. W. Stevens, State Com. Why not give this great medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at Parker & Armstrong's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment Is a certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Granulated Eye Lids, Sore Nipples, Piles, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum and Scald Head, 25 cents per box. For sale by druggists.

TO HORSE OWNERS.

For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Coker's Condition Powder. They cure the horse of indigestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and a droy worms, giving new life to an old or overworked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists. PARKER & ARMSTRONG.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.

Castoria allays Feverishness.

Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.

Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic.

Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.

Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralises the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air. Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.

Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."

See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE RACKET STORE.

THE BEST EFFORTS OF A RELIABLE STORE ARE BEFORE YOU WHEN YOU READ THIS AD.

If they do not appear as tempting as some other ads. in this paper, perhaps it is because we're a little more conscientious about what we say. You can take our goods all around to as many stores as you choose. If you can match them in

QUALITY AND PRICE.

You have the privilege to return them and have your money refunded.

Every article in our house is new. The price on every article is positively lower than the lowest.

Men's Overcoats, worth	- - -	\$ 9.00	our price	\$5.00
" " " " " "	- - -	11.00	"	6.00
" " " " " "	- - -	12.50	"	8.00
" " " " " "	- - -	15.00	"	9.00
Boys' " " " " " "	- - -	from	-	1.25 up

Our men's suits are too numerous to mention all the prices, but we will mention a few.

Men's suits, worth	\$ 5.00,	our price	\$ 3.00
" " " " " "	7.00,	"	4.00
" " " " " "	10.00,	"	7.00
" " " " " "	12.50,	"	9.00
" " " " " "	15.00,	"	10.00

Before selecting a suit elsewhere you want to do yourself justice and look at our fine line of Prince Alberts and Cutaway suits we are selling at \$12.50. For pants we are headquarters; from 50c up to \$4—28 different styles to select from. If you need anything in Boys' Clothing don't fail to call and examine our stock. We can suit you in sizes, quality and price.

Just received 14 cases of underwear straight from the manufacturers. If you need anything in this line it will be to your benefit to call and examine our stock. In Overshirts, Hats and Shoes we can't be beat, as we have all the makes, styles and prices to suit you. Our line of Dress Goods is complete in every respect, and compare with any first-class dry goods house.

In addition to our low prices, we give to every customer who buys \$40.00 worth of goods by January 1, 1896, 1 set chairs valued at \$6.00. Trade with us; it has paid others, and will pay you.

Yours for Low Prices,

J. A. HERZFELD & CO., PROPS.,
SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

"HOT SHOTS,"

BY

SAM JONES.

You Laugh and Cry When You Read This Great Book.

OVER THREE HUNDRED PAGES.

Superbly illustrated and bound in the most elegant English cloth.

DOLLARS FOR WORKERS.

This grand book is now out and will only be sold by Agents.

A WONDERFUL OFFER.

Any responsible man or woman sending us only ONE DOLLAR will receive by return mail POSTPAID a complete Agent's outfit, consisting of a full and complete copy of this noble book.

ORDER NOW

and get your territory or some one else will be ahead of you, and to miss selling this book means the loss of a big salary for the next year. We pay the very best commissions. Order today.

ADDRESS

SOUTHWESTERN PUBLISHING HOUSE,

NO. 208 N. COLLEGE ST.,

NASHVILLE, TENN.

STAND FOR YOU!

By Those Who Stand by

We have now completed arrangements for a sale of Popular Goods at prices which will make us

THE FRIEND OF

Every economical buyer.

We keep the best qualities and assortment in

DRY GOODS,

Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Hats, Caps, Gent's Furnishing, Laces and Embroideries.

SEE THE STOCK!

Cash bought it—

LOW PRICES WILL SELL IT

Our specialty—To please our customers. Our aim—To save money for our patrons. Our intention—To do better for you than any one else.

Stand up and tell us, if you can, where goods can be bought cheaper, for none are allowed to undersell

S. STARK,
SHELBY - - ALA.
TWO FOR ONE!

That is what is offered for

\$1.00 A YEAR

You can get the Montgomery Semi-Weekly

ADVERTISER

An eight-page paper issued twice a week, all the year round. No paper as complete and interesting for an Alabamian can be had in all the land at any price. It is full of instructive and entertaining matter for the

Farm, Fireside and Store.



Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. \$5.00 per annum in advance. Single copies 10c. Subscriptions, 261 Broadway, New York City.

HAVE YOU READ THE * TIMES

PHILADELPHIA

THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family newspaper.

THE TIMES alone has the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent to any one sending its address.

TERMS: DAILY, \$3.00 per annum; \$1.00 for four months; 20 cents per month. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages—188 columns, elegantly illustrated, \$2.00 per copy. Pairs per copy. Daily and Sunday, \$3.00 per annum; 50 cents per month. WEEKLY EDITION, 50 cents per annum.

Address all letters to

THE TIMES,

PHILADELPHIA

Non-Resident Notice.

STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY. In Chancery, Sixth District, North-Eastern Chancery Division: Claudia Holman, Complainant, vs. I. M. Holman, Defendant.

In this case it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of John D. Strange, that the defendant, I. M. Holman, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in the State of Texas; and further, that in belief of said affidavit, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in THE CHRONICLE, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby one week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said I. M. Holman, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 10th day of February, A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him. Done at office in Columbiana this 14th day of January, A. D. 1896. GORDON DUBOSE, Register.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

THE ONLY
ADMITTED

READ RULE XV.

"Articles that are in any way dangerous or offensive, also patent medicines, nostrums, and empirical preparations, whose ingredients are concealed, will not be admitted to the Exposition."

Why was Ayer's Sarsaparilla admitted? Because it is not a patent medicine, not a nostrum, nor a secret preparation, not dangerous, not an experiment, and because it is all that a family medicine should be.

At the
WORLD'S FAIR
Chicago, 1893.

Why not get the Best?

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, JAN. 16, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50

SHELBY LODGE, No. 140, A. F. & A. M.
Regular communications at Columbiana the last Saturday night in each month. Visiting members in good standing cordially invited.
J. S. LEEPER, Sec. I. D. MASOS, W. M.

SHELBY LODGE, No. 50, K. O. P.
Regular meetings first and third Monday nights of each month, at 7:30, at Shelby, Ala.
W. A. VALLEY, C. C.
A. M. PETER, K. of R. and S. and M. of E.

CORINTHIAN LODGE, 422, A. F. & A. M.
Meets at Shelby, Ala. the second Thursday night of each month, at 7:30. Visiting members cordially invited to attend.
J. F. McLANE, Sec. A. H. AVERY, W. M.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Sheriff Nelson spent Monday in Montevallo.

Robert O'Hara has accepted a clerkship with H. Fox.

John W. Johnston paid Vincent a business visit Saturday.

James Evans spent Sunday with his mother on Yellow Leaf.

Mrs. J. G. Parker left Monday for Vincent to visit relatives.

John Millstead, of Wilsonville, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Prof. C. E. Franklin, of Shelby, was in town a few hours Saturday.

WANTED—A correspondent from our neighboring town Shelby—easy terms.

Misses Green, Wagner, Parker and Milner, took in the city of Shelby Saturday.

Henry Fallon left Monday for Birmingham to resume work for Linn Iron Co.

Miss Eva Weaver is a guest of her sister, Mrs. I. W. Bailey, in Calera, this week.

Hon. E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, transacted legal business here Monday and Tuesday.

Miss Emma Millstead returned Monday from a two weeks' stay with Wilsonville relatives.

An important notice by Tax Assessor Hammond will be found in this issue. Read it and save trouble and cost.

Mrs. M. A. Johnston left Tuesday for a visit to her grandson, John Millstead, in Wilsonville.

Don't forget the "mitte" social. Let everybody go and prove by their liberal contributions, their sympathy for this worthy work.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—The very desirable residence property of Mrs. D. B. McMath can be bought on easy terms. For full information apply at this office.

Miss Sadie Williams returned home Sunday from Bailey Springs, where she has been attending college. Being in delicate health her father thought best to have her come home until she is able to resume her studies.

John Porter came over yesterday, and expects to leave today with his family for Blocton, where they will make their home. We regret to lose these good people, but we congratulate Blocton on this valuable acquisition to her citizenship.

Abe Pinion had a rich experience a few days since up in the piney woods, north of here. He was deputized by the sheriff to make a levy on a lot of personal property, and was sent out to bring it to town. His path was not strewn with roses by any means. The family proceeded to make it very warm for him. The air was made blue with sticks, clubs, etc., and while he was on the ground tangled up with a male member of the family, one of the females conceived the idea of using a fence rail for a bow and the aforesaid Pinion's neck for a fiddle, and she lost no time in carrying out her plan. She sawed away vigorously, and while she failed to draw from the improvised violin any melody to speak of, she succeeded in raising a howl from the unfortunate deputy that shook the acorns from the trees, and sent the cattle flying over the hills in their mad haste to escape from what they doubtless thought was the roar of a frenzied lion. Abe came in with the stuff just

the same, and while his left ear hasn't the proper set, his right eye would easily answer for four, each lip would make a saddle blanket, and he is minus several huge patches of skin on his face and neck, still he is alive, and while disfigured slightly is still in the ring.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT

Passed by the Medical Society on the Death of Dr. Jeff. Suttle Davis.

WHEREAS, in the inscrutable providence of an all wise God, Dr. Jeff. S. Davis, a worthy member of the Shelby county medical society, has been removed from our midst by death, and

WHEREAS, we recognize in him those characteristic traits of mind and heart that caused him to be admired and beloved by all, and

WHEREAS, he had endeared himself to his professional brethren by virtue of his manly qualities, his professional skill, his untiring energy in elevating his profession,

RESOLVED, That while we mourn his loss as a working member of this organization, we can point with pride to his noble example, which we will strive to emulate.

RESOLVED, That while we bow with reverent submission to the will of Him who doeth all things well, still we feel keenly our irreparable loss, and mourn with his stricken community and his afflicted family to whom we tender our heartfelt sympathy.

RESOLVED, That a page be inscribed to his memory in the book of minutes, and that these resolutions be printed in our county papers. Also that a copy be sent to the family of our deceased brother.

WILDS S. DUBOSE,
J. H. WILLIAMS,
H. C. MCADAMS,
H. I. WILLIAMS,
Committee.

Monthly Honor Roll for December.

Bertie Barnett, Julia Liles, Ethel Millstead, Valona Morrison, Lizzie Sinnott, Chester Browne, John Hallmark, Grover Liles.

FIRST WEEK IN JANUARY.

Bertie Barnett, Ethel Millstead, Valona Morrison, Julia Liles, Lizzie Sinnott, Minnie Walton, Houston Longshore, Lallage Longshore, Grover Liles, Tommie Norris.

M. A. LILES, Teacher.

Wilsonville Warblings.

Horseback riding is all the "go."

Mrs. Nat. Self is visiting at her mother-in-law's.

The young people enjoyed a pleasant walk to the "planer," last Sunday eve.

Measles is spreading through our town and community with great rapidity.

Butch, Jr., come again. Your writings are enjoyed by all, especially by "Nellie Bly."

Mrs. John Hall and Miss Laura Weldon visited relatives in Weldon a few days last week.

We are glad to report that Oscar Tinney, who has been stricken with the measles, is improving.

E. Williamson and W. R. Smith are training bloodhounds. Wilsonville is now ready for the bravest of robbers.

Notwithstanding measles our school is receiving new pupils every week. The work on the new wing will be completed in a few days.

Rev. J. H. McCord filled his regular appointments here Sunday morning and night. Sunday's sermon was pronounced one of the best of his life.

The new Methodist minister, Mr. Cary, arrived last Friday with his family, and they are stopping with Dr. Boyer until their home is ready for them.

It was reported at the last meeting that the literary society would meet at Prof. Kilpatrick's, but the place has been changed to Mrs. S. A. Densler's. All are cordially invited to attend next Friday night.

Will Smith has got into another "scrape." While going up for his girl last Sunday night he came in contact with a stump, thereby receiving slight injuries and losing about \$2.50, but we are glad to say he recovered his money, and is recovering from his fall.

NELLIE BLY.

HUMAN SYMPATHY.

Next to Godliness comes humanity.

Some who fail in reaching the higher state of perfection in the first, almost attain to it in the other quality. If a man cannot be Godly, let him be human. There is no quality in the make-up of mortality of more enduring benefit to the world than human sympathy. The tall peaks may claim our unbounded admiration by the glittering glory of their proud crests, but they are crowned with eternal snow. Had we not rather dwell in the green valley, where the sun shines warm?

Greatness and goodness are not necessarily divided by a wall of separation. A man may be good as well as great, but it is oftener the case that a man grows so great that he forgets how to be good. Oh, the barrenness and unprofitableness of a selfish life! The man who walks through the world wrapped up in himself may command the respect and admiration of mankind, but how unfruitful of usefulness is such a career.

The millions of beings in the world cry out for human sympathy. A man may give freely of his substance to satisfy the physical wants or to alleviate the ills of the flesh, but it is the kindly smile, the encouraging word, the sympathetic expression, that minister to the drooping spirit and the downcast heart. These great mailed, ice-capped mortals that move through the world so grand and stately, go down to a cold and cheerless

grave where never a clod is melted by a human tear.

Human sympathy, the abiding interest of the human heart in the fortunes of its fellow beings, that is the quality that nerves the hand of the hero and strengthens the voice of the patriot. Each and every one of us is allotted just one life on earth. We may make it bloom and flourish with good deeds or we may allow it to remain leafless and bloomless and barren until the woodman lays his axe to the root of the tree.

There is no use saying you have no influence, no opportunity for assisting others. You may say that you need help worse than others. That is the quintessence of selfishness. We are cast in such multitudinous moulds, and our paths lie in such divergent directions, that we are all gifted with the great privileges for doing good. The trouble is, many of us seek the commendations of our consciences.

Many people cherish a false notion that the man to command or to rule must be blessed or cursed with an iron will and an implacable heart, that would not melt or unbend even if the stones of the street found tongues to cry out for mercy. Give me the man with a human heart attuned to the rhythmic chords of human sympathies, the lingering refrain of the melody which was heard when the morning stars sang together at creation's dawn.

Give me a man whose ideas of justice are not implacable, but are tempered with the rare and God-like quality of mercy. From the preacher in the pulpit to the humblest worshiper on the back seat, it is the man who has a heart filled with love and sympathy for his fellow man, on whom I will rely. Greatness without goodness is as sounding brass and tinkling cymbal.

All the accomplishments of learning, the attainments of intellectuality and the capabilities of genius, fall flat and unprofitable when they are not joined with the blessed hand of human sympathy. If we dwarf that happy faculty we part with the fairest portion of our birthright. Without it, vain and barren is the life of the wisest and greatest of men.—Montgomery M. Polson in Rome Tribune.

NEW FOOD CEREAL.

The Wonderful Possibilities of Kaffir Corn.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat says: The question of successful farming in the semi-arid regions of the great West is solved at last.

Kaffir corn, first introduced on the American continent from the Kaffir country, in Africa, less than a decade since, is still an unknown product to nine-tenths of the people of the United States.

At first planted here and there as a curiosity, it was found to grow readily in all localities and under all conditions, and experiments developed the fact that it would mature a crop in the driest and hottest seasons on the high Western plains. A more extended planting of the new grain and a comparison of results obtained soon developed the fact that whether the season was wet or dry, cool or hot, long or short, this new product would thrive on all kinds of soils with the minimum of care and cultivation, and planted any time between the first of April and the middle of July it would mature an absolutely sure crop of grain and fodder before the frosts of autumn.

The stalk looks somewhat like a single shoot of common corn, but shorter, attaining a height usually of from four and one-half to six feet, and having pointed leaves of a rich green color. The grain forms in a head at the extreme point of the shoot, where the tassel is on ordinary corn, the heads being from seven to twelve inches in length and six to eight in circumference, and when ripe look like great white or red plumes.

The grains are almost round, a little larger than a grain of rice and much resembling a grain of wheat in interior structure.

There are two varieties, red and white, the latter being the favorite crop. Though raised as an experiment here and there throughout the West for several years, it was not until the present year that it became a prominent crop. When the drought of last spring killed the wheat and oats and seemed almost certain to ruin the corn, the few who had had experience with the new grain began to advise their neighbors to plant Kaffir corn, as it would grow all right in dry weather, and they could thus at least raise feed for their stock. The newspapers took up the advice and soon farmers were planting Kaffir corn, utilizing the grounds where wheat and oats had failed at planting on sod or scattered patches where early corn had been burned out.

The planting was continued until well along in August, the acreage being in many sections greater than that ever devoted to a single crop. In Oklahoma alone nearly fifty thousand acres were planted with the new crop. And every grain of it planted grew and thrived to maturity, and before the summer was over the farmers began to wonder what they would do with it all. They knew it was good feed for stock, but there was not stock enough in the territory to consume it, and the product was yet so new that it was not recognized in the outside markets.

Experience had already developed the fact that it made a most admirable feed, either to winter stock or fatten them for market, but with an abundance of the grain on hand, Oklahoma farmers soon discovered that it was better for horses than either corn or oats, making them fat and stout and giving them a sleek, glossy appearance.

When it came to feeding hogs it was found that they gain flesh much more rapidly than when fed on common corn, and poultrymen have found the Kaffir grain an admirable egg producer, and when fed unthinned the fowls are given exercise in picking it from the head.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Parker & Armstrong, druggists.

Tax Assessor's Notice.

Under the new revenue code of Alabama the assessment of State and County taxes for 1896 began on October 1, 1895, and provides that a penalty of 10 per cent be added to all unassessed property after February 1st. The law also requires every tax return to be sworn to.

J. H. HAMMOND,
Tax Assessor Shelby County.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.

BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a fieri facias, issued from the Circuit court of Shelby county, and to me directed, I will proceed to sell in front of the Court House door, in the town of Columbiana,

on the 23d day of January, 1896,

within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, to-wit:

One two-horse thimble skein wagon.

One two-horse hack.

One buggy and harness.

One sorrel horse about 9 years old.

Leveled upon as the property of King H. Davis to satisfy said fieri facias in my hands in favor of Johnston & White.

This the 13th day of January, 1896.

H. W. NELSON, Sheriff.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.

In Chancery, Sixth District, North-Eastern Chancery Division.

Mrs. Marie L. E. Verchof, Complainant, vs. Alabama Iron and Steel Co., et al, Defendants.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of J. T. Leeper that the defendant, the National Bank of Orange County, one of the defendants in the above stated cause, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in Goshen, Orange County, New York, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in The Chronicle a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring it, the said National Bank of Orange County, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 15th day of February, A. D. 1896, or, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against it.

Done at office, in Columbiana, this 10th day of January, A. D. 1896.

GORDON DEBOSE, Register.

Notice to Non-Resident.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.

Savannah Higgins, complainant, vs. Ed Higgins, defendant, in Chancery, Sixth District, North-Eastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of J. N. Cook that the defendant, Ed Higgins, is a non-resident and that his place of residence is unknown, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Shelby Chronicle, a newspaper published in the County of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said Ed Higgins to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 5th day of January, A. D. 1896, or, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office, in Columbiana, this 30th day of November, A. D. 1895.

GORDON DEBOSE, Register.

We Make

the Only Mill

that will Grind

Cotton Seed

Satisfactorily

Capacity up to 200

bushels per hour. Power required about four

horse power. We guarantee it fully. Price \$75.

MONTGOMERY IRON WORKS,

Montgomery, Alabama.

THE BEST WAY

—TO THE—

SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST,

NORTH AND NORTHWEST,

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through MONTGOMERY, MOBILE AND NEW ORLEANS.

Connecting for all points in

Texas and the West

Also running through to NASHVILLE, EVANSVILLE, LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS.

Connecting for all points in the

North and Northwest.

Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent of the Louisville & Nashville railroad at Calera, or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

NEW STORE.
COME TO THE NEW STORE.
At Moore's Corner, COLUMBIANA, FOR YOUR Dry & Goods, Clothing, SHOES, Groceries, Etc.
We will sell you anything you may want at prices as low as goods can be bought in any market in the State.
Respectfully,
Columbiana Bargain Store,
In B. L. Moore Building
NEW GOODS.

1895 VICTOR BICYCLES:—\$100.00



There are eight Victor Models for ladies and gentlemen, practically any height frame furnished. Victors lead the cycling world. Send for catalogue.

OVERMAN WHEEL CO

Makers of Victor Bicycles and Athletic Goods.

CHICAGO.

BOSTON. NEW YORK. PACIFIC COAST. DENVER. DETROIT. SAN FRANCISCO. LOS ANGELES. PORTLAND.

HOOD MACHINE COMPANY,

J. A. HOOD and T. J. CALDWELL, Proprietors.

Cor. 1st Avenue and 15th Street,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Repairers of LOCOMOTIVES, BOILERS and MACHINERY of all Kinds.

Saw Mill Work a Specialty.

Special agents for Decatur Car Wheel Co. We fit up wheels and axles of every description. Gear wheels cut with perfect accuracy from solid casting. We buy and sell second hand engines, boilers, etc.

GORDON * DUBOSE,

BANKER,

COLUMBIANA * * * * ALA.

Conducts a general banking business on a safe, yet progressive policy.

Best of Facilities Offered to Customers.

Deposits received upon liberal terms. No pains spared to accommodate customers.

Your patronage solicited.

THE CHRONICLE

BOOK AND JOB OFFICE

Has one of the most complete plants in Alabama. We lead the procession when it comes to artistic work, and prices the very lowest.

I employ the best printers, keep the best stock and ask the city firms no odds, as my expenses are far less than theirs and I give my customers the benefit of the difference in low prices.

Samples of Work and Estimates Gladly Furnished.

Let me quote you prices on any class of work you need. I make a specialty of pamphlet and book work.

Correspondence invited. Address

C. C. DuBOSE, Prop'r.

Feed

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

Poor soil

and exhausted fields which were once productive can again be made profitably fertile by a proper rotation of crops and by the intelligent use of fertilizers containing high percentages of

Potash.

Strikingly profitable results have been obtained by following this plan.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars containing special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing latest researches on the subject of fertilization, and are really helpful to farmers. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

25 YEARS POULTRY YARD
109 pp. 51st Ed. Written & sold by a farmer and Poultryman of 50 years experience. A plain, practical system, easily learned. Describes their diseases, how to make them lay. Cholera, Croup, & other diseases not elsewhere. Price, 25c. FREE PARTICULARS. A. M. LANG, Box 321, Chicago, Ill.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR W. L. DOUGLAS \$3. SHOE
If you pay \$2 to \$3 for shoes, examine the W. L. Douglas Shoe, and see what a good shoe you can buy for OVER 100 STYLES AND WIDTHS.

W. L. DOUGLAS
CONGRESS, BUTTON, and LACE, made in all kinds of the best selected leather by skilled workmen. We make and sell more \$3 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world. None genuine unless name and price is stamped on the bottom. Ask your dealer for our \$5, \$4, \$3.50, \$3.25, \$3.00, \$2.75, \$2.50, \$2.25, \$2.00, \$1.75, \$1.50, \$1.25, \$1.00, \$0.75, \$0.50, \$0.25, \$0.10, \$0.05, \$0.01, \$0.00. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. If your dealer cannot supply you, send to factory, enclosing price and 35 cents to pay carriage. State kind, style of the (cap or plain), size and width. Our Custom Dept. will fill your order. Send for new illustrated Catalogue to Box 11. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both under humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is full or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first. No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

Another Strong Point
...OF THE...
CHARTER OAK.
In addition to its perfect operation and durability, it is that it does the work with the smallest possible quantity of fuel.

OPIMUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. DR. J. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA. MAIL THIS PAPER every time you read.

McFEE'S Wine of Carou

(PURE VEGETABLE EXTRACT.—NOT INTOXICATING.)

CURES FEMALE DISEASES!

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT.

DUNCAN'S LINIMENT

the OLD reliable, TESTED REMEDY

for Rheumatism

Headache, Toothache, and PAINS generally.

O. W. GUNTER, CROFTONVILLE, ALA., says: "I have found DUNCAN'S LINIMENT to be the best remedy for pains generally I ever saw." FOR COLIC IN HORSES AND MULES It is a "DEAD SHOT." WERE MANUFACTURING CO., NASHVILLE, TENN.

He Owed Everybody. Notorious Spendthrift (to waiter at a restaurant)—How much do I owe? Waiter—That's more than I can tell. —Texas Siftings.

For Convenience. "I like a book to combine amusement with instruction." "Yes—with the instruction in an appendix."—Bay City Chat.

The Consolations of Matrimony. She—I suppose you would have been happier if you had not married me? He—Yes, darling, but I wouldn't have known it.—Bay City Chat.

A Sorrow's Crown of Sorrow. "Yes, her married life was very unhappy. She suffered untold misery." "Ah, that must indeed have been intolerable."—Bay City Chat.

\$100 IN PRIZES ON OATS AND CORN. Last year we offered \$200 for the best yield of oats. 209 bushels Silver Mine Oats was the highest. This year we offer \$200 more on oats, \$100 on Silver King Barley, a barley yielding 1805 116 bushels per acre, and \$100 on Golden Triumph Yellow Dent Corn, the corn of your dreams!

What's Teosinte and Sand Vetch and Succaline and Lathyrus and Giant Spurry and Giant Incarnate Clover and lots of such things? They'll make you rich if you plant a plenty. Catalogue tells you.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND it with 10c. postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., LaCrosse, Wis., you will get free 10 grasses and grains, above oats, barley, corn and their catalogue. Catalogue alone, 5c. (K)

He (feeling his way to a knowledge of her accomplishments). "Can you darn stockings, Arabella?" She (with distant feigning). "I don't expect to marry a man who needs to wear darned stockings."—Illustrated Bits.

How's This? We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm. WEST & THURX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KIRKMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Not at Home.—"Unless he discovers me," she whispered, as she shrank behind the curtains of her window, "he'll find me out." With beating heart she listened, while the hired girl went to the door and made the talk.—Detroit Tribune.

Sebastopol Was Not Impregnable. For it was taken by assault, but a physique built up, a constitution fortified by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, may bid defiance to the assaults of malignant disease even in the most prevalent and insidious form. Emigrants to the arduous breeding sections of the West should bear this in mind, and start with a supply. The Bitter promptly subdues dyspepsia, rheumatism and kidney complaints, nervousness, constipation and biliousness.

A BRIGHT boy in a Boston school was asked to name six animals of the Arctic zone. With the confidence of a college professor he promptly answered: "Three polar bears and three seals."

SCOFFERS FROM COUGHS, SORE THROAT, etc., should be constantly supplied with "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

CONSIDERATE.—Father—"Why did you permit young Mashman to kiss you in the parlor last night?" Daughter—"Because I missed his catch cold in the hall."—Brooklyn Life.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has saved me many a doctor's bill.—S. F. HARRY, Hopkins Place, Baltimore, Md., Dec. 2, '94.

MISS GUSH—"O, captain, were you ever boarded by a pirate?" Capt. Storms—"Yes. He charged me \$11 a day for a hall room on the fourth floor."—Indianapolis Journal.

Sore Eyes Cured. Jackson's Indian Eye Salve never fails to do just what it is advertised to do.

Hir makes no difference how hard he may try, I don't believe that a red-nosed man can look coldly intellectual.

PLEASANT, Wholesome, speedy, for coughs and colds. It is the best remedy for Coughs and Colds. Pleasant, Wholesome, speedy, for coughs and colds. It is the best remedy for Coughs and Colds.

DEZBY.—"What's in that bottle—poison?" Dooby—"I guess there must be; there isn't any label on it."—Roxbury Gazette.

See that hump?
It's the feature of the DeLONG Pat. Hook and Eye. No matter how you twist and turn, it holds the eye in place.
Send two cent stamp with name and address, and we will mail you Mother Goose in new clothes—containing ten color plates; ten black and white pictures; and lots of lively jokes.
RICHARDSON & DeLONG Bros., Philada.

DOWN ON PANTHER.

A Mighty "Confusionment" Over One Lost Man.

Aunt Nancy Newton "Spendin' of the News"—Lige Rannels Drunk and Down for Christmas.—The Wadkins Boys Made Doll Rags and Gun Patchin' Out of His Breaches—New Year Resolutions.

(Copyright, 1895.)

On the third day of January, somewhere along in the shank of the evening, I was down to the lot fiddlin' and foolin' around amongst the stock, when lo! behold I heard a very familiar fuss and cacklin' go on at the house. And in the midst of the general confusionment I likewise caught the smell of a pipe—strong and clear and searchin'.

I could tell from a distance off that it was one of these old clay pipes what you read about, and not right new and fresh by a whole tremendous big lot.

"Aunt Nancy Newton, by the twelve epistles," says I to myself, and then presently when I returned back to the house bless gracious Aunt Nancy she was there.

"Spreadin' of the News."

"I am now about the most illdest woman in the round created to me perhaps," says Aunt Nancy to me and mother that night after supper.

I had built on a roarin' big fire—a regular shin-roaster, you understand—and with her pipe runnin' on full time the dear old lady warmed up to the subject powerful.

"The hogs are killed and the lard fried out and the sausage stuffed and the meat hung up. Christmas is over with and it's most too soon for gardenin'.

So I took my pipe and thank you and put on my bonnet and lit out. Whereas I am now just naturally on the pad, Rufus—visitin' around and spreadin' of the news. I ain't no tell tale tattler, and you will never remember the day when Nancy Newton went trapin' through the country peddlin' out scandalations.

But I am a woman—a plain female woman—and in all of your born days you never saw one of them sort that didn't love to hear the news and tell it.

"The mainest thing in the way of news that has took place in the Panther Creek settlement in durin the Christmas so far as I know was the scandalous scrape which old man Lige Rannels, backed his fool self into. It can't do us no harm for me to give out the facts up here I reckon, cause everybody down there has heard about it, and even to the children they are spreadin' of the news.

"Anyhow, old man Lige he went to town the day before Christmas, and naturally of course he waded right in and got drunk. That night he come up missin, and he remained missin for three whole days and nights had runnin'.

Now as to old man Lige, you all know him, and I don't have to come all the way up here to tell you that he ain't worth his room in this world nor in the future hereafter. But his folks can't help that, and the people in the settlement got sorry for them in their great trouble and worryment on account of the old man turnin' up lost. Nobody didn't know what had went with him. People in town saw him when he started off towards home, which he had then climbed up around more busthead whiskey than he could tote without wobblin' considerable. Ben Chris Weaver met him over there at the Wolf Creek bridge, which at that writin it took his level best to stay on his mule, and about first dusk the mule raked up to the lot gate with the saddle and bridle on. But old man Lige he had fell off somewhere by the wayside and come up missin."

When the Lost Was Found.

"The next day was Christmas day, and to be certain everybody was too monstrous busy havin a good time to hear the news concernin Lige Rannels. But on the followin day after that it leaked out, and on the third day the old man was still missin, and the settlement by that time had got powerful bad stirred up on the question. All the men folks turned out and put in to burn the woods and sift the ashes till they found old man Lige. Bless goodness, they went on horseback and afoot—in squads and droves—lookin for that which was lost, whilst all the women folks got together at the Rannels place to comfort and console with the widder and the orphans, and wait for the news.

"The sun hit was swingin tolerable low down towards the western hills, so to speak, when the men come back after the mule and wagin. They had found old man Lige hid out in a pine thicket in the old fields down there on this side of Wolf Creek, but from what they said they couldn't bring him on home without a wagin to haul him in. I took it on myself to go out amongst the men folks and ask Ben Chris Weaver if Lige was well or sick, crippled or dead. Ben Chris responded back to me that he was well, and neither sick nor crippled nor dead. But at the same time they couldn't bring him home without the wagin. So they hooked up the mule to the wagin and pulled out, leavin me and the rest of the women folks in outer darkness as to what was what and who was who.

"It was jest about sundown when they come back and old man Lige was settin up there in the wagin as big as life and cussin more terrible than a stage driver—cussin somebody we couldn't tell who, for everything he could lay his tongue to. The women folks then hid out on the back porch till the mule could bring him in and put him to bed. The leadin facts in the case didn't leak out till the next day, but when the news did get started it spread like a fire in the piney woods before a high wind in March.

"The naked, unwashed truth is mighty and bound to leak out, Rufus, and I never could see wherein it ought to hurt anybody," says Aunt Nancy as she went down into her thank you and came forth with another pipe load of smokin tobacco. "The plain truth is that two of the Wadkins boys had likewise also went to town the day before Christmas, and amongst other things

they had bought some new pocket knives. And on that day it come to pass that whilst the Wadkins boys was returnin back home from town they found old man Lige Rannels drunk and down along the big road. So far back as I can remember boys have always been boys and the Wadkins ain't a blessed bit better than other people. At any rates, the Wadkins boys dismounted and got down right then and there and took up a fool notion that they would have some fun out of old Lige Rannels. They went to work they did and made doll rags and gun patchin out of old man Lige's breaches. From what the men that found him say, they must of cut port holes and bay windows all around and then jest naturally took out about three solid sections at the gallo end thereof.

"And that's how come old Lige to turn up missin and raise such a terrible confusionment amongst the neighbors. When he come to his senses about daylight the next mornin there was too many rents in his riggins for him to be travellin along the big road. He want fitten to go home, so he backed out down there in the pine thicket and struck camp. No doubt he would of been right there till now if the men in the settlement hadn't turned out and hunted him down. I know from what I have seen myself that it takes a powerful good pair of scissors to make a smooth cut through home-made jeans with every thread wool, warp and woof and allin. I reckon that is how come the Wadkins boys to try the mettle of their new pocket knives on old man Lige's breaches.

"And that's how come the old man lost for three days and nights, and that's how come he wouldn't return back home till he got a wagin to ride in. Old man Lige didn't know till it leaked out in the settlement who had done the devilment, but he was so foamn mad about it till he swore out the necessary papers and had the Wadkins boys arrested. The trial is comin of next week, and consequently I must be at home by that time in orderment to keep up with what might come to pass."

That ain't all the news we got from Panther Creek, but it would take a book to tell you all the things that Aunt Nancy has told me.

Some New Year Resolutions.

The Farmers' Club of Rocky Creek come together in a called meetin Saturday night, and amongst other business that was turned off we signed up the followin New Year resolutions:

Resolved, That we will be plain folks and fellow-citizens this year and let the general government run itself if it can.

Resolved, That politics are all right and good enough for people that have got plenty money and no poor kinney, but they won't pay off the feed bills nor buy a new frock for the baby.

Resolved, That the horny-handed son of toil is as good a man as the horny-tongued politician, and most in generally a blamee sitch better.

Resolved, That a fool farmer that would be fooled by a fool politician is the gonebyest biggest fool in the whole lot.

Resolved, That if the general government will fight its own wars we will do our level best to meet the great question of bread and meat.

Resolved, That we will raise more corn and less sand this year.

Resolved, That we will be honest and sober and virtuous, and consequently happy. REFUS SANDERS.

TIPS ABOUT PEOPLE.

A monument to the late Bishop Wayman (colored) will be erected in Baltimore.

It is not generally known that the wife of Sir Philip Currie, the British ambassador in Constantinople, is the lady known to the world as Violet Fane.

Capt. Thomas Morley, a survivor of the charge of the Light brigade, Libby prison and Ford's theater disaster, is living in Washington and is in good health.

Mrs. Mary Rochester (colored) died in Newcastle, Del., county almshouse a few days ago at the reputed age of 104 years. She had lived in that vicinity during most of her life.

Mrs. Samuel Craft, living near McGee's, Simson county, Miss., is just 47 years old, and has had 29 children, 14 of whom are living. This is considered something of a record in that section.

Sandow, the strong man, has a big brain as well as a big body. He is quite an ingenious fellow, and among his inventions are an improvement on the bicycle and a combination trunk and bathtub for travelers.

Dr. Thalburg, the physical director, and Miss Ballentine, the gymnasium director, at Vassar college, have forbidden the students there from engaging in long distance running matches. They say such contests are more likely to be hurtful than helpful.

Baring Gould, the novelist, lecturer and historian, is a keen antiquary. One who knows him writes that "the wallows in it. You should see him on Dartmoor with his shovels and wheelbarrows, unearthing some forgotten domicile, and then you would see the real man. Give him an old church register, and he'll spin you yarns about it by the hour."

HINTS TO MAIDENS.

A girl cannot expect a man to be made up for her.

The girl who cherishes an ideal man that is half a woman courts certain unhappiness.

The happiest marriages are those which develop and intensify the mental distinctions due to sex—not efface them.

The "friendship of chums" can never be arrived at by the man trying to become a woman or the woman trying to become a man.

Every feminine gift has its masculine counterpart, and they are never the same. Therefore a girl should look for unlikeliness, not likeness.—Philadelphia Press.

Pasteur is to have an unusual memorial in Paris. An underground chapel something like that in which Napoleon lies in the Invalides, will be built near the Pasteur institute to hold his body.

Prof. Archibald Geikie, the distinguished British geologist, is coming to the United States soon on a lecturing tour.

Malaria on the Mississippi Bottoms.

From the Banner-Democrat, Lake Providence, La. The swamp lands along the banks of the Mississippi river in Arkansas, Mississippi and Louisiana are generally considered very unhealthy in contrast with the hilly country adjoining them. It is here the germs of malaria are formed, and from which originate those terrible malarial chills and fevers which the people of the low countries dread. In addition to these are intermittent and remittent fevers, dyspepsia, indigestion and rheumatism, all caused from malarial germs and the dampness of the atmosphere.

Medical science has been put to its utmost capacity to devise some mode of treatment by which these physical ailments can be moderated, if not eradicated, but so far it has failed. Nor does it seem that there can be found any cure for these symptoms. Such has been the general opinion until recently, when Dr. Williams' Pink Pills found their way here, and came to stay. Today those who have used them say they would not do without them for all the medicines in the drug stores.

Mr. Dan O'Sullivan, Sr., is a prominent citizen of this city, Lake Providence, La., and has been identified with its interests for years. At present he occupies an important position on the City Council and is also secretary of that body. He was once a strong, robust, healthy man, full of vigor and always on the go. Within the last year, however, his health has been very bad, his appetite poor, his digestion poor, in fact, his entire system was completely out of order. He began to use various medicines, but to no purpose. At length he decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. In a few days the change for the better could be noticed. He continued to improve so fast that the proprietor of the Lake Providence Banner-Democrat interviewed him and asked him what he had been taking to put him in such good shape again. His reply was in substance as follows:

"My liver was all out of order, my digestion was very bad, I felt sluggish and did not want to do a thing but to lay around the house. My blood began to get thin, and I felt sick all over. I concluded to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, as I had heard so much about them. After taking them a few days I could feel that they were doing me a good deal of good. I continued the use of them, and in a week or so I felt like a new man. They toned up my stomach, put my blood in good condition, gave me a good color, a good appetite, in fact, put me in first-class shape. My friends congratulated my return of health, and I smiled when I told them that Pink Pills did the work."

Mr. O'Sullivan takes every opportunity to recommend them to others who are being likewise benefited.

Mrs. D. H. Parker, who was raised in the city of Lake Providence, but who now resides in Greenville, Mississippi, also uses Pink Pills. Her husband, Mr. D. H. Parker, a popular traveling salesman of the DuPont Tobacco Company, of St. Louis, says that for years his wife had been suffering from dyspepsia and indigestion, that she had to be very careful what she ate, and would frequently have severe spells from being a little imprudent in her diet. She sent for Pink Pills, took them and is now well and strong, and can eat any and every thing without being affected in the slightest manner. She is proud in her praises of Dr. Williams' great remedy. She also suffered from rheumatism, and that too, was left her. These are only two cases where the Pink Pills have done so much good. Others of a like nature in this locality could be mentioned, if necessary, but the experiences of this gentleman and this lady are enough to warrant the assertion that for restorative qualities, and general recuperative properties, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best on the market.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are for sale by all druggists, or may be had by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., for 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50.

THERE never was a truer saying than that the man who dyes his whiskers never deceives anybody but himself.—Somerville Journal.

In Olden Times

People overlooked the importance of per se, and were satisfied with transient action, but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently cure habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

The mule is a demi-Jack, and therefore a demi-John, which accounts for the spirit that is within him.—Boston Transcript.

"I TELL you what, Sharp, marrying an heiress has its drawbacks." "Yes; but think of the greenbacks, Bond."—Harpur's Bazar.

VIETNAM—"Does mamma give you anything for being a good boy?" Tommy—"None. She gives it to me when I ain't."—Detroit Free Press.

NOT SURPRISED.—"Hear what happened to Davis? Held up on Broadway at two o'clock this morning." "I saw him at one, and he looked as if he'd need something of that kind before long."—Puck.

A GENTLEMAN one day took his little lad out for a walk, but the boy, from some cause or other, got lost, and meeting a policeman, tearfully said: "Please, sir, have you seen a man without a little boy? 'Cause, if you have, I see that little boy!"—Tit-Bits.

PRUDENCE is the necessary ingredient in all the virtues, without which they degenerate into folly and excess.—Jeremy Collier.

ACHENE.—Charley—"There is nothing I admire more than a good deed." Tom—"Nor I—if it is made out in my name."—Detroit Free Press.

SUE—"I have heard that you said I was fond of the sound of my own voice." "He—Well, you have your own admitted that you like music."—Philadelphia Record.

To know the pains of power, we must go to those who have it; to know its pleasures we must go to those who are seeking it. The pains of power are real; its pleasures imaginary.—Colton.

He who, silent, loves to be with us, and who loves us in our silence, has touched one of the keys that ravish hearts.—Lavater.

"Does position affect sleep?" asked a medical writer. It does when the man holds the position of night watchman.—Texas Siftings.

"I thought marrying him would make a different man of him," she sighed. "And—He made an indifferent man of him."—Indianapolis Journal.

HINTS TO MAIDENS.

A girl cannot expect a man to be made up for her.

The girl who cherishes an ideal man that is half a woman courts certain unhappiness.

The happiest marriages are those which develop and intensify the mental distinctions due to sex—not efface them.

The "friendship of chums" can never be arrived at by the man trying to become a woman or the woman trying to become a man.

Every feminine gift has its masculine counterpart, and they are never the same. Therefore a girl should look for unlikeliness, not likeness.—Philadelphia Press.

Pasteur is to have an unusual memorial in Paris. An underground chapel something like that in which Napoleon lies in the Invalides, will be built near the Pasteur institute to hold his body.

Prof. Archibald Geikie, the distinguished British geologist, is coming to the United States soon on a lecturing tour.

A GOOD THING - PUSH IT ALONG



BATTLE AX

Plug Tobacco

A Great Big Piece for 10 Cents.

Be Sure
'Tis pure Cocoa, and not made by the so-called "Dutch Process."
Walter Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa is absolutely pure—no chemicals.
WALTER BAKER & CO., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass.

Out of sorts
—and no wonder. Think of the condition of those poor women who have to wash clothes and clean house in the old-fashioned way. They're tired, vexed, discouraged, out of sorts, aching backs and aching hearts. They must be out of their wits. Why don't they use Pearlina? That is what every woman who values her health and strength is coming to now, faster than ever. Every day, Pearlina's fame grows and its patrons increase in number. Hundreds of millions of packages have been used by bright women who want to make washing easy.

Pearline Soap
Is not Behind The Times.
Neither are the women who use it. Thousands of thrifty housekeepers say that Clairette Soap is an improvement on any soap they ever used. Try it and compare results.
Sold everywhere. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, ST. LOUIS.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, ST. LOUIS.

Sarsaparilla Sense.
Any sarsaparilla is sarsaparilla. True. So any tea is tea. So any flour is flour. But grades differ. You want the best. It's so with sarsaparilla. There are grades. You want the best. If you understood sarsaparilla as well as you do tea and flour it would be easy to determine. But you don't. How should you?

When you are going to buy a commodity whose value you don't know, you pick out an old established house to trade with, and trust their experience and reputation. Do so when buying sarsaparilla.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla has been on the market fifty years. Your grandfather used Ayer's. It is a reputable medicine. There are many sarsaparillas. But only one Ayer's. IT CURES.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS.
but sell direct to the consumer at wholesale prices. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages and Buggies. 100 styles of Harnesses. 100 styles of Saddles. 100 styles of Blankets. Write for catalogue. E. K. BARTON, Carriage & Harness Mfg. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

OPIMUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 Days. DR. J. M. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA. MAIL THIS PAPER every time you read.

CURRENT COMMENT.

NINETEEN counties of South Carolina are using their convicts to improve the roads.

ONE hundred and seventy-six Armenian towns are said to have been blotted out by the Turks.

NEW YORK has 34,065 more women than men between the ages of 20 and 25, and Chicago has 38,997 more men than women.

NICOLA TESLA, the electrician, has invented an apparatus which he believes will cure any organic disease. The apparatus gives 100 shocks a second.

SIR CHARLES DILKE said the other day that sooner or later all of North and South America is destined to become a part of the United States, Canada included, and this will be in obedience to natural relations.

CECIL RHODES, who has been the ruling spirit in South Africa, and who is so rich that the Bank of England thinks nothing of cashing his check for \$1,000,000, saved his life by going south when he was a boy after he had lost one lung.

In his annual report Railroad Commissioner Billings, of Michigan, makes the gratifying statement that for two successive years not a passenger was killed on a Michigan railroad by what could properly be called a railroad accident.

The mulet law of Iowa seems to be working very well as a temperance measure. During the first year of its operation, the number of places in which liquors were sold decreased 30 per cent. and the amount of revenue derived from it was \$1,150,317.

SWEDEN has sent a notice to Russia, Denmark, Great Britain and the United States with reference to the projected balloon voyage to the North pole of Prof. S. A. Andre, asking the co-operation of the countries whose territories have coasts on the polar seas.

A STRONG effort is being made to procure a revision of the English marriage laws. The movement has arisen in consequence of the great increase in the remarriage of divorced persons. The queen has given instructions that a strict inquiry should be made into the matter.

THE Creston (Ia.) ministerial alliance has adopted resolutions deprecating the holding of funerals on Sunday and the lavish expense of flowers, which tempts the poor to vie with the wealthy in the purchase of the same. They are also opposed to the public exposure of the dead.

THE Indianapolis Journal says Senator White, of California, has made an attack upon the rules which permit members to talk continuously about nothing. If such a change could be made as would stop talk which seems to have no other object than to waste time or fill the Congressional Record it would be a genuine reform and at the same time rescue the senate from popular contempt.

DURING the year 1895, the Utica (N. Y.) Herald tried to keep a record of all people reported to have died in the United States at the age of 100 years or over. The total reported was just 100. Two-thirds of these were women, all but four being white women. The oldest person to die was a colored male, who was 125. A white man died at St. Louis who had claimed to be 140, but there was no proof that he was over 121. The oldest white woman was 120. There were 14 people whose ages ranged from 110 to 125.

THERE is much suffering in Cuba, and a prospect that the hardships will increase rapidly. The industries of the island are generally suspended, and railway lines interrupted. Travel on all roads is dangerous. The destruction of the sugar and tobacco crop means a loss of \$100,000,000, to which must be added the sacking and burning of thousands of buildings. A famine is certain in Havana and Matanzas, where multitudes of laborers will soon be without work or bread.

THE Indiana Cremation league, with duly elected officers, has been formally organized. The list shows over 600 members in the state, including persons in almost every walk in life. The requirements of the organization are that when a member dies he is to be cremated instead of buried. The body is to be placed in a gold plated coffin and taken to Cincinnati, where it will be cremated. The association is to bear the expense of the cremation. The ashes are to be put in a small urn made especially for the purpose and returned to the relatives of the deceased.

GEN. WALKER, commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., recently said, in talking about pensions and pensioners, that the Grand Army of the Republic was in favor of using every means to stop fraudulent operations, but in 99 cases out of 100 it was not the pensioner who was guilty of fraud in cases investigated, but those impersonating pensioners. Among no body of men was there less fraud. He believed that, except where otherwise by special legislation, all pensions should be issued uniformly, the widow of a colonel receiving the same pension as the widow of a private.

THE Century Magazine, in an article entitled "The Anarchists of War," says that the immediate duty before the conservative forces of England and America is to organize for the establishment of a high-class and permanent board of international arbitration in place of the haphazard and piecemeal means to which we have been accustomed, admirable as its results have already proved. Once established between England and America, such a system would gradually spread among the nations of Europe, and sooner or later arbitration would be followed by disarmament.

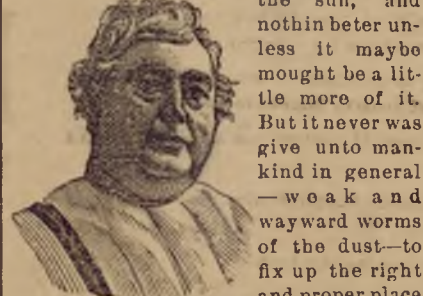
OUT OF THE WOODS.

"Great Gobs" of Sense From the Sago of Rocky Creek

On the Question of "Books and Book Learnin'"—Money Enough Wasted for Fancy Trimmings to "Feed the Widder and Orphan" and Build a New School House in Every Settlement.

(Copyright, 1896.)

Book learnin' is a right tolerable good thing, no doubts, in the right and proper place. There is nothin like it under the sun, and nothin better unless it maybe might be a little more of it. But it never was give unto mankind in general—weak and wayward worms of the dust—to fix up the right and proper place to put it. Only the good Lord can do that, and if it comes to pass that He didn't tend to it in layin the foundations it simply can't be did. And consequently I maintain that in this present day and generation people waste more time and more money tryin to pack down book learnin where there ain't no place for it than any other way.



The money which is blowed in along these lines would feed and clothe all the poor widder and orphan in the land and build a good log school house in every settlement.

"Tremendous Heavy Thoughts."

One clear frosty mornin last week I saw Billy Strickland, the only son of Dunk and his wife, pass by on his way to school, and that is how it come to pass that I am thinkin these tremendous heavy thoughts. I took good notice of that boy as he ambled along the big road, and right then and there I couldn't keep from thinkin of how Dunk and his wife have worked and worried, and starved and stunted, and saved and scratched and scraped up a little money in orderment to blow it in on that sim-blin-headed boy at school. You mought think—and the Stricklands would be dead certain to say—that it was none of my infernal business. But that wouldn't keep me from seein Billy on his way to school, and the sight of that boy is what makes me tell you what I do concernin the great and growin question of schools and books and book learnin.

Understand me now—I don't mean to say that Billy Strickland ain't worth his room in the world or his weight in sap sawdust. In his own peculiar way Billy is a rare smart boy. He ain't the least wite lazy, and when it comes to makin plow stocks and ox yokes and ax handles and the like of that, he could beat me out of sight and give me three in the game. And in durin crop time Billy will put as much fresh dirt behind him in a day as any boy of his age in the settlement. Of course he wouldn't be a thoroughbred American boy if he didn't love to swap knives and play marbles for keeps, and go huntin and fishin considerable between drinks, as it were. And yet he will turn off a boy's full share of odds and ends and jobs on the farm.

But when it comes to tendin school, and diggin the learnin out of books and packin it away under his hat—well, Billy Strickland he jest naturally ain't there. In the beginnin he don't want to learn. He knows a gracious plenty now. And he couldn't learn very much if he wanted book learnin so bad till he could taste it. The good Lord didn't fix up no place for Billy to pack away book learnin and he couldn't tote it in his pocket. More than that, the boy can't see where he will ever need any thing of the sort in his business. If a boy loves books, and the good things he can get out of books, the more he learns and knows the better it will be for him, providin he is trained up in the way he was cut out to go. If a boy raley wants to climb up the hill of knowledge you couldn't build a brick wall around him ten feet thick and a mile high and keep him down. But if you have got to run the boy down, and throw him and buck him and gag him, and lam and cram book learnin into him inch by inch, it is a plum waste of time and trouble and money.

If it ever comes to pass that I mought have a boy like Billy Strickland I never will be fool enough to blow in much of his time and my money on the school question. Seems to me like it would be a whole lot more better—better for me and better for him—to go forth and step off forty acres of land, and buy him a good mule and give him a new ax and turn him loose and tell him to pitch in. That would please Billy Strickland all over, and he would take to it like a hog to her wallow. He could run a shebang like that without any book learnin to speak of, and that is about the only layout that will ever fit Billy's hand.

One Book Only for Billy.

Now Dunk Strickland and his wife pass for smart people in regards to men and things in general, but when it comes to their son Billy they ain't got a lick of sense. They don't know as much about the general surroundings in Billy's case as Billy knows, and Billy he don't know anything for certain. Dunk thinks that Billy mought run for congress, or maybe get elected justice of the peace by and by, whilst his wife thinks Billy will make the best and biggest preacher in the round created world—providin of course they can scrape up money enough to give him plenty of schoolin.

The last time I was over to the Strickland place we got to talkin along this line, and I up and told Dunk my general opinions in regards to Billy.

"If you will but only save back the money you are now spendin on Billy at

school, and when he gets old enough to go forth on his own book, take it and buy somethin that will fill out his hand, it will be a blame sight better for the boy," says I. "Billy he don't take to books, and books don't mix with Billy, and so there you are. If you was rich, and Billy was rich, and it was recorded that you would both remain forever rich, it mought sorter do to foot off precious time and chunk away good money in your Jack-o'-merlanter chase after book learnin. But under the general circumstance of the present surroundings it is vanity—plu perfect vanity."

Then Dunk swelled up considerable and lowed that Billy was as smart as the common run of boys, and he must have all the schoolin he would take. But bless gracious, I thought in my soul that Miss Strickland would jump on me right then in her own house. She got foam in mad and flew off at the handle and turned loose her personal opinions in great gobs and red-hot chunks. She would let me know that her and Dunk could raise a boy up in the way for him to go as well as me or anybody else. And she would give me to understand that Billy had learnt as much as any boy could learn unless the teacher would put him in more books. "Hilt ain't natural," says she, "for the boy to learn very much when he ain't got nothin to study it out of but one blue-back spellin book."

It was then a mighty good time of year for me to lay low and say nothin. So I had to let Dunk and his wife have their way in regards to their boy Billy and his book learnin. As to that, they can spend every dollar they can rake and scrape and keep Billy good to school till he comes to be a full-grown man, but he will never need any more books. There is more learnin in that one blue-back spellin book than the whole entire human family ever could stuff into Billy's head.

Too Many "Fancy Trimmings."

The last time I went over in the hill country—on my return back home I passed by a little shanty down there on the old Stage Road, where the Widder Buntin lives. She was Miss Mollie Fannin before she married Sim Buntin, which Sim he took and died two years ago and left Mollie with a whole passle of children to scramble through this vain and foetin world as best she can.

Whereas, when I come by there I can't say I couldn't help from thinkin about Mollie Fannin as she use to be in them other days, and the widder Buntin as she is now. Old man Lot Fannin and his wife didn't have but the one girl and that was Mollie. They had some boys, but Mollie she was the mainest member of the family and the general pet of all. Old man Lot and his wife worked themselves and their boys like so many free niggers, and spent all the money they could make and scrape on Mollie. They kept her in school till they lowed she knowed more than the teacher down at the Cross Roads, and then they sent her off to college. When finally at last she had learnt it all and come back home, they skimmed the milk and fed her on the cream, as it were. They lit in and bought her a fine planner and gave her big parties and dressed her finer than split silk. They went deeper and deeper in debt every year for fine parties and fine riggins and general fancy trimmings which they give to Mollie.

In the main time Miss Mollie, she was human flesh and blood, you understand, and in the run of time she took it into her head that she must go and get married. So presently her and Sim Buntin got "hooked up in double harness," as Andy Lucas were wont to say, and put in to hangin their clothes on the same peg. Now Sim he is dead and gone, and in regards to that, he didn't stack up for very many while he was livin. From what I hear people say, it took his level blamsted to keep out of the poor house, and the widder and children can do that much without him.

But honest now, wouldn't it be a blame sight better for Mollie if old man Lot had saved up some of that money he spent in sendin her off to college and givin her fine parties and buyin silks and satins, and put it in land so she would now have a home for her children and herself?

Miss Mollie use to could read and write and talk latin as free and easy as I can handle plain United States, and I reckon she can till yet. But tell me, patient and long-sufferin reader, what good will that do the Widder Buntin and her children six? She could like-wise knock the livin socks off of a planner, and maybe she mought do that now if she had one. But that don't put no meat in the smokehouse or meal in the barrel. She has forgot more in regards to books than the common run of women will ever know, but at the same time she is just simply the Widder Buntin today, livin in that little shanty down there on the old Stage Road, worryin along as best she can workin 365 days in the year—exceptin Sundays—to keep the wolf out of the front door.

Remember now, it aint for me to say a word out of the way concernin that good woman. I used to think a great pile of Miss Mollie Fannin, and I ruther like the Widder Buntin. It aint none of her fault that she is now a poor lone widder, with a whole passle of orphan to raise and nothin to go on. And she ain't in no wise to blame for the free and reckless way in which the old folks spent their money on her in her young days. But if old man Lot Fannin could wake up today and peep out of his grave and see his daughter Mollie as the Widder Buntin, he mought likewise also see wherein he played the fool when he spent all his money to give her somethin that she never did raley need, and which ain't worth a continental now.

A Powerful Short "Sermon."

My good old grandfater (may his tribe increase forever) was a man of

few words and plenty of sense. He didn't talk very much, but he said a whole lot. He never wabbled around the edges. He shot to hit and most in generally plugged the bull's eye. And I never have forgot, from that good day to this blessed hour, a short and powerful sermon which he preached to me onest upon a time.

"The mainest thing with poor folks, Rufus, is to make the edges cut comin," says he. "Save your time as well as your money, and make the fingers count your way. Settle the question as to what you will do and what you will be, and then set your pegs and work out your plans accordin. If you mean to be a farmer, which I reckon you will, as it runs in the family, it would be vanity to spend your money to go off to college and learn everythin in the high flurin branches. It will pay you better to take the money you would spend for fancy book learnin and put it into a pair of good mules. Latin and algebray and history and the like of that will do tolerable well if a boy has got plenty of time and plenty of money to take it all in, but you can be a good farmer and run your business to the winnin pint with-out all them fancy trimmings. If you can read and write and figger through the rithmetic that will do to start on, and if you must learn any more you can pick it up on the run. Lawyers and doctors and school teachers have to go on up into the higher branches, as they say, but that wouldn't stand for much with you when it comes down to rock bottom and plain business. Make the edges cut comin, Rufus, and spend your time and money for somethin that you need in your everyday business—somethin that will fill your hand and help you in the fight."

Now then. Set you down this. The money that people spend for book learnin, which never will be worth a continental in the great issues of everyday life, would feed all the widers and orphan in the land, and build a new school house in every settlement.

RUFUS SANDERS.

PEOPLE.

Mascagni was lately asked in what European city he would like to live, and replied: "From 9 to 11, London; from 11 to 5, Paris; from 5 to 7, Vienna; from 7 to 10, Budapest, and after 10, Berlin."

The statue of Ole Bull, which the Scandinavians of Minnesota are to erect in Minneapolis, is being modeled by Fjelde, the Scandinavian sculptor of that city. It is expected that the bronze statue will be completed in about six months.

Li Hung Chang is now in Pekin, no longer viceroy of the great province of Chihli. Relegated to a little temple at Peking, a few followers and the members of his numerous family gathered about him. He is, it is said by those on the spot, really shelled. His health is said to be failing and his prestige is nil.

Nelson Dingley, Jr., the chairman of the committee on ways and means, never had any profession other than that of a newspaper proprietor and editor, creating in 20 years of hard work the most influential and widely-read paper in Maine, the Lewiston Journal. Even now he finds time on occasions to write a leading article.

Paul Louis Courier, when bitterly assailed by a French professor, quietly remarked: "I fancy he must be vexed. He calls me 'Jacobin, rebel, plagiarist, thief, poisoner, forger, leper, madman, impostor, liar, a horrible, filthy, grinning rascalier.' I gather what he wants to say. He means that he and I are not of the same opinion, and this is his only way of putting it."

FASHIONS IN RINGS.

In Nero's time there was a fashion prevalent of wearing large rings, the setting of which was carved with the bust of the special divinity who was the wearer's patron.

Paradise rings were greatly worn in Italy three centuries ago. They were very wide and bore on the circumference representations of Adam and Eve in the Garden of Eden.

When the tomb of the great Emperor Frederick, who died in 1250, was opened in 1780, his coronation ring, set with a beautiful emerald, was still found upon his finger.

The ring of Edward the Confessor is preserved among the royal regalia of Great Britain. For several centuries it was used in the coronation ceremonies of the English kings.

In the Etruscan tombs of northern Italy, gold rings have been found made in the shape of a cord, a large knot of intricate pattern forming the principal part of the ornament.

Mourning rings were greatly used in Europe during the 17th century. After the execution of Charles I. his sympathizers in England wore mourning rings in token of their grief.

The scarabaeus, or sacred beetle of the Egyptians, was a favorite subject for a setting in the early Egyptian rings. It was carved in stone, the work often being exquisitely done.

UNO' EPHRAIM'S WISDOM.

"Dah ain't no heabafiah, chil'de—prisent am etahnal.

"Yo' temorrh am to'able safe ef yo' liss terday ez ef yo' want'n er gwine ter hab none.

"Hit am er ma't'is ting how brazen-lak some ob we uns kin look er good reserpiooshin in de face while we's er smechin' hit all ter flinshah.

"De man w'at nebbah teches ban' ter shubbel am de man at zeks de mos' neim'ba's erbout de condishin ob he neim'ba's sidewalks.

"Hit am er ha'd ting ter be ez 'dus-tri's wen de stockin' am done filled up ez w'en we's er fightin' ob de wolf fum de 'd, but I don't know no uddah way ob keepin' de stockin' full.

"Ts er wishin' hit didn't tax de faith ob some ob yo' niggahs s' much ter be ez good ter de Lawd ez yo' is ter de pa'son.

MORE EXCITEMENT

The Reported Movement of the British Flying Squadron, Said to be Now Headed for Bermuda, Furnishes Another Occasion for Indulging in War Talk and Trying to Get Up Another Excitement in the Country.

CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—A Washington special says:

"The report that the British flying squadron is to be sent to Bermuda caused much surprise here yesterday, and there is talk of introducing a resolution in the house instructing the committee on foreign affairs to report on Mr. Livingston's Venezuela resolutions without more delay. No confirmation or denial of the report of the squadron's movement is obtainable from authentic sources at the navy department, but belief exists that it is probably true. If it proves true to the satisfaction of the department it is thought probable that the white squadron will be ordered to Venezuela waters."

"I have no doubt of the accuracy of the report that that British flying squadron is ordered to Bermuda," said Congressman Livingston, of Georgia, yesterday. He added: "Moreover, the squadron will go thence to Venezuela. I knew it the other day when I offered my resolution directing the president to check the British advance and to compel them to withdraw their reinforcements at their Venezuela outposts. I tried so to inform the house but Boutelle objected. The squadron will, I understand, choke the payment of the \$7,500 damage bill out of Crespo and then offer him three or five millions in gold for the disputed territory. My information is reliable."

"How about the Venezuela constitution prohibiting the transfer of territory to another nation?"

"Five millions of dollars in gold, backed up by a crack British squadron, are not unlikely to play hell with a South American constitution."

"What are you going to do about it?"

"I can do nothing till the foreign affairs committee makes its report. That done, I shall push my resolution directing the president to stop this hostile action of Great Britain, and I have no doubt it will go through the house like a flash through a train of powder."

"We have got to act. This nation cannot afford to permit the Venezuela question to be settled in such, to us, ignominious manner. The administration may think it all right and in conformity with the Monroe doctrine to have European navies buy land on this side of the water, but congress does not, neither do the people, as will shortly be proved to the satisfaction of everybody on this side and on the other side of the globe, as soon as we get a chance to vote on the question."

THREE IMPORTANT MATTERS

Considered by the House Judiciary Committee Yesterday.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The house judiciary committee yesterday considered the resolution of Mr. Boutner, of Louisiana, looking to the impeachment of Comptroller Bowler for his action in stopping payment of sugar bounties authorized by congress. While not finally acted upon it was agreed to report the matter back to the house with a request that the committee be authorized to inquire into the powers of the comptroller and to report upon the status of laws under which he acts.

The committee ordered favorably reported the bill of Mr. Curtis, of New York, to reduce the cases in which the penalty of death may be inflicted. Instead of death the measure provides for imprisonment at hard labor for life.

The bill of Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, incorporating the supreme council of the thirty-third degree Scottish Rite masonry, for the southern jurisdiction, was also favorably acted upon.

HARRISON-DIMMICK.

The Ex-President Formally Announces His Engagement to Mrs. Dimmick.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Ex-President Harrison last night formally announced his engagement to Mrs. Dimmick at the Fifth-avenue hotel.

There was a crowd of newspaper men and others about the hotel shortly before 9 o'clock when Secretary Tibbits appeared and handed them the following:

"Gen. Harrison authorizes the announcement that he and Mrs. Dimmick are engaged to be married, and that the marriage will not take place until after Lent."

Col. Tibbits refused to further discuss the announcement, and although the ex-president was up-stairs in his room at the time, he denied himself to all newspaper men.

Col. Tibbits said that Gen. Harrison would remain in the city until after Sunday, when he would go to Indianapolis, and from there to Washington.

CUBA HIS WATERLOO.

Gen. Camacho to Retire from Command of the Spanish Forces.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The Mail and Express prints the following dispatch from its Havana correspondent:

"I am informed on authority which I cannot question that Captain-General Martinez Campos yesterday decided to retire from the command of the Spanish forces in Cuba and from the direction of the campaign against the insurgents."

A NATIONAL BANK.

Stopped Payment by Order of the Comptroller of the Currency.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 18.—A special from Portsmouth, O., says that the Farmer's national bank of that city stopped payment at noon yesterday, by order of the comptroller of the currency. The only explanation that has been given out is that the bank has been unable to realize on its securities in time to meet obligations coming due. The depositors will be paid in full as the assets far exceed the liabilities.

DUN'S COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

Comparative Statement of Early January Failures.—The Situation a Perplexing One, with no Basis Upon Which to Forecast the Immediate Future, Yet Business and Prices are Encouragingly Well Sustained.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—R. G. Dun & Co. say to-day:

Failures for nine days of January have shown liabilities of \$3,568,000, against \$4,522,531 last year in ten days, and \$9,041,225 in eleven days of 1894. Failures for the past week have been much larger in magnitude, numbering 395 in the United States, against 371 last year, and 81 in Canada, against 61 last year.

The situation could hardly be more perplexing for business men. Practical merchants, manufacturers and bankers can have little sympathy for those who minimize their difficulties. None doubt that the government will raise money to meet obligations, but how far the money market will be disturbed or the treasury reserve first diminished none can say. The business world can not know as yet how far foreign questions may upset calculations, though there seems every reason to expect peaceful settlement. It can not know what may be the duties on any important class of imports a month hence; whether imports are likely to exceed exports, and draw away gold; whether the deficit of revenue will continue, or what other taxation will be levied.

Failure of the senate thus far to take any action upon financial measures proposed by the president or those passed by the house affects unfavorably all branches of business. Under such adverse circumstances it is actually encouraging that shrinkage in transactions and resulting commercial disasters have not been greater. But four large failures within a day or two indicate that the same conditions cannot continue without much embarrassment.

Domestic trade shown by clearing-house payments is 8.8 per cent. larger than last year, but 27.8 per cent. less than in 1893, and in nearly all trades there is much hesitation. Railroad earnings for the first week of January were 5.7 per cent. larger than in January, 1895, but 13.5 per cent. less than in 1893. December shows a gain of 8.7 over 1893, and a decrease of 7.5 compared with 1893.

Stocks steadily advanced until Friday, but the failures brought a more cautious feeling. After rising on the average \$1.51 per share, railroads closed \$1.30 higher for the week. Speculation in products was not very active and wheat was practically unchanged, though Atlantic exports for two weeks, flour included, have been 4,485,190 bushels, against 4,273,124 last year. Western receipts still make short crop predictions ridiculous, amounting for two weeks of January to 5,421,900 bushels, against 2,559,000 last year.

Corn receipts were also liberal, and exports about five times last year's. Cotton receipts still indicate a yield neither as small as Mr. Neill's reiterated estimate of 6,500,000 bales, nor as large as the 7,000,000 bales estimated by others, but it is yet to be seen whether supplies held for better prices are of consequence. The price declined an eighth, with accounts of narrower demand by spinners abroad and declining prices.

Cotton goods are not notably lower, but concessions to secure business are reported in many instances, and many of the mills have been running largely in anticipation of orders not yet received.

There is a little better inquiry for staples, with indications that dealers' stocks are running low. The opening of fine and fancy wools has brought no change in prices, and revisions caused by recent openings of worsteds have been generally toward lower prices.

SUGAR BOUNTY CLAIMS

Submitted for Adjudication to the Court of Claims.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Secretary Carlisle yesterday sent to the court of claims for the purpose of testing the constitutionality of the sugar bounty law, the Oxnard claim, which was held up by Comptroller Bowler on the ground that the law authorizing the payment of bounties was unconstitutional. Secretary Carlisle's letter reads:

"In accordance with the certificate of the auditor of the treasury department, made on his own behalf and at the request of the comptroller of the treasury, and also on my own behalf as secretary of the treasury, I have the honor to transmit the claim of the Oxnard Beet Sugar Co. for \$11,782.50, 'for bounty on beet sugar manufactured and produced prior to August 23, 1894,' payment whereof is demanded for the appropriation of \$238,260.08, made in the sundry civil appropriation act of March 2, 1895. Said claim, together with all vouchers, papers, documents and proofs pertaining thereto, is herewith transmitted to the court of claims, under section 1,063 of the revised statutes for trial and adjudication, in order that a judgment may be entered under the provisions of section 1,064."

The claim involves controverted questions of law and of constitutional construction. The decision will furnish a precedent for future action of the proper accounting officers of the treasury in the adjustment of a large number of cases.

ALMOST A CENTENARIAN.

Death of Mrs. Eliza Ayers at Jacksonville, Ill.

JACKSONVILLE, Ill., Jan. 18.—Mrs. Eliza Ayers, who had attained almost 100 years, died Thursday. She was the widow of the late David K. Ayers, probably one of the best-known men in Illinois at an early day. He was one of the founders of the republican party, and the organizer of the oldest bank in the state, now carried on by his two sons, both men of much ability. His wife was a lady of great force of character, wholly devoted to doing good.

SOUTHERN GLEANINGS.

Options on Battlefield of Shiloh.

The secretary of war has notified the officers of the Shiloh Battlefield association that the options held by them on the lands of the Shiloh battlefield could not be used by the government, owing to the fact that congress at the close of the last session passed an act placing a limit on the amount of money to be expended for lands on that battlefield to \$20,000. One owner has asked the government \$25,000 for 180 acres. Condemnation proceedings were instituted and the jury awarded him \$5,883. He will appeal the case. A purchasing agent has been kept on salary for one year, at a cost of \$2,400 to the government, and not one acre has been secured. Unless congress removes the restriction on the price to be paid, there will be very little land purchased on that battlefield. The options expire March 4, when the land owners will be at liberty to set their own prices on the land.

For Killing His Assailant.

Thomas H. Ponder, a member of the fire department of Savannah, Ga., who killed Frank Keenan, an ex-fireman, on June 6 last, was tried and found guilty, with recommendation to mercy, after four days' trial. Keenan charged Ponder with having testified falsely against him at an investigation in which Keenan was discharged from the force. Ponder, hearing of Keenan's threats to do him up, armed himself. While he was on duty at the fire headquarters Keenan went in and made an assault on Ponder,

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

It Cures
Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver
Neuralgia, Troubles,
Constipation, Bad Blood
Malaria, Nervous ailments
Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.
BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

THE * CHRONICLE *

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, JAN. 23, 1896.

THE BARS LET DOWN.

The state democratic executive committee met in Montgomery Tuesday. The free silver men had a majority of the committee and ruled things their own way. Four vacancies were filled by men of their way of thinking. Resolutions were passed inviting all persons who agree to support democratic principles and nominees to take part in the primaries, but permit county committees to decide whether negroes shall be allowed to participate. Beat meetings will be held April 11, county conventions April 15 and the state convention April 21, the latter to meet in Montgomery.

Hon. John B. Knox, of Calhoun, was elected chairman to succeed Hon. H. C. Tompkins, who resigned. We doubt if a wiser selection could have been made. Mr. Knox is a gentleman of marked ability, a sterling democrat, is active, zealous, true to his convictions, and a bold and courageous leader. His election will inspire confidence, and success under his leadership is a foregone conclusion.

We doubt very seriously the wisdom of the committee's action in throwing open the doors to all who desire to participate in our primaries. This was not in accordance with our views, but since the committee has spoken, we as a loyal democrat will abide its decision, and will accept its decree. We will fight the battles on the lines indicated by the committee, trusting all will be for the best in the end.

And now that the committee has mapped out the course to be pursued, let's fall into line cheerfully. With unity of purpose, and harmony in our ranks, a glorious victory is assured. No combination our enemies can form will stand in the way of a united and harmonious democracy.

Hon. I. D. Mason was a delegate from this county to the meeting of the American Cotton Growers' Protection Association held in Memphis Tuesday. The object of the meeting was to devise some plan to reduce the acreage planted to cotton, and we learned in a conversation with Mr. Mason that the chances of success are flattering. Hon. Hector D. Lane was re-elected president of the association, with a vice president from each state, who is to be the president of the organization in that state. Hon. H. C. Reynolds, of Montevallo, was elected president for the state of Alabama, a most excellent selection. Seven states were represented, Alabama, Arkansas, Mississippi, Georgia, Tennessee, Louisiana and Texas. One hundred and fifty delegates were present. An able and very instructive address was delivered by President Lane which was received with enthusiasm. Full proceedings of the meeting will be published shortly in pamphlet form, and will be distributed among the cotton producers. The only way, in our candid opinion, for farmers to ever become self-sustaining and as a consequence independent is to keep down the cotton acreage, and as nearly as possible raise everything they consume. This is the only object this association has in view, and we firmly believe when the farmers have given the matter due consideration they will adopt its suggestions. We will have more to say on this subject later on.

It is now stated that Secretary Carlisle is a candidate for the democratic nomination for president.

Rev. L. M. Wilson, of Agricola, has announced his candidacy for commissioner of agriculture.

The people's party national convention will be held at St. Louis July 22.

The national democratic convention will be held at Chicago July 7.

To those who are charging up all the ills and financial misfortunes to the democratic administration, we respectfully submit the following statement of facts from the New York Mercury: "Democrats should bear in mind the fact that the republican party is responsible for the condition of the federal treasury. The looting of the treasury began under President Harrison. The deficit originated under Harrison after he had signed two iniquitous bills—the Sherman silver makeshift and the McKinley robber tariff. Harrison retired from office leaving an empty treasury, and it was the same treasury which he found filled to overflowing when he went into office four years before. Cleveland filled the treasury; Harrison emptied it. All the ills the country now suffers from are due to republican demagoguery and republican squandering."

The location of the State Industrial School for White Girls has been settled, and the institution will be established at Montevallo, as was decided by the trustees last year. The citizens of Montevallo a few days ago paid \$8000 to the trustees and turned over the deeds to the property which was donated.

PUBLIC DEBTS AND SO FORTH.

From the Chattanooga Times.

Much is said about the public debt of the United States as a great burden on the people. In fact it is a mere bagatelle. Consider the ability of the country to carry debt, and our charges on that account are very small. By comparison we owe next to nothing. On January 1, 1896, our bonded debt was a per capita obligation of \$14.63. That is to say, if every family were to pay (averaging the families at five each) the sum of \$73.15, the debt could be wiped out.

What our bibulous population disburses for beer, wine, whisky, brandy, etc., in a single year, would pay the bonded debt of \$915,962,112, redeem the greenbacks and Sherman notes of \$490,347,298, and leave a net balance of \$53,690,590. Our whole debt, bonded and non-interest bearing, is only \$1,406,309,410. The bonded debt of France, exclusive of \$2,000,000,000 of annuities, is \$4,446,793,338, a per capita burden on her population of \$116.35. This is eight and one-third times as heavy a load to carry as ours is; and the French have not more than one-half the ability of the United States to bear a debt burden. Her population is 38,000,000, ours 70,000,000. Her population is steadily diminishing, ours grows at a rate that doubles it once in forty years. The area of France is the same as that of Texas. Her colonies are a financial drawback on the home government.

Nor is England in greatly better position, in such a comparison. Her debt is \$3,350,719,563, a per capita of \$87.79, or six times our individual obligation. Low as are the rates these countries pay, their interest charges are enormous compared to the trifle of \$36,000,000 we pay. England pays \$90,000,000 interest yearly; France \$160,000,000. The English debt is stationary, regarded as a perpetuity; that of France steadily grows at an average rate of about \$25,000,000 a year.

Italy owes more than double our debt; Russia nearly four times as much; Spain, poor old thing, owes \$500,000,000 more than we, even since her creditors forgave her a full third of their dues. None of the so-called great powers owes as little as we, and such petty states as Prussia owes a fifth more.

This is no plea for national extravagance. Nothing of the kind. No journal has more strenuously urged true economy, on every form of government in our country, than has The Times. What we say is to show that the borrowing of a few millions, in a period of transition in our currency affairs, a period of heavy expenditure on a new navy, coast defenses, etc., that such borrowing is no killing affair, nothing the people cannot carry and pay, without hurting themselves.

We have done some expensive "projecting," including the most gigantic and expensive civil war in history. We have fooled with fiat paper; we have swindled ourselves with redundant silver coinage; we have tolerated, if not actually encouraged, the piling up, year after year, of a pension burden, the like of which was never seen in the world's history.

And if we dance we must pay the fiddler. The debt of the people's own making; the conditions that forced an increase of the debt, since 1893, did not grow on bushes, come up from the earth, fall from the sky or materialize out of the impalpable air. We, "You and I and the other fellow," dear reader, made these conditions of today, as our predecessors made those of 1861-76, the war and reconstruction era.

What we advise is good sense, calmness, fairness to officials, in the discussion of these matters. We are not only unfair, as things are now going, a false element in our politics is not even decent in its treatment of those upon whom the country has laid the tremendous task of holding up its credit, while they are wrestling with a vicious currency, and are handicapped by the effects of bad and clumsy systems of taxation.

We should remember how much better off we are than all the rest of the world, and try to be at least half reasonable. There is no occasion for fright; and there is no excuse for attributing to the president and his finance minister, conditions deliberately created by the people and their representatives in congress.

Hattie—See Chollie Softed over there buried in thought.

Hannah—Whose?—Detroit Free Press.

HOW ARE THE MIGHTY FALLEN!

From the Kansas City Times.

Curiously enough, the senate, which the founders of the government intended should be the conservative member of the government, has developed into a stronghold of politico-financial freakishness in legislation, and its members into most pronounced and rabid cranks. Its latest eccentricity is an attempt to force free silver legislation in a time when the credit of government is shaky. The senate has ceased to represent the people, as the house does undoubtedly, and has become a laughing stock and a byword among men, instead of a body of men of character, weight and dignity, of whom the most frivolous would not speak with disrespect. A few more performances such as the senate has been indulging in of late years will make the people begin to revolt against its insufferable arrogance, impudence and tyranny.

The house bill authorizing the issue of 3 per cent. bonds instead of 4 per cents, unquestionably represents the popular will, as it does the public interest. The senate is denying its passage at the dictation of senators who represent meagre populations and strictly local interests. Can there be doubt, if such courses are persisted in, that the people will presently begin to consider what can be done to change the system that gives to the representatives of pocket boroughs the power to override the representatives of populous states and to defeat the will of the majority of the people? It is not to be presumed that the people will permanently submit to have their interests sacrificed and their desires negated in order to perpetuate a system so grossly abused when they have power to change it? It is not to be forgotten that there are two ways of altering the constitution. The senate can stand in the way of an amendment, but it cannot obstruct the work of a constitutional convention, and it is now deliberately provoking the call of such a convention.—New York World.

It is no longer a great honor to be a member of the senate. The day has gone in which to sit on the floor is to attain the summit of political ambition in this country. Many men of experience and capacity admit they would prefer seats in the other house, if only seats there were held by a longer tenure. It is the six year term that makes the senate so attractive and gives membership in it greater charm. Many men who hold seats in the senate came hither without previous training in public life. Not a few of them are wholly unfit for the tasks which they have assumed. Some of them are not even fit to be representatives of districts in the lower house, or delegates from territories with the right to speak, but not to vote. In the change that has been going on in the senate for some years past the great men of the body appear to have come down to the level of the upstarts and accidentals and purchasers of honors, instead of lifting the recruits up to their standard. This is what is the matter with the United States senate.—Walter Wellman in the Chicago Times-Herald.

WANTS NO THIRD TERM.

A Washington special to the Nashville Banner, of Wednesday, says: "Members of the democratic national committee are authority for the statement that Mr. Cleveland has announced positively that he will not have a renomination. The men making this statement will not permit their names to be used. The statement has been made to their colleagues on the committee by two or three of the committeemen who are friendly to Mr. Cleveland and have talked with him on the subject, that Mr. Cleveland voluntarily announced to them that he would not run for a third term, and authorized them to let the committee understand this. Mr. Cleveland is quoted as saying that he does not feel called upon to make an announcement in the newspapers, but would like his friends on the national committee to know his position. Those confident of Mr. Cleveland go further and say that if anything should occur to warrant his doing so Mr. Cleveland will, at the proper time, make a formal announcement, taking strong grounds against a third term."

IS THIS A SAMPLE?

From the Montgomery News.

The Tuscaloosa Journal is a poplite paper, and has the usual poplite ideas. Some sound money democrat has a mortgage on the office material, and the editor wants his political friends and sympathizers to help him pay the mortgage, adding: We would burn it up, every splinter of wood and every letter of type before we would let it get into the hands of our enemies. Now this sounds rather wild, don't it? But it is literally true. This man, who boldly proclaims he would commit arson in order to prevent a creditor from getting his money, will talk about honest elections and ballot box frauds, and other stereotyped phrases of his party! He's a beautiful example.

"Curious marriage that, yesterday." "How, curious?" "The bride was given away, and the girls are saying that the groom threw himself away."—New York Press.

"These trousers are awfully short." "Well you told my collector the other day that you were awful short yourself."—Stonington Bulletin.

"Is your friend Wilkins the sort of a man who would borrow a dollar from you and never pay it back?" "Nixie! Not from me."

DEMAGOGUES' HUMBUG.

From the Nashville American.

About the biggest humbug of the age is the tirade made by many public men and many newspapers against the "bank power" and its growing influence. Did trade, commerce and civilization not require banks they would not exist, and if these men and papers who harrangue against banks and their growing power, which is a fabrication, want to return to the days of the note shavers, why don't they say so? Banks don't force their loans upon borrowers, but they afford borrowers an opportunity for obtaining money which in the absence of banks would only be begranted by usurers. Banks collect the surplus deposits of individuals and furnish a means by which it can be used in the daily business transactions of a community. The fellow who is hard up and cannot give security generally abuses banks, but the men who know that business cannot get along without banks appreciate their value. From Senator Mills' remarks, it is inferable that he thinks a bank should lend a depositor's money to Tom, Dick and Harry because they need it, regardless of the rights of a depositor, and Senator Mills proposes a crusade against banks evidently because they, as a rule, adopt wise business policies. It is not at all likely that the well established laws of trade and commerce will be overturned by Senator Mills' contention that the United States treasury should do the banking business of this country and issue all the circulating notes. The experiment of the treasury as a bank has been a costly one, and the people will have to pay greater sums in the future to sustain this policy than they have in the past.

UNIQUE COMPOSITION.

A Piece of Poetry Which Can Be Read Three Different Ways.

I send a unique composition which was originally published in a Philadelphia paper over a hundred years ago. It may be read three different ways. First, let the whole be read in the order in which it is printed; second, read the lines downward on the left of each comma in every line; third, in like manner on the right of each comma. In the first reading the revolutionary cause is condemned, and, by the others, encouraged and lauded:
Hark! hark! the trumpet sounds, the din of war's alarms;
O'er seas and solid grounds, doth call us all to arms.
Who for King George do stand, their honors soon shall shine;
Their ruin is at hand, who with the Congress join.
The acts of Parliament, in them I much delight;
I hate their cursed intent, who for the Congress fight.
The torments of the day, they are my daily feast;
They soon will sneak away, who Independence boast:
Who non-resistance hold, they have my hand and heart.
May they for slaves be sold, who act a Whigish part;
On Mansfield, North and Bute, may daily blessings pour.
Confusion and dispute, on Congress evermore.
To North and British lords, may honor still be done.
I wish a block of cord, to General Washington.
—Washington Star.

TURN THE CUN THE OTHER WAY.

From the Brundage News.

The Florence Times in a recent issue says: "All the votes of this country want in connection with this bond business is to locate the responsibility for them, and to get a good square whack at the guilty parties." "Why, dear Times, we have been under the impression, lo, these many years, that the 'responsibility' for our financial condition had been settled on the republican party. Who else and what else created the obnoxious laws which make possible the 'endless chain' of drainage upon the national treasury. Now, just quit 'whacking' at your own party and put in a few 'good' square whacks at the guilty parties, the republicans."

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is a certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Granulated Eye Lids, Sore Nipples, Piles, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum and Scald Head, 25 cents per box. For sale by druggists.

TO HORSE OWNERS. For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and a host of troubles, giving new life to an old worn-out horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists.

PARKER & ARMSTRONG

Probate Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County. Probate Court, 18th day of January, 1896. Estate of John Dorrough, Deceased. This day came Joseph T. Dorrough, administrator of the estate of John Dorrough, deceased and filed his account, vouchers, evidences and statement for a final settlement of the same. It is ordered that the 10th day of February, 1896, be appointed a day for making such settlement, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper. W. F. THIETFORD, JR., Jan-23-3 Special Judge of Probate.

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness secured by the mortgage made May 23, 1891, by Thomas J. Peter and Esther A. Peter to French Nabors, and recorded in the probate office of Shelby county, Alabama, in volume 34 of mortgages, page 12, which mortgage and the indebtedness secured by same, having been transferred and assigned to me, and being now held by me, and said default still continuing, I, Minthorne Woolsey, will on Saturday the 13 day of February, 1896, sell to the highest bidder for cash, at the post office door in the town of Briarfield, Alabama, the lands conveyed in said mortgage and described as follows, to wit: The west half of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section twenty, and all that part of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section sixteen that lies west of the dirt road leading from Montevallo to Randolph, and the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section fourteen, all in township twenty-four, north, range twelve east, containing in all 74 acres more or less. MINTHORNE WOOLSEY. MALLORY & McLEOD, Aucts.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Pitcher and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 33 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of *Dr. H. Pitcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE RACKET STORE.

THE BEST EFFORTS OF A RELIABLE STORE ARE BEFORE YOU WHEN YOU READ THIS AD.

If they do not appear as tempting as some other ads. in this paper, perhaps it is because we're a little more conscientious about what we say. You can take our goods all around to as many stores as you choose. If you can match them in

QUALITY AND PRICE.

You have the privilege to return them and have your money refunded.

Every article in our house is new. The price on every article is positively lower than the lowest.

Men's Overcoats, worth	- -	\$ 9.00	our price	\$5.00
" " " "	- -	11.00	"	6.00
" " " "	- -	12.50	"	8.00
" " " "	- -	15.00	"	9.00
Boys' " " " "	from	-	1.25	up

Our men's suits are too numerous to mention all the prices, but we will mention a few.

Men's suits, worth	\$ 5.00,	our price	\$ 3.00
" " " "	7.00,	"	4.00
" " " "	10.00,	"	7.00
" " " "	12.50,	"	9.00
" " " "	15.00,	"	10.00

Before selecting a suit elsewhere you want to do yourself justice and look at our fine line of Prince Alberts and Cutaway suits we are selling at \$12.50. For pants we are headquarters; from 50c up to \$4—28 different styles to select from. If you need anything in Boys' Clothing don't fail to call and examine our stock. We can suit you in sizes, quality and price.

Just received 14 cases of underwear straight from the manufacturers. If you need anything in this line it will be to your benefit to call and examine our stock. In Overshirts, Hats and Shoes we can't be beat, as we have all the makes, styles and prices to suit you. Our line of Dress Goods is complete in every respect, and compare with any first-class dry goods house.

In addition to our low prices, we give to every customer who buys \$40.00 worth of goods by January 1, 1896, 1 set chairs valued at \$6.00. Trade with us; it has paid others, and will pay you.

Yours for Low Prices,

J. A. HERZFELD & CO., PROPS.,
SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

"HOT SHOTS,"

BY
SAM JONES.

You Laugh and Cry When You Read This Great Book.

OVER THREE HUNDRED PAGES,
Superbly illustrated and bound in the most elegant English cloth.
DOLLARS FOR WORKERS.

This grand book is now out and will only be sold by Agents.

A WONDERFUL OFFER.

Any responsible man or woman sending us only ONE DOLLAR will receive by return mail POSTPAID a complete Agent's outfit, consisting of a full and complete copy of this noble book.

ORDER NOW

and get your territory or some one else will be ahead of you, and to miss selling this book means the loss of a big salary for the next year. We pay the very best commissions. Order today.

ADDRESS

SOUTHWESTERN PUBLISHING HOUSE,
NO. 208 N. COLLEGE ST., NASHVILLE, TENN.

STAND BY YOU!

By Those Who Stand by

We have now completed arrangements for a sale of Popular Goods at prices which will make us

THE FRIEND OF EVERY

Every economical buyer.

We keep the best qualities and assortment in

DRY GOODS,

Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Hats, Caps, Gent's Furnishing, Laces and Embroideries.

SEE THE STOCK!

Cash bought it—

LOW PRICES WILL SELL IT

Our specialty—To please our customers. Our aim—To save money for our patrons. Our intention—To do better by you than any one else.

Stand up and tell us, if you can, where goods can be bought cheaper, for none are allowed to undersell

S. STARK,
SHELBY - - ALA.
TWO FOR ONE!

That is what is offered for

\$1.00 A YEAR

You can get the Montgomery Semi-Weekly

ADVERTISER

An eight-page paper issued twice a week, all the year round. No paper as complete and interesting for an Alabamian can be had in all the land at any price. It is full of instructive and entertaining matter for the

Farm, Fireside and Store.



For information and free Handbook write to the Scientific American Agency for Patents, 375 Broadway, New York. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. No patent taken here without first consulting the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American.

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Special rates for libraries. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year; \$1.00 six months. Address, MON & CO., Publishers, 375 Broadway, New York City.

HAVE YOU READ THE * TIMES

PHILADELPHIA

THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family newspaper.

THE TIMES aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent to any one sending their address.

TERMS: DAILY, \$3.00 per annum; \$1.00 for four months; 30 cents per month. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages—168 columns, elegantly illustrated, \$2.00 per annum; 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, \$2.00 per annum; 50 cents per month. WEEKLY EDITION, 30 cents per annum. Address all letters to

THE TIMES, PHILADELPHIA

Non-Resident Notice.

STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY. In Chancery, Sixth District, North-Eastern Chancery Division: Claudia Holman, Complainant, vs. I. M. Holman, Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of John D. Strange, that the defendant, I. M. Holman, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in the State of Texas; and further, that in belief of said affidavit, the plaintiff, Claudia Holman, filed a bill of complaint in this cause by the 10th day of February, A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him. Done at office in Columbiana this 4th day of January, A. D. 1896. GORDON DuBOISE, Register.

CONSUMPTION
SO PRONOUNCED
By the Physicians
SEVERE
COUGH
At Night
Spitting Blood
Given Over by the Doctors!
LIFE SAVED BY
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

"Seven years ago, my wife had a severe attack of lung trouble which the physicians pronounced consumption. The cough was extremely distressing, especially at night, and was frequently attended with the spitting of blood. The doctors being unable to help her, I induced her to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and was surprised at the great relief it gave. Before using one whole bottle, she was cured, so that now she is quite strong and healthy. That this medicine saved my wife's life, I have not the least doubt."—K. MORRIS, Memphis, Tenn.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
Received Highest Awards
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

COLUMBIANA, JAN. 23, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50

SHELBY LODGE, No. 140, A. F. & A. M.
Regular communication at 7:30, at Shelby, Ala.
last Saturday night in each month. Visiting
members in good standing cordially invited.
J. S. LEEPER, Sec. I. D. MASON, W. M.

SHELBY LODGE, No. 50, K. O. P.
Regular meetings first and third Monday
nights of each month, at 7:30, at Shelby, Ala.
A. M. PIERCE, K. of R. and S. and M. of E.

CORINTHIAN LODGE, 402, A. F. & A. M.
Meets at Shelby, Ala. the second Thursday
night of each month, at 7:30. Visiting
brethren cordially invited to attend.
J. F. McLANE, Sec. A. H. AVERY, W. M.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

John Chambers, of New Orleans, is here on a visit.

R. E. McLean, of Birmingham, is at home on a visit to his family.

Prof. C. E. Franklin, of Shelby, was a guest of our town Saturday.

Robert Sawyer died last week at his home, near Shelby, of measles.

Hon. W. B. Browne paid Birmingham a "professional" visit Saturday.

John Davis, of Tennessee, is on a visit to his mother, Mrs. R. E. McLean.

O. N. Pritchard came up from Al-drich Friday to attend the teachers' institute.

Gus Little, aged 46 years, died last Friday at his home, in Pelham, of throat disease.

Prof. C. H. Florey and brother T. G. Florey, of Harpersville, attended the institute here last week.

Miss Birdie Allen, of Montevallo, was the guest of Columbiana friends the latter part of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Fuqua, after a visit of three weeks to relatives here, left last week for their home in Tehuacana, Texas.

Tax Assessor Hammond has purchased the residence on East College street from John Porter, and will move into it in a short time.

Dr. H. I. Williams has purchased the residence property of Mrs. D. B. McMath, on north Main street, in this place, and will move into same in a few days.

Sam Letkowitz, of the dry goods firm of Erick & Letkowitz, at Bessemer, Ala., was in our town for two days. He is much pleased with the business outlook here.

Dr. and Mrs. S. W. Jones will make this their home for the future. They arrived last week and are at the Colonial. Dr. Jones is now traveling for a Knoxville house, and will be on the road most of the time.

An interesting session of the teachers' institute was held here last Friday and Saturday. The attendance was rather small, owing to the very disagreeable weather, but those present were profitably entertained.

Judging from the number of real estate deals made here recently, it would seem that lots here are in active demand. But then this is only a starter. As soon as our matchless school facilities are generally understood, Columbiana dirt will be at a premium, so if you want to get in "on the ground floor," buy now before the boom strikes us.

We understand that one of the leading firms of Bessemer will in the near future be interested in a business enterprise here under the management of H. Fox. They propose to carry the largest stock of merchandise ever carried in Shelby county, and will be prepared to compete with any market in the state. Keep your eye open. Call to see Mr. Fox at the Moore corner.

Yesterday an important real estate deal was consummated. J. H. Page purchased from B. L. Moore the vacant lot on the south-east corner of Main and College streets, and it is his intention to build thereon a two-story brick building 32 feet wide and 80 feet long. It will be completed and ready for occupancy by mid-summer. Mr. Page informed us that he will put in a large stock of goods early in the fall. This is good news, for the more stores we have the more trade will be attracted here.

Walter. H. Daran, for a number of years secretary and treasurer of the Calera Lime Co., and who until recently has held the same position for the Chewacla Lime Co., in South Alabama, was last week promoted to a very responsible position, with a largely increased salary with the Anniston Lime & Coal Co., of Anniston. He is a young man of exceptionally fine business qualifications, and we note with pleasure his success.

Harpersville Echoes.

Measles! measles!
Oats are being sowed.
Measles have played havoc with our school.

E. V. Caldwell paid Anniston a business trip a few days ago.

The alliance school house has been moved from here to Cresswell.

Col. Kidd has gone to Birmingham this week with a drove of cattle.

Mr. Giles' congregation was very small Sunday on account of measles.

Farm hands are very scarce here, in fact there is a good demand for wage hands.

W. B. Hubbard is off on a few days rest this week and has gone up in the upper portion of the state.

Some of our boys want to know what a "gold bug" is. Is it related any way to a "blind tiger?"

The bed renovators who are stationed at Vincent are working up this community for all it is worth.

Dr. Teague, of Columbiana, that venerable man of God and one whom we all love, is visiting Harpersville.

Dr. Nelson has built him a barn two stories and has a collar. The cellar is to keep his horse in when the wind blows.

There is measles in almost every family in our community, and Prof. Florey has dismissed his school for an indefinite time.

Deputy Sheriff Shelby Nelson arrested Ike and George Green here last week charged with selling cattle that didn't belong to them.

Cadet Frank Gorman, of the Howard, was over last Sunday and the girls all say that he looks so very handsome with his uniform on.

Politics are not being talked much now, in fact our farmers are more interested in the bread and meat question than they are in politics, but when it comes to voting they will be there all the same.

JAKE.

Wilsonville Warblings.

A. G. Weldon is preparing to build a new house.

C. K. Clifton, of Jefferson county, was here last week.

There was a good many drummers in our town last week.

Mrs. Johnston, of Columbiana, is visiting relatives here.

Three families have moved in our community since December.

Will Tinney, who has been working in Anniston, has returned home.

The measles which is raging in our little town has caused many to stop work.

Rev. Cary, pastor of the Methodist church, has moved into his new residence.

The sermon at the Methodist church Sunday night was enjoyed by all who attended.

John Brown, who has been absent several months, is now at home with his mother.

As we had no preaching Sunday morning we had a very interesting prayermeeting.

Neither of our teachers could attend the institute at Columbiana on account of sickness.

Miss Florence Weatherly, who is teacher of Vincent, spent several days with relatives at this place.

Three of the meanest men in the world were in town Sunday eve. They took a pet cat from one of the store porches, cut off its ears and tail, then left it thus to suffer. They should be prosecuted for cruelty to animals.

The next meeting of our literary society will be held at Mrs. H. C. Dolshime's and the program will be as follows: A recitation by Miss Judie Kilpatrick; prophecy by Miss Bessie Nimmo; Music by Miss Olive Densler; News of the week by Mr. Austin Daniel; Debate, subject: "Who deserves the greatest praise Columbus for discovering or Washington for defending America," debaters: For Columbus, Mr. Claude Jackson, Miss Lula Weldon, Mr. W. J. Tinney, Miss Purnie Pope; for Washington, Mr. W. R. Smith, Mr. Oscar Tinney, Miss Kate Gwin, Miss Ellie Brown.

PANSY.

Easily Satisfied.

Tramp—Please, mum, would ye be so kind as to let me have a needle and thread?

Mrs. Surburb—Well, y-es, I can let you have that.

"Thankee, mum. Now, you'd oblige me very much if you'll let me have a bit of cloth for a patch."

"Well, here is some."

"Thankee, mum; but it's a different color from my travelin' suit. Perhaps, mum, you could spare me some of your husband's old clothes that this patch will patch."

"Well, I declare! I'll give you an old suit however. Here it is."

"Thankee, mum, I see it's a little large, mum, but, if you'll kindly furnish me with a square meal, nebbey I can fill it out."—New York Weekly.

Almost everyone that can't sing was at one time a member of a church choir.—Athenian Globe.

WHO AND WHAT ARE THEY?

From the Chattanooga Times.

Who are these men that keep up the shouting that they are the peculiar friends and old guardians of the rights of the dear people; their "right" to unlimited rag money, silver ditto, and the rest of the populist demagoguery and mischief? Who are they and what have they done for their country? What has their work accomplished for the betterment of the working people? When and where did they aid the cause of popular and higher education? How many hospitals have they built and endowed? What abuse have they reformed?

Will somebody name a single man among those who have led these fad-labeled factions, that has left a mark on the history of his country and time, that is to his credit and the benefit of the masses? We confess our inability to think of a single instance.

Among the great number of rich men who last year bequeathed or presented to charity, to the cause of education, criminal reform, religion and other like objects, the vast sum of \$29,000,000, we will wager odds there was not one silvermoon or populist or socialist or anarchist. If there is one such let him be named without delay; and we will then have a rare specimen, which we have been in search of, for lo these many years, and have not found him.

These specialists in lip-service for humanity, expended all their energies advocating some theory of government guardianship of the people. They want government to put the stamping mills to work turning out "cheap" silver money; they would set the printing presses running to print millions of paper "dollars;" they demand that government go into the market and buy all the products of the farm, paying for it in scrip at full prices; they ask the government to lay its heavy hand on the railways, telegraph lines, telephones; in short they would have the government appoint itself guardian in ordinary to the whole people, the silly fellows forgetting the people are, in the last analysis, the government.

And when these good souls have done striving to bring in the millennium, by the power of a series of "Be it enacted," they seem to be totally exhausted and utterly incapacitated for the doing of any kind of practical good. Their theories are the all-in-all with them. They begin and end in a bathos, made up of sentiment of the sweetened water sort, and flimsy speculation on what ought to be. No matter how rich they may be, they never think it worth their while to go into their pockets for a penny to do a bit of good with, or to mention a charity, school or other public benefaction, in their will.

Take the Peppers and Powderlys; the Debses; the Vests and Camerons; the labor and charity and political demagogues, and select from the whole list a single capable, honest and useful man, if you can find him. We can't. They are either selfish schemers or harebrained idealists who have no practical sense.

Up-to-Date Seedsmen.

Among the fruit and flower novelties which 1896 brings us, we notice that the enterprising and reliable firm of James Vick's Sons, Rochester, N. Y., are already calling attention to three, which seem to have won great favor where known. They are the Double Sweet Pea, the only one in the world true to name, "Bride of Niagara," the "Early Leader Tomato," the earliest of all the early tomato and to become a great favorite, and the already famous blackberry, the "Rathburn."

From the praise and compliments given so abundantly to the "Bride of Niagara," this sweet pea must be more than charming and from the encomiums lavished on both the new tomato and this new blackberry, it is pretty certain no garden desiring to have the first and best of every thing, can be without these three new comers.

By the way, readers, are any of you so far behind the times as not to know "Vick's Floral Guide?" If any of you have never seen it, send 10 cents to this firm at Rochester, N. Y., and get a copy. You can deduct this from the first order for seeds and the pleasure and information their Guide will give you will certainly induce you to keep up the acquaintance.

Senator Morgan.

From the New York Tribune.

Senator Morgan, of Alabama, bubbled with language continuously for two hours in the senate on Monday. It is not unlikely that when the angel with one foot on the sea and the other on dry land starts in to proclaim that Time shall be no more, he will find Morgan somewhere on the shore discussing finance and refusing to be interrupted. In that case the angel will have to sit down and fold up his wings and let Time run on indefinitely if not interminably.

Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery, for consumption, coughs and colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the great remedy for Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them, and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more about them. Sold at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, tumors, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

Marvelous Results.
From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitancy in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church, at River Junction, she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption, and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at Parker & Armstrong's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

Tax Assessor's Notice.

Under the new revenue code of Alabama the assessment of State and County taxes for 1896 began on October 1, 1895, and provides that a penalty of 10 per cent be added to all unassessed property after February 1st. The law also requires every tax return to be sworn to.

J. H. HAMMOND,
Tax Assessor Shelby County.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.

BROWNE & LEEPER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

W. P. THETFORD, Jr.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a fieri facias, issued from the Circuit court of Shelby county, and to me directed, I will proceed to sell in front of the Court House door, in the town of Columbiana,

on the 23d day of January, 1896,

within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, to-wit:

One two-horse thimble skin wagon.

One two-horse hack.

One buggy and harness.

One sorrel horse about 8 years old.

Levied upon as the property of King H. Davis to satisfy said fieri facias in my hands in favor of Johnston & White.

This the 13th day of January, 1896.

H. W. NELSON, Sheriff.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.

In Chancery, Sixth District, North-Eastern Chancery Division.

Mrs. Marie L. E. Verchot, Complainant, vs. Alabama Iron and Steel Co., et al, Defendants.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of J. T. Leeper that the defendant, the National Bank of Orange County, one of the defendants in the above stated cause, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in Goshen, Orange County, New York, and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in The Chronicle a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring it, the said National Bank of Orange County, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 15th day of February, A. D. 1896, or, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against it. Done at office, in Columbiana, this 10th day of January, A. D. 1896.

GORDON DuBOSE, Register.

Notice to Non-Resident.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.

Savannah Higgins, complainant, vs. Ed Higgins, defendant, in Chancery, Sixth District, North-Eastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of J. N. Cook that the defendant, Ed Higgins, is a non-resident and that his place of residence is unknown, and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that publication be made in the Shelby Chronicle a newspaper, published in the County of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said Ed Higgins, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 5th day of January, A. D. 1896, or, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him. Done at office, in Columbiana, this 30th day of November, A. D. 1895.

GORDON DuBOSE, Register.

We Make

the Only Mill

that will Grind

Cotton Seed

Satisfactorily

Capacity up to 200

bushels per hour. Pow-

er required about four

horse power. We guar-

antee it fully. Price \$75.

MONTGOMERY IRON WORKS,

Montgomery, Alabama.

THE BEST WAY

—TO THE—

SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST,

NORTH AND NORTHWEST,

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through

MONTGOMERY, MOBILE AND NEW

ORLEANS.

Connecting for all points in

Texas and the West

Also running through to

NASHVILLE, EVANSVILLE, LOUISVILLE

CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS.

Connecting for all points in the

North and Northwest.

Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent of the Louisville & Nashville railroad at Calera, or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

NEW STORE

COME
TO THE
NEW STORE,
At Moore's Corner,
COLUMBIANA,
FOR YOUR
Dry & Goods,
Clothing,
SHOES,
Groceries, Etc.

We will sell you any-
thing you may want at
prices as low as goods
can be bought in any
market in the State.

Respectfully,
Columbiana
Bargain
Store,
In B. L. Moore Building

NEW GOODS

1895 VICTOR BICYCLES:—\$100.00



There are eight Victor Models for ladies and gentlemen, practically any height frame furnished. Victors lead the cycling world. Send for catalogue.

OVERMAN WHEEL CO

Makers of Victor Bicycles and Athletic Goods.

BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO. DENVER. DETROIT.
SAN FRANCISCO. PACIFIC COAST. LOS ANGELES. PORTLAND.

HOOD MACHINE COMPANY,

J. A. HOOD and T. J. CALDWELL, Proprietors.

Cor. 1st Avenue and 15th Street,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Repairers of LOCOMOTIVES, BOILERS and MACHINERY of all Kinds.

Saw Mill Work a Specialty.

Special agents for Decatur Car Wheel Co. We fit up wheels and axles of every description. Gear wheels cut with perfect accuracy from solid casting. We buy and sell second hand engines, boilers, etc.

GORDON * DuBOSE,
BANKER,
COLUMBIANA ALA.

Conducts a general banking business on a safe, yet progressive policy.

Best of Facilities Offered to Customers.

Deposits received upon liberal terms. No pains spared to accommodate customers.

Your patronage solicited.

THE CHRONICLE



BOOK AND JOB OFFICE

Has one of the most complete plants in Alabama. We lead the procession when it comes to artistic work, and prices the very lowest.

I employ the best printers, keep the best stock and ask the city firms no odds, as my expenses are far less than theirs and I give my customers the benefit of the difference in low prices.

Samples of Work and Estimates Gladly Furnished.

Let me quote you prices on any class of work you need. I make a specialty of pamphlet and book work.

Correspondence invited. Address

C. C. DuBOSE, Prop'r.

EARLIEST RADISHES AND PEAS.

The editor urges all readers to grow the earliest vegetables. They pay. Well, Salzer's Seeds are bred to earliness, they grow and produce every time. None so early, so fine as Salzer's. Try his radishes, cabbages, peas, beets, cucumbers, lettuce, corn, etc. Money in it for you. Salzer is the largest grower of vegetables, farm seeds, grasses, clovers, potatoes, etc.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND TO THE John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., with 10c postage, you will get sample package of Early Bird Radish (ready in 16 days) and their great catalog. Catalog alone 5c postage. (1c)

Nerves

Depend upon the blood for sustenance. Therefore if the blood is impure they are improperly fed and nervous prostration results. To make pure blood, take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. \$1; 6 for \$5. Hood's Pills cure habitual constipation. Price 25 cents.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Cotton.

With careful rotation of crops and liberal fertilizations, cotton lands will improve. The application of a proper fertilizer containing sufficient Potash often makes the difference between a profitable crop and failure. Use fertilizers containing not less than 3 to 4%

Actual Potash.

Kainit is a complete specific against "Rust."

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars boasting special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing the results of latest experiments in this line. Every cotton farmer should have a copy. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

The Strongest Proof of the superiority of **Charter Oak Stoves** and Ranges is their record of nearly half a century. Others have come and gone, but the **CHARTER OAK** is still with us, and more popular than ever.

THE ARMSTRONG CO. does half the world's windmill business, because it has reduced the cost of wind power to 1/10 what it was. It has many branch houses, and supplies its goods and repairs at your door. It can and does furnish a better article for less money than others. It makes Pumping and Gearing, Steel, Galvanized and Corrugated Iron, and all kinds of machinery. On application it will name one of these articles that it will furnish within 10 days at 1/2 the usual price. It also makes Tanks and Pumps of all kinds. Send for catalogue. Factory: 12th, Rockwell and Fillmore Streets, Chicago.

OLD HATS MADE NEW. **A. MEANS**, 804 1/2 2nd Street, MEMPHIS, TENN.

White Washing Done Everywhere with Clairette Soap

All washing is not white washing, as all soap is not Clairette. That bath-brick tint when seen in clothes, always proves that they are strangers to Clairette Soap. Try it. Sold everywhere. Made by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, - ST. LOUIS.

HOW WOMEN BUY DIAMONDS.

Prominent Jeweler Refuses to Place a Price on a Gem.

To the private office of a prominent jeweler the other day entered a middle-aged woman, richly caparisoned in finery and furbelow, and evidently forming part of the dough that makes the upper crust. She held in one hand a diamond earring. The jewel was large and brilliant. With entire coolness of demeanor she said: "I lost the mate to this. Will you be kind enough to tell me what it will cost to get another exactly like it?"

The jeweler eyed her keenly and then said: "Madame, where did you lose your earring?"

The effect of this simple question upon the woman was surprising. She was evidently unprepared for the query, and there was certainly something in it that disturbed her. "It makes no difference where I lost it," she answered in a decidedly sharp tone. "What will it cost me to obtain another exactly like this?" and she held up the sparkling stone.

"Did you advertise for the one you lost, madame?" persisted the jeweler blandly.

"What has that got to do with the matter?" she replied in an angry tone. "Well, madame," was the smiling reply, "if you advertise for the earring which you lost you might recover it, and then you would not be placed under the necessity of ascertaining what it would cost to replace it. Advertise first, madame, and if you do not recover the jewel come in again and I will answer your questions." Saying this the diamond dealer politely bowed the door.

"Why will women lie in such small affairs," said the jeweler, wearily, "and why will nearly every purchaser of a diamond look upon the merchant with whom he or she deals as a rascal? That woman hasn't lost an earring. She has purchased a pair, perhaps, on trial, and she will go to nearly every jeweler in town with that pretty lie and endeavor to get a price upon that stone. It is one of the finest of diamonds and evidently came from one of our leading dealers, whom she insists on believing is engaged in a scheme to rob her. The chances are that she will eventually get in the hands of some unscrupulous merchant, whom she can find even in big stores. He will tell her that the stone is 'off-colored' and contains a flaw." He will show her a poor diamond of the same size as the other, and fix upon it a price which he knows is less than the fine brilliant one that she bought. The result will be that madame will send her fine brilliant back in a rage and buy the inferior stone for twice what it is worth. This evil has grown to such an extent that it is sometimes impossible to detect the fraudulent character of the stories brought us. They are all very ingenious. As a result big houses, except in rare cases, refuse to place prices upon jewels brought to them."

The jeweler continued: "People have the queerest notions about diamonds and other jewels, and some of them give us much trouble. The most general delusion is that diamonds have a standard value just as arbitrarily fixed as that of a double eagle. You will frequently hear people say: 'It is an excellent investment to place your money in fine diamonds, for they are worth just so much a carat, and you can always sell them for just what you paid for them.' My lady buys a handsome brooch for \$700, and after wearing it a year or two endeavors to sell it to her jeweler, or, perhaps, to his rival. She is offered \$200 for it. She then throws up her hands and lifts up her voice, and protests that she has been swindled. What nonsense it all is! With diamonds as with other merchandise a stone is worth exactly what it will bring. Were it otherwise there could be no profit in diamond dealing. How could I make money in selling double eagles when I would have to pay \$20 for them, and could not sell them for a penny more?"

"Here is a very fine Indian brilliant upon my finger. I bought it at a forced sale and paid nearly \$800 for it. Yesterday I was offered \$1,300 for it, but I would not sell because I am in love with the stone. Yet I cannot say that the stone is worth \$1,300. It was worth it at the time that sum was offered for it by one who wanted it, but if I were compelled to sell it next week at 24 hours' notice I might not get \$600 for it. Why should a woman expect to wear a brooch for two years and then obtain for it the same money she paid for it? Last week I bought a new carriage and paid \$1,800 for it, I said to a friend: 'Come and take an \$800 drive with me.' He looked at me as if he thought me insane. 'I mean it,' I said. 'There is a carriage that cost me \$1,800. We will drive in it through the park. To-morrow I will not be able to obtain \$1,000 for it.' With jewelry it is much the same way."—Philadelphia Times.

Right in Style. Mrs. De Style—Too cold. Phew! Everything is frozen solid this morning. Where's my fur muffler? Mrs. De Style—Where are you going? Mr. De Style—To Stall & Feedmen, to tell them to send a man around to clip our horses.—N. Y. Weekly.

A KNOW NOTHING CONGRESS.

Distressing Incapacity of the Republican House.

The president urged congress not to take a holiday recess without making provision for a pressing financial emergency. Congress did not adjourn. It recognized the need of action at once if there was to be action in time to do any good. The house passed a tariff bill and a bond bill, neither of which was of any use whatever for the purpose of meeting the emergency.

Now we are told, after all this show of alacrity on the part of the house, that "senators feel there is no necessity for them to make haste," because "neither of these measures can pass for many long weeks and perhaps months." Therefore senators proceed in the most leisurely way to complete the organization of their house as a republican body and then talk of adjourning for a week without attempting to do anything in response to the president's appeal.

"Thus we have a complete and distressing demonstration of the incapacity of either house of the present congress to act rationally in a situation which demands prompt action. The one thing to be done was to provide for the maintenance of gold payments at a time when the gold reserve was liable to be exhausted in the absence of power to replenish it at once by borrowing. The president asked authority to borrow on the most favorable terms and to protect the reserve against further raids by canceling the redeemed legal tenders or at least holding them in the treasury so they could not be used again to empty the gold vaults."

The house responded by passing a tariff bill, knowing perfectly well that it could not be passed and put into effect in time to do any good, even if it would bring in any gold when in effect, and knowing just as well that it would bring no gold into the treasury except what was drawn out in exchange for legal tenders. It also responded by passing a bond bill depriving the president even of the power he now has to sell bonds for gold drawn from sources outside of the treasury. In short, the house passed two bills to embarrass the treasury, not to afford security.

And the senate confessed its utter incapacity by placidly organizing as a republican silver body and going to sleep with the president's alarm bell ringing in its ears.

What sort of a congress is this to deal with a state of affairs under which it may become necessary to raise large sums of money? Suppose war should suddenly break out between this country and Great Britain, how would we fare financially? New loans would have to be authorized, for the treasury department has no authority to issue bonds for war purposes or for any purpose not specified in the resumption act. But no reasonable loan act could be had from this congress. Even if the house should develop sense enough to authorize a gold bond the senate would have none of it.

If war should break out now about the first thing this congress would do would be to authorize a great lot of greenbacks and silver certificates against alleged seigniorage. Suspension of gold payments would quickly follow. The currency would depreciate as it did during the civil war, prices would go up to correspond and the cost of the war would be at least twice what it ought to be. And the debt would have to be paid in sound money or the public and private credit of the country would be ruined.

War would be a double calamity with such a congress in the saddle. With the possibility of war confronting them people ought to be able to see the importance of a sound and solid monetary system. They ought to see that the government never should exercise the power to issue legal tender notes except to meet some great emergency, and even then should exercise it so sparingly as not to cause depreciation. They ought to see that such notes should be withdrawn completely at the earliest moment after the passing of the emergency. But this congress sees nothing of the kind. It is far less capable of enacting wise financial measures than were the war congresses of 1861 and 1865.—Chicago Chronicle.

A Reserve of Wind. As one travels around and about that monetary scheme of the republicans, its boshiness shows at every corner. There is the "fatal mush of concession" everywhere. For one instance of many, it proposes that all greenbacks redeemed in gold shall be held in the treasury as a part of the "reserve." What is it when analyzed? The redemption of the greenbacks is but the payment of the debt expressed on their face. What is the "reserve"? It is the money, the actual money, kept to pay these debts with. What then, is this proposition? To put the paid promises to pay into the fund with which to pay. A parrot would be for a business firm to put into its safe the notes which it had taken up to be used "on a pinch" in paying other notes with. Should this nonsense prevail and become a law, one can imagine a holder of the greenback notes of the government presenting them for payment and being paid in the redeemed and paid greenbacks held in the "gold" reserve. Could anything be more absurd than this? And yet it is the best method that a party that boasts of its superior administrative and business capacity can devise. Before they are through with it they are likely to recant even on this, and order the continued reissue of greenbacks. Then republicans themselves cannot say of what the reserve would consist.—St. Paul Globe.

—What is there about protection pap that makes those fed on it such sniveling molly-coddles? There is not a state in the union that has been the scene of more lawlessness than the protection stronghold of Pennsylvania. There is no state with more paupers in proportion to population. There is no state where strikes have been so frequent or more extensive, or where more want has afflicted the tariff-protected wage workers.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

—Mr. Dingley's gross blunder in the preparation of a new tariff measure which he makes an abbreviated bottled McKim bill is gross even in a matter of detail. Mr. Dingley, chairman of the committee on ways and means, ought to have been well enough informed to save his committee from a blunder which designates the act as the act of August 27, 1864.—Chicago Chronicle.

AN OUTRAGEOUS TAX.

Dingleyism Designs to Defraud the American People.

The Dingley robber tariff bill (this title almost rhymes with the "McKinley robber tariff bill") which the republican house passed by an almost unanimous party vote restores wool to the dutiable list. The proposition is to again tax the people's clothing and blankets—one of the most outrageous taxes that can be inflicted upon the consumers of the land—and all for the benefit of a few raisers of fancy sheep in Ohio.

The people have been fighting for free wool for many years, and now that they have secured it, they will not willingly surrender the boon. The people declared for untaxed wool after a long and careful investigation, and there is no reason to suppose that they have changed their views. The attempt of the republican congress to reimpose an outrageous tax on wool will result in the repudiation of that party at the polls next fall.

Why did the republicans provide for a heavy tax on wool and woolen clothing in this Dingley bill? The real sheep raisers of the country did not ask for it. It will not benefit them. It will probably benefit a few men who are engaged in fancy stock raising, and who will thereby be enabled to rob the public of vast sums of money. But the general run of farmers who raise wool for the market will not only not be benefited—they will be injured by this outrageous tax.

The American Wool and Cotton Reporter gave an interesting review of the wool trade of the United States. It showed that during the past year the sales of raw wool in this country aggregated 86,000,000 pounds more than the sales of the previous year; it showed that American wool had increased in price during the same period, precisely as the advocates of untaxed wool had predicted it would; it showed, too, that a remarkable development of the woolen industry had taken place since raw wool was placed on the free list.

Good all-wool clothes are cheap now, cheaper than ever before, notwithstanding the increase in the price of native wool. This is accounted for by the fact that the foreign wool which enters into the goods is obtained without any tax. It has been demonstrated that a cheap coat does not mean a cheap man under it.

No good reason can be assigned why the American people should wish to go back to the days of taxed wool.

The wool tax is an outrageous one. Dingleyism appears to be only McKinleyism behind a new mask.—Illinois State Register.

TWO SHAM MEASURES.

The Seamy Schemes of Republicans for Relieving the Treasury.

Some of our republican friends are still trying to delude themselves into the belief that the action of congress was a proper response to the president's request to do something to relieve the treasury. "The house," we are told, "prepared and passed a bill to increase the revenues of the government, taking at once the sure way of affording the gold reserve protection." Did it? On the republican theory the only trouble with the treasury was a lack of revenue. The Dingley bill was offered as the remedy. "It will add \$40,000,000 to the revenues at once," said Mr. Dingley. Well, that is more than enough revenue required if the republican theory were correct. If the only trouble was lack of revenue, and this bill supplied that lack, what more legislation is necessary?

The republicans, however, give the lie to their own professions by immediately proposing and passing through the house a bond bill for the very purpose that the first bill was said to be for. But neither the increased tariff bill nor the bond bill will accomplish the relief of the treasury. The one is a sham measure designed to restore a portion of McKinleyism under false pretenses. The other is an alleged improvement on the present law authorizing the issue of bonds to protect the gold reserve. But the prospect of the benefit that might result from a proper law authorizing a bond issue is swept away in advance by the provisions of the bill. In deference to the populist element in the republican party, the provision was inserted for the payment of the bonds in "coin," instead of in gold. Another clause forbids the retirement of the greenbacks. The former provision will prevent the sale of the bonds for a high price. The second keeps up the "endless chain."

The president has investigated and finds that there is no prospect of any helpful legislation from congress. The house is simply trifling with a growing situation; the senate, organized as it is, cannot be relied upon for anything. Therefore, the president will proceed to use the means that the law authorizes, to maintain the credit and integrity of this country, as he has done since March 4, 1864, when the republican administration handed over to him a bankrupt treasury. There will be an issue of bonds soon, we are told, under the law of 1875, to protect the gold reserve. The republican congress simply passes two sham measures to relieve the administration.—Utica Observer.

COMMENTS OF THE PRESS.

—A more cogent, candid and impartial piece of statement and reasoning has not issued from the treasury department.—N. Y. Times.

—Tom Reed can now cancel the order for 26 bedrooms at the Auditorium hotel, Chicago. Mr. Reed made a mistake in the town.—Toledo Blade.

—Since it has been placed astride the old tariff issue Mr. McKinley's boom has enjoyed something of its former excellent health and chipper disposition.—Chicago Record (Ind.).

—St. Louis won that convention on her merits. This talk about a little \$75,000 check cutting ice with a party which distributes \$100,000 funds in blocks of five is tiresome.—Albany Argus.

—It is one of the most discouraging symptoms in the present disturbed situation that the republican majority in congress is disposed to take advantage of a critical emergency by making it an excuse for forcing such tariff legislation upon the country as the people have emphatically and repeatedly protested against. If there be one thing demanded more than another at this crisis it is the prompt adoption of such a financial policy as will create absolute confidence both at home and abroad.—Detroit Free Press.

HURRAH FOR PENNSYLVANIA.

The farmers of Pennsylvania are to be congratulated. M. M. Luther, East Troy, Pa., grew over 200 bushels Salzer's Silver Mine Oats on one measured acre. Think of it! Now there are thirty thousand farmers going to try and beat Mr. Luther and win \$200 in gold! and they'll do it. Will you?

Then there is Silver King Barley, cropped on poor soil 110 bus. per acre in 1895. Isn't that wonderful—and corn 230 bus. and potatoes and grasses and clovers, fodder plants, etc., etc. Freight is cheap to all points.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND it with 10c postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will receive their mammoth catalogue and ten packages grains and grasses, including above oats, free.

(K.) "This is a sad occasion for you, sister," essayed the comforter. "I allow it is," assented the widow. "But it is a leap sadder for Bill."—Indianapolis Journal.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

Sold by Druggists, etc.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

THERE would not be any absolute necessity for reserve if the world were honest; yet even then it would prove expedient.—Shenstone.

The Gift of a Good Stomach

Is one of the most beneficent donations vouchsafed to us by nature. How often it is grossly abused! Whether the stomach is naturally weak, or has been rendered so by imprudence in eating or drinking, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the best agent for its restoration to vigor and activity. Both digestion and appetite are renewed by this one tonic, which also overcomes constipation, biliousness, malarial, kidney and rheumatic ailments and nervousness.

SUPERSTITIONS are, for the most part, but the shadows of great truths.—Tryon Edwards.

FITS—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and trial bottle free to Fit cases. Sent to Dr. Kline, 361 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

THE man who drinks too much may not be successful in life, but he is continually getting ahead.

I AM entirely cured of hemorrhage of lungs by Pico's Cure for Consumption.—LOUISA LINNABAX, Bethany, Mo., Jan. 8, '94.

This is the course of every evil deed, that, propagating, still it brings forth evil.—Coleridge.

For relieving THROAT DISEASES AND COUGHS, use "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

A TRANT never tastes of true friendship, nor of perfect liberty.—Diogenes.

THE GENERAL MARKET.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 20.	
CATTLE—Best beefs.....	3 50 @ 4 25
Stockers.....	2 15 @ 3 70
Native cows.....	2 20 @ 3 50
HOGS—Choice to heavy.....	3 00 @ 3 80
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	65 @ 70
No. 2 hard.....	58 @ 58 1/2
CORN—No. 2 mixed.....	23 1/2 @ 24 1/2
OATS—No. 2 mixed.....	16 1/2 @ 17
RYE—No. 2.....	31 @ 32
FLOUR—Patent, per sack.....	1 75 @ 1 85
Fancy.....	1 45 @ 1 55
HAY—Choice timothy.....	11 50 @ 12 50
Fancy prairie.....	6 00 @ 7 00
BRAN—(Sacked).....	43 @ 45
BUTTER—Choice creamery.....	18 @ 22
CHEESE—Full cream.....	10 @ 10 1/2
EGGS—Choice.....	11 @ 11 1/2
POTATOES.....	25 @ 30

ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Native and shipping.....	2 75 @ 4 40
Texas.....	3 60 @ 3 10
HOGS—Heavy.....	3 90 @ 4 00
SHEEP—Fair to choice.....	2 75 @ 3 50
FLOUR—Choice to heavy.....	2 60 @ 3 50
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	63 1/2 @ 63 1/2
CORN—No. 2 mixed.....	21 1/2 @ 24 1/2
OATS—No. 2 mixed.....	17 1/2 @ 17 1/2
RYE—No. 2.....	33 @ 33 1/2
BUTTER—Creamery.....	20 @ 24
LARD—Western steam.....	5 45 @ 5 60
PORK.....	9 55 @ 10 45

CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Common to prime.....	3 25 @ 4 80
HOGS—Packing and shipping.....	3 50 @ 4 05
SHEEP—Fair to choice.....	2 00 @ 2 75
FLOUR—Winter wheat.....	3 00 @ 3 30
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	62 1/2 @ 63 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	26 @ 26 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	17 1/2 @ 17 1/2
RYE.....	35 @ 36
BUTTER—Creamery.....	18 1/2 @ 22
LARD.....	5 00 @ 5 62 1/2
PORK.....	9 75 @ 9 90

NEW YORK.	
CATTLE—Native and shipping.....	3 10 @ 5 00
HOGS—Good to choice.....	4 00 @ 4 25
FLOUR—Good to choice.....	4 00 @ 3 60
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	70 @ 70 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	31 @ 31 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	23 1/2 @ 24
BUTTER—Creamery.....	12 @ 20
PORK—Mess.....	10 50 @ 12 00

Here You Are!
The DeLONG patent
Hook and Eye
stays fastened
until you undo it
yourself.

See that
hump?

Send two cents in stamps for New
Catalogue to
Richardson & DeLong
Bro., Philadelphia.

borrowing from health.

If you have borrowed from health to satisfy the demands of business, if your blood is not getting that constant supply of fat from your food it should have, you must pay back from somewhere, and the somewhere will be from the fat stored up in the body.

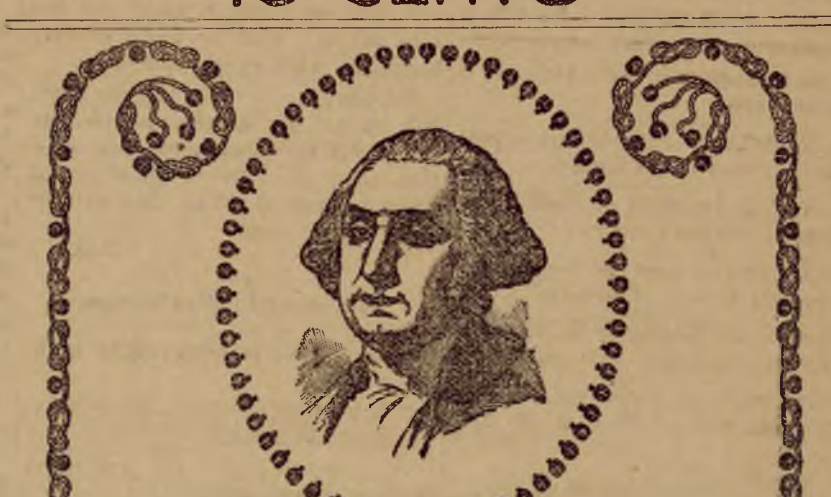
The sign of this borrowing is thinness; the result, nerve-waste. You need fat to keep the blood in health unless you want to live with no reserve force—live from hand to mouth. Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil is more than a medicine. It is a food. The Hypophosphites make it a nerve food, too. It comes as near perfection as good things ever come in this world.

Be sure you get Scott's Emulsion when you want it and not a cheap substitute.

Scott & Bowne, New York, All Druggists: 50c, and \$1.



SAY! MISTER! YOUVE DROPPED YOUR Battle-Ax PLUG A GREAT BIG PIECE FOR 10 CENTS.



The Personal Side of George Washington

Not the General nor President, but the lover, the man, the husband and neighbor. Three of such articles by General A. W. Greely, the famous Arctic explorer, will shortly begin in the

LADIES' HOME JOURNAL
OVER 700,000 COPIES SOLD
Ten Cents on All News-stands. One Dollar a Year
WANTED Agents to look after renewals and new subscribers. Profitable employment offered.
The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia
COPYRIGHT, 1895, BY THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY

DUNCAN'S LINIMENT the old reliable, tested REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM, Headache, Toothache, and PAINS generally.
G. W. GUNTER, CUNTINGVILLE, ALA., says: "I have found Duncan's Liniment to be the best remedy for pain I ever saw."
FOR COLIC IN HORSES AND MULES IT IS A "dead shot."
WEBB MANUFACTURING CO., Proprietors, - NASHVILLE, TENN.

STEEL WEB PICKET FENCE. CABLED FIELD AND HOG FENCE.
Also CABLED POLITY, GARDEN AND RABBIT FENCE.
We manufacture a complete line of Smooth Wire Fencing and guarantee every article to be as represented. If you consider quality we can save you money. CATALOGUE FREE.
1225 EIGHTH ST., DE KALB, ILL.

SALZER'S NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS ARE THE BEST!
Salzer's Seeds Sprout Quickly, Grow Vigorously, Produce Enormously.
That's their record every winter whether in the east or west, north or south, in every state and every climate. We are the largest growers of Farm and Vegetable Seeds in America. Our Samson's Plant and Seed Catalogue, and 10 samples of new creations in grain, grass and forage plants, mailed you upon receipt of 10 cents postage. Catalogue alone 5 cents. Send for today.
JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LA CROSSE, WIS.

BOILERS Tanks, Breechings, Smoke Stacks, Stand Pipes, Etc. Light and heavy plate iron work of every description.
Dan Shea & Co.
ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION
No. 85 Jefferson St. MEMPHIS, TENN.
GAYOSO HOTEL MEMPHIS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT. 100 ROOMS. REDUCED TO \$2.00 PER DAY.
Dollars for Dimes, "Sure." Planting your advertisement with the Southern Live Stock Journal, Meridian, Miss. Sample copies free.
OPIMUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 30 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.
OPIMUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. R. S. WOODLEY, ATLANTA, GA.
SEND THIS PAPER AND YOU WILL

PROVE A CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup, Cures Croup, Whooping Cough, Consumption.
A. N. K. F. 1588
WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper

THE PRODUCTION OF PIG IRON IN THE UNITED STATES IN 1895 WAS THE LARGEST IN THE HISTORY OF IRON PRODUCTION, amounting to 9,416,308 gross tons, against 6,557,588 tons in 1894.

THE ST. LOUIS GLOBE-DEMOCRAT SAYS: The last French loan was \$180,000,000, and the French people subscribed for it 17 times over. Americans can afford to do as well. Their national debt is but \$14 per capita, while that of France is \$116.

THE SOUTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE HAS PASSED THE ANTI-LYNCHING BILL WHICH provides that the county wherein a lynching takes place shall pay damages of not less than \$2,000 to the legal representatives of the person who has been lynched.

CINCINNATI AND BROOKLYN ARE DIRECTING reform into new lines. Orders have been issued in both cities forbidding expectation in street cars or on sidewalks, with adequate penalties attached. The movement will rally to its support every woman in the land.

WHATEVER annexation sentiment may exist in Hawaii, the Pittsburgh Dispatch says, it has no very strong reflex here. We believe a popular vote in the Sandwich Islands would be against annexation, and a popular vote in the United States would be overwhelmingly in the negative.

ON THE SUBJECT OF THE pollution of rivers by sewage, Gen. Wyman, of the marine hospital corps, has strong views. The rivers of America, he says, are becoming nothing more than great sewers, and their pollution is responsible, in his judgment, for most of the epidemics from which we suffer.

MRS. CHARLES HENROTIN, of Chicago, president of the General Federation of Women's clubs, has issued a circular letter to all the club presidents, asking them to forward the consideration of a peace movement in Europe and this country. The ultimate hope is to have a convention of the Christian powers of 1900 with a view to establish an international court of arbitration.

THE PREDICTION WAS FREELY MADE BY MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS, that if the reaffirmation of the Monroe doctrine is adopted by the senate and sent to the house for action, it will be allowed to rest quietly in the committee's files. A canvass of more than a majority of both republican and democratic members of the committee failed to discover any member who indorsed it.

EUGENE PAUL BRAND has just submitted a fearful weapon to the German minister of war. It puts all inventions in the sphere of death-dealing instruments in the shade. The Brand contrivance is a gun, which is not loaded with powder, but with compressed gas. A single charge will suffice for 2,500 shots, and volleys of 50 shots each can be fired in rapid succession.

A GREATER NUMBER OF suicides were committed in New York last year than in any other city in the world. The list of suicides for the year comprises 458 victims, taken from all walks of life, and varying in age from children less than 15 years to men and women nearly 90 years old. This list is the largest on record there, although the percentage of suicides to the entire population is lower than on some previous years. At certain periods last year there was an average of more than one suicide a day there.

THE WEATHER BUREAU IS ENGAGED IN experiments in the management of aeroplanes of kites that promise to be of high scientific value. Prof. Moore purposes to devise a system of kites that can be relied upon to carry a considerable weight two miles above the surface of the earth, instantly being sent up to this altitude which will automatically record the condition of the atmosphere above. Prof. Moore feels that the weather service has now reached a satisfactory state so far as concerns predictions of winds, their violence and temperatures, but the weak spot is predicting rainfalls.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL WILSON HAS ISSUED a general order providing that in all cities and towns having free delivery postal service the postal system be extended to include house-to-house collections. For the convenience of the department, however, the introduction of boxes in the house, until further orders, will be confined to 25 places. The action taken is the result of practical tests made in St. Louis and Washington. Householders in the cities will be required, for their own convenience and at their own expense, to supply suitable boxes of a kind already approved by the department.

BY SETTING OUT FROM A position so near the pole as the Norskoarna islands the aeronauts who hope to reach the north pole in M. Andree's balloon will in a few hours pass the most northerly latitudes yet reached by any man. They intend to take photographs during the journey so as to give an exact idea of the geography of the northern regions. The expedition expects to remain at least a fortnight in the air. During this time the balloon will have traveled 5,000 kilometers and the aeronauts will have obtained 2,000 photographs.

THE HIGHEST COURT IN NEW YORK HAS JUST DECIDED THAT THE present liquor law of the state calls for the abandonment of about \$5,000,000 worth of liquor saloons in New York City alone—all because of their proximity to schools and churches. This law will cause a vastly greater destruction of property and vested rights than was caused by prohibition in the states of Kansas and Iowa. There are other New York laws of recent origin which tend in the same direction. Even the Sunday closing law has the effect of many saloons look to Sunday business for the profit on the week's work.

THE CHRONICLE.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

VOLUME X.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, 1896.

NUMBER 30.

THE ST. PAUL ASHORE.

Another Accident Befalls the New American Liner.

STUCK IN THE SAND OFF LONG BRANCH.

It is Thought that High Tide and Plenty of Assistance Will Get Her Afloat—The Campanian's Narrow Escape.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., Jan. 25.—The American line steamer, St. Paul, from Southampton for New York, came ashore on the outer bar off Hotel Brighton, at Long Branch, N. J., during a dense fog at 1:30 a. m. She was shortly afterward discovered by the patrol from the Long Branch life-saving station, and preparations were immediately made to open communication with her. The apparatus was hauled to the place and brought into use, a shot with line attached was fired across the vessel, the hawser hauled on board and the breeches buoy sent off.

The St. Paul is stranded opposite East End—that is between Long Branch and New Long Branch. She rolled heavily immediately after going ashore. No passengers have been taken off the steamer, and messages received over the breeches buoy state that everything is all right on board the vessel.

The St. Paul has about 200 bags of mail, \$300,000 in gold and 700 people on board.

Another steamer, supposed to be the Campanian, is at anchor a mile down the beach. She came very near going ashore also.

The members of the life-saving crew at Sandy Hook, who have returned here from Long Branch, are of the opinion that the St. Paul will be floated by the wrecking crew at high tide.

The following is a partial list of the sacon passengers on board the St. Paul:

Hon. W. Bourke Cockran.
Mr. and Mrs. Harvey W. Brown.
Miss Mary Louise Foss.
Mrs. H. G. Fellows.
Miss E. G. Gallagher.
Mrs. Lillian K. Gore and infant.
H. C. Horton.
C. E. Horton.
Mr. and Mrs. Hewitt.
Dr. and Mrs. S. A. Knopf.
Mr. and Mrs. E. Dwight Kendall.
Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Mosher.
Robert Mandell.
Miss Lucy Russell Martin.
H. S. Pratt.
George H. Peck.
Isaac L. Bodberg.
G. W. Rowan.
Mrs. J. S. Raper.
Mrs. Minnie Sachs.
J. J. Thompson.
Mr. and Mrs. Lewis R. Worth.
Prince George Wolkonsky.
Mr. and Mrs. Dixon C. Walker.
W. Whitehouse.

It is considered quite probable that some of the freight will have to be lightened off of her as it was high tide when she went ashore and the tide can not be counted, therefore, with certainty, to float her. It will be high tide between two and three o'clock. The bottom on which she lies is a gradual slope.

The St. Paul is commanded by Capt. Jamison. This is her first return trip since her recent accident, which occurred in her engine room at her dock here, whereby ten men were either instantly killed or badly injured.

The officers and crew of the St. Paul number 331.

The St. Paul has been the victim of several minor accidents. Even before she got into the water she had one. When the launching should have taken place the great shipstuck on the ways, and stayed there for several days.

Only a week before Christmas last an accident occurred, which resulted in the death of several of her crew and delayed her trip across the Atlantic for several days.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., Jan. 25.—The life-saving crew of Station 3, at 1:45 p. m., began the work of transferring the passengers from the vessel to the tugs. The task was an extremely difficult one, as there was a heavy sea running, and it was with considerable danger to the passengers, unaccustomed to positions where surety of foot and coolness were necessary. Especially was this true as regards the women.

Capt. Merritt of the wrecking company, arrived at Long Branch at 1 p. m. After looking the situation over very carefully he said he expected to have a hard time in getting the vessel safely off into deep water. The flood tide at 1 o'clock was slowly working the vessel nearer to the shore. She was then still hard aground amidst ships.

The Mails Transferred.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., Jan. 25.—The life-saving crews commenced transferring the mails at 11 o'clock to another steamer, and they were sent to the city in the afternoon. It is supposed that the passengers were transferred to another steamer.

The weather is clear and the wind is light from the southwest, with the surf moderating.

THE BELLIGERENT SPIRIT

In British Guiana Has Calmed Down or Is Discreetly Stilled.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The Bureau of American Republics has received newspapers from British Guiana dated as late as January 8, which indicate that the belligerent spirit evinced by the colony there several months ago has calmed down considerably, or else is being discreetly stifled, on account of the more serious turn the Venezuelan dispute took upon President Cleveland's special message, followed so closely by the complications growing out of the Transvaal matter.

THE STATE OF TRADE

As Reflected by Bradstreet's Weekly Review.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—Bradstreet's weekly review says: An analysis of special telegrams to Bradstreet's from the more important business centers throughout the country shows considerable irregularity in the trade, the most favorable feature being the tendency of staple prices to advance. The advance of three cents in wheat again raises the question of the beginning of the end of the long period of depression of cereal prices has come. Supplies of wheat for leading importing markets are now controlled by Russia and the United States. The ability of India as well as Argentina to ship is much restricted compared with previous years, and Australia left the list of exporters when she began to import wheat from San Francisco recently. Domestic wheat stocks are larger than earlier official and trade estimates, but the export demand has increased so far beyond what was anticipated that the market is much more being continued, that the bulls in the speculative markets are counting on higher prices.

At such centers as Chicago and St. Louis reports are made that the interior merchants have been disappointed in the season's business and are buying somewhat more sparingly than was expected, although many jobbers at those cities report the travelers for clothing, dry goods, shoes and hardware houses are taking fair orders for spring delivery.

Total exports of wheat (four included as wheat), from both coasts of the United States this week amount to 3,849,000 bushels, as compared with 3,292,000 bushels last week, 2,840,000 in the week one year ago, 2,947,000 two years ago, 2,531,000 in the corresponding week of 1893 and as contrasted with 3,557,000 in the like week in 1892. Exports of Indian corn aggregate 3,192,000 bushels this week, a slight decrease from the week before, but more than four times the quantity sent abroad in the corresponding week one year ago, nearly twice the amount exported in the week two years ago, four times that sent out of the country in the like week in 1893, and about 600,000 bushels less than in the corresponding week in preceding years the 52 this week is seen to be an unusually large number. One year ago the total was 38; it was 40 in each of the corresponding weeks in 1894 and in 1893, and 44 in 1892.

There are 2 business failures reported from Canada this week, against 74 last week, thus indicating a large falling off. But when contrasted with the number of failures in preceding years the 52 this week is seen to be an unusually large number. One year ago the total was 38; it was 40 in each of the corresponding weeks in 1894 and in 1893, and 44 in 1892.

A WILD PANIC

Occasioned by a Fire at Worley, Ia., Friday Night.

WORLEY, Ia., Jan. 25.—Panic, with almost miraculous escape from fatality, attended the destruction of the opera house here Friday night. The fire broke out about 10 o'clock in Vibber & Heald's hardware store in the opera house block.

A Catholic fair was in progress in the opera house when the fire started. When the flames were seen the people upstairs and down began a wild scramble for safety. There was a fearful crush on the ground floor, but the cooler heads succeeded in getting everybody out without serious injury. Those upstairs had a more dangerous time of it. The fire made rapid progress and was very near the people by the time ladders were procured. Then there was a great difficulty in keeping the frightened people in check so that all might escape. This was finally accomplished in safety. The fire destroyed the opera house block, including one bank and another bank on the south side of the town and the new Loomis hotel, opposite the opera house block; also some small stores and two dwellings.

THE BRITISH CASE

In the Venezuelan Dispute Will Assume Larger Proportions Than Expected.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—The statement of the Venezuela dispute, which is being prepared by Sir Frederick Pollock, corporate professor of jurisprudence of Oxford university, will take larger proportions than was expected.

It will scarcely be ready at the time set for the reopening of parliament. Sir Frederick Pollock has for a long time been an advocate of permanent arbitration.

TERRIBLE PLUNGE

Through an Open Draw of a Cleveland (O.) Fire Engine.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 25.—Fire engine No. 2, with two men on board, plunged into the river through the draw-brake opening at the foot of Seneca street hill, before daylight. Charles Coolidge and William Burgess were on the back of the engine and did not heed the warning that the men in the front seat, who jumped, shouted to them. They went down with the engine. Both were rescued. The horses were drowned.

NITRO-GLYCERINE.

Frightful and Fatal Explosion Near St. Mary's, O.

ST. MARY'S, O., Jan. 25.—A near load of nitro-glycerine exploded, killing Sam Angel, the driver, and two horses. The wagon contained 760 quarts of the explosive, and was being transferred to the magazine on the Kistler farm. Fragments of flesh, harness and blankets are hanging on the branches of what trees remained after the explosion. The shock was felt for many miles around.

Owned Up the Corn.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 25.—Representative James A. Spear, of Clinton county, has admitted that he asked a constituent \$300 to secure for him an appointment as a guard in the state prison, and his constituent has asked his resignation. Mr. Spear came here today to tender his resignation, but was unable to do so, as Speaker Sleeper is not in the city.

Found Not Guilty—Other Cases Pending.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 25.—In the case of Police Justice Simpson, who was charged with attempted criminal assault on Miss Mary McAlay, a typewriter girl, last October, the jury, after five hours deliberation, returned a verdict of not guilty. Two other cases are pending against Simpson.

He Played Poker and Lost.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 25.—Wm. Gaither, the Chicago traveling man who disappeared from the Hotel Ste. Claire a week ago, was found by detective in Windsor, he had lost his money playing poker and was stopping in Windsor under an assumed name.

For Beach of Promise.

GALSBURG, Ill., Jan. 25.—J. A. Mackenzie, for many years the most prominent criminal lawyer of the Knox county bar, has been sued by Parthena Connor, of Knoxville, for \$10,000 for breach of promise of marriage.

SAVED FOR THE LAW.

Narrow Escape of the Atwater Murderers From Lynching.

REMARKABLE NERVE OF SAM FIELDSON.

Constant at Webster Groves—Deserted by His Guards, and Unarmed, He Escaped the Mob and Took the Prisoners to St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 25.—To the remarkable courage and able management of Constable Sam Fieldson, a man who had never been given credit for the possession of any great amount of sand, Sam Foster, the black murderer of Bertram A. Atwater, the Chicago artist, and accomplice, "Cotton" Schmidt, are indebted for the fact that they are still living, and St. Louis county has been spared the humiliating responsibility for a lynching.

After the coroner's jury at Webster Groves had sat upon the case Friday afternoon, and reached the only verdict possible under the evidence, it was dark. There had been evidences all through the inquest that delays were made in the hope that it would be night before the prisoners could be taken back to Clayton. Even the jurors suggested dilatory motions.

At 6:30 the constable, Coroner Caster, Juror Bellairs and the two prisoners left the village in a double buggy. Fieldson, who was driving, gave his two pistols to Dr. Caster and Bellairs. While driving along the Manchester road about two miles north of Webster Groves they were met by a party of citizens who had gone on ahead to wait for them.

"Halt!" they cried. "Give your prisoners up to us."

Fieldson's only answer was to lash his team into a gallop, while the two guards drew their revolvers, determined to sell the lives of the prisoners entrusted to them at the highest price possible.

Bullets flew around the flying rig, and a brand new half-inch rope was whirled threateningly in the air. The crowd was left behind in a frenzy of disappointed rage. They were not helpless, though, and as soon as possible everything that ran on wheels in the entire suburb was in hot pursuit. To beat the prisoners and their guards to the Clayton jail was the intention.

The coroner and Juror Bellairs had seen enough of fighting by this time, and got out, taking the revolvers with them. This left Fieldson unarmed, alone in the buggy with his prisoners. Fieldson succeeded in turning his horses, throwing the man holding them to the ground, a frightful ride for life followed. Fieldson went back toward Webster Groves, followed by hundreds of men on foot, horseback and in carriages, buggies and other vehicles.

During the struggle at the Manchester road many shots were fired, and Peter Schmidt, the young highwayman, was shot in the left hip.

Fieldson passed through Webster Groves and thence to Kirkwood, where he left his horses and vehicle and went on foot with his prisoners, eastward, into the woods near Woodlawn. He was followed by about one hundred armed men, who overtook him and taken him and his prisoners walked nine miles to Ellendale, at the limits of St. Louis, where they boarded a train at 10:53 and were landed into the Union station.

They were met by a guard of police. First they were taken to the dispensary, where Dr. Lippe extracted the bullet from the white boy's hip.

Schmidt and Foster were then locked up in four courts' cells and Fieldson remained in the ship of the just on Night Chief Kieley's coach.

After the jury rendered its decision Foster made an unsuccessful attempt to jump out of the window of Justice Pehrn's court at Webster Groves.

MAKALLE EVACUATED

By the Italian Force by Permission of the Abyssinian Government.

ROME, Jan. 25.—Gen. Barateri, governor of Erythraea and commander-in-chief of the Italian forces in Abyssinia, has informed the government that on Thursday the Italian garrison at Makalle, commanded by Col. Galliano, evacuated that place, taking with him all the arms, ammunition, equipments and other contents of the fortress. It is reported, Gen. Barateri says, that the evacuation of the fortress by the beleaguered garrison was accomplished by permission of the Abyssinian forces, which were besieging Makalle, who desired not only to pay tribute to the heroism of Col. Galliano and his command, but also to obtain peace.

FROM A LIVE WIRE.

Awful Experience of Z. T. Hartzell, a St. Louis Carpenter.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 25.—Zachariah T. Hartzell, a carpenter, 45 years of age, miraculously escaped a horrible death at 10:30 a. m.

While engaged in repairing the roof of a building at Fourteenth and Center streets he came in contact with a live electric light wire and hung from it, suspended in mid-air, for fully five minutes. The horrible sight of the man slowly roasting to death, with blue flames and smoke issuing from his body as it came in contact with the deadly current, was witnessed by a crowd of over 500 men, women and children.

Firemen went to the rescue and released him from his horrible predicament. He will recover.

For Beach of Promise.

GALSBURG, Ill., Jan. 25.—J. A. Mackenzie, for many years the most prominent criminal lawyer of the Knox county bar, has been sued by Parthena Connor, of Knoxville, for \$10,000 for breach of promise of marriage.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

A pool is being formed in New York to bid for bonds.

A family of four was drowned in Red river in Randall county, Tex. China has set aside a large sum for the creation of a new war fleet.

Mrs. Mary E. Lease is seriously ill of pneumonia at Windom, Minn. New York fruit men say that several large dealers are trying to corner raisins.

Secretary Herbert has decided to accept the gunboat Ericsson for the government.

The administration is said to be again after the scalp of Gov. Hughes of Arizona.

A switch engine wrecked an electric car at Knoxville, Tenn., and seven were injured.

The senate has finally confirmed the promotion of Col. Coppinger to be brigadier general.

The defunct Sherz bank at Metamora, Ill., owes \$102,500, and the assets may realize \$60,000.

Hulick's bill for reorganization of the naval personnel has created consternation among naval officers.

Miss Steele, daughter of the governor of Montana, will christen the cruiser Helena at Newport News, Pa.

The funeral of the three victims of the Aloe fire in St. Louis, Friday, was one of the largest ever seen in that city.

The crew of the American vessel Maria mutinied while in the south seas and killed the captain, the mate and a passenger.

A Turkish official at Berlin has admitted that Russia and Turkey have an understanding that is practically an alliance.

Senator Lodge says that he has canvassed the senate and finds only eight men opposed to the Davis Monroe doctrine resolution.

President Cleveland has sent a message of sympathy to Queen Victoria in her sorrow over the death of Prince Henry of Battenberg.

Homer Wagoner, of Martinsville, Ill., was arrested and placed in jail at Marshall on a charge of horse stealing at Terre Haute, Ind.

Secretary Lamont is said to have requested Col. Crofton, commandant at Fort Sheridan, Ill., to forego account of the scandals in his regiment.

Bob Fitzsimmons and Peter Maher are hard at work at their respective training quarters, preparing for the championship battle next month.

J. E. Andrews, of Stillwater, Minn., broke the world's record for long jump on skates at Fort Karnival, Friday, in a phenomenal jump of 19 feet 5 1/2 inches.

It is said to be highly probable that a new presidential boom will appear on the political horizon in the next few days. The candidate will be C. K. Davis, of St. Paul.

Steve Pratt, under arrest at Houston, Tex., as a gold-bribe swindler, is said to have caught a Texas bandit for \$12,000. He relieved a Birmingham (Ala.) man of \$8,000, it is said.

United States Attorney-General Harmon has written the El Paso (Tex.) Ministers' union that he has notified the New Mexico authorities to act in the prize fight matter as their best judgment dictates.

SENSATIONAL SCENE

In the Chicago Criminal Court at the Sentencing of John Oram.

CHICAGO, Jan. 25.—There was a sensational scene in the criminal court when John Oram was called up to say why sentence of death should not be imposed upon him for the murder of Joseph Coalan. As Oram rose to testify, the judge told her her husband is not guilty. He shall not suffer for my crime. The court-room was instantly in an uproar. When quiet was restored the prisoner asked time to consider, which was granted him, and he then pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to imprisonment for life.

Mrs. Oram told the judge that she committed the murder, but that her husband's lawyers would not allow her to testify. The judge told her her testimony would be of no avail, as her previous contradictory testimony would disprove it. She then fainted repeatedly.

CHICAGO, Jan. 25.—There was a sensational scene in the criminal court when John Oram was called up to say why sentence of death should not be imposed upon him for the murder of Joseph Coalan. As Oram rose to testify, the judge told her her husband is not guilty. He shall not suffer for my crime. The court-room was instantly in an uproar. When quiet was restored the prisoner asked time to consider, which was granted him, and he then pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to imprisonment for life.

Mrs. Oram told the judge that she committed the murder, but that her husband's lawyers would not allow her to testify. The judge told her her testimony would be of no avail, as her previous contradictory testimony would disprove it. She then fainted repeatedly.

THE FISTIC CARNIVAL.

The Programme as Arranged Up to Date.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 25.—A special to the Times from El Paso, Tex., says: The programme for Stuart's fistic tournament has been completed as follows:

February 14—Maher vs. Fitzsimmons, purse \$10,000, and heavy-weight championship of the world.

February 15—Bright Eyes vs. Walcott, purse \$3,500, and welter-weight championship of the world.

February 16—Jack Everhart vs. Horace Leeds, purse \$3,500, and light-weight championship of America.

February 17—George Dixon vs. Jerry Marshall, purse \$9,000, and feather-weight championship of the world.

February 18—Jimmy Barry vs. Johnny Murphy, purse \$3,500, and bantam-weight championship of the world.

Pronounced Untrue.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—A press dispatch from Havana, Friday, made the startling statement that Gen. Gomez, commander-in-chief of the Cuban insurgent forces, was dying of consumption. Physicians were said to have given him only two months more of life. This dispatch is pronounced to be absolutely untrue.

An Alleged Defaulter and Fugitive.

LEMAIRS, Ia., Jan. 25.—Edward Kirsbaum, treasurer of Plymouth county, was being missing since last Monday. A partial examination of his accounts shows a shortage of about twenty-five thousand dollars, and a warrant has been issued charging him with being a defaulter and fugitive from justice.

Fire at Cleveland, O.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 25.—An early morning fire in the H. C. Rouse power block on Frankfort street, between Seneca street and Bank street, caused a loss of about \$20,000. The fire started in one of the upper floors occupied by House & Hill's brass foundry.

HAS MET HER MATCH.

England Has Been Overreached in Eastern Affairs.

WHILE SHE IS LOTH TO ADMIT THE FACT,

It Daily Becomes More Clearly Apparent that the Mistress of the Seas is Becoming Palpably and Painfully Isolated.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—Though the government officials here and in Paris, and in Berlin concur in denying all Parisian edge of an offensive and defensive alliance between Russia and Turkey, little confidence is placed in their professions of ignorance. Semi-official denials in a case like this are to be expected, especially when the defeated diplomats wish to conceal the truth or prevent it being told. It is now recalled here that it was quite six months after the conclusion of the Unkiai-Skelessi treaty that the British government, on information vouchsafed by Russia, received absolutely definite news that there was such a treaty.

Within three weeks parliament will assemble. The United Press has reason to predict that ere then the evidence of the existence of a Russo-Tur

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Constipation, Bad Blood, Malaria, Nervous ailments, Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.

THE CHRONICLE

C. C. DuBOSE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, JAN. 30, 1896.

THE trial of P. G. Bowman, charged with the murder of Eugene Jeffers, was concluded Saturday night in Birmingham. The following morning the jury rendered a verdict of not guilty. Human life, it would seem, is indeed a cheap commodity these days.

WITH one plow running regularly and another occasionally, a farmer near Montevallo made 1,200 bushels of corn, ten bales of cotton, 200 bushels of sweet potatoes, \$50 worth of watermelons, grapes, etc. This shows what push, perseverance and energy will do on a farm.

A CLUB of one hundred and fifty Clarke men was formed in Birmingham Monday night. Looks as though Johnson will have a serious tussle to keep his home county in line. The fact is there is a host of sound money democrats in Jefferson who propose to stand on principle rather than be led by sentiment. Right, aren't they?

OUR friend, "Jake," of Harpersville, seems to have modified his views somewhat since the meeting of the state executive committee. Before that he was a red-hot Johnston man, but judging from what he says this week he has cooled off very considerably. Well, "Jake," there are dead loads of democrats of the same way of thinking. There is no doubt of the fact that Johnson is losing ground every day. We can find now only two gentlemen in this place who are for Johnston. In the last race he had a very strong following. Things have changed, "Jake," and our advice is come over with THE CHRONICLE and support Clarke. He is a sure winner. It is only a question of a few weeks until you will be a Clarke man anyway, so join the procession and let's pull together.

IT appears that both the cotton and woolen mills of Fall River are abundantly satisfied with the new tariff if the earnings and dividends of the past year afford any indication of its workings. In fact, the Fall River factories have had the most prosperous period in their history. The annual statement of dividends, paid during 1895, shows a percentage of more than 8 per cent on over \$21,000,000 of capital, these dividends aggregating \$1,721,425. It is argued that if woolen manufacturing pays so well in New England, it should pay more in the South, and if the holders of capital are looking for a division of investment, they can find it by dividing the new industries. This would mean woolen as well as cotton manufacturing in the Southern States. In this respect Georgia takes the lead, as in some of the large cities of that state woolen mills have already been established.

THE populists, too, have found a convention city, and Uncle Joe Sibley is in the enjoyment of a corresponding degree of happiness. It was a matter of doubt for quite a period what Mr. Sibley would do with his share of the invitation to help find a convention home for the third party, but there is a clearness in the atmosphere now because the doubt is removed. The populists will hold their national convention in St. Louis on the 22nd of July, and the call sent out bids "all men and all organizations in pursuit of financial reform to concentrate in the convention and become one of the vigorous political factors of the year." Mr. Sibley has declared very strongly for the single issue of the free coinage of silver. This is a hopeful sign, provided Mr. Sibley sticks long enough to his declaration. The populists will certainly stick to that issue whether Sibley does or not, as they have nothing else to stick to, for with free silver out of the road the populists would be in the unfortunate position of being a party without an issue.—Philadelphia Times.

MR. DEAN'S ADDRESS.

We publish in full this week Chairman Dean's appeal to his fellow populists, and in the light of recent events it makes interesting reading. The Rev. Burn-His-Arm-Off tendered his resignation to the meeting last week, and G. B. Deans, of this county, is now drawing his salary as chairman. And, by the way, he makes a pretty good populist for so young a recruit. His "tale of woe" comes well up to the standard of all documents emanating from his party, and the way he scores the "ballot-box thieves" is neat and artistic. But if you will read his address carefully you can easily see Mr. Deans is scared, badly scared. He sees the hand-writing on the wall, and he rushes into print to prevent a stamped. Well, Mr. Deans, we are not looking for or expecting anything of that sort, but we are of the opinion that quite a number who have had ample time for reflection, will accept the invitation extended them, now that they see the utter folly of their past course. They can certainly see from the experience of the past, that the populist freak can never reach the dignity of a political party, but that its followers are being led step by step squarely into the republican fold. R. F. Kolb has recently given his consent to allow the republicans to place three of their party on the state ticket. That leaves four for the populists, but how about the county tickets? The republicans are expected to furnish the bulk of the vote, and it is not probable they will want most of the county offices. But be that as it may, the parties are one and inseparable, having in view but one object, the overthrow of democracy. This is a hopeless task, as they have found out to their sorrow long since, and now that prejudice has given way to sober reason, the desertions from the freak party will be numerous.

The Birmingham News, commenting on Mr. Deans address says:

"Mr. Deans displays much feeling in the matter by his free and reckless use of words which indicates his fear that many former followers of Kolb will avail themselves of the invitation the democracy has extended them. Mr. Deans discovers in this invitation 'a deep plotted scheme.' In this he is correct in the sense that it is 'a deeply plotted scheme' which the News and other lovers of democracy and good government have been working upon for three years past to get the white men of Alabama together again as they once were for upholding, insuring and perpetuating good government in this great state of ours.

"Mr. Deans' address, however, is but another manifestation of the growing weakness of the populist cause. But Mr. Deans, in the opinion of the News, is going to find his words falling upon deaf ears when he appeals to those men who, though life-long democrats, made the mistake of following off a bolt, the folly of which they have since been able to see. They knocked for admission to the party door the year after their false step had been taken, and now their knock has been answered, though late, it is not too late. The News believes that the white men of Alabama who redeemed the state from republican misrule twenty or more years ago, are going to get together again. Mr. Deans evidently foresees this result, and it is this that is giving him and other populist politicians such deep concern."

LESS COTTON AND MORE MONEY.

At the recent meeting in Memphis of the southern cotton growers the following address was issued, which we commend to the earnest consideration of our farmers:

"To the Cotton Growers of America. 'The Cotton Growers' Protective association of America, in convention assembled at Memphis, Tenn., on the 21st day of January, 1896, again come to you with an urgent appeal for co-operative action in planting the crop for 1896."

"It is a matter of extreme congratulation that the appeal made to you last year was so generally responded to and that the crop of 1895 was made upon the undiminished acreage and had the effect of greatly increasing the prices and bringing prosperity to the country. The crop of 1895, though estimated to be 3,400,000 bales short of the crop of 1894, was in the markets of the world, worth more by nearly \$30,000,000. In the face of this result, to abandon the idea of diminished acreage would be to sound the retreat in the face of victory. It is the consensus of opinion among the best thinkers that if by any means the cotton crop of America could be held within the limits of 7,000,000 bales per annum for ten years the people of the southern states would be the richest and most prosperous agricultural people in the world. How can this be brought about? The answer is with you.

"We appeal to your self-interest and to your patriotism to do all in your power to keep down the production of the staple. Do not abandon the ground you have won; fight upon the lines laid down; make the cotton states self-supporting; put more land in clover and grasses for your hog to run on; diversify your crops, and when you have done all this, the area devoted to cotton will yield more profitable returns than if you sought to increase the number of bales. It is felt by the more thoughtful men that we are entering upon a year of great uncertainties and that even a small cotton crop may fail to give adequate returns for its production. The mutterings of a storm are disturbing the country and unsettling all business calculations. The prudent man will limit his sales to meet it. With the commerce of the country interrupted

by war—and war may come—cotton would be unsaleable except at nominal prices. Every consideration, then, of patriotism, of self-interest and of prudence, dictates that you adhere strictly to the rule of diminished acreage. Earnest men are earnestly working to lead you and to guide you into prosperity. Do not let them labor in vain, but cheerfully and hopefully respond to their appeal.

(signed)
"HECTOR D. LANE, Alabama."
"W. H. STOVALL, Mississippi."
"WILLIAM A. BROUGHTON, Georgia."
"J. W. CORCORAN, Arkansas."
"F. L. MAXWELL, Louisiana."
"W. W. STONE, Mississippi."
"J. M. CASTLEMAN, Texas."
"T. F. T. ALLISON, Tennessee."
"CHARLES SCOTT, Mississippi."

CHAIRMAN DEANS' WARNING.

He Issues an Appeal to His Followers to Steer Clear of the Ballot-Box Stuffers.

From the Birmingham News.

The populite leaders have evidently awakened to the fact that many of the wandering sheep, now that the bars have been let down, will return to the democratic fold. In conference assembled last Thursday they instructed their new chairman to call to the sheep before the stampede homeward commenced. Mr. Deans has accordingly issued an address, as follows:

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., JAN. 24, 1896.

To the Populists of Alabama.

The state executive committee of the people's party of Alabama, in session January 23rd, was requested by Hon. S. M. Adams to accept his resignation as chairman. The committee, recognizing the ability, integrity and fitness of Mr. Adams in the performance of the duties involved in the position he had seen fit to decline to further honor and hold, accepted his resignation with regret and with high appreciation for his services in behalf of the reform movement.

The committee then placed me in the position of trust, honor and responsibility, formerly occupied by Mr. Adams, and, in its acceptance, I ask the populists of Alabama to co-operate and advise with me in the discharge of the important work we have undertaken.

At the suggestion and by the request of the state executive committee this address is made that the populist voters of Alabama may be acquainted with and awakened to the political situation that now confronts the reform movement.

The state campaign is practically at hand and the lines of contest are fast being formed by the political parties in Alabama. The state executive committee of the organized democratic party met January 21, 1896, and formulated its plan of action.

It may not be unwise at this time to refer to the resolutions adopted by this committee to inveigle voters who have affiliated with the reform movement in Alabama into the snare of ballot box stuffers. The resolutions adopted by the state committee of the "organized" democracy, with the pretension of fairness, are really but a disguise to cloak the corrupt methods of the "organized" democracy and to divert the minds of the defrauded people of Alabama from the ballot box stuffers within that organization and from the fact that this party is controlled by these enemies to honest government.

The record of fraud and usurpation made by the "organized" democracy speaks in thunder tones to the liberty-loving people of Alabama, a warning that cannot fail to cause them to be wary of political associations with a party that has both wronged and robbed them.

This recent action of the "organized" democratic executive committee is no doubt the consummation of a deeply plotted scheme of Captain Johnston, who, let it never be forgotten by the patriotic people of Alabama, was the chief conspirator in the midnight-clave of the unscrupulous political tricksters, who put into execution a plan, conceived in iniquity, to defraud the people of their choice for governor in 1890, when an overwhelming majority had expressed themselves for Reuben F. Kold.

Let it now be remembered that Captain Johnston has publicly declared, although he claims to be in favor of fair and honest elections, that he would support, if nominated by the "organized" democracy, Judge Caffee, of Lowndes county, who has practically declared, over his own signature, that he had counted 4,999 fraudulent votes of the "organized" democracy in 1894 and that he would do it again!

Captain Johnston has also declared in public speeches in this state that he favors the free and unlimited coinage of silver and that a gold standard would entail more miseries to the people of this country than all the wars, pestilences and famines, and, in the next breath avows that he would support a gold standard nominee for any office named by his party!

The position held by Richard H. Clarke on the currency question and his advocacy of a single gold standard with its attending ruin, is plainly known to the populists of Alabama, who need not be counselled to refuse their support to either him or his policies.

The "organized" committee, at present controlled by the Johnston faction, in its resolutions adopted January 21st invites all voters in Alabama to participate in the primaries of the "organized" democracy, who will pledge to support the nominees and "principles" of the party. As Johnston advocates the free coinage of silver, as Clarke is a radical goldbug, and as Knox, the chairman of the "organized" democratic committee, is an advocate of the gold standard, and Johnston, a

free silver man, claims to control this committee, the voters of Alabama can not possibly conceive what the principles of the "organized" democracy may be when formulated by a hybrid and a mongrel state convention. The populists of Alabama, judging the "organized" democracy by its past record, can not see in this party but one fixed and agreed policy and principle, but no one can deny the unity of the "organized" democracy on the question of ballot box stuffing. By record, precedent and practice, the "organized" democracy is a ballot box stuffing party.

The reform movement in 1893, seeking to restore peace and liberty to the state, submitted to the executive committee of the "organized" democracy, through its state executive committee a fair, just and equitable proposition to hold a white primary election, in which each party or faction should have representations of its own choice to protect the interests at the polls. The "organized" committee refused to concede or submit to such an honest settlement of the political differences of the people and only make the proposition they have so lately promulgated, because they have the party machinery and the power to again defraud the people.

The "organized" democracy opens its front doors to admit voters of all parties and the Caffees come in the back doors to fix the election returns. The populists of Alabama can not hope for honest elections except by sustaining the reform movement.

The people's party is the only party that is a unit in favor of the free coinage of silver.

All fair-minded, honest and liberty-seeking people of Alabama, who desire to reclaim the state from the corrupt party now dominating it, are appealed to that the reform movement should have their hearty support.

The prospects for the success of the reform movement in this state were never brighter than now.

By concerted action on the part of all opposition to "organized" democracy, it is in the power of the people to drive from power this corrupt oligarchy in Alabama and established a republican form of government in the state.

G. B. DEANS,
Chairman State Executive Committee
People's Party of Alabama.

Great Change in the South.

From the New York Mercury.

Who would have thought five years ago that the South, in this century, would be building warships, and be prepared to build the largest and finest of modern battle ships? Who would have thought ten years ago that in 1895 the South would be dotted all over with the smokestacks of cotton factories, and there would be hardly a county in the entire cotton belt in which the whirr of the loom and the song of the spindle would be heard? Who would have thought ten years ago that the South would be making the best of steel and be sending coke and iron to Pennsylvania? All these things have come to pass, and they but partially tell the story of the marvellous development of the resources of the South. They are the greatest wonders of this industrial age, and are but forerunners of others to come.

Domestic Economy.

From the Chicago Tribune.

What's this? exclaimed the young husband, referring to the memorandum she had given him. "One dozen eggs, a pound of raisins, bottle of lemon extract for condensed milk, dime's worth of ground cinnamon and half a dollar's worth of sugar. What do you want of all these things, Belinda?"

"I've got a dry loaf of baker's bread," replied the young wife, "that I'm going to save by working up into a bread pudding. I never let anything go to waste, Henry."

What Can a Boy Do?

From the Minneapolis Tribune.

A recent poem in the children's page asks "What can a boy do anyhow?" Well, by the proper use of a tack, he can make his pa talk in five different languages; by dropping a little ammonia on her back, he can make the family cat drill a hole through the woodshed; by the free and disingenuous conversation to his sister's best young man, he can make that sister cherish pessimistic feelings toward the universe. What can't a boy do?

The Garment All Right.

From the Chicago Tribune.

Customer (looking at himself in the glass): "The trousers are not the kind they are wearing this season, are they? They seem to me to be out of style."

Clothing merchant—"Mein frendt, dose bants vas all right, but your legs vas yooost a liddle out of shytyle."

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

These shoes fit to perfection and wear as only the best of leather can. They're shapely, pliant—the most comfortable of footwear. They always manage to let in air and keep out water.

Surely Your Dealer Sells Them.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it, it gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.

Castoria allays Feverishness.

Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Card.

Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic.

Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.

Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air.

Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.

Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk.

Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."

See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile

signature of

Cast. H. Pitcher

is on every

wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Season-Ending Sales.

We are house-cleaning, a general cleaning up from one end of the store to the other. Low prices the powerful factor to do the work. We never carry over goods from season to season, and another thing, we never lose sight of the fact that ours is a business of reliable merchandise. See the values we are offering in

Dress Goods, Clothing.

Shoes, Hats.

Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Twenty per cent off of every dollar's worth you buy from us from now until first of March as we are bound to sweep our store clean to make room for our spring stock.

Be sure and trade with us. It has paid others

IT WILL PAY YOU.

Yours for Low Prices.

THE RACKET STORE.

SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Prop'r's.

"HOT SHOTS,"

BY
SAM JONES.

You Laugh and Cry When You Read This Great Book.

OVER THREE HUNDRED PAGES.

Superbly illustrated and bound in the most elegant English cloth.

DOLLARS FOR WORKERS.

This grand book is now out and will only be sold by Agents.

A WONDERFUL OFFER.

Any responsible man or woman sending us only ONE DOLLAR will receive by return mail POSTPAID a complete Agent's outfit, consisting of a full and complete copy of this noble book.

ORDER NOW

and get your territory or some one else will be ahead of you, and to miss selling this book means the loss of a big salary for the next year.

We pay the very best commissions. Order today.

ADDRESS

SOUTHWESTERN PUBLISHING HOUSE,
NO. 208 N. COLLEGE ST., NASHVILLE, TENN.

NOTICE.

Before Taking Stock

I WILL SELL:

10,000 yards 5 and 6ct Calaeos

at 3 1-2c.

10,000 Men's and

Ladies' Handkerchiefs

at 2 1-2c.

5,000 Children's Handkerchiefs

at 1c.

1,000 Children's Vests

at 2c.

500 Men's Undershirts

at 15c.

100 Misses Rubber Shoes

at 15c.

100 Children's Knee Suits,

Sizes 5, 6 and 7,

at 50c.

The above goods I will

sell only to the first

day of March next.

Respectfully,

S. STARK,

Shelby, Ala.

TWO FOR ONE!

That is what is offered for

\$1.00 A YEAR

You can get the Montgomery Semi-Weekly

ADVERTISER

An eight-page paper issued twice a week, all the year round. No paper as complete and interesting for an Alabamian can be had in all the land at any price. It is full of instructive and entertaining matter for the

Farm, Fireside and Store.



For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year; 12 issues months. Address, MUNN & CO., Publishers, 361 Broadway, New York City.

HAVE YOU READ

THE * TIMES

PHILADELPHIA

THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family newspaper.

THE TIMES aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essential of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent to any one sending their address.

TERMS: DAILY, \$5.00 per annum; \$1.00 for four months; 30 cents per month. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages—168 columns, elegantly illustrated, 20 cents per annum; 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, \$3.00 a year in advance. Weekly, \$1.00 a year in advance. 50 cents per annum. Address all letters to

THE TIMES,

PHILADELPHIA

Non-Resident Notice.

STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.
In Chancery, Sixth District, North-Eastern Chancery Division:
Claudia Holman, Complainant, vs. I. M. Holman, Defendant.
In this case it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of John D. Strange, that the defendant, I. M. Holman, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in the State of Texas; and further, that in belief of said affidavit, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in The Chronicle, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said I. M. Holman, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 10th day of February, A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.
Done at office in Columbiana this 4th day of January, A. D. 1896.
GORDON DUBOSE, Register.

AS IN YOUTH
Ayer's Hair Vigor
CORDIALLY INDORSED.
RESTORES
Natural Growth
OF THE
HAIR
—WHEN—
ALL OTHER
Dressings
FAIL.
"I can cordially indorse Ayer's Hair Vigor, as one of the best preparations for the hair. When I began using Ayer's Hair Vigor, all the front part of my head—about half of it—was bald. The use of only two bottles restored a natural growth, which still continues as in my youth. I tried several other dressings, but they all failed. Ayer's Hair Vigor is the best."—Mrs. J. C. PRUESEN, Converse, Texas.

Ayer's Hair Vigor
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS.

THE CHRONICLE.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
COLUMBIANA, JAN. 30, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year, \$1.00.
One copy six months, .50.

SHELBY LODGE, No. 140, A. F. & A. M.
Regular communications at Columbiana the last Saturday night in each month. Visiting members in good standing cordially invited.
J. S. LEEPER, Sec. I. D. MASON, W. M.

SHELBY LODGE, No. 50, K. O. P.
Regular meetings first and third Monday nights of each month, at 7:30, at Shelby, Ala.
A. M. PIERCE, K. of R. and S. and M. of F.

CORINTHIAN LODGE, 402, A. F. & A. M.
Meets at Shelby, Ala. the second Thursday night of each month, at 7:30. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend.
J. F. MCCLANE, Sec. A. H. AVERY, W. M.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

G. H. Avery, of Shelby, spent Sunday in town.

J. P. Spencer was absent Monday in Birmingham.

Miss Belle Hayett visited Shelby friends last week.

C. L. Meroney, of Montevallo, spent last Friday in our town.

W. R. A. Milner transacted business yesterday in Birmingham.

C. B. Duran, of Calera, spent yesterday with Columbiana friends.

J. H. Page went up to Talladega Tuesday and returned Wednesday.

Mrs. Wheeler Carlton and children, of Lafayette, are guests of Mrs. E. B. Nelson.

Maj. John W. Pitts, of Vincent, will move into the John Leeper house this week.

Miss Hellen Boyer, of Wilsonville, visited the family of J. H. Hammond here this week.

Charles B. Elliott, mine host of the Elliott House, Vincent, spent Monday here with relatives.

Rev. J. G. Walker, who has been here several weeks, left Monday for his home in Jacksonville.

Mrs. Kirkpatrick, of Talladega, was a guest of the family of Rev. W. I. Sinnott Saturday and Sunday.

Geo. W. McGowan, a substantial and prosperous farmer of near Wilsonville, was in town a few hours Saturday.

C. L. O'Neal, one of Calera's largest and most successful lime manufacturers, transacted business here Tuesday.

J. T. Barnett moved last week from the Cromwell residence to one on East College street, the property of W. G. Parker.

J. H. Hammond moved Tuesday into his recently purchased property on East College street, and is now "at home" to his friends.

Mrs. Elizabeth Porter moved Monday into her residence on West College street, which she recently purchased from E. D. Hall.

Died on Thursday evening, January 16th, at six o'clock, Anna, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Nelson. This sweet little bud of promise, who was such a pleasure and comfort, was plucked from the parental stem and transplanted by her heavenly Father to his garden above where she will open and bloom in God's paradise.

Dr. J. R. Morgan met with a serious loss last Friday night, his barn and stable having been consumed by fire. It occurred about midnight, and when discovered, it was too late to save anything. Three hundred and fifty bushels of corn, a quantity of hay, fodder and feed were also consumed. The fire was undoubtedly of incendiary origin, but so far there is no clue.

Several young gentlemen of our town have organized a club for social purposes. They have parlors in the Colonial hotel, and have named their club after that hostelry. They will give their opening reception tonight, for which elaborate preparations have been made, and a large number of invitations issued. We tender them our thanks for their kind remembrance.

Rev. C. S. Johnson, of Sylacauga, one of the ablest divines in the Baptist denomination, preached here last Sunday. That afternoon he delivered a lecture on temperance before the Christian Endeavor society, and Monday evening he lectured to the young

people on the absorbing subject, "character-building." He is a profound thinker, eloquent and deeply in earnest, and he made a lasting impression on all who were so fortunate as to hear him.

Teachers' Institute.
The Shelby county teachers' institute convened at Columbiana, Ala., January 17, 1896. It met in the High school room of the Columbiana school building about 11 a. m., and was called to order by W. B. Greek. The institute was opened with a song and a prayer by Rev. J. M. McCluskey. After a few songs and a short talk from Mr. Greek the institute adjourned for dinner, having enrolled the names of ten teachers. The institute was again called to order at 2 p. m. by Sup't. Huston. Two songs were sung and a prayer offered by Rev. T. M. Wilson. The programme was then consulted and W. B. Greek was called upon for his welcome. Response in an essay. The teachers were prepared to appreciate his words of sympathy for the hard worked teacher. Miss Mary Liles was elected secretary. The first subject on the programme was then discussed by Messrs. Crumpton and C. H. Florey. Essays were read by Misses Ida O'Hara and Mary Liles. The next subject "How best to secure night study on the part of pupils" was discussed by Messrs. S. S. Crumpton, W. C. Evans, C. H. Florey and Rev. C. W. O'Hara, and continued for some time, developing a lively debate on the use of the rod in the school room.

The next subject "How best to begin primary geography" was taken up and satisfactorily presented by Miss Lucy Smith. After a closing song the institute adjourned. At 7:30 it was again called to order by Superintendent Huston. After song and a prayer by Rev. Walker we had an essay by Miss Belle Seale. Several subjects from the programme were passed over and "appalling evils of trashy literature and ways out of these evils" was taken up and an interesting discussion opened by J. H. Hammond, followed by Rev. T. M. Wilson, Mr. Longshore and several others took part in the discussion. They showed in a forcible way the great amount of trashy literature found in the homes; the great evil being done. We had an essay by Miss Elva Greek, a guitar solo by Miss Mabel Greek, recitations and several declamations from students of the High school and the exercises of the evening closed with a song and the benediction pronounced by Rev. Walker.

The institute was called to order Saturday morning at 10 a. m., by Superintendent Huston. After a song prayer was offered by Rev. J. M. McCluskey. The names of twenty-one teachers were enrolled during the institute. A resolution was passed that the place of meeting for the institute should be decided by the board.

The subject, "Which are better oral or written examinations" was next taken up and discussed by Rev. J. M. McCluskey, W. B. Greek and others. Written examinations were emphasized as very necessary. The importance of mental arithmetic and how best to teach it was presented by Messrs. C. N. Pritchard and C. H. Florey. Interesting experiences were related by them and others. After a song, we had an essay read by Miss F. O. Weatherly, a guitar duet by Misses Ethel and Mabel Greek, and short and encouraging talks from Rev. C. W. O'Hara and Superintendent Huston. The question box was then opened and a number of live questions were discussed and satisfactorily answered.

A closing song was sung, a touching prayer was offered by Rev. C. W. O'Hara, and a very pleasant and harmonious session of the institute closed.

The following resolutions were adopted:
RESOLVED 1, "That we the teachers of Shelby county, hereby express our thanks to the good people of Columbiana for hospitality shown us during our attendance on the institute.

2 That we extend our thanks to our secretary for the faithful manner in which she has kept the minutes of the institute.

3 That we tender our hearty thanks to Miss Lucy Smith and the choir for piano music during the institute, and also to Misses Ethel and Mabel Greek for music on the guitar."

Respectfully submitted,
M. A. LILES, Secretary.

The Local Editor.

From the Texas Herald.
The editor of a local paper is the most thoroughly criticized individual of a community. To escape criticism he would have to be a member of all churches and of none; a prohibitionist and a drunkard at the same time; a married man and a single man at once; a philanthropist and miser at once; a saint and sinner, a genius and a fool, a hypocrite, a backbiter, a liar, a rascal and the opposite of each.

Cure for Headache.
As a remedy for all forms of headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headache yields to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only fifty cents at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

Goodman—Are you regular about church?
Badly—Very. I've stayed away every Sunday for the last fourteen years.—Chicago Tribune.

"Mine is the 'business before pleasure' that you hear of so much," said the man at the theatrical box window.—Philadelphia Record.

Harpersville Echoes.

Mr. McKay, aged about 60 years died near here last week.

We understand that a new store is to be opened up at Vincent at an early day by George Cosper and B. F. Glover. We wish them success in their undertaking.

We understand that Mr. Kolb is advising his crowd to fuse with the republicans and vote for them. They don't need any advising here, Mr. Kolb, they have been doing that for a long time.

Mrs. Green, wife of the late Sidney Green, died near here last Sunday. She had been sick for a long time and her death was not unexpected. She was buried here Monday. Peace to her ashes.

Rev. Mr. Roberts came down last Thursday to marry a couple near here, but on his arrival found the bride's people so very sick with the measles that the marriage was postponed to some future time.

We are bitterly opposed to the action of the democratic state committee last week. Those "pops" would not vote for a democrat if they knew that their votes would save the whole country from hades. They let the bars down and went out of the party, and as for my part I am more than anxious for them to stay out. Now if this action was brought about by Capt. Johnson and his men, I will say for their benefit that another break or two like that and Mr. Johnson will come up liking a few votes at Harpersville when the day that the primary election shall have closed.

Our community was greatly shocked Monday morning over the report that Mrs. Henderson had died early that morning of congestion. Mrs. Henderson was the wife of the late Dr. Samuel Henderson, D. D., and mother of Mrs. W. W. Wallace, C. B. and Rev. W. S. Henderson. She was not sick but a day and her death was quite a shock indeed. She was a christian lady, a kind and affectionate mother and a good neighbor, loved and respected by all who knew her. She was buried Tuesday at Talladega, by her late husband. The bereaved family have the sympathy of this entire community in their sad bereavement.

We have waited and waited, looked and looked, wished and wished, hoped and hoped for a boom of some sort to strike Harpersville if nothing more than a matrimonial boom, but our hopes are almost blasted. Some of our people would marry if they could get who they wanted, but those that they want they can't get, and those that they can get the devil would not have, so there is the way the thing is in that line. We have plenty of room here for two or three more stores and then a carpenter could have work all the time. Then we have room for some more good law abiding, church going, intelligent people. Our town is beautifully located and perfectly healthy, so healthy that our clever little doctor (I mean little in size) has decided that he can't make a living here by rolling "pills" and has added a poultry yard to his profession, so we say to those seeking homes come to Harpersville and you will a hearty welcome find.

One of the sadest affairs occurred in this county last Friday night near Sterrett that has occurred in this county in a long time. John Goodwin shot his wife with one barrel of his shot gun and then deliberately shot himself with the other barrel and both died in a few minutes. It seems that there had been trouble between them ever since last summer when Mrs. Goodwin joined the Baptist church contrary to Mr. Goodwin's wish. Friday night Mr. Goodwin sent his children from home all but one or two and then the sad tragedy occurred. Mrs. Goodwin was a daughter of Mr. Gill, of this place, and was highly respected for her many traits of womanly character and loved and respected by all who knew her. Mr. Goodwin was well known throughout the county and has always been well thought of in the community in which he lived until of late when I am told he has been very offensive. We deeply sympathize with both families and the bereaved children in their sad hour of affliction and the affair is to be regretted by us all.

JAKE.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Cailloute, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

WANTED!

An intelligent lady to act as our agent for this county. Easy work. Big returns. Address Box 310 Montgomery, Alabama.

Sales Agents Wanted for Made to Measure and Ready Made Clothing by Sample. Very lowest prices for best clothing. Liberal commissions are paid. Energetic selling agents can make from one to three thousand dollars yearly. Storekeepers can supply themselves without carrying stock. Send three references.

WANAMAKER & BROWN, Philadelphia.

Notice No. 16,973.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA., January 27, 1896. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on March 3th, 1896, viz: Leander B. Foust, Homestead entry No. 24,076, for the south-east quarter of section 24, township 20, S. range 2, W. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William H. Payne, James W. Roach, John W. Roach, Cornelius B. Horton, all of Longview, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

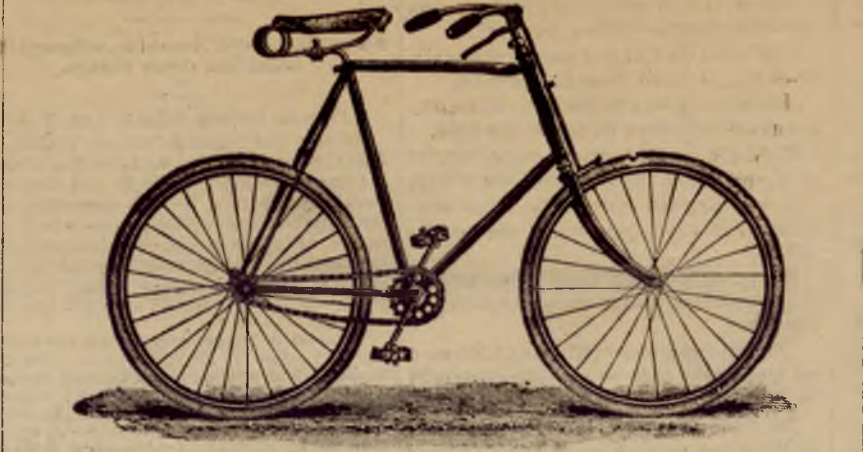
NEW STORE.
COME TO THE NEW STORE,
At Moore's Corner,
COLUMBIANA,
FOR YOUR
Dry & Goods,
Clothing,
SHOES,
Groceries, Etc.

We will sell you anything you may want at prices as low as goods can be bought in any market in the State.

Respectfully,
Columbiana Bargain Store,
In B. L. Moore Building

NEW GOODS.

1895 VICTOR BICYCLES:—\$100.00



There are eight Victor Models for ladies and gentlemen, practically any height frame furnished. Victors lead the cycling world. Send for catalogue.

OVERMAN WHEEL CO
Makers of Victor Bicycles and Athletic Goods.
BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO. DETROIT.
SAN FRANCISCO. PACIFIC COAST. LOS ANGELES. PORTLAND.

HOOD MACHINE COMPANY,

J. A. HOOD and T. J. CALDWELL, Proprietors.

Cor. 1st Avenue and 15th Street,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Repairers of LOCOMOTIVES, BOILERS and MACHINERY of all Kinds.

Saw Mill Work a Specialty.

Special agents for Decatur Car Wheel Co. We fit up wheels and axles of every description. Gear wheels cut with perfect accuracy from solid casting. We buy and sell second hand engines, boilers, etc.

GORDON & DUBOSE, BANKER, COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Conducts a general banking business on a safe, yet progressive policy.

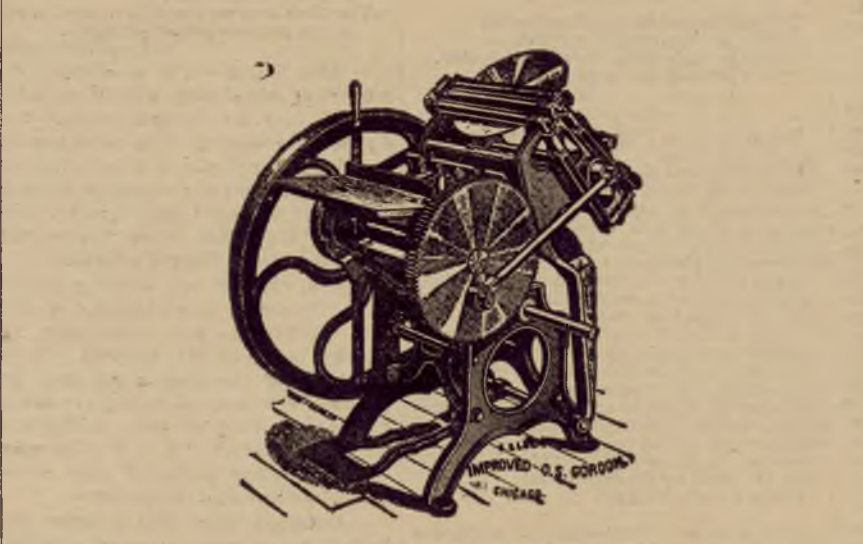
Best of Facilities Offered to Customers.

Deposits received upon liberal terms. No

pains spared to accommodate customers.

Your patronage solicited.

THE CHRONICLE



BOOK AND JOB OFFICE

Has one of the most complete plants in Alabama. We lead the procession when it comes to artistic work, and prices the very lowest.

I employ the best printers, keep the best stock and ask the city firms no odds, as my expenses are far less than theirs and I give my customers the benefit of the difference in low prices.

Samples of Work and Estimates Gladly Furnished.

Let me quote you prices on any class of work you need. I make a specialty of pamphlet and book work.

Correspondence invited. Address

C. C. DuBOSE, Prop'r.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.
W. F. THETFORD, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

We Make the Only Mill that will Grind Cotton Seed Satisfactorily

Capacity up to 200 bushels per hour. Power required about four horse power. We guarantee it fully. Price \$75.

MONTGOMERY IRON WORKS, Montgomery, Alabama.

THE BEST WAY

TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST, NORTH AND NORTHWEST, IS VIA THE

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through MONTGOMERY, MOBILE AND NEW ORLEANS.

Connecting for all points in Texas and the West

Also running through to NASHVILLE, EVANSVILLE, LOUISVILLE CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS.

Connecting for all points in the North and Northwest.

Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent of the Louisville & Nashville railroad at Calera, or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

Tax Assessor's Notice.

Under the new revenue code of Alabama the assessment of State and County taxes for 1896 began on October 1, 1895, and provides that a penalty of 10 per cent be added to all unassessed property after February 1st. The law also requires every tax return to be sworn to.

J. H. HAMMOND,

Tax Assessor Shelby County.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.

In Chancery, Sixth District, North-Eastern Chancery Division.

Mrs. Marie L. E. Verchot, Complainant, vs. Alabama Iron and Steel Co., et al, Defendants.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of J. T. Leeper that the defendant, the National Bank of Orange County, one of the defendants in the above stated cause, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in Goshon, Orange County, New York, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in The Chronicle a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring it, the said National Bank of Orange County, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 15th day of February, A. D. 1896, or, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against it. Done at office, in Columbiana, this 10th day of January, A. D. 1896.

GORDON DUBOSE, Register.

Probate Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.

Probate Court, 15th day of January, 1896.

Estate of John Dorrough, Deceased.

This day came Joseph T. Dorrough, administrator of the estate of John Dorrough, deceased and filed his account, vouchers, evidences and statement for a final settlement of the same. It is ordered that the 10th day of February, 1896, be appointed a day for making such settlement, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

W. F. THETFORD, JR., Jan-23-96 Special Judge of Probate.

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness secured by the mortgage made May 23, 1891, by Thomas J. Peter and Esther A. Peter to French Nabors, and recorded in the probate office of Shelby county, Alabama, in volume 34 of mortgages, page 12, which mortgage and the indebtedness secured by said mortgage, having been transferred and assigned to me, and being now held by me, and said default still continuing, I, Minthorne Woolsey, will on Saturday the 15 day of February, 1896, sell to the highest bidder for cash, at the post office door in the town of Briarfield, Alabama, the lands conveyed in said mortgage and described as follows, to-wit: The west half of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section twenty, and all that part of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section sixteen that lies west of the dirt-road leading from Montevallo to Randolph, and the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section seventeen, all in township twenty-four, north, range twelve east, containing in all 74 acres more or less.

MINTHORNE WOOLSEY.

MALLORY & McLEOD, Att'y's.

Notice to Non-Resident.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.

Savannah Higgins, complainant, vs. Ed Higgins, defendant, in Chancery, Sixth District, North-Eastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of J. A. Cook that the defendant, Ed Higgins, is a non-resident of Alabama, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Shelby Chronicle, a newspaper published in the County of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said Ed Higgins, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 5th day of January, A. D. 1896, or, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office, in Columbiana, this 30th day of November, A. D. 1895.

GORDON DUBOSE, Register.

FOR BRONCHIAL AND ASTHMATIC COMPLAINTS. "Bronchial Trochee" have remarkable curative properties.

JACKSON—"Any sleeping apartment in the club you belong to?" "Snarlight." "Not one, except the reading-room."—Household Words.

Sore Eyes Cured. Jackson's Indian Eye Salve never fails to do this; 25c at all drug stores.

HERD So—"Do you believe men are the architects of their own fortunes?" "Salibo"—"Certainly; but too many of them fall in with Buddenstuck contractors."—Life.

PURE

Blood means sound health. With pure, rich, healthy blood, the stomach and digestive organs will be vigorous, and there will be no dyspepsia. Rheumatism and neuralgia will be unknown. Benignity and calm reason will disappear. Your nerves will be strong, your sleep sound, sweet and refreshing. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure blood. That is why it cures so many diseases. That is why thousands take it to cure disease, retain good health. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists sell.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate, 25c.

See that

hump?

It's the feature of the DeLong Pat. Hook and Eye. No matter how you twist and turn, it holds the eye in place.

Send two cent stamp with name and address, and we will mail you Mother Goose in new clothes—containing ten color plates; ten black and white pictures; and lots of lively little jokes.

RICHARDSON & DeLONG Bros., Philada.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3.50 SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD. If you pay \$4 to \$6 for shoes, examine the W. L. Douglas Shoe, and see what a good shoe you can buy for \$3.50.

OVER 100 STYLES AND WIDTHS.

CONGRESS, BUTTON, and LACE, made in all kinds of the best selected leather by skilled workmen. We make and sell more \$3 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

None genuine unless name and price is stamped on the bottom.

Ask your dealer for our \$5, \$4, \$3.50, \$2.50, \$2.25 Shoes; \$2.50, \$2 and \$1.75 for boys.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. If your dealer cannot supply you, send to factory, enclosing price and 5c to pay carriage. State kind, style of toe (cap or plain), size and width. Our Custom Dept. will fill your order. Send for new illustrated Catalogue to Box 11.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

MRS. ADAMS' LETTER.

LYERLY, Chatooga Co., Ga., Oct. 4, 1895.

Two medicines have done me so much good I cannot find words to express my gratitude for them. I was down with a complication of troubles, catarrh of the bowels and falling of the womb. For seven weeks I could not sit up. Two bottles of McElree's Wine of Cardui and one package of Theford's Black-Draught cured me. I have recommended the Wine of Cardui Treatment to a number of suffering women, and not one has failed to find relief by its use. If I can do anything to help bring this good medicine to the attention of sufferers, I will be glad. MRS. E. C. ADAMS.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS.

but sell direct to the consumer. name when you order. We ship anywhere for examination. warranted. 100 styles of Cardui, 100 styles of Theford's Black-Draught. Write for catalogue. ELKHART Carriage & Harness Mfg. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

W. B. PRATT, Secy

General Harrison

ON

The Presidential Office

A striking article in the February issue of

The Ladies' Home Journal

Over 700,000 Copies Sold

TEN CENTS A COPY. ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE

Agents Wanted

to look after renewals and new subscribers. Profitable employment.

The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia

—COPYRIGHT 1895 BY THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY

NOTES ABOUT WAR.

On January 1, 1895, the armies of the world included 4,200,000 men.

The first war of profane history was about a woman—Helen of Troy.

The total cost of our navy during the civil war, 1861-65, was \$312,000,000.

After the great battle of Cannae, 53,312 dead men were found on the field.

On July 1, 1895, there were 261,000 men serving in the navies of the world.

Great Britain now owns 5,212 cannons; France, 8,260, and Germany, 8,920.

Switzerland has a population of less than 3,000,000, and a standing army of 130,000.

During our great civil war 61,362 men on the union side were killed outright in battle.

In time of war France reckons on putting out 370 men to every 1,000 of her population.

At the present time all Europe is a well-armed camp and has so been for more than a quarter of a century.

The war of the lovers was the seventh religious war of France, waged between the years 1576 and 1678.

At the great battle of Bannockburn, 185,000 men fought, and of that number 38,000 were killed or wounded.

The "five nations of Europe" own 2,310 war ships, mounting 88,209 guns, all ready for immediate service.

The most expensive army of the world is that of Germany, which costs from \$56,000,000 to \$105,000,000 per year.

France boasts of a navy of 408 ships of 290,000 tons and 621,000 horse-power, and 80 others in process of construction.

The new German rifle ranges up to 4,000 yards, and at 900 yards the bullet will pierce ten inches of solid pine timber.

Since the Mannlicher gun came into use the ratio is four killed to one wounded—just the opposite to what it formerly was.

Since Napoleon "died like a caged lion in his exile home" 6,000,000 Frenchmen have perished in the wars of that country.

A gentleman made the following return to the income tax commissioner: "For the last three years my income has been somewhat under \$150. In future it will be more precarious, as the man is dead of whom I borrowed the money."—Tit-Bits.

HURRAH FOR PENNSYLVANIA.

The farmers of Pennsylvania are to be congratulated. M. M. Luther, East Troy, Pa., grew over 200 bushels Salzer's Silver Mine Oats on one measured acre. Think of it! Now there are thirty thousand farmers going to try and beat Mr. Luther and win \$200 in gold! and they'll do it. Will you?

Then there is Silver King Barley, cropped on poor soil 116 bush. per acre in 1895. Isn't that wonderful—and corn 230 bush. and potatoes and grasses and clovers, fodder plants, etc., etc. Freight is cheap to all points.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND it with the postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will receive their mammoth catalogue and ten packages grains and grasses, including above oats, free.

(K.)

A PARAGRAPH in a provincial paper reads: "A thunderstorm made Berauger a poet, a mother's kiss made West a painter and a salary of 30 shillings a week makes us a journalist."—Tit-Bits.

The gay cravat which she selected

Will leave him soon a wreck.

While he with truth remarks, dejected, "I'll get it in the neck."

—Washington Star.

THERE is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, etc. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Mrs. STUBBS—"I thought you said it was the little boy next door who was making all the noise?" Little Johnnie—"So it was, ma, I was hitting him with a stick!"—Tit-Bits.

SEP.—Why does a woman take a man's name when she gets married?" "Because," "Why does she take everything else he's got?"—Truth.

"Love makes the world go round." The world seems to go round, but love makes your head swim; that's the explanation.—Boston Transcript.

WOMAN'S WIT.

Told by a Society Girl

Something About Morphine Sulphur, Molasses and Other Things.

From the Evening News, Newark, N. J.

Among the popular society leaders in East Orange, N. J., Emma L. Stoll, a charming young maiden, is the foremost rank. She is of a lovely disposition, and the light of the social set in which she moves. For two years she has been a sick girl from internal troubles peculiar to women, and having recently recovered, has given our reporter the following interesting account:

"Instead of improving under the care of my physician I became worse. For five weeks I was unable to get out of bed and about six o'clock each morning I suffered horribly. My lips were sore and lacerated from the acid secreted, for in my efforts to keep from screaming I sunk my teeth deep into my lips. At such times I rolled and tossed, until the bed shook like an aspen leaf, and I thought so serious that the doctor—I won't tell you his name, gave me some morphine pills to take. The very thought of them how makes me shiver. These morphine pills simply put me to sleep for awhile and when I became conscious again my agony was renewed.

"The pain in my stomach and back was more than I could stand. 'Your blood is poor,' said the doctor, 'take sulphur and molasses,' and I did until it was a great wonder that I was not a molasses cake. It was time wasted in taking it because I was not benefited in the least; my suffering continued, but by a mighty effort after being ill bed-ridden, I got up. Oh, but I was like eight long. From 119 pills, I had had ten; nine, my cheeks were pale and sunken and I limped; yes, actually hobbled from the extreme pain in my side. Then I read Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and the testimonial in the New Englander with hope. I got the pills and took them. Before many days I began to improve and before I had finished one box I felt as if I could go out and walk for miles. I soon stopped limping and through the pills I soon bid goodbye to my headaches while the pain in my stomach and back slowly but surely subsided until the influence of these pills that seem to be able to persuade my mind to leave one's body. Now I am as used to be; well and strong, light-hearted and merry but never without the pills. See I have got some of them now," and from a nearby desk she handed out one of the boxes.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore exhausted energies. They are also specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppurations, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood and restore the glow of health to pale and yellow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. Pink Pills are sold in boxes of 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct, by mail from Dr. Williams' Medical Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

PITH AND POINT.

—Corroborative Evidence.—"They say there are fewer persons dying this winter than usual." "Yes, I know lots and lots of people who haven't died at all."—Chicago Record.

—Same Thing.—Inquirer—"Do you think that journalistic work is a good preparation for writing fiction?" Editor—"On the sensational papers it is. Journalistic work there is mostly fiction."—Exchange.

"You're a crank and a theater dude!" shouted the fierce-looking man in the slouch hat. "That's what you are! You're a damned 'ingrey'!" "I'm a potato masher, am I?" roared the other, lunging at him.—Chicago Tribune.

TWO DEAD MEN.

The man upon the bicycle.

The man upon his feet.

Cleaving and quickly both of them.

Cleaving down the street.

The man upon his feet has gone.

Into a real eternal!

The man who seemed to be scorching yet

In the regions called infernal.

—Detroit Tribune.

—Miss NURS—"I'm so afraid, doctor, that something will happen and that I may be buried alive." Dr. PYLIS—"Nonsense! You need not fear anything like that. You take the medicine I gave you and you need no longer be afraid of being buried alive. That is something that never happened to my patients."—Harper's Bazar.

—Mrs. QUERREL sat looking into the fire. Presently she chuckled a little bit. "What are you chuckling at?" kindly inquired Mr. QUERREL. "I was thinking of the time when you proposed. You told me to say the one little word that would make you happy for life." "Yes, I remember. And you went and said the wrong word."—Cleveland Enquirer.

—Although there was a recent scare lest the large exportation of ivory from India and Africa would result in the destruction of the elephant, it has been found to be absolutely groundless. Most of the ivory that we receive is "dead"—that is, ivory which has been taken from animals long since dead and which has been stored away by the natives for years. There is no danger whatever of the supply being exhausted for several generations at least.

ANTARCTIC ICE.

It Differs Considerably from That of the Northern Regions.

The difference in the formation of Arctic and Antarctic ice, as is well known, is very great. While the northern bergs mostly consist of a large ice-mass running up into numberless towers and arches resembling the mountain peaks which surround the glaciers from which they were torn, the Antarctic bergs are solid masses of floating ice, with perpendicular walls, and an unbroken plateau on the top.

All showed plainly whether they were broken from the large southerly barrier or discharged from the glaciers of Victoria Land. All the barrier bergs had very distinct blue lines across their walls, indicating the annual growth by snowfall. These lines were, of course, not to be found on the glacier ice. The latter also showed more likeness to the northern ice than did the former. The peaks and towers of the Arctic icebergs are supposed to be formed by the influence of ocean currents wearing away the softer part of the ice-mass under water, until the natural law of gravitation forces it to upset.

But why have the Antarctic icebergs a different appearance? It is certain that in the Antarctic waters there are also currents. Yet even icebergs that have gone as far north as the south of New Zealand have all maintained the marks of their Antarctic origin. I cannot see any other reason for the dissimilarity between the bergs of the north and those of the south but that the Arctic icebergs, as a rule, must pass through climates which in temperature rapidly change from one extreme to another, and the icebergs take much longer time in floating southward than do the Antarctic icebergs in advancing northward, and thus, as a rule, the northern icebergs exist much longer than those of the Antarctic.—C. E. Borchgrevink, in Century.

FOR THE HOUSEKEEPER.

Useful Hints Which Have Been Gathered Here and There.

Well-regulated toilet tables now boast a small instrument of the brush variety not bigger than a paint brush. It is for applying vasoline to the eyebrows. Vasoline is reputed to be an excellent ointment for making both eyelashes and eyebrows grow.

A nice way to keep wax for the work-basket is to fill shells of English walnuts with melted wax, fastening the two half shells together at one end. There will be a small space at the other end through which the thread will slip when the wax is being used.

When a pen has been used until it appears to be spoiled, place it over a flame (a gas light, for instance), for a quarter of a minute, then dip it into water, and it will be again ready for use. A new pen which is found too hard to write with will become softer by being thus heated.

Moist tea leaves and salt are excellent for sweeping a carpet, as the leaves gather the dust and the salt brightens the colors and helps drive away moths. Sweep with short strokes with the nap of the carpet. In this way the carpets will wear longer and look brighter than when swept in the ordinary manner.

To tell whether a thermometer accurately does its work, invert the instrument. If the mercury does not fall to the end, or if it breaks into several small columns, the thermometer contains air, and is inaccurate. If perfectly made, the slender thread should fill the tube or should break off at the bulb and fall to the end of the tube.

Insufficient drying is the cause of most chapped hands. It is an excellent idea to keep on one's dressing table a box of almond meal with a perforated cover. When the hands are dried with the towel, a little almond meal dusted over them will complete the work of absorbing the moisture and the hands will not chafe.

A useful little article for some out-of-the-way corner is the feather brush holder. For the tiny brush used in dusting life-size busts, etc., the best holder is made from one of those waxen-headed dolls, to be had at the Japanese exhibits. The round head of this foreign individual is pierced at the top, making a hole large enough to admit of the handle of the brush passing through. The doll should be fitted out in a robe of some Japanese material—silk or paper—and should have a loop of ribbon sufficiently long to admit of hanging from the wall. A few curious buttons or odd copper baubles, if sewed to his gown and to the suspending ribbon, would increase the effect.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

BAD MANNERS.

Few of Us Are Without Some Disagreeable Habit.

Webster defines "habit" as "temperament of body; fixed custom." When we consider what some people's so-called "habits" are, the definition may well make us feel the grave importance of shunning disagreeable "customs," lest they become "fixed." The most humiliating feature of tricks of manner is that we are often sublimely unconscious that we possess them. So long as they affect only ourselves we may ignore them, but when, as is too often the case, they mar the comfort of other people, they are sinful as well as foolish. One man, well born, well educated and the courteous gentleman in parlor or upon the street, at the table resembles a four-footed animal of the porcine species. He bends low over his plate, eats rapidly and noisily and accompanies the whole process with a series of sounds that are suspiciously like grunts. Another man, punctilious in table manners, will, when deeply interested in conversation, draw his pen-knife from his pocket and scrape and file his nails until his interlocutor feels as if she would scream with nervousness. Still another man, a devout clergyman, with love for his fellow men and genuine respect for women, will, on meeting a lady, simply touch his fingers to the brim of his hat, accompanying the action with a patronizing wave of the hand. A woman, to whom the term "lady" in its best, truest sense may be fitly applied, will, when listening to a story or argument addressed to her, pick up a book or magazine and keep her eyes fixed on its pages, occasionally turning over a leaf, passing here and there to look at a picture, seemingly absorbed in her task. If anyone suggests that she is reading she denies the charge with indignation. She is simply "looking over the pages; she is not reading a word, and hears with interest all that is said." One is forced to believe her declaration, but may surely be pardoned for resenting the appearance of inattention. The excuse offered by friends that it is "only a habit of Laura's" makes the trick seem no less rude. Perhaps it may be of benefit, however, if it warns others to shun the least inclination to such apes of good breeding.—Harper's Bazar.

Scentsing the Hair.

Many women so love the odor of violets that they desire to have their locks, as well as wearing apparel, breathe their fragrance. This is rather difficult, as the hair, while taking scents readily, will not retain them for any length of time. An easy, agreeable, and at the same time satisfactory method of scentsing the hair is that said to be popular among Persian belles. Wash the hair until very light and soft, and when partly dry hang over a bed of glowing charcoal, on which, from time to time, sprinkle a little orris powder, catching the fumes in the loosened hair. A little powdered gum benzoin sprinkled on the coals scents the hair agreeably, and is also beneficial. This method serves the double purpose of drying the hair quickly and thoroughly, as well as scentsing it with a delicate fragrance.—Chicago Chronicle.

Plenty of Room.

Tenderfoot (to Texas ranchman after jangling his services and "chewing the landscape over"): "I accept your terms; but, really, where am I to sleep?"

Ranchman—"Sleep, man? Anywhere, anywhere! I've 250,000 acres lying round here loose. I don't care a snap where you sleep.—Judge.

Restaurant Irony.

Sarcastic Guest—Waiter, is this a slice from a cast-iron ham?

Imperturbable Waiter—Yes, sir. I cut it off the pig, myself, sir. Anything else, sir?—Chicago Tribune.

At various times during the Roman empire loyal subjects were in their rings portraits of the reigning emperor,

EARLIEST VEGETABLES ALWAYS PAY.

That's so, the editor hears Mr. Market Gardener say. Well, why don't you have them? Simply because you don't plant Salzer's northern growth seeds. His vegetables are bred to earliness and they never disappoint you. Salzer is the largest grower of vegetables, farm seeds, grasses, clovers, potatoes, etc.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND it to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., with 10c postage you will get sample package of Early Bird Radish (ready in 16 days) and their great catalog. Catalog alone 5c postage. (K)

GUEST HINT.—Charlie—"Dear auntie, I congratulate you on your birthday, and promise you not to lose the dollar."

Fliegende Blaetter.

A Canal Choked Up

Is practically useless. The human organism is provided with a canal which sometimes becomes choked up, namely, the bowels, through which much of the effete and waste matter of the system escapes. When they are choked up, constipation, in other words—Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will relieve them effectively, but without pain, and institute a regular habit of body. This medicine also remedies malarial, bilious, dyspeptic, rheumatic, nervous and kidney trouble, and strengthens the entire system.

We can stand the horseless carriage—Think it's just as fine as silk.

But we kick hard, harder, harder. When they mention cowless milk.

—West Union (La.) Gazette.

In Golden Times

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently overcome habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

"Isn't he rather fast?" asked the anxious mother. "Yes, mamma, in one sense of the word. I don't think he can get away."

—Indianapolis Journal.

Firs.—All Firs stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Firs after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and \$2 trial bottle free to Firs cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

If the devil were to take off his hat every time he met a hypocrite, he would long since have died of exposure. —Texas Siftings.

Piso's Cure for Consumption relieves the most obstinate coughs.—Rev. D. BUCHMUELLER, Lexington, Mo., Feb. 24, '94.

Guns and billiard-balls kiss each other with just about the same amount of real feeling.—Truth.

Actors, Vocalists, Public Speakers praise Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

MAUDE—"Did you go to Clara's wedding?" Mabel—"No; I never encourage lotteries."—Yonkers Statesman.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, lingers, passing through the throat, the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squamous feelings at first.

No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

Corn

is a vigorous feeder and responds well to liberal fertilization. On corn lands the yield increases and the soil improves if properly treated with fertilizers containing not under 7% actual

Potash.

A trial of this plan costs but little and is sure to lead to profitable culture.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars containing special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing latest researches on the subject of fertilization, and are really helpful to farmers. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

Do You

Take a Bath?

Then you want PLENTY of

HOT WATER

You can get it by using

Wrought Steel.

THE ARMOTOR CO. does half the world's

water power to 100 what it was. It has many branch

factories, and supplies its goods and repairs

at your door. It can and does furnish a

better article for less money than

others. It makes Pumping and

Geared, Steel, Galvanized-steel

and Fixed Steel Towers, Steel Box Saw

Frames, Steel Feed Cattle and Feed

Grinders. On application I will name one

of these articles that it will furnish until

January 1st at 1/3 the usual price. It also makes

Tanks and Pumps of all kinds. Send for catalogue.

Factory: 1118, Rockwell and Fillmore Streets, Chicago.

CURE THE TOBACCO HABIT IN 72 HOURS.

Full sample Box 5c. Full treatment 25c. In time. Sold by Druggists.

OPIMUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10

to 20 days. No pay till cured.

DR. J. STEPHENSON, Lebanon, Ohio.

OPIMUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent

free. N. K. F. 1589

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE

state that you saw the Advertisement in this

paper.

FEBRUARY—1896.

Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29						

CURRENT COMMENT.

The United States went ahead of England in electrical patents last year by 7,704 to 1,180.

The London Echo states that it costs England \$650,000 a year in money alone for the drinking habit.

One of the first reforms introduced in Formosa by the Japanese is a system of free schools. The Japs have studied modern civilization to some purpose.

DR. BERTILLOX, who invented the method of identifying criminals which bears his name, has discovered a way to identify handwriting. The writing is photographed, then enlarged and identified by irregularities due to the pulse beats.

In Massachusetts no railway passenger was killed or seriously injured in train accidents last year, although the number of passengers carried by the railways of the state was 107,850,348 and the total number of miles traveled was 1,686,197,381.

The last annual report of the postmaster-general showed that the cost of carrying and handling second-class mail matter for the past fiscal year was \$21,225,000. The government received for the service \$2,658,000, leaving a net loss of about \$19,000,000.

In three states—Wyoming, Colorado and Utah—women will vote for president in November. Colorado will cast a total vote of about 300,000. Utah 80,000 and Wyoming 20,000. This will be the first considerable vote of woman suffrage in a national election.

A FRENCH submarine boat recently invented is intended to carry passengers without seasickness, or in time of war, to explode torpedoes under the keels of hostile ships. It is driven by an electric motor, has fins and other queer appliances, and is entirely invisible from the surface of the waves. It is claimed that a roomy passenger ship can be built on this pattern to cross the English channel 45 feet under water.

DURING the last five years there have been 43,902 homicides in the United States—an average of 7,317 per year. In the same time there have been 723 legal executions and 1,118 lynchings. In the last year 10,500 persons were killed, or at the rate of \$75 per month, whereas in 1890 the number was only 4,200, or less than half as many as in 1895. These figures show that the crime of murder is increasing instead of diminishing.

DR. YOSHIMATSU, a Japanese physician, has discovered a positive and almost immediate cure for cancer and every variety of cancerous growth and arrangements have been completed to have the distinguished Jap come over here and start a hospital. The remedy consists in frequent injections of a powerful solution of carbolic acid in the cancerous growth. The discovery has caused unbounded interest in scientific circles.

JUDGE BREEMAN, of the supreme court of New York, thinks that the evil of collusive applications for divorce has grown so great in his state as to demand a radical remedy. That remedy he would find in a refusal to grant an uncontested divorce until the evidence on which the application has been gone over and reported on by an officer of the court whose functions shall be analogous to those of the queen's proctor in the British divorce courts.

SENATOR PUSEY, who has practically been chosen a leader of the anti-prohibition forces in the Iowa legislature, in an interview recently stated that the present legislature would defeat the resolution re-submitting constitutional prohibition to a vote of the people and would pass a law authorizing the manufacture of liquor. There is at present a law on the statute books authorizing the sale of liquor in communities where a majority petition for it.

The establishment of postal savings banks in this country, the Chicago Record says, would be a great stimulus for saving to many people of small incomes. Many are suspicious of banks, and many of those institutions will not take the money of small depositors anyway. There would be full confidence in the government savings banks. With them the instance many would save and accumulate for their old age or for some worthy object who now spend all they make. One of the greatest incentives to waste is the lack of a place to put money for safe keeping.

The national convention of manufacturers adopted unanimously a resolution favoring the enactment by congress at an early day of a national bankruptcy law that will deal equitably with both creditor and debtor. It was set forth in the preamble to this resolution that the present laws of bankruptcy in many of the states are not uniform in their application and discriminate against the rights of the creditor class to such an extent that the preference creditor frequently absorbs the entire assets of the bankrupt and thus prevents the administration of that justice which all want.

THE CHRONICLE.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

VOLUME X.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1896.

NUMBER 31.

A CRIME CONFESSED.

The Mystery of a Life Let Out in St. Louis Revealed.

MINNIE MEYERS, BURIED AS A SUICIDE.

Was Murdered by Arthur Schneider, Now in Jail at New Orleans for Another Killing—A Copy of the Murderer's Confession.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 1.—Arthur Schneider, held in the parish prison on two murder charges, voluntarily confesses the killing of an unknown young woman in St. Louis in August, 1894.

Positive information has been received from the Mound city to the effect that the body of the woman Schneider claims to have murdered was found by the St. Louis authorities at the spot indicated.

Arthur Schneider is 22 years of age, but he is fast becoming a celebrated criminal. In December, 1894, he shot and killed Herman Schroeder in a Royal street bar saloon and seriously wounded Katherine Burkhardt, with whom both men were in love.

The confession made by Schneider in relation to the St. Louis murder is as follows:

"It was in the latter part of August, 1894, in St. Louis, Mo., as near as I can remember, I did work at that time as waiter in a restaurant at No. 112 north Broadway. One evening I took the Olive street cable car and went to Forest park. It was a warm evening. I walked for quite a long time, as I saw in front of me a lady by herself. Nobody was around us. It was my way to make myself always very quickly acquainted with girls, and this girl, by herself in Forest park, was in my estimation nothing less than a hussy, where everyone can allow himself some liberty.

"I sneaked on tiptoe from behind toward her and covered her eyes with my hands asked her, like children do, 'Guess who is that?' Instead, as I supposed, to hear an answer like 'Is it you, darling?' the lady started to scream, and this set me in such a rage that I had no other thought, as 'when you let her go she will scream again, and you are betrayed. To prevent this, I'll kill you.'

"I caught her round the neck, threw her on the earth and knelt on my hands, which I had around the neck. I strangled her. I don't know how long I knelt on the neck. I let the neck go, and the head, which was turned upward, turned lifeless on the side. The ray of an incandescent light opposite to me reflected in some water. A thought struck me. 'Throw her in there.' That was what I did."

"I carried her down a short slope and threw her right on the edge of the water and left. It may have been the River Des Peres. I ran, I don't know around where. I saw through the trees a street car moving, and there I went to later on. I landed in the pavilion of the Delmar Avenue car, a branch of the Lindell railway.

"I shrunk back whenever I saw a newspaper, afraid to see that she was found, and that they were searching for the evil-doer. I had a good position. I made plenty of money, but St. Louis was not any more for me. I asked for my release, but Mr. and Mrs. Block, the proprietors, would not let me go, and I ran away.

"It happened that I bought a German newspaper down here, and I saw in there that she was found. Nobody, though a long time in the morgue, could identify her. Though several times dug out of the grave, none could find out her name. She came from Valley Park, and here I saw that I murdered an honest life, and not a woman of bad character.

"I don't know nothing more and I am glad. Some may suffer under the suspicion to have committed this crime. Release him, if you truly, somebody have suffered the death penalty, I am sorry.

"I estimated her from 18 to 22 years, with short, curly hair. The color of clothes and hair I can't tell on account of the darkness of the night. Height, five feet five.

"I recollect that I hit her with a pocket-knife on her straw hat. That is all I have to confess, and I am a good deal lighter and prepared for what I deserve. And to have forgiveness, pray you. Yours truly, "ARTHUR SCHNEIDER."

The Finding of the Body.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—On June 21, 1894, the body of a beautiful young girl was taken from the Meramec river 100 yards from the bridge at Valley Park. It did not seem long in the water, and the features were not distorted.

It was a winsome face, and thousands viewed it through the glass exhibition windows of the morgue after the body had been brought here. The remains were identified as those of five different girls, but identification was finally settled and the corpse was interred as that of Minnie Meyers, or White, 21. Hers was a history of confidence and love, betrayal and death. The elements of murder were missing. No one saw the deed, and the girl was alone when she left the 'Frisco train at Valley Park. It was assumed that she had walked into a secluded spot on the river bank, waded into the water and drowned.

No other hypothesis being proved, the coroner's verdict was suicide.

W. Q. JUDGE.

President of the American Theosophical Society, Seriously Ill.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Feb. 1.—W. Q. Judge, president of the American Theosophical society, is here, ill with bronchial consumption. He is confined to his bed and members of the Fort Wayne society are watching him closely. His condition is critical, although Dr. Buchanan, a specialist, says that he may prolong his life some months.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

The monthly treasury statement shows a deficit of \$3,450,000 for January.

Bids for bonds are pouring into the treasury office at Washington at rapid rate.

Students of the Missouri state university at Columbia are forming a fire brigade.

A national Sunday-school teachers' seminary is to be established at Jackson, Tenn.

George D. Todd, a republican, was elected mayor by the city council of Louisville, Ky.

Forger Paul Brigham was sentenced to seven years' imprisonment by Judge Cowing at New York.

The postal department has found the Austin (Tex.) letter carrier system in very rotten condition.

Search for the \$800,000 bond of School Treasurer Bolln of Omaha, Neb., has so far been in vain.

An American engineer, just returned from the gold fields of Venezuela, says that they are the richest in the world.

One hundred and twenty-one indictments, recently returned, were stolen from the circuit clerk's office at Inez, Ky.

Lloyd Montgomery, 18 years old, was hanged at Albany, Ore., for the murder of his father, mother and a neighbor.

President Cleveland has ordered the Daves commission to draw a bill for reorganizing the Indian territory government.

John Fitzpatrick, a 15-year-old boy, was run over and killed in the Chicago & Alton freight yards at East St. Louis, Ill.

Divorces were granted to three members of one family at the same time at Salem, N. H. A general family row caused the separations.

Colonial Secretary Chamberlain has ordered the British agent at Pretoria to go to Johannesburg and report the actual condition there.

Mrs. Nancy Stevens, aged 82 years, died at her home in Joliet, Ill., Friday.

She settled there in 1830, and was the oldest settler in Will county.

The Osage Indians have passed a bill through their council asking for a separation from Oklahoma and to be annexed to the five civilized tribes.

Hon. J. G. Dudley will resign as chairman of the democratic state executive committee of Texas and run for congress in the Fourth district.

Hon. George A. Anderson, a member of congress from 1887 to 1889, from the old Twelfth Illinois district, died at Quincy, Friday, of cancer of the stomach.

The twenty-sixth annual state convention of the Young Men's Christian association of Iowa will be held at Keokuk from February 20 to 23, inclusive.

Pinkerton detectives recovered \$10,000 in an old valise, part of the \$50,000 stolen from the Wells-Fargo Express Co. at Colorado Springs, Col., by George Kraut.

The house ways and means committee will push an investigation of the discriminations against the United States exports and report a bill authorizing retaliation.

HUNTING FOR TROUBLE.

Gen. Marin Has Gone Out to Round Up Gomez and Maceo.

HAVANA, Feb. 1.—Gen. Marin, acting captain-general of the Spanish forces here, who left this city Thursday with his staff and a number of prominent merchants and clerks familiar with the province of Pinar del Rio, who will act as scouts, has hopes to strengthen it considerably before engaging with Gomez, who is still understood to be trying to effect a junction with the insurgent forces under Maceo. Wire communication with the front is interrupted. Spanish officers here say that an important engagement will be fought before Gen. Marin returns to Havana.

UNPRECEDENTED.

Money Sent to Nebraska Drought Sufferers Returned with Interest.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Feb. 1.—Friday the secretary of the Commercial club received a draft for \$103 from Grand Island, Neb., the same being money with interest donated by the jobbers of this city to Nebraska drought sufferers in 1894. A letter accompanying the draft says the farmers who were helped in 1894 raised good crops last year and are anxious to discharge their obligations. The money was sent as a gift, not as a loan, and its return was a surprise and something unprecedented.

Injured by His Own Ax.

ELSPERRY, Mo., Feb. 1.—While engaged in felling a tree on Norton's island, Friday, James Reynolds' ax got caught in an overhanging limb, and in extricating it the blade struck him squarely in the mouth, splitting his chin and jaw and otherwise injuring him.

Held Up by Highwaymen.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Feb. 1.—Albert Davison, one of the best-known sporting men in Ohio, was held up by three highwaymen at midnight, near his home on Race street, and robbed of \$500 and a diamond pin. He was beaten almost to death with a club.

Victims of Dynamite.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 1.—A charge of dynamite exploded prematurely on slope No. 2 of the Henry Ellen coal mines Friday, and Evan Morgan, of Ohio, and George Beard, of Alabama, were almost instantly killed, being badly mutilated.

A Dangerous Plaything.

BENTON, Mo., Feb. 1.—Lee Arnold, the 10-year-old son of ex-Congressman Marshall Arnold, shot his playmate, Willie Lambert, aged 8 years, here Friday evening with a Robert rifle, which was recently given him, causing a serious wound.

STABBED TO DEATH.

Two Young Farmers Frightfully Carved Near St. Louis.

ONE IS DEAD AND THE OTHER MAY DIE.

The Tragedy the Result of an Attempt of William and Charles Gillhaus to Drive Over a Neighbor's Land With a Load of Lumber.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—William Gillhaus, aged 33, is dead, and Charles Gillhaus, aged 30, is dying at the farmhouse of their mother, Mrs. Christine Gillhaus, in the extreme northwestern portion of St. Ferdinand township, St. Louis county, two miles southeast of the junction of the Missouri and Mississippi rivers.

Two stabs in the neck, severing arteries, caused William's death, and eight wounds in his brother Charles' back make his chances of living doubtful.

All the wounds were caused by the sharp blade of a pocket knife, wielded under most unusual circumstances by Henry Segar, a 60-year-old neighbor, Friday evening.

The stabbing was the result of the Gillhaus' attempt to drive their wagon across Segar's land over his protest. It was a double duel to the death, with no seconds to see fair play. Nature's weapons gave way to the knife as the struggle grew fiercer, and no mercy was shown by the victors.

The country people have been using this road as a public highway until it has come to be a matter of custom. Indeed, from its appearance one would imagine it to be a regular country road.

It was over the right to traverse this roadway that the terrible tragedy came about.

Two years ago the Gillhaus boys, Charles and William, came to America and settled with their aged mother on a farm next north of Segar's place. They were fine-looking, hard-working, stalwart fellows, who by their industry soon earned a good name among the country people.

Like the rest of the farmers, they were in the habit of using the road over Segar's farm. By so doing they could save themselves a good three miles, for otherwise they would have been obliged to take an almost abandoned highway which runs close along the Missouri's bank from the Mississippi west, intersecting the Columbia Bottom road.

From the information obtained upon this point, Segar has of late determined to put a stop to travel across his property.

He warned all his neighbors, but despite this they persisted in taking the short cut. Then, more determined than ever, he put a heavy rail across the roadway, effectually barring passage unless it were removed, and it was where this rail was placed that the battle occurred.

Deputy Sheriff Heneken, of Clayton, has gone to the scene to arrest the murderers.

THE STRANDED ST. PAUL.

Another Fruitless Effort to Float the Sea Monster.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—The wreckers at work on the stranded steamship St. Paul, Long Branch, were doomed to disappointment again. The east winds, which they had been whistling for had come, but the big ship resisted all efforts to get her off the beach. It was raining hard at Long Branch, and the wind blew from the northeast, but the sea remained calm. There was scarcely any surf to speak of.

The usual preparations were made by the wreckers to haul on the St. Paul. At 8.30 a. m., or about an hour and a half before high tide, two tugs began hauling on the disabled vessel. The tug boats occupied the same position as they did Friday. The tug pulled and tugged on the stern of the St. Paul, but she stuck fast, and the tugs only succeeded in moving her about ten feet.

The wreckers hope that the easterly wind will freshen up before the day is over and cause the sea to roll. This is what they have been hoping for ever since last Saturday, when the St. Paul went ashore.

A KENTUCKY SHOOTING.

That May Have a Double Lynching as a Sequel.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 1.—Rufus Todd, a young farmer of Madison county, was shot in his own doorway Friday morning. He and some one at his stable, and taking his shotgun, started out to investigate. Just as he stepped on the porch the assassins fired a load of slugs into his body, producing fatal wounds. Ruben Miller and Sam Mallory, negroes, were arrested and placed in jail. Should Todd die the negroes will likely be lynched.

Ten of Col. Galliano's Officers Detained.

ROME, Feb. 1.—Gen. Baratieri reports that despite King Menekle's promise to afford the safe conduct of Col. Galliano and his command to Baratieri's camp, the Abyssinian monarch detained ten of the officers of Galliano's column and still holds them.

Bicycleist Killed.

TOLEDO, O., Feb. 1.—James Debb, engineer at the Colton bicycle factory, was struck by a Michigan Central passenger train near Bancroft street, Friday, while riding his wheel, and instantly killed.

Marion Williamson Acquitted.

WICHITA, Kas., Feb. 1.—Marion Williamson, who has been on trial here, charged with the murder of Henry H. Leonard on the night of November 17, was acquitted.

To Look After American Interests.

CAPE TOWN, Feb. 1.—Mr. C. H. Knight, United States vice-consul here, has gone to Pretoria to attend the interests of the Americans under arrest there.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

(First Session.)

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—When the senate met, after taking a recess from ten o'clock Friday night, the attendance was rather slim, there being perhaps 20 present.

The vice-president presented a deficiency estimate of \$300,000 by the secretary of the navy for completing practice vessels for the naval academy, and for the outfit of vessels of the navy already authorized.

Mr. Allen (rep. Neb.) introduced a bill to reduce public expenditures and for other purposes, which was referred to the finance committee.

Mr. Morrill (rep. Vt.), chairman of the finance committee, then addressed the senate in opposition to the free-coinage substitute reported by that committee for the house bond bill.

After debate the bill, as amended by the senate providing for free coinage, was finally passed by a vote of 42 to 35.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

As Indicated by Bradstreet's Weekly Review.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Bradstreet's weekly review says:

The features of the week are continued demand for merchandise and checked industrial operations. Least satisfactory is the waiting attitude of some of the more important industries.

General trade at the close of January proves disappointing, particularly in central, western and northwestern states, where the movement of merchandise from jobbers has been slow and unsatisfactory, it being only fair at a few points.

The volume of spring goods distributed from Chicago in January falls behind expectations, although larger than in January, 1895. Some traders in the territory tributary to Chicago are making orders small owing to having carried over large stock and to a desire to confine purchases to actual requirements. At St. Louis, spring demand is slow and general trade is characterized as only fair by the most sanguine.

The condition in the northwest is such that grain moves freely in some regions, irrespective of low prices. A result is shown by New York, Chicago and St. Louis jobbers in prices of standard cotton goods, which demoralizes demand.

Exports of wheat (four included) from both coasts of the United States this week show a marked falling off, amounting to only 2,900,000 bushels, compared with 3,800,000 bushels last week, 2,480,000 bushels in the week a year ago, 2,080,000 bushels two years ago, 3,120,000 bushels in the corresponding week three years ago and 4,740,000 bushels four years ago. Exports of Indian corn held up well, amounting to 197,000 bushels.

Business failures throughout the United States this week show another large increase, not only as compared with last week, but as contrasted with the total for the fourth week in January, 1895, 1894 and 1893. The total is 283; last week it was 341; last year, 316; in 1894, 340; in 1893, 271, and in 1892 it was 279.

There are 23 business failures reported from the Dominion of Canada this week, an exceptionally large number. The total last week was 52; one year ago, 50; in 1894 it was 44; in 1893 it was 54, and in the corresponding week of 1892, only 31.

CLARA BARTON AND PARTY.

Are Still in London, as Yet Undecided When to Proceed to Constantinople.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—Miss Clara Barton, of the Red Cross society, and her party, who are en route to Anatolia to distribute relief among the sufferers there, are remaining quietly at a west end hotel. It has not yet been decided when the party will proceed to Constantinople. Miss Barton has discussed the pros and cons in a calm, forceful way. She points out that the port's permission for her and her helpers as individuals to distribute relief throws the onus of protection on the American government, and that the persons selected for the work seem somewhat anxious to learn whether Mr. Terrell, the American minister to Turkey, will undertake to appoint individual members of the Red Cross society as bearers of relief or whether he is willing to assume the risk of appointing anyone.

Miss Barton does not know whether Secretary of State Olney has sent any instructions to Mr. Terrell regarding her and her party.

THE LONDON PRESS.

On the Outcome of the Defender Investigation in New York.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The St. James Gazette in an article under the caption: "A Case for an Apology," says:

"The New York Yacht club has given Lord Dunraven a severe lesson in fairness and good manners. He owes the New York Yacht club and American sportsmen generally, an ample apology. He owes it to his own reputation as a gentleman to apologize."

The Pall Mall Gazette says the charges made by Lord Dunraven have been cheerfully refuted, and expressed hope that the incident is now closed.

The Westminster Gazette says: "Probably no one deprecates Lord Dunraven's outbreak of temper more than Lord Dunraven himself."

The Globe says that Lord Dunraven was justified in making charges, though they have never been proved nor disproved."

SAD SUICIDE.

The Result of an Assault by a Kentuckian Upon His Neighbor's Wife.

NEWPORT, Ky., Feb. 1.—Mrs. Wm. P. Faff, aged 35, committed suicide Friday afternoon. She emptied two chambers of a revolver into her heart and sank back in a rocking chair. Flames, started by the flash of the pistol, burned every stitch of clothing from her body, and when help came the woman was a charred mass. She left a letter, in which she says the Veitzels, neighbors, drugged liquor that was given her, and while she was under the influence of the drug, she was abused by Veitzel. Realizing what had happened to her, her horror so grew upon her that she resolved to take her life.

The Kentucky Senatorship.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 1.—The special election in Nelson county for a representative is passing off quietly. Beckham, dem. democrat, will win by 400 to 300. Poor (rep.) can be counted on to vote for Hunter after Thursday next, and as Senator Ogilvie (dem.) will be unable to come to Frankfort, the democrats will have to stay away from the joint session to prevent Hunter's election.

France Urged to Intervene.

PARIS, Feb. 1.—The Politique Coloniale urges France to intervene in the matter of the Brazilians having offered territory claimed by French Guiana.

The President of the Lead Trust Ill.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Col. Wm. P. Thompson, president of the Lead trust, is seriously ill with pneumonia. His condition is said to be critical.

GETTING IMPATIENT.

The British Public Not Pleased with Lord Salisbury's Methods.

IN DEALING WITH FOREIGN MATTERS.

His Vague Acceptance of the Monroe Doctrine Disappoints the People, Who Want a More Explicit Definition of His Policy.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The speech delivered by Prime Minister Salisbury Friday night was very disappointing, for the reason that he gave no indication that he was doing anything to settle the trouble with the United States, and also for the reason that his statement concerning Armenia showed that there was little, if any, hope of the British government doing anything to mitigate the evils in that afflicted part of the Turkish dominions. More definite information on all the questions that have caused so much comment and uneasiness recently will undoubtedly be furnished, but will require interpellations in the house of commons to compel the government to furnish it. It is certain that Lord Salisbury's speech has only whetted the determination of the liberals to challenge, by amendments to the address in reply to the queen's speech opening the session of parliament, the policy of the government toward Armenia and Venezuela. Though explanations may be demanded anent the Transvaal and Germany, no motion attacking the government in this direction will emanate from the opposition. Parliament can not effectively discuss the raid of Dr. Jameson into the Transvaal while judicial proceedings are pending against him and his followers, and the inquiry that will be made into the British South Africa Co.'s complicity in the raid will postpone debate on the subject. It can be said, however, that the whole strength of the liberals, which will be added to by a number of discontented unionists, will be brought to bear on the government in trying to force explicit statements regarding Armenia. The opposition will want to know why Great Britain's policy toward Armenia was failed; the nature of the entente between Russia and Turkey, and also why the difficulty with the United States concerning the arbitration of the Venezuela boundary dispute has been prolonged.

Within the past month liberal opinion has set strongly against Lord Salisbury's treatment of the Venezuelan question.

Lord Salisbury's vague acceptance in his speech Friday night of the "Monroe doctrine as President Monroe understood it," disappoints the country, which is waiting for a more explicit definition of the government's attitude. According to Mr. John Bolton, a fellow of the Royal Geographical society, Great Britain need have no fear of referring the dispute to arbitration. In a letter which he has written to the newspapers he says that he has seen and examined the Spanish and Dutch records, and they prove the British claims fully. Mr. Bolton holds that the Schomburgk line is ill defined and can not clearly be identified, but that the records, he declares, confirm the British title to territory to the westward of that line.

A KENTUCKY TRAGEDY.

The Murdered and Mutilated Body of a Young Woman Found Near Fort Thomas, Ky.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 1.—The horribly mutilated body of an unknown young woman was found this morning in a clump of bushes on John B. Locks' farm, on the Kentucky side of the river, near Fort Thomas, and 300 yards from the street car line.

The corpse was thinly clad and the clothing torn, indicating a struggle. The head was severed from the body and is missing. It is believed that the girl was murdered Thursday night, as the dogs at Mr. Locks' farm house made an unusual demonstration on that night. The coroner has been called from Newport and the police notified.

GUILTY OF MURDER.

Verdict in the Bonkeka Murder Case at Hollidaysburg, Pa.

H

C. C. DuBOSE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, FEB. 6, 1896.

Call of the Democratic County Committee.

The democratic executive committee of Shelby county is hereby called to meet at Columbiana, on Friday the 21st day of February, 1896, to arrange for calling a county convention and beat meetings or primaries, as may be determined on, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

T. J. MARTIN, Ch'n.

J. R. WHITE, Sec'y.

- Beat 1. J. E. White, J. F. McLane, W. H. Bell.
- Beat 2. T. V. Davis, J. N. Carden, C. C. Carden.
- Beat 3. N. A. Graham, W. D. Huggins, S. H. Gist.
- Beat 4. C. N. Pritchard, W. S. Cary, F. V. Gist.
- Beat 5. John Harmon, James Doss, J. M. Waddell.
- Beat 6. J. M. Powers, J. F. Ruffin, R. J. Griffin.
- Beat 7. C. L. O'Neal, R. H. Walker, J. H. Nabors.
- Beat 8. E. S. Martin, G. J. Rogan, W. A. Weldon.
- Beat 9. J. H. Weldon, W. E. Riddle, J. F. Pope.
- Beat 10. T. J. Martin, G. W. Thompson, D. W. Kidd.
- Beat 11. J. E. Adams, G. W. Cosper, J. S. Walton.
- Beat 12. N. H. Cross, Earl Cross, Sam Dunaway.
- Beat 13. J. H. Lee, C. A. Bass, W. N. Lee.
- Beat 14. W. H. Collins, J. M. Babb, P. L. Holcomb.
- Beat 15. T. H. Baxley, R. F. Falkner, R. M. Hollis.
- Beat 16. E. P. Chandler, C. F. Elliott, J. J. Burks.
- Beat 17. L. L. Padgett, W. H. Dennis, C. L. Whitmore.

WHAT SAY THE VOTERS?

It is less than two months until our municipal election, and it occurs to us it is not too early to take steps towards putting out a ticket. With the experience of the past year fresh in mind it is not likely we will be guilty of the same blunders again. We regard it as unfortunate that politics were forced into the school question, but since such is the case it is cause for congratulation that this sin cannot be charged to the democrats of Columbiana. They tried in every conceivable way to unite the community, regardless of politics, but their plans were thwarted at every turn. It is needless to make any further efforts in this direction. THE CHRONICLE shall advocate putting out a straight municipal ticket, and let the people settle this question at the polls. The issue is not of our seeking, but since our opponents have forced it, we shall be content with nothing less than to submit the question to the voters and let them settle it at the polls. We like harmony and can stand a good deal of it, and we are ready at all times to go as far as any to secure it in an honorable way, but we do not propose to advocate the sacrifice of principle for the sake of harmony, or to please any man or set of men.

Let the people say who shall rule.

The senate, by a vote of 42 to 35, has passed the free coinage substitute for the house bond bill, and the result will be that future bond issues will have to be made under existing law. The house will not concur in the senate amendments, and, if it did, the president would veto the bill. In a grave crisis the highest legislative body in the land has written itself down as an enemy of the public credit and the advocate of a depreciated currency. The course of the senate in thus defeating by substitution a very necessary measure reveals as never before the value of the constitutional safeguard provided in the veto power of the executive. It also reveals in a very emphatic manner the presence of more demagogues than statesmen in the senate.

JOHNSTON, silvermoon candidate for governor of Alabama, declines to jointly canvass the state with Clarke, the sound money candidate. Johnson puts his declination on the ground that a canvass before nomination would tend to further divide the party; but if he thought the disturbance would help him he'd go in. He's afraid of Clarke's sledge-hammer logic, and convincing array of the truths of history.—Chattanooga Times.

Geo. Ellis, chief clerk in the auditor's office, announces that he is a candidate for the democratic nomination of state treasurer. Mr. Ellis is a former citizen of Dallas county and has always been an active worker and supporter of the party. He asks the nomination, feeling confident that he is competent to discharge the duties of the office.

Do you suppose it will ever occur to the Advertiser that it would be well to save its thunder for the enemy and not waste it all on Johnston and the State Herald? Has the old lady gone deaf?

MR. HARRISON, ex-president, has issued a card, in which he positively declares that he cannot consent for his name to be presented to, or used in, the St. Louis convention.

JOSEPH F. JOHNSTON has declined to meet Clark in joint debate. Well, Brother Johnston may be a little short on "nerve," but his judgement is good anyway.

JOHN L. COBBS, of Montgomery, has announced as a candidate for the democratic nomination of state treasurer. Mr. Cobbs held the office for four years.

The Republicans of the fourth district have called a congressional convention for March 4th.

THE COLONIAL CLUB.

A well organized, well regulated club is a necessity in every community, and we rejoice to see that some of our foremost, enterprising young men have organized such an institution in our midst.

When a club, by virtue of its constitution and by-laws, is put upon a high plane, it is a powerful factor in the grand work of higher civilization and culture. Some think that a club room is a place where men meet to drink, smoke, gamble and indulge in profane, vulgar converse. There are such, and they should be condemned as a nuisance by all virtuous people. But, per contra, there are clubs of a very different character, organized by gentlemen of culture and refinement, and kept pure by virtue of laws made inviolate. I have known many of the latter, have been entertained by them, and have spent many pleasant and profitable evenings with the distinguished men of our land—distinguished both in church and state. I know such a club room in a city near by, to whose rooms I have been honored with a permanent card of admission. I seldom fail to visit them when in that city, there I have access to a valuable library of standard works, the latest and best periodicals, late newspapers from all quarters of the globe. In those well lighted, well furnished rooms, you can read the light literature of the day, or if perchance you wish to investigate some historic or scientific question, you can find works that enable you to pursue your investigation. There you meet men distinguished in letters and in art, lawyers, doctors, teachers, bankers, merchants, artists, all polished gentlemen, some reading, some discussing questions, historic or economic, (political and religious questions are tabooed,) some playing chess, some enjoying a rubber at whist or playing cards, draughts, backgammon, dominoes or other innocent games. All games are innocent, per se. It is in spending too much time or betting on them that makes them vicious. There you can listen to the discussion of any and all questions pertaining to the higher culture of man, both mind and body. No man from the chief justice to your humble correspondent leaves those rooms without having obtained some useful information and feeling refreshed from the genial flow of wit and wisdom surrounding him. Occasionally they give an entertainment, where none but ladies and none but gentlemen enjoy that most charming of all amusements ever invented since the days of Israel's "sweet singer," the social dance. Men are gregarious animals; they need relaxation, they want amusement. Let them be innocent. Dr. Talmage aptly remarks, "before you deprive the young of the amusements they have, give them something better." Now young men cultivate your minds, your hearts, your bodies, they are the Lord's, He created you for enjoyment. Enjoy this grand world and your noble capacities. Be moderate, do not be carried away with earthly pleasures. There are two sides to life; do not live for selfish ends, but prepare yourselves mind, soul and body for broad minded characters and a life of philanthropy. Set up a high standard of morality, and above all cultivate that high, that knightly regard for female purity that should ever distinguish the genuine club man.

SENEX.

A SENATORIAL CHUMP.

From the St. Louis Republic.

Senator Tillman's maiden speech might have scored a hit if it had been delivered for the benefit of a hoodlum gang and against another hoodlum gang. It contains the information that one United States senator holds himself emancipated from the restrictions which men since the days of Moses have associated with fitness for existence in an established order. He pretended to speak for the South. Yet that harrangue, dripping with un-suppported accusations, inflammatory, ignorant, unfeeling and flatulent, is capable of robbing the South as even a sectional tariff law could scarcely rob her in years. It can rob the South of much advancement in wealth and population. It can furnish the detractors of the South with instruments of misrepresentation which they could not plausibly invent. Senator Tillman may hear some approval. There are men everywhere to applaud boorish and excited vituperation. They are in no corner of the earth, however, the men who do good to their communities. They are the men whose laws against assault and riot are made to fit; the men who make the progress of civilization slow and painful; who are the enemies of the sheriff and the courts of law. Business and education languish where they are numerous. The christian preacher is discouraged where they infest. Senator Tillman had the beginning of a great career. The small farmers of the South, fearless, hardworking, moral citizens, wanted a spokesman. He has fallen below his opportunities. His character is not strong enough to develop. Discussion, poise and reflection are impossible to him even in positions where without them disgraceful failure is the plain destiny of the delinquent. The populists agitation is singular in the story of the nations. Of all the men it has thrown into the public view, not one has been able to sustain himself. Not one has reached even moderate standing in a generation of by no means extraordinary leaders.—The West hastened to turn get it heaped upon. The South blushes when it thinks of Irby, Marion Butler and Tillman. Cleveland and Carlisle are not infallible; they have opponents among good men and good democrats. Their mistakes will be regarded with greater kindness and their enemies will be fewer when Tillman's contemptible billingsgate is read by the country.

SILVER CONSPIRACY.

Walter Wellman Outlines It—A Silver Paper Basis the End Desired.

A Washington special from Walter Wellman to the Chicago Times-Herald says:

The great silver conspiracy is afoot. It is a conspiracy to bring about monetary revolution, to take the country from a gold basis and put in on a silver-paper basis. Many friends of the present system do not realize the danger which this conspiracy threatens. They pin their faith to the great majority against free silver which exists in the country, to the good sense and conservatism of the people. They say, and rightly, that this country will never vote to adopt the monetary system of Mexico, of Chile, of Peru. But they overlook the fact that in order to succeed in their present plans the silver men do not care to carry the country. They do not need to meet the issue squarely. The conspirators think they have an easier and surer way of reaching the desired end. And what is the plot? A very simple one. With their blockade of the senate they propose to prevent the enactment of any law that will enable the executive to maintain the gold reserve and the gold standard without repeated issues of bonds. Then they propose to intrigue with political parties to bribe or bulldoze them till they get into the White House a man who will refuse to issue bonds for that purpose. Anyone can see what would follow.

That this conspiracy is afoot, that it is well organized, skillfully directed, well entrenched and exceedingly dangerous, no longer admits of doubt. Teller, of Colorado, and Jones, of Nevada, are its brains. It began with the wholesale manufacture of new states in the far West by the republican party. Having thus obtained a strong minority in the senate, the silver forces by virtue of an anti-force bill intrigue with Gorman, defeated cloture and entrenched themselves behind the rules. For the present they have a majority in the senate, but majority or no majority they are secure. Success of their plot requires not action, but the absence of it. Without cloture action against a strong and determined minority is impossible. Not for years, it is morally certain, will any legislation pass the senate that will make it unnecessary for the president of the United States to buy gold for bonds if he wishes to maintain the reserve, and with and through it the present monetary standard. This part of the plot is assuredly successful.

How about the other part? Will they succeed in getting into the White House a president who refuses to maintain the reserve as Mr. Cleveland has maintained it? Everything depends upon the courage and firmness of the leaders of the two great parties upon the courage and understanding of the delegates who make up the two great national conventions. The conspirators are playing their cards well. First, they work up sentiment against increasing the national debt in time of peace. Those plotters who are democrats easily convince members of their party that such increase is not in accordance with true democratic principles. Those who are republicans quite as easily persuade their party confederates to denounce the democratic president for his sales of bonds. Both parties are thus caught in the silver trap, both are drifting along toward their national conventions with a tendency to denounce addition to the national debt in time of peace. Suppose both platforms contain such denunciation—that is one great point gained. It then remains only to secure the nomination of candidates who will adhere to the platform.

If anyone supposes the silver forces in either party hope to secure adoption of an out-and-out free silver plank he is much mistaken. They may ask for this, and insist upon it most strenuously, making their demand something to trade with, but they do not expect to get it. Their real aim is an anti-bond declaration in both parties if they can get it, but in one if they can do no better; after that the nomination by both conventions of candidates who will follow to the letter the tenets of the platform. If they can't get both they will take one. Then in the campaign they will maneuver to secure the election of the candidate who is most likely to protect their interests, be he republican or democrat. If all these convention intrigues fail and both parties turn a deaf ear to their blandishments, the plotters have in reserve the straight-out silver party, whose convention is to meet in St. Louis after both the other conventions have been held.

There are candidates for the presidency in both parties who would be only too glad secretly to give pledge of doing the bidding of these conspirators if thereby they could win the nomination. Nor should it be forgotten that in either convention the out-and-out silver men are likely to have from one-fourth to one-third of all the delegates, with many of the remaining two-thirds in more or less sympathy with them. They will be a positive, compact force, having a single purpose always in view, and ready to throw their strength wherever their plans can be promoted. If the sound money men permit themselves to be hoodwinked or to be intimidated, if they weakly conclude they can make sure of success at the polls only by compromising with the silver element, then the conspiracy may succeed. It is not impossible.

Old Young Lady (coquettishly)—"He's old and you, little boy?"
"Four years."
"And you guess how old I am?"
"No, mam; I can only count up to thirty."—Tit Bit.

SAYS CAPTAIN JOE.

From the Columbia Breeze.

"I'm for Captain Joe of the silver gang. And with my fame the whole State rang One day last week, when my chosen set On the State Committee in session met. We had things heated and brewed to a T. And it worked like a charm, as all may see: And it adds another string to my bow," Says Captain Joe.

"We downed the bars and opened the gate. And invited all to participate, Of whatever creed, or color, or clan— But, then, you see, 'twas my only plan To catch the votes I so sadly need. Ken while I admit 'twas a sorry deed, But pride, and honor, and all must go," Says Captain Joe.

"'Tis a bitter pill and hard to swallow. For with this rabble I now must wallow; Republican, populist, negroes and all I surely must have—or as surely fall. 'Tis hard, I ween, for a man so high To admit one of them as good as I. But without their votes to the wall I go," Says Captain Joe.

Saginaw Drop Shots.

Supt. Wingate spent last week with home folks at Verbena.

M. W. Leonard, county physician, is now a guest of the Acme.

We are glad to say our Sunday school at this place is one among the best.

John Fulton has found him a dear at the residence of W. A. Walburn.

Miss Earl Anchors, of Columbiana, is the honored guest of W. A. Walburn.

Etheline, the little daughter of Chas. McLane, is very sick with la grippe.

John P. West and J. Stein, of Carera, were guests of the Acme hotel this week.

Wil-Ful is very sorry that the young people have so little respect for Sunday nights.

W. H. Bell and J. F. McLane, of Shelby, visited Chas. McLane, of this city, Sunday.

Frank Walburn, of the Columbiana High School, spent Saturday and Sunday with his parents.

W. P. Brewer, of Siluria, the favorite Methodist of J. E. Morris, preached Sunday at West Saginaw.

A Methodist church will be organized at this place the fourth Sunday in February by Reverend Berry.

Miss Lela Fulton, who has just returned from an extended visit to Blocton, is now very sick with la grippe.

Prof. Douglass, of the Rutherford High School of Pelham, Ala., was in the city Sunday, deer hunting. How about that, Miss N— ?

Miss Ella Satherwhite, the reigning belle of Jemison, has captivated the hearts of all the gents of this city and is now the belle of the town.

Call on Sunday and Wednesday nights at the residences of Mr. Smith, Manard or Saterwhite, and see J. R. W. and T. H. R., our leading society gents. H. C. F. thinks it very hard to ride fifteen miles to see his best girl and then be eves-dropped.

The young people of our city had a musicale at Mr. Saterwhite's Wednesday night. All the young men of the town were invited except Dr. Leonard, Bob Galloway and Clay Fulton; those three were sadly disappointed. After sitting around awhile with their fingers in their mouths, they decided that they would go down and let the crowd know they were well, and would have gone had they had an invitation. A after spending 15 minutes, they all got up, told the crowd they had enjoyed themselves hugely, they raising their hats, bid them a fadewell good night to return no more.

WIL-FUL.

Honor Roll of Saginaw School for January.

Winnie Fulton, Richard Harper, John Ozley, Minnie Ozley, Frank Saterwhite, Chas. Saterwhite, Davie Saterwhite, Will Walburn, Lula Leonard, Nettie Leonard, Will Patton, Joe Patton, Alma Hale, Alice Walburn, Fred. Walburn.

MISS ANNIE CLISBY,

Teacher.

Wanderer.—"Yes, lady, a few years ago I was just rolling in wealth."

Kind-hearted Housekeeper.—"Poor man! here is a quarter. Rum did it, I suppose."

Wanderer.—"No, mam. Religion." Kind-hearted Housekeeper.—"Religion?"

Wanderer.—"Yes, mam; I was one of the most successful burglars in the country, but I got religion and could not work at my trade any longer. It broke me up. Thanks.—Puck.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

Appearances Deceitful.

Never judge people by their clothing. The man with fringe around the bottom of his trousers, slouch hat and worn out shoes, may be the editor of your county paper, while the man with new clothes and tan shoes may simply be one of his delinquent subscribers.—Pine Belt News.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.



for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know

that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Pitcher and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Pitcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Season-Ending Sales.

We are house-cleaning, a general cleaning up from one end of the store to the other. Low prices the powerful factor to do the work. We never carry over goods from season to season, and another thing, we never lose sight of the fact that ours is a business of reliable merchandise. See the values we are offering in

Dress Goods, Clothing.

Shoes, Hats.

Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Twenty per cent off of every dollar's worth you buy from us from now until first of March as we are bound to sweep our store clean to make room for our spring stock.

Be sure and trade with us. It has paid others

IT WILL PAY YOU.

Yours for Low Prices,

THE RACKET STORE,
SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Propr's.

"HOT SHOTS,"

—BY—
SAM JONES.

You Laugh and Cry When You
Read This Great Book.

OVER THREE HUNDRED PAGES,
Superbly illustrated and bound in the most elegant English cloth.
DOLLARS FOR WORKERS.

This grand book is now out and will only be sold by Agents.

A WONDERFUL OFFER.

Any responsible man or woman sending us only ONE DOLLAR will receive by return mail POSTPAID a complete Agent's outfit, consisting of a full and complete copy of this noble book.

ORDER NOW

and get your territory or some one else will be ahead of you, and to miss selling this book means the loss of a big salary for the next year.

We pay the very best commissions. Order today.

ADDRESS

SOUTHWESTERN PUBLISHING HOUSE,
NO. 208 N. COLLEGE ST., NASHVILLE, TENN.

NOTICE.

Before Taking Stock

I WILL SELL:

10,000 yards 5 and 6ct Calacous

at 3 1-2c.

10,000 Men's and Ladies' Handkerchiefs

at 2 1-2c.

5,000 Children's Handkerchiefs

at 1c.

1,000 Children's Vests

at 2c.

500 Men's Undershirts

at 15c.

100 Misses Rubber Shoes

at 15c.

100 Children's Knee Suits,

Sizes 5, 6 and 7,

at 50c.

The above goods I will
sell only to the first
day of March next.

Respectfully,

S. STARK,
Shelby, Ala.

TWO FOR ONE!

That is what is offered for

\$1.00 A YEAR

You can get the Montgomery Semi-Weekly

ADVERTISER

An eight-page paper issued twice a week, all the year round. No paper as complete and interesting for an Alabamian can be had in all the land at any price. It is full of instructive and entertaining matter for the

Farm, Fireside and Store.



For information and free Handbook write to
MUNY & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.
Oldest bureau for securing patents in America.
Every patent taken out by us is brought before
the public by a notice given free of charge in the
Scientific American
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the
world. Specimens of the paper sent to any one
man should be without it. Weekly, \$2.00 a
year; \$1.00 six months; \$0.50 three months.
Send for a notice given free of charge in the
Scientific American

HAVE YOU READ
THE * TIMES
PHILADELPHIA

THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public and private measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family newspaper.

THE TIMES aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent to any one sending their address.

TERMS: DAILY, \$3.00 per annum; \$1.00 for four months; 30 cents per month. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages—18 columns, elegantly illustrated, \$2.00 per annum; 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, \$3.00 per annum; 50 cents per month. WEEKLY EDITION, 50 cents per annum. Address all letters to

THE TIMES,
PHILADELPHIA

Non-Resident Notice.

STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.

In Chancery, Sixth District, North-Eastern Chancery Division.

Claudia Holman, Complainant, vs. I. M. Holman, Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of John D. Stranzo, that the defendant, I. M. Holman, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in the State of Texas; and further, that in belief of said affidavit, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in The Chronicle, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said I. M. Holman, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 10th day of February, A. D. 1896, on or before that day, thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Thereat once in Columbiana this 4th day of January, A. D. 1896.

GORDON DEBOISE, Register.

COULD HARDLY WALK
ON ACCOUNT OF
RHEUMATISM
P. H. FORD
—OF—
Ouachita City, La.
After
TWO YEARS
Suffering
IS CURED
—BY—
THE USE OF
Ayer's Sarsaparilla

"For fully two years, I suffered from rheumatism, and was frequently in such a condition that I could hardly walk. I spent some time in Hot Springs, Ark., and the treatment helped me for the time being; but soon the complaint returned and I was as badly afflicted as ever. Ayer's Sarsaparilla being recommended, I resolved to try it, and, after using six bottles, I was completely cured."—P. H. FORD, Ouachita City, La.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla
Admitted
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
COLUMBIANA, FEB. 6, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year.....\$1.00
One copy six months......50

SHELBY LODGE, No. 140, A. F. & A. M. Regular communications at Columbiana the last Saturday night in each month. Visiting members in good standing cordially invited.
J. S. LEEPER, Sec. T. D. MASON, W. M.

SHELBY LODGE, No. 50, K. O. P. Regular meetings first and third Monday nights of each month, at 7:30, at Shelby, Ala.
W. A. WALKER, C. C.
A. M. PIERCE, K. of R. and S. and M. of F.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, was in town Tuesday and Wednesday.

James Reynolds, of Montevallo, was in town Thursday and Friday.

James Harris, of Aldrich, was among his many friends here Monday.

Miss Nora Leeper, of Birmingham, is a guest of friends in town this week.

Miss Etta Dykes was a guest of Miss Pearl Seal Monday and Tuesday.

The Colonial Club gave a ball last Thursday evening at the Colonial Hotel.

R. E. McLean and family left Tuesday for Birmingham, where they will reside in future.

Maj. J. W. Pitts has moved here from Crosswell, and is occupying the Leeper residence.

Quite a number of Shelby's young people were up to attend the "Colonial Ball" Thursday night.

W. A. and Miss Augusta Thompson returned home Monday from a visit to relatives in Bessemer.

Miss Mary and Sallie Bolin, of Wilsonville, were guests of Miss Lucy Smith Saturday and Sunday.

Hon. T. J. Martin, of Harpersville, than whom no better democrat lives, was in town a few hours Saturday.

Dr. T. G. Nelson and wife, of Harpersville, were among their many friends here Tuesday and Wednesday.

Captain Booker and two daughters came up Thursday last from Shelby Springs to attend the ball at the Colonial.

Among those who attended the "Colonial Ball" Thursday evening last, were Messrs. Pat McConaughy, Lewis Bowden and Mr. Hardy, of Montevallo.

Mrs. B. B. Lewis, of Nashville, Tenn., was in town Thursday and Friday in the interest of the Home and Parsonage Society of the Methodist church.

Manard Pond, and wife, of Logan, Ohio, were in town a few hours Saturday. Mr. Paul will reside at Shelby Springs, and will in future have charge of that delightful resort.

Dr. Page says it tickles him to think that a "little piney woods republican" could come down here and lead the procession in building the handsomest store building in town. Come to think of it, it is funny.

Chairman Martin issues a call this week for a meeting of the democratic county executive committee, to be held in this place February 21st. Every member of the committee should be here on that day. See call elsewhere.

Dr. J. S. Hill, of Courtland, Ala., an accomplished dentist, and a thorough gentleman, will be in our town soon. Those having work in that line will do well to await his arrival. We have seen much of his work and know that it cannot be excelled.

J. B. Elliott, familiarly known as "Uncle Jeff," made a trip to Birmingham last week, and they say he threw a brick at a wooden negro who presided with pestle and mortar in front of a drug store, because the negro grinned at him, and it may be so for all we know to the contrary.

If rumors count for anything Columbiana is on the eve of a good sized, healthy building boom. There are several projects under consideration, but as yet none of them have assumed definite shape, but we have strong reason to believe that several will materialize in the near future. In the meantime, if you want a lot cheap, buy at once.

The two-story brick store is now a certainty. The plans and specifications have been made, and the contract given to Z. H. Clardy & Son, of Talladega. The contractors were given until Sept. 1st next to complete the building, but it is safe to predict, knowing the Clardys as we do, that much less time will be consumed in its construction. The contract calls for a splendid structure, fitted up in first-class style throughout, and will be an ornament to our town. Such enterprise and public spirit deserves the reward sure to follow.

CAN ALABAMA WIN?

There is at present a spirited contest going on between some of the technical colleges of the country for a fine nickel and gold plated engine lathe, offered by the Lodge-Davis Machine Tool Co., of Cincinnati, Ohio, to the technical school securing the largest number of votes before March first. Any male person in the United States over 15 years old can vote.

The Agricultural & Mechanical College at Auburn has gone into this contest, and with the proper support from the citizens of the state, we see no reason why Alabama cannot win the prize. Voting blanks may be found at J. M. Spencer's store and we trust all our readers will take occasion to vote, as it costs nothing and will help on a worthy enterprise. We would also suggest that persons interested in this contest, and all Alabamians should be interested, secure as many votes as they can, getting names and addresses on sheets of letter paper, and forward to the A. & M. College, Auburn, Ala. All lists should be at the college not later than February 24th.

We have a smaller population than many of our rivals, but what we lack in numbers we can make up in zeal. We hope every reader will sign and see that his neighbor signs so that a thorough canvass may be made.

Wilsonville Waifs.

Measles! measles! oh how fascinating.

The additional room to the Wilsonville institute will be completed in a few days.

I suppose a traveling man (footman) has fallen in love with one of our most popular young ladies.

Oscar Tinney, after sharing his part of the measles, is now able to be upon the streets once more.

We heard very interesting sermons at the M. E. church Sunday and Sunday night, delivered by the new pastor.

We are glad to see E. Williamson, after several days confinement with the measles, able to take charge of his position again.

The plans of erecting the M. E. church parsonage are in operation. This parsonage is badly needed and we hope to see it completed at an early date.

It is suggested by some of the young people, that we organize a choir, also that we meet one night each week for practice. What do you think of it, Nellie?

On account of illness the S. P. L. League meeting was postponed for two weeks hence. This will give those who are interested in the programme ample time.

The little sparrow will no longer have such a pleasant time around here; think they will all be killed out, as the little girls have decided that "bird-thrashing" is quite a sport.

Some of the young men are desirous of the postmistress making her office "strictly private," to prevent the young ladies from seeking refuge there, while waiting for the mail.

In addition to the other new buildings being erected in Wilsonville, Messrs. Holland, O'Hara and Lightsey are building a blacksmith shop near their gin and grist mill. Suppose they will have it in operation in a few days.

We learn that Mr. Tinney has purchased a "black horse." The other "black horse" in this community will probably obtain a little rest in the future; as good competitors always gain some customers. You are "strictly in the fight," aren't you, Will?

Haints! haints! they tell me there was one in town last week; a few days hence he was ploughing in the field, the trace chain broke, and while he was repairing same, his mule got a "one-eyed peep" at him which caused the animal to get extremely frightened; the result was a runaway. Yes away so far it has not been seen since.

We are sorry to learn of the burning of Mr. Shrader's mills, located four and one-half miles south of Shelby, Ala., which was supposed to have been incendiary. W. R. Smith took his bloodhounds to the scene; but on account of being notified too late, other hounds had made a failure on the track; consequently he did not attempt the race.

There is a man whom we all know lives here in Wilsonville. The girls say he's quite a beau. When down at "Bolinville."

He goes there many times a week. Dresses to his own delight. And ah! that tender heart he seeks. 'Till late these wintry nights.

And almost every time he goes. He sings the little song: "Darling do you love me so?" And thus the time prolongs.

And then he says: My dear you sing That song, that to my heart, Joy, love and happiness brings Each time before we part.

Of course she knows the song so well. She thus begins to sing: "Come back! Come back! I love you still, My love to you I bring."

He goes away with a glad heart. With love beyond degree. Thinking how sad 't would be to part Without that song to me.

Behold sometimes away he goes To work somewhere a while; His heart with sorrow overflows. Next day in town he smiles.

"TWO-IN-A-SKILLET."

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results follow its use; that he would not be without it if procurable. G. A. Dykeman Druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best cough remedy that he has used in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles free at Parker & Armstrong Drug store. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.

IT'S OUR BUSINESS

Why we sell goods cheaper than any one else.

IT'S YOUR BUSINESS

To secure the great bargains we offer. We are sure you will give us your trade, for we are and expect to remain

The Leaders of Low Prices.

The Columbiana Mercantile Company's Store

at Moore's corner has

just received:

1,000 yards best Bleached Domestic, full yard wide, soft finished, will sell you

16 1-2 yards to the Dollar.

One thousand yards Cotton Checks

25 yards to the Dollar.

The very best quality of Apron Gingham

at 6 cents per yard.

We shall be glad at all times to price you our goods, and guarantee satisfaction.

Columbiana Mercantile Co.,
AT MOORE'S CORNER.

H. FOX, MANAGER.

Items from Lewis.

Prof. J. A. Spearman will move into his new residence soon.

Measles are everywhere, but we hope that they will soon disappear.

Joab Jackson will leave today for Birmingham, to be treated by Dr. Davis.

We have had several weddings of late on Four Mile. Let the good work go on.

The weather has been so bad that the farmers have not done anything in their crops.

Miss Mary Burgess, of Sylacauga, is spending a while with her aunt, Mrs. J. L. Riddle.

William Jackson is our champion rat-catcher. He has captured 22 in the last few days.

J. R. Ray is running his saw mill for all it is worth. He is cutting bridge timber for the railroad.

The tackey party, given at William Jackson's Saturday night, was enjoyed by all who attended.

Nero would like to know why Nellie Bly doesn't write every week, as her writings are always interesting.

We understand that there will be preaching the third Saturday and Sunday in this month at J. L. Riddle's.

Prof. Crumpton's school, at Four Mile, is progressing rapidly. He is probably the best teacher we have had for years.

DIED.—In Chambers county, Ala., Jan. 7, at the residence of his son, Jno. M. Davis, Hon. James M. Davis, aged 83 years. Peace to his ashes.

Wilsonville Warblings.

Mrs. Geo. McGowen paid Calera a visit last Wednesday.

Witeman Self, of Hattiesburg, Miss., paid a flying visit to his old home, Sunday.

The young people enjoyed a pleasant walk to the big spring last Sunday afternoon.

We would personally mention those who have been blessed with measles, but their names is legion.

Mrs. Mebbin, who has been visiting returned to her home in Memphis, Tenn.

Rev. J. W. Cary filled his appointments here Sunday morning and night preaching two very interesting sermons.

We are very sorry indeed to report the severe illness of little Ruth Weldon, and wish for her a speedy recovery.

W. H. Sommerville and family, of Birmingham, after spending several days with his father at this place, returned home Monday.

Misses Mary and Sallie Bolin, two of our most charming young ladies, spent several days with friends in Columbiana last week.

Measles has certainly played havoc in our community. Those who are nearly well should be very careful for fear of relapsing.

Lumber is being placed on the ground for the new Methodist parsonage. Look out for a call from the ladies of the "Parsonage Aid Society."

The literary society which was to have met last Friday night was postponed on account of measles; and will meet on the 14th, inst., with the program which has been published.

NELLIE BLY.

Highpoint Gleanings.

H. J. Cashatt has removed to St. Clair county.

D. F. Funderberg's school, at this place, is on a boom.

G. B. Spruiell made a business trip to Henryellen this week.

J. S. Dyke & Co. brought in a large stock of new goods last week.

Farmers are sowing oats and preparing for a good year's work.

Part of the bridge over Blue creek at this place, fell in last Thursday.

Rev. Wm. Brasher will preach at the Baptist church here next Sunday.

Collins Dyke has taken charge of the mill and ginnery of J. S. Dyke & Co.

Tillman Adams, near Vandiver, has removed to A. R. Henderson's place, in this community.

M. B. Spradley, superintendent of education of St. Clair county, delivered a speech to the people here last Wednesday. His discourse was very interesting to all who heard it.

We will be glad to hear of the nomination of D. F. Funderburg for superintendent of education of St. Clair. Mr. Funderburg has been teaching here some time, and is closely connected with both Shelby and St. Clair in school affairs. As his home is in St. Clair and he has been solicited for the office by many of his friends, we wish to hear of his success.

SAM.

Notice to Teachers of Shelby County.

The board of examiners of Shelby county, Ala., have decided to meet for the examination of teachers, but once every quarter, as required by law, the first Saturday in each quarter, viz: January, April, July and October. Remember that no examinations will be given except on regular examination days. The law requires every teacher to have a certificate before contracting with trustees for a school.

Teachers are advised against commencing schools before having secured a certificate. A certificate is required to cover the entire time taught, or no public money can be legally drawn. Teachers should arrive not later than 9 a. m., for examination.

J. B. KILPATRICK, W. B. GREEK, Board of Examiners. T. A. HUSTON, Co. Supt of Education.

1895 VICTOR BICYCLES:—\$100.00



There are eight Victor Models for ladies and gentlemen, practically any height frame furnished. Victors lead the cycling world. Send for catalogue.

OVERMAN WHEEL CO

Makers of Victor Bicycles and Athletic Goods.
BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO. DENVER. DETROIT.
SAN FRANCISCO. PACIFIC COAST. LOS ANGELES. PORTLAND.

HODD MACHINE COMPANY,

J. A. HODD and T. J. CALDWELL, Proprietors.

Cor. 1st Avenue and 15th Street,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Repairers of LOCOMOTIVES, BOILERS and MACHINERY of all Kinds.

Saw Mill Work a Specialty.

Special agents for Decatur Car Wheel Co. We fit up wheels and axles of every description. Gear wheels cut with perfect accuracy from solid cast iron. We buy and sell second hand engines, boilers, etc.

GORDON * DuBOSE,
BANKER,
COLUMBIANA ALA.

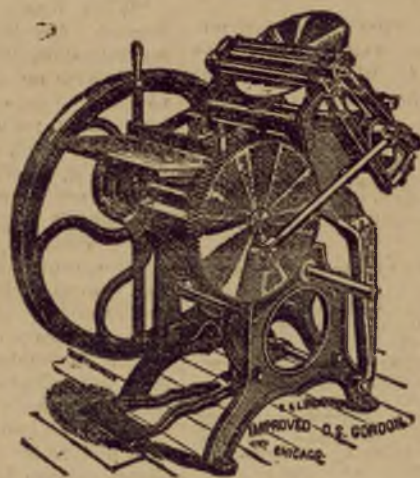
Conducts a general banking business on a safe, yet progressive policy.

Best of Facilities Offered to Customers.

Deposits received upon liberal terms. No pains spared to accommodate customers.

Your patronage solicited.

THE CHRONICLE



BOOK AND JOB OFFICE

Has one of the most complete plants in Alabama. We lead the procession when it comes to artistic work, and prices the very lowest.

I employ the best printers, keep the best stock and ask the city firms no odds, as my expenses are far less than theirs and I give my customers the benefit of the difference in low prices.

Samples of Work and Estimates Gladly Furnished.

Let me quote you prices on any class of work you need. I make a specialty of pamphlet and book work.

Correspondence invited. Address

C. C. DuBOSE, Prop'r.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.

BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

We Make

the Only Mill

that will Grind

Cotton Seed

Satisfactorily

Capacity up to 200 bushels per hour. Power

er required about four horse power. We guarantee it fully. Price \$75.

MONTGOMERY IRON WORKS,
Montgomery, Alabama.

THE BEST WAY

—TO THE—
SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST,
NORTH AND NORTHWEST,

—IS VIA THE—
L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through MONTGOMERY, MOBILE AND NEW ORLEANS.

Connecting for all points in Texas AND THE West

Also running through to NASHVILLE, EVANSVILLE, LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS.

Connecting for all points in the North and Northwest.

Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent of the Louisville & Nashville railroad at Calera, or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

Notice No. 16,973.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA.,

January 27, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Columbiana, Ala., on March 25th, 1896, for the south-east quarter of section 24, township 20, s. range 2 w. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William R. Payne, James W. Rouse, John E. Rouse, Cornelius B. Horton, all of Longview, Ala.

H. C. PURCELL, Register.

Jan 30 65

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.

In Chancery, Sixth District, North-Eastern Chancery Division.

Mrs. Marie L. E. Verchoot, Complainant, vs. Alabama Iron and Steel Co., et al, Defendants.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of J. T. Leeper that the defendant, the National Bank of Orange County, one of the defendants in the above stated cause, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in Goshen, Orange County, New York; and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in The Chronicle a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring it, the said National Bank of Orange County, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause, on or before the day of February, A. D. 1896, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against it. Done at office, in Columbiana, this 10th day of January, A. D. 1896.

GORDON DuBOSE, Register.

Probate Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.

Probate Court, 18th day of January, 1896.

Estate of John Dorough, Deceased.

This day came Joseph T. Dorough, administrator of the estate of John Dorough, deceased, and filed his account, vouchers, evidences and statement for a final settlement of the same. It is ordered that the 10th day of February, 1896, be appointed a day for making such settlement, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

W. F. THETFORD, JR., Jan-23-3 Special Judge of Probate.

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness secured by the mortgage made May 22, 1891, by Thomas J. Peter and Esther A. Peter to French Nabors, and recorded in the probate office of Shelby county, Alabama, in volume 34 of mortgages, page 12, which mortgage and the indebtedness secured by same, having been transferred and assigned to me, and being now held by me, and said default still continuing, I, Minthorne Woolsey, will on Saturday the 15th day of February, 1896, sell to the highest bidder for cash, at the post office door in the town of Briarfield, Alabama, the lands conveyed in said mortgage and described as follows, to-wit: The west half of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section twenty, and all that part of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section sixteen that lies west of the dirt-road leading from Montevallo to Randolph, and the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section seventeen, all in township twenty-four, north, range twelve east, containing in all 74 acres more or less.

MINTHORNE WOOLSEY.

MALLOY & McLEOD, Attys.

Notice to Non-Resident.

"Some folks," said Uncle Eben, "gits de reputation of bein' great leaders, when, ez a matter of fact, dey is jes' bein' shoved forward 'em behind."—Washington Star.

Firs stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No this after first day's use. Marvellous cures. "Treatise and \$2.00 bottle free. Dr. Kline, 391 Arch St., Phila., Pa."

Pearl's Cure is the medicine to break up children's Coughs and Colds.—M. G. Blunt, Sprague, Wash., March 8, '94.

His Reason.—"Why did Brumley say that he was not a hero?" "He is his own valet."—Detroit Free Press.

"One soweth and another reapeth" is a verity that applies to evil as well as good.—George Eliot.

ALTERNATE rest and labor long endure.—Ovid.

Scrofula

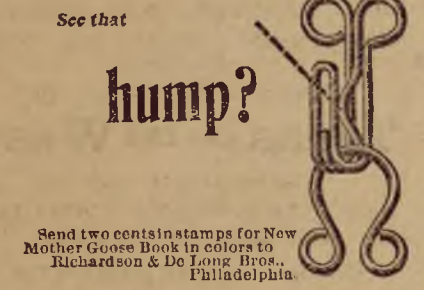
Manifests itself in many different ways, like goitre, swellings, running sores, boils, salt rheum and pimples and other eruptions. Scarcely a man is wholly free from it, in some form. It clings tenaciously until the last vestige of scrofulous poison is eradicated from the blood by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Thousands of voluntary testimonials tell of suffering from scrofula, often in horrible and most tenacious, positively, perfectly and permanently cured by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, \$1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla. 25c.

Saves Temper,

saves time. When hooked stays hooked. Simple, durable, strong. The DeLONG—PATENT—Hook and Eye.



Successful

growers of fruits, berries, and all kinds of vegetables, know that the largest yields and best quality are produced by the liberal use of fertilizers containing at least 10% of

Actual Potash.

Without the liberal use of Potash on sandy soils, it is impossible to grow fruits, berries and vegetables of a quality that will command the best prices.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars. They are practical, containing latest researches on the subject of fertilization, and are really helpful to farmers. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

Don't Scold ... the Cook,

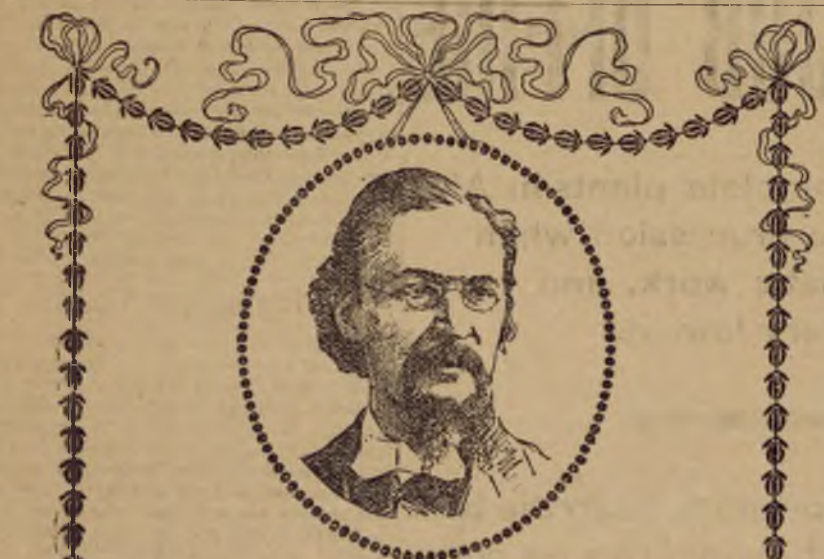
You may have a poor Stove. Not if it's a

CHARTER OAK,

For they can be relied upon to do

******* Good Work.**

GAYOSO HOTEL MEMPHIS
FIRST-CLASS. 17
1700 ROOMS. REDUCED TO \$2.00 PER DAY.



Dr. Parkhurst and Young Men

In twelve familiar "talks" Dr. Parkhurst, the great New York preacher and reformer, will address himself to young men. A feature that will continue through the year of 1896 in

The Ladies' Home Journal

ONE DOLLAR FOR AN ENTIRE YEAR

OVER 140 GIRLS WERE EDUCATED FREE

At the best colleges and conservatories under the Free Educational Plan of THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL. Every girl has the same chance now for any kind of education she wants. Not a penny need she expend. Let her simply write to

The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia

COPYRIGHT, 1895, BY THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY

SALZER'S NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS ARE THE BEST!

Salzer's Seeds Sprout Quickly, Grow Vigorously, Produce Enormously.

Salzer's seeds are raised every where where there is the best soil, water and weather. In every state and every climate. We are the largest growers of Farm and Vegetable seeds in America. Our Mammoth Plant and Seed Catalogue and 100 copies of new creation in grain, grass and forage plants is mailed you upon receipt of 10 cents postage. Catalogue alone 5 cents. Send to-day.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED & LA CROSSE, WIS.

WENT HOME TO DIE.

The Old Man's Face Was Wreathed in Smiles When They Found Him.

They told me in the dining car of a train on the Louisville & Nashville road that in the smoking car was an old colored man who was going south to see his old plantation home again before death claimed him. By and by I went in to have a talk with him. He was wrinkled and white haired, and evidently very old, and when I expressed wonder that his friends in Kentucky should have let him set out on such a long journey he replied:

"They just couldn't help themselves, sah. I tole de chill'en I was bound to cum, an' dey jes' had to let me."

"And how long since you left the old plantation?"

"Way back in wah times, sah. I dun went right off wid some Yunkies soga, an' dat's de last I eber did see of Mars. Thomases folks. Ize gwine down to 'sprise 'em."

"Where is it?"

"Jest a little ways out o' Selma. Dey tell me dat 'm great changes 'bout Selma, but I reckon I kin walk right down de road an' find de plantation in de night. Bress de Lawd, sah, but I don't reckon I could hev closed my eyes in death if dey hadn't let me cum. Dat's bin sich a longin' to see de ole place agin dat I couldn't stand it."

Three or four of us chipped in to get his meals and make him comfortable, but we saw that the journey was telling on his strength. On the morning of the day we were to reach Selma I could see that he was weak and nervous, and when I sat down beside him he said:

"Ize feelin' sort o' skeart 'bout myself dis mornin'. I had a dream last night dat I was walkin' long de road an' met a funeral, an' when I axed who was gwine to be buried a white man spoke up and said:

"'On my soul, if dat hein't Mars Thomases old nigger Job, who runned off dootin' de wah! Heah boy, let me tole you somethin'. Yo' has cum too late to see yo' ole mars; dat's him in de coffin, an' he was a axin' 'bout yo' jese de day befo' he died.'"

I told him that dreams did not signify, and after a bit had him quite chirped up. I got him some tobacco for his pipe, saw that he had breakfast, and as I left him he smiled all over with happiness, as he said:

"Only two hours mo' to Selma! Ize mos' dun got dere!"

Thirty minutes later the conductor beckoned to three or four of us to come into the smoker. The old man sat in his chair, leaning against the side of the car, and seemed to be sleeping.

"He's been dead ten minutes," quietly observed the conductor, "and he died as peacefully as a child falling asleep!"

So he had. There was a smile on his old black face—a smile of anticipation, and the pipe had not fallen from his fingers. Death had come like a soft and fleck mantle.

SILVER KING BARLEY, 116 BU.

The barley wonder. Yields right along on poor, good or indifferent soils 80 to 100 bus. per acre. That pays at 20c. a bushel!

Salzer's mammoth catalogue is full of good things. Silver Mine Oats yielded 201 1-3 bushels in 1895. It will do better in 1896. Hurray for Teosinte, Sam Vetch, Spurry and Giant Clover and lots and lots of grasses and clovers they offer. 35 packages earliest vegetables \$1.00.

If you will cut this out and send it with 10c. postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will get free ten grain and grass samples, including barley, etc., and their catalogue. Catalogue alone 5c.

(K)

EVANGELIST—"Do you ever have any revivals in your town?" Mr. Bute—"None; they mostly dies once they jes' plugged."

Woe Are Poisoned by Air and Water. When they contain the germs of malaria. To annihilate these and avoid and conquer chills and fever, bilious remittent or dumb ague, use persistently and regularly Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which also remedies dyspepsia, liver trouble, constipation, loss of strength, nervousness, rheumatism and kidney complaint. Appetite and sleep are improved by this thorough medicinal agent, and the infirmities of age mitigated by it. A whollesomeful three times a day.

"I TELL you, Binks, tennis is a great game." "Really, Jones, you should be more careful in your English. Tennis was a great game."—Bazur.

SQUIRE RUFUS SANDERS.

The Great Old Story Teller Down on Rocky Creek.

Andy Lucas and His Store-Bought Clothes—That "Orfai" Night in Murder Creek Swamp—Blev Scroggins in Harness.

[COPYRIGHT, 1894.]

Talkin' about them tremendous big ruins, and spring freshets, and high waters, and

along so and the like of that—

—they always put me in mind of the time

when Andy Lucas lost his law

—lives and a dodged a watery grave by

the skin of his teeth, as it

were, down in Murder Creek swamp.

I wish in thy soul that I could give you that story exactly like Andy

give it to me, with all the flourishes and fancy flourishes. Then you

would have somethin' to wake up in the dead hours of night and laugh about.

"THEY STORE-BOUGHT CLOTHES."

"You maybe thought not think it, Rufe," says Andy, in giv' in the latest facts in the case to me, "but I had made a full hand in the field that year.

Men, sir, I worked so scandalous hard and regular till I cum down nigh gettin' down on the lifts that summer. I

got so monthless poor in the flesh, till, by gattins, I had to wear my heavy

woolen clothes through the heat and burden of the summer to keep the sun

from warpin' my ribs.

"But at any rate, along in the fall of the year the old folks went to town

one day, and when they returned back home they fetched me a brand spunkin' new suit of store-bought clothes. Jy

this time there was a light sprinkle of hair on my face, and a right sharp smattering of women on my brain. I

had come up to that pass in life, you understand, when I knowed the gen-

eral difference between a bunch of calves and a plow line.

"The next day was Sunday. Bright and early that mornin' I got into my

new riggins, I did, and I got out and went over across Murder Creek to see the

Turner girls. Shet your eyes now, Rufe, and look back if you can till you

see me with my first suit of store-

bought clothes on, proud as a rooster with his first tail feathers and gallin

to beat creation. Now when it come to courtin' of the girls, I didn't stack up

any to speak of that day. But I had on them store-bought clothes and a paper

calor which stood so stiff and high till I had to go out and climb up to the

back fence in orderment to spit. And I saw the Turner girls and they saw me

with them fancy riggins on.

"Well, maybe it didn't rufe that day. But if I remember right, Rufe, it rained

in great floods and sluices. It put in about ten o'clock that mornin' and

rained slap till dark and way into the night. The Turner folks they wanted

me to remain over till the next mornin', but at that time I never had stayed

away from home all night and I didn't know for certain how it would feel. So

way long towards midnight the rain

held up and I put out for home with them same store-bought clothes on.

"IT BRUNG ON A NIGHT SWEAT."

"When finally at last I got down to

Murder Creek swamp it was so infernally dark till I could jest naturally

feel it with my fingers."—Andy had to stop and take a long breath before he

could go on with the story. "The dark was so thick and heavy, Rufe, till

blamed if it didn't look to me like I

could slice it up with my pocket knife.

I couldn't see the creek, but by the

twelve epistles I could hear a mighty confusion going on down there in

the swamp. The water hit was ripplin' and roarin' and snortin like a passle

of blind steers in a canebrake.

"But I couldn't turn round and go

back to the Turner place, and I couldn't stay down there in the swamp all night.

So somethin' had to be did. I rufe—scem-

thin had to be did. I want in no way

oneasy about findin' my way through

the swamp and across the creek. The

road and the foot log—everything was

perfectly familiar to me. But I had

new store-bought clothes, what would

happen to them? The was the mainest

question, Rufe, with me. I was neither

sugar nor salt, and it stood to reason

that mud and water wouldn't hurt me.

But it was way yonder different in re-

gards to them store-bought clothes.

"Well, finally at last I pulled off my

Sunday boots and my new clothes, tied

'em up into a wallet, put 'em on my

shoulder and started on across the

creek. But I didn't much more than

git on the foot log before I found out

that the blame thing was floatin', and

about the next thing I knowed I didn't

know anything for certain. The log

had turned with me and down I went

kerplash—Sunday boots, store bought

clothes and all.

"Human nature is most in generally

always human, Rufe, and when I comes

to my senses I was flutterin' and flound-

erinin' out on the other side of the

creek, whilst my store-bought clothes

and my Sunday boots went floatin' down

stream through that dark and awful

swamp.

"I then pulled out for home, and when

I got there I didn't have on anything

to speak of in the way of clothes, and

what little I did have on was mornstrous

wet and cold. Even to my stake-and-

rided shirt that high standin' collar had got wet and wilted down till they stuck as close as the skin.

"And that was all, Rufe, not by a whole tremendous big lot. Dabblame it, when I got home the dogs didn't

know me, and in order to save my hide and what few clothes I did have on, I had

to clam a tree. The dogs kept up such a rippet till presently the old man had

to come out and mind the tree till I could slide down and run into the

house.

"I have had many a clost call, and I have pulled my foot self through many a tight place, Rufe, but by long odds

the most roughest and toughest time I have ever saw was down in Murder

Creek swamp that night, when I lost my Sunday boots and my store-bought

clothes. It brung on a night sweat and wound up with a buck ager, and set

me back at least three years in my growth. The truth is, Rufe, I never

have felt quite altogether as big as I did that Sunday mornin' when I started

over the creek to see the Turner girls with my store-bought clothes on.

Someway it rufe seems to me like I

have been growin' less and less gradually by degrees from that day to this."

BLEV SCROGGINS IN HARNESS.

For the last three days and nights hand runnin' I have been moppin' and grubbin' around in the low grounds of

sorrow. Cause why? Blev Scroggins, my playmate through the golden days of childhood and of boyhood—side

partner in all my trials and triumphs and troubles and tribulations—my

friend and fellow citizen till death do us part—has backed himself into a

mighty bad scrape.

If it ever comes to pass that you might want to work up a quiet little

game amongst the boys with the "documents," Blev Scroggins is right

there with two or three ears up his

sleeve. But when it comes to a horse

swap he nint so very many. So it

come to pass one day last week that Blev went to town and tanked up to

about six bits in the dollar, and then

tuckt a Gipsy camp for a horse trade.

Naturally, of course, he got recom-

modations, and what was more he got the first socks swapped off of him on

the last rattle out of the box. The Gipsies traded him a mule that was pritty

as a picture, but a deaf as a post and as blind as a mole. Then Blev got foun-

in mad about it, whilst at the same time he had said the game, and if the

cards got gummed up it was his place to stand and take it like a man.

But instid of that, he come on home green-eyed mad, and that night, in the

still and solemn hours, he went back to the Gipsy camp. And yet still that went

all. He put on a full set of wagon harness, trace chains and all, and then

broke loose all of a sudden like right slap kerbal in the middle of the camp.

And of all the pitchin' and plungin' and kickin' and snortin you ever heard tell

of he carried it on right then and there. When the Gipsies woke up they

thought their horses had broke loose in camp with the harness on, and them

that didn't wake up good thought the last final end of time had come.

To be certainly of course a mighty confusion and a general scatter-

ation was goin on around there present-

ly. One Gipsy run over a wagon and

broke his leg in two places. Another

one run head foremost into a tree and

fractured his skull, whilst one of the

women fainted and fell in the fire and got burnt so bad till they don't think

she can recover. On first blush the Gipsies took up a notion that the

witches had got in amongst them, and so they broke up camp the next day

and moved down on Long Creek. But in the main time truth was mighty and

bound to leak out. Blev Scroggins felt so low down mean about it till he up and

told the naked facts in the case and give his own fool self away.

Consequently the high Sheriff come out one day last week with

papers of compellment for a man by the name of Scroggins. Everybody in the

settlement went on Blev's bond to keep

him at home, but he will have to tend court durin the spring 'erm, and be-

yond that the good Lord only knows what.

THE NEWS FROM ROCKY CREEK.

About the onliest news that I can

give out this week is in regards to a

family log rollin they had over at

Elder Newton's one day last week.

The doctor was there, and likewise

also two or three good old female la-

dies.

When the general confusion was

over Miss Newton she had e come

across with twin babies, and both boys

at that.

The mother and the babies are deim

well as could be expected under the

general circumference of the calamity.

The Deacon will probably recover.

RUFUS SANDERS.

BACHELOR IGNORANCE.

Especially When Children Happen to Be Under Consideration.

Bachelors who have lived long alone

or in hotels or clubs acquire strange

ignorance about children. One of these

was telling a friend how his little

nephew enjoyed "The Jungle Book."

"How old is he?" was asked.

"Oh, I don't know. Seven or eight.

Maybe ten."

"Then he can read the stories him-

self?"

"Let me see. No, he can't. He's too

young. He has the book read to him."

"Then he must be less than ten years

old."

The uncle was puzzled. "That's so,"

he said, reflectively. "My brother hasn't been married nearly so long as that. I

PERSONAL PARTICULAR

FEBRUARY—1896.

Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29						

CURRENT COMMENT.
A census of the entire world is proposed for the year 1900.

FAY HOWARD and George Richard accomplished the feat of rolling two beer kegs from Green Bay, Wis., to St. Louis within 60 days on a wager of \$700.

A RUSH of miners for the gold fields of Alaska is reported from the large cities on the Pacific coast. Some of the prospectors say there is more gold in Alaska than in south Africa, and that the precious metal in our Arctic territory is widely distributed.

The strongest light on any sea coast of the world will soon be in working order on the Jersey shore. It will have no rival for power anywhere. This great electric light will have 2,500,000 candle power, and will be on the top of Barnegat lighthouse.

The New York World recently stated that naval officers in that city and Brooklyn declared that it was the intention of the government to place the navy on as complete a war footing as possible in time of peace and demonstrate what the United States can do in the way of a coast defense fleet to guard our shores, both on the Pacific and the Atlantic.

ANTHONY COMSTOCK, of the Society for the Suppression of Vice, will ask the New York legislature to pass a bill prohibiting the appearance in public of women in knee dresses, tight, bloomers and all feminine raiment. Living pictures, burlesque shows and comic operas are also to be suppressed by the Comstock bill, which has for its object the elevation of the American stage.

JOHN B. ROBINSON, of South Africa, is thought to be the richest man in the world. His fortune is estimated at \$350,000,000. In 1878 Robinson was in debt. He had kept a grocery store in the Orange Free State, but he could not make both ends meet. He and his wife begged their way for 300 miles to Kimberley. Here Robinson laid the foundation of his enormous fortune by picking up a rough diamond worth \$1,500. His ambition now is to be worth \$1,000,000,000.

ROBERT BORCHGREVINK, the Norwegian explorer, is arranging an expedition to the south pole next winter. The scheme that the explorer has in hand is to travel over 160 miles inland on snow shoes and sledges, with three Norwegian companions, till he reaches the south magnetic pole. He expects that it will take him more than two years to do so. He says a commercial company has been formed in England for the purpose of whaling and this company has agreed to send out an expedition next September. Eleven scientists are to go with the expedition.

The cattle growers of the United States will probably have to encounter in the not remote future a vigorous competition in the European markets from Australia. That land of vast areas of cheap grazing lands is capable of producing an enormous supply of meat and the quantity is increasing from year to year. Shipments of live cattle from Australia to Europe have not been very successful, but it is said that chilled beef has been sent from Sydney to Liverpool in such good condition as to sell in the markets at the prices obtained for beef shipped from Chicago.

MR. SPERRY's bill to provide for delivery of letters in towns and other places where no free delivery exists says that whenever not less than 20 persons who receive their mail matter through the same post office petition the postmaster at such office to appoint carriers to deliver and collect the mail from such person the postmaster is to do so. The carrier is to receive from the person to whom the mail is delivered a compensation agreed on, and if no agreement is made, they may demand not exceeding one cent for each letter. They are to receive no other compensation.

THE news comes from Brandenburg, Germany, of a discovery which excites the deepest interest in scientific, commercial and industrial circles. Dr. Sells has contrived a photographic instrument which will in minute details reproduce the various colors of objects, persons and landscapes brought within a specified range of the camera, the colors losing none of their original brilliancy and shade. Dr. Sells sent a number of photographs in colors of rose bushes, peacocks, crazy quilts and tropical butterflies to some experts for their examination, which were greatly admired.

MR. CYRUS EDSON, who was at one time the commissioner of health of the city and county of New York, has made a discovery which, it is said, may solve the problem of the cure of consumption. After numerous experiments he has produced a fluid which he calls aseptolin. It contains 2.75 per cent. of carbolic acid, and to every ounce of it there is added one hundredth of a grain of a new salt called pilocarpin-phenyl-hydroxide. The aseptolin is injected under the skin and into the blood. It has also cured every case of malaria and la grippe in which it has been tried.

THE COMING BATTLES

To be Fought, It is Said, on the Estate of Dr. Alexander.

PART OF WHICH IS DISPUTED GROUND

On the International Border, Where No Interference is Probable—Gov. Thornton of New Mexico at El Paso, and Talks of the Fights.

THE BATTLES TO BE FOUGHT ON NEUTRAL GROUND.

EL PASO, TEX., Feb. 8.—A gentleman who will not allow his name to be used, but is known to be very close to Dan Stuart, Friday evening said:

"The Maher-Fitzsimmons fight will take place on the estate of Dr. Alexander, a retired United States army surgeon, who has one of the finest grape vineyards in Mexico, located four miles from El Paso. This estate consists of 4,000 acres of land in a body. Part of it is located on the disputed international boundary line, and is not yet under the direction of either Mexico or the United States. Dr. Alexander is not only willing that the fight should come off on his property, but his eldest son is a business partner of Dan A. Stuart on the board of trade at Dallas, where the stock, bond, cotton and produce market quotations of the world are posted. This son of Dr. Alexander made the arrangements for the fight to come off on the Alexander estate, and he declares that no Mexican authorities will interfere against the protest of his father and himself, who will do what they please on their property until the question of national jurisdiction is settled.

All doubt that has attached itself in the minds of the fighters, at least, of the ability of Dan Stuart to bring off the contests was apparently dispelled Friday night at a meeting between Julian, representing Fitzsimmons, and Peter Maher and Buck Connolly. The men manifested a desire to have Stuart enlighten them on the point of protection in case they came together. While Julian did not appear to care for anything further than to get his man in the ring against the Irishman, Peter was a bit chary, and wanted to be assured that no judicial aftermath would occur.

Stuart and the men interested were closeted for about an hour, the men retiring to a room away from the ears of the correspondents.

"I am satisfied," remarked Julian, after the meeting. "Mr. Stuart has shown us that there can be no trouble after the fight. We will meet and have it out on the morning of February 14."

"All I wanted to know," said Peter after the conference, "was that I was not running my head into the penitentiary. Stuart has told us something, in a pledge to keep our mouths shut, that makes me feel easy. I know that we will have a fight, and that there will be no bloody police finish to it."

This confidence, coupled with the story told regarding the location of the battlefield, made everyone in this vicinity feel certain the fight will take place.

Gov. Thornton at El Paso.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 8.—A special to a morning paper from El Paso, Tex., says:

Gov. Thornton of New Mexico, together with Sheriff Escarate of Las Cruces and Deputies Casey and Gonzales, came in on Friday night's train. Gov. Thornton said: "I advised Escarate not to come to El Paso, because I did not believe there would be any attempt to bring off the fight in New Mexico, and also because the signing of the bill would take the matter out of the hands of the New Mexican authorities entirely."

"I instructed him that as soon as the bill should be signed he must wash his hands of the whole business. The signing will relieve the territorial authorities of all responsibility and place it upon the federal officers. Escarate and his deputies will go home as soon as they know that the bill is signed. I feel much relieved by this action of congress. Personally I do not care whether they have a fight or not, and there being no law in New Mexico against prize fighting I should not have felt obliged to use any extraordinary efforts to stop it. The opposition papers, however, by diligently circulating the false report that I had been bribed to shut my eyes, compelled me to take more notice of it than the law itself did."

THREE MEN INJURED

By the Fall of an Elevator at Moline, Ill.

MOLINE, Ill., Feb. 8.—By the falling of a five-ton elevator in the shops of the Deere & Mansur Manufacturing Co. three men were injured, one of them fatally. They are: Emil Anderson; die die; Christian Bjorndahl; seriously injured.

Feb. 8; internal injuries.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

President Cleveland has signed the Catron prize-fight bill.

The king of Korea has decreed that queues must go, and the country people are in revolt.

Senator Allen made a speech in the senate counseling conservative action on the Venezuelan boundary dispute.

The Russian press has been officially warned not to encourage the illusion that the czar is considering liberal reforms.

Lord Salisbury, in reply to a request that he support a temperance bill, said that he was too busy with other affairs.

March Bros.' warehouse at San Angelo, Tex., caught fire Friday at noon. The damage is supposed to be \$10,000.

Mrs. Mary P. Wilson, an old and highly-respected resident of Paris, Mo., died Friday of pneumonia, aged 80 years.

Secretary of the Navy Herbert has assured the W. C. T. U. that the battleship Kentucky will not be christened with whisky.

Valentine Hamerly, aged 75 years, was struck by a Big Four passenger train at a crossing in Marshall, Ill., and instantly killed.

Benjamin Ratliff, who murdered the three members of the Park county (Col.) school board, was hanged at Canon City, Col.

Mrs. Maria Magdalena Linn, a pioneer citizen of Macoupin county, Ill., died at her home near Mascoutah, Friday, aged 83 years.

The recent gold discoveries on Flint creek, 20 miles from Anaconda, Mont., are said to be richer than the famous Cripple Creek (Col.) district.

Senator Hale, of Maine, has introduced a bill making February 12, the anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln, a national holiday.

It is reported that Gen. Maximo Gomez, the Cuban leader, will establish his seat of government at Sigüenza, province of Santa Clara.

H. W. Crowe, charged with poisoning his wife in order to conceal his criminal intimacy with her unmarried sister, was acquitted at Wilber, Neb.

A life-sized bust of the late Judge William Scott was presented to the Missouri supreme court by Col. Broadhead on behalf of the State Bar association.

A "Katy" freight train was wrecked two miles north of Ambrey, Tex., by the track spreading. Ten cars were hrown off. One negro was killed and no injured.

Gen. Pando has arrived at Havana with his aids and with 11 political prisoners, among them Dr. Jose Maceo and his son. All have been imprisoned in Moro castle.

The German minister of foreign affairs told the reichstag that he assumed all responsibility for the emperor's message to President Kruger of the Transvaal.

Mrs. Kate L. Neuman, daughter of Capt. Dawson, United States army, now stationed at Baltimore, has sued B. S. Neuman, lieutenant on the man-of-war Charleston, for divorce.

An Illinois life convict, pardoned by Gov. Altgeld after serving nearly 17 years, submits a bill of \$5,400 for services rendered as gatekeeper at the Chester prison for 15 years.

R. J. Moore, missing from Centralia, Ill., and for whom a reward of \$900 is offered, is said to be an embezzler to the extent of \$3,000 or more. He is thought to have started for South Africa.

The republican senators in caucus nominated A. J. Shaw, of Washington, for secretary of the senate, and H. L. Grant, of North Carolina, for sergeant-at-arms, and endorsed Dr. Milburn, who is a democrat, for chaplain.

A COSTLY BLAZE.

One Hundred Thousand Dollars' Worth of Business Property in Ashes.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Shortly after 1 a. m. fire started in the six-story brick building 9 and 11 Franklin avenue, occupied by J. N. Jennings, a printer and bookbinder, who loses \$40,000; Simpson & Perkins, envelope manufacturers, who lose \$25,000, and the John Simmons company, iron pipes and fittings, whose loss is \$10,000. The damage to the building is about \$25,000. All the firms are insured.

An Entire Family Poisoned.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Feb. 8.—Meager details of a fatal poisoning in Nicholson township have been received. The victims are the family of John Sliger. One daughter is dead, another is lying at the point of death, while the other members of the household are in a critical condition. The poisoning was the result of a mistake in using arsenic instead of baking powder in making bread.

A Distinguished Cincinnati Lawyer.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 8.—Win. M. Ramsey, distinguished for his great attainments as a lawyer, and for his high moral character, died at his home in this city this morning, after a year's illness, caused by the death of his wife. He was born at Washington, Pa., 59 years ago.

Damages for Breach of Promise.

METROPOLIS, Ill., Feb. 8.—A verdict in the Tindall-Vickers breach-of-promise suit was returned Friday, after the jury had been out 15 hours. The damages awarded Miss Tindall was \$12,500, just half the amount sued for.

To Aid the Revival.

MOUNT VERNON, Ill., Feb. 8.—Sixty-three business houses have signed an agreement to close at 7:15 p. m., during the continuance of the revival services at the various churches, and all the meetings are largely attended nightly.

Accidentally Killed His Brother.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Feb. 8.—Late Friday evening Alfred Stevens, 14 years old, living in Central City, near here, while handling a revolver at his home, accidentally discharged the weapon, killing his 12-year-old brother.

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

Of the League of American Wheelmen at Baltimore.

IT WILL BE OF MOMENTOUS IMPORT

To the Cycling Interests of the Country—Amendments to the Constitution and Good Roads Among the Subjects of Discussion.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 8.—Only ten states in the country will be represented at the national assembly of the L. A. W., which opens its sessions here Monday. The convention promises to go down in cycling history as the most momentous ever held. More knotty problems that require immediate solution will come up than have heretofore fallen to the province of a national assembly of wheelmen. Seventy-four amendments to the constitution are down for consideration. This remarkable condition is due to the fact that the league has grown in membership as fast within a recent period that the present system of government has become cumbersome. All kinds of schemes are advocated to simplify the conditions. With the arrival of the vanguard of the delegates league politics began to boom, and will continue to grow in importance until officers are elected next Wednesday. President Willison is on hand, and expresses unlimited confidence in his re-election. He undeniably wants the honor, as he regards it as a chance to vindicate his record as president. His strongest antagonist is Sterling Elliott, of Massachusetts. The fact that two other names are being talked of in connection with the presidency has given rise to suspicion that Elliott's followers fear his connection with the official bulletin of the L. A. W. has resulted in bringing in strong opposition to his candidacy.

The other choices in the race are Chossum, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and Morrison, of Illinois. The racing question cannot enter into the contest as between Elliott and Elliott, as both candidates support racing under the jurisdiction of the league. President Willison's friends claim that he has 104 pledged, and will certainly be elected, as 96 votes is the maximum number needed. One hundred and ninety persons are eligible to cast ballots, but it is not expected that more than 150 will be present.

The assembly will practically be started by a meeting of the racing board Sunday afternoon. This board has autocratic powers over all who race on bicycles. The chief business to be considered will be in regard to reopening the Titus-Murphy-Cabanne case. The suspended riders will be represented by attorneys. There appears to be a sentiment among the members of the board in favor of reinstating at least two of the men.

Monday will be given up to talks on good roads, and at night a banquet will be given to 250 persons.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED

By the Discharge of a Gun While Out Fox Hunting.

ALTON, Ill., Feb. 8.—Capt. A. C. Hartwell, of Callacomb, Ill., was the victim of a distressing accident while with a hunting party Friday at Lock Haven, six miles above Alton. Capt. Hartwell was visiting his cousin, Mr. Ed Lock, and they started out on a company of friends on a fox chase along the Piasa bluffs. By the accidental discharge of a firearm Capt. Hartwell received injuries from which he died later in the day. The deceased served in the federal army throughout the rebellion.

A POPULAR VERDICT.

Stanhope Royster, the Slayer of His Daughter's Seducer, Acquitted.

BOONE, Ia., Feb. 8.—Last month, Stanhope Royster shot and killed Banker McFarland for seducing his daughter. A week later the girl killed herself in Omaha. Friday Royster was acquitted of the murder, after a week's trial. The jury was out but five minutes.

When the verdict was announced a scene of the wildest enthusiasm followed. Men and women cheered at the top of their voices. Hats were thrown in the air and handkerchiefs waved. The sheriffs and bailiffs tried to restore order, but their voices were lost and their efforts were futile.

To Enforce the Double Liability Law.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 8.—The district court has ordered the enforcement of the double liability law in the suspensions of the State and Citizens' banks. There is a deficit of \$221,000 in the former case, and the stockholders will be assessed 86 per cent. in the latter case.

A Victim of Spinal Meningitis.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 8.—R. P. Pepper, Jr., aged 25, died at 9 a. m. of spinal meningitis. Mr. Pepper was probably the best-known young sportsman in Kentucky, if not in the United States. He leaves a valuable estate.

Confessed Before Dying.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Feb. 8.—Sam Cummings, acquitted four years ago on the charge of killing James Perry, was fatally shot at Coal Creek in a general fight. Before dying he said he had committed the murder spoken of.

Complicated Tumor.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 8.—The sound-money democrats complimented R. T. Tyler, late democratic nominee for lieutenant-governor. The ballotstool: Hunter, 56; Blackburn, 52; Tyler, 5; Bate, 1.

Authority Revoked.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—The government has revoked the authority granted to the British South Africa Co. to rule over the Ikanning and Montsiet districts of South Africa.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

(First Session.) HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Fifteen members responded to Speaker Reed's suggestion, at 10:35 a. m., that the house come to order for the third session of the legislative day of Friday.

Mr. Carlisle (rep. Mich.) was the first speaker of the day on the bond silver-coinage bill. He favored the passage of the bill to secure international bimetalism by an agreement with other nations than Great Britain, and if that could be accomplished, then to keep out foreign bullion and coin the American product.

Mr. Boathner (dem. Ia.) favored the coinage of just so much silver as could be maintained at a parity with gold.

Mr. Grosvenor (rep. O.) departed from consideration of the financial features of the matter to make a general political speech, taking for his text the plea of the gentleman from California (Mr. Johnson), "do something for silver."

THE STATE OF TRADE

As Indicated by Bradstreet's Weekly Review.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Bradstreet's weekly review says:

General trade waited the results of subscriptions to the bond issue, and the sentimental effects of the unexpectedly favorable outcome have been for easier money and improvement. Additional influences are found in heavier bank clearings, continued firmness of prices, sustained demand for iron and steel and the announcement from St. Paul, Minn., of a revival in the revival in business with jobbers in staple lines. At the east, Baltimore and Pittsburgh report favorable trade conditions. At the south, gains in wholesale lines are announced from Nashville, Memphis, Atlanta and Birmingham.

The reverse includes the depressing influence of storm and wet weather, indifference of consumers of domestic woolen dress goods, renewed sales of print cloths and other makes of cotton goods only after a reduction in prices, continuance of extreme conservatism in almost all lines, and the fact that the relief to the treasury by the heavy over-subscription to the bond issue in the absence of sound currency legislation by congress will probably prove only a temporary device to maintain the gold reserve. General trade at Chicago, St. Louis, Buffalo and Philadelphia shows no real gains from the preceding week, when the situation was quiet even to dullness, and the outlook unsatisfactory.

The total number of business failures throughout the United States last week as reported to Bradstreet's, is considerably smaller this week—338, as contrasted with 393 last week, 238 in the week one year ago, 336 in the first week of 1894, 223 in 1893, and with 214 in 1892.

The long list of business failures reported from the Canadian Dominion last week is practically equal with a total of 10, compared with 62 a week ago, 1 in the week a year ago, 56 two years ago, 45 three years ago and 68 four years ago.

ONE LIFE LOST

In the Burning of the Altmeyer Theater Block at McKeesport, Pa.

McKEESPORT, Pa., Feb. 8.—At 4 a. m. fire was discovered in the Altmeyer theater block, and in an almost incredible short time the building was a mass of flames. The building was located on Fifth avenue and was valued at \$130,000. A short time ago arrangements were made to convert the building into a brewery, and it is thought that a workman interfered with the electric light wires there, causing the fire.

The Herald Publishing Co. occupied the top floor, and all the employees excepting George Bartow, foreman, escaped. He attempted to escape by sliding down the elevator rope from the sixth floor, but has not been heard from.

The residence of Peter Strohm, in the rear of Becker's hotel, and Dietrich's stables were crushed by falling walls. Altmeyer had \$49,000 insurance, but failed to secure permission from the insurance companies to remodel the building. His loss is complete. The insurance is very small.

Normal School Building Burned.

WHEELING, W. Va., Feb. 8.—The State normal school building at West Liberty, ten miles east of here, was entirely destroyed by fire early this morning. The fire is supposed to have started from some chemicals in the laboratory, and the flames were in full headway when discovered.

Refused to Quash the Writ.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—The high court of justice has refused to quash the writ which was granted for the extradition to France of Emil Arton, who was arrested here last November for complicity with Dr. Herz and the late Baron Reinach in the Panama canal frauds.

Foul Play Suspected.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Feb. 8.—The body of a Mexican veteran named John Melton was taken from First creek Friday. Melton has just drawn his pension money. It is thought he was murdered and his body thrown in the creek.

An Error in the Bonds.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—An error has been discovered in the printing of the back of the new bonds, which will necessitate their destruction and re-printing. It affects only a few hundred thousand bonds.

To Wed a Fifteen-Year-Old Widow.

BROWNVILLE, Ky., Feb. 8.—A marriage license was issued Friday to B. F. Heath and Mrs. Mary C. Miller. The bride-to-be is 15 years old. Mrs. Miller's name was Hardin, and she was first married at the age of 14.

To Intercept the Veasey.

KEY WEST, Fla., Feb. 8.—The United States cruiser Raleigh has left here with orders to intercept the filibustering steamer J. N. Veasey, which stole out of Norfolk, Va., on the night of the 4th.

The World's Greatest Paleontologist.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 8.—Charles Wachsmuth, the world's greatest paleontologist in the line of crinoids, died suddenly Friday, aged 56 years. He was a native of Hanover, Germany.

Refused to Permit a Pair.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 8.—The republicans refused to allow one of their number to pair with Senator Ogilvie (dem.), who is very ill. They acknowledged that they expect him to die.

AN UNSAVORY RECORD

Is That of Scott Jackson, One of Pearl Bryan's Murderers.

FORMERLY LIVED IN JERSEY CITY, N. J.

Where He Cut a Wide Swath, and Only Missed the Penitentiary for Embezzlement by Turning State's Evidence on His Chum.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—The Journal says that Scott Jackson, who is under arrest suspected of murdering Pearl Bryan near Cincinnati, was formerly well known in Jersey City. He lived there for three years, during which he cut quite a prominent figure in the social and business world. One of his partners in business and crime is now serving a term in the state prison of New Jersey for embezzlement.

About six years ago Jackson came to Jersey City with good recommendations. He belongs to a good family, his father being Commodore Jackson, who commanded many vessels, one of which he owned himself. He had a friend named Alexander Letts. They opened a resort for sporting men near the ferries, in Jersey City, on money advanced by Commodore Jackson. The amount was said to be \$4,000. Jackson and Letts, it appears, obtained employment with the Pennsylvania Railroad Co. in the Jersey City office. One of Jackson's duties was to receive and open the mails.

After a few months extensive robberies in the railroad office were discovered. They were said to amount to \$23,000. Finally they were traced to Jackson and Letts. It was found, according to testimony during the two trials that followed, that Jackson and Letts, to whom he handed them, had them cashed.

Meanwhile the saloon which they kept had become notorious. They were acknowledged high-flyers in sporting circles. Both had become "plungers" on the race tracks. It was reported that they made money, owing to their lavish expenditures. They "entertained" liberally in their own peculiar way, and for a time they were looked upon as "good fellows" among the sporting fraternity, who sought the privilege of their acquaintance. Suddenly, three years ago, the Pennsylvania railroad officials discovered that these two men were "sporting" at the expense of the company. Their arrest followed. At the first trial the jury disagreed. Before the second trial took place the railroad company discovered such proof of Jackson's guilt that he found it healthy to turn state's evidence against Letts. The latter was sentenced to a long term in state prison. Jackson went free, and also went away from Jersey.

During his lively career Jackson courted Miss Elsie Ramsay, a school teacher of Jersey Heights. She is a good-looking girl. They became engaged to be married, but when Letts was convicted of embezzlement on his partner's testimony the engagement was broken off—Miss Ramsay says.

THREE MOTHERS.

Mrs. Bryan May Lose Her Reason—Mrs. Jackson Say Letts the Law Take His Course. Mrs. Woods is Angry.

GREENCASTLE, Ind., Feb. 8.—Scores of sympathizers call daily at the Bryan homestead, but Mrs. Bryan will see no visitors, and the family physician fears that she will lose her reason.

A reporter of the United Press had an interview with Mrs. Jackson, mother of Scott Jackson.

"If he is guilty of this terrible crime, let him meet justice and the full extent of the law. Possibly it is best that this affair end such a life," she said, after she had recited all she had done to take the proper care of her wayward son.

"There is no hope now of changing his life. I have done all a Christian mother could. The worst and the best have come. May God be merciful to him. May he have time, even yet, to repent and be saved."

Wood's mother is very different. She is excited, angry and rebellious. She refuses to believe that her son is in any wise guilty, ridicules the reports that her boy has led a reckless life as horrible lies started by the friends of Jackson for the purpose of making the crime rest less heavily upon the latter.

CONVICTED OF MURDER,

And the Principal Witness Against Him Was His Own Son.

WESTCHESTER, Pa., Feb. 8.—The jury in the case of Thos. Elvin, of Phoenixville, brought in a verdict, Friday, of murder in the first degree.

Elvin killed two of his children on November 15 by placing arsenic in their coffee. He also drank some of the poisoned coffee and afterward told his throat, but survived. Mrs. Elvin ran away with another man and this made Elvin despondent. Elvin's eldest son, 13 years old, was the principal witness against his father.

For Leader of the Irish Parliamentary Party.

DUBLIN, Feb. 8.—A meeting of the nationalist members of the house of commons was held here, and it was decided unanimously to request Mr. Thomas Sexton, member for the north division of Kerry, to accept the leadership of the Irish parliamentary party as the successor of Mr. Justin McCarthy.

Outside the Breastworks.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The house committee on elections No. 1, Mr. Daniels, of New York, chairman, has denied the application of J. J. McDonald to serve notice of contest on Wm. A. Jones, the sitting member from the First Virginia district. Mr. McDonald failed to serve notice of contest in the limit of time prescribed by law.

Call of the Democratic County Committee.

The democratic executive committee of Shelby county is hereby called to meet at Columbiana on Friday the 21st day of February, 1896, to arrange for calling a county convention and beat meetings or primaries, as may be determined on, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

T. J. MARTIN, Ch'n.

J. R. WHITE, Sec'y.

- Beat 1. J. R. White, J. F. McLane, W. H. Bell.
- Beat 2. T. V. Davis, J. N. Carden, C. C. Carden.
- Beat 3. N. A. Graham, W. D. Huggins, S. H. Gist.
- Beat 4. C. N. Pritchard, W. S. Cary, F. W. Gist.
- Beat 5. John Harmon, James Doss, J. M. Waddell.
- Beat 6. J. M. Powers, J. F. Ruffin, R. J. Griffin.
- Beat 7. C. L. O'Neal, R. H. Walker, J. H. Nabors.
- Beat 8. E. S. Martin, G. J. Rogan, W. A. Weldon.
- Beat 9. J. H. Weldon, W. E. Riddle, J. F. Pope.
- Beat 10. T. J. Martin, G. W. Thompson, D. W. Kidd.
- Beat 11. J. E. Adams, G. W. Cosper, J. S. Walton.
- Beat 12. N. H. Cross, Earl Cross, Sam Daway.
- Beat 13. J. H. Lee, C. A. Bass, W. N. Lee.
- Beat 14. W. H. Collins, J. M. Dabb, P. L. Holcomb.
- Beat 15. T. H. Baxley, R. F. Falkner, R. M. Hollis.
- Beat 16. E. P. Chandler, C. F. Elliott, J. J. Burks.
- Beat 17. L. L. Padgett, W. H. Dennis, C. L. Whitmore.

If there's anything in a name why shouldn't senators Cannon and Money get there?

WM. H. ENGLISH, candidate for vice president on the Hancock ticket, died at Indianapolis a few days ago.

PRATT, the gold brick swindler, who was recently arrested in Texas and brought back to Birmingham has been released from jail on giving bond in the sum of six thousand dollars, which amount he deposited in cash.

THE new photographic process by which the coin in an inside pocket is revealed wouldn't work on an editor unless it could supply the coin. See? It might work however, to perfection if all his delinquents would pay up. See?

THE act of 1883 under which the public mineral lands of Alabama were withdrawn from sale has been repealed and they are now subject to entry as other lands are. A great deal of the land classed as mineral in Alabama is also excellent for agriculture, and will be bought and utilized as such now that they are no longer reserved from purchase.

THE \$100,000,000 government bond sale was a howling success, and as a consequence the average populiste is anything but happy. And, by the way, we failed to find where a single one of their party had put in a bid. But then they were good bonds. If they had been made payable in silver they would have taken the whole batch, in fact they would have been compelled to, for nobody else would have had them.

ANOTHER large \$600,000 cotton mill is to be built in Alabama, this time at Cordova, the promoters being the Nashua Manufacturing Co., of New Hampshire. A mill is also to be erected in Oxford by the wide-awake citizens of that place. And this leads us to inquire why can't Columbiana capture one of these prizes? A little energy exerted in this direction would pay a handsome dividend on the investment. Let's try it, for a change.

FOR several days we have been making a canvass of Shelby county to ascertain the probable strength of the two candidates for governor. Two years ago Johnston had a very strong following in this county and we very naturally supposed that most of his former supporters were still for him, but such is not the case. Mr. Clarke has this county practically solid. Mr. Johnston is simply not in it. If you have any doubt as to the correctness of this statement, wait and see the outcome. Put Shelby county in the Clarke column.

MR. GEO. R. BOYD, of Montgomery, at present chief clerk in the treasurer's office, is a candidate for state treasurer, subject to the action of the approaching democratic convention. Mr. Boyd is a Dallas man, but prior to his removal to Montgomery he lived in Montevallo several years, where he now has many friends. He is an expert accountant, well equipped by training and experience for the office he seeks; of sterling character and integrity, and is in every respect worthy of the honor. Being an ex-Shelby man, he is entitled to much consideration at the hands of the delegation from this county.

WE notice in the dispatches that Hon. H. C. Reynolds, of Montevallo, is in Washington, trying to get an appropriation of public lands for the Girls' Industrial School. He is an untiring worker for this school, and it is just as certain to be a complete success as his life is spared to labor in its behalf. We don't mean to say that he alone will be responsible for its upbuilding, but we are more largely indebted to him for its capture, and he has done more toward putting it on a firm foundation from the start, than any one in Alabama. We feel confident

that he will secure the land asked for, because as a matter of justice the school is entitled to it, and because Mr. Reynolds is not in the habit of going after anything and coming back without it. As a hustler he hasn't an equal. If Shelby county possessed a few more of his build, she could get another college or so, a cotton mill or a dozen for that matter, if she wanted them.

WE have given considerable space this week to the address of President H. C. Reynolds, of the Cotton Growers' Association, and also that of Hector D. Lane, commissioner of agriculture, both addresses urging the farmers to cut down the cotton acreage. These articles should receive careful consideration by the farmers, for there is no denying the fact that it is in their power to regulate the price of cotton. The last crop demonstrated this proposition to a nicety, when a 7,000,000 bale crop yielded the farmers \$30,000,000 more than a 10,000,000 bale crop the year previous. Do you want any better evidence than that? If the farmers profit by this lesson they will have made a long stride towards permanent independence and prosperity, but if they, on the contrary, give no heed to those who have their interest at heart and plant another large crop, they will have no sympathy when they are forced to take 3 cents for their cotton.

THE COLONIAL CLUB AGAIN.

MR. EDITOR.—In your last issue is a plea for the Colonial club of our town by "Senex," and I ask for your kind permission for a counter plea.

So far as the object of the club is literary and scientific culture and social pleasure in its purest, highest and most innocent forms, it deserves and should receive encouragement, but "Senex" mentions two features, card-playing and dancing—that to the christian people of our community are like dead flies which cause the ointment of the apothecary to send forth a stink savor.

His plea is evidently an insidious invitation to the young people of our town, nearly all of whom are church members, to join the club, and also a covert defense of those who have joined it. In politics it is considered base for a man while a member of a political party to be false to it. Why, then, should it be right for a christian to be unfaithful to his church?

While his position that all games are innocent per se, cards are considered by the church too dangerous for it ever to be safe to be handled. Not only is the game so fascinating that it consumes time that could be more profitably employed otherwise, but it unfits the mind for Bible study, for prayer and other devotional exercises. Cards are the gambler's tools, and the knowledge gained at the parlor table has prepared the way for the gambler's life and gambler's end. Progress down grade in cards is seen in the fact that a generation ago simple euchre was sufficient for ladies and gentlemen, but now it has in it the essence of gambling in the prize given the parties that are successful. Our estimate of a man's christianity never rises but always falls when we see him at the card table. The hearts of many mothers and wives and sisters today are bleeding and are even crushed from the vices in men which had their beginning at the social game of cards.

While dancing may be the most charming of all amusements it is also perhaps the most dangerous. Leading spirits in the great christian bodies of our country—Baptist, Episcopalian, Presbyterian and Methodist—condemn it in strong language. The church with which I am best acquainted—the Presbyterian—says: "In all its stages it is a fascinating and an intoxicating practice—it steals away our precious time, and dissipates religious impressions and hardens the heart—the men of the world with one consent agree that it is inconsistent with the nature of Christian profession for members of the church to engage in the dance; it has uniformly condemned the modern dance in all its forms as tending to evil, whether practiced in public halls or private parlors—some forms of this amusement are more mischievous than others; the round dance than the square; the public hall than the parlor; but all are evil and should be discontinued." After these words from his church can any Presbyterian engage in the dance without proving himself to be one of those whom the Scriptures say shall come in the last days who are "traitors, heady, high-minded, lovers of pleasure more than lovers of God; having a form of Godliness but denying the power thereof?" I may add my own experience. In the past fifteen years I have become acquainted with perhaps from five to ten thousand christians from the highest to the lowest in the social scale and in many denominations, and I have never known one that practiced dancing and christianity at the same time and was a success in both. As one advanced the other inevitably declined.

While young men should cultivate their bodies which are the Lord's, the dance as practiced today does them more harm than good, for whatever strength, activity and grace the dance may impart are more than counterbalanced by the unhealthful style of dress, the late hours, the unwholesome refreshments and other concomitants. No intelligent physician unless blinded by prejudice will commend the modern dance as generally practiced from a hygienic standpoint. Many an excellent woman has found the seed of death in the cold contracted after the exercise of dancing. Her future I leave to the Judge of all the earth who will do right.

These features of the club do not meet with the approval of the good people of our town, and I for one, sincerely regret that any christian in our town has been so misguided as to consent to be a partner in these features of an institution which might otherwise be a cause for pride. Yours for Christ and the Church, W. J. SISKOTT.

THE PRICE OF COTTON IS WITH THE FARMERS.

"The Prudent Man Foreseeth the Evil, and Hideth Himself; but the Simple Pass on, and are Punished."—Prov. 27:42v.

The marked contrast in the prices of cotton for the seasons of 1894 and 1895, should convince every prudent man that it will be unwise to increase the acreage in cotton for the year 1896. The nine-and-a-half million bale crop at 5 cents brought distress and debt upon almost every grower. The 6,500,000 bales at 7 to 8 cents paid off most the debts incurred with the large crop, leaving the growers in better condition than for a decade. Will our planters be so imprudent and thoughtless as to place themselves in the hands of the merciless speculators by seeding down to cotton a greater acreage than they did in 1895? The crop of the coming season should not exceed that of last year, a bale. If the acreage be limited, then there will be a sufficient demand to keep the price from 7 to 9 cents per pound. The farmers made it profitable to themselves last year by reducing the cotton yield, in two ways. First, they received from 3 to 4 cents more per pound for their cotton than the year previous; and, secondly, they grew more corn, potatoes, hay, beets, sheep and hogs, all of which yielded fair profit to the growers, or prevented them from buying these necessities. By this change they did not have to contract debts for supplies, and all of these diversified crops and stock decreased the expenses of the farm and at the same time produced larger supplies of home fertilizers for keeping up the fertility of the lands.

The practical results and progress made by the change in 1895, have been very gratifying to us, as we earnestly and untiringly work to keep down the acreage and to increase the value of the product. The fewer bales the better the price; the larger the price the more independent and prosperous the people of the South. These grand results have been worth millions of dollars to the cotton growers of Alabama.

Why should any one grow two bales, incurring all the additional labor and expense, when one bale will bring as much money as two?

To maintain good prices it is absolutely and essentially necessary that the acreage be held at its present proportions, and if the acreage for this season be below that of 1895, the probability is that the price may reach as high as 10 cents. This would render the Southern people absolutely free from indebtedness and in better financial condition than they have been in twenty years.

The welfare of each other should be sought in this great agricultural question. The land owners should restrain their colored tenants who may be farming on shares, and require them to produce an abundance of oats, corn, syrup, potatoes, hay, peas, rice, and raise enough beets and hogs to supply their annual wants.

The indications are that the farmers in the great State of Texas will unite in contracting their acreage to a less area than last year, and I earnestly appeal to the people of Alabama to join in this movement regardless of race or color, and thus crown the united effort with success.

Yours truly,

HECTOR D. LANE, Commissioner of Agriculture.
P. S.—Mr. H. C. REYNOLDS, of Montevallo, Ala., was elected as president of the Cotton Growers' Association for the State of Alabama by the convention at Memphis. He is distinguished as a gentleman of untiring energy and talent, and he is now preparing to organize the cotton growers of this state, and I hope the people will give him a hearty co-operation in this grand object.
H. D. L.

Bill on the Evils.

From the New York Evening Post.

The Hon. Bill Morgan made an address on the issues of the day at the recent banquet at Topeka, in honor of Kansas' birthday. He spoke in part as follows: "We have met three evils those blights, those horrors, those nightmares, those jinglams, those deurliums, tremens, drouth, hot winds and populists. The trouble in Kansas is that we have tried too much to reform the world, not enough to develop ourselves. We have been occupied with constructing systems of 'feenance' when we should have been digging ditches. We have expended our wind when we should have been setting up wind-mills."

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised druggist and get a trial bottle, free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills, free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. For sale by Parker & Armstrong, Druggists, Columbiana, Ala.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

A Plea to Cotton Growers.

ADDRESS OF PRESIDENT H. C. REYNOLDS TO THE FARMERS OF ALABAMA.

Having been appointed president of the Cotton Growers' Association of Alabama by the recent convention held at Memphis, Tenn., and accepting the honor which has been conferred upon me and desiring to further the objects of this association, I shall proceed to appoint a president for each county, whose duty it will be to appoint a committee in each beat in his county for the purpose of bringing the cotton growers together. I also appoint the 3rd Saturday in February the day for our assembling, to be known as "cotton growers' day," and request its observance throughout the state.

It is by thorough union and order that we may hope to make this organization a success. Furthermore, we should not allow ourselves to become discouraged by any apparent lack of success in the past, for the necessity of this organization was never more patent than it is at the present day.

From all quarters of the state we hear of the immense preparation being made in the way of purchase of fertilizers, mules and supplies beyond precedent. Should these efforts, together with the promised increase of acreage, prove successful, as we ordinarily have reason to believe they will, what better disaster can we expect? Shall we go blindly along and through lack of unity of action allow the speculators to grow richer and richer every year through our own follies and mistakes! The indications are now that we will grow anywhere from 10,000,000 to a 12,000,000 bale crop this year. Should this occur, I predict cotton will be slow sale at from three to four cents per pound. This, of course, with the immense expense the making of the crop will incur, means bankruptcy to the country. Can we not alter this condition of affairs? I say we can if we will.

The solution of this matter lies entirely in our own hands. It is by organization, and that only, that we can hope to accomplish anything. Every trade, occupation and profession has its organization, which controls and directs the action of the whole. The farmer organizes least of all, and so becomes the easy victim of the capitalist.

We have it in our power to make ourselves the most independent and prosperous people on earth. We should be masters of the situation, instead of slaves to it. We can fix the price of cotton for the world if we only will. We delude ourselves with the vain thought that possibly others may not help to over-produce, and in the end deplore our folly and damn the speculator, when we should condemn ourselves alone.

Why was it that cotton sold for from 25 to 50 cents a pound at the close of the war? Did not the fact demonstrate the law of supply and demand?

Is it not a fact, apparent to all, that the crop of 1895 of less than 7,000,000 bales will sell for more than the crop of 1895 of nearly 10,000,000 bales?

The decline of the price of cotton daily taking place is freely commented on by leading journals of the day as caused by the prospective over-production of this year.

In our desire for money crops we are apt to underestimate the importance of first of all producing an abundance of provisions for home purposes.

Again, I beg the farmers of Alabama to give these matters their serious attention before it is too late. Let us all meet on the day appointed and organize, with a view of preventing our own ruin.

H. C. REYNOLDS, Pres't C. G. A. of Ala. (State papers please copy.)

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alternative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce W. A. Thompson as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

Notice No. 16,980.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA., February 4, 1896. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim. That said claim will be made and proof taken at the Court of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on March 12, 1896, viz: Peter Edwards, Homestead entry No. 1398, for the north half of northeast one-fourth section 30, township 21, south of range 1 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: John E. Dyke, Columbiana, Ala.; James W. Morrow, Columbiana, Ala.; Reuben T. Johnson, Semmes, Ala.; Mark H. B. Jones of Semmes, Ala. J. P. BURELL, Register.

Non-Resident Notice.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, PROBATE COURT SHELBY COUNTY, OF SAID COUNTY. To L. R. Smith, San Jose, California, and Belle Smith, Sanchow, China.

You will please take notice that on the 7th day of February, 1896, a certain paper in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of H. A. Smith, deceased, was filed in my office for probate by Lucy A. Smith, and that the 2nd day of March, 1896, was appointed a day for the hearing thereof, at which time you can appear and contest the same, if you see proper. Given under my hand this 7th day of February, 1896. D. R. MCILLIAN, Judge of Probate.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

- Castoria destroys Worms.
- Castoria allays Feverishness.
- Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Card.
- Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic.
- Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.
- Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air. Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."

See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Tuttle* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Season-Ending Sales.

We are house-cleaning, a general cleaning up from one end of the store to the other. Low prices the powerful factor to do the work. We never carry over goods from season to season, and another thing, we never lose sight of the fact that ours is a business of reliable merchandise. See the values we are offering in

Dress Goods, Clothing.

Shoes, Hats,

Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Twenty per cent off of every dollar's worth you buy from us from now until first of March as we are bound to sweep our store clean to make room for our spring stock.

Be sure and trade with us. It has paid others

IT WILL PAY YOU.

Yours for Low Prices,

THE RACKET STORE,

SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Propr's.

"HOT SHOTS,"

BY SAM JONES.

You Laugh and Cry When You Read This Great Book.

OVER THREE HUNDRED PAGES, Superbly illustrated and bound in the most elegant English cloth. DOLLARS FOR WORKERS. This grand book is now out and will only be sold by Agents. A WONDERFUL OFFER.

Any responsible man or woman sending us only ONE DOLLAR will receive by return mail POSTPAID a complete Agent's outfit, consisting of a full and complete copy of this noble book.

ORDER NOW

and get your territory or some one else will be ahead of you, and to miss selling this book means the loss of a big salary for the next year. We pay the very best commissions. Order today.

ADDRESS
SOUTHWESTERN PUBLISHING HOUSE,
NO. 208 N. COLLEGE ST., NASHVILLE, TENN.

NOTICE.

Before Taking Stock

I WILL SELL:

- 10,000 yards 5 and 6ct Calicos at 3 1-2c.
- 10,000 Men's and Ladies' Handkerchiefs at 2 1-2c.
- 5,000 Children's Handkerchiefs at 1c.
- 1,000 Children's Vests at 2c.
- 500 Men's Undershirts at 15c.
- 100 Misses Rubber Shoes at 15c.
- 100 Children's Knee Suits, Sizes 5, 6 and 7, at 50c.

The above goods I will sell only to the first day of March next.

Respectfully,
S. STARK,
Shelby, Ala.

TWO FOR ONE!

That is what is offered for \$1.00 A YEAR

You can get the Montgomery Semi-Weekly

ADVERTISER

An eight-page paper issued twice a week, all the year round. No paper as complete and interesting for an Alabamian can be had in all the land at any price. It is full of instructive and entertaining matter for the

Farm, Fireside and Store.

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN PATENTS

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 312 Broadway, New York. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American.

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year, \$1.00 per month. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 312 Broadway, New York City.

HAVE YOU READ THE * TIMES

PHILADELPHIA

THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family newspaper.

THE TIMES aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent to any one sending their address.

TERMS: DAILY, \$3.00 per annum; \$1.00 for four months; 30 cents per month. SATURDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages—108 columns, elegantly illustrated, \$2.00 per annum; 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, \$3.00 per annum; 50 cents per month. WEEKLY EDITION, 50 cents per annum. Address all letters to

THE TIMES, PHILADELPHIA

Non-Resident Notice.

STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY. In Chancery, Sixth District, North-Eastern Chancery Division: Claudia Holman, Complainant, vs. I. M. Holman, Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of John D. Strange, that the defendant, I. M. Holman, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in the State of Texas; and further, that in belief of said affidavit the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in The Chronicle, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said I. M. Holman, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 10th day of February, A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him. Done in office in Columbiana this 4th day of January, A. D. 1896. GORDON DEBOSE, Register.

Neuralgia
ATTACKS THE EYES
Makes
THE LIGHT
Unbearable.
PERMANENTLY CURED
BY USING
Ayer's Pills

"My husband was subject to severe attacks of neuralgia which caused him great pain and suffering. The pains were principally about his eyes, and he often had to remain in a darkened room, not being able to stand the light. Ayer's Pills being recommended, he tried them, using one before each meal. They very soon afforded relief, followed by permanent cure. I am a strong believer in the efficacy of Ayer's Pills, and would not be without them for ten times their cost."—Mrs. M. E. DENAT, Liberty, Tex.
"I have used Ayer's Pills in my family for forty years, and regard them as the very best."—Uncle MARTIN HANCOCK, Lake City, Fla.

AYER'S PILLS
Received Highest Awards
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
COLUMBIANA, FEB. 13, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year.....\$1.00
One copy six months......50

SHELBY LODGE, No. 140, A. F. & A. M.
Regular communications at Columbian on the last Saturday night in each month. Visiting members in good standing cordially invited.
J. S. LEEPER, Sec. I. D. MASON, W. M.

SHELBY LODGE, No. 50, R. O. P.
Regular meetings first and third Monday nights of each month, at 7:30, at Shelby, Ala.
W. A. WALLACE, C. C.
A. M. PETER, K. of R. and S. and M. of E.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

W. R. A. Milner spent Monday in Montevallo.
Miss Mary Wagner is on a visit to the city of Childersburg.
W. W. Walls, of Gadsden, spent Sunday with his family here.
Editor Graham, of Calera, was a visitor in our town Monday.
Mrs. Ella Bailey, of Calera, was a guest of relatives in town Saturday.
Mrs. Green and Miss Guelma visited relatives in Cresswell last week.
W. T. Johnson, of Highland, transacted legal business here Tuesday.
Mrs. Augusta Wilson, of Montevallo visited relatives here last week.
Miss Earl Anchors returned Monday from a visit to relatives at Saginaw.

W. S. Cary, of Montevallo, was among his many friends here Monday.
John Edwards, of Childersburg, spent Friday and Saturday in our city.

French Neighbors, a prominent citizen of Montevallo, was in town yesterday.
James Dykes spent a few days last week visiting Ashby, Calera and Montevallo.

John Upshaw, of Coosa county, visited A. D. Wortham Saturday and Sunday.
J. S. Falkner, of Sterrett, has accepted a position in the store of W. R. A. Milner.

Miss Florence Farrell, of beat 8, was on a visit last week to the family of Rev. C. W. O'Hara.

Hon. E. S. Lyman, one of Montevallo's cleverest citizens, was here yesterday on legal business.

J. F. McLane, Shelby's accommodating postmaster, was a welcome guest in our town Tuesday.

Miss Emma Looney, of Fayetteville, a former student of our High School, and a most agreeable young lady, is visiting Mrs. J. W. Johnston.

A team of mules ran away with Walter Timney Monday, and as a result he is carrying his left arm in a sling. It is not broken, but badly sprained.

Z. H. Clardy, of Talladega, was in town Thursday and Friday of last week, looking after the interest of the new brick building soon to be built in our town.

The three little CHRONICLE supplementers have the whooping-cough, so attribute any shortcomings in the paper this week to the fact that they make night hideous around the CHRONICLE dwelling, and as a consequence we are short on sleep.

There is no longer room for doubt that the Page brick block is a certainty. Every dollar of the contract price has been paid Mr. Clardy, and it is now only a question of a few months until it will be ready for occupancy. Good news, ain't it?

W. A. Thompson announces this week that he is a candidate for re-election to the office of county treasurer, subject to the action of the democratic county convention. He has made an excellent official, is courteous, painstaking and accurate, and always at his post of duty. His democracy has never been questioned, which is the best of proof that it is of standard quality. He has been a faithful guardian of the people's funds, and his record as a public official is above reproach.

Nothing affords us more real pleasure than to commend merit where it is deserved, and it is, therefore, a source of great satisfaction to note the high record of W. J. O'Hara, of this place, has made at Howard College. He has been on the honor roll every month since he entered college, two years, and his last report gives him 100 in every department, which means perfect. Dr. McGinn, president of Howard, said recently that Will was the brightest pupil he had in college. Truly this is an inviolable record.

A Good Chance to Get an Education.
If there is a boy in Shelby county who wants an education, he can get his board and schooling free, if he will milk and attend to my stock morning and evening and do odd jobs about the place. Apply to
Dr. W. S. Dr. Bosse.

Honor Roll for January.

Annie Longshore, Mamie Millstead, Ina Sinnott, Kidd Davis, John Strickland, George Timney, Fleet Strickland, Osie Strickland, Eben Cost.
Miss Lucy Smith, Teacher.

Wilsonville Waifs.

The measles storm is subsiding. O. D. NoSmith was in town last week on business.

E. B. Teague was in town last Saturday.

J. M. Fowler, formerly of this place, after several weeks absence, was in town visiting relatives.

The latter part of "the waifs" last week were more poetry than truth.

June! June! come soon, is the loud and constant cry of E. Williamson.

Is it misfortune after misfortune, or chicken-pox after measles, Uncle Buck?

Messrs. E. T. Cosper and Joe Barr, formerly of this place, are now in the "Lone Star" state.

We understand that Mr. J. L. Ray will commence shipping charcoal from Mallory's station at an early day.

J. F. Pope has made quite an addition to his store in the way of a nice office.

The current topic in Wilsonville society is: "Who will occupy the house?" Mr. Timney is erecting?

Mr. B. Deltamus enjoyed one of his boyhood sports on Sunday afternoon. He was seen with the small boys on a pair of "Tom-walkers."

Will Smith is having some trouble with his bloodhounds. One of them has been dangerously ill. We think he has a case of the measles.

How delightful was the sight of E. Deltamus and Will Timney riding southward last Sunday afternoon.

We are glad to report that the cat, "Nelly Bly" was sympathizing with a few weeks previous, is convalescent.

The smiling face of W. W. Wallace was noticeable on our streets several times last week. We are a little afraid he likes our girls too well. Jealousy! jealousy!

It is reported, and we hope the report to be true, "that dear old Charlie Arnold" will visit our village soon. Our society, our homes and places of business are always open to you, Charlie. You have been missed beyond degree.

The S. P. league will meet next Friday night at the residence of Mr. Dalshims. Quite an interesting programme has been arranged, and we hope those who have parts therein will have no trouble in rendering them in an oratorical manner.

We understand that Claude Jackson is assisting the ladies in finding out who "two-in-a-skillet" is. Good luck to you, old boy.

Do you want to find him, wherever he may be?
And wouldn't you mind his pumpkin head, if him only you could see?

Of all the columns printed,
That ever I did see,
The little "Wilsonville warblings,"
Is the dearest one to me.

It gives us all the news therein,
Tells of our enterprise,
And always gives the truth, you know,
And never tells us lies.

And oh, I love so well to read
Those words so sweet and pure,
From the tender lines of thee,
Long may they work endure.

The author of it I do not know,
(She signs thus—"Nelly Bly.")
But if my thoughts should I unroll,
There's more than one to spy.

When I find those names so true,
There's cultivated minds;
There future is prospective views,
Like buds upon the vines.

How sad I how sad! to me would be,
To look these pages' o'er;
And there one little line to see,
Gone, gone, to come no more.

But may I see in years and years,
This column shine so bright,
So as to gladden far and near,
Like the Eastern Star at night.

BUTCH, JR.

Items from Cresswell.

Mr. P. V. Coleman and wife visited his father's family Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Amanda Bates, of Vincent, who has been visiting here for several days, returned home Monday accompanied by Miss Jennie Bates.

We hear of weddings and rumors of weddings, but the end is not yet of single wretchedness. Why don't somebody marry?

Mrs. Kate Thompson and daughter Ella, of Childersburg, are visiting Mr. J. H. Coleman's family.

A veteran observer says: "I never place much reliance on a man who is always telling what he would do in the closet, if a bottle we must have, and go like gentlemen, and all put forth an extra effort to make it a pleasant occasion for each and every one. Several are expecting friends for the time, and especially the girls, who are looking for their 'fellows,' and let us show them a welcome hand.

Farmers, did you see president Reynolds' message in last week's Advertiser? It was addressed directly to you, and was a plea in your interest and contained good forewarning ad-

IT'S OUR BUSINESS

Why we sell goods cheaper than any one else.

IT'S YOUR BUSINESS

To secure the great bargains we offer. We are sure you will give us your trade, for we are and expect to remain

The Leaders of Low Prices.

The Columbiana Mercantile Company's Store

at Moore's corner has just received:

1,000 yards best Bleached Domestic, full yard wide, soft finished, will sell you

16 1-2 yards to the Dollar.
One thousand yards Cotton Checks

25 yards to the Dollar.
The very best quality of Apron Gingham

at 6 cents per yard.
We shall be glad at all times to price you our goods, and guarantee satisfaction.

Columbiana Mercantile Co.,

AT MOORE'S CORNER.

H. FOX, MANAGER.

Center Institute Items.

Measles, measles, measles.

On account of measles there were no services at Liberty church last Saturday and Sunday.

On account of measles there is no farming going on here.

On account of measles there are not enough well people in this community to wait on the sick ones. I will give the names of several of the old people who are down with the measles. E. S. Martin, A. F. Clinkscales, B. A. Dodson and wife, Mrs. Tom Robinson, W. A. Blackerby and wife, L. W. Cheser and wife, Mrs. John Crane, Mrs. W. F. Adams, A. J. Blackerby, T. B. Holcomb and from 4 to 8 children at every house in the community and some of them very sick. The old women don't forget to "bless" the two young men who came to church a few Sundays ago full of measles.

Marshall Inzer and family, of St. Clair county, are here on a visit to W. A. Weldon's family. Since they arrived here one of their children was taken down with pneumonia, and is very sick at this writing.

Our friend, M. W. Cheser, who left here on the 23d of last December for Texas, writes that he will be back just as soon as his family gets well of the measles. He can't give up old Shelby.

There are some improvements going on around Centre. Wilbur Wilder is preparing to thrash wheat by water power.

"Tim" is listening for some one in Shelby to want office this time.

TIM.

CAN ALABAMA WIN?

There is at present a spirited contest going on between some of the technical colleges of the country for a fine nickel and gold plated engine lathe, offered by the Lodge-Davis Machine Tool Co., of Cincinnati, Ohio, to the technical school securing the largest number of votes before March first.

Any male person in the United States over 15 years old can vote.

The Agricultural & Mechanical College at Auburn has gone into this contest, and with the proper support from the citizens of the state, we see no reason why Alabama cannot win the prize. Voting blanks may be found at J. M. Spencer's store and we trust all our readers will take occasion to vote, as it costs nothing and will help on a worthy enterprise. We would also suggest that persons interested in this contest, secure as many votes as they can, getting names and addresses on sheets of letter paper, and forward to the A. & M. College, Auburn, Ala. All lists should be at the college not later than February 24th.

We have a smaller population than many of our rivals, but what we lack in numbers we can make up in zeal. We hope every reader will sign and see that his neighbor signs, so that a thorough canvass may be made.

1895 VICTOR BICYCLES:—\$100.00



There are eight Victor Models for ladies and gentlemen, practically any height frame furnished. Victors lead the cycling world. Send for catalogue.

OVERMAN WHEEL CO
Makers of Victor Bicycles and Athletic Goods.
BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO. DENVER. DETROIT.
SAN FRANCISCO. PACIFIC COAST. LOS ANGELES. PORTLAND.

HOOD MACHINE COMPANY,

J. A. HOOD and T. J. CALDWELL, Proprietors.
Cor. 1st Avenue and 15th Street,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Repairers of LOCOMOTIVES, BOILERS and MACHINERY of all Kinds.

Saw Mill Work a Specialty.
Special agents for Decatur Car Wheel Co. We fit up wheels and axles of every description. Gear wheels cut with perfect accuracy from solid cast ing. We buy and sell second hand engines, boilers, etc.

GORDON * DuBOSE,

BANKER,

COLUMBIANA * * * * ALA.

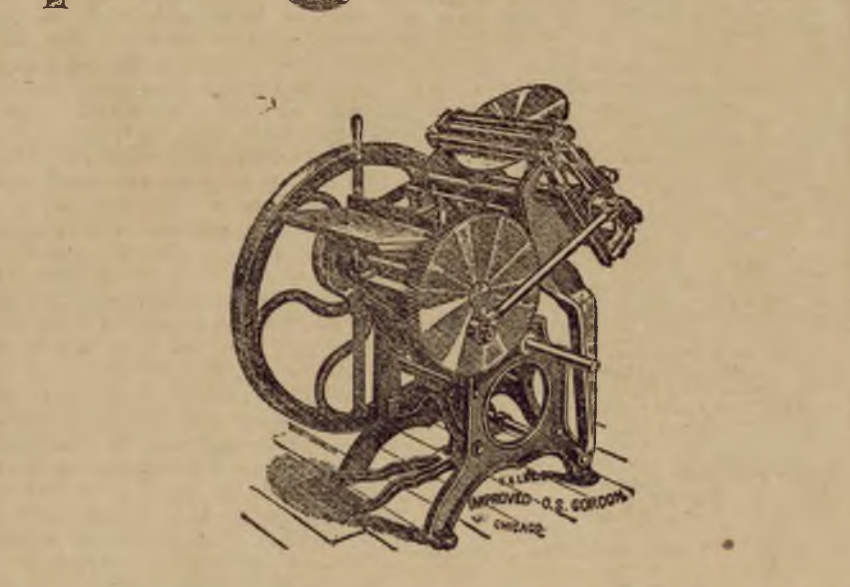
Conducts a general banking business on a safe, yet progressive policy.

Best of Facilities Offered to Customers.

Deposits received upon liberal terms. No pains spared to accommodate customers.

Your patronage solicited.

THE CHRONICLE



BOOK AND JOB OFFICE

Has one of the most complete plants in Alabama. We lead the procession when it comes to artistic work, and prices the very lowest.

I employ the best printers, keep the best stock and ask the city firms no odds, as my expenses are far less than theirs and I give my customers the benefit of the difference in low prices.

Samples of Work and Estimates Gladly Furnished.

Let me quote you prices on any class of work you need. I make a specialty of pamphlet and book work.

Correspondence invited. Address

C. C. DuBOSE, Prop'r.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.

BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

We Make
the Only Mill
that will Grind
Cotton Seed
Satisfactorily

Capacity up to 200 bushels per hour. Power required about four horse power. We guarantee it fully. Price \$75.

MONTGOMERY IRON WORKS,
Montgomery, Alabama.

THE BEST WAY

—TO THE—
SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST,
NORTH AND NORTHWEST,
—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through MONTGOMERY, MOBILE and NEW ORLEANS.

Connecting for all points in
Texas and the West

Also running through to
NASHVILLE, EVANSVILLE, LOUISVILLE
CINCINNATI and ST. LOUIS.

Connecting for all points in the
North and Northwest.

Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent of the Louisville & Nashville railroad at Calera, or C. P. Almore, G. E. A., Louisville, Ky.

Notice No. 16,973.
Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE at MONTGOMERY, ALA.,
January 27, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Columbiana, Ala., on March 10th, 1896, to wit: Leander B. Post, Homestead entry No. 24,706, for the south-east quarter of section 20, township 20, range 2 W. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, to wit: William R. Payne, James W. Roach, John E. Roach, Cornelius B. Horton, all of Longview, Ala.

H. PERCELL, Register.
Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.
In Chancery, Sixth District, North-Eastern Chancery Division.

Mrs. Marie L. E. Verchot, Complainant, vs. Alabama Iron and Steel Co., et al, Defendants.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of J. T. Leeper that the defendant, the National Bank of Orange County, one of the defendants in the above stated cause, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in Goshen, Orange County, New York, and further that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in The Chronicle a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring it, the said National Bank of Orange County, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 15th day of February, A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against it.

Done at office, in Columbiana, this 10th day of January, A. D. 1896.

GORDON DuBOSE, Register.

Probate Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.
Probate Court, 18th day of January, 1896.
Estate of John Dorough, Deceased.

This day came Joseph T. Dorough, administrator of the estate of John Dorough, deceased and filed his account, vouchers, evidences and statement for a final settlement of the same. It is ordered that the 10th day of February, 1896, be appointed a day for making such settlement, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

W. E. THETFORD, JR.,
Jan-27-96 Special Judge of Probate.

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness secured by the mortgage made May 23, 1891, by Thomas J. Peter and Esther A. Peter to French Nabors, and recorded in the probate office of Shelby county, Alabama, in volume 34 of mortgages, page 12, which mortgage and the indebtedness secured by same, having been transferred and assigned to me, and being now held by me, and said default still continuing, I, Minthorne Woolsey, will on Saturday the 15 day of February, 1896, sell to the highest bidder for cash, at the post office door in the town of Briarfield, Alabama, the lands conveyed in said mortgage and described as follows, to wit: The west half of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section twenty, and all that part of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section sixteen that lies west of the dirtroad leading from Montevallo to Randolph, and the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section seventeen, all in township twenty-four, north, range twelve east, containing in all 74 acres more or less.

MINTHORNE WOOLSEY.
MALLORY & McLEOD, Ays'.

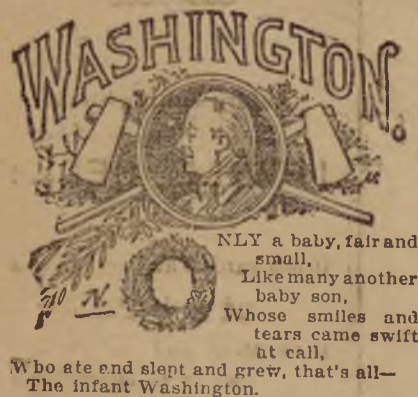
Notice to Non-Resident.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.
Savannah Higgins, complainant, vs. Ed Higgins, defendant, in Chancery, Sixth District, Northern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of J. S. Cook that the defendant, Ed Higgins, is a non-resident and that his place of residence is unknown and further that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Shelby Chronicle, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said Ed Higgins to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 15th day of January, A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office, in Columbiana, this 30th day of November, A. D. 1895.

GORDON DuBOSE, Register.



Only a boy, like other boys,
Fond of battles fought and won;
Fond of his books and games and toys;
Living his childish griefs and joys—
The little Washington.

Only a lad, awkward and shy,
Mastering knowledge that, by and by,
Should aid him in duties great and high;
The youthful Washington.

Only a man of finest bent,
Surveyor, general, president,
Who served his country, and died content—
The patriot, Washington.

Only—ah! what was the secret, then,
Of his being America's chosen son?
Why was he famed above other men,
His name upon every tongue and pen,
The illustrious Washington?

A mighty brain, a will to endure,
Passions subdued, a slave to none,
A heart that was brave and strong and sure,
A soul that was noble and great and pure,
A faith in God that was held secure;
This was George Washington.

—W. Va. School Journal.



OMETHING has to be done," declared Mrs. Haskins, compressing her lips and settling back in her chair with a most determined air. "Why, one would think we

were a lot of mummies, the way we have vegetated here this winter. There hasn't been a thing excepting that New Year's party at the Forsythes, and you know what a dismal affair that was. Miss Payne seemed slightly. She certainly did know what a dismal affair the Forsythe party had been—for her, more than for anyone else. She was quite sure that Tom didn't care at all, and that he was glad that their little misunderstanding had occurred and freed him from an engagement that was disagreeable to him. But she didn't speak of this to Mrs. Haskins, although she knew that little person was fully aware of the late unpleasantness, and was taking a fiendish delight in making delicate reference to subjects calculated to remind her friend of it. Miss Payne only assented, with a little nod and a half-articulate murmur, and Mrs. Haskins went on:

"Now, let's not sit and talk about it, merely, but let's do something. Of course, we can't celebrate Washington's birthday without a costume affair. Suppose we have a sleighing party, to wind up at The Hills with a supper and dance, with everyone in revolutionary costume. And, oh! the malicious little wretch went on enthusiastically, 'you and Mr. Enright shall be Martha and George, and lead the minuet—a regular 18th century minuet.'"

"N-no, I'd rather not," interrupted Miss Payne, in a half-stifled voice. "I don't—really, I'd rather not take such a prominent part."

"Nonsense, child!" chirped Mrs. Haskins, cheerfully. "You'll make a perfectly lovely Martha, and Tom Enright can be so stately and dignified when he chooses—and, besides, he's one of the very few men in town who can afford to be seen in short trousers."

And the little woman went on to outline her plans for the celebration, ignoring Gladys' all-too-apparent misgivings and the poor girl's efforts to decline the unwelcome honor she proposed to thrust upon her.

"I won't! I can't!" Gladys declared to herself, passionately, as she hurried down the gravelled pathway of the Haskins' place. "I'd rather die, indeed I would, and still I couldn't explain it to her, even if she does know already—the spiteful wretch! I hope he'll manage to decline, though."

But Mr. Enright did nothing of the kind. In fact, he had felt for some time as though he would give anything on earth for an opportunity to speak to Gladys and tell her how sorry he was for the way he had acted over her dancing with Neville three times at the Forsythe party—the fact being, however, that he really had just cause for being jealous and indignant, and that Gladys was the one from whom the apology was due. So, when Mrs. Haskins broached her plans to him, she was rather taken aback at the alacrity with which he consented to impersonate the Father of His Country, for she had anticipated her usual keen enjoyment in probing another's wound.

"The Hills" was a little summer hotel situated in a pleasant valley about ten miles from Millston, and, although closed to the general public through the winter, was the scene of occasional festivities inaugurated by Millston people. It had a delightful ball-room, and, better yet, the couple who had charge of the premises from season to season were phenomenal caterers.

The 29th of February came, and the morning ushered in delightful weather, which, together with a recent snowfall, combined to make it an ideal day for sleighing. Most of the merry-makers gathered at Mrs. Haskins' house in the afternoon,

and Enright looked eagerly at Gladys, hoping, yet half afraid, that she would be a member of the same party as himself—and when he saw her smiling, flushed and happy-looking, in young Neville's cutter, alone with that most objectionable youth, he was very bitter, and was almost ready to give up going. But he didn't. Instead, he devoted himself most assiduously to a certain Miss Glazer, much to her gratification and the mystification of several of the others, who were not aware of his disagreement with Gladys.

There had been a change of programme, which involved dinner at The Hills, more sleighing, then some Washington tableaux, and the ball, and Enright and his ex-fiancee met at dinner—thanks to Mrs. Haskins, who, following her usual malicious tactics, had so managed as to seat them next to each other.

"I hope," quietly said Enright, with polite gravity, just after the soup was served—"I hope, Miss Payne, that you do not think this meeting one of my seeking. I would have avoided it had it been possible to do so."

"Pray don't be distressed, Mr. Enright," replied the girl, icily. "We are quite agreed on that point; so, perhaps, the less said the better."

Thenceforward, throughout the meal, Enright directed his conversation elsewhere, savagely noting, however, the feverish gaiety and apparent indifference to himself of the girl he had once expected to marry.

"Cold, cruel, utterly heartless!" he declared to himself, after the fashion of jealous lovers from time immemorial. And, after the fashion of the same, he proceeded to act as though he, too, were entirely indifferent, or, indeed, rather glad that it was all over between them.

As for Gladys, she vehemently told herself half a dozen times that she "didn't care," and, to demonstrate this, she went on with her flirtation with young Neville to a most outrageous extent, noting with great satisfaction that Tom notwithstanding his apparent devotion to plain little Miss Glazer, was absolutely white with jealousy and rage.

However, when they met after dinner, on the steps of the hotel piazza, to join the few who were for taking



a half-hour drive by moonlight, he again spoke to her, taking advantage of a moment when Neville went to hasten the dainty hostess in his work. "See here, little girl," he began, hastily, with a glance about, to see if anyone could overhear him, "I can't stand this. I just—"

Gladys turned upon him with eyes opened wide in mock surprise. "I beg your pardon," she said, in her coldest "who-are-you-anyway" tones.

Enright said something—a bad word—between his teeth, but went on desperately: "Can't we make it all up, little girl? Can't I say or do something to show—"

"Yes, sir, you can," said the "little girl," snappily. "You can try to be a gentleman and confine your attentions to me to those called for by the programme—nothing more."

Enright shut his teeth savagely and turned away. He was quite positive of it now—he was altogether certain that of all the cold-hearted girls in the world, Gladys Payne was the worst. But he watched her (for his party passed and was passed in turn by the Neville cutter several times) just the same, and he was almost willing to swear that he, once saw Neville kiss the girl just after they entered the shadow of the pines on the hillside. He was almost right, too, for Neville did attempt to kiss her, but was good-naturedly repulsed. It had not come to that point with Gladys, although, to be sure, Tom couldn't but think so, and it made him almost to desperation to have to sit quietly and chatter small talk to little Miss Glazer—who, by the way, was enjoying his attentions immensely. So after they had returned to the hotel, he proceeded to make a fool of himself.

Meeting Neville in the men's dressing room he hissed between his clenched teeth:

"I'll have it out with you for this, Mr. Neville."

"For what?" queried that gentleman, in his most urbane manner.

"You know, sir. Your attentions to Miss Payne are—"

"The saddest failures in life are those that come from not putting forth the power and will to succeed.—L. P. Whipple.

"Ah, indeed," quoth Mr. Neville, sneeringly. "If Miss Payne prefers my attentions to yours, it is her privilege, I believe," and he turned away with a look of supreme contempt at his jealous rival, who clenched his fists and looked, for an instant, as if he would use them, but wisely thought better of it, and walked in the other direction.

He walked straight into the presence of Mrs. Haskins, to whom he declared his intentions of refusing utterly to take any part in the tableaux or the subsequent proceedings, and to that lady's protest that it was childish he answered that such might be the case, but that he could not, in justice to himself, take part with Miss Payne in anything, and that he was going home immediately. He knew that he had mortally offended Mrs. Haskins, but that was immaterial. His sole desire was to get away from Gladys's presence, and he was resolved to get away from Millston, too, by the very first train going anywhere.

Therefore, he made his curt adieu, and hiring the care-taker's saddle horse he dashed off towards town, his whole being animated with rage and despair, and his brain filled with just that one idea—to get away as far as possible. But, by the time he had reached the top of Four-Mile mountain the chill air and the active motion of riding had calmed him somewhat, and he drew rein and looked back.

Henshi! What was that? From the roof of the hotel, from all the windows on the west side of the building, he could see, through the clear moonlight, a dense volume of smoke pouring—and, as he looked, the flames burst out in places, and angry tongues of fire shot forth here and there.

Tom Enright hesitated for one dazed second—the next he was dashing back down the road at the top of his horse's speed.

The front yard was full of people when he galloped up, but a first glance showed him no sign of Gladys.

"Where is she? Where's Gladys—Miss Payne?" he asked of those nearest him, as he leaped from his horse. And as though in response, came the wild, despairing cry:

"Tom! Tom! Save me!"

After Mrs. Haskins had announced to her the sudden departure of her jealous

lover, Gladys, who had been breaking her heart all the evening, gave way utterly, and at once went upstairs to have her cry out—and there she lay, utterly oblivious of all that went on about her, until the crash of falling timbers, the crackling of flames and the smoke rushing under the door roused her from her apathy. It was too late, she thought, to escape by the door—the smoke was almost suffocating her even with the door closed—and she rushed to the window, threw it open and lifted her voice in that wild cry:

"Tom!"

What did he care for flames and smoke, or for any kind of danger, with that cry ringing in his ears? With one bound he was inside the door, and though half-blinded before he had half reached the upper hall, groped onward, trying door after door, until, at last, he found her, and she fainted in his arms. How he ever got her safely out he never knew, but got her out he did, and when she opened her eyes, half an hour later, it was to find herself on the sofa in a near-by farmhouse, with Tom's arms about her and Tom's kisses raining on her face.

"Darling!" she whispered, "do you think you can forgive me?"

"My sweetest Martha," he answered, smilingly, "I cannot tell a lie—you know I do."

She lifted her face to be kissed.

"Is the surrender unconditional?" asked Tom, presently.

"Yes, dear."

"Then," he said, proudly straightening his broad shoulders, "I have made a conquest of which the Father of His Country might be jealous—and we're much obliged, after all, aren't we to Mrs. Haskins? For, if she hadn't cast us for Martha and George, we might not—"

"Oh, yes, we would—anything but making up, for us, would be impossible, you know," she interrupted, confidently.

LESTER KETCHUM.

—The saddest failures in life are those that come from not putting forth the power and will to succeed.—L. P. Whipple.

BOERS AND BRITONS

May Have Another Mixup in the Near Future.

A FORCE OF TWENTY THOUSAND MEN

To Be Sent to South Africa by England to Back Up Demands to Be Made by Great Britain on the Transvaal Republic.

THERE IS SOMETHING IN THE WIND. LONDON, Feb. 15.—The Anglo-Boer troubles arising from Dr. Jameson's raid into the Transvaal, or, perhaps, from a more remote cause, do not appear likely to be settled by a mere exchange of diplomatic correspondence. On the surface all appears to be clear sailing, but it can be stated with certainty that there is something in the wind of which the general public has as yet no knowledge.

AN ARMY CORPS FOR SOUTH AFRICA. The representative of the United Press learns the war office, acting under orders from the government, has made every preparation to send an army corps of 20,000 men to South Africa. Despite the silence of the English papers and in face of possible denials, the absolute accuracy of this statement can be relied upon. The war office was consulted by the government, the week after Emperor William sent his dispatch to President Kruger, as to how long it would take

LAND A FULLY EQUIPPED ARMY IN NATAL. Plans were prepared between the war office and the admiralty, with the result that it was reported that an expedition could be ready within three months. The details of the scheme are known only to the heads of the war office and the members of the inner cabinet, but the information received by the representative of the United Press points to a large contingent being drawn from India—cavalry, artillery and infantry, including Sikhs and other native troops.

THE PROMISE OF A PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT

of the Transvaal difficulty does not appear to have sufficed to induce the British government to abandon its project. Final orders for the dispatch of the troops have not yet been given, but if the present designs are carried out a full corps will be in Natal some time in May. What real use is to be made of this force can only be surmised. The conservative organ, the Globe, alone of all the newspapers, seems to have received some word of

THE GOVERNMENT'S INTENTIONS.

It argues that soft words with the Boers is a sheer waste of time. England, it declares, will only get what she wants by a display of force—not an actual collision, but a demonstration. Therefore the government must increase its force in South Africa to such an extent as to convince the government at Pretoria that neither the Boers nor the Germans will be longer allowed to prevent submission to England's demands. The Globe does not attempt to estimate what force will be required

TO OVERHAUL THE BOERS,

but says the government has not enough troops in South Africa at present to do what at any moment it may be imperatively necessary to do. The English, after their thorough defeat at Majuba Hill in 1881 had 20,000 troops opposed to the Boers, who were not at all overawed then. If to the projected expedition there should be added the existing forces in South Africa there would be of all arms combined from 25,000 to 30,000 men who could be used in

A DEMONSTRATION AGAINST THE TRANSVAAL.

The republic might, and probably would, find an ally in the Orange Free State; would receive assistance from Dutch sympathizers in Cape Colony, and would probably secure the active intervention of Europe. It would be a big job for England to make even a limited demonstration.

BROKE OFF NEGOTIATIONS.

King Menelek's Terms Not Satisfactory to Italy.

Rome, Feb. 15.—It is announced that Gen. Baratieri, commander-in-chief of the Italian forces in Abyssinia, having been authorized by the government to conclude a treaty of peace with King Menelek, sent Maj. Saloa, of the Italian army, to treat with the king. The latter demanded that the Italians abandon the positions occupied by them in Abyssinia and revise the treaty of Ucciali, excluding therefrom the provision for an Italian protectorate over Abyssinia. After receiving a report from Maj. Saloa of the terms demanded by King Menelek, Gen. Baratieri immediately broke off the negotiations.

A New British Cruiser Launched.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—The new British third-class cruiser Pelorus, the construction of which was begun in the dock yards at Sheerness, on May 21, 1895, was launched. The Pelorus is designed to develop a speed of 20 knots an hour. She is 300 feet long and will carry eight four-inch guns, eight quick-firing three-pounders, two Maxim guns and two torpedo tubes.

Washee Block Dead.

WICHITA, Kas., Feb. 15.—Washee Block, one of the most noted squaws of the west, died Friday at the home of her mother, near Watonga, Okla. It was to her efforts that the people are indebted for the opening of the Indian country south and west of original Oklahoma.

William Lathrop Kingdley.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 15.—William Lathrop Kingdley, the venerable literary man, died at his home in this city Friday, after a short illness. Mr. Kingdley was one of the best known writers in New England.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

The British home secretary has refused to extend amnesty to the Irish political prisoners.

Gov. Morrill of Kansas would like a reorganization, he says, and is in the hands of his party.

John Westcott was hanged in the Carroll county (Va.) jail for the murder of his wife.

Judge Richard H. Clark of the Georgia supreme court, was found dead in his hotel room in Atlanta.

Jefferson Smith, of Dallas, Tex., was stabbed by a burglar, who also crushed Mrs. Smith's skull with an ax.

Frank Harris, a St. Joseph saloon-keeper, has been arrested, suspected of the Savannah (Mo.) bank robbery.

Chancellor McLean of the Nebraska university was formally inaugurated Friday with impressive ceremonies.

W. S. Keener, who killed his two cousins, Leona and Arizona Moore, in June last, was hanged at Clayton, Ga.

Gov. Bradley of Kentucky promises to send troops to protect Jackson and Walling if they are taken to Newport.

The senate free coinage substitute to the house bond bill was knocked out by the latter body by a vote of 216 to 90.

The remains of W. H. Crain, the late Texas congressman, were laid to rest at Cuero, Tex., with imposing ceremonies.

Secretary Carlisle has issued an order to the effect that the new bonds will be allotted only to the original bidders.

Ministers at Arcola, Ill., have summoned a Salvation Army band from Indiana, to wipe out sin and vice in their town.

Mrs. William Moore, of Rock Island county, Ill., became insane suddenly and slashed her husband with a razor. He may die.

Riley Grannon, the famous turf plunger, has gone broke at San Francisco. He is said to have dropped \$100,000 within a few months.

A cablegram received by the Science Observer of Boston announces the discovery of a new comet by Perrine, one of the astronomers at Nice.

Representatives of the Southwestern Millers' association are in Washington hustling congressmen for reciprocity laws in export of breadstuffs.

The World's Fair board of control members are incensed at President Davis for making his report direct to congress without consulting with the board.

Matthew McNamara, aged 105 years, died in the Benton county (Ind.) poorhouse. He was born in Croon, County Limerick, Ireland, and came to America in 1815.

Howard, the populist congressman from Alabama, who wrote "If Christ Came to Congress," was carried out of the house Friday in a drunken condition by two porters.

Gen. Weyler has given out notice to newspaper correspondents in Cuba that at 9 a. m. and 9 p. m. his immediate staff will give out war news, and none other must be transmitted.

Mrs. Frank Asbury, of Terre Haute, Ind., found her husband, who had deserted her four months ago, living in St. Louis with a Mrs. Kelly, a grasping widow, with whom he left Terre Haute.

Miss Minnie Edson was asphyxiated in the home of A. C. Rahe, the match manufacturer at Passaic, N. J., under peculiar circumstances. Mrs. Rahe being absent from the city. Rahe is under arrest and can not secure bail.

In Brooklyn, the City of Churches, the continual ringing of bells, in and out of season, has become so intolerable that the health commissioner has been compelled to interfere in behalf of invalids and others to whom life is made a burden.

A CANADIAN PRISONER.

W. R. Lingham Among the Prisoners of the Transvaal Government.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 15.—David McLaren, a millionaire lumber merchant of this city, has left for England to interview Colonial Secretary Chamberlain with a view to securing the release of W. R. Lingham, formerly of Belleville, Ont., who is now in prison at Johannesburg at the instance of the Transvaal government. Mr. McLaren believes that Mr. Lingham is the victim of a Boer conspiracy. Mr. Lingham is manager of a company which has important railway concessions in the Transvaal, and the impression prevails here that the Boer government wants to break the contract.

A TIDAL WAVE

Of Religion and Morality in Eastern Kentucky and East Tennessee.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 15.—A great religious tidal wave is spreading over eastern Kentucky and east Tennessee. From nearly every county comes news of great revivals. One just closed at Sneedville, Hancock county, Tenn., reports 200 converts. In many sections the religious fervor has run into the worst kind of fanaticism. Holiness meetings are common, men and women claiming to be sanctified and can do no sin. In this county it has taken the form of a temperance crusade.

Catholic Dignitaries at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 15.—Cardinal Gibbons, accompanied by Bishops Keane, of the Catholic university at Washington, and Bishop Gabriels, of Ogdensburg, N. Y., arrived here Friday, to attend the opening of the Catholic winter school. Cardinal Sallati arrived this morning.

A Trolley Car Victim.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 15.—Joseph Simpson, a ship carpenter, stepped in front of an electric motor car on his way to work, and was so badly crushed that he died while on the way to the city hospital.

Eleven Pairs.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 15.—Eleven pairs were announced in joint assembly ballot to-day. Total present, 110; necessary to choose 59. The vote resulted: Blackburn, 54; Hunter, 53; seatler, 4.

IT WAS THE LAST DAY

For Payment of the First Installment on the New Bonds.

THE NEW YORK SUB-TREASURY JAMMED.

It is Said the Morgan Syndicate Have Arranged to Take All Defaults in Allotments at the Figure of Their Bid.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—This was the last day for the payment of the first installment of the new \$100,000,000 four per cent. bonds of 1905 just allotted by the government. The sub-treasury, in consequence, was jammed by bond purchasers, and it was almost impossible to get into the coin room. Assistant Treasurer Jordan gave notice at an early hour that he would close the sub-treasury doors at one o'clock sharp, and that no one would be permitted to enter after that hour. Another batch of \$4,000,000 of the new bonds arrived, making a total of \$3,000,000 thus far received. Transactions on the board in the bonds were heavy, and one lot of \$507,000 sold at 115 1/2. The Hanover national bank deposited \$1,000,000 on February 8, \$3,613,901. Zimmerman & Forsyth withdrew \$100,000, making the total withdrawals from February 8, \$3,563,800.

A Boston special states that William Graves, of New York, on Friday sold his option to take \$4,500,000 new governments at 115.3391 to the City national bank for \$30,000.

It is stated that the deposits of gold at the sub-treasury and the national bank depositories amount to over \$55,000,000. Premiums on gold to-day were nominally 1/4 @ 1/2 per cent. Greenbacks were one-sixteenth bid, offered at one-eighth per cent.

The doors of the sub-treasury were closed promptly at one o'clock and Assistant Treasurer Jordan announced that no further business would be done. He said that if it was found that any of the bond bidders had made gold payments not up to the amount required, arrangements would be made for them to complete payment later on. It was announced on high authority that Mr. Morgan's recent visit to Washington was for the purpose of consulting with Secretary Carlisle in regard to defaults by bidders. It was arranged that Mr. Morgan should buy all the bonds not taken by bidders at the same figure, 110.6877, paid by the Morgan syndicate. The Graves combination, which bid for \$4,500,000 of the new bonds, did not pay their first installment, notwithstanding the fact that treasury officials were notified that the 20 per cent. due would be turned in. At the office of J. R. Newcombs & Co., where Graves has his headquarters, it was stated that the latter had left for Washington. The amounts of the payments into the sub-treasury and national bank depositories will not be known until a late hour.

FALSE HALF EAGLES.

Sterling P. Tallard, Convicted of Having Them in His Possession.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Feb. 15.—Sterling P. Tallard was committed in the United States court here Friday on having counterfeit money in his possession. He lived in Creek nation, near the Oklahoma line, and many spurious five-dollar gold pieces were circulated in the railway camps. Suspicion rested upon him. One day a confederate of Tallard, a boy called "Red," who lived at Tallard's, went into Shawnee, Okla., and after his departure five merchants found that each had a false half eagle. Tallard's house was raided and he was captured, together with a full electroplating outfit and a quantity of metal. The moulds were not found.

TRIPLE TRAGEDY.

A Farmer, His Wife and a Young Girl the Victims, Near Augusta, Ky.

AUGUSTA, Ky., Feb. 15.—Robert Laughlin, a farmer, his wife and May Jones, aged 14, were brutally murdered about 4 a. m. at a small farmhouse two miles from this place. The house was set on fire and burned, together with the bodies of Mrs. Laughlin and the young girl. Laughlin's throat was cut from ear to ear, and he ran three-quarters of a mile in his night clothes when he fell dead. It is thought two men are implicated in the murder, and one is described as being about five feet nine with black whiskers and mustache. Bloodhounds will be put on their track.

THAT SOLDIER SCRAP.

It Seems Likely to Cause Trouble at Fort Omaha.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 15.—Sparry county officials arrived in Omaha Friday night with warrants to arrest all United States soldiers engaged in a prize fight in that county last Sunday. Over 100 of the privates at Fort Omaha are said to have witnessed the fight between two soldiers, who, it is alleged, fought for a purse put up by officers who were present. The post commander denies that any officers were present. A full list is in the sheriff's possession of all, but it is still kept a secret. No arrests have been made as yet, but the authorities say all will be.

STEAMER ASHORE.

The British Steamer Otranto Ashore Off Great South Beach.

FIRE ISLAND, N. Y., Feb. 15.—The British steamer Otranto, Capt. Hubby, which left Shields January 23 for New York, is ashore on Great South beach, near here.

The steamer Otranto lies about 200 yards from the beach, about a quarter of a mile west of the Fire Island lifesaving station. There is not much sea on, and the vessel lies dry. The crew are still aboard, but they are in no danger.

Aaron W. Fagin Dead.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 15.—Aaron W. Fagin, after a long and tedious illness, died at 1:15 a. m. at his residence in this city.

Mr. Fagin was one of the most widely known men in St. Louis, having been prominently identified with the business growth and prosperity of the city for more than half a century.

John Russell Young's Condition.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 15.—The condition of ex-Minister to China John Russell Young, who is ill at his home in this city, is slightly improved. He rested fairly well during the night. Mr. Young is suffering from quinsy and nervous prostration.

Receding Ossified.

HUDSON, Mass., Feb. 15.—Edward Forrest, whose home is in this city, is becoming ossified in his right arm. He has been so afflicted by Christmas both legs were ossified to his knees, and since then the disease has progressed as far as the hips.

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, FEB. 20, 1896.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce W. A. Thompson as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Alabama Enquirer nominates Gov. Claude Matthews, of Indiana, as the next democratic candidate for president.

BIRMINGHAM did herself proud Tuesday. For a city of her size the parade was a very creditable one. A very large crowd was attracted to the city, and notwithstanding the cold weather everybody turned out. It was a great day for Birmingham.

THE Masonic fraternity of Alabama has purchased a 100-foot lot in Montgomery, for \$9,750 cash, and will erect thereon without delay a handsome Masonic temple, a state home for Masons. The details of the building have not been determined, but it will be a commodious brick and stone affair, and will be constructed and occupied solely for Masonic purposes.

DR. CYRUS EDSON, of New York, has discovered a consumption cure. It is a solution of carbolic acid in water, which, instead of poisoning the patient, as carbolic acid in other forms does, poisons the consumption germs and cures the patient. The "cure" was discovered in September last; 217 persons have been treated; 26 have been cured, 67 will be cured, 4 have shown an improvement, and the remainder, 213, have been under treatment for too short a time to enable the physicians to say anything except that the patients are better.

MEMBERS of the United Confederate Veterans' Association all over the South are interested in the action of the Southern Passenger Association taken at Tampa, Florida, last week, granting a special rate to the annual re-union of the former body, which takes place this year in the city of Richmond, Va. The rate granted is one cent a mile for the round trip. The rate is considered a liberal one, and will enable a large delegation from each southern state to be in attendance at the convention.

MARY ELLEN LEASE, the Kansas stateswoman, a clear type of populist and vociferous advocate of the fancy silverisms of the day, has repented of these things and become a preacher. A recent nervous prostration was the immediate cause of her mind taking a divine turn. The departure is startling and must be true, as the news comes from Wichita. Inasmuch as Mary E. Lease has the proper oratorical voice gained by practice on the stump, her new relations to the world will doubtless prove quite pleasant. There is really nothing in populism any more, as the prosperous conditions of business and industry everywhere over the country have practically removed any cause the populists may have for continuing as a party.

THE Troy Democrat has this to say of the populist organization in a county where they now hold the offices: "So insignificant a factor in county politics are the populists that they are almost lost sight of in the canvasses, conversation and discussions participated in by people on the streets, in the court house and other public places in this country. It would seem that the last vestige of alliance, populism, Jeffersonianism, etc., had been forever wiped out of the country. The only reminder we have that they ever existed and do exist are the populist office holders in this county, and whenever the thought crosses a democrat's mind, he reiterates his oft repeated obligation, an obligation as solemn as if taken under oath, that the populists shall be turned out and no one but democrats shall fill Pike county offices."

THE report that Nansen has reached the North Pole and is on his way back is important, if true. He is as likely as anybody to have got there and as likely to get back, and there is no inherent improbability in the success of an expedition that was most carefully planned, after the suggestions of many explorers, experience, and was in entirely competent hands. Nansen has been gone nearly three years, and it is time for him to be getting back, if he is coming. But Arctic explorers are among those whom we are not to expect till we see them. Rumors do not fly fast in Siberia and there could be no news of him at all unless it were positive news. As the reports are by no means positive or definite in form we shall have to wait somewhat longer. But everybody will hope for Nansen's success. Some day somebody will achieve this goal and it may as easily be Nansen as another.

IT IS NOT TRUE.

The free silver agitators are continually ranting that the "demonitization of silver has depreciated property." The recent speech of Hon. Josiah Patterson, of Tennessee, in the house is a complete refutation of that argument. Among many other good things, he said:

"Sir, it has been stated time and again that we have had a very great appreciation of gold since 1873 and a very great decline in values. It is not my purpose to enter upon a critical discussion of this question. I propose to call the attention of the committee

to one great fact in our history, which, in my judgment, refutes the proposition. It is logically and ridiculously absurd to argue that the decline in the prices of commodities brought about by the marvelous inventions and improvements of the ages is the result of the fall in the price of silver. The truth is that silver itself is a commodity, and like all other commodities under modern conditions, it can be produced at less cost than formerly, and it has declined for the same reason that wheat has declined and manufactured products has declined. But the great fact which stands out in our history is that during the very period referred to we have had marvelous accumulations of wealth in the United States. It must be conceded by every thoughtful student of the history of this country that the United States was practically on a gold standard from 1850 to 1880. Leaving out the decade in which the war took place, we had from 1870 to 1880 another period of ten years when the country was on a depreciated paper basis. Then another ten years, from 1880 to 1890, when we were admittedly on a gold standard.

"Now, Mr. Chairman, the very important fact to which I desire to call the attention of the committee is that in 1850 we had a population of 23,191,876. In 1880 it had increased to 31,443,321. In 1890 the wealth of the United States amounted to \$7,135,780,228. In 1880 it had increased to \$16,159,616,068. Now, during the period we had 35 per cent. increase of population and 126 per cent. increase of wealth. This was under the gold standard.

"In 1870 the population of the United States amounted to 38,558,371, and in 1880 to 50,155,783 showing 30 per cent. increase in population. In 1870 the wealth of the United States amounted to \$30,078,518,507, and in 1880 amounted to \$43,642,000,000, showing only 45 per cent. increase. Now, in 1890, our population amounted to 62,622,250 and our wealth to \$65,037,091,197, showing an increase of wealth amounting to 49 per cent. Now, these two decades, from 1850 to 1880 and from 1880 to 1890, being the decades in which we had not only the gold standard, but the greatest public confidence in our currency, were the decades in which we have had the largest increase of wealth during our national history.

"I do not pretend to say, Mr. Chairman, that this wealth was justly or equally distributed. I contend that under the operation of unjust tariff laws and other legislation it was not distributed as it would be under just and equal laws. But this is not the fault of the currency. The currency affects alike all sections and classes of our people."

BE HAPPY.

Montgomery Folson, in the Rome Tribune. "It is the duty of every human creature to be happy. It makes no matter how heavy the cross you are called upon to bear, cultivate a happy spirit. If the way of life seems rough and rugged, Heaven is filled with happiness. Troubles are transient. Happiness endures forever. It outlives time and timely things. Like a rainbow it spans the valley of death and its farther extremity blends with the sunlight of God.

Think about it for a moment. What is the use in fretting? Life is so short, so fleeting. There are so many things to enjoy in this world. If you foot away your time with petty troubles the golden moments will glide by and leave you disconsolate. Try to live up to the requirements of every hour of your life and bind the whole together with threads of sunshine.

By being happy you make others happy. You keep the divine light of gladness glowing around you so that others may be led into hopeful ways. There is plenty of time to be happy, but no time to worry over troubles. Put them aside and laugh and be joyful. And by and by when the reaper comes, go down to the grave with a smile on your lips and a song in your heart.

Died.

Mrs. Jones, mother of Mrs. Parker and Mrs. W. H. Wimpee, died at the home of the former last Wednesday morning. She came here with Mr. and Mrs. Wimpee few weeks ago from Alabama. She was in her usual health up till two days before she died. Tuesday she complained of being unwell—but she walked from Mr. Wimpee's to Mr. Parker's, where she died Wednesday morning. She was 79 years old the day before she died. Mrs. Jones was the widow of a Methodist preacher and was a consistent church member and Christian. The remains were interred in Oak Hill cemetery Thursday morning. Rev. J. A. Stafford conducted the funeral services. To the bereaved children The Sun extends sympathy.—The Whitewright (Tex.) Sun.

To the large number of stories of the "meanest man," which are frequently related, should be added that of a certain Frenchman, famous for his habit of grumbling at everything and on every occasion. He was attacked by inflammatory rheumatism, and was very carefully nursed by his wife, who was very devoted to him in spite of his fault-finding disposition. His sufferings caused her to burst into tears sometimes as she sat by his bedside. One day a friend of this invalid came in and asked how he was getting on. "Badly, badly," he exclaimed, "and it's all my wife's fault."

"Is it possible?" asked his friend, in surprise.

"Yes," the doctor told me that humidity was bad for me, and there the woman sits and cries just to make it moist in the room."—Pearsou's Weekly.

THE GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL AT MONTEVALLO.

Staff Correspondent of Birmingham News.

The status of the Industrial School for White Girls, is just now one of waiting. Several things have arisen to delay matters, and until arrangements, now in an unfinished state, are fully consummated, little progress will be made on the erection of the buildings. This delay, however, will not defer action later than April 1st, and by that time, anyhow, there will be preparations inaugurated for the buildings and other requisites.

The principal thing now in doubt, and one that will go a long way toward the success of the enterprise, is a bill that has been introduced in congress, looking to the appropriation of 25,000 acres of mineral lands in the state for the school. The bill has been introduced by Congressman Robbins, and will receive attention in the regular run of congressional business.

H. C. Reynolds, of Montevallo, and Capt. E. W. Booker, of Shalby Springs, are in Washington, assisting in every way possible to push the measure, and as there is no opposition to the bill, as it has a number of friends, there is small doubt of its passage. Senator Morgan has promised to give the matter his personal attention and influence as soon as it reaches the senate. Another thing that is causing some delay, is an effort by the executive committee of the trustees to secure a portion of the money now available for expenses, for the building of the structures, thus augmenting the \$9,000 furnished by the town of Montevallo and the county of Shelby, and thereby putting up handsome and more convenient buildings than was at first intended.

As soon as these questions are satisfactorily arranged, the trustees will hold a meeting in Birmingham and consider plans and specifications for the buildings. This department is at present under the control of Col. W. W. Wadsworth, of Wadsworth, Ala., and all matters pertaining to architecture and the erection of the property will be looked after by him personally.

The people of Montevallo are very anxious that Miss Julia Tutwiler, the principal-elect of the school, commence now giving her time and attention to the enterprise. They think that she will be able to offer suggestions and make plans that will go a long way towards pushing things along.

Work will commence April 1st on making the brick for the buildings, which will be manufactured right on the ground. The grounds will be fixed up and made ship-shape as soon as practicable, and by the time the good weather sets in there will be a lively bustle in Shelby's historic old town. The structures are expected to be up and school opened by September 1st of this year, and after getting the works in motion there will be a grand rush to the finish.

Water works will be placed in the school, as well as electric lights. The almost perpetual-motion pump, which attracted so much attention at the Atlanta exposition, will be placed in the plant, and it is calculated that a fine system of water conveyance will be attained at a small cost. The supply of water will come from the large spring at the foot of the hill which flows 1,000 gallons of water every 60 seconds.

The great advantages of this school can readily be realized when it is known that in Shelby and adjoining counties, there are over 2,600 girls who will never get a collegiate education until furnished one by such an institution as the Girl's Industrial School. Taking the territory mentioned as an example, there must be thousands of girls in Alabama who will receive instruction in the higher and most useful branches at the hands of this institution.

A Two-Sided Paper.

"Oh, woe! woe!" cried one Atlanta citizen, meeting another in the street. "The country has gone to the dogs. We are a ruined community!"

Second Citizen—"Cheer up, my friend. Things are not half so bad. Our industries are reviving; wages have been raised, the crops are good, and we are on the eve of a great big boom!"

First Citizen—"I wish I could believe it, but the proof of things being the other way is too positive. I've just been reading about it in the papers."

Second Citizen—"So have I, and I find nothing but glowing accounts of business revival."

First Citizen—"What paper have you been reading?"

Second Citizen—"The Constitution."

First Citizen—"Great Scott, and so have I!"

Second Citizen—"Yes, but you read only the editorial page. Why don't you take a squint at the news side of the paper once in awhile and brace up?"

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a severe kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all kidney and liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c for large bottle. At Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

Saginaw Drop Shots.

Col. West, of Calera, was in the city Wednesday. Call again Colonel; your ready wit is always welcome.

Miss Earl Anchors after an extended visit to W. A. Walburn returned to her home Monday, leaving some of our boys with sad and heavy hearts. How about that J. A. F?

Mrs. J. E. Morris visited Birmingham this week.

Miss Dovie Smitherman has been quite sick for several days but we are glad to learn is now convalescent.

T. H. Reed is very much troubled about his best girl's health. Cheer up Tom, Will-Full and the doctor thinks she is on the road to improvement and that there will be no need of another doctor.

Sam Leonard, the world's famed detective of Bessemer, was in our city today, but we are very thankful that we are not in need of a detective.

A little white horse and the famous two story buggy carried one of our leading society gents and the city belle to Camp Branch parke Sunday.

We are glad to be able to recognize J. R. Wagner as a citizen of this place.

J. H. Aldridge the section foreman on the S. L. R. R. was badly hurt by being run over with the handcar last week.

Saginaw's popular nurse got his foot badly mashed in the saw mill this week.

Shelby Naish, formerly of Siluria, is now a citizen of this place.

Miss Mary, when do you and the blue cap and gold spectacles anticipate another buggy ride?

Dr. M. W. Leonard has made several desperate efforts to see his best girl, but is always defeated. We believe he would get through alright with the girl's consent as he has the gift of continuance.

The departure of some of the Saginaw girls doesn't relieve Old Grey John from carrying two as he had to perform the same task Sunday.

We learn that wedding bells will ring at the residence of Nathaniel Thomas's Sunday next. Contracting parties, Charles Frost and Mrs. Dora Phillips, Judge E. L. Fulton officiator.

Rev. Berry was in town this week. Miss Nettie Leonard visited the Misses Fultons of the Acme Hotel this week.

Wil-ful would like to know why Bob G.—is so jolly this week, we believe he has been getting letters from his sweetheart, how does that hit you Bob?

Saginaw has been well blessed with a drunken jewelry smith this week, we have not yet learned his name.

Miss Nannie Fulton will take charge of the school at Maline Monday, February 17th.

Some of the girls say that they think they would like Chas. N.—right well.

S. E. Fulton, of Blocton, spent Sunday with home folks and friends.

The S. L. Co. R. R.'s new extension has been surveyed eight miles and road located; the right of way will be cleared in a few weeks and then be graded and track laid very soon.

Superintendent Wingate is making improvements every day on the mill. There is plenty of work here and every body is contented.

The colored people of this place dedicated their church last Sunday—Methodist. Our General Manager J. E. Morris built and furnished the lumber for it and donated it to them.

Wil-ful anticipates a big time at nardi gras, next Tuesday.

Wil-ful sympathize with The Chronicle supplements and the editor, for I know what it is, I have been there.

The turkey is gobbling up here, and by the way the music rolls at Wilsonville, Wil-ful thinks they are gobbling there too.

WILL-FUL.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 120 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of the medicine in coughs and colds. Free trial bottles at Parker & Armstrong's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Notice No. 16,980.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA. February 4, 1896. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbianna, Ala., on March 18, 1896, viz: Peter Edwards, Homestead entry No. 1892, for the north half of northeast one-fourth section 30, township 21, south of range 1 west.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John E. Dyke, Columbianna, Ala.; James W. Morrow, Columbianna, Ala.; Reuben T. Johnson, Semmes, Ala.; Mark H. B. Jones of Semmes, Ala.

H. PURELL, Register.

feb 13 6w

Non-Resident Notice.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA: PROBATE COURT SHELBY COUNTY. To L. E. Smith, San Jose, California, and Bello Smith, Sonchow, China.

You will please take notice that on the 7th day of February, 1896, a certain paper in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of H. A. Smith, deceased, was filed in my office for probate by Lucy A. Smith, and that the 2nd day of March, 1896, was appointed a day for the hearing thereof, at which time you can appear and contest the same, if you see proper.

Given under my hand this 7th day of February, 1896.

D. R. MCILLAN, Judge of Probate.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know that Paregoric, Bellman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel P. Fitch. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Fitch and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Season-Ending Sales.

We are house-cleaning, a general cleaning up from one end of the store to the other. Low prices the powerful factor to do the work. We never carry over goods from season to season, and another thing, we never lose sight of the fact that ours is a business of reliable merchandise. See the values we are offering in

Dress Goods, Clothing,

Shoes, Hats.

Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Twenty per cent off of every dollar's worth you buy from us from now until first of March as we are bound to sweep our store clean to make room for our spring stock.

Be sure and trade with us. It has paid others

IT WILL PAY YOU.

Yours for Low Prices,

THE RAGKET STORE,
SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Propr's.

"HOT SHOTS,"

BY

SAM JONES.

You Laugh and Cry When You Read This Great Book.

OVER THREE HUNDRED PAGES, Superbly illustrated and bound in the most elegant English cloth.

DOLLARS FOR WORKERS.

This grand book is now out and will only be sold by Agents.

A WONDERFUL OFFER.

Any responsible man or woman sending us only ONE DOLLAR will receive by return mail POSTPAID a complete Agent's outfit, consisting of a full and complete copy of this noble book.

ORDER NOW

and get your territory or some one else will be ahead of you, and to miss selling this book means the loss of a big salary for the next year.

We pay the very best commissions. Order today.

ADDRESS

SOUTHWESTERN PUBLISHING HOUSE,
NO. 208 N. COLLEGE ST., NASHVILLE, TENN.

NOTICE.

Before Taking Stock

I WILL SELL:

10,000 yards 5 and 6ct Calacos
at 3 1-2c.

10,000 Men's and
Ladies' Handkerchiefs
at 2 1-2c.

5,000 Children's Handkerchiefs
at 1c.

1,000 Children's Vests
at 2c.

500 Men's Undershirts
at 15c.

100 Misses Rubber Shoes
at 15c.

100 Children's Knee Suits,
Sizes 5, 6 and 7,
at 50c.

The above goods I will
sell only to the first
day of March next.

Respectfully,
S. STARK,
Shelby, Ala.

TWO FOR ONE!

That is what is offered for

\$1.00 A YEAR

You can get the Montgomery Semi-Weekly

ADVERTISER

An eight-page paper issued twice a week, all the year round. No paper as complete and interesting for an Alabamian can be had in all the land at any price. It is full of instructive and entertaining matter for the

Farm, Fireside and Store.

Scientific American Agency for PATENTS. CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc. For information and free estimates write to MUNN & CO., 311 Broadway, New York. Old-fashioned for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before a public notary and public measures in the interest of the public. Address, MUNN & CO., Publishers, 311 Broadway, New York City.

HAVE YOU READ THE *TIMES PHILADELPHIA THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family newspaper.

THE TIMES aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent to any one sending their address.

TERMS: DAILY, \$3.00 per annum; \$1.00 for four months; 30 cents per month. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages—16 columns, elegantly illustrated, \$2.00 per annum; 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, \$3.00 per annum, 50 cents per month. WEEKLY EDITION, 50 cents per annum. Address all letters to

THE TIMES, PHILADELPHIA

Probate Notice.

Joseph T. Dorrough, Deceased, Estate Of. Probate Court of Shelby County, Alabama, February 10, 1896.

This day comes J. T. Leeper, administrator of the estate of John S. Leeper, deceased, and files his application in writing and under oath, alleging that he is a creditor of the said estate of Dorrough, and praying that an order be made removing Mrs. Lydia M. Dorrough as the administratrix of said estate from said administration, on the ground of her non-residence.

It is ordered by the court that Monday, the 9th day of March, 1896, be appointed a day for hearing said application, at which time all persons concerned may appear at my office and contest same if they see proper.

D. R. MCILLAN, Judge of Probate.

Neuralgia ATTACKS THE EYES Makes THE LIGHT Unbearable. PERMANENTLY CURED BY USING Ayer's Pills

"My husband was subject to severe attacks of neuralgia which caused him great pain and suffering. The pains were principally about his eyes, and he often had to remain in a darkened room, not being able to stand the light. Ayer's Pills being recommended, he tried them, using one before each meal. They very soon afforded relief, followed by permanent cure. I am a strong believer in the efficacy of Ayer's Pills, and would not be without them for ten times their cost."—Mrs. M. E. DENAT, Liberty, Tex.

"I have used Ayer's Pills in my family for forty years, and regard them as the very best."—Uncle MARTIN HANCOCK, Lake City, Fla.

AYER'S PILLS
Received Highest Awards
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

COLUMBIANA, FEB. 20, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50

SHELBY LODGE, No. 140, A. F. & A. M.
Regular communications at Columbian on the last Saturday night in each month. Visiting members in good standing cordially invited.
J. S. LEEPER, Sec. I. D. MASON, W. M.

SHELBY LODGE, No. 50, K. O. P.
Regular meetings first and third Monday nights of each month, at 7:30, at Shelby, Ala.
W. A. WALSH, C. A. M. PIPER, K. of R. and S. and M. of F.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

County court will convene next Monday.

Hon. Rufus Cobb, of Helena, spent Saturday in town.

John Farrell, of beat 8, entered our public school Monday.

Mrs. W. S. DuBose left today for an extended visit to North Alabama.

Mrs. T. L. Seale left Monday for Birmingham to take in Mardi Gras.

Messrs. Williamson and Jackson, of Wilsonville, spent Sunday in our city.

Dr. Hill, an accomplished dentist of Courtland, is in town for a short time.

Hon. E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, transacted legal business here today.

Miss Earl Anchors left Tuesday for Blount, to be absent several weeks.

The democratic county executive committee will meet here tomorrow.

Rufus Lester and W. F. Thetford, took in Mardi Gras at Birmingham Tuesday.

J. T. Leeper returned yesterday from a two weeks visit to relatives in Birmingham.

J. H. Howell moved Monday from the country into the residence of Mrs. A. E. Jackson.

Miss Galloway, of Wilsonville, was a guest of Miss Birdie Morrison Sunday and Monday.

Miss Mary Milner, of Anniston, is spending some time with her brother, W. R. A. Milner.

Misses Lula and Blossom Densler, of Wilsonville, were guests of Miss T. Hammond Sunday.

Dr. H. I. Williams moved Monday into his residence recently purchased from Mrs. McMath.

Miss Lula Bowdon, of Calera, is spending the week with her friend, Miss Emma Wilson.

The young people anticipate a very pleasant evening as the guests of Mrs. B. L. Moore this evening.

Mrs. J. G. Parker and daughter Miss Nellie, accompanied by Miss Anna Milner spent Tuesday in Birmingham.

Col. J. K. Milner, of Anniston, is in town today. He says he is selling chewing gum and axle grease mostly.

B. L. Moore is building an addition to his store to be used by the Columbian Mercantile Co., as a grocery room.

Hon. W. B. Browne was taken quite sick Sunday, and was confined to his bed several days, but we were glad to see him out again this morning.

W. W. West, editor of The Herald, New Boston, Texas, was a pleasant caller in our office Monday. He is a genial, clever gentleman, and has made a success in journalism.

A happy wedding occurred last evening at the residence of the bride's father, one mile west of this place. The contracting parties were Mr. John F. Reynolds, of Shelby, and Miss Mollie Elliott, of this place. Rev. T. M. Wilson officiating. Our very best wishes go with them.

Anna, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Nelson, was born November, 13th, 1895 and died January, 15th, 1896. Her body was interred in the family burying ground near Columbian, Ala., to await the resurrection.

The sweet little one so bright and lovely has been taken home by the dear Saviour to be with the great concourse of redeemed and to be with God and the angels. She adds one more to the infant host, making Heaven more attractive to the sorrowing parents sisters and brothers. The Lord gave and the Lord hath taken away blessed be the name of the Lord.

J. W. GARY, pastor.

A Good Chance to Get an Education.

If there is a boy in Shelby county who wants an education, he can get his board and schooling free, if he will milk and attend to my stock morning and evening and do odd jobs about the place. Apply to Dr. W. S. DuBose.

Honor Roll Fourth Week in January.

Bertie Barnett, Lallage Longshore, Julia Liles, Lily May Liles, Ethel Millstead, Valona Morrison, Mary Peters, Lizzie Sinnott, Florence Spencer, Minnie Walton, Houston Longshore, Grover Liles.

HONOR ROLL 1ST WEEK IN FEBRUARY.

Kate DuBose, Lallage Longshore, Julia Liles, Lily May Liles, Ethel Millstead, Pauline Nelson, Mary Peters, Florence Spencer, Lizzie Sinnott, Minnie Walton, Chester Browne, Houston Longshore, Grover Liles, Aubrey Williams.

MARY A. LILES, Teacher.

Wilsonville Waifs.

J. W. Black, of Oxanna, Ala., visited relatives here last week.

Dr. W. S. DuBose, of Columbiana, was in town last week.

Miss Lena Somerville is on a visit to Birmingham.

Miss Clackler, of Oxanna, visited relatives here last week.

O. J. Nix, of Louisville, Ky., was in town last week.

Miss Susie Self and Mrs. Dr. Boyer visited Columbiana last week.

J. W. Bolin made a business trip to Columbiana last week.

Tramps seem to be immigrating or perhaps they are on the track of the converted tramp that traversed this section of country not long since.

Don't desert us "Nellie Bly," we miss you very much, and it would grieve us beyond degree to know that you had.

We understand that J. C. Jackson & Sons are in the market for first class cross-ties delivered at their planing mill.

W. L. Cale, of South Alabama, is attending our excellent school. We wish him much success and extend a hearty welcome.

Say, Claude, judging from the number of comic valentines you got I think the girls must have found you represented in every one they could find.

Girls, if any of you think you are getting old too quick I would suggest that you confer with Miss Matt Densler. She seems to be quite an artist in the way of making old people look young. Our authority for this advice is due to the correct report of the desperate case she arrived at with Mr. Cleckler.

St. Valentine's day has once more come and gone, with its valentines with true sentiments and others of a more comic nature were despatched by many to their friends and sweethearts.

H. A. Jackson will soon be recorded as a world renowned trick riding bicyclist. He has about accomplished one of the most complicated feats that has ever arose in the minds of trick riders.

He was seen one morning last week riding at a very steady gait and appeared to be at all ease when all at once his body was thrown into the air his wheel taking a near cut for home was obstructed by a ditch. Mr. Jackson, as soon as his sprained joints would allow mounted his wheel and was last seen going down the ditch at a very rapid rate peddling with his hands.

The S. P. L. League met last Friday night at the residence of Mrs. Dolshines. The programme was very nicely carried out. Miss Judie Kilpatrick deserves special credit for the manner in which she delivered a very sublime recitation. The subject debated was "Be it resolved that Columbus deserves more credit for discovering America than Washington for defending it," the subject being discussed by affirmative and negative the judges rendered their decision as a tie.

Programme arranged for next meeting as follows:

Spelling match by eight members of the society.

Reading, Miss Lucy Gwin.

Music, Miss Olive Densler.

News of week, A. A. Daniel.

Debate, subject "Does the ox pull the load or push it," by four small members of the society.

A charming one of Wilsonville.

With mind so strong and bright; The prophecy of our little League, So cheerfully did write.

Be it the truth we long to see, When ere that time doth come; To see our League as it will be, When thirty years have gone.

While all these changes now in view, Would you not be surprised; If everything does not come true, That she has prophesied.

She also speaks of Wilsonville, Its treats so nice and fine; And all improvements of the day, Will thus be here combined.

How we rejoice of this our town, With prophets two herein; And others here of great renown, Will later on begin.

Long may their honored work go on, Pleading to us before; Until these things have all been done, Then prophecy no more.

BUTCH, JR.

Items from Lewis.

W. E. Riddle and wife are very sick with measles. We hope for them a speedy recovery.

W. A. Thompson, Esq., was among his many friends here Saturday and Sunday. We hope he will be re-elected.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Upshaw, of Coosa county are taking in the meeting at J. L. Riddle's.

Miss Florence Adams is spending

IT'S OUR BUSINESS

Why we sell goods cheaper than any one else.

IT'S YOUR BUSINESS

To secure the great bargains we offer. We are sure you will give us your trade, for we are and expect to remain

The Leaders of Low Prices.

The Columbiana Mercantile Company's Store at Moore's corner has just received:

1,000 yards best Bleached Domestic, full yard wide, soft finished, will sell you 16 1-2 yards to the Dollar.

One thousand yards Cotton Checks 25 yards to the Dollar.

The very best quality of Apron Gingham at 6 cents per yard.

We shall be glad at all times to price you our goods, and guarantee satisfaction.

Columbiana Mercantile Co., AT MOORE'S CORNER. H. FOX, MANAGER.

several days with W. E. Riddle and family.

Mrs. L. A. Galloway, of Shelby, is spending several days with Mrs. J. L. Riddle and others. Come often Mrs. Galloway; you will always find a hearty welcome.

Our farmers are buying phosphate and preparing for a large cotton crop.

Mr. and Mrs. James Finley, of Mt. Olive, spent Saturday night with J. S. Jackson and family.

Nero thinks Wilsonville should be very proud of her great poets; they are unexcelled.

J. E. Jackson returned Sunday from Birmingham where his son Joe is being treated. He informs us that Joe is improving.

Elder S. S. Crumpton preached very interesting sermons Saturday and Sunday at J. L. Riddle's.

We hope that the primitives will constitute a church near here as I think our brothers and sisters are lonely.

Miss Bertie Douns, of Harpersville, is attending school at Four Mile.

Miss Hattie Thomas, of Mt. Cavalry, is in school at Four Mile.

Miss Mary Burgess, of Sylacauga, who has been spending several weeks at this place has returned home.

Boys, how many of you have received a valentine this year. NERO.

Wilsonville Warblings.

We are having some very cold weather.

We are glad to hear that Mrs. Black is getting better after a severe illness.

Our school is now full again since the measles has disappeared.

It seems that Butch Jr., is getting very poetical of late. Come again your writings are enjoyed very much.

There was no services Sunday morning but at night we heard a very interesting sermon by Rev. Mr. Cary.

Four couples went out driving Sunday afternoon, two of them went to Columbiana and say they went to the court house.

Mr. Russell, who has been coming here as a drummer for many years spent a few days in town last week selling Mr. Pope a bill of spring goods.

The building of the Methodist parsonage is now in operation.

Austin Wildon will begin building a new house Monday.

The choir which Two-in-a-Skillet spoke of will be very acceptable to the young folks of our town. PANSY

Liberty Items.

Measles, don't talk about them.

On account of measles our young men don't do any courting these days.

R. H. Blackerby is the happiest man

1895 VICTOR BICYCLES:—\$100.00



There are eight Victor Models for ladies and gentlemen, practically any height frame furnished. Victors lead the cycling world. Send for catalogue.

OVERMAN WHEEL CO
Makers of Victor Bicycles and Athletic Goods.
BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO. DENVER. DETROIT.
SAN FRANCISCO. PACIFIC COAST. LOS ANGELES. PORTLAND.

HOOD MACHINE COMPANY,

J. A. HOOD and T. J. CALDWELL, Proprietors.
Cor. 1st Avenue and 15th Street,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Repairers of LOCOMOTIVES, BOILERS and MACHINERY of all Kinds.

Saw Mill Work a Specialty.
Special agents for Decatur Car Wheel Co. We fit up wheels and axles of every description. Gear wheels cut with perfect accuracy from solid cast ing. We buy and sell second hand engines, boilers, etc.

GORDON * DUBOSE,

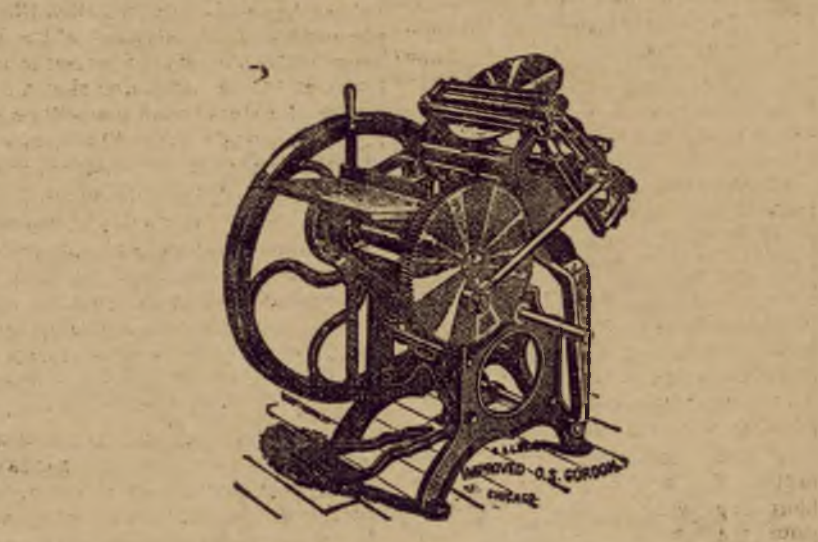
BANKER,
COLUMBIANA ALA.

Conducts a general banking business on a safe, yet progressive policy.

Best of Facilities Offered to Customers.
Deposits received upon liberal terms. No pains spared to accommodate customers.

Your patronage solicited.

THE CHRONICLE



BOOK AND JOB OFFICE

Has one of the most complete plants in Alabama. We lead the procession when it comes to artistic work, and prices the very lowest.

I employ the best printers, keep the best stock and ask the city firms no odds, as my expenses are far less than theirs and I give my customers the benefit of the difference in low prices.

Samples of Work and Estimates Gladly Furnished.

Let me quote you prices on any class of work you need. I make a specialty of pamphlet and book work.

Correspondence invited. Address
C. C. DuBOSE, Prop'r.

CONSUMPTION

SO PRONOUNCED
By the Physicians
SEVERE
COUGH
At Night
Spitting Blood
Given Over by the Doctors!
LIFE SAVED BY
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

"Seven years ago, my wife had a severe attack of lung trouble which the physicians pronounced consumption. The cough was extremely distressing, especially at night, and was frequently attended with the spitting of blood. The doctors being unable to help her, I induced her to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and was surprised at the great relief it gave. Before using one whole bottle, she was cured, so that now she is quite strong and healthy. That this medicine saved my wife's life, I have not the least doubt."—K. MORRIS, Memphis, Tenn.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
Received Highest Awards
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

W. E. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.

BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

THE BEST WAY

—TO THE—
SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST,
NORTH AND NORTHWEST

—IS VIA THE—
L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)
THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through MONTGOMERY, MOBILE AND NEW ORLEANS.

Connecting for all points in Texas and the West

Also running through to NASHVILLE, EVANSVILLE, LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS.

Connecting for all points in the North and Northwest.

Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent of the Louisville & Nashville railroad at Calera, or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

Notice No. 16,973.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA., January 27, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Columbiana, Ala., on March 6th, 1896, viz: Leander B. Foust, Homestead entry No. 24,709, for the south-east quarter of section 34, township 20, s. range 2 w. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William R. Payne, James W. Roach, John E. Roach, Cornelius B. Horton, all of Longview, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County. In Chancery. Sixth District, North-Eastern Chancery Division.

Mrs. Marie L. E. Verchot, Complainant, vs. Alabama Iron and Steel Co., et al, Defendants.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of J. T. Leeper that the defendant, the National Bank of Orange County, one of the defendants in the above stated cause, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in Goshen, Orange County, New York, and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in The Chronicle a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring it, the said National Bank of Orange County, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 15th day of February, A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against it.

Done at office, in Columbiana, this 10th day of January, A. D. 1896.

GORDON DUBOSE, Register.

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected.

Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—if you don't stain your mouth, and it's pleasant to take.

Brown's Iron Bitters

It Cures
Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles,
Neuralgia, Constipation, Bad Blood,
Malaria, Nervous ailments,
Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

THE WORLD'S EARLIEST POTATO.

That Salzer's Earliest, fit for use in 28 days. Salzer's new late potato, Champion of the World, is pronounced the heaviest yielder in the world, and we challenge you to produce its equal! 10 acres to Salzer's Earliest Potatoes yield 4000 bushels, sold in June at \$1.00 a bushel—\$4000. That pays. NOW IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND it with 10c. postage you will get, free, 10 packages grains and grasses, including Teoslate, Lathyrus, Sand Vetch, Giant Spurry, Giant Clover, etc. and our seed catalogue. (K)

PARROT—"Do you think that Henneke could keep a secret from his wife?" Wiggins—"Well, I'll bet that he never lets her know what he really thinks of her!" Truth.

Prosperous Farmers.

Yankton Press and Dakotian. In Yankton County, South Dakota, there are at least one thousand farmers who came here poor as the proverbial turkey of Job, and who today count their worldly possessions by thousands. Many of them started in with a house full of soil, and almost empty hands so far as horses and cattle go. Today they occupy fine dwelling houses, have large barns, fine horses, cattle, hogs and sheep, granaries filled with grain, fruit orchards, and money in hand. We mention this to show that South Dakota farmers are the prosperous class. Prosperity is the rule—not the exception. With fair prices for grain and live stock they would be rolling in wealth. Prices, however, have nothing to do with the fertility of the soil and the favorable character of the climate. These natural advantages are here to stay and assure prosperity to the farming classes. A copy of an illustrated pamphlet on "Irrigation in South Dakota," just issued by the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway, can be had by addressing W. E. Foyell, General Immigration Agent, Chicago, Ill.

"Given in the court?" shouted the judge. "This is the worst disgrace this court has suffered since I was elected to the judgeship!"—Indianapolis Journal.

MR. MCMONRY—"I love you for all that I am worth, darling." Miss Budd—"That's just what I love you for!"—Boston Courier.

We have not been without Pisco's Curo for Consumption for 20 years.—Lizzie Fennell, Camp St., Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, '94.

Sue—"Do you think we are going to have a war?" He—"Yes, I do." "Do you think we are going to make war on?" "On paper."—Yonkers Statesman.

THROAT DISEASES commence with a Cough, Cold or Sore Throat. "Hood's Bronchial Troches" give immediate and sure relief.

WAYWORN WATSON—"Pardner, do you eat pie with a knife?" Perry Patetic—"Wot pie?"—Cincinnati Enquirer.

NERVOUS

People wonder why their nerves are so weak; why they get tired so easily; why they do not sleep naturally; why they have frequent headaches, indigestion and nervous dyspepsia. The explanation is simple. It is found in that impure blood feeding the nerves on refuse instead of the elements of strength and vigor. Opium and nerve compounds simply deaden and do not cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla feeds the nerves pure, rich blood; gives natural sleep, perfect digestion, is the true remedy for all nervous troubles.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists sell.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Bile; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

THIS is the famous DE-LONG PATENT HOOK AND EYE. When hooded it stays hooked. Never unfastens except at the will of the wearer—then it's easy. It's too simple to get out of order—too strong to break. If you want it say to the dealer.

See that hump

Send two cents in stamps—with name and address for Mother Goose in new clothes, to Richardson & DeLong Bros., Philadelphia.

Poor soil

and exhausted fields which were once productive can again be made profitably fertile by a proper rotation of crops and by the intelligent use of fertilizers containing high percentages of

Potash.

Strikingly profitable results have been obtained by following this plan.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars boasting special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing latest researches on the subject of fertilization, and are really helpful to farmers. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

Your Wife

Will like it. So will the Cook.

If your better half does the cooking, that is an additional reason why there should be a CHARTER OAK RANGE OR STOVE in your kitchen. The use of this range prevents worry and disappointment.

Always Reliable.

C. C. C.

CERTAIN CURE FOR COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS. PRICE 10c. IN THE WORLD.

For sale at Druggists or Sent Free on receipt of price by CERTAIN CURE CO., Evansville, Ind.

SQUIRE RUFUS SANDERS.

Sage of Rocky Creek Has a High-Heel Time in Town.

"His and Mother" in a City Church—They Also See the Play—Some "Green Goods" from Town—Dead Oodles of Eggs.

To look at me from long taw you may be thought not think but I ain't no natural—born country idiot—not by a whole tremendous big lot. If you was to look rale close you might find the dew-drops in my wrinkles and the hayseed in my hair. But I know plenty of town people, and as to that, I have stayed in town a right smart myself. It wouldn't be plum square and honest for me to make out like I have lived in town and caught the town lick, with all the frills and trimmings, but I have been there, and whilst I was there I stayed there to the best of my ability.

They Went to Church in Town. Once upon a time me and mother got rich and reckless, as it were, and went up to the state fair to see the marvelous sights we had read about, which didn't come to pass. Then little Steve Cowlin—which he is now runnin' of a big bank in town, but was fetched up plain and honest as other boys in the Rocky Creek settlement—nothin' would do Steve and his folks but that me and mother must go and stay with them as long as we could. So we took out and put up and tarried and remained over with them a right good while. Steve loved it was worth four bits a day to hear me laugh and talk and see me eat, and he wanted us to hang up our duds and stay till next spring. If it was so I had to stay in town, I would rather put up with Steve Cowlin than any livin' man. I know Steve and Steve he knows me, with all my weak pints and wimmin ways.

But now presently, in the run of time, things got to comin' too scandalous thick and fast and furious to suit me. The next Sunday me and mother we lit out and went to church as usual, but it makes me smile all over myself till yet to think of the curious capers we must of cut amongst all the finery and confusion in that city church. As we went in the organ grinder turned loose with some of the gonestest, most soloncholy music I had ever saw. Hanged if it didn't make me feel all over in spots as big as a bed quilt.

Naturally of course I was headed for my regular place in the amen corner, and walkin' as high and awkward I reckon was a bald and calf in tall oats, but mother was so nervous and kitchish till we had to turn in and take a seat. The first chance we got. And then bless gracious it come to pass that we had took another man's bench, and the general boss of the meetin' come around and moved us into a back seat. That went powerful across the grain with me, and I wanted to say somethin' in plain United States so bad till I could taste it, but I was tongue-tied then. I always did get tongue-tied in church, and I had a mighty bad case of it that day. It is a disease that naturally runs in the Sanders family when they go to church, and I am rale glad of it.

Now in regards to religion—I reckon we had as much when we got back as we had when we started. I didn't sing narry lick, and mother couldn't even remember the text. Religion is somethin' that you feel and don't see, and it aint for me or any other mortal man to say which is which and who is who as to them that have got it. But it raley didn't seem to me like it was doatin' round about that day so thick till you could hit it with a stick. The preacher give out one song which started off to wit:

"Let them refuse to sing Who never knew their God."

And of all that tremendous big congregation, blained if everybody didn't refuse exceptin' a little crowd up in the loft with the organ and a few scatterin' voices in the amen corner.

"They don't run their church business on any such narrow contracted plans as that over at Cool Springs and Park Log and Pilgrim's Rest, do they, mother?" says I, when finally at last the meetin' broke up. "Everything is free down there. Salvation is free, and religion is free, and singin' is free, and the benches are free, and the people are free."

A Night at the Play. One night Steve bought the tickets and took me and mother to see a show. That was one time when we had paid seats, and by gittins we took 'em way up there in the front row. But I got so foam in mad that night—first one thing and then another—I can't recollect very much for certain about the show.

At any rate, it was one of these powerful humblike and stirrin' plays, and everything was so natural till I couldn't always keep in mind the general circumference of the surroundings. At one place the mainest lady in the play got terrible heart broke and put out on account of a lost handkerchief, which it seems like her husband had give her, and which his mother had give to him for luck. The lady she was cryin' and goin' on in such a movin' way, and callin' for the handkerchief so pitiful and constant till by gum I couldn't stand it no longer. I riz up, I did, right then and there and told the lady I would loan her my bandana, which no sooner said than done I went down into my pocket and came forth with it.

To be certain I didn't mean no harm, but me and my old red rag came mighty high bustin' up the play. About that time the general crowd must of sav somethin' funny somewhere along the line. They whooped and hollered, and went on at such a scandalous rate till presently a box-anthel policeman come around and asked if I didn't see down and behave myself he would put me out. But I want at church that night, you understand, and I told him as near as I could to go to that foreign country where they don't have to wear overcoats or shovel any snow to speak of. By this time I had climbed out of my coat and was ready to make doll rags and savage meat out of him, when mother

she turned loose and fainted and fell over in it. And about that time Steve he come into the game and cut the pot, as it were, and me and him and mother went on home. It was way past bedtime anyhow, and I didn't give a cent's worth to stay and see the play out. After that I never could hear how the lady in the play come out with regards to that lost handkerchief. But it went natural for a thoroughbred southern gentleman to set there like a fool, whilst a lady was sheddin' tears as big as glass marbles, and nothin' to catch em in.

So it come to pass the very next day that me and mother packed up our duds and come on back home to Rocky Creek, which fits my hand a whole lot more better. There is plenty of elbow room and hand room down here, and if I put my feet on the mantelpiece and spit in the fire—that's my business.

Green Goods from Town. But whilst it may be that I am right tolerable green myself, in my day and generation I have seen plenty of green goods that come fresh from town. A stranger come through the settlement last year hailin' from Saint Louis and put up for a few days at our house. He was doctorin' on people's eyes and peddlin' specks. He never had seen any cotton growin' till he come down in this country, and it was a plum show to him. One day he went and pulled a whole passle of green balls and put em in water to make em open, when the blamdest biggest and blainest idiot in this country would know better than that. He wanted to see them "blooms" and "mature," as he put it, and in less than three days the last one of em had merroted. And then I told him if he would pull a few more and hang em up in a dry place they would soon bust open.

There was a town girl that come down here last summer and took board with us for a few weeks. She was rale smart in books, and she was as pretty as red shoes and striped stockings and blue garters. Naturally of course I could help from thinkin' a great pile of her, but in regards to country people and country life and country things in general she was so all-fired green till blained if you couldn't mighty nigh scrape it off with a splinter. She would down to the cowpen with me one day, and what do you reckon? By gracious! she wanted to know which one of our cows give sweet milk and which one give buttermilk, and which one give the natural butter. I told her it didn't come exactly that way, but that all the cows give sweet milk in the morning and buttermilk at noon and butter at night. She was ever so much obliged, she said, and thanked me kindly for throwin' new light on the great question of cows.

Dead Oodles of Eggs. Along in the spring some three or four years ago, if I riteollect right, a stranger come down into this pleasant stry of country, which he give his name as Maj. Hinton, from New York. He lit right in and bought up three forties of land over there close to the railroad station, and soon put it out that he was goin' to start a tremendous big chicken farm. The major was what you might call a high stepper and a fast mover, and he made out like he would go all the gaits and stand hitched. And when it come to chickens—well, the major he was right there. To hear him tell it, he had already forgot more about chickens than the old woman knowed which put the first settin' of eggs under a speckled hen. He pitched in and bought him a thunderin' big double-enter hatchin' machine, which the people come in for 40 miles around to see it. Then he took a spring wagon he did, and lit out through the country and bought up 300 hens, but narry rooster.

As to me, I never had raised no chickens, you understand, cause that is mother's branch of the business, and I didn't know for certain but what the major could take the hens and let em lay eggs and put em in his new-fangled hatchin' machine and bring forth a crop of chickens.

"I reckon maybe the major will have dead oodles of eggs," says mother to me when I told her what was goin' on over at the ranch, "but I will promise to eat all of his young chickens—single-handed and alone—feet, feathers and all."

And as usual mother was plum right about it. The major he had dead oodles of eggs—eggs to eat and eggs to throw away—but narry egg to hatch. Along in the summer the colery got in amongst his doves, and when he wound up the business that fall he didn't have a blame thing left but thirteen old hens worth two bits apiece, and a hatchin' machine that cost a hundred dollars.

I know that will sound powerful strange and pecurious to some people, but if it aint the naked, unwashed truth, then mother is a widdier and I aint married. RUFUS SANDERS.

Admiral Jervis and Capt. Hallowell.

At 6:30, it being then daylight, the leading British ship, the Colleen, 74, reported five sail to the southward and westward, and a small sloop of war was sent ahead to reconnoiter, the fleet proceeding under moderate canvas. As it advanced, and more and more enemies loomed up out of the haze, the customary reports succeeded one another in monotonous yet somewhat exciting rotation. "There are eight sail of the line, Sir John." "Very well, sir." "There are 20 sail of the line, Sir John." "Very well, sir." "There are 25 sail of the line, Sir John." "Very well, sir." The admiral had by this time been joined by Capt. Hallowell, an officer of very distinguished merit, but of eccentric character. His ship had been lost during his temporary absence on other duty two months before, and he was now present only as a passenger. When the final report of 27 ships was made, the admiral's chief of staff ventured a remonstrance on the inequality of force. "Enough of that, sir," retorted the admiral. "If there are 50 sail, I will go through them." Jervis was not a man with whom liberties could well be taken, but Hallowell was not to be restrained. "That's right, Sir John!" cried he, patting him on the back; "and by —, we'll give them a—d good licking!"—Capt. A. T. Mahan, in Century.

More Important.

He—I will not deceive you, Clara; you are not the first girl I ever loved.

She—Never mind, George, I shall be satisfied if I remain the last.—Ray City Chat.

Decision in Favor of the De Long Hook and Eye.

Judge Acheson, in the United States Circuit Court at Pittsburgh, has just rendered, in the case of Richardson & De Long Brothers vs. Campbell & Smith, an important decision of great interest, sustaining letters patent owned by Richardson & De Long Brothers, which were granted to Frank E. De Long for a humped look and eye, and enjoining the defendants from selling the "Golden Spring" hooks and eyes.

The hooks dealt in by the defendants were manufactured by the Golden Spring Hook and Eye Company of Springfield, Mass. In these hooks the positions of the straight and curved portions of the De Long hook were reversed. The court held that this did not void infringement, and directed a decree to be entered for the plaintiffs.

The case, which was a test one of great importance, was contested at great length, and has been pending for almost two years.

Messrs. Richardson & De Long Brothers were represented by Messrs. Strawbridge & Taylor, Bradbury Deland, and John G. Johnson, of Philadelphia, and Frederick P. Fish, of Boston, and the defendants by Messrs. Allan Webster and William L. Pierce.—N. Y. Times, February 3, 1896.

See the young woman. Is the young woman being suddenly and unexpectedly blazed? Ah, yes. And does the young woman raise a good cry? The young woman raises a slight hue, but no cry.—Detroit Tribune.

AMERICA'S GREATEST SEED GROWERS.

Thirty years ago when the Salzers were conducting in a small but profitable way, a market garden and green house business in La Crosse, Wis., they little dreamed that within a third of a century they would be the leaders in the seed-growing and seed-selling industry of America. The secret of this phenomenal success was quality, liberality, push. Nothing in the world advertises itself quicker and better, and more lasting than quality and to the superior merit of Salzer's northern grown seeds; to their unusual life and vigor and to their absolute surety of growth, in conjunction with their great producing quantities, and this coupled with the great liberality of the firm in the way of rare and many extras to their order and push back of all, has placed the firm in the van and entitled them to the proud distinction of America's greatest seed growers! The production of rare vegetable sorts and new farm seeds has long been a great specialty with this company, owning and operating many thousands of acres of land. Their great eight hundred acre farm in South Dakota was visited by thousands interested in higher farming, and all rail roads gave half-fare rate within the state to any wishing to see the farm. The Salzers pay great attention to the new grasses, clovers and fodder plants, and their catalogue contains the largest list of rare farm seeds found in America.

A strong point of the John A. Salzer Seed Co. is that they keep large stocks of everything in the seed line on hand, so that a customer ordering them is always sure of getting what he orders. A slight idea of the magnitude of the firm's business can be gathered when they issue probably the largest number of catalogues of any American firm; that they use over \$50,000 postage a year, employ in the packing and distributing of their seeds upwards of six hundred hands and require for their distributing warehouse over ten acres of floor room.

A five cent postage stamp sent to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., will bring you their great catalogue. DREA—"It is almost impossible to get seats for the grand opera, and it is a poor company, too. I don't understand it." Duell—"Well, the singers have such weak voices that the orchestra disturbs the conversation."—Harlem Life.

"The Wooden Hen." The illustration shown here with is small in size, but really large when we consider that the "Wooden Hen" is no larger than a live hen, yet has double the capacity. It weighs but 15 pounds, holds a capacity of 30 eggs, and while not a toy, is just as amusing, besides being instructive as well.

Mr. Geo. H. Stahl, Quincy, Ill., writes for a copy of his handsome little booklet "K," describing the "Wooden Hen," also his large catalogue of the Model Excelsior Incubator. All sent free. Mention this paper.

His head was turned, yet fame had laid No laurels at his feet, He simply saw a pretty girl While passing on the street. —N. Y. Herald.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflammation of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Quercus—"How did such a place ever get the reputation of being a great health resort?" "It is a town, she's frequently met dead there."—Tit-Bits.

Sifted from the Blood By the kidneys, impurities pass off harmlessly. The inactivity of the organs named not only cause these impurities to remain in the blood, but also lead to the degeneration and destruction of the organs themselves. Prevent Bright's disease, diabetes, dropsy, gravel and other ailments which affect the kidneys and bladder with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which likewise overcomes malarial, dyspeptic, bilious, nervous and rheumatic complaints.

ALTHOUGH a girl may be brought enough to know that "vicious" is a noun, she's frequently unable to decline it.—Philadelphia Press.

Firs stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Notice after first day's use. Marvelous cures. They cost only \$3 trial bottle. Dr. Kline, 601 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

"Why did they let that man go who stole the bicycle?" "They had to; they couldn't get a jury to try him—every man in town county rides a wheel."—Chicago Record.

Every human being is intended to have a character of his own; to be what no other is, and to do what no other can.—Channing.

ABOUT THE FARM.

Milk will absorb odors more freely when cold than when warm, and for that reason close attention to details is as necessary in winter as in summer. Horses may be cheap now, but the fact that farmers are abandoning the raising of colts should be evidence that a time will arrive when horses will be more in demand and prices higher. Keep a supply of charcoal where the pigs can help themselves. It is important that the charcoal be freshly burned. This may be done by simply allowing it to become heated before being placed in the pig pen.

It costs more to feed ducklings than chicks, but the ducklings will grow twice as fast. A duckling of the Pekin breed should weigh five pounds when ten weeks old, while a chick of the same age will seldom reach two pounds.

Of all the flowers none will return greater satisfaction for trouble and expense than the gladiolus, and yet they are not common in our gardens. The bulbs take up so little space and the bloom is magnificent. The flowers come soon and succeed each other for months.

It is always wise to keep some form of mulch about the roots of bearing trees, rather than let soil form about them to choke and rob them. Even cut the weeds about the neighboring fields and place around their bases, or give them a share of the manure from the stables.

MUSICAL NOTATIONS.

Sarasate, the violinist, is remarkably simple in his manner of life. Though his apartments in London are magnificent, his food is always of the most homely kind, no better than that of a peasant.

Hans von Bulow, while conducting a concert, was much annoyed at the noise by some ladies in the audience. At last he could stand it no longer, and tapping for silence, he turned to the audience and said: "Remember, ladies, you are not saving Rome."

Baron Achille Paganini, only son of the famous violinist, died recently at Parma. He was a good amateur musician but was left too rich by his father to take up a profession. By direct appeal to Pope Pius IX, he obtained permission to have his father, who died without the sacraments, buried in consecrated ground in his native town.

COME WEST FOR YOUR SEED. That's what we say, because it's the best. Salzer's Wisconsin grown seeds are bred to earliness and produce the earliest vegetables in the world. Right alongside of other seedmen's earliest, he is 20 days ahead! Just try his earliest peas, radishes, lettuce, cabbage, etc! He is the largest grower of farm and vegetable seeds, potatoes, grasses, clovers, etc!

If you will cut this out and send it to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., with 10c postage, you will get sample package of Early Bird Radish (ready in 10 days) and their great catalogue. Catalogue alone 3c postage. (K.)

THE GENERAL MARKET.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 17.	
CATTLE—Best beefs.....	3 33 @ 4 15
Native cows.....	2 30 @ 3 15
Native calves.....	2 00 @ 3 00
HOGS—Choice to heavy.....	3 50 @ 4 00
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	71 @ 75
Wheat—No. 2 hard.....	65 @ 68
CORN—No. 2 mixed.....	23 @ 25 1/2
OATS—No. 2 mixed.....	19 1/2 @ 20
RYE—No. 2.....	31 @ 34 1/2
FLOUR—Pat. per sack.....	1 50 @ 2 10
Fancy.....	1 75 @ 1 85
HAY—Choice timothy.....	10 50 @ 11 00
Fancy prairie.....	6 70 @ 7 00
BRAN—Sacked.....	4 1/2 @ 4 3/4
BUTTER—Choice creamery.....	17 @ 18 1/2
CHEESE—Full cream.....	10 @ 10 1/2
EGGS—Choice.....	10 1/2 @ 11
POTATOES.....	20 @ 22

ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Native and shipping.....	3 75 @ 4 00
Texas.....	2 50 @ 3 75
HOGS—Heavy.....	4 00 @ 4 25
SHEEP—Fair to choice.....	2 75 @ 3 00
FLOUR—Choice.....	2 70 @ 3 75
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	72 1/2 @ 75
CORN—No. 2 mixed.....	20 1/2 @ 20 3/4
OATS—No. 2 mixed.....	19 1/2 @ 19 3/4
RYE.....	30 @ 30 1/2
BUTTER—Creamery.....	18 1/2 @ 19
LARD.....	15 @ 15 1/2
PORK.....	13 50 @ 14 25

CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Common to prime.....	8 15 @ 4 00
HOGS—Packing and shipping.....	3 80 @ 4 25
SHEEP—Fair to choice.....	3 00 @ 3 20
FLOUR—Winter wheat.....	2 55 @ 3 55
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	69 1/2 @ 69 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	38 @ 39 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	19 1/2 @ 19 3/4
RYE.....	30 @ 30 1/2
BUTTER—Creamery.....	18 1/2 @ 19
LARD.....	15 @ 15 1/2
PORK.....	13 50 @ 14 25

NEW YORK.	
CATTLE—Native steers.....	4 10 @ 4 70
HOGS—Good to choice.....	4 50 @ 4 75
WHEAT—Good to choice.....	84 1/2 @ 85
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	80 1/2 @ 81 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	30 1/2 @ 30 3/4
OATS—No. 2.....	18 @ 20
BUTTER—Creamery.....	34 1/2 @ 35
PORK—Mest.....	15 50 @ 16 00

KNOWLEDGE Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will admit the value to be derived from the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs. for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Battle-Ax

PLUG

As good as can be made regardless of price

5 1/3 Ounces

for 10 cents

Other Brands Only

3 1/5 Ounces

for 10 cents

Don't take our word for it, but buy a piece and see for yourself.

Pure Pearline

You are sure of Pearline—its record is positive—imitations of Pearline injure hands and clothes.

LOOK OUT. Look out for the man who says he has something just as good as Pearline—there is nothing better. Pearline is only sold at first-class stores. Made by James Pyle, New York.

The Cat Came Back

Because there was no place like the home where they used

Clairette Soap

This Great Soap makes home, home indeed. Keeps everything clean. Keeps the housewife and everybody happy. Try it. Sold everywhere. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis.

the OLD reliable, TESTED REMEDY

DUNCAN'S LINIMENT

Rheumatism

Headache, Toothache, and PAINS generally.

G. W. GUNTER, CLINTONVILLE, ALA., says: "I have found DUNCAN'S LINIMENT to be the best remedy for pains generally I ever saw."

FOR COLIC IN HORSES AND MULES it is a "DEAD SHOT."

WEBB MANUFACTURING CO., Proprietors, 1 NASHVILLE, TENN.

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—it cures your weakness, and it's pleasant to take.

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Constipation, Bad Blood, Malaria, Nervous ailments, Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

THE CHRONICLE

G. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, FEB. 27, 1890.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce W. A. Thompson as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of W. L. Davis authorize The Chronicle to announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the county democratic convention.

GROVER'S PURPOSE.

Mr. Wellman, the correspondent at Washington of the Chicago Times Herald, says in a letter to his paper, that Mr. Cleveland will lead a fight in the Chicago convention for a sound money section in the platform. "No thick-and-thin utterances, no straddles of any kind, meet with favor in his eyes; and he will also oppose the nomination of any trimmer at the head of the ticket. With such a platform and such a candidate he believes the democrats may win, as the republicans are determined to temporize."

Commenting on Mr. Cleveland's policy, the Chattanooga Times says: Mr. Wellman quotes from discussions of the subject the President has had with his friends, to show that the presidential mind is fully and finally made up.

We hope it is true, and Wellman's remarkable aptness to hit things right inclines us to believe in this story. If Cleveland shall succeed, he will give his party a chance to win. If he fails he will still have vindicated his courage and testified his regard for the democracy, that has so signally honored him, and whose honor and success he has so close to his heart. The party, this year, that should display the courage to declare, without equivocation, for sound money, honest taxation; against trusts and combines and for complete civil service reform, would capture the country in November.

Cleveland can carry such a declaration through the convention, if any man can. His effort would have, no trace of personal interest about it, for his public political life will close on the fourth of next March.

And the fact that his work would be absolutely unselfish must give it much additional strength. We hope Mr. Cleveland may succeed in rounding off his remarkable career as a public man, with the achievement of this grand and glorious service, for his party and his country.

DIRTY FEET AND POOR HEALTH.

Dr. Horatio S. Brewer writes the Medical World: A patient of mine suggested to me that if I washed my feet every night in warm water and dashed them into a cold bath afterward I would find my rheumatic troubles relieved.

Now, once a week I have been accustomed to bathe my feet and considered I was an average clean person. By following out the advice I find that it has greatly assisted in relieving myself of periodical attacks of migraine, and for a wonder it has greatly helped an acidity of the stomach which afflicted me very much. He claims (being an electrician) that man requires to come in contact with the earth, and that incrustations on the feet become non-conductors of electricity. He eschews rubbers, and cites statistics to prove that people who go the nearest barefooted are more rugged and exempt from colds.

Rubbers make one feel uncomfortable, and what a relief it is to let the cold air play on one's feet after being closed up in air-tight covering all day. Is it possible that dirty feet produce or aggravate migraine?

He claims an exemption from rheumatism to those who will go barefooted and follow out his doctrine, for I have seen him wade in the snow barefooted. He may have borrowed

the suggestion from the priest who claims to cure all diseases by walking on ice or in snow.

In these days of artificial heat, food and vitiated atmosphere, it is a great wonder there is no greater mortality than there is.

A RESULT OF THE ALLIANCE CRAZE.

From the Mobile Register.

A writer living in Chicora, Miss., has written to the Washington County News relating what he believes is the true story of the effect of the alliance craze of a few years ago. Some person has expressed regret that many young men are found in the lumber camps who ought to be working on the farms. The writer declares, however, that the word "ought" cannot be properly used in this connection, because the boys have no alternative. Necessity has driven them into the camps, a necessity which is directly the outgrowth of the alliance craze. The case is very strongly put, as follows: "Before the farmers alliance was introduced into this country, this condition of affairs did not so universally exist, and the credit system, which has been so much abused, was in vogue. A young man in those times with any integrity and industry could find some one with confidence enough in him to supply the necessities for making a little cotton or other produce by which he could get a start in life. During the life of the alliance, the fathers of some of these young men were either off at an alliance meeting or away off ten or twelve miles on the plough nag to hear some sap-head speak, or the forks of the road discussing money matters with other fathers, while the family was at home battling with the wolf. These things went on from bad to worse until some action was imperative with the young men. The alliance was the cause of all these things; it almost ruined the country. I can testify that there are young men here and at other public works, who came without a change of clothes, and are now well clad, look well, have paid their debts and have money in their pockets; at any rate they will leave out of debt and with respectable clothes on their backs."

He adds: "Don't blame the young men. Go to the heads of the families. There is where this evil originated."

We presume that these "heads of families," if they will be honest with themselves, will say that there is much truth in the charge. They have wasted the substance of life in chasing a shadow. What have they in return for the time they devoted to politics? What have they to show for it? They may claim that they would have done something had their state candidates been elected and inducted into office. Is that proved? Does not the history of affairs in counties where they have had control prove the contrary? It is a hard lesson, but it has to be learned namely, that the only thing the citizen can get out of the ballot box is the right to earn a living. When anything more than this is promised it is with the intent to deceive, and the man who believes the promise and spends his time trying to elect the maker of the promise will invariably find himself the poorer when the account is made up. This is the theory. The writer from Chicora shows us how it works out in practice.

Center Institute Items.

The measles is running down.

There is some whooping-cough in this community.

Oat sowing and fighting fire is the order of the day here.

Mr. J. B. Nivens and Mrs. J. F. Crane are very low at this writing.

Marshal Inzer and family left here for his home in St. Clair county a few days ago, having with him his sick child who is in a critical condition.

M. W. Cheser and family have returned from Texas back to their old home, and say they will make their old home their future home.

Robert Blackerby can be found at any and all times around the cradle, and he says it is a red-headed girl and weighs 94 pounds.

MARRIED.—At the residence of the bride's father, W. C. Wilder, on the 19th inst., L. B. Foust, of Camp Branch, to Miss Lizzie Wilder, Rev. Mr. Berry, of Pelham, officiating. Miss Lizzie is one of Yellow Leaf's fairest belles. Tim congratulates Mr. Foust for winning such a girl as Miss Lizzie. Mr. A. C. Wilder and Miss Luna Jackson accompanied the happy couple to their home on Camp Branch, and report having a nice time. Tim wishes the new couple a long, happy and prosperous life.

DIED.—A few days ago, Mrs. Mary Messer, aged 45 years. As she had been sick a long time, her death was not unexpected. She had lived a christian life from an early age. She leaves a husband and three little children, a brother and sister, and an aged mother 80 years old; a large connection and a host of friends to mourn her loss. The community extends their sympathies to the bereaved family.

TIM.

DIED.—On the night of the 21st of Feb., 1890, little Etta Robinson, daughter of A. F. Robinson, aged 10 years. The entire community extend heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved parents.

Knights of the Maccabees.

The State Commander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: "After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it hereafter, our experience proves that it cures where all other remedies fail."—Signed F. W. Stevens, State Com. Why not give this great medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and bottles are free at Parker & Armstrong's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

Wilsonville Waifs.

O. J. Nix, of Louisville, Ky., was in town last week.

Mr. Fellows, representing the Nicola Bros. Lumber Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., was in town Friday.

Will Tinney and brother, Oscar spent several days in Columbiana last week.

J. F. Pope made a business trip to Vincent and Columbiana last week.

J. H. Mason and family have returned to their old home in Choudrou, La.

On account of bad roads the charcoal business at Bolin's will be suspended for the present. Coal heretofore shipped from there will go to Nelson's.

Superintendent Frazier, of the Southern, passed through our city Friday evening.

Sam Shaw has returned from quite an extensive trip over the state, buying and selling cattle.

Mr. Tom Martin, of Harpersville, was in town last week.

A wild-cat still was run into near here last week. The still was quite a wreck after the officers had completed their work. A large amount of liquor was also destroyed.

Burglars attempted to enter the residence of J. M. Ray Thursday night last, but were frightened away by Jno. Tinney, who let his joys be known when he heard them trying to get into his room.

Politics is raging again. Butch, Jr., would say "look more closely to home affairs and let politics run itself for a season."

Messrs. Will Tinney and Jack Taylor, accompanied by quite a crowd of girls, indulged in a jolly good ride on Sunday afternoon.

Our ball ground is being fenced and will be in cultivation this season. Boys, we must secure another ground, and play ball.

The S. P. L. League will meet Friday night at the residence of W. S. Gwin. We anticipate a pleasant evening.

The trick-riding of H. A. Jackson is attracting much attention. Be patient, girls, after sufficient practice he will again appear before the public.

Quite an addition has been made to the usual prayer-meeting services in the way of a query box on theological themes. We hope this will induce the young people to take a more active part in the prayer-meetings.

E. Williamson is growing his first moustache. His future prospects for being a handsome man depend altogether upon the manner in which he trains it. Be careful, deal gently and give them the proper twist, old boy, and you will succeed in having a lovely moustache ten years hence.

C. Butler is preparing to make a more complete line of lumber by adding to his present machinery a planing-mill, also preparing to dry his lumber so as to be able to meet any orders in the yellow pine lumber manufacturer's line of business. Butch, Jr., presents his best wishes as to his future success.

Oh lovely pansy where hast thou been,
During these cold and wintry days;
Your blooming face I have not seen,
Since many weeks have passed away.

How did'st thou live those frosty nights,
That on the earth so white o'ercast;
No other pansies are in sight,
But you alone have come at last.

You thus escaped the snow and ice,
That withered all other flowers;
By your wise thoughts you lived so nice,
While blooming in the garden bowers.

How you thus kept your pleasing looks,
Through often freezing toil and strife;
'Tis but to you I like a book,
The art of living a winter life.

This art of course I cannot learn,
But winter now is almost o'er;
One "pansy" blossom I could earn,
I then would happy say no more.

We must see pansy ev'ry week,
When 'ere our lovely Spring doth come;
And then the blossoms we will seek,
'Till "pansy" blossoms are all gone.

'Tis only a pansy blossom,
'Twas only a withered flower;
But yet to me far dearer,
Than all the world's great power.

Bringing me back to June time,
Of a Summer long ago;
The fairest sweetest flower,
That ever I did know."

BUTCH, JR.

Weldon News Items.

The measles which has been raging in this vicinity for quite a while has about subsided.

We have had some real cold weather lately, but since the cold weather a shower of rain has stopped some dangerous fires that have been raging out in the pine woods, and occasionally creeping up on fences in many places, have burned the fences down in some places.

Mrs. G. H. Moore is now very low. She has passed her three score and ten, and, in her present condition, cannot live long.

MARRIED.—At the bride's home on Wednesday Feb. 19, at 11:30 a. m., Miss Lizzie Wilder and Mr. L. B. Foust, Rev. Mr. Berry, of Pelham, Ala., officiating. After a nice dinner was served at the bride's home, the happy couple, accompanied by Miss Luna Jackson and Mr. A. C. Wilder and others that came up with Mr. Foust, took their departure for the groom's home, near Longview, Ala., and to the reception given by the groom's parents that night.

Hurrah for Clark. Give us a free ballot and a fair count and we will elect him.

Success to THE CHRONICLE and its many readers.

JOSIRE.

Items from Creswell.

(Received too late for last issue.)

Mr. Editor.—You or some one else got part of my letter of last week in quite a tangle, but I did not get very angry after I noticed your CHRONICLE family had the whooping-cough and you were losing so much sleep. You have my sympathy and best wishes for their early recovery. I imagine "Jake, or brother DuBose," would have to get up and hustle to get anything to compare with the fellow moving, as printed in my last week's communication. Instead of him being "heart-broken the second morning," and moving "10,300,104" times, I said I would venture he had broken the record by moving one hundred and three or one hundred and four times. This will give you a better chance for the treat, and if you can beat it, I would like to hear from you. And instead of him being heart-broken, he broke the hearts of some of our farmers (as he came here and put in to make a crop), and after getting considerably in debt he gave them the "g. b." One of our young men says it is about as severe on his pocket as it is on his heart.

DIED.—On Thursday last, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Bazemore. It was taken sick Wednesday night and died Thursday afternoon. Measles is said to be the cause. They have the sympathy of the entire community in their sad bereavement.

Miss Willie Lipsey is expected to visit in this community the last of the week.

Miss Jennie Cosper, of Cobb, has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Belle Chancellor, for several days.

Mr. G. W. Wallis went to Talladega on business Monday.

It is talked about that C. H. Burroughs, by the use of a mineral rod, found \$2,800 a few weeks ago buried among some rocks in a swamp below here.

The valentine party at Mr. Lowe's last Friday night was an enjoyable occasion for all. Also on the following night at Mr. Ingram's. The following were visitors: R. M. and Miss Anna Speer, Stewartsville; Misses Mattie and Classie Lowe, Kelley's Creek; E. E. Wallis, Redding; Tom Glen, Argo. They have a hearty welcome in our midst and we hope to see their smiling faces with us again soon. There was some drinking, but not enough to interfere with the enjoyment of the occasion. We are proud of the boldness and courage of some of the most worthy young ladies in the matter of this whisky drinking. May they be so successful that it will influence every young man to quit drinking on such occasions, if not altogether. Girls, press forward in the good work and let us have decency when we assemble ourselves together.

"Tell me I hate the bowl—
Hate is a feeble word;
I loathe, abhor, my very soul
With strong disgust is stirred
When 'ere I see, or hear, or tell
Of the dark beverage of hell!"
CHOCOTAW.

Wilsonville Warblings.

Spring gardening has begun.

Mr. J. F. Pope attended the democratic meeting of the executive committee in Columbiana Friday.

Dr. Lightcap, of Talladega, has been spending a few days in our little town, setting our teeth in order. Doctor, your genial face is always welcome.

Some attraction led Messrs. W. J. and O. W. Tinney to Columbiana last week.

The heater for the new school room has at last arrived, to the delight of both teacher and pupils.

We hear that Miss Cora Smith is expected home in a few days. How glad we will all be to see her.

Miss Rosa Graham, who has been visiting relatives in Birmingham, returned home last week.

Rev. J. M. McCord filled his regular appointment here Sunday morning and night. His new study is telling on him already. His sermons were most excellent.

Miss Blossom Densler spent several days with friends in Columbiana last week, and reports a most delightful time.

We certainly are very proud of our poets and also our prophet and prophetess. Wilsonville's social purity league is developing some brilliant talent.

The "Earnest Workers" met last Sunday afternoon at the Baptist church. Quite a crowd attended and heard a very interesting talk by our pastor.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. McGowen, of Nelson's Switch, spent a few days last week with their brother, Mr. G. W. McGowen.

Messrs. Taylor and Tinney were strictly "in the ring" last Sunday afternoon. They gave a crowd of girls a most delightful ride in the "city" hack with their handsome steed.

For Sale.—A pair of fine coal black horses, without money and without price—provided, however, that the owners are accepted with them. Girls, don't all bid at once for fear of confusion.

"NELLIE BLY."

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. They cure Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Parker & Armstrong, druggists.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.

Castoria allays Feverishness.

Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.

Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic.

Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.

Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air. Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."

See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Season-Ending Sales.

We are house-cleaning, a general cleaning up from one end of the store to the other. Low prices the powerful factor to do the work. We never carry over goods from season to season, and another thing, we never lose sight of the fact that ours is a business of reliable merchandise. See the values we are offering in

Dress Goods, Clothing,

Shoes, Hats,

Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Twenty per cent off of every dollar's worth you buy from us from now until first of March as we are bound to sweep our store clean to make room for our spring stock.

Be sure and trade with us. It has paid others

IT WILL PAY YOU.

Yours for Low Prices,

THE RACKET STORE,

SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Propr's.

NOTICE.

Before Taking Stock

I WILL SELL:

10,000 yards 5 and 6ct Calacos

at 3 1-2c.

10,000 Men's and Ladies' Handkerchiefs

at 2 1-2c.

5,000 Children's Handkerchiefs

at 1c.

1,000 Children's Vests

at 2c.

500 Men's Undershirts

at 15c.

100 Misses Rubber Shoes

at 15c.

100 Children's Knee Suits,

Sizes 5, 6 and 7,

at 50c.

The above goods I will sell only to the first day of March next.

Respectfully,

S. STARK,
Shelby, Ala.

TWO FOR ONE!

That is what is offered for

\$1.00 A YEAR

You can get the Montgomery Semi-Weekly

ADVERTISER

An eight-page paper issued twice a week, all the year round. No paper as complete and interesting for an Alabamian can be had in all the land at any price. It is full of instructive and entertaining matter for the

Farm, Fireside and Store.

Scientific American Agency for

PATENTS

ADVANCE, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free booklet write to MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a new and original mode of change in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$2.00 a year; \$1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., Publishers, 361 Broadway, New York City.

HAVE YOU READ

THE TIMES

PHILADELPHIA

THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family newspaper.

THE TIMES aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent to any one sending their address.

TERMS: DAILY, \$3.00 per annum; \$1.00 for four months; 30 cents per month. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages—18 columns, elegantly illustrated, \$2.00 per annum; 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, \$5.00 per annum, 50 cents per month. WEEKLY EDITION, 50 cents per annum. Address all letters to

THE TIMES,

PHILADELPHIA

Probate Notice.

Joseph T. Dorrough, Deceased, Estate Of. Probate Court of Shelby County, Alabama, February 10, 1890.

This day comes J. T. Leeper, administrator of the estate of John S. Leeper, deceased, and files his application in writing and under oath, alleging that he is a creditor of the said estate of Dorrough, and praying that an order be made removing Mrs. Lydia M. Dorrough as the administratrix of said estate from said administration, on the ground of her non-residence.

It is ordered by the court that Monday, the 9th of March, 1890, be appointed a day for hearing said application, at which time all persons concerned may appear at my office and contest same if they see proper.

D. R. McMLLAN,
Judge of Probate.

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, FEB. 27, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50

SHELBY LODGE, No. 140. A. F. & A. M.
Regular communications at Columbian on the
last Saturday night in each month. Visiting
members in good standing, cordially invited.
J. S. LEEPER, Sec. E. D. MASON, W. M.

SHELBY LODGE, No. 50. K. OF P.
Regular meetings first and third Monday
nights of each month, at 7:30, at Shelby, Ala.
W. A. WALSH, W. M. C. C.
A. M. PIERCE, K. of R. and S. and M. of F.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Robert Bowdon, of Calera, spent Sunday in town.

Dr. T. G. Nelson, of Harpersville, spent yesterday in town.

County court convened Monday, and is still busy gridding out justice.

Claude Duran, of Calera, visited his grandmother, Mrs. Nelson, Sunday.

Miss Jessie Carter, of Shelby, is a guest of Miss Leila Parker this week.

Mrs. T. L. Seale and Mrs. H. S. Nelson visited friends in Avondale last week.

J. D. Harris and Isaac Woods spent Sunday with relatives near Talladega Springs.

Louis Bowdon, of Montevallo, came up Sunday, on a visit to friends, we suppose.

G. W. Shaw, of Pelham, called on us Monday and subscribed for The Chronicle.

D. M. Merrell, of near Farmer, had his name placed on our subscription list Tuesday.

Miss Addie Cronwell returned home Saturday from a visit to relatives and friends in Shelby.

Miss Pearl Seale and James Dyke visited friends and relatives west of Mt. Olive Sunday.

Misses Alma Duran and Florence Saunders, of Calera, were guests of friends here Sunday.

E. D. Hall is building a neat cottage dwelling on West College street, out near Mr. Tallant's home.

W. S. Cary, Esq., one of Montevallo's most progressive lawyers, was in our city Monday and Tuesday.

One of our fair belles was made happy by the presence of Capt. John Mosely, of Shelby, Sunday.

Messrs. E. Williamson and W. R. Smith, two prominent young Wilsonvillians, were in town yesterday.

Miss Eloise Bell, one of Shelby's most accomplished and lovable young ladies, spent this forenoon with friends here.

Dr. D. O. Mosely, of Perryville, this state, spent several days of last week here, which was for many years his home.

W. F. Adams, a substantial farmer of beat 8, gave us a pleasant call, and renewed his subscription to The Chronicle.

The Columbiana Mercantile Company tells us to tell you that they will sell you 104 yards best Sea Island Domestic for one dollar.

The pretty weather of the past few days has started a boom in the gardening line. A fine crop of blistered hands has been reaped already.

Miss Blossom Densler, one of the prettiest young ladies of Wilsonville, was a guest of her friend, Miss T. Hammond, from Friday until Sunday afternoon.

Maynard Pond, of Shelby Springs, was an appreciated caller in our office Saturday. He gave us a dollar, and had his name added to our rapidly growing list.

A gentleman who lives only a few miles east of Columbiana walked into a store here the other day and enquired of the young lady clerk: "Have you any colored lady's hose?"

The first leap year party of the season came off last evening at the residence of Rufus Lester. A large number of young people attended, and a jolly good time was the result.

G. H. Butler, traveling evangelist and street preacher, spent several days in this neighborhood last week. He is a forcible speaker, and made a favorable impression upon those who heard him.

Capt. W. H. Bell and P. B. Harrell, of Shelby, concluded a few days since to go on a deer hunt, and they did so, but got tangled up in the woods, and when last heard from they were spending the night with D. M. Merrell. They evidently need a compass.

The Columbiana Mercantile Company find it is too late to change their ad for this issue, but they are anxious for the ladies to know that they received yesterday a large shipment of henriettas, dress silks, trimmings, white goods, etc. Call and see these beautiful goods.

In another column will be found the announcement of W. L. Davis, who aspires to the office of tax collector of this county. Mr. Davis is well and favorably known in nearly every beat in the county. He has always been a staunch democrat, and is a thoroughly worthy and competent man. He is a christian gentleman.

A telegram received here yesterday imparted the sad news that C. P. Caldwell, who was reared in this community, was very low, and little hopes were entertained of his recovery. It is painful to think of a young man of such bright promise being cut down so suddenly, but his Maker knows best and we submit to his decree.

The proceedings of the county democratic executive committee will be found in this issue. The meeting was very well attended, and harmony and unity of purpose characterized their labors in the interest of democracy pure and unadulterated. Chairman Martin has a strong team, and he handles the ribbons after the most approved fashion.

Revenue officers have been making the paths of the whisky ring very thorny around this place for the past few days. They made a handsome haul out near Browning's mill capturing Wm. Strain, Sr., and son Wm. Strain, Jr. They found a copper still and about 1000 gallons of beer, which they destroyed. Since they have arrested Henry Norris, Frank Brown and E. W. Bell, charged with selling whisky and bitters. Moral: Don't monkey with the buzz saw.

Come Home.

J. H. Mason and family left Wilsonville last Wednesday for their old home in Louisiana. After inhaling the life giving air of Shelby for a brief time, they decided to once more imbed the malaria of the old Pelican State. Oh, you may speak of your dollars and cents, my brother, you may boast of your tropical clime, but three things Shelby is proud of, pure air, pure water and pine. God bless Shelby.

PROCEEDINGS

Of the Democratic Executive Committee.

Pursuant to call of the chairman, the Democratic Executive Committee met at Columbiana on Feb. 21, 1896, and was called to order by the chairman. The following resolutions were presented and adopted by your committee.

RESOLVED, By the Democratic Executive Committee of Shelby county, Alabama, at its meeting held in Columbiana on Feb. 21, 1896, that we hereby invite all conservative voters, irrespective of past political associations or differences, who can unite with us in the effort for pure, economical and constitutional government, and who will support the nominees and principles of the democratic party, to join with us in sending delegates from this county to the approaching state convention to be held in the city of Montgomery on the 21st day of April, 1896.

RESOLVED, That there shall be a primary, beat meeting, or mass meeting, held in each beat in the county on the 11th day of April, 1896, as each beat executive committee may determine, for the purpose of selecting delegates to a county convention to be held at Columbiana on April 15, 1896, for the purpose of selecting delegates to said state convention, and transacting such other business as may come before it.

RESOLVED, Each beat shall be entitled to one delegate to said county convention for every 10 votes or fraction thereof over 10 voted in said beat for the democratic candidate for governor in 1892.

RESOLVED, That the nominations for county officers shall be made at a separate convention, to be held at Columbiana after the county convention above provided for on the call of the then acting county executive committee.

In conformity with the above resolutions, the various beats will be entitled to the following representation in the county convention:

Beat 1 box 1—Columbiana.....	11
" 1 " 2—Shelby.....	1
" 2 " 3—Spring Creek.....	13
" 3 " 4—Calera.....	12
" 4 " 1—Montevallo.....	17
" 4 " 2—Gurnee.....	4
" 5 " 1—Tylers.....	1
" 6 " 1—Helena.....	4
" 7 " 1—Ellottsville.....	5
" 8 " 1—Yellow Leaf.....	14
" 9 " 1—Wilsonville.....	10
" 10 " 1—Harpersville.....	11
" 11 " 1—Weldon.....	4
" 12 " 1—Highland.....	1
" 13 " 1—Bald Springs.....	2
" 14 " 1—Vandiver.....	1
" 15 " 1—Sterrett.....	2
" 16 " 1—Vincent.....	5
" 17 " 1—Pelham.....	1
Total.....	106

T. J. MARTIN, Ch'n.

J. R. WHITE, Sec'y.

Harpersville Echoes.

Here we are again, not dead, but considerably worried by having the measles.

Prof. Florey has resumed his school again, although the attendance is small.

Our farmers are busily engaged in buying mules and fertilizers.

Judge Russell has traded for a Clark horse. He has all the gait, and is a perfect beauty.

Tom Davis has bought him a 20 cent mule and has joined the horse-swapper's ring.

The Clark forces are getting very weak up here, and some of them have been accused of coming over to the Johnson side for the small sum of one cigar.

Marion Sentell, (colored), of this place, was killed at Avondale last week while resisting arrest. He was wanted back in this county.

Rev. T. P. Roberts filled his regular appointment at the Methodist church last Sunday.

Mr. Lybrand, an old and highly respected citizen of beat 11, died a few days ago with measles. He was a good democrat, a kind neighbor, and a useful man, and will be greatly missed.

Oh, no, Mr. Editor, "Jake" is not ready to come over to the gold-bug crowd yet; but say, had you better not consider the matter over and come back to the democratic party and be with us democrats, who are going to elect Joe Johnson for governor. Old friend, this gold-bug party is a dreadful thing, and won't do. Come back

IT'S OUR BUSINESS

Why we sell goods cheaper than any one else.

IT'S YOUR BUSINESS

To secure the great bargains we offer. We are sure you will give us your trade, for we are and expect to remain

The Leaders of Low Prices.

The Columbiana Mercantile Company's Store
at Moore's corner has
just received:

1,000 yards best Bleached Domestic, full yard wide, soft finished, will sell you

16 1-2 yards to the Dollar.

One thousand yards Cotton Checks
25 yards to the Dollar.

The very best quality of Apron Gingham
at 6 cents per yard.

We shall be glad at all times to price you our goods, and guarantee satisfaction.

Columbiana Mercantile Co.,
AT MOORE'S CORNER.
H. FOX, MANAGER.

home and you will a hearty welcome find.

Messrs. E. V. Caldwell and D. W. Kidd have been drawn as United States petit jurors, and W. Miller as grand juror. The court meets next Monday, and they will go over to Birmingham Sunday.

Mr. Thomas Hitchcock and Miss Ida Cater were married last Sunday morning, Rev. T. P. Roberts officiating. We wish for them a long and happy life.

We suggest that the Montgomery and Birmingham papers cease their war on the two candidates. They will need their ammunition after the convention. The enemy are not asleep but are laughing in their sleeves at the "fuss" which the democratic papers are making.

The excitement over Charley Burrough's gold find has about subsided, and the general supposition among our people is that it was just only a bucket of brass buttons that some Yankee hid out in time of the late war that he found.

Just think what has already happened this year, and only two months gone. It is astonishing. The north pole has been discovered, Mary Ellen Lease, the great poplite (woman) orator, has gone to preaching; G. B. Deans has been elected chairman of the pop-rep anarchy state committee, and Pomp Moore is a candidate for county treasurer! "Ye gods and little fishes"—all of this has happened and the world continues to move.

Ex-commissioner, A. M. Jones, is moving this week to Childersburg. Cow-feed is getting scarce, and the poor, old cow is beginning to look bad already.

There has been more mules sold here this winter than ever before in one winter.

"JAKE."

Mr. Editor—Please allow us space in your valuable paper to express our sincere thanks to the white people of this community who so liberally gave us of their money towards building our church which is almost completed. We would like to give the names of all who so kindly helped us, but space forbids. May God in His infinite wisdom bless each and every one of them is our prayer.

REV. CADELL, Pastor.

E. C. CARTER, Clerk.

Saginaw Drop Shots.

Mrs. S. N. Nash has our sympathies in her sickness.

Miss Dovie Smitherman, who has been very sick, is now convalescent. Cheer up, J. R. W., she will soon be out again.

The measles has made extensive visits to many of our homes. Go it, little fellows; we rejoice at your departure.

Dr. Long, of New York, was an honored guest of the Acme this week.

Prof. L. F. Goodwin, of the Elliottville academy, made us a flying visit this week. Call again, Professor, we are always glad to have you in our midst.

Miss Bird, one of Calera's charming bells, is the honored guest of J. A. Alldridge. The hearts of some of our boys are thrilled with joy at the presence of Miss Bird.

Will-Ful extends open arms and a warm heart to the late Mr. Dickerson, book-keeper of the S. L. Co., and more than welcomes him into the society of the young people of this city.

The people of this town have enjoyed the splendid entertainment, given on Feb. 22, at the westside academy, in honor of Gen. Washington. Success to Miss Clisby, the directress of the entertainment.

Will-Ful has a severe pain in his heart which can only be soothed by an application of (M-L-Hale.)

Mr. Bob Galloway was out at the entertainment Friday night, for the first time since Miss Kate left for Birmingham.

Mr. Clay Fulton was highly entertained by the babies during the musical entertainment Friday night. Clay, it was a pleasant thing then, but oh! wait a few years.

Will-Ful congratulates Mr. Brook Foust, of East Saginaw, in the plucking of one of Yellow Leaf's spring flowers.

Will Galloway is the happy guest of Miss Roseman Glenn, of Talladega Springs, every Sunday. Go it, Will; you'll get her yet.

Hon. L. F. Goodwin is desperately in love with one of our girls, but says he can't afford to run rival with a Dutchman. Will-Ful congratulates Mr. Goodwin on good taste.

The noted Yank, of Saginaw, has some bright southern principles. We are glad to know that he does not buckle himself down with the negro, but regards them as blackies of the blackest type.

Saturday was pay-day at Saginaw. The S. L. Co. pay once a month.

Rev. Berry preached at the school house Sunday evening.

Our Sunday school is still improving. WILL-FUL.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

Notice of Election.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in the court house, in the town of Columbiana, Alabama, on Monday April 6, 1896, for the purpose of electing a mayor and five aldermen for said town of Columbiana.

W. B. BROWNE, Mayor.

1895 VICTOR BICYCLES:—\$100.00



There are eight Victor Models for ladies and gentlemen, practically any height frame furnished. Victors lead the cycling world. Send for catalogue.

OVERMAN WHEEL CO

Makers of Victor Bicycles and Athletic Goods.
BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO. DENVER. DETROIT.
SAN FRANCISCO. PACIFIC COAST. LOS ANGELES. PORTLAND.

HOOD MACHINE COMPANY,

J. A. HOOD and T. J. CALDWELL, Proprietors.

Cor. 1st Avenue and 15th Street,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Repairers of LOCOMOTIVES, BOILERS and MACHINERY of all Kinds.

Saw Mill Work a Specialty.

Special agents for Decatur Car Wheel Co. We fit up wheels and axles of every description. Gear wheels cut with perfect accuracy from solid casting. We buy and sell second hand engines, boilers, etc.

GORDON & DUBOSE,
BANKER,
COLUMBIANA ALA.

Conducts a general banking business on a safe, yet progressive policy.

Best of Facilities Offered to Customers.

Deposits received upon liberal terms. No pains spared to accommodate customers. Your patronage solicited.

THE CHRONICLE



BOOK AND JOB OFFICE

Has one of the most complete plants in Alabama. We lead the procession when it comes to artistic work, and prices the very lowest.

I employ the best printers, keep the best stock and ask the city firms no odds, as my expenses are far less than theirs and I give my customers the benefit of the difference in low prices.

Samples of Work and Estimates Gladly Furnished.

Let me quote you prices on any class of work you need. I make a specialty of pamphlet and book work.

Correspondence invited. Address

C. C. DuBOSE, Prop'r.

A FOOLISH MAN

Is he who declares he never pays any attention to statements made in newspaper advertisements. What other way have I of attempting to convince you that I can shoe your horse in up-to-date style, and at a price so moderate that you will be ready with the cash the moment the job is done.

Repair Work a Specialty.

Nothing but good, honest work turned out of my shop. Can sharpen a plow while you wait. In fact I do any and all kinds of work that any blacksmith or woodworker is supposed to do, and, further, I will appreciate your patronage.

TRY ME ONCE FOR LUCK

W. W. ALBRIGHT,
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

COLUMBIANA, - - - ALABAMA.

THE BEST WAY

—TO THE—
SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST,
NORTH AND NORTHWEST
—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Calera daily, running through MONTGOMERY, MOBILE AND NEW ORLEANS.

Connecting for all points in Texas and the West

Also running through NASHVILLE, EVANSVILLE, LOUISVILLE CINCINNATI and ST. LOUIS.

Connecting for all points in the North and Northwest.

Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent of the Louisville & Nashville railroad at Calera, or C. F. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

Notice No. 18,073.
Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA., January 27, 1896.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on March 24, 1896, viz: Leander B. Foust, Homestead entry No. 24,708, for the south-east quarter of section 36, township 30, range 2 W. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William E. Payne, James W. Roach, John E. Roach, Cornelius R. Horton, all of Longview, Ala.
H. PURCELL, Register.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.
In Chancery, Sixth District, North-Eastern Chancery Division.

Mrs. Marie L. E. Verchot, Complainant, vs. Alabama Iron and Steel Co., et al, Defendants.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of J. T. Leeper that the defendant, the National Bank of Orange County, one of the defendants in the above stated cause, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in Goshen, Orange County, New York, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in The Chronicle a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring it, the said National Bank of Orange County, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 15th day of February, A. D. 1896, or, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against it. Done at office, in Columbiana, this 10th day of January, A. D. 1896.

GORDON DUBOSE, Register.

Guardian's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Honorable John S. Leeper, late Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby county, I James McGowan, guardian of the estate of Mary Elliott and No. 10, deceased, minors, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder in front of the court house door of Shelby county, Alabama, on Monday the 6th day of April, 1896, at 12 o'clock, noon, for one-half cash and the balance on a credit of twelve months with approved security, an undivided two-fifths interest in the following described lands belonging to said estates, to-wit: The east half of the south-east quarter of section 21, township 20, range 1 east.

JAMES MCGOWAN, Guardian.

Notice No. 18,980.
Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA., February 4, 1896.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on March 19, 1896, viz: Peter Edwards, Homestead entry No. 18,980, for the north half of northeast one-fourth, section 30, township 21, south of range 1 west.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John E. Dyke, Columbiana, Ala.; James W. Morrow, Columbiana, Ala.; Reuben T. Johnson, Semmes, Ala.; Mark H. B. Jones of Semmes, Ala.
H. PURCELL, Register.

Non-Resident Notice.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, PROBATE COURT, SHELBY COUNTY.

To L. R. Smith, San Jose, California, and Belle Smith, Southport, China.

You will please take notice that on the 7th day of February, 1896, a certain paper in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of H. A. Smith, deceased, was filed in my office for probate by Lucy A. Smith, and that the 2nd day of March, 1896, was appointed a day for the hearing thereof, at which time you can appear and contest the same, if you see proper.

Given under my hand this 7th day of February, 1896.

D. R. McMELEN,
Judge of Probate.

HIGH PRICE FOR POTATOES.
The John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., pay high prices for new things. They recently paid \$300 for a yellow rind watermelon, \$1000 for 30 bu. new oats, \$300 for 100 lbs. of potatoes, etc., etc. Well, prices for potatoes will be high next fall. Plant a plenty Mr. Watermelon! You'll make money. Salzer's Earliest are fit to eat in 28 days after planting. His Champion of the World is the greatest yielder on earth and we challenge you to produce its equal.

If you will send us 10c. in stamps to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will get, free, ten packages grains and grasses, including Teosinte, Spurry, Giant Incarnate Clover, etc., and our mammoth catalogue. Catalogue alone 5c. for mailing. (K.)

SNORRERY.—“What do you think I found last year when I was at Long Branch?” Knickerbocker. —“Five little. Was it a pocketbook?” Snobbler. —“No. I found that everything was very dear.”—Texas Siftings.

March

April, May are most emphatically the months for taking a good blood purifier, because the system is now most in need of such a medicine, and because it more quickly responds to medicinal qualities. In winter impurities do not pass out of the body freely, but accumulate in the blood.

April

The best medicine to purify, enrich and vitalize the blood, and thus give strength and build up the system, is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Thousands attest its efficacy. Spring Medicine, and more are taking it today than ever before. If you are tired, "out of

May

sorts," nervous, have had taste in the morning, feeling or dizzy head, sour stomach and feel all run down, a course of Hood's Sarsaparilla will put your whole body in good order and make you strong and vigorous. It is the ideal Spring Medicine and true nerve tonic, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, 25c. Preparation only by C. L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, care fully prepared, 25c. each.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3. SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD
If you pay \$4 to \$6 for shoes, examine the W. L. Douglas Shoe, and see what a good shoe you can buy for \$3.

OVER 100 STYLES AND WIDTHS,
CONGRESS, BUTTON, and LACE, made in all kinds of the best selected leather by skilled workmen. We make and sell more \$3 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world. None genuine unless name and price is stamped on the bottom.

Ask your dealer for our \$5, \$4, \$3.50, \$3.10, \$2.50 shoes; \$2.00, \$1.50 and \$1.75 for boys.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, OF ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humors). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first. No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

Cotton.

With careful rotation of crops and liberal fertilizations, cotton lands will improve. The application of a proper fertilizer containing sufficient Potash often makes the difference between a profitable crop and failure. Use fertilizers containing not less than 3 to 4% Actual Potash.

Kainit is a complete specific against "Rust."

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars booming special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing the results of latest experiments in this line. Every cotton farmer should have a copy. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
23 Nassau St., New York.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

SQUIRE RUFUS SANDERS.

Quaint and Homely Stories from Down on Rocky Creek.

Time Brings Everything to a Dead Level
—All Sorts of a Fool. Esau Got His Due—Joshua, the Son of None—

[Copyright, 1933.]
Most everything seems for me except time and the railroad cars. But with weak and wayward man, born of woman, time is a great thing. In my day and generation I have seen the bottom rail work up to the top, and I have seen the under dog whip the light. But it took time. Everybody must have their ups and downs, and over and under, and troubles and temptations and trials and triumphs in this vain and fleeting world below.

But you have took notice, I reckon, that somewhere down the line time most in generally always plays for even and brings everything to a dead level.

So It Was Written Down.
There was a wedding match over in the hill country one night last week and consequently Dave Singleton and Miss Bessie May Turner are now joining their clothes on the same peg.

On the following day after the wedding, me and mother we went over to the Turner place to see if everything had come to pass in the right and proper way, which of course it had. There had a fine infatue dinner over there that day, and the goneyest biggest layout of good things to eat I had ever saw in all my born days. In the run of the day I pitched in and climbed up around so tremendous much rich kitchen physics till by gracious I have been down with a bad case of the grunts henceforward from that time. But that fine wedding match between Dave Singleton and Miss Bessie May Turner put me to lookin back down the dusty road which leads into the past, and bring on a whole passle of remin.

It was 50 years ago, come next June, Col. Wash Turner and Bob Singleton are dead and gone the common way of all human flesh now, but both of them were with us in the flesh then. At that time Bob Singleton was livin on the Turner place and reatin land from the colonel, and him and Col. Wash were powerful strong friends. They run together so constant and so thick till by gattins you couldn't stirred em with a red hot stick. In them days Bob Singleton was flat on his back, and Col. Wash he was way up yonder—in regards to this world's goods. But that didn't make a continental bit of difference with them. They had went to the war and fit plun through together, and they was both bad medicine in big doses—hot stuff and a heap of it.

Nobody never did know and never could say for certain how it come to pass, but finally at last Bob and the colonel they fell out, and went right on come after their weapons. The very next Saturday they met up together in the big road, and when the fire ceased and the smoke cleared away Bob Singleton was dead.

All of Bob Singleton's folks had gone on ahead, exceptin little Dave, which at that time he was nothin but a yearlin boy, with his first pair of breeches on. After the funeral the next great question in the settlement was what to do with little Dave, and it was right there that Col. Wash Turner come forth and give it out that he would take the boy and give him a good home, and send him to school and raise him up like he was a member of the family.

"I loved Bob Singleton better than any man, livin or dead," says the colonel, and the water backed up in his eyes when he said it. "And I was as much in the family as he was when we both got our guns. But that is all over with now. The past is past, and the best that I can do now is to take the boy and give him the run of my place. Henceforward so long as I live my home will be his home."

So it come to pass one sad, hot day in June that little Dave Singleton, with nothin in this green world but his little wallet of plain clothes, went up to the big, house to live with Col. Wash Turner, the man that had killed his father. In the run of a few years the boy grew up and turned out to be a man, and him and the colonel was good friends from the jump. Time didn't wait for nothin, but time was playin for even and bringin things around to a dead level.

"A Strange Peculiar Will."
Three years ago last fall, to the best of my knowledge and belief, Col. Wash Turner was gathered up to his fathers. The day before he died he turned over in his bed and called for a lead pencil and wrote his last will. He wrote it on the wall cloth to his bed, which you can read it for yourself if you ever go over there to the old Turner place. And this is what he wrote:

"I leave everything I have got in this world to my wife, Prudie Turner, so long as she lives, and after that to our only daughter, Jessie May—excepting 80 acres of land and a pair of mules for Dave Singleton. It is my last dyn wish to be buried by the side of my dear departed friend, Bob Singleton."

WASH TURNER.
Some of the Turner kintery tried their level blamdest to make out like Col. Wash was out of his right mind, if not plum crazy, when he wrote that strange, peculiar will, so as they could all have a finger in the dish. But nobody else didn't believe that way. Col. Wash Turner was buried accordin over at old Mount Zion grave yard right by the side of Bob Singleton. His will stood firm and held good, and all that he had in the way of this world's goods belongs to the Wilder Turner and Bessie May and Dave Singleton.

Now since Dave and Miss Bessie took up a notion to mix clothes for life, naturally of course them and the widder can go nooks and keep everything in the family henceforward and forever. They are rule good people in their way—the Turners and the Singletons are—and as to me I hope their tribes will increase.

Such is life when we onest get use to it. Time plays for even and brings

everything around to a dead level. The bottom rail works out on top. The under dog whips the light. And all is well for them that wait. So it was written down.

All Sorts of a Fool.
I have seen a whole tremendous big lot of fools—one kind and another—in this country. But I do believe that Deacon Joiner is the biggest and most all around fool I have ever scraped up acquaintance with.

In a plain, humble, Christian way the deacon is all sorts of a fool. Year before last he took and rented a farm from old man Bunk Weatherford for three years hand runnin, and got it for two bales of cotton a year. Along in the Christmas and New Year times this year the old man Bunk took up a notion that he wanted that farm to set out one of his boys on, and he went over to see the deacon and wanted to know of him what he would charge to give up the place and move out. The deacon loved he had rented the place for three years hand runnin and it belonged to him for one more year.

"I will let you have it, Bunk, for exactly what you let me have it," says the deacon, "and that is two bales of cotton." If it was worth that to you it is worth that to me."

"But, deacon," says Bunk, "the place really belongs to me. If you live here this year you will owe me two bales of cotton, and if you don't live on the place you won't owe me nothin. But I am willing to give you a little something to pull out now and quit even."

But he couldn't make the deacon see it that way. He held out and stuck to it that the place belonged to him this year, and if it was worth two bales of cotton to one man it was worth that much to any other man that needed it. Consequently old man Bunk had to give up quit quit, whilst the deacon still lives at the same place.

Some ten or fifteen years ago the deacon got tired farmin and took out and quit. He put in and bought him a big mule and a one-horse wagon and started out to peddle on tin ware and crockery and chickens and eggs.

"I can't make nothin at farmin, Bunk," says the deacon to me when he come along by our house on his last trip. "So I come to the conclusion that I might as well do better jest a peddlin and peddle around through the country."

But the old man didn't stick to the peddlin business more than six months, and if he ever done any peddlin to speak of it never did leak out on him.

Esau Got His Due.
On the last meetin day at Bark Log Deacon Joiner and two or three preachers come by and took dinner at our house. In the general conversation that followed right after dinner the deacon took a ride after case of rummish at the mouth and had a heap to say about the Scriptures.

One of the preachers said he never could see how it come to pass that a good woman like Rebecca fooled Isaac when he was old and blind and sick unto death and hornsoggled him, as it were, into layin his blessings on Jacob instid of Esau. It must of been right, he went on to say, because Rebecca was one of the Lord's chosen vessels, but it never did look right to him.

"To be certainly of course it was right," put in Deacon Joiner in a low, deep, solemn voice. "And what is more, brethren, Esau got his dues. As for me, I never could feel sorry for Esau any to speak of when they pulled the wool over old Isaac's eyes and got him to put his dyn blessing on Jacob's head. It was nothin more than ought to of come to pass with Esau, or any other man that would sell out his birth rights for a mess of potatoes."

The deacon was in dead earnest and plum honest when he said it, you understand, but it was all the preachers could do to hold in, and it took my level blamdest to keep up my serious appearments.

Joshua "the Son of None."
But to hear Deacon Joiner tell it, he was powerful sorry for Joshua because that great captain was "the son of none."

"But, deacon," put in one of the preachers, "Joshua was the son of Nun—N—N—Nun. Joshua was one of the chosen, but he come into this world in the right and proper way."

"I understand all that, brethren," the deacon come back. "I have read a few stanzas in the Bible myself. Of course he was the son of none—that is to say, the son of nobody, and he had neither father nor mother, or any other kintery so far as we know."

The brethren knowed Deacon Joiner and consequently they had to give up the argification and quit. And all the preachers in the round created world—from Adam down to the present period of time—couldn't make the deacon believe anything else but that Esau sold out his birth rights for a mess of potatoes, and Joshua was the son of none.

Holding Up the Amen Corner.
Whilst Deacon Joiner never has started out to preach, the cause he has been seriously threatened with more than onest. And when it comes to holdin up the amen corner—well, the deacon he is right there and the mainest man in the meetin.

I recollect onest upon a time, when the camp meetin was goin on over at Spring Hill, how Elder Newton brung on a right smart confusion. The elder he was leadin in prayer, and a powerful feelin, stirrin prayer it he. He prayed so loud and so long till he jest naturally got to foam in the mouth. Toorely he had to spit, and bless gracious he turned around and spit right slap kerdab in Parson Jernigan's hat.

But in the main time, you understand, Deacon Joiner was holdin up the amen corner to the best of his ability, and he couldn't keep up with what was goin on between Elder Newton and Parson Jernigan. He would put in a long, strong "amen" every chance he got, but he didn't know anything for certain.

"There now! Brother Jernigan, I spit in your hat," said Elder Newton, loud enough for everybody on the grounds to hear him.

"Amen!" said Deacon Joiner, in a loud voice.

And this blessed day the deacon don't know how close he come to bust in up that camp meetin on the spot.

Had Been Where They Raise It.
That brings to mind the time when Deacon Joiner and Andy Lucas got into a furious disputation in regards to the Scriptures.

It was right soon after the calamity of the foreign relations had went through the Bible and made various and sundry changes, and the deacon he was monstrous glad they changed the word hell into sheol. But Andy he took the other side and maintained that the committee was either drunk or crazy when they wiped out that platin old American word hell. So him and the deacon they had it up and down.

"Sheol ain't the word for that place, deacon," says Andy, "and sheol ain't no name for it."

"You are talkin now, Andy Lucas, jest simply because you have got somethin to talk with," says the deacon. "How come you to know anything about it?"

"I know the best word and the right name for it, deacon, because I have been where they raise it," says Andy, with a slow, sly wink.

And then the crowd give the deacon the grand horse laugh.

REFUS SANDERS.

LOST LITERATURE.
Fire and Water Have Destroyed Many Precious Books.

The fine literature absolutely lost is very considerable. Of classical literature alone, books could be filled with the names of works, never to mention the mutilated state of many that survive. The causes of loss are few.

Fire is the most common. Ben Johnson, by the fire in his house, lost an entire drama of the Life of Henry V. with notes, and a number of other works. The first of London was responsible for the loss of many valuable works of the Elizabethan period and of much early English poetry. A severe blow to the lovers of Anglo-Saxon literature was the burning of the Cottonian library in 1731, which a vast quantity of old manuscripts were destroyed. In 1752, by a fire in Lincoln's Inn Fields, a large collection of manuscripts and pamphlets, gathered with great labor by Lord Chamberlain Somers, was lost.

About the same time Davies' notes on Cicero's "De Officiis" were lost by a fire in Strand, London.

The second great cause of loss is the ocean, whose "greedy maw" swallows all kinds of treasures so remorselessly. Early in the 15th century, Guarino Veronese was returning to Constantinople with a ship load of classical manuscripts. The vessel was wrecked and the treasures lost, a misfortune which turned the scholar's hair white in a few hours. Our own Spenser suffered serious loss by shipwreck of a servant crossing from Ireland. The last six books of the "Faerie Queen" and a number of translations and poems, including "Drains," "The Court of Cupid" and "The Hell of Lovers," were thus consigned to a watery grave. In 1600, on the death of Vincenzo Pinelli, his library was packed in three vessels bound for Naples. One was attacked by pirates, who flung out the books and papers into the sea and along the shore, some of the latter being picked up by the inhabitants and used to stuff windows with. Toward the close of last century a servant of Warburton came across a unique mass of manuscript plays, which she used up in lighting fires and making pie crust frills. And everybody remembers how a domestic of John Stuart Mill consigned to the flames a part of Carlyle's "French Revolution." The horror of Mill at the loss, and the "agony" of Carlyle in rewriting the work, are now matters of history.

A very curious loss was occasioned in Italy in the 14th century, when Raimondo Soranzo loaned the manuscript of Cicero's "De Gloria" to a friend, who pawned it, and died before its hiding place could be discovered.—N. Y. Dispatch.

A Drop of Water.
Water that is now in the ocean and in the river has been many times in the sky. The history of a single drop taken out of a glass of water is really a romantic one. No traveler has ever accomplished such distances in his life.

That particle may have reflected the palm trees of coral islands and have caught the sun's rays in the arch that spans a cloud clearing away from the valleys of Cumberland or California. It may have been carried by the gulf streams from the shores of Florida, or of Cuba, to be turned into a crystal of ice beside the precipices of Spitzbergen. It may have hovered over the streets of London and have formed a part of murky fog and have glistened on the young grass blades of April in Irish fields. It has been lifted up to heaven and sailed in great wool-packed clouds across the sky, forming part of a cloud mantle echoing with thunder. It has hung in a fleecy veil many miles above the earth at the close of long seasons of still weather. It has descended many times over in showers to refresh the earth and has sparkled and bubbled in mossy fountains in every country in Europe. And it has returned to its native skies, having accomplished its purpose, to be stored once again with electricity to give it new life-producing qualities and equip it as heaven's messenger to earth once more.—Charles S. Whiting, in Museum.

Queer Epitaphs.
Here are two curious epitaphs worthy of note for their quaintness. One is on a tombstone in Ulster, and runs: "To the memory of Thomas Kelly, who was accidentally shot by his brother as a mark of respect."

The other epitaph is to be found at Culmore, near Londonderry: "Here lies the remains of Thomas Nicholls, who died in Philadelphia, March, 1783. Had he lived he would have been buried here."

But perhaps neither of these epitaphs carries off the palm from the old one which, I fear, is already too well known to come with any newness: "Here lies Dobson, here lies he; Hallelujah, Hallelujah." —Gentleman.

Neighly Conventions.
Sisyphus was busily engaged in rolling the stone up to the top of the hill and letting it slide back again. "It's pretty monotonous, isn't it?" remarked one of his acquaintances.

"Yes. But I could get used to it. I could get along very well if it wasn't for people who come along and make remarks. I guess about 300 people a month tell me to 'never mind; life is always has its ups and downs.' And not less than 20 a day ask me if I don't know that a rolling stone gathers no moss."—Washington Star.

He Had a Relative.
She—Are you a good judge of diamonds?
He (absently)—No, but I have an uncle who is.—N. Y. World.

THE FIGHT IS ON.
There is an intense rivalry between the watermelon and tomato growers as to who can produce the earliest. Salzer's Earliest Watermelon ripened in 1890 in 52 days. That record is to be beaten, and Salzer pays \$100 to the winner! Then on tomatoes the record on "50 days the Earliest Tomato" in 1895 was 68 days. That's to be beaten, and \$50 paid. Salzer challenges the world to produce earlier melons, tomatoes, cabbages, radishes, peas or sweet corn than he offers. Get his mammoth catalogue. There is money in it.

LE YOT WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND it with 12c stamps to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will get free their great catalogue and a package of the yellow rind watermelon sensation. (K)

Prosperous Farmer.
Yankton J. and Dakota. In Yankton County, South Dakota, there are at least one thousand farmers who came here poor as the proverbial turkey of Job, and whotoday they occupy five dwelling houses, have large barns, fine horses, cattle, hogs and sheep, granaries filled with grain, fruit orchards, and money in hand. We mention this to show that South Dakota farmers are the prosperous class. Prosperity is the rule—not the exception. With fair prices for grain and stock they would be nothing in wealth. Prices, however, have nothing to do with the fertility of the soil and the favorable character of the climate. These natural advantages are here to stay and assure prosperity to the farming classes.

A copy of an illustrated pamphlet on "Irrigation in South Dakota," just issued by the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway, can be had by addressing W. E. Powell, General Immigration Agent, Chicago, Ill.

By nature's laws, immutable and just, enjoyment stops when indolence begins.—Pollok.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.
FRANK J. CUREY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CUREY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CUREY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1898.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CUREY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 5c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Man Was Made to Mourn.
Perhaps, but rheumatism need not add to the calamities to which we are more or less subjected, when life is such an efficient means of counteracting the dire complaint as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. When the liver, bowels or stomach are out of order, or the kidneys give trouble, these Bitters are also an efficient remedy. It prevents and remedies all malarial disorders.

The innocence of the intention abates nothing of the mischief of the example.—Robert Hall.

Best of All
To cleanse the system in a gentle and truly beneficial manner, when the Spring time comes, use the true and perfect remedy, Syrup of Figs. One bottle will answer for all the family and costs only 50 cents; the large size \$1.00. Buy the genuine. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only, and for sale by all druggists.

No one will dare maintain that it is better to do injustice than to bear it.—Aristotle.

Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fee after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and 2 trial bottles free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Gon oft descends to visit men, unseen, and through their habitation walks, to mark their doings.—Milton.

EXPLOSIONS of Coughing are stopped by Hale's Hoof and Hornchord and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

A MAN'S best friend are his ten fingers.—Robert Collyer.

I CAN recommend Piso's Cure for Consumption to sufferers from Asthma.—E. D. Townsend, Ft. Howard, Wis., May 4, '94.

It is heaven upon earth to have a man's mind in the charge of his providence and turn upon the poles of truth.—Bacon.

INDULGE in procrastination, and in time you will come to this, that because a thing ought to be done, therefore you can't do it.—C. Buxton.

There is no doubt that there are particular moods of mind, aspects of feeling or of life, that can be adequately expressed only by particular kinds of music.—W. Knight.

"Yes I kissed her when she wasn't expecting anything of the kind." "Lemme see; a young man, a young woman, and nobody about; and a young woman not expecting to be kissed. 'Hm. Ha. Pough'—Indianapolis Journal.

TOMMY—"I think mamma is an awful gossip." Ethel—"Oh, Tommy! How can you say such a thing?" Tommy—"Well, she is; everything I do she immediately goes and tells papa."—Harper's Bazar.

With many readers, brilliancy of style passes for afluence of thought; they mistakable gold mines under ground.—Longfellow.

"How to the De Tompkins manage with a baby in that tiny flat?" "Oh, they have a first-rate scheme. They keep him in the deepest bureau drawers, and when he cries they shut him up at once."—N. Y. Tribune.

"O, dear," sighed Mrs. Cums as she tossed about in bed, "I'm suffering dreadfully from insomnia." "Go to sleep and you'll be all right," growled Mr. Cums as he rolled over and began to snore again. Judge.

"Realistic" repeated the critic; "well, I should say he was realistic. You just ought to see the excitement in the Quarter Latin when he drew the coals in a dinner scene he was painting the other day."—Detroit Tribune.

"Beauty is only skin deep," said the zebra, with an attempt to live up to the glow of the monochrome. "I know," replied the rhinoceros, trying to be cheerful, "but think what that means in my case."—Chicago Tribune.

ANY feeling that takes a man away from his home is a traitor to the household.—H. W. Beecher.

Of all valid things excuses are the vainest.—Buxton.

There's Room at the Top
for the cupid hair pin. It never slips out, and keeps each particular hair in place. It's in the TWIST.

Manufactured by Richardson & DeLong Bros., Philadelphia.

Makers of the famous DELONG Hook and Eye.

For Coughs, Asthma and Throat Disorders "Brown's Bronchial Trisles" are an effectual remedy. Sold only in boxes.

W. Beecher.

THE DOWN-HILL ROAD!
Once give a disease a start, and the road from health to sickness is smooth, and declines rapidly. Sometimes just a little irregularity, just a little dizziness, just a faint "heaving-down" feeling, indicates the existence of a disorder that nearly always leads to the most serious consequences.

There are very few women in perfect health. Nearly always there is some weakness in the female organs. Neglect of these little things is sure to push the sufferer farther down the hill to disease. Put a stop to them.

McELREE'S WINE OF CARDUI
will quickly stop and cure all displacements and drains and weaknesses peculiar to women. It cures by building up the whole system. Disease can't exist in a strong, healthy body. Wine of Cardui enables women to cure themselves. It enables them to keep secrets from the doctor that he must know if she goes to him for help.

One Dollar a Bottle.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

FLORIDA. The GREAT HOTELS of the PLANT SYSTEM
are now open. FINEST HUNTING and FISHING in the world. "GUN and ROD on the WEST COAST of FLORIDA," a Handsome Sportsman's Manual, FREE on application. Write Dr. W. WRENN, Passenger application, Traffic Manager, SAVANNAH, Ga.

THE coming Artist who knows enough to paint a popular subject.

Battle-AX

PLUG

The largest piece of good tobacco ever sold for 10 cents and

The 5 cent piece is nearly as large as you get of other high grades for 10 cents

COCOA CAUTION

If "La Belle Chocolatiere" isn't on the can, it isn't Walter Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa.

WALTER BAKER & CO., LIMITED, DORCHESTER, MASS.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LA CROSSE, WIS.

DUNCAN'S LINIMENT the old reliable, tested REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM, and PAINS generally.

G. W. GUNTER, CLINTONVILLE, ALA., says: "I have found DUNCAN'S LINIMENT to be the best remedy for pains generally ever saw."

For COLIC in HORSES and MULES it is a "dead shot."

WEBB MANUFACTURING CO., Proprietors, NASHVILLE, TENN.

THE AEROMOTOR CO. does half the world's windmill business, because it has reduced the cost of wind power to 1/10 what it was. It has many branch houses, and supplies its goods and repairs at your door. It can and does furnish a better article for less money than others. It makes Pumping and Geared, Steel, Galvanized-Steel, and Steel Windmills, Tiling and Fitted Steel Towers, Steel Burr Saw Frames, Steel Feed Cutters and Feed Grinders. On application it will name one of these articles that it will furnish upon the best terms for 1/10 the usual price. It also makes Tanks and Pumps of all kinds. Send for catalogue. Factory: 12th, Rockwell and Fillmore Streets, Chicago.

STARK TREES and FRUIT

TESTED 70 YEARS

OPIMUM

MARCH—1896.						
Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31	....	....	....	....

CURRENT COMMENT.

There is reported to be a scarcity of negro labor in Mississippi.

Horseless mail wagons will soon be used in all large cities of the United States.

Mrs. CURTIS, of South Dansville, N. Y., has abstained from food 46 days as a means for curing dyspepsia.

In the United States 800,000,000 one-cent pieces are in circulation, and the call upon the mint for more is reported as being lively.

TESLA, the noted electrician, denies that he has succeeded in photographing the human brain through the skull, but he hopes soon to perfect a method of passing solids through solids.

EX-SENATOR DAVES observes that the so-called Indian treaties have been violated to such a degree by the Indians that there is not even a moral obligation on the part of the government to maintain them.

OBSERVATIONS at the Yale university observatory at New Haven, Conn., showed that the comet discovered by Prof. Perrine was coming in the direction of the earth, but at an angle to the ecliptic which would bring it far above the earth.

SPAIN used to derive \$100,000,000 a year from Cuba, and now the figures on the other side of the ledger are \$60,000,000. How long Spain can stand a loss of \$40,000,000 a month on an unproductive colony is one of the questions connected with Cuba's struggle.

The inheritance tax is growing in favor both in Europe and America as a convenient and easy method of adding to the public revenues. When not excessive in the rate imposed this tax is approved also as just and fair, particularly when applied to collateral heirs. Several states of the union have recently made the inheritance tax a part of their revenue systems, Illinois being one of the latest to do so. The last legislature provided for a progressive tax on collateral heirs and a small tax on direct heirs, where the amount received is in excess of \$20,000.

DR. ARTHUR DEBAUSSET, the aerial inventor of New York, is seeking congressional support in an endeavor to perfect his airship. The novel principle involved in De Bausset's airship is that it employs the motion of the earth in its service. His scheme is to ascend as far as possible above the earth's attraction and "camp out" until the earth moved around to a given point, when the ship would descend. His airship is, roughly speaking, a hollow steel cylinder, from which the air is exhausted. It would be possible to travel from New York to San Francisco in a day by it.

A NUMBER of leading citizens of New York have become interested in a movement to turn the surplus population of cities toward the country and at the same time to improve rural conditions. The work will be confined at first to Westchester county, N. Y., where the first agricultural university school will be opened March 4. It is assumed that there is need of greater skill and knowledge on the farm, and therefore the aim in the instruction will not be so much to increase the production as to obtain maximum yields on less acreage, reducing the cost and improving the quality.

WHETHER the well-dressed man who stood on the corner of Jackson street and Pacific avenue, Chicago, on the evening of the 28th and threw away \$500 or more was a Cripple Creek millionaire, a board of trade speculator celebrating his victory in the grain pit, or just a plain fool with more money than brains, will probably never be known. The man's pockets were full of the coin, and he laughed as he tossed handfuls in the air and saw the crowd fight and push to get even a dime. When the stranger had exhausted his supply of coin he quietly walked away.

PROF. HENRY ROWLAND, of the Johns Hopkins university, has succeeded in obtaining completely successful results from an invention for transmitting telegrams written upon a typewriter at the place of sending that would be reproduced in typewritten form at the receiving point. In addition to the typewritten part of the invention, Prof. Rowland, with his new machine, can send over the same wire five or six different messages at the same time in one direction, which, in duplex, makes ten or twelve messages that can be transmitted on the same wire at the same time.

MR. JOHN CHARLTON, liberal, introduced a Sabbath observance bill in the house of commons at Ottawa, Ont., recently which provided for the closing of all canals, the total stoppage of railroad traffic and the publication and sale of newspapers on Sunday. In introducing the bill, Mr. Charlton said the Sunday newspaper was the primary cause of the disregard of Sabbath observance in the United States and workers on newspapers in the United States became physical wrecks in a short time, the average life of a reporter on one of the big dailies being less than seven years.

THE CHRONICLE.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

VOLUME X.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, MARCH 5, 1896.

NUMBER 35.

CUBANS REJOICING

Over the Passage of the Belligerent Rights Resolution.

A HOPEFUL AUGURY FOR "CUBA LIBRE."

Gen. Calixto Garcia, Senor Estrada Palma and Treasurer Guerra of the Revolutionary Party Express Themselves Enthusiastically.

New York, Feb. 29.—There was great rejoicing among the Cubans of this city Friday night at the junta, No. 66 Broadway, about the probability of the congress of the United States recognizing the insurgents in Cuba as belligerents. At the junta it was said that as soon as the measure is signed by the president recruiting offices will be opened in all the principal cities of the country, and that the recruits will receive \$25 per month.

Gen. Calixto Garcia, who is held by the United States officials as the director of the Bermuda filibustering expedition, was seen at his home.

Gen. Garcia said: "Americans, whose ancestors fought and struggled for their independence, must know how the good news elates me. To aid in wresting Cuba from the grip of Spain was the ambition, the work of my best years. To be permitted to devote the remainder of my life to the brave and unequal struggle which my brothers in arms are now carrying on is all I ask of America."

"I am told by some that several years in prison for overzealous patriotism stares me in the face. But it is hard for me to believe that the people who welcomed Lafayette in their revolution against England will imprison me simply because I want to reach my native country and help her throw off the cruel, tyrannical yoke of Spain."

"You confess, then, general, that you intended to go to Cuba to fight?" "Confess? I proclaim it. It is the one great desire of my life. But I deny that I was intending to embark on the steamship Bermuda for Cuba. It was my desire to first land in San Domingo, or in some place where military drill and organization was possible. The Bermuda was not destined for the island of Cuba, and much will be proved at the examination next Wednesday."

"And you will sail to take part in the revolution?" "If God and the United States permit. This resolution of the senate gives me new hope. Only give me a little encouragement, and we will free Cuba for all time to come."

Estrada Palma, minister plenipotentiary from the provisional government to the United States, said: "You can imagine how I feel. I can't hide my joy if I would. I have always been quite confident that the justice of our request for belligerent rights would in the end prevail. No one could walk the streets of Washington and doubt it. There seemed to be a smile of welcome and hope in every eye."

"The ladies of the capital have given us incalculable aid. They have been with us from the start. I can see on the horizon the new line star of Cuba Libre, the United States said. 'You can imagine how I feel. I can't hide my joy if I would. I have always been quite confident that the justice of our request for belligerent rights would in the end prevail. No one could walk the streets of Washington and doubt it. There seemed to be a smile of welcome and hope in every eye.'"

"The ladies of the capital have given us incalculable aid. They have been with us from the start. I can see on the horizon the new line star of Cuba Libre, the United States said. 'You can imagine how I feel. I can't hide my joy if I would. I have always been quite confident that the justice of our request for belligerent rights would in the end prevail. No one could walk the streets of Washington and doubt it. There seemed to be a smile of welcome and hope in every eye.'"

A CUBAN TRIUMPH.

Seven Hundred Spaniards Placed Hors Du Combat.

TAMPA, Fla., Feb. 29.—The details of the battle at Palo Prieto, between Santa Clara and Placeta, about February 20, have arrived. The outcome was the greatest triumph the Cubans ever had, the Spanish loss being 700. Gen. Palanco was severely wounded, and his horse is now in the possession of Quintin Bandera. In their flight many Spaniards threw themselves into the river.

The Spaniards attacked a small detachment of scouts, who soon overtook the main body, and, after a short fight, the fearful machete charge was made, prostrating hundreds of Spaniards beneath their terrific onslaught. The severe Spanish losses are attributed greatly to the panic which ensued when "Charge with machete" was ordered.

PATRICK WALSH

Sends Copies of His Address at Chicago to Southern Governors.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Feb. 29.—Patrick Walsh, chairman of the Southern advisory committee, has telegraphed to the governors of the southern states as follows: "I have mailed you my address in reference to the Southern States exposition at Chicago. There is never was such an opportunity as this exposition will present to the south for substantial development. I ask your hearty co-operation in sending exhibits from your state. Each state should organize. PATRICK WALSH."

DR. HUNTER WITHDRAWS.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 29.—A special to the Post from Frankfort, Ky., says that Dr. Hunter, republican candidate for United States senator, has, in a letter to Representative Lyons, withdrawn from the contest.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

A Nicaraguan gunboat shelled Momentola and drove out the rebels. A boiler explosion at Frankfort, W. Va., caused the death of five men.

Pruitt Turner, who had been respited twice, was hanged at Van Buren, Ark.

The post office department has begun vigorous war on bond investment companies.

The county seat war in Bowie county, Tex., has been decided in favor of Boston.

Willis Burton, a negro, resisted arrest by Dallas (Tex.) officers, and was shot dead.

The gold reserve has been pulled down from \$124,000,000 to \$122,000,000 in the last week.

Arkansas cattlemen are after Secretary Norton to change the cattle quarantine in that state.

John Zielenksy, of St. Louis, while despondent, made two unsuccessful attempts to take his life.

A West Virginia lawyer says that Pearl Bryan is alive and will be produced "at the right time."

President Cleveland, it is said, has about closed negotiations for a duck shooting farm on the Potomac.

Col. John C. Reid, a prominent lawyer and confederate veteran, died at his home in Selma, Ala., aged 73.

Consul Manyon has cabled from Johannesburg that the Boers are disposed to treat Americans leniently.

The house is preparing for war with the senate on the question of congressional clerks—congressmen all want clerks.

Mrs. Amanda Marmaduke, of St. Louis, believes she is entitled to the estate of Thomas Bean, late of Denison, Tex.

Seven thousand dollars in gold was found in a crock under the floor of the residence of the late William Moore, of Scranton, Pa.

The post office department has decided to make an experiment in the rapid delivery of mail by the use of the horseless carriage.

Gross abuses of the congressional mail franking system have been exposed—one man sent his shirts to a New York laundry.

John Wickless, a retired farmer, who lived near Red Bud, Ill., died Friday, aged 86 years. He had been a resident of that vicinity for 66 years.

John Butler, a farmer, while clearing land, was caught by a falling tree and killed near St. Francisville, Ill.

A pledge to support free silver, signed by Dr. Hunter, was read to the Kentucky legislature and caused the desertion of Hunter and six republicans.

The house, when the judicial, legislative and executive appropriation bill came up for consideration, cut Private Secretary Thurber's salary from \$5,000 to \$3,500.

Rev. John A. Brooks, D. D., lately pastor of the First Christian church, Memphis, Tenn., has accepted a call to the West End tabernacle, London, England.

The Peruvian government has ordered the preparation of a resolution, which will be submitted to congress, providing for the registration of Protestant marriages.

The house elections committee decided in favor of unseating Mr. Robbins (dem.), of the Fourth district of Alabama, and giving his seat to W. F. Aldrich, the contestant.

Jose E. Selamel, found guilty of murder in the first degree, for killing Teresa Kamona at Johnston, N. Y., last August, has been sentenced to be electrocuted during the week of April 13.

The Astronomical Society of the Pacific has awarded to Prof. William R. Brooks their medal for the discovery of his latest comet. This is the fifth honor of the kind conferred upon Prof. Brooks.

The senate passed the Morgan resolution recognizing the Cubans as belligerents, with the Cameron amendment directed the president to intercede with Spain for the island's freedom.

Perhaps the oldest woman in Kentucky lives at Portwood, Mrs. Minnie Ellis. She claims to have been born the year that Kentucky was admitted into the Union, 1792, which makes her 104 years old.

An imperial edict has been issued permitting Miss Clara Barton, president of the American Red Cross society, and her representatives to travel in Anatolia and distribute relief to sufferers there.

MISSOURI PENITENTIARY

Quarantined on Account of Small Pox in the Vicinity.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 29.—The state penitentiary at Jefferson City has been quarantined by order of the state board of health, and until the quarantine is raised no one will be permitted to enter or leave that institution. The order is caused by the prevalence of small pox at Pleasant Hill, Nevada and Kansas City. There are no cases at the penitentiary, and the order is made as a precautionary measure. Pleasant Hill patients carried the disease both to Nevada and to this city. At Pleasant Hill there are about twelve cases, and eight houses have been quarantined. At Nevada, eight houses have been quarantined, here there are three cases and one house has been isolated.

THE PERE MARQUETTE STATUE.

No Arrangements Yet Made for Its Unveiling.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—The date has not yet been fixed for unveiling the statue of Pere Marquette, presented to the government by the state of Wisconsin. The statue, covered with cloth, has been in position in Statuary hall in the capitol for a week or more. Before the ceremony of unveiling takes place a resolution accepting the statue must be agreed to by both houses of congress. No such action has yet been taken.

IS IT A DEEP GAME?

That England is Playing in Dr. Jamieson's Case?

WAS THE DEMONSTRATION GENUINE?

Or Was It Manufactured to Order by Paid Agents of the Government?—There Are Those Who Believe It Was.

LONDON, Feb. 29.—The question is now being asked whether the demonstration attending the landing here of Dr. Jamieson and his fellow-rebels was a genuine outburst of public feeling or whether it was not largely due to plans of the government to excite the country against the Transvaal. Some of the members of the present ministry are past masters in the quiet game of arousing the country through the use of paid agents. If the course followed by the government in bringing Dr. Jamieson home from Africa is reviewed it would seem that everything was done to keep interest on the strain. Instead of wrapping the return of the filibuster in mystery, and having them tracked by press representatives from point to point, the government could, if it had so desired, have let the affair fizzle out quietly, and could have avoided fusses in taking the prisoners to the Bow Street police court.

For some reason best known to themselves the authorities appear to have attempted to awaken the Fenian bogey. An inquest was held a few days ago to ascertain the cause of the death of an elderly Irishman named Timothy O'Driscoll. Documents were produced which showed that O'Driscoll had negotiated for the purchase of an immense quantity of munitions of war from a German firm. John Leahy, a well-known Irishman and a friend of the deceased, who had been summoned as a witness, prudently said that the rifles were more than sufficient for Jamieson. Leahy now states that the arms were not intended for the Transvaal.

The speaker says it is impossible to accuse the authorities of responsibility for the Jamieson demonstration. London syndicates and other forces are now trying to mislead the opinion of the British and drag them into the commission of a crime worse than the partition of the Transvaal.

THE BALTIMORE STRIKE.

The Manufacturers Scheming to Tide Over the Difficulty.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 29.—(Garment workers and clothing manufacturers continue to talk fight as persistently as candidates for the prize ring championship. Aside from talks, proclamations, etc., nothing new has developed in the strike situation. The best feature of the strained relations between the manufacturers and the 6,000 strikers is the almost absolute freedom from disorderly outbreaks. The manufacturers have adopted a clever scheme to tide over immediate wants. They have agreed to loan one another help for pressing orders and as there are quite a number of workmen employed who are not members of the garment makers union, the manufacturers hope to tide over the difficulty for a while.

TWO PENSION BILLS

Under Consideration by the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—The house committee on invalid pensions began the consideration of two general pension bills. One proposes to reduce from 91 to 60 days the service required under the act of 1890, and the other looks to the granting of a service pension for 90 days' service. The proposition of the latter is to grant a pension of \$2 per month for the first 90 days and one cent per day for each day's service over the 90-day limit. The merits of the measures were generally discussed, but no conclusion was reached.

Murdered by a Rejected Lover. HARTFORD, Conn., Feb. 29.—Louis E. Trebbe, 29 years old, a single woman, daughter of the late Hermann Trebbe, was murdered at her home in South Manchester by Casper Hartlein, a farm hand, employed to do chores about the place. Hartlein has been in love with his victim and has imported her to marry him.

Can Not Be Removed Without Cause. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 29.—In the circuit court Judges Field and Toney decided that Mayor Todd, republican, can not remove democratic members of the board of public safety and works without cause, declaring section 32 of the city charter unconstitutional.

Thirty Persons Injured, Some Fatally. FALL RIVER, Mass., Feb. 29.—A gallery in the Casino collapsed during the polo game Friday night, and 30 spectators were thrown to the floor. Thirty persons are more or less injured. Narcissus Maynard, an old man, died after. Others are thought to be fatally hurt.

Death from Blood Poisoning. TORONTO, Ont., Feb. 27.—Dr. Laughlin McFarlane, professor of surgery in the University of Toronto, died of blood poisoning contracted while amputating the toes of a patient at the general hospital a week ago.

The Death Sentence. PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 29.—Judge Slagle, in criminal court, passed the death sentence upon Joseph Oroz, a Hungarian who murdered Miss Teresa Boback, January 23 last.

For a Branch Mint at Chicago. WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—Mr. Hopkins (rep. Ill.) introduced in the house a bill appropriating \$300,000 for the establishment of a branch mint at Chicago.

FOR THE THIRD TIME

The O'Brien Block at Duluth, Minn., Discovered on Fire—Several Lives Thought to Have Been Lost.

DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 29.—For the third time within a few weeks the O'Brien block on West Michigan street was discovered on fire at 1:30 a. m., and in a short time it was seen that all efforts of the fire department to save it would be unsuccessful, so the energies of the firemen were directed to saving life and keeping the adjoining Knowlton block from being destroyed. The O'Brien is a business and apartment block in the center of the city, and more than 100 persons must have been sleeping in it. Paul Baldwin and his wife, who roomed on the fourth floor, in groping through the smoke in the hall, became separated and he was so closely followed by the flames that he only escaped by jumping through a window in the second story. The wife undoubtedly perished. There was a terrible panic among the roomers and several were trampled to death in the rush. The building is owned by the American Exchange bank and is valued at \$25,000, and is a total loss; insurance, \$20,000. There is an additional loss to Smith, Koors & Co., a commission firm, and M. M. Gasser, grocer, amounting to \$5,000, well insured; besides a total loss by the roomers amounting to several thousand dollars. There is little doubt the fire was of incendiary origin.

SHORT AND SHARP

Would be a War with Spain, Says Admiral Belknap.

New York, Feb. 29.—A Journal special from Boston says: Rear-Admiral George E. Belknap, U. S. N. (retired), recognized as an authority on international affairs as well as on naval matters, thinks that in the event of a war between the United States and Spain the United States would not be the greater sufferer.

"I do not think," the admiral said, "the coast of the United States would be in any danger of attack. In my judgment, Spain would need all of her available navy around Cuba, for if she left the Cuban coast unguarded all our gulf ports would swarm with vessels loaded with men and munitions of war to be landed in Cuba."

"The seizure of Cuba would practically end the war, for Spain could make no attack on us that we could not successfully resist."

"No great expansion of our navy would be necessary. We should need all the ships we have in commission. I would not deem it wise to take too many ships from the Pacific, but we would have to concentrate all those we have available on the Atlantic coast. Some merchant steamers might be employed as commerce destroyers and as transports to land troops in Cuba. Such a war, if it should come, would be a short and sharp one."

THE NEW YORK AGROUND

Near the Quickest Buoy in the Lower Bay, New York.

New York, Feb. 29.—For the second time within a few weeks a steamer of the American Steamship line is ashore in the harbor. The steamer New York, while in charge of a pilot and feeling her way through the main ship channel in the lower bay, swerved from her course in a dense fog shortly before 6 a. m. and ran on the lower middle shoal, about a quarter of a mile from the Quickest buoy.

There are 87 first cabin, 130 second cabin and 250 steerage passengers on the steamer. Several steamboats and tugs have gone to the scene to take off the passengers.

DEADLY COAL GAS.

Three Members of a Family Dead and Five More Dying.

CHICAGO, Feb. 29.—Three persons are dead and five are dying as the result of the escape of coal gas in the residence of Farmer Fred Stuenkel, a few miles southwest of Chicago Heights, near Crest, Will county.

Physicians attending the family say the mother and four of the children will die. The father, the oldest daughter, Rosamond, aged 13, and the four-year-old child, Della, are already dead.

The dying are: Mrs. Kate Stuenkel, aged 43; mother; Hulda, aged 15; Arthur, aged eight; Reneta, aged seven months; William, aged 19.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT

Will Show a Small Surplus of Receipts for the Month.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—The statement of official receipts and expenditures of the government for February, which will be made public Monday next, will show receipts for the month in round figures \$26,000,000, and expenditures \$25,000,000, or an excess of receipts over expenditures of less than \$1,000,000.

The deficit for the fiscal year to date is about \$18,750,000. So far \$94,762,086 in gold has been paid in on account of the purchase of new bonds.

Heavy Snowfall. ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 29.—A snowfall of several inches, the highest of the season, took place here Friday night. Reports from South Dakota points show the storm to have been general in the Jim River valley, extending into North Dakota and west to the Missouri river.

About as Bad as They Could Be. WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—Ex-Senator Daves, of the Daves Indian commission, addressed the house committee on Indian affairs on the condition of affairs in the Indian territory. These he characterized as deplorable, and about as bad as they possibly could be.

For Assaulting a Pension Examiner. COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., Feb. 29.—C. M. Cuppy, of Avoca, was sentenced to pay a fine of \$500 and costs for assaulting Special Pension Examiner Brown.

In the Harms. WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—Mr. W. W. Baldwin, of New York, the new third assistant secretary of state, assumed the duties of that position.

THE ISTHMIAN CANAL.

A Startling and Unexpected Solution of the Problem.

IS PRESENTED AS A POSSIBILITY.

A Deal Said to be on Foot for the Amalgamation of the Interests of the Nicaragua and the Panama Canal Companies.

NEW YORK, Feb. 29.—A special cable dispatch to the Herald from Paris says: A startling and unexpected solution of the Panama canal problem is presented as a possibility of the near future. This is in the form of the consolidation of the Panama Canal Co. with the Nicaragua Canal Co.

It has been learned that the president of the latter corporation, Mr. J. R. Herdett, who has just left Paris, en route for America, bears with him a fusion of the two companies. This agreement was formally signed here, but is not conclusive. It is understood that it will become operative on behalf of the Panama company when concurred in by the directors of the Nicaragua Canal Co. in New York.

It provides for the absorption of the Panama franchise and assets, including the railroad across the isthmus. The French company is to receive a substantial sum of money and stock in the American corporation, which will proceed to pierce the isthmus via Lake Nicaragua.

The Nicaragua representatives, on their part, claim to derive great advantage from the removal of a possible future competitor and the securing of a monopoly of the waterways between the two oceans. With this change in the situation the many bankers of Great Britain and the continental centers, as well as of America, are prepared to float the Nicaragua company's bonds.

BRADSTREET'S REVIEW.

Unseasonable Weather Has Retarded General Trade.

NEW YORK, Feb. 29.—Bradstreet's weekly review says:

Changeable and, at times, unseasonable weather has continued to unfavorably influence the distribution of general merchandise. Relatively, the most active movement has been of shoes, groceries, dry goods, millinery and light hardware, but on the whole the merchandise movement has not materially improved. Jobbers of large western centers do not anticipate a heavy spring trade, as the outlook is for retailers carrying over larger stocks than expected.

Movement of leading staples is more favorable, with advances for wheat, Indian corn, oats, copper, leather and turpentine. Firm or steady prices are noted for wheat, flour, coffee, sugar, steel rails, lumber, coal and hides; but reactions appear in quotations for pork and lard, cotton and print cloths, petroleum, Bessemer pig iron, steel billets and some grades of southern pig.

Exports of wheat (four included as wheat) from both coasts of the United States this week show a marked falling off, not only from the same week ago, which was 3,141,000 bushels, but as compared with corresponding totals for corresponding weeks in February of four preceding years. One year ago the week's exports amounted to 2,692,000 bushels, and two years ago they were 2,972,000. In 1893, 3,251,000 bushels, and in 1892, 2,908,000 bushels.

The falling off in the total number of business failures throughout the United States this week is continued, the total being 271, compared with 276 last week, 34 in the corresponding week of 1895, 272 in the fourth week of February, 1894, 217 in 1893 and 237 in 1892.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

(First Session.) HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—The army appropriation bill, with senate amendments, was laid before the house and the amendments were disagreed to and a conference with the senate asked.

Mr. Lacey (rep., Ia.), chairman of the committee on public lands, called up the president's veto of the bill authorizing the leasing of the school lands in Arizona, which bill the speaker said the house must, under the constitution, now consider.

Mr. Lacey stated that the bill was identical with the one which he introduced in 1894 at the suggestion and on the recommendation of the commissioner of the general land office and secretary of the interior, and which subsequently became a law.

After considerable discussion the question: "Shall the bill pass, the president's objections to the contrary notwithstanding," was agreed to, yeas, 200; nays, 38. The announcement was received with a few hand claps.

A GLASGOW SENSATION

Similar to That Unearthed in London by Editor Stead.

LONDON, Feb. 29.—James Kier Hardie, the social labor and some-time member of parliament, has made discoveries in Glasgow similar to those unearthed by Mr. W. T. Stead in London, the details of which were published in 1885 in the Pall Mall Gazette, of which paper Mr. Stead was then the editor. Mr. Hardie's revelations are published in language that is even franker than was that employed by Mr. Stead in his statements respecting offenses against young women and children.

Had to Pay for His Tardiness. LONDON, Feb. 29.—Capt. Heany, the American citizen who was a member of Dr. Jamieson's staff on the occasion of the latter's raid into the Transvaal, sailed from Southampton for New York on the steamer St. Louis. He missed the steamer train from London and was obliged to charter a special train to catch the steamer.

Charged with Embezzlement. LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 29.—Sheriff John D. Phipps of Morgan county, has been arrested on the charge of embezzling \$15,000 of county funds. Friends claim it is the result of spite work. He is well known throughout the state.

Three Children Burned to Death. A negro cabin in North Tupelo, Miss., was burned, and three children were burned to death. The mother barely escaped.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce W. A. Thompson as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of W. L. Davis authorize The Chronicle to announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

RETROSPECTIVE AND PROSPECTIVE.

During the last three or four trying years of panic and depression the capital of Shelby county has like a great many other towns, been to all intents and purposes dead; in fact, very dead. Under existing circumstances this was quite natural. Several causes, however, contributed to this result, the court house scramble perhaps more than any other one thing, for it jeopardized the property of the town and for the time being checked improvements of every kind.

This serious menace having been removed, our school at once became a live question, and after many months of arduous labor and great personal sacrifice a commodious building was erected, large enough to serve our community for many years to come. A bill was passed by the legislature incorporating the town and making this a free school district. There was practically no opposition to this bill, and it seemed as though our fondest hopes would be realized. But not so soon. There were yet ahead many obstacles to be encountered and overcome.

A few sordid, selfish men, perhaps half a dozen would cover the number, having no children to educate, combined to thwart every movement put forward in the interest of the school. The result of this opposition was the election at the outset of a compromise ticket—three democrats and three populites. There was no reason why politics should have cut any figure whatever in the election, only it was a part of the program of the few (half dozen) to kill the school; or, more properly speaking, everything that they could not own or control. These are the plain, naked, unvarnished facts, and they cannot be denied.

With no marshal to collect the city taxes, as provided for by law, their payment was left entirely optional with the property owners. Be it said, however, to their credit that a large majority, irrespective of party lines, walked up like men and paid every cent of the city tax, which as all are aware, goes wholly to the maintenance of the school.

This is our first year's experience. Do we care to have it repeated? The CHRONICLE is free to say it most emphatically does not. Nor do we propose to be classed with those who dread opposition, and are willing to repeal the law and go back to the old plan in order to placate a few sordid, selfish creatures who are known as men only from the fact that they wear breeches, and in order further that harmony may reign supreme. If harmony is to be purchased at the sacrifice of both manhood and principle, we say let the merry fight go on to the bitter end.

Less than a month ahead another election will be held to choose a mayor and five aldermen for the ensuing year. No one should be elected this year who is not an earnest and enthusiastic friend of our school, and who would be a staunch supporter of every measure looking toward the upbuilding of our community. No man of the milk and cider variety is wanted. The future of our school depends very largely upon the coming election. If its interests are placed in good hands, it will leap forward at a bound, and it will be safe to predict that it will in a very short time become a potent factor in attracting to our town the best class of citizens from the adjoining territory and neighboring towns. Are our people aware that we have, with one exception, the only absolutely free school in Alabama? And have they ever considered seriously its grand possibilities if fostered and properly encouraged? If not, now is the opportune time. A little reflection will establish firmly the conviction that it is our duty to select thoroughly competent men to control this our most important institution.

Let us take no step backward. The future is rich in promise once we decide to establish the school upon a firm basis, let it cost what it will. The prize is alluring and is worth all the effort it may cost.

COMPTROLLER BOOKER, in his address, delivered Friday before the Massachusetts Reform Club, in Boston epitomized the financial problem and its solution in the following very forcible sentences: "The cause of the weakened condition of the credit of our American currency is to be found in the fact that from the issuance of the first treasury note in 1862 to this very day, the inflationist has been the controlling force in American monetary legislation. He stands to-day the strenuous opponent of the single gold standard of value, and he ill-conceals his attitude by taking refuge in his announced belief in the historically demonstrated impossibility and absurdity of bimetalism, whether it be national or international. Until the inflationist is dislodged, there can be no permanent cure for our financial ills. When his career is ended, the treasury of the United States will cease carrying on the operations of a bank, its notes of issue will be paid and cancelled and their baneful influence lifted from all industries in the land. There will then be none who, for this people, would have other than a gold standard, and none who would suggest a dollar, whether of silver or paper, which is not everywhere, under any and all circumstances, and in whatever quantity, fairly interchangeable with every other dollar that circulates, without intailing loss to any one. In that day the private citizen and the lawmaker will have learned the truth announced a half-century since by one of Italy's most distinguished students of finance, 'money is essentially rebellious to the orders of law; it comes without being called; it goes without being arrested—dead to advances, insensible to threats, attracted solely by the allurements of profits.'"

We heartily agree with the editor of Educational Exchange in the suggestion he makes in the following paragraph:

How can Alabama secure proper facilities for her rural schools? The first step in answer to this question must be the adoption of a new state constitution, with adequate fundamental provisions for an efficient state system. For the past ten years, the teachers of the state have been begging the politicians for action in this matter, but the answer has been—"The time is not yet." The hour has come when those interested in the progress of the state must make this request a positive demand. Political expediency must no longer stand an impassable barrier to progress. Alabama today, with all her marvelous undeveloped resources, is, educationally, behind every other southern state, simply because her organic law practically forbids an efficient system of state schools.

FATE OF SKILLET TOTERS.

From the Asheville Aegis.

Hoping to get the populite support on the free coinage issue of 16 to 1 Captain Denson of this district, declared that he tooted his own skillet in the memorable campaign which resulted in a most inglorious defeat of his aspirations. On a Cleveland platform of sound money and a revenue tariff he had been elected to congress the previous term. This ought to be a warning to the democracy of the state as to the sentiments of the voting population.

Captain Denson succeeded in having the bars let down on the silver issue in his behalf that he might win. He went around the district giving Cleveland and the supporters of the administration Hail Columbia. His skillet was hung high in the air while his net was let down to catch everything afloat out of its moorings. But he failed to catch, while the organized looked on in very consternation at the high sounding criticisms of the policy of the administration.

Now without intending any abuse of Captain Johnston, can anyone tell us where the difference lies between him and "Billy of the Low Grounds?" Mr. Denson claimed to be a democrat, he claimed to be for harmony and to be the standard bearer of his party in his district. His claims had all the coloring of party action, and yet he was defeated, and defeated by the very party he had hoped would support him. If any man could entitle himself to populist support, Billy certainly rose to that distinction. Like Captain Johnston he had kind words and persuasive words for all of them. He repudiated a democratic administration and fought its policy. He favored the independent coinage of silver at 16 to 1.

His skillet was full of this kind of meat for his hearers. Does not Captain Johnston act in the same role? Has he not been toting his skillet for four years or more for the governor's office? Did he not lift it with a menace at the administration and a frown at the latter's supporters? Has he not succeeded in having the bars let down to secure votes for his nomination? In other words, if he had not borrowed Billy's skillet, has he not had one made after the same pattern?

It seems to us that if Captain Johnston succeeds in getting the nomination for governor of Alabama, Denson should have a monument of honor erected to the memory of his defeat in leading the way to final victory in the cause.

If the free silverites are so confident that they represent the people why do they dodge the issue and claim to be bimetalists? What they contend for is the free and unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1. Why don't they stand by their colors?—Atlanta Journal.

PROCEEDINGS

Of the Democratic Executive Committee.

Pursuant to call of the chairman, the Democratic Executive Committee met at Columbiana on Feb. 21, 1896, and was called to order by the chairman. The following resolutions were presented and adopted by your committee.

RESOLVED, By the Democratic Executive Committee of Shelby county, Alabama, at its meeting held in Columbiana on Feb. 21, 1896, that we hereby invite all conservative voters, irrespective of past political associations or differences, who can unite with us in the effort for pure, economical and constitutional government, and who will support the nominees and principles of the democratic party, to join with us in sending delegates from this county to the approaching state convention to be held in the city of Montgomery on the 21st day of April, 1896.

RESOLVED, That there shall be a primary, beat meeting, or mass meeting, held in each beat in the county on the 11th day of April, 1896, as each beat executive committee may determine, for the purpose of selecting delegates to a county convention to be held at Columbiana on April 15, 1896, for the purpose of selecting delegates to said state convention, and transacting such other business as may come before it.

RESOLVED, Each beat shall be entitled to one delegate to said county convention for every 15 votes or fraction thereof over 10 voted in said beat for the democratic candidate for governor in 1892.

RESOLVED, That the nominations for county officers shall be made at a separate convention, to be held at Columbiana after the county convention above provided for on the call of the then acting county executive committee.

In conformity with the above resolutions, the various beats will be entitled to the following representation in the county convention:

Beat 1	box 1—Columbiana.....	11
" 1	" 2—Shelby.....	7
" 2	" Spring Creek.....	3
" 3	" Calera.....	12
" 4	" 1—Montevallo.....	17
" 4	" 2—Gurnee.....	4
" 5	" Tylers.....	1
" 6	" Helena.....	4
" 7	" Elliottville.....	5
" 8	" Yellow Leaf.....	4
" 9	" Wilsonville.....	10
" 10	" Harpersville.....	11
" 11	" Weldon.....	4
" 12	" Highland.....	1
" 13	" Bold Springs.....	2
" 14	" Vandiver.....	1
" 15	" Sterrett.....	2
" 16	" Vincent.....	5
" 17	" Pelham.....	1
Total	.....	106

T. J. MARTIN, Ch'n.

J. R. WHITE, Sec'y.

GRAND AND PETIT JURORS

Drawn by the Board of Jury Commissioners to Serve at Spring Term of Circuit Court.

GRAND JURORS.

T. H. Griffin, F. F. Vest, R. J. Byers, R. C. Wilson, R. C. Woods, W. H. Sturdivant, C. Archer, J. D. Carden, J. M. Vandover, J. H. Weldon, J. B. Alexander, M. M. Roberson, A. M. Cross, Albert S. Davis, J. M. Kifer, S. W. Ataway, W. H. Kidd, E. M. Payne, R. T. Horton, J. R. White, Talor Farrell.

PETIT JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

R. T. Johnson, J. W. Roach, R. W. Poindester, M. J. Harless, W. D. Lacy, Shelby S. Booth, M. W. Boyde, J. M. Dorrough, G. F. W. att, I. T. Singleton, A. F. Clinkscapes, P. L. Holcomb, W. G. Lee, A. Mooney, A. H. Killingsworth, W. T. Elliott, W. T. Arnett, J. A. Skelton, J. S. Hartfield, J. H. Baker, J. H. Stout, Jas. A. White, Aaron Stone, A. L. Avery, J. T. Davis, Elija Stinson, Thomas Alexander, M. A. Jennings, D. W. Jones, F. M. Walton.

SECOND WEEK.

W. J. Falkner, J. Harper, C. C. Blackerby, W. R. Morrison, W. G. Crofford, R. E. Hall, W. J. Nelson, J. L. Mooney, J. F. Pope, G. R. Stone, E. C. Hollingsworth, C. H. Smith, G. T. Fulton, E. Finley, J. T. Harless, Richard Johnson, E. Williams, T. Harper, M. N. Alexander, E. B. Hatcher, Peter Branch, Zack Valentine, A. J. Warlick, C. W. Finch, J. G. Crim, J. L. Pledger, J. F. Avery, J. B. Pitts, Wilson Blackman, C. S. Frost.

THIRD WEEK.

W. B. Armstrong, Perry Barber, J. W. Johnston, W. C. Hinton, T. H. Baxty, J. F. Wilson, A. J. Lett, D. C. Nickerson, John Allen, J. M. Carden, J. M. Keith, G. T. Butler, C. W. Blackburn, F. M. Connell, J. W. Dunaway, R. H. Vandiver, T. A. Liles, G. W. Stone, John T. Hill, T. H. Davis, J. R. Harless, G. S. Glazener, E. B. Nelson, Richard Tinney, A. D. Smith, S. M. Adams, B. L. Green, J. T. Wheat, R. E. McClain, Geo. B. Henderson.

SKAGGS' GREAT RECORD.

From the New York Sun.

Lovers of eloquence and poesy in Chicago, had an hour of lofty joys one night last week when Skaggs, the glow-worm and fire-bell of republican populism in Alabama, flickered and flashed and glowed through one of his iridescent speeches. Skaggs is the brains and voice of Reuben Kolb, the eccentric genius who inaugurates himself governor of Alabama at stated intervals. Kolb is the statesman whose name is in the papers. Skaggs is the mind that inspires and illuminates him and the whole state, the whole south. At Selma, in the summer of 1894, Skaggs talked an audience of 3,300 colored citizens white; at Mobile, in the fall of the same year, he talked 14,215 white democrats into black republicans. Skaggs is a wonder.

The republicans, the populists, and other malcontents, are reckoning without their host when they flatter themselves that they have already as good as secured the next presidency. Tom Reed will tell them in due time what he expects, and when his expectations are realized the democratic party will cover as with a pall all of his fine schemes.—Richmond Dispatch.

Items from Lewis.

Mr. John Powell has been quite sick recently, but is now convalescent.

Prof. S. S. Crumpton is the happiest man in town—It's a fine boy.

Mr. Vice Johnson lost a day last week and began plowing bright and early Sunday morning, and several of his neighbors had to come in to convince him that it was Sunday.

Mrs. L. A. Galloway, of Shelby, after spending several days at this place, has returned home.

Mr. W. C. Powell has been attending court this week.

Mr. J. E. Jackson and son, Paul, paid Columbiana a flying visit Saturday.

Miss Myrtle Jackson is quite sick, but we hope for her an early recovery.

The Methodists held their quarterly meeting at Blue Spring Saturday and Sunday.

Rev. H. Clay Paul filled his regular appointment at Four Mile Saturday and Sunday.

Lewis will go solid for Johnson this time—never give her out till you hear she is dead.

Mr. John Hartsfield, of Bessemer, is spending a few days in this community.

Mr. L. B. Riddle, of this place, spent Sunday in the Kingdom. Say, Beaufort, was it that bear you were after that was destroyed, or did you go to see your girl?

Burglars attempted to get into a house at this place, and did get in, but nothing is missing. We suppose they were after money, and if they were, they had better hunt on another place or they will get disappointed.

Our farmers are making good use of this pretty weather.

NERO.

Liberty Items.

This is leap year, too, and if some of our young bachelors don't watch they will get their tansels tied before 1897.

We still have some measles and a few populites.

Messrs. T. A. Nivens, L. H. Mills and M. J. Cooper shaved last Sunday to go sparking.

Messrs. S. W. and R. H. Blackerby paid Bessemer a business trip the front end of last week.

Mr. W. A. Wilder and M. J. Cooper paid Birmingham a flying visit last week.

Mr. D. T. Adams turned loose and killed a fine turkey a few days since. Why didn't you ask Kate over, Tommy?

There is a certain young man in our community who loves harder than two blind mules can kick down hill backwards.

Two young ladies somewhere in a thousand miles of this place, got very badly disappointed a few Sundays ago. Their fellows didn't come.

Wonder who is going to marry next? Look out for that fellow that has gone to Birmingham.

Well the people here have all got over the measles and the boys can go to see the girls again and they are all happy, and (Kate) is, too. She just sits back in her rocker and sings "Polly put the Kettle On," and the "Girl I Left Behind Me."

Yours, truly, KATY.

Washington was a minute man. An accurate clock in the entry at Mount Vernon controlled the movements of the family. At his dinner parties he allowed five minutes for the differences of watches, and then waited for no one. If members of congress came at a late hour, his simple apology was, "Gentlemen, we are too punctual for you;" or, "Gentlemen, I have a cook who never asks whether the company has come, but whether the hour has come." Nobody ever waited for General Washington. He was always five minutes before the time, and if the parties he had to meet were not present at the season appointed, he considered the engagement cancelled and would leave the place and refuse to return.

What a language we have! A man "sits down" during the day time, but "sits up" at night.—Acheson Star.

Bicycle makers expect to sell \$100,000,000 worth of machines this year. Talk of the wheel of fortune!

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman, of Dimendale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitancy in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church, at Rives' Junction, she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption, and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at Parker & Armstrong's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

Non-Resident Notice.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY. Ann E. Perry, Complainant, vs. William T. Perry Defendant.

In Chancery Sixth District North-Eastern Chancery Division.

In this cause it is made to appear to the register by the affidavit of J. E. Holmes, that the defendant, William T. Perry, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in Denison, Grayson County, Texas; and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the register, that publication be made in the Chronicle, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him to said William T. Perry to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 30th day of April, A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office in Columbiana, this 3rd day of March, A. D. 1896.

GORDON DeBOSE, Register.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know that Faregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Pitcher and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of *Charles H. Pitcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Season-Ending Sales.

We are house-cleaning, a general cleaning up from one end of the store to the other. Low prices the powerful factor to do the work. We never carry over goods from season to season, and another thing, we never lose sight of the fact that ours is a business of reliable merchandise. See the values we are offering in

Dress Goods, Clothing.

Shoes, Hats.

Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Twenty per cent off of every dollar's worth you buy from us from now until first of March as we are bound to sweep our store clean to make room for our spring stock.

Be sure and trade with us. It has paid others

IT WILL PAY YOU.

Yours for Low Prices,

THE RACKET STORE,
SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Propr's.

"HOT SHOTS,"
BY
SAM JONES.

You Laugh and Cry When You Read This Great Book.

OVER THREE HUNDRED PAGES. Superbly illustrated and bound in the most elegant English cloth. DOLLARS FOR WORKERS. This grand book is now out and will only be sold by Agents. A WONDERFUL OFFER.

Any responsible man or woman sending us only ONE DOLLAR will receive by return mail POSTPAID a complete Agent's outfit, consisting of a full and complete copy of this noble book.

ORDER NOW

and get your territory or some one else will be ahead of you, and to miss selling this book means the loss of a big salary for the next year.

We pay the very best commissions. Order today.

ADDRESS

SOUTHWESTERN PUBLISHING HOUSE,
NO. 208 N. COLLEGE ST., NASHVILLE, TENN.

NOTICE.

Before Taking Stock

I WILL SELL:

10,000 yards of and Act Calacous

at 3 1-2c.

10,000 Men's and Ladies' Handkerchiefs

at 2 1-2c.

5,000 Children's Handkerchiefs

at 1c.

1,000 Children's Vests

at 2c.

500 Men's Undershirts

at 15c.

100 Misses Rubber Shoes

at 15c.

100 Children's Knee Suits,

Sizes 5, 6 and 7,

at 50c.

The above goods I will

sell only to the first

day of March next.

Respectfully,

S. STARK,

Shelby, Ala.

TWO FOR ONE!

That is what is offered for

\$1.00 A YEAR

You can get the Montgomery Semi-Weekly

ADVERTISER

An eight-page paper issued twice a week, all the year round. No paper as complete and interesting for an Alabamian can be had in all the land at any price. It is full of instructive and entertaining matter for the

Farm, Fireside and Store.

Scientific American Agency for PATENTS. CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc. For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American. Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Subscribers to the Scientific American can have the Handbook without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year; \$1.00 a month. Add 5c per copy. D. C. PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

HAVE YOU READ THE TIMES THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family newspaper.

THE TIMES aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent to any one sending their address.

TERMS: DAILY, \$3.00 per month; \$1.00 for four months; 50 cents per month. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages—108 columns, elegantly illustrated, \$2.00 per annum; 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, \$3.00 per annum; 50 cents per month. WEEKLY EDITION, 50 cents per annum. Address all letters to

THE TIMES, PHILADELPHIA

Probate Notice.

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, MARCH 5, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year, \$1.00
One copy six months, .50

SHELBY LODGE, No. 10, A. F. & A. M.
Regular meetings first and third Monday
last Saturday night in each month. Visiting
members in good standing cordially invited.
J. S. LEEPER, Sec. T. D. MASON, W. M.

SHELBY LODGE, No. 50, K. G. P.
Regular meetings first and third Monday
nights of each month, at 7:30, at Shelby, Ala.
W. A. WALTON, C. C.
A. M. PETER, K. of R. and S. and M. of E.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

James Harris, of Aldrich, spent Fri-
day in town.

Miss Isla Avery, of Shelby spent
Sunday in town.

N. N. Mostello, of Farmer, trans-
acted business here Monday.

"Prepared Mustard" was in town
yesterday trying to sell groceries.

Geo. Averett, of Shelby, was an ap-
preciated caller at our office Monday.

Hon. T. J. Martin, of Harpersville,
spent a few hours in town last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Pond, of Shelby
Springs came up Sunday to attend
church.

The Shelby County Medical Society
had its regular monthly meeting
Tuesday.

W. J. O'Hara, of Howard college,
spent a pleasant hour in our office
Saturday.

Dr. C. C. Oliver of Shelby, peeped
into our office Tuesday. Stay longer
next time, doctor.

Miss Mary Wagner returned home
Tuesday from a lengthy visit to rela-
tives in Cresswell.

S. J. Finley, for two of three years a
citizen of this place, but now of Texas,
is on a visit to relatives here.

Robert Hall, one of Montevallo's
most genial young men, was among
his many friends here Monday.

Miss Helen Oliver, of Shelby, spent
Tuesday and Wednesday as the guest
of her friend, Miss Nellie Parker.

J. T. Leeper left Tuesday for Bir-
mingham to attend the marriage of
his cousin, Miss Mary Roberts to Mr.
George Willis, of Montgomery.

A list of the grand and petit jurors
drawn to serve at the approaching
term of circuit court, fourth Monday
in March, will be found elsewhere.
See if you are one of the chosen.

J. M. Spencer has just received a
large assortment of millinery goods,
which are displayed in the rooms ad-
joining, formerly occupied as a law
office. Miss Fannie Longshore has
charge of this department.

Rev. J. G. Snedecor, agent of the
American Bible Society, occupied the
pulpit in the Presbyterian church
Sunday morning and at the Methodist
church in the evening. He awakened
new zeal in the Bible cause.

Clem Greek, came down from An-
niston Saturday, and remained with
home folks until Monday. Clem
stands well in business circles, and
judging from recent promotions it will
not take him always to reach the top
round of the ladder.

The Chronicle job department is
rapidly becoming a popular institution
if we may be allowed to judge from the
quantity of work turned out each week
and the number of new customers con-
stantly being added to our list. "The
senate is delighted," and so are our
customers.

W. W. Albright wants all the people
in this place and surrounding country
to know that he desires to do their
horseshoeing, blacksmith and repair
work, and he has wisely planted an
"ad" in The Chronicle. Result: plenty
of work and money to put in the con-
tribution box every Sunday.

Do you really believe, brother, that
advertising don't pay? Surely not
when evidence is before you daily pro-
ving the contrary. But if you still have
doubts, watch closely for a day or two
the only two stores here that use
printer's ink. If you are not then
convinced the treats are on us.

Dr. Page showed us yesterday a
drawing showing the front of his
building, work on which will com-
mence with the opening of spring. It
is a beauty, and will be the handsom-
est structure no doubt in the county.
And better still, it is to be filled chuck
full of goods as soon as completed.
Who will be the next?

It always affords The Chronicle
pleasure to commend merit where it
is deserved, and as Dr. John S. Hill
has done considerable work here, all
of which has given entire satisfaction,
we do not hesitate to pronounce him
an artist in dental work, and not an
ordinary "tooth carpenter," as are
quite a number in his profession. Be-
sides he paid his city license without
a murmur, and did not attempt to
beat it as one or two have done re-
cently.

Honor Roll for Second Week in February.

Lallage Longshore, Lily May Liles,
Mary Peters.

THIRD WEEK.

Lallage Longshore, Julia Liles, Lily
May Liles, Ethel Millstead, Valona
Morrison, Mary Peters, Florence Spen-
cer, Lizzie Sinnott, Minnie Walton,
Chester Browne, Noland Barnett, Jno.
Hallmark, Houston Longshore, A. P.
Longshore, Grover Liles, Hirscher
Spencer.

M. A. LILES, Teacher.

Shelby Siftings.

The supper given by the ladies of
Shelby to assist in covering a deficit
in paying off the school expenses was
a complete success. The building was
commenced under the most unfavor-
able auspices. The entire force of
employees of the furnace was cut and
no one knew when a resumption of
work would take place. A good many
of the subscribers could not possibly
meet their subscribed obligations on
that account. Yet the work of build-
ing went on—the school opened—and
Prof. Savage put in charge. Under
his management it went down and the
school was completely broken up long
before the session was at an end.
Then Prof. Dawson undertook to re-
open the school with the prestige of
his having made a good county super-
intendent. This was after his defeat
for re-election to that office. Yet
again was the success of the school
doomed by his absconding and leaving
ostensibly the state. During his brief
management of the school, however,
he had employed Prof. Franklin, a
gentleman of christian virtues and
sterling qualifications, and he was ap-
pointed to take charge of the school.
His services toward building up the
high character of the school has won
for him an enviable position and the
whole community can attest to his
faithful zeal in furthering the inter-
ests of his pupils. He holds a high
place in the hearts of the people.

In connection with the ladies he has
labored to make the supper a financial
success. It was truly one in every
sense of the word—socially, because
the young people ate to repletion good
oysters and nicknacks—while from a
money point of view they realized the
handsome sum of \$60.00 above all ex-
penses.

Harpersville Echoes.

The measles is about over.
An early spring is predicted.
The fair sex have commented gar-
dening.

T. J. Martin paid Anniston a busi-
ness trip last week.

There were several wagons from St.
Clair county on our streets last Sat-
urday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hardy Nelson, Jr., of
Columbiana, visited relatives here Fri-
day and Saturday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Seale, who went
from here in January to try their for-
tune in Georgia, have come back home
and Mr. Seale is going to travel for a
tobacco house.

Wonder who that man is at Cres-
well who moved so many times last
year. I'll bet two bits to a ginger cake
that he is either a Clarke man or a
populite.

Miss Mollie, aged 22 years, daughter
of Rev. W. F. Linder, living seven
miles north of here, while burning
corn stalks a few days ago caught fire
and was so badly burned that she died
the next day.

The supreme court says that the
farmers alliance at Harpersville must
finish paying Jack Jennings for school
taught by him seven or eight years
ago, and the "boys" are all paying up
their dues now, while Judge Russell
is having his crib filled with corn for
cost. As will be remembered, this
case was tried two or three times in
justice court, and a time or two in cir-
cuit court and was finally carried to
the Supreme court. I have been told
that the amount at first was only
about sixty dollars, and now it is
somewhere between two and three
hundred including costs and all.
Moral—Pay what you promise to and
don't listen to your political bosses.

Rev. J. F. Parker preached at the
Baptist church last Sunday.

W. B. Hubbard and Renfro Martin
took in the entertainment at Childers-
burg last Friday night.

Webb Martin went over to Birming-
ham last week, prospecting.

We hear the name of H. C. Reynolds
mentioned as a suitable man to rep-
resent Shelby in the next legislature.

Politics here are worth one hundred
cents on the dollar now, with Johnson
in the lead.

The CHRONICLE is a welcome visitor
here, but of late days it don't reach us
until Saturday at noon. Please hurry
it up sooner.

The young people of our community
are speaking of organizing a Literary
Society in the near future, and if they
do they will probably turn out some
poetical writers as Wilsonville has
done, and won't that just be splendid?
"JAKE."

Wilsonville Waifs.

Mr. Bony Smith, of Childersburg,
was in town Tuesday.

Charlie Adkins, of Calera, spent sev-
eral days with relatives here last week.
J. H. Hammond, of Columbiana, was
in our city last week.

T. J. Martin and Pick Rowe, of Har-
persville, were in town Friday.

Mr. Halloran, representing the Mc-
Cormick Binders, of Philadelphia, Pa.,
was in town on business last week.

Mr. C. Bussler's father spent several
days here last week.

J. F. Pope visited Sylacauga and
Vincent last week.

W. S. Gwinn made a business trip to
Birmingham Friday.

J. H. Weldon made a business trip
to Anniston Tuesday.

J. H. Roberson visited Calera Wed-
nesday.

J. L. Ray visited Columbiana Wed-
nesday.

Miss Clickler has returned to her
home in Oxford after a two week's
visit to relatives.

Mrs. J. F. Pope visited friends in
Harpersville Wednesday.

THE COLUMBIANA

MERCANTILE CO.

Begs to say to you that we have the following
lines in stock on which we will give you

Special Low Prices!

Nuns Veilings, Cashmeres,

Prints, Silks, Beaded Trimmings,

Satins, Table Linens, Towelings,

Hosiery, Sheetings, Shirts,ings,

Checks, Tickings, Cottonades,

Shoes, Veilings, Groceries, Hats,

Men's and Boys' Clothing,

Linings, Ribbons, Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

OUR PRICES ARE LOWER

Than you can buy same goods anywhere in the State.

Columbiana Mercantile Co.,

THE LEADERS OF LOW PRICES.

H. FOX, MANAGER.

Ed. Winn went to Columbiana Wed-
nesday.

W. R. Smith and E. Williamson
went to Columbiana Wednesday.

Messrs. Holland and O'Hara visited
Columbiana Wednesday.

Marvin Self left for Meridian, Miss.,
Wednesday, where he has secured a
position with the N. O. & N. E. rail-
road Co.

The serenade Wednesday night was
very much appreciated by all. The
songs were simply immense.

Mr. Milton, of Selma, attended the
funeral of his son here Saturday.

Buck Daniels says he is through
with the measles now, but is not
through "up the road."

Another ride was indulged in by
the young people of our town Sunday
afternoon.

Murder.—Found last Sunday morn-
ing by searching friends, one snow-
bird, supposed to have been killed by
the bird-thrashing party on Saturday
night. Girls, you should be careful
and set good examples before the boys,
as they seem to think what you do is
nothing but right.

J. W. Kytie, sawyer for J. C. Jack-
son & Sons, was severely ill last week,
consequently H. A. Jackson has had
the pleasure of filling his position.

Rev. Stewart, President of the Or-
phans' Home at Evergreen, Ala., de-
livered an excellent sermon at the
Baptist church last Sunday. The ser-
mon seemed to be enjoyed very much
by all those who were so fortunate as
to be present. He is a prominent man
in the homes of the orphans, and an
urgent man in the ministerial work.
We extend to him a hearty welcome
at any time it is convenient for him to
give us a call.

Nelly Bly, we wish you an immedi-
ate disposal of the horses advertised
by you last week, but we are a little
afraid they are "hard stock" under
conditions of the safe. We are not
certain as to who Nellie Bly is, but if
you are a girl we would make a special
offer to cast the highest bid.

The prayer-meeting services last
Wednesday evening were quite an im-
provement. Several questions were
given to the committee appointed to
answer them. All of which we expect
to hear answered at the next meeting,
which will be conducted by Mr. J. F.
Pope.

The program of the S. P. L. League
was very nicely disposed of. The de-
bate (subject mentioned two weeks be-
fore) was decided in favor of the pull
side of the question.

The society will meet Friday night,
March 13th, at John Milstead's.

The following program was arranged:
Recitation, n. n. n. Miss Laura Weldon
Song, n. n. n. Miss Kate Gwinn
News of Week, n. n. n. Oscar Tinney
Speech, n. n. n. W. R. Smith
Music, n. n. n. Miss Olive Densler
Criticism, n. n. n. W. S. Gwinn, Jr.

MY BOYHOOD DAYS.

How often do I think of the days of my youth,
And my loving playmates, so cheerful and so
true;

The place where I so well loved to play
In summer's long, beautiful shining day.

The old sand-bed by the side of the public
road,
In which I used to make play-houses for the
toads,
The fish in the laughing streamlets and brooks
I used to try to catch them with a pin for a
hook.

Away down on the farm, or riding on the lake
I would stay all the day until the eve was
growing late;
I would then hurry home with great stories to
tell
To my mother and my father who loved these so
well.

One day I was playing by the side of the road,
When a gentleman drove up and asked rather
boldly:

"Young fellow, whose boy you are I would
love to know,"
I said to him bravely I belong to my Ma.

I once told a falsehood I'll never forget;
The good promise I made I will never regret.
I prayed to my mother and father to forgive,
And I'd never tell another as long as I lived.

My first days of study was tremendous to me,
It seemed that I would never learn my A. B.
C's;

But day after day I struggled on pretty well
Till at last every word for "Baker," I could
spell.

When only six years of age I started to school
Not knowing the rules I was hard to control;
My teacher would scold and tattle me about
I then would decide to get up and go out.

I soon fell in love with the little pretty girls.
I thought I was as large as any man in the
world;
Although my years past would but only
number ten.

How foolish boys are if they only knew it
then.

The kiss from the small girls I use to get a few
And slip up behind the older ones and kiss
them too.

These pleasures are gone when a boy becomes
a man.
Oh, if I were only a little boy again.

BUTCH, JR.

Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than
make good all the advertising claimed for
them, the following four remedies have
reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's
New Discovery, for consumption, coughs
and colds, each bottle guaranteed—Elec-
tric Bitters, the great remedy for Liver,
Stomach and Kidneys. Bucklen's Arnica
Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's
New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All
these remedies are guaranteed to do just
what is claimed for them, and the dealer
whose name is attached herewith will be
glad to tell you more about them. Sold at
Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts,
bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fe-
ver sores, tetter, chapped hands, chil-
blains, corns, and all skin eruptions,
and positively cures piles, or no pay
required. It is guaranteed to give
perfect satisfaction or money refund-
ed. Price 25 cents per box. For sale
by Parker & Armstrong.

Notice of Election.

Notice is hereby given that an election will
be held in the court house, in the town of Col-
umbiana, Alabama, on Monday April 8, 1896,
for the purpose of electing a mayor and five
aldermen for said town of Columbiana.
W. B. BROWNE,
Mayor.

1895 VICTOR BICYCLES:—\$100.00



There are eight Victor Models for ladies and gentlemen, practically any height
frame furnished. Victors lead the cycling world. Send for catalogue.

OVERMAN WHEEL CO

Makers of Victor Bicycles and Athletic Goods.
BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO. DENVER. PORTLAND.
SAN FRANCISCO. PACIFIC COAST. LOS ANGELES.

HOOD MACHINE COMPANY,

J. A. HOOD and T. J. CALDWELL, Proprietors;

Cor. 1st Avenue and 15th Street,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Repairers of LOCOMOTIVES, BOILERS and MACHINERY of all Kinds.

Saw Mill Work a Specialty.

Special agents for Decatur Car Wheel Co. We fit up wheels and axles
of every description. Gear wheels cut with perfect accuracy from solid cast
ing. We buy and sell second hand engines, boilers, etc.

GORDON * DuBOSE,

BANKER,

COLUMBIANA ALA.

Conducts a general banking business on a
safe, yet progressive policy.

Best of Facilities Offered to Customers.

Deposits received upon liberal terms. No
pains spared to accommodate customers.

Your patronage solicited.

THE CHRONICLE



BOOK AND JOB OFFICE

Has one of the most complete plants in Ala-
bama. We lead the procession when
it comes to artistic work, and
prices the very lowest.

I employ the best printers, keep the best
stock and ask the city firms no odds,
as my expenses are far less than theirs
and I give my customers the benefit
of the difference in low prices.

Samples of Work and Estimates Gladly Furnished.

Let me quote you prices on any class of work
you need. I make a specialty of pam-
phlet and book work.

Correspondence invited. Address

C. C. DuBOSE, Prop'r.

A FOOLISH MAN

Is he who declares he never
pays any attention to state-
ments made in newspaper ad-
vertisements. What other way
have I of attempting to con-
vince you that I can shoe your
horse in up-to-date style, and
at a price so moderate that you
will be ready with the cash the
moment the job is done.

Repair Work

a Specialty.

Nothing but good, honest work
turned out of my shop. Can
sharpen a plow while you wait.
In fact I do any and all kinds
of work that any blacksmith or
woodworkman is supposed to
do; and, further, I will appreci-
ate your patronage.

TRY ME ONCE FOR LUCK

W. W. ALBRIGHT,
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

COLUMBIANA, ALA

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

THE BEST WAY

—TO THE—

SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST,

NORTH AND NORTHWEST

—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through
MONTGOMERY, MOBILE AND NEW
ORLEANS.

Connecting for all points in

Texas and the West

Also running through to
NASHVILLE, EVANSVILLE, LOUISVILLE
CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS.

Connecting for all points in the

North and Northwest.

Before purchasing tickets to any point,
write the agent of the Louisville & Nashville
railroad at Calera, or C. F. Atmore, C. F. A.,
Louisville, Ky.

Notice No. 16,973.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA.,
January 27, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the follow-
ing named settler has filed notice of his intention
to make final proof in support of his claim,
and that said proof will be made before the
Clerk of the Circuit Court of Shelby County,
Ala., on March 11, 1896, viz: Lennor B. Foust,
Homestead entry No. 24,709, for the south-east
quarter of section twenty-two, range 2 w.
He names the following witnesses to prove
his continuous residence upon and cultivation
of said land, viz: William B. Payne,
James W. Roach, John E. Roach, Cornelius
B. Horton, all of Longview, Ala.
J. H. PURCELL,
Register.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.

In Chancery, Sixth District, North-Eastern

Scrofula

Infests the blood of humanity. It appears in various forms, but is forced to yield to Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies and vitalizes the blood and cures all such diseases. Read this:

"In September, 1894, I made a misstep and injured my ankle. Very soon afterwards,

A Sore

two inches across formed and in walking I sprained my ankle. The sore became worse; I could not put my boot on and I thought I should have to give up at every step. I could not get any relief and had to stop work. I read of a cure of a similar case by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and concluded to try it. Before I had taken all of two bottles the sore had healed and the swelling had gone down. My

Foot

is now well and I have been greatly benefited otherwise. I have increased in weight and am in better health. I cannot say enough in praise of Hood's Sarsaparilla." Mrs. H. BLAKE, South Berwick, Maine.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Hood's Purifier. All druggists \$1. Prepared only by C. L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills the best family cathartic and liver stimulant. 25c.

This is the **CUPID** hair pin. It has a double set of spiral curves and will not slip out of the hair. It is made by Richardson & DeLong Bros., manufacturers of the famous DeLONG HOOK and EYE.

DRESSMAKERS FIND THE ONLY ORIGINAL DESIGNS PUBLISHED In This Country L'Art de La Mode. And all the most reliable information on the question of dress. Order of your Newsdealer or send 25 Cents for the last Number.

THE MORSE-BROUGHTON CO., 3 East 19th Street, New York.

THE AEROMOTOR CO. does half the world's business, because it has reduced the cost of wind power to 1/10 what it was. It has many branch houses, and supplies its goods and repairs at your door. It can and does furnish a better article for less money than others. It makes Pumping and Hoisting, Galvanized Steel, Galvanized Sheet, Completion Windmills, Tilting and Fixed Steel Towers, Steel and Iron Frames, Steel Feed Outlets and Feed Outlets. On application it will name one of these articles that it will furnish until you are satisfied. It also makes Tanks and Pumps of all kinds. Send for catalogue. Factory: 1216, Rockwell and Fillmore Streets, Chicago.

THE LONG AND THE SHORT OF IT.

RENDERING THE POPULAR VERDICT IN FAVOR OF **OLD NORTH STATE.**

THERE IS NONE JUST AS GOOD.

DO YOU SMOKE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE DEALER? OR FOR YOUR OWN COMFORT AND PLEASURE? IF FOR THE LATTER, YOU ARE ENTITLED TO THE VERY BEST TOBACCO YOUR MONEY WILL BUY. THERE IS NONE 'JUST AS GOOD' AS **OLD NORTH STATE**. THEREFORE: DEMAND IT AND TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

OUT OF THE ORDINARY.

A woman life insurance is doing a thriving business in and about Nebo, Ky.

A bald eagle, with a big steel trap hanging to one of its legs, flew over Licking, Ky., a few days ago.

Hovessville, Ky., the county seat of Hancock county, has no Hebrew residents, and there is only one Hebrew in the county.

A woman's rights club has been organized in St. Joseph, Mo., and arrangements have been made for putting in a billiard table and a woman barber.

"In honor of a young lady visiting the town" a very successful dog fight was given in Swampville, Ky., the other day, according to a local paper.

A farmer in South Gray, Me., says he has a hen that is 22 years old, who can yet scratch a good living and care for a brood of chickens.

A man was put in charge of the officials of the county asylum in Kennebec county, Me., the other day on the sole ground that he was "ignorant." Just how ignorant he was the commitment papers did not state; they only said he was "ignorant."

A Lewiston (Me.) man found a gold ring in the street the other day. When he got home his wife bewailed to him the loss of her ring, which had somehow slipped from her finger in the course of the morning. The ring the husband found proved to be the one his wife had lost.

Last Christmas a San Francisco newspaper gave a silver cup to every child born on the Pacific coast on that day. The offer was made until some three weeks before Christmas. The Ledger, of Mexico, Mo., now announces that it will give a silver cup to every child born in the country next Christmas week.

ABOUT EYES.

Dreaming of an adversary signifies that you are to overcome obstacles which are in your way.

Many specimens of worms and the larvae of insects are not provided with eyes. Their habitation being in the earth, eyes to them would be useless.

It seldom happens that both eyes are exactly alike. An examination with a magnifying glass usually discovers many differences between the two.

When the under arch of the upper eyelid is a perfect semicircle it is indicative of goodness, but also of timidity, sometimes approaching cowardice.

Scientists who have made a study of the eye say that a flash of light lasting 40-1,000,000,000ths of a second is quite sufficient for distinct vision.

The eye which when open presents a long acute angle to the nose invariably indicates comprehensive understanding and great intelligence in its possessor.

M. Jules Cambon, at present governor-general of Algeria, has accepted the position of editor in chief of the Journal des Debats, which has now become an evening paper.

Stop, Thief!

Stop a small malady, which is stealing your strength, before it outruns your power to arrest it and recover what it took from you. The safest and promptest recuperator of wasting vitality is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which renews vigor, flesh and nerve quidity because it restores activity to those functions whose interruption interferes with general health. Use the Bitters for dyspepsia, indigestion, rheumatic and kidney complaints and biliousness.

"You are the only doctor who advises me to stay at home. All the others say I ought to go to a winter resort." "I suppose they have all the patients they want."—Flegende Blätter.

Do you dare you to taunt me with my born deformity?—Byron.

C. A. C.

CERTAIN CURE

PRICE 50 CENTS A BOX. BEST IN THE WORLD.

For sale at Druggist or Sent Free on receipt of note by **CERTAIN CURE CO.**, Evansville, Ind.

QUAINT AND "PECURIOUS."

Homely Character Sketches from the Rocky Creek Settlement.

Uncle Silas Crosses the Last Ditch—Mart Mayo, the "Most Ablest" Liar—The Best in His Shop—Two Dollars for a Fly.

If it ever comes to pass that you brought run short on material for poets and preachers and philosophers and politicians—all you have got to do is to back your cart down into Rocky Creek, and load up with it.

And then, when you are in the place—plain, old-fashioned, American people, who worship God, and love their country, and serve their day and generation as they blame please—I will back the Rocky Creek settlement against the whole entire discovered world, and land my money as easy as pickin' it up in the big road.

Over the Last Ditch.

Old man Silas Gillum—Uncle Silas, as most everybody was wont to call him—was dead and gone now, but he was a man that had some quaint and peculiar ways of his own. In a general way he was a mighty good man, a good neighbor and a good citizen. He had come down from a long line of God-fearing, debt-paying, dram-drinking, democratic people. He had lived and moved and had his washin done in the same settlement somethin better than 80 years, and no man, livin or dead, ever had anything serious in his touchin Uncle Silas, exceptin that he was rather precocious and dead set on his ways.

But there was one particular pint in that good old man's life which I put in to tell you about. Every year the Lord sent for more than 90 years Uncle Silas had dug a ditch and cleared up a new ground. That was always the first thing with him right after Christmas. They tell me that when he was young and in his prime he used to sometimes pitch in and clear up whole acres of land, but inaybe dig a ditch half a mile long at one spell. But in his old days he got so he would whittle his work down considerable. Sometimes he would take in just a little skirt of new grass and dig a little ditch somewhere about the place. He always had more open land than he needed on the farm, you understand. But that was only one of them peculiar ways that Uncle Silas had. He had went on clearin a little and ditchin a little every year for sixty odd years, and consequently he was dead set in that way. And after Christmas he use to say he never could feel plum natural and right till he tended to his regular business.

Two or three weeks ago it so come to pass that I went by the Gillum place, and I took notice that Uncle Silas was still doin business at the old stand. Down in the woods paster he had cleared up a little new ground, not much bigger than a garden spot, and out in the orchard he had dug a little ditch to dreene the water into the big road.

It wouldnt be no ways strange to me if that good old man had made his last clearin and dug his last ditch, says I to myself as I rid on towards home. And then about the next news I got from Uncle Silas a funeral was goin on over to his house. He had crossed over the last ditch and went to the other land of light and sunshine and flowers.

The Best in His Shop.

But now when it comes to quaint and peculiar ways, old man Mart Mayo is the gonebyest most strangerest card in the whole pack. Mart is a natural-born liar. Sometimes it raley seems to me like he couldn't tell the truth with a dead rest.

And the maldest wonderment to me is that Mart knows he is a liar and don't even try to lie out of that. When you cuss catch him at it and pin him down in a close corner he will own up to it like a man. Every now and then he will pass a good resolution with himself, and swear by the livin and the dead that he is going to quit lyin. But he don't take out and quit, and sometimes I doubt right serious if he can quit.

If it ever comes to pass that you nought cross Murder creek bridge down on the old Jackson Trail road you will remember a man by the name of Mart Mayo, and the way in which he got the best of Andy Lucas. Old man Mart was goin to town one day, ridin his mule in a sweepin gallop, and down there at the bridge he met up with Andy Lucas and two of the Stribblin boys.

"We have just been talkin about you, Mart, as the slickest and most ablesst liar in the settlement," says Andy when Mart rid up, "and now we want you to give us the very best one in your shop." "Taint no time for givin now, boys," says Mart, "and as for you, Andy Lucas, you would better make your horse swap ends and burn the wind for home. Your wife has fell in a fit and she is now at the pint of death. I am now goin after the doctor."

With that Mart he struck off towards town in a gallop, whilst Andy he wheeled his horse like a top, put the spurs to him and lit out for home. It was nine miles from there to the Lucas place and Andy rid his horse at such a fast and furious lick till he was well-used and stove up henceforward for ever. And by gracious, when Andy got home his wife was out in the garden pickin vegetables for dinner, sound and well as ever and singin "Mollie Put the Kettle On" at the top of her voice.

Well, naturally of course Andy he was mad then. He was so foaminn mad till he borrowed a horse and went right on to town and wanted to work up a fight with Mart Mayo. "You can't throw no blame on me for that, Andy," says old man Mart. "You brung on the trouble yourself, which I can prove it by the Stribblin boys. You loved I was the most ablesst liar in the settlement, which everybody knows that without any tellin from you, and I didn't deny it. Then you wanted me to give you the best one in my shop, and I give it to you prompt and cheerful as I could."

He Used Up Henry Clay.

"It's no use in talkin, Rufe, I'm gwine to quit lyin," says old man Mart to me the next time I saw him after

he sent Andy Lucas back home in such a tremendous big hurry. "Lyin don't do me no particular good, Rufe, and it might make do somethin harm. I have now told my last lie and took out and quit. You can set that down in your notebook, and if I don't stand up to it I hope I will never live to vote another democratic ticket."

"Did I ever tell you about the time I wiped the earth up with Henry Clay in a political argyfication?" says Mart, in the very next breath. "It was back there in Georgy, Rufe, and in my young days, when I was a whole team and the dog under the wagon and a tar bucket throwed in for good measure. And in regards to politics, I wore the bell and toted the spurs over any man that trod shoe there in them parts."

"You will recollect, Rufe, that Henry Clay was then the biggest man among the whigs, and he had come down into our beat to make a speech and hold a big political rallimention which at that time all the whigs in the settlement could set on the butt out of one log and hit not full. Most everybody in that country—even to the women and children—was Andy Jackson democrats, and at the meetin that day it was left for me to rise the democratic end of the chink. And by the shades of Washington, when I got through with Henry there went so much as a greasy spot to tell where he had stood. I smote him under the fifth rib, and I basted him gwine and a comin, till he just naturally had to give up the fight, and quit. But the bustin went on so thick and so regular—hot stuff and a heap of it—till finally at last, by hokeys, he had to mount his nag and leave the grounds."

"The next day I got a letter from Henry, in which he told me if I would but only quit the democratic party and vote over on the right side he would put me through for vice president in the followin campaign. But in respondin back with my answer I writ and told him I would not leave the old family lick log for all the fat jobs in the New Nited States."

So after that it is my private opinion that Mart Mayo will keep on tellin lies until a tombstone takes the job off of his hands. As a great and gifted liar he can now beat the finest tombstone in creation.

The Poor Old Lady Was Dead.

And then there is my side partner, Andy Lucas—he is likewise also one of them quaint and precocious kind of men. He is a right tolerable good judge of horses and corn whiskey ("white rik," as he calls it), but outside that I raley don't think Andy knows anything for certain.

Once upon a time me and Rufe Serregins and Andy Lucas went up to the state convention, and we tarried round about there till the next Sunday. To the general wonderment of me and Rufe Andy went to church three times in three different places that day—morbin etwihn 24 1/2 hours. And from the way he tells it, it would seem like he heard the same preacher preach the same sermon every time, which he took his text from along there in the good Book where you read abilit Simon Peter's wife's mother bein sick abed with a fever.

On our return back home the next day we took a boat and come down to the river. It also come to pass that the same big preacher which Andy Lucas had heard preach the same sermon at three different places the day before, was leavin towh by the same boat. About the time the vote was fixin to pull out there was a tremendous ringin of bells goin on around town.

"What in creation are they ringin all them bells for?" says the preacher to the general crowd.

"I reckon they must be havin a big funeral for Simon Peter's wife's mother," put Andy Lucas, as serious and innocent as you please. "I heard three times yesterday that she was sick abed with a high fever, and by this time no doubt the poor old lady must be dead."

Two Dollars for a Fly.

Everybody don't know why it is that Andy Lucas never did wade in very deep in regards to the church and religion. But me and him have always been as thick as thieves at a circus, and he has told me a heap of things "jest between us gals," as he is wont to put it.

"Way back there in my young and gallin days, you understand, Rufe, I come down high gittin forever weaned off from tendin church," says Andy to me, in tellin of the story. "It was in the heat and burden of summer time and the weather was scoundious hot. A big distracted meetin was goin on over at Dark Log, and on Sunday I climbed into my storebought clothes and went to church with Miss Pinky Ann Newtton. Well, Miss Pinky she was dressed clean out of sight that day, and I was puttin on a whole nassle of dog myself. After the sermon the preacher he called for money."

"All them that will give five dollars for the good work raise up your hands," says he, and he pulled three or four of the amen corner brethren to that extent.

"Now, all of them that are willin to put two dollars out at interest on the Lord's side, please raise your hands," says he.

"Now, mind you, Rufe, me and Miss Pinky Ann had waded in tolerable close to the amen corner in ornament to see and be seen. And about that time a blamed old fly lit on my nose and tickled so I couldn't stand it. Somethin jest naturally had to be did, and when I raised my hand to bresh off the fly the preacher thandered the Lord and slapped me down for two dollars."

"And do you know, Rufe, he sized my pile to a nat's heel? I had two dollars, smooth and even, in halves and quarters, and I had put it down there in my flanks where it would rattle as I walked, and by gatlines he cleaned me up. You know good and well I didn't have no money to put out at interest, but there I was, weedin of a wide row with Miss Pinky Ann, and everybody lookin at us, and I couldn't see no way to snake out. So I went down into my pocket, rich and reckless like, and settled up like a man, which at the same time it was like payin taxes or sheddin eye teeth. Henceforward after that I have always took a back seat in church, where I can bresh the flies off without buyin 'em at the rate of two dollars a head."

May the God of the hopeless and the helpless bless these quaint and peculiar people. The world needs them in its business.

Sciatic Rheumatism and Its Cure.

From the Gazette, Burlington, Iowa.

The story of Mr. Tabor's nearly fatal attack of sciatic rheumatism is familiar to his large circle of acquaintances, but for the benefit of others and those similarly afflicted The Gazette has investigated the matter for publication. Mr. Tabor is Secretary and Treasurer for the Commercial Printing Company, with offices in the Hedge Block and resides at 417 Basset Street, Burlington, Ia. A Gazette man sought an interview with Mr. Tabor at his place of business to-day, and, although he was busily engaged with imperative duties, he talked freely and feelingly in the subject of his recent severe sickness and subsequent wonderful cure.

"Yes," said Mr. Tabor, "I can safely say that I am well, that is, my old trouble with rheumatism has entirely disappeared, but I am still taking Pink Pills and will keep on taking them as long as I continue to grow stronger and healthier, and I have been every day since I began to use them. You will not wonder at my profound faith in the merits of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People after you have heard what I have to tell you. About one year ago I was stricken suddenly with sciatic rheumatism and was confined to my bed. It grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all the buttocks. Which that horrible disease is capable of inflicting. At length under the constant care of a local physician I was enabled to return to my work, but only to find that I grew worse and rapidly assumed the form of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered constant and acute pains in all

LAWYERS QUIBBLING

To Prevent the Extradition of Pearl Bryan's Slayers,

APPARENTLY OBLIVIOUS OF THE FACT

That Lawyers' Quibbles to Protect a Murderer Led to a Most Sanguinary and Costly Struggle in Cincinnati a Few Years Ago.

CINCINNATI, March 7.—Jackson, handcuffed to Sheriff Archibald, and Walling, walking free by the side of Criminal Bailiff Bowman, were taken before Judge Buchwalter at 9 a. m. in the first legal brush for their custody between their attorneys and the state of Kentucky. Jackson sat in the jury box looking in an absent-minded manner out of the windows, while Walling, who is the more communicative, talked with several friends, as he laughed and stroked a scant beard. Attorney Ermon, who will make the principal fight for the defense, came in early, while the commonwealth's attorney, Lockhart, and Nelson for Kentucky, also Attorneys Shepard and Andrews, for the prisoners, followed.

The trial room was carefully guarded. Attorney Shepard, for Walling, disclosed the plan agreed on for the defense. He asked that the men be tried separately. This would permit the man whose trial is delayed to learn the evidence against the first man. The court said he would hear the legal discussion in either case. This at once shut out the idea of forcing an explanation of the defense.

Col. Nelson read to the court all the papers involved in the extradition process which is directed to Scott Jackson.

Sheriff Plummer was called to prove his commission, to identify himself and Jackson as well, all of which he did.

Attorney Ermon then took him in hand and endeavored to show that Plummer, before Gov. Bushnell, failed to prove to the latter that he had actual personal knowledge of the facts set up in the indictment, and that, moreover, Gov. Bushnell, in allowing the warrant to go out under these circumstances, abused his discretionary power.

The court at once ruled that the record evidence so far introduced is competent for all purposes.

Ermon again asked leave to continue the court that the papers are insufficient, but at the court's suggestion he delayed the matter. While Jackson was being identified he looked squarely into Sheriff Plummer's face without a quiver.

Ermon again sought to break in on the papers by showing that Plummer was not accompanied by any witnesses, but Nelson objected and stood on the record, which seems to have the proper affidavit attached. The court sustained the objection.

During the argument the court remarked that the strength of the argument for defense was that the certificate of indictment simply states a belief. This ground is at least debatable, and the question is: Are these men fugitives from justice whose identity should be established by evidence.

Judge Buchwalter overruled the motion to dismiss the prisoners. Walling and Jackson turned pale after the court's statements, and the counsel said they had no other arguments to offer. The court said: "If I send the men to Kentucky, what will you do?" Counsel said: "File suits in habeas corpus."

CAPT. MAURICE HEANY,

One of Capt. Jamieson's Right-Hand Men, Arrives at New York.

New York, March 7.—Capt. Maurice Heany, the American who was a member of Dr. Jamieson's staff and participated in the latter's infamous raid on the Boers in South Africa in December, arrived here Friday on the steamship St. Louis. He is the first of that famous band to reach this country. The captain was met aboard the steamship by a representative of the United Press. In reply to a question as to his connection with the Johannesburg raid, Capt. Heany said: "I don't care to discuss the matter at all. I have not been well during the voyage and prefer to be left to pass on quietly. I have been married but recently, and myself and wife do not wish to stir up, or in any way discuss the events which have occurred during the past few months. It would be folly for me to talk upon the subject. I am sorry for Jamieson and the other boys, for they seem to be in a ticklish mess."

Capt. Heany comes to this country, it is understood, to place himself under the protection of the American government. It is believed that President Kruger of the South Africa Republic will demand the captain's return on a charge of treason, but the request is not likely to be granted.

New General Manager for the B. & O. BALTIMORE, Md., March 7.—General Manager R. B. Campbell of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad has resigned and Wm. M. Greene, general manager of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad, has been appointed to the position.

British Imports and Exports. LONDON, March 7.—The returns issued by the board of trade for February show that during the month there was an increase of \$7,340,000 in imports, and of \$3,710,000 in exports as compared with those of the corresponding month last year.

Lumber Plant Burned. CINCINNATI, March 7.—The Tennessee Lumber Co.'s plant at Sixth and Front streets was burned shortly before noon. Loss \$25,000; insurance \$11,000.

THE CHRONICLE.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

VOLUME X.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1896.

NUMBER 36.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

The Iowa senate laid the woman's suffrage joint resolution on the table. The Russian military agent to China asserts that the queen of Corea is alive.

The Honduran minister of war has gone with troops to assist President Zelaya of Nicaragua.

Andrew Worton, the gypsy who killed his wife at St. Louis, is held for murder in the first degree.

Senator Shelby M. Cullom has openly announced his candidacy for the republican presidential nomination.

James Pollard was convicted of the murder of Joseph Irwin at St. Joseph, Mo., and his punishment assessed at death.

The time limit fixed by Great Britain for Venezuela to pay the Uruan indemnity has expired, and Venezuela refuses to pay.

Ex-Gov. John Young Brown will be a candidate for United States senator if the present Kentucky legislature fails to elect.

The senate public lands committee will recommend the passage of the Arizona leasing bill over the president's veto.

The warship Newark has been called in from the South Atlantic station to join Admiral Buncce's squadron in Hampton roads.

Will Purvis, the whitecap under sentence of death, who escaped from jail last December, surrendered to the sheriff at Paris, Miss.

Fully 5,000 people thronged the St. Louis Exposition music hall Friday night to hear Eugene V. Debs' lecture on the labor problem.

August Nogel has been arrested at St. Joseph, Mo., charged with having caused the death of Miss Laura Boone by a criminal operation.

Halsey Pence, a lad 11 years old, was fatally mangled by a Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis train at Joplin, Mo., Friday evening while stealing a ride.

A letter from Santiago de Cuba, dated February 22, says the ravages of smallpox in Manzanillo are causing much alarm. Many soldiers have died.

The students of Yale university, by the decisive vote of 460 to 16, decided in favor of allowing the crew to go to England to take part in the Henley regatta in June.

Senator Vest has unearthed a section of the constitution which makes it incumbent on congress to present all concurrent resolutions to the president for approval.

Benjamin P. Clement, a member of the firm of Clement & Melvin, furnace builders and roofers, St. Louis, committed suicide Friday by taking arsenical poison.

Edward Howard, switchman at Franklin Junction, Mo., in coupling cars, Friday, fell on the track and was run over by the train, which cut off both legs and one arm.

In the suit of Miss Bertha Baker, of Leroy, Ill., against Charles Johnson, of the same place, for damages for breach of promise, the jury, at Bloomington, awarded the complainant \$2,500. Miss Baker sued for \$5,000.

A dispatch from Rome says King Humbert has declared that he would rather abdicate the throne of Italy than abandon the Italian province of Erythra, the scene of the recent battle, in Africa.

Philip J. Harper, the retired senior member of the publishing firm of Harper Bros., of New York city, died at his residence in Hempstead, L. I., Friday, of a complication of heart and kidney troubles.

BLACKBURN WINS.

Senator J. S. C. Blackburn Re-Elected at Frankfort, Ky.

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 7.—Senator Blackburn has just been re-elected United States senator.

Amid cheers Populist Poor voted for Blackburn at the joint session to-day. On the ballot Poor voted for Pettit, but after it was completed, and before the result was announced, he arose and changed his vote to Blackburn.

Wild cheering ensued, and in rapid succession Messrs. Stephenson, Noe, Salyer, Baird, Elliston, Daugherty, Smith and Swinford rose and changed their votes to Blackburn. The Blackburn people were wild. Edgington, the other populist, had already voted for them.

A DEVILISH DEED.

Footpads Assault and Rob a Young Farmer and Place His Senseless Body on the Track.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., March 7.—Frank Frick, a young farmer, while returning home from this city Friday night, was assaulted by two men when on a steep grade on the Big Four railroad, and robbed of \$40. The footpads then placed his body across the track. In this position he was found by a passing neighbor, just in time to remove the body before the Knickerbocker passenger train passed by for Cincinnati. The footpads have not been apprehended.

Leaves all to His Wife.

ASHESVILLE, N. C., March 7.—Edgar Wilson Nye's will has been admitted to probate. It is very short, being written on two sheets of note paper in his own handwriting, signed, sealed and properly witnessed. He leaves everything to his wife in fee simple.

Fire in Philadelphia. PHILADELPHIA, March 7.—A fire, which originated on the fourth floor of the building Nos. 139 and 141 North Seventh street, in the bookbinding of Henry Daniels & Bro., caused a loss of \$30,000.

Dropped Dead.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—J. M. Housman, of Delaware, messenger in the office of the solicitor of the treasury, dropped dead at the Fifteenth street entrance of the treasury department.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

(First Session.) HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Mr. Pitney (rep., N. J.) presented from the committee on appropriations the senate joint resolution authorizing the secretary of the treasury to distribute the medals and diplomas awarded at the Columbian exposition and appropriating \$15,000 therefor, and it was agreed to.

House bill to incorporate the grand lodge of masons for Indian Territory was passed.

Mr. Wadsworth (rep., N. Y.) reported the agricultural appropriation bill from the committee on agriculture with a recommendation that certain amendments made by the senate be concurred in, and that the remainder be non-concurred in and that a conference be called.

The house, after discussion, then voted non-concurrence in the amendments, Messrs. Wadsworth, Warner and Williams being named as managers on the part of the house.

The house then, in committee of the whole, resumed consideration of the post office appropriation bill.

BRADSTREET'S REVIEW.

Brighter Prospects for Business Appeared During the Week.

New York, March 7.—Bradstreet's weekly review says:

General trade began the week relatively less favorably, but with the change from high winds and cold to milder weather, increased purchases and brighter prospects for business have appeared. Unfavorable conditions previously reported are continuing, but they are numerous, and those pointing to improvement.

Conspicuous among them is continued depression in the woolen and cotton goods manufacturing industries. Trade with manufacturers in those lines is very dull. Some cotton mills running half time. Iron and steel have had an unsatisfactory demand and prices of billets and southern pig are shaded. There are also reductions in quotations for cotton, print cloths, petroleum and hides, and for wheat, Indian corn and oats. Mercantile collections are generally unsatisfactory, notably at Chicago, where there are more complaints than for a year.

Exports of wheat (four included as wheat) from both coasts of the United States this week amount to 2,077,000 bushels, against 2,203,000 last week, 3,757,000 in the first week of March, 1895, 2,815,000 bushels in the corresponding week in 1894, 2,894,000 in 1893, and as compared with 3,754,000 in the like week of 1892. Exports of Indian corn are 2,775,000 this week, against 3,138,000 bushels last week, 1,947,000 bushels two years ago, and 679,000 bushels in the like week of 1893.

Business failures throughout the country number 270 this week, against 271 last week, thus indicating that the improvement shown for nearly a month. The total in the corresponding week a year ago was 252, in the like week in 1894 it was 322, and in 1893, 221.

THE BRITISH BLUE BOOK

On the Venezuelan Question Various Comments Upon.

LONDON, March 7.—The Manchester Guardian, commenting on the Venezuelan blue book, says: "The report will require much expert explanation. It is evident that the British case is strong, and there is, therefore, more reason for submitting it to a suitable body, perhaps the American boundary commission, with some additions."

The Westminster Gazette says the contents of the blue book do not preclude negotiations upon the subjects of the dispute.

The Pall Mall Gazette makes no comments.

The St. James Gazette says: The historical and geographical claim is the strongest possible, but we decline ourselves if we suppose that settlement has been virtually reported by the publication of these elaborate and exhaustive blue books.

The Globe says: Though the British case has thus been brought into court, it is a profound mistake to assume that it will be submitted formally or informally to the American government. Great Britain has never recognized any American tribunal and jurisdiction whatever in the matter, and never will.

A SENSATION IN COURT.

Judge Henry an Advocate of the Shotgun in Defense of the Family Heir.

MASSACHUSETTS, March 7.—As the Phillips divorce case terminated in the circuit court in this city the spectators were astonished to hear Judge W. J. Henry, a venerable and conservative jurist, reprove the defendant, Ballingat Phillips, for not using a gun to defend his honor.

Thereupon the plaintiff, Mrs. Nettie B. Phillips, fainted and was carried from the room.

The case has been replete with disgusting testimony from the witnesses. The defendant, Ballingat Phillips, was shown to be the injured party, and was given the decree.

THE BROCKWAY GANG

Of Forgers Sentenced to Various Terms at Trenton, N. J.

TRENTON, N. J., March 7.—Wm. E. Brockway, Abbie L. Smith and Wm. E. Wagner, the counterfeiters, were arraigned for sentence before Judge Green of the federal court. Brockway was sentenced to 10 years in state prison and to pay a fine of \$1,000. Mrs. Smith was sent to the Essex county penitentiary for four years and will have to pay a fine of \$250. Wagner received the lightest sentence, owing to the fact that the jury had recommended him to the mercy of the court. His sentence was one year in the Hudson county penitentiary and a fine of \$100.

FIRE AT COLUMBUS, O.

The Columbus Phatton Co. and Others Involved in the Ruin.

COLUMBUS, O., March 7.—The buildings formerly occupied by the Pioneer Buggy Co. on West Broad street are in ruins. The loss on the buildings is about \$30,000. They are insured for \$10,150, including that on boilers. The Columbus Phatton Co. places its loss at \$13,500, with \$10,000 insurance. The Columbus Paint Co. loses \$7,000; insurance, \$4,000. A. L. Reynolds loses \$1,000; no insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown. W. F. Burdell owned the building.

Given a Medal of Honor.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Orville T. Chamberlain, formerly captain of Company C, Forty-seventh Indiana infantry, who went through a galling fire to procure ammunition for his company at the battle of Chickamauga, has been granted a medal of honor by the president for "most distinguished gallantry."

SENATOR CHANDLER

Poking Up Senatorial Extravagance with a Sharp Stick

IN THE SHAPE OF STARTLING FIGURES.

Four Employees to Each Senator, With a Salary List Greater Than the Salary and Mileage Accounts of the Senators.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—In support of his resolution looking to the retrenchment of expenditures in the senate, Senator Chandler has sent a letter to Chairman Pritchard of the committee on civil service and retrenchment, and Senator Jones, chairman of the committee on contingent expenses of the senate, in which he calls attention to the many extravagant expenditures of the body he now seeks to have investigated.

Senator Chandler accompanies his letter with a table of facts from which he draws some very interesting conclusions. He shows that the total number of employees of the senate aggregates 353, among whom are 121 clerks, 57 messengers, 52 laborers, 23 pages, 18 folders and 15 policemen. The other departments are much smaller, there being, for instance, seven mail carriers, eight watchmen, five conductors of elevators, four messengers, acting as assistant doorkeepers, four assistant engineers, five firemen, etc.

The total expenditures of the senate, less the salaries and mileage of senators, which amounts to about \$180,000 annually, has ranged from \$477,332 in 1887 to \$699,189 in 1891. This year there was a reduction to \$648,201. The total increase in all expenditures has been \$118,092, and the total decrease \$917,124, leaving a net increase of \$200,968.

It will be seen by these figures," Mr. Chandler says, "that there are about four employees to each of the 99 senators. Indeed, the policemen and there still remain 338 persons engaged in attendance upon senators. It must be manifest to you upon the briefest possible consideration given to the subject that the force is excessive and extravagant. Deduct from the 121 clerks the 90 secretaries of senators and there remain 31 clerks. These might not be in excess if it were not for the large additional force described in the list. What are 37 messengers and 52 laborers doing? It can not be possible that they are all usefully employed, giving full service for the money received by them."

Mr. Chandler then proceeds to compare the pay-roll of the senate employees with the expenses of the military academy at West Point. The bill carries an appropriation of \$302,439 for the pay-roll and current and ordinary expenses, including the salary of 315 cadets at \$40 a year. The naval academy bill carries an appropriation for like purposes of \$365,618. These expenses, Mr. Chandler says, include all the expenditures for the maintenance of the schools, except the salaries of the military and naval officers on duty.

Continuing, he says: "Into the details of all the expenditures of the senate, which have grown so enormously, I have not been able to go. I have not deemed it necessary in order to justify me in pressing the resolution which I have offered; those details should be investigated by your two committees with a view to the dismissal of every surplus employee and the omission hereafter of every needless expenditure."

BOLD CHICAGO FOODPADS

Relieve James W. Sheridan, a Wealthy Brewer, of His Valuable Most Audacious.

CHICAGO, March 7.—One of the most remarkable holdups that has ever occurred in this city took place at seven o'clock Friday night on Ashland boulevard, the most aristocratic street on the west side. James W. Sheridan, a wealthy brewer, was relieved of a gold watch, about \$500 in cash and a pin valued at \$200.

The robbery was committed by three men, one of whom held a revolver against Sheridan's abdomen, while another pressed a gun against his side. The third man did the collecting. While the robbery was going on several of Sheridan's friends passed by and said: "Good evening, Mr. Sheridan." The victim, persuaded by the revolver which were held against his body, returned the salutation in a cheerful tone, and his friends, thinking that he was talking with the three men, went on their way and left Sheridan to be robbed. The robbery was committed on a busy street and under the glare of an electric lamp.

RAN OFF THE TRACK.

Three Ohio Southern Trainmen Badly Injured.

LIMA, O., March 7.—About 4 a. m. an east-bound train ran off the rails at the crossing over the Ohio Southern, about a mile east of the city. The engine was overturned and Brake-man Wm. Erwin, of Huntington, Ind., buried beneath it. He was held down for several hours before he was released, and his legs were badly crushed from the hips down. Fireman Jones was wedged between the tank and cars, and his right leg was badly mashed, while Engineer Horn was hurled through the cab window and escaped with a few injuries. The injured men all have families.

Given a Medal of Honor.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Orville T. Chamberlain, formerly captain of Company C, Forty-seventh Indiana infantry, who went through a galling fire to procure ammunition for his company at the battle of Chickamauga, has been granted a medal of honor by the president for "most distinguished gallantry."

SOUTHERN GLEANINGS.

Ex-Postmaster Sentenced for Arson.

Dave Sanders, until recently postmaster, farmer and merchant at Sardis, Ala., was recently sentenced to the state penitentiary for eight years. He was convicted of arson in the second degree in the city court at Selma a few days ago, and sentence was suspended to allow attorneys for the defendant an opportunity to argue a motion for a new trial, but they finally decided to appeal the case on exceptions already taken, and the execution of the sentence will be stayed until the case has been passed on by the supreme court. Sanders killed at one time three negroes in the public road, whom he said shot into his house as they rode by.

Management That Pays.

Years ago the state of Georgia incurred the bonds of the Northeastern railroad, running from Athens to Clayton, for \$287,000. Two years ago the company defaulted and threw the road back on the hands of the state, which in turn, failing to find a purchaser, had to operate it. From being a bankrupt road the last year's business shows that it has become a good paying property, under state management.

The other day it turned into the state treasury \$20,000 clear profit on the last half year's work, besides having largely increased the betterment.

Court Opened with Prayer.

When the circuit convened recently at St. Stephens, Ala., Attorney Samuel B. Browne moved that the proceedings be opened with a Bible reading. Judge W. S. Anderson responded that it would be appropriate and so granted the motion. Mr. Browne thereupon read in a clear voice from II. Peter. Circuit Solicitor Stewart Brooks then led fervently in prayer, while the assembly stood with bowed heads and responded "Amen" at the end.

Mexican War Veteran.

Capt. John Peek, one of Hartwell's (Ga.) oldest citizens, died the other morning. Capt. Peek was a soldier in the war with Mexico, organized a company from Madison county, N. C., and entered the confederate service in the late war. In the assault upon the bishop's palace in Monterey he was the second man to scale the heights.

Deadly Work with a Winchester.

In a desperate fight with regulators near Plant City, Fla., Bowen Sykes shot four men fatally and seriously wounded six others. Sykes received notice to leave the country, but instead of leaving he armed himself with a Winchester and awaited the coming of the regulators, with the above result.

Seaboard Connection.

The latest move in railroad circles is to give the Macon, Ga., a new line via Augusta, with an outlet by connection with the Seaboard Airline. The new line is to be composed of the Macon, Dublin & Savannah, the Wrightsville & Tennille, the Augusta Southern and the Port Royal & Western Carolina.

Presentment of Death.

John C. Herman, a once a merchant of Selma, Ala., dropped dead in Autauga county, 15 miles from Selma, the other day. He had a presentment of approaching death several months ago, and went about setting up his worldly affairs, and had about completed his task when death came.

Leader Disappears.

Rev. John Smith, a colored preacher who has led Atlanta (Ga.) darkies to believe that to-morrow they would ascend to heaven in a whirlwind, and many of whom he induced to sell all their household effects, has left the city and can not be found.

Sentenced to Death.

John Waldrop, colored, for the murder of Jasper Thornton, and Will Smith, colored, for the murder of Deputy Sheriff Arthur Woods, were sentenced to be hanged in the criminal court of Birmingham, Ala., the other day.

Alleged White Caps.

Nine citizens were arrested near Blountsville, Ala., on warrants sworn out by John Marshall, a young negro, who claims they were among 15 who whitecapped him and gave him a severe flogging with switches recently.

Charged with Embezzlement.

Mrs. Georgia P. Harris, stamp clerk in the post office at Memphis, Tenn., was arrested on a warrant sworn out by Post Office Inspector Little, charging her with embezzlement of \$3,000 of her office funds.

Purvis Surrenders.

Will Purvis, the notorious whitecap at Purvis, Miss., who was sentenced to be hanged last December and escaped the day before his execution, surrendered to the sheriff at Purvis the other day.

Convicted of Murder.

A verdict of murder in the first degree was returned by the jury at Jackson, Tenn., in the Hart Greene case for the killing of M. P. Mitchell at Whiteville.

Southern States Exposition.

The Southern States Exposition Co. was incorporated at Springfield, Ill., the other day, with \$100,000 capital.

D. P. Waring.

D. P. Waring, a prominent young business man of Columbus, Miss., died of pneumonia.

Dwelling and Contents Burned.

The house of James Radford, near Hopkinsville, Ky., with all contents and outbuildings, was burned the other night. Loss, \$8,000; insurance \$2,500.

Fell From a Train.

Andrew Moore, a well-to-do farmer of Hawkins county, Tenn., fell from a Southern railway train near Rogersville Junction, receiving fatal injuries.

Killed His Son.

At Wilde, Ky., near Richmond, Clinton Todd stabbed his son George, the boy dying in a few minutes. George was drunk and attacked his father,

NEW YORK DEMOCRACY

Getting Ready for the State and National Campaigns.

WHITNEY IS TAMMANY'S CANDIDATE

For the Presidential Nomination and Daniel S. Lamont for Governor—Some Want Flower Again—Talk of the St. Louis Convention.

New York, March 7.—It was reported in democratic circles Friday night that the Democratic state committee would meet the first week in April and call the democratic state convention for the election of delegates at large to the democratic national convention for the first second week in May.

County Clerk Henry D. Purroy expressed the unanimous opinion of Tammany when he said that, in his opinion, the man for the democrats to nominate for the presidency was Wm. C. Whitney.

"Mr. Whitney," said Mr. Purroy, "is the candidate of every sound money democrat in the state, and his popularity is as wide as the country. I believe that he would accept the nomination if it were the expressed wish of the convention, and if he does accept it I sincerely believe that he will be elected. I would not have said this a month ago, but now the chances of the democracy are improving every day, and I believe that with such a candidate as Mr. Whitney the result will be a democratic victory."

Some politicians want Roswell P. Flower to become the nominee for governor, while others think the situation presents an opportunity for Senator Hill to successfully seek vindication.

An active Cleveland man from Erie county is quoted as saying that he believed union in the party was nearer of accomplishment than at any time for years. His idea of it is that the conservative men shall be given the candidate for governor, Tammany Hall the candidate for lieutenant governor, and that an agreement shall be entered into that if the democrats carry the legislature by a large enough majority next fall to elect a United States senator David B. Elliot be re-elected without opposition.

The Tammany Hall men speak well of the candidacy of Wm. R. Grace for the gubernatorial nomination, and are also favorably disposed toward Perry Belmont. But the men of the Tammany senators and assemblymen in Albany must lean toward is Daniel S. Lamont, if he can be prevailed upon to run.

Republican presidential boom managers have made up their minds, in view of their experiences in Florida, Mississippi and Texas, that the committee on credentials at the St. Louis convention will virtually determine who the republican presidential nominee shall be. It is a foregone conclusion that there shall be contests in every state in the south, and the control of the credentials committee will be the main point of issue in the organization of the convention.

Florida, Mississippi, Louisiana and Arkansas have elected full sets of delegates, and from each of these states contesting delegations will be sent to the national convention.

The same game, it is said, will be played that resulted in Gen. Harrison's second nomination and his defeat. The delegations sent for McKinley will be contested by the Morton-Allison-Reed combination, and whenever the combination claims regularly the Ohio men will enter contests.

With this situation probable the prediction is made by conservative politicians that the St. Louis convention will not be permanently organized in less than a week from the time it is convened.

TURKISH DALLYING

With the Red Cross Representatives—Miss Barton Still Waiting.



JOE · M. · SPENCER.

THE ORIGINATOR AND LEADER OF LOW PRICES,

Presents to his readers this week this Mammoth advertisement instead of the little Bulletin of two weeks ago. My space was too small to tell you all I wanted to say of the good things I have in store for the wide-awake cash buyer.

Therefore I have adopted this method of getting my goods and prices before the people. Appreciating the hard times and scarcity of money I determined at the beginning to give the people goods at living prices. How well I have succeeded I leave for you to decide. Ever since I started in business, I have been in the lead of all others with

THE BEST GOODS FOR THE LEAST MONEY.

My would-be imitators are following in the rear, two or three years behind the procession, in fact some of them have just begun to realize that the war is over. My success from the start has been phenomenal, due simply to one fact,

EXTREMELY LOW PRICES!

I am getting the cream while the other fellows get skimmed milk. I have never sold so many goods at this season of the year. And why? Simply because I have upset old moss-covered trade laws. Instead of offering an accumulation of old RUBBISH AT WAR PRICES, I am selling

NEW, FRESH, CLEAN, BRIGHT AND STYLISH GOODS AT PRICES THAT SIMPLY PARALYZE THE OLD TIMERS.

AND HERE THEY ARE FOR THIS WEEK:

GROGERIES.	HARDWARE.	NOTIONS AND SHOES.
25 lbs best Rice for..... \$1 00	Best money plows \$1 85	Men's dress shirts - - - - 50c
20 lbs best White Sugar for 1 00	" double bit axes 90c	Ladies' fine hemstitched handkerchiefs - - - 5c
10 lbs best cream cheese for 1 00	" plow points 25c	Ladies' fast black seamless hose - - - 8c
5½ lbs best green coffee for..... 1 00	" steel plow blades, any shape 3½c	Men's fast black seamless double heal hose - - 8c
Best roasted coffee..... 19c lb	" plow stock..... 75c	Misses' fast black seamless hose - - - 5 to 8c
3 lbs good soda for..... 10c	" iron bound hames..... 25c	Men's fine fur hats for - - - - 50c
A good 50 cent tobacco for 30c	" long handle shovels 60c	Ladies' corsets, splendid goods - - - 25 to 50c
150 lb sack salt for..... 75c	" Scovill hoes 40 & 50	Pencil tablets - - - - 1c
Best New York seed Irish potatoes 25c peck or 75c a bushel	" steel wedges..... 25c	Ladies' best dongola button shoes - - - \$1 25
Onion sets 25c gal	" coffee mills..... 25c	Ladies best glove grain button shoes - - - \$1 00

MILLINERY.

In this department my stock is the Largest and Handsomest ever shown in this place. MISS FANNIE LONGSHORE, a lady of rare taste an extensive experience, has charge of this department, and it goes without saying that she can suit you in anything in that line. Remember, that in order to make low prices we exact the cash in every instance.

Every day I am adding new attractions to my already handsome and attractive stock. You will find my house brim full of bargains in every line, and at prices never before heard of. Some of the old croakers say I am selling goods for less than cost and that I am not doing a legitimate business. This I leave for you to decide, but one thing I will say, that I am not in business simply for my health. I am after the almighty dollar just as they are, and I intend to get it if LOW PRICES and FAIR DEALING count for anything. I am the only one who has displayed nerve enough to put his prices in cold type.

Thanking you for the very liberal patronage you have given me, and asking a continuance of the same,

I Am Yours to Please,

JOE M. SPENCER.

THE OBJECTIVE POINT

Of the Anglo-Egyptian Expedition Thought to Be Berber.

DIVERSION IN FAVOR OF THE ITALIANS.

Anxiety Felt at Cairo Over the Situation—An Advance Upon Dongola Ordered—An Object Lesson by King Menelek.

The Anglo-Egyptian Army's Objective.

LONDON, March 14.—It is the opinion in highly-informed military circles that the objective point of the Anglo-Egyptian expedition, mention of which was made in these dispatches this week, is not Dongola, but Berber. The government is interested in minimizing the importance of the enterprise, and will, doubtless, when explaining the matter to the house of commons, speak of the expedition as an Egyptian one, arising from the necessity of checking the projected advance of the Mahdists in Egypt. The object of the expedition is not the protection of Egypt, but is to make a diversion in favor of the Italians at Kassala. This seems to be the best possible line of action to assist Italy without drawing upon the British treasury, while at the same time, it will show indefinitely the demands for the British evacuation of Egypt.

The main cost of the expedition will fall upon the Egyptian treasury, which is now in a condition to bear a financial strain. The financial report shows for 1894 a revenue of £1,088,000 in excess of the expenditures. This is a most striking proof of the prosperity of the country under British administration. Fighting is certain. The mahdi has a large force at Dongola, and this will undoubtedly be formidably increased before the expedition has time to get within striking distance.

Anxiety Felt at Cairo.

LONDON, March 14.—A dispatch from Cairo to the Globe says that as the fast of Ramadan will end on March 15, it is probable that the dervishes will immediately thereafter advance northwards from Dongola. A great deal of anxiety is felt in Cairo over the situation, and the military were in conference all day Friday for the purpose of considering what steps should be taken.

Baron De Courcel, French ambassador to Great Britain, crossed the channel from Dover to Calais this afternoon on his way to Paris to report to his government the results of a prolonged interview which he had with Lord Salisbury Friday evening. It is believed that the conference had especial reference to Egypt.

Advance on Dongola Ordered.

CAIRO, March 14.—Orders have been given to advance upon Dongola without delay. The North Stafford regiment has been ordered to proceed to Wady Halfa, and a black Egyptian battalion is also about to start for that place.

An Object Lesson.

ROME, March 14.—Dispatches from Massowah say that King Menelek has reviewed his troops in the presence of Maj. Salsia, the Italian officer who went to the Abyssinian camp to obtain permission to bury the bodies of the Italians killed in the battle at Adowa. The dispatches say that 100,000 well-armed Abyssinian troops marched past in good order. King Menelek also showed Maj. Salsia his stores of ammunition and provisions.

A VALUABLE MAP

Just issued by the Naval Hydrographic Office.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The naval hydrographic office has issued a large chart in four colors showing the submarine cables of the world, with the principal connecting land lines of telegraph, and the coaling, docking and repairing stations throughout the globe. The latter feature is particularly elaborate by means of simple symbols showing the capacity of all the coaling stations as well as the extent of repairs possible in each and the docking facilities. The maps are said to be the most accurate and complete yet published.

Killed His Step-Daughter and Himself.

YONKERS, N. Y., March 14.—Shortly before 9 a. m. Alexander Nemeth, 37 years of age, a Hungarian, shot his step-daughter, 16 years old, through the heart and then shot himself. Both the girl and her murderer died almost instantly. Mrs. Nemeth, the Hungarian's wife, says that Nemeth made advances to her daughter.

Confessed to Stealing Mail Matter.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Chief Inspector Wheeler of the post office department has received dispatches announcing the arrest and confession of guilt of Susan Hammond, postmistress at Hubbell, Ky., as of Postal Clerk Fisher, at Winona, Minn., for stealing mail matter.

Dominick O'Grady Insane.

CINCINNATI, March 14.—Dominick O'Grady, the Roman Catholic priest who killed Mary Gilmartin two years ago, and who has been confined in the strong ward of the city hospital for several months, has been adjudged insane. He will be removed to Longview asylum.

Laid Aside His Coats.

EDINBURGH, March 14.—The court has granted a decree of divorce to Alexander Cross, M. P., for the Camellie division of Glasgow. His wife is a daughter of Coats, the great thread manufacturer. Mrs. Cross left her husband in 1891 and refused to return to him.

Sheddy Will Burned.

PHILADELPHIA, March 14.—The sheddy mill of Hitchen Bros., near Wistar station, was burned. Loss on building and machinery, \$8,000; partially insured.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

Thomas Cooney, of St. Louis, who turned in false fire alarm, was fined \$250.

The house, by a vote of 173 to 59, unseated Congressman G. A. Robbins, of Alabama.

The report that British troops will advance up the Nile to Dongola is officially confirmed.

Alexander Dyer, born in Tennessee, a well-known Cass county (Ill.) pioneer, died Friday, aged 85.

Chilton Monroe and J. M. Wiley are under arrest at Fort Worth, Tex., charged with arson.

The Italian cabinet has decided to pardon the Sicilian rebels of 1894, who were not guilty of homicide.

The lower house of Norway's parliament passed a resolution providing for recognition of a separate Norwegian flag.

Mrs. Elizabeth Cross, one of the oldest pioneers in Benton county, Ind., died at her home recently, aged 89 years.

The navy department has asked for \$3,500,000 to immediately place certain warships in first-class repair and condition.

Leon Reichlin was arrested at New York city for smuggling. His clothes and those of his baby were lined with watches.

Harry Harvey saved through the bars at the Hot Springs (Ark.) jail and tunneled through the wall, but was captured.

Frank Klein, a pugilist, was convicted, at Milwaukee, of manslaughter. He killed Louis Schmidt in May last in a prize fight.

Howard Gould's champion 20-rater sloop Niagara will try conclusions with English competitors during the coming season in British waters.

Brigadier French says the Salvation army is loyal to its general and that the resignation of Ballington Booth will not affect the organization.

Detectives have been employed to look for Naval Surgeon Henry Lamotte, who mysteriously disappeared from Brooklyn navy yard recently.

Ex-Gov. Fifer of Illinois, it is said, may reconsider his decision not to accept the appointment of Republican national committeeman from Illinois.

William Burton was placed in jail at Union City, Tenn., charged with burning Ben Templeton's barn. He was caught outright, and lynching may occur.

It is asserted that President Cleveland sent an army officer to Cuba some time ago and that reports on the situation from a military point are now being received.

The International Institute Workers' association, to include all farmers' institutes in the United States and Canada, was formed at Watertown, Wis., Friday.

Isaac Stout was instantly killed while sawing wood three miles northwest of Marshalltown, Ia. The fly-wheel of the engine burst, a piece striking him in the head.

Fire at Louisville, Ky., destroyed the dry goods store of E. B. Bugent, one of the oldest in the city. The loss on stock will be \$125,000, with from \$75,000 to \$300,000 insurance.

Dr. A. V. Burghill has blown up and terribly injured, in Chicago, while conducting an experiment in flash light photography. He lost both of his eyes and will lose both hands.

Moses Organ and Bill Ridley became involved in a difficulty at Union City, Tenn., over the hanging of some barn gates. Ridley struck Organ with a hammer upon the head, the wound proving fatal. Ridley escaped.

Gov. Morton of New York will not be a candidate for the republican nomination for the presidency unless an honest money plank is incorporated in the platform to be adopted by the state convention in New York on March 24.

BRADSTREET'S REVIEW.

Gross Railway Earnings the Favorable Feature of the Week.

NEW YORK, March 14.—Bradstreet's weekly review says:

The only conspicuously favorable feature of the general business situation is the report of February gross railway earnings throughout the country. Receipts of 126 companies last month were larger, with a single exception, than any previous month for more than three years. The February total for 1896 being \$24,484,000, a gain over that total last year of nearly 14 per cent. These results are due in part to better weather conditions, large grain traffic and the inclusion of one more business day.

General trade shows no marked change. Distribution of merchandise is most active for dry goods, hardware, shoes and millinery, paints, oils and heavy chemicals. Jobbers report spring trade of a waiting character, due to belated snowstorms and unusually cold weather. Collections, with few exceptions, are no better, and in many instances less satisfactory, which tends to retard the movement of merchandise.

Total exports of wheat (four included as wheat) from both coasts of the United States during the six business days ending March 12 amount to 2,401,000 bushels, against 2,400,000 last week, 2,791,000 bushels in the corresponding week last year, 3,225,000 in the second week of March, 1894, and as compared with 2,687,000 in the like week of 1893. Total exports of Indian corn in the same week amount to 1,768,000 bushels; a little more than 1,000,000 bushels less than in the previous week, and as compared with 882,000 bushels in the like week last year, and with 1,278,000 in the corresponding week of 1894.

Business in the United States this week fully maintains the rate of commercial embarrassments reported of late, with a total of 282 for six business days ending March 12, compared with 270 in the preceding week, 322 in the corresponding week one year ago, 231 in the second week of March, 1894; 221 in the corresponding week of 1893, and with 219 in the like week of 1892.

Donoghue Beaten Again.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—In the four-mile skating contest this afternoon at the ice palace between Howard Mosher, of Storm King, N. Y., Joe Donoghue and Charley Davidson, Mosher won in 13 minutes and 6 seconds. Donoghue was seconds and Davidson third.

Approved by the President.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The president has approved the joint resolutions granting the Cole county museum the use of certain rooms in the Jefferson City (Mo.) public building.

THROUGH THE BREAST.

Charles Wilson Shot and Instantly Killed by Spencer Bradshaw.

ST. LOUIS, March 14.—Charles Wilson, colored, was shot and almost instantly killed by Spencer Bradshaw, also colored, on the street, Friday night. Wilson was 17 years old. Bradshaw is 22. Bradshaw was standing on the corner when Wilson came running down the street. The men met and engaged in a brief dispute, when Bradshaw suddenly, and with out apparent cause, drew a revolver and shot Wilson in the left breast. He staggered a few feet and dropped dead.

Wilson and Bradshaw are supposed to have been on bad terms with one another for some time on account of family troubles.

Bradshaw was arrested charged with murder in the first degree.

THE GOULDS

Admit a Liability to Taxation on \$2,500,000 in New York City.

NEW YORK, March 14.—The supreme court having decided that the Gould family are not residents of this city, the \$10,000,000 levied on them has been taken from the tax books.

They have informed the tax commissioners, however, that they are willing to pay a tax on \$2,500,000 which, they allege, through their lawyers, is just, and they will be taxed accordingly.

The tax commissioners still hold to the view that the Goulds should be taxed on \$10,000,000.

A LAWYER SUSPENDED

For Attempting Subornation of Perjury in the Holmes Case.

PHILADELPHIA, March 14.—Wm. A. Shoemaker, one of the counsel for H. H. Holmes, the Pitzeel murderer, was to-day suspended by Judge Thayer for one year from practice before the courts of this county. Shoemaker was accused of attempting subornation of perjury in having a woman make false affidavits for the purpose of proving an alibi for Holmes. The scheme was exposed by District Attorney Graham during the Holmes' trial and created a sensation at the time.

AGAIN IN HAVANA PROVINCE.

The Insurgents Are Moving in Force Toward the Capital.

HAVANA, March 14.—The insurgents are again in the central portion of Havana province in force, and are moving westward to the neighborhood of the city of Havana. Col. Figueroa reports that Thursday morning he met a numerous band under Martinez and headed by the fourth of this county. They opened fire, but the troops stood firm.

Another report issued Friday says that Antonio Maceo has entered the province of Havana along the south coast.

HON. THOMAS H. NELSON.

Death of the Well Known Indiana Politician at Terre Haute.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., March 14.—Hon. Thomas H. Nelson died in this city at the age of 76 years. He was minister to Chili from 1861 to 1869, and President Grant appointed him minister to Mexico. He was always prominent in presidential campaigns as a public speaker, and several times headed the republican electoral ticket in this state. He was a brother of the celebrated "ball" Nelson, who was killed by Gen. Jeff Davis in Louisville, Ky., early in the late war.

SHEEP-KILLING DOGS.

Macon County (Mo.) Farmers Are Indignant at the Post.

MACON, Mo., March 14.—There is a great deal of indignation felt among the sheep raisers near Vienna, this county, over the great number of their muttons that have been killed by worthless dogs. They have lost nearly 150 sheep in this manner recently.

Charles N. Moody has lost 65, ten head of which were brought from Ohio, and valued at \$17,500 apiece. In a circular addressed to the owners of dogs the sheep raisers have protested against the keeping of dogs.

Will Investigate Dr. Carl Peters.

BERLIN, March 14.—The government has decided to make inquiry into the conduct of Dr. Carl Peters, the explorer, while he was in Africa. This action is being taken as the result of Friday's debate in the reichstag, when Dr. Peters was denounced as a murderer and his trial demanded upon that charge.

Tom O'Brien Gets a Life Sentence.

PARIS, March 14.—The trial of Tom O'Brien, the American, accused of the murder of "Kid" Waddell, another American swindler, last March, was ended, the jury bringing in a verdict of guilty without premeditation. The court sentenced O'Brien to imprisonment at hard labor for life.

Dividend Declared.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 14.—At the semi-annual meeting of the board of directors of the Pittsburgh, Youngstown & Ashtabula railroad (operated by the Pennsylvania company) held here, a semi-annual dividend of 3 1/2 per cent. was declared on both preferred and common stock.

Export Bounties Upon German Sugar.

BERLIN, March 14.—The reichstag committee having in charge the government sugar bill, by a vote of 12 to 9, fixed the export bounties upon raw sugar at four marks; upon candy sugars at four marks, and upon all other grades at three and a half marks.

The Krugersdorp Dead to be Reinterred.

LONDON, March 14.—Advices from the Transvaal announce the intention to exhume the bodies of the followers of Dr. Jameson, who were killed in the battle of Krugersdorp in the recent raid into the South African republic, and to reinter them in a cemetery.

Mark Twain Will Recover.

LONDON, March 14.—A dispatch from Bombay says that Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain), who is lying ill at Jersey, in the Bombay presidency, will recover, his condition not being as serious as first reported.

HER METAL TOO HEAVY.

Sea Trials of the Indiana's Batteries Not Satisfactory.

HER GUNS ARE NOT PROPERLY PLACED.

And Her Armament is Too Heavy—Her Sister Ship, the Massachusetts, Likely to Develop Defects of Similar Nature.

PHILADELPHIA, March 14.—A local paper has the following:

Private advices received in this city convey the information direct from officers of the new battleship Indiana that the result of the gun trials at sea of that big fighting machine have been disappointing and unsatisfactory. Her armament consists of four 13-inch guns, each 40 feet long and weighing 63 tons, mounted in pairs in two main turrets. Eight eight-inch guns are mounted in pairs in the four smaller turrets on the upper deck, four six-inch guns are mounted in pairs in the upper casemate amidships, with a secondary battery of 20 six-pounders and four one pounder rapid-fire guns and four Gatlings in the military tops. This forms the heaviest and most diversified armament ever placed on any vessel of like dimensions. Its weight is enormous, and the amount of metal thrown at one complete discharge of the main battery alone would be 6,680 pounds.

The result of her sea trial shows these guns are too big, and are not placed so as to be operated in action as designed. The two 13-inch guns and the four-inch guns mounted in turrets fore and aft were meant to shoot straight ahead or straight astern. But in trial it was impossible to shoot the eight-inch guns within more than 30 degrees of a straight line forward or aft without great danger to the men in the main turrets just beneath them. The discharge of the big guns in the upper turrets on the trial almost blew the head off a gunner's mate, who was in the sighting tower of the main turret.

It was found impossible, also, to operate the 13-inch guns in a broadside, because the discharge would unsettle if it did not entire wreck the upper turrets. When fired straight ahead on the trial trip the explosion caused the iron-battle hatches on the main deck to fly off and otherwise shook things up. The charge for one of these big guns varies from 475 to 525 pounds of hexagonal powder, and naval experts fear that the ship would cripple herself before she had been in action half an hour.

The same trouble will be encountered with the Massachusetts, the exact counterpart and sister ship of the Indiana, which will give an unofficial trial by her builders, starting next Tuesday.

ALBERT WALLACE

Hanged at Pekin, Ill., for the Murder of His Sister, Mrs. Bowler.

PEKIN, Ill., March 14.—Albert Wallace was hanged at 10:39 a. m. for the murder of his sister, Mrs. John Bowler. He was pronounced dead 11 minutes after the drop fell. He made no statement on the scaffold.

The murder was a foul one. Wallace, without any provocation, being of a moody, passionate disposition, cruelly shot down in death his sister and wounded three other persons, then gave himself up to the sheriff of Tazewell county. He was duly tried, adjudged guilty and sentenced to be hanged. The case was taken to the supreme court on a writ of error. A supersedeas was granted, but this tribunal, finding no material error in the record, except in that portion relating to the sentence, sent the case back for a re-sentence. This was pronounced, and the 14th day of March was fixed as the date of execution.

IMPORTS

Of Specie and General Merchandise at the Port of New York.

NEW YORK, March 14.—The imports of specie at New York for the week were \$141,600, of which \$42,983 were gold and \$98,705 silver. For the same week of 1895 the imports were \$1,270,639. The imports exclusive of specie were \$9,435,853, of which \$2,877,582 were dry goods and \$6,558,271 general merchandise. Last year during the same week the imports were \$12,221,549 of which \$3,867,116 were dry goods and \$8,354,433 general merchandise.

HE WAS BLIND.

Death of Ex-Gov. Flanders of Louisiana, Aged Eighty.

NEW ORLEANS, March 14.—Ex-Gov. B. Flanders of Louisiana died near this city Friday, aged 80. He was a native of Bristol, N. H., and came to New Orleans in 1845. He was appointed mayor of New Orleans in 1870, and elected in 1872, and was appointed assistant United States treasurer by Gen. Grant in 1873. Mr. Flanders became blind some years ago, and gave up politics entirely, retiring to his farm where he lived.

Addison L. Griffin Died at Sea.

NEW YORK, March 14.—Mr. Addison L. Griffin, the general agent in the United States of the Carnegie Steel & Iron Co., died suddenly of heart disease last Tuesday aboard the North German Lloyd steamship Fulda, while on his return home from a trip through Europe. His body has reached this city.

Hotel Ampersand Sold.

MALONE, N. Y., March 14.—The Hotel Ampersand, at Saranac Lake, one of the most magnificent houses in the Adirondacks, was sold on a mortgage foreclosure in this village Friday. The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York bid in the property at \$70,000.

SOUTHERN CLEANINGS.

Novel Damage Suit in Arkansas.

Three suits were filed in the circuit court at Hot Springs, Ark., the other day, against the Hot Springs Street Railway Co., which involve a somewhat novel question of law. The complainants allege that on January 31, 1895, a fire broke out in the house of George Gover, on Gaines avenue, and the fire department connected a line of hose from near the end of Malvern avenue and threw water on the fire. It is alleged that a street car negligently run over the hose and cut it, thus shutting off the water supply and causing the fire to spread and destroy the dwelling house formerly the residence of John Vaccaro and its contents. D. W. Bryant, the owner of the house, sues for the amount of loss over and above the amount paid by two insurance companies, and the Insurance Company of North America and the Arkansas Fire Insurance Co. sue for reimbursement for the amounts paid under their policies.

Murdered His Chum.

Arthur Hayne, member of a well-known family of Atlanta, Ga., has been indicted for the murder of his friend, William Spinks. The tragedy is rather peculiar, in that the principals had been lifelong friends, and had never before had a serious difference. They were playmates and comrades together. Eight years ago, when both were youths, Arthur Hayne killed a man while fighting a battle for his friend, Will Spinks. Both Hayne and Spinks were arrested. Hayne was tried on a charge of murder, and was acquitted, while Spinks was released on his own cognizance, and his case never came to trial.

After this affair the boys became closer friends than ever. Each was rather of a wild disposition, and their tastes ran in the same channel. Seven days ago they met, when Hayne, getting angry at some remark of Spinks', stabbed him, from which he died.

Treasure Trove.

Green Hartley, a young farmer near Fort Valley, Ga., plowed up a rock in the field and beneath it he found an old earthen pot containing \$18,000 in coin. In addition to the coin, the jar contained a lot of greenbacks, which, however, were so badly damaged that nothing can be done with them. Young Hartley was told by someone that half of the money, so long as it had been found, belonged to the government, and he therefore took the whole amount to the county treasury at Fort Valley and placed it on deposit there. The discovery has created a decided sensation, and hundreds flocked there to go over the scene and see if there was not something else of the kind to be found. It is understood that the former owners of the property will lay claim to the gold.

Bad Fire at Mobile.

Mobile, Ala., had a \$100,000 fire the other day, involving the loss of the greater part of 2,680 bales of cotton. The flames broke out in a cotton shed of the Mobile & Ohio Railroad Co., soon taking in the long quano warehouse and elevator on the same wharf, which was destroyed. In the slip next to the wharf was the British steamship Corso, known to have on board 24,000 pounds of giant powder and 300 barrels of petroleum, and there was energetic work on the part of the steam tugs to get the steamer out of the slip.

"Railroad Bill" Killed.

"Railroad Bill," the desperate negro, who for three years has terrorized the train hands on the Louisville & Nashville road, was killed at Atmore, near Brewton, Ala., by J. S. McGowan, Joseph and J. R. Johns, deputy sheriffs. He walked into a country store, was recognized and shot down without ceremony. A reward of several thousand dollars was offered for his capture dead or alive.

Split Open His Brother's Head.

Thomas Quattlebaum, 14 years old, killed his brother near Burch, Ala. The boys were out in the woods chopping cordwood. In some manner the younger of the two slipped and fell in the way of his brother, who was using the ax. The blade of the tool struck the boy in the head, splitting the skull entirely open. He managed to run a few yards, when he fell and soon expired.

Dying Woman's Child Devoured.

Mrs. Odon, a farmer's wife, in the western part of Geneva county, Ala., was burning some trash when a spark ignited her skirt and burned her fatally. While she lay suffering physical agonies, she was forced to witness three hogs devour her two-months-old baby, which she had placed on the ground while she worked.

Will Pay Dollar for Dollar.

James B. Pace, the millionaire president of the Planters' national bank of Richmond, Va., who made an assignment several months ago, will pay every dollar of his debt, and have a comfortable fortune left.

After Many Years.

A. W. Walters, aged 50, was arrested at Provenca, Natchitoches parish, La., for a killing committed in Texas 21 years ago. He had resided in Natchitoches and Saline parishes most of the time since the killing.

Left a Splendid Record.

Hon. S. P. Simpson, aged 63, died at his home in San Antonio, Tex. Deceased was a prominent member of the Texas bar, and leaves a splendid record.

New College President.

Prof. W. H. Morton, of Franklin, Ky., has been chosen president of Elizabeth Aull seminary of Lexington, Ky., succeeding Prof. T. P. Walton.

Twelve Years for Murder.

For stabbing Henry Baker, an old man, through the heart, Jim D. Nottingham was given 12 years in the penitentiary, at Clarksville, Tenn.

Drove an Ax Into His Abdomen.

Near Clay City, near Richmond, Ky., Boone Bringer was assaulted by Bud White with a club. Bringer drove an ax into White's abdomen.

PISTOLS AND KNIVES.

A Resolution to Exclude Them From the Kentucky Legislature.

THE EXPECTED STAMPEDE TO CARLISLE

Failed to Materialize and the Result Was Another Fruitless Ballot for United States Senator—Can They Vote Tuesday?

Another Fruitless Effort.

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 14.—In the house Mr. Nance offered a resolution reciting that human life was more important than the election of a United States senator, and as it was reported that pistols and knives were being brought into the chamber, the sergeant-at-arms should be instructed to search both males and females before they were allowed on the floor. It was referred to the committee on military affairs.

Sheriff Armstrong had another consultation with the governor. After coming out of the executive office Mr. Armstrong said the governor asked him to take a squad of militia to the capitol. He told the governor that he preferred a posse of citizens. The governor also wanted him to clear the cloakrooms, but he declined to do so.

The governor proceeded to write out an order, but before the sheriff had arrived at the capitol, which was again in charge of the police, the senate cloakroom crowd had gone over to the house to witness the joint session.

There were 135 present at the joint session. The republicans demanded the reading of the journal, and seemed to be playing for delay.

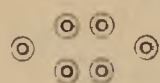
The delay policy seemed abandoned when the sheriff and posse arrived. The republicans again refrained from voting.

The democrats voted as usual until Haywood was reached, and he began making a speech, changing from Blackburn to Carlisle. The republicans held a hurried consultation and began to vote. All the senators were called except James and Walton. The house roll was then called.

A stampede to Carlisle had been expected, but it failed to come. The ballot resulted: Boyle, 63; Blackburn, 51; Carlisle, 14; Buckner, 1; Pettit, 1.



JOE · M. · SPENCER.



THE ORIGINATOR AND LEADER OF LOW PRICES,

Presents to his readers this week this Mammoth advertisement instead of the little Bulletin of two weeks ago. My space was too small to tell you all I wanted to say of the good things I have in store for the wide-awake cash buyer.

Therefore I have adopted this method of getting my goods and prices before the people. Appreciating the hard times and scarcity of money I determined at the beginning to give the people goods at living prices. How well I have succeeded I leave for you to decide. Ever since I started in business, I have been in the lead of all others with

THE BEST GOODS FOR THE LEAST MONEY.

My would-be imitators are following in the rear, two or three years behind the procession, in fact some of them have just begun to realize that the war is over. My success from the start has been phenomenal, due simply to one fact,

EXTREMELY LOW PRICES!

I am getting the cream while the other fellows get skimmed milk. I have never sold so many goods at this season of the year. And why? Simply because I have upset old moss-covered trade laws. Instead of offering an accumulation of old RUBBISH AT WAR PRICES, I am selling

NEW, FRESH, CLEAN, BRIGHT AND STYLISH GOODS AT PRICES THAT SIMPLY PARALYZE THE OLD TIMERS.

AND HERE THEY ARE FOR THIS WEEK:

GROCERIES.	HARDWARE.	NOTIONS AND SHOES.
25 lbs best Rice for..... \$1 00	Best poney plows \$1 85	Men's dress shirts - - - - - 50c
20 lbs best White Sugar for 1 00	" double bit axes 90c	Ladies' fine hemstitched handkerchiefs - - - 5c
10 lbs best cream cheese for 1 00	" plow points 25c	Ladies' fast black seamless hose - - - 8c
5½ lbs best green coffee for..... 1 00	" steel plow blades, any shape 3½c	Men's fast black seamless double heal hose - - 8c
Best roasted coffee..... 19c lb	" plow stock..... 75c	Misses' fast black seamless hose - - - 5 to 8c
3 lbs good soda for..... 10c	" iron bound hames..... 25c	Men's fine fur hats for - - - - - 50c
A good 50 cent tobacco for 30c	" long handle shovels 60c	Ladies' corsets, splendid goods - - - 25 to 50c
150 lb sack salt for..... 75c	" Scovill hoes 40 & 50	Pencil tablets - - - - - 1c
Best New York seed Irish potatoes 25c peck or 75c a bushel	" steel wedges..... 25c	Ladies' best dongola button shoes - - - \$1 25
Onion sets 25c gal	" coffee mills..... 25c	Ladies best glove grain button shoes - - - \$1 00

— MILLINERY. —

In this department my stock is the Largest and Handsomest ever shown in this place. MISS FANNIE LONGSHORE, a lady of rare taste and extensive experience, has charge of this department, and it goes without saying that she can suit you in anything in that line. Remember, that in order to make low prices we exact the cash in every instance.

Every day I am adding new attractions to my already handsome and attractive stock. You will find my house brim full of bargains in every line, and at prices never before heard of. Some of the old croakers say I am selling goods for less than cost and that I am not doing a legitimate business. This I leave for you to decide, but one thing I will say, that I am not in business simply for my health. I am after the almighty dollar just as they are, and I intend to get it if LOW PRICES and FAIR DEALING count for anything. I am the only one who has displayed nerve enough to put his prices in cold type.

Thanking you for the very liberal patronage you have given me, and asking a continuance of the same,

I Am Yours to Please,

JOE M. SPENCER.

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, MARCH 19, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year.....\$1.00
One copy six months..... .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce W. A. Hammond, a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of W. L. Davis authorize The Chronicle to announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the county democratic convention.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. H. Hammond as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

Miss Earl Anchors returned Saturday from a visit to relatives in Blocton.

Mrs. Robert Carter, of Shelby, spent Saturday with her sister, Mrs. I. D. Mason.

Mrs. Augusta Wilson, of Montevallo, was a guest of J. L. Peters' family last week.

Hon. Cecil Browne and S. J. Bowie, of Talladega, were in town Monday and Tuesday.

Miss Bessie Nimmo, of Wilsonville, was a guest of her friend, Miss T. Hammond, Tuesday.

Chancery court was in session Monday and Tuesday, presided over by Hon. R. B. Kelley, of Anniston.

Earnest Avery and Jim Walker, of Shelby, came up Sunday afternoon to attend the Endeavor meeting.

A pretty line of ladies', misses' and children's hats just received.

COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE CO.

Rev. F. P. Culver, of Anniston, was in town last week in the interest of his father, I. F. Culver, of Union Springs, who is a candidate for commissioner of agriculture.

The many friends of Mrs. George Mason, will regret to learn of her illness. We hope she may soon recover. Mrs. Mason is one of the oldest ladies, having passed her 82nd birthday.

Dr. J. S. Hill will leave tomorrow for Courtland to visit his family, but will return next Wednesday, March 21st. He will bring his wife back with him to spend a few weeks here. A cordial welcome awaits her.

The Woman's Missionary Society will have a memorial service next Sunday evening in the Methodist church here. An interesting program has been prepared for the occasion. All cordially invited to attend.

The negroes of this place held a mass meeting Monday evening, and decided to put out a full municipal ticket composed entirely of colored men. Here it is: For mayor, R. M. Bird; for aldermen, J. R. White, E. R. Nelson, I. D. Mason, J. H. Page and W. W. Albright. Joe Miller and Robert McAdoo.

Refus Sanders will deliver a lecture in this place Tuesday evening next. An admission fee of 25 cents will be charged, and the proceeds will be given to the Baptists of Calera to aid them in re-building their house of worship. We hope he will have a large audience. He will make you laugh at least a dollar's worth, and only charge 25 cents.

We hope our correspondents will bear patiently with us while our space is so restricted. We appreciate their efforts to help and all the news of the county, and we would gladly publish every communication sent us but we cannot at present. Soon the rush will subside, then we will give our newsgatherers the consideration they deserve.

J. H. Hammond announces this week his candidacy for re-election to the office of tax assessor of Shelby county. Mr. Hammond has made a most excellent record as an officer one of the very best ever had. He has served his constituents faithfully in the past and we have every reason to believe he would render even better service if chosen again.

G. W. Ellis, for many years chief clerk in the state auditor's office, is a candidate for state treasurer, and was here this week to acquaint our people with that fact. The editor of this paper has had considerable business with Mr. Ellis while he was in the auditor's office, and we were never treated with more fairness, courtesy and consideration by any one.

G. M. McCarty, of near Harpersville, was a pleasant caller in our office Tuesday. He said that the farmers in his community were in a decidedly better condition financially than they had been since the war. Instead of having to buy corn and meat this year, quite a number had these necessities to sell. This encourages us to hope that they will profit by past experience, and that we are now beginning an era of permanent prosperity.

Remember that the city election will be held on Monday, April 6th. Let all friends of the public schools of Columbiana, white and colored, be sure to come in and vote for the school ticket, as follows: For mayor, W. R. Browne; for aldermen, J. R. White, E. R. Nelson, I. D. Mason, J. H. Page and W. W. Albright. This ticket was brought out by a number signed by about sixty white men and forty colored men.

Below we give the ticket which all supporters of our schools are asked to support. Every man on the ticket is an earnest, able, enthusiastic friend of Columbiana and her free schools, both white and colored, and is well selected and placed before the people for this reason, and without regard to politics. If you believe in education, and want first class schools here, the following gentlemen are cordially recommended: For mayor, Hon. W. R. Browne; for aldermen, J. R. White, E. R. Nelson, I. D. Mason, J. H. Page and W. W. Albright.

A popular mass meeting (composed of seven men) was held last Saturday night in the Advocate office, and they decided to put out the following municipal ticket: For mayor, A. P. Longshore; for aldermen, Dr. H. I. Williams, W. A. Tillam, J. T. Barnett, A. W. Strickland and T. W. Timney. However, Dr. H. I. Williams and J. T. Barnett promptly repudiated the nomination, and requested the mayor in writing not to print their names on the official ballot; therefore the names of these two gentlemen, they having declined to serve on the popular ticket, will not appear on the official ballot.

Southern Baptist Convention, Chattanooga, Tennessee—Reduced Rates Via Southern Railway.

For the occasion of the Southern Baptist Convention, which will convene at Chattanooga, Tenn., and that of the annual meeting of the Southern railway will sell tickets to Chattanooga, Tenn., and return, at rate of one dollar first class fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold May 8th, to 8th, inclusive, good to return fifteen days from date of sale, but limit on tickets may be extended allowing fifteen days additional time, provided they are deposited with joint agent at Chattanooga, on or before May 14, 1896. Call on any agent of the Southern railway for further information.

Reunion United Confederate Veterans, Richmond, Va.—Reduced Rates Via Southern Railway.

For the occasion of the sixth Annual Reunion of the United Confederate Veterans, which occurs at Richmond, Va., June 30-July 2, 1896, Southern railway will sell tickets to Richmond, Va., and return, at very low rates. The dates of sale and limits will be announced later. Call on any Southern railway agent for further information.

Honor Roll Fourth Week in February.

Margaret Browne, Bertie Barnett, Kate D. Boser, Lullaga Longshore, Julia Liles, Lily May Liles, Ethel Millstead, Pauline Nelson, Lillian Nelson, Lizzie Sinnott, Minnie Walton Willie Albright, Chester Browne, Pettit Cruce, Herman Greck, Willie Hollifield, Houston Longshore, A. P. Longshore, Grover Liles, Joe Page, Hirschler Spencer.

M. A. LILES, Teacher.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

Tobacco Culture in Alabama.

To the farmers of Shelby county.

My two acres of tobacco which I wrote of in the Shelby Sentinel was a success; not so good for play, but excellent for cigars. The culture of tobacco will add materially to the prosperity of the farmers when they learn to give it careful and proper attention. This is a good latitude, and the soil seems to be adapted, yet there are two things in the way, lack of experience, and the advantage of a home market. Doubtless you would be pleased to know how I mean to dispose of my last year's crop, realized enough tobacco to make about two thousand dollars' worth of cigars, therefore I will proceed at once to manufacture it into the same. My desire is to do something for myself and county, and my efforts will be crowned with success, if you will accept my proposition.

My proposition is: Will furnish seed and instructive text of culture, will establish manufacturing plant and buy your tobacco. You say that you would try this new industry and I am anxious about it. Please allow me to say, that you will never learn or accomplish anything until you first make an effort.

Now, you say: Yes, but the worm will destroy my crop. I learned last year, by hard study and close observation, to completely destroy the sphinx, the parent of the horn worm. Tobacco growers can have the advantage of my discovery in any time if desired. My advice to all who are willing to try this new industry is to give me more than one acre; that will give you an opportunity to find out whether or not tobacco will pay. I feel safe in saying tobacco culture will pay better than cotton.

The price of cotton for 1888 in the United States was 8 cents per pound, per acre \$3.20. With tobacco for the same year, 8 cents per pound; per acre, \$16.25. At present we have sixteen tobacco growing states in the United States. I was raised in one of our leading tobacco states, Virginia. I have been in Alabama nine years, have been advocating this industry for the last nine years. There is a prejudice here, but few farmers realizing any benefit of this vast amount of money. I have enough tobacco seed for distribution free of charge to supply Shelby county. If you order by mail, please enclose a 2-cent stamp. Order at once and get them sowed in this month. My home and postoffice is Columbiana, Ala. I will risk five or six acres; will you risk one? The culture and postoffice of tobacco will not only satisfy all local demands, but open up a large and profitable export trade. I hope that this writing may be of some benefit to all whom it may concern.

I am very truly yours,
M. McCARTHERY.

Wilsonville Waifs.

J. W. Baker, of Kynulga, Ala., was in town Monday.

Col. W. T. Smith was called to Birmingham, on business, Monday.

J. F. Pope visited Columbiana Tuesday.

A. A. Daniel is visiting relatives in Calera and Selma.

Miss Janie Wallace, of Harpersville, spent several days with Misses Miller and Baker.

H. H. Stoudennire visited Birmingham Monday.

Miss Bessie Nimmo returned from Alpine Friday.

W. K. Kilpatrick made a business trip to Woodlawn Friday.

C. Butler made a business trip to Birmingham Friday.

Jeff Liles, of Columbiana, is visiting relatives here.

W. Smith visited Talladega Sunday.

Quite a crowd of young people attended services at Chapel Sunday.

"Jakes," we advise you not to stake all your money on Johnston for governor, unless you wish the enrollment at the pollhouse to be increased by your presence.

E. Williamson is very easily entertained. While a young lady was addressing him in accents mild and sweet, he went to sleep and fell to the floor. We say he went to sleep, it is possible that she spoke something to him which caused him to faint away.

J. D. Ligan, of Heflin, Ala., is visiting his daughter, Mrs. I. D. Montgomery of this city. He will probably make this his permanent home.

While at the literary society last Friday night, there was all at once a little band of seven or eight deeply interested in something on the opposite side of the room to that of the general crowd. We who were unconcerned at first, began to want to know what the attraction was that seemed to be so exciting. We thus began to enquire and by a thorough investigation found that Bud Edwards was in the centre of the little band trying to prove to them that he was growing a mustache.

H. A. Nelson, who to Columbiana last Saturday either on business or his own, or for his younger brother. This we do know, his brother gave him assistance while he was getting on the train, and began questioning him as soon as he stepped off the train coming back.

P. W. Terry, of Montgomery, Ala., (Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Agency) was in our city a few days last week. He seemingly has taken a great liking to our town and more especially our society (young ladies of course). We think he is a well polished gentleman and we cheerfully invite him to our city socially, and trust that he may be able to do some more business.

Oh, did you see that? Dr. Pope, let us insist on your keeping in before the public. We are proud of our energetic merchant, and present to him our best wishes for his continued speedy prosperity in the future.

John Weldon and sister, Mattie, are witnessed "in the home of the wise" once more. But we are sorry to see Miss Mattie's absence from our society on account of a case of measles. They will return to Howard college as soon as they are physically able.

We thank our editor for not publishing the poem last issue as we do not consider it a very appropriate time for spring poems when all nature is feeling winter's cold and chilly blasts.

According to the editor's statement last week, The Chronicle is growing. And we are glad it's a girl, as girls are like the chronicle, always in demand.

Agricola, deal a nifty go for Johnston, and if it does it will go in the sun, as that's where Johnston will be.

The S. P. L. League met last Friday night, March 27th. We added to the present officers of the society a finance committee for the purpose of finding those who fail to do their duty when called upon to do any part of the programme. The members of this committee are as follows: W. J. Timney, chairman; Miss Georgia Pope, Miss Lullaga Boser. We trust that this will cause each and every one who is called upon to respond cheerfully, (as have been hundreds) with but very few exceptions.

spring.
The foot of spring is on yon blue topped mountain.
Leaving green prints 'neath the spreading Her voice is heard beside each swelling fountain.
Giving sweet tones to it's wild melody.

From the warm South she brings many roses, To greet with smiles the eye of grief and care;
Her halcyon breath on the worn brow reposes, Her rich gifts are scattered everywhere.

In the low dale the snow white daisy springeth,
The blue-eyed violet nestling by it's side;
The sweet hior a daisy fringes the dale,
To the breeze that wanders far and wide.

The hyacinth and dogwood blossom tender, From their deep hearts an offering of love;
From their sunny smiles a sweet tender, Their language to the skies above.

Near the clear brook little brown sparrows, Are building their nests in vine clad bowers,
While o'er them fall the willow's yellow arrows, Displing the water with mimic showers.

Items from Lewis.

Mrs. Hargrave, of the Mt. Olive settlement, is spending several days in this community. Miss Dixie Dyke, of Mt. Olive, spent Saturday and Sunday with Miss Mattie Boser.

Elder S. S. Crumpton preached very interesting sermons at L. Riddle's Saturday and Sunday.

Messrs. Finley and Dykes, of Mt. Olive, spent Saturday and Sunday in this community, taking in the meeting.

The singing at J. L. Riddle's Saturday night was enjoyed by all who attended.

Benjamin Wilsonville will get on the top round yet, as she has a rifle ball dodger.

E. L. H. paid Childersburg a flying visit Thursday.

Rob Moore, of Ebenezer, Ala., has been spending a few days in this community, taking in the meeting.

Miss Bertie Downs, of Harpersville, after several weeks' stay in this community, has returned home, much to the regret of some of our young men.

Gone to Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Lyon, on the 8th inst., a boy.

Gov. Jackson is quite sick, but we hope for him a speedy recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Jones, of Mt. Olive, spent Saturday and Sunday in this community.

William Jackson, Sr., of Chambers county, is spending a few days with his son, Seaborn.

Misses Florence and Lelia Adams spent Sunday at Poor Mills.

Nemo.

CASORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Fitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Fitcher and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of Dr. H. Fitcher is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE BRICK STORE, Wilsonville, Ala.

Having moved into our new quarters, we want to say to the public generally that we have the most complete line of general merchandise ever offered to the people of Shelby county. Well posted people know that

DRY GOODS HAVE DECLINED SHARPLY.

Our stock was bought since the drop in prices, and we propose to give you the benefit of our gain in buying late. Our line of Calicoes, Ginghams, Crepons, Dress Percals, Dimities, Organ-dies, Printed Piques, Brilliants, etc., can't be surpassed in beauty. Ladies especially invited to see this line.

A Few Eye-Openers:

50 pieces American Shirting prints 41c per yard.
50 pieces standard prints 4c yard.
Big line dress Percals 81c, 36 inches wide.

See our line of India Linens, Dotted Swiss, Nainsooks, etc. They are beauties.
Table Damask—red, brown, white—elegant designs 15c and up.
Ladies summer vests 5c and up. A big line.

Window Shades, good quality on patent rollers, 35c.
Scrim, beautiful patterns, gold leaf drapery.

Clothing. A complete line of Gents' and Boys' clothing, spring and summer weights. Alpacs in regular and extra lengths.

Shoes.

The largest and cheapest stock of Ladies', Misses', Gents', Boys' and Children's Shoes in Shelby county. For the little folks a handsome line of Strap Sandals, black and tan. For the young ladies, the prettiest line of Low Cuts ever offered.
Shoes for all ages.

Millinery.

We have the prettiest line to be found—the latest shapes, bought of up-to-date LEADERS in this line.

Groceries Lots of them—choice goods, but they must go, so down go the prices to keep them on the move. Hustle they must for there are more coming to take their places.

HOW'S THIS—4 lbs Plug Tobacco \$1.00

Farming Implements Big stock, more coming. Give them a chance and they will turn over the earth. We can supply you now, but, remember, we sell goods, didn't buy them to keep.

Yours to Serve.

J. F. POPE, WILSONVILLE, ALA.

Did You Ever A Household Treasure.

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results follow its use; that he would not be without it if procurable. G. A. Dykeman, Druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy that he has used in his family for twenty years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles free at Parker & Armstrong Drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

THE COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE CO.

We are glad to say to you that our stock is now complete, except our line of Millinery Goods, the receiving of which we will give you notice in a few days. We are proud to say that we thank the people of Columbiana and surrounding country for their very liberal patronage extended to us, and assure you that we hope to merit a continuance of the same by honest and fair dealings, and our well known low prices. We use to enumerate what we carry in stock. We have everything needed in the Dry Goods, Grocery, Shoe, Clothing or Notion line, from the cheapest to the best; and anything you may want which we don't carry in stock, let us know we will get it. We want our store to be the ideal trading place of the country.

Columbiana Mercantile Co., THE LEADERS OF LOW PRICES. H. FOX, MANAGER.

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES,

Silks, Satins, Chally, Dimities, Henriettas, Nuns Veiling, and Lawns,

And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnishings We're Headquarters as Usual.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS

Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00. Wishing every body success, we beg to remain, Yours Respectfully,

THE RACKET STORE, SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Propr's.

A FOOLISH MAN

Is he who declares he never pays any attention to state-ments made in newspaper advertisements. What other way have I of attempting to convince you that I can shoe your horse in up-to-date style, and at a price so moderate that you will be sorry to let the cash the moment the job is done.

Repair Work a Specialty.

Nothing but good, honest work turned out of my shop. Can sharpen a plow while you wait. In fact I do any and all kinds of work that any blacksmith or woodworkman is supposed to do; and, further, I will appreciate your patronage.

TRY ME ONCE FOR LUCK

W. W. ALBRIGHT, COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.

W. F. THETFORD, JR., ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWNE, J. T. LEEPER, BROWNE & LEEPER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, COLUMBIANA, - - - ALABAMA.

Guardian's Settlement

State of Alabama, Shelby County.

Probate Court, 9th day of March, 1896.

This day came Mrs. D. R. Cromwell, guardian of the estate of Josie, Jasper, Virgie Wallace and Henry Cromwell, minors, and filed her account, vouchers, evidences and statement for a final settlement of the same. It is ordered that Monday, the 30th day of March, 1896 be appointed a day for making such settlement at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

D. R. McMILLAN, Judge of Probate.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of one Fl. Fa., issued from the Circuit court of Shelby county, and to me directed, I will proceed to sell at Wm. Bradley's, near Harpersville, on the 17th day of March, 1896, within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, to-wit:

One bay horse; one mowing machine, all farming tools; 200 bushels of corn, more or less; 2000 pounds fodder, more or less; 1500 lbs hay, more or less; 25 bushels of cotton seed, more or less.

Let sold upon as the property of Wm. Bradley to satisfy said Fl. Fa. in my hands in favor of Mrs. S. A. Hubbard.

This 5th day of March, 1896.

H. W. NELSON, Sheriff.

Probate Notice.

E. H. Sawyer, Deceased, Estate of.

Probate Court, Shelby County Alabama.

Special Term, March 4, 1896.

Robert L. Sawyer, the former administrator of said estate, in said court, having died without making settlement of his said administration, this day came Elizabeth Sawyer as the administratrix of the estate of said Robert L. Sawyer, deceased, and filed a statement, account, vouchers and evidences for the purpose of making a settlement of the administration of the said Robert L. Sawyer deceased, upon the estate of said E. H. Sawyer, deceased; and the court having examined, stated and reported the same for a settlement. It is ordered by the court that on Monday the 30th day of March, 1896, be set for said settlement, at which time and for such purposes all persons in interest can appear at my office and contest said account and settlement, and have such other relief as the law permits in such cases.

D. R. MILLAN, Judge of Probate.

Guardian's Sale.

Under and

AMERICAN ATHLETES,

From the Boston Athletic Association and Cambridge University,

TO CONTEST IN THE GAMES AT ATHENS,

Sail From New York on the Fulda Amid College Cries and Flowers—The Games Begin April 5 and Continue Ten Days.

NEW YORK, March 21.—The teams of the Boston Athletic Association and Princeton University, which will represent American athletics at the revival of the Olympic games at Athens, on April 5, left New York on the North German Lloyd steamer Fulda. The teams will disembark at Naples and take the overland route to Greece.

The Princeton team is made up of Robert Garrett, Jr., of Baltimore, Md., who will captain and have charge of the quartette; Frank A. Lane, '97, of Franklin, O.; Albert C. Tyler, '97, of Wyoming, O.; and H. R. Jameson, '97, of Peoria, Ill.

The team went on board the steamer shortly after nine o'clock. Each of the representatives of "Old Nassau" wore a yellow tulip in his buttonhole and bouquets were showered on them by admiring fair ones. The Bostonians came on a run just before the gang planks were drawn in. T. E. Burke, Arthur Blake, W. Elbery H. Clark, I. P. Curtis, W. Welles Hoyt and Gardner Williams comprise the Boston delegation. The men from Princeton did not carry as many floral tributes as the collegians, but the ruddy cry of the B. A. C. was none the less in evidence. "Johnny" Graham will have charge of the Bostonians, and the party also included Sheriff O'Brien of Suffolk county, who will witness the games.

The teams will arrive at Athens on April 5. The games begin on April 5 and last until April 15. The athletes who will carry the honor of the Stars and Stripes in the land which was the home of heroes and the delight of poets can scarcely be called a representative American team, but too much praise can not be given to the organization that sent them out. Whether the teams bring back golden wreaths from "ancient Greece" or not, the fact remains that to the Boston Athletic Association and Princeton University teams belong the honor of having stepped into the breach. The portion of the programme in which the brawn of muscle of America will be pitted against all comers is as follows:

One hundred, 400, 800 and 1,500 meters foot races, 110 meters hurdle race; putting shot and discus, pole vault, running broad and high jumps, and long distance races from Marathon to Athens.

All the men are in fine condition. Jack McMasters has had the Princeton men hard at work for the past three weeks. McMasters said that he was afraid that the voyage will throw the men off a little, but thinks that the Greek climate will not be as hard on the men as the English climate would be. The Boston team is also trained to a hair.

By arrangement with the steamship company preparations have been made to enable the men to practice on board during the voyage.

SENATOR MORGAN

Introduces a Joint Cuban Belongency Resolution

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Just before the senate adjourned Friday Senator Morgan, who reported the Cuban resolutions originally and has from the start taken a prominent part in the senate debate favorable to the recognition of the Cubans, introduced the following joint resolution:

"Resolved, By the senate and house of representatives of the United States in congress assembled that it is hereby declared that a state of public war exists in the island of Cuba between the government of Spain and the people of that island who are supporting a separate government under the name of the Republic of Cuba, and the state of belligerency between said governments is hereby recognized."

The significance of the resolution is that it is a joint resolution instead of concurrent, and that it is confined to a bare recognition of belligerency upon the basis of the declaration that a state of war exists in Cuba.

ANOTHER VICTIM

Of Overwork in the Naval Engineer Department.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Admiral Selfridge, commanding the European station, has lost his fleet engineer through physical collapse. A cablegram received at the navy department Friday from him at Smyrna stated that Chief Engineer Gilbert M. McCarthy has broken down and was partially paralyzed. He has been granted a furlough and will come home in care of a medical officer from the fleet. Chief Engineer Winslow of the Minneapolis probably will be detailed to the flagship San Francisco as fleet engineer to succeed Chief Engineer McCarthy. The latter is believed to have served his last cruise for he is near the retiring age. He served with great honor in the late war.

EIGHTEEN VALUABLE HORSES

Suffocated in a Burning Stable at Saginaw, Mich.

SAGINAW, Mich., March 21.—A large barn in which F. E. Tallmadge had 18 valuable horses stabled, was destroyed by fire Friday night, and all of the horses were suffocated, also a high-priced Jersey cow. Among the horses killed were Pontoon (2,150), a half brother to Alibi; June Monk (2,440), and several other good ones. Tallmadge's loss is \$7,000, with \$2,000 insurance.

Perished in the Flames.

AVA, Mo., March 21.—Fire broke out here in the building recently occupied as a drug store by H. M. Miller, and Mrs. Binsinger, a widow, perished in the flames.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

The dervishes made four attacks upon a dole near Kassala, but were repulsed.

A. J. Balfour, first lord of the British treasury, was injured by a fall from his bicycle.

Henry Quigg, director of the Centennial national bank of Virginia, died Friday, aged 68.

Center Fielder Holmes, of Louisville, Ky., broke his collar bone while playing at Montgomery, Ala.

Speaker Reed says that he shall not attempt to interfere in states that have presidential candidates.

The prince of Monaco wants \$100,000 a year additional for a new concession to the casino at Monte Carlo.

The Presbyterian mission near Shanghai was raided by Chinese robbers. Rev. Rufus Bent was wounded.

Mrs. Caroline E. Gale, widow of the late D. B. Gale, died Friday at Glenade, Mo., in her seventy-ninth year.

A white man and his dusky bride were arrested at Marshall, Mo., for violating the state law against miscegenation.

The learned artillery major, Moncada, who has acted as press censor at Havana, has been transferred to active service.

A. K. Ward, of Memphis, Tenn., the alleged swindler, is dying, and has been removed from the jail to a hospital.

A gang of young toughs of Burlington, Ia., tied a boy in a cellar and set fire to the house. The boy was rescued.

Dr. M. J. Epstein, of St. Louis, had a narrow escape from being suffocated by smoke during a fire in his residence Friday night.

The remains of Col. Fred W. Lewis were interred with military honors at St. Louis, troops from Jefferson barracks participating.

There has been a movement started in the house of representatives to stop the printing of records of the civil war.

Charles Dreher was formally sentenced to death by Judge Harvey at St. Louis for the willful murder of Bertha Hunnicke.

Secretary Morton thinks that the failure of crops in South Africa presents an excellent opening for American grain exporters.

Franklin county bonds have been received at O'Neill, Neb. They are dated the years previous to the county's organization.

Charles Packard, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of Morgan county, Ill., died at his home in Lynxville Friday.

It is admitted that Olney and Salisbury are again negotiating over the Venezuelan boundaries in the most friendly sort of way.

Sidney Slocum, fraudulently extradited from Canada, was allowed by Judge Grosscup, of Chicago, ten days' safe conduct to return to Canada.

Rev. J. Z. Armstrong, former pastor of the Independence Avenue church, Kansas City, Mo., was expelled from the ministry for alleged immorality.

The keepers of filthy dairies in St. Louis seem to have more influence with the sanitary committee in the house of delegates than the health commissioner.

The state veterinarian of Illinois went to Waverly in response to a call from a local veterinarian and examined and killed three horses afflicted with glanders.

Archibald Young and Miss Gertrude Green were arrested at St. Joseph, Mo., on state warrants charging them with robbing the jewelry store of Rufus Stone.

The Chicago council has passed an ordinance which gives to physicians who have registered and secured the Red Cross badge, the right of way on the streets when answering professional calls.

Congressman Boatner was thrown out of the house by a partisan vote, but Benoit, who contested the seat, was refused it on the ground that the election was fraudulent on his part as much as the other.

MINE EXPLOSION.

With Probable Loss of Life, Near Newton, Pa.

NEWTON, Pa., March 21.—A mine explosion occurred at the Ohio and Pennsylvania mine, situated on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, four miles south of this place. The violence of the explosion was such that considerable debris was blown from the shaft into the engine room. A mule attached to a water cart and the cart itself was blown to pieces. Two injured men were taken from the shaft, and a man named O'Donnell and a boy, Willis Davis, are yet in the mine and supposed to be dead. The after-damp prevents an explosion of the mine as yet.

Corrections for the British Blue Book.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Lord Salisbury has cabled the British embassy here that a memorandum embodying the correction of minor clerical errors in the argument of the blue book on Venezuela will be forwarded for delivery to the United States government, adding that while the modifications are of no great importance, they materially add strength to the British statement.

Unqualifiedly False.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Regarding the story from Syracuse that the American Tobacco Co. has purchased the right, title and interest of the National Cigarette Co. for \$5,000,000, officials of the former company said it was unqualifiedly false, and declared that it was circulated solely for stock-jobbing purposes.

Prohibitory Questionable Transactions.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—The re-elected committee, passed the house bill prohibiting certain questionable transactions on the bourse, and fixed the date of its going into operation on January 1, 1897.

BRADSTREET'S REVIEW.

Encouraging Features Found in Missouri and Neighboring States.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Bradstreet's weekly review says:

General trade throughout the United States for the first quarter of 1896 is disappointing. When the improvement in industrial and commercial lines between March and September, 1895, is recalled, occurring as it did, two years after the panic of 1893, reason would seem to have been behind the confidence that the current calendar year would bring a general revival. But the most favorable reports at this time are those which declare the volume of business only equal to what in a few instances, in excess of the like total one year ago. The fact that interior merchants are paying more freely in Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma and parts of Nebraska, where the snow and rain have prepared the soil for the crops, constitutes almost the only favorable announcement for the week. In almost all other parts of the country east of the Mississippi, stormy weather has tended to check the volume of business and still further restrict mercantile circulation, which has been exceptionally slow for more than a month.

The unusually large number of business failures taking place during the first quarter of the current year has been a serious matter. The total for the current week throughout the country is 320, or 18 more than last week, 48 more than in the like week of 1895, 107 more than in the corresponding week of 1894, and 98 more than in the third week of March, 1893.

There is a sharp decline in total exports of wheat, and a corresponding increase in the costs of the United States this week, the total amounting to only 1,522,000 bushels, against 2,491,000 last week, 2,688,000 in the week one year ago, 343,000 in the week of March, 1894, and 2,763,000 in the like week of 1893. This is the smallest grand total of exports of wheat (four included) since the last week of July, 1893. Exports of Indian corn this week amount to 1,825,000 bushels, against 1,738,000 last week, 485,000 in the week a year ago, 1,119,000 two years ago and 934,000 three years ago.

A POSITIVE DENIAL

Of a Report Sent Out in regard to the Venezuela Commission.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Secretary Mallet-Prevost, for the Venezuelan commission, has issued the following statement:

"During the past week reports have been industriously circulated to the effect that the commission has reached a decision with reference to Venezuela. This is untrue. The report has been circulated in another form and it is now asserted that while the commission, as a body, has reached no such conclusion, the commissioners individually entertain the views referred to. It must be evident to all that so long as anything remains to be examined and considered the commissioners are not in a position to form an opinion respecting the merits of the controversy. As a matter of fact, neither the commission nor the individual commissioners are as yet in possession of all the evidence. The papers presented by Venezuela are but a part of what has been promised. The blue book of the British government, while remarkably full and detailed, does not include all the documents which may be added in support of its contentions. The commission has not and will not limit itself to the consideration of what two governments may present. It has been engaged upon independent lines of inquiry and will continue to follow those lines until all its sources of information shall have been exhausted. Then, and not until then, will it be in a position to form any opinion or to make any report."

THE WRONG WOMAN

Killed by a Revengeful Italian in Buffalo, N. Y.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 21.—Mrs. Rosalind Vida, an Italian woman, 40 years of age, was murdered at her home on Mechanic street, by Jas. Di, who lives in the adjoining house. He was arrested. His real name is Giugino Comatino. It is said that the shooting was a mistake, and the woman he had intended to kill was Mrs. Guggino, wife of the victim of Capriano, who was recently sent to Auburn for life. What Di's motive was in seeking to kill the Guggino woman has not been learned.

A SOCIAL SENSATION

Created by the Quiet Marriage of a Cleveland Heiress to a Wealthy Prussian.

CLEVELAND, O., March 21.—Miss Daisy Everett, daughter of Sylvester T. Everett, one of Cleveland's wealthiest citizens, was quietly married last Tuesday to Adolph Oppenheimer, of Berlin, Germany. The affair is only now made public, and it created a social sensation. The bride is an heiress to several millions and a favorite in exclusive society. The groom is said to be a scion of one of the wealthiest and most influential families in Prussia.

Gave the Campana a Close Tug.

QUARANTINE, Staten Island, March 21.—The American line steamer New York arrived at quarantine at noon, just after the Cunard liner Campana. The Campana signalled the New York 150 miles off Sandy Hook at 3:15 a. m., and during a long chase, the New York managed to keep up a good rate of speed and was beaten only by a small margin of 30 minutes.

Milliken Not Guilty.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—When the jury in the Milliken case came in and announced that after 24 hours' deliberation they had reached a verdict, the crowded court-room was in silent expectancy. The announcement of not guilty was met with an outburst of applause from the spectators that shook the east end of the dingy old courthouse.

On the Verge of Starvation.

HALIFAX, N. S. March 21.—A dispatch from St. Johns, N. F., says that 60 families living in and around Brigus are reported to be in a desperate condition and on the verge of starvation. Their condition is said to be heart-rending.

A Venerable Churchman Dead.

LONDON, March 21.—The venerable George Anthony Denison, M. A., archdeacon of Taunton, in the Anglican diocese of Bath and Wells, is dead. He was 91 years of age, and was created archdeacon of Taunton in 1851.

DONGOLA EXPEDITION.

The British Government Will Not Show Its Full Hand.

'TIS NOT WHOLLY A NEW IDEA, HOWEVER,

But One that Has Been Held in Abeyance Pending the Arrival of the Opportune Moment, Which Has Now Come.

LONDON, March 21.—Friday night's debate in the house of commons added nothing to the meager information that the government deems it prudent to reveal regarding the expedition that is to go to Dongola, and perhaps farther, in an attempt to reconquer the Sudan. The statement made by Mr. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, that the advance of the expedition would be regulated by the extent of resistance offered by the Dervishes, seemed either designed to beguile the house or to convey the idea that the government had no definite plan of campaign. The sensational rumors with which the British press is usually rife deal with the expedition as a sudden decision of the government of the fact that it was to be dispatched, being unknown to the khedive. The facts are that the expedition was projected last autumn, when Gen. Kitchener, of the Egyptian army, was in England. Though the date of the campaign was not then known, Gen. Kitchener made no secret of the fact that some big scheme was being hatched.

Speaking at Lexington, Wednesday, Earl Russell stated that he had personal knowledge that the expedition had long been decided upon, but that it had been postponed until the defeat of the Italians at Adowa afforded the government an opportune excuse. He added that, according to the plan originally decided upon, Gen. Kitchener's first objective point was to be Dongola, and then Berber, by a simultaneous advance from Suakin, on the Red sea. A railway was to be built to link Dongola and Berber before a march was made upon Khartoum. There was no reason to suppose that this plan had been altered, but it was probable that it would develop more slowly than some of the Cairo telegrams indicated. According to the Times, Dongola may be reached in three or four weeks. The military authorities at Cairo, however, calculate that that place will not be reached before June. The main Egyptian force is now put at 10,000 men, of whom 4,000 will be Sudanese, who are real fighters. They will not reach the first line of advance before the end of April. The march upon Dongola will then depend upon the strength of the Dervishes, whose concentration. Doubtful reports place their number at 10,000.

THE BAYARD RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Bayard Will Take No Notice of Them Unless the President Does.

LONDON, March 21.—Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, United States ambassador, had not received official notification of the vote of censure passed upon him by the United States house of representatives when seen by a reporter of the United Press. It is understood that Mr. Bayard will take no notice of the matter, but will wait and see what action, if any, the president takes on it.

The London Globe's Comment.

LONDON, March 21.—The Globe admits Mr. Bayard did not keep a degree of restraint upon his tongue befitting an ambassador, but it says the sharp and sweeping censure of the house of representatives was clearly the outcome of party spite and need not disturb Mr. Bayard's mental composure.

What Is Said in Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Secretary Olney and state department officials decline to converse as to the probable outcome of the passage of the resolutions censuring Ambassador Bayard. except to say that Mr. Bayard will not be officially notified by the state department that the resolutions were adopted.

BOTH FOUND GUILTY.

Verdict Against W. J. and J. G. Weber for Conspiracy to Kill E. V. Hamlin.

CHICAGO, March 21.—The jury in the case of W. J. Weber and his brother, J. G. Weber, charged with conspiracy to kill E. V. Hamlin, secretary of the Killmar Bale Tie Co., returned a verdict of guilty against both men. After the court had given both men undetermined sentences W. J. Weber was stricken with paralysis and fell to the floor unconscious. During the illness of Secretary Hamlin, W. J. Weber took the latter's position and it is claimed, hired his brother and Richard Moloney to murder Hamlin for \$30 each, so that W. J. Weber could retain the position permanently. Moloney turned state's evidence.

THE MANITOBA QUESTION.

An Effort to be Made to Settle It Amalgamically.

OTTAWA, Ont., March 21.—While the remedial bill is being proceeded with in parliament, the government has decided to make every effort to induce the government of Manitoba to settle the question. Accordingly two members of the Dominion government, Hon. Messrs. Dickey and Dasjardines, have been delegated to proceed to Winnipeg to commence negotiations with Premier Greenway.

A Victim of Paralysis.

Hudson, Mich., March 21.—Rev. T. G. Colton died from the effects of a paralytic stroke. He had been ill three months. He was 73 years of age, and was a distinguished Congregational divine. He graduated from Yale in 1844 with high honors. He had occupied important pulpits in the New England states, Wisconsin and Michigan.

SOUTHERN GLEANINGS.

Charged with Uxoricide.

Henry Patterson, a young farmer of Hall county, Ga., is in jail, charged with the murder of his wife. His arrest is the result of an examination made of the body of his wife, which was exhumed by order of the coroner. A physician found that the woman's skull was crushed in the front and behind as if by an ax, and there were no wounds that could possibly have been made by shot from a gun. The examination was conclusive that the young wife had been most brutally murdered, and that after dead had been shot in the forehead with a gun that contained only wadding, the latter making the scorched wound on the front of the forehead. Patterson claims that he slipped out of his house to shoot a chicken thief and that his gun missed fire. He returned to the house, and while adjusting a cap the gun exploded accidentally, killing his wife.

No Sunday Trains in North Carolina.

The railroad blue laws, which have been on the statute books in North Carolina for a long time, but have never been enforced except in isolated cases, are to be enforced in Charlotte, and an order from Mayor Veldington to that effect has gone into operation. Hereafter no railroad company will be permitted to run any car, train of cars or locomotive on any railroad on Sunday, except such as may be run for the purpose of transmitting the mails of the United States, with or without baggage. Trains in transit, having started on Saturday, in order to reach the terminus, may run until nine o'clock Sunday morning, but not later, nor for any other purpose than to reach such terminus or shops, under penalty of a fine of \$500 for each offense.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

A terrible explosion occurred at McLurkin's mill, near Caledonia, Wilcox county, Ala., the other day. The explosion was caused by an imperfect safety valve. The boiler crashed through the mill and sped along close to the ground for 400 feet and buried itself in the ground. Sim Watts, a farmer, Alexander Gracie, laborer at the mill, and Allen Hollinger, fireman, were killed. P. I. Defoe, a farmer, had a leg broken and was internally injured. His recovery is doubtful. The owner of the mill was the only person on the premises who escaped serious injury.

Suspected Assassins.

William Gotier and Albert Hinton were arrested at Clarksville, Tenn., charged with being the assassins of William Villines, of Orlando, who was called from his house into his yard several nights ago and riddled with shot. After being wounded Villines accused Gotier of being one of the assassins, and also implicated Hinton, both of whom were his neighbors. They were caught in Portland and lodged in jail in default of bail.

Reunion on Shiloh Battlefield.

On Decoration day, May 30, there will be a reunion on the Shiloh battlefield of the survivors of that battle. Prominent speakers from the north and south will deliver addresses. A feature of the programme will be the dedication of a monument by the members of the Ninth Illinois infantry at the national cemetery in honor of their comrades who fell at Shiloh, they having lost 365 men in killed and wounded at the battle.

Tramp Eats a Square Meal and Dies.

A strange man called at the home of Col. T. H. Rosser, near Dallas, Ala., and asked for something to eat. His wants were supplied and, after eating his fill, the man left. The next morning his body was found cold and stiff 40 yards from the house. The man was evidently a tramp and had the appearance of having been on a spree. He was buried at the expense of the county.

Practical Joker Shot.

For some time James Beasley, of Clarksville, Tenn., has been troubled with unknown persons of the regulator order. The other night he was visited by William Saunders, a friend, who had masked himself to frighten Beasley. Refusing to answer to Beasley's inquiry after knocking, prompted Beasley to shoot, the bullet entering Saunders' bowels. Beasley was exonerated.

Worry Will Cause Death.

Mrs. Sarah Short, of Lexington, Ky., while dressing herself to attend court, was stricken with heart trouble and died. She had brought suit for \$10,000 against B. R. Jones, of the Lexington business college, for false arrest and imprisonment, and her friends attribute the cause of her death to her worry over the trial, which was to begin that morning.

Found Dead in a Hovel.

James O. Smith, alias James Cox, was found dead in a negro hovel at Lexington, Ky., the other night. He was 77 years old, and was once a member of Co. B, Fifteenth New York cavalry, in the Union army, acquiring a fortune after the war, and after years of drink landing in the Fayette county poorhouse.

Strange Request.

John Walton, colored, sentenced to be hanged at Birmingham, Ala., requested the jailer to see how much he could get for his body from the doctors in order to provide himself with delicacies before the hanging.

Leaves a Wife and Child.

Henry Hudson, white, aged 33, having a young wife and child, was drowned in a stream in Warren county, Tenn., while trying to board a boat.

Dropped Dead.

J. T. Klyce, a broker at Corinth, Miss., who represented quite a number of commercial houses in other cities, dropped dead on the streets.

For Miscegenation.

At Marshall, Mo., a white man and his dusky bride were arrested for violating the state law against miscegenation; penalty, penitentiary.

SPOILED THE BROTH.

There Were Too Many Cooks to the British Blue Book

UPON THE VENEZUELAN CONTROVERSY,

And In Consequence Lord Salisbury is Trying in Vain to Locate the Responsibility for the Blunders in Its Concoction.

LONDON, March 21.—Lord Salisbury has requested the leading permanent officials of the foreign office to make a report explaining how the errors occurred in the statement of the British case relating to the question of boundary between Great Britain and Venezuela as embodied in the blue book recently presented to parliament. There has been a violent discussion within the department as to who is to blame for these errors. The foreign office had practically nothing to do with the preparation of the case, which was entrusted to the colonial office, the foreign office assigning an official, who was supposed to be versed in the whole history of the case, to assist the colonial office officials. This official visited Spain and Holland and searched the archives for correspondence and documents bearing on the question. The material he collected was confused and ill-arranged. Sir Frederick Pollock was retained to put the material into proper shape. He, in turn, drew upon the resources of the Royal Geographical society. Next the result of Sir Frederick Pollock's labors, with the material of his predecessor, was submitted to a committee from the colonial and foreign offices, with Sir Richard Webster, the attorney-general, to supervise the law aspects. Such a crowd had a finger in the business that it is impossible to place the responsibility for the blunders on any one particular person. It is a case of too many cooks spoiling the broth.

FATALLY BURNED

In a New York Tenement House Fire—A Black Panle.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Five colored persons were burned in a fire caused by the explosion of a lamp at 126 West Twenty-sixth street. One of the five, Mrs. Lucy Wilkins, was so badly burned about the face, neck and hands that she died several hours later at the New York hospital. The others are suffering from burned hands and arms. There was a big fright while the fire was on, nearly a hundred colored persons being in the tenement, a five-story brick building, and leaving their rooms and swarming out on the landings, all shouting and screaming. All reached the street in safety, however. The fire was extinguished with trifling loss.

EIGHT THOUSAND LIVES

Were Sacrificed in the Recent Massacre at Orfa.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 21.—Sir Philip Currie, British ambassador, has received a telegram from British Vice-Consul Fitzmaurice, stating that 8,000 persons were killed at Orfa in the recent disturbances at that place.

Another Massacre Imminent.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 21.—It is reported that an agitation of Albanians is in progress on the frontier of Montenegro, and a massacre of Christians is feared. The Montenegrin government has forwarded a note to M. Melikoff, Russian ambassador here, calling Russia's attention to the situation.

WILL TRY CONFISCATION.

Gen. Weyler Cuts a New Club for Absentee Cubans.

NEW YORK, March 21.—A letter from Havana says:

"The patriots who have escaped to the United States are not to go unpunished. Gen. Weyler is about to issue another proclamation, which it is admitted in official circles, is to threaten Cubans who have left the island and are now domiciled in the United States, with the confiscation of their property here (in Cuba) unless they return at once to their homes. This measure, according to the official apology for it is to punish 'those conspirators against the cause of Spain, out of the country as well as within it.'"

A Canadian Protest.

OTTAWA, Ont., March 21.—Hon. G. E. Foster, minister of finance, has given notice in the house of commons of a resolution protesting against the permanent exclusion of Canadian cattle from the United Kingdom on the ground of the existence of pleuro-pneumonia in Canada and claiming that pleuro-pneumonia has not in the past and does not now exist in Canada.

Fatal Collision.

St. Louis, March 21.—William Graneman, a dray driver, was killed a little before noon at the terminal crossing at Eighth and Poplar streets by a locomotive striking his wagon, which was loaded with flour. Henry Peters and Garry Schoenfeld, who were riding on the load with Graneman, escaped with slight bruises.

Will Instruct for McKinley.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., March 21.—The Hennepin county republican convention elected 116 delegates to the state convention, and unanimously instructed them for McKinley. The delegates in the county convention will form the congressional convention, and will instruct the delegates to St. Louis for McKinley.

Examining Ex-Gov. Flower.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Atj.-Gen. Moloney of Illinois began the examination of ex-Gov. Flower in the proceedings instituted under the laws of Illinois against the Chicago Gas Co. The hearing, which is private, is being held at No. 44 Wall street.



JOE M. SPENCER.

THE ORIGINATOR AND LEADER OF LOW PRICES,

Presents to his readers this week this Mammoth advertisement instead of the little Bulletin of two weeks ago. My space was too small to tell you all I wanted to say of the good things I have in store for the wide-awake cash buyer.

Therefore I have adopted this method of getting my goods and prices before the people. Appreciating the hard times and scarcity of money I determined at the beginning to give the people goods at living prices. How well I have succeeded I leave for you to decide. Ever since I started in business, I have been in the lead of all others with

THE BEST GOODS FOR THE LEAST MONEY.

My would-be imitators are following in the rear, two or three years behind the procession, in fact some of them have just begun to realize that the war is over. My success from the start has been phenomenal, due simply to one fact,

EXTREMELY LOW PRICES!

I am getting the cream while the other fellows get skimmed milk. I have never sold so many goods at this season of the year. And why? Simply because I have upset old moss-covered trade laws. Instead of offering an accumulation of old RUBBISH AT WAR PRICES, I am selling

NEW, FRESH, CLEAN, BRIGHT AND STYLISH GOODS AT PRICES THAT SIMPLY PARALYZE THE OLD TIMERS.

AND HERE THEY ARE FOR THIS WEEK:

GROCERIES.	HARDWARE.	NOTIONS AND SHOES.
25 lbs best Rice for..... \$1 00	Best poney plows \$1 85	Men's dress shirts' - - - - - 50c
20 lbs best White Sugar for 1 00	" double bit axes 90c	Ladies' fine hemstitched handkerchiefs - - - 5c
10 lbs best cream cheese for 1 00	" plow points 25c	Ladies' fast black seamless hose - - - 8c
5½ lbs best green coffee for..... 1 00	" steel plow blades, any shape 3½c	Men's fast black seamless double heal hose - - - 8c
Best roasted coffee..... 19c lb	" plow stock..... 75c	Misses' fast black seamless hose - - - 5 to 8c
3 lbs good soda for..... 10c	" iron bound hames..... 25c	Men's fine fur hats for - - - - - 50c
A good 50 cent tobacco for 30c	" long handle shovels 60c	Ladies' corsets, splendid goods - - - 25 to 50c
150 lb sack salt for..... 75c	" Scovill hoes 40 & 50	Pencil tablets - - - - - 1c
Best New York seed Irish potatoes 25c peck or 75c a bushel	" steel wedges..... 25c	Ladies' best dongola button shoes - - - \$1 25
Onion sets 25c gal	" coffee mills..... 25c	Ladies best glove grain button shoes - - - \$1 00

MILLINERY.

In this department my stock is the Largest and Handsomest ever shown in this place. MISS FANNIE LONGSHORE, a lady of rare taste an extensive experience, has charge of this department, and it goes without saying that she can suit you in anything in that line. Remember, that in order to make low prices we exact the cash in every instance.

Every day I am adding new attractions to my already handsome and attractive stock. You will find my house brim full of bargains in every line, and at prices never before heard of. Some of the old croakers say I am selling goods for less than cost and that I am not doing a legitimate business. This I leave for you to decide, but one thing I will say, that I am not in business simply for my health. I am after the almighty dollar just as they are, and I intend to get it if LOW PRICES and FAIR DEALING count for anything. I am the only one who has displayed nerve enough to put his prices in cold type.

Thanking you for the very liberal patronage you have given me, and asking a continuance of the same,

I Am Yours to Please,

JOE M. SPENCER.

THE * CHRONICLE *

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, MARCH 26, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year.....\$1.00
One copy six months......50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce W. A. Thompson as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. S. Farrell as a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of W. L. Davis authorize The Chronicle to announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the county democratic convention.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. H. Hammond as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR SHERIFF.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Amos Daniel as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR COMMISSIONER—FIRST DISTRICT.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Hosea Pearson as a Commissioner of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

W. A. Weldon, of beat 8, paid our office a pleasant call Tuesday.

Maj. T. J. Peter, of Brierfield, was in attendance upon court this week.

J. S. Falkner spent Saturday and Sunday with home folks at Sterrett.

Miss Eva Weaver is a guest of her sister, Mrs. L. W. Bailey, in Calera.

Misses Hellen Oliver and Naldo Christian, of Shelby, were in town Tuesday.

Maynard Pond and wife, of Shelby Springs, spent a few hours in town yesterday.

A. D. Smith, of Vincent, exhibited his snail-egg countenance in our sanctum yesterday.

Mr. Farmer, our L. & N. agent moved his family into the Jones' house on Depot street Monday.

Mon. W. B. Browne made a flying trip to Montgomery Tuesday, returning home yesterday.

A. H. Avery, one of Shelby's substantial business men, was an appreciated caller in our office Monday.

W. A. Gorman, of East Lake, a student of Howard College, was in town yesterday, and paid us a short call.

Mr. and Mrs. James Evans spent Saturday and Sunday in Wilsonville, guests of John W. Millstead and family.

W. C. Denson, of Pelham, made us happy Tuesday by depositing with us the amount of \$100.00, and a half's subscription to The Chronicle.

J. P. Adams has embarked in the restaurant business, and is occupying a portion of the Elliott building. He has a word for you in another column.

E. W. Chapman has the neatest, prettiest barber shop in Central Alabama, and he is still the one of the most skilled artists in the state. Look his ad over and call on him.

N. N. Mosteller, a substantial farmer from a town in this county, by that name (Farmer) gave us a dollar request, in the "Supplement" fund—the little Chronicle supplement.

Dr. J. S. Hill returned Tuesday from a week's visit to his family at Clayfield. He expected to bring his wife back with him, but on account of measles in the family she was unable to come.

Several of our young Wilsonville friends came over Tuesday evening to hear Rufus Sanders' lecture. They were a number of intelligent, well-behaved, jolly crowd, and whenever they feel disposed to visit us again, we assure them our gates are always open to them.

The "Pauline Dubose Society" of the Presbyterian church will have a supper on next Friday (tomorrow) evening at the residence of Rev. W. J. Shurt. Doors open at 7:30 o'clock, and everybody, men, women and children are invited to come and bring their guests (25).

The Woman's Missionary Society of this place held memorial service last Sunday evening in the Methodist church to commemorate the death of their worthy secretary of foreign missions, Mrs. D. H. McCavock, of Nashville, Tenn. The programme was appropriate, well rendered and very interesting. The collection amounted to \$7.32.

Amos Daniel, of Wilsonville, a pure and unadulterated democrat, desires to be sheriff of Shelby county, as will be seen by reference to the columns of announcements. Amos is thoroughly competent, has been a faithful laborer for the party, and has many warm friends in all portions of the county who would rejoice at his nomination. He is deservedly popular, and his record is above reproach.

Circuit court convened Monday noon, Judge G. S. Brewer presiding. The grand jury was empaneled and put to work, with J. R. White as foreman. The machinery is running smoothly with Judge Brewer at the throttle to regulate the motive power and to apply the oil at points where the friction is lively. He is a fair and impartial judge, and his conduct of the court is giving very general satisfaction.

J. S. Farrell, a true and faithful democrat, a resident of beat 8, announces this week his candidacy for the office of treasurer of Shelby county. Mr. Farrell is one of the very few "live at home" farmers of our county. He has made a success in his chosen calling, has always worked and worked for the democratic ticket, and has for many years been a member of the county executive committee. He is well and favorably known throughout the county.

He died, at Avondale, Saturday, March 21st, Robert Louis, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. M. McLean. The many friends of this bereaved family deeply sympathize with them in their loss, and it is hoped that the young man, so full of promise and life, will be able to help the family in their bereavement.

As a rule little importance is attached to the office of county commissioner, perhaps from the fact that the salary is small, but this is a serious blunder, and it should be corrected. The commissioners are the counties' financiers, and should be level-headed, successful business men. Why successful? For the very good reason that if they have made a failure, in conducting their own business, we would have grounds upon which to base a belief that they could do any better for the county than they have done for themselves. Mr. Pearson, of beat 2, is a candidate for this important office. He is a sound democrat, a good citizen, and a successful farmer.

Rufus Sanders, "the sage of Rocky Creek," delivered a lecture to a large and appreciative audience at the court house Tuesday evening. His subject was: "Us Boys." He pictured the ups and downs, the joys and sorrows, and misdeeds of a tow-headed country boy, his trials, temptations, etc., while traveling the long and dusty road leading to manhood, occasionally interweaving a bit of his own experience while venturing his way along this rugged road. His lecture was both pathetic and humorous, and was well received. His plea for the plain, unsophisticated, human boy was superb. If they were given a man's chance they would in almost every instance come out on top somewhere down the road. He illustrated this by a story of a crowd of bad boys went over to a negro church one night to break up the meeting, having no other object in view but to have a little fun. They broke out the window panes, shot out the lamps, and soon had the meeting in a terrible "confusion." The old negro preacher, nothing daunted, knelt down and began to pray something after this wise: "Oh Lord, come down tonight in thy mighty power and seize Mark Rufus by the nape of his neck and the seat of his breeches, and hold him over the rugged edge of hell and shake him until he repents and quits his devilment, but please, Lord, don't drag him." Rufus said that a boy may be bad all over in spots as big as a house blanket, and you may have to sub him up considerably, but don't "drag" him. Give him a man's chance and he will pull through somehow.

A negro with a razor and a little mean whisky is a combination to be avoided, if possible, unless you have a Gatling gun, but unfortunately for our friend C. R. Elliott, of Vincent, he had nothing but a pistol last Saturday night when attacked by a burly negro, armed as aforesaid, consequently he had no show, an eagle of badly backed up. The negro called him out of his house at about 10 o'clock at night. Charles had a pistol, but the negro began to talk to him and when off his guard, grabbed his weapon. Having him completely in his power, the negro used his razor with fearful effect. He cut his throat from ear to ear, but fortunately the blade did not penetrate deep enough to make the wound fatal. Another stroke of the keen blade laid his cheek open and split his ear, and a third made a deep cut from his mouth to the cheek bone. The negro thinking he had killed his victim disappeared and so far has not been apprehended. Vigorous efforts, however, are being made to capture him. Charles is badly cut, but he will recover, and barring the scars, will be as sound as ever. We hope the cowardly scoundrel who did the dastardly work will be caught and severely punished.

Tuesday evening last Rufus Lester was sitting by a cozy fire at home, surrounded by his wife and two brothers, taking life easy and awaiting the hour to retire. Suddenly he started up, listened intently for a moment, made a rush for the door, telling his brothers to follow him, as he was certain a man had been foully dealt with somewhere near by or he could hear distinctly the labored breathing of a man who must be in deep distress. They all went out into the front yard, and finding no one, stopped again to listen. They could hear the noise still more distinctly, in the direction of the school house, and the person in distress seemed to have laid his throat cut in a way that told that his whelp-pipe had been severed by the gurgling, sickening sound. They started to go at once to his relief, but upon a moment's reflection they decided they might get into a difficulty as the murderer might still be lurking near, so they went over to Dr. Page's. Here they were joined by the doctor around with a shot gun, a file knife and a pair of brass knaves. Jamison Vandiver, who was spending the night with the doctor, and his son Will, they did not hasten to the scene of the tragedy, which had finally been located in the rear of the school house, every one intent on relieving the spot first to steeple the unfortunate man. A few rods back of the academy the relief party suddenly came to a halt. They lay down on the right spot. It was a ditch, about half filled with water in which half a dozen or more large, healthy, full grown frogs were holding a jamboree.

For further particulars apply to Dr. Page, J. L. Vandiver or Rufus Lester.

Wilsonville Waifs.

Mrs. John Millstead is spending several days in Columbia.

Miss Bessie Nimmo visited Columbian Tuesday.

J. F. Pope visited Vincent Tuesday.

Frank Wilby and wife, of Atlanta, Ga., are spending several days with relatives.

Miss Tallafiero Wallace, of near Harpersville, was in town last week.

It was a pleasant surprise to us Sunday morning to see Chas. Hilton, of Aniston, step from the train for the first time since resigning his position here as agent for the railroad company.

Mrs. J. F. Pope and daughter, Parule, attended the wedding at Vincent last week.

Messrs. Kidd and Lyde, of Vincent, visited Mr. Pope's family last week.

John Weldon and sister, Mattie, have returned to East Lake to resume their studies at the Howard college.

Quite a crowd of young people indulged in a stroll to the big spring Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Wellington and son left Thursday for Hot Springs, Ark., where they will spend several months with friends.

A. A. Daniel has returned from his visit to Calera and Selma.

We are very sorry to hear of the accident Mr. Elliott, of Vincent, happened to last Saturday night.

A very comical scene was enacted on our streets last week. Jack Millstead was endeavoring to ride a very stubborn and bucking goat. By enquiring we found that he was, practicing for another degree with the Masons.

We understand some of the young ladies are enquiring as to where the other foot of spring is. We would say to them if they will inform us where the other foot of a mountain or state, we will then we will tell them where the other foot of spring is. We were not speaking of pretty little feet like yours or Tully's.

Boys talk will not organize a ball team, neither will prepare a ground; let's get this matter in motion. The prospects are better this season for a first class ball team than they have been for several years.

The "regular Sunday afternoon drivers" strolled northward Sunday. After having driven about six miles one of them was so fortunate as to break a shaft, consequently a miniature blacksmith shop was in operation for a while which rendered sufficient assistance to enable them to return safely.

We all had an idea that measles had entirely subsided. It is true that the lecture man, the about-shares his part in this community. But the doctors have pronounced that the hoos are now following suit, and that the outbreak of the above mentioned disease many have died in the past three months.

The young ladies were because it was impossible for them to attend the entertainment given by the young people of Columbian last Friday night, and of course the young men of this place were in great sympathy with them, and more especially after having attended the party. The pleasures that they enjoyed are more than could be explained in this column. Refreshments were immense, the music simply grand, and the recitation brief but very sweet. We find that the young ladies of Columbian are beautiful and beautiful, and we are happy to say that we have the promise of their attending an entertainment at any time that we should notify them to that effect.

According to an exchange this is how a high school girl passed the sentence. "He kissed me." "He," she began with a frown, "lingering over the word which brought the crimson to her cheeks, "a pronoun, third person, singular, masculine, nominative, a gentleman and pretty well fixed; universally considered a good catch. Kissed is a verb, transitive, to do much so regular every evening, indicative mood, indicating affection; first and third persons, plural number, and governed by circumstances. Me—Oh, well, everybody knows me. And down she sat." BETCH, JR.

Center Institute Items.

It rains, it snows, it snows, and it's cold stormy weather, but the country who are our country. The Yellowleaf farmers would be glad if they had their corn in the crib instead of the ground, since the winter weather has set in.

L. W. Chesser presented his better half with a fine wild rubber watch, and was wearing it on the 20th, to prepare for the log-rolling.

Mrs. James Farrell, of the Mt. Calvary settlement, has been a welcome visitor among her many friends at Yellowleaf for the past few days.

T. R. Holcomb is ready for sawing again since his recovery from the measles.

Rev. C. D. Messer and William Garrett, Esq., of Millerville, Ala., paid W. A. Weldon's family a welcome visit Saturday and Sunday last.

J. B. Nixens, who has been in the country for more than twelve months, died at his home near this place the 18th inst. He called his family and friends to his bedside and told them he had to die, afterwards had them good bye and passed away peacefully and quietly. Mr. Nixens was 50 years and 3 days old at his death. He joined the Missionary Baptist church at the age of 22 years. His daily deportment has been that of a true christian up to his departure. He told his friends he was prepared and willing to die, and was glad to go to that rest prepared for him. He was an affectionate husband and father, and a kind friend to all in the time of need, ever ready to help the needy when called upon. He leaves a wife, several children, and a host of friends to mourn his loss. The waiting hearts tenderly sympathize to the bereaved family and relatives.

AGRICOLA.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not know now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertiser, druggist, and get a trial bottle, free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills, free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, free. All of which is guaranteed to you, good and cost you nothing. For sale by Parker & Armstrong, Druggists, Columbian, Ala.

Southern Baptist Convention, Chattanooga, Tennessee—Reduced Rates Via Southern Railway.

For the occasion of the Southern Baptist Convention, which will convene at Chattanooga, Tenn., May 8-14th, inclusive, the Southern Railway will sell tickets to Chattanooga, Tenn., and return at rate of one limited first class fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold May 8th, to 13th, inclusive, good to return fifteen days from date of sale, but limit on tickets may be extended allowing fifteen days additional time, provided they are deposited with joint agents at Chattanooga on or before May 14, 1896. Call on any agent of the Southern Railway for further information.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing.

It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.
Castoria allays Feverishness.
Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Colds.
Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic.
Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.
Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air. Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk.

Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."

See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE BRICK STORE, Wilsonville, Ala.

Having moved into our new quarters, we want to say to the public generally that we have the most complete line of general merchandise ever offered to the people of Shelby county. Well posted people know that

DRY GOODS HAVE DECLINED SHARPLY.

Our stock was bought since the drop in prices, and we propose to give you the benefit of our gain in buying late. Our line of Calicoes, Ginghams, Crepons, Dress Percals, Dimities, Organ-dies, Printed Piques, Brilliants, etc., can't be surpassed in beauty. Ladies especially invited to see this line.

A Few Eye-Openers:

50 pieces American Shirting prints 44c per yard.

50 pieces standard prints 4c yard.

Big line Dress Percals 84c, 36 inches wide.

See our line of India Linens, Dotted Swiss, Nainsooks, etc. They are beauties.

Table Damask—red, brown, white—elegant designs 184c and up.

Ladies summer vests 5c and up. A big line.

Window Shades, good quality on patent rollers, 35c.

Scrim, beautiful patterns, gold leaf drapery.

Clothing.

A complete line of Gents' and Boys' clothing, spring and summer weights. Alpaca in regular and extra lengths.

Shoes.

The largest and cheapest stock of Ladies', Misses', Gents', Boys' and Children's Shoes in Shelby county.

For the little folks a handsome line of Strap Sandals, black and tan. For the young ladies the prettiest line of Low Cuts ever offered.

Shoes for all ages.

Millinery.

We have the prettiest line to be found—the latest shapes, bought of up-to-date LEADEIS in this line.

Groceries Lots of them—choice goods, but they must go, so down go the prices to keep them on the move. Hustle they must for there are more coming to take their places.

HOW'S THIS—4 lbs Plug Tobacco \$1.00

Farming Implements Big stock, more coming. Give them a chance and they will turn over the earth. We can supply you now, but, remember, we sell goods, didn't buy them to keep.

Yours to Serve.

J. F. POPE, WILSONVILLE, ALA.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

Palace Restaurant, COLUMBIANA, ALA., J. P. ADAMS, Proprietor.

Newly fitted up, clean and neat. Meals any hour of the day, or until 9 at night. Luncheon served any time. Fish, oysters, game, or any delicacy to be found in the market.

Meals 25c Each.

43 Elliott Building, Main Street.

THE COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE CO.

We are glad to say to you that our stock is now complete, except our line of Millinery Goods, the receiving of which we will give you notice in a few days. We are proud to say that we thank the people of Columbiana and surrounding country for their very liberal patronage extended to us, and assure you that we hope to merit a continuance of the same by honest and fair dealings, and our well known low prices. We use to enumerate what we carry in stock. We have everything needed in the Dry Goods, Grocery, Shoe, Clothing or Notion line, from the cheapest to the best; and anything you may want which we don't carry in stock, let us know we will get it. We want our store to be the ideal trading place of the country.

Columbiana Mercantile Co., THE LEADERS OF LOW PRICES. H. FOX, MANAGER.

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES,

Silks, Satins, Chally, Dimities, Henriettas, Nuns Veiling, and Lawns,

And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnishings We're Headquarters as Usual.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00. Wishing every body success, we beg to remain, Yours Respectfully,

THE RACKET STORE, SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA. J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Propr's.

A FOOLISH MAN

Is he who declares he never pays any attention to advertisements made in newspaper advertisements. What other way have I of attempting to convince you that I can shoe your horse in up-to-date style, and at a price so moderate that you will be ready with the cash the moment the job is done.

Repair Work a Specialty.

Nothing but good, honest work turned out of my shop. Can sharpen a plow while you wait. In fact I do any and all kinds of work that any blacksmith or woodworker is supposed to do; and, further, I will appreciate your patronage.

TRY ME ONCE FOR LUCK

W. W. ALBRIGHT, COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.

Columbiana's TONSORIAL PARLOR, E. W. CHAPMAN, Proprietor.

Neat, clean shop, elegant chairs, the best of tools and the cleanest of towels. Having had 16 years experience, I do not hesitate to say I can give as good service as you can get in any city. Ladies work a specialty. Prices reasonable. A trial is all I ask. If you want to buy a first-class razor I have a lot just received.

E. W. Chapman.

W. F. THETFORD, JR., ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.

BROWNE & LEEPER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

COLUMBIANA, - - - ALABAMA.

Guardian's Settlement

State of Alabama, Shelby County.

Probate Court, 9th day of March, 1896.

This day came Mrs. D. R. Cromwell, guardian of the estate of Josie, Jasper, Virgie, Wallace and Henry Cromwell, minors, and filed her account, vouchers, evidences, and statement for a final settlement of the same. It is ordered that Monday, the 30th day of March, 1896, be appointed a day for making such settlement at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

D. R. McILLAN, Judge of Probate.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of one fi. fa. issued from the Circuit court of Shelby county, and to me directed, I will proceed to sell in front of the Court House, in the town of Columbiana, on the 4th day of April, 1896, within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder for cash, all the interest, title and claim of said Defendant to the following described property, to-wit:

One roan mare, one black mule cow, one yoke of oxen, one thimble skin wagon, one set of blacksmith tools, one lot of farming and carpenter's tools, about 25 bushels of corn, and about 438 pounds of fodder.

The said goods are the property of Lewis Horton to satisfy said fi. fa. in my hands in favor of Shelby Iron Company.

This 20th day of March, 1896.

H. W. NELSON, Sheriff.

Probate Notice.

E. H. Sawyer, Deceased, Estate of.

Probate Court, Shelby County Alabama.

Special Term, March 4, 1896.

Robert L. Sawyer, the former administrator of said estate, in said court, having died without making settlement of his said administration, this day came E. H. Sawyer as the administrator of the estate of said Robert L. Sawyer, deceased, and filed a statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for the purpose of making a settlement of the administration of the said Robert L. Sawyer, deceased, upon the estate of said E. H. Sawyer, deceased; and the court having examined, stated and reported the same for settlement. It is ordered by the court that Monday the 30th day of March, 1896, be set for said settlement, at which time and for such purposes all persons in interest can appear at my office and contest said account and settlement, and have such other relief as the law permits in such cases.

D. R. McILLAN, Judge of Probate.

Sour

Stomach, sometimes called waterbrash, and burning pain, distress, nausea, dyspepsia, are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. This it accomplishes because with its wonderful power as a blood purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla gently tones and strengthens the stomach and digestive organs, invigorates the liver, creates an appetite, gives refreshing sleep, and raises the health tone. In cases of dyspepsia and indigestion it seems to have a "magic touch."

"For over 12 years I suffered from sour

Stomach

with severe pains across my shoulders, and great distress. I had violent nausea which would leave me very weak and faint, difficult to get my breath. These spells came oftener and more severe. I did not receive any lasting benefit from physicians, but found such happy effects from a trial of Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I took several bottles and mean to always keep it in the house. I am now able to do all my own work, which for six years I have been unable to do. My husband and son have also been greatly benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla—for pains in the back, and after the grip. I gladly recommend this grand blood medicine." Mrs. Peter B. Barry, Leominster, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists \$1.
Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25 cents.

Poor soil

and exhausted fields which were once productive can again be made profitably fertile by a proper rotation of crops and by the intelligent use of fertilizers containing high percentages of

Potash.

Strikingly profitable results have been obtained by following this plan.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars boasting special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing latest researches on the subject of fertilization, and are really helpful to farmers. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first.

No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.



The coming Artist who knows enough to paint a popular subject.

Battle-Ax PLUG

You get 5 1/2 oz. of "Battle Ax" for 10 cents. You only get 3 1/2 oz. of other brands of no better quality for 10 cents. In other words, if you buy "Battle Ax" you get 2*oz. more of high grade tobacco for the same money. Can you afford to resist this fact? We say NO—unless you have "Money to Burn."

An Idle Scavenger.

The bowels act the part of a scavenger, inasmuch as they remove much of the debris, the waste effort matters of the system. When they grow idle, neglectful of duty, it is of the utmost importance that they should be impelled to activity. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters effects this desirable object without giving them like a drastic purgative. The Bitters is also efficacious for malaria, bilious, dyspeptic and kidney trouble.

Let them obey that know not how to rule. —Shakespeare.

Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company.

PEDANTRY crams our heads with learned lumber and takes out our brains to make room for it. —Colton.

The well known firm of newspaper advertising agents, Alden & Faxon, Cincinnati, Ohio, will hereafter be known as the Frank H. Alden & Sons Company, being composed of Frank H. Alden and his two sons, Frank V. and Clarence H. Alden.

Trus grief still trends upon the heels of pleasure, married in haste, we may repeat at leisure. —Congreve.

Firs stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and \$2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 601 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The noblest motive is the public good. —Virgil.

We think Pilsa's Cure for Consumption is the only medicine for Coughs. —JENKINS PINKARD, Springfield, Illa., Oct. 1, 1894.

Explosions of Coughing are stopped by Hale's Honey of Horehound and Catarrh's Pile's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

No SLEEPER or MORE EFFICACIOUS REMEDY can be had for Coughs, or any trouble of the throat, than "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

He—"At times I lose myself." She (bored to death)—"How?"—Detroit Tribune.

START

THE GIRL RIGHT.

When the girl comes to be a woman—look out, if she starts out in vigorous, womanly health then it is pretty safe to say she will be a healthy, attractive, beautiful woman.

The beginning of womanhood is the real crisis in a woman's life. Nearly always something is wrong then in the distinctly feminine organs. Maybe it isn't very serious—no matter—the time to stop disease is when it starts.

McELREE'S WINE OF CARDUI

Will bring girls safely through the crisis. Taken at the first indication of weakness, it never fails. It regulates the monthly periods with perfect precision. Its action is direct upon the feminine organs that above all others, ought to be strong and well.

Start the girl right. Don't expose her to the dangers and tortures of dragging weakness, bearing down pains, nervous prostration and the debilitating drains so common to women.

McElree's Wine of Cardui, is a home treatment. It does away entirely with the most "foul" examinations.

Sold at \$1.00 a Bottle by Dealers in Medicine.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but sell direct to the consumer at wholesale prices. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted.

100 styles of Harnesses, 100 styles of Carriages, 100 styles of Riding Saddles.

W. B. PRATT, Secy.

HAIR WIGS SWITZER, any color and size. \$1 and upwards. WAX for children, ladies \$2 and upwards. Early Bagns, Friseurs and latest styles frontals. Hair Dressing, etc. Telephone No. 6. B. STEIN & CO., 181 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO.

POLITICAL "PINTERS."

The Sage of Rocky Creek Goes to School.

Learns a "Whole Lesson"—How Jerry Rutherford Beat the Livin' Crooks Off Gus Crittenden—"The People Ain't Gone Nowhere."

"If it ever does come to pass that you might take up a fool notion and pitch in and run for congress, Rufus," says Aunt Nancy Newton to me one day whilst mother was out tendin' to the chickens and lookin' after the kitchen physic, "come down and see a body."

"Now, mind you, I am nothin' of a politician myself, and none of my folks never did wade so very deep into the business," she went on, "but if in case you let your general habit of servin' the people and savin' the country get the under hold and kinder hunker into a rate like that, naturally, of course, I would love to see you swing down under the wire first. You know I am just one of these plain-talkin', flat-footed, old-fashion, stay-at-home-and-do-as-you-please sort of women, and it is my own private opinion that when a man goes to nussin' and dabbles himself in politics he must be right tolerable low down in the world, or either powerful hard up for somethin' to do. But I reckon it is none of my business what the men folks do so long as there ain't no particular one blewin' and swellin' and struttin' and bossin' around me."

"Wastlin' with the Boys."

"I reckon of course you have no doubts heard of how Jerry Rutherford wiped up the face of the earth with Gus Crittenden and got elected to congress from our district," Aunt Nancy went on presently. "Well, that is what I put in to tell you about. Whilst Jerry ain't as old, and neither as good looking as you, Rufus, yet still at the same time he has got there and been there, and if I don't dismember mighty bad you are always preachin' forth the doctrine that the man which knows the woods is the man to blaze the way. Now I'll be pleg took if Jerry don't know the woods. I reckon by this time he knows every man, woman and child—every cross roads and every fork—every pig path and every cow trail in the whole entire district."

"You see, Rufus, the honorable Augustus Crittenden he had a heap of the go when Jerry come out on the track. As everybody knows Gus Crittenden he is what you might call a standin' candidate for most anything that comes in reach, but congress in particular. So in that way he had got the go and had the inside track, and whilst Jerry beat the livin' socks off of him when votin' time come he had to stay out mighty late and get up mighty soon and play a rattlin' fast game in orderment to make things come his way."

"Gus Crittenden can put up a terrible high-flyin' speech and make a splendid show with himself in company, cause you must recollect that he is a strappin' likely man, but he can't hold a light for Jerry Rutherford when it comes down to wallowin' over the woods and wastlin' with the boys that do the votin' in a general election."

"Now, just in orderment to give you a little private notion of how easy it is for one man to drop a vote, and another one to come along and pick it up, I will tell you what come to pass at our house one night, which will likewise show you what made Dink Ashcraft turn out to be a wild and woolly Rutherford man along towards the tail end of the race."

"Dink he was over to our house spendin' the night with us, and about first dusk he should ride up to the horse rack but Gus Crittenden. To be certain we ask him to light and come in and make himself at home, and he want the least bit meally-mouth about doin as he was told."

"Well, that night we had to put Gus with Dink in the company room, so they both slept in the same bed together. It looked perfectly all right and agreeable at that time, cause Dink was then lettin' the grass run away with his crop so he could ride up and down the big road and preach Gus Crittenden as the onlyest man that was fitten to go to congress from our district. But I took notice the next morning that Dink want talkin' any politics to speak of. He didn't say much one way or the other, but you could see that somethin' had rubbed the hair the wrong way."

"Soon as after breakfast Gus called for his horse and lit out for the Flat Woods, and we didn't hardly wait for him to get out of sight before we got around Dink and put in naggin at him to find out what had got up between him and his favorite for congress. After so long a time he come out with it like a man and told us that Gus Crittenden slept in a gown."

"I never would of thought it in the created world," says Dink, "and if anybody had told me so I wouldn't of believed it, but dabbled him, I have seen it with my own eyes, and seen it believin'."

"No Female Garments in 'Hicn."

"I wonder in my soul if that is a general fool way with all the candidates for office," Dink went on, talkin' sorter half way to himself. "If it is, then I can just simply count Dink Ashcraft out of the game. I will now take it on myself and make it my business to nose around till I find out whether or no Jerry Rutherford sleeps in one of them durn things, and if he does, that

also settles his hash with me henceforward and forever."

"Two or three weeks after that Jerry Rutherford come around to the circuit, and, bless gracious, it so happened that he went to the Ashcraft place and put up for the night. Dink couldn't give in no good excuse to sleep with Jerry, but he set up till late bedtime, and then watched his man through a crack in the wall. He saw Jerry pull off and go to bed with his underclothes on like the common run of men would do, and from that time on he was the wildest and most craziest Rutherford man to be found anywhere in our end of the district. The folks in general are still wonderin' how in the thunderations Dink Ashcraft made that tremendous sudden flop, but knowin' in the circumference of the surroundin' like I did, Rufus, everything was plain and natural as a new meetin' house to me."

"By Hook and Mererook."

"It is all in the family anyhow, Rufus, and I don't mind tellin' you that Dink Ashcraft is just a lee-the-bit shaky in regards to his church relationships and the settlement of his store account. But when it comes to politics, and standin' by his friends in times of trouble, he will do to count on. He showed that by the way in which he stuck to Jerry Rutherford through the heat and burdens of the fight."

"Now, in them days, tolerable soon after Dink had made his famous flop, it come to pass that there was a meetin' of three or four men in the Panther Creek settlement, but what was out and out for Jerry Rutherford. One of the seatin' few was old man Sandy Cowlin, and presently Dink and Jerry they went in together and fixed up a private scheme to pull him around in line. So by hook or mererook it happened that Jerry was puttin' up at Dink's house one day, with his horse hitched at the rack, when old man Sandy come along on his return back home from a trip to the river country. They hailed him as he rid by and he made out like he was in a monstrous hurry, but he finally at last got down and went in. Now presently of course Jerry he went down into his saddlebags and come forth with his bottle. He ask old man Sandy to jine him, and the old man was more than willin'. They talked along about the weather and the crops and the like of that till Jerry and the old man had changed their breath three or four times without sayin' a word to Dink. It was and if I don't dismember mighty bad he could treat it out accordin' to his own way. Dink he looked mad and said nothin' and took the slight as best he could till Jerry and old man Sandy had nibbled at the bottle four or five times, but toterly he got up and shook his fist at Jerry, and told him there was the front gate and out yonder was the big road."

"You can't come right here in my own house, Jerry Rutherford, and fling your insults in my face without hearin' the news from me," says Dink. "If you think you can treat all your whisky away on Sandy Cowlin right here before my face and never say turky to me, and still git my vote on election day, you are simply barkin' up the wrong tree. I would see you dead and buried face down, so when you scratched out you would be at home, first. Your horse is hitched at the rack, and the sooner you head him away from my house the better it will be for everybody."

"Well, of course Jerry he couldn't do nothin' but git up and go. But by this time, you understand, old man Sandy had bit off several plugs of Jerry's whisky, and whilst he want no Rutherford man to start with, he was now just about ripe enough to pull."

"Let the game stand right there Jerry," says old man Sandy. "If Dink wants to quit let him quit, and by gattins where he takes out I will come in. When you lose one voter you win another. Sandy Cowlin ain't gone nowhere."

"And old man Sandy took Jerry home with him and made him stay all night, and right along there is where the little private scheme got in its work. When election day rolled in Sandy Cowlin voted for Jerry Rutherford. So did Dink Ashcraft. And old man Sandy couldn't tell you till this day how the thing turned out the way it did."

A Man Amongst Men.

"As I told you in startin' out, Rufus, Jerry Rutherford is a man amongst men and a politician from long tack," that dear, delightful old soul went on to say. "He works over all the ground and works it close. You will notice he most in generally always cuts his cards so as to get mixed up with the men that are for the other fellow. He went to spend the night with Dink Ashcraft on the grounds that Dink was one of the mainest bellweathers in that Beat and dead square agin him. He has got a mighty way of pickin' out the men that are on the other side and can hurt him. Then he will make it his pressin' and partiular business to go and see them very men, and talk pleasant to the women, and make much of the children, and break bread with the family. And in that way he is so natural and homelike and sociable till them that ain't for him can't have the heart to do him no harm."

"If Jerry finds out a strong leadin' man of the pulp he don't mind courtin' some of the women folks and gettin' himself engaged to marry in orderment to bring the old man over on the right side of the fight. Why, they tell me that he is right now engaged to about two-thirds of the young women in the district. They say he went so far with Fannie Jo Wiggins, one of old man Charlie Wiggins's daughters, as to buy her a fine finger ring and settle on the weddin' day. I reckon the rascal would of courted me by this time but for the fact that all the men folks of our family was for him anyhow."

"I don't see how Jerry could marry all the women he has courted if he wanted to. A man that is forever ruinin' around huntin' office ain't got no business tryin' to raise a family anyhow. It ain't much probable, Rufus, that Jerry and Fannie Joe will ever git married when the pinch comes. But all the same old man Charlie Wiggins and his six boys all voted for Jerry, and a man by the name of Rutherford goes to congress from our district."

No man can save his country till he knows the lay of the land. And the people ain't gone nowhere.

RUFUS SANDERS.

—Vice stings us even in our pleasures, but virtue consoles us, even in our pains. —Colton.

WELL-GROOMED WOMEN.

Now Realize the Amount of Time They Must Spend in Beautifying.

Being well groomed is not a mere matter of expense. It also implies a goodly amount of care and time.

The well-groomed woman always looks neat in every detail and is suitably dressed for every occasion.

Her hair has a satin gloss, her boots and finger-nails also. Her gloves are invariably fresh and well-fitting, and her bonnet and hat are irreproachable in style and finish.

The secret of being perfectly groomed lies in having the taste to select becoming wearing apparel, the knowledge as to when and how to wear it and the willingness to give much attention to even the most petty detail. The well-groomed woman is not exaggerated in style, for that is bad taste, and her taste is always above reproach. She is sure to have in her wardrobe one perfectly correct dinner gown, a ball gown that is simple but elegant in cut, a tailor gown for street wear and a variety of fancy waists for theater and negligee jackets for house and morning wear.

Her street boots and gloves are manish in style, and her house shoes and gloves dainty and dressy in the extreme. Her wraps are always richly lined, and her favorite dress-lining is a good quality of silk. Her skirt bindings are fresh and absolutely free from soil; her buttons, hooks and eyes, ribbons and bows are firmly set in place, and a loose thread or frayed button-hole is an unknown quantity to the girl who is well-groomed from a matter of principle and not by a lucky chance.

All this sounds very onerous to the woman who were not one or several habits at her disposal. But in reality it is not so serious a matter. If she will study the wisdom of the old motto: "A stitch in time saves nine," she will have a fair start, for any amount of slovenliness in appearance is not so much due to lack of time as it is the result of that variety of laziness that neglects the little things.

See that things are brushed and in order before being put away. No matter how great the love of sleep in the morning never neglect the cold bath before dressing. Manicure the nails while resting, or looking over the morning paper. It takes but a minute to wash the hair, and while it is drying, read, or sew, or plan the marketing and shopping for the day. It is quite possible for a woman to achieve much in the matter of being well-groomed by simply utilizing all the idle minutes during the day.—N. Y. World.

OLD MAGAZINES.

Various Ways of Turning Them to Good Use.

"What shall we do with the old magazines?" is a question in nearly every household. In these days of cheap current literature they accumulate so rapidly that bookcases and shelves are full to overflowing. Years ago when a family considered itself fortunate to be able to subscribe to one or two monthly magazines they were treated more carefully. Usually they were bound in volumes containing five or six numbers each, and were considered a desirable addition to the library. Now a first-class magazine can be bought for ten cents, and instead of two there are often six or eight brought into the house every month, until it is a question of how to dispose of them. Of course, they can be sent to the hospitals and asylums, but it is often inconvenient, and one of those things one is always going to do, but seldom ever does. Besides, there is often a story or a picture in a magazine that is worth keeping.

An attractive and unusual book can be arranged by cutting out all the desirable stories and having them bound. There is sure to be no other like it, and it would show the taste of the person who made the selections, besides preserving good short stories which do not appear in book form. In order to do this successfully it is necessary to draw out the wire at the back of the magazine which holds the leaves together. It is easy then to remove the pages that are wanted, and then there is sufficient margin for the book-binder.

A collection of pictures cut from the magazines and nicely arranged in a scrapbook is another means of saving those of interest. In this case it is a good plan to classify them and arrange them according to subject.

It is hard to find a book a child will enjoy more than one of this kind—with a selection of appropriate pictures. It is something that cannot be bought, and no other child will have one like it.

The funny pictures sometimes found among the advertisements would make a good collection, and one that would interest and amuse everybody.

With a little time and patience the old magazines can be disposed of very profitably, and in their place will be something worth keeping.—Chicago Tribune.

Raisin Cake.

For two loaves use a generous cupful of butter, two of sugar, one of milk, four generous cupfuls of flour, five eggs, one gill of brandy, two nutmegs, half a teaspoonful of soda and one quart of boiled raisins. Put the raisins in a small stewpan, and cover them with cold water. Cook slowly for half an hour; then drain and cool. Beat the butter to a cream. Beat the sugar into it; add the brandy and nutmeg, and beat a little longer. Add the yolks of the eggs, well beaten. Dissolve the soda in the milk, and add this to the beaten ingredients; then add the flour. Stir in the well-beaten whites of the eggs. Spread the batter in thin layers in two large cake pans, and sprinkle raisins on each layer. Continue until the materials are all used. Bake for two hours in a moderate oven. This is a cake that keeps well.—Boston Herald.

An Artistic Bonnet.

Undoubtedly the most artistic bonnet of the season is the small poe, but whether it will obtain here as it has in Paris remains to be seen. A particularly pretty one is of white chip, with an inner facing of rose-colored velvet. On one side, standing up high, but pointing toward the front, are two large pink roses, with their stems and foliage, while twisted around the crown is a scarf of soft pink chiffon. Pale pink ribbon ties, at least three inches wide, are on the bonnet and must be looped in rather a prim bow just under the chin. In brown straw with corn flowers upon it, in gray with white or pink roses, in dark blue with mignonette, or in yellow with blue forget-me-nots the poke shape is seen and is admired.—Ladies' Home Journal.

MUD-MADE MEN.

Thousands Rejuvenated in 1895—Remarkable Vitalizing Power of the Famous Magnesia-Lithia Water Baths.

INDIANA, Massachussetts, Ind., Jan. [Special]—During the year 1895 a large number of physicians from all over the country have personally investigated the remarkable natural combination of cures found here for rheumatism, kidney and nervous diseases. This treatment, consisting of the Magnesia-Lithia Water and Magnesia Baths, taken in connection with the drinking of Magnesia-Lithia water, has been found by the profession to be the most remarkable and successful remedial power as yet discovered. The end of the year brought reports from many eminent medical men, a number of whom have discussed and recommended the cure in the leading medical journals.

Since the accidental discovery of the virtues of Magnesia-Lithia water, four years ago, this little valley has become world-famous. A big hotel has been built with all modern improvements, electric light, steam heat, and a great variety of a large bath-house especially constructed for the requirements of Magnesia-Lithia Water Baths. People in search of rest, health and pleasure from all over the United States have come in numbers to tax the capacity of the establishment, and have gone to help spread the fame of the cure.

The proprietors, the Indiana Springs Co., have opened offices at 108 Hudson St., New York City, and 45 Randolph St., Chicago, where all detailed information can be obtained on application, whether personal or by letter.

A TIMID HOUSEKEEPER.—Mrs. Nowed—"We will have to have a speaking tube from the dining-room to the kitchen." Mr. Nowed—"Why?" Mrs. Nowed—"Well, I must get some way of talking to the cook without having her throw dishes at me."—Truth.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every false statement that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1896.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

If a man is endowed with a generous mind, this is the best kind of nobility.—Plato.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3. SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD.

If you pay \$4 to \$6 for shoes, examine the W. L. Douglas Shoe, and see what a good shoe you can buy for OVER 100 STYLES AND WIDTHS, CONGRUOUS, BUTTON, and LACE, made in all kinds of the best selected leather by skilled workmen. We make and sell more \$3 Shoes than any other manufacturer in the world. None genuine unless name and price is stamped on the bottom.

Ask your dealer for our \$5, \$4, \$3.50, \$3.25, \$2.50, \$2.25, \$2.00, \$1.75 for boys.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. If your dealer cannot supply you, send to factory, enclosing price and 3c cents to pay carriage. State kind, style of toe (cap or plain), size and width. Our Custom Dept. will fill your order. Send for new illustrated Catalogue free.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

CHOICEST DECORATIVE and Useful Plants, vines and trees. Palms, Cactus, Ornamental Grasses, Flowering plants, rare Florida flowers for sale in the South, etc., etc. The Largest Collection of rare and useful plants grown for sale in the South, etc., etc.

ROYAL PALM NURSERIES, ONECO, FLA. Send for new catalogue, to-day, FREE.

STARK TREES OF ALL FRUITS. TENDED 20 YEARS. Salesmen and club makers wanted for sale in the South, etc., etc. Stark, Louisiana, Mo., Rockport, Illa.

OLD STAMPS. WE BUY THEM FOR CASH. FREE. H. B. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

OPHIA and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. H. B. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

COUGES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

A. N. K. F. 1597

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

"I am sixty years of age and from girlhood have been familiar with the name of Ayer. Five years ago I became nervous, sleepless, and lost flesh. I took a variety of medicines without benefit. At last I began a course of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I became stronger, gained flesh, and I

of effort. Does it answer you when you call? Does it creep unwillingly to work? It's the natural effect of the waste of winter. So much for the season. Now for the word. If you would eat heartily, sleep soundly, work easily, and feel like a new being, take

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

* This testimonial will be found in full in Ayer's "Curebook" with a hundred others. Free. Address J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

"A Word in Season"

The season is Spring,—Spring when you call on your body for all its energy, and tax it to the limit

It's Pure

Walter Baker & Co.'s

Cocoa is Pure—it's all

Cocoa—no filling—no

chemicals.

WALTER BAKER & CO., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass.

DUNCAN'S LINIMENT

TESTED REMEDY

Rheumatism

Headache, Toothache, and PAINS generally.

G. W. GUNTER, CLINTONVILLE, ALA., says: "I have found DUNCAN'S LINIMENT to be the best remedy for every ailment I ever saw."

FOR COLIC IN HORSES AND MULES It is a "DEAD SHOT."

WEHR MANUFACTURING CO., Proprietors, NASHVILLE, TENN.

150000 Copies of Demorest's Magazine

DO YOU KNOW WHAT THAT MEANS? THAT MEANS THAT 70,000 more SUBSCRIBERS have been Added to its LIST since Oct. 1st, 1895! Why is this? Because in its improved form it has no equal as a magazine for the family circle.

DEMOREST'S Is Actually a Dozen Magazines in One.

It is a Review for the studious man or woman; a Digest of Current Events and Ideas for the busy man or woman; a Storehouse of Interest for all.

DEMOREST'S for 1896 will chronicle every Important Event of Daily Life, and Everything New in Art, Science, Mechanics, Politics, Adventure, Exploration and Discovery, always with profuse illustrations. It will contain a wealth of superbly illustrated papers on general topics, applying to all classes and conditions, instructive and delightful to everybody; and, in addition, it will publish the best and purest fiction from the pens of acknowledged geniuses of the world.

CURRENT COMMENT.

CUBA is said to have cost Spain in the last year more than the island is worth to her.

THE latest estimate of illiterates over ten years of age in the United States is 6,324,702, or 13.3 per cent. of the whole population.

A NUMBER of women in London recently sent a communication to Lord Salisbury, the British premier, declaring that war must cease.

FIVE hundred land agents from the southern states are said to be in the northwest to encourage a migration of farmers and mechanics to their section.

THE defeat of Senator Davis' presidential aspirations in Minnesota was attributed to the labor organizations, who were bitter against the senator on account of his radical stand against the Chicago railroad strike of two years ago.

THE British people consume every year \$150,000,000 worth more of grain than they produce, and in view of possible war complications it is proposed to keep not less than one year's supply of cereals on hand, so as to be in good shape for all contingencies.

PROF. FASENDER, of the Western university at Pittsburgh, Pa., who has been working in making developments with the new X rays, has invented a meter whereby they can be measured. The invention will assist greatly in studying the effect of the new discovery.

ALL the information coming from trustworthy sources represents the condition of the Armenians as most deplorable. Great numbers are dying of starvation and the masses of the unfortunate people are subsisting on one-fourth of what is required to sustain life.

AN appeal was recently made to the appropriations committee of the house by the Lincoln Memorial association for an appropriation with which to purchase the house on Tenth street in Washington, in which Abraham Lincoln died, and to make it a perpetual shrine of patriotic pilgrimage for the millions that venerate his memory.

GREATER New York will have an area of 359 square miles, making it the largest American city and nearly three times the size of Philadelphia. But London spreads over 688 square miles. The consolidation will advance New York to the position of the world's second city, and as its rate of growth is nearly double that of London it should be the first before the end of the coming century.

THOMAS EDISON has succeeded, with the aid of the X rays, in penetrating the human body with the naked eye. He looked into the lungs and heart and examined the arteries, muscles and blood vessels of one of his assistants. With the powerful cathode light behind the subject, he looked through the screen of prepared chemicals, and is said to have plainly seen the workings of the various organs of the body.

AN unpublished letter from Gen. Grant upon the Monroe doctrine was found a few days ago among the records of the war department. It was written to President Andrew Johnson some time before the United States government demanded the withdrawal of French troops from Mexico. Gen. Grant, as the letter shows, was in favor of extreme measures to overthrow Maximilian and to sustain the republican cause in Mexico.

THE government of New Zealand has drafted a bill for the exclusion of consumptives from that colony. It imposes an extremely heavy penalty upon captains of ships bringing consumptives to a port, whether knowingly or unwittingly. The law, if passed, will compel the captains as a matter of self-defense, to require all intending passengers from American, English or Asiatic ports to provide themselves with medical certificates showing that they are neither consumptives nor exhibit any tendencies of being afflicted.

THE announcement that President Cleveland will soon extend the civil service rules so as to embrace all clerical employees of the government is not surprising, the Indianapolis Journal says. At present nearly 90 per cent. of all such employees are under the rules, and it is but logical that the rest should be placed on the same footing. Every president and head of department who has held office since the civil service law was passed has become a convert to its operation, and public opinion has finally accepted it as a distinct improvement on the old spoils system.

THE senate committee on elections recently reported an amendment to the constitution for the election of senators by direct vote of the people, but the prospects that the amendment will be made are small. In order to have it submitted to the people a two-thirds vote of the senate is required, the prospect for which is rather improbable. Should the senate decide to submit the question, it would be necessary to have the amendment ratified by three-fourths of the states, either by a vote of the legislature or by the voice of a convention called for the purpose.

COL. GEORGE W. BAIN, of Kentucky, addressed the Women's Christian Temperance union at Washington recently and made the statement that one of the causes of our recent depression was the spending of \$1,000,000,000 in 1894 by the American people for liquor and tobacco. "Do not say that our finances are exaggerated," he said, "until congress gives us a committee of inquiry to prove that they are wrong. If the workingmen of Chicago had saved the money they spent in one day for liquor during the Pullman strike they could have bought the Pullman plant."

THE IOWA LAUNCHED.

The Monster Battleship Takes Water Gracefully

AFTER TAKING A DOSE OF CHAMPAGNE.

The Christening Performed by Miss Mary Lord Drake, Daughter of the Governor of Iowa, in Presence of an Immense Throng.

PHILADELPHIA, March 28.—The battleship Iowa was launched from Cramp's ship yard at 1:30 p. m. When she slipped into her cradle and dipped her virgin keel in the waters of the Delaware, Uncle Sam's new navy received the most powerful fighting vessel afloat.

There has never been a more successful launch. Federal, state and municipal governments were represented by high dignitaries. Miss Mary Lord Drake, daughter of the governor of Iowa, named the big naval baby. The bottle she broke on its great iron prow contained champagne, and not water from either the Des Moines or the Schuylkill rivers. When Miss Drake christened the ship her father stood beside her, and near at hand were the members of his staff, and a party of other distinguished Iowans.

Secretary of the Navy Herbert was there, with prominent attaches of his office, and so were the chiefs of the different naval bureaus in Washington and members of the house and senate committees on naval affairs. Gov. Hastings represented Pennsylvania and Mayor Warwick Philadelphia. A mighty host of citizens saw the event.

It was shortly after 1 o'clock when the last tie piece holding the monster to the ways was knocked off and the tremendous hull gave a preliminary quiver. The commanding figure of Miss Drake, standing on a little raised platform, was drawn up. Under Henry W. Cramp's direction, she rested one shoulder against the hull, and then as it began to glide away, she swung her right arm and smashed the bottle squarely on the vessel's nose. She nervously murmured: "I christen thee Iowa," but nobody heard her, because at that moment the factories and steamboats let loose their car-splitting whistles and the multitude gave vent to its frenzied roar of enthusiasm. And the racket kept up until the Iowa had gracefully acknowledged the tribute in mid-stream, swinging round and cast anchor.

Then everybody on the bow platform shook hands with everybody else there, and they went into the long midloft for luncheon and more felicitations. The western party included Gen. F. M. Drake, governor of Iowa; W. M. McFarland, secretary of state; C. G. McCarthy, state auditor; John Herriott, state treasurer; the governor's military staff, with aides.

The ladies were Miss Mary Lord Drake, Mrs. D. M. Shonts, Mrs. Ed. Gosse, Mrs. Martha Farr Nutting, Miss Mary Carpenter, Miss Fannie McFarland, Mrs. F. M. McFarland, Mrs. Col. Robt. Rae, Mrs. John A. Drake, Mrs. F. E. Drake, Miss Clarice McCarthy.

The following stirring poem by Maj. S. H. M. Byers, of Iowa, was read, each stanza being enthusiastically applauded:

The Launching of the Iowa.
Wake, giant of oak and steel,
Asleep by the yellow sand,
And give to the sea thy keel,
And bid farewell to the land.
At the touch of heavy arms,
At the words that shall bid thee move,
At the hand that dips thee,
And give to the sea thy love.
Sail, sail, O ship that is ours,
New warrant that peace shall be,
With the flag that floats above thee,
O ship of the western sea!
To every land of the earth,
To seas that are fair and far,
Bearing the message of worth
That peace is better than war!
And guard thou ever our fame,
From gulf to the utmost bay,
And keep forever thy name
As fair as the cloud that lowers,
O ship of the western sea!
To every land of the earth,
To seas that are fair and far,
Bearing the message of worth
That peace is better than war!
And guard thou ever our fame,
From gulf to the utmost bay,
And keep forever thy name
As fair as the cloud that lowers,
O ship of the western sea!

Then wake, O giant of steel,
That sleeps by the yellow sand,
Arise from thy dreams and feel
The voice of a man's hand!
Sail, sail to many a main,
Strange lands and trackless ways,
But ever come back again,
New crowned with the victor's bays.
Your colors already we know—
The colors our hearts adore,
The sea-waves white, and the wine's red glow
And the blue sky bending o'er.
Sail, sail, O ship,
But come to us at the last,
If from the battle, or from the gale,
With the old flag at the mast.

There was no speech-making as the crowd in the room where the lunch was served was so great that the formalities had to be abandoned.

After the luncheon the Washington party returned to the capital in their special train.

Decision Affecting Wheelmen.

DES MOINES, Ia., March 28.—The house passed a bill compelling bicyclists to dismount when approaching teams showing fright, and to assist in quieting the teams.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

Francis R. Fava, son of the Italian ambassador at Washington, is dead. A Texas expedition will leave Galveston shortly to join the Cuban insurgents.

President Kruger of the Transvaal denies the report that he has refused to visit England.

The interior department has called for bids for pasture leases of Indian lands in Oklahoma.

Matt Mootry, a negro murderer, was hanged at Georgetown, Tex. He confessed on the scaffold.

Martin McGrath, ex-warden of Fort Worth, Tex., under sentence for murder, escaped from jail.

Albert Batterson, while committing burglary at Athens, Ill., was shot and killed by City Marshal Trent.

Col. Hughes, of the army, is trying to have his age record changed so he can hold his job a year longer.

The Massachusetts republican convention endorsed the presidential candidacy of Thomas B. Reed and declared for sound money.

Frank Sweeney, for many years grand master of the Switchmen's national union, died of consumption at his home in Chicago.

The Countess de Castellane, formerly Miss Anna Gould, is coming home in June to spend two months with Mr. and Mrs. George J. Gould.

The house judiciary committee has adversely reported the proposed Indian tax bill, which was another Oklahoma scheme for fleecing the Indians.

Pauline Hall, the comic opera singer, has taken the degree of "M.A." in private life. Miss Hall is known as Mrs. George H. McLeellan. It is a girl.

Dr. Louis P. Ehrman, a physician of St. Louis, who had been at the home of his brother, Dr. E. D. Ehrman, of Rockport, Ind., died Friday of dropsy.

Paul Bigelow, a brakeman on the Union Pacific, was run over by a freight car at Chapman, Neb., while doing some switching and both legs were cut off.

Hiram H. Ely, a boy 15, and his sister-in-law, Mrs. Jane D. Ely, a widow 40 years old and the mother of four children, were married at Richmond, Ky.

The court of Leipzig, Germany, quashed the case against Robert Kneeb. He was accused of trotting Bethel under the name of Nellie Kneeb.

In his efforts to escape from the hardship of a life to captivity, a monkey jumped from the Brooklyn bridge Friday and met his death in the waters of the East river.

Ex-Gov. Thomas Seay, of Alabama, is critically ill at his home in Greensboro. He was attacked with la grippe several days ago and a complication of diseases followed.

At least 400 of the 2,000 Italian immigrants who were landed at Ellis Island a week ago will be deported, as they had not money enough to subsist on for three days.

Interested lines have agreed upon a rate of one fare for the round trip for the annual meeting of the Young People's Christian union, which will be held in Omaha August 10-24.

With a revolver in one hand and a hand mirror in the other Henry L. Acres committed suicide at Burlington, Ia., by shooting. He was a United States railway postal clerk.

Mr. J. B. Ruffey, a Cleveland horse buyer, recently shipped 40 horses to France to be used in cavalry service in the French army. The French inspectors have contracted for 800 more.

C. D. Vaughn, manager of one of the Western Union Telegraph Co.'s stations in New York city, says he has about completed an invention by the use of which it will be possible to telephone across the ocean.

One of the factors in the disruption between Ballington Booth and his father is said to be the fact that the old general tore down an American flag hanging in his son's home during his visit to this country some months ago.

The young women of Susquehanna, Pa., have originated a novel scheme for raising church funds. Their plan is a "hugging bee," and it will take place at a fair to be given under the auspices of the Women's Society of Susquehanna.

A TERRIBLE CRIME.

A Young Lady Criminally Assailed by Two Men Near Albany, Mo.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., March 28.—Lulu Hawkins, aged 16, living near Albany, Mo., while on her way home from the Central Christian college at that place Friday evening, was criminally assaulted by two men at the Gallop road crossing of the river, four miles southwest of Albany. The men dragged her from her horse and into the timber. Miss Hawkins is a granddaughter of Floyd Gillespie, of Albany, and is a highly esteemed young lady. Her family is one of the most prominent in the county. Great excitement prevails at Albany. Two men have been arrested on suspicion.

OXFORDS WON.

The Annual Rowing Contest Between Oxford and Cambridge.

LONDON, March 28.—The annual rowing contest between the Oxford and Cambridge university crews took place over the course from Putney to Mortlake, 4½ miles, in the presence of the usual crowd of Londoners and provincials, and was won by Oxford by a quarter of a length. Time, 20:01. The weather was extremely disagreeable.

DYING OF HICCUPS.

The Physicians Can Do Nothing for Aged Edward Teumaine.

NEW YORK, March 28.—Edward Teumaine, 88 years of age, of East Chester, has hiccoughed steadily for ten days, and his case baffles the skill of the physicians. He is unable to rest day or night, and is losing strength rapidly.

BIG DAY FOR BLAZES.

An Expensive Conflagration at Waterbury, Conn.

AN EXCITING BLAZE AT ST. PAUL, MINN.

Fires at Other Points, in Some Cases Involving Loss of Life—Half a Million Dollar Fire at Bradford, England.

An Expensive Blaze at Waterbury, Conn. WATERBURY, Conn., March 28.—That part of Waterbury known as the lumber section, and bounded by Cedar and South Willow streets and the freight yards of the New England Railroad Co., has been burned. The loss will be fully \$300,000. The fire started in some unknown manner in the boiler room of the City Lumber and Coal Co. and spread rapidly to the adjoining property.

The principal losers are the City Lumber and Coal Co.; Valentine Buhl, wholesale meats and produce; Lilley, Swift & Co., meat and produce; Seeley & Upham; builders; D. E. Carroll & Co., provisions; I. A. Spencer, provisions, and the New England Railroad Co., which loses several freight cars upon its tracks.

The lumber and coal continued to burn through the day in spite of the efforts of the fire department. Fifteen horses, the property of the lumber company, were burned to death.

An Exciting Fire at St. Paul.

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 28.—At 3:30 a. m. Yerkas Bros' grocery, corner Seventh and Cedar streets, was completely gutted by fire in less than 20 minutes. The fire started in the fifth floor, where several occupants, including United States soldiers, were asleep. They were brought down on ladders, one woman unconscious and others suffering from smoke inhalation. All have been accounted for.

W. E. Ryder, of Hose Company No. 8, was severely injured about the neck and shoulders, but not fatally.

Yerkas' loss is about \$25,000, fully covered by insurance. Origin of fire unknown.

Fatal Fire at Geneva, N. Y.

GENEVA, N. Y., March 28.—The Ridley hotel, a frame structure, situated on Sherrill street very near the Lehigh Valley station, was burned about 1 a. m. One boarder, Thomas Danton, a fireman on the Lehigh Valley work train, was burned to death. Engineer Spangler and brakeman Cogswell were badly burned about the hands and face, but will recover. E. C. Young, a sales agent, barely escaped with his life, only saving the scanty wearing apparel he had on. Corsetine lost \$400 in currency, which was consumed with his trunk. The building was insured for \$4,000, and the contents for \$1,500.

Burned to Death in Her Home.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 28.—Mrs. F. E. Dorning, wife of a city employee, was burned to death at her residence on Fort street. She got up to pacify a crying child. This accomplished, she went to the kitchen, where her clothing ignited from the stove. Her screams awoke her husband, who smothered the fire but not in time to save the life of his wife.

Fatal Fire at Spring Valley, Miss.

SPRING VALLEY, Miss., March 28.—The home of Jacob Ruhl was burned at midnight. John, a 14-year-old son, and Charles Osborne, were burned to death. Mrs. Ruhl was so badly burned she may die, and another son was badly hurt in jumping through a window when there was no time to raise. Lightning caused the fire.

Fire at Lockport, N. Y.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., March 28.—A fire, which started in Churchill & Co.'s dry-goods store, swept away all the warehouses on the east side of Water street from Churchill's store to the post office. The schooners Three Bells and Jersey Lily, lying at the wharves, caught fire, and were somewhat damaged.

Bonded Warehouse Burning.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 28.—One of the large bonded warehouses of the Pleasure Ridge Distilling Co., a few miles south of the city, is on fire. Engines have been sent out by special train.

Fire at Somersworth, N. H.

SOMERSWORTH, N. H., March 28.—The Watson, Dixon and Pray blocks, in High street, were burned. Loss, \$35,000; insurance partial.

Fire at Dubuque, Ia.

DUBUQUE, Ia., March 28.—Fire at Volga City this morning destroyed the Stone block. Loss \$30,000; insurance partial.

Fire at Bradford, England.

LONDON, March 28.—The large warehouses of Hollings, at Bradford, were burned this morning. The loss is \$100,000.

WHILE LOOKING AT A FIRE.

A Spectator Killed by the Unexpected Discharge of a Shotgun.

TOPEKA, Kas., March 28.—George Austin, of Kingman county, met death in a peculiar accident Friday. He had rushed to the home of his neighbor, David Stohl, which was on fire, to assist in saving the household effects. The heat was too intense to enter, and as Austin stood looking at the burning building a double-barreled shotgun, hanging on a rack in the house, was discharged by the heat, the contents of both barrels entering his head and body.

Twenty-Two Bodies Recovered.

WELLINGTON, New Zealand, March 28.—Twenty-two bodies have been recovered from the mines at Brunner, in which an explosion of fire damp occurred a few days ago, killing five persons outright and hopelessly entombing 60 others.

BRADSTREET'S REVIEW.

Trade Generally Remains Dull and Unsteady.

New York, March 28.—Bradstreet's weekly review says:

The week has brought more favorable weather, which tends to create a better feeling. But trade, except at Baltimore, Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago, and to a moderate degree at other points, remains dull and unsteady. The most encouraging feature is the advance in prices of wheat, Indian corn and Bessemer pig iron, the latter being based on the higher value placed on lake ore. While there have been larger sales of good choice, hardware, iron and leather at Chicago, business in other lines continues slow. The check in demand for groceries and provisions at the south is due to southern planters having raised larger food crops last year.

One of the most unpleasant features is lack of improvement in mercantile collections. This, with the commercial calm at many of the more important trading centers, points to some of the effects of a prolonged period of withdrawal of capital from enterprises in the United States, and to the unwillingness of accumulated domestic capital to seek new ventures at present.

Exports of wheat (four included as wheat) from Canada, of the United States this week are only slightly heavier than last, amounting to 1,741,000 bushels, compared with 1,582,000 in the previous week. One year ago the corresponding weekly aggregate was 2,022,000; two years ago it was 2,069,000; three years ago 2,875,000, and in the corresponding week of 1892 it was 2,567,000.

Only 275 business failures are reported in the United States, compared with 300 last week, but an unusually large proportion of them are of comparatively heavily capitalized concerns. There are 41 business failures reported from the Canadian Dominion, compared with 40 last week, 49 in the week of a year ago and 27 in the fourth week of March, 1894.

IN MEMORY OF LOVEJOY.

Work on the Monument to the Anti-Slavery Editor at Alton, Ill.

ALTON, Ill., March 28.—The Lovejoy monument association has now available \$30,000 with which to erect a monument at the Alton cemetery to Elijah P. Lovejoy, and Gov. Altgeld has requested that the work be completed within the next nine months. When the appropriation of \$25,000 was made by the state for the monument, the governor stipulated that the people should raise by popular subscription an additional \$12,500 before the \$25,000 should be placed in their hands. The citizens have succeeded in raising \$5,000, and the governor has instructed them to go ahead with the \$30,000 in hand. The monument will overlook the Mississippi from the east bluffs of the city.

SAMUEL P. LANGDON

Restrained from Disposing of His Property.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 28.—Samuel P. Langdon, who is in custody under suspicion that he is responsible for the death of young Annie J. McGrath, was visited by Deputy Sheriff Smith, of Clearfield county, who served upon him, as president of the Altoona & Philadelphia Connecting Railroad Co., an injunction issued by Judge C. Gordon, of that county. The action was brought by George W. Dickey and five other persons, who are creditors of the company, and who applied for a writ to restrain Langdon or any of the officers of the company from disposing of or incurring the property.

THREE HUNDRED KILLED.

Chinamen Blown to Atoms by the Explosion of a Magazine.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 28.—Three hundred Chinese were blown to atoms by the explosion of a magazine attached to the fort at Kiang, in China, on February 24. The disaster, according to the mail advices received by steamer, was the work of mutinous soldiers, who were preparing to join secret society rebels in the attack on the adjacent town, but whether through carelessness or intention, is not known.

FARMER JOHN ARNEY

Went to Adjust a Difficulty and Has Been Found Murdered.

COLUMBUS, O., March 28.—A Press special from Canton, O., says the body of John Arney, a farmer aged 53, who has been missing since Sunday last, has been found in the woods in Sugar Creek township, near his home. The left eye is missing, and it seems to have been taken out by a pistol shot. When last seen Arney was on his way to adjust a difficulty with some relatives. It is suspected that he was murdered.

A NEGRO'S REVENGE.

Killed the Daughter of the Man Who Sent Him to Jail and Himself.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 28.—About 8 a. m. Philip Kaner, a negro cook, cut the throat of a 14-year-old girl named Meyers, the daughter of respectable people, and then cut his own throat, dying instantly. The girl died a few hours later. Kaner some time ago robbed a saloon owned by the girl's father, and served six months' imprisonment for the crime.

In Favor of Women Delegates.

WICHITA, Kas., March 28.—At the Southwest Kansas Methodist Episcopal conference, a vote was taken on the Baltimore-Colorado proposition to admit women to the general conference, and it was adopted: Yeas, 84; nays, 8.

A Change of Location.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 28.—By direction of the office of the uniform rank, Knights of Pythias, the arrangements to hold the national encampment in Minneapolis have been declared off, and Cleveland has been selected as the place for the coming event.

Post Office Robbers Sentenced.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 28.—In the United States district court, Friday, the bandits indicted for robbing the California post office, James Carter, Pat Clifford, Mike Ryan and Barney Burns, were convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary for five years.

In a Critical Condition.

GREENSBORO, Ala., March 28.—Ex-Gov. Thomas Seney is in a very critical condition. He is unconscious, and death is likely to occur at any moment. He has been suffering from grip for some time.

HARRISON-DIMMICK.

Arrangements Completed for the Wedding Easter Monday.

WHILE IT WILL BE A VERY QUIET ONE,

There Will Be Some Notable Features, the Floral Decoration of the Interior of St. Thomas Church in Particular.

NEW YORK, March 28.—On Easter Monday, at 4 p. m., Mrs. Mary Scott Dimmick, will be married to ex-President Harrison at St. Thomas church. The arrangements for the wedding have been made with secrecy and it was only Friday that the final details were fully settled.

The spirit of Easter will pervade the ceremonies. While the wedding will be a very quiet and small affair, to which only the relatives and intimate friends of Gen. Harrison and his future bride will be invited, it will be one of the most beautiful in point of ceremony. Thoroughly has been given charge of the floral decorations, which will be arranged under the personal supervision of Mr. Humphreys.

The church will be like a field of lilies with palm trees waving above them. The massive oaken reredos will be curtained with palms, laden in an exquisitely delicate arabesque, shaded with purple and gold and warm crimson from the stained glass windows. Quantities of white azaleas flashed with pink will form a dado for this altar hanging, with here and there bits of deeper rose color, as though darkened by shadow. The altar rail will be hidden by lilies which will be tied with garlands of bride roses looped with ribbon, and the choir will be completely hidden behind lilies broadcast, as it were, in graceful sprays against a background of tropical foliage.

Those who are in Mrs. Dimmick's confidence say she will have no bridesmaids, as widows seldom, if ever, have attendants except the ushers. The latter have been selected, as has also the best man, but their names are to be kept secret until Gen. Harrison returns to New York next Friday.

Rev. John Wesley Brown, rector of St. Thomas' church, will perform the ceremony, and an elaborate musical programme will be rendered by the quartette choir, supplemented by the large chorus of mixed voices, all under the direction of Dr. Warren, who will preside at the organ.

THE MATABELE UPRISING.

The Defection of the Native Police Commanded—They Took Their Arms.

LOXON, March 28.—Sir Hercules Robinson, governor of Cape Colony, has reported to the colonial office that the reports of the murder of Police Inspector Jackson and the desertion of the native police to the Matabeles is confirmed. The native police took their Martini rifles with them. Gov. Robinson also says that Laigars around the market in Bulawayo is greatly in need of arms and ammunition.

The dispatch says that Mabel, son of the late Matabele king, Lobengula, who was banished in 1893, has returned to Matabeleland and that it was he who incited the uprising.

The Situation Very Grave.

CAPE TOWN, March 28.—A dispatch from Bulawayo, under Friday's date, represents the situation as being of the gravest character. A thousand women and children burned a store 40 miles out from Bulawayo on Thursday and performed a dance around the flames. Many murders of whites of the most fiendish character are reported. Cecil Rhodes is expected to arrive at Salisbury on Sunday. It is learned that the native police induced the Matabeles to revolt and joined them with 750 rifles and a large quantity of ammunition.

Matabeles Defeated.

CAPE TOWN, March 28.—A force of British troops, under command of Capt. Spreckels, defeated a large body of Matabeles on Thursday, killing a large number of them. The British force lost no men.

THOMAS BYRNES.

Ex-Chief of Police of New York, Going Into Business for Himself.

NEW YORK, March 28.—Former Chief of Police Thomas Byrnes, is positively announced, has leased a suite of offices in the Wall street district, where he will preside over a private detective bureau. The business to be conducted by him will be international in scope.

While on his recent trip abroad the ex-chief corralled some new ideas on the subject of running such an institution, engaged agents in different European capitals and made arrangements with correspondents. He has returned from his visit to Hot Springs, relieved of his rheumatic troubles. He will begin business in about six weeks.

Mr. Byrnes has declared, so a friend states, that under no circumstances, no matter what the salary might be, will he consent to be the head of a metropolitan police department of the greater New York.

Infected Cows.

KANKAKEE, Ill., March 28.—The state veterinarian has been examining the milk cows at the state asylum for the insane at this place, and reports that many are dying with tuberculosis or consumption. He has condemned 33 of them and expects to find more before the entire herd of about 200 cows is examined.



JOE · M. · SPENCER.



THE ORIGINATOR AND LEADER OF LOW PRICES,

Presents to his readers this week this Mammoth advertisement instead of the little Bulletin of two weeks ago. My space was too small to tell you all I wanted to say of the good things I have in store for the wide-awake cash buyer.

Therefore I have adopted this method of getting my goods and prices before the people. Appreciating the hard times and scarcity of money I determined at the beginning to give the people goods at living prices. How well I have succeeded I leave for you to decide. Ever since I started in business, I have been in the lead of all others with

THE BEST GOODS FOR THE LEAST MONEY.

My would-be imitators are following in the rear, two or three years behind the procession, in fact some of them have just begun to realize that the war is over. My success from the start has been phenomenal, due simply to one fact,

EXTREMELY LOW PRICES!

I am getting the cream while the other fellows get skimmed milk. I have never sold so many goods at this season of the year. And why? Simply because I have upset old moss-covered trade laws. Instead of offering an accumulation of old RUBBISH AT WAR PRICES, I am selling

NEW, FRESH, CLEAN, BRIGHT AND STYLISH GOODS AT PRICES THAT SIMPLY PARALYZE THE OLD TIMERS.

AND HERE THEY ARE FOR THIS WEEK:

GROCERIES.	HARDWARE.	NOTIONS AND SHOES.
25 lbs best Rice for \$1 00	Best poney plows \$1 85	Men's dress shirts - - - - - 50c
20 lbs best White Sugar for 1 00	" double bit axes 90c	Ladies' fine hemstitched handkerchiefs - - - 5c
10 lbs best cream cheese for 1 00	" plow points 25c	Ladies' fast black seamless hose - - - 8c
5½ lbs best green coffee for 1 00	" steel plow blades, any shape 3½c	Men's fast black seamless double heel hose - - - 8c
Best roasted coffee 19c lb	" plow stock 75c	Misses' fast black seamless hose - - - 5 to 8c
3 lbs good soda for 10c	" iron bound hames 25c	Men's fine fur hats for - - - - - 50c
A good 50 cent tobacco for 30c	" long handle shovels 60c	Ladies' corsets, splendid goods - - - 25 to 50c
150 lb sack salt for 75c	" Scovill hoes 40 & 50	Pencil tablets - - - - - 1c
Best New York seed Irish potatoes 25c peck or 75c a bushel	" steel wedges 25c	Ladies' best dongola button shoes - - - \$1 25
Onion sets 25c gal	" coffee mills 25c	Ladies best glove grain button shoes - - - \$1 00

— MILLINERY. —

In this department my stock is the Largest and Handsomest ever shown in this place. MISS FANNIE LONGSHORE, a lady of rare taste an extensive experience, has charge of this department, and it goes without saying that she can suit you in anything in that line. Remember, that in order to make low prices we exact the cash in every instance.

Every day I am adding new attractions to my already handsome and attractive stock. You will find my house brim full of bargains in every line, and at prices never before heard of. Some of the old croakers say I am selling goods for less than cost and that I am not doing a legitimate business. This I leave for you to decide, but one thing I will say, that I am not in business simply for my health. I am after the almighty dollar just as they are, and I intend to get it if LOW PRICES and FAIR DEALING count for anything. I am the only one who has displayed nerve enough to put his prices in cold type.

Thanking you for the very liberal patronage you have given me, and asking a continuance of the same,

I Am Yours to Please,

JOE M. SPENCER.

A FOOLISH MAN

Is he who declares he never pays any attention to state-ments made in newspaper ad-vertisements. What other way have I of attempting to con-vince you that I can show your horse in up-to-date style, and at a price so moderate that you will be ready with the cash the moment the job is done.

Repair Work

a Specialty.

Nothing but good, honest work turned out of my shop. Can sharpen a plow while you wait. In fact I do any and all kinds of work that any blacksmith or woodworkman is supposed to do; and, further, I will appreciate your patronage.

TRY ME ONCE FOR LUCK

W. W. ALBRIGHT,
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.

THE * CHRONICLE *

*** PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY. ***

COLUMBIANA, APRIL 2, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....\$1.00
One copy six months......50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce W. A. Thompson as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. S. Farrell as a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of W. L. Davis authorize The Chronicle to announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the county democratic convention.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. H. Hammond as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR SHERIFF.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Amos Daniel as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR COMMISSIONER—FIRST DISTRICT.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Rosa Pearson as a Commissioner of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

Remember the municipal election Monday.

Miss Agnes Avery, of Shelby, was in our city Saturday.

J. F. Pope, of Wilsonville, spent a few hours in town Monday.

E. B. Nelson transacted business in Birmingham Monday.

Miss Lann Jackson is a guest of her sister, Mrs. Rufus Lester.

Col. E. W. Pettus, of Selma, is in attendance upon court this week.

Dr. T. G. Nelson and wife, of Harpersville, are on a visit to relatives here.

Robert Borden, one of Calera's cleverest young men, was in town Tuesday.

Hon. T. J. Martin, of Harpersville, was a welcome guest of our town yesterday.

The grand jury adjourned yesterday morning. The report is published elsewhere.

We are glad to learn that Mrs. Rufus Lester has fully recovered from her recent illness.

Messrs. Fred Hardy and A. B. Scott, of Calera, favored us with a pleasant call yesterday.

I. D. Mason was absent two or three days last week in Jacksonville, attending district conference.

Mrs. Lizzie Bell, who has been on a lengthy visit to relatives in Atlanta and Dalton, Ga., returned home Friday.

Don't fail to cast your vote Monday for the school ticket. It's election means a great deal to Columbiana and vicinity.

A very large crowd was in town all of last week, the largest we have seen for years, and the hotels and boarding houses did a land office business.

Don't overlook the very important election to be held in this place next Monday. Every man within the corporate limits of the city, who has the interest of the school at heart, should vote the school ticket headed by Hon. W. B. Browne.

We are under lasting obligations to our Wilsonville correspondent for his recent article on there's no disputing the fact that immediately after its publication the weather began to warm up. It is the poetry of this week will restore peace in Cuba we will publish his announcement as a candidate for the legislature free of charge.

H. Fox informed us Monday that he had leased the Pigeon brick store and would occupy it about the first of September. It is his purpose to fill the new store with a complete stock of dry goods, notions, clothing, etc., and he will also keep the store he is now in for heavy groceries, furniture, etc. The Columbian Mercantile Co., seems to be in a flourishing condition.

It is a source of gratification to us to know that the business men of Shelby county are rapidly finding out that it is useless to send to any city for job work. A gentleman from Calera gave us a nice order yesterday for stationery, and he said to us that he had been getting his work done in Birmingham, but our prices were cheaper, our work better. Give us a trial order, and see if this statement is not true.

REPORT OF THE GRAND JURY.

STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.

To the Hon. Geo. E. Brewer, Judge of the 7th Judicial District:

We, the grand jury, empaneled, sworn and charged at this term of court, beg leave to submit the following report.

We have examined the county jail and find it neatly kept. We would recommend that the commissioners purchase a steel cage for the lower left-hand cell, as it is insecure in its present condition and usually is the only one in which female prisoners can be kept.

We would further recommend that the commissioners discontinue the payment of \$3.00 per month to the night watchman employed by the city of Columbiana, as we do not deem it necessary.

We have examined the fee-book of the probate judge, the sheriff's account with the state for feeding prisoners, the books of the county superintendent of education, the condition of the county treasury, and find these various books and accounts properly kept and the legal fees charged.

The county treasurer shows a cash balance in vault of \$3,393.32, and outstanding claims against the line and forfeiture fund of \$8,841.00.

We have inspected the county poorhouse and find it in a nice condition, the inmates number twenty-five which are well clothed and report having been kindly treated and well fed.

We have examined the bonds of the various officers and would recommend that the following persons be required to strengthen their respective bonds, viz: J. E. Adams, Justice of the peace, beat 1; John B. Hargis, Justice of the peace, beat 2; John B. Hargis, Justice of the peace, beat 3; N. A. Graham, notary public and ex-officio Justice of the peace, beat 4; H. W. Nelson, sheriff.

The public roads throughout the county are reported as being in good condition.

We have investigated fifty cases, examined 171 witnesses and returned 28 true bills.

We desire to express our thanks for the liberal charge given by your honor, and for the efficient assistance rendered by the clerk.

And now having completed our labors, we ask to be discharged.

J. B. WHITE, Foreman.

Wilsonville Waifs.

J. M. Brown went to Montgomery on business last Wednesday.

Dr. J. B. Boyer was called to Columbiana on business last Friday.

Capt. J. W. Bolin went to Selma on business last Friday.

Frank Wilby and wife visited relatives in Selma last week.

G. W. McGowan and wife visited conference at Jacksonville, Ala., last week.

Rev. W. L. Shinnott preached a very interesting sermon at the Presbyterian church last Wednesday evening.

O. W. Tinsley made a business trip to Talladega Springs, last week.

Rev. J. W. Cary attended the Methodist conference at Jacksonville, last week.

Miss Ora Hammond, of Columbiana, was the guest of Misses Helen Boyer and Rosa Graham, last week.

Wm. Finney and son, Will, visited relatives in Columbiana, last week.

H. L. Sanders visited friends and relatives in Columbiana and Calera, last week.

A new schedule which went into effect last Sun. ay on the Southern road, does not effect our passenger trains very much. The north bound train will arrive and depart the same as heretofore; the south bound will be three minutes later.

But Edwards has resigned his position at Mr. Butler's saw mill and has entered school here.

A. A. Daniel went on a pleasure trip to Birmingham last week.

Amos Daniel visited a young negro here last week, answering the description given by Messrs. Latham & Co. of Montevallo, of a negro that burglarized their store some time since, and very gallantly escorted the young gentleman down to Montevallo. We are sorry to say that he was not made a prisoner.

Mrs. J. C. Jackson, of Tallapoosa, La., is here visiting relatives.

We are glad to see our friend, Amos Daniel, announced for sheriff. It would be impossible for the office to be filled by a man of more ability than Amos. He is a staunch democrat, has a record of being a straightforward, upright, and honest gentleman that is unexcelled. He deserves the vote of every true democrat in Shelby county.

The hay-ride was seemingly enjoyed by all who participated in "the latest mode of travel." The morning was pleasant and so were the girls; consequently the three young men accompanying them were "happy on the way" if they were compelled to comb the hay seed from the head of one of the young men, plant it and grow a crop of hay before the wagon would be filled. We would enjoy the opportunity of taking this trip weekly, if we could only hear Rufus Saunders lecture on any of his chosen themes.

Accident—A young man, while resting at all ease, lying on a bench at the Methodist church in line of service last Sunday evening, was surprised by the force of gravity drawing him to the floor. He must have thought that the buoyant force of his breeze that evening would equalize and overcome the power of gravitation.

The Social Purity Literary League met at the residence of Mr. J. F. Pope, last Friday night. We had a larger attendance than we have had since the organization of the society. The program was well and beautifully delivered. The quartet:

"Come where the lilies bloom," sung by Miss Georgia Pope, soprano; Miss Rosa Wallace, alto; Claude Jackson, bass; and Will Tinsley, tenor, was something to be admired. We think it met the heartiest approval of every one present. The "Current News" was interesting, indeed, especially the "accident" column. We have not been very much inclined to believe what prophets say, but the "prophecy" was so attractive that it almost reached the heights of sublimity, therefore we are compelled to admit that we have been partly convinced that they know, and can foretell many things that would have never entered the minds of this young generation. After the finale the society was so fortunate as to have the pleasure of giving an attentive ear to the voice of Miss Rosa Wallace, of Harpersville, accompanied by her grand performance on the piano. She is a charming young lady and we would rejoice to know that she could arrange so as to attend our League regularly. The presiding officers elected for the future session are as follows: President, Claude Jackson; Vice-president, Miss Katharine Gwin; Secretary and treasurer, O. W. Zimney.

THE CRY OF WAR.

Papers are raging with the cry of war. Oh how can we think of it thus? Even the thought of the battles of yore, Are 'nough to be thought of by us.

The civilized home we now occupy, Its name so glorious to me, And for her own rights brave soldiers have died, And left us our flag floating free.

The star spangled banner floats in the air, The old song "Dixie" sounds so brave; They may be mocked or driven to despair, But the proud floating flag we'll save.

Be patient, be patient, be not nonplussed, God'll watch over our own loving homes; Old Spain may boast and may threaten and fuss, But soil of Cuba never own.

How sublime the thought of leaving our homes, To the battlefields far away, Know not today where tomorrow we'll roam, While in the grand battle array.

The swift flying bullets, the brave fighting men, Each minute expecting to fall; Oh may this battle with us ne'er begin, But peace, goodwill, be with us all.

Peace, peace, the dearest friend on earth you know, Rejoice in this land of ours so free; And now can we think of war anymore, In this sweet land of liberty.

Items from Creswell.

Mrs. Bates and Miss Jennie Bates were in Sycamore several days last week visiting sick relatives.

Mrs. G. W. Butts, of Odessa, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. G. V. Wallis, this week.

Miss Vesta Blanchard, of Sycamore, after spending several days with relatives here, left Monday for Childersburg, where she will spend a few days.

Misses Willie Lipsey, Arabella Baggett and Lizzie Green visited Miss Jennie Bates last week.

Mr. R. P. Hoacock, of Sylacauga, was over last week and rented out his place, which is all in woods, and will be put in cultivation next year.

W. S. Hibbey and family, of Vincent, visited relatives here Sunday.

Rev. Mr. Warren, of the Presbyterian church, on account of sickness, failed to fill his appointment at the Baptist church on the third Sunday. There was a large congregation out and we were disappointed at his not being here. He has an appointment the third Sunday in April and will probably continue through the year.

Some of the boys are having to attend court at Birmingham on the white line business. I do not wish any one any harm, but we hope the authorities will succeed in removing this pestilence from our midst. These "lifers" have the largest, brightest eyes we ever saw to be blind.

Miss Lizzie Green left Monday for her home in Tallapoosa county. She has spent several months with relatives here in an excellent community, and has made many warm friends who regret to see her leave. But our best wishes go with her, with the hope that she will visit us again soon.

Young people, we need a literary club. It would not only be profitable but would afford amusement much to be preferred to a great deal of the amusement now indulged in.

Christian people, we need a Sabbath school. Can't you see the importance of children being raised up in a good Christian school? We all go to work to have a Sabbath school, and that at once.

We need, we need, we need just what to say we need. But some of the young men should be more careful how they get drunk and curse in the presence of young ladies or we will need an extra session of the grand jury. Boys, look out.

Young ladies, we need your influence to stop the young men from getting drunk and cursing in the presence of young ladies. If you will do as a young lady did at the party the other night you will soon stop it or stop something. It is astonishing how they will become so inebriated that they will go staggering in the presence of their sisters and young lady friends uttering the vilest oaths. You have it in your power to stop such ungentlemanly conduct and you can do it by saying, "If you are not drunk?" It is commendable.

CHOCOTAW.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a severe kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all kidney and liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c for large bottle. At Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

Rucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay returned. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Pitcher and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proved to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of Dr. H. Pitcher is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE BRICK STORE,
Wilsonville, Ala.

Having moved into our new quarters, we want to say to the public generally that we have the most complete line of general merchandise ever offered to the people of Shelby county. Well posted people know that

DRY GOODS
HAVE DECLINED SHARPLY.

Our stock was bought since the drop in prices, and we propose to give you the benefit of our gain in buying late. Our line of Calicoes, Ginghams, Crepons, Dress Pannels, Dimities, Organ-dies, Printed Piques, Brilliants, etc., can't be surpassed in beauty. Ladies especially invited to see this line.

A Few Eye-Openers:

50 pieces American Shirting prints 4c per yard.

50 pieces standard prints 4c yard.

Big line dress Percals 84c, 36 inches wide.

See our line of India Linens, Dotted Swiss, Nainsooks, etc. They are beauties.

Table Damask—red, brown, white—elegant designs 18c and up.

Ladies summer vests 5c and up. A big line.

Window Shades, good quality on patent rollers, 85c.

Scrim, beautiful patterns, gold leaf drapery.

Clothing.

A complete line of Gents' and Boys' clothing, spring and summer weights. Alpacs in regular and extra lengths.

Shoes.

The largest and cheapest stock of Ladies', Misses', Boys' and Children's Shoes in Shelby county.

For the little folks a handsome line of Strap Sandals, black and tan. For the young ladies the prettiest line of Low Cuts ever offered.

Shoes for all ages.

Millinery.

We have the prettiest line to be found—the latest shapes, bought of up-to-date LEADERS in this line.

Groceries Lots of them—choice goods, but they must go, so down go the prices to keep them on the move. Hustle they must for there are more coming to take their places.

HOW'S THIS—4 lbs Plug Tobacco \$1.00

Farming Implements Big stock, more coming. Give them a chance and they will turn over the earth. We can supply you now, but, remember, we sell goods, didn't buy them to keep.

Yours to Serve.

J. F. POPE,
WILSONVILLE, ALA.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 189 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dread-ful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else, then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of the medicine in coughs and colds. Free trial bottles at Parker & Armstrong's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

PALACE RESTAURANT,
COLUMBIANA, ALA.,
J. P. ADAMS, Proprietor.

Newly fitted up, clean and neat. Meals any hour of the day, or until 9 at night. Lunches served any time. Fish, oysters, game, or any delicacy to be found in the market.

Meals 25c Each.

221 Elliott Building, Main Street.

THE COLUMBIANA
MERCANTILE CO.

We are glad to say to you that our stock is now complete, except our line of Millinery Goods, the receiving of which we will give you notice in a few days. We are proud to say that we thank the people of Columbiana and surrounding country for their very liberal patronage extended to us, and assure you that we hope to merit a continuance of the same by honest and fair dealings, and our well known low prices. We use to enumerate what we carry in stock. We have everything needed in the Dry Goods, Grocery, Shoe, Clothing or Notion line, from the cheapest to the best; and anything you may want which we don't carry in stock, let us know we will get it. We want our store to be the ideal trading place of the country.

Columbiana Mercantile Co.,
THE LEADERS OF LOW PRICES.
H. FOX, MANAGER.

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES,

Silks, Satins, Chally, Dimities, Henriettas, Nuns Veiling, and Lawns,

And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnish-ings We're Headquarters as Usual.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00.

Wishing every body success, we beg to remain,
Yours Respectfully,

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Propr's.

THE RACKET STORE,
SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Propr's.

Notice of Election.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in the court house, in the town of Columbiana, Alabama, on Monday, April 14, 1896, for the purpose of electing a Mayor and three members of the Board of Aldermen for the year 1896.

Witness my hand and seal of the County of Columbiana, Alabama, this 14th day of March, A. D. 1896.

GORDON DEBOE,
Register.

Administrators Notice

Estate of H. A. Smith, Deceased.
Probate Court.

Letters of administration, with will annexed, of said deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 7th day of March, 1896, by the Hon. D. R. McMillan, Judge of the Probate court of Shelby county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

apr26t C. W. O'HARA, Adm'r.

Columbiana's TONSORIAL PARLOR,
E. W. CHAPMAN, Proprietor.

Neat, clean shop, elegant chairs, the best of tools and the clearest of towels. Having had 16 years experience, I do not hesitate to say I can give as good service as you can get in any city. Ladies work a specialty. Prices reasonable. A trial is all I ask.

If you want to buy a first-class razor I have a lot just received.

E. W. Chapman.

W. F. THIEFFORD, JR.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWN, J. T. LEEPER,
BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

COLUMBIANA, - - - ALABAMA.

Guardian's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Honorable John S. Leeper, late Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby county, I, James McGowen, guardian of the estates of Mary Elliott and Willie Elliott, minors, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder in front of the court house door of Shelby county, Alabama, on Monday the 6th day of April, 1896, at 12 o'clock, noon, for one-half cash and the balance on a credit of twelve months with approved security, an undivided tract of land, being the following described lands belonging to said estates, to-wit: The east half of the north-east quarter of section 21, township 20, range 1 east.

JAMES MCGOWEN,
Guardian.

feb 27 2nd

Non-Resident Notice.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.

Ann E. Perry, Complainant, vs. William T. Perry Defendant.

In Chancery Sixth District North-Eastern Chancery Division.

In this cause it is made to appear to the register by the affidavit of J. E. Holmes, that the defendant, William T. Perry, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in Denison, Grason County, Texas; and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the register, that the publication be made in the Chronicle, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring said defendant to appear in person, or by attorney, to answer to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 5th day of April, A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

The at office in Columbiana, this 3rd day of March, A. D. 1896.

GORDON DEBOE,
Register.

Notice of Election.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in the court house, in the town of Columbiana, Alabama, on

DRINKS OF MANKIND.

Tea, which rivals coffee in favor, is a native of China, where it has been grown for over 1,000 years. Peppermint leaves having drank it in 1660, showing that it was then a novelty.

Ale, which is more used in England than in America, is a heavier malted liquor than beer, and contains a small proportion of hops. It was a favorite drink of the Anglo-Saxons and Danes. Coffee, the drink more highly regarded to-day than any other, was first used in Abyssinia in 875. Thence it was brought to Arabia, A Greek first introduced it to England, and made himself famous by the act.

Whisky, which is more democratic than wine, is distilled from various grains, from potatoes and from malted barley. It was named by the Celts in Ireland and Scotland. Brandy, a drink not so universally used, is distilled from wine.

So-called beer was made in England a long time ago by tapping spruce, fir, birch, maple and ash trees and using their juices. This process is still kept up in England and in this country where homemade beers from roots are much used.

Probably there is nothing that interests land owners more at this time of year than fenology. They want to secure the very best article they can for the purpose they desire to use it, and at the cheapest price going. While this is good business, price should not take the place of quality. In building a smooth wire fence you do not build it for temporary use but expect it to last for years, and to get this kind of an article it requires a certain amount of good material to make it. The De Kalb Fence Co., of De Kalb, Ga., has the largest and most complete line of smooth wire fencing of any plant in the country. They desire particularly to call your attention to their goods. Write them for a catalogue, which they will mail you free. No line of goods has grown so rapidly in demand or given such general satisfaction as the fencing manufactured by this company. Their steel web picket fence for lawn and garden purposes; their cabled and hog fence for farm use; their cabled and poultry, garden and rabbit fence are all they claim for them. You will hardly do yourself justice if you do not thoroughly investigate their lines before placing your order.

"Scientists say now that handshaking conveys disease." "Of course," that's the way the grip got started. —Louisville Courier-Journal.

The truth is bound to leak out, but the trouble with some men is that they leak out all at once. —Philadelphia Record.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surface. Such articles should never be used except on prescription from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co., Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

I HAVE lived to know that the great secret of human happiness is this: Never suffer your energies to stagnate. —Adam Clark.

Firs stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and \$2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 361 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

When a man gets to thinking that he can do it all, the only way to bring him to his senses is to let him try it. —Hartford Herald.

Mothers

Anxiously watch declining health of their daughters. So many are cut off by consumption in early years, that there is real cause for anxiety. In the early stages, when not beyond the reach of medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla will restore the quality and quantity of the blood and thus give good health. Read the following letter:

"It is but just to write about my daughter Cora, aged 19. She was completely run down, declining, had that tired feeling, and friends said she would not live over three months. She had a bad

Cough

and nothing seemed to do her any good. I happened to read about Hood's Sarsaparilla and had her give it a trial. From the very first dose she began to get better. After taking a few bottles she was completely cured and her health has been the best ever since." Mrs. Addie Peck, 13 Railroad Place, Amsterdam, N. Y.

I will say that my mother has not stated my case in as strong words as I would have done. Hood's Sarsaparilla has truly cured me and I am now well. —CORA PECK, Amsterdam, N. Y.

Be sure to get Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable and beneficial. See

Cotton.

With careful rotation of crops and liberal fertilizations, cotton lands will improve. The application of a proper fertilizer containing sufficient Potash often makes the difference between a profitable crop and failure. Use fertilizers containing not less than 3 to 4%

Actual Potash.

Kainit is a complete specific against "Rust."

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars boasting special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing the results of latest experiments in this line. Every cotton farmer should have a copy. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, of Nassei, St., New York.

Boilers, Tanks, Breachings, Smoke Stacks, Stand Pipes, Etc. Light and heavy plate iron and steel of every description.

ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION Dan Shea & Co.

No. 85 Jefferson St., MEMPHIS, TENN.

HAIR WIGS for Ladies and Gents. Perfect fit. Brooming free. W. A. V. for ladies' hair, 25c. and up. W. A. V. for gentlemen's, 25c. and up. Hair, Wigs, and more. Write for prices. Tel. 600. 101 N. Main St., Chicago.

SQUIRE RUFUS SANDERS.

"Tremendous Confusion" in the Rocky Creek Settlement.

Old Miss Hasseltine Went A-Fishing and Caught a Human Skeleton—A Town Man on His "Wheel" Leaves Death and Ruination.

It aint very frequent in this day and generation that the Rocky Creek settlement turns herself loose for a high heel time. But when the day and hour have come to pass, and she does slip the bridle, you can stand from under and watch the fur fly. There will be blood and hair in the greatest plenty, and the ground tore up as with a bear fight for miles around.

White people, there was trouble last week, and the most loveliest strip of country on the broad bosom of the earth went heels over appetite into the most gendyest confusion about you can hear tell of on read about perceptive. It would seem like everything come crooked and went twistin'—feet foremost, catwompsed and wrong side up with care.

Terrors of a Tight-Eye Thicket.

In the beginning to start with, bright and early Monday mornin old Misses Hasseltine took up a fool notion all of a sudden that it was best about her time of year to go a fishin. Consequently she went down behind the garden and dug some earth worms and caught a few cicklets and put em in her gourd and lit out for Caney Branch.

I was out to the lot tendin to the stock that mornin when the old lady come by our house, with her fishin pole in one hand and her bait gourd in the other, burnin the wind and splittin the big road wide open for Caney Branch. She was in such a tremendous big hurry to give them fish a chance to bite till she didn't even slow up at the front gate.

"The early worm fetches the fish, Rufus," says she, in pecthes by, "and I told the girls to have the grease hot when I return back home."

It was then three days and nights that I never laid eyes on Misses Hasseltine, but in the main time before the sun went down that day everybody in the whole settlement had heard the news in regards to her fishin trip down on Caney Branch, and the great gobs of sorrow and confusion which filled that poor old lady's cup to the brim.

From general appearance and all the surroundin circumstance of the case, it would seem like the old lady got a bite when she want lookin for it and caught somethin which she didn't need in her regular business. In fishin and foolin around she had finally at last worked her way and wedged herself into a tight-eye thicket in the most lonesome place on Caney Branch. And now presently it come to pass that she got her hook hung where as she set back and pulled and pulled till she pulled out a human skeleton. The thing was as natural as death, and every bone was there from skull to toes.

Well, to be certainly of course old Misses Hasseltine didn't go away off down there on Caney Branch by her lone self fishin for the bones of dead men, and she didn't need any human skeleton to speak of on her string. Whereas, she throwed down her fishin pole and dropped her bait gourd on the spot and tore out of there. And she didn't fool off no time pickin her way out neither. She jest naturally hit the grit, and hit it a movin. There was that tight-eye thicket all around, a big canebreak on one side of the branch and a great mass of bamboo briars on the other. But old Misses Hasseltine she tore out of there.

A Plain Case of Pisheney.

About the next news we got from the old lady Hasseltine she come up powerful sudden and unexpected like at the Buckalew place—the first settlement on this side of Caney Branch. And from what I can hear and pick up around amongst the women folks, she had left the mainest part of her clothes down there on the branch—hangin around promiscuous in that terrible tight-eye thicket, the canebreak and the bamboo briar patch.

Of course, that was nothin' to me and none of my business, but mother told that that Sallie Wiggins told her that the poor old soul had one shoe on when she come up at the Buckalew place. And Bunk Weatherford was in the crowd which went down there after over there the next day to comfort and console with her as best we could.

"I had ketches three mud cats, four red perchies, seven hornysheads, one skeleton, Rufus, and it was then high time for me to take out and quit," says the old lady to me, and right then she went sweatin great drops of perspiration as big as your fist. "I had ketches everything in the waters of Caney Branch, from a speckled trout to a blunt-tail moccasin, but up to that day I never had pulled on the line and came forth with a human skeleton, and it was jest simply one too many for me. Of course, I knowed it wouldn't bite nor sting, but the looks and the thoughts of the thing, Rufus, was more than I could stand. Naturally, of course, I tore out of that place. It was a plain case of pisheney, Rufus. I was bleeded to come out from there."

I don't make out like it was right, you understand, that that funny thoughts in time of sorrow and of trouble, but old Misses Hasseltine put me in mind of Sol Eddins and his dog that day. The last time I was out in Texas I went down to Hood county to see the Eddins folks, which Sol and me had come up as boys and girls together back here in the states. In them days Sol had a tremendous fast dog, and he went on to tell me of how that dog jumped a jack rabbit and made him take a sycamore tree.

"The rabbit couldn't find no holler, Rufe, and he jest naturally clum that sycamore tree," says Sol to me.

Now, as everybody knows, a rabbit couldn't climb a scrubby black jack,

and hit bendin, to say nothin of a slick, slim sycamore, and I give out the facts accordin to Sol.

"That mought sorter do with regards to the common run of rabbits and dogs," says Sol. "But in this case that dog of mine was so close in behind the rabbit and heatin the ground so scandalous hot till the rabbit was jest naturally bleeded to clum that tree."

"Earth on Earth, Dust to Dust."

But in the main time the skeleton hit went gone nowhere. The posse of citizens in charge of the case finally at last come to the conclusion that old Misses Hasseltine had caught the mortal remains of a certain colored individual by the name of Jule Turner, which he had come up missin one night last year, about the time that Ben Chris Weaver's ginhouse got burnt up mighty strange and peculiar like.

Andy Lucas was plum certain that once upon a time them bones had held Jule Turner in the flesh, cause he had one game leg which had been kicked by a mule, and there was the seat on one shish bone of the skeleton.

Old Misses Hasseltine couldn't say what was what in regards to color, but she knowed it was the skeleton of a nann. The old lady was so bad rattled from the general shock till I raley don't think she knows anything for certain.

But, at any rates, the skeleton was turned over to the colored population, and they put in and had a big funeral the next day over at Pinetop church wherein there was some tall weepin and waillin and smashin of teeth. Jule Turner's widdie she was there, and when the procession driv up with the skeleton she fell into a trance and didn't wake up no more till some time that night.

The Reverent L. M. Butler, colored (Long Term Butler, as most everybody calls him), made a few scattering remarks from the text: "There will be a mighty rattlin in this valley of dry bones." He didn't preach nobody's funeral for certain, but out the sermon so it would fit anybody's skeleton in a loose, general way.

Then they sung a song and went out

"Confusionment" Confounded.

But that want all that come to pass in the settlement last week—not by a whole tremendous big lot.

A town man come through the settlement ridin of a wheel as he called it, and scatterin death and ruination everywhere he went.

Old man Mart Mayo was goin to town in his ox wagon when he met the thing down there in the old stage road. And bless gracious his oxen broke loose and run away and spilt seven dozen eggs, four bushels of potatoes, eight pounds of fresh butter and one man. When old Mart recovered and come back to his senses sufficient to seek that which was lost he found the remains of his wagon three miles down the road, and when he caught his oxen the next day they had hid out in a canebreak way over the Murder creek.

Old Misses Simpkins she was out milkin the cows that mornin when the town man rid by on his wheel, and about the next thing she knowed she didn't know anything at all scarcely. She got to the bars ahead of the storm, but there she fainted and fell over on it, and when the cows had all passed over and they picked the good old lady up she was more dead than livin. The doctors are still tendin on that case.

Little Bunk Weatherford was plowin in his new ground when the wheel man come whizzin by, and from the general sign of destruction it is my private opinion that him and his mule both got skeered and run away. They tore down 14 panels of new fence comin out of the field, and Misses Weatherford maintains till yet that Bunk came to the house runnin neck and neck with his mule.

On his return back late that evenin the town man stopped off at the Cross Roads to let the crowd see his wheel. Andy Lucas was there as usual, and tanked up on "white ink" to about six bits in the dollar. And nothin would do Andy but he must ride the "durn thing." So up he got and down he went. The "durn thing" bucked, and when the natural-born horse trader picked himself up he was catin dirt and spittin blood at the same time.

But it would take more time and patience than the law allows to write out all the storms and troubles that come to pass in the settlement last week. So I will close for this time in the best of health and spirits, hoping that this will find you enjoyin the same general blessings.

RUFUS SANDERS.

A New Orchestra Without Men.

Prof. J. B. Schalkenbach, formerly the organist of the Polytechnic institute of London, has recently invented and constructed an electrical orchestra, which is very effective. An organ with two keyboards and a number of stops is connected by electric wires with a large number of musical instruments, which are distributed over the space usually given up to the orchestra, and kept in place by various stands. While a chair is located next to each instrument, the only man in the entire orchestra is Prof. Schalkenbach himself, who takes a seat at his organ, from where he conducts, so to speak, his mysterious musicians. Although it is utterly mechanical, and that electricity is the agent doing all the work in this orchestra, a sensation of timidity, and even awe, is felt by many visitors. The electric orchestra is now exhibited in a Vienna concert hall, and surprises even professional musicians through the extraordinary combinations of sound brought out by Prof. Schalkenbach, who has great musical talent, and is an excellent electrician. —Current Literature.

Secession in Germany.

The German emperor has made Prince Luitpold, the regent of Bavaria, a field marshal. There are hints that within the next two or three months Luitpold will be proclaimed king, in place of the poor imbecile Otto; and that that will mark the beginning of active resistance on the part of Bavaria to the present policy of the emperor, which exalts Prussia at the expense of the other states. It is even intimated that Bavaria, and Baden and Wurtemberg with her, would not hesitate to secede from the empire should good occasion come. It may be that the emperor has these things in mind, and is trying to guard against them by bestowing this field marshalship upon the prince who would be the natural leader of such a revolt. —N. Y. Tribune.

As long ago as 1878 the silk industry in Italy employed 16,000 men, 120,000 women and 70,000 children.

TOO FLY FOR THEM.

Wh Jay Traveler Gives the City Sharks a Big, Bold Blow.

He came out of the Polk street railway station. His overcoat was buttoned around his neck, he carried a valise and on his head was a white hat with a broad brim.

Because he wore a white hat the other passengers were neglected. The white hat suggested the railroad man and the "bank roll," perhaps a miner who had come east to indulge in riotous living.

In some parts of town the white hat is as welcome as a rainbow of promise or as a blooming oasis would be to parched travelers in the desert. The white hat seems to be associated in memory with liberal payment for calls, frequent invitations to drink and a constant desire to "go against" any gambling enterprise that can be offered.

Therefore, when the man with the Bill Cody hat came out in the sunshine of Polk street, two cabmen, the driver of an express wagon and four other men, who made a business of welcoming strangers and showing them the sights, closed in and began to make friendly overtures.

The traveler saw that he was wanted, so he set his valise on the sidewalk, between his legs, and remarked, pleasantly: "Well, boys, let's have it out right here."

"Carriage, sir?" asked a driver with a crimped nose.

"No," replied the stranger. "It's about three miles from here to the Union station, ain't it?"

"Well, it's quite a distance."

"I s'pose it ought to be worth four dollars to take me to the North side?"

"I'll do it for three dollars," said the second cabby.

"I can see that you're on the level," said the man with the hat. Then he turned to one of the reception committee and asked: "Do you know any saloon near here where I could shake dice for one dollar a throw?"

"I might find you one," replied the "roper," in a puzzled way.

"Has the tunnel caved in to-day, killin' seven or eight people?"

"Not that I've heard of," and the "roper" gave a suspicious glance at his fellow-worker.

"How about that new monument on the lake front? Could I get a good man to take me down there and show it to me?"

"There ain't any new monument down there," said one of the cabmen, confidentially.

"Could I break into a game of poker somewhere around here?"

"I don't know," replied the roper, gloomily.

"Is there any gentleman present that wants a check cashed?" asked the western man, elevating his voice a little.

No one replied. The men who welcome strangers sidled away, and the cabmen sauntered back to their stands.

"Where I came from," said the stranger, gathering up his valise, "we play nothin' but sure things. I was on Stony Island avenue for three months when you had the fair here, and if there's anything good in town let me know."

Then he walked over and boarded a street car. —Chicago Record.

WHEN PRAISE ISN'T MONEY.

It Is Quite a Different Thing to Be an Amateur and Then Make Sure.

"If you wish to cure a girl of conceit," said a woman who knew what she was talking about from experience, "let her try to earn her own living. As long as she does not ask to be paid, everybody will praise her work, but let her try to sell her services and then see!"

The speaker had been reared in luxury. She was a bright, accomplished girl, whose great failing was self-conceit. Her little gifts had been so well cultivated in an amateurish way that she believed herself able to compete successfully with professionals. She was always ready to sing a song, or recite a poem, or paint a picture, and as she was a society girl and had a rich, prominent father, her little doings were often favorably noticed in the local papers. Then the change of fortune came and she was thrown upon her own resources without a moment's warning. She had to earn her own living or starve. The scales fell—she was rudely pulled—from her eyes. No woman can become self-supporting without some mortifying experiences, and the more conceited she is the more of these experiences she has, because she attempts things preposterously beyond her power. This poor girl who had held her head so high was snubbed and told the truth with brutal frankness, and in time learned her lesson. She went from the extreme of thinking she'd do anything to that of believing she'd do nothing of value, and finally did the one thing she could do well at the outset, which was to keep house, and then because she had a moderate talent for drawing she learned slowly and through much tribulation the engraver's art, and ten years later earned a competency by it. —Philadelphia Press.

Gen. Sherman's Grandson.

Gen. Sherman has a grandson and namesake resident in Boston. William Tecumseh Sherman Thorndike is a very young gentleman, still in kilts, but possessed of remarkable plainness of speech and not at all inclined to lisp or use any babyish circumlocutions when he marches upon any difficulty. His mind has been the battlefield of a problem, evidently, of late. He has been assailed in his mind even in his nursery and he put the question to the touch the other day in prompt military fashion, determined to possess himself of an unprejudiced outside opinion, entirely uninfluenced by parental or nurse's notions. He appeared beside his mother, Gen. Sherman's daughter, in her drawing-room while a visitor was present and exchanged courtesies of introduction politely, with a manner most distinguished for infantry. Sherman sat regarding the visitor in silence for a few moments, then he leaned a little forward and with the distinctness of a diplomat enunciated his question: "Should you be mad at me if you saw me suck my thumb?" —Boston Transcript.

What Ailed Goslin.

Trivet—Goslin is quite sick. Dicer—What ails him? It can't be overwork.

Trivet—No, it isn't overwork. About a week ago I heard him confess that he had an idea, and I am inclined to believe that he has overthought himself. —Judge.

HOME NOTES.

Always fold a dress skirt right side out for packing, as it will not wrinkle so much.

Half a teaspoonful of sugar will nearly always revive a dying fire, and it is always a safe thing to use for this purpose.

Kerosene oil is the best of furniture polishes. It cleanses, makes a fine polish and preserves from the ravages of insects.

Fat will not burn if it has something to do, so if it has to be left idle for a few minutes put a crust of bread or a slice of raw potato into the kettle.

Yellow stains left on white cloth by sewing machine oil can be removed by rubbing the spots with alcohol wet with ammonia before washing with soap.

A few drops of tincture of benzoin in a bowl of water is an admirable tonic for the face. The benzoin whitens the skin and prevents it from wrinkling.

A tablespoonful of the best whisky added to a cup of beef tea for an invalid is an excellent way to give a stimulant. This is especially good for anyone recovering from grip.

Do not put a coat or dress away with dust in the folds or plaits. Shake the garment well and brush with a soft whisk broom, for dust is never so easily removed as at first.

Chemists say it takes more than twice as much sugar to sweeten preserves and sauces if put in when they begin to cook as it does if the sugar is added after the cooking is done.

Soap used on the hair is apt to make it brittle. If any is to be used, tar soap is the best, and after using rinse the hair in several waters in which a little powdered borax has been dissolved.

SCARLET FEVER SETTLED IN THE BACK.

An Operation Was Unsuccessfully Performed.

The Patient Was Finally Restored, After Eighteen Years.

From the Evening News, Newark, N. J.

About 15 years ago, when Mrs. Annie Dale, of 83 Bruce street, was a bright, merry school girl, she was taken ill with scarlet fever. She recovered, but she was a very different girl from a physical standpoint. She was cured of the scarlet fever, but it left her with a affection of the back. As she grew older the pain seemed to increase. Her sufferings were intensified by her household duties, but she never complained, and with one hand pressed tightly to her back she did her work about her cozy home.

"I was fourteen years old when I was attacked with scarlet fever, and have now suffered with my back for eighteen years."

"Night and day I suffered. It really seemed as if I must succumb to the pain, and then to make matters worse, my head ached so badly that I could scarcely see at times. Finally I went to St. Michael's Hospital, at the corner of High Street and Central Avenue, and there the surgeons performed a difficult operation on my back, but it did no good; it was like everything else. I was told at the hospital to return for another operation, but the first had left me so weak I could not go home. Then again I had become discouraged and my three children needed my attention and care at home. The pain became harder to stand and my back was almost broken. It seemed as though I would never know what it would be like to be well again when I was told to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. With many doubts, a faint heart and an aching back I went to get the pills, and little dreaming that they would prove the elixir of a new life to me, I began to take them. Only a short time elapsed before I began to improve. Could it be possible that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had done what every thing else had failed to accomplish? I asked myself the question many times and before long I was enabled by my improved condition to answer the question with an emphatic 'Yes.' Now the pain of almost twenty years is cured by these Pink Pills in a few months. I have no pain of any kind now, but I have got some of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and while I do not think it will ever be necessary to use them again, I shall certainly never be without them in the house."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood, and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of what ever nature. Pink Pills are sold in boxes at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Med. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

"Yes," said the corned philosopher, "it is not so difficult to get something for nothing, but when one gets it it is not worth the price." —Indianapolis Journal.

The imagination has a shadow as well as the body, that keeps just a little ahead of you, or lags close behind your heels; it doesn't do to let it frighten you. —Halliburton.

A romping liver has frequently succeeded in convincing man that he is fairly reeking with statesmanship and independence. —Washington Post.

Little labor, little are our gains; man's fortunes are according to his pains. —Herick.

Be honest in your heart. Whitewash may look like paint for awhile, but the world soon learns the difference. —L. A. W. Bulletin.

THE GENERAL MARKET.

nor so difficult to get something for nothing, but when one gets it it is not worth the price."—Indian Proverb Journal.

The imagination has a shadow, as well as the body, that keeps just a little ahead of you, or follows close behind your heels; it doesn't do to let it frighten you.—Hallburton

A trouper lives who frequently succeeds in convincing man that he is fairly reeking with statesmanship and independence.—Washington Post.

Little labor, little are our gains; man's fortunes are according to his pains.—Herbick.

Br honest in your heart. Whitewash may look like paint for awhile, but the wretched clown learns the difference.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

THE GENERAL MARKET.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 30.

CATTLE—Best beefs..... 3 50 @ 3 90

Stockers..... 3 10 @ 3 85

Native cows..... 2 75 @ 3 65

HOGS—Choice to heavy..... 3 65 @ 3 82 1/2

WHEAT—No. 2 hard..... 72 @ 73

CORN—No. 2 mixed..... 23 @ 23 1/2

OATS—No. 2 mixed..... 16 @ 16 1/2

RYE..... 33 @ 34

FLOUR—Patent, per sack..... 1 90 @ 2 10

Fancy..... 1 75 @ 1 85

HAY—Choice timothy..... 11 00 @ 11 50

Fancy prairie..... 7 00 @ 7 50

BRAN..... 41 @ 42

BUTTER—Choice creamery..... 19 1/2 @ 20

CHEESE—Full cream..... 10 @ 10 1/2

EGGS—Choice..... 8 @ 8 1/2

POTATOES..... 20 @ 25

ST. LOUIS.

CATTLE—Native and shipping..... 3 75 @ 4 40

Texas..... 3 00 @ 4 00

HOGS—Heavy..... 3 70 @ 3 80

SHEEP—Fair to choice..... 2 75 @ 4 00

FLOUR—Choice..... 2 70 @ 3 85

WHEAT—No. 2 red..... 78 @ 69 1/2

CORN—No. 2..... 25 1/2 @ 26 1/2

OATS—No. 2 mixed..... 18 1/2 @ 19 1/2

RYE..... 37 @ 37 1/2

BUTTER—Creamery..... 18 @ 22

LARD..... 4 80 @ 4 90

PORK..... 8 50 @ 9 00

CHICAGO.

CATTLE—Common to prime..... 3 40 @ 4 35

HOGS—Packing and shipping..... 3 85 @ 4 15

SHEEP—Fair to choice..... 2 75 @ 4 00

FLOUR—Winter wheat..... 2 85 @ 3 05

WHEAT—No. 2 red..... 65 1/2 @ 66 1/2

CORN—No. 2..... 28 1/2 @ 29 1/2

OATS—No. 2..... 18 1/2 @ 19 1/2

RYE..... 31 @ 31 1/2

BUTTER—Creamery..... 14 @ 21 1/2

LARD..... 5 05 @ 5 07 1/2

PORK..... 8 70 @ 8 75

NEW YORK.

CATTLE—Native Steers..... 4 10 @ 4 57 1/2

HOGS—Good to Choice..... 4 20 @ 4 60

FLOUR—Good to choice..... 3 40 @ 4 00

WHEAT—No. 2 red..... 70 1/2 @ 71 1/2

CORN—No. 2..... 27 @ 28

OATS—No. 2..... 24 1/2 @ 25 1/2

BUTTER—Creamery..... 14 @ 21 1/2

CURRENT COMMENT.

THE charge for the 130-ton steel gun, which has a range of 15 miles, costs \$4,750 and the gun, which is useless after 60 shots have been fired from it, costs \$195,000.

THE immigration officials are somewhat disturbed at the present enormous increase in immigration. The class now coming to this country is said to be altogether undesirable.

THE money order transactions throughout the United States during the last quarter of 1895 beat all previous records in volume. The accounts have just been audited and show the receipts to have aggregated \$105,735,971.

JOHN TURNER, who is described as the intellectual head of the anarchist movement in England, arrived at New York recently, and proposes to tour this country and spread the anarchist propaganda in every state in the Union.

PROBABLY the number of contests for seats in the St. Louis convention will be greater than have occurred in any recent republican national gathering. As the fate of candidates may depend on the result of those contests they are likely to be both exciting and long.

THE problem in regard to a bank currency is reported to be receiving almost constant consideration by the house committee on banking and currency, but there will probably be no banking or other legislation affecting the currency at the present session of congress.

DURING the present session of congress, so far, 7,613 bills have been introduced in the house and 2,683 in the senate, and the total by the time of adjournment will probably be about 11,000. Many of them have no importance and will never receive any serious consideration.

MISS HELEN M. GOULD has recently added to her magnificent collection of rare palms a species of that plant called the Ravenala Madagascariensis. This palm is a little over 32 feet in height and nearly three times as many years old. The price paid for it, rumor said, was about \$35,000.

A SWISS statistician has taken the trouble to count the number of steps he took in walking during the whole year. The number he finds to have been 8,760,000, or an average of 26,740 steps a day. He also declares that over 600,000 of these steps were taken in going up and down stairs.

REV. DR. BROOKS, for over 30 years pastor of one of the leading churches of St. Louis, and never sensational, in a recent sermon said that the most momentous strike in the world's history would soon be inaugurated, which would disrupt and overthrow the American government within the next six months.

SO WELL satisfied has Boston been with high license as the best regulation of the liquor business that it is about to show its faith in the principle by increasing the cost of the license far above what it is in any other place. Hotel bars are to be charged license fees of \$2,000 and the ordinary retailer \$1,000.

THE iron and steel industry, first in point of importance in America, is now in the absolute control of a few men, who are banded together by the strongest bonds of common interest, and who have, at a conservative estimate, not less than \$900,000,000 at their disposal. The men in the immense combination are in a position now to say how much iron ore shall be converted into iron and steel and at what price it shall be sold.

A RECENT Washington dispatch said that the American Protective association had taken offense at the order of the navy department directing that all torpedo boats, rams and like craft be painted green instead of white, and threatened to secure the impeachment of Secretary Herbert unless some other color was substituted. Protesting petitions had been sent to the department ever since it became known that Assistant Secretary McAdoo had signed the order on St. Patrick's day.

THE Madrid newspapers speak in terms of angry ridicule of the resolution introduced in the United States senate by "that madman Call," as they style him. The enterprising Catalan even goes to the length of seriously offering to raise a corps of 12,000 volunteers if the government will arm, equip, carry them across the Atlantic and land them on any coast of the United States, where the editor promises to make a raid into the interior and sustain his guerrillas directly Cuban belligerency is recognized.

JAMES V. McDONOUGH, of Chicago, who, according to the records in the United States patent office, was the first American to make a practical telephonic receiver and transmitter, has recently perfected a process by which natural colors are photographed. The evidences of this important fact are actual photographs of landscapes, men, women and paintings, taken with an ordinary camera, developed and printed by every-day processes, but differing from ordinary photographs in that the colors, as well as the lines, lights and shades, are present.

A unique question for the pension department has been raised at Kokomo, Ind., by John Herberman's complete recovery of sight. Herberman was made blind by injuries received in a fire in 1885 and in 1888 congress passed a special act awarding him \$75 a month and a snug sum as back pay. A short time ago sight returned mysteriously, suddenly and completely to the old soldier, and the question now arises, will his pension be discontinued. In the opinion of lawyers at Kokomo, a special act of congress will be necessary to deprive Herberman of his sine cure.

THE CHRONICLE.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

VOLUME X.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, APRIL 9, 1896.

NUMBER 40.

STEVE ELKINS' BILL.

To Protect American Shippers Against Foreign Competition.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,

Mr. Elkins Says, is the Natural Enemy of the Transportation Interests of the United States, and Should Have Its Wings Clipped.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—In the recent discussion of the proposed subsidy to the Oceanic steamship line, in the post office bill, Senator Elkins made a speech in regard to which he has since received many letters and telegrams. It was in advocacy of a measure he introduced some time ago and now known as the Elkins bill, to place a discriminating duty of ten per cent. ad valorem on all goods imported to this country in vessels not sailing under the American flag. This proposition was incorporated in the



Senator Steve Elkins.

Massachusetts republican state platform last week and Mr. Elkins is urging its adoption as a plank of the St. Louis platform. In his speech Mr. Elkins paid his respects to the Canadian Pacific railroad as follows:

"The Canadian Pacific railroad is the natural enemy of the transportation interests of the United States, and stands today as our greatest commercial antagonist. It violates our interstate commerce law with complete indifference; it cuts rates, and it takes freights from our Pacific railroads in which the United States has a direct interest. It hauls more cheaply from St. Louis and other points in our country, by way of Canada, to Oregon and San Francisco than the Pacific roads can do, though the distance is much shorter. It is a sharp competitor now for business with all the Pacific roads from and to California. For 2,000 miles the Canadian Pacific traverses a non-productive country, one not able to support a railroad. It lives off its subsidies and the business it takes from the railroads of the United States."

Intimating that a lobby in the interest of that road was here, Mr. Elkins continued:

"The agents of the Canadian Pacific Railroad Co., I am told, are now in Washington about this capital. I suppose they are here to make cut rates to Halifax, Vancouver, Hong Kong and Shanghai, and working against any aid being given American steamship lines. This cutting of rates, this violation of our interstate commerce law, this invasion of our trade, should be stopped, and we can do it; we have the remedy in our own hands. All we have to do is simply to discontinue the bawling privilege, under which they carry goods in bond, starting from Vancouver, to Europe and points in the United States. I would suggest that we stop every car and break every consular seal at our frontiers beyond Chicago and the Soo. This would throw the trade from Asia to San Francisco and pass it over the Pacific railroad lines. It would break up in part, or largely, the violation of the interstate commerce law and put a stop to the giving of rebates and the cutting of rates."

"To oppose this active, open and oppressive hostility to American trade, American steamships and American railroads by England and Canada is the kind of Monroe doctrine that I favor, and I am sure it will have better results to our people and their interests than a dispute with England over an obscure boundary in a foreign country over 3,000 miles away. The United States, in my opinion, should at once withdraw this bawling privilege to the Canadian Pacific."

Mr. Elkins' time was short and he gave notice that at some future day he would again discuss the bill to impose these discriminating duties and give the senate additional facts and figures.

A MYSTERIOUS PATIENT.

A Supposed Fugitive From Justice at St. Mary's Hospital, near Chicago.

QUINCY, Ill., April 4.—Lying at St. Mary's hospital, in this city, in a dangerous condition, with a bullet in his thigh, is James Hamilton. He came to the hospital two weeks ago, stating that he had been accidentally shot eight weeks prior to that time, near Fowler, Ill. Investigation proves this story false, and it is now believed that Hamilton, the name he gives, is a fugitive from justice. He is concealing his identity carefully. The officers now believe that he is from Chicago. He is about 37 years of age and genteel in appearance.

Congratulations to an American Artist.

LONDON, April 4.—Mr. George Henry Boughton, the American artist who was recently elected a member of the Royal Academy, has received a great number of congratulatory letters and messages from the United States. His principal picture, which will be hung at the approaching academy exhibition, is called "Cannock Water." It is an exquisite bit of Scotch burn and hillside.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

The senate committee on judiciary have agreed on a voluntary bankruptcy bill.

The W. C. T. U. have hopped onto the president for firing Gov. Hughes of Arizona.

Committee E. C. Wall says that the Democratic national committee is for sound money.

H. C. Lyman, inventor of the Lyman windmill, died at Champaign, Ill., Friday, aged 54 years.

The Indiana intercollegiate athletic tournament will be held on Purdue campus, Lafayette, May 29.

The senate judiciary committee have approved the house bill on the subject of divorce in the territories.

Tammany has engaged quarters at the Auditorium in Chicago during the Democratic national convention.

Mrs. H. C. Lincoln, of Cincinnati, gave birth to twin boys, Friday, one of whom has two well-developed teeth.

The White House grounds will be opened Monday for the Easter egg-rolling by the children of Washington.

Dr. A. G. Van Houten, a noted importer of fine draft horses, died at Monmouth, Ill., Friday, aged 88 years.

Secretary Lamont says he never heard of a letter of declination of a nomination written by President Cleveland.

Mrs. Amanda Brittingham, wife of a well-known insurance agent at Lexington, Ky., gave birth to triplet boys Friday.

Gov. Bradley of Kentucky has had bills posted in Louisville announcing his candidacy for the presidential nomination.

Bloodshed seems imminent between the democratic factions in St. Landry parish, La., over the registration of negro voters.

Prof. E. Hite, of Philadelphia, is organizing an Arctic expedition, which is to leave for the frozen north on the 16th of the present month.

Mrs. C. W. Rayburn, of Tallula, Ill., sick and delirious, got out of bed, Friday, while her attendant slept, jumped into a well and was drowned.

The attorneys for the Taylor brothers, the condemned murderers of the McKees family in Missouri, will ask the supreme court for a rehearing.

The body of an unknown man was found in the canal at Lockport, Ill., Friday. It was five feet ten inches in height and weighed 185 pounds.

Pre, caused by the explosion of a gasoline tank, destroyed \$10,000 worth of property at the northeast corner of Third and Canal streets, Dayton, O.

In the old Rawhide mine, near Sonora, in Tuolumne county, Cal., a pocket of quartz has been struck on the 900 foot level which assays \$15,000 to the ton.

John Rees, a carpenter, working on the first ball, and yet he did not get the nomination, and made no perceptible headway. The combination against him was too strong.

At the best, I do not see how McKinley can get much over 350 votes on the first ballot. There are 930 votes in the convention, and that makes 435 necessary to a choice. McKinley will not, I think, make any headway after the first ballot. In the convention of 1888 John Sherman had 329 votes on the first ballot, and yet he did not get the nomination, and made no perceptible headway. The combination against him was too strong.

According to tables printed, many votes are listed as McKinley votes which are still problematical. I find that many of the western states will go to the convention unpledged, and those from Utah, Nevada, Colorado, Montana and other silver states will demand and try to have a free silver man nominated. That all complicates matters, and it remains to be seen whether there will be enough votes left for McKinley to be nominated on the first ballot. In case that he is not, and the lines are tightly drawn, Senator Allison is just the man for the republicans to nominate. He can unite all factions and will do much to settle the differences. Everyone knows that he is able and he will be the best available candidate."

Col. Naff, the government inspector, supposed to have been drowned in Rainey Lake river, has turned up alive at Crookston, Minn. He and one other escaped.

Mrs. Nancy Weibel, widow of Jacob Weibel, one of the oldest and most honored residents of Pana, Ill., died very suddenly Friday of a grippe, aged 73 years.

Reports from Booneville, Ky., say the cloudburst on Little Sixteen and Buffalo creeks did more damage than at first reported. Instead of four, 16 persons were drowned.

James A. Scott, a prominent farmer near Alamo, Ill., committed suicide by shooting. He was sick and had recently lost his hearing, which rendered him despondent.

The report of Cashier D. H. Hays to Postmaster Carlisle of St. Louis for the year ending March 31, 1896, shows a gain of 11.2 per cent. in the receipts over that of the year 1895, ending March 31.

There is a rumor in New York society circles of a pending alliance between the Whitney and Vanderbilt families. Harry Payne Whitney is said to have won the heart of Miss Gertrude Vanderbilt.

INFECTED COWS.

Thirty-Seven Killed at the Eastern Illinois Hospital for the Insane.

KANKAKEE, Ill., April 4.—Thirty-seven cattle worth \$2,000 were killed Friday, and their flesh will be rendered for soap, as the result of State Veterinarian Trumbower's examination of the milk cows on the farm of the Eastern Illinois hospital for the insane. Nine others are condemned because they, too, are supposed to have tuberculosis or consumption.

To be Created Duchesses.

LONDON, April 4.—It is reported that Queen Victoria has arranged with Lord Salisbury, at Nice, for the creation of her daughters, Princess Christian, Princess Beatrice and Princess Louise, as duchesses in their own right. It was reported shortly after the death of the husband of Princess Beatrice, Prince Henry of Battenburg, that the queen would make the princess duchess of Kent.

To Recover Money Received as Commissions.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 4.—Gov. Bradley has employed ex-Gov. John Young Brown to bring suit in the name of the state against ex-Auditor Luke Norman and ex-Auditor's Agent Max Barker, of Louisville, for \$18,000, or more, which the latter received as commissions during the past four years, "paid," it is alleged, "without warrant of law."

Ohio Wheat in Bad Condition.

COLUMBUS, O., April 4.—The first crop report of the year was issued by the state board of agriculture today. It shows that the growing wheat crop in this state is in a bad condition. The report is based on township reports, and the summary of the wheat it is that the condition is 57 per cent. of a full average.

Black Plague in Yokohama.

YOKOHAMA, April 4.—Two deaths from black plague have occurred in this city, and the authorities have knowledge of another case of the disease, which will result fatally. Both of the men who died were Chinese.

THE ALLISON BOOM.

Gen. James S. Clarkson, Who is Allison's Lieutenant,

TAKES A BRIEF SURVEY OF THE FIELD.

If McKinley Cannot Develop Sufficient Strength to Capture the Nomination Off Hand Then Allison's Strength May Develop.

New York, April 4.—James S. Clarkson, manager of the Allison boom, and member of the Republican national committee from Iowa, has just returned to New York after attending the meeting of the sub-committee of the Republican national committee in St. Louis. Mr. Clarkson is never a remarkably talkative man, but when McKinley's lead was mentioned Friday, he showed unusual reticence. Mr.

Clarkson looks tired and worn out, and he says that he feels that way. He is so he said, just as he felt about Allison's chances as ever, but when it came to counting noses, so far as delegates were concerned, he seemed to prefer to deal in generalities. Mr. Clarkson said, in speaking of the situation:

"I find that the McKinley sentiment is grossly exaggerated. After a thorough canvass of the situation I find that it is hardly likely that McKinley will come within 100 votes of securing the nomination on the first ballot. If not nominated on the first ballot it does not seem to me that he will be nominated at all. The combination against him will be too strong."

At the best, I do not see how McKinley can get much over 350 votes on the first ballot. There are 930 votes in the convention, and that makes 435 necessary to a choice. McKinley will not, I think, make any headway after the first ballot. In the convention of 1888 John Sherman had 329 votes on the first ballot, and yet he did not get the nomination, and made no perceptible headway. The combination against him was too strong.

According to tables printed, many votes are listed as McKinley votes which are still problematical. I find that many of the western states will go to the convention unpledged, and those from Utah, Nevada, Colorado, Montana and other silver states will demand and try to have a free silver man nominated. That all complicates matters, and it remains to be seen whether there will be enough votes left for McKinley to be nominated on the first ballot. In case that he is not, and the lines are tightly drawn, Senator Allison is just the man for the republicans to nominate. He can unite all factions and will do much to settle the differences. Everyone knows that he is able and he will be the best available candidate."

THE BALLINGTON BOOTHS.

Return to New York From Their Visit to Buffalo.

New York, April 4.—Commander and Mrs. Ballington Booth, of the Volunteers, returned from Buffalo Friday full of enthusiasm over their reception there.

A meeting has yet been arranged between the commander and his sister, Mrs. Booth-Tucker, and no messages have been exchanged between the rival headquarters.

Mr. and Mrs. Booth and Maj. Mantz were busy Friday getting ready the first number of their official organ, "The Volunteer Gazette," which will appear on April 11. It will consist of 16 pages and be issued weekly thereafter. The initial number will contain a statement from Ballington Booth's side of the troubles that led to his desertion of the Salvation army. The Gazette will also print this paragraph: Remember that any volunteer speaking against the Salvation Army shows:

1. A lack in the quality of volunteer spirit.

2. A lack of sufficient volunteer work to absorb his time.

At the Salvation army headquarters Friday Commissioner Booth-Tucker was busy studying the details, legal and executive, of the American administration.

TO CONCEAL THEFT.

Mrs. C. E. Wright, of Oxford, N. H., Arrested and Confessed to Arson.

MANCHESTER, N. H., April 4.—Mrs. C. E. Wright, who has been prominent in church work at Oxford, N. H., was arrested Friday at White River Junction, Vt., on a charge of arson. She made a full confession. Mrs. Wright burned recently an unoccupied house in Oxford, owned by Mrs. Pratt. She confessed that she fired the building to conceal the theft of \$30,000 worth of valuables, and that after the crime was committed she consigned the booty to her brother, A. E. Gage, of St. Johnsbury, Vt. Gage has also been arrested.

Black Plague in Yokohama.

YOKOHAMA, April 4.—Two deaths from black plague have occurred in this city, and the authorities have knowledge of another case of the disease, which will result fatally. Both of the men who died were Chinese.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

(First Session)

WASHINGTON, April 4.—Under consideration by unanimous consent the following measures were passed by the house:

House bill authorizing the New Orleans Pacific Railroad Co. to take wild land, in lieu of lands in its grant settled on by about a hundred settlers in Louisiana.

Concurrent resolution authorizing the printing of 2,500 copies of commercial relations and 10,000 copies of the commercial review of the world.

Mr. Hitt (Ill.) called up the conference report on the Cuban resolutions, and Mr. Adams (Rep., Pa.), one of the members of the committee, took the floor. He devoted his remarks to a consideration of the statement made yesterday that sentiment had changed with respect to recognizing the belligerency of the Cubans since the passage of the original resolutions in the house. He denied this.

The house resolved to debate the Cuban resolutions the rest of the day and at a night session, and take a vote on them immediately after the reading of the journal Monday.

BRADSTREET'S REVIEW.

The Steel Combine is the Feature of the Week.

New York, April 4.—Bradstreet's weekly review says:

Stormy weather at the northwest continued the distribution of staple merchandise and unsatisfactory mercantile collections continued to be the leading characteristic of general trade. The conspicuous change is in the quotations for steel billets and steel for ton for Bessemer pig iron. A corresponding stimulus is given to quotations for other forms of iron and steel.

The leading market for metals and minerals is depressed and activity is now reported, with a prospect for further advances. This must naturally tend to stimulate kindred industries. Additional favorable features are reported. At Baltimore, the quarter's general trade has been the best for years; there has been a slight increase in the volume of business at Pittsburgh. City distribution of general merchandise is fair (but commission houses admit being overrun with country consignments, which are slow of sale), and demand for dress goods, at autumn delivery, has been sufficient to stimulate manufacturers to buy material more freely.

Exports of wheat (four included as wheat) from both coasts of the United States this week aggregated 1,683,000 bushels, against 744,000 bushels, last week, 1,853,000 in the same week a year ago, 2,778,000 in the week two years ago, and compared with 3,263,000 bushels in the like week in 1893. Exports of Indian corn have increased and amount to 2,149,000 bushels this week; three times what they were in the like week a year ago.

The first quarter of 1896 presents the largest list of actual commercial and industrial failures in business in the United States (those for which liabilities exceed assets) ever reported for a like period. The total (including financial institutions) is 4,512, or 100 more than in a like period of 1895, and 1,894 and 1,418 more than in the first quarter of 1893; increases of 18.11 and 47 per cent. respectively. The largest percentage of these failing this year amount to \$2,513,000; an increase of 30 per cent. as compared with a year ago, 57 per cent. as compared with the first quarter of 1894 and 60 per cent. as compared with the first quarter of 1893.

Business failures in Canada number 781 for the first quarter, against 581 in the first quarter of 1895, with total liabilities of 5,573,000 against \$4,250,000 last year.

THEY GOT NOTHING.

Thieves Broke Into Senator Quay's Committee Room in the Capitol.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—Thieves entered the capitol some time Friday night, broke open the door entering the committee room of Senator Quay, of Pennsylvania, and ransacked the office and desks in search of papers which they evidently wanted to find. When the senator and his clerks made a careful investigation nothing was found to be missing.

Senator Quay believes the thieves were looking for his private correspondence. The file case, which has always during the day been open, bore several inscriptions, marked "Presidential," "Senatorial," "Pennsylvania Legislature," etc., and these may have aroused the cupidity of some one. The experience of Senator Quay has proven to him that the capitol is no safe place in which to leave private papers. For this reason only this week he removed to his residence all his private correspondence and papers.

BRIGADIER FIELDING.

Resigns From the Salvation Army and Joins the Volunteers.

CHICAGO, April 4.—Edward Fielding, brigadier in command of the north-west division of the Salvation army, and, with the exception of Commissioner Booth-Tucker, the most prominent officer in the forces in America, has resigned his commission and will join the forces of Ballington Booth's Volunteers. The majority of his staff officers go with him, and the blow is conceded to be the most severe which has been suffered by the Salvation army since the recall of Commander and Mrs. Ballington Booth.

SPANIARDS LOST 800 MEN.

Battle in Finar del Rio Between Suarez and Maceo's Forces.

TAMPA, Fla., April 4.—It is rumored here that in the battle which occurred on Tuesday in Finar del Rio between the forces of Maceo and Gen. Suarez Valdez, the Spaniards lost 800 men. The insurgent loss was also heavy. No details of the battle are given. Gen. Suarez Valdez was seriously wounded.

For the Defense of Bulwago.

LONDON, April 4.—Advices from Capetown say that 900 men have been secured for the defense of Bulwago against the attack by the Matabeles, and that all the outlying districts have been relieved except Bellingwe and Gwanda. Offensive preparations against the Matabeles are rapidly being made.

Actor Charles Wyndham Ill.

LONDON, April 4.—Mr. Charles A. Wyndham, the well known actor, is ill, and has gone to Morocco for the benefit of his health.

GAGGED BY BURGLARS.

A Bootless Attempt to Rob a Bank at Whitinsville, Mass.

"HANDS UP," SAID FOUR BOLD ROBBERS.

They Gagged the Watchman and Then Proceeded to Blow the Safes, but Left Without Securing Any Money or Valuables.

WHITINSVILLE, Mass., April 4.—An exceedingly bold attempt was made by two men to burglarize the Whitinsville national and savings bank, located in the central part of the village. Just after 1 a. m. Joseph Beauregard, who is night watchman at the Whitinsville cotton mill and the Whitinsville Spinning Co., as well as the bank, left the repair shop of the cotton mill to go to the spinning company's plant. As he went out of the door of the repair shop four men accosted him with the warning: "Hands up."

Beauregard drew his revolver and discharged one cartridge, but with no effect. The men succeeded in getting Beauregard's revolver, and then bound and gagged him. The gag was a large one and nearly choked the guard, and he was placed in an out-house and was not discovered till 6:30 a. m. when the mill people went to work. There appears to have been five men in the party. They broke into the bank building by forcing the door. The national and savings banks are located in the same room where there are two safes. An attempt was made to blow the two safes, probably at the same time. They succeeded in blowing open one of the safes which contained only the books, but the other safe was not badly damaged and no injury was done to the contents.

The books were thrown over the floor. A complete set of burglars' tools was left strewn about the floor, also a large file, which was probably used. The gag that the watchman was secured with was tied with wire. The party left town with a stolen tool and rig. The Whitinsville national and savings banks have never been established about 35 years, and never before has an attempt been made to rob them.

The post office has been broken into twice in a year, but no booty was secured either time. The would-be robbers seem to have had poor luck in securing anything for their trouble. The bank has offered a large reward. Four of the five men were dress suits.

FUGITIVE ADAMS.

Held for Extradition Proceedings in the Bow Street Police Court.

LONDON, April 4.—Matthew Adams, aged 52 years, was arraigned in the Bow Street police court, charged with having embezzled the sum of \$10,000 in Denver, Col., and was remanded pending extradition proceedings. Adams was arrested in Southampton upon his arrival from America. He had in his possession tickets to Capetown for himself and wife and servant, who accompanied him. He also had a large sum of money, which was taken from him by the authorities in Southampton. Adams said in court that it was his desire that his wife should return to Denver. Mr. Hodgson, of the United States embassy, said he did not believe that there would be any objection to the surrender of sufficient money to enable Mrs. Adams to return to Denver and the magistrate accordingly directed the detective who made the arrest to get enough money from the Southampton police to enable the lady to get back to Colorado Springs. Adams was then sent back to jail. It is understood that Adams has acted in the capacity of clerk of several courts in Colorado.

SUDEN DEATH.

Mr. Seaton Munroe, a Well-Known Washington Club Man, Found Dead.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—Mr. Seaton Munroe, a well-known clubman, was found dead in the lavatory of the Arno hotel in this city at 1 a. m. Munroe had been in the cafe of the hotel for some time prior to midnight, and those in charge did not recollect seeing him go out. A search was made and the dead body found. The cause of death has not been determined, but apoplexy is probable.

Mr. Munroe was about 55 years of age, and the son of Columbus Munroe and of the daughter of Mr. W. W. Seaton, an editor of the old National Intelligencer. He was a graduate of Harvard law school, and was regarded as quite a brilliant lawyer, although he has not practiced for many years. He was a member of the Metropolitan Club, and had the entire to the houses of Washington's oldest families.

THE LOSSES.

By the Fire in the Arcade Hotel Building at Springfield, O.

COLUMBUS, O., April 4.—The losses by fire in the Arcade hotel building at Springfield, O., are as follows:

On building owned by O. S. Kelly, \$4,000, no insurance; furniture owned by Landlord Henry Rockfield, \$7,000, fully insured; Louis Evans, furniture, \$500, uninsured; J. H. Lord, canned store stock, \$2,000, no insurance. Total loss, \$13,500. Crossed electric wires caused the loss. Two years ago the hotel was destroyed by fire.

The "Volunteer Gazette."

New York, April 4.—Ballington Booth has decided to name his paper the "Volunteer Gazette." It is to contain 16 pages of three wide columns, and will make its first appearance on Saturday, April 11.

Hanged Himself in Jail.

LEXINGTON, Ky., April 4.—John Monahan, aged 68 years, a ward politician, committed suicide by hanging in a cell at the jail, where he was placed for drunkenness last night.

"COTTON" SCHMIDT CONVICTED

Of Luring B. A. Atwater to His Death at Webster Groves, Mo.

ST. LOUIS, April 4.—Peter, alias "Cotton" Schmidt, was found guilty of murder in the first degree by a jury in the St. Louis county circuit court at Clay-

The case went to the jury Friday evening, and while they were all of one mind, they slept on it and took a formal ballot early this morning and delivered the verdict to the court at seven o'clock.

Schmidt is one of three implicated in the murder of B. A. Atwater, the Chicago artist, at Webster

C. C. DuBOSE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, APRIL 9, 1896.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce W. A. Thompson as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. S. Farwell as a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of W. L. Davis authorize The Chronicle to announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. H. Hammond as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR SHERIFF.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Amos Daniel as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce S. W. Nelson as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR COMMISSIONER-FIRST DISTRICT.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Hester Pearson as a Commissioner of Shelby county, from the Columbia District, No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

THE MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

It is with intense gratification that we announce the election of the entire school ticket, headed by Hon. W. B. Browne, at the municipal election Monday. The majority was simply overwhelming, only lacking a fraction of being 8 to 1. It is also gratifying to us to be able to state that the school ticket received the warm support of a very large majority of the better element of both the white and colored citizens.

The colored population of our city are to be congratulated, and we commend them heartily for the good sense and patriotism displayed by them, and we are more than willing to let the results within the next year determine for them the wisdom of their course. We firmly believe the gentlemen whom they helped to elect will treat them with the utmost fairness and consideration. If they intertain any doubts on this line, they will be in a better position to determine as to whether or not they made a mistake Monday.

The success of our school is now assured. The last barrier that stood in the way of its triumphant progress has been swept away, and now that we have a clear track ahead, we predict that its progress will be little short of phenomenal. The power the law bestows upon our board of mayor and aldermen can and will be used to the fullest extent to foster and build up this our grandest enterprise, and we feel sure the board will have the hearty co-operation of almost the entire community without reference to politics. But we will have more to say on this line later on. For the present suffice it to say our school is booming now, but its usefulness is not yet begun.

We give below the result of the election as shown by the official count:

SCHOOL TICKET.

For Mayor: Hon. W. B. Browne, 161. For aldermen: W. W. Albright, 152; I. D. Mason, 161; E. B. Nelson, 153; J. H. Page, 151; J. R. White, 155.

POPULIST TICKET.

For Mayor: A. P. Longshore, 23; For Aldermen: A. W. Strickland, 24; W. A. Tallant, 24; T. W. Timney, 22; B. L. Moore, 11; W. E. Holcomb, 10. The colored ticket received only two votes.

The sale of 10,000 tons of Pittsburg steel rails to Japan and the entering of Alabama pig-iron into England in such quantities as to alarm English producers, indicate, says the New York Mail and Express, that the iron and steel industry of this country is upon the eve of an unusually active and prosperous period.

The young ladies of the Epworth League at Bessemer took charge of the Bessemer Weekly last week, and issued a most interesting and creditable paper. The editorial page was particularly bright. We copy in full the opinion of these ladies on "Woman at Her Best." It is well worth the reading.

THE CHRONICLE quotes this from The Peoples' Party Paper, edited by Tom Watson, for the benefit of The Atlanta Constitution: "There is no fault to be found with the doctrine of the Atlanta Constitution prior to the meeting of the nominating conventions. Up to that time its doctrine is broadly and deeply populist."

TOTAL coinage for the month of March—gold, \$1,540,555; silver, \$1,683,530; minor coin, \$48,817. And yet these silver agitators tell the "dear people" that this is a gold bug era and silver has been dethroned.

A BYCICLE which is propelled by gasoline has been invented. Now let some clever genius invent a plan to prevent the blamed things from bucking and we will buy one at once.

MR. CLEVELAND has prepared a letter in which he states that in no case will he become a candidate for another term.

EX-PRESIDENT HARRISON and Mrs. Dimmick were married in New York Monday evening.

Now, my good man, you say you are a sound money man and opposed to the free coinage of silver, purely on the ground of principle, but think that Johnston ought to be nominated for the sake of harmony. Don't you see you stultify, for Johnston and his followers make no concessions to you for the sake of harmony. On the other hand, Captain Johnston's organ, his accredited mouthpiece, has unequivocally declared "that gophers will be worth a thousand dollars apiece and tadpoles cease turning to frogs, ere he will give up one iota of his free silver principles." Yet you propose to give up and gulp down, for the sake of harmony, every principle you hold dear in order to support a man who so boldly declares that his cry of harmony is a humbug, and he will not harmonize except on his own terms.—Brundidge News.

THE river and harbor appropriation bill reported to the house, appropriates nearly \$1,000,000 to the improvement of Alabama streams, as follows: Alabama river, \$400,000; Black Warrior from Tuscaloosa to Daniel's creek, \$400,000; Warrior and Tombigbee to Tuscaloosa, \$115,000; Tombigbee, \$50,000.

A CLARING INCONSISTENCY.

It is one of the stock arguments of the free silver agitators that the present financial policy has destroyed or depreciated one-half of the values in this country. Congressman John W. Kendrick, of Kentucky, thus unanswerably meets the argument:

The free silverites claim that by coming to the gold standard the value of property in the United States has been depreciated at least one-half. Who owns the great bulk of the United States? The free silver advocates say it is owned by the gold bugs. Here then is a glaring contradiction that even a child should be ashamed to make—that is, that sensible men should be ashamed to pursue a policy which would decrease the value of their property at least one-half. But they say that it increased the purchasing power of the dollar. That proposition is just as ridiculous as the first, because when you come to count all of the absolute dollars in the United States it will be found that there are less than two billions of them all told, belonging to all the people, while the absolute value of the property amounts to over ninety billions of dollars. So that the proposition would have the business men of the country engaged in the idiotic scheme of reducing the value of over ninety billions of property in order to increase the value of two billions of money which could only be theirs for a short time, as it must necessarily circulate from hand to hand to do the business of the country. They forget when they make this flimsy catchword argument that money, to be of any substantial value, must be like the atmosphere, constantly circulating, and if its purchasing power is increased for one, it must be for all.

"STOP MY PAPER."

Every man has a right to take a paper or to stop it (provided subscription is paid up), for any reason or no reason at all. But at the same time there is a certain responsibility attaching to all actions, even to so trivial a one as stopping a paper because the editor says something one does not agree with. There is complaint that editors lack fearlessness and honesty; that papers are too generally mere partisan organs that disregard the claims of truth and justice when certain interests are at stake. There is too much truth in the charge; but let us ask how it is possible for a fearless, honest, outspoken journal to live if every man is to cry "stop my paper" whenever he reads something that does not accord with his views? The men who insist that the paper they read shall never say anything contrary to their views are the ones who are in a large measure responsible for the cowardliness and weathercock propensities of modern journalism. One of two things is absolutely necessary: Either a paper must be a namby-pamby sheet that has no opinions whatever about important events, or else its readers must make up their minds that a difference of opinion is not sufficient reason for stopping the paper. If all the readers insist upon it that everything said must accord with their views, then the editor must say nothing except on the one subject on which they all agree, and the public must be left for light on current events to bitter partisan papers. In a community composed entirely of these "stop my paper" people, true independent journalism would be an impossibility. Don't stop a paper that you believe to be honest, courageous, enterprising and clean, simply because its editor has written his own sincere views instead of yours or somebody else's; for if you do, you are putting a premium on insincere journalism and serving notice on an editor that the way to succeed is to write what he thinks will best please his readers, instead of what he honestly believes to be the truth.—Exchange.

Constitutional Convention.

From the Selma Journal.

The white voting population of Alabama, according to the last census, numbered 184,059, and the blacks 140,763, showing a clear white majority of 43,296. The white majority is much larger than this now, as the inflow of white immigrants has been constant since the census was taken, and there has been rather an outflow than an inflow of negroes. The moral of this statement of facts is that Alabama ought to have a constitutional convention as quick as the legislature can order it.

THE BATTLE IN ALABAMA.

From the Philadelphia Times.

There is a fierce struggle in progress in Alabama between Representative Clarke, of Mobile, and Captain Johnston, of Birmingham, for the democratic nomination for governor. The convention will be held early in April, and the parties have just begun to hold conventions for the election of delegates. Representative Clarke is squarely in favor of honest money and against the free coinage of silver, while Captain Johnston has been advocating the wildest cheap money schemes, and hopes to win the nomination by appeals to the necessities and the cupidity of the people.

Both Representative Clarke and Captain Johnston are men of admitted ability and character. No individual objections could be urged against either for the high position of governor of the state, and so highly is Captain Johnston respected in Birmingham, where he resides, that until quite recently the friends of honest money were disposed to support him regardless of his demagogic money theories. But when Johnston took the stump and advocated the election not only of state officers but of legislators devoted to the free silver cause, the friends of sound money at his own home were compelled to take issue with him, and he is now confronted by formidable opposition in Birmingham. The Evening News, of that place, that has heroically advocated honest money, started out in the contest to support Johnston for the office of governor independent of his heretical financial ideas, but within the last week it has been compelled to cut loose from the free silver leader and make the issue of honest money paramount.

The battle in Alabama is especially important because it will be the first expression of any democratic state convention in 1896 to forecast the attitude of the party in the selection of national candidates at Chicago. If Alabama shall declare for the free silver cause, it will be notice that the whole South is demoralized on the issue, and that it will be next to unanimous in the democratic national convention in favor of the free coinage of silver and the destruction of national and private credit. The contest between Representative Clarke and Captain Johnston is thus one that rises to the dignity of national importance. If Alabama shall declare for honest money by the nomination of Representative Clarke, with Kentucky and Alabama in the forefront for a sound financial system, it is quite probable that most of the southern states would follow, and thus enable the democratic national convention to save itself from the disgrace of a cheap money platform, that could result only in defeat from which there could be no resurrection.

It is idle for political leaders from North or South to close their eyes to the fact that no party can hope to win in 1896, or to have a hopeful future, that does not declare with emphasis in favor of honest money. The issue has become so sharply defined that no party can escape it, and if the democracy shall yield to the demands of the cheap money freaks, it will not carry five states in the union for its candidate for president, and could have no hope of rehabilitation thereafter. It was the old party of 1892 that declared unqualifiedly in favor of honest money, as it demanded that gold and silver coin should be of equal "intrinsic value," and any departure from that deliverance would be notice of the demoralization that is the forerunner of death. Alabama may do much to save or to annihilate the democracy of the nation by its verdict for or against honest money in the coming April convention.

A PLAIN CASE.

From the Selma Times.

Politics make strange bed-fellows, and for the free silver populists to hug to their bosoms, in fusion, the goldbug republicans, is not only strange, but a little mysterious to the ordinary observer; but when the X rays of common sense is turned on, the casual observer cannot fail to see that the leaders of both the contracting parties are in for the boodle of office at whatever cost to their so-called principles, and the people—the common mass of their following—are hoodwinked by the cries of honest elections, more money and greater prosperity.

Said Mr. Lincoln: "You can fool all the people part of the time, part of the people all the time; but you cannot fool all the people all the time." That saying holds good for all time, and "a part of the people" are waking up and soon none of them will be so blind as not to realize that there is "something rotten in Denmark," and call for an accounting from their leaders, which will be very embarrassing to say the least.

Puzzled.

From the Chattanooga Times.

Please somebody, work out this little "sum" for us! If Mexico flourishes on a currency of \$5 a head, and the United States goes to ruin on a currency of \$25 a head, how much ought the United States to reduce—no, enlarge—no, cut down—confound it, we can't get it right—anyhow, what ought to be done to 'em, or both, to make 'em consist, so to say?

The Escape.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

She—What did you mean by saying that I had a face that would stop a clock? You need not deny saying it. He—I know I said it, but I didn't get to finish. I meant that even a clock would pause to hold its hands up in admiration when it saw your lovely countenance.

SOUND MONEY THE ONLY HOPE.

From the New York World.

Democratic National Committee-man Wall, of Wisconsin, proved himself in the great and successful campaigns of 1890 and 1892 one of the best politicians in the union. It was under his management that Wisconsin was carried by the democrats in both those years.

Asked in Washington yesterday what he thought of the democratic chances in the approaching presidential campaign, Mr. Wall said: "All depends on the handling of the money question. If the republicans fail at St. Louis to adopt a strong, sound plank, and the democrats have the good sense to grasp the opportunity and adopt one at Chicago, we shall win."

This corresponds exactly with what the World said on Monday in its historic review showing that sound money—hard money of the highest standard—is the traditional democratic policy and that the party has always succeeded when true to this principle, and has always been defeated when false to it. The democrats cannot carry a single eastern or middle state on a free silver or a dubious platform.

Mr. Wall further expressed the opinion that there will not be a split in the national convention on this question. "Party ties are very strong," he said, "and are not dissolved so easily as many people suppose." This view is confirmed by the special dispatch to the World from St. Louis stating that while the delegation from Missouri to the national convention will be for free silver, its leaders will not bolt, should their views be rejected by the convention as they were in 1892.

How can they? Each of the democratic free silver champions in the south and west must ask himself, as Daniel Webster did in Faneuil hall: "Where am I to go?" They cannot become republicans. They can hardly join the populists. If it were possible to take any action that would throw the election into the house the republicans would inevitably elect the president. The money question is not the only thing that concerns democrats. There are other important questions at issue. And as sound money is the traditional policy of the party and adherence to it holds out the only chance of success, the duty of the convention, and of all democrats who love their party and cherish its principles, is very clear.

The standard to be raised at Chicago must be that of Jackson, Benton, Tilden, Manning and Cleveland. The democracy will then have honor and right on its side and can afford to abide the result.

PRICES IN 1848.

From the Greenville (S. C.) News.

Looking over a file of the Greenville Mountaineer for 1848, we were astonished to find in its market reports from Hamburg, cotton quoted at 4 to 5¢ cents a pound, flour \$4.75 to \$5 a barrel corn and meal 50 cents a bushel, bacon 6 to 6¢ cents.

Referring then to the Latham, Alexander & Co., cotton statistics, we found that cotton was selling in New York in 1839 at 13.36 a pound. In 1840 it dropped to 8.92; in 1841 it rose to 9.50; in 1842 it was 7.85; in 1843, 7.25; in 1844, 7.73; in 1845, 5.66; in 1846, 7.87. In 1848, after a sharp rise, it was down to 8.03; in 1849 it fell yet further to 7.55. These are New York prices. At Hamburg, which was then the market for this section, prices seemed to be from a cent to two cents lower.

Thereat we marvelled much. We supposed from Coin's Financial School, Joe Johnston, the Anderson Peoples' Advocate, the Spartanburg Herald, Ben Tillman and other way up yonder free silver authority, that the "crime of 1873" had brought down prices. Yet we find that fifty years ago, during the time of free and unlimited coinage of silver at 15 to 1, prices of farm products were very much as they are now, the chief difference being that cotton is a little higher and bacon a little cheaper now than they were then.

Now, we will be glad if the Anderson Peoples' Advocate, the Spartanburg Herald and the rest of them will tell us what caused the low prices and sudden falls from 1839 to 1849 while we had, as they claim, the silver standard, while the silver dollar was the unit, as they claim, and not the "token" they say it is now.

We would also like them to explain—if the alleged demonetization of silver is the cause of the fall in prices—why it is that cotton dropped 14 cents a pound, from 31 to 17 cents, in six years, from 1867 to 1873, while from 1873 to 1883, ten years after the "crime" it dropped only 6¢ cents—why it lost nearly 50 per cent in six years before the "crime" and not quite 33 per cent in the ten years after the "crime." And when they have finished that let them tell us why, if England became the richest country on earth with the gold standard and all the other countries got in debt to her with their silver or mixed standards, it would not be good policy for us, if we desire to be rich and money lenders instead of money borrowers, to try England's system awhile?

There are Others.

Toronto Rural Canadian.

Jinks—Today I pleased a pretty woman by telling her that a certain red-faced, snub-nosed, bald-headed mortal looked like her.

Winks—Get out!

Jinks—The red-faced, snub-nosed, bald-headed mortal was her first baby.

Wholly Gone.

From Tit-Bits.

Papa (on top of the stairs)—Is that young man gone, Mamie?
Mamie—Yes, papa, awfully.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing.

It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.

Castoria allays Feverishness.

Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.

Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic.

Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.

Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air. Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.

Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."

See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE BRICK STORE,
Wilsonville, Ala.

BROTHER, SISTER, LISTEN!

Perhaps I can put you on to a scheme. You know this is a progressive age. Old moss-grown methods are rapidly playing out. I propose to keep up with the procession. Life is too short to continue longer in the old ruts. New methods bring new results, also new goods and likewise new customers. I have too pretty a stock of goods to keep them hid from the world. Therefore I now proclaim to the world at large, and to the people of Shelby county in particular that I have almost anything they can call for, and having bought these goods in large quantities, I can offer many bargains to cash customers. Here is one for a starter:

100 Pieces Standard Prints 4 1-2c.

Now that's pretty smooth, ain't it? Just so; but let me tell you before I forget it, that is only a sample. There are plenty of bargains in my store just as attractive. Seeing is believing. Come and I will convince you. One more bargain.

Big Lot Challies Spring and Summer Shades 4c.

Spring is here and summer is almost within sight, and of course you want straw hats. Don't mention it. I've got 'em, more than you ever saw in one store before in your life. Big, little, old or young, come and get supplied.

Yours for business.

J. F. POPE,
WILSONVILLE, ALA.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Parker & Armstrong, druggists.

PALACE RESTAURANT,
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

J. P. ADAMS, Proprietor.

Newly fitted up, clean and neat. Meals any hour of the day, or until 11 at night. Lunches served any time. Fish, oysters, game, or any delicacy to be found in the market.

Meals 25c Each.

27 Elliott Building, Main Street.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY
CONDENSED SCHEDULE.
In Effect February 23, 1896.

No. 48	No. 47
7:30pm Birmingham	8:15am
8:15pm Birmingham	9:00am
9:00pm Birmingham	9:45am

No. 514 No. 412	No. 511 No. 413
7:00am Birmingham	7:50pm
7:50am Birmingham	8:35pm
8:35am Birmingham	9:20pm
9:20am Birmingham	10:05pm

No. 416 No. 422	No. 415 No. 421
7:00am Birmingham	7:50pm
7:50am Birmingham	8:35pm
8:35am Birmingham	9:20pm
9:20am Birmingham	10:05pm

No. 416 No. 422	No. 415 No. 421
7:00am Birmingham	7:50pm
7:50am Birmingham	8:35pm
8:35am Birmingham	9:20pm
9:20am Birmingham	10:05pm

No. 416 No. 422	No. 415 No. 421
7:00am Birmingham	7:50pm
7:50am Birmingham	8:35pm
8:35am Birmingham	9:20pm
9:20am Birmingham	10:05pm

No. 416 No. 422	No. 415 No. 421
7:00am Birmingham	7:50pm
7:50am Birmingham	8:35pm
8:35am Birmingham	9:20pm
9:20am Birmingham	10:05pm

No. 416 No. 422	No. 415 No. 421
7:00am Birmingham	7:50pm
7:50am Birmingham	8:35pm
8:35am Birmingham	9:20pm
9:20am Birmingham	10:05pm

No. 416 No. 422	No. 415 No. 421
7:00am Birmingham	7:50pm
7:50am Birmingham	8:35pm
8:35am Birmingham	9:20pm
9:20am Birmingham	10:05pm

No. 416 No. 422	No. 415 No. 421
7:00am Birmingham	7:50pm
7:50am Birmingham	8:35pm
8:35am Birmingham	9:20pm
9:20am Birmingham	10:05pm

No. 416 No. 422	No. 415 No. 421
7:00am Birmingham	7:50pm
7:50am Birmingham	8:35pm
8:35am Birmingham	9:20pm
9:20am Birmingham	10:05pm

No. 416 No. 422	No. 415 No. 421
7:00am Birmingham	7:50pm
7:50am Birmingham	8:35pm
8:35am Birmingham	9:20pm
9:20am Birmingham	10:05pm

No. 416 No. 422	No. 415 No. 421
7:00am Birmingham	7:50pm
7:50am Birmingham	8:35pm
8:35am Birmingham	9:20pm
9:20am Birmingham	10:05pm

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

COLUMBIANA, APRIL 9, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Frank Spears, of Shelby, was a visitor in our city Monday.

Amos Daniel, of Wilsonville, spent Tuesday with friends here.

E. C. Parker, of Howard college, spent Easter with home folks.

Commissioners court was in session the first three days of the week.

J. R. Hill and Will Parker, of Calera, were visitors here yesterday.

Mrs. C. J. Christian, of Bessemer, is a guest of her father, W. R. A. Milner.

Mrs. Green is spending awhile with her daughter, Mrs. Roe, at Crosswell.

W. A. Walburn and little son Fred, of Saginaw, are on a visit to relatives here.

Profs. Fritchard and Williams, of Aldrich, were in town Saturday on business.

Miss Lottie Duran, of Calera, was a guest of relatives in our city Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. John Spencer and children are on a visit to her mother, Mrs. Campbell, in Montgomery.

Mrs. I. D. Mason and Pierce are visiting John Edward's family in Childersburg this week.

L. W. Hartsfield, of Sterrett, came up last week and added his name to our growing list of subscribers.

Capt. W. H. Bell, one of Shelby's cleverest and most substantial citizens, was in town a few hours yesterday.

Henry Fallon, of Birmingham, spent two or three days in town this week, and left yesterday for New Orleans to visit relatives.

Prof. J. B. Kilpatrick, of Wilsonville, found time while in town Saturday to call on us and drop a word of encouragement.

Mrs. Ruth Lawler, of Birmingham, has moved into our community in order to give her children the advantage of our excellent school.

Will O'Hara, a most promising young minister, now attending Howard college, gladdened his many friends here by spending Saturday and Sunday in town.

The boys and younger men of our town are actively engaged in organizing a ball team. We hope they will give us several good games during the season.

Easter Sunday was a bright, beautiful spring day. Appropriate services were held at the Presbyterian church, large congregations being present.

Elders Adelbert E. Cranney, of Logan, Utah; and David Hubbard, of Almo, Idaho, Mormon missionaries, gave us a call Tuesday. They will be in our country several weeks.

Jolly Walter Merrell, of Shelby, dropped into our office Monday, his face wreathed with smiles and his pocket full of money, which he divided with us very liberally. He is still happy and we are happier still.

Capt. J. P. Christian, the genial superintendent of the Shelby Iron Co., was an appreciated caller in our office yesterday. He is a Clarke man of the most approved pattern, and is confident he will be the choice of the democracy of the state.

S. W. Nelson is an aspirant for the office of sheriff of Shelby county, his announcement to that effect appearing in another column. Mr. Nelson's democracy is unquestioned, and he has always been a faithful and zealous worker for his party. He has ample experience, is well qualified and would doubtless make an acceptable official if he receives the nomination.

Hon. H. C. Reynolds, of Montevallo, was in town yesterday. He is still an enthusiastic worker for the Girls' Industrial School, and expressed himself as confident that the appropriation of mineral lands asked from congress would be given, and that, of course, would put the school in splendid trim from the start. He expects a great deal of the school, and it is our earnest wish that his fondest hopes may be fully realized.

Judge Brewer is contemplating holding a special term of circuit court some time during June or July. The docket is badly crowded, and it is his desire to dispose of a number of the most important cases, and thereby put the docket in condition to be easily handled in future. He will decide definitely within a few weeks, and when he does our readers will be given full particulars as to the date and the cases to be tried.

Saturday, the 11th, is the day fixed by the county democratic executive committee to hold mass meetings, beat meetings or primaries, as the committeemen of the several beats may elect, to choose delegates to the county convention which will be held here next Wednesday. As all are doubtless aware no nominations for county officers will be made at said convention. A convention for that purpose will be held later on. Delegates to the state convention will be chosen next Wednesday, and such other business transacted as the good of the party demands.

"Tell me ye angelic host, ye messengers of love
Shall swindled printers here below have no redress above?"
The shining angel band replied: "To us is knowledge given,
Delinquents on the printer's list can never enter heaven."

C. B. Elliott, who was recently badly cut by a negro at Vincent, arrived here yesterday at noon. He has not fully recovered as yet, and is still very weak, but in a week or two will be himself again. The negro who did the cutting has been captured at Goodwater, and will likely be brought here at once. He richly deserves severe punishment, and, doubtless, will get it.

Call for a Beat Meeting.

There will be a beat meeting held Saturday, the 11th, to select delegates to the county convention ordered by the democratic executive committee for April 15, 1896. Columbiana will be entitled to 11 delegates and Shelby 7. The beat meeting will be opened at this place and Shelby, and the entire delegation be voted for at both boxes.

W. H. BELL,
J. R. WHITE,
J. F. McLANE,
Ex. Com. Beat 1.

An Explanation.

EDITOR CHRONICLE.—Allow me to say through your paper that the clause in the school petition now being circulated over the county for signatures, mentioning 100 children and 10 months, is used only as a guide for the commissioners court by which they may be governed in raising the funds. In no way does that petition propose to govern the location of schools in the county or to say how many children must attend such schools. That matter is left, and should be left, entirely in the hands of the county superintendent and town ship trustees just as it is now.

J. H. HAMMOND.

Reunion United Confederate Veterans, at Richmond, Va.—Reduced Rates via Southern Railway.

For the occasion of the 6th Annual Reunion of the United Confederate Veterans, which occurs at Richmond, Va., June 30-July 2, 1896, the Southern railway will sell tickets to Richmond, Va., and return at very low rates.

Tickets from points in Georgia and Tennessee, north and east of Atlanta and Chattanooga, will be sold June 27 and 28, and from points south and west of Atlanta and Chattanooga, and east of the Mississippi river, tickets will be sold June 26, 27, 28 and 29. Final limit on tickets from all points will be July 6, 1896.

From points south and west of Atlanta, the Southern Railway is the short and quick route to Richmond, Va., via the "Piedmont Air Line," and the service is peerless. From Knoxville, Tenn., to Chattanooga, Tenn., and points west thereof, the route of the Southern Railway is via Asheville and through the scenic "Land of the Sky." The service of this line is unexcelled.

Call on any agent of the Southern Railway for further information or E. J. Martin, T. P. A., Columbus, Miss.; J. L. Meek, T. P. A., Knoxville, Tenn.; W. H. Doll, T. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.; L. A. Shipman, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.; J. C. Andrews, S. W. P. A., New Orleans, La.; W. A. Turk, G. P. A., Washington, D. C.; S. H. Hardwick, A. G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.; C. A. Benscoter, A. G. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Items from Lewis.

Easter was enjoyed by all, especially by two of our young ladies, who had their old fellows come to see them.

Mr. J. S. Jackson, accompanied by Miss Myrtle Jackson, attended services at Mt. Olive Saturday.

Messrs. Jno. Kytte and Arthur Riddle, of Helena, spent Saturday and Sunday with relations and others.

Tommie Walton, Esq., was a welcome guest of Miss Florence Adams Sunday eve at this place.

Miss Minnie Deshazo, of Vincent, was the honored guest of Miss Myrtle Jackson last week. She returned home Sunday, much to the regret of Nero. Come often, Miss Minnie, you will find welcome by all.

Mrs. J. L. Riddle is quite sick at this writing, but we hope nothing serious will be the result.

Revs. Armstrong and Lyon preached very interesting sermons at Four Mile Sunday.

R. A. O'Hara, the third party candidate for treasurer, has been canvassing and we have been informed that he got a little off, and found himself in Jefferson and St. Clair counties.

Corn planting is the order of the day among our farmers.

Mrs. Hargrove, after several week's visit in this community, has returned home, Mt. Olive.

NERO.

Wilsonville Waifs.

J. F. Pope made a business trip to Vincent last Wednesday.

Miss Emma Millstead, of Columbiana, visited relatives here last week.

Dr. W. S. Dulose, of Columbiana, was called by Dr. Edwards last week to assist him with Mr. Fowler's child.

J. H. Wilder, of Vincent, was in our city on business last week.

Mrs. Taylor visited relatives in Sylacauga last week.

W. A. Williamson, of Uniontown, Ala., has secured a permanent position with C. Butler. We understand that he will move his family here soon. Our best wishes are extended for his success.

Messrs. J. F. Pope and Jack Taylor

attended services at Shelby last Sunday.

We understand that a number of the Columbiana young people are anticipating a visit to our city next Friday night. We extend to them a hearty welcome, and will be very badly disappointed if they fail to show up.

The surprise party at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Jackson last Friday night, afforded us a great deal of pleasure. The time was occupied in a charming manner. There was nothing more attractive than the Easter sleeves, angel wings or something similar thereto.

The Easter egg hunt was quite an interesting amusement. The eggs were hidden in a new garden; and on them the fortune of the finder was written. If this fortune telling be true, one of our prettiest young ladies of Wilsonville, will be the bride of a "coalman." We beg leave to congratulate her in advance, and wish her a long and happy life.

Some of the young people who participated in the singing by the choir at the Methodist church last Sunday, have come to the conclusion that we need a choir practice, and the oftener we practice the better.

The young men and ladies enjoyed a pleasant walk to McGowan's Ferry last Sunday afternoon; later in the evening we caught the echo of three other couples who had been driving the larger part of the afternoon. We all congregated there and the pleasures that we witnessed are unexplainable.

The time for primary election of governor has again presented itself to view. Our city will be honored with a telegraphic bulletin service containing the required information from all parts of the state.

The original and only Chas. N. Arnold, Esq., was on our streets last week in the capacity of a crockery drummer; at least that's his title with the business men of our city and elsewhere, but in Wilsonville society he is known as "Witty Charlie" and with a certain young lady as—let's see—"what was that." Oh, I tell you, ask her and if she don't tell you it's on account of her being extremely embarrassed.

Spring is upon us in her infancy. Old winter, with her silvered hair and wrinkled brow, still lingers to catch a glimpse of beautiful spring as she makes herself known to the welcome world. She will bring fragrance of sweet wild flowers to perfume the air. When the dogwood blooms the angler will stroll by the side of the rippling brook, where pretty little fish splash hither and thither in the clear warm water returning thanks to our God for such a blessing as spring.

TO THE CHRONICLE.

The Chronicle our county news,
We love so well to read;
When comes the time that you are due,
You're sent for in great speed.
Sometimes we are disappointed,
By your being delayed;
And this delay seems like a week,
Although 'tis but a day.

But when you come you're shining bright,
With all the news therein;
We look you over with great delight,
With gladdened hearts again.

You tell us of surrounding towns,
For many miles away;
By you we get good news abroad,
The latest of the day.

You show us where there's goods to sell,
In all the ads contained;
Just come to Pope's and you'll do well,
He'll then your trade maintain.

We only ask you one thing, sir,
And this we want to know;
Where "Nellie Bly" and "Pansy" are?
Who wrote sometime ago.

The very tone of words were sweet,
In the "Warbling" column;
Their faces true we long to meet,
If we can find them.

You are a friend to us so dear,
Forget us not no never;
And may your columns gain the crown,
A crown to wear forever.

BUTCH, JR.

The May Number of The Delineator is Called the Commencement Number.

Its forecast of summer styles in dress and millinery is complete, including, beside the usual monthly display, a number of commencement gowns and a chapter on the latest ideas in attire for bicycling. The varied methods of dressing the hair now in vogue are illustrated and described, and a New York dentist discusses the proper care of the teeth. Not less practical and useful to women are the first of a series of papers on interior decoration by Mrs. Genevieve Wigfall. A. B. Longstreet's article on recent culinary inventions, one on domestic sanitation and the usual review of the markets and talk about cookery, the spring dainties receiving due attention. Among the general reading a very entertaining article is contributed by Mary Caldwell Jones, Mildred Conway tells about a novel poster party, and Carolyn Halsted describes the origin, organization and objects of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Mrs. Witherspoon's tea-table chat, notices of new books and illustrated descriptions of the latest designs in embroidery, knitting, tatting lace making, etc., complete a magnificent number.

The Better Half.

From the Mobile Daily Screech.
Quizzicks has worked it out that the 52-cent silver dollar is of the feminine gender and is the wife of the 100-cent dollar, for says he, isn't 52 cents the better-half of a dollar?

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay returned. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

WOMAN AT HER BEST.

Any thoughtful reader of the newspapers and magazines of the day, must be impressed with the widely divergent criticisms of the new woman, that have been offered to a long suffering public, criticisms favorable and otherwise, ranging from the most facetious and unkind remarks to the most effusive and exaggerated expressions of praise.

When from this mass of opinions advanced by scholars, ministers, editors, novelists, actors, statesmen and reformers, we try to sift the wheat from the chaff, we turn helplessly away with a mind bewildered and a heart disturbed and the new woman still remains to us an unsolved problem, inasmuch as we cannot classify, condemn or commend her. People who have passed the half century mark judge her by the old standard of excellence in woman handed down to them by their parents and grandparents. The younger generation declare that you cannot judge the new woman by an old standard. Times, they say, have changed, likewise manners, customs and conditions.

We turn from the one to the other in our bewilderment and the result is that half of us have no settled opinions one way or the other.

Some one says: "Did you see (or hear) Miss Blank on such and such an occasion?" Some one replies: "O, she is a new woman you know,"—we shrug our shoulders, raise our eyebrows and smile indulgently. There are, however, as many people may have observed a class of men, who, in a discussion of the new woman, keep silent and when pressed for an opinion smile bitterly and turn away with the remark: "O, it is none of my business. They seem to like it." Here is food for thought.

Whether we speak of the woman of the past, the present, or the future, there are certain attributes that we feel she must possess if she be a true woman. Gentleness, kindness, modesty and refinement are essentials, not under any circumstances to be dispensed with, and that "new woman," who, no matter what her fads or foibles, possesses these qualities, can hurl defiance at her critics. She must be gentle because man is not, and the world needs gentleness; she must be good because it is right to be good; she must be modest because modesty is the sweetest pearl in all her diadem; she must be refined because God intended she should be and a coarse, unfeminine woman is an abomination in the sight of all good men.

Now, to be gentle, good, modest and refined—is it to dress like a man, to wear bloomers, to hob-nob with men at the polls, to run for office and do your own canvassing, to talk loud in public places, not to be afraid of anything? Are there not some things of which it is well for women to be afraid?

Is it to let the people on the streets see more of you than members of your own family? Is it to hold advanced ideas or views on religion and the proper sphere of woman? Is it to read the modern "realistic" novel and discuss it unblushingly with whoever you will? Is it?

To be gentle, good, modest and refined—is it—to be a devoted wife and a careful, loving mother, to keep your home sweet and attractive for some good man, to keep your mind bright and clear by reading good books, to keep your body strong and well by taking systematic exercise in modest clothing? Is it to fill the place it was intended you should fill and let the men fill theirs?

Times and customs have changed, it is true, but man's reverence and respect for all that is sweetest and best in womanhood, will never change.

Sometimes the "new woman" is like a caged bird set free, that flies into dangers it knows not of, and dies through its own destruction, and sometimes she is like a bird that soars glad and free from old restraints, it is true, but far above all that is petty and hard and unworthy. Then it is that the "new woman" is at her best.

A TOUCHING INCIDENT.

A clerk and his country father entered a restaurant Saturday evening, says an exchange, and took seats at a table where sat a telegraph operator and a reporter. The old man bowed his head and was about to say grace, when a waiter flew up, singing: "I have beefsteak, codfish balls and bull heads." Father and son gave their orders, and the former again bowed his head. The young man turned the color of a blooded beet, and touching his father's arm, exclaimed in a low, nervous tone:

"Father, it isn't customary to do that in restaurants!"

"It is customary with me to return thanks to God wherever I am," said the old man.

For the third time he bowed his head, and his son bowed his, and the telegraph operator paused in the act of carving his beefsteak and bowed his head, and the journalist pushed back his fish ball and bowed his head, and there wasn't a man who heard the short and simple prayer that didn't feel a profounder respect for the old farmer than if he had been president of the United States.

Knights of the Maccabees.

The State Commander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: "After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it hereafter, as our experience proves that it cures where all other remedies fail."—Signed F. W. Stevens, State Com. Why not give this great medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at Parker & Armstrong's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

THE COLUMBIANA

MERCANTILE CO.

We are glad to say to you that our stock is now complete, except our line of Millinery Goods, the receiving of which we will give you notice in a few days. We are proud to say that we thank the people of Columbiana and surrounding country for their very liberal patronage extended to us, and assure you that we hope to merit a continuance of the same by honest and fair dealings, and our well known low prices. We use to enumerate what we carry in stock. We have everything needed in the Dry Goods, Grocery, Shoe, Clothing or Notion line, from the cheapest to the best; and anything you may want which we don't carry in stock, let us know we will get it. We want our store to be the ideal trading place of the country.

Columbiana Mercantile Co.,

THE LEADERS OF LOW PRICES.

H. FOX, MANAGER.

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES,

Silks, Satins, Chally, Dimities, Henriettas, Nuns Veiling, and Lawns,

And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnishings We're Headquarters as Usual.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00. Wishing every body success, we beg to remain, Yours Respectfully,

THE RACKET STORE,

SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Propr's.



That Tired Feeling!

Nobody is particularly anxious to spend their money. Everybody has to. Your wants must be satisfied and it takes money to do it. A person is not apt to look cheerful over the prospect of spending money. Lots of buying is done with a long face. This is all wrong. I offer a change for the better.

You Feel Relieved—

The minute you see our Grand Stock of New and Popular Goods it looks fresh and desirable. The first glance shows you that you are on the right track. No mistake about this being a modern up-to-date line of goods. You wake up to the fact that you have got into the right store.

The Feeling Grows—

When you commence to go into details, you feel as if the goods were bought on purpose for you. No trouble to make a satisfactory selection; it gets down to a question which is the most satisfactory.

Trouble is Forgotten

When you learn our prices, they are always at the low-water mark. We don't give goods away—we can't. We can sell goods very low—we do. This is a fact. We might brag about it, but what's the use—a word to the wise is sufficient. It's as true as truth that we sell goods cheap—we prove it.

Happiness is Supreme

When you get just what you want at less than you expected to pay—we are treating customers to this kind of a surprise every day. We sell you a good article and let you off cheap. You will find our selections choice, our goods reliable, and prices satisfactory. A fair deal makes the buyer happy—we give it. To spend money and be happy at the same time go to

S. STARK.

Shelby, Ala.



Administrators Notice

Estate of H. A. Smith, Deceased. Probate Court.

Letters of administration, with will annexed, of said deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 7th day of March, 1896, by the Hon. D. R. McMillan, Judge of the Probate court of Shelby county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred. C. W. O'HARA, Adm'r. apr 26

Columbiana's

TONSorial Proprietor, E. W. CHAPMAN, Proprietor.

Neat, clean shop, elegant chairs, the best of tools and the cleanliness of towels. Having had 16 years experience in this business, I can give you good service as you can get in any city. Ladies work a specialty. Prices reasonable. A trial is all I ask. If you want to buy a first-class razor I have a lot just received.

E. W. Chapman.

W. F. THIETFOED, JR.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWNE.

J. T. LEEPER.

BROWNE & LEEPER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

COLUMBIANA,

ALABAMA.

Guardian's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Honorable John S. Leeper, late Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby county, I James McGowen, guardian of the estates of Mary Elliott and Willie Elliott, minors, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder in front of the court house door of Shelby county, Alabama, on Monday the 9th day of April, 1896, at 12 o'clock noon, for one-half cash and the balance on a credit of twelve months with approved security, an undivided two-fifths interest in the following described lands belonging to said estates, to-wit: The east half of the north-east quarter of section 21, township 23, range 1 east. JAMES MCGOWEN, Guardian. Feb 27 1896

Non-Resident Notice.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY. Ann E. Perry, Complainant, vs. William T. Perry Defendant.

In Chancery Sixth District North-Eastern Chancery Division. In this cause it is made to appear to the register by the affidavit of J. E. Holmes, that the defendant, William T. Perry, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in DeKalb County, Texas; and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the register, that publication be made in the Chronicle, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said William T. Perry to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 5th day of April, A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him. Dated at office in Columbiana, this 3rd day of March, A. D. 1896. GORDON DROUSE, Register.

Notice of Election.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in the court house, in the town of Columbiana, Alabama, on Monday April 7, 1896, for the purpose of electing a mayor and five aldermen for said town of Columbiana. W. B. BROWNE, Mayor. Feb. 25, 1896.

In the

Selection of a spring medicine bear in mind the fact that what you need is a good blood purifier, and the best, in medicine, should always be your aim. The great cures of blood diseases by Hood's Sarsaparilla have made it known as the One True Blood Purifier. It is therefore the best medicine for you to take in the

Spring

That you need a good spring medicine is almost certain. Ninety per cent. of all the people need to take Hood's Sarsaparilla to purify their blood at this season. The warmer weather finds them greatly debilitated, and it is well known that disease is most likely to attack those who are "all run down." If you

Take

Hood's Sarsaparilla now, it will purify and enrich your blood, give you a good appetite, prevent and cure that tired, languid feeling, which is so prevalent in the Spring, and in this way it will build you up and prevent sickness later in the year. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists \$1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills the best family cathartic and liver stimulant. 25c.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3.50 BEST IN THE WORLD.

OVER 100 STYLES AND WIDTHS, CONGRESS, BUTTON, and LACE, made in all kinds of the best selected leather by skilled workmen. We make and sell more \$3 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world. None genuine unless name and price is stamped on the bottom.

Ask your dealer for our \$5, \$4, \$3.50, \$2.50, \$2.25 shoes; \$2.50, \$2 and \$1.75 for boys.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. If your dealer cannot supply you, send to factory, enclosing price and 2c. to pay carriage. State kind, style of toe (cap or plain), size and width. Our Custom Dept. will fill your order. Send for new illustrated Catalogue to Box E.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS.

Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first.

No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

Corn

is a vigorous feeder and responds well to liberal fertilization. On corn lands the yield increases and the soil improves if properly treated with fertilizers containing not under 7% actual

Potash.

A trial of this plan costs but little and is sure to lead to profitable culture.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars boasting special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing latest researches on the subject of fertilization, and are really helpful to farmers. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but sell direct to the consumer at wholesale prices. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted.

100 styles of Harness, 41 styles of Riding Saddles. Write for catalogue.

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS CO., ELKHART, IND.

W. B. PRATT, Secy.

CHOICEST DECORATIVE and Useful plants, vines and trees: Palms, Cacti, Ornamental Grasses, Flowering plants, rare Florida flowers, Air-plants, Economic Plants, etc. The largest collection of rare and useful plants grown for sale in the South, are in the . . .

ROYAL PALM NURSERIES, INC., CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Send for new catalogue, to-day. FREE.

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup, Throat Lozenges, Use in time. Sold by Druggists.

RUFUS SANDERS.

Sage of Rocky Creek Tells About the Hill Country.

Julie Nabors and Steve Goodman Make a Trip to Siloam—See Simpkins' "Blue Jeans Breeches."

Once upon a time old Misses Stringer told me that she had been perusing around in this vain and foolish world high on to 30 years.

"And I have always taken notice, Rufus," says she, "that along about this season of the year we most generally always have some sort of weather."

Well, the longer I live and the deeper I go into this vale of years and tears the more plain I can see wherein the good old lady was right, to wit, in the great question of weather. We have had some sort of weather—in fact, we have had all sorts of weather here lately—and as usual the fruit crop got caught out in the cold snap.

They "telt" the Wrong Man.

Along with that general wave of trouble and confusion in the Rocky Creek settlement—which I couldn't write it all up in my last letter—Julie Nabors he got tied up at the Crazy Siloam.

By this time no doubt you will recollect two or three things concerning Julie Nabors. He is one of the most unhappy and down trodden citizens in the round created world. He is forever and eternally at outs with the general government on the common grounds that the "rich git richer" and the "poor git poorer" as the days are going by, or words to that extent. But the mainest trouble with Julie Nabors is that he is crippled under his hat. Understand me now, I don't throw no heavy blame on the man for that. He didn't lose the job of makin' himself, and the good Lord don't make no mistakes in His business. But to the best of my recollection, the whole entire Nabors generation never was afflicted with any brains to speak of. And as to Julie—well, he don't know anything for certain. He can't even tell what is the matter with him when he is hungry. He will go to bed for sick and take medicine and send for the doctor, when all he needs in the round world is a square meal of vitamins.

The naked, unwashed truth in regards to the Nabors family is that they are too monstrous fresh from the hill country. They first moved their wash into the Rocky Creek settlement some seven or eight years ago, and they come from somewhere in the neighborhood of a place they call Possum Trot—way back there in the hills, where the women folks are still knittin' socks for the confederate soldiers, whilst the men are still votin' for old Hickory Jackson for president every four years as regular as the time rolls around.

Now along in the Christmas, you understand, Julie Nabors put in his bid on the contract to carry all the crazy people off to the Siloam, and blamed it if they didn't give him the job. So consequently when Steve Goodman let his head gettin' jump a cog and went blind staid crazy, it was Julie's business to take him to the place prepared for crazy people. But in orderment to soft-soap and hornsoggle Steve into makin' the trip, they told him that Julie Nabors had lost his wife and went plum crazy and that he (Steve Goodman) would have to take the ravin idiot to the Siloam. Steve loved her want no candidate for the job, but he didn't see how he could go back on his old friend Julie Nabors in times of trouble and of sorrow, and on them grounds he would go.

So that was the general circumstance of the surroundings when they got on the cars and went off together. Julie was takin' Steve, and Steve he was takin' Julie. And by the twelve epistles, when they got there the general manager of the Siloam turned Steve out and kept Julie in. Naturally, of course, Julie Nabors come up missin' for several days, but the people in the settlement didn't know what in thunderations had went with him till he wrote a letter home givin' out the facts and callin' for help. The county board then had a called meetin' and sent the papers on to the Siloam, tellin' the general manager that he had bet the wrong man.

It was the last of the week before Julie returned back home. Then the gang put in and give him such a scandalous draggin' about his crazy scrape till now, bless gracious, he won't even travel the big road for fear he will meet up with somebody that has heard the news.

The general manager of the Siloam writ back in a letter that he tried his level blandest to find out which one of the men was the most craziest, and finally at last on general principles, and from general appearances he had to hold the man which give his name as Julie Nabors.

In the meantime Steve Goodman had hit the grit and hit it a movin'. In givin' his accounts to the county board Julie reported "all present or accounted for but one, and he is out and gone."

Now, if they ever find Steve Goodman and bring him back to the settlement—which I reckon they will—and he is still a fittin' candidate for the Crazy Siloam—Julie Nabors will give up his job and retire back to the pleasant shades of private life.

"Them Same Blue Breeches."

Amongst other things that come to pass in durin' that stormy week was a quick and sudden weddin' match down in the Flat Woods.

Old man Sol Simpkins has now been married three different times since the war, and once before the old soldiers stacked arms under the famous apple tree. His first wife carried the wool and spun the thread and wove the cloth, and made him the most loveliest pair of blue jeans breeches ever saw perhaps. And from that time till now old man Sol has stood up and got married three times with them same blue breeches on. The next day after the weddin' he always pulls his marryin' breeches off an puts em away in the old family chest. And there they stay till another funeral comes off at the Simpkins place, and the next weddin' day rolls around.

It was alone in the first windy days of this year when the old lady Simpkins took down mighty sick and was

presently gathered up to her fathers, as it were. She was number three, you understand, and most more Sol Simpkins was left a "pure lonehearted widder" in this cold and naughty world below.

So consequently it wint no ways surprisin' to me that mornin' when the old man come ridin' along by our house with them same blue breeches on, I light then at that time I couldn't say fer certain where old man Sol was goin', but I knowed good and well what he was goin' after.

"Yonder goes old man Simpkins with his blue breeches on," says I to mother as he rid by. And by gracious, she got so foam'n, fightin' mad with the whole he division of the human race till I thought in my soul she would jump on me.

"It's a pluperfect scandalation on the settlement," says she, "The green spring grass ain't so much as sprouted on his last wife's grave. I'll lay you could go over to the Simpkins place this mornin' and find Aunt Mill's track out in the cow pen and eroid the potato bank. And yet here he goes—the wicked old scapegrace—with his blue breeches on, so bad off to git married. I'll he could taste it with his eyes shut."

Well, I didn't have anything in particular to say right along there. Mother is a woman, you understand, with all of a woman's soft and gentle and tender ways. She never has learnt one cold and stubborn fact, which is that when a man as old as Sol Simpkins takes up a notion to git married, it ain't the right time of year for him to weep and wail and grit his teeth over the sad and buried dead.

Anyhow, it turned out that the old man was on his way down to the Flat Woods to the Widder Watkins. It likewise also come to pass that when Sol Simpkins returned back home the next day he had them same blue breeches on, and the widder she went with him.

"Nothin' But a Man."

But finally at last we are all plain, human flesh and blood and bones—weak and wayward worms of the dust—with the regular human proneness to stray and struggle off into forbidden grounds and out of the forbidden fruit. And it raley ain't so tremendous strange that somechin' comes to pass now and then in the Rocky Creek settlement.

Once upon a time—in the dead hours of night—I landed in the town of Texarkana—which is either in Texas, Arkansas or Louisiana. The next mornin' there was a regular drove of boys hangin' round the boardin house where I had put up to pass off the time.

In bruisin' around the town that day I saw a yearlin' boy, with a red head and a freckle face, come chargin' down the street, screamin' with every jump at the top of his voice:

"O, maw! m-aw! m-a-w!"

A fine-looking lady run out on the front steps and wanted to know of the boy what in all the round created world was the matter with him.

"I have saw Julie Sanders!"—says the boy—"I have saw Julie Sanders! He ain't nothin' but a man, and not well dressed at that!"

Maybe the boy didn't know it at the time. But right then and there he spoke forth a great gob of human truth and soberness. When I returned back home I sent him a pocket knife that had three blades, with my double-breasted compliments.

RUFUS SANDERS.

A HISTORIC BUILDING.

The Old Post Office at Charleston Has Seen Famous Men.

"Among the quaint old structures of Charleston our old post office building takes the lead in historic interest," said Mr. James S. Murdock, a leading wholesale merchant of the Carolina metropolis. Mr. Murdock is here with a delegation of his townsmen to ask congress to make a modest appropriation so as to donate the aforesaid antique edifice to the city.

"The old post office," said he, "was built of brick imported from England in 1767 under the direction of a committee of the colonial assembly. Its leading members were John Rutledge, Henry Laurens and Thomas Lynch, who later took a prominent part in the formation of the republic, and whose names will be found among the signers of the Declaration of Independence. During the occupation of Charleston by the British it was used as a prison, and between 60 and 70 of the best citizens were confined there before their removal to St. Augustine, Fla. In the number was Col. Isaac Haynes, of the celebrated family of that name. In revenge for the execution of Maj. Andre Haynes was taken out from prison and suffered the death penalty by orders of Col. Hailford, then in command, without the formality of a trial.

"In 1790, when Gen. Washington visited Charleston, it was the same old building that he was entertained, and a splendid ball was given in his honor by the wealthy planters of the state, cooperating with the town people. With such historic associations surrounding it our people naturally take a deep interest in their old post office, and the idea is to keep it in its original condition as a sacred memento of the past."—Washington Post.

BRIDES AND FLOWERS.

Objection Is Made to Blooms with Strong Odors.

"In the matter of perfume," said a florist, "I have learned the importance of what seems a trivial thing by catering to the tastes of brides. When a woman is going to be married she is strung up to a high pitch of nervous excitement, and an extra whiff of perfume will sometimes cause her to faint. 'Don't put in any flower with an odor,' is frequently the instruction I get for a bridal bouquet. This is the cause of the great demand for orchids, expensive as they are, for brides' flowers. Even the subtle, hardly noticeable perfume of the lilies of the valley, which are charming for a shower bouquet, is objected to by some. In Paris orchids, and orchids alone, are used for a bride's bouquet, but such a bouquet as they make there, duplicated here, would cost over \$100. We generally manage to put in a little spray of orange blossoms in every bride's bouquet, unless expressly desired not to do so, but the chief place in which orange blossoms are used now are in the newspaper accounts of weddings. The reporters conclude that brides ought to wear orange flowers, if they don't. Brides, even, white and scentless, are popular for bridal flowers, but lilies of the valley, unobtrusive and delicate, slipping out of their little green sheaths, with a few orchids grouped with them, to give the whole form and character, are in exquisite taste."—N. Y. Tribune.

PROTECTING THE BIRDS.

Stringent Laws Enforced Would Result in Financial Profit to the Farmer.

The pleasures of the companionship of birds of all sorts, their presence in the highways and hedgerows, their inspiring songs and delightful trillings and warblings, ought to be sufficient reason for protecting and encouraging them even though no benefit were derived from their residence among us. But the birds are the friends of the farmers, the farmer and the fruit grower, albeit all of these people have waged relentless war upon them. Nature understands thoroughly how to produce and maintain a proper balance, and when let alone there is very rarely a plague of insects of any description. But for amusement, or because the birds destroy a little fruit, there is a fierce onslaught made upon them and entire colonies are swept away regardless of the protests of those who know that birds are absolutely necessary to the prosperity of the agriculturist.

In many localities the robin was almost a stranger for many years. It is only of late that it has begun to return again, and few home-coming voyagers have been more cordially welcomed. The Jay, the woodpecker and various birds of their sort have been sacrificed to the folly of the sportsman or the cruelty of those who destroy these friends of ours for the sake of adornment.

The consequence is that entire localities have been deprived of the grateful shade of some of the finest trees in the country. It is said that the withered and leafless elms are simply monuments of the memory of dead birds, and that crop failures, entire fields devastated by injurious insects, and cornfields rendered unproductive by worms, are nothing more or less than rebukes to those who have wantonly slaughtered nature's sentinels that she has set to guard the products of the soil.

Of course, it is possible that birds might increase so as to become a nuisance to the farmer, but this is not at all likely to occur for some time to come; indeed, it is suggested, and with a good show of wisdom, that it would pay the farmer in quality of product if he planted an extra acre of grain and put out a few special fruit trees to keep the birds in provender. They would destroy insects that injure crops, and the net results would be most decidedly in favor of the agriculturist's profit.

The most stringent laws should be passed for the protection of birds, and not only this, but they should be enforced in the most thorough fashion. It would be worth while to experiment for a year or two in a systematic manner and note the results. It would take but a little while to convince the farmer that birds were good things to have around. Financial results are what tell in the farmer's mind, and frequently no other argument avails anything.—N. Y. Ledger.

GRIZZLY KILLED HIMSELF.

How a St. Louis Man Narrowly Escaped a Horrible Death.

Mining men, like fishermen and hunters, generally have a fund of stories, and are very willing to tell them, but it occasionally happens that they have one which they do not want to tell. This is the case with a St. Louis mining man—that is a mining-stock broker, as he is very much in evidence as a tenderfoot when he gets into the mining country. He was recently in the wildest part of the Wood river country for a season.

One morning, shortly after his arrival in camp, he covered a rifle and announced his intention of going out for a hunt. He was warned not to go far from camp and to keep a sharp lookout, as signs of grizzlies had been seen. He laughingly replied that he would like nothing better than to meet a grizzly and take its skin home. He got farther away from the camp than he had intended, and was beginning to feel lost, when he suddenly heard something crashing through the undergrowth in the timber.

He waited just long enough to see its nose. He didn't know just what it was, but he dropped his rifle and proceeded to climb a tree. He hadn't practiced climbing since he was a boy, but he made such remarkably good time that the animal, which had come with a rush, could not reach his feet with its paws. It was a grizzly. He could see that, and at once made up his mind that he was in for a sore fight of it. He reached a branch, and settled himself as comfortably as possible, and then began to wonder whether grizzlies were much on the climb.

The bear, on its part, provided around the tree, occasionally looking up at the meal he had missed. Finally he began nosing around the rifle, pushing the muzzle of it with his snout, as if trying to upend it. By some lucky chance the trigger caught against a twig or a root and the gun was discharged, the bullet passing through the bear's head. The beast tumbled over and soon ceased to move. He even then the St. Louis man was afraid to move. He remained until a searching party from the camp came in sight. They pronounced the bear dead, and he descended. He brought the skin home, but he never tells how his former owner committed suicide.—St. Louis Republic.

The Coffee Plant.

Coffee plants are usually raised from seeds sown in beds upon the mountains, where the thermometer varies from 55 degrees (Fahrenheit) in winter to 80 degrees in the height of summer. When they are two years old the small shoots are set out in rows six feet apart each way. In three years they begin to yield. They are increasingly fruitful for 15 or 20 years, and live for a century. The trees bloom in February in Guadeloupe, the fruit ripens from August to December, but bloom and green fruit and the ripened berry may be sometimes seen at once during the latter part of the year. The berry is red, of the size and color of a cherry; the coffee is made from the kernel or seed, which is divided into two hemispheres. This seed goes through a variety of processes before it becomes the coffee of commerce, and is prepared for use in the delicious beverage which is known all over the world. Most of the coffee of the French islands goes naturally to France, but it is not so cheap as the South American product, and its cultivation is encouraged by governmental bounties. The coffee and the sugar interests do not conflict; for the former occupies the highland and the latter the lowland.—N. Y. Observer.

—A dream about Mother Eve is a sure token that your sweetheart is sincere.

THE SOLDIER BOYS.

Eighty of the Russian officers at Vladivostok are studying Chinese.

Lord Wolsey proposes to begin reform in the British army by abolishing the cocked hats and feathers worn by staff officers.

Out of 650 white soldiers sent to Ashantee, 477 were taken down by fever, while the West India regiment of blacks had 206 hospital cases.

Lieut. Andre, the Swedish officer who is to attempt to go to the north pole in a balloon, has received applications from more than a score of Swedish women who wish to join him in his perilous trip.

England proposes to raise a regiment of recruits; there would be plenty of recruits from the young men who failed to pass the examination admitting to the military schools. Lord Wolsey favors the plan.

A few years ago the number of suicides among the rank and file of the Prussian army became a public scandal. The latest statistics show that, while in 1892 the proportion was 5.23 per 10,000 men, in 1895 it was 4.22.

Lieut. Gen. Valeriano Weyler de Nicolan, marquis of Tenerife, is the full title of the governor general of Cuba. He is fourth on the list of lieutenant generals, above whom are six captain generals of the kingdom, and is now 57 years of age.

In commemoration of the victories won by the Japanese troops in China, the Buddhists of Kyoto, Japan, will erect a gigantic bronze statue of Buddha in that city. It will be 120 feet in height, and the cannon captured by the Japanese during the war are to be used in making the image.

The Ashantee ambassadors to England spent \$50,000 in eight months.

THROUGHOUT NEW ENGLAND.

There is but one firm of undertakers in Skowhegan, Me., to 12 doctors practicing in the place.

The house occupied by John Alden, one of the first settlers of Plymouth, during the closing years of his life, at Duxbury, Mass., is now tenanted by the ninth John Alden, a direct descendant. It was built in 1650.

In cutting down a large cedar tree in Caribou, Me., the other day a woodsman found a hole in the center six inches in circumference, which was packed with honey a distance of 12 1/2 feet. He took out 125 pounds of honey.

A Ludlow (Vt.) merchant encourages thrifty habits among the boys and girls of that town by offering to those who deposit 85 cents in the savings bank the necessary amount to make their account one dollar. Several children have taken advantage of this offer.

Pines are said to be getting exceedingly scarce in the Pine Tree state. Indeed, it has been advocated that a grove of pines just outside Augusta, Me., should be purchased for park purposes, in order to preserve a few specimens of what was once the monarch of the Maine forest.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHESNEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Chesney for the last 13 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm. West & Texas, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALKING, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials first.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

When it is not better for a man in a fair room to set up one great light, or branching candlestick of lights, than to go about with a rushlight into every dark corner.—Bacon.

The Rack, the Thumbcrew and the Boot Were old fashioned instruments of torture long since abandoned, but there is a tormentor who still continues to agonize the joints, muscles and nerves of many of us. The rheumatism, that inveterate foe to daily and nightly comfort, may be conquered by the timely and steady use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which likewise eradicates neuralgia, biliousness, malaria, bowel, stomach and nerve complaints.

A DEFINITION.—"What is a critic?" "He is a man who rips things to pieces without knowing how to put them together again."—Chicago Record.

The Modern Beauty

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her gown glows with health and her face blooms with its beauty. If her system needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle and pleasant Syrup of Figs. Made at the Germania Pig Syrup Company.

LADY CUSTOMER (in china shop)—"Do you break these?" Dealer—"No, madam; the purchasers' servants usually attend to that."—Tit-Bits.

IT COULD NOT GO along without Piso's Cure for Consumption. It always cures.—Mrs. E. C. MOULTON, Needham, Mass., Oct. 23, '94.

GLORY is like a circle in the water, which never ceases to enlarge itself, till by broad spreading it dispense to naught.—Shakespeare.

It is tough but true that a man generally does not get any foresight until he is too old to have anything to look forward to.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

He went out west to find a place. Where he could have full swing. Then stole a horse in Cripple Creek And got that way thing.—N. Y. Herald.

Critics of the Melodrama—Jimmy—"Say, detectives, was no good, wuz they?" Tommy—"They were dead slow. I wuz onto de fellow that killed de old man, right from de start."—Puck.

'Tis wrong for any maid to be abroad at night alone. A chapman she needs till she can call some chap her own.—Kansas City Journal.

Why is it that the man of 40 or thereabouts can realize so well how old he is when he is talking to a youth of 15, but seems to forget all about it when he meets a girl of that age?—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Tax old family cat awoke from a nap before the fire and stretched himself in the manner common to cats. Margie looked at him with distended eyes. "My goodness!" she exclaimed. "I guess de cat 'doin' t' boil over."—Judge.

APPLICANT FOR SITUATION.—"Perhaps I should say I have a collegiate education." Merchant—"O, we shan't mind that, you know. You'll soon get over that if you only take hold in the right way!"

Cleverness is a sort of genius for instrumentality. It is the brain of the hand. In literature cleverness is more frequently accompanied by wit, genius and sense than by humor.—Coleridge.

Almost every one has a predominant inclination to which his other desires and affections submit, and which governs him, though perhaps with some intervals, through the whole course of his life.—Hume.

It is not enough that poetry should be so refined as to satisfy the judgment; it should appeal to our feeling and imagination.—Hawthorne.

Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and \$2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 131 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Don—"Sue, ain't you going to stand treat?" I thought you had money to burn." Dick—"I should have if you would furnish the draft."—Boston Transcript.

A Dose in Time Saves Nine of Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar for Coughs, Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

Though plunged inills and exercised in care, yet never let the noble mind despair.—Phillips.

A bitter and perplexed "What shall I do?" is worse to man than worst necessity.—Coleridge.

IRON ROOFING.

Largest stock and assortment in the South. FACTORY PRICES. Galvanized iron roof- ing and pipes with all fixtures, ready to put up. Manogue-Pidgeon Iron Co., Memphis, Tenn.

HAIR WIGS SWITCHES, any color and size, and to order. W. V. H. for elderly ladies. 22 N. 2nd St., New York. Curly Bangs, Frizzes and loose waves. H. C. BIRKILL & CO., 191 Madison Ave., CHICAGO.

OPIMUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent free. H. C. BIRKILL & CO., 191 Madison Ave., CHICAGO. WRITE THIS PAPER every time you write.

A. N. K. F. 1599

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

Poets Break Out

in the springtime. And a great many who are not poets, pay tribute to the season in the same way. The difference is that the post breaks out in about the same spot annually, while more prosaic people break out in various parts of the body. It's natural. Spring is the breaking-out season. It is the time when impurities of the blood work to the surface. It is the time, therefore, to take the purest and most powerful blood purifier,

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

* This testimonial will be found in full in Ayer's "Curebook," with a hundred others. Free. Address: J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Battle-Ax

PLUG

As good as can be made regardless of price

5 1/2 Ounces

for 10 cents

other Brands Only

3 1/5 Ounces

for 10 cents

Don't take our word for it, but buy a piece and see for yourself.

A. D. 1780.

Try Walter Baker & Co.'s Cocoa and Chocolate and you will understand why their business established in 1780 has flourished ever since. Look out for imitations.

Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass.

WOMEN SHOULD KNOW

That the Disorders commonly called "Female Diseases" are the Foundation of nearly all the Troubles from which they suffer.

Whites, Chlorosis, Falling of the W

Entered at the Postoffice at Columbiana, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy, one year.....\$1.00
One copy, six months......75

HARMONY AND UNITY

The Keynote of Wm. C. Whitney's Conference with Democrats.

THE ONLY SALVATION OF THE PARTY.

The Alleged Withdrawal of Senator Cullom From the Presidential Race—The Senator Will Neither Affirm Nor Deny.

New York, April 11.—A Washington special to the Herald says: President Cleveland entertained former Secretary Whitney, Secretary Carlisle and Secretary Lamont at dinner Friday night. The affair was entirely informal, and, it can safely be said, had for



Ex-Secretary William C. Whitney. His main object, a thorough discussion of the political situation as it affects the democratic party.

The participants will not even admit that there was a dinner in the White House. It is well known, however, that Mr. Whitney's visit to Washington is entirely political in its character, and it is not doubted that his call upon the president was in furtherance of his purpose in coming to Washington.

One of the objects of the leaders is so often as much as possible democratic criticisms of the administration and attempt to shape matters that by the time the Chicago convention is held the party will be ready to endorse the administration and adopt a platform in line with the policy President Cleveland has carried out.

Mr. Whitney said to a friend yesterday that he believed the prospects for the democracy were growing brighter every day, and if democrats could unite among themselves and go into the campaign in complete harmony they would have an excellent chance of winning.

Harmony and unity will be the text Mr. Whitney will discuss in all his conference with democrats, and if he can bring the leaders of the opposing factions to an understanding to the necessity of following his advice the party will go into the campaign in good condition.

Senator Cullom has written a letter withdrawing from the presidential race. When Reed and other anti-McKinley men heard of this Friday night they hastened to Senator Cullom's



house and urged him to reconsider his action. The result is that the letter will not be published as soon as was originally intended.

Senator Cullom said that he had not withdrawn his name as a candidate, and might not do so at all, and that he had not written a letter of withdrawal for publication. When questioned as to whether he had written any such letter he gave an evasive answer.

The withdrawal of Senator Cullom, politicians here believe, means McKinley delegates from Illinois.

COL. JOHN A. COCKERILL.

Death of the Well-Known Newspaper Man at Cairo, Egypt.

New York, April 11.—Col. John A. Cockerill, soldier, editor and recently war correspondent of the New York Herald, died suddenly Friday night in Cairo, Egypt. Death was due to apoplexy. Col. Cockerill was stricken in the harbor shop of Shepherd's hotel at 7:30 p. m., and remained unconscious until shortly after ten o'clock, when he expired.

Col. Cockerill's letters from the far east during the Chino-Japanese war attracted a great deal of attention because of their excellence and breezy style and when the African war began he was sent to Cairo, temporarily, as the war correspondent of the Herald.

In fact, Col. Cockerill was en route home to assume the editorial management of the Herald at the time of his death.

Fire Among the Long Leaf Pine.
RALEIGH, N. C., April 11.—A forest fire in Cumberland county has destroyed 10,000 acres of the finest long-leaf timber in that section. The loss is over \$100,000. One house, many barns, miles of fencing and many cattle are burned. Rain checked the fire, which threatened the town of Fayetteville.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

A general shaking about of army regiments is expected this summer. The English apparently have abandoned the advance on Dongola for the present.

The supreme council, American Protective association, will meet at Washington May 2.

The Oregon Republican state convention instructed delegates at-large for McKinley.

Ex-Gov. Russell of Massachusetts has his lightning rod up to catch the presidential lightning.

The senate territories committee has recommended admitting a delegate to congress from Alaska.

The house invalid pension committee has recommended pensioning the heirs of Quantrell's victims.

The proposition for an electric railway through Yellowstone park has been killed by the senate.

The new steel bridge across the Missouri river at Jefferson City, Mo., was opened for general traffic Friday.

Gov. Jones of Nevada died at the Palace hotel at San Francisco, where he had gone for medical treatment.

The rebellion in Nicaragua has become a sort of opera bouffe war. Neither side is doing much fighting.

Ex-County Commissioner Milen Alkire, a resident of Menard county, Ill., since 1824, died Friday, aged 77 years.

A bureau designed to agitate for the payment of indemnity to former slave owners has just been incorporated in Washington.

William Brooks, a prominent druggist of Russellville, Ark., was fined \$30 and costs by Circuit Judge Wallace for selling alcohol.

The senate has passed a bill appropriating \$8,000 to reimburse Cairo, Ill., for making street improvements about the government building.

The Philadelphia North American prints what purports to be a confession of murderer Holmes, in which the latter admits having taken 27 lives.

Edward McMinn, the St. Louis telegraph operator who disappeared recently, has written from Mount Vernon, Ind., saying he is "broke."

All the gruesome relics of the Holmes case, including the remains of the three murdered Pitzel children, will be shipped to Mrs. Pitzel at Galva, Ill.

Capt. James Watts, a prominent citizen and veteran of the late war, is organizing a company at Lebanon, Ind., for the purpose of going to Cuba to assist the insurgents.

Private advices from British schooner Fearless, from Nassau, confirm the successful landing in Cuba of Gen. Monson's expedition, which left Key West a month ago.

At the Methodist Episcopal conference at Auburn, Me., the proposition in favor of admitting women as delegates to the general conference carried—yeas, 69; nays, 8.

Dr. A. H. Williams, a prominent citizen of Hendersonville, Tenn., was killed from ambush within 30 steps of his own door. Eleven buckshot wounds were found in his body.

Blanch Simpson was shot twice and instantly killed by George W. Troutman, at St. Louis, to whom she was engaged to be married, as the result of jealous frenzy fed by whisky.

Mrs. Mary McMahon O'Gorman, of Omaha, Neb., is rejoicing in that she has become one of the heirs of an estate of \$15,000,000 left by a brother, Michael McMahon, in Australia.

Sam C. Ryan, the manager of the Walker Printing Co., St. Louis, who so mysteriously disappeared from his place of business a few weeks ago, has been located at Cripple Creek, Col.

After being out eight minutes the New York jury in the case against the Cubans charged with being concerned in the Bermuda filibustering expedition returned a verdict of "not guilty."

A DIRECT DENIAL.

That Secretary Olney Has Sent Any Message to Spain Proposing Mediation.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The statement from Washington published in a number of newspapers, purporting to give an outline of a dispatch alleged to have been sent by Secretary Olney to the United States minister at Madrid, proposing mediation on the part of the United States in the Cuban insurrection, has no foundation in fact. The most positive and direct denial that can be put in words can be applied to the story.

These statements are made on an unquestionable authority, and in such terms as to justify an explicit repudiation not only of the whole tenor and phraseology of the alleged synopsis of the administration's attitude, but a statement of equal positiveness that no such dispatch was transmitted to Minister Taylor. Undoubtedly the president and Secretary Olney, if not the other members of the cabinet, have discussed the Cuban situation with a view to determining what policy this government should pursue with reference to it, but whatever negotiations, if any, that may have been initiated on the subject they have not been put on paper in any shape.

Acquitted of the Charge of Murder.
CHICAGO, Mo., April 11.—Valentine Sherill was acquitted of a charge of murder in the first degree in the circuit court here Friday. He shot and killed Joseph Bleck in 1893 while attempting to arrest him in the capacity of a township constable.

Jealousy and Murder.
KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 11.—J. A. Jones, an employee of the Western Union Telegraph Co., shot and killed George Franklin, a member of the Salvation army, shortly before midnight at Jones' home. Jealousy caused the tragedy.

Will be Arbitrated.
DETROIT, Mich., April 11.—The lasters in Pingree & Smith's shoe factory who went on strike Friday have returned to work. The trouble will be arbitrated.

Had Charge of Large Interests.
GIBSON CITY, Ill., April 11.—W. A. Bicket, coroner of Ford county, died at his home at Sibley Friday. Mr. Bicket had been manager of the Hiram Sibley estates in Ford and Livingston counties, which consist of 22,000 acres, valued at \$1,500,000, since 1888.

Edinburgh University Eboners.
EDINBURGH, April 11.—The Edinburgh university has conferred the degree of LL. D. upon President E. A. Walker, of the Massachusetts college of technology.

THE CHRONICLE.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

VOLUME X.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1896.

NUMBER 41.

SIX HUMAN LIVES

Lost by an Explosion of Powder in a Montana Mine.

ELEVEN HUNDRED FEET UNDER GROUND.

Two Men Were Undoubtedly Killed Instantly and the Others Suffocated by the Accumulation of Foul Air and Dust.

BUTTE, Mont., April 11.—By an explosion in or near the magazine on the east 1,100-foot level of the St. Lawrence mine, about 4:30 a. m., six men lost their lives. They are:

Con G. Lowney.
John Quinlan.
Ed Shields.
James Dwyer.
John McVeigh.
Patrick O'Rourke.

None of the men, as stated at the mines, were married.

Lowney and Quinlan were shift men, and were due to come off shift about 6:45. The other four men were working in the level beyond the magazine, and were off shift at 4:30.

The magazine is situated 150 feet east of the shaft. Lowney and Quinlan, it is supposed, had gone to the magazine to make their primers. Just how the explosion occurred is not known, as the only ones in the vicinity at the time are dead. Lowney and Quinlan were undoubtedly killed instantly by the explosion. The other four men were probably suffocated by the foul air caused by the explosion. It is possible that the men were coming off shift and were passing the magazine, or were near it when the explosion took place.

The exact situation in regard to this will not be known until the bodies are reached, which will not be for some time. For a distance of 45 feet from the magazine toward the shaft the lagging was blown down, together with large quantities of rock and earth, so that it is impossible to get nearer than that point at present.

A large force of men were put to work at once. The wreck must be tunneled before the bodies can be reached.

With the hope that there might be some show for the four men supposed to have been working beyond the explosion, air pipes were sent down and fitted and the compressors started to work. It is not thought, however, there is any chance of them being alive. They were working somewhere within 150 feet east of the magazine on the 100-foot level, and the explosion either brought down tons of rock on them or choked them by foul air and dust. There was no outlet whatever from the place they were working except by the way of the magazine, and the wreckage there would shut them off.

The men at work trying to get to the place could hear no replies to their calls, so that there is no longer any doubt but that all six men are dead. Quinlan, one of the victims, is a young man and came from Michigan. Shields was an old Nevada miner. O'Rourke is a young man and unmarried.

EXAGGERATED STORIES
Sent Out of Bloodshed in St. Landry Parish, La.

NEW ORLEANS, April 11.—Advices from St. Landry parish report all quiet there. The Chicago Associated Press sent out an extraordinary story from Lafayette, in Vermillion parish, to the effect that 25 negroes were killed and two white men wounded near Mallet, in St. Landry, Thursday, by Dr. Martin's militia; also that Dr. Martin himself was wounded. The sole basis for this wonderful story was the fact, as stated in these dispatches three days ago, that there was a body of men under Dr. Martin, near Mallet, whose purpose was to overawe the negroes by a display of armed men and prevent them from registering, and that a negro had been shot and wounded and his horse killed in a shooting scrape, provoked by a negro. The wounding of the only negro which has occurred in St. Landry recently, but this slight occurrence was magnified by the Chicago association into 25 dead negroes and two whites wounded. Dr. Martin was returned to his home in Arnaudville, as things have quieted down and agreement has been reached whereby the white leaguers disbanded. The Washington artillery will probably be ordered home in a day or two.

BUTOHERED BY A JAP.
William Truesdell and Mrs. Alexander Miller Carved Up by We Frank.

DENVER, Col., April 11.—The dead body of William Truesdell and the dying body of Mrs. Alexander Miller, were brought to Denver. They had been butchered during the night by a ferocious Japanese cook named We Frank. The murderer was employed on the Miller ranch, 12 miles from this city. Friday evening he quarreled with young Truesdell, a boy of 14. Taking up a huge knife, a foot and a half long, the Jap plunged it into the boy's heart, killing him instantly.

Mrs. Miller, the boy's aunt, was coming to her nephew's aid, when the Jap attacked her ferociously, slashing off her hands and plunging the knife into her head, sides and hip. Then he ran off and is still at large.

The bloody spectacle met Mr. Miller, when he arrived home from Denver, toward midnight. The country is being scourged for the murderer and threats of lynching are made.

Had Charge of Large Interests.
GIBSON CITY, Ill., April 11.—W. A. Bicket, coroner of Ford county, died at his home at Sibley Friday. Mr. Bicket had been manager of the Hiram Sibley estates in Ford and Livingston counties, which consist of 22,000 acres, valued at \$1,500,000, since 1888.

Edinburgh University Eboners.
EDINBURGH, April 11.—The Edinburgh university has conferred the degree of LL. D. upon President E. A. Walker, of the Massachusetts college of technology.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

(First Session.)

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Senate joint resolution was passed directing the secretary of war to transmit to congress a plan and estimate for the improvement of the Nebraska side of the Missouri river at Sioux City.

The house then went into committee of the whole to further consider the "filled cheese" bill.

An amendment by Mr. Cannon to make the wholesale dealers' tax \$300 instead of \$250 was lost.

The retail dealers' tax, on motion of Mr. Grosvenor (rep., O.), by instruction of the ways and means committee, was reduced from \$40 to \$12 a year.

BRADSTREET'S REVIEW.

Several Encouraging Features Noted For the Week.

NEW YORK, April 11.—Bradstreet's weekly review says:

While there is no general increase in business, there are several encouraging features. First, the advance in prices of flour, wheat, corn, oats, pork and sugar, together with that for steel billets and beams and other iron and steel products, including No. 2 foundry pig, and for tin plates.

The advance in wheat has continued so much longer than expected that the trade is again discussing the likelihood of this being the beginning of the long advance for cereals which they believe must come after the extreme depression of the last few years. Unfavorable crop reports from central western states, confirmation of previous short crop reports from Argentina and Australia, small supplies in Europe and abroad, therefore, but, about all, a revival of speculative interest in wheat, are underneath cereal prices.

Exports of wheat (four included as wheat) from both coasts of the United States amount to 1,764,000 bushels this week, compared with 1,593,000 last week, 2,521,000 in the week last year, 1,855,000 in the week two years ago, and with 2,948,000 in the corresponding week of 1893. Indian corn exports amount to 1,391,000 bushels this week, compared with 2,169,000 last week, and with 2,140,000 in the week one year ago, and 2,640,000 two years ago.

Business failures in the United States this week number 231, compared with 226 last week, 225 in the week two years ago, 221 in the week last year, and with 165 in the first week of April, 1893.

Thirty business failures are reported throughout the Dominion of Canada this week, compared with 42 last week, 29 in the week a year ago and 38 two years ago.

COMMERCIAL UNION
Of the British Colonies Doesn't Receive Unanimous Approval.

LONDON, April 11.—The Statist has sent letters to the various colonial leaders asking their opinion of the recent speech of Mr. Chamberlain, colonial secretary, advocating a commercial union of the colonies. In reply to this letter Mr. J. Hofmeyr, leader of the Afrikaner party, has been cabled from Capetown expressing his opinion that the proposal embodies an excellent idea, but fears that fiscal reasons will render it impossible at present in South Africa and many other colonies.

Mr. C. C. Kingston, crown advocate of South Australia, cabled merely that the subject ought to be courteously and carefully considered, and Prime Minister Turner of Victoria declined to express an opinion.

The Australian press are generally hostile to the proposal.

EX-CONSUL WALLER
Arrives at New York on the Steamship New York.

QUARANTINE, Staten Island, April 11.—In the second cabin of the New York, which arrived at Southampton this morning, was John L. Waller, late United States consul at Tamatave, Madagascar, who was convicted of treason by the French court and sentenced to 30 years' solitary confinement and transported to France, where he was imprisoned until February 20, when he was released through the intervention of the state department at Washington. Waller freely discussed his imprisonment with the United Press reporter, who boarded the steamer at quarantine. As to the merits of his case and the alleged irregularities in his trial, he preferred not to speak until he had conferred with his friends here.

BABY FARMERS
Arraigned for Child Murder in England and Remanded.

LONDON, April 11.—A woman named Dyer and a man named Palmer were arraigned in the police court at Reading in connection with the discovery of the bodies of a number of infants in the Thames, five of which were found to have been strangled with tapes. All of the bodies were weighted with bricks so that they should sink to the bottom of the river. The murder of the babes was ascribed to baby-farmers. The prisoners were remanded for further examination.

GIVE ME HORSES!
Gen. Weyler Wants Five Thousand Cavalry Immediately.

MADRID, April 11.—Capt. Gen. Weyler has asked for the immediate dispatch of 5,000 cavalry to Cuba and the minister of war is arranging to send them at once. The war office is also considering the question of employing balloons in the military service in Cuba.

The naval squadron at Ferrol has gone to Vigo to begin maneuvers.

Hoping for a Short Session.
WASHINGTON, April 11.—With the fortification bill reported to the house the only general appropriation bill remaining to be submitted to that body for passage is the general deficiency bill. Members feel confident that the so-called long session of the Fifty-fourth congress will adjourn by May 15, and thus prove one of the shortest sessions on record in the past 20 years.

Gold Deposits in Missouri.
EXCELSIOR SPRINGS, Mo., April 11.—Gold ore assaying from \$160 to \$320 per ton has been found about one mile from the city. Much excitement prevails over the find.

Edinburgh University Eboners.
EDINBURGH, April 11.—The Edinburgh university has conferred the degree of LL. D. upon President E. A. Walker, of the Massachusetts college of technology.

A CHICAGO SEED FIRM

After Secretary of Agriculture J. Sterling Morton

WITH AN EXCEEDINGLY SHARP STICK.

A Congressional Inquiry May be Required to Find Out the Inner Workings of the Letting of the Seed Contracts.

CHICAGO, April 11.—A Washington special says:

Secretary Sterling Morton has been made the target of sensational charges preferred by the Chicago seed house of the Northrup, Braslan, Goodwin Co. The trouble grows out of the recent contract for the delivery of seeds.

The contracts just awarded were to Landreth & Sons, of Philadelphia, for vegetable seeds, the price being \$70,000, and to L. L. May & Co., of St. Paul, for flower seeds, at a contract price of \$5,000.

Before these contracts were let it is alleged the secretary had in his possession the bid of the Northrup, Braslan, Goodwin Co. to furnish both the flower and vegetable seeds for the gross sum of \$60,000.

The contracts with the Philadelphia and St. Paul houses were signed the last day of March, and April 2 the Chicago firm telegraphed the secretary inquiring why the contract should not have been let to the lowest bidder.

The only satisfaction they got was a telegram stating the contract had been signed.

The next day the Chicago company telegraphed that they were prepared for and proposed to support charges against the department, and April 4 they received the following official telegram:

For identification please place your firm's name on each package of seed. They will be thoroughly tested as to veracity, purity of purpose and power of growth. The department hopes that it may soon be formulated and given to the country. No one here seems scared up to date.

(Signed) J. STERLING MORTON, Secretary.

The Chicago people at once wired back regretting that a cabinet officer should answer an earnest request for a hearing facetiously and sarcastically, and thereupon proceeded to file voluminous charges at the department.

There are a number of charges in the counts, but it is stated that the real reason that Northrup, Braslan, Goodwin Co. did not get the contract was because of the ill feeling of the secretary and his assistant, Charles Dabney, entertained toward the corporation, because it had been instrumental in securing the passage of the joint resolution directing the purchase and distribution of seed.

In addition to the formal charges filed at the department the complainants have engaged John A. Baldwin, of Council Bluffs, and A. S. Worthington, of Washington, as attorneys to begin suit for \$100,000 damages against Mr. Morton individually, because in a New York paper he stated the Chicago seeds were of an inferior character and the company a mere commission house which could not perform its contract.

It is thought the charges will lead to a congressional investigation of the manner of letting the seed contracts.

CHAIRMAN HARRITY
Receives a Certified Check for \$20,000 Towards the Expenses of the Democratic National Convention.

CHICAGO, April 11.—The members of the sub-committee of arrangements for the democratic convention, headed by Chairman Harrity, took the suburban express on the Illinois Central at 10 a. m. for the purpose of inspecting the progress of

operations on the mammoth coliseum, where the presidential nominating convention is to be held on July 7. The members of the committee expressed themselves as thoroughly satisfied with the result of their observations, and after making a few suggestions, returned to the city. In the afternoon they attended a luncheon at the Iroquois club, at which a certified check for \$20,000, one-half of the Chicago expense guarantee, was handed to Chairman Harrity.

Before leaving to inspect the coliseum the sub-committee held a brief meeting and selected Col. John I. Martin, of St. Louis, as the sergeant-at-arms of the democratic national convention. Col. Martin is a well-known politician, and very popular in St. Louis democratic circles.

Killed His Business Rival.
At Fish Springs, Carter county, Tenn., H. Richardson, a youth, stabbed and killed Will Baker. They were business rivals. Baker had a family.

Bad Fire at Savannah.
Collat Brothers, one of the largest wholesale and retail clothing and shoe firms at Savannah, Ga., were burned out, causing a loss of nearly \$80,000.

Little Girl Burned to Death.
Bertha, the 6-year-old daughter of R. H. Boskewille, of South Tunnel near Gallatin, Tenn., was burned to death while out in the yard burning reeds.

Burned to Death.
Mrs. T. J. Fox, aged 63, was burned to death near Elkton, Ky., the other day. While standing in front of a grate her clothing caught fire.

SOUTHERN GLEANINGS.

Florida's Only Gentleman Dead.

Samuel Benlisa, the most remarkable character in Florida, died at Jacksonville of consumption, aged 63. He was born on the island of St. Thomas, his parents having emigrated there from Morocco, where his uncle, Moses E. Levy, was prime minister to the sultan. Years ago the family came from St. Thomas to Florida. Moses E. Levy married in Florida and became the father of David L. Yulee, once United States senator from Florida. Samuel Benlisa inherited a large fortune, which he used gratifying his eccentric tastes. All his wearing apparel was made in London. He claimed to be the only man in Florida who knew how to dress. He was said to be the best educated man in the state. He once wrote a pamphlet entitled "I Am That I Am," and gave it to Robert Ingersoll, and it is said the latter admitted the pamphlet was the most powerful reply ever made to him. Benlisa was the one man chronicled in the directories of Jacksonville as "gentleman." To intimate he would work gave deadly offense. He claimed ability to trace his ancestry back to King David. He was proud of his Hebrew lineage, but was a Christian. The bulk of Benlisa's property was in land, and of late years he has used the land as currency. He met his bills by giving deeds to land.

A Jealous Lover's Awful Crime.
Miss Sallie Emma Owen, a beautiful and wealthy young lady of Talbotton, Ga., was shot and instantly killed in the parlor of J. H. McCoy's residence by Dr. W. L. Ryder, a dentist.

A. P. Persons, a candidate for congress, was standing beside Miss Owen when the fatal shot was fired. He was also shot, but received only a flesh wound.

Dr. Ryder was a lover of Miss Owen, and it is presumed that she refused to marry him and that he was frenzied with jealousy at the existing friendship between Mr. Persons and the young lady. Miss Owen was a graduate of Wesleyan female college, belonged to one of the wealthiest and most aristocratic families in Georgia, and was a social favorite wherever she was known.

Ryder was captured by a posse a few miles from town. He had made an unsuccessful attempt at suicide by cutting his throat.

Mr. Bankhead's Narrow Escape.
Congressman John H. Bankhead, of Alabama, had a narrow escape from drowning while crossing the Tombigbee river at Fairfield Ferry, Ala. Mr. Bankhead has been stumping the state for free silver and in the interest of his candidacy for the United States senate. He was en route to Pickens county to speak, and was crossing the Tombigbee on a flat, when the horses attached to the buggy became frightened and backed into the river. Mr. Bankhead and the driver jumped from the vehicle just in time to catch the flat, and were saved. Mr. Bankhead lost his valise containing his personal effects and a number of valuable documents.

Gave Poisoned Meat to Children.
Robert Williams, a negro employed at a meat market at Opelika, Ala., was sent to deliver some beef, and having to pass the house of another negro, John Williams, against whom he had a grudge, he poisoned the meat and threw a piece of it to Williams' dogs, who began fighting over it. Williams' children ran out and took the meat away from the dogs, and the negro then turned over all the meat he had to the children, telling them they could have it. They carried it in the house and cooked it, and as a consequence they were made very ill. The dogs are dead. The affair aroused much indignation.

Kentucky Confederates.
The Confederate Veterans' association of Kentucky met at Lexington and considered the proposition of Charles Broadway House, a New York millionaire, who has offered to contribute \$100,000 to the confederate battle abbey at New Orleans if the ex-confederates will raise a similar amount. A number of speeches were made endorsing the scheme and resolutions adopted pledging one dollar each for all members of the association. The ladies of the confederate association have also taken the matter up, and they will assist in raising the necessary amount.

Sentence of Lynchers Affirmed.
The case of the State vs. Joseph Jowers and John Edwards, from the circuit court of Elmore county, has been affirmed by the supreme court of Georgia. This is the case in which the two defendants and six or eight other white men went to the house of a defenseless negro in Elmore county at midnight last year, and taking him into the woods, whipped him unmercifully, and finally shot and killed him.

Population of St. Louis.
The late city directory of St. Louis fixes the population at 611,268. In 1890 the total population, according to the estimate of the directory publisher, was 466,200. The United States found 451,770 inhabitants. At the present rate of increase the population of the city in 1900 will be 725,000, in round numbers. This does not include suburbs, that are essentially a part of the corporation, except that they are not in it.

Killed His Business Rival.
At Fish Springs, Carter county, Tenn., H. Richardson, a youth, stabbed and killed Will Baker. They were business rivals. Baker had a family.

Bad Fire at Savannah.
Collat Brothers, one of the largest wholesale and retail clothing and shoe firms at Savannah, Ga., were burned out, causing a loss of nearly \$80,000.

Little Girl Burned to Death.
Bertha, the 6-year-old daughter of R. H. Boskewille, of South Tunnel near Gallatin, Tenn., was burned to death while out in the yard burning reeds.

Burned to Death.
Mrs. T. J. Fox, aged 63, was burned to death near Elkton, Ky., the other day. While standing in front of a grate her clothing caught fire.

THE CHRONICLE.

A LIVE PAPER FOR LIVE PEOPLE

Official Organ of Shelby County.

AN EXCELLENT ADVERTISING MEDIUM

C. C. DuBOISE, Proprietor.

Advertising Rates on Application.

TOP WORKS BURNED

At the Kanook Mine at Dutch Hill, Illinois

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, APRIL 16, 1896.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce W. A. Thompson as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. S. Parrell as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of W. L. Davis authorize The Chronicle to announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. H. Hammond as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR SHERIFF.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Anos Daniel as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce S. W. Nelson as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR COMMISSIONER—FIRST DISTRICT.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce H. H. Pearson as a Commissioner of Shelby county, from the Columbia District No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR CONSTABLE.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce A. S. Liles as a candidate for the office of Constable of Bent No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Senate is delighted.

GRANDMA can now prepare to eat her dish of crow.

HERE'S to red-headed Joe, Alabama's next governor.

IT is now Congressman Clarke, if you please.

GOOD-BYE, Mr. Clarke. You made a gallant fight, but got licked like blazes.

JOHNSTON WINS.

Joseph P. Johnston, of Jefferson county, will be the democratic nominee for governor of Alabama. A large majority of the people have so declared, and that settles it.

The Chronicle was an humble supporter of R. H. Clarke, because he represented our views on the money question, and, further, because he was an administration democrat. But he got left and so did we. However, we have no tears to shed, neither have we any crow to eat. On the contrary we propose to support Mr. Johnston just as earnestly and as loyally as we would have Mr. Clarke had he been the victor.

We recognize the right of the majority to rule, and we intend at all times to abide its decision. And we can support Mr. Johnston very cordially, too. He is a democrat; there is no questioning that, and he has been a zealous, hard-working democrat, always ready to respond to the commands of his leaders. The only crime we know of his ever being charged with was that he wanted to be governor, and we don't think even that is so serious but that he can outlive it. At any rate we are going to be found whooping it up for Johnston, Jefferson's red-headed champion, from this out.

Our motto is "democratic at all times and under all circumstances." That means cheerful acquiescence in the rule of the majority, and as Joseph P. Johnston represents the majority, we are for him heart and soul. Now, boys, the die has been cast, and it is time to line up. No squirming or kicking; we haven't time for that. And don't stop to explain how it was done, either. It was done fairly and honorably, and because we are on the losing side don't make it otherwise. But here is a grain of comfort for you. In August we can have the pops hunting to see where they were struck, and who struck them and how it was done. Then, boys, the thing will look different to us. As Gov. Cobb said yesterday in the convention, "it makes a decided difference who furnishes the corpse."

THE COUNTY CONVENTION.

The democratic county convention assembled here yesterday, and it was as fine a body of men as ever assembled in this county, or any other county in the state for that matter. A casual glance over the delegates could not fail to impress one with that fact, barring the writer, of course. They were democrats, every one of them, democrats of the true stamp. They came here with but one object in view, to promote the interest of the democratic party. A full account of the proceedings will be found in another column. All conceded that Shelby county is overwhelmingly for Clarke, and it was but natural and we think perfectly just that he should have the entire delegation to the state convention. We are free to admit that a pro-Clarke in all the counties in the state would have been the fairest and most accurate method of ascertaining the wishes of the people, but as this rule was not adopted and with the knowledge that in every county in which Johnston had a majority he would get the solid delegation to the state convention, it would have been an injustice to have prorated in this county where the Clarke forces were so largely in the majority. These are our candid views, and we are decidedly of the opinion that the convention did nothing more nor less than its simple duty.

We were highly gratified at the unanimous endorsement of the administration of President Cleveland and Governor Oates, and the enthusiastic

awakened showed the loyalty of Shelby county's democracy to our leaders.

Our forces are in excellent trim for the fight this summer. There are no scores to heal nor factions to conciliate, but they are a unit, solid and invincible. Two to one we will whip the combined opposition this year easier than we did four years ago.

COST OF BAD ROADS.

From the New York Recorder.

According to statistics collected by the office of road inquiry of the department of agriculture, the amount of loss each year by bad roads of the country is almost beyond belief. Some 10,000 letters of inquiry were sent to intelligent and reliable farmers throughout the country and returns were obtained from about 1,200 counties, giving the average length of haul in miles from farms to markets and shipping points, the average weight of load hauled and the average length per ton for the whole length of haul. Summarized, it appears that the general average length of haul is twelve miles, the weight of load for two horses 2,002 pounds and the average cost per ton per mile 25 cents or \$3 for the entire load.

Allowing conservative estimates for tonnage of all kinds carried over public roads, the aggregate expense of this transportation is figured at \$496,414,600 per annum. Those in a position to judge calculate that two-thirds of this or nearly \$331,000,000, could be saved if the roads were in reasonably good condition. At \$4,000 per mile a very good road can be constructed, and if an amount equaling the savings of one year were applied to improving highways, 157,000 miles of road in this country could be put in condition. The effect of this would be a permanent improvement and not only would the farmer be astonished in the sudden reduction in his road tax, but he would also wonder at the remarkable falling-off in the cost of transportation. He would also find that he required fewer horses and less feed for them. He could make two trips to market a day instead of one, when ability to get his goods there at a time when high prices are ruling is a matter of great consequence. Farmers are beginning to apply a little simple arithmetic to some of these matters and it is not too much to expect that in the near future we shall see a decided revolution in the condition of our rural highways.

TRIBUTE TO CLEVELAND.

A Deaf and Dumb Tramp Printer Gives His Views.

The following are the views of a deaf and dumb tramp printer who works in the office of a North Alabama country paper on Grover Cleveland: "Cleveland is a great president. The misfortunes of his last administration are the logical result of twenty-five years of republican legislation. Yet Cleveland, whose powers as president are limited by the constitution, is blamed for all the sins and transgressions of the past twenty-five years, which have brought us down to the verge of bankruptcy. There never was a party or a king or emperor in the world's history that was so unpatriotic, sectional and avaricious as the republican party during the last twenty-five years. That party looked only to its own interest and not to the interest of the country at large. Cleveland has had to combat this partisanship at Washington in all its forms, besides having on his hands a refractory democratic congress. Cleveland is too big a man for most men to size up. When the clouds clear away and fifty years years roll by men will get the true perspective of one of the greatest men in our history."

Ten Good Citizenship Commandments.

The great truth is ever the simple truth. The ten simple good citizenship commandments enunciated by Rev. William G. Clarke, D. D., of Chicago, at the Boston convention, contain the genius of the whole uprising for civic purity, says the Golden Rule:

1. Thou shalt be an intelligent citizen.
2. A virtuous citizen.
3. An active citizen.
4. Thou shalt employ thy voice and thy pen as well as thy vote.
5. Thou shalt cast thy ballot at the caucus, the primaries, the convention, if you are sent there, and at the polls.
6. Thou shalt be an inveterate foe of political corruption.
7. Thou shalt resist the forces of lawlessness.
8. Thou shalt not be the slave of any party.
9. Thou shalt protect our American institutions, our free ballot, free schools, free press and freedom of worship.
10. Thou shalt battle against the tyranny and infamy of our liquor traffic.

The following, from an exchange, is a striking example of the effects of extravagance: "We have recently heard of a man who mortgaged his farm to buy his wife a pair of diamond earrings. The wife took in washing to pay interest on the mortgage, but on the first job she lost one of the 'sparks' in the suds, whereupon she tried to hang herself in the barn, but the rope broke and she fell on a jersey cow worth one hundred and fifty dollars and broke its back. Her husband undertook to shoot the cow, to put it out of its misery, but the cow burst and destroyed both his eyes, and the wife then ran away with a lightning-rod peddler. The mortgage is still on deck and bids fair to live to a ripe old age."

Moral—Always keep a good, strong hemp rope in your barn."

GOVERNOR OATES

Writes a Letter—Wants the National Convention to Settle the Money Question and All Democrats Look to Success of the Ticket.

Gov. Oates writes a letter to the Birmingham State Herald to correct an error made by that paper, and the concluding paragraph is as follows:

When I stated that "We never had a law authorizing the free and unlimited coinage of silver," I was in error. There has been such a law, but the amount of silver coined during its existence was so small that it was infinitesimal compared with the amount coined by the government under the Bland-Allison act which limited the amount. And when coinage was declared free with a small charge for exchange, or mintage, the amount of silver in a dollar was worth as much, and sometimes more, than a gold dollar; but free and unlimited coinage of silver dollars at a ratio of 16 to 1 now when the silver dollar is worth in the market only 52 cents would indeed be a new and untried experiment in this country." As long as the metal in a gold dollar and a silver dollar when melted were of the same commercial value the free and liberal coinage of both was highly beneficial to us. Now the gold dollar, whether coined or melted, is worth a dollar in every country in the world, while the silver dollar, if melted, is worth but 52 cents. In its coined state it passes as a law dollar and a commercial dollar, only so far as people have confidence that the United States will maintain its law of parity and make all our dollars exchangeable. But the silver dollar, when melted, ceases to be either a law dollar or a commercial one. It is then a lump of silver bullion worth all over the world 52 cents and no more. Such a change in our coinage laws as you advocate would indeed be a new and untried experiment. The free coinage advocates honestly believe that free coinage by this country alone would raise the price of silver bullion all over the world to \$1.29 an ounce, and thus make the silver dollar of equal commercial value to gold. If I believed this, I would vote and work for free coinage at 16 to 1. But apply the test of the melting pot and the result is as above stated. If the theory be true, let us put two and a half dollars worth of gold into a coin and stamp it as five dollars. What will it then be worth in the markets of the world? Five dollars? No! It will be worth but two and a half and the free coinage of it by this country and stamping it for double its commercial value would not raise that metal throughout the world to double its commercial value. It is equally impossible to double the commercial value of silver.

But that which gives me most concern now is the success of our ticket at the polls in August. Let us all resolve to accept in good faith the settlement of the silver question by the national democratic convention at Chicago next July and pull together for the election of our state ticket.

W. C. OATES.

A LIST OF DON'TS.

Don't think that any medicine will take the place of right living.

Don't persuade yourself that lying in bed late in the morning will make up for keeping late hours. One hour's sleep before midnight is worth three after midnight.

Don't fret; whatever else you do, don't fret; don't scold; don't worry; keep calm and even tempered. This will preserve your face from wrinkles, your body from infirmities, your mind from unrest and friction, and prolong your life in peace.

Don't use any device to preserve beauty, such as paints, powders, dyes or bleaches; the only thing that will really preserve or procure beauty is good health. A clean and healthy body and a sound and active mind are the only beautifiers known to man.

Don't wear anything tight—neither tight hats, like some men do, nor tight shoes, like some women do, nor tight shoes, like both men and women are apt to do.

Don't expect any medicine to cure you of a disease in two or three weeks which you have been many years in acquiring. Old bodily derangements do not leave quickly.

Don't get ashamed of your natural station in life. Don't get ashamed of your business. Don't get beyond your generation. Don't get too big for your clothes. Don't get too proud for your purse.

Don't allow anything to sour or mold about the house or allow any room to remain unventilated, dark and damp for any length of time.

Don't be afraid of sun and air when you are sick. The best disinfectant in the world is sunlight. The best invigorator known to man is fresh air.

Don't be afraid to confess a fault or apologize for a wrong act. True courage is always willing to make amends. Don't judge of a man's religion by what he says; wait and see what he does.

Don't judge of a woman's virtues by her public graces; first learn what her every day conduct is at home.

Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery, for consumption, coughs and colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the great remedy for Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them, and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more about them. Sold at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

Items from Lewis.

The fruit and small grain crop is very promising.

Cotton planting and the discussing of politics is the order of the day.

Judging from the style of the hair of some of our young men they are trying to become Sampsons.

J. R. Ray spent Sunday on Four Mile.

Great scotts! boys, what was to do at Lewis last Sunday? Three boys went to see one girl, viz. John, Joe and Tom.

Prof. and Mrs. J. A. Spearman spent Saturday night and Sunday with J. L. Riddle's family.

Nero is authorized to announce in this week's local that the Campbranch and Cahaba Valley semi-annual singing convention will be held at Four Mile church the 3rd Saturday night and Sunday in May. Everybody come and bring your books and baskets.

Tallant and Vest, two third party candidates, passed through here last week pursuing the track of O'Hara.

Sirs. Abe and William Kanter our genial foot peddlers were in this community last week selling goods.

Joe Horsley has accepted a permanent position with J. R. Ray and sons.

Ye city people should come out to our country homes and enjoy the magnificent odor of the wild flowers. Surely there is no place so beautiful as our country homes while endowed with nature's sublimeness.

NERO.

Reunion United Confederate Veterans, at Richmond, Va.—Reduced Rates via Southern Railway.

For the occasion of the 6th Annual Reunion of the United Confederate Veterans, which occurs at Richmond, Va., June 30-July 2, 1896, the Southern railway will sell tickets to Richmond, Va., and return at very low rates.

Tickets from points in Georgia and Tennessee, north and east of Atlanta and Chattanooga, will be sold June 27 and 28, and from points south and west of Atlanta and Chattanooga, and east of the Mississippi river, tickets will be sold June 26, 27, 28 and 29. Final limit on tickets from all points will be July 6, 1896.

From points south and west of Atlanta, the Southern Railway is the short and quick route to Richmond, Va., via the "Piedmont Air Line," and the service is peerless. From Knoxville, Tenn., to Chattanooga, Tenn., and points west thereof, the route of the Southern Railway is via Asheville and through the scenic "Land of the Sky." The service of this line is unexcelled.

Call on any agent of the Southern Railway for further information or E. J. Martin, T. P. A., Columbus, Miss., J. L. Meek, T. P. A., Knoxville, Tenn., W. H. Doll, T. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn., L. A. Shipman, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala., J. C. Andrews, S. W. P. A., New Orleans, La., W. A. Turk, G. P. A., Washington, D. C., S. H. Hardwick, A. G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga., C. A. Benscoter, A. G. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.



For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American.

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year \$1.00 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., Publishers, 361 Broadway, New York City.

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—it won't stain your teeth, and it's a pleasant to take.

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Neuralgia, Constipation, Bad Blood, Malaria, Nervous ailments, Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two stamps we will send you a copy of the "Scientific American" and "The World's Fair Views" book free—BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Pitcher and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of *Dr. H. Pitcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE BRICK STORE.

Wilsonville, Ala.

BROTHER, SISTER, LISTEN!

Perhaps I can put you on to a scheme. You know this is a progressive age. Old moss-grown methods are rapidly playing out. I propose to keep up with the procession. Life is too short to continue longer in the old ruts. New methods bring new results, also new goods and likewise new customers. I have too pretty a stock of goods to keep them hid from the world. Therefore I now proclaim to the world at large, and to the people of Shelby county in particular that I have almost anything they can call for, and having bought these goods in large quantities, I can offer many bargains to cash customers. Here is one for a starter:

100 Pieces Standard Prints 4 1-2c.

Now that's pretty smooth, ain't it? Just so; but let me tell you before I forget it, that is only a sample. There are plenty of bargains in my store just as attractive. Seeing is believing. Come and I will convince you. One more bargain.

Big Lot Challies Spring and Summer Shades 4c.

Spring is here and summer is almost within sight, and of course you want straw hats. Don't mention it. I've got 'em, more than you ever saw in one store before in your life. Big, little, old or young, come and get supplied.

Yours for business.

J. F. POPE,
WILSONVILLE, ALA.

Marvelous Results.
From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman, of Dimendale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitancy in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church, at River Junction, she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption, and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at Parker & Armstrong's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

PALACE RESTAURANT,
COLUMBIANA, ALA.,
J. P. ADAMS, Proprietor.

Newly fitted up, clean and neat. Meals any hour of the day, or until 9 at night. Luncheon served any time. Fish, oysters, game, or any delicacy to be found in the market.

Meals 25c Each.

Elliot Building, Main Street.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect February 23, 1896.

No. 48	No. 47	No. 46	No. 45
5:15 pm	iv	Seima	ar
7:30 pm	iv	Birmingham	ar
8:1 pm	iv	Gulfport	ar
8:25 pm	iv	Birmingham	ar
No. 44	No. 42	No. 41	No. 40
7:00 am	6:00 am	iv	Alton
7:20 am	7:00 am	iv	Greensboro
9:15 am	9:00 am	iv	Marion
10:45 am	10:45 am	iv	Seima
No. 41	No. 42	No. 41	No. 40
7:00 am	7:45 am	iv	Meridian
8:00 am	9:20 am	iv	York
8:20 am	9:40 am	iv	Demopolis
10:15 am	10:30 am	iv	Uniontown
11:05 am	11:55 am	iv	Seima
11:25 am	12:00 am	iv	Montevallo
8:15 am	1:35 am	iv	Calera
8:30 am	1:50 am	iv	Columbia
8:45 am	3:25 am	iv	Childersburg
8:50 am	5:00 am	iv	Tuladega
9:10 am	5:20 am	iv	Oxford
9:45 am	7:20 am	iv	Annisson
10:00 am	iv	Atlanta	iv
6:30 pm	9:45 am	iv	Jacksonville
6:50 pm	7:00 am	iv	Piedmont
7:30 pm	11:30 am	iv	Tecumseh
7:50 pm	12:10 pm	iv	Cave Springs
8:10 pm	1:00 pm	iv	Home
East Bound.	No. 47	No. 46	No. 45
Home	1:00 am	7:25 am	4:35 pm
Eastburg	3:35 am	7:40 am	5:00 pm
Chattanooga	4:55 am	7:55 am	7:15 pm
Knoxville	8:00 am	1:50 pm	
Chattanooga	10:20 am	2:25 pm	
Bristol	iv	5:15 pm	
No. 48	No. 47	No. 46	No. 45
6:00 a. m.	iv	Atlanta	iv
7:11 5:30	iv	Birmingham	ar
7:11 5:30	iv	Pell City	iv
8:40 5:30	iv	Eastburg	iv
8:40 5:30	iv	Annisson	iv
8:40 5:30	iv	Helix	iv
9:18 5:30	iv	Knoxville	iv
9:18 5:30	iv	Frithurst	iv
9:35 5:50 6:00	iv	Tallapoosa	iv
10:40 6:00	iv	Douglas	iv
9:18 6:10	iv	Lithia Springs	iv
11:40 6:10	iv	Atlanta	iv
No. 48	No. 47	No. 46	No. 45
Atlanta	iv	Chattanooga	iv
Charlotte	iv	Greensboro	iv
Durham	iv	12:00 pm	1:40 pm
Eastburg	iv	1:50 am	2:00 am
Charlotteville	iv	2:30 am	3:00 pm
Washington	iv	3:40 am	3:40 pm
Philadelphia	iv	5:00 am	5:00 am
New York	iv	5:20 am	5:20 am
Atlanta	iv	8:30 am	3:40 pm

THE * CHRONICLE *

* PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY. *

COLUMBIANA, APRIL 16, 1886.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year.....\$1.00
One copy six months..... .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

J. L. Peters paid the Magic City a visit yesterday.

Mrs. Charles Sparks, of Shelby, visited friends here Tuesday.

W. S. Cary, of Montevallo, was in town Friday and Saturday.

Frank Jackson, of Kymulga, was among his friends here Sunday.

Miss Guelma Green left yesterday for a visit to friends at Mallory's.

James Evans and family spent Sunday with relatives on Yellow Leaf.

Mrs. C. C. Elliott, of Vincent, is spending awhile with relatives here.

Mrs. J. L. Elliott, of Vincent, was a visitor in our town two days this week.

J. D. Mason left yesterday for Selma to attend the state Sunday school convention.

Joe Spencer and E. B. Teague transacted business in Birmingham last Saturday.

Miss Florence Farrell, of Yellow Leaf, is on a visit to her friend, Miss Ida O'Hara.

Mr. and Mrs. McMillan, of Calera, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Green Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Seybrooks, of Childersburg, spent Friday and Saturday with her mother, Mrs. C. N. Pitts, who has been quite sick.

A. B. Milner is at home on a short visit. We are always glad to see "Ak" but guess there is a "sweetlassie" who is quite delighted.

Judge McMillan and family will leave tomorrow for Monroeville, the old home of the Judge, and will return in about a week.

Miss Sadie Williams, who came home from college several weeks ago on account of delicate health, left Monday for Bailey Springs to take up her college course again, having fully recovered her health.

J. K. Milner, the Anniston tornado, who occasionally varies his program and develops strong cyclone methods, gave our community a call this week. He reports trade fair only, but says he continues to draw his salary with an accuracy, precision and regularity that delights his employers.

We received a very encouraging letter this week from our old friend and subscriber J. M. Tate, now of Farmerville, Texas, but for many years a resident of this county. Better still, he was thoughtful enough to enclose presents to run his date ahead on the paper. Mr. Tate is a democrat of the old school, and wants his brethren here to know that he is still in the harness.

Gold bugs, silver bugs, greenbacks, everybody are figuring how far to make a dollar go. We have solved the question. All you have to do is to bring a gold dollar, a silver dollar, a greenback, eggs, chickens, corn, potatoes, to our store. We are the statesmen. We have solved the question, everybody is pleased. How did we do it? We will pay you highest price for what you have to sell; we will sell you what we have to sell at the lowest price. So don't worry, but come to the Columbiana Mercantile Co's store at Columbiana, Ala. Mr. H. Fox is secretary of the treasury and will fix you up so that when you leave his store he will have the money, you will have the cheapest goods and the financial question is solved. Come quick and see H. Fox.

As we remarked only a few weeks since under somewhat similar circumstances, that good or bad luck (call it anything you choose) usually over-whelms the victim when it once gets fairly started, we give another striking illustration to support our theory. Our esteemed mayor is the victim. Scarcely had he regained his equanimity after having been "almost unanimously" chosen as the official head of our municipality, and was on last Saturday engaged in canvassing the official returns of said election preparatory to declaring the result, when a messenger entered his office to convey the joyful tidings that he was the proud father of another girl. He had recovered sufficiently by Wednesday to be able to preside as chairman over the county democratic convention, but he is still a trifle nervous.

On Sunday morning last, April 12, 1886, at the Davis infirmary, Birmingham, Ala., the gentle spirit of Constantine P. Caldwell took leave of this earthly tenement to be with God, aged 28 years. The deceased was the son of Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Caldwell, of this place. He was born and reared here, where he was well known, and his many virtues appreciated. Mr. Caldwell was a young man of great promise. When about twenty he removed to Birmingham, where amidst many great temptations he lived a pure and blameless life, establishing a well deserved reputation as a business man, and left an unsullied character. Though surrounded by numerous temptations, so alluring to the young he lived a pure, christian life. His last days were days of great suffering, which he bore with great equanimity and christian resignation, being sustained by the all-powerful arm of Him in whom he trusted. To his afflicted brothers and relatives we extend our heartfelt sympathy.

Rev. Geo. Mason and wife left yesterday for their daughter's home near Talladega Springs, where they will spend the summer.

Mr. A. S. Liles is a candidate for the office of constable of beat 1, as will be seen by reference to our column of announcements. He says he has always been a democrat, has never scratched a ticket, and as he has never before asked for a reward of any kind, he concluded to start at the bottom of the ladder and merit promotion. He is an active democrat, and would do the work of the office with a vim. No grass grows under his feet.

Proceedings of County Democratic Convention.

Convention was called to order at 12:45 o'clock p. m. by T. J. Martin, chairman of the county executive committee. After prayer by Rev. T. M. Wilson, Mr. Martin nominated as temporary officers of the convention, W. B. Browne chairman and C. C. DuBose and E. S. Lyman secretaries. Mr. Browne thanked the executive committee for the honor conferred on him and counselling harmony in the further proceedings declared the convention temporarily organized. On motion of D. R. McMillan the various delegations handed in to the secretaries their credentials and lists of delegates. On motion of W. R. Oliver a committee of nine was appointed by the chair on credentials as follows: W. R. Oliver, W. H. Bell, W. S. Cary, N. X. Mosteller, R. W. Cobb, J. E. Ruffin, C. L. O'Neal, M. H. Fowler and W. W. Wallace. On motion a recess of ten minutes was taken. Upon re-assembling the committee on credentials reported no contests and that the lists as handed in to the secretaries were correct, showing full delegations from every precinct except No. 14 which was not represented. The report was adopted unanimously. On motion of J. H. Gunn, the temporary officers were made permanent. On motion of C. C. Oliver, the chair appointed a committee of nine on resolutions as follows:

C. C. Oliver, J. R. White, D. R. McMillan, J. T. Leeper, J. P. Spencer, J. P. West, W. S. Cary, J. F. Pope, B. S. Rowe. W. R. Turman was added to the committee on motion. The following resolutions were offered respectively and referred to the committee on resolutions.

By J. F. Pope:
RESOLVED, That the delegates from Shelby county to the state democratic convention be instructed to cast five votes for R. H. Clarke and two votes for J. P. Johnston for governor.

By N. A. Graham:
RESOLVED 1st, That this convention heartily and cordially endorses the able, wise and patriotic administration of our national chief executive, Grover Cleveland, and in behalf of the democracy of the county of Shelby returns thanks to him for the courageous stand he has always taken and continues to maintain for a sound financial system.

RESOLVED 2nd, That this convention heartily commend the wise administration of our state affairs by the present governor, Hon. Wm. C. Oates.

By T. J. Martin:
RESOLVED, That the delegates selected by this convention to represent the democracy of Shelby county in the state democratic convention, which is to meet in the city of Montgomery, on Tuesday, the 21st instant, be, and they are hereby instructed to cast Shelby county's solid vote for Hon. Richard H. Clarke for governor.

J. E. Ruffin moved that a committee of nine be appointed to nominate delegates to the state convention. Motion, that this lay on table till committee on resolutions shall have reported was adopted.

The committee on resolutions reported the following:

RESOLVED 1st, In recognition of the wise and statesmanlike administration of our national affairs by that ideal democrat, Grover Cleveland, we in convention assembled do hereby attest our endorsement and further, declare our acknowledgement of the wise and patriotic services he has rendered the people of the United States during the perilous conditions that have threatened our country during his incumbency and award to his name an equal right to be placed along with that illustrious triumvirate of American presidents, Washington, Jefferson and Jackson.

RESOLVED 2nd, That this convention heartily commend the wise administration of our state affairs by the present governor, Hon. Wm. C. Oates.

RESOLVED 3rd, That the delegates selected by this convention to represent the democracy of Shelby county in the state democratic convention, which is to meet in the city of Montgomery, on Tuesday, the 21st instant, be, and they are hereby instructed to cast Shelby county's solid vote for Hon. Richard H. Clarke for governor.

After discussion the resolutions as reported were adopted.

Dr. J. H. Gunn renewed the motion that the chair appoint a committee of nine to nominate delegates to the state convention. The following were appointed by the chair:

J. H. Gunn, W. H. Bell, E. S. Lyman, D. R. McMillan, J. H. Weldon, E. V. Caldwell, J. H. Wilder, G. E. Abbott and J. R. White and the following were reported by said committee as delegates and alternates viz: Delegates: T. J. Martin, John Avery, W. R. Oliver, W. B. Browne, W. S. Cary, J. E. Ruffin and W. R. Turman. Alternates: J. H. Weldon, C. T. Lee, S. H. Gist, Dr. W. S. DuBose, N. A. Graham, C. C. DuBose and C. L. McRoney, which report was received and adopted.

On motion of Hon. R. W. Cobb the present county executive committee

was continued until the county nominating convention and authorized to fill vacancies in the same.

On motion the convention adjourned sine die.

W. B. Browne, Ch'n.
E. S. LYMAN,
C. C. DuBose, Secretaries.

Program of Christian Endeavor Convention to be Held in Montevallo.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29.

10:00 a. m. Praise service.
Song of welcome.
Response.
Organization.
Appointment of committees.
Enrollment of delegates.
Reports from societies.
11:00 a. m. Address on good literature, by Rev. Mr. Abernathy.
11:15 a. m. Getting acquainted.
2:30 p. m. Bible reading.
3:00 p. m. Christian Endeavor and the church.
7:30 p. m. Praise service.
Question box.
8:00 p. m. Christian Endeavor committee work.
1 Secretary.
2 Lookout.
3 Prayermeeting.
4 Social.
5 Missionary.
6 Sunday school.
7 Flower.
8 Music.
9 Temperance.
10 Relief.

THURSDAY, APRIL 30.

6:00 a. m. Sunrise prayermeeting.
9:00 a. m. The Christian Endeavorer and his Bible.
9:30 a. m. Christian citizenship by C. W. Cary.
My Country 'Tis of Thee, Alabama.
11:00 a. m. Junior work by Miss Lucia Witherby.
11:30 a. m. Our pledge.
2:30 p. m. Praise service.
3:00 p. m. Missionary work by Rev. T. K. Roberts.
7:30 p. m. Praise service.
8:00 p. m. Consecration meeting.

Harpersville Echoes.

Hurrah for Johnston! I told you so. Our farmers are busy planting cotton.

Miss Mattie Kidd is visiting Louisville.

Rev. Mr. Corley preached at the Methodist church last Sunday.

The Methodist Sunday school was re-organized a few Sundays ago.

Judge Russell's Clark horse has "swunk" considerably since Clark's defeat.

Spring, sweet spring with its bright flowers and singing birds has come. Welcome, thrice welcome you are.

Amos Daniels was around to see the dear people last week. He has all of the "gaits" of a candidate and will make a good run in this beat.

Dr. Tommie Nelson has his tendency about completed and has almost any kind of a foul imagination, but he is not contented and he now wants two sheep and a goat. The sheep to get wool to make his winter socks and the goat to drive to his buggy.

The Harpersville school will close in three weeks and Prof. Florey is preparing for a grand exhibition of which all will be given due notice and respectfully invited.

Dr. Nelson threw his doors wide open and raised his windows up to the young people of Harpersville last Friday night, and a pleasant time was reported.

We extend to the good people of Columbiana our congratulations in their victory last Monday and are glad to know that the 260 Tallapoosa lawyer was not in it.

Tom Davis did his first courting last week. I don't mean the girls. He just simply went down to assist Judge Brewer at Columbiana.

Col. E. V. Caldwell came home a few days ago from Birmingham, where he has been serving as a United States petit juror. He says that the United States court is a big thing, but nothing to be compared with Harpersville supreme court.

Prof. C. H. Florey went down to Womack Hill last week to be at the marriage of his friend, Prof. O. W. Elliott, and Stella Posey conducted the school during his absence. Prof. Elliott taught school here in 1894, and gave general satisfaction as a teacher, and we wish for him and his bride, who was a Miss Ruby Bowlin, a long and happy life and may a bright light ever illuminate their pathway.

JAKE.
Items from Creswell.
Little Lucius Wallis returned to his home at Laniers Sunday, after spending several months with his grandfather and mother here.

Miss Exa Houghton spent last week with her aunt, Mrs. Wm. Chancellor, at Childersburg.

Getting men to use tobacco and drink whisky is one way the devil has of taking up a collection.

Mrs. H. P. Baggett and charming daughter, Miss Arabelle, went over to Childersburg last week, returning on the afternoon train.

The drunkard's wife knows by bitter experience that wine is a mocker.

K. Smith left Friday for Uniontown, where he will spend several weeks.

Rev. Mr. Warren is to preach at the Baptist church next Sunday. Let all come out and give him a good congregation. We hope he will not disappoint us this time.

A lazy man is always going to do great things—after awhile.
Miss Jennie Bates spent Saturday

and Sunday with relatives and friends at Vincent.

A. A. Logan and Miss Emma Bradford were married on the 6th inst. It was quite a surprise to the community. Mr. Logan gave an entertainment at the residence of his brother-in-law, D. W. Sharbutt, pretending it was upon his departure to California. But Monday morning he took Miss Emma in the buggy and went to Talladega, accompanied by J. R. Gorman and Miss Scottie Logan, and were married, Rev. F. G. Mullen officiating. They returned about 8 o'clock in the evening and were present at the entertainment. May you have just clouds enough over your lives to cause a glorious sunset, and may your journey through life be of perfect, unalloyed happiness, your joys be as deep as the ocean and your sorrows as light as its foam is the wish of your sincere friend,

CHOCTAW.

Wilsonville Walks.

Miss Cora Smith is visiting friends in Talladega.

Robert Fowler, of Birmingham, spent several days in our city last week.

W. R. Smith and Amos Daniels visited Columbiana Tuesday.

Mrs. G. W. McGowan returned from Jacksonville Tuesday.

Dr. Boyer visited Columbiana Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Jackson returned to Tallapoosa, Ga., last week.

J. R. Sommerville made a business trip to Selma last week.

J. F. Pope made a business trip to Birmingham Thursday.

H. A. Jackson went to Anniston on business last week.

Mr. and Mrs. O'Hara, of Columbiana, spent several days with friends and relatives in our city last week.

W. H. Hutchings has finished his school in Coosa county and is here dealing in politics and fish.

Some of the young people made a trip to Shelby last Monday evening to witness the wonders of the Shelby furnace.

The Social Purity Literary League met at the Wilsonville Institute last Friday evening. Quite a large crowd was present. It seems that the larger place we have for meeting the larger congregation we have. The programme was beautifully delivered. The society adjourned with the enrollment of four members. We were somewhat disappointed at the non-arrival of more of our Columbiana friends.

The fishing party from here last Saturday afternoon were compelled to leave some of the young people on account of their conveyance being so heavily loaded, which caused some misunderstanding that we hope will be smoothed over. The party report a pleasant trip and say the bites were numerous as well as injurious.

Rev. J. M. McCord's regular appointment last Sunday was filled by Rev. O'Hara, of Howard college. It gives us pleasure to have him with us. He is a well polished gentleman and seems to be fully prepared to enter the theological world.

The young people of our city look forward to next Friday evening with anticipations of a very pleasant time. The ladies of the Baptist church will give an ice cream supper at the residence of J. F. Pope. The management is under the direction of Miss Georgia Pope. This alone is sufficient to prove that it will be a success. Both old and young are most cordially invited.

THE EASTER SLEEVES.

The sleeves, the sleeves, the sleeves, the sleeves.

The ladies wear today;
They make me think in olden days,
Of little stacks of hay.

The sleeves, the sleeves, the sleeves, the sleeves.

Worn on the ladies dress;
Carry me back to childhood days,
Amongst the hornets' nests.

The sleeves, the sleeves, the sleeves, the sleeves.

Are on a mighty boom;
One pair I saw last Sunday eve,
Looked just like two full moons.

The sleeves, the sleeves, the sleeves, the sleeves.

The sleeves the girls now wear;
And then to cap the whole climax,
They scorch and friz their hair.

The sleeves, the sleeves, the sleeves, the sleeves.

Worn by the young and old;
Made of satin and silk and lawn,
And all the cloth that's sold.

The sleeves, the sleeves, the sleeves, the sleeves.

So tall and broad you know;
But few can sit in one church pew,
For two makes quite a row.

The sleeves, the sleeves, the sleeves, the sleeves.

They are much in the way;
We think the arm is there somewhere,
But where we cannot say.

BUTCH, JR.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby county.

Probate Court, April 1886.

Estate of Joseph T. Dorrough, Deceased.

To Lydia M. Dorrough, who resides somewhere in Texas, but at what particular place is unknown; William D. Dorrough, who resides at Cumberland, Miss.; John C. Dorrough, of Middleton, Ky.; James W. Dorrough, of Columbus, Ga.; and all non-residents of Alabama.

This day came W. F. Thetford, Jr., as administrator de bonis non of said estate, and filed his application in due form and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therein, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of division, upon the ground that the same cannot be divided equitably without a sale thereof. It is ordered that the 25th day of May, 1886, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

D. E. McMillan,
Judge of Probate.

THE COLUMBIANA

MERCANTILE CO.

We are glad to say to you that our stock is now complete, except our line of Millinery Goods, the receiving of which we will give you notice in a few days. We are proud to say that we thank the people of Columbiana and surrounding country for their very liberal patronage extended to us, and assure you that we hope to merit a continuance of the same by honest and fair dealings, and our well known low prices. We use to enumerate what we carry in stock. We have everything needed in the Dry Goods, Grocery, Shoe, Clothing or Notion line, from the cheapest to the best; and anything you may want which we don't carry in stock, let us know we will get it. We want our store to be the ideal trading place of the country.

Columbiana Mercantile Co.,

THE LEADERS OF LOW PRICES.

H. FOX, MANAGER.

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES,

Silks,
Satins,
Chally,
Dimities,
Henriettas,
Nuns Veiling,
and Lawns,

And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnishings We're Headquarters as Usual.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00.

Wishing every body success, we beg to remain,
Yours Respectfully,

THE RACKET STORE,

SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Prop'rs.



That Tired Feeling!

Nobody is particularly anxious to spend their money. Everybody has to. Your wants must be satisfied and it takes money to do it. A person is not apt to look cheerful over the prospect of spending money. Lots of buying is done with a long face. This is all wrong. I offer a change for the better.

You Feel Relieved—

The minute you see our Grand Stock of New and Popular Goods it looks fresh and desirable. The first glance shows you that you are on the right track. No mistake about this being a modern up-to-date line of goods. You wake up to the fact that you have got into the right store.

The Feeling Grows—

When you commence to go into details, you feel as if the goods were bought on purpose for you. No trouble to make a satisfactory selection; it gets down to a question which is the most satisfactory.

Trouble is Forgotten

When you learn our prices, they are always at the low-water mark. We don't give goods away—we can't. We can sell goods very low—we do. This is a fact. We might brag about it, but what's the use—a word to the wise is sufficient. It's as true as truth that we sell goods cheap—we prove it.

Happiness is Supreme

When you get just what you want at less than you expected to pay—we are treating customers to this kind of a surprise every day. We sell you a good article and let you off cheap. You will find our selections choice, our goods reliable, and prices satisfactory. A fair deal makes the buyer happy—we give it. To spend money and be happy at the same time go to

S. STARK.

Shelby, Ala.



Administrators Notice

Estate of H. A. Smith, Deceased.

Probate Court.

Letters of administration, with will annexed, of said deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 7th day of March, 1886, by the Hon. D. R. McMillan, judge of the Probate court of Shelby county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

C. W. O'HARA, Admin'r.

Columbiana's

TONSorial PARLOR,

E. W. CHAPMAN, Proprietor.

Neat, clean shop, elegant chairs, the best of tools and the clearest of shavers. Having had 16 years experience, I do not hesitate to say I can give as good service as you can get in any city. Ladies work a specialty. Prices reasonable. A trial is all I ask. If you want to buy a first-class razor I have a lot just received.

E. W. Chapman.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWNE,

J. T. LEEPER,

BROWNE & LEEPER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

Guardian's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Honorable John S. Leeper, late Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby county, I, James McGowan, guardian of the estates of Mary Elliott and Willie Elliott, minors, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder in front of the court house door of Shelby county, Alabama, on Monday the 8th day of April, 1886, at 12 o'clock, noon, for one-half cash and the balance on a credit of twelve months with approved security an undivided two-fifths interest in the following described lands belonging to said estates, to-wit: The east half of the north-east quarter of section 21, township 20, range 1 east.

JAMES MCGOWAN,
Guardian.

Non-Resident Notice.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.
Ann E. Perry, Complainant, vs. William T. Perry Defendant.

In Chancery Sixth District North-Eastern Chancery Division.

In this cause it is made to appear to the registrar by the affidavit of J. E. Holmes, that the defendant, William T. Perry, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in Denison, Geason County, Texas; and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the registrar, that

An agricultural exchange asks: "How can we prevent elder from working?" You might get it a government position.—Texas Sifter.

The Sheriff—"You say that fellow who broke jail left a message behind?" The Keeper—"Yes, sir; here it is on this paper—"Excuse the liberty I take!"—Truth.

Consolation indiscreetly pressed upon us when we are suffering under affliction only serves to increase our pain, and to render our grief more poignant.—Roussseau.

Whoso—"This physiognomist says that aggressive, impulsive people generally have black eyes." Knowso—"If not at first, they get them later."—Truth.

"You fairly take my breath away," murmured the red-nosed man, as he swallowed a clove.—Philadelphia Record.

Bank

President Isaac Lewis of Sabina, Ohio, is highly respected all through that section. He has lived in Clinton Co. 75 years, and has been president of the Sabina Bank 20 years. He gladly testifies to the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and what he says is worthy attention. All brain workers find Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiarly adapted to their needs. It makes pure, rich, red blood, and from this comes nerve, mental, bodily and digestive strength.

"I am glad to say that Hood's Sarsaparilla is a very good medicine, especially as a blood purifier. It has done me good many times. For several years I suffered greatly with pains of

Neuralgia

in one eye and about my temples, especially at night when I had been having a hard day of physical and mental labor. I took many remedies, but found help only in Hood's Sarsaparilla which cured me of rheumatism, neuralgia and headache. Hood's Sarsaparilla has proved itself a true friend. I also take Hood's Pills to keep my bowels regular, and like the pills very much." ISAAC LEWIS, Sabina, Ohio.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take.

FROM OLD ROCKY.

The Man with One "Gallus" Has the Floor.

The Motto "Peace on Earth" Causes a Church Row—A Buxom Widow in the Settlement—Deacon Joiner's Unsuccessful Love Suit.

There is nothing like religion in this green and wicked old world we live in, and nothing better unless it maybe might be a little more of it. And when I say that I don't mean this rainy day, long-faced, Sunday-go-to-meetin religion. I mean plain, old-fashioned religion, that which will stand by and stay with a man every day and every hour, and be a prop and a pillow and a comfort through all his trials and struggles and temptations, and triumphs and troubles and tribulations.

"Peace on Earth." It aint for me to say for certain whether they have got any religion to speak of down at old Flat Rock church. But from general appearances it would raley seem to me as if they must have a monstrous strange and sorry and peccurios article of it.

Last Sunday was a week ago they put in, they did, and had the most scandalous church rumpus down there that has ever come to pass in all this short of the woods. It looks like they have had two wings to that church for the longest—the Tomlin wing and the Skinner wing. The Tomlins they wanted to do the floppin, and likewise also the Skinners. It was pull Dick, pull devil, who should and who shouldn't as between the two wings, and consequently it was mighty scarce and seldom that they would flop together peaceful and unanimous in the kindred ties of church fellowship, as it were. For two years past every time I had went down into the Flat Rock neighborhood seems to me like I could see a thin skim of smoke on the air and smell somethin burnin as from afar off. But last Sunday the fire broke out and bust loose right, and Flat Rock church went to pieces in the general smashup and confusion.

Now, you might not believe it if I didn't tell you so, but the one little thing which brings on that tremendous church rumpus was a motto with the words—"Peace on Earth." The women folks had went to work and got up a glorious big Sunday school celebration. The church was trimmed up rich and promiscuous from floor to rafters with flowers that bloom in the spring. Man, sir, there was flowers all around and flowers everywhere, and that dear old meetin house was a delightful sight to see. But in the general fixments you could shet one eye and see where the two wings of the church—the Tomlin wing and the Skinner wing—had tried their level blandest to see which could flop the hardest and fly the highest. Presently a covey of girls all dressed in white came in bearin the big banner, with the words—"Peace on Earth." Sister Tomlin riz up and said they would hang the banner on the left hand wall. But Sister Skinner lowed they would do nothing of the sort—they would hang it on the right hand wall. Well, sir, from that the two wings got to floppin fast and furious—one on the right side and one on the left. They got madder and madder and hotter and hotter, till finally at last the whole shootin match went into rough and tumble fight to settle the question as to which was which and who was who. Of course it was a plum scandalation on the country for miles around, and I wouldn't tell it if I didn't know the news would leak out somewhere else, but bless gracious in the general scrap and scramble they pulled and snatched and ripped and tore till they made doll rags and strings out of that glorious banner, with the motto and the words—"Peace on Earth."

Mind you, now—"I don't even make out like they haven't got plenty of religion, such as it is, down there at Flat Rock church. But it raley don't look to me like they have got very much of that good, old-fashion sort which brought the sunshine of peace to a lost and ruined world.

Sombody Had to Suffer.

Whenever two white men by the name of Andy Lucas and Blev Scroggins shake hands and lock arms and put their heads together to "make the time pass pleasant," as they are wont to say, somethin is more than probable to drap, and somebody will have to suffer.

Consequently Deacon Joiner is now "off of his feet" and "dead on his legs" and laid up for repairs. Blev and Andy they throwed out a trot line for the deacon. They baited the hook with love and moonshine and foolishness, and the deacon he bit like a natural-born sucker. Then the boys they cut the strings and let that poor old man float off, hopeless and helpless, down the snaggy fork of Salt river.

Year before last a buxom, fine-lookin widder by the name of Misses Logan moved into the settlement from somewhere down in the stump hills. You maybe might not think it jest to look at her, but the widder has got five boys at her house and they are all grown in a manner. But she don't even sorter half way look it. She is as handsome as a right young girl, and spry and action as a cat. She powders and primp and dresses clean out of sight, whilst the ribbons and the laces, the silks and the satins jest naturally whistle as she walks along the big road.

Fifteen years ago the hand of sorrow and affliction was laid rough and heavy on the Joiner place, and the deacon he was left a sad and lonely widower in this wicked and weary old world here below. After that the deacon never did recover until about the time when the Widder Logan moved her washin into the settlement. But henceforward from that time the deacon put on his best Sunday clothes reglar and constant, got his hair dyed black and brown in spots, wore a small flower garden on his manly chest, dispensed with poetry to anybody that would listen, and cut the pigeon wing around the buxom widder to beat creation.

Anybody and everybody could see with one eye shet that the widder wouldn't give four bits a dozen for Deacon Joiner. No doubts but what

she had her line out, you understand, and hit well baited, but yet still she want fishin for second-hand deacons any to speak of this spring.

If you haven't lived long enough to find it out, I have lived long enough to tell you that the blandest, outdoinest and most gonyest biggest fool that ever left his footprints on the broad bosom of the earth is one of these old fools when he takes up a fool notion that he must go and git married. And that was Deacon Joiner to a nat's heel—all around and all over. He didn't bruce up like a man and ask the widder if he might call in passin and then let nature take her course. The deacon he had the spring disease. He had a scandalous bad case of it. He had it so bad till he could mighty nigh taste it. But he didn't have the necessary grit in his craw to go on and take the medicine—kill or cure.

Now, in the main time the general facts in the case had leaked out promiscuous in the settlement when Blev Scroggins and Andy Lucas went a fishin for Deacon Joiner, and the deacon he bid more free and quicker than any speckled trout ever gobbled a blue-tail fly.

The Deacon Takes the Bait.

So in them days it came to pass—on a Saturday and late along in the shank of the evening—that Blev and Andy and the deacon all met up together on the road from town. The weather hit was "jest simply amphibious," as Andy tells it, with the flowers bloomin and the birds singin and the sun shinin and the bees hummin.

"Ef I was playin your hand, deacon," says Blev as they rid on together, "by gattins I would play it to win, or I would throw down the gards and quit the game. Why don't you jest fiddlin and foolin and fluttrin around the edges and go on and marry the widder, and let the agony blow over?"

"Them's my sentiments, deacon," put in the great horse trader, "if a horse can run and won't run, somethin ought to pull his shoes off and turn him out for cowbait."

"Well, now, boy," says the deacon, "you all know and everybody knows that I am more than willin to proceed with the proceedings if I could only get but for certain when to come in. But, dad blame it, the widder is so overlastin high-headed and coltish—she pulls on the bits so constant and so hard, till, by gracious, I don't know where to break through or how to start."

"I know what is the matter with you, deacon," says Blev; "blamed if you aint skeered."

"No, I aint skeered," says the deacon. "I have seen more women than one in my day and generation, boys, and the rustlin of a bunch of calico, with a few silks and satins throwed in for good measure, don't jar my hand a blessed bit."

"Well, if you aint skeered, I can tell you where to break in and how to take hold," says Blev. "Climb into your best Sunday riggins to-morrow and go up there and catch the widder and hold her and kiss her. Don't go to foolin and fummelin around till you lose your nerve, but sail right in and nail her on the spot."

"Then you can tell her that you didn't have your right mind—that you had sich a monstrous bad case till you raley didn't know what you was doin," says Andy by way of a bracer.

"Don't you do nothin of the sort, deacon," says Blev. "You tell her that you jest naturally loved her so hard, and so fervent, and so reckless till you gattins you couldn't help it."

"Dadburned if I don't do it," says the deacon, which by this time the boys had worked him up to the stickin pint. "Shink or swim, hit or miss, right or wrong, survive or surrender, I will go and kiss the widder."

The Storm Broke Loose.

On their return back home from town that night Blev and Andy come to our house to let me know that the "old hen was on, with a full settin of eggs and every egg full of devilment," and she was more than probable to come off the next day.

So, consequently, it want no ways surprisin to me when Deacon Joiner rid by the next mornin, dressed in an inch of his life and headed for the Widder Logan's. The deacon had on his "double-action Winchester" coat, or Aunt Nancy Newton would call it, and cinnamon drops on his hair till blamed if you couldn't smell him comin for 300 yards.

Deacon Joiner he rid on up there to the Logan place. He hitched his mule at the horse rack. He went bustlin into the house. He saw the widder. He caught her. He held her. He kissed her.

Then the storm broke loose. Everything that goes up must come down. The widder, she screamed. She fainted. She fell down in it. Then the Logan boys come into the game. They saw the deacon. He had lost his nerve and was burnin the wind for the horse rack. They went out after him. They caught him.

No, we didn't have no first-class funeral pursuant to adjournment. But when them Logan boys got through with Deacon Joiner and left him out there in the big road, me and Blev and Andy had to hook up a tender horse wagon and go and pick him up, tender like and gentle and haul him back home. The widder she has now went and got a warrant out against Deacon Joiner for assault with intent to murder. And the deacon says, by all that's good and bad, if he ever lives to git up from there he will be forever done with at least two men and all the women in creation.

But somebody had to suffer. Of course it was wrong. Everybody knows it was wrong, and I wouldn't even sorter half-way make out like it was right. But the good Lord made Deacon Joiner and Blev Scroggins and Andy Lucas. But after he made them three he never did make any more exactly like them.

Hat Raising by Machinery.

The commissioner of patents has granted a patent to James C. Boyle, an eccentric citizen of Spokane, Wash., for what he calls "a saluting device." When attached to the ordinary head it lifts the wearer of the manual labor of lifting his hat when he meets an acquaintance and his hands are otherwise engaged. All he has to do to accomplish this is to nod slightly. The motion starts the machinery, which is in the interior of the tile. The hat is suddenly hoisted about one foot above the head on an apparatus like that attached to a self-dumping coal cart. Then, after remaining at rest for a moment, it describes a semi-circle as it settles back upon the cranium,

MR. GLADSTONE AT WORK.

A Busy Man with a Passion for Saving the Minutes.

Three writing tables stand in the Hawarden castle library, and not one of them is for show. At one table Mrs. Gladstone writes many of her letters; the second, standing between two windows, is Mr. Gladstone's political desk. It looks now too neat, too tidy, by far, for the taste of any Gladstonian politician; the blotting pad has an unused air about it; the pen-wipers, racks, knives and other appurtenances stand about with a mathematical precision which means want of use, and there is neither note nor letter to be seen. The political desk, at all events for the present, must be numbered among the unemployed. But turn to the third, the literary writing table in the niche by the window, which is the most peaceful corner in that place of peace. You may there at any time during the day see a sight that will make your heart rejoice, and that will linger in your mind while pictures linger there at all.

The whole desk is covered with reference books of all shapes and sizes. They form a wall around three sides, and there is only an opening in the front of the desk just wide enough to allow Mr. Gladstone to place the sheets of foolscap on which he writes. There at this desk the G. O. M. sat lately all day long, with very short intervals, absorbed in "Hishop Butler," the man whom he gives a place among the best of men who have ever lived. The number of volumes required by Mr. Gladstone for reference is almost endless; he has often to search through one bulky tome after the other for some chance paragraph that may help him to elucidate a dark place in the "Analogy." There he sits, absorbed in his work; now writing rapidly and eagerly for some minutes; now throwing down his pen and dipping into one of the books with which he has surrounded himself. Sometimes a specially favored artist has been admitted to take Mr. Gladstone's portrait, but it is on express condition that the "sitter" shall not in any way be distracted from his work. Not once does Mr. Gladstone's attention flag, though you may perchance be sauntering about the room in company with a member of his family, or be privileged to have a chat with Mrs. Gladstone as, in loving pride in all her husband's doings, she points out to you this, that or the other of the objects in the library to which attaches a special interest for him. Not that Mr. Gladstone is altogether indifferent to violent interruptions. In fact, he objects to them strongly, and he does not hesitate to say so. But when it happens that he himself has invited you to "come into my room," he forgives you if you appear while he is at work, and works on, undisturbed by your presence or your voice, with an absorption in his occupation which is nothing short of marvellous. Whatever the work may be which he has in hand, it takes hold of him so entirely that he has to be aroused from it as most people are roused from sleep. Mr. Gladstone does not, as a rule, care to talk of his idiosyncrasies, since he holds the sincere opinion that he is very much like the rest of the world. But he acknowledges that his faculty of concentration is his special gift, the one by which he is distinguished from other people.

Another reason why Mr. Gladstone gets through so astounding an amount of work is his extraordinary habit of using up odds and ends of time. One day, not long ago, he was going out for a drive into Chester after luncheon. His pudding was very hot, so he went away from the table, changed his clothes, got ready for the drive and came back and finished his pudding, thus saving the ten minutes during which his pudding cooled!

From ten a. m. to luncheon time Mr. Gladstone spends regularly in the library, hard at work. But when the gong sounds he puts down his pen, for promptness in everything has become a second nature to him, and he is probably in the dining-room before anyone else arrives. Petz alone, if that little creature can arrange it so, is as prompt as his master, for his two ruling passions—love for his master and love for his dinner—come into play at the sound of the luncheon gong.—Westminster Gazette.

AN ABSENT-MINDED MAN.

Why He Thought His Sandwich Was Dry and Tasteless.

The absent-minded man took his seat at the restaurant table, and, as usual, buried his face at once in a newspaper. A waiter placed a bill-of-fare, a napkin and a knife and fork in front of him and stood two or three minutes unnoticed before asking: "What shall I bring you, sir?" "What's that?" said the absent-minded man, starting up suddenly, not remembering what it was all about.

"What do you want for lunch, sir?" the waiter asked again.

"Oh, yes," said the absent-minded, trying to collect his wits. "Bring me a cup of coffee and a ham sandwich."

The waiter supplied the order and put a large pasteboard check for it down on the table, the absent-minded man continuing to read his paper. The waiter went away to attend to the wants of other people, and about 15 minutes later came back.

"Do you wish anything more?" he asked, politely.

"Yes," snapped the absent-minded man, somewhat viciously. "Go and get me a fresh ham sandwich. The one you brought me was as dry as a bone."

"Why, here is the sandwich I brought, sir," said the waiter, pushing the plate toward him. "You've eaten the check."

Chicago Times-Herald.

THIS WAS A REAL ONE.

"I do not like the expression 'a quiet wedding,'" said the editor to his news reporter. "You know that in society there are no noisy weddings."

"But this was a quieter wedding than usual," replied the reporter.

"In what way?"

"The parties were deaf-mutes and they were married by the use of the sign-language."—Judge.

Her Disappointment.

"I was very much disappointed to-day," said Mrs. Northside when her husband came home from the office.

"What about?"

"It was a fine afternoon and I thought I'd return Mrs. Taw's call."

"And she was out, was she? That was too bad."

"No; she was in."—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

—To dream of dancing means you will shortly receive news from a long-absent friend.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; and cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

P. J. CUNNY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A MAN may have got his black eye by running against a church door, but it is hard to make a critical world believe it.—Athens Globe.

When two discourse, if the one's anger rise, the man who lets the contest fall is wise.—Plutarch.

Fair and Fruitful

As the West is, it is often malarious. But it is pleasant to know that a competent safeguard in the shape of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters exists, which absolutely nullifies the poison of miasma. Western bound emigrants should bear this in mind. No shield to be forgotten, the Bitters is a sterling remedy for dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, kidney and nervous complaints and rheumatism.

A crowd is not company, and faces are but a gallery of pictures, and talk but a tinkling cymbal, where there is no love.—Bacon.

When kings make war no law betwixt two sovereigns can decide but that of arms, where fortune is the judge, soldiers the lawyers and the bar the field.—Dryden.

Firs stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and \$2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Some people have moral sentiment who have no moral sense. There is a distinction and a difference.—N. Y. Mail and Express.

For Whooping Cough, Piso's Cure is a successful remedy.—Dr. J. C. Draper, 67 Throop Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 14, '94.

Our dangers and delights are near allies, from the same stem the rose and prickly rise.—Shakespeare.

This creditor whose appearance gladdens the heart of a debtor may hold his head in sunbeams and his foot in storms.—Lavater.

Mr. DOLLEY—"What do you mean by saying that your father made light of my proposal?" Miss Giggles—"Well, he did. He used to let me smoke his cigar with."—Detroit Free Press.

A CRISTAL river diaphanous because it travels slowly, soft is the music that would charm forever; the flower of sweetest smell is shy and lowly.—Wordsworth.

A MAN OF REPOSE.—Western Train-robber—"Hold up your hands!" Heggie Languld—"Aw, go tony man, dahn fellows; he always avanges about my traveling bills."—Truth.

SOGGY pie is mentioned as one of the causes of dyspepsia. One of the causes of soggy pie is the young married woman.—Texas Siftings.

"WHAT is the most convenient and economical way to travel in America?" asked the visiting Englishman. "On a pass," replied Trotter, dryly.—Harper's Bazar.

PARNOTT—"Do you think that Henpeck could ever keep a secret from his wife?" Wiggins—"Well, I'll bet that he never lets her know what he really thinks of her!"—Truth.

Mrs. NIX—"I love you are not afraid of work?" Weary Wil (uneasily)—"I ain't exactly afraid, mum; but I always feel fidgety when dere's anything like dat around."—Truth.

"I'm afraid your young man is not economical." "Yes, he is, papa; he asked me to go sleighriding to-night, and he wants to borrow your cutter."—Chicago Record.

It may not be polite to count the change when a friend obliges you by changing a bill, but it is just as well to do it if you want your cash to balance.—Century.

My pen is at the bottom of a page, which being finished here my story ends; 'tis to be wished it had been sooner done, but stories somehow lengthen when begun.—Byron.

Why should you yearn for fame? Maybe, When death has ended earthly ills, Posterity may blush to see Your name adorning some one's pills. Chicago Record.

Syrup of Figs

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

Greatest Quantity. Highest Quality. Smallest Price.

Battle Ax

PLUG

The only brand of strictly high grade tobacco ever sold for a low price. Not the large size of the piece alone that has made "Battle Ax" the most popular brand on the market for 5 cents, QUALITY; SIZE; PRICE.

It's a slow process, usually—education, development, and growth. But it hasn't been so with Pearline. Pearline's success has been a wonder from the start. All the more so when you consider the many poor imitations of it, which claim to make washing easy.

These things tend to confuse people, of course. They're forced on the public by peddlers, prizes, substitution, etc. No doubt they're often thought to be the same as Pearline. We protest. Don't judge Pearline (the soap) by the company it has to keep.

Pearline

CURRENT COMMENT.

NICOLA TESLA has, by means of the Roentgen or X rays, seen through the bodies of three of his assistants placed in a line.

In Columbus, Minn., choice white potatoes were recently reported as selling at the remarkably cheap price of 1½ cents a bushel.

It is said that the women of Ohio, in response to the theater high hat bill, will ask the legislature for a law prohibiting expectation on the floor of any public place.

An Englishman who has been looking over Georgia assures an Atlanta paper that there are gold mines in the northern part of that state that ought to produce \$40,000,000 a year.

The Ohio legislature has followed up the theatrical high hat law with another adopting the electric chair in executions, and a third making it a misdemeanor to offer to treat a man in a saloon.

An amateur boxer has patented a vest of padded material, and a mask for the jaw and nose, so constructed that even heavy blows seem to the wearer like gentle tapping. There is also an electrical device to register the number of blows received.

The czar of Russia has ordered that bottles of brandy, ornamented with the royal arms, be distributed at Moscow during the time of the coronation festivities. He has also directed the hotel proprietors in that city to exercise the greatest liberality toward their guests.

According to late advices a Cossack giantess will visit America during the coming summer. She created a sensation in St. Petersburg a short time ago when she appeared there. Her age was given then as 11 years and 3 months, her weight as 263½ pounds and her height as 8 feet 11 inches.

The Sioux City, Ia., school board has ordered the removal of all penny-in-the-slot machines from the vicinity of the schoolhouses. The pupils are said to have been converting their available assets into pennies to play the machines and to be forming dishonest habits by working them with slugs and buttons.

A NATIVE of Montreal, Can., has invented a gun which he confidently believes, when it is adopted by all nations, will make war impossible. If all that is claimed for it be true the gun is certainly the most remarkable piece of ordnance in existence. This most remarkable feature of the gun is that no explosive is used and that its missiles are projected by an agency, the nature of which is a profound secret, which, without noise or smoke, is capable of discharging the almost incredible number of 200,000 shots a minute.

MORE than 20,000,000 people of the United States chew gum persistently at an annual cost of \$20,000,000. Five big factories, to say nothing of many smaller concerns, are needed to supply the increased demand for gum, one company alone selling more than \$5,000,000 worth—a sum greater than we pay for the support of home and foreign missions. For this variety of jaw exercise we pay \$2,000,000 more than we do for the maintenance of our army and all its denominations. The amount expended last year for colleges, charities and churches about equals what was paid for chewing gum.

A MAJORITY of the members of the house of representatives, the Philadelphia Press says, seem to be impressed by the arguments in favor of the metric system, but when it appeared that they were going to pass the metric bill they became afraid and began to vote the other way. Pounds which vary in weight and bushels and quarts which vary in size are admitted evils, but the people have been getting along with them for so many centuries and the metric system is so foreign to them that they prefer to bear the ills of unequal measures and weights rather than adopt an unfamiliar system.

HON. ANDREW D. WHITE, ex-United States minister to Russia and a member of the Venezuelan boundary commission, presents statistics which show that "under no other civilized government, whether monarchy or republic, is the right to life so trampled upon by a privileged class of criminals" as in this country. "The United States," he says, "among all the nations of the Christian world, that country in which the crime of murder is most frequently committed and least frequently punished." There were 10,600 homicides in 1895, as against 3,507 in 1880, and only 132 legal executions.

LEONARD HENKLE is the architect and originator of a stupendous enterprise to build a \$4,000,000 palace over the cataract at Niagara Falls. It is to be located about 50 feet above the brink of the Horseshoe falls and will be at least half a mile long and in width 1,600 feet. The height will be 600 feet, the center, however, rising to about 1,000 feet above the river. The lower part of the building will average 46 stories. The exterior will consist of block stone, fretted and ornamental. The building will be supported by 40 huge columns, which are to be presented by the nations of the world.

Ohio's state road commissioner has devised a wagon road of steel, which will be given a thorough trial in that and several other states. These roads consist of two steel gutters of boiler plate thickness, five inches wide, with a square, perpendicular shoulder half an inch high, then an angle of one inch outward, slightly raised. The gutter forms a conduit for the water and makes it easy for the wheels to enter or leave the track. Such a double track railroad, filled in with broken stone of macadam size, costs about \$6,000 per mile, as against \$7,000 for a macadam roadbed of the same width.

THE CHRONICLE.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

VOLUME X.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1896.

NUMBER 42.

IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Matabeles Massing Men Near Bulawayo.

ENGLAND WILL SEND TROOPS

To Cape Colony and Natal to Crush All Opposition—An Interview with Kruger—What the Willy Boer is Afraid Of.

The Matabeles Massing Men. CAPE TOWN, April 18.—Advices which left Bulawayo by coach have been received here stating that the Matabeles are massing men to the north-east of that place and sending out small looting parties. The hostile Matabeles are within half an hour's march of the town.

Bulawayo is in Danger. CAPE TOWN, April 18.—No official statement from any source is worth considering for a moment if it takes the ground that Bulawayo is not in danger. Bulawayo is in great danger. In fact, ere this the town may be in the hands of the Matabeles.

The latest advices received here from Bulawayo have increased the anxiety for the safety of the place. Military men, scouts, Dutchmen and Englishmen, civilians of all classes, veteran troopers and government officials concur in the statement that the governor of Cape Colony, Sir Hercules Robinson, has not told the truth if he has notified the home government that Bulawayo is in no danger. It is evident to everybody here that the British at Bulawayo are in a most critical position.

It has been stated that Bulawayo is held by 1,000 men. This is not correct. The number of fighting men there is under 900, and of this small number, compared with the 15,000 Matabeles in the vicinity of the town, 300 are reported to have been dispatched to hold Mangwe pass, which is a steep defile, with angular turnings, and can be rendered impregnable.

England Means Business. LONDON, April 18.—The statement made in the house by Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, that the government has decided to immediately replace the troops who were going into the interior of Africa from Capetown by a battalion of infantry and a body of mounted men only skirted the truth. A much greater movement of troops has been decided upon than was indicated in the statement of the colonial secretary. At a conference held Thursday between the marquis of Lansdowne, secretary of state for war, Mr. Chamberlain, commander-in-chief, Lord Wolsey and Gen. Sir Redvers Buller, it was arranged to gradually pour enough troops into Cape Colony and Natal. This measure is taken in direct opposition to Sir Hercules Robinson, governor of Cape Colony, and British high commissioner in South Africa, who has advised the government that the reinforcement of the British troops now in South Africa will excite the Matabeles and hinder the prospect of peace with the Transvaal. Gov. Robinson states that President Kruger has sent a communication to him declaring that the negotiations between the Transvaal and Great Britain will be hopeless if troops are sent to Cape Colony.

The Globe and other unionist, and also many liberal, organs protest that the government ought not to show timidity before the Boers and submit, while the Transvaal is arming itself to the teeth, to keeping the British forces on a mere police level. The Globe suggests the dismissal of Gov. Robinson for being too subservient to the government of the Transvaal, and in this it certainly voices conservative feeling.

Kruger On to Their Game.

PRETORIA, April 18.—Barney Barnato and the representative of Kimberly in the Cape parliament had an interview with President Kruger on April 16. Barnato declared to Kruger that a vast majority of the Uitlanders were satisfied with the present form of government, but would continue to agitate for redress of internal grievances. President Kruger admitted the existence of grievance, but the chief difficulty in the way of their redress, he said, was to convince the burghers, since the recent raid, that the Uitlanders did not want to upset the government.

That Awful Baby Farmer.

LONDON, April 18.—The developments in the case of Mrs. Dyer, who was arrested at Reading in connection with the discovery of the bodies of a number of infants in the Thames, are horrifying the country. It has been proved that since Christmas 20 children were entrusted to Mrs. Dyer's keeping, and that only four are living. The others have vanished. Prior to Christmas many other children who had been placed in her charge disappeared. The woman has for a long time practiced a wholesale system of infant murder. It is suspected that she has caused the death of over 40 children. She lived in Reading, where she had the reputation of piety. The police are tracking her accomplice.

Millions Said to Be Missing.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 18.—In a statement issued by the Baltimore committee on reorganization of the Baltimore & Ohio railway it is asserted that from 1888 to the present there was an unwarranted increase in the floating debt to the amount of more than \$12,000,000, and the many valuable securities belonging to the company were sold without these transactions finding a place in the published reports of the operations of the company.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

Rev. Smith Goodin, aged 77, died suddenly at Muncie, Ind. Mrs. J. Harley Stewart, for 50 years a resident of Bloomington, Ill., died at Los Angeles, Cal., aged 74. John Stetson, the theatrical manager, died in Boston, after an illness of four days with pneumonia.

The republicans and populists of Alabama are fusing, not only on state, but county offices and legislature. The remains of the late Walter Q. Gresham will be removed from Chicago to Arlington cemetery, Washington. It is definitely stated that Lord Dufferin, the British ambassador to France, will retire from diplomatic life about the middle of July.

The supreme court of Virginia has decided a divorce case in which the interested principle that a husband may be held responsible for his mother's cruelty to his wife was laid down. A big moose wandered from the woods into the residence portion of Duluth, Minn., and attracted much attention. The animal was remarkably tame and seemed to be looking for food.

Marshal Yamagata, of Japan, on the eve of his departure from New York for Europe, issued a statement thanking the American people for the friendly reception he met all over the country.

D. Whitehead died at his home in Salina, Kas., after a lingering illness of five months. He was proprietor of the oldest jewelry house in central Kansas.

James, the nine-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gregerson, of near Olga, Minn., saved his baby sister from the clutches of a hungry bear, and then, with his father's rifle, killed the animal.

John Anderson, who proved himself a hero in the memorable Luke Miller mine disaster on October 8, 1891, when he saved the lives of 47 workmen at the risk of his own, was killed by the cars at Shanokin, Pa.

Unusual activity is noticeable at the League Island navy yard. Work on the cruisers and monitors is going forward at a rapid rate under orders from Washington to prepare the various vessels for possible service.

Monroe Johnston, colored, was found guilty of robbing a house and attempting to kill A. C. Shields, a prominent farmer, at Charlotte, N. C. Burglary is a capital offense in North Carolina, and Johnston was sentenced to be hanged.

A gigantic bicycle trust is taking shape, with every probability of its headquarters being located in Toledo. A manufacturer, in speaking of the matter, said that the combination will be larger and more far-reaching than the Standard Oil Co.

Among the ordinances passed at the last session of the old city council of Charleston, Ill., was one ordering all business places except hotels, boarding houses and restaurants (these being allowed to serve only regular customers), to be closed on Sundays.

The Massachusetts legislature has side-tracked, after a hot fight, the bill to erect a statue of the late Benjamin F. Butler on the statehouse grounds. The committee on ways and means, in giving its reasons, objected to incurring the expense at present and said: "We believe that a true regard for art and economy requires further deliberation."

The United States secret service officers have arrested Wm. Westmeyer, a well-known resident of Newport, Ky., for having on his premises an illicit still with a capacity of 20 gallons. Westmeyer had fallen behind in his rent, had been sued, and when a constable entered the house he detected a strong odor of whiskey. This led to an investigation.

Suspected of Being a Spotter.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., April 18.—Early this morning Starling Savage was taken from his bed at Irving College, Tenn., seven miles from McMinnville, in Warren county, by a mob of masked moonshine whiskey men and hanged to a tree. The moonshiner was suspected of being a "spotter" for the United States internal revenue.

A Noted Indian Dying.

BLACK RIVER FALLS, Wis., April 18.—Chief Blackhawk, now 100 years old, is dying in his wigwam, nine miles south of Fairchild. He is the last of his race, being a direct descendant from Blackhawk, the noted chief of the war of 1812. The dying warrior has ruled the paramount of the once powerful Winnebago tribe for the last half century.

Col. Cockerill's Remains.

NEW YORK, April 18.—A special cable dispatch to the Herald from Cairo, Egypt, says: A brief ceremony was conducted yesterday by the clergy of the American mission, prior to sending the remains of the late Col. John A. Cockerill to New York, and was attended by the American colony. The khedive was officially represented.

California's Gold and Silver.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 18.—The director of the San Francisco mint has forwarded his annual report to the department at Washington. It shows the gold output of California for the year 1895 to be \$15,334,317.09, as compared with \$13,863,281.80 in 1894. The silver output for 1895 was \$509,789.70, against \$293,331.55 for 1894.

Ordered a Favorable Report.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The senate committee on military affairs has ordered a favorable report by a unanimous vote on the list of directors of the national soldiers' home as agreed to by the house.

Peary May Go North Again.

NEW YORK, April 18.—Lieut. Peary, the arctic explorer, it is rumored, may again lead an exploring expedition to the Arctic regions.

SOME WOES OF A DAY.

Four Rook Miners Killed By a Falling Stone.

FATALLY BURNED IN A TENEMENT FIRE.

Fate of a Young Girl Who Was Taking a Bicycle Ride—A North Carolina Man Who Preferred Death to Going to Prison.

Four Men Killed.

SCRANTON, Pa., April 18.—Falling rock in the Eddy Creek shaft at Olyphant killed four men. The victims:

Ralph and James Abbott, brothers, who lived at Throop. John McHale, of Olyphant. William Harvey, of Priebeburg.

The men were known as rock miners, and were driving a tunnel from one part of the mine when a rock fell and killed them.

A Bad Tenement House Fire.

CINCINNATI, April 18.—In a tenement house fire at Klotter and Baymiller streets, at one o'clock this morning, Mrs. Mary Shafer, aged 48, was fatally burned. Mrs. Freda Wagner, 27 years old, was frightfully burned about the face, shoulders, arms and feet. Her infant daughter was also burned, but not badly.

A Young Girl's Fate.

WORKSTER, Mass., April 18.—Rosie Chabot, aged 17, was killed while riding a bicycle. Miss Chabot had borrowed a wheel for the afternoon, and in company with three friends, started for a short ride. She was not an expert rider, and in endeavoring to pass a heavy cart, loaded with gravel, she rode into the gutter and in attempting to get back into the road lost control of her wheel, which struck a stone and threw her under the wheels of the cart, which passed completely over the girl's body and head, crushing her terribly. She died on the way to the hospital.

Kept His Word.

RALEIGH, N. C., April 18.—John Tillman, a distiller near Roxboro, committed suicide by taking strychnine. There is an indictment in the United States court against him for violation of revenue laws, and he had said he would die before he would go to court.

The Story Told.

LANCASTER, Pa., April 18.—Joseph Dougherty, who, last night, shot and killed his wife at Lititz and shot himself, died early this morning. The tragedy is believed to have been caused by Dougherty becoming intoxicated. His previous reputation was that of a sober and industrious man.

FLOODS IN THE DOMINION.

Many Villages and Towns Under Water, and Many Bridges, Mills, Farm Houses, Etc., Carried Away.

MONTREAL, Can., April 18.—Reports which are reaching here show that as a consequence of the extraordinarily warm weather of the past few days melting the snow, which during the past winter had fallen in unprecedented quantities, the rivers and streams in all parts of the province have become swollen to an extent unknown in 30 years, and great damage is being done to property along their shores.

Many villages and towns are reported wholly or partly under water, the inhabitants being compelled to move about in boats and on rafts. Dozens of bridges, including some of the largest in the province, have been carried away, together with numerous mills, farmhouses and other buildings, as well as logs, lumber and movable property of all kinds.

Railway traffic is greatly interrupted by washouts and the carrying away of bridges. The water is dropping slowly now, but it is feared that when the ice, which holds in some of the rivers and lakes, gives way further and, perhaps, more serious damage will result.

Floods at Sherbrooke and along the St. Francis river for a distance of 50 miles south and north of that town still continue, and fears are entertained that the worst is still to come, the ice in St. Francis lake not having started yet.

The Quebec Central railway bridge over the St. Lawrence river, half a mile from Sherbrooke, gave way in consequence of the pressure against it of enormous quantities of heavy blocks of ice. It comprised two spans of about 300 feet in all.

Harrison Disenters.

PUTNAM, Conn., April 18.—William Harrison Taylor, editor of the Home Journal of this city, sent the following telegram to ex-President Benjamin Harrison on the day of his recent marriage:

"Hearty congratulations. May 'at home' mean 'White House' in November. On Thursday Mr. Taylor received the following letter from ex-President Harrison, dated April 14:

"Thank you for your telegram of congratulations and good wishes—so far as they relate to my domestic concerns—but I beg to enter a dissent from your political suggestion."

The Tariff Question in Canada.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 18.—Mr. Foster, minister of finance, said, in the Dominion house of commons, he had been urged to make numerous changes in the tariff, but owing to the shortness of the session he could not see his way clear to recommend any of them. The only proposal he had to make was to extend for another year the privilege of admitting free into Canada such mining machinery as is not manufactured in Canada.

Sympathy From Canada.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 18.—The Dominion house of commons has passed a resolution sympathizing with the Christian population in Asiatic Turkey.

THE REVIEW OF TRADE.

A Better Feeling Caused Everywhere by the Admittance of Warm Weather—Improvement in Wholesale and Retail Trade.

NEW YORK, April 18.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

The sudden change from sleighing to mid-summer heat, with fair sides in most cities, has tested the prevalent idea that weather only was needed to bring general improvement of business. Everywhere there has been more retail buying, and in some branches, better demand at wholesale and retail. The works have resulted, but not as yet in most lines. There is no abatement of the almost universal disposition to deal with unusual conditions, and to anticipate future wants, and this has been especially conspicuous where combinations have been formed or prices advanced. The comparative infrequency of serious failures, with money less disturbed since gold exports began than might have been expected, helps to give encouragement, but does not kindle speculative fires; so that such improvement as appears is mainly of a healthy sort.

To many interested in iron and steel, steel billets, Bessemer pigs and various forms of steel, it may be disappointing that forming of combinations and fixing of prices have not started again the rush to buy ahead of needs, which made last year so memorable. But it is not easy to forget the lesson which the last year taught, and to anticipate future wants, and this has been especially conspicuous where combinations have been formed or prices advanced. The comparative infrequency of serious failures, with money less disturbed since gold exports began than might have been expected, helps to give encouragement, but does not kindle speculative fires; so that such improvement as appears is mainly of a healthy sort.

The greatest consumers of lake ore have not hastened to make contracts at advanced prices and the output of coke is stationary. The tin-plate makers are meeting, and some propose to produce steel for their trade at plants of their own. Unsold stocks increased in March 15,888 tons more than was reported last week. At the west almost every town seems to want steel for some building, and good orders have been placed for bars by implement and car makers. Heavy production of copper defeats heavy exports, and \$10.75 is quoted for lake, and spotter has broken to \$4.00.

Shipments of boots and shoes from Boston in April thus far have been 8 per cent. less than last year, though larger than in previous years. Textile works are less fortunate. The Silk association states that 40 per cent. of the machinery and hands in the country are idle, partly because of increasing Japanese competition. Several more woolen mills have shut down, and some have reduced wages 10 per cent., while many are working only half time, but recent advances by appraisers not only disclose heavy undervaluations in the past, but tend to check future imports. The demand for goods does not improve, and sales of wool for two weeks of April at the three chief markets have been only \$5,611,000 pounds, against \$11,559,300 last year and \$10,182,500 in 1895.

Somewhat more demand for staple cottons has been aroused by bargain prices, but the closing of many mills for a time is urged as necessary, and one of the largest and oldest mills, the Lawrence, abandons production of heavy goods and turns to hosiery.

Wheat rose about five cents last week, met some reaction, but closed a shade higher than a week ago. Later accounts are more promising as to winter wheat, and western receipts in two weeks of April are 3,000 bushels, against 2,334,302 last year, while Atlantic exports for the same weeks have been only 3,301,917, four included, against 3,718,880 last year. The small exports so late in the season and western receipts proving that the yield last year much exceeded any estimates have left little confidence in predictions of scarcity. After remaining unchanged for many days, rumors either way having no effect, cotton rose 1-16 of a cent on Thursday. Heavy commercial and mill stocks hindered most buyers, and possibilities of injury to the coming crop retarded sellers at current prices.

Failures for the last week have been 233 in the United States, against 21 last year, and 33 in Canada, against 31 last year.

HERE'S A CANDIDATE.

Ex-Gov. Russell of Massachusetts Wants to Be the Democratic Standard Bearer.

NEW YORK, April 18.—A Boston special says: Ex-Gov. William E. Russell, through Judge John W. Corcoran, chairman of the democratic state committee, has announced his candidacy



AUSTRALIAN WOOL CLIP.

A Decrease Beyond All Precedent Reported for 1895.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—A decrease beyond all precedent in the Australian wool clip for 1895 is reported to the state department by Daniel W. Marratta, United States consul general at Melbourne. For several years past the clip has been falling off. In 1891, when the down grade commenced, the number of sheep in New South Wales, for example, was 61,831,416, while last year they numbered 47,433,332. Between 1894 and 1895 alone the decrease was 9,500,000 sheep, a greater number than in any previous year. The decrease during the drought of 1892 was less than 4,000,000, and even the great drought of 1884 left New South Wales with only 6,250,000 fewer sheep. The decrease during 1895 resulted from two causes, a disastrous drought in many districts, and the fact that the clip of 1894 was unduly augmented by the great shearing strike of that year, which, by delaying shearing, gave the clips of many stations too much growth.

Mr. Marratta says that the very heavy losses in sheep can not fail to direct attention to the possibility of a further decrease of the 1896 yield compared with the attenuated clip of 1895.

Valuable Hens Burned.

LExINGTON, Ky., April 18.—The \$10,000 barn of Thomas C. Jefferson, two miles from town, on the Harrodsburg pike, was destroyed by fire; insurance, \$5,000. All of Jefferson's horses, save six, were in paddocks, and the grooms had no difficulty in getting the six out.

The General Deficiency Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The house appropriations committee has completed the general deficiency bill—the last of the general appropriation bills—and it was reported to the house by Chairman Cannon. The measure carries an appropriation of \$4,741,340.

Alleged Train Robbers Captured.

ST. LOUIS, April 18.—It is expected here that the three men who held up a Frisco train near Lebanon not long ago, and secured considerable money, have been captured at Litchfield, Ill.

The Cost of Government.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The total appropriations for the present Congress aggregate \$615,027,405.

THE LATEST FROM CUBA

The Spanish Forces Would Compel Maceo to Make a Stand.

TWENTY THOUSAND SPANISH SOLDIERS

Guard the Trocha from the North to the South Coast—Spain Endeavoring to Induce European Powers to Make Common Cause.

The Supreme Question.

NEW YORK, April 18.—A morning paper has the following cable from Havana:

The one supreme question now is whether Maceo and his host can force a passage across the 25-y Spanish trocha of earthworks, trenches and barbed-wire barriers. This trocha stretches across the island from Mariel on the north shore to Mojanga on the south coast, and is guarded by perhaps 20,000 troops. It begins about 25 miles west of Havana.

At least 30,000 Spaniards are on the other side of the trocha to-day, attempting to force the rebel leader to make a stand with his exhausted men. Spanish troops are still out in pursuit, and the force grows larger.

To-day Maceo was in the mountains of Lechuza, north of Candelaria. He is said to be hard pressed for food and ammunition. The Spanish forces came into skirmish touch with the rebels at several points yesterday and to-day. A crisis is near. Gen. Weyler is profoundly absorbed in this critical movement.

The attorney-general reports that the health of the army is good. There has been a smaller percentage of deaths in Havana hospitals since January 1 than in the Spanish hospitals.

A Report That Maceo Has Crossed.

NEW YORK, April 18.—The Havana correspondent of a local paper writes:

It is asserted that Gen. Maceo has recrossed the military trocha, and is now once more in Havana province. This important information has not yet been published officially, and will cause a sensation here when it becomes known. The military trocha between Mojanga and Mariel was supposed to be as solid as an iron wall.

Spain and Other European Powers.

NEW YORK, April 18.—A Madrid special to a New York paper says:

The foreign ambassadors, chiefly those of Great Britain, France and Germany, have had long conferences with the duke of Tetuan, in the first place, then more recently with Senor Canovas del Castillo. It is understood that the basis for negotiations was the declaration that the European powers have the same territorial, political and economical interests in America, and therefore a common political action is convenient. The danger of United States supremacy menacing the expulsion of Europeans is also taken into account. There were misgivings regarding the attitude of Germany, whose relations with Spain have been very strained since the Spanish parliament rejected the commercial treaty which the reichstag had passed only through the personal exertions and even menaces of the emperor. The rejection of this treaty by the cortes infuriated the kaiser, who swore he would have no more dealings with Spain, and subsequently profited by opportunities in making himself disagreeable.

AUSTRALIAN WOOL CLIP.

A Decrease Beyond All Precedent Reported for 1895.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—A decrease beyond all precedent in the Australian wool clip for 1895 is reported to the state department by Daniel W. Marratta, United States consul general at Melbourne. For several years past the clip has been falling off. In 1891, when the down grade commenced, the number of sheep in New South Wales, for example, was 61,831,416, while last year they numbered 47,433,332. Between 1894 and 1895 alone the decrease was 9,500,000 sheep, a greater number than in any previous year. The decrease during the drought of 1892 was less than 4,000,000, and even the great drought of 1884 left New South Wales with only 6,250,000 fewer sheep. The decrease during 1895 resulted from two causes, a disastrous drought in many districts, and the fact that the clip of 1894 was unduly augmented by the great shearing strike of that year, which, by delaying shearing, gave the clips of many stations too much growth.

Mr. Marratta says that the very heavy losses in sheep can not fail to direct attention to the possibility of a further decrease of the 1896 yield compared with the attenuated clip of 1895.

Valuable Hens Burned.

LExINGTON, Ky., April 18.—The \$10,000 barn of Thomas C. Jefferson, two miles from town, on the Harrodsburg pike, was destroyed by fire; insurance, \$5,000. All of Jefferson's horses, save six, were in paddocks, and the grooms had no difficulty in getting the six out.

The General Deficiency Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The house appropriations committee has completed the general deficiency bill—the last of the general appropriation bills—and it was reported to the house by Chairman Cannon. The measure carries an appropriation of \$4,741,340.

Alleged Train Robbers Captured.

ST. LOUIS, April 18.—It is expected here that the three men who held up a Frisco train near Lebanon not long ago, and secured considerable money, have been captured at Litchfield, Ill.

The Cost of Government.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The total appropriations for the present Congress aggregate \$615,027,405.

THE CHRONICLE.

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, APRIL 23, 1896.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce W. A. Thompson as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. S. Parrell as a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of W. L. Davis authorize The Chronicle to announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. H. Hammond as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR SHERIFF.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Amos Daniel as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce S. W. Nelson as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. P. Christian as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR COMMISSIONER—FIRST DISTRICT.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Hosea Pearson as a Commissioner of Shelby county, from the Columbian District No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR CONSTABLE.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce A. S. Liles as a candidate for the office of Constable of Beat No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic party.

THE POPULITE CONVENTION.

The populites of Shelby county met in convention at noon Wednesday in the court house. The attendance was noticeably smaller than in the past, and if there was any great amount of enthusiasm on hand it was corked up and saved for some other occasion. The counting of the vote of the primary was the first thing to be disposed of in order to ascertain who were the nominees. It was urged by some that the vote be counted in open convention, but that aroused stubborn opposition because the very small vote polled in the county would necessarily be exposed. It was finally decided to select one delegate from each beat, and these having been selected they were sent into one of the jury rooms to count the votes and report. This committee did as instructed, and about 3 o'clock they came in with their report. The nominees are as follows: A. P. Longshore, representative; E. F. Vest, sheriff; John S. Pitts, tax assessor; W. A. Tallant, treasurer; and J. E. Dyke, commissioner. They took particular pains, however, not to announce how many votes each candidate received, or to state the total number of votes cast.

A committee of five was selected to draw up a platform, a set of resolutions, and set forth the demands which they proposed to enscribe on their banner. The following is the result of their labors:

PLATFORM.

In the midst of profound peace, possessed of the richest and most fruitful country on the face of the globe, with a succession of bountiful harvests, having an industrious and enterprising population, with inexhaustible resources of soil, minerals and staple productions, and a form of government the most simple and propitious for the spread of universal happiness and prosperity, we find at this time the people of Alabama and the whole country environed with conditions that threaten destitution, misery, suffering and want, never before known in our country's history; confidence destroyed, tramps filling our highways, men from necessity growing sordid and selfish. The moral and religious foundations of our civilization are being undermined with a dangerous spirit that substitutes vice for virtue, and greed for power and wealth for honor and morality to such an extent that civilization is threatened, and believing that these conditions have been brought about by the agencies of the money power, the peoples' party of Shelby county in convention assembled, sets forth the following platform of principles:

RESOLUTIONS.

RESOLVED 1st, That we denounce the demonization of silver in 1873 and the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman law in 1893 as destructive of the industrial masses.

RESOLVED 2nd, That we condemn in unmeasured terms the issuing of bonds by the present democratic administration as unwarranted in law and an outrage upon the wealth-producers of this country.

RESOLVED 3rd, That the resolution of the recent democratic convention of this county in placing the name of Grover Cleveland beside "that illustrious triumvirate Washington, Jefferson and Jackson" is an insult to the intelligence of the voters of Shelby county.

1. We demand a free vote and an honest count.

2. We demand the free coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1.

3. We demand the abolition of national banks.

4. We demand a sufficient circulating medium consisting of gold silver and paper, to do the business of the country.

5. We demand an economical administration of the affairs of the state and national governments.

6. We demand a graduated income tax.

7. We favor more liberal educational facilities for the masses and a better and more efficient administration of the school laws.

We notice nothing unusual in their platform, resolutions and demands, as they conform very closely with the stereotyped forms, except that they are rather more conservative than they have been. This is a good indication if it means nothing more than the laying aside of passion and prejudice, and a willingness to abide the decision of the voters of the county, rather than to carry their ticket through by force of arms, as has been advocated by leaders of the Dr. Crowe type. We were amazingly gratified also to learn from A. P. Longshore's speech of acceptance that all democrats are not ballot box-stuffers. He even went far enough to say that many of them are fair-minded men and not disposed to countenance rascality at the polls. This encourages us to hope that the day is not far distant when a man can be a democrat, and still be honorable (in the opinion of Longshore.)

But had you noticed that only about half the ticket was nominated? Well the other half miscarried. In other words the co-operatives didn't co-operate. They were here, quite a number at least, but they didn't show up with their part of the ticket as per agreement. Consequently at this stage of the proceedings a motion prevailed that on the second Saturday in May they again meet in convention to fill out the ticket.

STEEL is now being used for purposes never thought of heretofore. It is now being used in Ohio for wagon roads. These roads consist of two rails made of steel the thickness of boiler iron, each formed in the shape of a gutter five inches wide, with a square perpendicular shoulder 1 1/2 inch high, then an angle of 1 inch outward slightly raised. The gutter forms a conduit for the water, and makes it easy for the wheels to enter or leave a track. Such a double track steel railroad, 16 feet wide, filled in between with broken stone, would cost about \$6,000 per mile, but the cost of a rural one-track steel road would be only \$2,000 per mile. It is claimed that such a road would last much longer than stone, and that one horse will draw on a steel track twenty times as much as on a dirt road.

We regret that it is impossible to give a synopsis of the proceedings of the state convention this week, but we could not do so without holding the paper back another day. Joseph F. Johnston is of course the nominee for governor, and he will make the race on a free silver platform. The balance of the ticket is as follows: Geo. W. Ellis, treasurer; W. S. White, auditor; W. C. Pitts, attorney general; John O. Turner, superintendent of education; I. F. Culver, commissioner of agriculture. Comment later.

THE New York World says that at the beginning of this year the silver coins and silver certificates in actual circulation in the United States amounted to \$450,700,000. There were also in circulation treasury notes of 1890 representing silver bullion purchases to the extent of \$115,725,760. Thus we have a circulation of \$575,427,029 based directly on silver, as against \$534,684,985 in gold coin and gold certificates. Isn't this a pretty practical bimetalism?

AN unfortunate tragedy occurred in Montgomery at an early hour Tuesday morning, in which Sheriff Kennedy, of Dallas county, armed with a shot gun, fatally wounded Percy Wood and shot Mardis Wood seriously if not fatally. Percy died a few hours after the shooting. The trouble grew out of the alleged intimacy of Mardis Wood with the wife of Sheriff Kennedy. The way of the transgressor is usually thorny.

MAJOR MCKINLEY is a member of the Methodist church, and has been for many years. He is a Free Mason, a Knight Templar, a Knight of Pythias, a comrade of the Grand Army of the Republic, a member of the Union Veterans Union, and the Sons of the American Revolution.

Reunion United Confederate Veterans. at Richmond, Va.—Reduced Rates via Southern Railway.

For the occasion of the 6th Annual Reunion of the United Confederate Veterans, which occurs at Richmond, Va., June 30-July 2, 1896, the Southern railway will sell tickets to Richmond, Va., and return at very low rates.

Tickets from points in Georgia and Tennessee, north and east of Atlanta and Chattanooga, will be sold June 27 and 28, and from points south and west of Atlanta and Chattanooga, and east of the Mississippi river, tickets will be sold June 26, 27, 28 and 29. Final limit on tickets from all points will be July 6, 1896.

From points south and west of Atlanta, the Southern Railway is the short and quick route to Richmond, Va., via the "Piedmont Air Line," and the service is peerless. From Knoxville, Tenn., to Chattanooga, Tenn., and points west thereof, the route of the Southern Railway is via Asheville and through the scenic "Land of the Sky." The service of this line is unexcelled.

Call on any agent of the Southern Railway for further information or E. J. Martin, T. P. A., Columbus, Miss., J. L. Meek, T. P. A., Knoxville, Tenn., W. H. Doll, T. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn., L. A. Shipman, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala., J. C. Andrews, S. W. P. A., New Orleans, La., W. A. Turk, G. P. A., Washington, D. C., S. H. Hardwick, A. G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga., C. A. Benscoter, A. G. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.

HARD TIMES HOWLER HIT.

From the Birmingham News.

The statement contained in the budget presented to the house of commons by the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Bench, furnishes an indication of returning prosperity not only to England, but to the United States as well, and holds out poor hopes to the calamity howler. The year 1895 was one of unexampled revenues to England. The extent of the increase in revenue receipts is so remarkable that, despite the appropriation of over \$100,000,000 for the strengthening of the navy, the surplus is the largest ever known and the amount devoted to the reduction of the national debt is larger than that ever made in recent years.

A further evidence of the general prosperity and the general elevation of the masses is in the increase in the importation of tea, coffee and sugar, the importation of tea amounting to not less than \$10,000,000.

A greater proof of the vast improvement of the general business of the world, however, is found in the fact that for the first six months of the year the imports amounted to only \$37,655,000, while the amount for the last six months was \$141,140,000, or more than four times as large.

"These last figures," the St. Louis Republic argues, "demonstrate beyond all question that the period of depression experienced in Great Britain and in this country is rapidly giving way to one of confidence and activity. And the condition of things in England has necessarily a reflex action on the condition of things in the United States, since the commercial relations of the two countries are so close and so vast. All the signs of the times indicate that we are on the eve of an era of business prosperity which the gloomy prophecies of the populists cannot obscure, and which their direst lamentations cannot prevent."

These comments coming from a free silver paper, the Republic holding to that idea of finance, are very discouraging to the hard time howler.

APPALLING STATISTICS.

Dr. Andrew D. White, former president of Cornell University, has been dealing in some bloody statistics of late. He put the problem of crime before the people of the United States in appalling form when he declared that 10,000 people in this country are doomed to die violent deaths at the hands of their fellows in the next twelve months. His declaration was supported by statistics. The homicides in 1889 in this country numbered 3,567. In 1895 they numbered 10,500. The hangings in these same years averaged respectively one in forty-five convictions. He said if the murderers for the last six years were in prison there would be 40,000 of them. The eleventh census shows that there are but 7,351 in prison.

He put the case in this form: "Today, this 10th day of April, 1896, I announce to you that there are doomed to death in the United States, in the year which begins this day, 10,000 persons, who will be executed mercilessly, cruelly, without opportunity to take leave of those they love; without opportunity to make provision for those depending upon them, and all of this multitude of persons, who have committed no crime, will be put to death without the slightest regard for the fearful distress and sorrow, and, in many cases, beggary of their families. Fully two-thirds of these murderers will be due to the easy-going, maudlin sentiment in the community at large, misallied mercy, but really most fearful cruelty."

The Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph, in discussing the subject, concludes that if the 10,500 persons who were murdered in the United States last year had fallen victims to some secret band of assassins organized for the purpose, with what unanimity would the people rise to exterminate the criminals; but because the crimes are isolated comparatively little attention is paid to them outside of the neighborhood in which they are committed. The murderer is a hero rather than a criminal. Look at the striking example of this in the "Bat" Shea case, it argues, where 3,000 people followed the body to the grave and \$6000 was spent in floral offerings. More than 25,000 persons signed the petition to the governor for a pardon, notwithstanding that numerous witnesses testified that they saw Shea kill Robert Ross.

Dr. White ascribed the increase of crime largely to the "carelessness, culpable and criminal exercise of pardons" by the governors of the various states. He denounced particularly ex-Governor Taylor, of Tennessee, who in the four years of office ended in 1892, pardoned 801 convicts, many of them murderers, and ex-Governor David B. Hill, of New York. He showed that Governor Hill pardoned fifteen criminals in his last month of office, two of whom were murderers, serving life terms. He argued against imprisonment for life as punishment for murderers, pointing out that the average length of imprisonment for even the worst criminals is only ten years.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headache yields to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only fifty cents at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

WOULD MAKE A GOOD WIFE.

Any Woman Who Can Answer the following in the Affirmative.

Every woman, old or young, goes through life with the pleasing theory that it is in her power, the opportunity occurring, of course, to render some man supremely happy. Few women probe their inner consciousness sufficiently to learn in what vital respects they may be lacking the elements of success. The woman who can truthfully answer the following questions in the affirmative is prepared to make a success of married life:

Can she cheerfully endure the monotony, after the first eight weeks of adoration, of the daily allusions to her inferior intellect?

Is she sufficiently "meek in spirit" to hear her pet charities regularly alluded to as "feminine nonsense?"

Has she solved the burning question of how "to keep servants in their place" and retain them in their places?

Can she refrain from defeating her husband with logical argument on a matter about which she chances to be well informed?

Has she the wisdom of a serpent and more particularly the gentleness of a dove in dealing with the question of monthly expenses?

Is she enough of a philosopher to appreciate the fine distinction made in cigars as a necessity and new bonnets as a luxury?

Can she carry with her in her matrimonial venture a patent, indestructible, well-regulated smile, warranted to outlive every variety of mood that the masculine disposition is heir to?

Is she thoughtful enough to study the comfort of her lord and master in every detail of her household arrangements and clever enough to expect a daily acknowledgment of the fact?

Has she attained to a degree of moral elevation where she can make much of her husband's out-of-town maiden aunts on a visit when her invitations have just been issued for a swell dinner party?

Is she intelligent enough to manage all her domestic affairs with judgment and discrimination, and discreet enough never to mar the serenity of the dinner hour with allusions to her executive ability?

If servants are out of the question, can she be her own cook, keep up her piano practice, do her own sewing and continue to present the same winning, attractive appearance to her husband she had during their courtship?

THE COUNSELS OF FOLLY.

From the New York World.

Those professed democrats who insist upon the adoption of a 16 to 1 free silver plank at Chicago desire bimetalism. They cannot hope to secure it by committing their party to a doctrine which must inevitably result in that party's defeat. Moreover, we have now the most perfect and most equitable bimetalism that exists anywhere in the world.

Some countries use silver sparingly and only as a subsidiary currency. Some, those of the Latin Union, still make their largest silver coin a full legal tender, but they have forbidden its further coinage, though its supply is relatively much smaller than that of our silver dollar. Still other countries give free coinage to silver, but these without exception are silver monometallic countries in which gold neither circulates nor is used as a measure of values.

The only bimetallic country in the world, the only country in which gold and silver are used in nearly equal amounts as full legal tender money, is our own.

We have of gold coin and gold certificates \$618,000,000, of silver coin and silver certificates \$779,000,000. Great Britain has of gold \$580,000,000, and of silver (subsidiary only) \$115,000,000. The German empire has of gold \$325,000,000, and of silver \$105,000,000. France has of gold \$550,000,000, of silver \$430,000,000. Austria-Hungary has of gold \$140,000,000, and of silver \$120,000,000. India and the Latin American countries have no gold.

It thus appears that while maintaining the gold standard, and so keeping our country and its securities of every sort in good standing in the financial world, we have "done more for silver" than any other country. We alone among commercial nations are using it as largely as we use gold for currency, and at the same time we are keeping it at par with gold, as no free coinage country in the world has done or can do.

Is it not folly, then, for silver democrats to insist upon democratic defeat, the loss of all that democracy stands for, and the inauguration of an orgy of McKinleyism, under the pretense that it is necessary to work all this ruin in order to compel the doing of something for silver? Is not our sound money, gold standard policy the very best one possible even from the silver point of view? Is it not today doing more for silver than could be done under any other policy? Consider facts. Reflect upon results. Then say whether or not democracy should invite defeat by declaring for a change of monetary policy.

Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery, for consumption, coughs and colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the great remedy for Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them, and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more about them. Sold at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

- Castoria destroys Worms.
- Castoria allays Feverishness.
- Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.
- Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic.
- Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.
- Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air. Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."

See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of *Charles H. Pitcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

J. B. Lewis & Co. SHOES
\$4.00
\$3.00
\$2.50

These shoes fit to perfection and wear as only the best. They are made of the shapely, pliant—the most comfortable of footwear. They always manage to let in air and keep out water.

Surely Your Dealer Sells Them.
FOR SALE BY
Lester, Mason & Co.

A FOOLISH MAN

Is he who declares he never pays any attention to statements made in newspaper advertisements. What other way have I of attempting to convince you that I can shoe your horse in up-to-date style, and at a price so moderate that you will be ready with the cash the moment the job is done.

Repair Work

a Specialty.

Nothing but good, honest work turned out of my shop. Can sharpen a plow while you wait. In fact I do any and all kinds of work that any blacksmith or woodworker is supposed to do, and, further, I will appreciate your patronage.

TRY ME ONCE FOR LUCK

W. W. ALBRIGHT,
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.

Non-Resident Notice.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY. Ann E. Perry, Complainant, vs. William T. Perry Defendant.

In this cause it is made to appear to the register by the affidavit of J. E. Holmes, that the defendant, William T. Perry, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in Denison, Grason County, Texas; and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the register, that publication be made in the Chronicle, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said William T. Perry to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 31st day of April, A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office in Columbiana, this 3rd day of March, A. D. 1896.

GORDON DuBOISE,
Register.

Estray Notice.

Notice is hereby given that W. D. Seigles, of Bamford, Ala., did take up an estray on or about April 8, 1896, one gray horse, about ten years old, blind in one eye, and five feet and two inches high; that the appraised value of said horse was \$67.50, and that the proceedings were had before W. H. Sturdivant, Esq., Justice of the peace, Bamford, Shelby county, Alabama.

Given under my hand at office in Columbiana, Ala., this April 16, 1896.

D. R. McMillan,
Judge of Probate.

Scientific American Agency for PATENTS
ADVISES, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.
For information and free Handbook apply to MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York. Office hours for securing American Patents. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$2.00 a year, \$1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., Publishers, 361 Broadway, New York City.

Southern Baptist Convention at Chattanooga, Tenn.—Reduced Rates via the Southern Railway.

For the occasion of the Southern Baptist Convention, which will convene at Chattanooga, Tenn., May 8-14, inclusive, the Southern railway will sell tickets to Chattanooga, Tenn., and return, at a rate of one limited first-class fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold May 5 to 8 inclusive, good to return fifteen days from date of sale, but limit on tickets may be extended, allowing fifteen days additional time, provided they are deposited with joint agent, Chattanooga, on or before May 14, 1896.

The Southern Railway reaches Chattanooga from all directions, and its service is unexcelled. It is the short line and the scenic route from Louisville, in connection with the Queen and Crescent. The Southern Railway is also the scenic route from Virginia points, Washington and other eastern cities, via Ashville, and through the "Land of the Sky." It is the direct line from North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Florida points. The Southern Railway is the shortest line and operates the quickest and most convenient schedules from points on its line in Mississippi to Chattanooga.

For further information call on any agent of the Southern Railway, or E. J. Martin, T. P. A., Columbus, Miss., A. Whedon, P. & T. A., Louisville, Ky., J. L. Meek, T. P. A., Knoxville, Tenn., W. H. Doll, T. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn., L. A. Shipman, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala., J. C. Andrews, S. W. P. A., New Orleans, La., L. S. Brown, G. A. P. D., Washington, D. C., W. A. Turk, G. P. A., Washington, D. C., S. H. Hardwick, A. G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga., C. A. Benscoter, A. G. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.

THE BRICK STORE.
Wilsonville, Ala.

BROTHER, SISTER, LISTEN!

Perhaps I can put you on to a scheme. You know this is a progressive age. Old moss-grown methods are rapidly playing out. I propose to keep up with the procession. Life is too short to continue longer in the old ruts. New methods bring new results, also new goods and likewise new customers. I have too pretty a stock of goods to keep them hid from the world. Therefore I now proclaim to the world at large, and to the people of Shelby county in particular that I have almost anything they can call for, and having bought these goods in large quantities, I can offer many bargains to cash customers. Here is one for a starter:

100 Pieces Standard Prints 4 1-2c.

Now that's pretty smooth, ain't it? Just so; but let me tell you before I forget it, that is only a sample. There are plenty of bargains in my store just as attractive. Seeing is believing. Come and I will convince you. One more bargain.

Big Lot Challies Spring and Summer Shades 4c.

Spring is here and summer is almost within sight, and of course you want straw hats. Don't mention it. I've got 'em, more than you ever saw in one store before in your life. Big, little, old or young, come and get supplied.

Yours for business.

J. F. POPE,
WILSONVILLE, ALA.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Cailloute, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

PALACE RESTAURANT,

COLUMBIANA, ALA.,

J. P. ADAMS, Proprietor.

Newly fitted up, clean and neat. Meals any hour of the day, or until 9 at night. Lunches served any time. Fish, oysters, game, or any delicacy to be found in the market.

Meals 25c Each.

Opp Elliott Building, Main Street.

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, APRIL 23, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year. \$1.00
One copy six months. .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Walter Moss, of Calera, spent Sunday in town.

N. A. Graham, of Calera, paid our city a visit Monday.

Clem Creek, of Anniston, is with home folks for a few days.

C. J. Christian, of Bessemer, is on a short visit to relatives here.

W. R. A. Milner made a business trip to Birmingham Tuesday.

Hon. W. B. Browne is in Montgomery as a delegate to the state convention.

Mrs. Mattie Mooney, of Jemison, is on a visit to the family of E. W. Chapman.

Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Browne, of Talladega, visited relatives here Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Pond, of Shelby Springs, spent part of Saturday in our city.

Rev. T. P. Roberts and wife, from Easonville, are spending the week here.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Hallmark, on Monday, a boy. Good luck, brother.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Stamps, of Irondale, are visiting the family of A. D. Wortham.

W. H. Thomas, of near Ashby, visited the family of E. W. Chapman this week.

Miss Nannie DuBose, of Courtland, Ala., is a guest of the family of Dr. W. S. DuBose.

Earnest Averyt with his interesting sister, Miss Agnes, were visitors in our town Sunday.

Mrs. Fain and Mrs. Upshaw, of Atlanta, are on a visit to their sister Mrs. A. D. Wortham.

The Columbiana Mercantile Co. have a few prices in this issue of interest to all. See their new ad.

Rev. W. I. Sinnott left Monday for Bessemer to attend the meeting of the North Alabama Presbytery.

Lyman Clardy arrived yesterday from Talladega with a force of hands, and is getting the yard in trim preparatory to making brick for the Page building.

E. W. Chapman, our clever tonsorial artist, moved his family here from Shelby last week, and is occupying the Cromwell residence on Depot street. We extend them a cordial welcome.

The usual summer schedule went into effect Sunday on the Southern road. The north-bound mail train now reaches here at 11:43 a. m., and the south-bound at 3:17 p. m. This is quite an improvement.

At a recent meeting of the city council (the new board) John T. Cromwell was elected city marshal. Mr. Cromwell has from the first been a warm supporter of the school, and we feel sure he will fill the position very acceptably.

Dr. J. E. Berkstresser, of Sylacauga, was in town two days of this week exhibiting a very ingenious patent, of which he is the fortunate originator, to attach to vehicles for controlling unruly horses, and where that is not possible to effect their easy release from the vehicle. It is a good thing, and we hope the doctor will realize a fortune on it.

Wanted—Every Sunday school teacher of the Methodist, Presbyterian and Baptist churches to attend the teachers' meeting which will meet at Mrs. L. Armstrong's Friday night. The Sunday school committee organized at this meeting, hoping great good will result therefrom. Let each teacher attend feeling a personal interest in this work.

Captain J. P. Christian, of Shelby, comes out this week as a candidate for sheriff. Mr. Christian has for many years held the responsible and lucrative position of superintendent of the Shelby Iron Co., and is a gentleman of character and ability, and has all the qualities requisite to make a good officer. He is a life-long democrat, and has always been a faithful worker for his party.

The Columbiana Free School has recently taken a long leap forward. Since the late city election, which beyond doubt removed all fear as to its permanency, the wide-awake teachers of the school have been fired with new zeal, and today it is with no small degree of pride that we impart the information that we have a first class graded school. Starting with the little fellows in the primary department, the course of study has been divided into eleven grades, each of which ordinarily represent a year's work for the pupil. Upon the completion of the course a certificate of graduation or diploma will be given the graduates. All will readily concede that this plan will prove far more effective than the former method. Each grade gives ample time for thorough and systematic work, and the pupils are not rushed indiscriminately through the different departments with the usual result that they know little more than when they began and are absolutely certain of nothing. We have started in to have a school in every sense of the word, and

nothing short of the very best will satisfy us. Aren't we rapidly approaching that standard?

A Card.

WILSONVILLE, ALA., April, 19, 1896.

EDITOR CHRONICLE—By your kind permission I hereby express my gratification concerning the late services held by Rev. C. W. O'Hara and myself at Liberty church, near Weldon post-office. How grand the singing! How profound the attention! What a fine congregation! These were thoughts that crowded into the mind of the preacher at every service. "Blessed are the people whose God is the Lord." Thank God for the precious burden we daily carry to the throne of his grace, viz: A score of sin-burdened souls, men and women at their request, near Liberty church. Brethren, God bless you all for your great love for the Sunday school and church work, for your punctuality, for your hospitality, and your liberality. Yours in Christ, J. BUNYAN KILPATRICK.

Shelby Siftings.

On last Thursday evening the closing of Miss Stoughton's school took place in the shape of an entertainment at the Congregational church. In many respects it was interestingly novel and unique. Unlike most affairs of a similar character, viz: the routine of presenting a program with songs, recitations, etc., from promiscuous authors—the entire list of exercises were taken from the pen of that versatile author, Eugene Field, poet, journalist and author. At 8 o'clock the audience had well nigh filled the church and were in waiting for the opening song. The rostrum was beautifully bedecked with spring's floral greetings. From the wildwood had been gathered the white spangled dogwood, while the towering form of the calla intermingled its blossoms to shed a halo of innocence upon the tender forms of the children who were to participate in celebrating the memory of their "poet" hero. Rare exotics placed with skillful hands, heightened the lovely scene and added a cheerfulness to the surroundings that made the occasion fit for the worthy object. Thoughts suggestive could not be expressed as one would gaze upon these beautiful flowers entwined with such exquisite taste and wreathed with such loving hands upon memory's brow—and think how soon they must wither and fade—like the life of him to whose genius they were offered. No poet is better known or appreciated anywhere by children than Mr. Field. It was verified on this occasion in the manner in which they spoke his lines. They seemed to catch the inspiration that impelled him to repeat the impressions of his childhood with so much vividness. They seemed to realize the very dreams which made him tell them of "seen" things and they could be amused by having him sing of "the big tin trumpet and little red drum, marching like soldiers the children come."

Along with the rendering of the evening's program which was highly entertaining, there was some little interruption which was hardly unavoidable. We allude to it by way of diversion as it was so marked that nearly every one present noticed it. Never before on such like occasions have we ever noticed such a prevalence of spring colds. From every quarter of the building ever and anon there would break forth a cough, coughs of the de profundo type and from that to the running of the whole gamut of cacophony until they died away in the gentle hack of the clearing of the throat. Basso coughs, treble coughs and falsetto ones—suppressed and unsuppressed. It was in vain some tried to restrain themselves, the paroxysm was irresistible, and when one would break forth there would be set up a chorus of bronchial vociferations. Under such surroundings one would put our hand behind our ear to catch the words of a speaker when koo choo would be blurted out and the word or words en passe would be knocked into smithereens.

Notwithstanding this ludicrous episode we must in justice say that every feature of the evening's entertainment was highly commendatory and was appreciated as several have since testified. Such a departure as Miss Stoughton instituted is worthy of repetition. Our authors and writers should be studied with greater thoroughness. We should not be content with isolated selections from their works. A whole evening's study should be devoted to the life, character and work of such a man as Eugene Field. The celebration of Field Day was, therefore, very appropriate, for he loved youth and particularly childhood. He reveled with them in their sportive glee. He rollicked with them in their games. He has marvelously described his shooting with his air gun the bird that sang fiddle-de-dee, and in lively spice given us the duel of the gingham dog and the calico cat. Long may his verses, songs and lullabies live to retell the happy dreams of childhood, for he stands without a peer as the "child" poet.

As this class, Miss Stoughton's, closed as a school teacher in our midst it is our pleasant duty to speak in the highest terms of her sojourn here. She is in every way capacitated to perform the responsible duties incumbent upon an instructor of childhood and youth. In the discharge of service here she has instituted some of the best methods of advancing her pupils in scholarship as well as literary studies. She has induced them particularly to study poetry and its authors. The honor of being the first accomplishment to awaken thought, fire patriotism and to preserve the history of our race belongs to poetry. We certainly bid her adieu with much regret.

Wilsonville Waifs.

Messrs. A. A. Daniel and G. E. Weldon attended preaching at Harpersville Sunday.

Messrs. J. F. Pope and W. J. Tinney made a trip to Montgomery this week. Miss Edna Galloway was the pleasant guest of Miss Ella Brown last week.

The indications now are that we will have a first class string band soon. The boys have just completed the organization and have practiced several times.

Miss Cora Smith has returned from her visit to Talladega.

Miss Juddie Kilpatrick visited Miss Janie Wallace, of near Harpersville, Sunday.

Miss Maude Williamson visited Miss Kate Bradley, of near Harpersville, Sunday.

Two of our most gallant young men treated the young ladies to a nice drive Sunday afternoon.

A certain young man in company with a certain young lady ran away last Sunday afternoon. Perhaps I am mistaken, it was the horse that ran away and the fellow and his girl simply rode away. The harness broke descending a hill, which frightened the horse nearly to death, and had a tendency to make him believe death, a train of cars or a buggy was about to run over him. I never saw a horse turn so pale in all my life. Everything stopped alright with the side up that was marked, "This side up with care." No one injured except the harness.

The new schedule which took effect last Sunday on the Southern, puts our south-bound passenger train by at 2:50 p. m.; north-bound at 12:00 p. m.

The cry for "water" has ceased at J. C. Jackson & Sons' planing mill. After five days struggle with mother earth toward the center of gravitation they came in contact with a large vein of water which will far excel the supply required. The well is five feet square and seventy three feet in depth. In twelve hours after having opened this vein the water had risen forty-three feet.

The S. P. L. League will meet next Friday evening at the Wilsonville Institute. Quite a nice program has been arranged, and we anticipate a pleasant evening. We extend a hearty welcome to those desirous of attending, and will do all in our power to see that they have a pleasant time.

There is recorded on the Wilsonville social record now one of the most brilliant affairs known to our society. Last Friday evening the ladies of our city entertained a very huge crowd of young men, young ladies, old men, old ladies, kids and babies, with one of the nicest and most perfectly conducted ice cream festivals we ever witnessed. The towns of Shelby, Vincent and Harpersville were well represented by a crowd from each place. Cream, lemonade, ice tea and lunches were dispatched by the beautiful waiters in such manner as to make the professionals envy them. We lingered until the wee small hours of the morning, each one dreading the hour of departure. The remembrance of this entertainment is indelibly stamped on the minds of each and every guest. All things have their finale, so did this entertainment. All we can now do is to think and talk of the pleasures we derived from it and look forward to the time when our society will again put forth an effort to gain a star for its crown. Amount realized will be used to make an addition to the Baptist church and furnish it with a new carpet.

THE PRIMARY ELECTION.

Some were for Johnston, some for Clarke, Which caused a little fun; We watched the trains from morn 'till dark For latest news to come.

The time passed on with us in doubt, Of whom was nominee; At last one day the news came out, Reporting Johnston free.

It may be better or may be worse, We none can ever tell; If he should be our governor, I hope he may do well.

Mister Clarke has been o'powered, With those primary votes; I trust from this he'll not be saured, But let his banner float. If ere he runs for this again I'll surely do my part; I'll be a straight-out democrat And vote for Mister Clarke.

BUTCH, JR.

Harpersville Echoes.

The farmers are progressing finely with their work.

The health of our community is exceedingly good.

Rev. W. S. Henderson preached at the Baptist church Saturday and Rev. B. F. Giles Sunday.

The populites had their primary here Saturday. Longshore, Vest, O'Hara and Pitts were in the lead.

We were pleased to see on our streets last Saturday Mr. J. H. Martin, of St. Clair county. He was a warm supporter of Clarke before the primary, but of course he is like all other true democrats now, and is an enthusiastic worker for Johnston.

There were several of our young people attended the supper at Wilsonville last Friday night and all report a pleasant time.

Mr. Buck Daniels, of Wilsonville, attended church here last Sunday, and judging from his actions he is a full fledged candidate for matrimony on the democratic ticket and is sure to be elected.

There were several young people from Wilsonville attended church here Sunday. Come again, young folks, Harpersville extends to you a cordial welcome.

Mr. Sam McClellan, an old and high-

ly esteemed citizen and a staunch democrat, of Easonville, died on his way home from the St. Clair county convention last Wednesday of heart failure. He was chairman of the convention and an earnest worker for the party, besides being a good and influential citizen. A good man has fallen, and Easonville sustains a great loss as well as the democratic party.

There are a great many people in this country who are church members, but never take time to go to church or give anything to its institutions, but just let a political meeting or a public speaking be announced and they are there by a big majority. It does seem to us that if our churches would get rid of such members that the churches would prosper and revive and religion would not be at such a low ebb.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Seales, of Kelleys Creek, were among their many friends here last Sunday.

Mrs. John Kidd and Miss Floyd, of Vincent, came down last Sunday to hear Mr. Giles preach.

Thurston Darby, Esq., left here this, Monday morning, with a drove of milk cows for Birmingham.

Spring hats, spring bonnets, spring suits and spring dresses were all the go last Sunday.

Pomp Moore received one vote here last Saturday for treasurer.

T. J. Martin has gone to the state convention.

The populites held their primary here last Saturday in M. M. Robertson's coat pocket.

W. B. Hubbard paid Easonville a visit Sunday.

It is very probable that we are going to have some fruit again this year.

Captain M. W. Borum paid Birmingham a business trip one day last week.

There is some disease among the horses here, from which several have died during the last few days.

JAKE.

HORRESCO REFFERENS.

We publish below a beautiful poem from the fascinating pen of Mrs. H. C. Reynolds, of Montevallo, a lady of rare culture and accomplishments: From what source came the walling?

'Tis said from Kamah, of old; A picture drawn from our village, Makes a story, sad when told.

There just outside his doorway, a barroom keeper stands,

"Come in, young men,"—he clasps them with his strong and brawny hands;

Hands which God has given for honest manly toil,

Able to sow the golden grain and till the goodly soil.

Through the window casements his lamps send forth their light.

He offers many vain allurements; temptations day and night.

If you pass on any errand, or to the House of God should go,

Breezes waft the whiskey perfumes from behind the barroom door.

You can hear the tinkling glasses when the early liquids flow,

Telling many tales of sorrow, many tales of woe;

At last he seizes on a victim as a vulture would a bird,

Then comes the bitter anguish often felt; not always heard.

'Tis at home in the heart of a mother as she prays for her darling boy.

Lead him from the paths of evil, bring him back, my pride, my joy.

'Tis at home in the heart of a sister, who weeps a tear and sighs.

As she sees her brother's footsteps, ah so sadly in disguise.

See! a poor deserted woman, little children at her knee.

Tattered clothes and shrunken features; a heart-rending sight to see;

The widow and the orphan sit lonely in their cot.

Who dealt out the poison to hasten on their lot?

Alone the young wife sits and waits, keeps the fire burning bright.

He promised when he went away he wouldn't stay late tonight.

The time drags drearily on and on, 'till the hour of midnight past.

She strains her ear to listen—she hears his step at last.

Not sounding with ready quickness, once filling her soul with pride,

Up to Heaven a prayer she murmurs, 'Hide me, O my Savior, hide.'

That voice which once with music of sweetest strains to heart.

Now with profane and harsh tones fall on her wearied ear.

Look! look! into these homes and hearts, see the mother, sister, wife,

Can money ere repay you for wrecking human life?

I'd rather stand by the anvil and earn my honest bread,

I'd rather turn the plowshare than my loved ones could be fed.

Than to deal out deadly poison, saddening homes and hearts so dear.

What will be your answer when the Master's voice you hear?

"They that turn many to righteousness"—can this of you be true!

"Blessed is the comforter,"—can this be said of you?

Out! out with the whisky traffic; it is doing more today,

To wreck a useful manhood in its dark and downward way,

Than all the books of infidels; than all that has been tried,

Since Christ was born in Bethlehem—since Christ was crucified.

Liberty Items.

Our farmers are about done planting, with the exception of the tobacco crop.

Rev. Kilpatrick, of Wilsonville, preached a very interesting sermon here on the second Saturday and Sunday to good congregations.

Of all the happy men in beat 8, Mr. D. H. Wilder is the happiest man. He can be found most any time at the house rocking the cradle. It's a boy.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

Special Cash Bargains

For Two Weeks Only.

6 lbs best Coffee to the Dollar.

Best full yard wide Sea Island Domestic 5 cents per yard.

Wool Nuns Veiling 12 1-2 cents per yard.

Dimity Dress Goods, latest style, worth 15 cents, at 9c per yard.

Just received another lot of trimmed Ladies' Hats, the fourth shipment.

Special low prices on everything in the house. Call and see us.

Columbiana Mercantile Co.,

THE LEADERS OF LOW PRICES.

H. FOX, MANAGER.

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES,

Silks, Satins, Chally, Dimities, Henriettas, Nuns Veiling, and Lawns,

And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnishings We're Headquarters as Usual.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00. Wishing every body success, we beg to remain, Yours Respectfully,

THE RACKET STORE,

SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Propr's.



That Tired Feeling!

Nobody is particularly anxious to spend their money. Everybody has to. Your wants must be satisfied and it takes money to do it. A person is not apt to look cheerful over the prospect of spending money. Lots of buying is done with a long face. This is all wrong. I offer a change for the better.

You Feel Relieved—

The minute you see our Grand Stock of New and Popular Goods it looks fresh and desirable. The first glance shows you that you are on the right track. No mistake about this being a modern up-to-date line of goods. You wake up to the fact that you have got into the right store.

The Feeling Grows—

When you commence to go into details, you feel as if the goods were bought on purpose for you. No trouble to make a satisfactory selection; it gets down to a question which is the most satisfactory.

Trouble is Forgotten

When you learn our prices, they are always at the low-water mark. We don't give goods away—we can't. We can sell goods very low—we do. This is a fact. We might brag about it, but what's the use—a word to the wise is sufficient. It's as true as truth that we sell goods cheap—we prove it.

Happiness is Supreme

When you get just what you want at less than you expected to pay—we are treating customers to this kind of a surprise every day. We sell you a good article and let you off cheap. You will find our selections choice, our goods reliable, and prices satisfactory. A fair deal makes the buyer happy—we give it. To spend money and be happy at the same time go to

S. STARK.

Shelby, Ala.



Administrators Notice

Estate of H. A. Smith, Deceased. Probate Court.

Letters of administration, with will annexed, of said deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 7th day of March, 1896, by the Hon. D. R. McMillan, judge of the Probate court of Shelby county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred. apr 26 C. W. O'HARA, Adm'r.

Columbiana's TONSORIAL PARLOR, E. W. CHAPMAN, Proprietor.

Neat, clean shop, elegant chairs, the best of tools and the skill of a master. Having had 16 years experience, I do not hesitate to say I can give as good service as you can get in any city. Ladies work a specialty. Prices reasonable. A trial is all I ask. If you want to buy a first-class razor I have a lot just received.

E. W. Chapman.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWNE.

J. T. LEEPER.

BROWNE & LEEPER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

Guardian's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Honorable John S. Leeper, late Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby county, I James McGowen, guardian of the estates of Mary Elliott and Willie Elliott, minors, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder in front of the court house door of Shelby county, Alabama, on Monday the 6th day of April, 1896, at 12 o'clock, noon, for one-half cash and the balance on a credit of twelve months with approved security, an undivided two-fifths interest in the following described lands belonging to said estates, to-wit: The east half of the north-east quarter of section 21, township 20, range 1 east.

JAMES MCGOWEN, Guardian.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby county.

Probate Court. April 1896.

Estate of Joseph T. Dorrough, Deceased. To Lydia M. Dorrough, who resides somewhere in Texas, but at what particular place is unknown; William D. Dorrough, who resides at Cumberland, Miss.; John C. Dorrough, of Middleton, Ky.; James W. Dorrough, of Columbus, Ga.; and all non-residents of Alabama.

This day came W. F. Thetford, Jr., as administrator de bonis non of said estate, and filed his application in due form and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therein, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of division, upon the ground that the same cannot be divided equitably without a sale thereof. It is ordered that the 25th day of May, 1896, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

D. R. McMILLAN, Judge of Probate.

Spring Medicine

Your blood in Spring is almost certain to be full of impurities—the accumulation of the winter months. Bad ventilation of sleeping rooms, impure air in dwellings, factories and shops, over-eating, heavy, improper foods, failure of the kidneys and liver properly to do extra work thus thrust upon them, are the prime causes of this condition. It is of the utmost importance that you

Purify Your Blood

Now, as when warmer weather comes and the tonic effect of cold bracing air is gone, your weak, thin, impure blood will not furnish necessary strength. That tired feeling, loss of appetite, will open the way for serious disease, ruined health, or breaking out of humors and impurities. To make pure, rich, red blood Hood's Sarsaparilla stands unequalled. Thousands testify to its merits. Millions take it as their Spring Medicine. Get Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

WINE FOR WOMEN!

Woman's modesty and ignorance of danger often cause her to endure pains and suffer torture rather than consult a physician about important subjects. Pains in the head, neck, back, hips, limbs and lower bowels at monthly intervals, indicate alarming derangements.

McELREE'S WINE OF CARDUI

is a harmless Bitter Wine without intoxicating qualities. Taken at the proper time it relieves pain, corrects derangements, quiets nervousness and cures Whites, Falling of the Womb and Suppressed or too Frequent Menses. Price \$1. For Sale by Medicine Dealers.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pastures a remedy that cures every kind of humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is full or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first. No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR W. L. DOUGLAS \$3. SHOE

If you pay \$4 to \$6 for shoes, examine the W. L. Douglas Shoe, and see what a good shoe you can buy for \$3.

OVER 100 STYLES AND WIDTHS, CONGRESS, HUTTON, and LACE, made in all kinds of the best selected leather by skilled workmen. We make and sell more \$3 Shoes than any other manufacturer in the world. None genuine unless name and price is stamped on the bottom.

Ask your dealer for our \$5, \$4, \$3.50, \$2.50, \$2.25 Shoes; \$2.50, \$2 and \$1.75 for boys.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. If your dealer cannot supply you, send to factory, enclosing price and 30 cents to pay carriage. State kind, style of toe (tip or plain), width and width. Our Custom Dept. will fill your order. Send for new illustrated Catalogue to Box 15.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

A SHINING EXAMPLE of what may be accomplished by never varying devotion to a single purpose is seen in the history of the McCormick Harvesting Machine Co., Chicago. For 65 years they have simply been building grain and grass-cutting machinery, and while there are probably forty manufacturers in this line, it is safe to say that the McCormick Company builds one-third of all the binders, reapers and mowers used throughout the entire world.

RUFUS SANDERS.

Two Homely Stories from the Forks of the Creek.

Old Miss Watson and Her "Little Steve"—Jeems W. Stagger Went a-Fishin' and Got Snake Bit—Easy on Man.

White people, do you know what it means and how it feels to be a country boy, and the only-est boy on the place at that? If you don't know, all the preachers and poets and philosophers and politicians in the whole wide world can't tell you, but I remember—by jingo, I remember like it was yesterday—how infernal handy a cotton-headed, batchet-faced, shirt-tail boy is around a farm.

Little Steve Was Dead.

It takes a whole passel—of one stuff and another—to make me sorry about anything. I am so tremendous glad and light on my natural-born self, till it is mighty hard for me to find anything in this green and bloom-in old world to feel sorry for.

But the old lady Watson—which the Watsons they have been livin' down there in the forks of Long Creek for years and years—she come by our house one day last week and made me sorry. I was sorry when she come, and sorry when she went away, and I am sorry till yet. I doubt mighty serious if I could tell you what I am sorry about and who I am sorry for. But, at any rates, I am sorry.

"A pore old broken-hearted, God-for-saken woman, with her gray head bowed down in sackcloth and ashes, has come to mix her tears and share her sorrows with you," says Miss Watson when she first driv up to the horse-rack, and hit a run. Then me and mother we went out and told the old lady to light and come in and take a chair and make herself at home till the shower passed over. And she went with us.

"Little Steve is dead, Rufus," she went on to say, between her sob and tears. "Little Steve is dead and gone," and with that she broke down and turned loose and cried and cried as if her heart was split wide open. By this time mother she had been hit in a soft spot, and the tears rolled down her pretty cheeks as fast and free as the rain drops from that April shower. But she braced herself up as best she could and put her arms around the tremblin and troubled old soul—soft and tender like and soothin as she could—and quoted some famillious Scripture and told her it would all turn out for the best somewheres down the line. It maybe might not look that way at onet, but some of these days she could see, where in it was all for the right and all for the best.

Finally at last, in her nervous, jerky way, the old lady told us about the sad and sudden death of her little Steve, and the general facts of which we had heard before.

So Handy and So Peart.

"He was so handy and so peart, Rufus—but you all knowed little Steve," says she, and then it seems like she broke out in a fresh place and would jest naturally weep herself away. "It never was so late or so soon, so hot or so cold at what I could call on little Steve and he was right there," she went on, wringin her hands and rockin to and fro. He was such a help and comfort and a blessing to his poor old widdered mother.

"My other boy Bob—he is still with me in the flesh. But even when he was the right size Bob was never so peart and handy and ready and willin as little Steve. And then as to Bob—he has now come up to that pint in life where he aint fitten for nothin much but to loaf and swell and swash around durin the day and go gallin every night the good Lord sends. If Bob aint a man—with a few scatterin whiskers on his face and woman on his brain, he is fool enough to feel like one, which amounts to the same thing with his old mother.

"But little Steve—he was so nimble and so quick, so handy and so peart, Rufus. He could stay up later and git up sooner, and go faster and come quicker, and turn off more odds and jobs in less time than any boy that ever come to light amongst the Watsons. If in his love and wisdom the good Lord had but only took Bob I could stand it a whole heap better. But to see little Steve—my onliest little Steve—put in his coffin and toted out and hauled off and laid away to rest—it was too much for his pore old widdered mother to bear."

And with that the old lady let loose onet more, and wept and went on at such a tremendous rate till I thought in my soul she would faint on the spot. But mother she made a rush for the camphor bottle and her last year's turkey tail fan, and between the two we brung the old soul to her senses.

"How can I forget my little Steve, and how can I ever give him up? He was so handy and so peart. In summer heat or winter cold he could git up at the break of day and split the kindlin and fetch in the wood and make the fires and feed the stock, and draw the water and tote out the slops and drive up the cows and rope off the calves and churn the milk, and sweep the yard and hoe the garden and tend to the chickens and rook the cradle and nurse the baby. I reckon no doubts our little Steve is better off where he is—beyond this vale of sufferin and of sin. But he was the apple of his pore old widdered mother's heart, and I will never see the like of him no more. He was so handy, Rufus—so handy and so peart."

By this time that April shower had passed over. Then presently old Miss Watson she braced up sufficient to say good-by and driv on back home. And when that sad day till this blessed hour I have been rale sorry about some thin or other. To sary my life I couldn't tell you for certain what I am sorry about or who I am sorry for. But I am sorry.

A Stranger to the Lord. In the springing gentle Annie, when the dogwood blooms are bloomin—when you think about them old

times, and the golden days you went through round about the old log schoolhouse—in them plain old days when people want so consounded pearticular as to keep two schools a term, one for the males and one for the females—when the boys made flyin Jennies, grapevine swings, seesaws, and sick like—when you boys and girls went rovin after chickypins and chestnuts, after heart leaves, after sweet shrubs—when the sap is bilin uparis and the bark slips on the hickory, and you feel like you would love to make some whips and flutes and whistles—anything to please the children—when you feel too daddurn lazy to do anything to speak of—

Well, that's the time for fishin. So it come to pass one day last week—the weather was so warm and dreamy like and peart—that Bunk Weatherford and old man Jeems W. Stagger they took their hooks and lines and bait gourd and went down in Murder creek a fishin.

Maybe you would love to know who in the thundersations is Jeems W. Stagger? You ask me ruther quick and sudden, but I will tell you all I know. He is a son of old Misses Stagers. In his own wild and wicked way, he is a right tolerable good man. But so far as I know, the pulpit and the amen corner never have been seriously threatened with his mainly presence. As to religion, Jeems W. Stagers never did even sorter make out like he had got any, and I reckon Aunt Nancy Newton was right when she put him down as "about the most wickedest man in this wide and wicked world." But the good Lord never blowed the breath of life into a better soul than old man Ebenezer Stagers, which he was a preacher of the word in his day and generation and the father of Jeems W.

No more of that. It leaks out now that Bunk and old man Jeems W. didn't have no tremendous big run of luck in regards to fish. But a man by the name of Jeems W. Stagers got snake bit, and that is what makes me tell you what I do.

"You see, Rufus, I had went down the creek, whilst Bunk he took up the creek," says old man Jeems W., in giving out the facts to me. "I was so scandalous and off for one good mess of fish, till I could smell the gravy, you understand, and consequently I didn't go down there lookin for snakes. But, by thunder, I found one, Rufus, and he found me. All of a sudden I stumbled over one of these big old rusty moccasins, and he nailed me on the calf of my left leg. Naturally, of course, I jumped up and down right there in the same place till the snake turned loose and I had stomped him to death. Then I laid down and holored for Bunk, and him a mile up the creek. So there I was, Rufe, way down there in Murder creek swamp snake bit, three miles from home, ten miles from the doctor, with my old leg swellin to beat six bits, and narry drop of sperits. Somethin had to be done. Rufe, right away immediately, and for the first time in my life I felt like I would love to pray. But, to be plumb honest with you, I didn't know how. Up to then, you understand, I never had seraped up any acquaintance with the Lord, and I felt like I was a rank stranger to Him. In the main time with Bunk Weatherford a mile up the creek. So at last I pitched in and told the Lord who I was and where I come from, and then prayed to the best of my feeble ability."

A Sad and Funny Sight.

From the way in which Bunk Weatherford tells the news, it must of been a sad and funny sight to see old man Jeems W. Stagers sayin his prayers for the first time down there in Murder Creek swamp.

"When I come up to where I could see Jeems W.," says Bunk, "he was lay in there on the ground flat of his back, wavin his hands on high and gesturin at a fast and furious lick. And to the best of my recollection, this is what I heard him say in a loud voice:

"Oh Lord, I reckon you don't know me. But I am snake bit. My name is Jeems W. Stagers. I am the wild and wicked son of old Parson Ebenezer Stagers, which I reckon you knowed him. He was a preacher of the Word according to the old school Baptists and a mighty good man. I am his onliest son, and snake bit at that. Oh, Lord, have mercy on my lost and ruin soul. Yours truly, Jeems W. Stagers."

That was a day of terror and of trouble, and no doubt Jeems W. thought his time had come. But by the blessings of Him with whom a thousand years are as a watch in the night the old man still lingers yet a little while in the border land. The doctors say he will recover and git well, and I do hope he will. Sometimes it takes a heap to bring a man to his senses, but it really looks to me like Jeems W. Stagers has now come up to the forks of the road.

For why? Well, the other day on my return back home from a trip down in the stump hill country I rid around by there to see how Jeems W. was comin on. In the general confabulation which followed, he went on to tell me how thankful he ought to be, and how he loved the name and recollections of his good, old father.

"And I never will feel plumb natural," he went on, lookin lovlinly down upon his snakebit leg. "I never will feel plumb natural and right, Rufe, till I can git up from here and slip off down to the lot and sing a few stanzas from that good and famillar old song: "'Amazin grace' low sweet the sound, 'Which saved a wretch like me.'"

Man, born of woman, is of few days and sorry teeth, and full of fool notions. But yesterday he was too big for his breeches. To-day he is small potatoer and few in the hill, with the rows six feet wide. To-morrow—the good Lord knows what not.

Some people have sense, and some people have fits. RUFUS SANDERS.

Love's Young Dream.

Little Girl (at school)—What did the teacher send you here for?

Little Boy—She said I was bad, and must come over and sit with the girls.

"Like you. Can you stay long?"

"Guess not. I wasn't very bad."

"Well, you be badder next time."

N. Y. Weekly.

Literary Note.

Mrs. Brown—You dress is a perfect

look.

Mrs. Jones—My husband used blank

vers when he saw the bill.—Town

Topics.

BOTH WERE HOMESICK.

Yellow-Feeling Made Kindred of the Clergyman and the Homeseick.

An American clergyman whose dream it had been to visit England crossed the ocean at last for his ten weeks' vacation. For a fortnight he enjoyed good about alone from place to place, seeing the sights, but he soon became lonely and then homesick. One Saturday morning he started out for a long walk, having no plan for the morning's recreation. He penetrated far into the wide reaches of the east end. There were crowds of men, women and children wherever he went, but not a face that he had ever seen before or would ever see again. Turning from the busier streets he found a narrow lane, and sat down on the stone step of a dreary tenement house. While he was sitting there he heard a child's sobbing voice from the open hallway behind him. Looking around, he saw a little wretch crying as though his heart would break.

"What is the matter, my little fellow?" asked the clergyman, in his gentlest tone.

"Homesick, sir," said the child; "since mother died I have no home. I don't seem to belong to anybody. I want some one to talk to."

"Well, lad, there are two of us. I am very lonely, too."

"But haven't you a home anywhere?"

"Yes, but it is a long way off, across the sea."

"Why don't you go back to it? If I only had a home I would never leave it."

The lonely minister, who had found his vacation in the awful solitude of London unutterably depressing, did not have an answer ready. But his heart went out to the homeless little wretch. He took the child out of the empty house, obtained decent clothes for him at a charitable institution, paid board for him at a lodging house, and finally carried him to America at the end of the vacation.—San Francisco Argonaut.

DRIED EGGS.

They Are Shipped in Barrels and Look Like Butter.

Both in England and Germany experiments have been made to preserve eggs by drying them, and to supply the market with this article as a substitute for fresh eggs. Inasmuch as the product is somewhat cheaper than fresh eggs at certain seasons of the year, while its nourishing value is said to be almost the same, the proceeding deserves some attention. In the factory which has recently begun operations at Passau, Bavaria, the process is as follows: The eggs are first candled in order to examine their quality. All good eggs are thrown into a very large, rapidly rotating vat, in which the centrifugal force separates the egg shells from the yolk and the white. The mixed fluid is taken out of this vat and dried by a process in which combined currents of air and heat are used. After its being thoroughly dried the product is packed in barrels, the finished article appearing like brown sugar. Experiments made with preserved eggs, which had been shipped twice across the equator, showed that omelettes and other dishes could be prepared tasting exactly as if made of fresh eggs. The Passau factory during the height of the season preserves from 8,000 to 10,000 dozen eggs per day. Several poultry farms have been started in the neighborhood but even these are not sufficient to supply the necessary quantity of fresh eggs for the factory, and agents sent out by them buy up all the eggs for miles around. The product of this factory has recently appeared in the German markets, and although the general public is a little suspicious of the offer of this substitute for fresh eggs, the excellent quality of the preserves has already made many converts.—Philadelphia Record.

How to Treat Lettuce.

When lettuce comes from the market immediately cut off the roots far enough to loosen the larger leaves. Wash it all thoroughly, spread out an old napkin, or, better still, a square of cheesecloth, and place the clean, wet lettuce leaves, as though they were all together again, in the center. Tie the corners of the cloth together like a peddler's pack, and place it on the ice. When time for serving arrives, though it be not for two or three days, the lettuce will be clean, crisp and perfectly dry. This is the very best way to prepare it, and does away with drying each leaf—a process sure to bruise the tender leaves. Celery should be treated the same way. Cut off the big tops, prepare it for the table, piece by piece, wrap it in a wet cloth and keep on the ice. At meal time there is nothing to be done but on the celeriac dish what is needed, and it will be clean, dry and crisp.—St. Louis Republic.

Voluntary Obedience.

Voluntary obedience, not compulsion, is what is wanted; and the parents that are even tempered, and the children that are teaching this lesson most successfully. A mother and father that have not learned self-control are not capable of controlling children. It is a burdensome thing to many to lead the child the way it should go, for it is very necessary that the parents follow the same path; we can't preach any more than we live, and the sermons from which the child draws his ideas take place in the home—no teacher or minister can do the parents' work. Your child has a body, mind and heart, all in your keeping; if you do your work well, when life's fitful fever shall have passed, for you, the memory of your children will go back to you, with gratitude that they were reared out in the world with sound bodies, cultivated minds and pure hearts.—Woman's kind.

Flower Bodies.

Many of the newest evening toilets show bodies liberally decorated with natural flowers, these usually fine, like half-blown roses, valley lilies, violets, lilacs, etc. A dinner dress of lustrous white satin, with sleeve puffs of turquoise blue velvet, had pale pink chrysanthemums and carnations of small size arranged around the entire edge of the half-long Reclamer bodice, with sprays of maidenhair fern festooned lightly from one flower cluster to the other. A white and gold brocade, trimmed with old lace literally yellow from age, was garnished on bodice and skirt with Gloire de Dijon roses and trailing rose vines arranged to fall en chateleine. A pale lemon brocade, with black velvet shawl puffs, was trimmed with jet and adorned with white lilacs and tea roses.—St. Louis Republic.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

"I'll kiss you for my sister's sake." "Pray, don't forget yourself," she said. I straightway took her at her word, and kissed her for myself instead. —Truth.

Dr. Tanquer—You don't take enough exercise for a man of your habits." Old Soak—Why, I have been shaking dice for drinks all the afternoon.—Philadelphia Record.

Better Than Refined Gold.

Is bodily comfort. This unspeakable boon is denied to many unfortunate for whose ailments Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a promptly helpful remedy. The dyspeptic, the choleric, the nervous, persons troubled with biliousness or chills and fever, should lose no time in availing themselves of this comprehensive and genial medicine. It promotes appetite and a nightly slumber.

"I know does hope," said Uncle Mose, "dat dey will git dis load new photograph, 'trick so fine by summer dat man kin tell wedder melon is ripe."—Indianapolis Journal.

Honore appears in good humor while he conspires, and therefore his course has the more weight as supposed to proceed from judgment, not from passion.—Young.

A Child Enjoys.

The pleasant flavor, gentle action, and soothing effect of Syrup of Piss, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be cooive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

"Thor hast a pretty wit," quoth the monarch. "Aye, and a dry humor," replied the wench. Whereupon the king pushed the button.—Philadelphia Record.

He—"Do you believe in love at first sight?" Miss Thrice-Eight—"I believe in any kind of love."—Somerville Journal.

Firs stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and \$2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Miss Dr. Plains—"Doctor, what is the secret of beauty?" Family Physician (confidentially)—"Be born pretty."—N. Y. Weekly.

Small are the seeds fate does unheeded sow of slight beginnings to important ends.—Davenant.

Did you write The N. G. Hamilton Pub. Co., of Cleveland, Ohio, about their Life of Lincoln? Better do so—chance to make money rapidly.

CONGRATULATIONS.—New Yorker—"Are Philadelphia as slow as New Yorkers think they are?" Philadelphian (surprised)—"Do New Yorkers think we're slow?"—Truth.

I use Piso's Cure for Consumption both in my family and practice.—Dr. G. W. PATTERSON, Inkster, Mich., Nov. 5, 1891.

The secret of success in modern art is to be crazy in an original way.—Fliegende Blätter.

POULTRY FEEDS Lungs Against Winter with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Piso's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

THERE are in business three things necessary—knowledge, temper and time.—Fellman.

THE LINK.—"The voters drew the line on our candidate, did they?" "Yes, they scratched him."—Detroit Tribune.



"Pass Your Plate."

Battle Ax PLUG

Prices of all commodities have been reduced except tobacco. "Battle Ax" is up to date. Low Price; High Grade; Delicious Flavor. For 10 cents you get almost twice as much "Battle Ax" as of other high grade goods. The 5 cent piece is nearly as large as other 10 cent pieces of equal quality.

Breakfast Cocoa

Made by Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass., is "a perfect type of the highest order of excellence in manufacture." It costs less than one cent a cup.

"Blight"

costs cotton planters more than five million dollars annually. This is an enormous waste, and can be prevented. Practical experiments at Alabama Experiment Station show conclusively that the use of

"Kainit"

will prevent that dreaded plant disease. Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars booming special fertilizers, but are reports of works, containing the results of latest experiments in this line. Every cotton farmer should have a copy. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

DUNCAN'S LINIMENT

The Old Reliable Tested Remedy for

RHEUMATISM, Headache, Toothache, and PAINS generally.

G. W. GUNTER, CLINTONVILLE, ALA., says: "I have found DUNCAN'S LINIMENT to be the best remedy for pains generally I ever used."

...FOR COLIC IN HORSES and MULES it is a "dead shot."

WEBB MANUFACTURING CO., Proprietors, NASHVILLE, TENN.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but sell direct to the consumer at wholesale prices. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 50 styles of Harness, 41 styles Riding Saddles. Write for catalogue. ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS CO., ELKHART, IND.

IRON ROOFING.

Largest stock and assortment in the South. FACTORY PRICES. Galvanized Iron Gutters and Pipes with all fixtures, ready to put up. MANOQUE-PIDGEON IRON CO., Memphis, Tenn.

HAIR WIGS for Ladies and Gents. Perfect Fit.

and upwigs. WIGS for gentlemen, ladies, etc. Made to order. Hair, French, Russian, etc. Made to order. B. C. STEHL & CO., 181 Nassau Ave., CHICAGO.

OPIMUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE.

Dr. B. H. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

SEE NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

IS SOLD UNDER A POSITIVE GUARANTEE.

SOLD EVERYWHERE, 50c. and \$1.00 Bottles. Six bottles of either size for the PRICE OF FIVE. If your dealer does not have it send US the money and we will send by express, prepaid.

THE CARLSTEDT MEDICINE CO., EVANSVILLE, ILL.

There is something so sad and mournful about the Expression of a Dyspeptic—Hungry and afraid to eat. It's a terrible feeling, but why suffer when you can be cured.

CARLSTEDT'S G. L. S. IS SOLD UNDER A POSITIVE GUARANTEE.

SOLD EVERYWHERE, 50c. and \$1.00 Bottles. Six bottles of either size for the PRICE OF FIVE. If your dealer does not have it send US the money and we will send by express, prepaid.

THE CARLSTEDT MEDICINE CO., EVANSVILLE, ILL.

CURRENT COMMENT.

According to the New York Sun 12,000,000 voters participated in the presidential election of 1892 and 12,500,000 voters, it is computed, will take part in the presidential election this year.

It is HUNG CHIANG, the eminent Chinese viceroy, who has gone to Russia to attend the coronation of the czar, took with him on his trip a casket, in which he expects to be buried when he dies.

Prof. John Fiske predicts that a great religious revival will come sweeping over the world in the twentieth century, the era of great cathedral building. His theory is that a period of skepticism is succeeded by one of faith.

A recent dispatch from London said that the craze for bicycles was spreading into the strangest corners of the earth, the ameer of Afghanistan having sent for a lot of English wheels for the use of the ladies of his harem.

The daughters of the American Revolution held a fair in New York recently to raise a fund to erect a monument to the memory of Francis Scott Key, author of "The Star Spangled Banner," whose bones lie in the old churchyard at Frederick, Md.

PRESIDENT COMPTON, of the American Federation of Labor, in an interview stated that the eight-hour movement was now paramount in the minds of labor leaders and that over half a million toilers would make the demand for a shorter day on May 1, and that most of them would get it without a struggle.

It was asserted that three distinct cases of small-pox had come under the eyes of the Detroit, Mich., health board, where they had been communicated by means of paper money, and one of the members was going to endeavor to have the government recall all paper money now in circulation.

The Russian transiberian railway will enable the traveler to go around the world at the "little end" and greatly shorten the distance of circumnavigation below any route now pursued. Persons who wish the credit of going around the world at the least possible expenditure of time and distance will only have to wait a short time.

A medal of honor has just been awarded by the government to Conrad Schmidt, late first sergeant, troop K, Second cavalry, for most distinguished gallantry in action at Winchester, Va., September 19, 1864, in voluntarily going to the assistance of his regimental commander, whose horse had been killed under him in a charge near the enemy's line.

GEORGE A. FISHER, of Chicago, claims to be the chick-picking champion of America, and is anxious to beat Frank W. Turner, of Eastport, L. I., in a contest for any amount up to \$10,000. Garner some time ago picked a chicken clean in five seconds and is prepared to meet any man in the world. Fisher is said to have taken the feathers off 200 chickens in 57 minutes.

THE "Pinegre system," planting vacant lots in cities to potatoes and other vegetables, which made a great deal of talk and in some localities worked well and in others did not work at all, is to be tried again in Detroit, Mich., this season. There seems to be no difficulty in securing the land in any city where there is a disposition to test the "Pinegre system," but considerable trouble in finding the workers.

WILLIAM E. RUSSELL, of Massachusetts, is old enough to be president, with four years to spare. He is 39, having been born in the year 1857. The constitution of the United States provides that a man must be 25 to be a member of the house of representatives, 30 to be a United States senator, and 35 to be president. Grant was the youngest man ever elected to the presidency, and William Henry Harrison was the oldest. Russell stands ready to beat Grant's record, while Levi P. Morton is willing to go the elder Harrison one or two better.

SOME time ago Charles Rouss, the millionaire merchant of New York, offered to give \$100,000 toward the erection of a confederate battle abbey, to be located in some southern city, provided the people of the south contributed an equal sum for the purpose, and confederate men everywhere have become interested in the scheme, and on May 1 an entertainment of some kind will be given in every city and village of the south to help raise the necessary \$100,000. The location is to be decided by the votes of the camps and considerable campaigning is going on.

THERE are at the present moment some 96,000 insane persons in England alone, and to inspect the institutions in which they are confined, and see that no one is wrongfully detained, there are ten laymen and four physicians, the actual decision as to whether these 96,000 persons are or are not insane resting really with the physicians, the other officials not being considered competent on that point, and no medical man ever spends the whole of the 365 days a year in traveling and inspecting, could possibly do justice to his share—24,000—of the patients.

THE Grant mausoleum on Riverside drive, New York, which it was hoped would be opened on April 27, the anniversary of the general's birth, will probably be finished, however, before the summer is over. Much of the exterior work has been completed, and by June all the outside work will have been done. It is the intention to make the final dedication ceremonies the most magnificent that the country has ever seen. Pains will be taken to have the veterans of the confederacy participate, owing to the friendly feeling which is entertained for the dead general in the south.

AN AWFUL TRAGEDY.

An Indiana Man Kills Five People and Thon Himself.

HIS SISTER DIES SOON OF SHOCK.

Two Children His First Victims, Then Their Mother, Two Officers and Then Himself—He Was Once in the Asylum.

ROCKVILLE, Ind., April 25.—This morning at seven o'clock Peter Egbert, aged 23, shot and killed Mrs. Herman Hascke and her two children, Herman and Aggie, and Sheriff W. D. Mull and Constable W. M. Sveem. He then killed himself, and his sister, Miss Florence Egbert, who was lying very ill of typhoid fever, died shortly after the tragedy of the shock.

KILLING THE MOTHER AND CHILDREN.
About seven o'clock Young Egbert was sent into the back yard to saw some wood for family use. Shortly afterward, while Mrs. Hascke was out milking her cow, Egbert seized a double-barreled, breech-loading shotgun, and going into the Hascke house, which was next door to his home, shot the little daughter, ten years old, dead and wounded the boy, two years younger, who ran out on the porch, where Egbert shot him again, killing him instantly. The murderer then went out into the alley, and leveled his gun at Mrs. Hascke, who seeing his intentions, attempted to escape. He shot her, however, the charge taking effect in the top of her head, removing part of her skull. Mrs. Hascke lingered in an unconscious state for about two hours, when death ended her sufferings.

SHOOTING THE SHERIFF AND A CONSTABLE.
Having completed this work of butchery, Egbert shouldered his gun and walked up into the business part of the town. Sheriff Mull and Constable Sveem were planning a means of capturing the murderer. Egbert was walking across the north side of the square holding his gun in position with both barrels cocked, when he saw Mull and Sveem crossing the street towards him. He called out to them that they had better not come any nearer. The two officers then retired into a stairway in the national bank building for a moment's consultation, when Egbert turned, and coming upon them suddenly, shot and instantly killed both men.

THE MURDERER KILLS HIMSELF.
The murderer then started to run, taking a westward course towards the fair grounds, a number of citizens in close pursuit. He ran like a deer until, while crossing an open field just west of town, a shot from his pursuers took effect in his heel. This crippled him, and though he managed to scale the inclosure of the fair grounds, he was unable to run further, and crawling into a stall in the fair grounds, he shot himself in the right breast. The fire from his gun ignited his clothing, which was partially burned when he was found.

AN EXCITED TOWN—HE WAS INSANE.
News of the history of Rockville was excitement so intense. Business has been suspended and the people can think and talk of nothing but the awful tragedy. The dead are being prepared for burial, but no arrangements for their funerals have been made. Egbert was at one time confined in the insane asylum, but had been discharged as cured. The general belief is that insanity was the cause of the crime.

REVIEW OF TRADE.
How the Situation is Viewed By R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Trade Review—Business Favorable By Seasonable Weather, But All Great Industries Embarrassed By Lack of Adequate Demand—Speculation Making Little Headway.

New York, April 25.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

Business has been favored by seasonable weather, and the distribution of products has made fair progress, not yet reducing retail or wholesale stocks far enough, however, to materially improve the position of industries. Those stocks have apparently been large ever since the fever of buying last fall and the actual buying for consumption has been smaller than has been generally realized. Hence all the great industries are embarrassed by lack of adequate demand, and, in some cases, the accumulation of goods in anticipation of demand has gone about as far as it can. Strikes of some importance are threatened in building and window glass trades, and the working force is lessened by stoppage of some factories, because orders are light. Again, prices of commodities are on the whole, lower than ever before, having declined about 2 percent, since April, and 7 percent, since July, 1890, or October, 1892. The fall in manufactured products is a little less than was April 1, but in farm products greater.

Speculation is swayed by trifling influences when markets are very narrow. The recent advance checked buying of wheat for export, and Atlantic exports for the week were 1,081,254 bushels, flour included, against 1,728,873 bushels last year, while western receipts were 2,004,007 bushels, against 1,357,403 bushels last year. Since July 1 Atlantic exports, including flour, have been only 72,900 bushels, against 87,500 last year; to date, though, western receipts have been about 177,000 bushels, against 129,000 bushels to date last year. With generally fair prospects as to winter wheat, the price has dropped about two cents, nearly half the rise based on gloomy reports early this month. Cotton receipts continue heavy and the price is a shade lower. A single enterprising buyer was able to push up the price of cotton eight-cent, though the progress of planting gives promise of a large yield, and the receipts continue on a large scale in 1893, thought to be about 386,000 bales larger for the year than last.

Cotton goods were bought less freely last week, and the northern mills have taken scarcely any cotton this month. The feeling is more hopeful, because retail trade is better. Failures for the week have been 238 in the United States, against 230 last year, and 41 in Canada, against 37 last year.

THE PEARL BRYAN CASE.

Will Wood, Scott Jackson's Former Chum, on the Stand—The Defense Beginning to Show Their Hand.

Newport, Ky., April 25.—Will Wood was on the witness stand in the Pearl Bryan murder case when court adjourned last evening.

He stated the intimacy of his friendship for Scott Jackson during his stay of nearly a year in Greencastle. He also admitted that he had introduced Jackson to his second cousin, Pearl Bryan, and that since Jackson's departure last October from Greencastle to Cincinnati he had kept up a correspondence with him, and that letters from Jackson to him personally were destroyed by him, according to Jackson's request. His testimony was to the effect that he knew that Pearl was in trouble, and that he received a letter from Jackson in Cincinnati requesting Pearl to go to Cincinnati to be relieved. He showed the letter to Pearl that day. She read it and asked witness:

"What would you do if you were me?"

Witness answered: "Decide for yourself."

The next day, which was Saturday, January 25, she told Wood she was going to Cincinnati on Monday, January 27. He saw her off on Monday, as she rode on the train, and that was the last he saw of her.

In the cross-examination the questions indicated that the defense had testimony from several men showing, in the form of depositions, that Wood had boasted to them of improper intimacy with Pearl Bryan. This questioning was to lay the foundation for the depositions of these persons in the defense. Wood positively denied every statement of the depositions.

Three important letters which Scott Jackson says are wanted in his defense are missing. They were written by Will Wood and were taken from Jackson's room by the Cincinnati police shortly after his arrest. The letters, it is claimed by the defense, will show what kind of a young man Wood has been.

Judge N. L. Bennett, of Campbell county, Ky., was put on the witness stand this morning and testified that he was at Locke's farm, where Pearl Bryan's body was found, the day after its discovery. The blood spots on the ground and portions of her person were still moist. A large part of the testimony was taken up with a description of the scene where the body was found. Besides Judge Bennett, Messrs. D. W. Weaver, Wm. Newell and W. S. Boyce testified on that point.

W. D. Pinkard testified to seeing a girl who looked like Pearl Bryan back of the Atlantic garden with Jackson and Walling the afternoon before the murder.

Mrs. Bryan was recalled and produced a lock of her daughter's hair and a photograph taken at the time she graduated from the high school.

Mrs. Plymouth Weeks, of Cincinnati, a spiritualist medium, testified that in the last week of January Pearl Bryan and Jackson came to her place, and that, in the course of her conversation with Pearl Bryan, Pearl told her who she was, and also told her her condition. The witness advised her to go home. The witness described the dress which Pearl wore, showing that she was not mistaken.

Mr. Fortmeyer, of Bellevue, Ky., told of Jackson and Walling, with a blonde woman, calling at his drug store in Bellevue, Thursday or Friday before the finding of the body, and asking for ferries to Walnut Hills.

Mrs. Kate Holmes, of Bellevue, testified to seeing this woman and two men at the ferry on the same day talking to Mr. Foster. Mr. Foster testified that he talked to these people, and that it was on Thursday or Friday, between 11 and 11:30 o'clock.

The Belting Sea Patrol.
PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., April 25.—H. R. M. fourth-rate protected gunboat Pheasant, Capt. Garfort, dropped anchor here at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The visit is for the purpose of conferring with Capt. Hooper, of the American Hebrides squadron, in relation to plans for a successful and systematic policing of the northern seas against the ravages of pelagic sealers. The bulk of the work will fall upon the shoulders of Uncle Sam, who is sending six vessels north against the Pheasant, which, alone and unaided, will look after British interests during the closed season.

Trial Trip of the Massachusetts.
BOSTON, April 25.—The battleship Massachusetts left this morning on her official trial trip. She crossed the starting line at 1:15, and when she passed the first stake boat she was going at a great rate of speed. At 10:15 she passed the Katahdin, which is anchored at the second mark, 6.16 miles from the starting line. Her time between the two buoys was 25 minutes. The Indiana's time over the same course was 27 minutes.

Wild Chieftains Greeted Harrison's Name.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 25.—The Marion county republican convention met here to put a ticket in the field for the coming election. Temporary Chairman Bookwalter, in his speech, mentioned the name of McKinley, which was liberally cheered, but when he spoke the name of Gen. Harrison there was wild applause.

Will Wed a Wealthy Senorita.
NEW YORK, April 25.—At the opera last night was announced the engagement of Prince Albert Radziwill, well known in social circles here, and Miss Milmo, of the City of Mexico, whose brother, Patrio Milmo, is one of the wealthiest residents in the north of Mexico, and a partner of Mr. Kelly. Prince Radziwill is wealthy.

Sentenced to Hang.
CHICAGO, April 25.—Joseph Windrath, found guilty of the murder of Carey E. Birch, cashier of the West Chicago Street Railway Co., was sentenced this morning by Judge Morton to hang on May 16.

IN MEMORY OF GRANT.

The Union League Unveils Its Statue of the Renowned American.

HIS LITTLE GRANDSON LIFTED THE VEIL.

The Statue is a Beauty, Sixteen Feet High, Made of Bronze, and Weighs One Hundred and Ten Tons—Represented in Soldier Dress.

BROOKLYN, April 25.—The fine equestrian statue of Ulysses Simpson Grant, which the Union League club of Brooklyn has bought for presentation to that city, was unveiled with imposing ceremonies. The veil was lifted from the statue about three o'clock by the hand of little Ulysses Grant, grandchild of the general, and third son of Col. Fred Bent Grant, of New York.

The statue stands on Bedford avenue, at the corner of Dean street, just in front of the main entrance to the Union League club house. It makes an imposing spectacle.

The statue, reputed judges say, is a beauty of its kind. It is of heroic size, 16 feet high, made of bronze and weighs 110 tons. William Ordway Partridge was the sculptor. Its base is a square granite block, 33 tons in weight, supporting three similar blocks. The general is represented in soldier dress, his slouch hat drawn well down on his head and his overcoat on. The horse stands with his four feet firmly planted on the pedestal, head up, ears alert.

On the front of the base of the statue, in eight-inch raised letters, is the word:

GRANT
On the reversed side is this inscription:
PRESENTED TO THE CITY
BY THE
UNION LEAGUE CLUB OF BROOKLYN
APRIL 27, 1893.

Aside from the unveiling the great feature of the celebration was the military parade. About 6,000 men were in line.

The veterans of Grant post, G. A. R., constituted the guard of honor about the statue. The guests of the club were gathered on the grand stand, built especially for the occasion. Many distinguished men were on the stand. The presentation exercises were begun with a prayer by Rev. Dr. A. J. P. Behrends.

Then, Gen. Stewart L. Woodford made a short speech, presenting the statue to the city. Mayor Wurster accepted the statue on behalf of the city. At this point the veil was lifted. Bishop John P. Newman delivered the edifying prayer. Gen. Horace Porter delivered an eulogy on Gen. Grant, and Bishop McDonnell pronounced the benediction.

The original plan was to unveil the statue on April 27, the general's birthday. The committee on arrangements learned, however, that Col. Grant had promised to be present at a Grant statue unveiling in Philadelphia on that day so they decided on April 25.

SALVATION ARMY AFFAIRS.
Items That Will Interest the Hallelujah Lads and Lassies and Those Who Admire Their Work.

NEW YORK, April 25.—Col. Edw. Higgins, who is to replace Col. Eddie as chief secretary to Commander Booth-Tucker, and who will be next in command of the Salvation army in the United States, has arrived. He carries important communications from Gen. Booth to his son-in-law and daughter. Col. Higgins said that Gen. Booth had not yet accepted as final the defection of his son Ballington. The colonel denied that he had brought any communication for Ballington Booth.

The colonel will be sworn in under the American flag at the Fourteenth street headquarters to-morrow night. At the same time Commissioner Eva Booth will say her farewell. She will sail for England next week for final instructions before taking command of the Canadian forces.

Commissioner Booth-Tucker made another tour last night of the slum posts of the Salvation army and conducted his investigation of the seamy side of life in the metropolis. He addressed meetings in the Albany street and Cherry street mission houses. Between meetings he looked in on some of the alleys and rookeries of the First and Fourth wards.

A big sign in front of the Fourteenth street headquarters yesterday attracted much attention. On one side, in big letters, was the notice: "THE DEVIL WOULD RATHER YOU WOULD NOT LOOK ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THIS BOARD." Of course everyone looked on the other side, and found an announcement of Sunday's programme.

Veterans' Law Declared Unconstitutional.
BOSTON, April 25.—The full bench of the supreme court has declared that the veterans' preference bill, passed by the legislature of 1893, is unconstitutional. The act permits the appointment of those who have passed a civil service examination, the veteran not being required to pass the examination.

Germany Has Trouble in Africa.
BERLIN, April 25.—The government has received information that war has broken out in German Southwest Africa between the Germans and the Sababils and Hottentots. A battle has been fought in which two German officers and six men were killed.

Killed By Lightning While Plowing.
LITCHFIELD, Ky., April 25.—Joseph A. Nichols, a farmer near Clarkton, was killed by lightning while plowing, he was 52, a widower, and leaves seven children.

Sweden and Japan.
STOCKHOLM, April 25.—The new commercial treaty between Sweden and Japan has been ratified.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

Edward K. Dietz, Akron, O., committed suicide on account of domestic troubles.

B. A. Stone, one of the early settlers of Christian county, Mo., was found dead in bed.

Four hundred thousand dollars will be used to improve the Tomba prison in New York.

David Beard, aged 85, and Mrs. Mary E. Gilbert, aged 68, were married at Guthrie, Okla.

John Wack, an extensive stock dealer near Salisbury, Mo., died from an overdose of morphine.

Elijah Mannon, a prosperous farmer, aged 60, committed suicide near Eminence, Ind., by shooting. He had been sick.

Secretary of War Lamont has leased the summer cottage of Vice-President Tuck of the New York Life Insurance Co., at Monmouth Beach, N. J.

The appellate division of the New York supreme court has rendered a decision which upholds the constitutional law of the Raines state liquor tax law.

Negotiations are under way in New York to erect a 14-story building to be devoted to clubs and societies for women. The structure will cost \$1,200,000.

Abelheer Bishop, a widely known civil engineer, died in Petersburg, Va. He leaves three brothers, one of whom is Rev. William Frost Bishop, of Kansas City, Mo.

Frank Wilson, aged 14, caused the arrest of his mother in New York because she got drunk. He said he wanted to see her do right. The woman was sent to the workhouse.

The old rumor that Mr. Chauncey M. Depew is engaged to Miss Collium was revived in New York only to be contradicted by Mr. Depew. In accounting for the revival of the story Mr. Depew is quoted as saying that while in San Francisco a joss house Chinaman prophesied that Mr. Depew would be married within a year.

Mamie Hearn, 19 years old, while in a state of somnambulism, walked through the second-story window of 23 Bowery, New York, and fell through a hole of the fire escape, receiving a fracture of the right ankle. When the girl walked out of the window she was fully dressed and had on her hat, as if she was prepared for a stroll.

Mrs. Susanna Howells Jordan, a prominent artist and newspaper writer, well known on the Pacific coast, died in Los Angeles, Cal. Mrs. Jordan was a sister of William Hooper Howells, editor of the Newark (N. J.) Evening News, and a cousin of the novelist, William Dean Howells.

Nine-months old George Washington Baxter, of No. 637 Sylvester street, Philadelphia, was strangled by a strap in his high chair. His mother had tucked him in the chair and placed the leather strap in front of him, so that he could not fall on the floor. She went about her work, and returning in a few minutes found that the little fellow had slid down, the strap catching his neck and strangling him to death.

Mrs. Katie Peterson is seeking to break the will of her father, the late Adam Alday, of Moline, Ill., who was eccentric and wealthy. It is charged that his first wife became insane and he incarcerated her in his house for many years, and she was finally sent to Minnesota, where she died. An alleged will was left, leaving all the property to his second wife, and the plaintiff now seeks to have this will set aside.

Embezzler Adams Willing to Return.
LONDON, April 25.—Matthew Adams, of Denver, Col., who was arrested at Southampton upon his arrival from America about three weeks ago, charged with embezzlement of \$40,000 in Denver, was arraigned in the Bow Street police court and the magistrate ordered his extradition. Adams said that his only desire was to return to Colorado, whither his wife, who was with him when arrested, had gone. He said that he did not intend to make any appeal from the decision of the court, but would go home and stand trial by his own countrymen.

Kruger Too Busy to Go to London.
CAPE TOWN, April 25.—Sir Hercules Robinson, governor of Cape Colony, has received and cabled to the colonial office in London President Kruger's reply to Mr. Chamberlain's invitation to the Transvaal president to visit London and discuss the situation in the South African Republic. President Kruger answers the invitation by saying that he can not at present proceed to England owing to the fact that his presence is required at home by the volksraad, the Transvaal parliament.

Killed by a Cable Car.
WASHINGTON, April 25.—Dr. S. S. Moffatt, a homeopathic physician of this city, was run over and killed by a cable car at nearly half past three this morning. The grim man saw the man lying across the track in the shadow of a tree just before the car struck him, but he was unable to stop the car in time.

Battle Between Italians and Derivishes.
STAKIM, April 25.—Advices received here say that part of the Italian garrison at Kassala, conjointly with a detachment of the Italian forces from Mokram, made an attack upon a force of 8,000 Derivishes, whom they defeated and pursued to Golsa. The Italians killed 500 of the Derivishes and lost 100 of their own men.

The Old Telegraphers.
PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 25.—A well attended meeting of old telegraphers was held last evening in common council chamber to arrange for the sixteenth annual convention of old telegraphers and military operators, to be held in Pittsburgh, September 9.

Sweden and Japan.
STOCKHOLM, April 25.—The new commercial treaty between Sweden and Japan has been ratified.

Sweden and Japan.
STOCKHOLM, April 25.—The new commercial treaty between Sweden and Japan has been ratified.

WHITELAW REID TALKS

His View of the Men Before the Republican Convention.

THE GREAT ISSUE OF THE CAMPAIGN.

He Has a Good Word to Say for All the Candidates, But Doesn't Believe "It is Anybody to Beat McKinley."

SAN FRANCISCO, April 25.—A special train carrying a morning paper from Phoenix, Ariz., says:

Whitelaw Reid, who has been living here during the winter, left for California last night. He is accompanied by Mrs. Reid, and they will be the guests of D. O. Mills, at Millbrae, San Mateo county, during their sojourn on the Pacific coast. It is Mr. Reid's present intention to remain in California two months, in which time he believes his health will be fully restored.

Just before his departure Mr. Reid gave a somewhat reluctant expression of his views on the political situation and the availability of the prominent candidates for the republican presidential nomination.

HIS PERSONAL PREFERENCES.
Asked his personal preferences, he replied with a laugh:

"I am heartily in favor of the nominee at St. Louis. Then seriously: 'I know and esteem all the candidates that have been mentioned thus far. With most of them I have had relations of cordial friendship for many years.'

"Allison, for instance, I saw sworn in for his first term in the lower house nearly thirty-five years ago, and I have known him since as one of the soundest and safest republicans."

"Four years ago all these candidates supported me, and with a good will and cordiality I can never forget, and my own desire now is to be in a position to give whichever of them may be chosen the heartiest and most efficient support in my power. As to which of the candidates named have the best chance," Mr. Reid continued, "anyone can answer that just as well as I, and the answer will be worth just as much."

McKINLEY SEEMS TO HAVE THE LEAD.
"McKinley may not be the man, but he certainly seems now to have a long lead."

"But the field is against him," was suggested. "It is anybody to beat McKinley."

"Pardon me," replied Mr. Reid, "it is hardly that. We may have had our prospects in the past, but this isn't one of them. A few gentlemen who intend to relieve the national republican party of the trouble of nominating a candidate by setting it among themselves may feel that way, but the delegates are of contrary opinions."

"Pennsylvania, for instance, will not doubt support Senator Quay in good faith as long as its delegates think he has any chance, but if they fail with him they will not then be hunting around for anybody else to beat McKinley—not a bit of it. As a matter of fact a number of them are too eager to vote for McKinley as soon as possible."

"The New Hampshire delegates gave a pretty good clew the other day in their state convention as to how they would feel in case they could not get Reed. Evidently they are not hunting for anybody to beat McKinley."

"Nobody can tell who is sure to be nominated until the convention has had a chance to express its own wish. I think that this is a perfectly evident fact that this is not a year in which the republican delegates from any considerable number of states are going to be massed by self-seeking bosses, in a compact column, hunting for anybody to beat somebody else."

THE GREAT ISSUE OF THE CAMPAIGN.
Mr. Reid was asked what he considered the great issue of the campaign.

"There is just one great issue," he answered, "which the people all over the country have in mind, and when the people of this country get on their feet, in their minds they are likely to have their way about it. Four years ago this people, under the rule of the party which had practically directed their government for 30 years, touched the absolute high water mark of prosperity recorded in the whole hundred years of their history. They then made a change. The next year every vote they gave showed they thought it was a mistake, and wanted to get back again to where they had been. Every election since then shows that they continue to feel the same way stronger and stronger. The one thing which overshadows everything else in their minds is the determination to undo the mistake and get back again to the rule of the party which had always given them protection and sound money. That's the issue, and no combination of politicians, or newspapers, or bankers, or cunning wire-pullers manufacturing foreign wars, can divert them from their purpose or make anything else the issue."

First Pistol, Then Swords.

VIENNA, April 25.—A duel was fought between Baron Fejrvary, Hungarian minister of national defense, and M. Bernath, a member of the chamber of deputies. The principals at first fought with pistols, with the result that neither was hit. They then fought with sabers, and M. Bernath was seriously wounded in the head.

A Turkey Hunter's Mistake.
SALEM, Mo., April 25.—John Dunlap and Bud Ball, neighbors, were out in the woods, turkey hunting, and Ball, seeing what he supposed to be a wild turkey, fired, but when he came to look for the game found that the contents of his gun had lodged in Dunlap's breast. It is expected that Dunlap will die.

CAPT. JAMES T. LOCKWOOD.

He Rescued the Crew of the Steamship at Bonacore Reef—Buried Near Panama.

NEW YORK, April 25.—There has been filed in the marine division of the customhouse a report from Victor Vilquian, United States consul at Panama, of the death of Capt. James T. Lockwood of the Pacific Mail Co.'s steamship City of Para. He died suddenly on his vessel in the bay of Panama on March 25, while preparing to go to Colon to take the steamship Financier for New York to obtain medical treatment.

He rescued the crew of the United States mail-war Kearsarge, when it was wrecked on Bonacore reef, and on that occasion contracted a cold which developed in consumption. He was buried in the American graveyard on Flamingo island.

Against the Evansville & Terre Haute.
NEW YORK, April 25.—The sheriff received an attachment for \$139,415 against the Evansville & Terre Haute Railroad Co. of Indiana, in favor of John Dougan, of this city. The claim is for principal and interest due on 133 first mortgage bonds of \$1,000 each of the Evansville & Richmond Railroad Co., which were guaranteed by the Evansville & Terre Haute Railroad Co., on which the interest has been in default since March 1, 1894. The attachment was served on the Farmers' Loan and Trust Co. and the National City bank.

Weekly Bank Statement.
NEW YORK, April 25.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes:

	Change	Balance
Reserve, increase.....	\$2,200,000	1,000,000
Loans, increase.....	1,000,000	2,000,000
Specie, increase.....	200,000	2,000,000
Legal tenders, increase.....	2,000,000	2,000,000
Deposits, increase.....	3,250,000	2,000,000
Circulation, decrease.....	31,000	2,000,000

The banks now hold \$20,678

C. C. DuBOSE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, APRIL 30, 1896.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce W. A. Thompson as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. S. Farrell as a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of W. L. Davis authorize The Chronicle to announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. H. Hammond as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR SHERIFF.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Amos Daniel as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce S. W. Nelson as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. P. Christian as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR COMMISSIONER—FIRST DISTRICT.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Hosea Pearson as a Commissioner of Shelby county, from the Columbian District No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR CONSTABLE.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce A. S. Tates as a candidate for the office of Constable of Beat No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic party.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JOSEPH F. JOHNSTON,
Of Jefferson.

For Secretary of State,
JAMES K. JACKSON,
Of Lauderdale.

For Treasurer,
GEORGE W. ELLIS,
Of Montgomery.

For Auditor,
WALTER S. WHITE,
Of Colbert.

For Attorney-General,
WILLIAM C. FITTS,
Of Tuscaloosa.

For Superintendent of Education,
JOHN O. TURNER,
Of St. Clair.

For Commissioner of Agriculture,
I. P. CULVER,
Of Bullock.

STATE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

We, the democrats of the state of Alabama, in convention assembled, declare our continued faith in the old time and honored principles of the democratic party, and among these principles are the following:

1. The free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at 16 to 1 as the standard money of the country, without any discrimination against either metal and without the consent of foreign nations, as the United States coined silver and gold before the republican party obtained control of the government and changed the coinage laws of the country for the benefit of a class and to the injury of a great mass of the people.

2. The unconstitutional penalty of 10 per centum on each issue of state bank notes by any state or national bank, ought to be repealed.

It is our purpose to maintain a government in this state fair and just to all, under the control of the white men of Alabama.

The faith and credit of the state must be maintained unimpaired.

Our system of public education should be improved and extended so far as the state has the ability, without oppressive taxation.

We are in favor of honest and fair elections, and we recommend that laws be enacted under which primary elections and other party proceedings for the selection of candidates may be conducted.

We cordially invite all good citizens of this state, and especially all democrats who strayed from the party, to unite with us in an earnest and determined effort to maintain good government in the state of Alabama.

Let us preserve the dignity and credit and peace, and, if possible, the prosperity of our state.

"JOE JOHNSTON must be the next governor of Alabama; not because he is Joe Johnston, but because he is the nominee of the democratic party," says the Seale Register, one of the papers that urged his nomination. That is eminently the correct position. He is not an individual any longer; he is the appointed leader of the party. —Montgomery Advertiser.

The shortage of the sugar crop because of the Cuban war has caused an advance of 1-8 of a cent in refined sugar. The normal yield of 1,000,000 of tons of sugar annually in Cuba is cut down this year to 100,000 to 150,000 tons.

HON. JNO. B. KNOX, of Calhoun, was re-elected chairman of the democratic state executive committee by a unanimous vote. Hon. Thos. H. Clarke, of Montgomery, was unanimously re-elected secretary.

VICE PRESIDENT ADAM E. STEVENSON has consented to deliver an address before the alumni association of the University of Alabama at Tuscaloosa at commencement in June.

BEWARE.

We understand that some emissaries of the "Mormons, or Latter Day Saints," are in the county, seeking to make proselytes and deem it our duty as faithful chroniclers to apprise the people of the faith and character of the Mormon church. The intelligent readers of our paper belong to a class that we presume need no warning in such cases; but there is unhappily a good deal of illiteracy among the people of the county and the uninformed are liable to be deceived and lured to their destruction by a sect who mix truth with error. A half truth is often more dangerous than unadvised error.

The Mormons accept the Bible indeed, but teach that new revelations have been, and are now being given in addition to the canon of Scripture. They hold that these revelations authorize polygamy. Their practice, as female victims escape from their ranks declare are horribly immoral. The orgies celebrate in their great temple at Salt Lake City, are infamous. Establishing a town at first, in Illinois, they were so corrupting the community that the people felt compelled to rise up and expel them from the country and destroy their city. They then retired into the wilderness of Utah, where they became very numerous. And so offensive became their practices, particularly polygamy, that congress felt constrained to interfere and prohibit polygamy by law. It is prohibited in the constitution of Utah, but believed to be secretly practiced still; certainly still one of their tenets. Let young females beware of their seductive talk and christian profession. We hope none of them will be unfortunate enough to be involved into their snares, and live to lament the consequences of unheeded warning.

We nail at our mast head this week the state democratic ticket. We favored the nomination of Mr. Clarke for reasons well known to our readers, but a larger majority of the party overruled us, and we cheerfully submit. We intend to support the ticket just as cordially and as earnestly as if we had secured our choice in every instance, and if every democrat will do likewise it's election will be a certainty. The ticket is a good one from top to bottom, and is a sure winner.

J. D. HARDY said in a speech here two years ago that his brethren (the republicans) need give themselves no concern about the populists, as he would eventually make good republicans of them. It seems he is no slouch as a prophet. His party has swallowed the pops boots and breeches. Verily, verily, for ways that are dark and tricks that are vain the poplite leaders are dandies.

Just as we go to press we learn that the outcome of the pop-republican conventions in Montgomery was a fusion ticket. In other words they will co-operate. Goodwin is the nominee for governor, and the republicans were given two representatives on the ticket. Great Scott, but won't we have lots of fun this summer.

From Dallas county the names of Gaston A. Robbins, Jno. F. Burns and Major Boykin are suggested in connection with the congressional honors of the Fourth district this year; and from Calhoun county the name of Dr. T. W. Ayers has been mentioned. Can't Shelby county furnish a candidate also?

THE NEWS, Selma's new afternoon paper, has reached our table. It is democratic to the core, wide awake, enterprising, full of advertisements, and is a hummer in every sense of the word. We hope it will meet with the substantial encouragement it merits.

JAMES E. COBB has been unseated from the Fifth Alabama district by a vote of 145 to 45 A. T. Goodwin, populist, being seated.

The encampment of the Third Alabama Regiment will be held at East Lake, commencing June 8th.

The Alabama state convention of democrats adopted a 16 to 1 platform by a vote of 343 to 161.

CAPT. JOHNSTON was nominated over Mr. Clarke by a vote of 354 to 147.

Do not fail to register if you expect to vote in August and November.

RAIN-DROPS.

BY MRS. H. C. REYNOLDS.
Not forever, not forever, will the rain-drops patter down.

Casting gloom upon the mountain, darkness in the vales around;
Falling heavy on the house-tops, splashing 'gainst the window pane,
Making O such music! such a melancholy strain!

While the falling rain-drops fill the mind with thought,
There's a heavier rain-fall—
'Tis rain upon the heart.

Not forever, not forever, will our eyes be filled with tears
Over what we can't accomplish, striving through long, weary years;
Watching, longing, ever hoping, catching at the faintest gleam,
Wherein seems our prayers are answered, but, alas! it is not seen.

While the falling rain-drops show the heart is tried,
The heart's in greater sorrow
When the tears are dried.

In the future, in the future, God will wipe the tears away,
Brighten up our dreary pathway into everlasting day.

And in casting back our glances o'er the road which we have trod,
We may see, in roughest places, blessings from the hand of God.

Just as the falling rain-drops gladden each leaf and flower,
May be heart-aches and tear-drops,
Will brighten each future hour.
Montevallo, Ala.

IMMIGRATION TO THE SOUTH.

The Movement From the Northwest to the Southeast.

Written by M. V. Richards, Immigration Agent, Southern Railway.

The question of immigration from the northwest to the southeast is in no respect enigmatical, but in perfect harmony with the development of the age in which we now live. In other words perfectly natural. For the last thirty-five years we have been on the move. Every man who chose to become disposed to change his location, studied the problem of possibilities as to what section of country would best suit his convenience in every particular respect.

The movement still continued westward from habit and knowledge of the western country. The failures and distressing conditions of the country west of the Missouri river have so certainly and positively conquered and baffled the most determined men, as well as active agencies, who have, in common parlance, "lost their grip," that today we find the movement of people from the northwest to the southeast nearing the magnitude of the migration of people from the East to the West some years ago. Honest pioneers have become discouraged; they are looking elsewhere. Almost like an "ignis fatuus," the light dances about—everywhere in the South.

The railroads have made the beginning, special inducements were and are being thrown out and the people have started thitherward. In every instance men are seeking, first, cheap lands, then other conditions are considered. The high prices of land first started men from the central west, westward, until now low-priced lands are attracting the minds of men only, and that to the detriment of the West, from the fact that there is no portion of the United States in which lands rate above the actual values as in the northwestern states. Poor men and young, ambitious men are looking for cheap lands, and have learned and are still learning more and more daily where such lands can be had.

The facts are becoming generally known throughout the whole country that in the southeastern portion of the United States land can be purchased at prices which astonish everybody. Men begin to learn that this is no "booming" story. These statements, settled facts, decide the present status of land selling in all the northwestern country. They have the arguments well studied, and knowing they are well founded, no reasonable man can successfully combat their notions.

Advantages of markets, climatic preferences, fruit culture and fresh, clear streams of water, timber and game, all are themes they discuss. It is difficult to get many northern people to see the prime causes which put 'em and as low in price south as it is.

The explanation may be given, but they forget that which they cannot fully realize. They cannot understand that the inhabitants of the South have come up through different schools of education, and that the farms are simply not wanted by the former owners. They have lost the desire of farming for a livelihood, and never did labor and till the soil as the northern man.

When the northern farmer once fully understands this to be the true situation, he readily determines what his course shall be, as soon as he can sell his effects in the frigid climate, and is found on his way south. It is becoming plainer every day what the future will bring about in this great question of immigration to the South. There is no class of people on the earth so well calculated to shape themselves to the environments than the northern people. Generally well educated and industrious, look upon honest labor as the highest virtue, and having the will to do it, are always successful. They are going south, and there is no human power that can stop the current now moving.

The tenant farmer has become tired of high rentals; he cannot pay the price asked by owners, and he has the clear grit to refuse, and the result is readily seen. They are bound to seek more inviting locations. Let the truth and nothing but the truth be published regarding the South, "hurry slowly" in the endeavor, and it is only a question of a short time until the "enigmatical" problem will work out itself. The country south of the Potomac and Ohio will be alive in every valley and on every plain, and even the mountain tops will be utilized for every purpose that the genius of man can conceive. While the irrigation question is being discussed in and experimented with in the West, the South will settle up and become the happy home of teeming millions.

Anent the Whining Woman.

The following from an exchange may be read no doubt with interest and profit by some of our lady readers:

There are two things in a woman that the man of refinement admires equally as much as, if not more than, beauty, and those are a pleasant voice and a cheerful disposition. There is not a man in the world brave enough to cope with a woman who whines. He will put himself to any amount of trouble to avoid her. Fortunately, though, whining is going out of fashion. It is now considered, and rightly more womanly to meet the trials and troubles, both small and great, cheerfully.

If your trouble is a great one, however, you may risk telling it to your best friend, be he lover or brother, feeling sure that he will do his best to aid you, but never venture meeting him with a bundle of imaginary woes. With such you may be sure he will never trouble you, and why should a woman feel it her privilege to ask more than she can return, simply because she is a woman?

THE FREE COINAGE OF IRON.

Alex. P. Hall, in the Atlanta Journal.

Having been deeply impressed by the arguments of Judge Crisp, Bryan, Livingston and especially the Atlanta Constitution on the financial issue now before the people, and being deeply grieved, shocked and horrified by the stupendous loss entailed on the people of the South by the "awful crimes of '73," amounting to no less than \$3,000,000,000 according to my friend, Mr. Jerry Goldsmith, in his able paper in last Sunday's Constitution, I have changed my views on the money question, and am ready to maintain the propositions following, either in joint debate or in newspaper controversy with all comers—I accept their argument, and agree with their proposed remedy as far as it goes—only I don't think it goes far enough. Let us have plenty of remedy, in fact enough to make debt and poverty things of the past, relics of the dark ages!

I am in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of pig iron at sixteen to one, and can produce undoubted authority for the proposition that such a course will "raise prices," put plenty of money in circulation and bring about general prosperity.

Now in the first place, it may be urged by some who do not understand the subject of standards of value that such an act of congress would not raise the price of pig iron to this level. To them I reply, "The stamp of the government" and its "legal tender qualities" would instantly make the bullion value of pig iron the same as the mint value. "For who would part with an ounce of this metal for anything less than the mint value?" (Bryan, Jones and Stewart).

Again, it may be urged that our mints would be overcrowded with pig iron. "I reply, "That the price of pig iron having been raised from \$11.25 per ton to a ratio of 16 to 1 with gold the world over, no one would care especially to carry it to the mint, since all of his pig iron would bring that price in the open market anywhere." (Atlanta Constitution).

Next, it may be urged that gold and silver would go out of circulation. I reply, "First, this is a mere assumption of the tools of the money power, which they cannot verify" (Atlanta Constitution); second, "Suppose they did, isn't there enough pig iron to take their place and give the people plenty of money?" (Bryan); and third, that "such an assumption mixes up circulating medium and standard of value that gold and silver would still be potential money metals, even if not in circulation, and would help to raise prices and aid in the general prosperity." (Crisp).

Then again, it may be urged against the pig iron basis that wages would not rise in proportion to prices. The reply is "wages would be compelled to rise, since no man would be fool enough to work for a dollar a day, who could make \$1,000 picking up old nails and horse shoes and carrying them to the mint for coinage." (Hall).

In addition, it may be urged by the money power that we could not alone go on a pig iron basis without an international agreement. "To such standards as dare to lay a limit to the powers of the American people to do what they please, independently of all nations, I hurl their cowardice and lack of patriotism back in their faces." (Bryan).

The "crime of demonetizing iron" took place about 2,000 years ago in Greece, when certain goldsmiths and silverites, in order to increase the purchasing power of their ill-gotten wealth, secretly got the demonetization act passed in Sparta, and prices have been going down ever since. To-day China is the only country on earth honest enough to still coin iron and there the happy laborer can carry home the wages of his honest toil in a wheelbarrow." (Atlanta Constitution).

I have calculated the losses entailed upon the honest people of this world on account of the demonetization of pig iron, and the ruinous fall in prices consequent thereon, but I fear to give the figures, lest a revolution follow. However, I'll give them and the people can act accordingly. The loss is exactly \$13,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000. (J. W. Goldsmith).

In conclusion I insist that the free coinage of pig iron will do everything that is claimed for silver, and infinitely more. The people will be rich and prosperous. The once poor man can pay his debts with his old stove. The railroads can declare dividends on old rails, the small boy can pick up old nails and horse shoes to support his family. In fine, poverty and debt can no longer exist!

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

Worth the Trouble.

From Life.
"Miss Swift is learning to ride a wheel, she tells me."
"But she rode one last year. Why does she have to learn again?"
"Another fellow is teaching her."

City Tax Notice.

I will be in the Mayor's office in Columbia for one week commencing Monday, May 11, 1896, for the purpose of collecting the taxes due the city of Columbia, for the year 1895. All who fail to meet me during said week will be charged a collector's fee of 50 cents in addition to their city tax.

JOHN T. CROWWELL,
City Tax Collector.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Fitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Fitcher and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of *Dr. H. Fitcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

J. B. Lewis & Co.
SHOES
\$4.00
\$3.00
\$2.50

These shoes fit to perfection and wear as only the best of leather goods. They're shapely, pliant—the most comfortable of footwear. They always manage to let in air and keep out water.

Surely Your Dealer Sells Them.

FOR SALE BY
Lester, Mason & Co.

A FOOLISH MAN

Is he who declares he never pays any attention to statements made in newspaper advertisements. What other way have I of attempting to convince you that I can shoe your horse in up-to-date style, and at a price so moderate that you will be ready with the cash the moment the job is done.

Repair Work

a Specialty.

Nothing but good, honest work turned out of my shop. Can sharpen a plow while you wait. In fact I do any and all kinds of work that any blacksmith or woodworker is supposed to do, and, further, I will appreciate your patronage.

TRY ME ONCE FOR LUCK

W. W. ALBRIGHT,

COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.

Non-Resident Notice.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.
Ann E. Perry, Complainant, vs. William T. Perry Defendant.
In Chancery Sixth District North-Eastern Chancery Division.

In this case it is made to appear to the register by the affidavit of E. L. Hobbs, that the defendant, William T. Perry, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in Benson, Grason County, Texas; and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the register, that publication be made in the Chronicle, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him to said William T. Perry to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 20th day of April, A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office in Columbian, this 3rd day of March, A. D. 1896.

GORDON DUBOSE,
Register.

Estray Notice.

Notice is hereby given that W. D. Seigles, of Bamford, Ala., did take up an estray on or about April 8, 1896, one gray horse, about ten years old, blind in one eye, and five feet and two inches high; that the appraised value of said horse was \$67.50, and that the proceedings were had before W. H. Sturdivant, Esq., Justice of the peace, Bamford, Shelby county, Alabama.

Given under my hand at office in Columbian, Ala., this April 16, 1896.

J. R. McMillan,
Judge of Probate.

Scientific American
PATENTS
For information and free Handbook write to J. MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendid illustrations. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year, \$1.00 six months.
PUBLISHED, 361 Broadway, New York City.

Southern Baptist Convention at Chattanooga, Tenn. Reduced Rates via the Southern Railway.

For the occasion of the Southern Baptist Convention, which will convene at Chattanooga, Tenn., May 8-14, inclusive, the Southern Railway will sell tickets to Chattanooga, Tenn., and return, at a rate of one limited first-class fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold May 5 to 8 inclusive, good to return fifteen days from date of sale, but limit on tickets may be extended, allowing fifteen days additional time, provided they are deposited with joint agent, Chattanooga, on or before May 14, 1896.

The Southern Railway reaches Chattanooga from all directions, and its service is unexcelled. It is the short line and the scenic route from Louisville, in connection with the Queen and Crescent. The Southern Railway is also the scenic route from Virginia points, Washington and other eastern cities, via Asheville, and through the "Land of the Sky." It is the direct line from North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Florida points. The Southern Railway is the shortest line and operates the quickest and most convenient schedules from points on its line in Mississippi to Chattanooga.

For further information call on any agent of the Southern Railway, or E. J. Martin, T. P. A., Columbus, Miss., A. Whedon, P. & T. A., Louisville, Ky., J. L. Meek, T. P. A., Knoxville, Tenn., W. H. Doll, T. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn., L. A. Shipman, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala., J. C. Andrews, S. W. P. A., New Orleans, La., L. S. Brown, G. A. P. D., Washington, D. C., W. A. Turk, G. P. A., Washington, D. C., H. J. Hurdwick, A. G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga., C. A. Denscoter, A. G. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.

100 Pieces Standard Prints 4 1-2c.

Now that's pretty smooth, ain't it? Just so; but let me tell you before I forget it, that is only a sample. There are plenty of bargains in my store just as attractive. Seeing is believing. Come and I will convince you. One more bargain.

Big Lot Challies Spring and Summer Shades 4c.

Spring is here and summer is almost within sight, and of course you want straw hats. Don't mention it. I've got 'em, more than you ever saw in one store before in your life. Big, little, old or young, come and get supplied.

Yours for business.

J. F. POPE,
WILSONVILLE, ALA.

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results follow its use that he would not be without it if procurable. G. A. Dykeman, Druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy that he has used in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles free at Parker & Armstrong Drug store. Regular size 50c, and \$1.00.

PALACE RESTAURANT,

COLUMBIANA, ALA.,

J. P. ADAMS, Proprietor.

Newly fitted up, clean and neat. Meals any hour of the day, or until 9 at night. Lunches served any time. Fish, oysters, game, or any delicacy to be found in the market.

Meals 25c Each.

at Elliott Building, Main Street.

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

COLUMBIANA, APRIL 30, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES. One copy one year, \$1.00. One copy six months, .50.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

LEAP-YEAR AVOIDANCE.

From the Richmond Dispatch. "What is this 'old, old story,' Sir, Of which so much is said; And authors oft refer unto In books that I have read?"

Thus queried Miss Van Whinkle, When, One eve at tete-a-tete, She sat with Mr. Penny-pin Near the garden gate.

"The 'old, old story,' Miss," said he, With look uncommon sage; "Is that the spinster tells me she Is asked to give her age?"

H. A. Seale, of Selma, is on a visit to his children here.

W. B. Hubbard, of Harpersville, spent Sunday in town.

J. R. Hill, of Calera, transacted business here yesterday.

A. H. Avery and son Charley, of Shelby, were in town Tuesday.

Mrs. H. S. Nelson is on a visit this week to her son Frank in Anniston.

Mrs. W. H. O'Brien has been quite sick several days, but is now improving.

W. S. Cary, Esq., of Montevallo, transacted legal business here yesterday.

The brick yard started up Tuesday, and is now making 12,000 brick per day.

Mrs. Eula Adkins, from Gainsville, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mrs. E. B. Nelson.

Hon. Cecil Browne and wife came down Monday to spend the day with W. B. Browne's family.

Mrs. H. W. Chester, of Riverside, Illinois, near Chicago, is visiting the family of Rev. W. I. Sinnott.

Judge McMillan and family returned yesterday from a visit to relatives at his former home in South Alabama.

Walter Lester, who has been here a month or more visiting his brother Rufus, left Sunday for home, near Welda.

T. L. Seale went over to Birmingham Monday and returned the following day with several fine horses which he will sell cheap.

Our jolly friend J. G. Parker intended to leave Monday for a ten days' trip to Texas, but was taken sick, and was forced to postpone his trip.

The school children will be given a holiday tomorrow, and they propose to have a picnic and spend the day on the mountain at the Weaver springs.

Dirt was broken yesterday morning for the Page building, and the foundation is being made for what will soon be the handsomest building in the county.

The Columbiana Mercantile Co., have purchased the vacant lot, adjoining the one on which the Page building is to be built. We hope these enterprising men will build on it this summer. It is too pretty a lot to be vacant.

Hon. W. B. Browne was honored by the state convention held last week in Montgomery, he being selected as the presidential elector from this, the Fourth district. A sounder or more capable democrat could not have been chosen.

The following delegates left here yesterday for Montevallo to attend the convention of the Shelby County Christian Endeavor Union: J. R. White, Henry Milner, E. B. Paul, J. W. Dyke; Misses Belle Huyett, Ethel Creek, Nellie Parker, Edna Nelson, Emma Wilson, Lula Wilson, Emma Millstead, Lucy Smith and Mrs. J. W. Johnston. They were joined here by quite a number from Shelby, whose names we failed to get.

Remember that there can be no voting in August without registration. That important work begins on Monday, the 4th of May, and continues for eighteen days, except in cities of 10,000 inhabitants and over, where it lasts for thirty days. Every democratic voter ought to qualify himself to discharge his duty at the August election and this cannot be done if registration is neglected. Register as soon as possible. Begin on the 4th of May, and don't postpone the duty to a more convenient season, for fear it may be overlooked. Many a vote is lost by neglecting to register in proper time.

W. M. Galloway, of Saginaw, gave us a pleasant call Saturday. Will enjoys the distinction of having more different kinds of luck in a given length of time than any man on the globe. Very recently he married a beautiful young lady. That was good luck and lots of it. But it needs must change to keep up his record. While standing near the mill a few days later, he was struck by a piece of timber 10x12, 22 feet long with such force as to hurl him across the yard. He was pretty sore for a few days with a dozen or more slight bruises about the size of a saddle skirt, scattered about over his anatomy, but he kept at work nevertheless. About a week later he undertook to make a coupling in the yard. The engine backed up with a crash, broke the bumpers and mashed Will flatter than a pancake, but a moment later he crawled out of the wreck slightly disfigured but still ready for business. He is good for a green old age. He can't be killed.

Wilsonville Waifs.

J. F. Pope went to Vincent Friday. Porter Bradley, foreman in the Southern railway yard in Selma, visited relatives here last week.

Miss Kate Bradley is spending several days in Selma with relatives.

W. A. Williamson has resigned his position at Mr. Butlers' mill on account of his health, and has returned to his home.

W. J. Tinney and J. F. Pope have returned from their visit to Montgomery.

On account of the heavy clouds passing over us last Wednesday night, there was no prayer-meeting.

Rev. J. M. McCord filled his regular appointment at the Baptist church last Sunday and Sunday evening.

The Earnest Workers met last Sunday afternoon; the attendance was quite large.

Our city was honored by the presence of quite a number of young ladies from near Harpersville last Sunday. We should be pleased indeed to have them with us every Sunday and oftener if possible.

A. A. Daniels left our city for Birmingham last Monday, where he will spend several days.

J. W. Bolin made a business trip to Anniston last Monday.

Eddie Wellington and his mother have returned home after several weeks visit to Hot Springs, Ark. The smiling face of Eddie, that we have missed so much, can now be seen on our streets again.

The young people are looking forward to the closing exercises of the Harpersville school next Tuesday evening. This trip is contemplated by nearly every young man and lady of Wilsonville, and we trust that the weather will be fair and pleasant so we can attend. We are satisfied that it would be an untold pleasure to us.

I beg to ask the readers of this column, not to expect too much, as my time is limited as well as my words and expressions.

The string band ventured out on another serenade at a late hour last Saturday night. The places of performance were J. W. Taylor's and J. W. Bolin's. I cannot say much for the music made by our newly organized band; but can say emphatically, that the refreshments, together with the courteous treatment, is something that will long dwell in the minds of the serenaders.

The Social Purity Literary League met last Friday evening. The well arranged programme was fully carried out in a beautiful manner. I must express my gratitude to Miss Georgia Pope for her beautiful recitation and the manner in which it was spoken. I am sure that it met the hearty approval of every one present. The lovely bouquets were showered at Misses Georgia, Laura Weldon, Juddie Kilpatrick and Ella Brown complimenting the sweet melody of vocal music from their tender voices. We are glad to report having had the pleasure of enrolling the two young ladies that we have been contemplating their membership ever since the origin of the society.

THE CRY FOR RAIN.

I wish it would rain, And lay the flying dust; It sweeps through streets and lanes, And soils our finest dress.

I wish it it would rain, And cool the heated air; So dry and warm today, Rain, rain's the people's prayer.

I wish it it would rain, Upon the gardens now; The cabbage, peas and beans, Are withling in the row.

I wish that it would rain, Upon the wheat and rye; Without a season soon, The oats won't be knee high.

I wish that it would rain, And then be mild and warm; Revive the crops again, The cotton and the corn.

I wish that it would rain, 'Twould help the farmers so; To cheer them up again, While they thus plough and hoe.

I wish that it would rain, And wash away the filth; Clean out the drains again, And thus protect our health.

All nature cries for rain, From smallest herbs to trees, But one thing grows the same, And that's the ladies sieves

BOURGEOIS.

Harpersville Echoes.

Prof. H. J. Willingham, of Lineville, stopped over at Harpersville last Friday night and Saturday, while on his way to Birmingham.

Last week we stated that in all probability we would have some fruit again this year. It seems now that we are going to be mistaken for the apple and pear blooms have all turned black. The plums are very few and peaches are exceedingly sorry.

W. B. Hubbard is visiting Columbiana.

Rev. Mr. Roberts filled his regular appointment at the Methodist church last Sunday.

Dr. Penn, of Vincent, attended preaching here Sunday.

The Morgan bridge was partly burned up last week; caught from the woods.

Ex-Commissioner A. M. Jones, of Childersburg, was here last Sunday among his many friends.

The Methodist church at Vincent is to be dedicated next Sunday. Rev. T. K. Roberts, of Montgomery, is to preach the dedication sermon.

Dr. Chandler, the leading physician of Vincent, and his two charming daughters came down to preaching last Sunday.

The young people of Harpersville

have organized a literary society and we expect great things from it, for "tall oaks from little acorns grow and large streams from little fountains flow."

The heaviest rain in twelve months fell here Sunday night, and low places are full of water and land is washed considerably.

The oat crop is very sorry and unless the seasons are very favorable from now on it will be almost a failure.

Our farmers report good stands of cotton, and some few will commence chopping this week.

The democrats of beat 10, want Col. N. A. Graham elected superintendent of education and also want J. E. Ruffin for representative. What say you, gentlemen?

Closing exercise of the Elm Hill High School, Prof. C. H. Florey, Principal. Tuesday, May 8th examination from 8 to 12. Debate in the afternoon by the young men. At night entertainment mostly by the little ones. Wednesday night entertainment by the larger ones. The patrons and public generally are all invited to be present on all occasions.

JAKE. Items from Creswell.

C. H. Smith and family, of Leeds, came down Sunday and spent the day with J. H. Coleman's family, returning on the afternoon train.

Rev. W. J. Ray, from East Lake, passed through Saturday going to fill his appointment at Goodwater. He returned Monday and stopped off to spend the night with his father and family. Will is one of our school-day boys and we are always glad to see his smiling face with us.

The young folks are preparing to have a May picnic down on the river near Scott Bradford's, the second Saturday in May. Let all lend a helping hand and make it a grand success.

Is it a fact that a certain candidate got so far off that he got across the line, even the river, down into Talladega county, about Fayetteville, and had it not been for a blind man he would have gone clear down into Coosa county?

The Columbiana Art Co., with J. F. Bates as general manager, has taken up camp at Easonville, after staying a few weeks with us.

Rev. Mr. Warren filled his appointment at the Baptist church the third Sunday, and preached an excellent sermon to a large congregation. We are glad to have him with us the third Sunday in each month through the year.

We were glad to see J. L. Judge come in Saturday to spend a few days with us.

After spending several months with relatives and friends here, Mrs. Lipsey returned to her home at Irondeau last Sunday, accompanied by her granddaughter, the charming Miss Arabella Baggett, who will spend a few weeks there. We miss Miss Arabella from our midst, but we are glad her stay will not be long, and hope for her a pleasant time.

Rev. E. G. Mullen preached an able and instructive sermon to a large and appreciative congregation at the Papist church last Sunday.

CHOCTAW. HOW COLDS ARE TAKEN.

A person in good health, with fair play, says the Lancet, easily resists cold. But when the health flags a little, and liberties are taken with the stomach, or the nervous system, a chill is easily taken, and according to the weak spot of the individual, assumes the form of a cold or pneumonia, or, it may be jaundice. Of all causes of "cold" probably fatigue is one of the most efficient. A jaded man coming home at night from a long day's work, a growing youth losing two hours' sleep over evening parties two or three times a week, or a young lady heavily "doing the season," young children over-fed and with short allowance of sleep, are common instances of the victims of "cold." Luxury is favorable to chills; taking; very hot rooms, feather beds, soft chairs, create a sensitiveness that lead to catarrh. It is not, after all, the "cold" that is so much to be feared as the antecedent conditions that give the attack a chance of doing harm. Some of the worst "colds" happen to those who do not leave their house or even their beds, and those who are most exposed to changes of temperature, and who by good sleep, cold bathing and regular habits preserve the tone of their nervous system and circulation. Probably many chills are contracted at night or at the fog end of the day when tired people get the equilibrium of their circulation disturbed by either overheated sitting rooms or underheated bedrooms and beds. This is especially the case with elderly people. In such cases the mischief is not always done instantaneously, or in a single night. It often takes place insidiously, extending over days or even weeks.

Sure to Be Effective.

From the Washington Star. "Sometimes," said the merchant, "I feel like the poet who wanted a lodge in some vast wilderness. I yearn for solitude and silence."

"Well," replied his friend, sympathetically, "it's an expensive taste to gratify. But you might start in by taking your advertisement out of the papers."

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

STILL PUZZLED.

From the Entaw Mirror.

Of late we have been at a loss how to describe a populist accurately. As a party, they have abandoned the Ocala follies and the Kansas City fallacies, and confine themselves to free, independent and unlimited coinage of silver, coupled with a farcical plank for fair elections and an honest count added to the main part, "cuss Cleveland." We had somehow arrived at the conclusion, that when a man deserted his party and voted for a bolter, as many did for Kolb, he was a populist. Now we are informed that we are mistaken and that the very best and purest democrats did that thing, and that it did not soil their political righteousness a particle. This, somehow, rattles our mentality. We can't understand it. We thought a populist was a man who voted for the great bolter Kolb, cussed Cleveland and Dick Clarke and held himself to be a thoroughbred democrat without guile or stain in all his being. We, somehow, could not make these things fit to a joint. Do our best, the crack would be like that of a very bowlegged man in a lane, trying to stop runaway pigs. We could not see how a deserter could be a good soldier, nor a sot a tototaller saint. They would not mix into a homogenous mass, do our best. We suppose, after hearing several claim that the followers of bolter Kolb were the very best and pink of democrats, that it was for want of sense on our part that we could not see as they saw. The Cathode rays might reveal a solution, but hanged if we can see it to this day.

Reunion United Confederate Veterans, at Richmond, Va.—Reduced Rates via Southern Railway.

For the occasion of the 6th Annual Reunion of the United Confederate Veterans, which occurs at Richmond, Va., June 30-July 2, 1896, the Southern railway will sell tickets to Richmond, Va., and return at very low rates.

Tickets from points in Georgia and Tennessee, north and east of Atlanta and Chattanooga, will be sold June 27, 28 and 29, and from points south and west of Atlanta and Chattanooga, and east of the Mississippi river, tickets will be sold June 26, 27, 28 and 29. Final limit on tickets from all points will be July 6, 1896.

From points south and west of Atlanta, the Southern Railway is the short and quick route to Richmond, Va., via the "Piedmont Air Line," and the service is peerless. From Knoxville, Tenn., to Chattanooga, Tenn., and points west thereof, the route of the Southern Railway is via Ashville and through the scenic "Land of the Sky." The service of this line is unexcelled.

Call on any agent of the Southern Railway for further information or E. J. Martin, T. P. A., Columbus, Miss., J. L. Meek, T. P. A., Knoxville, Tenn., W. H. Doll, T. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn., L. A. Shipman, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala., J. C. Andrews, S. W. P. A., New Orleans, La., W. A. Turk, G. P. A., Washington, D. C., S. H. Hardwick, A. G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga., C. A. Benscoter, A. G. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Whats The Use?

From the Indianapolis Journal. "I have here," said the agent, "a little book that will show you how to be your own lawyer."

"Ef it would show me how to be somebody else's lawyer," said the man with the black beard that was gray at the roots, "I might buy it. But what is the use for a man to learn to rob himself?"

Johnny Jameson had arrived at his eighth birthday and thought that it would be real nice to write a letter to his papa, and this is the way he began:

"My Dear Papa—Whenever I am tempted to do wrong I think of you and say: 'Get thee behind me, Satan.'—Our Girls and Boys.

The registration books in every precinct in the county will be opened Monday, May 4th.

KEEP STEP! DON'T LAG!

If you are lagging behind with the stragglers, step to the front and

"BEHOLD THE LILIES OF THE FIELD."

If you are interested in botany, but if you are interested in the news of this day, behold the

Semi-Weekly Advertiser.

The best and newest twice-a-week newspaper published in the South.

EIGHT PAGES TWICE A WEEK!

Contains reading for the politician, the farmer and the family. Special attention paid to the household and farming departments.

PRICE \$1.00 A YEAR, 104 ISSUES.

Address

The Advertiser & Montgomery, Ala.

Special Cash Bargains For Two Weeks Only.

6 lbs best Coffee to the Dollar.

Best full yard wide Sea Island Domestic 5 cents per yard.

Wool Nuns Veiling 12 1-2 cents per yard.

Dimity Dress Goods, latest style, worth 15 cents, at 9c per yard.

Just received another lot of trimmed Ladies' Hats, the fourth shipment.

Special low prices on everything in the house. Call and see us.

Columbiana Mercantile Co., THE LEADERS OF LOW PRICES. H. FOX, MANAGER.

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES,

Silks, Satins, Chally, Dimities, Henriettas, Nuns Veiling, and Lawns,

And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnishings We're Headquarters as Usual.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00. Wishing every body success, we beg to remain, Yours Respectfully,

THE RACKET STORE. SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA. J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Propr's.

That Tired Feeling!

Nobody is particularly anxious to spend their money. Everybody has to. Your wants must be satisfied and it takes money to do it. A person is not apt to look cheerful over the prospect of spending money. Lots of buying is done with a long face. This is all wrong. I offer a change for the better.

You Feel Relieved—

The infinite you see our Grand Stock of New and Popular Goods it looks fresh and desirable. The first glance shows you that you are on the right track. No mistake about this being a modern up-to-date line of goods. You wake up to the fact that you have got into the right store.

The Feeling Grows—

When you commence to go into details, you feel as if the goods were bought on purpose for you. No trouble to make a satisfactory selection; it gets down to a question which is the most satisfactory.

Trouble is Forgotten

When you learn our prices, they are always at the low-water mark. We don't give goods away—we can't. We can sell goods very low—we do. This is a fact. We might brag about it, but what's the use—a word to the wise is sufficient. It's as true as fact that we sell goods cheap—we prove it.

Happiness is Supreme

When you get just what you want at less than you expected to pay—we are treating customers to this kind of a surprise every day. We sell you a good article and let you off cheap. You will find our selections choice, our goods reliable, and prices satisfactory. A fair deal makes the buyer happy—we give it. To spend money and be happy at the same time go to

S. STARK. Shelby, Ala.

Administrators Notice

Estate of H. A. Smith, Deceased. Probate Court.

Letters of administration, with will annexed, of said deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 7th day of March, 1896, by the Hon. D. R. McMillan, judge of the Probate court of Shelby county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

apr 26 C. W. O'HARA, Adm'r.

Columbiana's TONSORIAL PARLOR, E. W. CHAPMAN, Proprietor.

Neat, clean shop, elegant chairs, the best of towels and cleanliness of towels. Having had 16 years experience, I do not hesitate to say I can give as good service as you can get in any city. Ladies work a specialty. Prices reasonable. A trial is all I ask. If you want to buy a first-class razor I have a lot just received.

E. W. Chapman.

W. F. THETFORD, JR., ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWNE, J. T. LEEPER, BROWNE & LEEPER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

Guardian's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Honorable John S. Leeper, late Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby county, I James McGowen, guardian of the estates of Mary Elliott and Willie Elliott, minors, will sell at public outcry to the highest bidder in front of the court house door of Shelby county, Alabama, on Monday the 6th day of April, 1896, at 12 o'clock, noon, for one-half cash and the balance on a credit of twelve months with approved security, an undivided two-fifths interest in the following described lands belonging to said estates, to-wit: The east half of the north-east quarter of section 21, township 20, range 1 east.

JAMES MCGOWEN, Guardian.

feb 27 394

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby county. Probate Court. April 1896.

Estate of Joseph T. Dorough, Deceased.

To Lydia M. Dorough, who resides somewhere in Texas, but at what particular place is unknown; William D. Dorough, who resides at Cumberland, Miss.; John C. Dorough, of Middleton, Ky.; James W. Dorough, of Columbus, Ga.; and all non-residents of Alabama.

This day came W. F. Thetford, Jr., as administrator de bonis non of said estate, and filed his application in due form, and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therein, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of division, upon the ground that the same cannot be divided equitably without a sale thereof. It is ordered that the 25th day of May, 1896, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

D. R. YAMM LAN, Judge of Probate.

8100 Reward 8100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the system strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Teacher—"What is taxonomy?" Johnnie—"I guess I know, teacher." Teacher—"Well, Johnnie?" Johnnie—"It's putting down carrels."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"It is queer," said Mrs. Elmer, "that a man can take enough letters in his wife's letters to open them, but not enough to mail them."—Indianapolis Journal.

A Trinity of Evils.
Biliousness, sick headache and irregularity of the bowels accompany each other. To the removal of this trinity of evils Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is specially adapted. It also cures dyspepsia, rheumatism, malarial complaints, biliousness, nervousness and constipation. The most satisfactory results follow a fair trial. Use it daily.

Poetry Feb. — She (sentimentally)—"What poetry there is in fire!" He (sadly)—"Yes; a great deal of my pretty poetry has gone there."—Harper's Bazar.

"Mamma, why do they call it the weather bureau?" "Because the top drawer is generally in such a frightful mess, I suppose."—Chicago Record.

Firs stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Free trial and \$2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia.

Perrin—"What qualifies a man to be called a master of the fence?" "The fence," he may be very clever wize folks or he may be what you call a magwump."—Brooklyn Life.

Cause For Rage.—"What made that X rays lecturer so mad?" "Somebody worked him with a piece of boneless codfish."—Chicago Record.

Pink's Cure cured me of a Throat and Lung trouble of three years' standing.—E. GARY, Huntington, Ind., Nov. 12, 1894.

All men, if they work not as in a great tasemaster's eye, will work wrong, work unmen for themselves and you.—Carlyle.

Clara—"Mr. Niccioletti said my face was classic. What is classic?" "Oh,—Oh, most anything old."—Good News.

He—"I am told that your admirer's name is legion." She (blushing)—"Oh, no, indeed, his name is Jones."—Brooklyn Life.

A victory is twice itself when the achiever brings home full numbers.—Shakespeare.

The act of worship is among all creation indigenous and peculiar to man.—Melville.

Nervous

People find just the help they so much need, in Hood's Sarsaparilla. It furnishes the desired strength by purifying, vitalizing and enriching the blood, and thus builds up the nerves, tones the stomach and regulates the whole system. Read this:

"I want to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla. My health run down, and I had the grip. After that, my heart and nervous system were badly affected, so that I could not do any work. Our physician gave me some help, but did not cure. I decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon I could do all my own housework. I have taken

Cured

Hood's Pills with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and they have done me much good. I will not be without them. I have taken 18 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and through the blessing of God, it has cured me. I worked as hard as ever the past summer, and I am thankful to say I am well. Hood's Pills when taken with Hood's Sarsaparilla help very much." Mrs. M. M. MESSENGER, Freehold, Penn.

This and many other cures prove that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists \$1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills not easily, promptly and effectively. 25 cents.

Poor soil

and exhausted fields which were once productive can again be made profitably fertile by a proper rotation of crops and by the intelligent use of fertilizers containing high percentages of

Potash.

Strikingly profitable results have been obtained by following this plan.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars containing special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing latest researches on the subject of fertilization, and are really helpful to farmers. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

A SHINING EXAMPLE of what may be accomplished by never varying devotion to a single purpose is seen in the history of the McCormick Harvesting Machine Co., Chicago. For 65 years they have simply been building grain and grass-cutting machinery, and while there are probably forty manufacturers in this line, it is safe to say that the McCormick Company builds one-third of all the binders, reapers and mowers used throughout the entire world.

Floyd's Candies

We are Prepared to Establish Agencies all Over the South for the Sale of OUR CANDIES. PUT UP IN 11b. to 51b. BOXES. Send 50 cents for a Sample Box Express Prepaid. 325 Main St., Memphis, Tenn.

HAIR WIGS for Ladies and Gent. Perfect fit and up-to-date. W.A.P. for ladies and size \$1 and up. W.A.P. for gentlemen, size \$1 and up. Free Catalogue. Write for it. 121 N. 3rd St., St. Louis, Mo.

HE TALKS TO HIMSELF.

The Sage of Rocky Creek Gets Into a Contemplative Mood.

Foot Politics Make Fool People—Looking Backward—The Man and the Boy—At Peace with the General Government.

It was on a raw and gusty day in the windy mouth of March, and says I to myself, foot politics makes fool people. Down there on the old Jackson Trail road the other side of Panther Creek bridge I met up with old man Tobie Murray. He was driven a yoke of oxen to a covered wagon.

He had one cow and three dogs and all the rest of his family along with him. After passing the regular compliments in regards to the weather and the crops, I wanted to know if they were running away, or movin out west, or travellin around or jest naturally goin some wheres.

A Joyful Old Candidate.
"We have forever shook the sands of Panther creek from our unhallowed feet, Rufe, and we are now movin up to town," old man Tobie came back at me. "I have sold out in the old settlement, look, stock and barrel. I have rented a fine house in town with green bay windows and lightnin rods on it, and henceforward from now on old man Murray and his folks will keep company with the highstrider."

"You must recollect, Rufe, that I am the next high sheriff of the county," old man Tobie went on, "in warm and joyful as he went, 'and I thought I might as well move up to town and get ready for the business—git familious with the documents before I go up agin the gun, as it were."

"Of course the election aint come off as yet, Rufe, but Tobie Murray aint nobody's natural-born blame fool, and I don't have to wait forever to see which way the cat will jump. I have done been the rounds and counted the noses, and the people are most all for me. In all the rounds I didn't meet up with but a few scatterin votes that aint flat-footed for Tobie Murray for high sheriff. By golly, Rufe, I have got the thing in a sack and gone with it. All I have got to do is to wait till the returns come in and then proceed with the proceedings."

With that old man Tobie laughed and laughed till he laughed all over himself, so to speak, and then him and his folks driv on towards town.

"Foggy Up the Creek."
Now then, the primary election come to pass as usual one day last week. The weather was clear as a bell on election day, but as the returns came in and before the sun went down it was lookin tremendous foggy up the creek for old man Tobie. And when finally at last they swung down under the wire it was plain to a man on the grand stand that the candidate from Panther Creek was the kindest horse in the race.

Old man Tobie he got left. He likewise also got foam mad. But the other fellow got the votes.

The very next day old man Tobie lit out for the Panther Creek settlement. He wouldn't take a meal of victuals nor hit a lick of sleep till he ried the trade and got hold of his farm and farmin fixtures and went home. He is now ready to give up his town house and return back to the old lick log, where he belongs.

"I am plum satisfied with the way in which the democrats run and I am more than willin to quit the game as it now stands," says old man Tobie to me right after the storm. "But it really hurts me, Rufe, when I think about how many of my horny-handed fellow citizens are silver-tongued liars. Dad blame 'em, the woods are full of 'em!"

And that's what makes me say to myself, says I:

Foot politics makes fool people. Never count your chickens till the old hen comes off.

The mainest thing is the votes.

Looking Backward.
I do reckon about the most lonesomest thing in this world is a rale lonesome man. And as for me, when I git one these big lonesome spells on me I will stop mighty low down for company. I have seen the time when I was so hard run for company till I would talk in my sleep. Sometimes I go out and talk to the horses and the dogs. And then sometimes, when I can't do no better, I pitch in and talk to myself.

So the other day I was down in the orchard sunnin my old clothes, and watchin the bees hum and hustle, and listenin at the birds, and smellin of the apple blossoms, when presently I got to talkin and argifyin with myself at a scandalous rate. When I got back to the house, mother lowed I must be practicin for a stump speech or goin crazy. But I was neither.

Infus Saunders, says I to myself, these fine spring mornins are pleasant to look upon, but they have got a mighty fetchin way of startin a man's thinkin machinery off on the back trail, now aint that so? We can swell up and talk big about a man amongst men and havin a head as big as a hamper basket and the like of that. But, by jingo, when the apple blossoms bloom, and the birds sing sweet and constant, and it seems like every thing is breakin out in a fresh place—then your mind turns backward and goes pluggin off towards the old home down there in the old settlement. You couldn't catch by the tail with a steel trap big enough for bear and hold it back. Say, Rufe, how would you like it if we could all back these many years and be a boy once more? How would it suit you to dig some grub worms this mornin and go fishin over on Caney branch? The sap is up now—how would you like to run away and go swimmin in the old mill pond, or cut some hickory sprouts and make whips and whistles? Wouldn't it be bully times if a whole passle of us boys and girls could fling in together and hunt for honeysuckles and sweet violets, or play mumble peg, or build flyin Jennies?

But honest Injun, Rufe, comin right down to business and rock bottom, would the grown man love to swap places with the boy? Do we raley want to throw down the hand we now hold, and draw to others which we know not

of? We haven't got so very high up I know, climb as best we could, but would it suit us to turn loose and drap back down the ladder and take another pull from the first round? Would it pay to spit on the old state and spill oil and start over? Take a good look at all the surroundin circumstance, Rufe, and see what a general, all-around spill out would mean for you and me. We have come over a long and rough and dusty road—sometimes up and sometimes down—and by how we ought to know that the time to count the costs is before you take the trip. We will stop right now and count up the costs of this business, and then I reckon we will turn around and come back before we start.

Stacking Up "The Costs."

Now, what would it cost the old man to spit oil and swap places with the boy? You wouldn't have a home with the old folks, but you wouldn't have a foot of land, nor a horse, nor a cow, nor a pig—nothin which you could call your own in your fill and proper name. You could play a little around the elges, as it were, but you would have to work a whole tremendous big lot. You would have to take bolt and turn off all the various and sundry odds and ends and jobs that would naturally fall to a peart and handy boy. And that wouldn't be so very infernal nice and pleasant, would it? Blamed if the very thoughts don't make me tired and hungry and sleepy.

But that aint all, by a whole lot. If we was to take and spill out for a new deal you wouldn't have mother and the babies. How in the round created world could you put up with that, you blasted old idiot? You hounst maybe comover the old trail and fall in love with the same girl and git married to the same. But there aint no tellin. Men aint quite altogether as skeere around Rocky Creek as they use to be. Some other youngster might pull in ahead and turn up Jack and blook your game next time. Then you might have to wiggle and worry through without mother and the babies. Nobody to smooth down the wrinkles, and pull out the silver threads, and let in the sunshine, and brush away the tears, and sew on the buttons, and darn the socks, and patch your Sunday breeches. Nobody to pout and cry for dolls, and picture books, and new shoes, and bear stories, and swings and playhouses and rocky horses, and the good Lord knows what not.

No more of that, Rufe, says I to myself. The spile bit don't go. It would cost too outrageous much.

You are a bloomin, beautiful old rooster to be raisin a rumpus with fast anyhow, I went on with myself. This world has been monstrous kind and good with you, Rufus Sanders. You have been young once, and now you are old, but we have never yet seen the rightest man around at the kitchen window beggin cold grub. You raley ought to spend half of your time readin the Scriptures and sayin Amen in Grace. We have been wild and wayward in our generation, and in spite of all that we said or think or wanderin feet have sometimes straggled out of the good and narrow way. But so far as the record runs we have never run up the white feather in a fight or took up with anything that didn't belong to us. We have met the enemy at the dead line, and no man ever come around by our house spilin for a fight but what he got accommodations. We have held up the good name and standin of the Sanders generation, and we have never yet got called when we couldn't show down. We have got a pleasant place to live, with clothes to wear and plenty to eat.

The time has now come, Rufus, when about the last thing we can do is to let the checkrein down and take a good, safe, steady gait. The faster a man goes and the higher up he climbs the worse it will be for everybody if somethin happens to slip and break his bolt. Sometimes, if you notice, the good Lord lifts a man up yonder in orderment to show he can fall the further and hit the harder when the grand smashup comes. It won't do to git too all-fired peart and proud and prosperous in your old age. Set the back band right. Take your time.

Me and the Government.
There is another thing, Rufe, for me and you to shake hands over and be glad about, says I to myself. We are movin along smooth and easy without kickin up any big dust to speak of with the general government. If the shebang aint agin us we are not agin the shebang. All we want is an open field and a fair fight—then let the best man win. Blessed be God, we are sprung from the aristocracy of simple homes and honest hearts and hard knuckles, and if we can't swim without a full set of government gourd around us, by jings we can stay out of the water.

No doubts you he heard tell of the big scheme of the candidates as fixin up so a man can borrow all the money he wants by puttin his farm producements in soak with the general government. We will be agin that move on general principles. They say Dunk Strickland has got a little one-eyed, siab-sided, wobbled-legged, razor-back steer, which he wants to put in soak for \$50. He maintains if other people can soak their lands and their crops he can soak his steer, cause he aint got nothin else, and every man is free and equal in this great country. That would be a big thing for Dunk, you understand, but if we start the soaking business with the government nobody knows for certain where it would stop. As for us, we couldn't soak our corn and cotton and seed potatoes if we had done teen and run heels over appetite in debt, and so long as we don't owe nothin we can keep the stuff here at home, or sell it and put the money away in the family chest.

Consequently, says I to myself, if it ever comes to that pass where we can't make tongue and buckle meet without soakin somethin with the government, then I will move that we go and put our blame foot head in soak.

RUFUS SANDERS.

Parliamentary Compliments.

Talking of parliamentary success, there is a story that Mr. Disraeli once said to Sir William Harcourt: "He has the three essential qualifications for success in politics—a fine person, a loud voice, and no principles." This saying was repeated to Sir William Harcourt, who observed that, "leaving out the first two qualifications, it might almost be applied to 'Dizzy' himself."—London Saturday Review.

Texas raised last year 150,000,000 bushels of corn, which is an increase of 50 per cent, over any preceding year.

INDIGESTION.

As a Result of It, There Were Many Disorders.

The Disease Will Create the Symptoms of Heart Disease, Kidney Disease, Etc.

From the Standard-Union, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Few men have had a more miserable existence and lived to tell the tale than Mrs. Anna L. Smith of 313 1/2 Thirtieth St., Brooklyn. With all the comforts that money affords, with all the happiness that many loving friends can give, the joy of Mrs. Smith's life was blasted for years by the terrible ravages of indigestion. The story is interesting as told to a reporter:

"I was invalid for years, suffering first with one complaint and then with another. My case was truly that of a complication of diseases, due to an accident which I received some years ago. The time which caused me the most discomfort and made me offensive to my family was the worst case of indigestion imaginable. I made all around me miserable by my suffering, and was most miserable myself. I had the best physician I could find, and absolutely his general belief, and I was not better. But I became desperate, and started in to try remedies of which I read. Among them were the Pink Pills. Their appearance captivated me instantly, for I am a great believer in the beautiful. I took the pills and followed the directions to the letter, and before many days I began to feel like a different woman. For six weeks I took the pills regularly, and I can truthfully say after that time as well as any one in the family. This change for the better in my condition has caused my relatives and friends to take the pills. We buy them all at the drug store of Dr. Duggan, at the corner of De Kalb and Summer Avenues. I assure you it was impossible for me to oversee my household for three years. Now I visit my kitchen every day, do my own marketing and shopping; in a word, look after everything connected with my home and family."

"Oh, yes, I still keep taking the pills. I take one daily after dinner. Prevention, you know, is better and cheaper than cure. I really believe that if the women who are suffering from the ills which our sex are heir to would be up and well if they could be induced to give the Pink Pills a fair trial. I can testify to the fact that I feel hearty and feel grateful to the physician who put them on the market."

Mrs. Smith is a woman of some means and standing in the community and therefore, her testimony will be accepted with all question by all thoughtful people. The Pink Pills for Pale People contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., at 50c. per box, or six boxes for \$2.50, and are never sold in bulk or by the dozen or hundred.

WHY HE SHAVED.

Senator Bacon Did Not Want His Whiskers.

There was a time when Senator Bacon, of Georgia, wore an ornate and lavish hirsute adornment like the famous whiskers of Mr. Peffer, and pictures taken at the time he was president of the Georgia senate so represented him. Now he contents himself with a simple mustache. How he happened to shear his beard was told by the senator himself recently.

"It was," he began, "when the roller skating craze broke out and invaded the best families in the south. It struck Bacon, and somehow I found a victim in me. Every body was going to the skating rink, and consequently I went. I soon acquired a remarkable degree of grace in gliding dreamily over the floor to the pulsation of exhilarating waltz strains and my company was in great demand by ladies who were still somewhat distrustful of their own skill. I shall never forget. I was acting as the guardian angel one evening of a lady whose main support I was in her feeble efforts to prevent a collision with the floor, and we were rather tremulously gliding hither and thither among the crowd, when an invalid on skates approached us from the opposite direction. I saw at a glance that the man had lost his compass, and nothing but a blind reliance in Providence was deferring his fall. That moment came when he crashed against me. The collision disturbed the center of gravity in my fair companion, while at the same time it has been the downfall of the other. Before I knew what was up the man, in order to save himself, grasped hold of one side of my whiskers, while the lady fastened her grip on the other half, and both held on for dear life while their feet were describing geometrical figures on the slippery floor. Considerations of gallantry prevented me from turning on the wretched being who was clinging to my beard like the proverbial stray on one side and there I was with two struggling fellow creatures in the stress of despair dangling on each side of my whiskers. That experience determined me to sacrifice the whiskers, and to circumscribe my indulgence in that line to a modest, unobtrusive mustache, which affords no comfort to unskilled skaters."—Washington Post.

Hints for the Family.

When you spill soup on the tablecloth, set your tumbler on it while your wife is not looking, and trust to Providence for the thereafter.

A hole in a garment can be ingeniously stopped by gathering up the circumference of the aperture into a sort of a neck and then tying it with a twine string.

When you go hunting, the best way to economize ammunition is to put the shot in your gun first and put the powder on top of the load.

You can keep burglars out of the smokehouse by putting strychnine on the meat and talking about it at the crossroads.

A good coupling pin for the plantation wagon can be made out of a cylindrical section of a laminated beefsteak.—Bay City Chat.

To Be Expected.

The "new woman" orator was becoming eloquent.

"Shall we permit man, our former tyrant," she demanded, "to flaunt in our faces forever that which shall serve to remind us of our days of docile servitude?"

Intense excitement and cries of "Never!" "Never!"

"Let us wipe out all that savors of that past life!" cried the orator. "Let us blot out the memory of it for all time!"

Cries of "Hear! hear!"

"Let us let the Goddess of Liberty in bloomers this very day!" shouted the orator, in conclusion, and the shout that went up nearly wrecked the building.—Chicago Post.

There Are Others.

"You have the advantage of me, sir." "So has any man with brains."—Truth.

The most certain sign of being born with great qualities is to be born without any.—Recherches.

Grand Musical Festival.

For the double purpose of creating an interest in this and other towns near, and the edification of the people, generally the second annual musical festival will be given at the Auditorium in Memphis on the evenings of May 13, 14, 15, 1895. It will include three evening concerts, for each of which a distinctive and very strong feature is provided, every program being entirely different, as follows: May 13, Haydn's mastery and delightful oratorio, "The Creation"; May 14, Symphonic and miscellaneous; May 15, Handel's sublime and immortal creation, "The Messiah." The festival will be under direction of the brilliant conductor, Mr. Alfred Ernst, who brings for the occasion his magnificent symphony orchestra of fifty artists. The vocal artists engaged for the festival have been selected with the greatest care from the ranks of the finest favorites the country affords, as follows: Mme. Corinna Moore-Lawson, soprano; Mr. R. F. Miller, tenor; Herr Conrad Behrens, bass; Miss Caroline Eckert, contralto; piano soloist, Mr. Mr. Georg Gerbig. Supplementing this exceptionally strong array of artistic talent, there will be a local chorus of 200 voices, including the foremost local singers, semi-professional and amateur, who have been studying the festival works for several weeks under the direction of Prof. Hermann Schulze. Reserved seats, \$1.50; general admission, \$1.00. Out-of-town orders for seats addressed to Benj. M. Stainback, secretary, Memphis, Tenn., will be given careful attention.

HOUSEHOLD BREVITIES.

Cream of tartar should always be mixed with flour, soda with milk.

An ounce of good gelatin is sufficient to a quart of liquid for any dessert.

A pinch of salt added to the white of eggs will make them beat up quicker and lighter.

Three ounces of sugar are sufficient to every quart of milk for custards of any kind.

White meated game should be very well cooked, while dark meats should be served rare.

Never use too much flavoring of any kind in baking, especially cinnamon or almond extract.

Keep the soup kettle always tightly covered lest the aroma of the soup escape with the steam.

All fresh fruit should be mixed with sugar before filling in pies. A little butter increases the delicacy.

A good Smyrna rug will stand hard wear for ten years—longer than the best carpet will present a respectable appearance.

Bread, rolls or biscuits, if washed with butter immediately after baking, will shine nicely and will be softer than if not washed.

Woodwork and floors are now stained with a color called forest green. It harmonizes with draperies and coverings of almost any color.

BITS ABOUT PEOPLE.

Susan B. Anthony is lecturing in California.

Rev. Minot J. Savage was given a dinner in Boston by a club named after him.

Mr. Kurino, the Japanese minister in Washington, expects to spend the summer in one of the resorts on the eastern coast.

The late Congressman William H. Crain, of Texas, was one of the best classical scholars ever sent to congress. It is said that he knew the "Iliad" and the Greek tragedies almost by heart.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

Sold by all Jobbers.

DUNCAN'S LINIMENT

FOR COLIC IN HORSES AND MULES. It is a "DEAD SHOT."

G. W. GUNTER, CLINTONVILLE, ALA., says: "I have found DUNCAN'S LINIMENT to be the best remedy for colic generally I ever saw."

WEBB MANUFACTURING CO., Proprietors, NASHVILLE, TENN.

There is just a little appetizing bite to HIRE'S Rootbeer; just a smack of life and good flavor done up in temperance style. Best by any test.

SHIP YOUR PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS TO

QUICK SALES! PROMPT RETURNS!

OPIMUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. H. B. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

PSYCHOLOGY FOR CONSUMPTION.

A. N. K. F. 1602

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.



"Knocks Out All Others."

Battle Ax PLUG

The Large Piece and High Grade of "Battle Ax" has injured the sale of other brands of higher prices and smaller pieces. Don't allow the dealer to impose on you by saying they are "just as good" as "Battle Ax," for he is anxious to work off his unsalable stock.

How it looks,

to the women who wash with Pearline (the name), when they see a woman washing in the old-fashioned way with soap—rubbing the clothes to pieces, rubbing away her strength, wearing herself out over the washboard! To these Pearline women, fresh from easy washing, she seems to "wear a fools cap unwares."

Everything's in favor of Pearline (the name)—easier work, quicker work, better work, safety, economy. There's not one thing against it. What's the use of washing in the hardest way, when it costs more money?

Pearline

"There's None Just as Good"

Costs 25 cents a year more to smoke Richardson's Original Old North State Tobacco—but, oh, what a difference in the smoke.

Sold by all Jobbers.

There is just a little appetizing bite to HIRE'S Rootbeer; just a smack of life and good flavor done up in temperance style. Best by any test.

SHIP YOUR PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS TO

QUICK SALES! PROMPT RETURNS!

OPIMUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. H. B. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

PSYCHOLOGY FOR CONSUMPTION.

A. N. K. F. 1602

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

CURRENT COMMENT.

THE statement is made that Massachusetts has 70,000 more women than men.

It is predicted that the European war scare will be revived soon after the coronation of the czar.

NEW YORK city drinks 160,000,000 gallons of beer annually and New York breweries produce 140,000,000 gallons of it.

"OLD TOM," a horse that was ridden from the south during the civil war, has recently died at Tamaroa, Ill., aged 41 years.

THE south and west grain congress, in its recent session at Charleston, S. C., favored the establishment of a department of commerce and agriculture.

Massachusetts law giving preference to native-born citizens in Boston or the state has been declared by the state supreme court unconstitutional.

THE Chicago Bicycle Association, representing 300,000 members, has a deputation at Springfield, Ill., looking to the passage of bicycle legislation at the coming session of the legislature.

THE school census of Chicago shows that the population has not increased since 1890. The failure of an expected increase in the population of the lake city is attributed to the depression following upon the world's fair.

THE wife of Oscar Lyons, a farmer living near Mayfield, Ky., recently gave birth to five children, all boys. The children were all well developed and healthy. Four of them weighed 4 1/2 pounds each and the fifth five pounds.

IOWA's state census for 1895 shows a total population of \$2,058,069, the per cent. of increase since 1890 being 7.65. The males outnumber the females by 1.8 per cent. Iowa is considered an agricultural state, yet 42.36 per cent. of its population reside in cities.

PASSENGERS from China report that the farmers in that country were suffering from famine, resulting from the recent war with Japan, and were selling their children for slaves. Buyers collect the little fellows just as keepers of registry offices collect coals.

A TEMPLE of occult science, to be built in some out of the way place, "close to the great heart of nature," is one of the things which the second annual convention of the Theosophical Society of America, recently held at New York, hopes to see materialized.

MINNIE ALLEN, serving two years for burglary at Waupun, Wis., has confessed that she killed Montgomery Gibbs at Buffalo, N. Y., two years ago for whose murder Clarence Robinson and wife are serving life sentences. He refused to marry her and she shot him.

THE numerous arrests on the charge of sending improper postal cards through the mail show that the law in regard to postal cards is not so well known as it should be. Not only is obscene matter prohibited but also threatening or profane expressions, and anything that is covered by the slander laws. Even duns are not safe.

DR. ARTHUR W. GOODSPEED, assistant professor of physics at the university of Pennsylvania, has taken a radiograph of his own skull. All the small bones of the face, particularly those about the mouth, are clearly shown in the picture. The teeth are distinct, and even fillings which have been inserted in some of them, are sharply defined.

DURING last year 2,394 immigrants were returned to the countries from which they set out because they fell within the restrictive provisions of our immigration laws. Of these 3 were shut out because they were idiots, 5 because they were insane, 1,701 because they were paupers, 3 because they were convicts and 682 because they were contract laborers. In addition to this 189 persons were returned before the end of their first year for coming upon the poor relief.

THE first practical application of the bicycle in war is to be made by the Cuban insurgents. On the steamship Arlancho, which cleared from New York a short time ago, was a supply of wheels, shipped by a firm of New York manufacturers. They were consigned to Neuvas, Cuba. The wheels are to be used by the officers of the insurgent army. As the rainy season will soon set in over the island, the actual worth of the bicycle in war should get a severe and thorough test.

A BILL of wide public interest has been reported by the house military committee at Washington. It permits the detail of 50 officers and 50 enlisted men, who shall be non-commissioned officers, to act as instructors in military drill and tactics in normal and public schools, where such instruction has been authorized by the authorities in charge. At present these instructions are given only in colleges and universities. It is proposed that the law shall apply to public schools where the number of pupils is 150 or over.

A BILL for the adoption of the Torrens real estate plan is now pending in the Ohio legislature, with a strong probability of its passage. The contemplated measure goes far further than the system in some other states, inasmuch as it makes registration compulsory, the present record system being continued till all lands are registered under the new plan. Massachusetts is considering the Torrens system. The same thing can be said of New York, Minnesota, Montana and Utah. It applies to real property the principle which has always been applied to personal property.

THE CHRONICLE.

VOLUME X.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1896.

NUMBER 44.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

GOSSIP FROM GOTHAM.

Gloom Overshadows the Morton Headquarters.

INAUGURATION OF THE RAINES LAW.

Columbia Becomes a Full-Fledged University—Ladies' Day at the New York Yacht Club Proves a Popular Success.

GLOOM AT THE MORTON HEADQUARTERS.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Gloom pervades the Morton headquarters. In spite of the positive assertions of Mr. Platt, Senator Quay and Mr. Manley that they have no idea of giving up the fight, and that McKinley is still actually a long way from having delegates enough to nominate him, the rank and file of the Morton following were feeling very blue indeed. That Gen. Harrison's influence will be exerted to prevent the Indiana convention for instructing for McKinley is about the only hope they have left. Mr. Platt is still confident that McKinley will be defeated, but he refuses to go into details in regard to the manner of the defeat.

"I don't care to make a statement of the real situation or give figures now," he said. "When I have a talk with Senator Quay and Gen. Clarkson I may be able to be more explicit."

THE RAINES LAW.

The first day's operation of the Raines law in the city of New York netted a revenue of \$1,000,000 from the liquor traffic. Of this amount one-third must be turned into the treasury of the city. Under the former law the receipts from licenses for a whole year were only \$1,700,000. The first week under the new law will bring receipts to exceed that amount. All day there was a line of applicants waiting opportunity to pay \$500 for the privilege of doing business under the new law. Each one, as he paid his money, received merely a receipt, which will be regarded by the police as a license until the new tax certificates can be made out.

The Brooklyn excise office receipts for Thursday and Friday reached \$435,000.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY.

Columbia college hill stepped out of educational knickerbockers and assumed the most approved style of university garb. It dedicated the new college site on Morningside Heights, a spot as historical as the famous institution itself, and fitted as no other place in New York for a permanent home of learning. The event was the beginning of an era in the history of old Kings college, the Columbia of to-day, and marks the date of the complete ripening from a college into a well-equipped university.

The governor and his staff witnessed the exercises and men of note made speeches. The address of dedication was delivered by Abraham S. Hewitt, of the class of '42, the first to approve of the removal of the university to the new location. Other speeches were made by President Eliot of Harvard and President Seth Low. A dedication ode, in Latin, written by Prof. Harry Thurston Peck, was sung by the students with the glee club leading. Bishop Potter pronounced the benediction, and then college students dedicated the new campus—the first real campus Columbia has ever had—with a college yell that startled all Harlem.

LADIES' DAY OF THE NEW YORK YACHT CLUB.

For the first time the New York Yacht club had a "ladies' day" Friday afternoon, and royally the yachtmen entertained their fair friends. The house was beautifully decorated in palms, smilax and all sorts of boat flags. In the model room were shown all the club's magnificent trophies in the way of prize cups. Among them was the handsome cup presented by George Gould to the club in 1895; the prince of Wales' cup, which the Navahoe won; the Goelet cup and the Commodore's cup of last year; the Defender's cup, the America's cup; the Brenton's Reef cup, won by the Navahoe; the cup presented to the Defender by the New York Yacht club, and the Vigilant's Goelet cup.

Refreshments were served in the library and also at small, prettily-decorated tables in the billiard room, as well as "down below in the ward-room," and there was music by the Hungarian band. Owing to the decided success of the day, it was said by members last evening that Ladies' day will become an annual fixture.

THREE MORE PRISONERS.

From the Competitor Expedition—One Devoured by a Shark.

HAVANA, May 2.—The steamer Triton has arrived with three prisoners from the Competitor expedition, who were captured on the shore. The fourth man threw himself in the sea. The Triton guards fired a number of shots at him, but failed to hit him, and the passengers saw the swimmer torn to pieces by sharks. The names of the men brought are Ramon and Crescencio Gomez and Eusebio Alonzo. They are now confined in Cabanas prison.

They May Be Shot.

NEW YORK, May 2.—The Herald's Havana cable says that the men captured on the Competitor are the first filibusters caught since the rebellion began. The belief is general that they will be convicted and shot.

Bucket Shops as Legitimate as the Board of Trade.

CHICAGO, May 2.—Judge Horton decided that bucket shops are as legitimate as the board of trade and quashed the 11 indictments against Wm. Skakel and ten others charged with being proprietors, or employees in, bucket shops.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

The City savings bank of Hot Springs, Ark., has closed its doors.

This house refused to pass the bill granting a delegate in congress to Alaska.

Bills have been introduced for the pensioning of all Missouri militiamen who aided the Union.

Letters made public by the authorities prove that a plot existed to rescue Bill Taylor at Kansas City.

Thomas Button, one of the oldest settlers in Denton, Tex., died there Friday of paralysis, aged 31.

Deat.-Gov. Saxton of New York is a receptive candidate for the vice-presidency on the McKinley ticket.

Dr. Frank J. Butz, of St. Louis, was elected president of the National Association of Railway Surgeons.

The wages of 10,000 coal miners in Alabama have been reduced as a result of the decline in the price of pig iron.

Ballington Booth has formally turned over to the Salvation army all the property of that organization in the United States.

The insinuation is made that Senator Proctor has an ambition to be vice-president, and that this accounts for the action in Vermont.

Arrangements are well under way for the reunion to be held on the battlefield of Shiloh, (Pittsburg Landing, Tenn.) May 29 and 30.

Gen. Grossvenor has figured out that, with Illinois, McKinley has a clinch on a majority of the delegates to the Republican national convention.

Rev. G. Mott Williams was consecrated as bishop of Marquette at Detroit, Mich., Rt. Rev. Daniel S. Tuttle of Missouri officiating as consecrator.

Catherine Judd, known as "Aunt" Judd, died at Bridgeport, Conn., Friday. She had just passed her one hundred and second birthday anniversary.

George Griffin, convicted at Danville, Ill., of running a small crap game, was sentenced to the penitentiary for one year, and fined \$500.

While temporarily insane, Michael McKee, one of the early settlers of La Salle county, Ill., committed suicide at his home in Peru by hanging.

The assassin of the shah of Persia is said to be Say Yid, from Kerman, but of the province of that name. It is believed that the murderer had accomplices.

Mollie Evans, of Knoxville, Ill., aged 14 years, while demented, committed suicide by drowning in a cistern. She was the daughter of a prominent farmer.

There was unrestrained jubilation in New Haven, Conn., Friday night, over the victory won by the sons of Eli in the annual debating contest between Harvard and Yale.

Mr. Manley, Reed's manager, will give out a statement Sunday night that will not concede to McKinley more than 270 votes, and will insist that the fight is still open to anyone.

J. Blankenship, formerly one of the wealthiest merchants of Ramsey, Ill., but of late peddling spectacles, was found dead at the home of R. Wooten, of Assumption, Ill., where he was boarding.

Princess Beatrice, youngest daughter of Queen Victoria, and widow of Prince Henry of Battenberg, has been appointed governor of the Isle of Wight, the office previously held by her husband.

Bill Doolin, chief among western outlaws, has been indicted at Stillwater, Okla., for the murder of Deputy United States Marshal Lefe Skeddy; Richard S. Head and Thomas Poston in September, 1895.

Guy Lindley, the leading man of Louis James' dramatic company, was horsewhipped by a St. Louis woman, who says he betrayed her, on the stage of the High Street theater, Columbus, O., during the performance of Othello.

THEY SNIFF VIOLENTLY.

The Woman Expect to Come Off with Flying Colors in the Methodist Conference.

CLEVELAND, O., May 2.—The four women who have been elected as delegates to the conference of the Methodist Episcopal church and their supporters claim to have gained a substantial victory, and the indications are that when the question is fought out on the floor of the conference on Monday the women will come out with flying colors.

The 14 district conferences have held meetings and selected committees to represent their respective districts on the committee which will report on the eligibility of women to the conference. The result was a complete victory for the women, the committee now standing 17 to 11 in favor of the unconditional admission of women. Rev. Dr. J. M. Buckley, of New York city, the leader of the opposition to the admission of women, was selected from the Second district, and he will lead the opposition on the floor of the conference. From the Eighth district the clerical representative is Rev. Dr. A. G. Kynett, of Philadelphia, one of the leaders of the women's side. The committee will make a majority and minority report on Monday, and then the most exciting session of the conference will be held. Almost all other questions have been lost sight of, and the business of the conference will be unimportant until the woman question is settled.

Three Boncing Boys.

NEVADA, Mo., May 2.—Mrs. William Lewis, wife of a section boss of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railway at Deerfield, ten miles west of this city, gave birth, Thursday night, to triplets, all boys. They weighed at birth six, seven and eight pounds.

Col. Fred Grant Reappointed.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Col. Fred D. Grant, appointed police commissioner by Mayor Strong in May, 1895, to succeed Michael Kerwin, has been reappointed police commissioner for the full term of six years and sworn into office by the mayor.

THE REVELATIONS.

Made at Pretoria Exciting the Lobby of England's Parliament.

THE PLEAS OF THE REFORM COMMITTEE.

Under Which They Were Sentenced Believed to Have Been Arranged to Suppress Evidence Being Given Against Higher Game.

LONDON, May 2.—The questions exciting the lobby of the house of commons and all the political clubs are how far the inner cabinet knew of the revelations made at Pretoria before they were known to the public, and whether Sir Hercules Robinson, governor of Cape Colony, and British high commissioner in South Africa, is implicated in the conspiracy against the Transvaal. The plea of guilty entered by the members of the Johannesburg reform committee, who were on trial, is now believed to have been due to a concerted attempt to avert the publication of the evidence involving Cecil Rhodes and Gov. Robinson, who assured the members that the imperial government would intervene to bring about the quashing of the sentences that might be imposed upon them. No suspicion attaches to Mr. Chamberlain, the secretary of state for the colonies, in connection with the initial conspiracy, but his prolonged tentativeness with President Kruger are held to be partial proof that he learned the ramifications of the plot more completely than he ever disclosed to parliament. Mr. Chamberlain is not to be blamed for necessary reticence, but his reputation as the keenest statesman in the cabinet has been weakened by the fact that he is now admitted on all sides that he has been checkmated by President Kruger at every point. Regarding Sir Hercules Robinson's complicity in the conspiracy, the reference to "Chairman" contained in the cipher dispatches, have been examined in the light of the sequence of events, and the known relations between him and Rhodes prior to the raid.

Inference indicated "Chairman" with Gov. Robinson. It is supposed that Mr. Rhodes confided to him the details of the plan, certainly not Dr. Jameson's preparations to enter the Transvaal, but Mr. Rhodes relied upon the assistance of Gov. Robinson to arrange terms after a successful rising in Johannesburg. The immediate outcome of the publication of the dispatches will be the appointment of a commission to inquire into the whole matter and report thereon to parliament.

Mr. Chamberlain in January promised the house of commons that a commission would be appointed to inquire into the policy of the British South Africa Co. If he had not been absent Friday night to Birmingham he would have been asked to explain the delay in the appointment of the commission. The consensus of opinion is that the inquiry is imperative; responsible ministers are privately concerned in the belief that Mr. Rhodes, Gov. Robinson and everyone concerned in the matter should be summoned to explain their connection with the conspiracy, and that the trial of Dr. Jameson and colleagues now pending in London should be postponed until the plot shall be probed to the bottom.

OFFICIAL DETAILS.

Of the Assassination of the Shah of Persia—His Successor Proclaimed.

TEHRAN, May 2.—The following details of the assassination of the shah, Friday, have been obtained through official sources:

The shah, accompanied by the grand vizier, Asghar, and a number of attendants, paid a visit to the shrine of Shah Abdul Azim. His majesty traversed the outer court of the shrine, where he stopped and gave a bank note to an Arab and spoke a few kind words to a water-carrier. Two chains barred the way to the inner court of the shrine. The shah had just passed the first chain when the assassin approached him, and when within a few feet of him, fired a revolver, the bullet from which struck the shah near the heart. His majesty fell forward on his knees, but rose to his feet and walked a few paces when he fell again. The assassin was immediately seized and hurried away. The shah at once became unconscious and was immediately taken to his carriage and conveyed to the palace at Teheran, whither doctors were summoned as quickly as possible.

When the physicians arrived at the palace they found the shah dead and certified that his death was caused by a bullet lodged in the pericardial region between the sixth and seventh ribs.

Muzafer-Ed-Din, the dead monarch's second son and heir to the throne, has been proclaimed shah.

A Strike in Prospect.

TOLEDO, O., May 2.—On the best of authority it is learned that a strike of the employees of the Toledo Traction Co. is within the probabilities of the next 24 hours. The men have demanded 20 cents an hour for a ten-hour day and the recognition of the union, but the company has refused both.

Decorated by the Kaiser.

BERLIN, May 2.—The Kaiser has conferred upon Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria the order of the Black Eagle, and upon M. Storf, prime minister of Bulgaria, the order of the Red Eagle. He has also conferred the royal order of the Crown upon Col. Petroff, Bulgarian minister of war.

Ex-Cashier Lyned Acquitted.

MARSHALL, Mo., May 2.—S. T. Lyne, cashier of the defunct Slater savings bank, who has been on trial here before Special Judge Jay of Warsaw, for receiving deposits in said bank after he knew it was insolvent, was acquitted.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

(First Session.) SENATE.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—After routine morning business the naval appropriation bill was taken up by the senate, the pending question being on Mr. Chandler's amendment appropriating \$4,000,000 for 20 torpedo boats and torpedo boat destroyers.

Mr. Gorman (dem., Md.) argued against the amendment.

Mr. Chandler (dem., Md.) advocated the amendment and said that the net saving effect by it in view of striking out two battleships and some torpedo boats, would be \$8,275,000.

Senator Chandler's amendment increasing the number of torpedo boat destroyers with a speed of 30 knots, and torpedo boats with a speed of 26 knots, to 20 in number, at a cost of \$4,000,000, was defeated by a vote of 23 yeas and 39 nays.

The house, after the reading of the journal, proceeded, in committee of the whole, to final consideration of the bankruptcy bill. An amendment proposed by Mr. Spaulding (rep., Mich.) was agreed to, striking out of the bill the clause describing as an act of bankruptcy the failure of a debtor to take up, within insolvent, commercial paper to the amount of \$500 for a period of 30 days after date of payment and until a petition is filed.

BRADSTREET'S REVIEW.

Wholesale Merchants Look With Confidence to the Autumn.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Bradstreet's weekly review says:

There is relatively less improvement in general trade this week, the present part of a between seasons character. Wholesale merchants in staple lines in many instances look ahead with confidence to the autumn and in such departments as agricultural implements, building materials, and hardware there is reported a moderate revival of demand.

There is an unexpectedly small number of strikes at this season. In iron and steel there are advances in prices for special grades of pig iron, due to the output of Lake Superior ores having been practically taken up by a few firms. The steel trust is reported extending its territory. Higher quotations are announced for coffee, cotton, petroleum and anthracite coal, while pig iron and lumber are practically unchanged. Copper is easier, and wool has been sold at concessions, manufacturers preferring not to buy large lots at nominal prices. The most encouraging feature of the woolen goods market, from the point of view of the domestic mills, is the higher cost of foreign wools.

Exports of wheat (four fields as wheat) from both coasts of the United States this week are smaller than last week, amounting to 1,250,000 bushels, against 1,280,000 bushels last week, and totals between 2,500,000 and 3,000,000 bushels in corresponding weeks in the three preceding years. In the like week in 1892 the total was 3,861,000 bushels.

Weekly totals of business failures throughout the United States, while averaging fewer than in weeks during the first quarter of 1896 year, still attract attention. The total number of failures this week, against 37 last week, 39 in last week of April, 1895, 170 in 1894, and 183 in 1893. Business failures in Canada number 24 this week, against 37 last week, 39 in the corresponding week one year ago, 32 two years ago and 30 three years ago.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

An Increase of Nearly Six Millions of Dollars in April.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The monthly statement of the public debt issued by the treasury department shows that on April 30 the debt, less cash in the treasury, was \$948,287,670, an increase for the month of \$5,945,415. This is accounted for in part by a decrease of \$1,551,087 in the liability of each in the treasury, and an increase of nearly \$5,000,000 in the amount of bonds delivered under the last sale. The debt is recapitulated as follows:

Interest-bearing debt, \$343,312,140.
Debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$1,651,750.
Debt bearing no interest, \$374,414,400.
Total, \$1,218,378,330.

This does not include \$50,594,253 in certificates and treasury notes, offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury. The cash in the treasury is classified as follows:

Gold, \$168,446,439.
Silver, \$510,586,116.
Paper, \$161,775,048.
Bonds, disbursing officers' balances, etc., \$97,991,931.
Total, \$888,799,556.

Against this there are demand liabilities outstanding amounting to \$595,708,896, which leaves a cash balance of \$270,090,660.

NO POLITICAL REFORMS.

Until the Insurrection in Cuba Is Suppressed.

MADRID, May 2.—The Herald publishes what purports to be a report of an interview with Capt.-Gen. Weyler in Havana, wherein Weyler is alleged to have expressed the opinion that he will require two years to suppress the rebellion in Cuba, and that it will be necessary to postpone all political reforms on that island until the insurrection is crushed.

Gen. Gresham's Remains to Be Reinterred in Arlington Cemetery.

CHICAGO, May 2.—The remains of Gen. Walter Q. Gresham were removed from the vault in Oakwood cemetery Friday and forwarded to Washington, where the final interment will be made in Arlington cemetery. Mrs. Gresham and her son Otto accompanied the body.

Dr. Herz' Extradition Refused.

LONDON, May 2.—In the Bow Street police court this morning Sir John Bridge, the presiding magistrate, formally refused to grant the extradition of Dr. Cornelius Herz, who is wanted in France in connection with the Panama canal scandal.

Cecil Rhodes' Guilt Proven.

NEW YORK, May 2.—A London dispatch to the Sun says that Cecil Rhodes has been proven to be guilty. Indisputable evidence, it is said, has been furnished, showing that he ordered the raising of the British flag in the Transvaal.

Will Support McKinley.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Dispatches received in this city show that the A. P. A. is satisfied that McKinley is all right, and the order will support him.

NATIONAL MILLENNIUM.

Of the Kingdom of Hungary Begun at Buda Pesth.

EMPEROR FRANCIS JOSEPH, AS KING.

Accompanied by the Empress, Received with Great Enthusiasm at the Scene of the Ceremonies—Millennial Exhibition Opened.

BUDA PESTH, May 2.—The national millennium of Hungary was opened. The skies were clouded in the forenoon, but the weather was otherwise pleasant. Emperor Francis Joseph, as king of Hungary, wearing the uniform of a general, and looking remarkably healthy and vigorous, was received with great enthusiasm as he arrived upon the scene of the ceremonies. His majesty was accompanied by Empress Elizabeth, queen of Hungary, who carried a black sun shade and vigorously used a fan. The exercises were very successfully carried out, and the cheering of the crowds of people who thronged the streets was almost incessant. The Austro-Hungarian princes and archdukes, the foreign diplomats, the members of the Hungarian parliament and the Austrian and Hungarian ministers, together with a large number of delegates from various Hungarian towns and notables from all parts, were present.

The ceremonies inaugurated will last until October 31. The Millennial exhibition, which will be continued until the close of the celebration at the end of October, was formally opened by the king, who delivered an address, in the course of which he said that the exhibition marked an epoch in the history of the nation. Hungarians, he declared, were not only ready to defend their country, but to maintain their position among the civilized people of the earth.

Sunday there will be a Thanksgiving service in the Church of Mathias in presence of the king, and from May 3 until May 15 public meetings of the general and municipal councils and representative institutions and associations of the entire country will be held and gala representations will be given in theaters.

On May 10, a deputation will be sent in all the churches of the kingdom in the presence of the local notables. On June 3 there will be an exhibition of the emblems of royalty, and on June 6 the foundation stone of the new royal castle at Buda will be laid.

Parliamentary representatives preceded by caavalades of all of the municipalities, will, on June 8, present to the king the homage of the nation, and the celebration of the millennium by the united meeting of the two chambers will take place. The new parliament will also be inaugurated, and the law relating to the millennium will be promulgated. The ceremonies of inaugurating the monument of Arpad, in the plain of Pusztaszer, where Prince Arpad and the chiefs of the nation made the first constitutional compact, will be held on July 1.

AMERICAN CATTLE.

Their Exclusion From Belgium the Subject of Diplomatic Correspondence.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The exclusion of American cattle from Belgium is one of the main topics treated in the correspondence to be published in the forthcoming volume of "Foreign Relations." Since October, 1894, the United States government has been protesting against the harshness of the regulations of prohibition.

The Belgian government maintained that the prohibition was justified by the discovery of contagious pleuropneumonia in bees arriving from the United States, and Secretary (Gresham and Secretary Olney responded with actual statements that the cattle shipped from this country were in excellent sanitary condition.

The correspondence published ends with a note from Secretary Olney to Mr. Ewing, United States minister at Brussels, approving a protest he addressed to the Belgian minister for foreign affairs against the exclusion of cattle. The protest or remonstrance, as Mr. Ewing calls it, was based on the fact "of the great care and expense of the systematic and complete inspection of cattle for export" provided by the United States government, and "of the very slight evidence of contagious disease claimed to have been discovered by the sanitary officials of Belgium."

EVA BOOTH.

Takes Her Departure From New York on the Umbra.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Miss Eva Booth, of the Salvation army, sailed on the steamer Umbra for Liverpool. A large delegation of Salvation army officers were at the dock to bid her bon voyage. She will report at the national headquarters on her arrival at London and receive instructions regarding the command the Salvation army in Canada to which Gen. Booth has already assigned her.

The Pines, Senator Hale's Residence, Burned.

ELLISWORTH, Me., May 2.—The residence of Senator Eugene Hale, "The Pines," was burned. Loss, \$75,000; insurance, \$45,000. The house was unoccupied, but was undergoing repairs. The valuable library and furnishings in the main house were saved.

A Thieving Bell Boy.

ST. LOUIS, May 2.—A bell-boy at the Planter's hotel was arrested Friday night on a charge of attempted larceny. One of the guests caught the "boy" 22 years old in his room helping himself to the contents of a pocket-book left in a bureau drawer.

SOUTHERN COTTON MILLS.

Rapid Increase in Their Number in North and South Carolina.

CHARLOTTE, N.

THE CHRONICLE.

C. C. DuBOSE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, MAY 7, 1896.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce W. A. Thompson as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. S. Farrel as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of W. L. Davis authorize The Chronicle to announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. H. Hammond as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR SHERIFF.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Amos Daniel as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce S. W. Nelson as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. P. Christian as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Rev. C. W. O'Hara as a candidate for Superintendent of Education of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR COMMISSIONER—FIRST DISTRICT.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Hosen Pearson as a Commissioner of Shelby county, from the Columbiana District No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR CONSTABLE.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce A. S. Liles as a candidate for the office of Constable of Beat No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic party.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JOSEPH F. JOHNSTON,
Of Jefferson.

For Secretary of State,
JAMES K. JACKSON,
Of Lauderdale.

For Treasurer,
GEORGE W. ELLIS,
Of Montgomery.

For Auditor,
WALTER S. WHITE,
Of Colbert.

For Attorney-General,
WILLIAM C. FITTS,
Of Tuscaloosa.

For Superintendent of Education,
JOHN O. TURNER,
Of St. Clair.

For Commissioner of Agriculture,
I. F. CULVER,
Of Bullock.

STATE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

We, the democrats of the state of Alabama, in convention assembled, declare our continued faith in the old time and honored principles of the democratic party, and among these principles are the following:

1. The free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at 16 to 1 as the standard money of the country, without any discrimination against either metal and without the consent of foreign nations, as the United States coined silver and gold before the republican party obtained control of the government and changed the coinage laws of the country for the benefit of a class and to the injury of a great mass of the people.

2. The unconstitutional penalty of 10 per centum on each issue of state bank notes by any state or national bank, ought to be repealed. It is our purpose to maintain a government in this state fair and just to all, under the control of the white men of Alabama.

The faith and credit of the state must be maintained untarnished.

Our system of public education should be improved and extended so far as the state has the ability, without oppressive taxation.

We are in favor of honest and fair elections, and we recommend that laws be enacted under which primary elections and other party proceedings for the selection of candidates may be conducted.

We cordially invite all good citizens of this state, and especially all democrats who strayed from the party, to unite with us in an earnest and determined effort to maintain good government in the state of Alabama.

Let us preserve the dignity and credit and peace, and, if possible, the prosperity of our state.

THE MOBILE REGISTER having said "Peffer poses as a reformer," the statement is endorsed by the New York Sun after the manner following:

"Peffer is a reformer. He has great ideas very often and he keeps them very long. He is a tearer down and a builder up. He wants to tear down barriers and build up parallel lines of government railroads North, South, East and West, so that every populist in good and regular standing can have a railroad line on each side of his house and a freight station in the barn. He wants to reform the currency so that money will be easy to make and everybody can have plenty of it. He is a reformer because he has done away with a collar and a necktie. Which he has discarded is no essential matter; the principal is the same. There are few wholesale and retail reformers who do a bigger business than Hon. William Alfred Peffer, and he is a real reformer and no imitation by occasionally getting a relative on the government salary list."

Mr. SHUGART, of Jefferson, says the Mobile Register, felt very tired when he realized that fusion meant that he should embrace the colored citizen and call him brother. "When I got up to the convention," he said, "and saw one of Ham's sons, a negro, in the chair, and found that I had to tell my wife when I went home that I staid up in Montgomery until 1 o'clock to ask a negro whether I could go to bed or not—my fellow countrymen, you don't need it. All you want is backbone. I have a wife and five blessed children of the Anglo-Saxon race, and God forbid that I shall stay up another night until 1 o'clock to ask a negro what we shall do." The convention sat down on Mr. Shugart.

E. R. HOLT, Sr., a leading citizen of Montgomery county, went off with the "reform" movement some time ago, but since the proceedings of the populist and republican conventions held in Montgomery last week, he has seen the error of his way and returned to the democratic party, as the following card printed in the Montgomery papers will show:

Editor Advertiser: Having zealously labored in the cause of political reform, believing the people's party meant nothing else, and thinking I was fully informed of its meaning and purpose, it was a pleasure for me to work in its ranks. Without explanation, recent developments caused me to confess disappointment, and to say that I can not afford, from my settled convictions, to support such a ticket in our state.

E. R. HOLT, Sr.
Montgomery, Ala., May 2, '96.

CHANCELLOR McSPADDEN DEAD.

At his home at Center, Ala., Monday morning, May 4th, Chancellor Samuel K. McSpadden died after a lingering illness of several weeks.

Chancellor McSpadden was born in Warren county, Tenn., November 12, 1823, where he grew to manhood and learned the saddler's trade. He came to Alabama in 1842 and lived several years at Talladega, where he read law while at his trade, being admitted to the bar in 1848. In 1850 he began the practice of law in Cherokee county and in which county he spent the remainder of his life. He was a member of the legislature and state senator for several terms and had served as chancellor since 1885.

MR. LANE'S APPEAL.

Hon. Hector D. Lane, president of the Alabama division of the Chicago and Southern States Exposition, has issued an appeal to the press of the state urging its co-operation in supporting the movement for an Alabama exhibit at Chicago. Mr. Lane's appeal should and no doubt will be speedily responded to, as it is in behalf of a cause which promises more towards the South's development than any similar movement ever before begun. Mr. Lane, among other things, says:

"The states of Georgia, Mississippi, Kentucky, North Carolina, South Carolina and Tennessee, have signified their intention of becoming active participants, and other states will doubtless accept the magnificent opportunity offered to exhibit their splendid resources to one of the wealthiest and most populous regions of this country. Shall Alabama be left at home and other less favored sections be allowed to reap the benefits to be had for the asking? Every patriotic Alabamian will answer with one accord, never!

"Alabama possesses a greater variety of undeveloped resources than any state in the Union. Her mines are practically inexhaustible; her forests have scarcely felt the blight of the woodman's axe; her fields have only to be tilled and the most abundant yield is at hand. Our manufacturing possibilities are inimitable and only await the advent of capital and labor to lead the world. The atmosphere in Alabama is the purest; the water the clearest and the death rate the smallest of any state in the Union.

"With these advantages Alabama can go to Chicago, confident of inducing both capital and labor within her borders. To do this we must first interest Alabama; we must have representative specimens of the products of our fields, forests and mines. These can only be had from those who really desire an era of improvement and are willing to contribute of their time and funds to assist in this work. Every county should contribute as liberally as possible; every town should come forward with some assistance and the public-spirited citizens should do the same. Then success will be assured, and we may confidently expect the investment of millions of dollars and the acquisition of thousands of honest laborers as a direct result of this work."

Some Are Not So Good.

A printing office is usually considered a rather tough place and the newspaper worker a mighty bad man. Statistics, however, do not bear out that idea. Of 3,890 convicts in the state penitentiary of Texas there is not a printer or newspaper man, while there are ministers, doctors, bankers, barbers, photographers, barkeepers, cooks and members of professions and callings. The printer gets a bad name because the nature of his business teaches him to detest shams and he scorns the hypocrite, says an exchange.

Wandering Whiskers—"I ast de lady fer some 'tin to eat an' she showed me de wood pile."

Walker Jones—"Well?"

Wandering Whiskers—"I told her I didn't like chops, as they didn't agree with me digestion."—St. Louis Post Dispatch.

HOW TO GET RICH QUICKLY.

The Boston Globe recently printed a symposium from largely successful business men in answer to the question: "What is the quickest way to get rich?"

Hon. Elijah A. Morse, M. C., of Canton, Mass., well known as the originator and proprietor of the Rising Sun Stove Polish Works, answered as follows: "What is the quickest way to get rich?" I understand your inquiry to come from a young person in the morning of life, just starting out for himself in the world, and dependent upon his own resources. The first requisite to success is to establish a reputation for integrity and good character. These qualifications must be supplemented by ability, industry and perseverance in overcoming untoward obstacles and untoward circumstances. As a rule in this favored land of ours, these qualifications carry in their hand the prestige of victory and success. Many young persons enter life with a fear that they will not be appreciated. They couldn't make a greater mistake. I tell you, young man, they will size you up about right, and you will pass for about what you are. I said in addressing the pupils of the Roxbury Latin School a few days since that I didn't underestimate the fact that I was a good thing to be born well; but I am addressing persons of humble birth and untoward circumstances. If you have the qualities I have mentioned as essential to success you can rise above the circumstances of your birth.

"Do you want illustrations? Abraham Lincoln was a rail-splitter, Andrew Jackson was a Kentucky tailor, Henry Wilson was a Natick cobbler, James A. Garfield drove a horse on a towpath, Nathaniel P. Banks was a bobbin boy in a factory. Do you want similar illustrations in business life of men who have risen from poverty to affluence? George W. Childs was a newsboy on the street when young, George Peabody was a store boy, Elias Howe, the inventor of the sewing-machine, was a poor mechanic in Cambridge, and died worth millions, and what is of more consequence, he died acknowledged in every land and clime a benefactor of his race. Singer, the inventor of the lockstitch, was a poor mechanic in Bridgeport, and while working on his invention only allowed himself one meal a day and four hours a night sleep. John Roach, who as a shipbuilder and master mechanic rose to stand on the highest pinnacle of worldly honor and fame, came to this country a ragged, bare-footed, homeless, friendless Irish boy.

"I have seen young men who thought they could play Jekyll and Hyde, ride in the smoking car and drink some, and swear some, and go to questionable places, and the people wouldn't know it. Young man, you are mistaken. Read the questions that the Boston banks ask about a young man who is seeking a situation. Young man, young woman, a good character, yes, and a clean, religious life, good habits, no tobacco, no cigarettes, are the foundation stones for success in business.

"My son, with all thy getting, get understanding, get wisdom (heavenly wisdom) the merchandise whereof is better than the merchandise of silver, and the gain thereof than pure gold. Finally and lastly, in this favored world of ours, above all others it is true that there is no royal road to learning (and wealth), and that honor and shame from no condition rise." Young man, young woman, set your mark high; enter upon its pursuit at once; persevere."

LEARNING A BUSINESS.

As a rule, the best business men are those who commenced their mercantile career in a very subordinate position, and, by steady application and attention to the duties that devolved upon them, worked their way upward into a place of prominence. A close inquiry into the careers of many business men reveals the fact that the most of them began business as poor boys, and, by energy, industry and economy, acquired wealth and influence. Instances are rare in which a young man has begun business at the top and has made a grand success of it. Such instances sometimes occur, but not with great frequency. The quickest way in the world in which a young man can get rid of a fortune is to embark in a business of which he knows nothing and attempt to run it on a large scale, says Shoe and Leather Facts.

The education of most of the prominent business men began in small country stores with which they remained until their growing ambition brought them into a field where they had larger and more splendid opportunities. We know there are thousands of young men who are disheartened and discouraged at the humble position in life which they are filling at the present time; but we sincerely believe there never was a better time for young men to rise in the world than exists now. There is always a demand for young men of the right stamp. It takes pluck, perseverance and persistence sometimes to gain the ends desired, but few really fail in finding recognition in the business world who are really worthy of it.

As water will always find its level when left to its own control, so will a young man find his level in the business world. He cannot hope to reach a high position except on his own merits, and if he has no ambition to attain anything beyond mediocrity, the world, as a rule, will estimate him at the value which he places upon himself.

Remember The Chronicle job office when in need of any kind of printing.

Saginaw Drop Shots.

The Saginaw lumber company will soon complete their new railroad.

Prof. W. E. Harrison passed through Saginaw Thursday.

M. S. Wilson passed through Saginaw Friday on the hunt of a mule. Evidently he is going to farm since he has been defeated in the election.

Mr. Shelby Naish fell from the stocker Thursday and was badly wounded.

H. T. DeHardenlehen, foreman of the lumber yard, left Wednesday for old West Point on a bridal tour.

Rev. L. F. Goodwinspent Friday in Saginaw, having fun with M. W. Leonard and H. C. Fulton.

Mrs. McClendon spent the week with her daughter, Mrs. Aldridge, of this place.

Mrs. Brown and Miss Ella Guy were guests at the Acme Wednesday.

Dr. T. H. Payne returned from Mobile a few days ago, where he has been attending medical college. He is now a full fledged doctor, and from all reports we judge that he will soon take to himself a wife.

Miss Annie Clisby closed her school at this place last Friday, and to the regret of her many friends will leave next week for her home in Verbena. Her place as teacher will be filled on Monday next by Miss Fannie Fulton.

Mr. Logan, of Longview, called at the Acme one night last week. We think it is getting serious with him. How about it, old boy?

Miss Ula Pasberry, of Mulberry, is visiting Mr. Smitherson's family at this place. Be careful with your hearts, boys.

Miss Leila Fulton visited Birmingham last week.

From appearances Mr. John Fulton intends to soon take a companion to help him through life's rugged way. Success to you, old boy, and trust that the time will soon be here when Will-Full can do likewise.

Mr. Bill Galloway, of this place, was married a short time ago.

The young people of this place had an enjoyable time at an entertainment Thursday night, given by J. R. Wagner at his residence.

How is it Mr. Walburn that you are so popular with the charcoal blonds of East Saginaw? It cannot be your good looks. Ah! I have it, you are a yankee.

We regret very much that we are to lose Mr. Naish's family from our midst, and trust that success shall attend them wherever they may go.

J. R. Wagner and H. C. Fulton, well loaded with Cupid's darts wended their way to Yellow Leaf Sunday morning in quest of dear for game.

Dr. T. H. Payne, of Millman, Messrs. McClendon and Duran, Misses Pilgreen and Adkins, of Calera, were guests of the Acme Friday night.

Messrs. Dixon and Wingate rose from their couch Tuesday night at 2 o'clock and walked to Locust Ridge which is 6 miles from this place in search of a gobbler that was heard gobbling there 3 weeks ago. Haven't had very much training in the art of turkey hunting, have you boys?

The place of business of the Ganadargue Mercantile Co., seems to be a very attractive place for the young ladies of Saginaw. It must be the clerk that attracts them, as scenery around that place is just horrible.

WILL-FULL.

Reunion United Confederate Veterans, at Richmond, Va.—Reduced Rates via Southern Railway.

For the occasion of the 6th Annual Reunion of the United Confederate Veterans, which occurs at Richmond, Va., June 30-July 2, 1896, the Southern railway will sell tickets to Richmond, Va., and return at very low rates.

Tickets from points in Georgia and Tennessee, north and east of Atlanta and Chattanooga, will be sold June 27 and 28, and from points south and west of Atlanta and Chattanooga, and east of the Mississippi river, tickets will be sold June 26, 27, 28 and 29. Final limit on tickets from all points will be July 6, 1896.

From points south and west of Atlanta, the Southern Railway is the short and quick route to Richmond, Va., via the "Piedmont Air Line," and the service is peerless. From Knoxville, Tenn., to Chattanooga, Tenn., and points west thereof, the route of the Southern Railway is via Asheville and through the scenic "Land of the Sky." The service of this line is unexcelled.

Call on any agent of the Southern Railway for further information or E. J. Martin, T. P. A., Columbus, Miss., J. L. Meek, T. P. A., Knoxville, Tenn., W. H. Doll, T. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn., L. A. Shipman, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala., J. C. Andrews, S. W. P. A., New Orleans, La., W. A. Turk, G. P. A., Washington, D. C., S. H. Hardwick, A. G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga., C. A. Benscoter, A. G. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised druggist and get a trial bottle, free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills, free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. For sale by Parker & Armstrong, Druggists, Columbia, Ala.

City Tax Notice.

I will be in the Mayor's office in Columbiana for one week commencing Monday, May 11, 1896, for the purpose of collecting the taxes due the city of Columbiana, for the year 1895. All who fail to meet me during said week will be charged a collector's fee of 50 cents in addition to their city tax.

JOHN T. CROWWELL,
City Tax Collector.



for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.

Castoria allays Feverishness.

Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Card.

Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic.

Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.

Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air.

Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.

Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk.

Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."

See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile
signature of

Wm. H. Hooper

is on every
wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

J.B. Lewis & Co.
SHOES
\$4.00
\$3.00
\$2.50

These shoes fit to perfection and wear as only the best of leather can. They're shapely, plant—the most comfortable of footwear. They always manage to let in air and keep out water.

Surely Your Dealer Sells Them.

FOR SALE BY
Lester, Mason & Co.

A FOOLISH MAN

Is he who declares he never pays any attention to statements made in newspaper advertisements. What other way have I of attempting to convince you that I can shoe your horse in up-to-date style, and at a price so moderate that you will be ready with the cash the moment the job is done.

Repair Work

a Specialty.

Nothing but good, honest work turned out of my shop. Can sharpen a plow while you wait. In fact I do any and all kinds of work that any blacksmith or woodworkman is supposed to do; and, further, I will appreciate your patronage.

TRY ME ONCE FOR LUCK

W. W. ALBRIGHT,
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.

Non-Resident Notice.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.
Ann E. Perry, Complainant, vs. William T. Perry Defendant.
In Chancery Sixth District North-Eastern Chancery Division.

In this cause it is made to appear to the register by the affidavit of J. E. Holmes, that the defendant, William T. Perry, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in DeKalb County, Texas; and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the register, that publication be made in the Chronicle, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said William T. Perry to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint, in this cause by the 31st day of April, A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.
Done at office in Columbiana, this 3rd day of March, A. D. 1896.

GORDON DUBOSE,
Register.

Estray Notice.

Notice is hereby given that W. D. Seizes, of Bamford, Ala., did take up as an estray on or about April 8, 1896, one gray horse, about ten years old, blind in one eye, and five feet and two inches high; that the appraised value of said horse was \$67.50, and that the proceedings were had before W. H. Sturdivant, Esq., Justice of the peace, Bamford, Shelby county, Alabama.

Given under my hand at office in Columbiana, Ala., this April 16, 1896.

D. R. McMillan,
Judge of Probate.



Southern Baptist Convention at Chattanooga, Tenn.—Reduced Rates via the Southern Railway.

For the occasion of the Southern Baptist Convention, which will convene at Chattanooga, Tenn., May 8-14, inclusive, the Southern railway will sell tickets to Chattanooga, Tenn., and return, at a rate of one limited first-class fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold May 5 to 8 inclusive, good to return fifteen days from date of sale, but limit on tickets may be extended, allowing fifteen days additional time, provided they are deposited with joint agent, Chattanooga, on or before May 14, 1896.

The Southern Railway reaches Chattanooga from all directions, and its service is unexcelled. It is the short line and the scenic route from Louisville, in connection with the Queen and Crescent. The Southern Railway is also the scenic route from Virginia points, Washington and other eastern cities, via Asheville, and through the "Land of the Sky." It is the direct line from North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Florida points. The Southern Railway is the shortest line and operates the quickest and most convenient schedules from points on its line in Mississippi to Chattanooga.

For further information call on any agent of the Southern Railway, or E. J. Martin, T. P. A., Columbus, Miss., A. Whedon, P. & T. A., Louisville, Ky., J. L. Meek, T. P. A., Knoxville, Tenn., W. H. Doll, T. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn., L. A. Shipman, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala., J. C. Andrews, S. W. P. A., New Orleans, La., L. S. Brown, G. A. P. D., Washington, D. C., W. A. Turk, G. P. A., Washington, D. C., S. H. Hardwick, A. G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga., C. A. Benscoter, A. G. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

PALACE RESTAURANT,

COLUMBIANA, ALA.,

J. P. ADAMS, Proprietor.

Newly fitted up, clean and neat. Meals any hour of the day, or until 9 at night. Lunches served any time. Fish, oysters, game, or any delicacy to be found in the market.

Meals 25c Each.

Elliott Building, Main Street.

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, MAY 7, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year.....\$1.00
One copy six months......75

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

J. R. Hill, of Calera, spent Sunday in town.

E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, was in town Tuesday.

Maj. W. D. Huggins, of Calera, was in town Monday.

J. L. Peters, Esq., has been absent this week in Atlanta.

W. F. Thetford, Jr., is on a visit to home folks in Talladega.

Miss Agnes Avery, of Shelby, spent Saturday with friends in town.

Frank Nelson, Jr., of Anniston, spent Sunday here with relatives.

John P. Spencer is transacting business in Birmingham this week.

Rev. T. K. Roberts, of Montgomery, spent last Friday with relatives here.

Miss M. A. Lester, of Yellow Leaf, is visiting the family of Rufus Lester.

Dr. T. G. Nelson, of Harpersville, paid our city a professional visit Tuesday.

Mrs. W. A. Walburn, of Ganadague, spent yesterday with relatives here.

Mrs. Frank Nelson, of Anniston, is on a visit to relatives and friends in town.

Robert McClendon and C. B. Duran, of Calera, were in the city a few hours Tuesday.

Will Scale and wife, of Childersburg, are visiting the family of his father, T. L. Scale.

Mrs. John T. Cronwell is quite sick, but we hope soon to report her complete recovery.

Ned Anchors, of Pratt City, came over yesterday to witness the marriage of his sister, Miss Earl.

County court will convene in regular session the fourth Monday in this month. This will be a two weeks term.

The commissioners court will convene Monday for the purpose of inspecting the books of Assessor Hammond.

Mrs. H. W. Chester, who has been a guest of Rev. W. I. Stanott, returned last Friday to her home in Riverside, Illinois.

Mrs. M. J. Johnston, who has been quite sick, is now considered to be improving, much to the delight of her many friends.

The Pauline DuBose missionary society will give an ice cream supper on Friday night, May 15th, the object of which is to raise funds for foreign missions.

The Board of Equalization is engaged this week looking over the books of the assessor, prior to their examination by the commissioners court next Monday.

Deputy Sheriff S. W. Nelson went over to Goodwater Monday and returned Tuesday bringing Dennis Ellis alias Tom Ellison, the negro who cut C. B. Elliott recently at Vincent. He placed his prisoner in jail to await trial.

W. J. O'Hara delivered a lecture Tuesday night at the Baptist church, the object of which was to raise funds to pay off the heavy debt hanging over Howard College. The amount raised was \$41.00, which was a splendid starter.

The Christian Endeavor delegates who attended the convention in Montevallo, desire to thank the good people who so kindly entertained them and made their stay so pleasant and profitable. May the Lord ever send His choicest blessing to the people of Montevallo is their wish.

A new game, called the "Editor's Delight," is played this way: Take a sheet of ordinary writing paper, fold it carefully, and enclose a bank note sufficiently large to pay up all arrears and one year in advance. Keep an eye on the editor, and if a smile adorns his face, the trick works like a charm. Now is the time to play the joke.

Died, at his home in beat 8, on Saturday, May 2nd, Mr. Columbus Evans, of consumption, aged about 53 years. His death was not unexpected for he had been an invalid for several years, but he was resigned to his fate, and expressed himself as ready to give up his suffering for a life of bliss. He left a wife and eight children to mourn his loss.

A quiet wedding took place in our town yesterday at 9:30, at the residence of the bride's father, S. T. Anchors, at which only the members of the family and a few friends were present. The fortunate groom was J. A. Fulton, of near Saginaw, and the bride Miss Earl Anchors, one of our very best and most highly esteemed young ladies. Rev. L. F. Goodwin, of Helena, performed the ceremony. Our best wishes go with the happy couple, who left soon after they had been made one for their home near Saginaw.

As will be seen by reference to notice elsewhere, P. B. Harrell, registrar of beat 1, only proposes to give Columbiana four of the eighteen days in which to register. This is the county seat of Shelby county, and polls the largest vote of any box in the county, and why we should be given only four

days is more than we can understand. We must say in all candor that we think Mr. Harrell ought to do better by us than this, and we hope he will so see it, and give us at least eight or ten days to which in justice we are clearly entitled.

Rev. C. W. O'Hara announces this week as a candidate for the office of county superintendent of education. Mr. O'Hara needs no commendation at our hands. He is thoroughly known over the county, and is highly esteemed and respected everywhere. He served the county several years ago as tax collector, and made one of the best officers we ever had. He is an energetic, conscientious christian gentleman, thoroughly competent, and worthy of any office in the gift of our people.

The Columbiana ball team crossed bats with the Shelby boys yesterday afternoon at Shelby, and the result was a score of 16 to 0 in favor of Shelby. Our boys played a pretty fair game, but the entire absence of scores was the main cause of their defeat. See! The umpire, Thomas Ledbetter, was absolutely fair and impartial in his decisions, and the only reason we can give why our boys came out so badly was that they seemed to entirely overlook the fact that it took scores to win a game.

Important Notice to Voters.

I will be in Columbiana for the purpose of registering the voters in beat one on May 15, 16, 19 and 20, 1896.

P. B. HARRELL,
Registrar.

A Card of Thanks.

To the good people of our community for their much kindness and many favors rendered during the illness of our father. Their kindness is appreciated and they will ever be kindly remembered by us all.

W. C. EVANS AND BROS.

To the Patrons of the Columbiana Graded School.

Our school closes June 5th with commencement exercises. The remaining time will be used in reviews and examinations of the year's work. These reviews will establish grades and determine the classification of the school for next year. It is absolutely necessary that pupils remain in school to the close of the session, in order to be promoted with their respective classes. A pupil a little weak in his studies dropping out without the review, will usually lose his class and take rank with those promoted to his grade. Pupils who are studious and ambitious, with bright minds, will sometimes hold their places, but they are rare exceptions. Patrons should consult with the teachers before withdrawing their children from these reviews.

We have graded the Columbiana school, making eleven grades in all. The primary department in charge of Miss Lucy Smith, has grades one, two and three; the third grade had to be changed to the secondary department for want of room and proper seating capacity in the primary room.

Grade one has.....	25 pupils
" two ".....	12 "
" three ".....	26 "
Unclassified.....	14 "

Total enrollment for year.....	87
Less transfer to secondary department.....	10
Balance in primary.....	77

The secondary department has those of grade three transferred from primary and grade 4, 5 and 6, and is in charge of Miss Mary Liles.

Grade three has.....	10 pupils
" four has.....	19 "
" five has.....	19 "
" six has.....	8 "
Unclassified.....	"

Total enrollment of secondary department.....	56 "
---	------

The high school, in charge of W. B. Greek, embraces the 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th and 11 grades.

Grade seven has.....	21 pupils
" eight ".....	13 "
" nine ".....	9 "
" ten ".....	5 "
" eleven ".....	0 "
Unclassified.....	19 "

Total enrollment of high school.....	67 "
Total enrollment secondary.....	56 "
" primary.....	77 "
Grand total for year.....	200 "

The unclassified pupils are those that have studies in two or three or more different grades; hence cannot be classified until they round up and become regular in some grades.

Pupils will neglect reading, spelling, writing, English grammar, etc., and proceed to algebra, Latin and other advanced studies before their minds are sufficiently developed to do that kind of work. A loose, superficial work prevails to an alarming extent in many of our schools. Our aim is thoroughness of work. What is worth doing at all is worth doing well. Where there is no solid foundation there can be no reliable superstructure. The primary work of an education must first be done and well done.

We ask for a hearty co-operation in building up a school that will merit and thoroughly prepare our children for active life.

May we not hope for the very best "Fitting School" in the state?

Respectfully,
W. B. GREEK, Prin.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, eczema, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

Items from Creswell.

Mrs. W. S. Lane returned home last Tuesday after spending several days with relatives and friends in Coosa county.

J. M. Wallis and E. M. Cosper attended the picnic at Sycamore last Saturday and report a pleasant time.

Mrs. Katie Thompson and daughter Ella, of Childersburg, are visiting J. H. Coleman's family this week.

J. B. Gorman went over to Sylacauga last Friday and got on a — the train and came back.

Look out for the man who makes a specialty of pointing out faults in other folks.

The farmers here are considerably behind with their work on account of the continued wet weather through last week. Some of them are not done planting cotton seed, and none have begun to chop any cotton. They are making good use of the present fine weather, and will have their crops in a thriving condition in a few days if the good weather continues.

Miss Jennie Bates went up to Vincent Monday morning and returned in the afternoon, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. W. S. Bilbrey, who will spend a few days with her mother.

Mrs. Rhoda Smith, of Fayetteville, returned home last week, after spending several days with relatives and friends here.

S. V. Coleman and wife, of Pinegrove, are visiting his father's family this week.

CHOCTAW.

Harpersville Echoes.

The rain, the rain, the rain.

J. L. Wilks, of Sylacauga, was in our town one day last week buying cotton which some of our farmers were holding for a better price, but failed to get.

Mr. and Mrs. Buck Nelson, of near Columbiana, spent Saturday night and Sunday with Dr. Nelson.

Doll Heath, colored, and Flaker McGraw, two prominent politicians in the poplite party, went down to the convention at Montgomery last week.

The registrar's book is now open to the voters of beat 10, and we hope that every democrat will do his duty before it is too late.

The show man failed to show up last week, as was advertised, and consequently some of our boys were disappointed.

The democrats of Harpersville met in convention Monday evening and nominated Ex-Governor Russell, of Massachusetts, for president, and Gordon, of Georgia, for vice president. E. D. Stokem, Esq., of Vincent, participated in the convention.

Tax Assessor Hammond was around last week looking up the dear people. Don't be uneasy Mr. Hammond; Harpersville will give you a solid delegation.

There was quite a number of the Harpersvillians attended preaching at Vincent last Sunday, and it was our good luck to be one of 'em. Vincent has two churches, four stores, one school, two hotels, two doctors, one blacksmith shop and wood shop, two gas manipulators, one depot and tank. I was told while there that Charley Elliott was doing a very good business with his hotel, and if a person ever goes there once he will go again, and he don't have to send bottles of wine to the railroad conductors to get patronage either. We could say a great deal more about this growing and booming little town, but time and space forbids and will only add that we spent a pleasant day, heard a splendid sermon, saw lots of people and got a good dinner, and would be glad if such occasions would come oftener.

JAKE.

Wilsonville Waifs.

E. B. Teague, of Columbiana, was in our city last week.

Rev. T. A. Huston went to Columbiana last week.

Mrs. J. F. Pope went to Fayetteville last Sunday.

The Methodist parsonage has been placed in the hands of a contractor for completion. The house will be ready for the occupant in a short time.

The Southern railway has proposed to furnish reduced rates on the local trains, to Shelby Springs, at the close of our school. We are desirous of having a picnic at that time, and are anxious for our Columbiana friends to join us in this pleasure trip; by so doing we feel that we will have a jolly and pleasant day in every respect.

"We mean to ride if we have to walk." The young men have erected a large rig in the form of a band wagon. This beauty is spacious enough to furnish about twenty with comfortable seats. This will enable us to accommodate the young people many times, when in absence of this it would be impossible.

Quite a number of young men and ladies spent last Thursday at Mr. Brown's mill fishing. This was undoubtedly one of the most remarkable events that has taken place with our young people. Everyone present seemed to be lively and well pleased the entire day, but more especially about noon when the contents of those loaded baskets were spread upon the table before us. I was amused and somewhat excited at the great undertaking that was before me, to try to even lessen such a large quantity of well I don't know what all—but after a patient effort for a few moments—I say moments, I don't know how long, I was surprised indeed at the reduction that had been made in the dishes that were near me—ah, I don't mean

reduction in the dishes, I had no cause to eat dishes that day, I mean the contents of the basket. Oh my! even the thought makes me anxious to go fishing again. I tell you that dinner beat fishing "when you ain't got nothing but grubworms and grasshoppers for bait," although the fishing was very comical indeed. Those who believe the ladies voices to be very weak, and that they cannot run rapidly, should have been present. You would have been thoroughly convinced that you have been mistaken these many years. My authority for saying this is, that one of the young ladies caught a nice eel; on drawing it to the surface of the water, it gave a flounce; she dropped her pole and ran very rapidly away, accompanying her footsteps with a holloing, vibrating voice. After an eight hour sojourn we were then ready to return home. Having quietly seated ourselves in the wagon thinking of no danger near, the horses turned suddenly, causing us to think we were going to be thrown out. Oscar Tinney got extremely frightened, stepped in the water pail and made a sky-leap to save himself, and to escape the horrible wreck that he decided we were going to have. On gazing to the other end of the conveyance, saw E. Williamson lying with his head upon a stack of umbrellas, yes broken umbrellas after having fallen upon them. No one was hurt and we made our arrival at 8 o'clock in the evening. This trip will only give us a still greater anxiety to go again soon.

THE RAIN, THE RAIN.

The rain, the rain, the cleanly rain,
Has come again at last;
To cheer the farmers everywhere,
And liven up the grass.

The rain, the rain, the falling rain,
So pure and clean and bright;
I gazed and watched it fall so fast
From morning until night.

The rain, the rain, so pure and nice,
Has made the streamlets flow;
Settled the flying dust again,
And made the young plants grow.

The rain, the rain, the beautiful rain,
It permeates the earth;
Prepares it for the present crops,
To feed both man and herd.

The rain, the rain, the damp'ning rain,
Of which the earth doth drink;
It falls before the rays of sun,
And in the earth it sinks.

The rain, the rain, the lovely rain,
Has poured enough just now;
The streets and roads are full of mud,
The farmers want to plough.

The rain, the rain, wonderful rain,
With all it brings that's bad;
Want it to come again next week,
To make the people glad.

BOURGEOIS.

Sterrett Stirrings.

Rain! rain! and still it rains and whoop, how the farmers are getting into the grass.

John H. Falkner, of Leeds, paid our place a flying visit yesterday.

Miss Flora Goodwin, of Oxmoor, who has been visiting relatives here, returned home yesterday.

Miss Annie Falkner, of Pleasant Sight community, has been visiting here, but returned home yesterday, leaving many of our lads with sad hearts.

Messrs. J. A. Stewart and J. W. Holcombe, accompanied by their best girls, attended singing at Trinity church Sunday. Go it, boys, while you are young.

One of our young men called to see his girl a few days since and she was away; he remained some time to await her appearance, became weary and left, and so soon as he left she came in and went to church. That was very bad for Pinson—poor boy!

G. M. Bilbrey and family, of Vincent, visited the family of W. H. Falkner, Sunday.

Rev. S. V. McGinnis resigned the care of Beulah church at the last meeting and Rev. W. J. Ray, a student of Howard College, has been called for the remainder of the year.

Married, at Beulah church, at 8 o'clock, April 30th, Mr. Joel L. Falkner and Miss Sallie C. White. The attendants were J. R. Dyke and Miss Lela Turner, J. W. Holcombe and Miss Belle Falkner. W. H. Falkner officiated in a very pleasant manner. While the anxious audience awaited the hour for the bridal party to arrive Squire Falkner amused the crowd by getting off jokes on the boys who were perched by their girls, for which many thanks are due him from the bride and groom. Strange things will happen but Buddie's marriage is the latest. Other boys need fear no danger of being left. We wish them happiness and prosperity and may they find more roses than thorns on their pathway.

Mrs. R. E. Cosper left Sunday on a visit to relatives at Jenison.

W. H. Falkner, registrar of beat 15, began work Monday.

SLY JERRY.

To the Teachers of Shelby County, Alabama.

The Examining Board of Shelby county will meet the teachers for examination, the first Saturdays in June and July. All teachers who have no certificates, wishing to teach in Shelby county during the summer, must meet the Board of Examiners at that time in the grand jury room of the court house, in Columbiana, for examination.

Teachers are reminded that they have no right under the law of the state to make contracts, much less to teach without a license, properly signed by this examining board.

T. A. HUSTON,
J. B. KILPATRICK,
W. B. GREEK,
Examining Board.

Dolson—Before she married him she made him promise that he would either keep a horse or buy her a bicycle.

Grimes—Took hint for wheel or whoa, eh?

Special Cash Bargains

For Two Weeks Only.

6 lbs best Coffee to the Dollar.

Best full yard wide Sea Island Domestic 5 cents per yard.

Wool Nuns Veiling 12 1-2 cents per yard.

Dimity Dress Goods, latest style, worth 15 cents, at 9c per yard.

Just received another lot of trimmed Ladies' Hats, the fourth shipment.

Special low prices on everything in the house. Call and see us.

Columbiana Mercantile Co.,

THE LEADERS OF LOW PRICES.

H. FOX, MANAGER.

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES,

Silks,
Satins,
Chally,
Dimities,
Henriettas,
Nuns Veiling,
and Lawns,

And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnish-

ings We're Headquarters as Usual.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00.

Wishing every body success, we beg to remain,
Yours Respectfully,

THE RACKET STORE.

SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Propr's.



That Tired Feeling!

Nobody is particularly anxious to spend their money. Everybody has to. Your wants must be satisfied and it takes money to do it. A person is not apt to look cheerful over the prospect of spending money. Lots of buying is done with a long face. This is all wrong. I offer a change for the better.

You Feel Relieved—

The minute you see our Grand Stock of New and Popular Goods it looks fresh and desirable. The first glance shows you that you are on the right track. No mistake about this being a modern up-to-date line of goods. You wake up to the fact that you have got into the right store.

The Feeling Grows—

When you commence to go into details, you feel as if the goods were bought on purpose for you. No trouble to make a satisfactory selection; it gets down to a question which is the most satisfactory.

Trouble is Forgotten

When you learn our prices, they are always at the low-water mark. We don't give goods away—we can't. We can sell goods very low—we do. This is a fact. We might brag about it, but what's the use—a word to the wise is sufficient. It's as true as truth that we sell goods cheap—we prove it.

Happiness is Supreme

When you get just what you want at less than you expected to pay—we are treating customers to this kind of a surprise every day. We sell you a good article and let you off cheap. You will find our selections choice, our goods reliable, and prices satisfactory. A fair deal makes the buyer happy—we give it. To spend money and be happy at the same time go to

S. STARK.

Shelby, Ala.



Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the books of the assessment of real and personal property of poll taxes have this day been filed in my office by the tax assessor, and that the same shall be open to inspection, for the ascertainment of any errors in assessments and for taking memoranda thereof by tax-payers, until the first Monday in June, 1896.

This May 1, 1896.

D. R. McMILLAN,
Judge of Probate.

may 7 4t.

Administrators Notice

Estate of H. A. Smith, Deceased.
Probate Court.

Letters of administration, with will annexed, of said deceased, having been granted to the undersigned on the 7th day of March, 1896, by the Hon. D. R. McMILLAN, judge of the Probate court of Shelby county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or the same will be barred.

apr 2 96

C. W. O'HARA, Adm'r.

Columbiana's

TONSorial PARLOR,
E. W. CHAPMAN, Proprietor.

Neat, clean shop, elegant chairs, the best of tools and the cleanest of towels. Having had 16 years experience, I do not hesitate to say I can give as good service as you can get in any city. Ladies work a specialty. Prices reasonable. A trial is all I ask.

If you want to buy a first-class razor I have a lot just received.

E. W. Chapman.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWNE.

J. T. LEEPER.

BROWNE & LEEPER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

COLUMBIANA, - - ALABAMA.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby county.

Probate Court. April 1896.

Estate of Joseph T. Dorrough, Deceased.
To Lydia M. Dorrough, who resides somewhere in Texas, but at what particular place is unknown; William D. Dorrough, who resides at Cumberland, Miss.; John C. Dorrough, of Middleton, Ky.; James W. Dorrough, of Columbus, Ga.; and all non-residents of Alabama.

This day came W. F. Thetford, Jr., as administrator de bonis non of said estate, and filed his application in due form and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therein, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of division, upon the ground that the same cannot be divided equitably without a sale thereof. It is ordered that the 25th day of May, 1896, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same. If they think proper.

D. R. McMILLAN,
Judge of Probate.

THE M. E. CONFERENCE.

An Anti-Tobacco Resolution Offered and Referred.

GOD IN THE NATIONAL CONSTITUTION.

Rev. Samuel Dickie Excused to Go Home to Albion, Mich., Where He Has Been Elected Mayor, and Close Up the Saloons.

CLEVELAND, O., May 9.—Bishop Nide presided at the session of the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Rev. Mr. Lowthorpe, of Kansas, introduced a resolution asking that all Methodists be asked to abstain from using tobacco, and that no Sunday-school teachers or Epworth League presidents or other officers be elected who used tobacco. Referred to committee on temperance.

A resolution was introduced asking that, as a colored man had given the first dollar toward the new American university at Washington, that at least one colored man be always on the board of trustees of the institution. Ruled out of order.

A resolution and petition opposing the proposed amendment to the United States constitution putting God in the constitution was referred to the committee on church and state. It provided that the words "trusting in Almighty God" should be inserted after the word "posterity" in the preamble of the constitution.

Samuel Dickie, of Albion, Mich., chairman of the Prohibition national committee, and who has just been elected mayor of Albion, was excused by the conference for several days in order to go home and close up the saloons.

The committee on episcopacy was instructed to report on the advisability of electing more bishops by Tuesday at 10 a. m.

A communication from the Methodist church, south, was read by Secretary McGraw, stating that a committee had been appointed to confer with the Methodist church looking to federation of the two churches. It was referred to the board of bishops.

The committee on missions reported a resolution giving annual conference the right to receive any church, synod or conference into the Methodist church upon presentation of the proper credentials. It was stated that while the resolution was in general terms, it was framed to fit the case of the Wesleyan church in Germany, which desired to join the Methodist church.

Rev. Dr. Carl Schull, of North Germany, through the aid of an interpreter, explained the request of the Wesleyan church, and said that its admission would bring many members and much property to the Methodist church.

Rev. Dr. Wm. Brodbeck said if the union of the two churches were consummated it would be the Methodist church an entrance into Austria. The report was adopted with much enthusiasm.

The women are daily gaining supporters. A large number of delegates who had previously voted against the constitutional amendment giving the women admission to the conference changed their votes and voted aye. The change was greeted with applause.

Ex-Senator Harlan, of Iowa, introduced a resolution amending the second restrictive rule, giving the laymen equal representation with the ministers in the general conference. Mr. Harlan said: "The laymen have had a meeting, and we have come to the conclusion that the time has come when the laymen should receive justice by this body. We want numerical equality in this body unless the ministers should give us some good reason why we should not."

On motion it was referred to the committee on lay representation.

ONTARIO CROPS.

Condition of Fall Wheat Poor, with Reduced Acreage.

TORONTO, Ont., May 9.—The Ontario department of agriculture has issued the spring crop bulletin, which says that the general condition of the fall wheat crop is poor, with a reduced acreage. Clover reports are at present unfavorable. There was considerable freezing out during the winter and spring. The remarkable earliness of the growing season is alluded to and fruit is said to promise well.

EARL GREY CENSURED

By the Troopers at Bulawayo for Not Acting in Good Faith.

CAPE TOWN, May 9.—Advice received from Bulawayo says that a meeting of the troopers has been held at that place at which a resolution was passed censuring Earl Grey, administrator of the British South Africa Co., for not giving a written promise that they should be compensated for their losses, and threatening, in consequence, to refuse to support the company. The rebels are quiet, the dispatches say, and show no aggressiveness. Cecil Rhodes remains at Gwelo.

Flat-Footed for McKinley.

HARTFORD, Conn., May 9.—Ex-Gov. M. G. Bulkeley, who is chairman of the Connecticut delegation to the St. Louis national convention, returned from a week's trip to Ohio, where he visited Maj. McKinley and Mark Hanna. The governor, in an interview, came out flat-footed for McKinley and said that he has always been for him.

People's Party Convention.

SARATOGA, N. Y., May 9.—The People's party convention of the Twenty-second congressional district at Glen's Falls has selected A. H. Knox, of Glen's Falls, as delegate to the national convention at St. Louis. The Omaha platform, as formulated by that party in 1892, was adopted.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

Sound money democrats have organized for a fight in Chicago.

Pittsfield, Ill., is troubled with a pestiferous gang of housebreakers.

The American Medical association voted to meet in Philadelphia next year.

Yale has challenged the Missouri university eleven to a game of football next fall.

The increased bank-note circulation consequent to the last bond issue is \$18,000,000.

It is now believed that Kuhn, the missing St. Louis real-estate dealer, is in Germany.

The report of the Chicago gas combine shows that it is carrying over \$90,000,000 of bonds.

The State Bank of Marshfield, Mo., is closed. President Salmon has been arrested five times.

Perry Belmont has gone to Europe to see Dick Croker about running for governor of New York.

Herman D. Oppenheim committed suicide at his home in St. Louis by taking a large dose of strychnine.

Members of the lower house of congress have voted themselves \$1,200 annual clerk hire, whether they have clerks or not.

John Waldrop was hanged at Birmingham, Ala., for the murder of Jasper Thornton, a fellow convict in the Coalburg penitentiary.

Charles Stoker, a G. A. R. man and a pensioner, killed Joseph Lammefeld, a laborer, at St. Louis. Jealousy over a depraved woman led to the murder.

John Hays, aged 73 years, died at his home in Carlisle, Pa. The deceased was a grandson of Mollie McCalister, the "Moll Pitcher" of revolutionary fame.

The anti-Platt republicans in New York are preparing to make a determined fight to oust ex-Senator Platt from the leadership of the party in that state.

Lying at the point of death in her home, near Chicopee Falls, Mass., is Mrs. Margaret Bowen, wife of Bartholomew Bowen, at the extreme age of 121 years.

Wm. Schneider, a saloonkeeper, and Otto Suesdorst, a young man of no fixed employment, had a quarrel at St. Louis, and both have dropped completely out of sight.

Michael Farmer, aged 69, and Angeline Hopshaw, aged 57, were married at Thorn Hill, Tenn., and are spending the honeymoon with relatives of the groom near Knoxville.

Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy is the latest possibility for the vice-presidential nomination on the McKinley ticket.

The friends of Mr. Tracy say he would be just the man for the place.

Brig.-Gen. Harry Morris died at Port Chester, N. Y. He was born in 1801 in New York city and passed his early life there. Gen. Morris served as a drummer boy in the war of 1812.

John Little, better known as "Punch," one of the best-known racing men in the country, died at Louisville, Ky., from the effects of a fall from the third story of the Richelieu hotel.

Robert McKelighan, the venerable father of Judge John E. McKelighan, died at his home in Toulon, Ill. Mr. McKelighan was a prominent citizen of Illinois, one of the pioneers of Stark county.

Taylor Delt, leader of a notorious gang of outlaws, who has been wanted for several weeks for the murder of the sheriff of Pike county, Mo., was captured near Seneca by Detective Looney, of the Atlanta police force.

"A MORAL COWARD."

The Opinion Held of President Cleveland in Havana.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—A morning paper publishes an interview with Mr. Guillermo Luis, a business man of Cuba, who has just arrived here, in which that gentleman is reported as saying: "The sentiment in Havana against President Cleveland is almost as intense as that against Gen. Weyler. I do not mean by this that this opinion of Mr. Cleveland is entertained only by the insurgents and their friends; it is the universal feeling, and is given utterance by Englishmen, Germans, Frenchmen and representatives of all nationalities. I am just from Havana and heard on every side expressions of the most bitter hatred against your president. He is denounced as a moral coward, an accomplice of Weyler, and as much responsible for the atrocities and brutalities of the Spaniards as Weyler himself. This feeling does not extend to the people of the United States, whose sympathy with the patriots is most gratefully appreciated."

Denied a New Trial and Sentenced to Prison.

DETROIT, Mich., May 9.—Judge Hosmer, sitting in the recorder's court, denied the application for a new trial in the case of ex-Police Justice J. B. Simpson, who was convicted a couple of weeks ago of attempted criminal assault on Miss Annie Hewlett. Judge Hosmer then sentenced Simpson to six years' imprisonment at Jackson.

Assigned.

OTTAWA, Ill., May 9.—The Schumacher interests at Marshfield, consisting of the Marshfield Land and Water Power Co., and the Illinois River Paper Co., have assigned. The assets foot up about \$750,000, more than double the liabilities.

Charles R. Deacon.

PHILADELPHIA, May 9.—Charles R. Deacon, press agent of the Philadelphia Reading railroad, and secretary of the well-known Clover club, of this city, died at his residence in Overbrook, a suburb. He was 50 years of age.

Suicide of a Fireman.

ELWOOD, Ind., May 9.—Charles Van Ness, member of the fire department here, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor.

FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

(First Session.)

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—House bill to allow the return, free of duty, of certain articles exported from the United States for exhibition purposes was reported back from the finance committee and passed.

A bill for the construction of a cable and telegraph line from the United States to Siberia, Japan and the Hawaiian islands, and to guarantee interest on bonds, was introduced by Mr. Wilson (Rep., Wash.), and referred to the committee on commerce.

A joint resolution authorizing the employment of counsel for the purpose of bringing suits against the directors and stockholders of the Union and Pacific railroad companies, was offered by Mr. Pettigrew (Rep., S. D.) and laid on the table for the present.

Mr. Pettigrew stating that he desired to address the senate on the subject.

Mr. Stewart (Rep., Nev.) asked and obtained leave to have printed in the record, as part of his remarks, a paper entitled "A National Platform for the American Independents of 1896," proposed by Wm. P. St. John, president of the Mercantile national bank of New York.

"For what party is it intended?" Mr. Mitchell (Rep., Ohio) asked.

"For some independent party," was Mr. Stewart's reply.

Mr. Morrill (Rep., Vt.) chairman of the finance committee, offered a resolution, which was referred to the committee on contingent expenses, authorizing the finance committee to refer "bond investigation" to a sub-committee.

A bill making provision for the deportation of refugee Creole Indians, who came into Montana after the Riel rebellion, and for their delivery to the Canadian authorities, was introduced by Mr. Carter (Rep., Mont.) and passed.

Senate bill to aid and encourage the holding of the Tennessee Centennial exposition in Nashville, Tenn., and appropriating \$100,000 for a government building and \$100,000 for a government exhibit, was taken from the calendar and passed.

A SCORCHER SCOTCHED.

Singular and Nearly Fatal Accident to a Bicycleist.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., May 9.—Charles E. Bell was the victim of a remarkable accident that may result in his death.

Bell was "scorching" down Laura street at a place that attracted the attention of pedestrians. As he roared the intention of the late and Forsyth streets he gave a piercing scream and those who were watching saw the rider lifted from his wheel and then pulled into the air, where he hung writhing.

Several persons rushed to his aid, when it was found that he had ridden against a sagging telephone wire that was being put up. The wire caught Bell fairly under the chin, cutting deep behind the jaws. Maddened by pain and almost unconscious, the rider drew in his chin and at that moment the workmen targeted the wire and Bell was thrown into the air. The weight on the wire attracted the attention of the workmen and Bell was lowered to the ground unconscious. The wire had cut deep behind the jaws and hanged him, much as a fish is gilled. A little deeper and an artery would have been severed. As it was he nearly died from loss of blood and may not recover.

MISSOURI JOURNALISTS.

Northwest Missouri Press Association Entertained at Jefferson City.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., May 9.—Forty-four members of the Northwest Missouri Press association came in Friday evening over the Missouri Pacific railway from St. Joseph, and were royally entertained. An informal reception in their honor was given at the executive mansion at night, and everything possible was done to make their brief stay a pleasant one. The executive committee of the Press association held a meeting in the Tribune editorial rooms to perfect arrangements for the annual meeting, June 5 to 12, 1896, from St. Louis to Memphis, on an Anchor line steamer.

"UNCLE NATTIE" STRAUGHN

Celebrates His One Hundred and Fifth Birthday Anniversary.

ENGLISH, Ind., May 9.—Nathaniel Straughn, familiarly known as "Uncle Nattie," celebrated his one hundred and fifth birthday anniversary Friday by a public dinner and reunion of his progeny, as has been his custom since his centennial birthday anniversary. His descendants present consisted of two daughters and one son—80, 78 and 68 years' old, respectively; 27 grandchildren, varying in age from 51 years downward, and a great-grandchild.

The old gentleman is a native of Kentucky, but has been a resident of Crawford county more than eighty years.

THE CRUISER BROOKLYN

Starts From the Cramps' Yards for Her Builder's Trial.

PHILADELPHIA, May 9.—The new government cruiser Brooklyn left Cramps' ship-yard at 7:15 a. m. for her private builder's trial. She will proceed slowly down the Delaware. On Monday she will have her trial at sea off the Delaware capes.

Accidental Death of a Veteran Fire Chief.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Battalion Chief Wm. Shaw, of the fire department, who fell from a ladder into an elevator shaft Friday at 215 Greene street, died at St. Vincent's hospital. Chief Shaw was 57 years of age, and had been a member of the fire department since its organization.

Cotton Mills Burned.

CHESTER, Pa., May 9.—The extensive cotton mills of Samuel Riddell's Sons, at Glen Riddle, were destroyed by fire, involving a loss of \$180,000, on which there was an insurance of \$105,000. Four hundred hands are thrown out of employment.

WEYLER WANTS GORE.

So the Competitor Filibusters Have Been Condemned to Death.

AFTER SUMMARY TRIAL AT HAVANA.

There Are Two Americans Among the Five, and Consul-General Williams Enters a Protest—The Bermuda Heard From.

Sentenced to Death.

MADRID, May 9.—A dispatch from Havana says that the five prisoners captured on the schooner Competitor have been sentenced to death. The men sentenced to death are: Alfredo Laborda, born in New Orleans; Owen Milton, of Kansas; William Kinlea, an Englishman; and Elias Bedla and Theodore De la Maza Cubans.

Their trial began in the Havana arsenal Friday. The accused men pleaded not guilty, and witnesses admitted that when the men were captured they were not armed and offered no resistance. Nevertheless the prosecuting officer demanded the conviction of the prisoners and their condemnation to death. United States Consul-General Williams made a written protest against the trial.

The Competitor sailed from Key West between 10 and 11 o'clock on the night of April 20, and had on board 25 or 30 Cubans. She was commanded by Capt. Alfredo Laborda, a resident of Tampa. A few days after the schooner sailed from Key West she was captured by the Spanish gunboat Mesagera, near Harcos, on the northern coast of the province of Pinar del Rio. She was loaded with arms and ammunition.

The Bermuda and Her Cargo.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—Confirmatory advice have been received here of the arrival of the steamer Bermuda on the coast of Honduras, but nothing is said in the cablegram as to whether she succeeded in landing the arms and ammunition as well as the 70 men who were aboard her when she left Jacksonville two weeks ago. It is believed, however, the object of the voyage was accomplished, for she could otherwise have reached Truxillo or Puerto Cortez a week earlier than she did.

May Precipitate a Crisis.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—The passage of the death sentence on the men caught on the filibuster competitor, it is stated, is liable to bring about a crisis in the relations between Spain and the United States. It is understood that this government will not allow the executions to take place without an earnest and vigorous protest against the summary manner in which the trial was conducted.

Secretary Olney several days ago sent instructions of uncertain date to Consul-General Williams, and these formed the basis for the representations made by Mr. Williams to the court-martial. Every effort is being made to prevent the execution of the sentence until the government can make a thorough investigation on which to base appeals or demands.

Secretary Olney had a long interview with the president on the subject, and on his return to the state department sent telegrams to Madrid and Havana.

FATAL RUNAWAY ACCIDENT.

An Indiana Preacher Killed and His Wife Injured.

OAKLAND CITY, Ind., May 9.—As Rev. George Whitman and wife were leaving town for their home, four miles east of here Friday afternoon, their team became frightened and ran off, throwing the aged couple from the wagon, which passed over their bodies. The former died within a few minutes, and the latter sustained a broken ankle and other injuries. Rev. Mr. Whitman was universally popular and officiated at nearly all the funerals and weddings in this section. He was a member of the G. A. R.

Swallowed Morphine.

Dick Litesy, a leading politician of Perry county, Ala., was found in his room in the King house, in Marion, in an unconscious condition. He had taken morphine during the night with suicidal intent, it is believed, but what prompted him is not known. He died.

Damages for Slander.

J. A. Hammonds, postmaster at Hubbs, Ky., has been awarded \$1,000 damages from Geo. P. Bright, a wealthy farmer, whom Hammonds sued for circulating reports charging him with larceny and arson. Hammonds sued for \$10,000.

Convicts to Load Vessels.

The board of supervisors at Canton, Miss., approved an order authorizing the sheriff to hire out the county convicts for the purpose of loading and unloading vessels in Jackson county.

Father and Child Drowned.

While descending from the hurricane deck of a steamer at Mobile, Ala., Gus B. Roulston, chief of police clerk, missed his footing and let his child fall into the river. He jumped in to save her. Both were drowned.

Capt. F. W. Ledbetter.

Capt. F. W. Ledbetter, an ex-confederate soldier, prominent in the service in Missouri, died at Bristol, Tenn., at the age of 80. He resided in Missouri until three years ago.

Droughts Do Not Worry Him.

Dr. Foyes of Menard county, Tex., has 2,000 acres of cotton land, which he irrigates, and says he gets better cotton than by depending on rains.

A Regular Thing.

The general store of George W. Bachman & Co., of Freemansburg, Va., was burglarized the other night for the twentieth time in as many years.

To Make Bicycles.

The Montgomery (Ala.) iron works, recently foreclosed by bondholders, has been bought and will be converted into a bicycle factory by them.

SOUTHERN GLEANINGS.

Richmond by a Big Wheel.

Austin Cargyle, a colored employe of the rolling mill department of the United States Car Co., at Winston, Ala., was beheaded the other morning.

Cargyle was drawing iron from the mill, when his hands slipped and he fell backward and sideways into the immense fly wheel of the engine which operated the rolls. His head and one arm were instantly cut off, and the headless trunk thrown high in the air. The body fell 12 feet from the head.

New Negro College.

The Maynard institute, a new college for colored people, was opened at Summerville, S. C., recently. It rented quarters. College buildings will be erected. Dr. Breaker, an educator of wide reputation, is president. This new one is to be supported by the southern Christian denominations exclusively. It is promised that it shall have the best faculty of any negro college in the south.

Telling Their Friends to Come.

The neighborhood of Mounds, La., is likely to get a considerable addition to its white population through the efforts of two young Idawits, Messrs. Young and Arnold, who have lately settled there, as on their unequalled praise of the country many of their friends in the north are seriously considering removing to the parish. Land is being offered very cheap and the chances are that a considerable colony will be organized.

A Terror to Blind Tigers.

Judge Powell is making a reputation as a blind tiger terror at Brookhaven, Miss. The maximum penalty under the code for unlawful retailing is \$500 fine and six months in jail, and for a violation of the city ordinance against the sale of whisky the maximum punishment is \$100 fine and 30 days' imprisonment. Judge Powell imposes the utmost penalty. His policy in the matter is an unpleasant surprise to the blind tigers.

Murdered and Scalped.

Charles Jones was assassinated near Clenny, Fla., and his two companions, Ephraim Bright and Mason Harris were wounded, the latter mortally. The murderous work was done by five white men, who waylaid their victims as the latter were returning from church. Not content with riddling Jones with bullets, the murderers then scalped him, removing every vestige of hair from his head.

Alabama Women's Literary Society.

The Alabama Federation of Women's Literary clubs assembled at Montgomery, Mrs. Clifford Lewis, president of the book club of Montgomery, welcomed the convention to the city, and Miss L. F. Robbins, of Selma, president of the state federation, returned the compliments of the body. About 20 clubs were represented. The literary features were many.

He Was Wealthy, But Sick.

Mike Pickens, an aged and wealthy Irishman of Randolph county, Ala., committed suicide by shooting. He had been sick and several friends were sitting up with him. Late in the night he requested them to retire to an adjoining room and he would attempt to sleep. After they had gone he arose, loaded his pistol, and retiring to bed, fired a ball into his temple.

Fell Asleep on the Track.

Frank Jones, aged 30, while en route from Birmingham, Ala., to his home, near Ishkoda, Ala., late at night, sat down beside the Louisville and Nashville railroad track to rest. He had been drinking some, and it is supposed, fell asleep. A fast freight train came along and threw him to one side, killing him instantly.

Want to Retain the Court.

□The county board at Mississippi City, Miss., adopted a resolution that it was not the desire of the people of the county to have the United States court removed to Biloxi, and a request was ordered forwarded to Mississippi's senators, requesting them to oppose the move.

Swallowed Morphine.

Dick Litesy, a leading politician of Perry county, Ala., was found in his room in the King house, in Marion, in an unconscious condition. He had taken morphine during the night with suicidal intent, it is believed, but what prompted him is not known. He died.

Damages for Slander.

J. A. Hammonds, postmaster at Hubbs, Ky., has been awarded \$1,000 damages from Geo. P. Bright, a wealthy farmer, whom Hammonds sued for circulating reports charging him with larceny and arson. Hammonds sued for \$10,000.

Convicts to Load Vessels.

The board of supervisors at Canton, Miss., approved an order authorizing the sheriff to hire out the county convicts for the purpose of loading and unloading vessels in Jackson county.

Father and Child Drowned.

While descending from the hurricane deck of a steamer at Mobile, Ala., Gus B. Roulston, chief of police clerk, missed his footing and let his child fall into the river. He jumped in to save her. Both were drowned.

Capt. F. W. Ledbetter.

Capt. F. W. Ledbetter, an ex-confederate soldier, prominent in the service in Missouri, died at Bristol, Tenn., at the age of 80. He resided in Missouri until three years ago.

Droughts Do Not Worry Him.

Dr. Foyes of Menard county, Tex., has 2,000 acres of cotton land, which he irrigates, and says he gets better cotton than by depending on rains.

A Regular Thing.

The general store of George W. Bachman & Co., of Freemansburg, Va., was burglarized the other night for the twentieth time in as many years.

To Make Bicycles.

The Montgomery (Ala.) iron works, recently foreclosed by bondholders, has been bought and will be converted into a bicycle factory by them.

POLITICAL GOSSIP.

Second Place on the Republican Ticket Attracting Attention.

BELIEF THAT IT WILL GO TO NEW YORK.

Names Mentioned—Warner Miller Believes the St. Louis Convention Will Declare for Sound Money—The Democratic Faction.

NEW YORK, May 9.—In the absence of any further developments in regard to the presidency, the second place on the ticket has begun to take up the attention of the political gossips. The belief is general that history will repeat itself, and that New York will get the vice-presidential nomination on the McKinley ticket this year. If this should be so it would only be following the precedents of 1876, 1880, 1888 and 1892.

There is talk of a number of New York's for vice-president. The principal names in the mouths of the gossips were ex-Senator Warner Miller, Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy and Lieut. Gov. Charles F. Sexton.

Hon. Warner Miller, after returning from a business trip through the west, predicts that the St. Louis convention will declare for sound money, and said that he did not believe for an instant that the silver republicans in the St. Louis convention will bolt because a sound money plank is to be adopted there.

Mr. Miller said that the far western republicans were very much more interested in protection for wool than they were in the silver question, and that if they can be assured that the free wool schedule would be obliterated they will care little or nothing about the silver issue.

Democratic leaders in Washington are paying more attention to the fight between the sound money and free silver factions for control of the national convention than to the merits of would-be candidates, and it is generally believed the honest money men will win. There is considerable discussion of candidates, however, and it is believed in the capital that former Secretary of the Navy Wm. C. Whitney can be nominated. It is declared, however, that Mr. Whitney would not accept the nomination under any circumstances.

Wm. E. Russell, formerly governor of Massachusetts, is credited with practically all of the 78 New England votes in the convention, which is regarded as a very substantial start in the race.

Senator Brice's efforts in behalf of former Gov. Campbell of Ohio are expected to result in giving him the Ohio delegation to Chicago, and his friends regard him as an acceptable candidate to both sound money men and silverites.

A LIVING DEATH.

The Rome (N. Y.) Train Wreckers Taken to Auburn Prison.

ROME, N. Y., May 9.—John Watson Hildreth, Herbert Plato and Theodore Hibbard, the train wreckers, were taken to Auburn prison by Sheriff Weaver. They bade good-by to their relatives and friends Friday evening.

Miss Perry, Hildreth's sweetest heart, and her mother, called on Hildreth and the young people were much affected. Hildreth tried to cheer the young woman by telling her that his father and Mr. Sayles had promised to do all they could to get him pardoned within a few years. Hibbard's parents, two sisters and three brothers, and Plato's mother and two brothers bade them good by with tears and sobs.

AN INCESTUOUS BRUTE

Taken From Alabama Officers and Hanged to the

THE CHRONICLE

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, MAY 14, 1896.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce W. A. Thompson as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. S. Farrell as a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of W. L. Davis authorize The Chronicle to announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce A. F. Smith as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce H. Hammond as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR SHERIFF.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Amos Daniel as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce S. W. Nelson as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. P. Christian as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Rev. C. W. O'Hara as a candidate for Superintendent of Education of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR COMMISSIONER—FIRST DISTRICT.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Hester Pearson as a candidate for Commissioner of Shelby county, from the Columbian District No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR CONSTABLE.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce A. S. Liles as a candidate for the office of Constable of Beat No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic party.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JOSEPH K. JOHNSTON,
Of Jefferson.

For Secretary of State,
JAMES K. JACKSON,
Of Lauderdale.

For Treasurer,
GEORGE W. ELLIS,
Of Montgomery.

For Auditor,
WALTER S. WHITE,
Of Colbert.

For Attorney-General,
WILLIAM C. FITTS,
Of Tuscaloosa.

For Superintendent of Education,
JOHN O. TURNER,
Of St. Clair.

For Commissioner of Agriculture,
I. F. CULVER,
Of Bullock.

ONE wing of the confusionists who gathered here Saturday instituted a lockout.

THE buttons pulled off on Saturday will aggregate a bushel but fortunately the wise got off safely.

NOW that the pops and 'pubs have confused, it is in order now to inquire which is turkey and which buzzard?

A MAN in Atlanta is advertising for confederate postage stamps. He probably forgot to mail his letters during the war.

IF you are a politician the proper question is: "Which brand do you prefer?" And then the conversation ends in smoke—2-4-5.

EVERY wind is sometimes polite. A hurricane in Kansas picked up two women, carried them two hundred yards and deposited them gently on a pile of straw.

"WHAT will you take?" is now in order among the chronic politicians. Most of them will take whatever they can get—if the office has a salary attached to it.

THE wonder is how the pops and 'pubs could possibly fuse when their doctrines had always been so diverse, but is accounted for now on the ground of hereditary insanity.

IT HAS always been a mystery where "o. k." originated. Some say it was invented by Andrew Jackson. A naturalist says it comes from the jackal which utters "okkay" quite frequently.

SOME of our exchanges complain their subscribers do not pay promptly. Why not inform them it is dangerous to touch the paper where there is so much dew on it they are likely to catch cold.

THE prohibitionists open the national conventions with theirs at Pittsburgh, Penn., 27th. It is understood they will not "take water" no matter how the other parties may try to influence them.

ELSEWHERE we publish an anecdote of the effect of one phase of preaching, that relative to the fucias. It is a suggestion to Talmage who seems to have embraced every other method of attracting public attention.

THE croakers tell us how hard the times are, and yet Vice-President Baldwin of the Southern says: "We are putting in 20,000 tons of steel rail which will cost the company \$600,000 before they are put on the ties."

FOUR ladies who served on a jury in a divorce case, in Dakota, being interviewed after the trial, one of them said it was evident the husband's remarks about the house were "painfully informal" and in many instances "totally devoid of sanctity."

FOR happiness and prosperity, a scribe is credited with having said he cared not who made the laws of a nation if he were allowed to write its songs. In view of the carping in this country at the present time, we rise to say: Let us have a song. We need a rouser.

THE general conference of the M. E. Church at Cleveland, Ohio, just closed, referred the woman question back to the churches to be voted on again. Now let those good sisters unite, cut off giving the ministers any more yellow-legged chicken until their cause triumphs, and they will make it.

A DISPATCH from Washington, relative to the contested election case in the Ninth Alabama district, was headed in a recent issue of a metropolitan daily: "Aldrich-Underwood" (Underwood, Aldrich).

whereas, in fact, Underwood, dem., is over Aldrich, rep.

A GREAT deal of editorial erudition is being expended by both religious and secular papers relative to the discovery of President Whitsett of the Baptist Theological Seminary at Louisville, Ky. If the matter cannot be settled any other way, the doctor can discard both sprinkling and immersion and advocate turning on the hose.

NEWS DOTS.

Orthodoxy says the x rays show there is still something beyond that man has yet to learn.

A constitutional provision in Virginia prevents women from holding any public office, no matter how trivial.

Rev. C. T. Stackhouse, a Kentucky Baptist minister, is in conflict with the American Trotting association for failure to pay his entrance fees to races.

Financiers are predicting that the gold reserve in the United States treasury will fall below a hundred million by July 1, due to foreign trade relations.

Waldrop, murderer, hung last week in Birmingham, sold his body for \$10. It was embalmed and shipped to Texas to exhibit the art of embalming before the Texas Undertakers' Association.

Duke, the cigarette manufacturer, has been indicted for conspiracy and violation of law, in having, as one of the directors of the American Tobacco Company, assisted in forming a trust or monopoly of paper cigarettes.

The body of Holmes, murderer, was buried in a manner so the coffin weighs a ton and is heavily cemented in. His face should have been placed downwards so that if he ever attempted to scratch out he would go in the right direction.

Representatives in congress are now to have clerks all the year round. What would be the consequence at home if a married, fly representative should appoint a pretty typewriter and find it convenient to take her with him to a nice summer resort on official business?

The question of the right of a municipality to forbid working on Sunday was decided, as far as that state is concerned, in the supreme court of Georgia on the 11th instant. Two Seventh Day Adventists had been arrested for working on some benches in their church on a Sunday. The court holds a city has no right to fix an ordinance against labor on the Sabbath day.

A dispatch dated St. Louis, 11th, says: "Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, in the course of an address delivered at a banquet at the Planters' house, given by Missouri Commandery, Order of the Loyal Legion, disparaged the movement toward universal arbitration." He advanced the theory that war is the great instigator of patriotism, and that if we come to a stage where everything in dispute is to be peacefully settled, we will lose interest in the affairs of the country in its relation with other governments. The words he spoke were greeted with a perfect storm of applause.

POPULISTS AND FARM HANDS.

From the Texas Sandwich.

"The average pop is, as Josh Billings used to say, 'an amazing cuss.' He can be more different kinds of a fool in the same day than all of old man Vanderbilt's son-in-laws put together and never find it out. When his party leaders declare in favor of a measure the pop throws off his last summer's straw hat and yells till his throat is sore, and if asked what he is yelling for he can't tell to save his life except that it was something the bosses said was a good thing. The platform is set to catch votes coming and going and there are always enough unsophisticated fellows to swallow the bait and never see its inconsistencies. They declare in favor of an eight-hour law for all working men except farm laborers who, for all the pops seem to care, may work their lights out, and then the populist speakers will proceed with grave faces to tell the boys on the farm that their party is their especial friend—and they make a lot of them believe it too. And time nor tide, experience nor observation will ever change the pop. Wherever he is found while the world stands he will be sitting on his coat-tails with one leg elevated so it will be handy for some fellow to pull, and the wind will still whistle through his whiskers."

TOWER OF BABEL.

This Political Monstrosity Will Not Now Be Erected in Shelby County.

THE REPUBLICANS

Are On A Strike and Will Not Support the Confusion Ticket—What Prominent Republicans Say on the Subject.

There is a big row in the republican camp, the biggest you ever saw. The rank and file don't relish even a little bit the way the bosses ran things here last Saturday in the convention. As near as we can find out, the facts are these: Holbrook, chairman of the republican county committee, was on the ground early Saturday morning, and after a lengthy consultation with G. B. Deans he mapped out his program and lost no time in putting it into execution. The first thing he thought wise to do was to dispose of all the colored delegates who were against fusion. This he accomplished by stating to those particular delegates that the convention would be held in the colored school house, near the depot, at noon. The colored delegates whom he could handle he posted, and had them remain in town. As soon as all the unruly delegates had left town for the school house, Chairman Holbrook and four or five white republicans (all of whom voted in the people's party primary, so we are informed) together with eight or ten negroes, went up to the court room, locked the door, and in a few minutes made the nominations for county officers, passed resolutions indorsing the populist ticket and adjourned, after which they left town by the nearest and most convenient route, leaving the delegates at the depot to find out the proceedings at their leisure and bear the chagrin as best they could.

Mr. Holbrook had himself nominated for superintendent of education; John Roberson for tax collector; Peas Shaw for commissioner, and Dr. Abbercrombie for coroner. Quite a number of prominent republicans have been interviewed by The Chronicle since the ticket was put out and we give below the opinions they entertain in their own language. These interviews are genuine, and will be substantiated by every gentleman quoted. Read and draw your own conclusions.

The Interviews.

W. W. WALLS.

"The populists agreed to give us republicans the representative, tax collector, county superintendent and one commissioner. They stood to it until Dean came on the ground. He had an interview—him, Pitts and Longshore—with our chairman, Holbrook. What they talked about I don't know, but before the meeting of the republican convention (which was at 12 o'clock) Holbrook got about five men and eight or ten negroes in the court house, locked the door, and passed a resolution indorsing Longshore for representative. That dissatisfied a majority of the republicans in town. After that, they would have nothing more to do with it, and are asking now for a straight republican ticket to be put in the field. I, for one, will not support the fusion ticket and I think I voice the sentiment of the republican party in Shelby county."

JAMES H. PAGE.

"A few republicans, led by Holbrook, who is dictated to by Aldrich, came here Saturday and made a trade with Berney Deans. I condemn their action in the strongest terms and don't propose to support the ticket under any circumstances. I believe in fairness in politics and fair methods, and if we cannot have a clean ticket, put out in a clean way, they can count me out. I knew when Holbrook came here two weeks ago and held a caucus with Longshore and Pitts the jig was up then; and to cap the climax they held their convention behind closed doors, and some of the very best republicans in the county were refused admission. If that is republican politics, then I am not a republican."

"Two weeks ago, I hear, Holbrook telegraphed several members of the committee (who voted in the people's party primary) to meet him here on the 21st instant. Every member of the committee I saw here Saturday, who participated in the convention, told me that they voted in the people's party primary. I told them that they had no right to participate in a republican convention when they had voted and obligated themselves to support the people's party ticket; and I told them I would not support any such action. I do not believe there is a true republican in Shelby county, white or colored, who will support the ticket got out at this convention."

"I have been a life-long republican, and expect to remain so, but I cannot and will not support the ticket that has been got out."

GEORGE W. CROSSETT.

"I never did favor fusion or co-operation with the populists on any terms. I am a straight republican and have always voted the ticket and upheld the principles of my party, but I do not indorse the course pursued in this county and do not feel in way bound to support the ticket."

THOMAS R. LOVETT.

"I was perfectly willing to co-operate with the populists on fair terms, they to stand by their first agreement to give us the representative and half of the other officers. I went to the convention Saturday instructed by my people to contend for the representative. The populists failed to stand by the terms agreed upon in the conference committee held at Calera."

Therefore I and the republicans of my beat do not, under the circumstances, feel bound to support the ticket put out Saturday."

JOHN T. CROMWELL.

"I am opposed to a conglomerated mess as the ticket put out here last Saturday. Politically it is a bastard, having neither pride of ancestry nor hope of posterity. I cannot swallow that dose, even though the populists propose to sugar-coat it. It is too bitter a pill. I am and always have been a straight dyed-in-the-wool republican, but I positively will not support a ticket gotten out as the one was last Saturday."

W. W. ALBRIGHT.

"I am a lifelong republican and believe in and propose to uphold the principles of the republican party but I do not believe in big pig and puppy both at the same time. Fusion with the populists means the abandonment of the principles of the party for a mere scramble for office, and that, too, by a few self-constituted bosses, who are trying to make tools of us for their own purposes. I am heartily opposed to such proceedings as we had here Saturday, and I feel in no way bound by party ties or honor to support the ticket cut and dried beforehand and rushed through the convention without reference to anybody's wishes except the will of the bosses."

THE DEANS.

A republican, commenting on the Saturday convention said: "Us straightout, honest republicans are not sardines, and no Berney Deans can control us."

SITUATION ELSEWHERE.

A special to the Advertiser, 12th, from Edwardsville, said: "The pop-rep-fusionists are in a terrible stew in this county, and a great many say they will not fuse with them any longer, but will come back to their first love, the democratic party, and vote the ticket on the third of August."

A Great "Reformer."

The fact that a paper to be styled "Reformer" is to appear in the firmament of journalism at Talladega, on or about the 1st proximo, recalls this anecdote: Two Alabama colonels (one a colonel by inheritance and the other by marriage) made it their solemn duty to be in the shire town on court days, whether they had any business there or not. But on one occasion, one of the colonels came up a day in advance. The other colonel arrived next morning and inquired for his friend. "Dead!" he was told. He was thunderstruck. After pulling out his bandana, and as his eyes began to ooze, he asked: "How did he die?" He was told that, as usual, he filled up on whisky and when he went to blow out the candle at night, his breath caught fire and he burned up. "That changes my whole course of life, hereafter," said the colonel; "I am going to take a solemn pledge and be a reformer." And that afternoon, at his own request, the good people assembled in the court room to witness this new-found, great reformer take a solemn pledge, and to assist him, and cheer him, in keeping it. Temperance speeches were made and temperance hymns were sung, after which the colonel was introduced, who said:

"Friends and fellow citizens, good sisters and brethren, you all know who I am. You are all well aware that my life has been one of debauch. You know full well that I have drunk a powerful lot of whisky in your town, together with a line of other intoxicating beverages; and by the way, I want to say the whisky you have here is of excellent quality—it is first class; I wish I had some of it now. But I am here this afternoon, as you are well aware, to take a solemn pledge, and I am going to do it, and I want you to help me keep it. So here she goes (I want you all to rise and stand up by my right hand, while I hold up mine). 'I hereby solemnly pledge, that in the whole course of my life hereafter, I will never take a blow out a candle, or other imaginary likely to endanger my breath.'"

BREVITIES.

THE postoffice department should prevent such books as Holmes' alleged confession going through the mail.

AS the situation now stands the democrats recognize the pops and republicans as very active belligerents in this county particularly.

A mad dog at Ozark was killed only after several other dogs had been bitten by it. Would it not be well to look after the possibility of such an occurrence here, and prevent it?

Reunion United Confederate Veterans. at Richmond, Va.—Reduced Rates via Southern Railway.

For the occasion of the 6th Annual Reunion of the United Confederate Veterans, which occurs at Richmond, Va., June 30-July 2, 1896, the Southern railway will sell tickets to Richmond, Va., and return at very low rates.

Tickets from points in Georgia and Tennessee, north and east of Atlanta and Chattanooga, will be sold June 27, 28 and 29, and from points south and west of Atlanta and Chattanooga, and east of the Mississippi river, tickets will be sold June 26, 27, 28 and 29. Final limit on tickets from all points will be July 6, 1896.

From points south and west of Atlanta, the Southern Railway is the short and quick route to Richmond, Va., via the "Piedmont Air Line," and the service is peerless. From Knoxville, Tenn., to Chattanooga, Tenn., and points west thereof, the route of the Southern Railway is via Asheville and through the scenic "Land of the Sky." The service of this line is unexcelled.

Call on any agent of the Southern Railway for further information or E. J. Martin, T. P. A., Columbus, Miss.; J. L. Meek, T. P. A., Knoxville, Tenn.; W. H. Doll, T. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.; L. A. Shipman, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.; J. C. Andrews, S. W. P. A., New Orleans, La.; W. A. Turk, G. E. A., Washington, D. C.; S. H. Hardwick, T. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.; G. A. Benschoter, A. G. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You KNOW

that Paregoric, Esteman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel P. Fitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Fitcher and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 33 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 33 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of *Charles H. Fitcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Fitcher's Castoria.

J. B. Lewis & Co. SHOES

\$4.00
\$3.00
\$2.50

These shoes fit to perfection and wear as long as the best of leather can. They're shapely, pliant, the most comfortable of footwear. They always manage to let in air and keep out water.

Surely Your Dealer Sells Them.
FOR SALE BY
Lester, Mason & Co.

A FOOLISH MAN

Is he who declares he never pays any attention to statements made in newspaper advertisements. What other way have I of attempting to convince you that I can shoe your horse in up-to-date style, and at a price so moderate that you will be ready with the cash the moment the job is done.

Repair Work a Specialty.

Nothing but good, honest work turned out of my shop. Can sharpen a plow while you wait. In fact I do any and all kinds of work that any blacksmith or woodworker is supposed to do; and, further, I will appreciate your patronage.

TRY ME ONCE FOR LUCK

W. W. ALBRIGHT,
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.

Non-Resident Notice.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.
Ann E. Perry, Complainant, vs. William T. Perry Defendant.
In Chancery Sixth District North-Eastern Chancery Division.

In this cause it is made to appear to the register by the affidavit of J. E. Holmes, that the defendant, William T. Perry, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in Denison, Grason County, Texas; and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. His therefore ordered by the register, that publication be made in the Chronicle, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for ten consecutive weeks, requiring him to said William T. Perry to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 31st day of April, A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him. Done at office in Columbiana, this 3rd day of March, A. D. 1896.
GORDON DEBOISE, Register.

Estray Notice.

Notice is hereby given that W. D. Seigles, of Bamford, Ala., did take up as an estray on or about April 8, 1896, one gray horse, about ten years old, blind in one eye, and five feet and two inches high; that the appraised value of said horse was \$27.50, and that the proceedings were had before W. H. Stordivant, Esq., Justice of the peace, Bamford, Shelby county, Alabama.

Given under my hand at office in Columbiana, Ala., this April 16, 1896.
D. R. MCMEILAN, Judge of Probate.

Scientific American Agency for PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, ETC.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American.

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$2.00 a year; \$10.00 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

Southern Baptist Convention at Chattanooga, Tenn.—Reduced Rates via the Southern Railway.

For the occasion of the Southern Baptist Convention, which will convene at Chattanooga, Tenn., May 8-14, inclusive, the Southern railway will sell tickets to Chattanooga, Tenn., and return, at a rate of one limited first-class fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold May 5 to 8 inclusive, good to return fifteen days from date of sale, but limit on tickets may be extended, allowing fifteen days additional time, provided they are deposited with joint agent, Chattanooga, on or before May 14, 1896.

The Southern Railway reaches Chattanooga from all directions, and its service is unexcelled. It is the short line and the scenic route from Louisville, in connection with the Queen and Crescent. The Southern Railway is also the scenic route from Virginia points, Washington and other eastern cities, via Asheville, and through the "Land of the Sky." It is the direct line from North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Florida points. The Southern Railway is the shortest line and operates the quickest and most convenient schedules from points on its line in Mississippi to Chattanooga.

For further information call on any agent of the Southern Railway, or E. J. Martin, T. P. A., Columbus, Miss.; A. Whedon, P. & T. A., Louisville, Ky.; J. L. Meek, T. P. A., Knoxville, Tenn.; W. H. Doll, T. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.; L. A. Shipman, T. P. A., Birmingham, Ala.; J. C. Andrews, S. W. P. A., New Orleans, La.; L. S. Brown, G. A. P. D., Washington, D. C.; W. A. Turk, G. P. A., Washington, D. C.; S. H. Hardwick, A. G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.; C. A. Benschoter, A. G. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.

THE BRICK STORE.

Wilsonville, Ala.

BROTHER, SISTER, LISTEN!

Perhaps I can put you on to a scheme. You know this is a progressive age. Old moss-grown methods are rapidly playing out. I propose to keep up with the procession. Life is too short to continue longer in the old ruts. New methods bring new results, also new goods and likewise new customers. I have too pretty a stock of goods to keep them hid from the world. Therefore I now proclaim to the world at large, and to the people of Shelby county in particular that I have almost anything they can call for, and having bought these goods in large quantities, I can offer many bargains to cash customers. Here is one for a starter:

100 Pieces Standard Prints 4 1-2c.

Now that's pretty smooth, ain't it? Just so; but let me tell you before I forget it, that is only a sample. There are plenty of bargains in my store just as attractive. Seeing is believing. Come and I will convince you. One more bargain.

Big Lot Challies Spring and Summer Shades 4c.

Spring is here and summer is almost within sight, and of course you want straw hats. Don't mention it. I've got 'em, more than you ever saw in one store before in your life. Big, little, old or young, come and get supplied.

Yours for business.

J. F. POPE,

WILSONVILLE, ALA.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a severe kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all kidney and liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c for large bottle. At Parker & Armstrong's drug stores.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos Eggers, 189 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in coughs and colds. Free trial bottles at Parker & Armstrong's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, MAY 14, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

The wily Pops are cunning dux—
They flirt like lady Teazel;
Just when you think they're with you sure,
"Pop goes the weasel."

Strawberry festivals next.

Horace Hammond spent Sunday in
Wilsonville.

The water is sodalighful the girls
never refuse.

The coming campaign will have lots
of ginger in it.

When you take your watch up stairs
don't let it run down.

Miss Jane Nabors, of Anniston, is
on a visit to relatives here.

Your best girl is ready now to be
measured for the ice cream.

Rev. W. I. Sinnott was absent two
or three days this week in Oxnore.

Dr. J. B. Boyer, of Wilsonville,
transacted business here yesterday.

"Did they carry out the program?"
"No; I saw them carrying them in."

The poem entitled "May" has been
placed on cold storage for future use.

Charley and John Leeper, of Bir-
mingham, spent Tuesday with friends
here.

Political prophets are now as thick
as flies—and some about as trouble-
some.

Misses Emma and Lula Wilson with
Miss T. Hammond spent Sunday in
Shelby.

Mrs. D. R. McMillan and Miss Patty
Mason spent Saturday and Sunday in
Childersburg.

The X ray is needed now to show
the skeleton in the dark closet of the
con-fusionists.

The political board of "trade" or-
ganized here on Saturday had but few
members present.

If you marry now, the girl will fur-
nish the bloomers but the swain must
provide the wheel.

The tax of ten dollars a year on
boarding houses here has reduced the
number to a minimum.

Hereafter, if Marshal Cronwell
catches any base ball men stealing
bases he intends to run 'em in.

One of our enterprising boys pro-
poses raising anglerworms for those
who want to go fishing.

Miss Mary Liles left last Saturday
for Birmingham, where she spent
three days with relatives.

John Millstead and family, of Wil-
sonville, spent Sunday and Monday
in our city with relatives.

Mrs. John Porter, of Blocton, is
spending the week with the family of
her father, S. T. Anchors.

We have two pop outfits in town at
present. The refreshing one pulls the
corks and the other pulls the wires.

When you hear a man and his wife
making an altitudinous vocal noise, it
is safe to infer a "recital" is in pro-
gress.

The quantity of softsoap used here
last Saturday was immense and ex-
hausted the supply, but the pops have
sent for more.

Miss Grace Walker, who has been
on a lengthy visit to her sister, Mrs.
T. J. Weaver, leaves today for her
home in Jacksonville.

The object of the secret tete-a-tete
in the court house on Saturday was to
enable the confused infants to take
soothin' syrup on the quiet.

Don't go for a misguided politician
with the meat-ax of denunciation;
it will help him. Use the soothing syrup
of fact; that knocks him out.

Had we surmised that there would
be a star-chamber eclipse like the
con-fusionists got up here last Satur-
day, our X ray man would have been
about.

Some of the county republicans are
slipping about quite freely now. The
pops so thoroughly softsoaped them
here last Saturday they are quite
slick.

What a beautiful field of opportu-
nity the revivalists will have re-
claiming the eminent lawyers and
other distinguished piscatorialists
who return now and tell us of their
phenomenal luck?

Be careful, ladies, how you use the
metropolitan dailies now for giving
voluptuous contour to your sleeves.
The political editorials being red hot
will have a disastrous effect.

The lion and the lamb were going to
lie down together, but when the re-
publicans found the pops proposed to
be the lion, with the lamb on the in-
side of it, the lambs pulled out.

And now look out for the campaign
liar. Nero told us recently through a
medium that the yarn about his fid-
dling while Rome was burning, was
started by a fusion wirepuller to ruin
his reputation.

The season has arrived when the
sanitary condition of the city should
be looked after carefully. Prevention
is better than cure. Chloride of lime
can be used advantageously in one
particular at once.

Deal gently with the con-fusionists.
Bear in mind that the most of them
are modest, sensitive (plants), and
all of them will be "retiring" with more
alacrity than grace, after sensible
electors have voted.

I. D. Mason went to Childersburg
Saturday to be present at the dedica-
tion of the Methodist church by Dr.
Newman on Sunday. The church is
just completed, and is five miles east
of Childersburg, at Edwards' mill.

The last contribution we have been
called upon to make was at home—
for the benefit of a blind doll; to get
her a new pair of glass eyes. We ex-
pect next to be called upon to provide
artificial limbs for wooden horses.

There will be an interesting pro-
gram prepared for the fifth Sunday
by the Sunday school committee of
the Christian Endeavor society. Let
everyone read it, and then go to hear
what is said on this important work.

"Straws show which way the wind
blows." The number and great vari-
ety of straw hats "on the town" indi-
cate our dealers in that natty kind of
headgear have been doing a lively
business; and their stocks are still
large.

Inquiry of the barber elicits the
fact that none of the visiting political
wire-pullers got shaved here last Sat-
urday, in the ordinary way. They
were too busy lathering, softsoaping
and shavin' each other to attend to
anything else.

Did you ever think what a consider-
able amount of money is expended
right here for small fruits and some
kinds of vegetables, that can be raised
in abundance with care, skill and in-
dustry in this section? And people
go on saying money is scarce.

Be careful when and where you wear
low-cut shoes. An authority says they
are frequently the cause of sickness
by letting the feet cool off too sud-
denly. Perhaps it would be better,
for perfect safety, to wear arctics all
summer and not discard your over-
coats.

Don't bring out any of your old,
fabric heirlooms. Science says they
are hotbeds of tubercle bacilli. Think
of the ancient maiden, proudly ar-
rayed in antique lace, or other heir-
loom, promenading in the midst of
the elite with 22,500,000,000 bacilli
on her back.

Lemons are not alone good for
cooking and drinks, but they are also
highly valuable in assisting to keep
the complexion fair. There is no
doubt that after reading this, all our
merchants will order lemons at once
for their own use and that of their
customers.

Hereafter, under a very elastic and
liberal interpretation of the law which
says he shall assess all property bound-
ing and abutting on both sides of a
thoroughfare, the assessor will assess
goats as real estate because they are
always a-boundin' and a-buttin' every-
where they can do so.

Last Thursday afternoon Mr. George
Whitfield and Miss C. E. Holcomb
were married at the Methodist person-
age, Rev. T. M. Wilson officiating.
So it seems even our preachers enjoy
some of the spoils of life. We hear
there were quite a number of our girls
present to see the knot well tied.

The Hot Blast is one of the very
few papers in the United States con-
stantly advertising water for sale.
The advertisement does not specify
whether it is hot water or not but to
doubt the advertiser is willing to keep
any or all the political parties in all
the hot water they want. Two of
them are in very considerable hot
water already.

Baptists here will be pleased to
know that a dispatch dated Tien-Tsin,
China, 12th instant, says: "Consul
Read, the chairman of the Cheungtu
commission, has succeeded in securing
payment in full for the Baptist mis-
sionary union claims for property
losses in the Szechuen riots. Thus all
the American claims have been set-
tled in a friendly manner, China pay-
ing the whole amount demanded."

The "pops are not now singing with
the pops:
"Blest be the tie that binds our hearts in
Fusion love."
The fellowship of kindred minds is like
that above."

Oh! those sweet singers are vocaliz-
ing:
"Danned be those slippy' pops, with whom
we are engaged."
A fellowship with would-be slicks is like
that below."

A. F. Smith announces this week
his candidacy for re-election to the
office of tax collector of this county.
He is well known throughout the
county, and needs no commendation
at our hands. His qualifications will
be judged, of course, by the record he
has already made as an officer, and
upon that record he will stand or fall
as in the judgement of the people he
deserves retirement or promotion.

"A tree is known by its fruit," and
this applies as well to a public official.
We leave the people to decide the
matter.

Obituary.
Died, in this place, on Monday last, May 11th,
Mrs. M. A. Johnston, relict of John Johnston,
deceased, of a complication of diseases super-
induced by old age, after a brief illness of
only a few days, aged 78 years. Mrs. Johnston
was born and reared in the town of Bellamaun,
Ireland, but came to this country 49 years
ago, and has been a resident of this country 40
years. She was an active member of the
Presbyterian church, and a zealous christian,
possessed of a happy disposition which en-
dured her to all her associates. We knew
her intimately, and never saw her in any but
the happiest and most contented frame of
mind. She was a devoted mother, and a
faithful wife, and her son and sorrowing
relatives have the comforting assurance that
"they sorrow not as those without hope."
The funeral services were held at 9:30 Tuesday
morning at the Presbyterian church by Rev.
T. M. Wilson, assisted by Rev. C. W. O'Hara,
and all sympathize deeply with the bereaved
family.

Important Notice to Voters.
I will be in Columbiana for the pur-
pose of registering the voters in this
county on May 15, 16, 19 and 20, 1896.
P. B. HARRELL,

Call for Meeting of County Committee.

The Democratic Executive Commit-
tee of Shelby county is hereby called
to meet at Columbiana on Friday,
May 29, 1896. Business of importance
is to be transacted and the attendance
of every member is desired.

T. J. MARTIN, Chairman.
J. R. WHITE, Sec'y.

The following constitute the com-
mittee:

Beat 1. J. R. White, J. P. McLean, W. H.
Burr.
Beat 2. T. V. Davis, J. N. Carden, C. C.
Carden.
Beat 3. N. A. Graham, W. D. Higgins, S.
H. Gist.
Beat 4. C. N. Pritchard, W. S. Cary, F. W.
Gist.
Beat 5. John Hammond, James Doss, J. M.
Wardell.
Beat 6. J. M. Powers, J. F. Rudin, R. J.
Griffin.
Beat 7. C. L. O'Neal, R. H. Walker, J. H.
Nabors.
Beat 8. E. S. Martin, G. J. Rogan, W. A.
Weldon.
Beat 9. J. H. Weldon, W. E. Riddle, J. F.
Pope.
Beat 10. T. J. Martin, G. W. Thompson, D.
W. Kidd.
Beat 11. J. E. Adams, G. W. Cosper, J. S.
Walton.
Beat 12. N. H. Cross, Earl Cross, Sam Dun-
away.
Beat 13. J. H. Lee, C. A. Bass, W. N. Lee.
Beat 14. W. H. Collins, J. M. Babu, P. L.
Holcomb.
Beat 15. T. H. Backe, R. F. Falkner, R. M.
Hollis.
Beat 16. E. P. Chandler, C. F. Elliott, J. J.
Burr.
Beat 17. L. L. Padgett, W. H. Dennis, C. L.
Whitmore.

Shelby County Teachers' Institute.

The program for this important
gathering at Wilsonville, on the dates
specified, were printed during the
present week at this office. The exer-
cises will be as follows:

FRIDAY, MAY 22-10 A. M.
Devotional Exercises.
Address of Welcome . . . J. S. CLEMENT
Response . . . S. S. CLEMENT
Opening Address: The Soul of the
School . . . W. B. GREEK.

AFTERNOON SESSION—1 P. M.
Song, "To the Work" . . . By the School
Essay, "The Schools and Teachers of the
Next Decade" . . . J. M. MOLESKRY.

Discussions:
1. "Evils of Giving Extra School Work as
Punishment for Misconduct." . . . Prof. HITCHINS.
2. "Importance of Analysis in the Whole
School Curriculum." . . . C. N. PRITCHARD.
3. "Best Methods of Teaching Spelling and
Proper Use of Punctuation." . . . C. H. FLOREY.
4. "Best Methods of Teaching Geography." . . . J. P. KINSEY.

Evening Session—7 P. M.
Devotional Exercises.
1. "Penmanship Teaching—First: Teach
the Theory or Science. Second: Drill
in Rapid Writing. Third: Practice
Business Forms." . . . D. F. FUNDENBERG.
2. Debate: Resolved, That the rising of pri-
vates as incentives to study, is false
education. . . . Affirmative—J. R. KILPATRICK, S. S.
CLEMENT, C. E. FRANKLIN.
Negative—W. B. GREEK, J. W. EL-
LEXANDER, C. H. FLOREY.

3. Query: "Shall We Have Free Schools in
Shelby County?" . . . By the Institute.

SATURDAY, MAY 23-9 A. M.
Devotional Exercises.
1. "What All Girls Should Know." . . . Miss E. O. WEATHERLY.
2. "What All Boys Should Know." . . . Miss M. J. LILES.
3. "Importance of the Industrial and Sci-
entific Knowledge Imparted by Means
of the Supplemental Readers." . . . W. B. GREEK.
4. "Long Recitations Are Indispensable to
Successful Teaching." . . . Pro and con, by Institute.

EXERCISES MEETING—(Humorous).
Opening of Query Box.
The good people of Wilsonville always
extend a hearty welcome to teachers.

By the Institute.
J. B. KILPATRICK.

Christian Endeavors' Convention.

The first service of the Shelby County
Christian Endeavors was held in the
Methodist church in Montevallo, Wed-
nesday, April 30, 1896. The meeting was
called to order by President, C. W. O'Hara,
and prayer, came organization, en-
rollment of delegates and the appointment
of committees. The following were pres-
ent: Mrs. J. W. Johnston, Misses Lucy
Smith, Bell Hayslett, G. Green, Emma Mil-
stead, Edith Hayslett, Alice Le White,
E. B. Paul, Columbiana; Misses Anna Bris-
ton, Laura Dusen, Mrs. J. M. White,
green, Mr. George Holcomb, Calera; Misses
Lucia Witherby, Maude Clark, Jessie Carter,
Agnes Avery, Katie Avery, Moses E.
Witherby, Charles Avery, E. W. Avery, Har-
vey Clark, Rev. A. T. Clark, Shelby.

William Lyman was appointed temporary
secretary of the convention.

The following committees were appointed:
Business—Henry Miller, C. W. O'Hara,
Avery, Resolutions—Misses Anna Bris-
ton, Bell Hayslett, Agnes Avery, Press-T. W.
Boynton, E. B. Paul.

Bible reading at 2:30 p. m. Address, "Good
Literature," at 3 p. m. Rev. Lee Abemayor.
The speaker impressed upon his hearers the
urgent need of good literature in the country
houses particularly of this county. He stated
and requested that all the Good Literature
committees of the Christian Endeavor soci-
eties in the union should religiously papers and
send them to him for proper distribution.

A. W. Cary was appointed secretary of the
convention.

Christian Endeavor and the Church, Agnes
Avery.

Thursday, 30th. 9 a. m. C. E. praise service.
9:30. C. E. committee work. Secretary's work.
Miss Anna Bris-ton.

Committees—Prayer meeting, E. W. Avery,
Social—Maude Clark, Missionary, E. B. Paul,
T. K. Wilson, E. T. Wilson, C. W. O'Hara,
Henry Miller, Look-out, Pauline Acker,
Flowers, Lula Wilson, Relief, Katie Avery,
Temperance, J. B. White, who stated that
the Columbiana society held a temperance
meeting once a month and that the influence
upon the community had been most ac-
tual. Music, J. R. White.

For Rev. T. K. Roberts of
Montgomery. "God hath chosen the weak
things of this world to confound the mighty."
"Not well done good and 'learned'
servant, but well done good and FAITHFUL
servant."

At 3 p. m. "Christian Endeavor and His
Bible." Rev. A. R. Clark. The speaker gave
points to be observed in Bible study: viz:
Persons, places, purposes, dates, doctrines,
temporaries, J. B. White, who stated that
the Columbiana society held a temperance
meeting once a month and that the influence
upon the community had been most ac-
tual. Music, J. R. White.

For Rev. T. K. Roberts of
Montgomery. "God hath chosen the weak
things of this world to confound the mighty."
"Not well done good and 'learned'
servant, but well done good and FAITHFUL
servant."

At 3 p. m. "Christian Endeavor and His
Bible." Rev. A. R. Clark. The speaker gave
points to be observed in Bible study: viz:
Persons, places, purposes, dates, doctrines,
temporaries, J. B. White, who stated that
the Columbiana society held a temperance
meeting once a month and that the influence
upon the community had been most ac-
tual. Music, J. R. White.

For Rev. T. K. Roberts of
Montgomery. "God hath chosen the weak
things of this world to confound the mighty."
"Not well done good and 'learned'
servant, but well done good and FAITHFUL
servant."

At 3 p. m. "Christian Endeavor and His
Bible." Rev. A. R. Clark. The speaker gave
points to be observed in Bible study: viz:
Persons, places, purposes, dates, doctrines,
temporaries, J. B. White, who stated that
the Columbiana society held a temperance
meeting once a month and that the influence
upon the community had been most ac-
tual. Music, J. R. White.

For Rev. T. K. Roberts of
Montgomery. "God hath chosen the weak
things of this world to confound the mighty."
"Not well done good and 'learned'
servant, but well done good and FAITHFUL
servant."

At 3 p. m. "Christian Endeavor and His
Bible." Rev. A. R. Clark. The speaker gave
points to be observed in Bible study: viz:
Persons, places, purposes, dates, doctrines,
temporaries, J. B. White, who stated that
the Columbiana society held a temperance
meeting once a month and that the influence
upon the community had been most ac-
tual. Music, J. R. White.

For Rev. T. K. Roberts of
Montgomery. "God hath chosen the weak
things of this world to confound the mighty."
"Not well done good and 'learned'
servant, but well done good and FAITHFUL
servant."

At 3 p. m. "Christian Endeavor and His
Bible." Rev. A. R. Clark. The speaker gave
points to be observed in Bible study: viz:
Persons, places, purposes, dates, doctrines,
temporaries, J. B. White, who stated that
the Columbiana society held a temperance
meeting once a month and that the influence
upon the community had been most ac-
tual. Music, J. R. White.

For Rev. T. K. Roberts of
Montgomery. "God hath chosen the weak
things of this world to confound the mighty."
"Not well done good and 'learned'
servant, but well done good and FAITHFUL
servant."

At 3 p. m. "Christian Endeavor and His
Bible." Rev. A. R. Clark. The speaker gave
points to be observed in Bible study: viz:
Persons, places, purposes, dates, doctrines,
temporaries, J. B. White, who stated that
the Columbiana society held a temperance
meeting once a month and that the influence
upon the community had been most ac-
tual. Music, J. R. White.

For Rev. T. K. Roberts of
Montgomery. "God hath chosen the weak
things of this world to confound the mighty."
"Not well done good and 'learned'
servant, but well done good and FAITHFUL
servant."

At 3 p. m. "Christian Endeavor and His
Bible." Rev. A. R. Clark. The speaker gave
points to be observed in Bible study: viz:
Persons, places, purposes, dates, doctrines,
temporaries, J. B. White, who stated that
the Columbiana society held a temperance
meeting once a month and that the influence
upon the community had been most ac-
tual. Music, J. R. White.

For Rev. T. K. Roberts of
Montgomery. "God hath chosen the weak
things of this world to confound the mighty."
"Not well done good and 'learned'
servant, but well done good and FAITHFUL
servant."

At 3 p. m. "Christian Endeavor and His
Bible." Rev. A. R. Clark. The speaker gave
points to be observed in Bible study: viz:
Persons, places, purposes, dates, doctrines,
temporaries, J. B. White, who stated that
the Columbiana society held a temperance
meeting once a month and that the influence
upon the community had been most ac-
tual. Music, J. R. White.

For Rev. T. K. Roberts of
Montgomery. "God hath chosen the weak
things of this world to confound the mighty."
"Not well done good and 'learned'
servant, but well done good and FAITHFUL
servant."

At 3 p. m. "Christian Endeavor and His
Bible." Rev. A. R. Clark. The speaker gave
points to be observed in Bible study: viz:
Persons, places, purposes, dates, doctrines,
temporaries, J. B. White, who stated that
the Columbiana society held a temperance
meeting once a month and that the influence
upon the community had been most ac-
tual. Music, J. R. White.

For Rev. T. K. Roberts of
Montgomery. "God hath chosen the weak
things of this world to confound the mighty."
"Not well done good and 'learned'
servant, but well done good and FAITHFUL
servant."

At 3 p. m. "Christian Endeavor and His
Bible." Rev. A. R. Clark. The speaker gave
points to be observed in Bible study: viz:
Persons, places, purposes, dates, doctrines,
temporaries, J. B. White, who stated that
the Columbiana society held a temperance
meeting once a month and that the influence
upon the community had been most ac-
tual. Music, J. R. White.

For Rev. T. K. Roberts of
Montgomery. "God hath chosen the weak
things of this world to confound the mighty."
"Not well done good and 'learned'
servant, but well done good and FAITHFUL
servant."

At 3 p. m. "Christian Endeavor and His
Bible." Rev. A. R. Clark. The speaker gave
points to be observed in Bible study: viz:
Persons, places, purposes, dates, doctrines,
temporaries, J. B. White, who stated that
the Columbiana society held a temperance
meeting once a month and that the influence
upon the community had been most ac-
tual. Music, J. R. White.

For Rev. T. K. Roberts of
Montgomery. "God hath chosen the weak
things of this world to confound the mighty."
"Not well done good and 'learned'
servant, but well done good and FAITHFUL
servant."

At 3 p. m. "Christian Endeavor and His
Bible." Rev. A. R. Clark. The speaker gave
points to be observed in Bible study: viz:
Persons, places, purposes, dates, doctrines,
temporaries, J. B. White, who stated that
the Columbiana society held a temperance
meeting once a month and that the influence
upon the community had been most ac-
tual. Music, J. R. White.

For Rev. T. K. Roberts of
Montgomery. "God hath chosen the weak
things of this world to confound the mighty."
"Not well done good and 'learned'
servant, but well done good and FAITHFUL
servant."

At 3 p. m. "Christian Endeavor and His
Bible." Rev. A. R. Clark. The speaker gave
points to be observed in Bible study: viz:
Persons, places, purposes, dates, doctrines,
temporaries, J. B. White, who stated that
the Columbiana society held a temperance
meeting once a month and that the influence
upon the community had been most ac-
tual. Music, J. R. White.

For Rev. T. K. Roberts of
Montgomery. "God hath chosen the weak
things of this world to confound the mighty."
"Not well done good and 'learned'
servant, but well done good and FAITHFUL
servant."

At 3 p. m. "Christian Endeavor and His
Bible." Rev. A. R. Clark. The speaker gave
points to be observed in Bible study: viz:
Persons, places, purposes, dates, doctrines,
temporaries, J. B. White, who stated that
the Columbiana society held a temperance
meeting once a month and that the influence
upon the community had been most ac-
tual. Music, J. R. White.

For Rev. T. K. Roberts of
Montgomery. "God hath chosen the weak
things of this world to confound the mighty."
"Not well done good and 'learned'
servant, but well done good and FAITHFUL
servant."

At 3 p. m. "Christian Endeavor and His
Bible." Rev. A. R. Clark. The speaker gave
points to be observed in Bible study: viz:
Persons, places, purposes, dates, doctrines,
temporaries, J. B. White, who stated that
the Columbiana society held a temperance
meeting once a month and that the influence
upon the community had been most ac-
tual. Music, J. R. White.

For Rev. T. K. Roberts of
Montgomery. "God hath chosen the weak
things of this world to confound the mighty."
"Not well done good and 'learned'
servant, but well done good and FAITHFUL
servant."

At 3 p. m. "Christian Endeavor and His
Bible." Rev. A. R. Clark. The speaker gave
points to be observed in Bible study: viz:
Persons, places, purposes, dates, doctrines,
temporaries, J. B. White, who stated that
the Columbiana society held a temperance
meeting once a month and that the influence
upon the community had been most ac-
tual. Music, J. R. White.

For Rev. T. K. Roberts of
Montgomery. "God hath chosen the weak
things of this world to confound the mighty."
"Not well done good and 'learned'
servant, but well done good and FAITHFUL
servant."

At 3 p. m. "Christian Endeavor and His
Bible." Rev. A. R. Clark. The speaker gave
points to be observed in Bible study: viz:
Persons, places, purposes, dates, doctrines,
temporaries, J. B. White, who stated that
the Columbiana society held a temperance
meeting once a month and that the influence
upon the community had been most ac-
tual. Music, J. R. White.

For Rev. T. K. Roberts of
Montgomery. "God hath chosen the weak
things of this world to confound the mighty."
"Not well done good and 'learned'
servant, but well done good and FAITHFUL
servant."

At 3 p. m. "Christian Endeavor and His
Bible." Rev. A. R. Clark. The speaker gave
points to be observed in Bible study: viz:
Persons, places, purposes, dates, doctrines,
temporaries, J. B. White, who stated that
the Columbiana society held a temperance
meeting once a month and that the influence
upon the community had been most ac-
tual. Music, J. R. White.

For Rev. T. K. Roberts of
Montgomery. "God hath chosen the weak
things of this world to confound the mighty."
"Not well done good and 'learned'
servant, but well done good and FAITHFUL
servant."

At 3 p. m. "Christian Endeavor and His
Bible." Rev. A. R. Clark. The speaker gave
points to be observed in Bible study: viz:
Persons, places, purposes, dates, doctrines,
temporaries, J. B. White, who stated that
the Columbiana society held a temperance
meeting once a month and that the influence
upon the community had been most ac-
tual. Music, J. R. White.

For Rev. T. K. Roberts of
Montgomery. "God hath chosen the weak
things of this world to confound the mighty."
"Not well done good and 'learned'
servant, but well done good and FAITHFUL
servant."

Items from Lewis.

J. R. Ray was in Talladega on busi-
ness last Saturday.
Payette Ray made a quick trip to
Childersburg last Monday.

Our champion foot-peddlers were in
the vicinity again this week.

If the weather keeps getting warmer
till July, it will be a swinger, won't it?
Rev. James Parker preached a very
interesting sermon at Prospect Sat-
urday.

Miss Florence Adams, who has been
visiting friends on Yellow Leaf, re-
turned home last Monday.

Chas. Moore our new feather washer
is getting a great deal of work to do
around here this week. Come around
again, Mr. Moore; we like to entertain
you.

YELLOWSTONE PARK & COLORADO

Personally Conducted Tours.
The Burlington Route will run five personally conducted tours during the summer to Colorado and Yellowstone Park. The dates are June 25, July 7, July 14, July 21 and July 28. Write for illustrated pamphlet of the Park and book of the tours.
L. W. WAKELER, Gen. Pass. Agt., St. Louis.

Riches do not exhilarate us so much with their possession as they torment us with their loss.—Gregory.

True statesmanship is the art of changing a nation from what it is into what it ought to be.—W. H. Aldrich.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out of this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.
F. J. CUNNEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, etc.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

"MAMMA, I SAW A DOG TO-DAY that had only three legs." "Verily, you awfully sorry for him?" "No'm; he had one more leg than I had!"—Chicago Record.

The Significance of a Gray Ovary
Upon the tongue, yellowness of the skin and eyeballs, nausea and uneasiness beneath the right ribs and shoulder blade, is that the victim of these discomforts is bilious. The "proper caper" under such circumstances is to take Hood's Stomach Bitters, which also cures chills and fever, constipation, dyspepsia, rheumatic and kidney complaints and nervousness.

To have a respect for ourselves guides our morals; and to have a deference for others governs our manners.—Sterne.

Viruses inflict offenses when coupled with forbidding manners.—Bishop Middleton.

Cripple

The iron grasp of scrofula has no mercy upon its victims. This demon of the blood is often not satisfied with causing dreadful sores, but racks the body with the pains of rheumatism until Hood's Sarsaparilla cures.

"Nearly four years ago I became afflicted with scrofula and rheumatism.

Made

Running sores broke out on my thighs. Pieces of bone came out and an operation was contemplated. I had rheumatism in my legs, drawn up out of shape. I lost appetite, could not sleep. I was a perfect wreck. I continued to grow worse and finally gave up the doctor's treatment to

Well

take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon appetite came back; the sores commenced to heal. My limbs straightened out and I threw away my crutches. I am now stout and hearty and am farming, whereas four years ago I was a cripple. I gladly recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla."—UNION HAMMOND, Table Grove, Illinois.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. Prepared only by C. J. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate.

"BIG FOUR"

NEW LINE BETWEEN
CINCINNATI,
TOLEDO and DETROIT
SOLID TRAINS
FAST TIME
EXCELLENT EQUIPMENT.
INAUGURATED MAY 17.

THE SCHEDULE.
Lv. Cincinnati.....9:00 a. m. 9:15 p. m.
Ar. Toledo.....9:25 p. m. 3:55 a. m.
Ar. Detroit.....9:45 p. m. 6:15 a. m.

Through Coaches and Parlor Cars on Day Trains.
Through Coaches, Wagner Sleeping Cars Cincinnati to Toledo and Cincinnati to Detroit on Night Trains.

The New Service between Cincinnati, Toledo and Detroit is
AS GOOD AS OUR NEW YORK LINE!
AS GOOD AS OUR CHICAGO LINE!
AS GOOD AS OUR ST. LOUIS LINE!

Buy your tickets through via "Big Four."
For full information call on agents or address
E. O. MCCORMICK,
Pass. Traffic Mgr. Gen'l Pass. & Tkt. Agent.

Corn

is a vigorous feeder and responds well to liberal fertilization. On corn-lands the yield increases and the soil improves if properly treated with fertilizers containing not under 7% actual

Potash.

A trial of this plan costs but little and is sure to lead to profitable culture.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars boasting special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing the latest researches on the subject of fertilization, and are really helpful to farmers. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

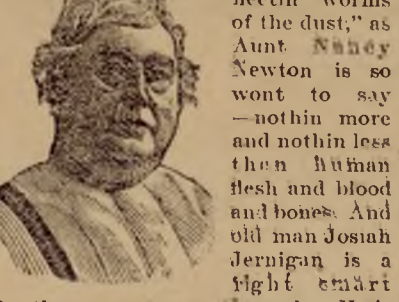
A SHINING EXAMPLE of what may be accomplished by never varying devotion to a single purpose is seen in the history of the McCormick Harvesting Machine Co., Chicago. For 65 years they have simply been building grain and grass-cutting machinery, and while there are probably forty manufacturers in this line, it is safe to say that the McCormick Company builds one-third of all the binders, reapers and mowers used throughout the entire world.

WITH "ONE GALLUS."

The Sago of Rocky Creek Still Tells His Stories.

Another Clear Case of "Pushover."—Some Second-Hand Cousins.—The Value of a Dead Dog—Two April Fools.

Even when you come right down to plain business and rock bottom we are all "vain and fleetin' worms of the dust!" as Aunt Nancy Newton is so wont to say, and nothing more or nothing less than human flesh and blood and bones.



like the common run of people. He is one of the deacons over at Bark Log and stands away yonder in the church. But in the main time he is a full-blood member of the human family.

A General and Hot Weather.
In a general way I know that Josiah Jernigan is a mighty good man—a plain, honest-hearted, debt-paying man, who worships God and loves his country and serves his day and generation to the best of his feeble ability. He is a man of few words and full of business.

He never did do any talkin' to speak of, but he most in generally always means what he says. He never was a man to dabble in futures, you understand. It is all spots with him. And takin' him up one side and down the other, there ain't a better father or a better husband, or a better neighbor, or a better citizen anywhere in the Rocky Creek settlement than that same Josiah Jernigan.

But Josiah went to town one day last week. He went in his wagon and driv a yoke of steers, and Merv Soregins he went with him. It has since leaked out through Blev that that one of the deacons of Bark Log church had a rough and tumble rucus with his steers that day, wherein his religion got a tremendous bad shock and strain and shakin' up.

And you must keep in mind, long-suffering reader, that Josiah was drivin a yoke of steers and the weather hit was swelterin' hot. I maybe thought he was wrong—I wouldn't make out like I was always right—but I have always held to it that if a man can drive a yoke of steers in hot weather and at the same time confine his remarks to pure Bible language he has got more genuine religion than the man that built the first church and lined the first hymn and preached the first sermon.

From the way in which Merv Soregins has let the cat out of the wallet it would seem like Josiah and his steers had been movin along smooth and peaceable enough till they got down to that Caney Branch swamp. By this time, you understand, the steers had got good and hot and leg-weary, and soon as they caught sight of the cool and refreshin waters of Caney Branch they curled their tails and roached their backs and quit the road and tore off down through the swamp at a fast and furious lik. Blev he jumped the game and lit out right then and there, but Josiah froze to the ropes and followed his "cow team" through three acres of canebrakes and bamboo briars, and he was still with em when they went down into the water. In makin the return trip from the swamp back to the big road it seems like Josiah managed so as to get his foot caught between a wagon wheel and the coupler pole, and consequently in the general confusion he got the heel of his shoe tore off and three of his toes unjointed. It was somewhere along there, from the way Blev tells the news—that Josiah give up the fight, as it were, and let loose and fell and spoke out:

"I don't want to say it—I would rather not say it—God knows I do raley hate to say it, and I hope he will forgive me—but if I must—I have got to say it—dam these steers!"

There has now been some talk around amongst the members of Bark Log to the extent that a church meetin will soon be held, wherein Josiah Jernigan will have to "fess up" or either take out and quit. Of course it is none of my business in regards to that. But I do hope they will all remember that Josiah was drivin a "cow team" while the weather hit was scandalous hot.

Some "Second-Hand Cousins."
That makes me think of the time when me and Sam Nettles and Elder Newberry went to town together, and for the first time in my life I heard some second-hand cussin.

Sam and the Elder went in with their wagons heavy loaded with cotton, and I had took a seat and went-along with the elder.

Mind you, it was then in the dead of winter. The rhins had fell heavy and frequent, and the roads was sloppy and soft enough to bog the shadow of a buzzard. It was but only ten miles to town, though at that time it took a good team to make it through in a day.

Now Sam Nettles was a bad and wicked man, and every time his wagon and team got stalled and stuck in the mud, or struck a steep hill he would put in to cussin the mules and poppin his whip till he made the air blue and they went out in a storm.

Understand me now, I don't say it was the cussin that got the wagon through, and I know as well as anybody that it was wicked and wrong for Sam to be goin on in that reckless way. But somehow or somehow else he was so handy and so furious with his whip and his mouth, and kept up such a roarin big excitement till the mules jest naturally got skeered and took the wagon and tore out of there.

Now as for Elder Newberry, he was one of the best and most peaceablest of men in the round created world for common. He wouldn't carry on very much talk with his mules, and when he did it was with a smooth and gentle voice. So consequently we didn't stay in sight of Sam and his wagon more than two or three miles. For a while we could hear him poppin his whip and cussin and goin on with his mules, but by-and-by he got clean out of hearin.

Well, me and the elder, we worked and worried along as best we could for three or four miles. We had it up and down, in and out, and over and under with them mules and that miserable bad road. The elder he would fumble and fiddle and fool around, talkin to the mules like they were so many babies, and gal babies at that, till presently we struck the Travis lane, which was

way yonder the worst piece of road on the trip to town, and there we stuck, and stayed for two long and mortal hours. It was the elder's wagon and the elder's mules, but I told him if I was a sago on that branch of the business—at that time I was not out of the line and over the next hill.

Finally at last it would seem like the elder had run slap-bill to the end of his rope, and I could see that he was fizin up considerable around the edges. The next thing I took notice of he had went down in his pocket after a tawny string and put a new cracker on his whip. Then he mounted the offmule at the wheel and jest naturally made his whip talk. And I am sorry to tell you, that want all—not by a whole lot.

"As that reckless and wicked Sam Nettles would say if he were here," says the elder, "git out of here, daddurn your long-eared, lousy pictures! Goshers, mighty dern a muddy road and a lazy mule in the winter-time! Pick up them feet, daddurn you, and tighten them traces and pull till the breechin flies up and somethin freeze over! Remember when you git your corn and fodder, goldfish and gold, and then git the gold to mud and a mile name Beck!"

Did we git through that line and over the next hill? We got through that lane and over the next hill. Did we go to town that day? We went to town that very same winter day. And Sam Nettles want more than a mile ahead at the finish.

I never did talk it around in the settle, but, and I don't say now that Elder Newberry ever cussed any on his own hook. But I never can forget one time when a mighty change come over the general tone of his voice, and he quoted Sam Nettles at his mules to beat six bits.

The Value of a Dog.
If it ever comes to pass that you might want to find out somethin in regards to the value of dogs, Rocky Creek is the place and Squire Doogin is the man.

They had a little case up before the squire last Saturday, which accordin to Pony Buckle, the bailiff, was "set for ten o'clock."

From the general circumference of the surroundings and the evidence in the case, it turns out that Jude Nabors had shot and killed a spotted hound dog, which the said dog belonged to a man by the name of Handy Stribblin. It would likewise also seem that in consideration thereof, the said Handy Stribblin had got out papers of compellment agin the said Jude Nabors, and put in his claims for damages to the tune of ten dollars.

They had got through with all the witnesses on both sides, when finally at last Squire Doogin called up Handy Stribblin, made him kiss the Bible and put him on the stand.

"Mister Stribblin," says the squire, lookin wise and solemn as he could, "from the facts and the law in the case what was your spotted dog worth?"

"Well, to be plum honest, squire, the dog wint raley worth a continental dollar, but since Jude Nabors was so infernal mean and so all-fired smart as to shoot the dog, I want the full value of the animal."

Now, if you don't know all the men as well as the facts in the case, you maybe mought not think that Handy Stribblin got ten dollars for his dead spotted hound dog. But he did.

Two April Fools.
For a common thing a man would have to stay out mighty late and git up tremendous soon to come out ahead of Andy Lucas. But the news has leaked out at last as to how Will Tom Pickens let the great horse trader out the pot, and then beat him at his own game, with "three cards up his sleeve."

Will Tom had come up from Panther Creek the day before and spent the night at the Lucas place.

"To-morrow is the first day of April," says Andy to Will Tom, "and I want stay over long enough to help me turn a trick on Dr. Honeycutt. I will git sick in the morning—sick abed and sick out—can mount your horse and go a splittin after the doctor. As to me, when the doctor comes I will jump out of the bed, cut the pigeon wing, drag off a few stanzas of somethin sweet and devilish on my fiddle, and then saddle my horse and lope off towards town."

"By the seven stars I'm with you, Andy," says Will Tom, and then Andy he jest naturally laid down and laughed at the very thoughts of what he had in soak for the doctor.

So, accordin to their plans and specifications, Andy he went to bed that mornin, whilst Will Tom he rode off in a sweepin gallop. But the doctor never did come. Will Tom had jest simply whipped around to the main road and went on back home to Panther Creek.

Andy he stayed there at home in bed—rollin and tumblin and carryin on outrageous, and he been for the doctor every mornin. He stood it as long as he could, and when finally at last the truth worked its way through his hair he was the maddest man that ever played the fool in this country. Andy's wife says he was so furious and foam in mad till she was skeered he would hit the baby, and he cursed Will Tom Pickens for two mortal hours on a stretch.

THE TELEGRAPHIC EAR.

There is Individuality in the Touch of the Operator.

A night telegrapher will lay his head within two inches of a working instrument, and sleep as soundly as if he were in bed, but if his own office call is sounded by the instrument, he will waken on the instant. So says an old telegrapher. By long practice the telegrapher's ear becomes so acute that the slightest variation in the working of the instrument is immediately detected; and the receiving operator recognizes the "voice," so to speak, of the sender, if the sender happens to be anyone with whom he has been accustomed to work.

While in Newark, N. J., a year or two ago, I was called to the Western Union office by telephone. When I arrived there the manager said: "There is a man in Philadelphia who wants to talk to you," pointing out the instrument which I was to use. I opened the key and called Philadelphia. The operator answered, and I made myself known. "How are things, my boy," came back an answer, with no name attached.

"Gee Gettler," I said; and so it was. Now mark you, I had not been heard from my friend Gettler for three years, and had not heard him send a word by telegraph during that time. He and I worked on the same line for a year or more, and his sending was as familiar to me as his voice. I recognized his touch, and yet I supposed he was at that time in a Chicago office.

Yes, there is as much difference between the sound of different telegraphers' sending as there is between the handwriting of any two men in the same line of business.

It is said that during the war of the rebellion, Jim Waite, an old-time New York operator, was sent to the front by the government to work important wires. He one day got on to a wire over which important secret messages were being sent by the confederates, and the result would have been funny had it not been so serious.

It was in Tennessee, by Kentucky, I forget which. Waite, with his pocket instrument, got inside the confederate lines, and having learned that messages were being sent over a certain wire from Richmond, he tapped the wire and copied several valuable messages.

This was nothing new, for operators on both sides did the same thing time and again. But Waite was delectious. There was an interruption in the middle of the dispatch, and Jim was eager to get the remainder. To urge the sender he opened his key and simply said: "G. A. Commissary." The "G. A." meant "go ahead," and "commissary" was the last word that had been sent.

What was Waite's surprise to hear instead of a continuance of the message: "Jim Waite, what are you doing on this line? Get out, or there will be trouble." Jim didn't wait even to discover who the man was. He said afterward that the sender had a familiar sound, but he couldn't for the life of him tell who the operator was.

Jim found out four or five years later. He was still telegraphing and was employed in the old Broadway office of the Western Union Telegraph company, New York. One day a young man walked into the office and asked for Jim Waite.

The two men looked at each other, but there was no recognition of the visitor by Waite. In fact, they looked upon each other's faces for the first time.

"So you're Jim Waite," said the caller. "Well, I'm glad to meet you. My name is Mosely, Charles Mosely, and I used to sign 'C. R.' in Charleston."

Waite remembered him in an instant. The two men for a long time had worked different ends of a north and south wire before the outbreak of the war, and had become fast friends without ever having met. Still, Jim didn't know Mosely was the man who had told him to get off the wire inside the confederate lines.

"Where did you go after stealing those dispatches I was sending during the war?" asked Mosely; and then Waite understood it all.—Philadelphia Times.

ONCE HAD TWO SUNS.

Such Is One Theory Held Regarding Our Solar System.

The great density of the several satellites which accompany planets in our solar system is a very strong proof in favor of the truth of the theory that all the revolving spheres in the heavens are increasing in heat rather than diminishing. Our own moon is almost as dense as our earth, and instead of being, as Sir John Herschell supposed, "an orb very much heated, possibly to a degree much exceeding that of boiling water," it is now known to be about 16 times colder than the earth, while Jupiter, that mighty cold planet, even at its surface, is found to be almost incandescent and less dense than the earth.

That our own solar system has now but one central sun is no reason whatever that it did not at one time have two. The very fact of there being discovered what are known as double stars (suns) is a very good proof that every solar system in the universe is not always like our own as regards the number of their suns—in an unsolar condition—and there can be little if any doubt that the coal measures now to be found deposited in our earth were made during a period when our solar system had two central suns, and it is reasonable to suppose that a secondary sun in our solar system and one, too, if it should have revolved in close proximity to our earth, would have sooner or later converted the earth's vegetation into coal.—Science.

FOR COUNTRY'S SAKE.

An Indian Fighter Suffers Agonies from Disease.

He Was in the Battle with the Apaches When Geronimo Was Captured.

From the Press, New York City.
Worn with the exposure of army life on the frontier, and poisoned by the continual drinking of alkali water, Joseph Fliegaut returned to Philadelphia eight years ago, broken down in health and unable to do any work.

He had served five years with the Ninth United States Infantry in many a desperate fight with the Indians in Arizona and other frontier States and had won an honorable record. In the fierce conflict when Geronimo, the famous chief of the Apaches, was captured, Mr. Fliegaut was among the brave soldiers who, forgetful of everything but duty, charged upon the hostile Indians.

He on the plains sent to an untimely death many soldiers who were never touched by a redskin's bullet of arrow, and Mr. Fliegaut came near such a fate as that. A long time before his return to his home he was taken seriously ill, but he stuck to his post until an honorable discharge was finally given to him.

When he reached Philadelphia, the Indian fighter was scarcely more than skin and bones, and for three weeks lay desperately ill in a hospital. He felt dizzy, and his stomach felt as if it had died up. These symptoms were accompanied by bloody dysentery, which no medicine seemed to relieve.

After two years of suffering, Mr. Fliegaut came to New York and was treated by several physicians. These did not agree, some calling his disease cholera, others the stomach, and others chronic diarrhea.

In speaking to a reporter about his illness, Mr. Fliegaut said the doctors helped him, but with the money he spent for advice and medicine he was able to work only a small part of the time. Since moving to his present home, No. 517 West Forty-second Street, in this city, about a year ago, Mr. Fliegaut has been so ill that his voice and hearing almost left him.

Then all medicines failed, and the sick man had little hope of recovery. At this critical time Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People were recommended to Mr. Fliegaut, and almost as a last hope, he began taking them.

"The beneficial effect of the medicine was felt at once," Mr. Fliegaut told the reporter, "and before I had taken a box I began to eat and sleep better. I began work and have been able to keep at it since, for five months." Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are a potent medicine in the sense that name implies. They were first compounded as a prescription and used as such in general practice by an eminent physician. So great was their efficacy that it was deemed wise to place them within the reach of all. They are now manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., and are sold in boxes (never in loose form) by the dozen or hundred, and the public are cautioned against numerous imitations sold in this city at 75 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company.

Sam—I see Jack Parsons is a defaulter." "Yes, how he has changed. Why, when he used to play baseball he wouldn't even steal a base."—N. Y. Evening Telegram.

Firs stopped free by Dr. King's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Nervous cures. Treatise and \$2 trial free. Dr. King, 601 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Let not faith be a jester profession, lest that bounder of the world, the devil, should gain the title of a jester, let him assure himself the fool is not far off. Quaries.

I am entirely cured of hemorrhoids of lungs by Pisco's Cure for Consumption.—LOUIS LINDAMAN, Bethany, Mo., Jan. 8, '94.

THE GENERAL MARKET.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 11.	
CATTLE—Best beefs.....	3 3/4 @ 4 1/2
Stockers.....	2 30 @ 2 75
Native cows.....	2 25 @ 3 25
HOGS—Choice to heavy.....	2 00 @ 3 30
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	63 @ 65
No. 3 hard.....	58 @ 60
CORN—No. 2 mixed.....	27 1/2 @ 33 1/4
OATS—No. 2 mixed.....	15 1/2 @ 16
RYE—No. 2.....	32 @ 33
FLOUR—Patent, per sack.....	1 00 @ 1 20
Fancy.....	1 10 @ 1 25
HAY—Choice timothy.....	11 00 @ 12 00
Fancy prairie.....	7 00 @ 7 50
BRAN—(Sack).....	45 @ 46 1/2
BUTTER—Choice creamery.....	13 @ 14
CHEESE—Full cream.....	10 1/2 @ 12 1/2
EGGS—Choice.....	7 @ 7 1/4
POTATOES.....	15 @ 20
ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Native and shipping.....	3 25 @ 3 30
Texans.....	2 05 @ 2 75
HOGS—Heavy.....	3 10 @ 3 40
SHEEP—Fair to choice.....	3 00 @ 3 50
FLOUR—Choice.....	2 35 @ 2 45
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	60 1/2 @ 61 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	29 1/2 @ 31
OATS—No. 2.....	18 1/2 @ 19 1/2
RYE.....	36 @ 38
BUTTER—Creamery.....	11 @ 12
LARD—Western mess.....	4 57 1/2 @ 4 65
PORK.....	8 00 @ 8 25 1/2
CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Common to prime.....	3 50 @ 4 25
HOGS—Packing and shipping.....	3 10 @ 3 65
SHEEP—Fair to choice.....	2 50 @ 3 85
FLOUR—Winter wheat.....	3 50 @ 3 85
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	67 @ 68
CORN—No. 2.....	29 1/2 @ 31
OATS—No. 2.....	18 1/2 @ 19 1/2
RYE.....	36 @ 38
BUTTER—Creamery.....	11 @ 12
LARD.....	4 75 1/2 @ 4 77 1/2
PORK.....	7 95 @ 8 00
NEW YORK.	
CATTLE—Native Steers.....	4 25 @ 4 40
HOGS—Good to choice.....	3 75 @ 3 80
FLOUR—Good to choice.....	3 75 @ 3 80
WHEAT—No. 2.....	65 1/2 @ 70
CORN—No. 2.....	33 1/2 @ 34
OATS—No. 2.....	21 @ 23 1/2
BUTTER—Creamery.....	11 @ 12
PORK—Mess.....	8 50 @ 10 50

STUDEBAKER



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—right directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

BIG AND GOOD.

BattleAx

PLUG

Sometimes quality is sacrificed in the effort to give big quantity for little money. No doubt about that. But once in a while it isn't. For instance, there's "BATTLE AX." The piece is bigger than you ever saw before for 5 cents. And the quality is, as many a man has said, "mighty good." There's no guess work in this statement. It is just a plain fact. You can prove it by investing 5 cents in "BATTLE AX."

DUNCAN'S LINIMENT

THE OLD RELIABLE, TESTED REMEDY

Rheumatism

Headache, Toothache, and PAINS generally.

G. W. GUNTER, CLINTONVILLE, ALA., says: "I have found DUNCAN'S LINIMENT to be the best remedy for pains generally I ever saw."

FOR COLIC IN HORSES AND MULES it is a "DEAD SHOT."

WEBB MANUFACTURING CO., TRANSPORT, NASHVILLE, TENN.

THE LONG AND THE SHORT OF IT.

THERE IS NONE JUST AS GOOD.

DO YOU SMOKE

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE DEALER? OR FOR YOUR OWN COMFORT AND PLEASURE? IF FOR THE LATTER, YOU ARE ENTITLED TO THE VERY BEST TO

THE CHRONICLE

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, MAY 21, 1896.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce W. A. Thompson as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. S. Farrell as a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of W. L. Davis authorize The Chronicle to announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce A. F. Smith as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. H. Hammond as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR SHERIFF.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Amos Daniel as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce S. W. Nelson as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. P. Christian as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Rev. C. W. O'Hara as a candidate for Superintendent of Education of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR COMMISSIONER—FIRST DISTRICT.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Hosea Pearson as a Commissioner of Shelby county, from the first district, No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR CONSTABLE.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce A. S. Liles as a candidate for the office of Constable of Beat No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic party.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JOSEPH F. JOHNSTON,
Of Jefferson.

For Secretary of State,
JAMES K. JACKSON,
Of Lauderdale.

For Treasurer,
GEORGE W. ELLIS,
Of Montgomery.

For Auditor,
WALTER S. WHITE,
Of Colbert.

For Attorney-General,
WILLIAM C. FITTS,
Of Tuscaloosa.

For Superintendent of Education,
JOHN O. TURNER,
Of St. Clair.

For Commissioner of Agriculture,
I. F. CULVER,
Of Bullock.

?

Do you subscribe for THE CHRONICLE? If not, why not? The political campaign is on and the politicians are becoming so hot they will soon be incandescent. All electors should know what they are saying and doing. Take THE CHRONICLE at \$1.00 a year, fifty cents half or twenty-five a quarter, and that will fill the bill. For those who may feel they cannot pay out a quarter all at once, we will send the paper for one month, at ten cents, spot cash. Subscription can be renewed each month.

REGISTER!

It is evident Weyler is neither a Stonewall Jackson or a Phil Sheridan.

The conspicuous failure of the pops in Kansas, where for quite a while they had absolute control, ought to be a warning that it is unwise to support them anywhere now.

A STRAIGHTOUT republican says the ringsters are ostriches—remarkable for their gizzards. An ostrich swallows everything it can get outside of, whether it can digest it or not.

SOME would-be pop-repubs have been trying hard, this week, to massacre the confusion ticket, but it is so tough, they say, their molars cannot make any impression; besides, if they could chew it, they would find it so bitter they could not swallow it.

If you put a direct question to any of the pop candidates and say: "If by any possibility you could be elected, would you do this and so," he answers "I will." Then he pauses, as if deliberating, and continues: "Not," and after another pause concludes: "Tell you."

If the illustrations of the physiognomies of men who are now aspiring to figure conspicuously in public life are accurate, as published in metropolitan dailies, they are the most frightful examples of ugliness conceivable. Some of them have such black countenances, they look like Sicilian villains of the highest type. If we cannot do any better among the males, we will have to knock all these monstrosities out, put in women, and then we can run a handsome line of politicians.

To BE
Or not to be
A DEMOCRAT,
And stand by
The Party,
Like a man.
Or, to drift with
The pops
And support
Every untried ism.
Which,
If they were successful,
Would eventually
Entail upon the country
Dire calamity.
That is the
Milk in the cocoanut,
And thoughtful readers
Will do well
To get this wise milk
In their cocoanuts
As soon as possible
And keep it there
In stock.

"Not that we like Caesar less, but that we love Rome more." Not that the people of the United States are bound that the insurgents in Cuba shall be successful but that Spain shall make Weyler conduct the war in a humane manner, according to the civilization of the present century, and not like a savage.

PERSONS from the country, desiring extra papers, can have them freely for extra poultry of any kind. Those persons who propose to bring in ostriches will please notify us in advance. The ostriches are taken principally by the metropolitan papers as adequate compensation for extra copies of their Sunday editions.

Our mail comes to us Mondays loaded with mammoth editions of metropolitan dailies. A large part of what are not advertisements is trash. There seems to be great stringency in the concentrated wisdom line, and probably that is the reason why much of the reading matter is served up on the ton plan, to give it that form of weight, at least.

The Plant system is advertising a grand excursion from Montgomery, Ala., to Tampa, Florida, at a remarkably low rate. DeLome, the Spanish Minister in Washington, will probably come out and say this is another filibustering expedition, as the most of those who go to Tampa get infected with the war fever and go over to Cuba to join the insurgents.

DEBS, who poses as a great friend of working men, is doing injury by indiscreet utterances condemning capitalists. It is just such vituperation that has caused persons possessing great wealth to withhold their support from many enterprises and that has been the cause, to some extent, of hard times, in many directions. The utterances of such agitators as Debs cause capitalists to be wary how they invest.

WEYLER was heralded as a great and fierce general when he left Spain for Cuba, indeed so ferocious it was thought he would have to be restrained from falling upon and eating up all the insurgents personally. Now, having made it clear he is exclusively a straw field-marshal, and got fame by perspiration of the jaw only, he has taken steps to try and starve the insurgents out, not being able to fight them down, although he has a large army under his command, presumably the flower of the Spanish forces. All cereals are declared contraband of war. That part the Spanish government does not buy with almost worthless scrip must be brought in by the owners, stored in the Spanish fortresses; otherwise it will be confiscated. The next move will be to declare all the babies of the insurgents contraband of war, as the war may continue so long they will grow up to be men and women and go to fighting, the insurgent having many women in their ranks already, who prove more desperate fighters than the men. The babies will be shipped over to the Queen Regent who, like that big, motherly hen we read of, will just spread herself to bring them all up, if she don't order their assassination.

EDITORIAL LIGHT PASTRY.

A blasted Hinglishman, you know, who came over to this bloody country, you see, to condemn lynching, has written home he finds lynchpins everywhere.

When some people favor you with a call, you probably labor under the hallucination it is because they hold you in the highest esteem. When pussy rubs against your leg, you think it is because pussy likes you. No; it is because she is pleasing herself. Pussy wanted something soft to rub on.

A broncho minister from Texas, attending the Baptist convention in Chattanooga last week, broke loose and characterized the Baptist ministers as lazy. If he was to come down here and tell that to some of the Baptist ministers in this locality he would find them just the liveliest men he ever came in contact with.

The excursionists who go to Tampa from Montgomery and this vicinity must certainly be quarantined when they return until all the fleas are removed from them and sent back. Much as we desire immigration it would be best not to have it embrace the Florida variety, which is the most athletic in existence; and it is to be hoped that none of the excursionists will endeavor to smuggle any of the fleas in to preserve them as souvenirs.

"ROOT HOG OR DIE."

After incubation, "The Parson" hatched the following this week:

Friends and fellow citizens I rise
To speak a little piece;
I want to talk to you of Rome
And say a word for Greece.
I shall not jaw to you of Rome
Where crumbling castles stand;
The Rome that I shall jaw about
Is room all o'er the land.
Nor will I fire at you of Greece
With orator and bard;
The grease that I propose to fire,
One form of it is lard.
If you will roam all o'er the land
And note the signs increase,
You'll find the name of Armour there—
The mighty King of Grease.

When he was tender as a shoot
And life had just begun,
He vowed he'd rise unto the skies
And get "whole hog or none."
In pulitix he took no sides
Because not fresh and sweet;
The only sides he cared about
Were greasy sides of meat.

He spent no oil on Bacon's works
Where many things are joked,
But got the market on the line
Of bacon nicely smoked.

The Sons of Ham he thought about
Where work must be endured;
But the hams that took his fancy most,
Were those he'd sugar-cured.

He greased the palms of paper men,
For saying this and that,
And now he lives on "the fat of the land"
And his bank account is FAT.

LATEST GENERAL NEWS.

The General Assembly of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church meets in Birmingham today.

The supreme council of the A. P. A.'s, in session at Washington, Monday, antagonized McKinley strongly.

The just closed session of the Alabama Christian Endeavorers, at Montgomery, this week, was a grand success.

Dry weather is hurting crops in almost every section of the south. In Alabama there is less complaint than in any other portion.

Northwestern Kansas and a portion of southeastern Nebraska suffered from another tornado last Monday, with loss of life and property.

Diaz, expelled Baptist missionary, says the Catholics are contributing an immense amount of money to carry on the war in Cuba in favor of Spain.

Cardinal Gibbons says: "Catholics are devoted to both the great political parties of the country and each individual is left entirely to his own conscience."

The recent cyclone, which devastated Sherman, Texas, and vicinity, killed at least 100 persons, wounded 150 others, and caused a property loss amounting to nearly half a million dollars.

Weyler will stop the exportation of tobacco from Cuba. It will affect the Cubans cigar and cigarette industries in this country; hurt the United States revenue at Tampa, Fla., alone at least \$1,000,000 per annum.

General Fitzhugh Lee is still in Washington, conferring with the president and secretary of state on Cuban affairs and will leave shortly for Havana. Secretary Olney is anxious to have him there as soon as possible.

The justices of the Supreme Court of the United States are divided on the question whether it is in conflict with the Constitution of the United States for a state (like Georgia, for instance) to prohibit the running of freight trains on Sunday.

Allen of Nebraska, pop, got knocked out flat in the United States senate, Monday, in a frantic endeavor to have a noising committee come down here to ascertain if Alabama is under a republican form of government. All voted against his resolution except two pops and four republics.

The Markham House, Atlanta, was totally destroyed by fire last Monday night. Other valuable property was consumed. The fire started in a little fish market and was caused by the explosion of a small gasoline stove. Loss, about \$275,000; insurance half. One hundred and fifty persons were in the Markham when the fire commenced. Several persons were injured in the fire generally; the body of one dead boy was taken from the ruins, and many horses perished in a big stable.

Secretary Clark of the democratic campaign committee, states that the democrats of Alabama are going to make the most vigorous and systematic campaign ever made in the state; that the first business of the campaign committee will be to secure a complete poll list of the state. Similar efforts, he said, had heretofore been made to secure a poll list of the state and without success, but the committee recognizes that this is an important feature of proper organization and will bend their every energy to this end. The canvass of the state will commence between the 1st and 11th of June, and in the meantime a programme will be arranged.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Parker & Armstrong, druggists.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

LIVE CORRESPONDENCE

From County Writers Who Keep Their Eyes and Ears Open.

Harpersville Echoes.

The pops, the pops, the pops,
They are all in a terrible stew;
Longshore, Pitts and Berney Deaus
Will have to go at it anew.

Hogs are dying with cholera.
John Kidd of Vincent, attended preaching here Sunday.

Mrs. Caldwell and the little ones are spending this week at Alpine.

Dr. Teague is spending a few days here with his daughter, Mrs. Nelson. Rev. Mr. Giles went up and preached for the Vincent people Saturday night.

Dr. Teague preached at the Baptist church last Saturday and Mr. Giles Sunday.

A lady book-agent of Columbiana, Miss Green, was working up our town last Saturday.

The second quarterly meeting of the Harpersville circuit, will be held here Saturday and Sunday.

A movement is on foot to refurbish our school house with desks, seats, etc., and we hope it will be a success.

Dr. Teague will preach at the Baptist church on the fifth Sunday. Let everybody turn out to hear this eminent divine.

The democrats of Shelby county have good material to select from and should not make any mistakes in their selection.

Last week's CHRONICLE was pronounced by a great many as one of the best ever issued. Long may it live to give us the news.

The base ball craze has struck Harpersville with terrific force, and we are really afraid that some of the boys will neglect their crops to play ball.

Prof. Florey is speaking of spending the summer down at Womack Hill, where he had been teaching the last four or five years before the last one he taught here.

Mrs. Jete Elliott, living near Vincent, died very suddenly last Thursday. She leaves a husband, mother and several children to mourn her loss. To the bereaved ones we extend our sympathy.

Mrs. Jim Kidd received a telegram Thursday, stating that her mother, Mrs. Darby, living at Birmingham, was dying. She went over on the first train but was too late to see her alive. We extend our sympathy to the bereaved family.

Mr. R. H. Gill, who had the misfortune to get his leg broken some time ago, is still confined to his bed, and it is thought amputation will be necessary before he is fully restored. He has the sympathy of this entire community in his sore affliction.

"Jake" has been on the sick list for several days and news is scarce, so please excuse briefly. JAKE.

Wilsonville Waifs.

Pierre Jackson, of Tallapoosa, Ga., is visiting relatives here.

Dr. D. D. Oates spent several days in Columbiana last week.

J. C. Jackson, Jr., spent several days in Tallapoosa, Ga., last week with relatives.

Amos Daniel is out canvassing again. Amos is the man and must be our next sheriff.

J. I. Edwards, L. F. Smith and O. W. Tinney treated the young ladies to a nice drive Sunday afternoon.

Dr. W. R. Smith is on the sick list. Make out your own prescriptions doctor and don't fail to mix in and stir well a sufficient quantity of your old and tried never failing remedy strychnine.

Everybody get in shape for the picnic at Shelby Springs on Saturday, 30th of this month. Our agent has procured rate of fifty cents for the round trip. This is nearly half fare so let's all take it in.

B. P. Stokes moved his family from Mississippi here sometime ago with intentions of making this vicinity his future home, but alas he decided he'd rather be back in Mississippi residing in a neat little cottage by the side of a lovely swamp where he could listen to the melodious voice of the yearling frogs and fling chairs at mosquitoes that kept the baby awake causing him to utter words that were never interred in a Sunday school book. While he was walking in his sock feet where little Johnny had been playing with a box of tacks the day before trying to see if he could not succeed in making all of them stand on their heads.

Hanging over the door was the familiar motto "Home Sweet Home." He prefers this to Alabama. Alabama; the very name indicates its superior qualities "Here we Rest." Here in Shelby county we are high enough to escape all malaria chills and fever. Not one person out of twenty can tell you what a chill is.

Last Sunday morning at eight o'clock the boys rigged up the band wagon loaded it with girls and went on their way rejoicing to Four Mile church where they participated in the "all day dinner and singing on the ground." Back at home the little "angels on earth" that did not care to ride in a band wagon on Sunday were praying for those that did commit this awful crime. The singing was grand. Yaller, green and red ribbon fluttered in every direction. With the huge crowd mingled girls that were blessed with the beauty from on high. With that same crowd mingled those that were marked with beauty from below (I guess). Late in the afternoon the band wagon crowd took their departure for Blue Springs church which was near by. There they listened to the gospel expounded by Rev. J. W. Cary. After service they resumed their homeward journey. In the wagon was seated Mr. Cary enjoying himself as much as anybody. On their arrival at Wilsonville the little angels espied the preacher and endeavored to fly away to escape the jeers of that happy crowd. But it was an impossibility as they were not angels—not even good enough to ride in the wagon with the preacher.

BUTCH, JR.

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.

Castoria allays Feverishness.

Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.

Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic.

Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.

Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air.

Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.

Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk.

Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."

See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile

signature of

Dr. J. C. Teague

is on every

wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

WE PUT UP

JOBS

NOT POLITICALLY
BUT ARTIS

Our facilities are Complete for turning out all ordinary work:

COMMERCIAL
LEGAL
SOCIAL
PAMPHLET
PROGRAM
POSTER
DODGER
CARD
ETC., ETC.

Half tones handled carefully and the expression brought out distinctly.

WE GUARANTEE

GOOD STOCK
NEAT DESIGNS
CLEAR PRESSWORK.

Come in and fill the rocking chair or enjoy a siesta

on the lounge while we do the work electrically; our Job Printer is lightning. The way to keep cool is to keep cool; therefore the office is abundantly supplied with fans.

WE ARE CARRYING NOW

THE MOST EXTENSIVE

Stock of Stationery ever brought to this section, embracing all the shades and qualities greatest in demand and most serviceable.

WEDDING WORK done confidentially when required.

We compete on prices with all of the large cities.

Orders by Mail attended to promptly.

Castoria
\$4.00
\$3.00
\$2.50

These shoes fit to perfection and wear as only the best of leather can. They're shapely, pliant—the most comfortable of footwear. They always manage to let in air and keep out water.

Surely Your Dealer Sells Them.

FOR SALE BY
Lester, Mason & Co.

A FOOLISH MAN

Is he who declares he never pays any attention to statements made in newspaper advertisements. What other way have I of attempting to convince you that I can shoe your horse in up-to-date style, and at a price so moderate that you will be ready with the cash the moment the job is done.

Repair Work

a Specialty.

Nothing but good, honest work turned out of my shop. (Can sharpen a plow while you wait. In fact I do any and all kinds of work that any blacksmith or woodworkerman is supposed to do; and, further, I will appreciate your patronage.

TRY ME ONCE FOR LUCK

W. W. ALBRIGHT,
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.

Notice

TO DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.

To whom it may concern: The tax collector of said county has filed in the office of the probate judge of said county a list of delinquent tax payers and real estate upon which taxes are due. The following named persons are reported therein as delinquent and the following lands and lots are reported as assessed to the following named persons and therein is reported as assessed to "owner unknown" the following mentioned real estate and lots. This is to notify you to appear before me on Monday, the 8th day of June, 1896, then and there to show cause why a decree for the sale of said lands and lots should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed against you and the fees and cost.

This 18th day of May 1896.
D. R. McMillan,
Judge of Probate.

Barber, R. T., one vacant lot in Shelby, tax 36c, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$1.75.
Bennett, P. G., lots 24 and 26 block 119, lot 2 block 90, lot 26 block 119 in Shelby, tax 90c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.30.
Bell, L. A., lot 5 block 60, lot 25 block 98 in Shelby, tax 45c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.30.
Bridges, John M., one lot in Shelby, tax 45c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.30.
Cummings, A., lot 12 block 115 in Shelby tax 32c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.
Caton, A. S., lots 6 and 8 block 115 in Shelby tax 45c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.30.
Clark, Robt. R., lot 10 block 70 in Shelby, tax 22c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.
Gruen, Mrs. Fannie, one vacant lot in Columbiana, tax 50c, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$1.50.
Gult, E. P., one house and lot at Shelby Springs, tax \$1.80, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.
Kirkman, Francis, 5 acres in the NW 1/4 of the SE 1/4 of sec 5 tp 23 r 3 w, tax 45c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.30.
Lazarus, D. B., lot 32 block 98 in Shelby, tax 22c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.
Levy Phelix, lots 8 and 16, block 98, lots 4 and 6, block 100, lot 8, block 118 in Shelby, tax \$1.12, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.30.
Lee, G. T., 1/4 of the SW 1/4 of sec 25 tp 19 r 3 w, et c of the SW 1/4 of sec 29 tp 19 r 3 w, tax \$4.50, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.30.
McLenn, Mrs. Fannie, one vacant lot in Columbiana, tax 50c, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$1.50.
Newton, J. H., 1/2 of the NW 1/4 of sec 6 tp 24 r 15 e, tax \$1.02, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$2.24.
O'Brien, F. P., 1/2 of the NW 1/4 of sec 19 tp 19 r 3 w, tax \$1.44, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.24.
Parker, O. H., lots 7 and 8 block 95, lot 29 block 116 in Shelby, tax 70c, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$2.31.
Parker, W. C., and John Fry, lot 14 block 90 in Shelby, tax 22c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.30.
Riggs and Jones, one lot in Calera, tax 22c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.
Safford, E. S., lots 18, 12, 10 and 8 block 92, lot 6 block 82, lot 6 block 96 in Shelby, tax \$2.16, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.30.
Smith, J. W., NW 1/4 of the SW 1/4 of sec 16 tp 18 r 3 e, tax 45c, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$2.31.
Spratlin, Abbott, lot 2 block 104 in Shelby, tax 22c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.75.
Schively, J. D., lot 2 block 121, lots 16 and 24 block 113 in Shelby, tax 70c, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$2.24.
Taber, R. K., lots 1 and 2 block 89, lot 1 block 91, lot 14 block 92, lot 30 block 95, lot 1 block 75 in Shelby, tax \$1.35, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.28.
Wrenn, B. W., lot 5 block 61, lot 9 block 91 in Shelby, tax 48c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.17.
Gillmore, Geo., 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of the SW 1/4 of sec 3 tp 24 r 13 e, tax 90c, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$2.28.
Owner unknown, lot 2 block 84 9th ave., Calera, Kelly Plot, one vacant lot in Calera, Leonard Plot, tax 90c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.32.
Interest to be charged on property tax from January 1, 1896 and on all taxes from December 1895.

A. F. SMITH,
Tax Collector of Shelby County.

Non-Resident Notice.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.
Ann E. Perry, Complainant, vs. William T. Perry Defendant.
In Chancery Sixth District North-Eastern Chancery Division.

In this cause it is made to appear to the register by the affidavit of J. E. Holmes, that the defendant, William T. Perry, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in Denison, Grason County, Texas; and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the register, that publication be made in the Chronicle, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said William T. Perry to plead, answer or demur to the cause of said non-resident cause by the 5th day of April, A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.
Done at office in Columbiana, this 3rd day of March, A. D. 1896.

GORDON DUBOSE,
Register.

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, MAY 21, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year.....\$1.00
One copy six months......50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

SUMMER LOCALS.

Buds of Thought
AND THE
Flowers of Fact

Fruits of Reportorial Industry Served Up
Fresh, Crisp and Zestfully.

Big thing!
See Spencer, the merchant.

Our bankers are bikers also.

The politicians are getting up their
pedigrees.

Mrs. F. A. Liles is on a visit to
Bloomington.

E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, was in
town Monday.

"Tap" has been appointed assistant
night watchman.

Flies are not fly enough not to get
stuck on fly-paper.

Promenade the girls; lemonade them
and then serenade them.

County court convenes next Monday
for a two weeks session.

A man may not possess a nickle but
still he has his five senses.

I. D. Mason Birminghamed the last
and fore part of this week.

The milk manufacturers are com-
mencing to look quite sick.

Mrs. I. W. Bailey, of Calera, is visit-
ing relatives at the Central.

Ice got scarce this week but more
was sent for and has arrived.

Dr. D. H. Oates, of Wilsonville, was a
visitor in the city Tuesday.

Miss Nellie Parker is very sick with
the measles, we are sorry to say.

Judge McMillan and Clerk Milner
took in the Magic City yesterday.

It is difficult to tell who is cham-
pion, so many are wearing the belt.

Maj. W. D. Huggins and N. A.
Graham, of Calera, were up Monday.

Miss Chandler, of Vincent, is on a
visit to her friend, Miss Eva Weaver.

"Does your cow give much milk?"
"No; not any, we just go and take it."

Flowers outside a residence tell
something of the aestheticism within.

"Cows" may not thoroughly under-
stand music but they are way up in
"gee!"

Some people have a good enough
conscience but they don't keep it
wound up.

Clem Ratler, a wide-awake saw mill
man near Wilsonville, spent Satur-
day in town.

Miss Phoebe Lester, of beat 8, is on a
visit to the family of her brother,
Hufus Lester.

Quite a number of Shelby's young
people came up Friday night to the
ice cream supper.

When a politician calls upon you
now, show him where the stone is: he
probably has an ax to grind.

Promenade—to Spencers. Lemon-
ade, 5 cents a glass. Lemons, 20c a
dozen. And listen to a serenade.

The stores are selling broad umbrel-
las now to elderly gentlemen who are
carefully preserving their complexion.

Spencer sells everything, from a
needle to an elephant. Later are not
kept in stock, but supplied on order.

The many friends of Mrs. A. D.
Wortham will be sorry to learn that
she is quite sick. We hope for her
speedy recovery.

The flies are early risers and appre-
ciating "the early bird catches the
worm" commence on the outside of the
human worm at once.

Definition of poplite: "Pop"—a
thing charged with gas. "Lite"—
means the party is very light in
weight, and "u" are not in it of course.

The Woman's Missionary society of
the Methodist church will give an ice
cream supper for the benefit of their
church, the first Friday night in June.

"Wouldn't believe him under oath,"
is getting to be quite a common ex-
pression, where two or three are
gathered together for political cou-
fab.

"Where are you going?" "To the
institution for the blind." "You are
not blind." "I know that; that's why
I'm goin' there; I want to get a
drink."

A lady in Mobile stepped on a match
last week, her dress caught fire and
she was burned. Thoughtful ladies
will now take more kindly to safety
bloomers.

We are told to go to the bee and the
ant for examples of industry but if
their early rising and industry ex-
ceeds that of the flies we are not
aware of it.

Spencer is going to "cleanout" every-
thing in town and vicinity, by offering
a large cake of superior laundry soap
and a souvenir silver-ed spoon, all for
five cents!!!!

John Johnston and wife, J. R. White
and wife, Eliza Paul and Miss Ida
O'Hara were delegates to the Chris-
tian Endeavor convention in Mont-
gomery last week.

J. P. Spencer made a business trip
to Talladega this week. He has since
returned in the order, with none of
the parts missing, and everything
present and accounted for.

Our lawyers here will be pleased to
know that preparations have com-
menced at Birmingham for the sum-
mation entertainment there next Aug-
ust of the State Bar association.

The pops are completing their ar-
rangements to have their supporters
vote their ticket as early as possible
on election day. Also as often; not-
ing so succeeds like intense industry.

Eggs get quite scarce in this market
frequently, at the present time. As
they are retailing three dozen for a
quarter, the country people seem to
be consuming largely of them them-
selves.

It is very inconvenient for our natty
cyclers to tumble off their bikes and
injure either of their arms, because it
is more frequently the one they have
the most use for when they visit their
best girls.

Put your whole "soul" in good work
but when you go to Spencer's for low-
cut shoes (good work), sold at low-cut
prices, don't try to put a No. 8 "sole"
in a No. 5 shoe—it won't work. He
will fit you.

Z. H. Clardy & Son's nice building
and is highly appreciated by the bo-
vine stock which take a shower bath
there every night, when they can. If
not driven off, they would run a regu-
lar sand storm every day.

It is nip-and-tuck now which can
back the easiest, quickest and hard-
est, and does it the most, the Odd
Fellow lodge goats about town or the
bikes. Both of them are evidently
erected on the hairtrigger principle.

Dr. Parker has discovered the for-
mula for a small powder which when
taken regularly according to instruc-
tions absolutely prevents the patient
from telling an untruth. He is sell-
ing a large quantity of them, presu-
mably to politicians.

There are some very sociable cows
in town. Without holding back on the
chilly reserve and pride of ances-
tral dignity, they come right in if you
leave the gate open. And they are so
passionately fond of flowers, they take
some varieties internally.

Our merchants do not regard their
customers as kleptomaniacs but still
they keep their eyes on everybody who
goes near the eggs, they are so scarce
sometimes now. At night the gold
and silver is stored in the nail kegs
and the eggs are put in the safe.

The merchants who do not adver-
tise in the right paper have to be on
the qui vive all the time to keep the
spiders from stretching their webs
across the doorway, and the mud-
daubers from building their nests
among the fabrics on the shelves.

J. W. Bolin and daughter Miss Sal-
lie, of Wilsonville, spent Monday in
the city. Mr. Bolin informed us that
he had just completed a trade with
J. H. Page for about 800 acres of fine
pine timber, and intended this fall to
make things hum in the saw mill line.

A young lady inquired: "How is it,
Mr. Ell, your cocktie is always tied
perfect?" He replied: "Because,
when I tie it, I put my whole soul in
the operation." That is exactly the
principle on which the democrats
must work during the present cam-
paign.

A merchant who don't believe in
advertising went to sell a pair of bro-
gans, this week, to an unsophisticated
country customer who had wandered
in there inadvertently, and found the
mud-daubers had built their nests in
all the lines of shoes he has on the
shelf.

Persons sending long obituaries for
publication will please remember we
are constrained to accept the metallic
part of our reward in this world, be-
cause we may not have the book or
bills along with us in the next; and
the exact amount due might slip our
memory.

The assassination of bugs in the
gardens is quite a lively industry now.
Everything is availed of, from stu-
pendous clubs to the most virulent
poison. Kind hearted people lay
awake at nights thinking how they
can continue the most effectively their
murders next day.

Col. Gordon DuBose, the eminent
handler of metallic standard here,
made a hasty and sudden examination
of the rich ground in front of Spen-
cers' conservatory of groceries, etc.,
on Thursday last, alighting rapidly
from a bike for that purpose, and says
he found no gold there except his
watch.

"All things come to those who wait."
Well, we have waited patiently "ol
these many years" without a murmur,
and at last the promised reward is in
sight. Our antiquated old barn of a
depot used by the Southern is to be
remodeled, painted and put in splen-
did trim. Thanks, gentlemen, thanks
awfully.

Prof. Greek is perfecting the pro-
gram for the term closing exercises
of the public school. Therefore the
children are deeply interested in the
work before them, and no doubt will
show up in June very creditably, as
the principal is not only a good drill-
master but also a thorough imparter
of instruction.

The cows are not in rags but it looks
as though the rags will soon be in all
the cows. They are eating ragweed
which imparts such an unpleasant
taste to their milk. The Latin name
for this weed is ambrosia artemisia-
folia. It takes a wonderful stretch of
taste to find anything ambrosial in
the milk when the cows eat the weed.

Very Un-"lady"-like Conduct.

Dacey and Lizzie McMichael, Welch,
Anna, Nancy and French Lindsey,
all colored, had a differentiation of
opinion while near the Southern depot
last Sunday afternoon. They gave a
fine exhibition of calisthenics and a
went through an extensive line of
acrobatic feats, such as throwing the
brick, welding the club, etc. At this
juncture their voices were 210° in the
shade, on a rising market. As a diver-
sion they rolled down the bank cy-
clically. This part of the show was a
regular twister. Field Marshal
Cromwell now swooped down upon
them, on the double quick, and sur-
rounded and scooped the whole men-
agerie. The city not yet having
erected a castle for the entertainment
of violators of moral and statute law,
they were released on their own recog-
nizance. The following day they all
solemnly filed into the circuit court
room and lined up before his honor,
Mayor Brown, who bestowed upon
them his customary tender look.
He listened to all the testimony at-
tensively and then handed down the
decision of the court that Lady Mc-
Michael and the French Lady Lin-
dsey could have the distinguished
privilege of contributing each two dol-
lars and fifty cents and costs towards
sustaining the city government. The
invited not having their check-books
with them, gave security that the
required amounts would be paid pro
forma in due time. The supplement-
ary trial "hereafter" will be for vi-
olation of the commandment: "Remem-
ber the Sabbath day and keep it
holy."

Amicus Curiae.

[Official and Confidential.]

PART I—IN CHAMBERS.
Barristers W. B. Brown, J. T. Leeper,
W. F. Thetford and Bob Beavers
presented a pitiful sight a few days
ago. They had all been fishing and
consumed so much piscatorial proven-
der the bones worked out through the
skin, preventing them from removing
their shirts for several days.

PART II—COMMON LAW DIVISION.

When they went fishing they took
with them all the paraphernalia for a
great piscatorial outing, including the
usual (prob)ait. They also carried
with them an elegantly bound volume
of the Revised Statutes, for edifying
reading on Sunday. The concordance
was placed in the custody of the most
discreet member of the party, with
instructions not to let any of it evap-
orate, after he had duly qualified and
given bond. Merchant H. Fox, who
had been regularly subpoenaed at the
proper time but who had been un-
avoidably detained by an attachment
for business, arrived Sunday and pro-
ceeded to worship with them at once.
He found the whole party had become
as humble as doves, and strictly con-
trite, under the edifying moral in-
struction of Rev. Dr. Bragg. The
Doctor said many sharp things to
those who were squatted under his
preaching, but as they did not go into
the heads of his congregation but
glanced off taking some of the hair
with them, he was forced to desist on
the forty-third or he would have had
to dismiss them baldheaded. He
believes he could have produced a
deeper impression if he had brought
his trepanning instrument with him.

Mistake in the Right Direction.

A singular case of malpractice oc-
curred here this week, but it is not
likely the would-be doctor will be
prosecuted for attempting to practice
medicine without a license. A gen-
tleman who is in the habit of receiv-
ing a large mail daily got with his
letters a small package which attract-
ed his attention and to see if it was a
dynamite bomb and would blow up
himself and all his neighbors he opened
it at once. As soon as he removed
the wrapper he came upon a small
circular headed "Instantaneous Head-
ache Cure." Having a friend down
with a severe pain in his head, caused
by a disordered stomach, he went to
him, told what he had and adminis-
tered a double dose, right then and
there, with the utmost professional
decorum and profundity. He then
returned to read his letters, one of
which told him the package contained
an anti-fet preparation, sent out as
an advertisement. Also that the es-
tablishment is prepared to furnish a
headache cure of superior effect, and
advised him to read the circular
wrapped around the package. His
friend is probably one of the thinnest
living skeletons in town, so he rushed
back to him to explain his mistake.
But judge of his surprise when he
found the patient, who had been
almost dying, the night before and
the greater part of that day, up, well
and at work! What cured him, the
medicine or imagination? The diag-
nosis is the anti-fet preparation neu-
tralized in the stomach what was in-
cidentally or sympathetically causing
pain at the head.

A million thanks are due the grand
orchestra for the delightful serenades
they favor the office with so frequently.
Their rendition of "Home Sweet
Home," at the bewitching hour of
midnight, is extremely pathetic and
seems to have the desired effect on
everybody else except the musicians.
However, it is understood their fa-
vorite oratorio is: "We Won't Go Home
Till Mornin'."

It is said that quicksilver, blended
in the white of eggs, and applied ten-
derly by some motherly person, where
bedbugs most do congregate, will so
discourage them, render them so des-
pondent and so disconsolate, they will
either pack up their grips and skip,
without the formality of saying good-
by, or else turn up their little feet
and die.

Free! ABSOLUTELY FREE!

SPENCER, the merchant, has hit
it! It is an opportunity for EVERY-
BODY to get FREE one of the
latest musical instruments out,
"THE REGINA." It plays hun-
dreds of popular airs. The value
of the instrument is \$67. Two
thousand checks have been print-
ed. One goes with every \$1 pur-
chase for CASH ONLY; \$2 purchase,
two checks, and so up, 1 check
with each \$1 increase. When the
1,000 checks are all out, the person
holding the most checks, gets the
instrument. The object is to ad-
vertise an elegant line of JEWELRY
and a complete stock of General
Merchandise.

Call for Meeting of County Committee.

The Democratic Executive Commit-
tee of Shelby county is hereby called
to meet at Columbiana on Friday,
May 29, 1896. Business of importance
is to be transacted and the attendance
of every member is desired.

T. J. MARTIN, Chairman.
J. R. WHITE, Sec'y.

The following constitute the com- mittee:

- Beat 1. J. R. White, J. P. McLane, W. H. Bell.
- Beat 2. T. V. Davis, J. N. Carden, C. C. Carden.
- Beat 3. N. A. Graham, W. D. Huggins, S. H. Gist.
- Beat 4. C. N. Pritchard, W. S. Cary, F. W. Gist.
- Beat 5. John Harmon, James Doss, J. M. Waddell.
- Beat 6. J. M. Powers, J. F. Ruffin, R. J. Griffin.
- Beat 7. C. L. O'Neal, R. H. Walker, J. H. Nelson.
- Beat 8. E. S. Martin, G. J. Rogan, W. A. Weldon.
- Beat 9. J. H. Weldon, W. E. Riddle, J. P. Pope.
- Beat 10. T. J. Martin, G. W. Thompson, D. W. Kidd.
- Beat 11. J. E. Adams, G. W. Cosper, J. S. Walton.
- Beat 12. N. H. Cross, Earl Cross, Sam Dunaway.
- Beat 13. J. H. Lee, C. A. Bass, W. N. Lee.
- Beat 14. W. H. Collins, J. M. Babb, P. L. Holcomb.
- Beat 15. T. H. Baxley, R. F. Falkner, R. M. Hollis.
- Beat 16. E. P. Chandler, C. F. Elliott, J. J. Burkes.
- Beat 17. L. L. Padgett, W. H. Dennis, C. L. Whitmore.

Tale of a Tail.

The populite commission on street
discussion of public affairs, were hold-
ing a seance this week, in front of
their headquarters, to ascertain if
George Washington would give them
a testimonial, when one of their num-
ber, chairman of the committee on
good advice, reported as follows:

THE REPORT.

We, your Committee on Good Ad-
vice, would most profoundly report
that as we were meandering this
afternoon our attention and admira-
tion was attracted to a Presbyterian
bovine grazing placidly on the succu-
lent grass within the inclosure in
front of the Baptist church. The
flies were all about her tickling her
hide vigorously, but she paid no at-
tention to them; she went right on
eating the grass and switchin' her tail
—switchin' her tail.

And now your committee, after pro-
tracted meditation, would most ar-
dently recommend that all pops fol-
low the example of that good old cow
and when the infernal democrats and
boisterous straightout - republicans
gather round and tickle our political
hide, we refrain from paying any at-
tention to them, but go right along
eating our grits three times a day and
switchin' our tails — switchin' our
tails.

The report was received and adopt-
ed hilariously.

When a mud-dauber comes into your
house, it is not on a social visit; he is
on a tour of inspection. If he likes
the location, he goes back and has an
interview with his wife and they re-
turn and commence homesteading to
provide for a family. In a few days
you will see a mud castle erected, on
the antique style of architecture, and
probably by that time you will find
that the couple have communicated
with all their uncles, aunts and coun-
sins, and that the whole caboodle of
them have decided to move in and lay
the foundation for a great colony.
They never file on their claims or
prove up.

The mistake of giving an anti-fet
preparation for headache cure here
this week, fortunately panned out dif-
ferently from another mistake made
at sea. The captain of the vessel had
a medicine chest, connected with
which there was a book of instructions.
One of his sailors got choic. The
book said "Give him No. 6," a form of
Thompsonian medicine. The doctor-
captain found No. 6 was out but he
put up one-third of No. 2 and two-
thirds of No. 4, and administered it.
The next day the sailor was buried in
the usual manner.

Beat Registrar Harrell informed us
that up to the hour of going to press
511 voters in beat one had qualified
themselves to vote by registering.
The total registration last time was
558 and 12 registered on election day,
making a total of 568 for this beat.
So it seems there are still 57 voters
who have so far voluntarily disfran-
chised themselves. Surely they will
all register before the time is out—
next Saturday.

Knights of the Maccabees.

The State Commander writes us from
Lincoln, Neb., as follows: "After trying
other medicines for what seemed to be a
very obstinate cough in our two children
we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and at
the end of two days the cough entirely left
them. We will not be without it hereafter,
as our experience proves that it cures where
all other remedies fail."—Signed F. W. El-
evans, State Com. Why not give this great
medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and trial
bottles are free at Parker & Armstrong's
drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in
Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying
their own business. To prove this fact we have
put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock
consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES,

Silks,
Satins,
Chally,
Dimities,
Henriettas,
Nuns Veiling,
and Lawns,

And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress
Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of
them straight from Ireland, and will give our cus-
tomers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnish- ings We're Headquarters as Usual.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS Our stock is com-
plete. We send
samples of Dress Goods on application, and will
pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00.

Wishing every body success, we beg to remain,
Yours Respectfully,

THE RACKET STORE,

SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.
J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Propr's.

THE FIRE IN TOWN.

Just as we had gone to press this
(Wednesday) afternoon, to get off the
early mail (the paper being dated to-
morrow, 21st) fire broke out in Amos
Elliott's lively stable, adjoining
which was B. L. Moore's barn, and the
fire alarm was loudly sounded at once.
As a matter of course it created in-
tense excitement, as the fire was right
in the heart of the city, but fortunately
with considerable space about it; and
still more fortunately there was not a
high wind prevailing. Most of the
stores were closed and everybody went
off to assist, doing whatever they could
at the fire. At one time Mason's
furniture store, filled with furniture,
was greatly endangered; and the heat
became so intense at one time that
the safety and other windows had all
to be closed in the Bank Building,
where the Chronicle office is located.
The flames rose high, but notwith-
standing all the efforts of the citi-
zens who did good and rapid work,
the lively stable building and the
barn were eventually totally de-
stroyed.
The lively building was the property
of J. W. Johnson. Loss \$500; no
insurance.
A. M. Elliott, proprietor of the liv-
erly stable, saved all of his horses, har-
ness, buggies, etc. His only loss was
700 pounds of hay and 15 bushels of
corn. B. L. Moore lost a large barn,
size 36x60, worth \$500; about 200 bush-
els of corn; about 4,000 pounds of fod-
der, and 15 bushels each of peas and
cotton seed. No insurance.
A. W. Strickland's house was saved
after a vigorous fight, but was dam-
aged at least \$125. The household ef-
fects were slightly damaged in the
hasty removal.
Cause of fire unknown.
The above hurried account may pos-
sibly contain inaccuracies, but it is
as near correct as we could get at this
time. One fact, however, we can give
of which we are positive, and that is
that Columbiana has a valiant army
of fire fighters, who never fail to do
effective work. But for heroic labor
A. W. Strickland's residence, and all
that part of town would now be in
ashes.

Scientific American
Agency for
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS,
DESIGN PATENTS,
COPYRIGHTS, etc.
For information and free Handbook write to
MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.
Oldest Bureau for securing patents in America.
Every patent taken out by us is brought before
the public by a notice given free of charge in the
Scientific American
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the
world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligence
man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a
year, \$1.20 a month. Address, MUNN & CO.,
Publishers, 361 Broadway, New York City.

Estray Notice.

Notice is hereby given that W. D. Seligles, of
Bamford, Ala., did take up an estray on or
about April 8, 1896, one gray horse, about
ten years old, blind in one eye, and five feet,
and two cows high; that the appraised value of
said horse was \$75.00, and that the proceedings
were had before W. H. Sturdivant, Esq., Jus-
tice of the peace, Bamford, Shelby county, Ala.
Given under my hand at office in Colum-
biana, Ala., this April 15, 1896.
D. R. McMillan,
Judge of Probate.

Notice of Application to Sell Real Estate

PROBATE COURT, MAY 11, 1896.
THE STATE OF ALABAMA,)
Shelby County.)
Estate of W. L. Dickerson, deceased.)
This day came Sarah B. Hall and W. T.)
Hall, administrators, with the will annexed)
of said estate, and filed their application in)
due form and under oath, praying for an)
order of sale of certain lands described)
therein and belonging to said estate, for the)
purpose of division, upon the ground that)
said estate cannot be equitably divided without a)
sale thereof.)
It is ordered that the 22nd day of June, 1896)
be appointed a day for hearing such applica-)
tion, at which time all parties in interest can)
appear and contest the same, if they think)
proper.)
D. R. McMillan,
Judge of Probate.

That Tired Feeling!

Nobody is particularly anx-
ious to spend their money. Ev-
erybody has to. Your wants
must be satisfied and it takes
money to do it. A person is not
apt to look cheerful over the
prospect of spending money.
Lots of buying is done with a
long face. The selling man
offer a change for the better.

You Feel Relieved—

The minute you see our Grand
Stock of New and Popular Goods
it looks fresh and desirable. The
first glance shows you that you
are on the right track. No mis-
take about this being a modern
up-to-date line of goods. You
wake up to the fact that you
have got into the right store.

The Feeling Grows—

When you commence to go
into details, you feel as if the
goods were bought on purpose
for you. No trouble to make a
satisfactory selection. It gets
down to a question which is the
most satisfactory.

Trouble is Forgotten

When you learn our prices,
they are always at the low-
water mark. We don't give
goods away—we can't. We can
sell goods very low—we do. This
is a fact. We might brag about
it, but what's the use—a word to
the wise is sufficient. It's as
true as truth that we sell goods
cheap—we prove it.

Happiness is Supreme

When you get just what you
want at less than you expected
to pay—we are treating you
customer to this kind of a surprise
every day. We sell you a good
article and let you off cheap.
You will find our selections
choice, our goods reliable, and
prices satisfactory. A fair deal
makes the buyer happy—we
gladly. To spend money and be
happy at the same time go to

S. STARK.

Shelby, Ala.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the
books of the assessment of real and
personal property of poll taxes have
this day been filed in my office by
the tax assessor, and that the same shall
be open to inspection, for the ascer-
tainment of any errors in assessments
and for taking memoranda thereof by
tax-payers, until the first Monday in
June, 1896.

This May 1, 1896.
D. R. McMillan,
Judge of Probate.

Administrators Notice

Estate of H. A. Smith, Deceased.
Probate Court.
Letters of administration, with will an-
nexed, of said deceased, have been granted
to the undersigned on the 7th day of March,
1896, by the Hon. D. R. McMillan, Judge of the
Probate court of Shelby county, notice is
hereby given that all persons having claims
against said estate, are hereby required to
present the same within the time allowed by
law, or the same will be barred.
apr 26
C. W. O'HARA, Adm'r.

Boils

It is often difficult to convince people that their blood is impure, until dreadful carbuncles, abscesses, boils, scrofula or salt rheum, are painful proof of the fact. It is wisdom now, or when ever there is any indication of

Impure

blood, to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and prevent such eruptions and suffering. "I had a dreadful carbuncle abscess, red, fiery, fierce and sore. The doctor attended me over seven weeks. When the abscess broke, the pains were terrible, and I thought I should not live through it. I heard and read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I decided to take it, and my husband, who was suffering with boils, took it also. It soon purified our

Blood

built me up and restored my health so that, although the doctor said I would not be able to work hard, I have since done the work for 20 people. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured my husband of the boils, and we regard it a wonderful medicine." Mrs. A. J. PETERSON, Latimer, Kansas.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. Hood's Pills cure liver ills easily to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.



SUFFERING IN SILENCE.

Women are the real heroes of the world. Thousands on thousands of them endure the dragging torture of the peculiar to womanhood in the silence of home. They suffer on and on—weeks, months, years. The story of weakness and torture is written in the drawn features, in the sallow skin, in the listless eyes, in the lines of care and worry on the face.

Inborn modesty seals their lips. They prefer pain to humiliation. Custom has made them believe the only hope of relief lies in the exposure of examination and "local treatment."

Take ten cases of "female weakness" and in nine of them "local treatment" is unnecessary. There is no reason why modest, sensitive women should submit to it. **MCCLELLAN'S WINE OF CARDUI**

Is a vegetable wine. It exerts a wonderfully healing, strengthening and soothing influence on the organs of womanhood. It invigorates and stimulates the whole system. It is almost infallible in curing the peculiar weaknesses, irregularities and painful derangements of woman. Year after year, in the privacy of home—away from the eyes of everybody—it effects a cure.

WINE OF CARDUI is sold for \$1.00 a bottle. Dealers in medicine sell it. Five bottles usually cure the worst cases.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humors). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause sourness, feelings at first. No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

Marvel Grows!

SPREAD THE GLAD NEWS OUR COUNTRY OVER. WONDERFUL CURE, MONEY REFUND WHERE WE FAIL TO CURE.

Pain in Heart, Shoulders and Arms. I tried first bottle of Dr. O. A. Carlstedt's German Liver Syrup one year ago and waited to see results before writing you. I honestly believe it saved my life. L. E. SARGENT, Greenville, S. C.

Chronic Headache, Nervousness. I was a sufferer from chronic nervous headaches and sleeplessness. I tried doctors in vain; finally took Dr. O. A. Carlstedt's German Liver Syrup and firmly believe it saved my life. MISS PEARL CAMPBELL, Englewood, Ill.

50c and \$1.00 bottles. 6 bottles of either size for the price of 5 sent on receipt of price, freight paid. THE CARLSTEDT MEDICINE CO., EVANSVILLE, IND.

A SHINING EXAMPLE of what may be accomplished by never varying devotion to a single purpose is seen in the history of the McCormick Harvesting Machine Co., Chicago. For 65 years they have simply been building grain and grass-cutting machinery, and while there are probably forty manufacturers in this line, it is safe to say that the McCormick Company builds one-third of all the binders, reapers and mowers used throughout the entire world.

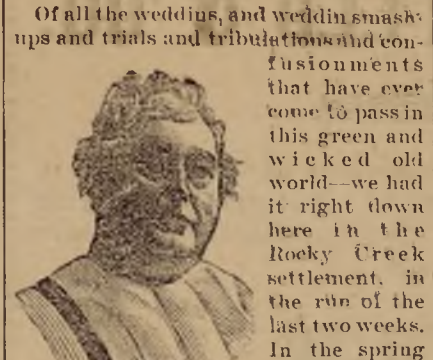
You are bound to succeed in making HIRE'S Rootbeer if you follow the simple directions. Easy to make, delightful to take.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. 25c per glass makes 10 glasses. Sold every where.

FROM THE FORKS.

Wedding Stories from the "Confluence of the Streams."

Parson of Red Level Church Ties Up the Wrong Couple. Consequently There Were Two Weddings Instead of One—A Wedding Smashup.



Of all the weddings, and wedding smashups and trials and tribulations and confusions that have ever come to pass in this green and wicked old world—we had it right down here in the Rocky Creek settlement, in the run of the last two weeks. In the spring is the right and proper time, it rales seems to me, for young people to fall in love and go courtin' and git married and settle down to business. But yet still at the same time when the sap is up and the freshets fall and the creek slops over, there is trouble in the land and weepin' and wailin' in the lowgrounds of sorrow.

Tied the Wrong Knot. In the beginnin' the Reverent Josh Hanson got so bad rattled over at Red Level church one night, and made such a tremendous big break till bless gracious, he tied the wrong knot and mated off the wrong pair.

The news had went out that Rams Milligan and Miss Tempie Murdock had come to the conclusion that life would be a whole lot more brighter and happier with them if they would sail in and mix clothes for better or for worse, till death do them part. The show was set for Friday night at candle light, and most everybody in the settlement for miles around turned out and went over to Red Level church to see the sight, and hear the fatal words spoke. In the main time Bud Newton had agreed to play as best man for the concern, and Miss Mandy Singleton she had made engagements to stand up with him whilst the preacher tied the knot for Rams and Miss Tempie.

Now then, as to old Parson Hanson—well, the good Lord never pumped the breath of mortal life into a better man than him. But old man Josh is knockin' along into the vale of years and tears considerable, and in regards to eyesight he is rather dim and doubtful. And what is worse and more of it, he is jest naturally as nervous and skittish as a right young girl. So consequently he went to work years ago and fixed up his little wedding speech and got it by heart, and he don't have to do any readin' in orderment to tie the knot, and tie it so it will hold through thick and thin, henceforward and forever.

The church was crowded to standin' room only that night. Bless gracious, the people were jammed and pack in there so regular and so thick till I couldn't stirred em with a red-hot poker. They come by twos and in droves, in wagons, on horseback and afoot—which, you understand, the weather was pleasant and the moon was full and bright, and it seems like everybody thought it was a bully time of year for weddings.

At any rates—in the general hum and push and stir and excitement—old Parson Hanson lost his nerve and went rattled and got things all mixed and muddled up to a terrible extent. And finally at last when the time come to proceed with the proceedings blamed if he didn't pitch in, "sight unseen," as it were, and marry the wrong couple. Old man Bunk Weatherford was there and he riz up in the crowd and tried to stop the parson and switch him around on the right track. But the parson he was goin' it blind, in such a wild swish and swivel to get the dread off and the agony over, till it seems like nothin' could stop him till he was everlastingly too late. Then Bud Newton and Miss Mandy Singleton stood forth as man and wife, with all that tremendous big crowd for witnesses, whilst Rams Milligan and Miss Tempie Murdock looked like they had been sent for and couldn't come across. Old Miss Singleton—the mother of Miss Mandy Singleton, as she had been, but Miss Bud Newton as she now was—screamed and fainted on the spot. Rams and Miss Tempie turned white and red by fits and starts. Miss Mandy she cried a little around the edges, and when the old parson found out what a scandalous big mess he had made—unbeknownance to himself, as it were—he broke out in a cold sweat and wound up with a buckager.

The Storm Blowed Over.

It would seem like everybody got rattled and went to pieces that night—everybody exceptin' Bud Newton. The family records will show that Bud was born in the dead of winter. He was born cool. The higher the storm rises the cooler you will find Bud Newton. He takes things as they come and go, and jest naturally, "don't give a darn."

When it come Bud's time to give in his opinions in regards to what had happened to his loved he "didn't give a darn." He didn't go over there that night to git married and he never did ask Miss Mandy to have him, but if the game had to stand where it was and "the gal was willin'," it didn't make a continental darn bit of difference with him.

The parson said he was mighty sorry that he made the bad break, but the knot was then tied hard and fast and nothin' but death or the chancery court could cut it in two. He couldn't spile out and start over, but he could proceed with the proceedings, tie another knot and make Rams and Miss Tempie man and wife if they was still in the notion. Naturally of course Rams and Miss Tempie was still in the notion, and the parson then put in and spoke his little cut-and-dried piece to them, which made two souls happy and two hearts glad.

By this time Miss Mandy she was likewise also willin'. She had wept and went on at the thoughts of gettin' hooked up in double harness with Bud Newton when she went lookin' as it were, but she couldn't help it now and—well, she was willin'.

But the storm which it was high and furious at Red Level that Friday night—blowed over. Two weddings come to pass instid of one—four people got mated off for life instid of two. Everything that goes up must come down. The good old parson finally recovered. Rams and Miss Tempie come across at last. Miss Mandy she was willin', Bud Newton he jest naturally didn't "give a darn," and everybody went home happy. The sun shines, the

birds sing, the flowers bloom, and the vain old world wags on in her usual way.

The Bridegroom Came Up Missing.

Now in them days it also come to pass—in less time than a week after the storm at Red Level church—that they had the most goneyest wedding smashup and scandalation ever heard tell of or read about, I do reckon.

The news had been goin' about for a long time to the general extent that Tim Logan and Miss Babe Skinner would soon fine their right hands and work out the sum wherein you add two together and it don't make but one.

If people in general thought as much of such as they do of horses—if they would put up a large reward for the best man at the best stall fair, I would enter Tim Logan for first money and hand the pile as smooth and easy as pickin' it up in the big road. Tim stands six feet two inches in his socks and pulls up the beam at 180 pounds, risin' weight! But, at the same time, he is straight and round and smooth as the butt cut from a hickory tree. His hair is black and curly, his eyes are blue and bright and his skin as white as milk. To anybody that don't know Tim Logan it is a thousand wonders that he didn't git married long ago. But to them that know him the wherefores and the whences thereof stands out as plain as a painted horse.

He is the weakest and most worryest man I have ever saw in regards to girls and women. He never could stand the very shadow of any livin' female human thing. From general apperintments and what little I have picked up around amongst the neighbors, it would seem like the wedding match which had been worked up between Tim Logan and Miss Babe went on as nice and smooth as battercakes and molasses up to the very last pluck of time, and then bless the heavens if the mainest man didn't come up missin'. The news was first bringin' me on the lips of a white man by the name of Lucas—Andy Lucas—and I can tell you to me it was give unto me.

"What makes the smashup so infernal hard and hurtin' on you, you understand, Rufe," says Andy, "I had put my own finger right tolerable deep into the wedding pie. I had went in like the blasted idiot, which I am, and worked things up to the stickin' point, as I thought, between Tim and Miss Babe."

"Now as you know, Rufe, whilst I do love to see the earth multiply and replenish, for a common thing I don't bring in any precious thing to speak of to bring on wedding matches for other people. But I knowed and everybody knowed that Tim was dead gone, heels over appetite in love with Miss Babe. He never had told her so, he never had told me so and he never had told anybody so. Hit was also plain as daylight that Miss Babe had some tender spring like feelins' for Tim. If Miss Mandy Singleton was willin' over at Red Level the other night, you understand, Rufe, Miss Babe was more than willin'. So I went to work and got up two or three picknicks and moonlight parties and let down the fences between Tim and Miss Babe, as it were, and then by doin' a whole lot of the courtin' myself I got things to swingin' right."

But the Hamstring Broke.

"We didn't go in for no stavin' big church wedding, with music and flowers and fancy trimmings," Andy went on. "I knowed blame well that Tim couldn't stand anything like that, and I didn't want him to pull on the bits right at the start. So we fixed it up to have a quiet little family weddin', with nobody there but me and the preacher and a few of the kinnery on both sides. And then thinks I to myself if the hamstringin' and the breechin' don't fly up there will be lappy times and plenty of good pickin' at the Skinner place when that weddin' day comes."

"So after supper last night I mounted my horse and rid on over to the Skinner place to shove up the chunks and see the thing well done. Everything was ready and waitin'. Miss Babe she was dressed out of sight and lookin' so fresh and sweet till by gattins it made my mouth water to look at her. Presently the preacher rid up and come in, and then everybody was there but the mainest man. Tim Logan come up missin'. We waited and waited till it want no use to wait. Miss Babe she cried, the preacher led in prayer, and I got so founch mad till I went out on the back porch and held a private cussin' match all alone with myself."

"Finally at last I couldn't stand it no longer. I then got on my horse and rode over across the creek to see what in the thunderations had went with the mainest man. I felt so creese fallen and furious till if I had met Tim Logan in the road that night I have no doubts but what a second-class funeral would be goin' on right now. But when I got to the Logan place and dismounted and went in Tim he was piled up in bed shakin' and tremblin' from head to foot, with his eyes bulged out till dauburned if you couldn't of took a stick and raked em off. Skeered? Man, sir, he was skeered in an inch of his life, and sweatin' great drops of cold perspiration as big as your fist."

"At first I put right in to give Tim my private opinions in rale strong United States language, but when I spoke the words 'Miss Babe' and 'weddin' he jumped under the cover, and blamed if it didn't look like he would shake the house down and die with the spasms. To start with I had some hopes that I might maybe rally him around the old flag once more, but he was all pluperfect vanity. Rufe, he jest naturally couldn't come to the scratch."

"Tim Logan never will live to git married, and if he does it will kill him. As to Miss Babe, I reckon the right man will come along some of these days, and I do hope she will be happy henceforward and forevermore. But in the main time, Rufe, there is one man in the settlement that has forever retired from the weddin' business, you understand, and his full name is Andy Jackson Lucas."

Rufe's Sanders.

Misfortunes and Crime.

"Ah! that was a sad case."

"What?"

"Why, poor Billings got in a tight place and defaulted for nearly \$200,000."

Very sad, very sad. I wonder if they won't be able to compromise the case in some way."

"By the way, what was done with that fellow who stole a bucket of coal from your woodshed?"

"Oh! the infernal thief went to the penitentiary. I prosecuted the case right up to the end. The scoundrel has no sympathy with thieves."—Chicago Post.

FOREIGN GOSSIP.

—A Bengali artist of Calcutta has prepared a map of the world according to the length and breadth of the land. No branch of the Association has garnered more plentiful harvests however than the Railroad Branch. The good influences that have surrounded and good examples that have been set the employees of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway by the Y. M. C. A. workers have done wonders in improving the morals of the men.

The thousands of delegates, members and friends of the Christian Endeavor Society who will go over the Chesapeake and Ohio road next July en route to Washington to attend the National Meeting will have ample opportunity to study the practical workings of the Railroad Branch of the Y. M. C. A. at Cincinnati, Covington, Ky., Hamilton, W. Va., and at Clifton Forge and Gladstone, Virginia.

Back about the year 1881 or 1882, the employees of the C. & O. were furnished with a reading room and sitting room at Hinton, W. Va., by the Company. The quarters were comfortable, there were good fires ready for the men to warm by, and an abundance of newspapers and magazines were always to be found as well as numerous games such as checkers, chess and dominoes.

Previous to the opening of these rooms by the Company when the train men came in for a run or had to lay over at Hinton they went to the saloons because there was no place else where they could go and have the advantages of heat for warmth and light by which to read the papers. This was particularly true in winter time, when the trains were added to a small monthly fee was charged the men which they cheerfully contributed.

When M. E. Jugals took charge of the Chesapeake & Ohio road as president he encouraged the work of the Y. M. C. A. in every possible way and in behalf of the Chesapeake & Ohio Company guaranteed to the Y. M. C. A. any deficit that might arise from the expenses of keeping up the rooms at Hinton, or those that might be established elsewhere along the line. Sleeping rooms were added to the building at Hinton, and the Company erected or furnished quarters at Cincinnati, Covington, Ky., Hamilton, W. Va., and Clifton Forge and Gladstone, Va. The quarters were all made as attractive as possible for the men. They were kept in the best possible condition, and the Company has been very successful in its work.

The train men no longer frequent the saloons, they are always in the best possible mental and physical condition and prepared to discharge their duties in so prompt and efficient a manner that passengers traveling over the C. & O. are sure to receive the best possible care and attention and are as safe as at home.

QUEER WEDDING.

A Woman Forced to Wed Before She Was Allowed to Leave the State.

A wedding of the most remarkable nature occurred on board the steamship Australia in the course of her recent trip to Australia. The bride was Miss Vira King, a native of the Hawaiian Islands, and the groom was Tom Cottrell, a colored carpenter of Honolulu. The former has been in this country for some months, traveling about making her living as a dancer in music halls on the Pacific coast, while the man was in this country on pleasure bent. He worked as ship's carpenter on board the Australia in return for his passage. The pair had not met each other when the ship arrived at Honolulu.

When the young woman attempted to land the surveyor of the port recognized her and vigorously objected. It seems she had in years gone by served three months in the Hawaiian prison for engaging in a row with some friends at a picnic, and under the laws of the islands she was regarded as an "objectionable character." Once having left the islands she was not to be allowed to return. Vira's friends began to work in her behalf, and it was discovered that the law could not separate man and wife, so it was agreed, if possible, to have her married at once. A volunteer in the person of Tom Cottrell, the colored carpenter, was found. The groom was obliged to work all day, and when he quit was not given a chance to prepare for the wedding. He was hustled down to the wharf in his shirt sleeves.

The galley was the scene of the ceremony, and a native minister; made Vira King Mrs. Tom Cottrell. The crew looked upon the ceremony as a huge sport, and when it was over gave three cheers that aroused the city. They simply showered the couple with rice. The wife dressed in the height of fashion, led the way down the plank, followed by her ill-attired husband. At the bottom of the plank Mrs. Cottrell turned to say something, but as she opened her mouth a leaden disk, with a well-directed throw, filled it with rice. She had closed the mouths of the officers who protested against her landing, however, and was happy.—Detroit Free Press.

Found the Cap of the Sphinx.

There is no end to the "finds" in Egypt. It has hitherto always been believed that as much was known about the sphinx as could be known; but now Col. Roum, an American, by digging around the base, has brought some very curious facts to light. At the back of the figure was found a shaft 25 feet deep, with two passages running out of it at the bottom. More important was the discovery of the long-lost cap of the sphinx, which was found 15 feet below the surface of the little temple or shrine between the paws. The cap is painted red and is adorned with the three lotus columns and the serpent. As the hole in the top of the head of the sphinx into which the cap was fastened is still undamaged, the cap should be restored to its place. We hope that Col. Roum's next find will be the fragments of the nose, broken off by an Arab iconoclast some 500 years ago. If these could be recovered and the nose restored the sphinx would be "the father of terrors" no longer, and we might see that look of benign calm which delighted the ancient world and made the Greek poet speak of the sphinx as "great Latona's servant, mild and bland."—London Spectator.

Pure Iron Values.

Strange as it may seem, remarks a writer on metalloids, chemically pure iron is of no use to the manufacturer. It being the impurities in iron which make it the most valuable and important of metals. These impurities are metalloids, and of particular interest to the foundryman are such metalloids as carbon, silicon, manganese, sulphur, phosphorus, and a good foundry pig iron should contain from 3.25 to 3.5 per cent. of carbon, from 3 to 3.25 per cent. of silicon and from 5 to 75 per cent. of manganese, though the phosphorus may run as high as 1 per cent., but sulphur not to exceed .05 per cent. The blast furnace that supplies the pig iron to the foundryman is supposed to analyze its iron, and the foundryman, if he carries on his operations according to modern practice, analyzes the iron with reference to carbon, silicon and manganese, and is satisfied to the nature of the metal it is desired to put into the casting.—San Francisco Scientific Press.

A Noble Work.

The Young Men's Christian Association has accomplished much good throughout the length and breadth of the land. No branch of the Association has garnered more plentiful harvests however than the Railroad Branch. The good influences that have surrounded and good examples that have been set the employees of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway by the Y. M. C. A. workers have done wonders in improving the morals of the men.

The thousands of delegates, members and friends of the Christian Endeavor Society who will go over the Chesapeake and Ohio road next July en route to Washington to attend the National Meeting will have ample opportunity to study the practical workings of the Railroad Branch of the Y. M. C. A. at Cincinnati, Covington, Ky., Hamilton, W. Va., and at Clifton Forge and Gladstone, Virginia.

Back about the year 1881 or 1882, the employees of the C. & O. were furnished with a reading room and sitting room at Hinton, W. Va., by the Company. The quarters were comfortable, there were good fires ready for the men to warm by, and an abundance of newspapers and magazines were always to be found as well as numerous games such as checkers, chess and dominoes.

Previous to the opening of these rooms by the Company when the train men came in for a run or had to lay over at Hinton they went to the saloons because there was no place else where they could go and have the advantages of heat for warmth and light by which to read the papers. This was particularly true in winter time, when the trains were added to a small monthly fee was charged the men which they cheerfully contributed.

When M. E. Jugals took charge of the Chesapeake & Ohio road as president he encouraged the work of the Y. M. C. A. in every possible way and in behalf of the Chesapeake & Ohio Company guaranteed to the Y. M. C. A. any deficit that might arise from the expenses of keeping up the rooms at Hinton, or those that might be established elsewhere along the line. Sleeping rooms were added to the building at Hinton, and the Company erected or furnished quarters at Cincinnati, Covington, Ky., Hamilton, W. Va., and Clifton Forge and Gladstone, Va. The quarters were all made as attractive as possible for the men. They were kept in the best possible condition, and the Company has been very successful in its work.

The train men no longer frequent the saloons, they are always in the best possible mental and physical condition and prepared to discharge their duties in so prompt and efficient a manner that passengers traveling over the C. & O. are sure to receive the best possible care and attention and are as safe as at home.

The Chesapeake & Ohio's passenger equipment is the very best to be obtained by the most liberal expenditure of money. The dining car service is known as the best in the world.

The C. & O. passes through a territory not only noted for its beauty of scenery, but rich with historical incidents of two wars: the battlefields of the last one being especially visible. Hot Springs, Natural Bridge, Richmond, Newport News, Charlottesville, Gordonsville, and many other points of beauty and interest are all on the C. & O. line. The regular maintenance of the fast schedule is due to the proficiency and alertness of the trainmen and this is due to a very great extent to the efforts of the Railroad Branch of the Y. M. C. A.

Since the bicycle era envelops us quite, All the universe seems to seek "safety" in flight.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

E. J. CUNNINGHAM & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm. WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

NOT IN RANGE.—"Is anything known of the prisoner or his habits?" Officer—"Nothing, your honor. He lives opposite the police station."—Judy.

The Commissary Department.

Of the human system is the stomach. In consequence of its activity, the body is supplied with elements of bone, brain, nerves and muscular tissue. When indigestion impedes its functions, the best agent for forming a healthy impetus to its operations is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, also a curative for malaria, bilious and kidney complaints, nervousness and constipation.

ARTIST.—"How do you like my new picture?" Friend—"Be assured I shall always esteem you as a man."—Milegande Blaceter.

The Ladies.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Company, printed near the bottom of the package. For sale by all responsible druggists.

These elegant charms, us by its suddenness and its brevity. "Yes, listen to the popping of those corks!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Fires stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Nervous cures. Treatise and \$2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

SLEEP fingers all our lifetime about our ears, as with hovers every day in the bough of the fir tree.—Emerson.

Piso's Cure for Consumption relieves the most obstinate coughs.—REV. D. BUCHMUELLER, Lexington, Mo., Feb. 24, '94.

A THING is never too often repeated which is never sufficiently learned.—Seneca.

HOW MY THROAT HURTS!—Why don't you use Hale's Honey of Horehound and Turb Pile's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

SLANDER is the revenge of a coward and dissimulation his defense.—Johnson.

YELLOWSTONE PARK & COLORADO

Personally Conducted Tours.

The Burlington Route will run five personally conducted tours during the summer to Colorado and Yellowstone Park. The dates are June 25, July 7, July 14, July 21 and July 28. Write for illustrated pamphlet of the Park and book of the tours. L. W. WAKLEY, Gen. Pass. Agt., St. Louis.

"He is good-natured, is he?" "Good-natured! Why, I have known that man to wear a smiling face when he was speaking of taking off a porous plaster!"—Boston Courier.

Summer Homes.

In the Lake regions of Wisconsin, Northern Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa and Dakota, there are hundreds of charming localities preeminently fitted for summer homes. Nearly all are located on or near lakes which have not been fished out. These resorts are easily reached by railway and range in variety from the "full dress for dinner" to the flannel-shirt costume for every meal. Among the list are names familiar to many of our readers as the perfection of Northern summer resorts. Nearly all of the Wisconsin points of interest are within a short distance from Chicago or Milwaukee, and none of them are so far away from the "busy marts of civilization" that they cannot be reached in a few hours of travel, by the Chicago and North Western, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. A description of the principal resorts, with list of summer homes, boarding houses, and rates for board, will be sent free on application to Geo. H. HEARFORD, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

"Papa, why did they call Henry of Navarre the Plumed Knight?" "Because he was a bird, my son."—N. Y. Press.

Rocher winds do shake the darling buds of May.—Shakespeare.

"BIG FOUR"

NEW LINE BETWEEN CINCINNATI, TOLEDO and DETROIT

SOLID TRAINS. FAST TIME. EXCELLENT EQUIPMENT. INAUGURATED MAY 17.

THE SCHEDULE.

Lv. Cincinnati..... 8:00 a. m. 9:15 p. m.

Ar. Toledo..... 3:25 p. m. 8:50 a. m.

Ar. Detroit..... 5:45 p. m. 6:15 a. m.

Through Coaches and Parlor Cars on Day Trains. Through Coaches. Wagner Sleeping Cars Cincinnati to Toledo and Cincinnati to Detroit on Night Trains.

The New Service between Cincinnati, Toledo and Detroit is

AS GOOD AS OUR NEW YORK LINE! AS GOOD AS OUR CHICAGO LINE! AS GOOD AS OUR ST. LOUIS LINE!

Buy your tickets through via "Big Four." For full information call on agents or address

E. O. MCCORMICK, D. B. MARTIN, Pass. Traffic Mgr. Gen'l Pass. & Tkt. Agent.

ROOFING

of All Kinds.

GALEAZED GUTTERS AND RIDGES. MASONRY TILING IRON CO., MEMPHIS, TENN.

OPIMUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. DR. R. N. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

APPLY THIS PAPER every time you write.

When buying sarsaparilla... ASK FOR THE BEST AND YOU'LL GET AYER'S: ASK FOR AYER'S AND YOU'LL GET THE BEST. The remedy with a record:50 years of cures.

It's a Good Thing. Push it Along. **BattleAX PLUG** Why buy a newspaper unless you can profit by the expense? For 5 cents you can get almost as much "BATTLE AX" as you can of other high grade brands for 10 cents. Here's news that will repay you for the cost of your newspaper to-day.

"Contains More Flesh Forming Matter Than Beef." That is

The privileges of the mails were, on the 23d, denied to the Home Art Picture Co. and the Russell Collection agency, of Chicago.

On the 23d ex-United States Senator Wm. A. Wallace died in New York city. Mr. Wallace had been seriously ill for several months.

The Regular Army and Navy union, in session at Washington, installed its new officers, on the 21st, and adjourned to meet next year at Kansas City, Mo.

The senate, without objection, on the 19th, confirmed the nomination of Hon. John C. Tarnsey, of Kansas City, Mo., to be associate justice of the supreme court of Oklahoma.

There was unveiled at Fort Mill, S. C., on the 22d, a monument erected by an ex-slave owner and an ex-confederate soldier in honor of the faithful slaves of the south during the war.

The German reichstag, on the 19th, passed a resolution granting the government a credit of 2,000,000 marks for the purpose of adding 430 men to the military force in German Southwest Africa.

The conference on the river and harbor bill, submitted on the 10th, showed a final agreement on all items but the proposed deepening harbor at Santa Monica, Cal., and the harbor at San Pedro, Cal.

The work of counting the ballots cast in the Sixteenth Illinois district at the last congressional election, which grew out of the recent action of the house in the Rinkler-Downing case, was begun on the 20th.

Failures throughout the United States for the week ended on the 23d, as reported by R. G. Dun & Co., numbered 227, against 207 for the corresponding week last year. In Canada the failures were 23, against 23 last year.

The Methodist Episcopal general conference, in session at Cleveland, O., on the 19th, elected Rev. C. C. (Chaplain) McCabe and Rev. Earl Craunston to the vacant bishoprics, the former on the fifteenth ballot and the latter on the sixteenth.

On the 19th, United States Ambassador Bayard had an important interview at the foreign office in London with Lord Salisbury, which lasted an hour. At its conclusion Mr. Bayard left the foreign office apparently greatly delighted.

The Italian government was advised by Gen. Baldissera, on the 19th, that the Italians who were taken prisoners by the Abyssinians in the province of Tigre had been surrendered by their captors and that Gen. Baldissera considered the campaign ended.

EMPIRE JEVNE, of the Western league, received a letter of dismissal from President Johnson on the 20th. The ground given for his discharge was his decision in the last inning of the Milwaukee-Indianapolis game of the 13th, which was protested by both clubs.

THIRTEEN prominent citizens of Astoria, Ore., were indicted, on the 23d, by the federal grand jury, on the charge of falsely witnessing affidavits declaring that certain Chinese were entitled to admission at that port as merchants who had previously resided in this country.

The action of the senate, on the 20th, in disposing of the district appropriation bill in one day, when it was expected that at least three days would be devoted to its consideration, confirmed the statement persistently made that adjournment will come between June 1 and 10.

Of the entry of the czar and czarina of Russia into Moscow, on the 21st, preparatory to their coronation, it is said: "Probably never in the history of nations has there been such an assemblage of people. Possibly the gorgeous scene may never be repeated in its grand entirety."

The one hundred and eighth general assembly of the Presbyterian church in the United States of America opened its sessions at Saratoga, N. Y., on the 21st, with the usual sermon from the retiring moderator. Nearly 700 commissioners, half ministers and half elders, were in attendance.

CLOSELY following the death-dealing cyclone which spread destruction and mourning throughout northern Texas came others of scarcely less horror in Nebraska and Kansas and many other western, northwestern and southwestern states, in which the aggregate of life and property destroyed is simply appalling.

REV. FRANK G. TYRRELL, pastor of the Central Christian church in St. Louis, and four zealous young members of the congregation, who, like Dr. Tyrrell himself, are bicycle riders, are making arrangements to take a trip on their wheels, during which they will hold religious services in the small towns through which they pass.

DR. BURGESS, United States sanitary inspector at Havana, reported to Surgeon-General Wyman of the marine hospital service, on the 19th, that nearly all the yellow fever in Havana at present is among the soldiers at the military establishment. During the week of his visit 12 new cases of the disease developed among the troops, and five deaths occurred.

TWENTY lithographs of Gov. Charles Warren Lippitt of Rhode Island, accompanied by a biographical sketch and an announcement of his candidacy for vice-president on the republican ticket for 1896, were put in circulation in Washington on the 23d.

VOLUME X.

CURRENT TOPICS.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

LIV. CONGRESS.

(First Session.)

In the senate on the 18th, the resolution for the appointment of a select committee to investigate last year's election in Alabama and report whether a republican form of government exists in that state, was voted down. 41 to 6. House bill to regulate the price of gas in the District of Columbia was amended and passed. In the house, although it was suspended, the resolution for the session was taken up in passing 23 pension bills under unanimous consent. A few bills were passed under suspension of the rules, and time, until 4 o'clock on the 20th, was taken up for the consideration of immigration bills.

In the senate, on the 19th, almost the entire day was devoted to consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation bill, which carries about seven million dollars, one-half to be paid from the treasury and the remainder from taxes collected by the District commissioners. The bill was amended and passed, 55 to 13. In the house much of the session was occupied in consideration of several bills to impose additional restrictions upon immigration, some one of which it is expected will meet the approval of the house. W. C. Owens (dem.) was elected to his seat from the Seventh district of Kentucky, contested by George Denny, Jr. (rep.), Messrs. Steele (rep., Ind.), Cousins (rep., Ia.) and McClellan (dem., N. Y.) were appointee visitors, on the 19th, to the house, to the military academy at West Point.

In the senate, on the 20th, a conference report on the river and harbor bill was presented and an effort made to get immediate action on it. This was resisted, however, and the report went over. The fortifications appropriation bill was further considered and passed. It carries nearly eleven millions of dollars, about five millions more than when it passed the house. In the house the McCall educational bill, together with the Corliss bill, to protect lake cities from Canadian competition, were passed. The annual inspection bill was rejected. An order from the committee on rules setting aside Thursday and Friday (privately) day under the rules for the consideration of bills was reported from the committee on labor was adopted.

In the senate, on the 21st, almost the entire session was occupied in action upon conference reports on various bills still pending final agreement, among them the river and harbor bill, the legislative bill, the Indian appropriation bill and the sundry civil bill. The conference report on the river and harbor bill, Mr. Butler (N. C.) moved that the senate proceed to consideration of his bill prohibiting the issue of government bonds without the consent of congress, but this was prevented by filibustering tactics of Mr. Tilden (N. Y.) and Chandler (N. H.). In the house the bill granting a pension of \$500 a month to Francis Hoover, was passed over the president's veto—190 to 17. Consideration was begun of the Phillips labor bill under a special order. A resolution was agreed to directing the printing of 10,000 copies of the immigration bill passed on the 21st.

In the senate, on the 22d, a spirited debate took place on the bill prohibiting the issue of government bonds without the consent of congress. Mr. Hill led the debate against the measure, which was also denounced by Senators Sherman, Hawley, Lodge and Bacon, while it was advocated by Senators Mills, Teller, Stewart and others. The bill went over for one day. The final conference report on the river and harbor bill was presented and agreed to. In the house the day's session was exhausted by consideration of conference reports on appropriation bills. The partial report on the sundry civil bill was agreed to—190 to 182. The house voted to insist upon its disagreement on the sundry civil appropriations bill. The conference report fixing the pension rate to Brig.-Gen. John P. West, formerly United States senator from Louisiana, was agreed to.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

A WHOLE block of business houses opposite the Smithsonian institution in Washington city was burned, on the 18th, causing a loss of \$200,000. During the progress of the fire the roof of an old building fell in without warning, burying the firemen of No. 8 engine. It was an hour before the flames had sufficiently subsided to permit of a search for the buried firemen. Then two were taken out dead, several fatally hurt, while others were known to be still under the debris and more were missing.

ARCHDUCHE CHARLES LOUIS, of Austria, brother of Emperor Francis Joseph, died in Vienna on the 19th. The announcement of his death created a feeling of sorrow throughout Hungary, where the archduke was very popular.

On the 20th, Howard Chartrand, a farmer, was killed by lightning at Mayfield, Kas. He was leading four horses from the field, and all of them were killed, while the one he was riding was uninjured.

The duke and duchess of Connaught arrived at Moscow from St. Petersburg on the 19th. The duke will represent his mother, Queen Victoria, at the coronation ceremonies.

AS FAST freight No. 63 on the Lake Shore railroad was pulling out of Air Line Junction, O., on the 19th, the air hose broke, setting the front brakes. As empty passenger train, in the middle of the train was crushed like a paper box, and of the seven trains who were riding in it, one, Edward Haven, of Washington, Ga., was killed, and five were more or less severely injured.

THE steam schooner Albion from Cook's Inlet arrived at Port Townsend, Wash., on the 18th, bringing no tidings of the brig Blakeley, which left Port Townsend for Six Mile weeks ago, carrying passengers, stock and freight and alleged to be greatly overloaded.

LIEUT. PEARY is going north again, and a steamer is being fitted out at St. Johns, N. F., for that purpose. The object of the expedition is to secure for the Philadelphia Academy of Sciences the 40-ton meteorite near Cape York which Lieut. Peary discovered last year.

The executive council at Pretoria, Transvaal, on the 19th, decided that the punishment of Col. Francis Rhodes, Lionel Phillips, George Farrar and John Hays Hammond (the leaders of the reformers who were sentenced to death) shall be 15 years' imprisonment.

TWENTY-EIGHT killed outright, 50 or more injured, some of them fatally, and a property loss aggregating about \$1,000,000, is given as the estimated damage done by the cyclone in Marshall, Nemaha and Brown counties, Kas.

On the 20th the president recognized P. L. Hudson as consul of the Argentine Republic at Chicago, and A. J. Ballot as consul of Salvador at Seattle, Wash.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, MAY 28, 1896.

NUMBER 47.

QUAY AND MCKINLEY.

The Pennsylvania Senator Pays Respect to the Chairman—Is Cordially Received at Canton—A Close Conference—Facing Two Car Loads of the Finest Material Will Be Used in Adorning the Interior—Precautions Against Fire.

CANTON, O., May 23.—When the train bearing Senator Quay pulled in at the Fort Wayne depot yesterday morning there were several groups of expectant people craning their necks and opening their eyes to catch a glimpse of the famous Pennsylvania senator. He quietly walked in the crowd through the depot toward a waiting carriage.

As he entered one side of the waiting-room ex-Gov. McKinley came briskly from another direction and accosted the conductor of the train, shaking hands cordially, and at the same time making inquiry for the senator from the east.

On the 21st, after services at the Church of the Messiah, all that was mortal of the noted journalist John A. Cockerill was deposited in Elk's Rest in Bellefontaine cemetery, St. Louis.

Brain miners, who were at work 300 feet below the surface on the third level of No. 7 shaft of the Ashland mine at Ironwood, Mich., on the 21st, were entombed by the sudden falling of a body of ore. They were all rescued alive and but little the worse for their terrible experience by a party who dug through to the shaft from the No. 1 mine.

The Canadian Association of Amateur Oarsmen will hold its yearly regatta at Brockville, Ont., on August 6 and 7.

The supreme court, on the 21st, suspended the 19-year sentence of ex-City Treasurer Bollen, of Omaha, and fixed his bail at \$5,000 pending a review of the case.

By the collapse of a building undergoing repairs in Buffalo, N. Y., on the 21st, more than a score of its 50 occupants were buried in the ruins. Rescuers were immediately put to work and soon recovered the bodies of two of the victims, a man and a woman, and dug out many who were more or less seriously injured.

A FEARFUL natural gas explosion, that made the earth tremble for blocks around, occurred in Coffeyville, Kas., on the 21st. Two fine two-story brick business buildings were reduced to a mass of ruins, one man was killed and a large number of people were more or less injured.

A DISPATCH from Canton, O., on the 23d, said that Senator M. S. Quay, of Pennsylvania, had arrived there, and was a guest of ex-Gov. McKinley. ADVICES from Diarbikar, in Asia Minor, say that massacres were feared there during the Moslem festival of Bairam, which began on the 23d.

The treasury gold reserve at the close of business, on the 23d, stood at \$111,110,730. The day's withdrawals were \$1,118,700.

The strike of the straw plaiters in the city and province of Florence, Italy, assumed an alarming phase on the 22d. Thousands of strikers paraded the streets and began hurling stones at passing carriages and tram cars. The police interfered and were also stoned by the mob.

The circuit court at Tiffin, O., on the 23d, overruled the motion for a new trial for Lee Martin, awaiting execution at Columbus for the murder of Marshal Shultz, of Tiffin. Martin shot Shultz when the latter attempted to arrest him.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

By an explosion of a gasoline stove at Chicago on the 24th a family of six persons was almost exterminated. Four are dead and a fifth one so badly burned that death is almost certain.

EX-GOV. LUCIUS FAIRCHILD, ex-commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., died at Madison, Wis., on the 24th.

An explosion occurred at Hartford City, Ind., on the 24th at the glass factory through a defective blast in the big tank. Several persons were badly burned.

MAYOR W. W. WATERS, of Hot Springs, Ark., on the 23d killed Harry Martin, a doctor's drummer, on the street by cutting his throat with a pocket-knife.

GEN. JOHN ECHOES, receiver and general manager of the Chesapeake, Ohio & Southwestern Railroad, died on the 24th at the home of his son, State Senator Echoles, in Staunton, Va.

FAILURES for the past week have been 227 in the United States, against 207 the same week last year, and 23 in Canada, against 23 last year.

EX-SENATOR WALLACE of Pennsylvania died at New York on the 23d.

The first daily cycling paper ever published in the English language appeared in New York on the 23d.

The statement of the condition of the treasury on the 23d showed available cash balance, \$266,651,808; gold reserve, \$112,274,711.

The appellate division of the Supreme court of New York on the 22d denied a motion to confirm the report of the special commission on rapid transit appointed by the Supreme court. This defeats the underground railway plan adopted by the commission.

The schooner Sunrise was sunk by a collision with whaleback barge Hundred Thirty-Three, in tow of the steamer W. H. Orstwick, in mid-lake about 60 miles from Chicago on the 22d.

A TERRIFIC cyclone passed over the Osage Reservation on the 21st, devastating farms and ranches. Over a score of houses were wrecked and hundreds of head of stock killed.

The secretary of the interior has made a requisition on the treasury for \$10,210,000, to be used in quarterly pension payments next month.

CHARLES GOODYEAR, the inventor and philanthropist, died at New York on the 21st.



Matthew Stanley Quay.

The railroad man indicated the direction Senator Quay had gone, and there was a slight look of piquancy on his face as he passed through the ladies' waiting-room after the fleeing senator.

Gov. McKinley was attired in a close-buttoned Prince Albert coat and wore a shining tile on his head. He walked with more than his usual business-like air, and he was in a seeming hurry.

Senator Quay had just reached Gov. McKinley's private carriage, which was in waiting, when he was overtaken by the major. Both extended their hands.

Quay and McKinley took the rear seats of the carriage and were at once driven to the McKinley residence. Attorney J. A. Brown, of Lancaster, Pa., accompanied Senator Quay and took a place on the front seat with the driver, the assistant private secretary of Mr. McKinley.

Mr. Brown, however, did not remain at the McKinley home, but was driven to a hotel. To a reporter he said he did not know what Senator Quay's mission was in Canton.

Quay and McKinley were in close conference from the time the senator arrived until the time of departure, something more than two hours.

To representatives of the press word was passed that they were busy and could not see anyone, and that the call was one of friendship only.

Nothing more. Senator Quay was accompanied by Mr. McKinley, and afterwards was driven to the train in the McKinley private carriage, accompanied by the major.



William McKinley.

"When the senator boarded the 1:21 train for Beaver, Pa., there was a hearty grasp of hands and cordial good-bye from both sides. Indeed Maj. McKinley smiled as he gave his parting salute.

Attempts to get either Senator Quay or Maj. McKinley to talk on the occasion of the senator's visit have been futile. They would only remark that the weather was fine. Senator Quay gave a score of complimentary words about Canton and said he would go back to Beaver, but on other matters he was as silent as a sphynx.

EX-GOV. McKinley left last evening for Cleveland, where he will be the guest of Mark Hanna till Monday.

Among the other callers on Mr. McKinley yesterday were Hon. E. S. Conway, of Chicago, and George Alfred Townsend, "Gath."

Senator Quay Looks Happy, but Refuses to Talk.

BEAVER, Pa., May 23.—Senator Quay was seen at his home last evening shortly after his arrival from Canton and was asked to say a few words about his visit, but no amount of persuasion could induce him to discuss it, though he seemed in a happy frame of mind and conveyed the impression that he must have something to say later. He expects to be in Pittsburgh to-day.

AID FOR CUBA.

An Appeal for Purchasers for Bonds of the Cuban Government.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 23.—Circulars are being received by Baltimore bankers from the fiscal agent of the Cuban insurgents asking subscriptions to a bond issue to be put out by authority of the independent government of the island. The circulars contain a plea to Americans to purchase these bonds.

The bonds are to be issued in denominations from \$50 to \$1,000 and are payable in gold and to bear interest at six per cent., payable semi-annually.

THE BIG HALL READY.

To Receive Its Decorations for the St. Louis Convention—It Is the Most Complete Ever Erected for the Purpose—Two Car Loads of the Finest Material Will Be Used in Adorning the Interior—Precautions Against Fire.

ST. LOUIS, May 23.—The big convention hall is practically complete. Only the finishing touches remain to be added to the great auditorium in which the republican party in convention assembled will name its candidates for president and vice-president of the United States. The contractor will turn it over to the local committee of the Business Men's league on June 1. By that committee it will be formally turned over to the republican national committee, or a sub-committee representing that body, on the day before the convention opens.

It is believed to be the most complete convention building ever erected. It will have an actual seating capacity of 13,500 people, besides the chairman and other officers of the convention. The most interesting part of the whole thing is the way in which the auditorium will be decorated, which will be on the most elaborate and costly scale that has ever been seen in this city.

It will require two car loads of flags, bunting, fringes, pictures, etc., to cover the interior walls of the building. The material will be of the finest quality. There will be none of the gaudy, cheap material so commonly used. The entire paraphernalia is composed of the finest silks, plush, gold bullion fringe, hand-painted scrolls on silk for the ornamentation of the speaker's stand, and national flags of every description, done in the most elaborate style. All the flags in use in the army and navy will be brought into play, and every kind of banner authorized by congress, from the president's flag, which must be saluted by American ships wherever unfurled, and by foreign vessels as an act of courtesy, down to Old Glory in his every-day bunting clothes of stripes and stars.

The estimated value of all the decorative material required in carrying out the contract is between \$15,000 and \$20,000, and if it were bought outright in the market it is probable that these figures would be doubled. It is not likely that the entire assortment could be duplicated on short notice, as many of the flags that will be displayed are not in common use, and not a few of them will be seen here for the first time when the convention hall is dedicated.

In all 12,000 yards of bunting will be used in trimming the hall and covering the bare spaces. It will take 3,200 yards for the cross beams, 1,400 yards in the top of building, and 1,000 yards between the windows. Not a square inch of bare wood will be allowed to show. The speakers stand will be fairly buried under silk flags and banners of crimson plush and hand-painted white satin banners. From the roof, 48 flags will fly from as many flag-staffs, and the entrances will almost be hidden from view under bunting and flags.

The building is well protected from fire. Assistant Chief Haynes has opened an engine house under the seats in the south end of the building, with six firemen in charge, and there are four boxes in the hall, from which an alarm can be turned in that will call out the entire department. There are also 200 feet of hose in the hall, eight Babcock fire extinguishers, and a chemical engine, which is stationed in the north side, under the seats, where it can be quickly used in case of emergency.

THE LAURADA REPORTS.

Just Returned From a Successful Trip to Cuba.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., May 23.—The steamer Laurada entered the bar Thursday, and was met at quarantine by J. A. Huan, agent of the Cuban junta, and a number of friends of Cuba. The Laurada's captain reported that he had landed safely on Cuban soil nine-tenths of the munitions. When about to land the last load smoke was seen on the horizon, and fearing it to be from the funnels of a Spanish man-of-war, the steamer pulled up anchor and started northward. After communicating this information the Laurada headed seaward, ostensibly for New York.

The Three Friends cleared from this port yesterday with arms and ammunition consigned to Key West. The revenue cutter boat Well has been ordered to see her across the three-mile limit.

ANOTHER SPANISH VICTORY.

But the Rebels Continue to Advance Toward Havana.

HAVANA, May 23.—Col. Delgado reports that his command has had an engagement with 1,000 rebels under Aleman and other leaders near Cruces, in the Cienfuegos district. According to the official report the rebels were dislodged from strong positions and compelled to flee in disorder, leaving 18 men dead on the field. The troops lost 22 men wounded.

It is said that the forces of Gen. Gomez continue to invade the province of Matanzas and that they are approaching the province of Havana. Three trains were sent to Artemisa to bring troops from the trocha, but they were unable to reach that point, the rebels having destroyed the tracks.

THE SITUATION IN CRETE.

Very Serious and Daily Becoming More Threatening.

ATHENS, May 23.—The situation in Crete is very serious and daily becomes more threatening. A detachment of Turkish troops at Yoxaris has been besieged by the Christian populace for two weeks, and in the fighting that has occurred 18 men have been killed, and in a fight at Dragu 10 men were killed.

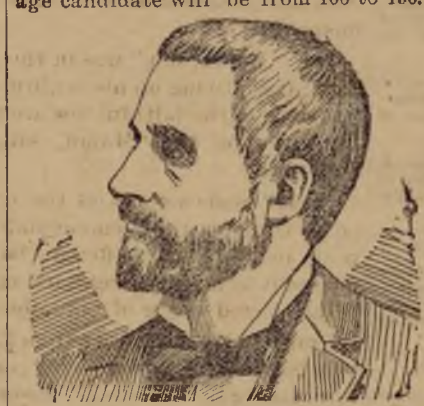
The success of the insurgents has caused a panic among the Turkish rural population.

ALTGELD'S NEW IDEA.

Free Silver, with the Ratio to be Fixed by Congress—Southern and Western Democracy Expected to Dominate the Chicago Convention—A Free Coinage Candidate Will Secure the Entire Vote of the Populist Party.

CHICAGO, May 23.—A Washington special says: Some agency is circulating a report here that Gov. Altgeld advocates a platform at Chicago declaring for free silver, reserving to congress the right to fix the ratio.

With the exception of a few administration democrats, the result at Chicago is now conceded as a certain victory for the advocates of free coinage. The most radical of the silver men declare that the majority in favor of a free coinage platform, and a free coinage candidate will be from 100 to 150.



Gov. Altgeld of Illinois.

The sound money democrats insist there will not be margin of 50 votes between the two wings of the party. They are not prepared to concede that the platform declaration of the convention will demand free coinage at any specified ratio, and are already working for a compromise which will prevent a declaration of this character. Such a modification in the platform, it is hoped, will prevent a bolt of the sound money wing of the party, a bolt already threatened by a number of democratic leaders.

The growing certainty of the control of the Chicago convention by the southern and western democracy and the assurance that the demand for the remonetization of silver will be fully recognized by that body is causing predictions on the part of the leaders in the free-coinage movement that the entire populist party, under such a condition, will cast its votes for the democratic nominee, and that it will be joined in such action by the free silver republicans of the west and their allies, who have been preparing to hold a convention at St. Louis and to place a free silver western candidate in nomination without regard to the platform, of the three other parties.

Senator Jones, of Arkansas, believes that under such circumstances the nominee of the Chicago convention will be certain of an election next November. There have been repeated conferences during the past few days between populist leaders in Washington and prominent democratic senators and representatives who advocate free coinage. Assurances have been given by the populist leaders to these democrats that with a free coinage candidate nominated at Chicago the populists will endorse such candidate or refuse to make a nomination at their convention in St. Louis, leaving their members free to vote for the democratic nominee. It is this assurance which has stimulated the advocates of free coinage in the democratic party to renew efforts during the past few weeks in Iowa, Illinois and Ohio. They have been urging upon democrats that the only chance for success in the coming election by which the tide for McKinley can be stemmed is a frank declaration for free coinage, which will make up for democratic losses on the tariff question by accession from the populists and free-coinage republicans of the west.

HARRITY HOPEFUL.

Of Democratic Success in the Event of McKinley's Nomination.

NEW YORK, May 23.—Wm. F. Harriety, chairman of the Democratic national committee, reviewed the democratic outlook in the country in a conversation with a reporter at the Fifth Avenue hotel this morning. The democrats said Mr. Harriety, "are by no means so hopeless as the republican newspaper picture them. On the contrary they are hopeful and growing more hopeful every day. With every advance of the McKinley movement the chance of the democracy has been improved. If McKinley is nominated at St. Louis, I am confident that democratic success next November will be not only possible, but extremely probable."

Salutatorian and Valedictorian.

Miss Charles Harrison, of Starkville, Miss., has been selected valedictorian at the Southern female college of West Point, Miss., and Miss Inez Walker, of Corinth, Miss., salutatorian. Commencement exercises begin June 4.

Chief-Justice Snodgrass Acquitted.

The jury in the case of the State vs. Chief-Justice of the Supreme Court David L. Snodgrass, charged with shooting John R. Beasley, returned a verdict of not guilty, at Chattanooga, Tenn.

The Prize Poem.

The prize poem, to be read at the opening of the Tennessee centennial exposition, will be written by Mrs. Virginia Frazer Boyle, of Memphis.

Ran Away From Home to Marry.

Miss Mary G. Dulin, of Parkersburg, W. Va., ran away from home and went to Pine Bluff, Ark., where she married Andrew Farman, of Little Rock.

Used a Razor.

J. A. Gillespie, vice-president of the Alabama Street Paving Brick Co., of Coaldale, Ala., cut his throat with a razor. He had been very ill.

One of the Founders of Birmingham.

Col. Thomas Garrett, one of the founders of Birmingham, Ala., died a few days ago, aged 82. He built many fine houses in Birmingham.

Smallpox Exterminated.

The smallpox has been exterminated at Ellenville, Miss., and the pest houses burned. Fourteen persons had the disease and all recovered.

Made a Good Haul.

Jesse Washington, colored, stole \$2,130 from Mr. J. W. McLean at Jackson, Miss. He was arrested, sent for a preacher and confessed.

A Good Showing.

More than \$30,000 was paid out in one day at Pensacola, Fla., recently for work during the week in loading lumber and lumber cargoes.

SOUTHERN GLEANINGS.

That Alabama Senator.

Sheriff Robert H. Kennedy of Dallas county, Ala., has been released after a tedious trial for murder.

Mardis L. Wood, of Dallas, is one of the most prominent politicians in Alabama. His brother, Percy, was a prominent attorney of Dallas. Wood now holds a \$5,000 government position, with headquarters in New Orleans. For two years rumors existed that Mardis Wood was unduly intimate with the wife of Sheriff Kennedy, his most intimate friend. Last February, the woman deserted her husband, and went to Wood in New Orleans. Wood went to Montgomery to attend the state convention. His brother, Percy, came from Selma the same evening, as also did Sheriff Kennedy, the latter coming secretly.

Mardis Wood arranged to leave for New Orleans at five o'clock on the morning of the convention. The brothers went together to the train, and while they were standing together, Kennedy approached them from the rear and fired upon them several times with a shotgun loaded with buckshot. Percy fell, and died in a few hours. Mard

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, MAY 28, 1896.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce W. A. Thompson as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. S. Farrell as a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of W. L. Davis authorize The Chronicle to announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce A. F. Smith as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. H. Hammond as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR SHERIFF.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Amos Daniel as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce S. W. Nelson as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. P. Christian as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Rev. C. W. O'Hara as a candidate for Superintendent of Education of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR COMMISSIONER—FIRST DISTRICT.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Hosen Pearson as a Commissioner of Shelby county, from the Columbiana District, No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR CONSTABLE.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce A. S. Liles as a candidate for the office of Constable of Beat No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JOSEPH F. JOHNSON,
Of Jefferson.

For Secretary of State,
JAMES K. JACKSON,
Of Lauderdale.

For Treasurer,
GEORGE W. ELLIS,
Of Montgomery.

For Auditor,
WALTER S. WHITE,
Of Colbert.

For Attorney-General,
WILLIAM C. FITTS,
Of Tuscaloosa.

For Superintendent of Education,
JOHN O. TURNER,
Of St. Clair.

For Commissioner of Agriculture,
I. F. CULVER,
Of Bullock.

Do
You or
Do you not
Subscribe for
The Chronicle?
If not, then why not?
It goes everywhere and
Reaches all classes; contains
All the latest general, and spicy
Local news. \$1 a year; 25c 3 months.

The frogs belong to a "swell" set.

J. A. Rountree has leased out the
Alabama Enquirer.

Spain has come down. Tobacco in
Cuba, owned by Americans, will come
out.

A new form of excuse for coming
home late is in order: "I punctured
my tire."

When the fair sex get into politics
we shall read: "The women are regis-
tering to a man."

It would cool off some politicians
wonderfully if we could only get them
"snowed" under now.

Terrific storms have been devast-
ating Iowa and Michigan with great
loss of life and property.

Sheriff Kennedy, of Dallas county,
was acquitted at Montgomery of mur-
der in the killing of Percy Woods.

Sixty-seven contests have been filed
involving the rights of 156 delegates
to the St. Louis convention, republic-
an.

The span of a bridge, at Victoria,
British Columbia, gave way, 28th.
Hundreds of people were precipitated
into a bay 100 feet below. Sixty
bodies recovered, last accounts.

It seems settled now that Under-
wood, democrat, will be bounced by
the republicans in the house, Wash-
ton, and that Aldrich, republican,
will be seated, an Alabama contested
election case.

The market was almost bare of
green stuff, eggs and chickens, at
Birmingham, on the 26th. Lemons
were selling well. Eggs were firm
with an upward tendency.

House measure, known as the "filled
cheese" bill, came up before the Uni-
ted States senate last Tuesday. Its
object is to discourage the manufac-
ture and sale of an adulterated article
of food by imposing a heavy license
on manufacturers and wholesale dealers,
and its supporters advocate its pas-
sage not as a revenue measure, but as
a protection to dairymen and the gen-
eral public.

OUR COUNTRY COUSINS.

Letters from the Intellectual Giants Who
Have Climbed the Ladder of Fame and
Under the Protection of the Good Little
Angel Who Sits Up Aloft and Looks Out
for the Handsome and Truly Good, Favor
Us With Fine, Fresh Country Correspond-
ence, in the Roll.

HARPERSVILLE.

The berry crop will be good.

The political mill is grinding.

Mr. Bob O'Hara of Wilsonville was
in town Saturday evening.

Candidates Smith and Nelson are
looking up the dear people.

Miss Mary Davis of Easonville was
among the visitors here Sunday.

Mr. Will Teague, of Florida, is visit-
ing his sister, Mrs. Doctor Nelson.

Too much attention to politics is
allowing many crops to get grassy.

The weather—Well, perhaps that
subject has been written on before.

Harpersville beat will be all o. k.
for democracy at the August election.

Quarterly meeting last Saturday and
Sunday was well attended, and Dr.
Newman preached two excellent ser-
mons.

The "Majah, sah," was in this beat
Saturday rallying up his faithful few,
but some of the faithful few were terri-
bly down on the "Majah, sah," so
they say.

"Jake" made a guess on the cotton
crop, through the Commercial Ap-
peal, for the prize offered, but he
missed it as far as Longshore missed
being elected mayor of Columbiana.

Frank Bates came down from Eason-
ville Saturday and registered just be-
fore midnight. He is at Easonville
now "making faces" but Harpersville
is his home. No better democrat ex-
ists.

It is very distressing to look at the
fruit trees which were so promising
two months ago. Hope for a good
crop is blasted. Pear and apple trees
are dying of thirst. Peaches will not
be of much account. Ditto plums.

Drs. McClellan of Easonville, and
Bell of Vincent, two young gentlemen
who have just started out to enlarge
the sphere of usefulness of the medi-
cal profession, attended church here
Sunday as all good christians should.

We were pleased to meet on our
streets, Saturday evening, Mr. Jones
of Creswell. Although he has been
living in our beat almost a year, yet
this was about his second visit to
Harpersville. He is a sound democ-
rat and a clever gentleman, and we
are indeed glad to have such men
locate among us.

The registration book was closed
as required by law. Some voluntarily
disfranchised themselves by not reg-
istering. How lamentable that some
take so little interest in state and
county political affairs that they will
not come out and register and have
a vote in determining who shall hold
the offices? Fence-straddlers are to
be despised. Manhood only is what
goes now. Be a democrat or a repub-
lican, but don't be a 0.

"Drifted with the tied." In the
Methodist church here, last Sunday
morning, Rev. Mr. Corley officiating,
Mr. J. H. Bailey and Miss Diley
Bishop of near Vincent were united
in matrimony. Quite a large number
of persons witnessed the ceremony.
Mr. Bailey, it will be remembered,
was once a "performer" on the stage;
now he is tickling the bosom of Mother
Earth and doing various things
while he is resting, as other farmers do.

A very quiet marriage took place at
Vincent last week. The contracting
parties were Dr. Gray of Sylacauga
and Miss Etta Freeze of Vincent.
Dr. Gray is highly recommended by
the good people of his town as a gen-
tleman and physician, and Miss Freeze
is one of Vincent's loveliest girls and
has the admiration of all who know
her. May sunshine always brighten
their path. May happiness always be
their lot, and may a long life be
allotted to both, is the wish of "Jake"
and Miss Freeze's many friends at
Harpersville.

THEY SAY THAT:

That the clippers could improve the
looks of several.

That a young lady is just gone com-
pletely on Haich's broad collar.

Flies—horse-flies, house-flies and
shooflies (politicians)—are thick.

That less discussion about the value
of a dollar and more work to obtain it
would be better for many.

Those three sermons preached here
last Saturday, Sunday and Sunday
night, by Dr. Newman, were fine.

Some of our boys want to marry
awful bad and would not object to
being assisted from Columbiana.

That Longshore may go to the leg-
islature but that if he does it will be
to take Ruff Desha's grip from the
depot to the hotel.

That King Crab and General Green
with their mighty army have arrived
and war has begun in earnest between
them and the farmers.

J. AKE.

STERRETT.

Sickness is prevailing some.

Mrs. C. H. Bradshaw is conva-
lescent.

J. B. Skinner has removed to Van-
dover.

Sickness has been afflicting Calvin
Falkner.

Postmaster L. H. Dyke has been
sick, but is improving.

Farmers are about up with the
green stuff and praying for rain.

Joel H. Falkner and Mrs. D. J. Bil-
brey, of Vincent, visited their father,
W. H. Falkner, Sunday.

Mrs. Elsie Green, of Branchville, is
visiting the family of her father, R.
J. Byers.

Rev. T. K. Trotter, of Lincoln,
Ala., is to preach here next Saturday
and Sunday.

Registrar W. H. Falkner has en-
rolled 105 voters for beat 15, and
thinks there will be a goodly number
for democracy.

Rev. W. J. Ray has accepted the
care of Buelah church as pastor. He
preached two interesting sermons,
one Saturday and the other Sunday.

We failed to see the long-faced
democrats spoken of in last week's
Advocate, by their correspondent at
this place. The democrats of beat 15
expect nothing but success in the
August election.

SLY JERRY.

LIBERTY.

Fishing is the favorite pastime.

Farmers are chopping out their
"five-cent" cotton.

Some who go "fish"ing come back
with a frog or two and a mud-turtle.

T. A. Nivens enjoyed a leap year
visit from his best girl. Result un-
known.

J. K. Adams went turkey hunting
last week. He brought in a fine bird.
It was a 'possum.

Andrew Blackerby and family of
Wilsonville, spent a few days week
before last with J. F. Crane's family.

S. W. Blackerby is enthusiastic
about orange blossoms now. Which
minister will officiate is still unde-
termined.

Misses Carrie Holcomb and Velva
Jackson went fishing recently. They
got some bites right off; the skeeters
were active.

R. H. Blackerby and wife, and baby,
spent the tail end of last week with
his wife's sister, Mrs. Bob. Mahan,
near Bessemer.

J. F. Crane and wife, and his young-
est daughter Madie, spent a day and
night with Mason Baldwin's family,
near Harpersville, week before last.

The curious want to know who
"Kate" is. She is human and expects
eventually to become divine.

KATY.

WILSONVILLE.

Mrs. H. L. Sanders went to Calera
Monday.

C. Butler made a business trip to
Anniston last week.

Rev. O'Hara of Columbiana, spent
a few days with us last week.

Miss Belle Barnett was in our vil-
lage last week shaking hands with old
friends.

Miss Elva Greek of Columbiana,
was one of our most cheering visitors
last week.

Misses Ida O'Hara and Lucy Smith,
of Columbiana, visited friends in our
city last week.

Misses Edna Nelson and Eva Davis
spent several days in our city last
week. We are always glad to have
them with us.

The cheering face and twinkling
eyes of Mr. Averett of Shelby, were
seen at the Teachers' Institute last
Friday evening.

The latest style of courtship prac-
ticed now by our society young men
is to walk behind, pensively, about
fifty yards or thereabouts.

L. R. Hobb, formerly of this place,
after a six years sojourn in Arizona,
returned home several days ago, but
on account of his failing health has
taken his departure for Atlanta, Ga.

E. Williamson was so unfortunate
as to leave his keys in his room, last
Friday or Saturday afternoon. He,
of course, was compelled to go back
after them. Don't suppose the little
girls understood.

We have at last organized a base-
ball team and will be in the field, to
challenge the world, anytime after
June 13th. Our playing will be fine,
as all our good players will be present
this summer (if we have any).

Don't forget the picnic at Shelby
Springs next Saturday, May 30th.
The young people of our place are
anticipating a very pleasant day, and
we trust that our neighboring towns
will co-operate with us. We will get
reduced rates on the local trains.

Wilsonville was illuminated with
a highly skillful chirographist last
and the week previous. A large num-
ber of both sexes availed themselves
of the opportunity to learn how to
pen a good phist, and, hereafter, their let-
ters will not only be legible but also
voluntuous.

The Teachers' Institute was held
here last Friday, Friday evening, and
Saturday. I hope some good has been
done, some seed has been sown that
will bring forth good fruit for free
graded schools in Shelby county. We
can get them if we push in the right
direction.

The Wilsonville school closes next
Thursday, May 28th, followed by a
school examination in the evening,
and a musical entertainment at the
residence of J. F. Pope, Friday eve-
ning. These entertainments are ex-
pected to be something grand, and if
they are not it will be the first failure
ever experienced by Prof. Kilpatrick.
All are cordially invited.

The S. P. L. League assembled last
Thursday evening at the residence of
J. F. Pope. The program was well
executed, with a few "Please excuse
me," etc. The following were elected:
President, Justin C. Jackson. Vice-
President, E. Williamson. Secretary,
Miss Juddie Kilpatrick. Finance
Committee, Misses Georgia Pope and
Mary Bolin (for the next two months).

BOURGOIS.

["The Kolb Horse" (poem) has
been turned into the pasture and will
be brought out hereafter.—Ed.]

YELLOW LEAF.

Chiggers are playing havoc with the
poultry industry.

The beaming countenance of one of
Columbiana's most handsome young
widowers is visible on our public
highways, frequently. It is business,
of course, that brings him here, but
it is mighty pleasant business, isn't
it, if one feels that way?

On Sunday last, Rev. Cary delivered
a very impressive discourse at Mt.
Chapel. It was listened to attentively.

Harmon Thomas visited his sister
in Montgomery on last Sunday and
reports a jolly time.

Candidates, grasshoppers and book
agents are very numerous.

"Amn!" to the movement for free
schools. We must, we can and we be-
lieve we shall have them.

BON SLICK.

CRESWELL.

We need a good Sabbath school.

Rev. Warren is for better singing.

Miss Classie Lowe was here recently
visiting.

Miss Arabella Baggett smiles with
us again.

Ada Cooper of Cobb, has been visit-
ing her sister, Mrs. Belle Chancellor.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Wallace, and
little daughter Ada, visited their son,
G. F. Wallis and family, at Laniers
a few days ago.

G. W. Wallis, Jr., and Miss Sallie
Ingram had a narrow escape from
drowning in Bates pond. Silly mule.

The Ingram family have the sym-
pathy of the community in their af-
fliction, and the extension of the help-
ing hand.

[Creswell correspondent will favor
us greatly by sending in correspon-
dence as soon as possible. We cannot
handle long letters at a late hour.
The Chronicle goes to press Wednes-
day afternoon.—Ed.]

Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than
make good all the advertising claimed for
them, the following four remedies have
reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's
New Discovery, for consumption, coughs
and colds, each bottle guaranteed—Elec-
tric Bitters, the great remedy for Liver,
Stomach and Kidneys. Bucklen's Arnica
Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's
New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All
these remedies are guaranteed to do just
what is claimed for them, and the dealer
whose name is attached herewith will be
glad to tell you more about them. Sold at
Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

"Man wants but little here below,"
but the wants columns of The Chroni-
cle are open to advertisements of un-
limited length.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts,
bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fe-
ver sores, tetter, chapped hands, chil-
blains, corns, and all skin eruptions,
and positively cures piles, or no pay
required. It is guaranteed to give
perfect satisfaction or money refunded.
Price 25 cents per box. For sale
by Parker & Armstrong.

Register's Sale.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County. Amer-
ican Mortgage Company, of Scotland,
Limited, Complainant, vs. H. R. Wells,
Administrator et als. Defendants.

In Chancery, at Columbiana, Alabama, Sixth
District, Northeast Chancery Division.

By virtue of a decree rendered at the
Spring Term, 1895 of the Chancery Court, at
Columbiana, Shelby County, Alabama, in said
cause, I shall proceed to sell to the highest
and best bidder, for cash, at public auction,
in front of the court house door in the town
of Columbiana, Alabama, within the legal
hours of sale, on Monday, the twenty-
ninth day of June, 1896, the following
described property, to-wit: w¹/₂ of sw¹/₄ of
section 2, w¹/₂ of sw¹/₄ of section 3, the e¹/₂ of
nw¹/₄ and e¹/₂ of sw¹/₄ of the sw¹/₄ of nw¹/₄ of
section 4, all in township 24 range 12. Also the
w¹/₂ of sw¹/₄ of section 8 and the nw¹/₄ of nw¹/₄ of
section 14. All in township 24 range 15, con-
taining in all six hundred and forty acres,
more or less, to satisfy said decree.

GORDON DuBOISE,
Register in Chancery.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County. Fronie
McClellan, Complainant, vs. S. R. McClel-
lan, Defendant.

In Chancery, Sixth District, Northeastern
Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the
Register by the affidavit of W. T. Johnson
that the defendant S. R. McClellan, is a non-
resident of Alabama and resides in Denison,
Grason County, Texas; and further, that in
the belief of said affidavit, the defendant
is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that
publication be made in the Chronicle, a news-
paper published in the County of Shelby once
a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him
the said S. R. McClellan to plead, answer or de-
nounce to the bill of complaint in this cause
by the 3rd day of July, A. D. 1896, or in thirty
days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be
taken against him.

Done at office, in Columbiana this 26th day
of May A. D. 1896.

GORDON DuBOISE,
Register.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage executed
by C. N. Pitts and Jennie Pitts to Richardson
Bros. & Co., on the 19 day of January, 1893, and
by them transferred to the undersigned, J. F.
Pope, recorded in the office of the Judge of
Probate of Shelby county, Alabama, in record
of mortgages, No. 31, page 200, I will proceed
to sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder
for cash, at the court house in Columbiana,
Ala., within the legal hours of sale, on Friday,
the 19th day of June, 1896, the following de-
scribed property, to-wit: the lot of land in
the town of Vincent in Shelby county, de-
scribed as commencing at the ditch in front
of the mill owned by W. D. Raley and Com-
pany; run thence east two hundred and ten
feet to line E. C. Lide's land; thence run two
hundred and ten feet south; thence two hun-
dred and ten feet west to ditch; thence two
hundred and ten feet to point of beginning,
containing one acre, more or less, together
with all improvements thereon, formerly oc-
cupied as a residence by Mr. Randolph and now
occupied as a residence by Bob Taylor.

J. F. POPE,
Trustee.

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know that Paregoric,
Batemans Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and
most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?
Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics
without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child
unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of
its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher.
That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than
of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of
other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Pitcher and his assigns to use the word
"Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection
was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35
cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may
be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of *Dr. H. Pitcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

WE PUT UP JOBS



Our facilities are Complete for turning out
all ordinary work:

COMMERCIAL
LEGAL
SOCIAL
PAMPHLET
PROGRAM
POSTER
DODGER
CARD
ETC., ETC.

Half tones handled carefully and the expres-
sion brought out distinctly.

WE GUARANTEE
GOOD STOCK
NEAT DESIGNS
CLEAR PRESSWORK.

Come in and fill the rocking chair or enjoy a siesta
on the lounge while we do the work electrically; our
Job Printer is lightning. The way to keep cool is to
keep cool; therefore the office is abundantly sup-
plied with fans.

WE ARE GARRYING NOW
THE MOST EXTENSIVE

Stock of Stationery ever brought to this section, em-
bracing all the shades and qualities greatest in demand
and most serviceable.

WEDDING WORK done confidentially when
required.

We compete on prices with all of the large
cities.

Orders by Mail attended to promptly.

Our Prices
\$4.00
\$3.00
\$2.50

These shoes fit to perfection and wear
as only the best of leather can. They're
shapely, pliant—the most comfortable of
footwear. They pray manage to let in
air and keep out water.

S

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, MAY 23, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year..... \$1.00
One copy six months..... .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

SEASONABLE LOCALS.

Round-up of the City and Vicinity, Embracing Social and Political Sayings and Doings, Wise and Otherwise; Mercantile and Other Announcements, and Dots in the Short Span of One Week's History, Run Down and Run in By Our Ubiquitous and Omnipresent Reporters.

"Oh! if people only knew, when they pass each other,
How much of dark deception is hidden from the eye,
But they don't, and there's the trouble."
Brother, Sm-nott.

Read Walls on political duplicity.
Ladies hustled around too, at the fire last week.

Think of packing around a grip such weather as this!

General Rumer is in the city. He is stopping about promiscuously.

The City Venerables have been in session and gone for the county by the nose.

"I am in the hands of an eminent tutor." "What does he teach?" "The bike."

City chickens are laying eggs on county property and the kids are on to it.

If any one lays The Chronicle on a chair be careful and not sit on it. It is full of sharp points.

The city is going to carry one of the small county buildings into court. God help the court.

Lawn parties and lemonade sociables are in line now with the fashionable doings of the season.

The market being drained, Spencer wired this week for more lemons. The first thing he got was the bill!

Merchant Fox enjoyed the mutton chops so much he got on his last visit to Birmingham he is now as gentle as a lamb.

Our merchants have evidently vivid recollection of "that tired feeling." There is not a business house in the city but is well provided with seats outside.

Tuesday afternoon there was a brief windstorm, which made the dust fly vigorously. Many feared that one of Major Pitts' editorials had escaped and that the city was endangered.

M. Dreyfus of Montgomery, came up here last week to stretch his legs and wholesale some goods. Being of a pious disposition, he remained over Sunday at the Colonial, to worship with Col. Hall.

When all's still for a while, the flies get on the bikes in front of the headquarters at Spencer's. Some rest on the saddle, others on the pedals, and they all look sad when they think how short their legs are.

The printing of the minutes of the spring meeting of the Presbytery of North Alabama was completed this week at the Chronicle office, and, at once, Stated Clerk Sinnott commenced sending them out.

Lemons run entirely out last Saturday, or in other words the customers run entirely out with the lemons, and became scarce. It will never do to try and squeeze through this summer without plenty of lemons.

HOW DO YOU LIKE THIS FOR AN AD SCHEDULE?

There must be some great ecclesiastical body in session here permanently there are so many about wearing white neckties, or else it is an evidence that the wearers having become extremely good, contemplate studying for the ministry.

Attorney J. T. Leeper received a handsome Victor bike on Tuesday afternoon. All the most eminent worshippers in the heart of the city turned out promptly to give the god a cordial reception. It looked at one time as though a mass meeting was in progress.

The Columbiana Mercantile Company is out this week with a big ad announcing that everything must go at once regardless of cost and giving the reasons therefor. Manager Fox says he will not stop at anything, even to marrying off all the clerks and selling the cat.

Attention is called to the program of commencement exercises of the Shelby High school, published elsewhere in this issue. The famous lecture of Prof. Whittle will be a grand treat. Columbians should turn out in large number and go over there and hear it. It will pay them to do it.

Two young clerks who never had the distinction of being put in jail visited that institution here last Sunday and were promptly shown in by the jailer to look around. They had a good opportunity to do so, as the jailer went off to family prayers and left them there until he got through with his devotions.

Mine host, E. D. Hall, of the Colonial hotel here, has just completed the most attractive residence in the city. It is a five-room building and elegantly finished both inside and out. F. M. Comer, of Shelby, did the carpenter work, and Mr. Hall himself attended to all the other details of construction. The building will be occupied by J. O. Farmer, of the Allen N.

We had an interesting call, the latter part of last week, from Major Pitts, who came in full regalia for the purpose of borrowing the bellows which is kept in stock for undusting the cases. He did not state the object he had in view in obtaining possession of such a treasured article but we ascertained afterwards it was for the purpose of writing a series of editorials for the Advocate. When Manager Fox of the Columbiana Mercantile Company heard of what was about to happen, he hired a large gang of workmen to guy the building (and not guy each other) to prevent it from being blown away in the event of one of the major's editorials breaking loose from its environment. All the wind-storm houses, or dug-outs in the vicinity, have been carefully examined and put in readiness for immediate use, and everything has been done to insure the safety of the city in general.

CAMPAIGN PORTER WORK DONE AT THIS OFFICE WITH ELECTRICAL PROMPTITUDE.

Beat one leads the county this year in increased registration. In 1894 up to this time 565 registered in this beat. This year the book closed with 596 names inscribed therein. Beat four of which Montevallo is the capital, fell off considerably, having 565 in 1894, and only 529 this year. Apathy among the democrats and disgust among the pops contributed to this result. Taken as a whole, the registration in this county will not exceed that of two years ago but very little.

How lovely it is to hear Marshal Cromwell, as he winds his way towards the Southern depot every Sunday afternoon, with one eye to the right of him, another to the left, and the rest fore and aft, humming sweetly:

"Gather them in,
Gather them in,
Yes, we'll gather them in."
And you can rest assured he'll do it, if he finds any transgressors of the law within the range of his optics.

Monday, county court, negro plead guilty; three cases; 4 yrs. pen; \$25 fine. N. T. Lucas, Montevallo, carrying concealed weapons; acquitted. Frank Kroell, same, acquitted. P. O. West and others; breach of peace. On Wednesday afternoon.

Shoemaker Neely saves "soles." He thinks some of this world and also of the "upper." Men who patronize him are always well "heeled." Don't talk politics to him the wrong way or he'll give you a "welt." The end (wax).

Besides resident legal lights, the following attorneys are in attendance upon county court this week: J. M. Reynolds, W. S. Cary and E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo; W. R. Oliver, of Calera; and Hon. R. W. Cobb, of Helena.

The meeting tomorrow of the county democratic executive committee is one of importance, and every beat in the county should be fully represented.

Arrangements will be made at the proper time to enlarge the size of the contribution boxes in the churches when free silver materializes.

Frank Nelson, Jr., of Anniston, was in town Saturday and Sunday on a visit to his family and relatives.

Miss Essie Mason returned home Wednesday from Tuscaloosa, where she has been attending school.

Prof. Greek and daughter Elva attended the Teachers' Institute last week in Wilsonville.

P. B. Harrell and Frank Spears, two prominent Shelbyites, were in town a few hours Tuesday.

W. J. Cannon and little daughter, Suna, visited in our town Tuesday and Wednesday.

J. F. Pope, Wilsonville's hustling merchant, transacted business here yesterday.

Will Teague, of Florida, formerly of this county, is on a visit to relatives here.

Miss Lucy Smith attended the Institute at Wilsonville Friday and Saturday.

Frank Kroell and C. W. Cary, of Montevallo, are attending county court.

Misses Edna Nelson and Eva Davis visited Wilsonville Friday and Saturday.

Attorney W. F. Thetford presided pro tem. in a case in court this week.

E. F. Seale, short-route candidate for sheriff, was in the city yesterday.

Marriage license issued Tuesday but names kept secret.

A good many are here "court"ing this week.

Sunrise, 5; sets, 6:54. Other sons rise later.

Our bikers can make it from here to Shelby in twenty minutes.

CARD OF THANKS.

This notice is a small token of the deep gratitude, I feel toward the many friends, who rendered such noble and heroic work in my behalf, during the fire. I have rented the stable belonging to Mr. Hall, for the present, and solicit the kind patronage I have always received.

A. M. ELLIOTT.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman, of Dinwiddie, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitancy in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church, at Rives Junction, she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption, and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at Parker & Armstrong's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

THE ENDEAVORS.

Program for Next Sunday Afternoon.

The Sunday school committee of the Endeavor society, has prepared the following for the meeting next Sabbath in the Methodist church, commencing at 4:30 p. m.: (Everybody invited, and it is hoped there will be a large attendance so that the society will be encouraged in their good work.)

Song (voluntary). Prayer. Song. "The relation of the Sunday school to Columbiana," I. D. Mason. Song. "Obligation and relation of the church member to the Sunday school," Judge D. R. McMillan. Song.

"The most effectual way to secure the attendance of the children upon the Sunday school," Hon. A. P. Longshore.

Essay, "What is a mother's duty to the Sunday school?" Mrs. L. Armstrong. Song.

"As the Christian Endeavor Society is one of the arms of the Church, can we be true to our pledge and not be enthusiastic Sunday school workers?" J. K. White.

Essay, "What is the duty of the school teacher to the Sunday school?" Miss Lucy Smith. Song. Prayer.

CARD OF J. P. CHRISTIAN.

I learn that the report is being industriously circulated that I do not want the sheriff's office for myself, but that I am running to get it for some one else. Some say "Grant," others say Slaughter, while a few others are guessing. Now, in contradiction of the above, and for the gratification of my friends, I wish to say that if I get the nomination (which in my case will be equal to an election), I will make the bond, fill the office, and do some of the hustling myself.

I have never made a promise of any kind, to any person; nor have I ever said one word intentionally that could in any way be distorted into a promise of any office, deputyship, reward or hope thereof, from me, in any way, to any living man, and I defy any one to bring, or try to bring, proof to the contrary.

I intended to have canvassed the county, but sickness in my family has until now prevented me from doing so.

J. P. CHRISTIAN.

IN MEMORIAM.

Robert, little son of Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Niven, died May 27th. He was a sufferer the greater part of his life, being a cripple. Though given to his parents and the family but a short time, the light reflected by his brief life will not soon be dimmed but will ever throw its rays heavenward. The bud of beauty nipped by death has been borne where no rude wind can impair the loveliness of a flower of paradise.

Grieve not with helpless sorrow,
Jesus has felt your pain;
He did thy lamb but borrow,
He'll bring him back again.

A FRIEND.

Coalville, Ala.

WILSONVILLE INSTITUTE.

An Evening of Pleasant and Profitable Entertainment.

The Chronicle printed this week the program for the recital by the music class of the Wilsonville Institute, Friday, May 29, commencing at 8:30 p. m. The program is divided into two parts, and embraces a vocal quartet, vocal solos, instrumental solos, duets, trio, and recitations. Misses George Pope, Olive Densler, Juddie Kilpatrick, Purnie Pope, Laura Weldon, Janie Wallace and Sallie Bolin will participate. Also Messrs Jackson and Wallace and Master Leon Pope.

COLUMBIANA PUBLIC SCHOOL.

Facts Relative to Commencement Week. Public, oral examinations will be held Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday mornings, June 1, 2, 3 and 4, to which the public is cordially invited. These exercises will interest everybody.

The teachers will hold examinations in their respective rooms.

The afternoons will be devoted to private school matters.

Commencement day, Friday, June 5th. Be on time at 9 a. m., as Dr. McNeal's address is the first thing on the program.

SHELBY HIGH SCHOOL.

Program of Commencement Exercises.

Sunday June 7, 8 p. m.—Commencement sermon by Rev. W. A. Whittle of Birmingham.

Monday, June 8, 8 p. m.—W. A. Whittle will deliver his famous lecture: "A Camel Ride of Five Hundred Miles Through the Far East."

Tuesday, June 9, 8 p. m.—Closing exercises of the Shelby High School, consisting of speeches, tableaux, dialogues, etc.

Everybody invited.

C. E. FRANKLIN, Principal.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Owners of Farm Lands in the City Called to Meet.

The owners of farm lands within the limits of the town of Columbiana are requested to meet the mayor and council at the court house in Columbiana on Monday, June 1st 1896, to consider the question as to taxation of said farm lands.

W. B. BROWNE, Mayor.

CARD OF THANKS.

The undersigned hereby return thanks to all those who so promptly responded to the fire-call last week, and who labored so ardently and efficiently in saving all of our property that they could.

B. L. MOORE,

A. W. STURGEON.

REPUBLICAN APPEAL.

The Late Dark Closet Dicker and Brace Game Again Vigorously Denounced.

TO THE REPUBLICANS OF SHELBY COUNTY: I am requested by the leading republicans to say that after the St. Louis convention there will be a full ticket in the field. It will be in line with the regular platform of our Party and Principles.

Why should we submit to such a trick as Mr. S. S. Holbrook did when he traded us off to the populists? The fact is he learned early in the morning of the day of that famous convention, that our party wanted Eugene Williams for county superintendent, and when he found out he would be defeated, he then got a few of his friends, locked them up in the court house and had himself nominated. Shall we go back on ourselves, party and principles, which date back to the day our liberty was proclaimed?

NO!

We are not that kind of metal. And to the colored voters I ask: in the name of all common sense and justice can you go back on Abraham Lincoln and the many union soldiers who lost their lives fighting for the principles that set you free? Now I ask you, in the name of those dead soldiers who sleep the sleep that knows no waking, and in the name of Old Glory itself, the flag of our country that waived triumphantly over Sharpsburg, Gettysburg, Vicksburg and Appomattox Court House, are you going to so far forget those days of danger and SELL OUT, or give out, your manhood and the principles of the greatest political party that ever existed on earth, and that when we are on the eve of getting a republican president? What will the think of us when he reaches the white house? Do it, and put the populists in power, and you will never see another negro route agent in Alabama!

Where did the populists come from? Are they not of the democratic family, who became dissatisfied because they could not get office? Yes, who are they? They are hardly known outside of Alabama.

Now, I ask you ALL, both white and colored republicans, to stand firm on the PRINCIPLES OF THE PARTY, and when you see Old Glory, which has been sustained by the blood of the old whigs (now the republicans), floating over the capitol in Washington, you will stand a better chance to get the pie.

I am as ever yours,

A true republican,

W. W. WALLS.

FIRST ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT.

Columbiana Graded School—Auditorium of School House, Friday, June 5, '96.

PROGRAM—FORENOON.

9 a. m. (sharp)..... Song
Invocation..... By Rev. T. M. Wilson
Song.

Address by Geo. R. McNeal, Ph. D., President Isbell College, Talladega, Ala.

Music.

Salutatory..Oration. Will A. Weaver
"His Mother's Song"..... Recitation
Oza Hammond.

"Drafted"..... Recitation
Minnie McGiboney.

"No Sects In Heaven"..... Recitation
John Green.

"The National Flag"..... Recitation
Alphonse Verchot.

"No Mortgage On the Farm" Recita'n
Lizzie Williams.

"A Little Pilgrim"..... Recitation
Allie Nelson.

Music.

"The Burning Ship"..... Recitation
Lula Wilson.

"The Policeman's Story," Recitation
Eva Davis.

"Young America in Pinatofe," Rec't'n
Mabel Greek.

"The Morning After the Ball"—Rec.
Minnie Adams.

"Papa's Letter"..... Recitation
Clara Rhodes.

"Why Shouldn't I Dance and Sing?"
Solo—Pierce Mason.

"The Fireman's Prayer," Declamation
Clarence Smith.

"A Wayward Life"..... Recitation
Kittie Hill.

"Striving for the Contest," Recitation
Kittie Hill.

"Washington"..... Declamation
Jimmy Carden.

"The Dishonest Politician" Recita'n
Lemuel Crumpton.

"In Answer"..... Recitation
Edna Nelson.

"New Year's Eve,"..... Recitation
Pattie Mason.

Music.

"Strong Drink"..... Declamation
B. L. Kimble.

"Freedom and Patriotism" Declam'n
Willie Paul.

"Woman, The Ruling Power" Oration
J. B. Farrell.

"Labor and Idleness"..... Oration
R. B. Hill.

"In the School Room"..... Oration
E. L. Paul.

Valedictory..... Ethel Greek

AFTERNOON.

2 p. m.—Secondary Department.

Miss Mary Liles, Teacher.

Medley..... Song by the School

An Opening Exercise.....

"Now"..... Recitation

Linnie Seale.

"Yes or No,"..... Recitation

A. P. Longshore.

"Landing of the Pilgrims" Recitation

Bertie Barnett.

"Perfection"..... Recitation

Julia Liles.

"A Georgia Volunteer"..... Recitation

Valona Morrison.

"The Value of Knowledge," Exercise

by the Pupils of the Third, Fourth,

Fifth and Sixth Grades.

"The Doll Show"..... Girls of the

Third and Fourth Grades.

Music.

Primary Department.

Miss Lucy Smith, Teacher.

Calesthenic Song..... The School

"What O'Clock".....

Pupils of Third Grade.

"What We Learn At School".....

Pupils of Second Grade.

"Helping"..... Pupils of First Grade

Don Dehl..... By the Little girls

ALWAYS IN THE LEAD! FOLLOW THE PROCESSION!

The purchasing public knows by experience if they go to the COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE COMPANY'S STORE they will get value for their money. We are up to the times. We are not going to carry any Spring or Summer goods over. Ours are bought to sell, not to keep. If not at our price, then at yours. To make things move, we will from to-day on, sell you anything you may want in Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Notions, Fancy Dress Goods, etc., at ACTUAL COST. We expect to be in our new building by the first of September. We want to open with an entire new stock, and we know our prices will sell the stock on hand now. Bring us chickens, eggs, or anything you may have to sell. If we can possibly use it, we will buy it. This Fall we will have as large a stock, and at as low price, as can be found anywhere else in the State. We are here to stay and will do you all the good we can.

COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE CO.

DRY GOODS. CLOTHING. SHOES. HATS.

All Seasonable Goods at all times

H. FOX, Manager.

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES,

Silks, Satins, Chally, Dimities, Henriettas, Nuns Veiling, and Lawns,

And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnishings We're Headquarters as Usual.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00. Wishing every body success, we beg to remain, Yours Respectfully,

THE RAGGET STORE,
SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.
J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Prop'rs.

That Tired Feeling!

Nobody is particularly anxious to spend their money. Everybody has to. Your wants must be satisfied and it takes money to do it. A person is not apt to look cheerful over the prospect of spending money. Lots of buying is done with a long face. This is all wrong. I offer a change for the better.

You Feel Relieved—

The minute you see our Grand Stock of New and Popular Goods it looks fresh and desirable. The first glance shows you that you are on the right track. No mistake about this being a modern up-to-date line of goods. You wake up to the fact that you have got into the right store.

The Feeling Grows—

When you commence to go into details, you feel as if the goods were bought on purpose for you. No trouble to make a satisfactory selection; it gets down to a question which is the most satisfactory.

Trouble is Forgotten

When you learn our prices, they are always at the low-water mark. We don't give goods away—we can't. We can sell goods very low—we do. This is a fact. We might brag about it, but what's the use—a word to the wise is sufficient. It's as true as truth that we sell goods cheap—we prove it.

Happiness is Supreme

When you get just what you want at less than you expected to pay—we are treating customers to this kind of a surprise every day. We sell you a good article and let you off cheap. You will find our selections choice, our goods reliable, and prices satisfactory. A fair deal makes the buyer happy—we give it. To spend money and be happy at the same time go to

S. STARK.
Shelby, Ala.

Columbiana's TONSORIAL PARLOR,
E. W. CHAPMAN, Proprietor.

Neat, clean shop, elegant chairs, the best of tools and the cleanest of towels. Having had 16 years experience, I do not hesitate to say I can give as good service as you can get in any city. Ladies work a specialty. Prices reasonable. A trial is all I ask. If you want to buy a first-class razor I have a lot just received.

E. W. Chapman.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWNE, J. T. LEEPER,
BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the books of the assessment of real and personal property of poll taxes have this day been filed in my office by the tax assessor, and that the

YELLOWSTONE PARK & COLORADO

Personally Conducted Tours.
The Burlington Route will run 12 personally conducted tours during the summer to Colorado and Yellowstone Park. The dates are July 2, July 7, July 14, July 21 and July 28. Write for illustrated pamphlet of the Park and book of the tours.
J. W. WAKELY, Gen. Pass. Agt., St. Louis.

MISS SWELL.—"How did you know I was going to wear my hair curled this evening?" Mr. Plummer—"I saw it in the papers this morning."—Brooklyn Life.

Cataract Cannot Be Cured
with local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Cataract is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Cataract Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Cataract Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Cataract. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CUNNEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price 7c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

When we put our picture in the magazine or newspaper, we always select the photo that was taken a good while ago.—Indianapolis News.

MONEY is a handmaiden. If thou knowest to use it, a mistress; if thou knowest not.—Horace.

When the Summer Breeze
Blows through the trees, most of us who can set off for a country jaunt, power across the Atlantic. Whether it is business or pleasure calls one from home, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the best accompaniment of a voyage, or an outing. Travelers, sea captains, commercial travelers and emigrants concur in this opinion. The Bitters is invaluable for bilious, malarial, dyspeptic or liver disorder.

ON EVEN TERMS.—"Why do you always select a poor partner at whist?" "So that we can understand each other's misdeeds."—Detroit Free Press.

First stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise sent free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Good nature is the very air of a good mind, the sign of a large and generous soul, and the peculiar soil in which virtue prospers.—Goodman.

Pink's Cure is the medicine to break up children's Coughs and Colds.—Mrs. M. G. BARRY, Sprague, Wash., March 5, '91.

CATYR pleases more when we are assured that it does not cover carelessness.—Mme. de Stael.

That

Extreme tired feeling afflicts nearly everybody at this season. The hustlers cease to push, the tireless grow weary, the energetic become enervated. You know just what we mean. Some men and women endeavor temporarily to overcome that

Tired

feeling by great force of will. But this is unsafe, as it pulls powerfully upon the nervous system, which will not long stand such strain. Too many people "work on their nerves," and the result is seen in unfortunate wrecks marked "nervous prostration," in every direction. That tired

Feel-

ing is a positive proof of thin, weak, impure blood; for if the blood is rich, red, vitalized and vigorous, it imparts life and energy to every nerve, organ and tissue of the body. The necessity of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for that tired feeling is, therefore, apparent to every one, and the good it will do you is equally beyond question. Remember that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

"Blight"

costs cotton planters more than five million dollars annually. This is an enormous waste, and can be prevented. Practical experiments at Alabama Experiment Station show conclusively that the use of

"Kainit"

will prevent that dreaded plant disease.

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars containing special formulas, but are practical works, containing the results of latest experiments in this line. Every cotton farmer should have a copy. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

"BIG FOUR"

NEW LINE BETWEEN
CINCINNATI,
TOLEDO AND DETROIT

SOLID TRAINS
FAST TIME
EXCELLENT EQUIPMENT.
INAUGURATED MAY 17.

THE SCHEDULE.
Lv. Cincinnati.....9:00 a. m. 9:15 p. m.
Ar. Toledo.....3:25 p. m. 8:50 a. m.
Ar. Detroit.....5:45 p. m. 6:15 a. m.

Through Coaches and Parlor Cars on Day Trains.
Through Coaches, Wagner Sleeping Cars Cincinnati to Toledo and Cincinnati to Detroit on Night Trains.

The New Service between Cincinnati, Toledo and Detroit is

AS GOOD AS OUR NEW YORK LINE!
AS GOOD AS OUR CHICAGO LINE!
AS GOOD AS OUR ST. LOUIS LINE!

Buy your tickets through a "Big Four." For full information call on agents or address E. O. McCORMICK, C. D. B. MARTIN, Pass. Traffic Mgr. Gen'l Pass. & Tkt. Agent.

PINK'S CURE FOR
CURES WHILE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Dr. J. C. Pink's Cure for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, etc. Sold by druggists.

THE LITTLE OLD GRAY.

A Homely and Thrilling Story
from Rocky Creek.

How the Fiea-Bitten Gray Earned His
Feed with Sweat and Blood—
Got on the Rockin' Road—
Spring Freshet.

You talk about big rains and high waters and spring freshets and close calls and tight places—that's what makes me tell you what I do about a woman—another love, and the little old gray horse which has now got the run of the woods pasture.

I am not more than a long day's drive from the poor roadhouse, and sometimes I couldn't say for certain right where I will stand when the storekeeper opens up. But so long as we both live the little gray can get anything that I have got that he wants.

"One of Your Has-Beens."

There ain't no particular style about that horse, as you will notice, and he ain't got no git-up-and-git to speak of now. But at the same time he is a member of the Sanders family, which family can do most in generally—always count on me to do the talking and hustling for the necessary fixings. He is now free, white and 21, and I give him all the slack in the reins when it suits him.

He has been dead on his legs and off of his feet for 10 to 15 years, and consequently he don't have to make a track nor fling a shoe except on only when he feels like it. There are other horses on the place that's younger and stronger and better looking than him, and we let them run the wagons and the plows and do the saddling and the driving for the concern. The old gray has seen his best days long ago, and he is now on the pension rolls—drawn his rations and taken his rest for the honorable service. He is just what you might call one of your has-beens.

But I took my seat with pen in hand to tell you that the little old gray has had his day, and in that day he was yonder the best piece of horse flesh that ever flung a shadow in all this skirt of woods. I bought him of old Squire when he was nothin' but a three-year-old, and a tremendous shabby one at that. When he was four I started him to holdin' the stirrups and wearin' the collar tolerable regular and frequent, and then he shed his baby teeth and commenced fillin' out and roundin' up all around. But he had got stunted in the start, and there is nothin' like a good start, when it comes to handlin' horse flesh. He never could git over the bad start in takin' on his form and general appearances. He was always slip-slided and sway-back and rather awkward in his makeup. All the same he had some of the stuff in him which makes goers and stayers, and he showed up with it in the day and hour of trial. Big leg bones, and high withers, and short back, and droopin' rump, and thin deep chest, and long, strong limbs. By gattins, there was muscle on that horse's arms and legs which looked like young kittens under the skin, and but for the hard road he had traveled I have no doubts but what they would be full-grown cats by now.

Iron bound and copper bottomed and supple jointed—he could git over the ground like a bird, and hit a straight, regular lick all the day long.

The Weather Was "Franky."

But, as I was goin' to say, we and the little old gray have had some hard rubs and pulled through some mighty close places together in our day and generation, and while we both live he will find corn chops in the trough and fodder in the rack every time he goes to the stable.

He was in the spring time, and away back there in the 70s, if my count ain't wrong, and we was farmin' then down on the Conecuh river bottoms. The rains had come tremendous heavy and frequent. The river was full to the brim, but she was sloppin' over any to speak of, and travellin' was considered plumb safe. Our little Mary was nothin' but a spring pullet then, and we had started her to school to one of the Cross girls over the river a mile and a half, or maybe a little better, from home.

When we got up that mornin' the sky was clear as a bell, and the sun was shinin' and the birds singin' and the bees a hummin'. It had then been a clean 21 hours since any rain had fell on our place, and it looked like nothin' but fair weather ahead. And little Mary she was most crazy to git back to school, sayin' how she was now in her A-B Ahs, and fische missed another day she would have to go foot and spell up, whilst the other scholars would laugh and poke fun at her.

"I am awful skittish about lettin' our Mary off to school this mornin', Rufus," says mother to me after breakfast, and then she would like to know my private opinions about the general circumference of the surroundings.

"Let the little one go to school," says I. "She is all wrapped up in her books, and it would most break her heart. I reckon, to go back and spile out and start over."

She is as smart and handsome as her mother, and proud and high headed as her daddy, and by the livin' and dead, she shall have all the schoolin' she will take.

"But I am not feelin' right easy in regards to the water and the weather," mother went on. "Sposin' the river takes a spurt and gits out of her banks. I And that ain't all. It mout rain to-day for all I know. My cerns are hurtin' awful this mornin', and the weather is so pranky, Rufus."

"This ain't my time of year for sposin'," says I. "Life is too short, and time is too skeerce. Let the little one go to school."

Then mother loved it would have to be so, she reckons, bein' as I was the general boss, but still she couldn't help from feelin' a little bit jubbis in regards to the river and the weather.

The River Run Mad.

So after breakfast I straddled the little gray and lit out to see Will Tom Pickets, 13 miles up the river. A big political affiliation was to be held up there that day, and I like to be wanted to see Will Tom touchin' a land trade which me and him had put in soak together.

The horse went off in a good swingin' fox trot, and then presently broke into a long gallop. We made bully time over the level sandy road and had put some nine miles behind us when all of a sudden the little gray stopped in his tracks like he was shot, pricked his ears forward and gave a low snort.

Somethin' wrong somewhere, says I to myself. The little gray wouldn't break his gaites up that way, with his good training off there want some trouble in the woods.

A high wind was now blowin' strong and full in my face, but I urged him on to a little clearer line some 50 yards ahead. And then, white people—then I looked on a sight that will stay with me to my dyin' day. The river was all spread out over the woods and fields, chin-deep it looked like to me, and comin' right down on us like a mill race with the dam busted. I could hear her roarin' and stompin' and stompin' like a drove of wild steers stampin' of a cnebreck. I knowed in a minit what was up and what it meant. There had been a cloud burst, or water spout as we called em, somewhere in the up country, and the river was then runnin' mad as a March hare through the swamp lands. My hair stood up, and a funny sort of hurrin' come into my throat. I glanced up towards the sun, and then this little calculation run through my head quicker than you could say seat with your mouth open.

"It is past eight o'clock now. Our little Mary is just about fixin' off to school. Will she clear the swamp before the freshet runs down to the big road crossin'?"

A Long and Terrible Heat.

A second more, and the little gray had wheeled in his tracks like a top and swapped ends for home. I give him all the slack in the reins, dug my spurs deep into his flanks, and went off on the back trail like he was shot out of a cannon. There was squally times then, ladies and gentlemen, and I was terrible bad rattled, but I leant down on that horse's neck and talked to him—talked to him like he was folks.

"Untie them legs, young fellow," says I, "and use em now for all they are worth. No monkey work, no jockeyin' and no foolin' now. It is a long and terrible heat ahead, but the stakes!—the stakes are worth a hundred men and horses like you and me! By gollys we must win this race and beat the fresher to the big road crossin' if it snaps every nerve and strains every muscle and breaks every bone in your body. Git out of the woods and go!"

As we shot down through the swamp I took notice of the slous and branches and lagoons fillin' up with back water, which the little gray cleared them at a single leap, one by one, and still my spurs was plavin' deep into his bleedin' sides. But he was game—dead game—game to the bone, and never floundered nor flickered nor finched. Seemed to me like he kept squatin' and gettin' closter and closter to the ground as he went plugin' and tearin' along like a storm on wheels. Presently we shot out from the swamp and onto the sand ridge, and I knowed that six miles of that awful race was run. Right alone there the river made a little bend and we gained half a mile by the straight road.

And do you know—sometimes when I look back and think about it—I'll be dog-goned if I don't believe that horse could tell what was up and what had to be done as well as I could, if not some better, cause I was mighty nigh crazy. I was hoarin' at the horse and plavin' up his flanks with the steel rods of my spurs, feelin' like I would choke to death, and sweatin' great drops of perspiration as big as your fist. Away he went down the ridge with the speed of the wind, his long slab sides bloody as a beef and smokin' like a steam engine.

When we hove in sight of home mother she was out in the garden pickin' vegetables for dinner. Takin' off her fly bonnet and raisin' her hand so, she looked at me and the horse comin' down the road, and seems to me like she was sayin' to herself: "Sakes alive! Is he drunk or crazy?"

Would you reckon on that horse wanted to stop at home? Nary time out. He run by the wood lot gate like a rifle shot and went a splittin' on down the slope towards the river. Mother she was wavin' her hands and gesturin' and callin' to us, as we dashed by, but I couldn't say nothin', my face was set to the river and the little gray was headin' for that point.

Well, we found our little Mary down there in the swamp—jest across the bridge. She was tackin' along at her own gait, pickin' flowers and shootin' the butterflies out of the path as she went. I stooped down, caught her by one arm, and lifted her to my saddle bow, then wheeled the horse and made for the up-hill.

When we got out on the brow of the hill past high water mark, I slowed up, and there we met mother comin' at full tilt, quarrelin' to herself and wantin' to know what in the round created world was the matter. I set the little one in her arms and slid off of the horse to the ground; remarkin' that there want anything in partier the matter exceptin' that a spring freshet was comin' down the river like a thousand o' bricks, and I didn't want to lose our little Mary in that way.

Then I got weak and tremblin' in my knees and set me down by the road to rest myself a little. Tareely I saw the river loomin' up and sloppin' over and sloshin' out of her banks. And in less time than it takes me to tell it I saw that spring freshet rippin' and roarin' through the tops of the alder bushes and playin' hide and seek with the corn tassels.

Mother loved she told me so, and cried, womanlike, when the danger was all over, and I laughed a little round about in spots. But, of course, we was both monstrous glad. Little Mary was powerful sorry she didn't git to school that day, but loved she was awful glad her daddy want drunk and neither crazy.

Adaptability.

Inspector of Prisons.—In providing you with work your former occupation should be taken into account. What were you?

Convict.—An anarchist.

"Um, um. We can put him to road blastin'."—Elegende Blaetter.

And in New York.

Wade.—There goes a man who has served 20 years as a policeman.

Butcher.—Where has he served?

Wade.—Fifteen on the force and five in Sing Sing.—N. Y. World.

MYSTERY OF A METEORITE.

Journey That Would Take Seven Million Years to Cover.

When a meteorite strikes the earth it ends a journey of 7,000,000 miles, began centuries before the Christian era. This is on the basis that it came from a star, for it would, according to astronomical calculation, require the full time given to make the trip from star to earth.

Just what these meteorites are and from whence they come are things that even those who have spent their lives in studying the stars can yet do barely more than conjecture.

An article on this subject, from the pen of Camille Flammarion, the great French astronomer, has just appeared in Paris, and is of especial interest, as it gives hitherto unpublished details regarding the great aerolite that burst over Spain the month before last.

"The sun was shining brightly in the blue sky, when at 9:29:30 o'clock in the forenoon of Monday, February 10, the people of Madrid suddenly saw a flash of blindingly brilliant light in the sky above them, which seemed to set the whole heavens aflame. It appeared to emanate from a white cloud, which hung like a puff of smoke high up toward the zenith, having the form of a semi-circle, with its convex side toward the east, and tipped with a crimson hue at its outer edge."

M. Flammarion says that a projectile sent from the earth with a speed of 11,000 meters (nearly 37,000 feet) per second—allowance being made for the resistance of the air—would never fall back to the earth.

A projectile sent with a speed of 10,000 to 11,000 meters (a meter is about 2.33 feet) would fall only after hundreds of thousands of years. A projectile launched with an initial velocity of from 9,000 to 10,000 meters per second would fall after thousands of years.

"Therefore, it seems," says M. Flammarion, "that a certain number of meteorites must come from these different sources. Without doubt some of them may be the dust of defunct worlds wandering in space. But their analogy with the interior rocks of the terrestrial globe would seem to indicate that many of them come from our own planet. Those which arrive with a small velocity may have the moon for their origin, but the great speed with which some of them strike the earth indicates that they come from some star. Is the nearest star to the earth is a journey which would take a meteorite no less than 7,000,000 of years to make."—Chicago Journal.

IDOLIZING THE FAVORITES.

Silly Antics of New York Women on Parading with Operatic Stars.

The scenes enacted by the hero-worshipping feminines of this town are simply sickening. The scene at the Theatre pier when Paderewski sailed the other day was bad enough, but the came sisters acted worse at the Metropolitan at the conclusion of a recent performance. They marched to the footlights 500 strong. They compelled the De Reszkes and Melba to walk across the stage 18 times. After half a dozen calls the sensible beings in the audience left the house, but their friends were not going to let the singers off so easily. The lights were turned out, but the women did not mind that. They shrieked and stamped and whistled until three singers appeared again, and then, thrusting their gloved hands across the footlights, tried to touch Jean's feet. Mme. Melba had some flowers in her hands, and these she threw to the crowd. While the women were scrambling for them the singers escaped through the side door. But the howl of the silly mob brought the singers back again. One woman leaned across the footlights and, catching hold of Melba's skirt, tried to pull a bit of the lace off her petticoat. This was too much of a good thing. Melba looked furious, and turning upon the woman, exclaimed, as she waived her hand: "Shoo! shoo! Go home, go home!" Then a fat woman picked up a small child and tossed it deliberately on the stage. The child made a dive for Jean De Reszke, but the tenor had seen it coming and fled. Then the child—a hideously ugly tot—got hold of Melba and put her face up for a kiss. Melba made the best of a bad bargain. Again the lights were lowered, but the crowd stayed in. Finally, Melba managed to make herself heard, and then she firmly informed the feminine errands that she wouldn't sing "Home, Sweet Home" if she had to stand on the stage until morning. She was hopping mad by this time, and the foolish freaks finally "tumbled" and slowly filed out of the house. If the foot-killer ever comes to New York the man-milliners will lose a lot of customers.—N. Y. Cor. Pittsburgh Dispatch.

Wealth of Medical Men.

The following is a list of the sums left by a number of prominent medical men, mostly knights or baronets, who died last year. The estates range in value from nearly \$500,000 to about \$40,000.

Sir William Savory, who died at the age of 68, left an estate worth over \$93,000. Dr. John S. Bristowe left an estate worth \$15,734, and the late Dr. Tuke an estate of about \$30,000. It is estimated that the average of the personal estates of 67 physicians and surgeons whose wills were noticed during six or seven years was \$50,614. This is a vastly greater sum than could be credited to a similar number of eminent American physicians, and it is not unlikely that most of these gentlemen inherited or obtained through some other than medical practice the fortunes which they left.—London Medical Press.

That Familiar Cloud.

"Dah is a cloud on dis 'semblage, I see sorry to say," said Dewberry Jones, as he held his razor between the pot and his opponent at poker.

"Is dah?" asked the man who was reaching for the money rather nervously.

"Yassah. It am no biggah dan a man's han; but when de size ob dat han' happings to be five deuces you kin jest bet dat de cloud am chock full ob trouble. Yoh year me?"—Detroit Free Press.

A Nest Compliment.

The following pretty little song took place between a very delicate lady singer and a celebrated composer, who is by no means addicted to flattery:

"Tell me, my dear maestro, which would you like better: To be blind or deaf?"

"Deaf, madam, when I am looking at you, and blind when I hear you sing!"—Le Temps.

SMILERS.

"Do you take fuel in exchange for subscriptions?" asked the editor at the country newspaper office. "What states you got a penny?"—Xenikos Statesman.

Not His Kind.—"Intemperance" said the long-haired passenger, "is the crying evil of the day." "Ain't with me," said the fat passenger. "I always git the singing kind. Never had a crying jag in my life."—Indianapolis Journal.

Short Engagements.—Little Boy—"How soon are you and Sis goin' to be married?" Accepted Suitor—"She has not named the day yet. I hope she does not believe in long engagements." Little Boy—"She doesn't. I know, 'cause all her engagements has been short."—Town and Country Journal (Sydney).

"I'm glad to see that one thing has been brought to the attention of congress," said the man who is perpetually indignant. "What do you mean?" "The necessity for a universal standard of weights and measures. What we want right away is some scheme that'll make 50 pounds of ice weigh just as much in July as it does in April."—Washington Star.

BACKACHE.

From the Press, New York City.

Few people have suffered more from pain in the back than Mrs. Lillie B. Newell of No. 2213 Second Avenue, New York City. For several years she was so afflicted with this distressing malady that she was hardly able to get around, and could do little to cure for her children which made her suffering all the harder to bear. Her husband, Charles Newell, who is a well-known New York optician, tried in every way to find a remedy for his wife, but no medicine seemed to have the power to remove her pain.

Mrs. Glynn, a sister of Mrs. Newell, is a professional nurse, and was familiar with the symptoms of her sister's sickness. Mrs. Newell was away on a visit when a reporter called upon her, but Mrs. Glynn, who lives at No. 416 East One-hundred-and-twentieth Street, told the story of her sister's recovery.

A doctor was called when Mrs. Newell's condition became serious and he prescribed small pink pills which, in a short time, relieved the woman's pain as no other medicine has done. "After awhile," Mrs. Glynn told the reporter, "we learned that the medicine the physician was giving my sister was nothing more than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Knowing by experience how excellent a remedy these pills were, Mrs. Newell bought some at a drug store and continued taking them. The effect was most gratifying, for in six months my sister was perfectly well and the pain in her back was nothing more than an unpleasant memory. Both she and I have recommended the Pink Pills to other people, who have not failed to find them all that is claimed. All doctors my sister had been treated by, before taking the pills, had done her no apparent good."

Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose form by the dozen or hundred) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y. The price at which these pills are sold makes a course of treatment inexpensive as compared with other remedies or medical treatment.

The Composition of MAX—Dollie—"Do you believe that man is made of dust?" Chollie—"He has to be to get any notice from you."—Detroit Free Press.

A MAN will tell you of every improvement he puts on his property, but he never tells you of the mortgage that he has put on the improvement.—N. Y. Advertiser.

THE GENERAL MARKET.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 23.

CATTLE—Best beefs.....\$ 3.25 @ 4.00
Stocks.....3.00 @ 3.50
Native cows.....2.00 @ 3.40
HOGS—Choice to heavy.....3.00 @ 3.07 1/2
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....61 @ 62
No. 2 hard.....59 @ 60
CORN—No. 2 mixed.....23 1/2 @ 23
OATS—No. 2 mixed.....16 @ 16 1/4
RYE—No. 2.....32 @ 33
FLOUR—Patent family.....1.00 @ 2.10
Fancy.....1.75 @ 1.85
HAY—Choice timothy.....12.00 @ 12.50
Fancy prairie.....6.50 @ 7.00
BRAN—(Sacked).....6.00 @ 6 1/2
BUTTER—Choice creamery.....12 1/2 @ 13 1/2
CHEESE—Full cream.....10 1/2 @ 12 1/2
EGGS—Choice.....7 @ 7 1/4
POTATOES.....15 @ 20

ST. LOUIS.

CATTLE—Native and shipping.....3.25 @ 4.25
Texas.....2.65 @ 3.65
HOGS—Heavy.....3.10 @ 3.35
SHEEP—Fair to choice.....2.50 @ 3.50
FLOUR—Choice.....2.50 @ 2.60
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....59 @ 62
No. 2 hard.....58 1/2 @ 59
OATS—No. 2 mixed.....18 @ 19
RYE—No. 2.....38 @ 38
BUTTER—Creamery.....13 1/2 @ 17
LARD—Western mess.....4 07 1/2 @ 4 17 1/2
PORK.....7 25 @ 7 50

CHICAGO.

CATTLE—Common to prime.....3.75 @ 4.00
2.25 @ 3.50
HOGS—Good to Choice.....2.75 @ 4.00
SHEEP—Fair to choice.....3.50 @ 3.80
FLOUR—Winter wheat.....64 @ 65
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....58 1/2 @ 59
CORN—No. 2.....23 1/2 @ 24
OATS—No. 2.....19 @ 19 1/4
RYE.....26 1/2 @ 27
BUTTER—Creamery.....11 @ 15
LARD.....4 27 1/2 @ 4 35
PORK.....7 15 @ 7 57 1/2

NEW YORK.

CATTLE—Native Steers.....3.50 @ 4.50
HOGS—Good to Choice.....3.50 @ 4.00
FLOUR—Good to Choice.....3.40 @ 3.50
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....68 1/2 @ 69 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....33 1/2 @ 34 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....15 @ 15 1/2
BUTTER—Creamery.....11 @ 15 1/2
PORK—Mess.....9.50 @ 10.50

Old age

comes early to the clothes that are dragged up and down over the wash-board. It's ruinous. Nothing else uses them up so thoroughly and so quickly.

This wear and tear, that tells so on your pocket, ought to be stopped. Get some Pearl-line—use it just as directed—no soap with it—and see how much longer the clothes last, and how much easier and quicker the work is. Pearl-line saves the rubbing.

Send it Back
be honest—send it back.

Readers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearl-line." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never pedd

SIMPLY AWFUL.

The City of St. Louis Visited by a Dreadful Storm.

Hundreds of Houses Wrecked and Hundreds of Lives Lost.

The City Hospital Demolished, and the Ruins, Containing Scores of Victims, in Flames.

Seven Boats on the River Torn from Their Moorings and Lost with All on Board.

Crowded Street Cars, Blown from the Bridge into the River, Sink Out of Sight.

A Span of the Great Eads Bridge Demolished.

Ruin and Devastation Everywhere—The City in Darkness, and the Worst Probably Not Yet Told.

Dead and Missing.
City hospital patients and attaches (estimated, 75).
Nephew Martin, crushed at 402 south Twelfth.
Unknown man crushed at Locust and the Levee.
Crew of the City of Vicksburg, estimated at fifteen.
Fifteen unknown in Wickers' hotel, East St. Louis.
Two unknown at Tudor Mill, East St. Louis.
Crew of Dolphin, estimated at fifteen.
Crew of City of Quincy, no estimate.
Engineer of Aetna Iron Works, Twenty-first and Papin streets.
Two small children missing from rear of 400 south Twelfth street.
Family buried under a house at Seventh and Poplar streets.
Employees of Consolidated Iron works; no estimate.
Unknown cabman, Seventh and Chouteau avenue; blown off his cab.
Official of fire department blown from his buggy on Clark avenue; will die.
Herman Hauck, painter, on Chestnut street, near Twentieth; believed to have been buried.
Gertie McKenna, 15 years old, 2108 Eugenia; so badly crushed she will die.
Mrs. Bridget Genn, 202 Clark avenue; will die from being crushed beneath a roof.
Persons in lost car on Eads bridge (unestimated).
Unknown man on Eads bridge.
Thirteen men on the Pittsburgh.
John Sawyer, Emma Chaney and Isabella Hayden, crushed to death at 1819 Chouteau avenue.
The city hospital is almost totally destroyed and 75 persons are said to be buried in the ruins; work of rescue is now going on.
The house of Good Shepard has been thrown open for the accommodation of the patients that escaped.
Dozens of them are now at the dispensary being cared for as best can be.
It is impossible to give any estimate as to deaths now.

St. Louis, May 27, 10 p. m.—An extra Post-Dispatch, just issued, contains the following double-column cyclone heading: "Hundreds Slain by a Terrible Storm—St. Louis City Hospital is in Ruins, with Patients Dying—Seven Fine Steamboats Blown Away—One Span of the Eads Bridge Destroyed by Fire—Death and Desolation Everywhere," and it is feared that daylight and later details will more than verify the dismal caption.

Facts gathered at random by reporters who stumbled in the dark at every step over wreckage of destroyed or damaged buildings, roofs, awnings and signs, are presented below, and doubtless constitute but meagre details of the most destructive cyclone that has ever visited this country.

At about 5:10 o'clock p. m. a storm, presaged by half an hour of increasing darkness that had now become as black as night itself, burst upon St. Louis. The sky was yellowish. The wind began to whistle ominously and staunch buildings began to rock, and a few minutes later those who were in buildings that withstood the fury of the storm were terrified by crashing sounds of falling buildings and collapsing roofs and chimneys in the immediate neighborhood, and many a person unused to prayer sent up an involuntary "God spare and deliver us!" The destructive work of the storm king was soon accomplished and breaking light in the east brought relief and hope to beating hearts, and before the rain which fell in torrents had ceased thousands ventured forth to satisfy their curiosity or to hasten to the presence of loved ones of whose safety they would be assured.

At 6:30 a second storm came up, though of less intensity, apparently. The waning day grew almost into night again. The sky, which for a short time had lightened up, became again that ominous yellow which once seen is never forgotten. The streets were full of people, vainly trying to get home. All the trolley cars were stopped and work people, many of them living from five to seven miles distant, had the uninviting prospect of a walk through darkened streets under drenching skies to encounter.

The Olive-street cars were the only ones running, and they were utterly inadequate to transport a tenth of the west-bound crowds surging through the streets. When the storm broke the second time the people hurried from the street into adjacent stores, and many showed symptoms of decided alarm.
But the second storm was soon over, although it must have added to the intensity of the alarm, which by this time had permeated hundreds of thousands of people in St. Louis.

AN AWFUL RUMOR

Cigarette Factory Wrecked and One Hundred Persons Buried in the Ruins.
A report was widely circulated at different parts of the city that the roof of the new cigarette factory of the Liggett & Meyers Co., had been knocked in and that at least 100 men and women had been buried under the wreckage and that it would be impossible to get them out for several hours.
The rumor came from several different places and was reported to the police and several calls were sent to the city dispensary for ambulances to go to the cigarette factory.

The new factory is located at Park avenue and Manchester road. It was stated by one man, who said he had seen the roof fall, that at least 100 persons were buried.

AT THE CITY JAIL.

A Big, Broad Road to Liberty, but the Prisoners were Too Terrified to Accept It.

A twenty-foot section of the western wall of the city jail blew down, exposing the interior.
It was during the exercise hour and nearly 200 prisoners were in the "bull ring." They were too frightened to run although escape would have been easy. Instead they set up a concerted yell of terror, and many voluntarily sought shelter in their cells.

Jailer Wagner was on the scene in a moment, and with the aid of a number of policemen and detectives, soon had the noisy crowd behind the locks. A special detail of police was hastily summoned, and will be on guard all night.

The Four Courts were otherwise badly damaged, and Judge Harvey's court was adjourned in confusion.
A big fire was raging at the poorhouse at 6 p. m.

AT THE UNION STATION.

Two Women Fatally Crushed Under Fallen Walls.

As the storm cut through the railroad yards back of the Union station it turned over any number of freight and passenger cars and carried away the southwest corner of the Union depot grain elevator.
This elevator is one of the largest in the city, and as the wreckage came down it crashed through the roofs of a half dozen deserted shanties. So far as could be learned no one was injured there.

But as the storm came on in its fury it struck the saloon at Twenty-first and Clark avenue, owned by a man known to the policeman on the beat as "Steve Brodie."

The whole east wall of that three-story brick structure was carried away, but as it fell it caught the heavy lines of electric wires and snapped them each in twain.

Then came the crash which buried the two women. Next to the saloon is Mrs. Gunn's grocery store. She and Gertie McKenna were there along, and as they were standing speechless under the fury of the storm the west wall of "Brodie's" saloon came down through the roof of the grocery store. There was no scream from the women; they were being crushed and smothered.

Patrolman Bart Keany was a block away and he started for the place. As he was making his way through the awful torrents of rain every telegraph pole on the street came down with a crash, and the wires came with them.
But Keany got into the wreckage and after a half hour's work had gotten to where the impaled women could be seen. After the worst of the storm had subsided the women were taken out.

The girl was so badly bruised and crushed that a physician said nothing could be done for her.
Mrs. Gunn was cared for in the saloon, and there the same physician said she could not live.

The storm carried away the fronts of the brick dwellings at 2035, 2037, 2039 and 2041 Clark avenue, but none of the occupants were injured. The houses were occupied by Mrs. Fay, Mrs. Barry, Mrs. King and Mrs. Hogan.

Every tree was blown to the ground from Twenty-first street to Jefferson avenue.

Over on Chestnut street there was consternation. A series of poles supporting heavy telegraph wires fell to the street.

As they fell one of the poles shot through the side of car 56 of the Market street line and knocked one man out the back end. His skull was said to be broken, and he was taken to his home on Connecticut avenue. The car was wrecked.

Another man was injured in the same accident, but he left before the ambulance came.

STORM MISCELLANY.

The Eads Bridge Seriously Damaged.
The eastern abutment of the Eads bridge on which the ticket office is located was blown down. The wood and stone work fell upon the railroad tracks below, suspending traffic.

Tons of masonry are to be removed. Hundreds of people trying to get across the river are held up as there is no communication between the cities. Scores of fires started in East St. Louis as the result of falling buildings. All of Bloody Island was swept.

Another Account.
The driveway of the Eads bridge from the lower to the first pier on the

East St. Louis side is a crumbled mass of mortar and gravel lying thick on the railroad tracks. Parts of the tower and of pier No. 1 were also torn away.

All along the bridge the iron rods are twisted and much of the railing wrenched from its fastenings.

The bridge station windows were all smashed to smithereens and in some places the wooden blocks were torn up by the wind's fury.

The wreckage represents thousands of dollars and is the most disastrous that ever happened to one of the great bridge structures in the United States.

Luckily a heavily loaded freight was stopped in transit or it would have crashed into the wrecked C. & A. train and crushed the life out of the 50 passengers aboard of it, but who had so far escaped serious injuries.

A trolley car loaded with passengers bound for the west side is missing.

It was nearly to the first east-side pier when it began to crumble and go down with a crash. Whether the car was blown into the river or is under the wreck is not known.

It was so dark and the confusion so great that people didn't take time to inquire.

A horse attached to a buggy was blown off the driveway and fell alongside the demolished C. & A. coaches.

What became of the driver and buggy maybe the murky river can tell. Both are missing and not among the wreckage.

Factories Destroyed.

The tanks of the Waters-Pierce Oil Co. on Gratiot street blew up, illuminating the clouds with a wonderful light and spreading devastation on every hand.

Three stories of the Coe Manufacturing Co.'s building, Ninth and Gratiot, and nearly half of the Wainwright brewery were blown down.

The Summer high school, Eleventh and Spruce; T. E. McDermott's saloon, Eleventh and Chestnut; the Hotel Emmet, on the opposite corner; Jerry Sheehan's livery stable, Eleventh and Walnut, and Dr. Enno Sander's Mineral company, 125-129 South Eleventh street, were unroofed.

The engineer at the Aetna iron works, Twenty-first and Papin streets, was almost instantly killed. The walls blew in and he was scalded to death by steam. His name is unknown.
The Consolidated wire works, Twenty-first and Papin streets, was almost totally wrecked.

One of the boilers blew up and the cylinder did the rest. Seven people are known to have been injured seriously, and a workman who accompanied them to the city dispensary, states that many more were crushed by falling walls. The great plant was almost wholly demolished.

Part of the roof of the Exchange is on Third street.

There is a telegraph pole sticking through a window of the old post office on Third street.

A man was mashed almost to death at the Levee and Locust street. A mass of bricks fell on him as he was fleeing to shelter. An ambulance was summoned and he was sent to the city dispensary in an unconscious condition. His name is not known.

During the second storm the rainfall was so terrific that some of the streets down the levee were impassable from the force of water.

The broken telegraph poles and brick forced into narrow gorges the rainfall, and made it irresistible on Locust street.

The front of the five-story building at the southwest corner of second and Vine streets, containing the printing establishment of Rishin & Smith and the Crossman Printing Co., was blown into Second street. She skylight was also blown away, and the building was flooded. Nearly fifty persons were in the building at the time, but no one was injured.

The east wall of the saloon at 600 Carr street was blown on to B. Colman's bakery. A driver was seriously injured.

At Seventh and Chouteau avenue a cabman was blown from his cab and almost instantly killed. He was carried to Brun's drug store on the corner, but it was too late to help him. His name was not learned.

Costly Flames Caused by Lightning.
The St. Louis Refrigerator and Woodenware Co.'s factory, Second and Park avenue, was completely destroyed by fire caused by lightning about 6 o'clock.

The fire department could get but four lines of hose to work. The flames soon consumed the entire building. The loss is estimated at \$300,000.

At 6 p. m. the fire had spread to the lumber yards near by and a tar factory and a general conflagration in that quarter seemed unavoidable. The fire department is well nigh helpless to stay its progress.

ON THE RIVER.

Seven Steamboats and The Crews Thought to be Lost.

Frank Matthews, C. Edwards, Charles Bennett, Fred Rodgers and Ed Chaplin were the only men saved on the steamer Pittsburgh.

The Pittsburgh is a Diamond Jo boat. She was tied at the wharf at the foot of Washington avenue.

"The storm came from the east," said Matthews, "and the boat plunged right into the river and began spinning around like a top."

"A beam hit me and I jumped into the water. Four other men followed me. Then the boat went right to the bottom."

"The fire swam around for three-quarters of an hour and were finally picked up by a man named Johnson, who was out in the river with three skiffs."

"The rest of the men, I think are all drowned, unless it Capt. Bowles."

"I saw the Dolphin coming down the river. As she tipped up I saw a man leap, but a beam struck him across the back and he never came up. The Monroe passed us going like the wind. I could see the frightened passengers and then the boat was lifted clear out of the water."

The towboat Dolphin is a wreck, lying bottom up in midstream at the foot of Olive street.

The City of Vicksburg, the City of Providence and the City of Monroe disappeared in the storm.

They are thought to be lost.

The Providence had her crew on board, but she had up steam, and it is barely possible that she made lee-way and saved herself from being crushed on the east shore.

The Vicksburg's boilers were cold. Engineer Breecher, who had just left her, says there was no one on board but the watch crew of about three men. She is almost certainly lost, with all on board.

The Dolphin had three men on board. She was moored just below the bridge.

No one knows whether the crew got off or not.

Through the darkness the frightened crowd on shore saw the boat lifted up out of the water till her hull was exposed, then topple over.

She was covered momentarily by the waves, when the bottom of her bow was seen.

She seemed aground.

Her crew are supposed to be in her. The Providence and the Vicksburg were moored at Olive street.

The hawser and stern lines of both snapped like burnt tow, and they drifted away—nobody knows where.

The city of Monroe was preparing to leave the Anchor Line wharf. She was blown straight across the river.

It is believed she was beached on the east side without loss of life. She had a good crowd of passengers and her full crew.

Just as the storm cloud lifted a barge was seen tossing on the waves.

On board were a man, two mules and a wagon.

The man was making signals of distress just as the barge was lost to sight. It probably sank.

A. D. Taylor, a soda boy on the Vicksburg, was the last one to leave the boat. He said that the boat plunged for the river, and the crew made a rush for the levee. Some of them escaped, and the rest went whirling down the river, God knows where.

Two men are now hanging to the center pier of the big bridge. They were on the Dolphin No. 2. She was tied to the bridge, but the wind tore her loose and hurled her against the pier. She tipped over, and as she did so the two men caught the pier and hung on, with the black waters swirling around them.

Two men are said to have been killed on the City of Quincy. She lay above the bridge, but no one knows where she is now.

She May Be Found.
The City of Monroe was seen across the river, on the east shore, apparently safe, but badly dismantled. Grave fears are felt for the Grand Republic, which was on her way from Alton here when the storm broke.

She took a big load out this morning.

The Henry Sackman, the Providence and the City of Monroe are also safe on the Illinois side, opposite Chouteau avenue.

On the Levee.

The full force of the storm was felt on the levee.

From Broadway east the devastation seemed to increase.

Roofs of houses, piles of brick and mortar, splintered signboards, and masses of tangled wire obstructed every street leading to the river.

Commercial alley, between Second and Main street, from Olive to Chestnut is impassable. It is full of roofing and walls of buildings. No one house was leveled, but few escaped with whole walls.

The levee sidewalk is covered with debris.

Thousands of men are crowded down to the river front, wild with excitement.

Men are looking for the boats on which their friends and relatives were, and here and there in the crowd are anxious women wringing their hands.

The Mississippi Valley Transportation Co. barge was blown away as was the Eagle Packet Co. wharfbarge and that of the Diamond Joe line. Nothing is known of their whereabouts or condition. The Anchor line wharfbarge is the only wharfbarge safe on this side. The steamer Henry Laurey is also safe.

IN EAST ST. LOUIS.

Death and Destruction—Many Fires Raging.

There is death and desolation in East St. Louis.

The Tudor mills were blown down and two men were killed.

Wicher's hotel was destroyed. There are 15 people in the ruins.

The 5:30 Chicago & Alton accommodation train, with fifty passengers aboard, was crossing the bridge when the storm was at its worst. A watchman signaled Engineer Wm. Swannett to stop; but he heard a crumbling noise overhead, and opening the throttle valve, the train fairly jumped for life.

As he passed under the first pier the timbers came tumbling down and he had just passed the lower piers when the train was blown over.

No one was killed, but a number of ladies were badly cut and bruised.

The Vandalla freight house is on fire.

The houses, factories and workshops along Front street, East St. Louis were cut to the ground and present a sad sight of ruin and wreck.

How many lives were snuffed out under the wrecks it will take time to find out. That there are a number of people killed is known.

The three-story frame hotel of William Wicher, in which there were fifteen or twenty people, went down with a crash. How many or whether any of the guests were saved is not known.

One of the ferryboats approaching the east bank was driven high upon it and is a wreck. It is said that the passengers and crew escaped uninjured.

SWEEP TWO STATES.

Loss of Life and Personal Injury in Missouri and Illinois—A Death List of Over Sixty People and at Least 125 Persons Injured, Many of Their Fatality—These Are Independent of Casualties at St. Louis and East St. Louis.

St. Louis, May 29.—With the partial resumption of telegraphic communication with the outer world reports come in that indicate there were other sufferers by the terrible atmospheric disturbances of Wednesday evening besides those in St. Louis and its immediate vicinity.

Several towns in Missouri and Illinois suffered severely, and it is but reasonable to infer that the territory adjoining each one mentioned has its list of losses of life and property. Following is a list of killed and injured at various points, omitting details:

KILLED AT BIRKENHEAD, ILL.

James Greaves, his wife, Jeannette Greaves; his daughter, Jennie Greaves, aged 13, and baby Lizzie Greaves.
Mrs. Thomas Southern.
Frank Linke.
Gertrude Boatman.
Frank Wurm.

INJURED.

Mrs. Williams.
Lottie and Bertha Boatman.
Mrs. Davis.
Mrs. Shanahan.
Peter Linke.
F. M. Foster.
Lottie Foster.
Frank Blindberry.
Florence Davis.
Tony Accordi.

Grandmother Greaves.

KILLED AT NEW RADEN, ILL.
P. S. Meyer and daughter.
Mrs. Rust and little girl.
Peter Kransz and wife.
Jacob Lee.
Ida Barnes.
Adam Peter.
Little daughter of J. Feckloser.

INJURED.

John Barnes, wife and child.
J. Rust and little boy.
B. Speiser.
S. L. Ferguson, wife and child.
Emma Kransz.
Mrs. Bachman and son.
An unknown peddler and many others, whose names could not be learned.

KILLED AT HARMONY STATION, ILL.

Henry Tankard, toll-gate keeper.
Myrtle Bowen, 4 years old.

KILLED AT BRECKENRIDGE, ILL.

Mr. Jenkins and H. Barnes, struck by lightning.

KILLED NEAR MASCOUTAH, ILL.

Johnnie Beatty, aged 7.
Jacob Mallrich.

INJURED AT VANDALLA, ILL.

Mrs. Beatty and three children.

KILLED NEAR CHAMPAIGN, MO.

Allen Howard, aged 11.
Nora Howard, aged 5.

SERIOUSLY INJURED.

Anna Howard, aged 9.
John Howard.
Mrs. John Howard.
KILLED IN JEFFERSON COUNTY, ILL.

Mrs. Margaret Carroll.
Robert Foster.
Three children of Robert Foster.
Six scholars.
Mrs. George Lee.

INJURED.

Eighteen scholars.
Three children of Mrs. George Lee.
KILLED IN AUDRAIN COUNTY, MO.

Eliza Ware, daughter of K. G. Ware.
Hilda Blaz, 6 years old, died from injuries last night.

Eulalia Miller, 8 years old.
Rose Hodge, 4 years old.
Nine-year-old son of Albert Knoebel.
Miss Morris, 16 years old.

FATALLY INJURED.

Eugene Lott, 7 years old.
Pearl Hodge, 8 years old.
Son of Frank Erdel, 8 years old.
Miss Mary Blincoe, teacher; will die.
Felix Romingers; will die.

SERIOUSLY INJURED.

Clare Lierheimer, 6 years old.
Riley Hagan.
Charles Deepke, about 50 years old.
Son of G. B. Willingham.

Child of Rev. Jenrich.
Child of Robert Walters.
Two children of Ned Fagans.
Lulu Eubanks, 7 years old.
D. Farrington.

Son of Frank Erdel; leg and arm broken.

Jeff Lotts, little son and daughter.

J. R. Hodge's son, arm broken and injured in head.

From six to twelve other children, whose names can not now be learned.

KILLED IN FRANKLIN COUNTY, MO.

Robert E. Thompson.

INJURED.

John Novak.

August Neiderholtmeyer.

Herman J. Novak.

FATALLY INJURED NEAR RENICK, MO.

W. H. Styles.

Mr. Laughlin.

Unknown man.

Greater Than at First Supposed.

AMBLER, Pa., May 30.—The destruction wrought by the cyclone Wednesday is greater than at first supposed. Below Ambler and Jarrattown, where the storm was the most severe, no less than seventy-five barns, houses and other buildings are either partly or completely destroyed. The loss will amount to \$100,000.

The loss will fall heavily on the property owners, as many of the buildings were not insured against storms.

IN EAST ST. LOUIS.

A Day Devoted to Burying Victims of the Great Cyclone.

St. Louis, May 30.—East St. Louis was yesterday and will be for several days to come a city of funerals. In St. Peter's, St. Henry's and the City cemeteries, as well as the cemeteries of adjoining cities, graves are being prepared for the victims of Wednesday's disaster. And all yesterday solemn corteges of sad-faced people traversed the streets of the devastated city, following their loved ones to their last resting places.

CHURCHES IN RUINS.

Long List of Holy Edifices Razed by the Cyclone—Sixteen Costly Church Houses in the Neighborhood of Lafayette Park Either Partially or Totally Destroyed, Entailing Losses Aggregating a Quarter of a Million.

St. Louis, May 30.—Following is a list of houses of worship ruined and damaged by the tornado.

Churches.	Estimated losses.
Lafayette Park Presbyterian.	\$16,000.
Lafayette Park Methodist.	10,000.
Lafayette Park Baptist.	8,000.
Church of the Unity.	1,000.
Mount Calvary Episcopal.	20,000.
Memorial German M. E.	20,000.
Holy Cross, Saxon.	12,000.
Compton Hill Congregational.	1,000.
St. Vincent's Catholic.	3,000.
St. Henry's Catholic.	10,000.
St. Paul's Evangelical.	20,000.
Trinity Lutheran.	18,000.
St. Vincent's Catholic.	3,000.
St. Peter and Paul.	30,000.
St. John's Episcopal.	18,000.
Annunciation, Catholic.	18,000.

</

THE CHRONICLE

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, JUNE 4, 1896.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce W. A. Thompson as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. S. Farrel as a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of W. L. Davis authorize the Chronicle to announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce A. E. Smith as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. H. Hammond as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR SHERIFF.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Amos Daniel as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce S. W. Nelson as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. P. Christian as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Rev. C. W. O'Hara as a candidate for Superintendent of Education of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR COMMISSIONER—FIRST DISTRICT.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Hosea Pearson as a candidate for Commissioner of Shelby county, from the Columbian District No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR CONSTABLE.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce A. S. Liles as a candidate for the office of Constable of Beat No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic party.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JOSEPH F. JOHNSTON,
Of Jefferson.

For Secretary of State,
JAMES K. JACKSON,
Of Lauderdale.

For Treasurer,
GEORGE W. ELLIS,
Of Montgomery.

For Auditor,
WALTER S. WHITE,
Of Colbert.

For Attorney-General,
WILLIAM C. FITTS,
Of Tuscaloosa.

For Superintendent of Education,
C. W. O'HARA,
Of St. Clair.

For Commissioner of Agriculture,
I. F. CULVER,
Of Bullock.

No
Matter
What your
Politics may be
Take The Chronicle.
It will increase the gray
Matter of your brain, stiffen
Your spinal column and make
Life cheerful, bright and sunshiny.
Allopathic dose (1 year) \$1.
Homoeopathic dose (3 mos.) 25c.

The confusionists' "adjustable tick-
et" don't adjust.

There are more suckers than those
caught in the river.

The confusionists don't like our
vivisection of them.

"Subscribers' Day" is on every day
in The Chronicle office (Sunday ex.)

The confusionist leaders have pooled
their aspirations and fooled the other
fellows.

The character and intelligence of
an individual can be inferred from the
county paper he takes.

Look out for the politicians who
are getting up "filled" stories. Spuri-
ous, like "filled cheese."

The Montgomery Advertiser pub-
lishes "Headless Telegrams." Next
will be tale-less editorials.

MEN are not burned at the stake, in
this county, for their political opin-
ions. They are only furiously "roast-
ed."

EMERSON tells us to write as we
feel. If we did, this warm weather,
our scribbling would be replete with
caloric.

St. Louis editors have been, for a
long time past, calling Chicago "The
Windy City." They will probably let
up now.

MANY exchanges are disgustingly
alive with politics. Before the cam-
paign is ended, the monopoly will be
intense.

CAPT. JOHNSTON'S maiden speech,
in the present campaign, was not
florid and garnished with flaring trim-
ming but it was full of meat and that
tells.

MCKINLEY says he is in favor of
bicycling and base ball. If he is nomi-
nated the convention must insert a
plank in the platform endorsing these
great and growing industries.

We Chronicle for all—\$1 a year.

LAST week we had in a little article
advising the democrats to remember
that the "price of success is eternal
vigilance." "The world is theirs who
take it" that they must put their
"whole soul" in the work before them.
But, doing the latter, is not by any
means all of it; it is how you do it,
also. Illustrated: "A good sister was
told miracles could be accomplished
by the power of faith. She knew she
had dead loads of it and so she resolved
to leave the world ahead of the ordi-
nary course of nature. She would go
there on the wing-dy. A table and
chair having been placed on the lawn
in front of her house, her friends as-
sembled to see her ascend by the
power of faith. She ascended" to the
top of the table, with the aid of the
chair, flopped her hands and jumped
off but gravitation was too much for
her. She didn't go; but, undaunted,
she put her whole soul in the operation
and tried again and again, always
with the descending result. At last,
one of her neighbors inquired: "Nancy
what do you think of your faith now?"
"Laws-a-me," she replied: "My faith
is all right. I've just as much faith
as I ever had; but I can't get the flop."
The democrats have the flop. Let
them use it.

THE M. E. general conference north
stayed down somewhat heavily on the
Epworth Leaguers and Christian En-
deavors a few days ago. It held that
these organizations must not be en-
couraged too freely because they are
becoming so powerful the church
cannot handle them as it wants to.
Those crafty denominationalists
should be impressed with the fact
that they have not a monopoly of
saving souls and that all moral orga-
nizations are valuable and should be
encouraged.

THE Chattanooga Times is one of
the brightest edited and best arranged
papers typographically that comes to
this office.

Viva Cuba libre! Vamos Espan-
oles! (Live Cuba free! Go, Spaniards!)

LATEST GENERAL NEWS.

An Atlanta girl eloped with a Mann.
Political uncertainty is greatly af-
fecting heavy trade operations.

The mayor of Hot Springs, Ark., cut
the throat of a "doctor" drummer.

Presbyterian general assembly, Sara-
toga, N. Y., voted women out of the
pulpit.

A 16 to 1 wedding was arranged in
Nevada, a strong silver state; 16th of
the month, 1 p. m.

A woman has taken out a license as
mate on an Ohio river steamer. She
was probably promoted from cooking
the "mait."

A great struggle is on to secure the
location for the 1898 meeting of the
Union; 40,000 delegates.

At the great public feast which fol-
lowed the coronation ceremony of the
Czar of Russia, a woman gave birth to
a child unexpectedly in a surging and
excited crowd and she and her baby
were trampled to death.

Two ministers, delegates to the
synod of the western district of the
Evangelical Lutheran church, got
drunk in Middletown, Ohio, 29th ult.,
and were arrested and fined. The
synod expelled them on once.

COUNTY DEMOCRATIC EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEETING.

The county democratic executive
committee met here last Friday, a
large majority of the members being
present.

Vacancies were filled as follows:
Beat 4 E. T. Peter
Beat 5, James Johnson and C. Berton
Beat 6 Robert Marshall
Beat 11 O. S. Lybrand
Beat 15, J. P. Kinnett, R. E. Cosper
Beat 18 P. L. Holcomb

The committee ordered a primary
election to be held on Saturday, June
20th, said election to be held by the
committees in each beat, and the
same to be governed throughout by
the Savre election law.

The county convention was fixed for
Wednesday, June 24th, at Calera.
It was also ordered by the commit-
tee that the names of all the candi-
dates to be voted for in primary elec-
tion be handed in to the secretary, J.
R. White, by June 10th, in order that
the tickets may be printed and sent to
the different beats in ample time for
said primary.

COLUMBIANA CITY COUNCIL.

Important to Holders of Farm Land Within
the City Limits.

City Council met in the council
chamber Monday morning at 9:30,
Mayor Brown in the chair, and
Aldermen Albright, Nelson, Page,
Mason and White present.

Minutes of last meeting read and
approved.

Council met for the purpose of act-
ing on the proposition to repeal the
exemption of farm lands within their
jurisdiction, from taxation. After
discussion, proposition was voted on
in the manner required by law, and
carried unanimously.

Several owners of the land within
the area under consideration, had an
informal interview with the council-
men and stated that they were favor-
able to the council's action.

Reports of city officers were received
and placed on file.
Adjourned to July 6th, when the
matter of electing teachers for the
city school will be acted on.

C. W. O'HARA, Clerk.

No country editor thinks of buying
a cylinder press now until he has first
been fitted for a bike. If young, and
not yet having amassed colossal wealth
he hastens to get one by marriage.

OUR COUNTRY COUSINS.

Letters from the Intellectual Giants Who
Have Climbed the Ladder of Fame and
Under the Protection of the Good Little
Angel Who Sits Up Aloft and Looks Out
for the Handsome and Truly Good, Favor
Us With Fine, Fresh Country Correspond-
ence, in the Roll.

HARPERSVILLE.

Subscribe to the school.
Scarcely any wheat sown.
Look out for the mad dog.
Oat crop is being harvested this
week. Yield is very poor.

Literary society preparing to give
an entertainment, 'tis said.
Misses Hanna Caldwell and Toller
Wallace are visiting East Lake this
week. We wish for them a pleasant
time.

Let all go to work to make up a
good school for Harpersville, the next
term.

W. A. Gorman of East Lake is
spending a few days in our com-
munity.

Dr. Teague preached an excellent
sermon at the Baptist church last
Sunday.

Our "boys" have organized a ball
team, and say they are in the field to
attain fame.

Corn and cotton growing rapidly.
In good condition. Farmers cheerful
and hopeful.

Expect a large school next term,
comparing favorably with the best
in the county.

The Morgan bridge, which was
burned some time ago, is being re-
paired. Cater Bros. are doing the
work.

The Chronicle reaches us now on
Friday at noon and the little "Jakes"
are just as eager to get it as they are
to get their bread and butter.
The closing exercises of the Wilson-
ville school, last Thursday night,
were a grand success, and witnessed
by a large concourse of people.

His honor, Judge Russell, put on
his dignity last Sunday evening and
hitched up his Clark horse and lit out
for Columbiana to spend a few days.

Little Eddie Kirkland felt a few
Sundays ago that he was tired of liv-
ing alone in this vain and fleeting
world, and marry he would, and marry
he did Miss Mattie Smith. This all
happened in one day. May all their
troubles only be "little ones."

"JAKE."

WILSONVILLE.

C. Butler went to Childersburg last
week on business.

H. L. Sanders made a pleasure trip
to Calera last Saturday.

Will Evans spent last Thursday and
Thursday night in our city.
Ben Lilly of Louisville, Ky., was
this place, was in town last week.

Misses Ethel Kidd and Vincent,
of Vincent, were the guests of Miss Pur-
nie Pope last week and returned home
Monday.

Justin C. Jackson has been toying
with the muses. Let us "flea from
the wrath to come."

Quite a number of our Harpersville
and Vincent friends were present last
Thursday night to witness the closing
exercises of the Wilsonville school.

The long contemplated picnic came
off last Saturday at Shelby Springs.
The entire attendants were young men
and ladies of this place and Colum-
biana. From what I can learn they had
a pleasant time, and something
worth remembering.

Messrs. Protector of Widows Terry
and Widows Benefactor Lee, life in-
surance agents, were in the city last
week. I am informed that Mr. Lee
is a single man and has been trying to
play "lachel" (kortin').

The electrical current passed swiftly
over us, the clouds came, the wind
blew and the rain descended but,
nevertheless, there was a large gath-
ing Thursday night at the Wilson-
ville institute to witness the closing
exercises, which were enjoyed heart-
ly. The comic dialogues "brought
down the house." "Our clown" ap-
peared for the first time in gorgeous
uniform, and played his part natu-
rally.

Another trick riding bicyclist made
known to the public. He was running
very rapidly, and very unexpectedly
collided with a little boy who was run-
ning very fast himself. As they col-
lided the rider went

As a demon is hurled by an angel's spear,
Heels over head to his proper sphere;
Heels over head and head over heels.
Dizzy from his wheel he fell.
"Well, old boy, how do you like flying?"
Asked a young man with much delight.
"Well, I like flying when well done,
But there's not such a thund'ring sight
Of glorious, pleasurable fun
When you come to alight."

Alas! alas! how sad was the parting
hour last Monday afternoon, when
Miss Maude Williamson boarded the
train for her lovely home at Coatsopa,
Ala., accompanied by her brother,
Miss Maude has won many friends in
our city, and is a cheerful young lady.
She has left many warm hearts, grieved
hearts, wounded hearts, loving hearts
aching hearts and perhaps a "sweet-
heart" to mourn and weep for her
presence. She does not know at pres-
ent whether she will attend school
here or not. Mr. Williamson will re-
turn in a few days.

Last Thursday was passed seemingly
as an hour at the Wilsonville Insti-
tute. The grand oratorical lecture
given by Mr. Fuller Myatt, of How-
ard College, was something grand. At
noon the tables were spread with—oh
shoo!—the finest that could be ob-
tained in the community. In the
afternoon came the "tug of war" with
the students, but it seemed that every

student was naturally adapted to the
study in which they were examined.
This goes to prove that we have two
energetic teachers, and that their
motto is "teach thoroughly what they
pretend to teach." I trust that this
community will be honored with them
for years to come, both as friends and
teachers.

The musical entertainment, held at
J. F. Pope's last Friday night, was an
affair that is indelibly stamped on
the minds of those who were so for-
tunate as to be present. The instru-
mental music given by the music
class was simply grand; and so was
the vocal music rendered by Misses
George Pope, Sallie Bollen, and volun-
taries by two young ladies of Vincent,
whose names we cannot recall. Recita-
tions followed by Misses George
Pope, Laura Weldon and Juddie Kil-
patrick, that were as interesting as
the young ladies themselves. A fine
time was had after the entertainment
with visitors from Harpersville, Vin-
cent, Childersburg and Columbiana.
It affords us great pleasure to have
the young people of the neighboring
towns visit us. Let me congratulate
Miss Rosa Wallace on her success in
teaching music.

BOURGOIS.

CRESWELL.

Mrs. Bradford is visiting her mother
in Coosa county.

Mrs. D. McLaure, of Birmingham, is
visiting her father, R. H. Glaze and
family this week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Lowe have the
sympathy of the community in the
loss of their little one-year-old child
on the 26th ult.

Miss Ada Cosper returned to her
home at Cobb, last Sunday, after
spending two weeks pleasantly with
relatives and friends here.

We are sorry our last communication
was so late as to cause it to come out
so brief. We will try to be on better
time in the future.

G. W. Wallis, Jr., and Miss Willie
Lipsey, Auther and Miss Scottie Log-
an, E. M. Cosper and Miss Jennie
Bates, A. A. Logan and wife attended
the Sunday school convention at
Laniers last Sunday.

Miss Annie Spear, of Stewartville,
and Mrs. Bettie Nivens, of Sylacauga,
are visiting their sister, Mrs. W. S.
Lowe, this week.

Mrs. J. H. Coleman has been on the
sick list for several days, but we are
glad to note she is much better.

Crops have been suffering in this
section for rain, but we had a heavy
rain Monday evening with prospects
for more.

CHOCTAW.

Register's Sale.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County. Amer-
ican Mortgage Company, of Scotland,
Limited, Complainant, vs. H. R. Wells,
Defendant.

In Chancery, at Columbiana, Alabama, Sixth
District. Northeast Chancery Division.

By virtue of a decree rendered at the
Spring Term, 1896 of the Chancery Court, at
Columbiana, Shelby County, Alabama, in said
cause, I shall proceed to sell to the highest
and best bidder, for cash, at public auction,
in front of the court house door in the town
of Columbiana, Alabama, within the legal
hours of sale, on Monday, the twenty-
ninth day of June, 1896, the following
described property, to-wit: w¹/₂ of sw¹/₄ of
section 2, w¹/₂ of sw¹/₄ of section 3, the e¹/₂ of
nw¹/₄ and e¹/₂ of sw¹/₄ of the sw¹/₄ of nw¹/₄ of
section 4, all in township 24 range 15, con-
taining in all six hundred and forty acres,
more or less, to satisfy said decree.

GORDON DUBOSE,
Register in Chancery.

may 28-31.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County. Fronie
McClellan, Pro and Complainant, vs. S. R.
McClellan, Defendant.

In Chancery, Sixth District, Northeastern
Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the
Register by the affidavit of W. T. Johnson
attorney of record for the said complainant,
that the defendant S. R. McClellan, is a non-
resident of Alabama and resided, when last
heard from, in Indian Territory, and further
that, in the belief of said affiant, the defend-
ant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that
publication be made in the Chronicle, a news-
paper published in the County of Shelby once
a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring
him the said S. R. McClellan to plead, answer
or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause
by the 3rd day of July, A. D. 1896 or, in thirty
days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be
taken against him.

Done at office, in Columbiana this 25th day
of May A. D. 1896.

GORDON DUBOSE,
Register.

may 28-31.

Notice.

To applicants for confederate pensions:
"Take notice that the Board of Examiners
will be in session at my office on June 1st and
remain in session three days, for the purpose
of considering and passing upon applications
for pensions. All persons having filed appli-
cations may appear on any one of said days.
If they see proper, with proof to support their
applications. I give this notice at the re-
quest of the Board and of some of the ap-
plicants whose applications were rejected
last year. Applications will be received by
me during the balance of this month.

D. R. McMILLAN,
Judge of Probate

may 21-24

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County. Ann
E. Perry, Complainant, vs. William T.
Perry Defendant.

In Chancery Sixth District North-Eastern
Chancery Division.

In this cause it is made to appear to the re-
gister by the affidavit of E. Holmes, that the
defendant, William T. Perry, is a non-resi-
dent of Alabama, and resides in Duval,
Graham County, Texas; and further, that in
the belief of said affiant, the defendant is
over the age of twenty-one years. It is there-
fore ordered by the register, that publication
be made in the Chronicle, a newspaper pub-
lished in the county of Shelby, once a week
for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the
said William T. Perry to plead, answer or de-
mur to the bill of complaint in this cause by
the 5th day of April, A. D. 1896, or in thirty
days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be
taken against him.

Done at office in Columbiana, this 3rd day
of March, A. D. 1896.

GORDON DUBOSE,
Register.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.
Castoria allays Feverishness.
Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Card.
Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic.
Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.
Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air.
Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.
Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.
Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk.
Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."

See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

WE PUT UP JOBS

NOT POLITICALLY
BUT ARTIS-
TICALLY

Our facilities are Complete for turning out all ordinary work:

COMMERCIAL
LEGAL
SOCIAL
PAMPHLET
PROGRAM
POSTER
DODGER
CARD
ETC., ETC.

Half tones handled carefully and the expres-
sion brought out distinctly.

WE GUARANTEE

GOOD STOCK
NEAT DESIGNS
CLEAR PRESSWORK.

Come in and fill the rocking chair or enjoy a siesta on the lounge while we do the work electrically; our Job Printer is lightning. The way to keep cool is to keep cool; therefore the office is abundantly supplied with fans.

WE ARE CARRYING NOW

THE MOST EXTENSIVE

Stock of Stationery ever brought to this section, embracing all the shades and qualities greatest in demand and most serviceable.

WEDDING WORK done confidentially when required.

We compete on prices with all of the large cities.

Orders by Mail attended to promptly.

W. L. HARRIS & CO. SHOES

\$4.00
\$3.00
\$2.50

These shoes fit to perfection and wear as comfortable as clouds. They're shapely, pliant—the most comfortable of footwear. They always manage to let in air and keep out water.

Surely Your Dealer Sells Them.

FOR SALE BY

Lester, Mason & Co.

Notice

TO DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.

To whom it may concern:

The tax collector of said county has filed in the office of the probate judge of said county, a list of delinquent tax payers and real estate upon which taxes are due. The following named persons are reported therein as delinquent and the following lands and lots are reported as assessed to the following named persons and therein is reported as assessed to "owner unknown," the following mentioned real estate and lots. This is to notify you to appear before me on Monday, the 8th day of June, 1896, then and there to show cause why a decree for the sale of said lands and lots should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed against you and the fees and costs.

This 18th day of May 1896.

D. R. McMILLAN,
Judge of Probate.

BEAT 1.
Peter, T. J., sw¹/₄ of the sw¹/₄ sec 6 t 24 r 12 e. sec 1 of the nw¹/₄ sec 5 t 24 r 12 e, nw¹/₄ sec 12 t 24 r 12 e, that part of the nw¹/₄ of nw¹/₄ lying north of Shoal creek sec 1 t 24 r 12 e, nw¹/₄ of the nw¹/₄ sec 15 t 24 r 4 w, w¹/₂ of the nw¹/₄ sec 14 t 22 r 4 w, w<

gressive, and we feel confident he will make The White House an ideal resort for the care-worn traveler.

at cost. Go to Spencer's for everything.

required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

H. FOX, Manager.

Fancy Dress Goods, etc., at ACQUA COSTA.
of September. We want to open with an entire
back on hand now. Bring us chickens, eggs or 2

—

For
St
T
J.

For
of
the
S
La
we
me
to
Pu

Not

THE

THE
Hall
of sa
due
orde
ther
pur
stim
sale
ft
be a
tion
app
prop

Summer Homes.
In the Lake regions of Wisconsin, Northern Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa and Dakota, there are hundreds of charming localities pre-eminently fitted for summer homes. Nearly all are located on or near lakes which have not been fished out. These resorts are easily reached by railway and range in variety from the "full dress for dinner" to the flannel-shirt costume fed every meal. Among the list are names familiar to many of our readers as the perfection of Northern summer resorts. Nearly all of the Wisconsin points of interest are within a short distance from Chicago or Milwaukee, and none of them are so far away from the "busy marts of civilization" that they cannot be reached in a few hours of travel, by frequent trains, over the finest roads in the northwest—the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. A description of the principal resorts, with list of summer hotels and boarding houses, and rates for board, will be sent free on application to Geo. H. Hafford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

Responsive Both to Harsh and Sweet Sounds.
The nerves are often painfully acute. When this is the case, the patient who has done to seek the tonic and tranquillizing assistance of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a support to the system, is not only benefited in the dyspeptic, bilious, malarial, rheumatic, bowel and kidney complaints. Use with persistent regularity. A wineglassful before retiring cures sleep.

RUFUS SANDERS.

The Sage of Rocky Creek Reports a "Family Rucus."

An Old Speckled Hen, a Spotted Hound Dog and Two Plain, Old Female Women—Story of a Loaded Musket.

One old speckled hen settin under a brush heap down by the cow pen gate

—one spotted hound dog with a comin appetite for eggs

—two plain old female women who talk a whole passle because they have got some-thing to talk 'bout

—two contented old men, a s-o-c-r-o-w-s and a n-c-o-n-t-r-y

till if they was to fall in the creek and get drowned they would float up stream for pure cussedness—a general mixtry of pizen human nature and variegated meanness—and there you are, as the man says in the play.

A Bad "Family Rucus."

About the most marvelous thing in this round created world to me is to take notice of what a tremendous big mess some people can stir up out of mealy little troubles and tribulations.

For the good name and honor and glory of Rocky Creek I do rally have to tell it. But the truth is mighty and bound to leak out, and here lately we have had the daddiest and most gonesty family rucus and confusion-makin goin on in the settlement that ever went down into ancient history.

If somebody's dog had but only sucked the egg that brung forth the chicken, which is now old Misses Clancy's speckled hen—or if the railroad train had but only run over the spotted hound dog which broke up the speckled hen's nest down by the cow pen gate—the Clancys and the Wigginses might be good friends to-day, and the whole entire settlement would be better off.

But in them days it came to pass that old Misses Clancy had set her speckled hen on 16 eggs down by the cow pen gate. That very night old man Billy Wiggins' dog spotted hound dog—which he could "run forever and then turn to buckskin," to hear Billy Wiggins tell it—was perusin around in the still and solemn hours, and then when the risin sun painted a bobtail flush across the eastern sky, as it were, the old speckled hen she was settin down there by the cow pen gate on a hatful of shells but narry egg.

Consequently old Misses Clancy went down to the cow pen that mornin singin some lively little snatches from "Amazin Grace" and "Abide with Me." Put on her return back to the house she come weepin and wailin and smassin in her teeth. She was mad, white people—ravin, bilin, foam-in, furious mad—mad with everybody in general and anybody in particular that would own a sukeegg dog. Yet still she didn't go down there and tie any strings to the speckled hen to break her from her nest. Instid of that, when the sun went down and the gold of evenin met the dusk of night once more, you understand, that speckled hen was holdin forth at the same old stand—down there by the cow pen gate—settin on one egg, "and hit chock full of Rough on Rats."

"It don't make a blessed bit of difference with me who owns the dog, I will put the mortal fixments on him to-night," says old Misses Clancy that evenin in tellin mother about the general circumference of the calamity. "Sixteen fresh eggs ain't noverthes a hungry dog, but when he makes it seventeen I'll lay he will have a plenty and some to spare."

Bright and early the next mornin old Misses Clancy she lit out and went down to the cow pen gate to see if it had come to pass. It had. The speckled hen was settin on narry egg. The dog was dead.

"I loved he would have a plenty and some to spare when he counted seventeen," says the old lady in talkin around amongst the neighbors. "He didn't tote the last egg more than 20 feet before he was took down with a mighty hurtin. I'll be blest if he didn't throw up everything but his tail, and made it fit tremendous loose."

Well, that spotted hound dog belonged to the Wigginses, whilst the speckled hen belonged to the Clancys. And between the two they brung on that bad family rucus.

Their Double-Breasted Compliments.

The next time them two plain old female women met up together it was at a singin match over at Bark Log church. Naturally, of course, they brung up the question of speckled hens and spotted dogs, the faster they talked, and the hotter they got.

In the general run of that furious confabulation Misses Wiggins called Misses Clancy everything she could lay her tongue to except a gentleman and a scholar, and the old lady Clancy she returned the fire with her double-breasted compliments.

About the next news we heard was to the extent that two yearlin boys had got up the question of speckled hens and spotted dogs at school one day. It would seem like Gus Wiggins had finally at last jumped on Fats Clancy and give him one of the most severest chastisements that a white boy ever toted out of these woods.

Whereas, when Gus Wiggins come by the Clancy place that evenin on his return back from school the speckled hen had quit her nest, but old Misses Clancy she was settin down there by the cow pen gate—settin, bless your life, and settin for Gus.

I am sorry I didn't come along there in time to see the twification between the old lady Clancy and Gus Wiggins. But life as we live it in this vain and fleetin world is full of sorrows and disappointments. At any rates, from all I can pick up amongst the neighbors, when Gus got home that night he was o-bad scratched and tore up till he looked like he mought have rode a thrashin machine through a hurricane.

Up to this time old man Billy Wiggins and old man Uriah Clancy had walked the chalk line of law and order, and kept the peace and dignity of the state like friends and fellow citizens. But the family rucus had went on from it. The day and hour had come and now of it. They couldn't stay out of the game no longer.

Over there on Little Wolf creek old man Clancy runs a water mill. And down the creek a mile below the mill old man Clancy runs a farm. The next mornin after Gus Wiggins went home wearin on his youthful countenance such a scandalous disfigurement, old man Billy he put out and went over in the woods' paster, where him and old man Uriah had joined fences 15 years ago, and out loose henceforth and forever. In less than three hours, and before old man Uriah could hear the news, 27 head of cattle, four mules and a big bunch of goats had invaded into the Clancy farm and licked up three or four acres of young corn.

Did old man Uriah shed any tears to speak of, or lose a lick of sleep, or miss a meal of victuals? No. He blowed the horn for his hands and built a new fence. That night he lowered it was him about the right time of year for him to cut his mill dam and let off the water. By the first crack of day he was down there with his hands at the mill. They cut the dam, and when old man Billy Wiggins went down to his creek farm, where he had 20 acres of swamp corn—"and hit a bunchin for the tassle"—there was water, water everywhere, and not a blame thing but water.

Now you mought maybe think that by this time them two cantankerous old men have met up together somewhere along the big road and had a bloody fight. But they haven't—not as anybody knows of. And my own private opinions are that they never will. From general appearances I think one of them is right tolerable bad skinned and the other blame glad of it. They put me in mind of Jule Nabors when he went out through the settlement lookin for work, and prayin to the good Lord not to let him find any.

Old man Billy has now took out and quit the Methodist church on the grounds that he can't fellowship with the Clancys, and old man Uriah has left the people's party because he don't see how the Clancys and the Wigginses can vote the same ticket.

There ain't no tellin for certain where the family rucus will stop. But in the main time we are not lookin for any second-class funerals, and the country is safe.

The Thing Was Loaded.

Old man Josiah Jernigan has got one of these long, tall army muskets, which he could "run forever and then turn to buckskin," to hear Billy Wiggins tell it—the first settlement of the country. It is one of them guns what you read about. You ought to hear Josiah tell about it. He can spin some of the half-raslin yarns perhaps as to how his great-grandfather use to shoot bear and panthers and kill wild Indians with that same old army musket.

One night last week it would seem like Wade Turner had went over there to the Jernigan place to spend the night with the boys. And after supper old man Josiah took down the old musket and unwound himself in regards to the war history and the fight in records of the Jernigans. In his own wild peccurious way he told some tremendous bloody yarns, and consequently the boys they saw things in their sleep that night.

Next mornin Wade Turner and Sol Jernigan—both of them nothin but yearlin boys—they went in kersnooks together and fixed up for a wild turkey hunt. Wade loved he would take the old army musket and go out after the fresh meat. Sol was to meet him at the big spring down in the woods and play turkey. When Wade found the game and leveled his gun and pulled the trigger and the cap popped—so far as they knewed that old musket hadn't been fired off since the last war—Sol he was to jump up and keel over and flop like a wild turkey gobbler with a headful of buckshot in his head. Everything was fixed up and laid off to a nat's bristle, and the boys went forth.

Sol hid out in a clump of gallberry bushes, and when Wade slipped up in sight with the old army musket he stretched his neck and gobbled loud and clear and sassy. Then Wade he brought down the old musket, took aim, pulled the trigger—and well, the blamed thing was loaded. It was so hard on trigger till Wade pulled it up and missed his mark. But it give out a regular Fourth of July report and kicked Wade ten feet down the hill. In the tremendous roar and confusion Sol forgot to jump up and keel over and flop like a regular shot turkey. He lit out and run off down the branch and clum a tree, and there he stayed till old man Josiah and all the family come and told him that nobody was hurt and the war was over.

But the old army musket, which hangs on the wall, ain't gone nowhere.

RUFUS SANDERS.

THERE WERE FISH.

But It Took an Extra Quarter to Find Where They Were.

"The most taciturn people in the world live in western North Carolina and east Tennessee," said a department clerk to a Star reporter.

"I went fishing near Elk Park, and in some of the streams down there is the finest trout fishing in the world. There were four of us in the party, and we went up one of the mountain creeks for about three miles. A native passed us, and I asked:

"Are there any trout in this creek?"

"Yep."

"We threw our lines and fished every hole in the creek for two miles without getting a bite; then walked back toward town with empty baskets. Meeting the native again, I said:

"I thought you stated there were trout in that creek?"

"That is."

"Well, we didn't get a bite."

"I loved you all wouldn't when I seed you try."

"Why not, if there are fish there?"

"You didn't ax me ef there war trout whar you was fishin'."

"What did I ask you? I inquired, getting angry."

"Ef there war trout in the creek, an' thar is, heap of 'em."

"Where are they?"

"Still in the creek."

"What part of the creek?"

"In the middle, 'cept them as at the sides. 'Thar ain't none on the banks."

"I gave him a quarter, and he said:

"They don't never come up this far. 'Bout two mile down the creek thar's plenty."

"We went down the creek, and the native was right. I never saw better fishing."—Washington Star.

Seven colleges have conferred the degree of LL. D. on Gen. Francis A. Walker, president of the Massachusetts institute of technology.

A TIME FOR REFLECTION.

The McKinley Boomers Have Reached a Critical Point.

Among the most sagacious of Mr. Platt's remarks about McKinley and his canvass, is his suggestion that after the noise of the preliminary booming is over there will be an interval before the St. Louis convention long enough for the delegates to cool off and do some calm and serious thinking.

The republican conventions just held will complete substantially the roll of delegates; and unquestionably McKinley's nomination will be proclaimed by his boomers as a foregone conclusion.

On the face of the returns of delegates there is every reason to believe that it will look that way. At any rate, his nomination on the first ballot will be made to appear inevitable, in the hope of silencing all opposition to him as futile and a political blunder in those who venture to make it. The plan from the first has been to rush him through; and so far as concerns the state conventions it seems to have worked pretty successfully. If the St. Louis convention were to be held this week or next week it might go through to the end not less satisfactorily. But will the booming continue to boom during all the weeks still remaining before the actual assembling of the body that is to make the nomination?

That is another matter, as Mr. Platt suggests. The delegates and the republican party will have time to do some thinking about the wisdom of going into the canvass with a candidate as to whom the sober sense of the whole union has the gravest doubts. The hysteria of the booming will give place to sane reflection.

The same may be said of the Chicago convention. It is still far enough off to enable the democratic party to get into a reasonable frame of mind before it is called to order. The silver crowd have often before startled the party with their boasting of the tremendous demonstrations they were about to make in conventions and elections; but when the time comes for the fulfillment what has been the result? Instead of making progress and winning victory, the silver faction has gone steadily backward and downward and has encountered only defeat. Every day's delay before the Chicago convention will increase the probability that the silver democrats will then be overcome finally. They are fighting for a humbug which will not stand calm discussion.

It is the same with the McKinleyites in the republican party. They are trying to put up a humbug to be run in a campaign of duplicity and false pretense.—N. Y. Sun.

A MATTER OF GAIN.

The McKinley Enthusiasm Springs from Selfish Instincts.

The enthusiasm for McKinley is a matter of neither brains nor heart. It is not based upon admiration of the man's ability or upon affection for him as a personal friend. It is purely a matter of the pocket. It is based upon the belief among the masses that McKinley's election in 1896—or, for that matter, Cannon's, if Cannon had been appointed chairman of the ways and means committee in 1899—will give them constant work with easy hours at high wages. In short, it rests upon the theory that the tariff is the most important thing in the country, and that the government can mark wages up or down. It is due to the spreading among the ignorant of the idea that prosperity is to be determined by votes.

The success of a campaign based upon an unreasonable enthusiasm of this sort must be followed by a disillusionizing and a disappointment which will provoke a tremendous revolution in public sentiment. Thoughtful republicans view with the greatest apprehension the prospect of McKinley's election. It is not simply that nobody knows where he stands on the financial question now, or how week-kneed a person would stand if he should become president. It is still more because, even if he were sound on this issue, he could not possibly satisfy the extravagant expectations that are entertained of the effect of his election. The enthusiasm for McKinley is due to the belief by the masses that he will usher in the millennium at noon on the 4th of March, 1897, and their indignation when they shall find how they have been deceived is something that is dreaded by many a republican who does not dare to resist the tide.—N. Y. Post.

REED'S LATEST.

The Maine Man Again Shows His Contempt for McKinley.

Speaker Reed's disappointment in his canvass for the republican nomination has given a keen edge to his natural sharpness of tongue. He made McKinley chairman of the ways and means committee of the house which framed the so-called McKinley bill, and made the Ohio man a presidential possibility. Now McKinley has unmade him as a candidate.

Reed feels that the fates have been unkind, and that McKinley has been unjustly favored.

Reed spoke a day or two ago about McKinley being a straddlebug, referring to the latter's attitude touching the money issue. Later Reed told a reminiscence with as much pertinence. McKinley had been advertised as the "advance agent of prosperity." What Reed thinks of this is made plain in this story:

"Advance agent of prosperity," said he. "Humph! when I was a boy the advance agent of the circus would go through the country and cover the sides of barns and the fences with the most gorgeous posters of what the circus would be. There would be a long procession of knights in gold and silver armor, and ladies bedecked in silks and diamonds, mounted on beautiful Arabian steeds. There would be huge elephants, tigers, lions, camels, hippopotamuses and such, enough to stock a wilderness."

"When the circus came it was the usual little old one-ring affair, with one measly, top-eared, slab-sided elephant, a mangy lion and a one-humped camel. 'It never came up to the show bills, but there was always at least one first-class acrobat who could ride two horses at once.'—N. Y. World.

The gentlemen who are arranging McKinley's cabinet for him should read and digest the old warning against counting chickens before they are hatched.—Detroit Free Press.

Mark Hanna can do Maj. McKinley a great deal of good by keeping slightly more in the background.—Iowa State Register (Rep.).

OPPORTUNITY FOR DEMOCRATS.

McKinley's Triumph Will Help the Tariff Reformers.

CAMPBELL'S IDEA.

He Strolls in Wall Street and Comes Out and Talks.

FREE SILVER, WITH RESTRICTIONS.

Invite the World to Participate, and If the Offer Is Declined, Then Fix a Date, and When the Time Comes, Go It Alone.

New York, June 6.—Ex-Gov. James E. Campbell, of Ohio, spent several hours Friday in Wall street with Col. Gurley, of his state. When he returned to the metropolis in the afternoon he expressed himself in favor of free silver, but with a restriction, to which he said even Wall street would not seriously object.

"The leaders of the silver movement in the democratic party are conservative and will work earnestly to prevent any such catastrophe. The idea I would like to see adopted is this: 'Declare for free silver.'

"Demand that the government at Washington, through the president and congress, issue a call to the commercial nations of both hemispheres to meet in conference with us at Washington for the one purpose specified in the call, of devising a method of putting silver on a par with gold as money of the world.

"The purpose occurring, we would agree with such nations as we could. To such as agreed with us we could offer special tariff favors on the reciprocity principle. To such as did not we could turn a tariff cold shoulder. We are every nation's best customer—all would at least be best to agree.

"Should none agree with us, I would have this nation declare for free silver in its sole responsibility and fix a date, as for instance, January 1, 1899, when silver and gold would meet at our mints for coinage on equal terms. This would leave an open time of two years in which trade would adjust itself to the new conditions.

"All conferences so far have merely been child's play. This one would be different. France and Germany now are on the verge of adopting silver. They need only a slight incentive to push them over the line. With France, Germany and America in the field, England would be actually compelled to come in. We could make things so warm for her tariff and reciprocity treaties that she would accede to the terms adopted. When this country is in earnest England yields every time. That has been repeatedly shown, particularly of late."

THE TORNADO RECORD.

The Latest Casualty and Relief Subscription Bulletins at St. Louis.

St. Louis, June 6.—Following are the up-to-date figures of the tornado casualties in the city and the relief subscriptions:

CASUALTY LIST.
Burial permits issued to date.....123
Killed, bodies not recovered.....12
Wounded in hospitals.....12
Missing people.....75

Total.....220
Although several persons who were reported missing have been found alive and uninjured, others who were injured have died, and the total of the storm's victims remains about the same. William Oden, who was injured in the tornado, died at St. John's hospital Friday. A permit for the burial of Addie Anderson, 15 years of age, who died at St. John's hospital of a fracture of the skull, received during the storm, was issued Friday. The body of Morris Fisher, who went down with the steamer J. J. Odil, was recovered Friday near Columbia, Ill., and taken to Hardin, Ill.

RELIEF SUBSCRIPTIONS.
Merchants' Exchange fund.....\$184,599.61
Real Estate Exchange fund.....9,000.00
Builders' Exchange fund.....1,000.00
Fair Grounds fund.....1,000.00
Other funds.....2,188.73

Total.....\$192,688.08

GRANT'S STATUE ATTACHED.

Sculptor Partridge, of New York, Tired Waiting for His Money.

New York, June 6.—William Ordway Partridge, the sculptor, has attached the equestrian statue of Gen. Grant, recently erected in front of the Union League club, Brooklyn, to satisfy a claim of \$6,085 against the city and the club, for material and labor. Mr. Partridge designed the statue under a contract jointly with the city of Brooklyn and the Union League club. The club paid Partridge \$20,000 on account and promised to raise the remainder by subscription. The sculptor got tired of waiting for his money, and filed a mechanic's lien on the statue and its pedestal.

TO BE MADE A NUNCIO.

The Washington Catholic Mission to Be Advanced in Rank.

Boston, June 6.—In connection with the specifications as to the departure of Cardinal Satolli from the United States, chiefly on the ground that it is not in keeping with the cardinal dignity to fill a mission to a country where there is no higher representatives of the papal see than an apostolic delegate, the news comes from Catholic circles that this obstacle will no longer exist, as the Washington mission is to be raised by the pope to the rank appropriate to a nuncio, or at least an internuncio.

Down to Death.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., June 6.—While Cyrus Moser and Alex Kidd were at work on top of a 30-foot scaffold at Lipps & Sutton's silk mill this morning, the scaffold collapsed and the men were precipitated to the cellar below. Moser was instantly killed, his neck being broken. Almost every bone in Kidd's body was broken. He was removed to the hospital in a dying condition. Moser was 60 years of age.

THE CHRONICLE.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

VOLUME X.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1896.

NUMBER 49.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

James McKinley, of Kansas City, Mo., is said to have cornered potatoes. A big silver meeting was held at Indianapolis, at which Gov. Matthews and free coinage were indorsed.

The Missouri Press association left St. Louis Friday evening on the steamer Grand Republic for Memphis.

A unique swindler victimized St. Joe (Mo.) residents by representing himself to be a state stove inspector. The Illinois republican committee is trying to secure the republican national headquarters for Chicago.

The North German Lloyd Steamship Co. will begin direct service between Bremen and Galveston September 20. The house of representatives seated Martion, a South Carolina populist, who contested Congressman Lookhart's seat.

Joe Goddard and Steve O'Donnell have been matched to fight in Johannesburg, South Africa, in October, for \$5,000.

The police of St. Louis picked up three runaway boys from Texarkana, who wanted to see the results of the tornado.

Masked men held up a station agent and two others at Monroe City, Mo., and locked them in a freight car, after robbing them.

Gov. Stone of Missouri will attend the Arkansas Democratic convention at Little Rock in the interest of Bland's presidential boom.

The body of Morrison Fisher, a tornado victim, was taken from the river at St. Louis and shipped to his late home at Hardin, Ill.

All of the McKinley representatives who are already in St. Louis seem to be convinced that Reed will be the vice presidential nominee.

The Emergency club of Des Moines, Ia., has been formed, its object being the care of sufferers from tornadoes and similar public calamities.

Congressman Downing, of Illinois, was unseated on the report of Elections Committee No. 1, and his place given to the contestant, John I. Rinalker.

Gen. Grosvenor, McKinley's Washington manager, is quoted as saying that a compromise plank will be adopted at St. Louis on the financial question.

A storm at Atlantic, Ia., Friday, did about \$10,000 damage by hail to the window-glass and crops. One woman and two children had narrow escapes from drowning.

Central Kansas, within a radius of 50 miles of Salina, was deluged by a fall of water during Thursday night and Friday morning varying from five to eight inches. Immense damage was done.

The section of the new liquor tax law in New York which forbids the free lunch counter was declared to be constitutional in an opinion handed down by the appellate division of the supreme court.

Israel D. James died at Danvers, Ill. He was born in Connecticut in 1812, and settled in McLean county in 1837 and built the first house in Stout's Grove. He was a wealthy and philanthropic man.

Mrs. Clara Crowley, of Minneapolis, Minn., believes that Rev. Francis Herrman, the Salt Lake murderer, is responsible for the death of one sister and the disappearance and probable death of another.

The corner-stone of the Illinois asylum for the incurable insane was laid at Bartonville, two miles south of Peoria, by Gov. Altgeld. A grand parade a mile in length, headed by the governor and his staff, preceded the ceremonies.

James Graham, editor of the Journal at St. Mary's, Kas., criticised the practice of licensing the whisky saloons in that town, and unknown men entered his office, broke his press with a sledgehammer and threw his type into the Kansas river.

Miss Sa Lees Kennard, eldest daughter of Samuel M. Kennard, president of the St. Louis Business Men's league, has been formally chosen to represent the state of Missouri as sponsor at the reunion of ex-confederates at Richmond, Va., June 30.

George E. Smith, better known as "Pittsburgh Phil," backed Sir Walter to win the Brooklyn handicap at odds ranging from 7 to 1 down to the post quotation. He cleaned up, all together, somewhat more than \$35,000 as the result of Sir Walter's victory.

SUSPECTED SUICIDE.

Herman Erler's Body Found in the River at St. Joe, Mo.

St. JOSEPH, Mo., June 6.—The body of Herman Erler, of this city, was found by a boatman floating in the Missouri river Friday morning in the southern part of the city. Erler had been missing since Monday morning, and it is believed that he committed suicide by drowning. He was 42 years of age, and had lived in St. Joseph the greater part of his life. For 15 years he held a responsible position in the Buell woolen mills of this city. He leaves a widow and three children.

Bad Fire in Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN, June 6.—Three buildings at Park avenue and Schenck street owned by Howard & McDermott leather manufacturers, were destroyed by fire. The total loss is \$150,000, covered by insurance. Five hundred persons are thrown out of employment.

Evidently Not a Silver Man.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Representative S. S. Turner of the Seventh district of Virginia, in an open letter, declines renomination. He prefers retirement to renomination on a silver platform.

Age and the Naval Academy.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 6.—It is believed that the board of visitors of the naval academy will recommend the age of admission be changed from 15 to 18 years, instead of from 15 to 20, as now.

SOUTHERN GLEANINGS.

For Southern Rivers.

The river and harbor bill, which was recently passed over the president's veto, provides as follows for the southern Mississippi tributaries:

Boeuf river, Louisiana, continuing improvement, \$60,000; Bayou Bartholomew, Louisiana and Arkansas, continuing improvement, \$1,000; Bayou Bourdeaux, relieving raft, \$2,500; Sun River, Mississippi, improvement, 5,000; Noyaboe river, Mississippi, for maintenance, \$3,000; Sagoula river, Mississippi, continuing improvement, \$4,000; Pearl river, between Ealingburg and Carroll, Miss., \$200,000; Carthage and Jackson, \$2,400; below Jackson, \$10,000, which shall be expended in work, beginning at the head of Holmes' bayou, up to Monticello, Tallahatchee river, Mississippi, \$1,000; Yazoo river, Mississippi, \$20,000, of which whatever is necessary shall be expended in removing the bar at Yazoo City; Chickasaw river, Mississippi, from mouth to railroad bridge near Buxatuna, \$2,000; Leaf river, Mississippi, from mouth to Bowie creek, \$2,500; Yazoo river and harbor of Vicksburg, Miss., in addition to balance unexpended contracts may be made to be paid as appropriations may hereafter be made, not to exceed in aggregate \$800,000.

Following is the appropriation for the Red river, Louisiana, Arkansas, from Dulles, Ark., to the Atchafalaya river, \$100,000; Buffalo bayou, Texas, \$20,000; Trinity river, Texas, \$5,000; Cypress bayou, Texas, \$5,000; Sabine river, Texas, \$5,000; improving Brazos river, Texas, from Richmond southward by moving snags and trees, \$5,000.

It appropriates for the gulf ports as follows:

Mouth and passet of Calcasieu river, Louisiana, \$80,000; ship channel, Galveston bay, Texas, continuing improvement, \$50,000; dredging bar at Galveston, \$50,000; channel, West Galveston bay, continuing improvement, \$50,000; Passet Pass, Tex., continuing improvement, \$75,000; and contracts may be made for material and work to complete the present project, to be paid for as appropriations may hereafter be made, not to exceed in the aggregate \$1,200,000, in addition to the \$75,000 indicated.

Government's Tea Garden.

Another tea garden has been established near Somerville, S. C. The United States consuls stationed at tea ports have been ordered to obtain samples of seed, and valuable information has been given by the so-called "tea tasters," the men who make their living by tasting tea so as to discover its quality. The government now owns gardens of Japanese, Chinese, Formosa and Assam tea. It is not certain yet whether tea can be raised in the United States. As to compete with tea raised in Asia. In such a race the cost of labor must be considered, and this is labor much less in Asia than in the United States. Some ten years ago a similar experiment was started. It was unsuccessful.

Killed His Son-in-Law.

Bad feeling of about a year's standing caused a domestic tragedy in South Charleston, Tenn. David Halliburton shot his son-in-law, T. B. Hite, for a spatter, who came from Nashville, killing him instantly. The cause which led up to this tragedy was the elopement last summer of Hite and Halliburton's 16-year-old daughter, Annie, Hite being more than twice her age. The girl had attended church with her mother, but stole away with Hite during services, and the couple were married in a carriage at ten o'clock in the evening. Halliburton attempted to kill Hite on the night of the elopement, shooting him in the back of the head.

Alabama Colored Teachers.

The Alabama State Association of Colored Teachers met at Anniston in annual convention. The address of welcome was made by Mayor Francis M. Hight. The response on behalf of the teachers was made by Prof. Booker Washington, of Tuskegee, who has been president of the association for six years, and who is at the head of the big negro school at Tuskegee.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

The boiler in the mill of the Jordan Lumber Co. at Mobile, Ala., exploded, injuring half a dozen colored laborers and two colored women. One of the women was sitting within ten feet of the boiler when it exploded, with her ten-year-old infant in her arms. The mother was fatally injured and the child escaped.

St. Louis and Vicksburg.

The portion of St. Louis visited by the eye of the great tornado appeared that the city of Vicksburg did after the terrific bombardment by the Yankees. The area covered in St. Louis was greater than at Vicksburg, and the property interest at stake was many millions more.

Preferred Death to Marriage.

Eli Reed, an industrious negro, 11 miles from Selma, Ala., preferred death to marriage. Several weeks ago he became engaged, but the day before the time set for the marriage he went to a creek and committed suicide by drowning.

For Loss of a Wife's Affections.

Suit has been entered in the circuit court at Knoxville, Tenn., by John A. Groves vs. B. A. Connolly, a wealthy tanner of Jellico, for \$25,000 damages. The alienation of his wife's affections is given as the cause by the plaintiff.

Died in Louisiana.

Mrs. Elizabeth Rush, aged 78, of Philadelphia, Miss., died at Alexandria, La., recently, where two of her daughters reside. The deceased had been a respected citizen of Mississippi since 1842.

Died at His Sweetheart's Feet.

Arthur Herrin, aged 21, at Mount Vernon, Ky., shot himself and fell dead at the feet of Mrs. Adelle Clifford, a young widow, who would not marry him.

Proposed Cotton Mill.

Warren county, Miss., is to have a cotton factory, to be built by Connecticut mill men, three miles east of Bovina, on the Queen & Crescent route.

Patricide Fears Lynching.

Stanford Anthony Alcorn, a Powell county (Ky.) farmer, who was shot by his son, died, and the son fears that he will be lynched. He was jailed.

Fatal Disease Among the Cattle.

A very fatal disease, known as murra, is raging among the cattle near Selma, Ala., and many are dying. Dairymen are great sufferers.

YANKEES OF THE EAST.

Hon. Robert Porter Talks About Japan and Her Trade.

GREAT INCREASE IN MANUFACTURING.

They Use Modern Machinery and Cheap, Docile Labor—Children Work All Day for One or Two Cents—A Momentous Problem.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 6.—Hon. Robert P. Porter, ex-superintendent of census, has returned from Japan on the steamer Fern.

Mr. Porter's trip to the empire of the mikado was for the purpose of investigating the industrial conditions of that country with regard to the effect of Japanese competition upon American property, being a continuation of the trips he has made to various countries of the world in the study of labor problems and tariff systems.

A MOMENTOUS PROBLEM.

After investigating actual conditions in Japan, he deems the question of Japanese competition one of the momentous problems that the American nation will have to solve, but he thinks its danger lies not so much in the present competition in the undeveloped state of Japanese resources as in the enormous rapidity of the growth of the Japanese output in all lines of manufacture which they enter.

"The whole Japanese trade," said Mr. Porter in an interview, "including bullion and everything, ten years ago amounted to \$78,000,000. Last year it had increased to \$300,000,000. The exports of textiles alone have increased from \$511,000 to \$23,000,000 in ten years."

WHERE THEY SEND THEIR GOODS.

"Where do they send these goods?" "They supply the home demand. Formerly they bought yarn in India. Now they do not. Some of the finer wools they still have to buy in England. They supply the home demand for cotton cloth, and they also send some to England. Of course that business can increase largely without interfering with us.

"Last year they bought \$2,500,000 worth of American cotton. As they improve in manufacture they produce finer yarns; and as they make better cloth, they must use our cotton. In order to get any portion of the trade that England now has with China, they must use more American cotton."

"In view of this there was a Japanese syndicate formed while I was there, with a capital stock of \$5,000,000, to run a new line of steamships from this country, from Philadelphia, New York and Portland, Ore. They hope to ship cotton from Philadelphia, but they may start a line from San Diego. They must have our cotton."

TREMENDOUS INCREASE IN TRADE.

"It is not a mere question of tariff, but a question of the future. Here is a trade increased from \$78,000,000 to \$300,000,000. Textiles \$500,000 to \$6,000,000. Ten years ago they made \$60,000 worth of matches and sent very little out of Japan; last year \$4,700,000, nearly \$5,000,000, and all went into India. We did not receive more than \$20,000 worth."

"The same with matting and rugs. Ten years ago the amount was infinitesimally small—only \$885—of matting exported. Rugs were not mentioned in their reports. Last year these two items amounted to \$7,000,000."

"They do this with a combination of modern machinery and the most docile labor in the world. They have no factory laws, and can employ children at any age. Children work at seven, eight and nine years of age the whole day long, for from one to two American cents per day."

"The relative position of English and American trade to Japanese are illustrated by the fact that England sold to Japan last year \$26,000,000 of products, and purchased \$7,000,000 worth, while America bought from Japan \$34,000,000 worth and sold her only \$9,000,000 worth, 65 per cent, being our sample products."

"If we are to keep up this large volume of business with them they should buy from us, and we should make them see it to be to their interest to do it. This would be on the line of reciprocity."

Porter spoke very highly of the Marquis Ito.

Japan Granting Steamship Subsidies.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 6.—S. Asam, of Tokio, who is at the head of a new Japanese syndicate with \$5,000,000 capital to start a new line of steamers between the principal ports of Japan and Portland, has arrived here. Under a law lately passed by the government a subsidy is to be paid by the government for all vessels of over 6,000 tons burden. The idea of the company, which has already been organized, is to have all its vessels of over 9,000 tons.

The vessels therefore will be of enormous size. Mr. Asam is here to see what terms American ship-builders can make him on building the vessels.

It is given out from a reliable source that the subsidies guaranteed by the Japanese government will go far to foot the cost of the vessels. Mr. Asam is very friendly, as are his countrymen generally, to Americans. He thinks his ships ought to be built here.

The idea of the new syndicate is to do a very large business and cut the freight and passenger rates to a low point. They have even in view the furnishing of a passenger rate as low as nine dollars between Japan and the coast.

Why Rosebery Goes Abroad.

LONDON, June 6.—The Birmingham Post asserts that Lord Rosebery's present tour abroad is a prelude to his resigning the leadership of the liberal party, owing to ill-health.

BRADSTREET'S REVIEW.

The More Favorable Features Are Found in the South.

NEW YORK, June 6.—Bradstreet's weekly review says:

General trade continues depressed in almost all lines. Demand is smaller than a week ago, and request for and offerings of commercial paper have decreased. Mercantile collections continue complained of, and the tendency of prices, particularly of cereals, sugar, coffee, pork products, cotton and cotton goods and iron and steel, continues downward. At the south the more favorable features are in evidence. The cotton crop in Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi is now clipped. In the face of this, Portland, Ore., wires that about 4,000 tons of wool will be handled at the Dallis this year, and that it has begun to move, but that eastern buyers have not put in an appearance. Makers of cotton for export are doing relatively the best business. Over-supply of cotton fabric continues to depress prices. Exports of wheat (that of four included as wheat) from both coasts of the United States this week have been the largest since the third week in January—3,209,000 bushels—against 3,964,000 bushels last week. 2,997,000 bushels first week of June, 1895; 2,742,000 bushels in the corresponding week of 1894, and as compared with 3,834,000 bushels in the like week of 1893.

The total number of business failures throughout the United States this week, as reported to Bradstreet's, is 234, compared with 27 last week, 224 the week of June 1, 1896; 207 in the corresponding week of 1893, and 203 in the like week in 1895. Twenty-nine business failures are reported throughout the Canadian Dominion this week against 23 last week, 27 in the week a year ago, 37 two years ago and 38 three years ago.

IT IS NOT TRUE.

The Four Leaders of the Johannesburg Reform Committee Have Not Been Released.

LONDON, June 6.—The dispatch from Pretoria, published in the Pall Mall Gazette, announcing that the four leaders of the Johannesburg reform committee—George Farrar, Lionel Phillips, Col. Francis Rhodes and John Hays Hammond—whose sentence to death was recently commuted to imprisonment for 15 years, had been released on parole, proves to have been untrue.

A dispatch from Pretoria, which was sent from that place last evening and reached here this morning, says, upon the authority of the Diggers News, that a decision in the case of the reform committee leaders had been postponed to June 11, owing to the objections raised to the casting of a proxy in the executive council for Mr. J. M. A. Wolmarans, a member of the council, who is absent from Pretoria.

JOHN BULL

Wants Uncle Sam's Opinion in Regard to Madagascars.

LONDON, June 6.—In the house of commons Sir Charles Dilke asked the secretary of state for foreign affairs and the government of the United States would give their assent to the view that the more conversion of the island of Madagascars, from a French protectorate into a French colony, put an end to commercial and other engagements between Great Britain and the United States and Madagascars.

Rt. Hon. George N. Curzon, parliamentary secretary to the foreign office, replied that Great Britain would give attentive consideration to the question. "We are not informed of the views of the government of the United States," he said, "since the annexation of Madagascars by France."

Suicide of a Young Englishman.

MONTREAL, Can., June 6.—S. T. Cartwright, a wealthy young Englishman on a holiday in Montreal, England, committed suicide in Mount Royal park last evening. Cartwright, who had many friends here, arrived Friday from New York on a fishing excursion and registered at the Windsor hotel. Shortly afterward he went to Mount Royal park and shot himself dead. The cause of the suicide is not known. An inquest will be held.

Weekly Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, June 6.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes:

Reserve, decrease.....\$3,774,375
Loans, increase.....1,622,700
Deposits, decrease.....467,500
Legal tenders, decrease.....3,630,400
Deposits, decrease.....1,064,100
Circulation, increase.....130,200

The banks now hold \$18,486,300 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent. rule.

Deplore the Outrages.

MILWAUKEE, June 6.—The executive committee of the street railway strikers, in view of the outrages by firing on cars Friday night, have issued an address deploring such outrages, asking all strike sympathizers to refrain from any unlawful conduct.

Three Battleships.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The naval conferees have decided on three battleships. The limitation as to the price of the armor has been raised from \$350, as fixed by the senate, to \$425 a ton. This concludes every item over which there was any dispute.

Served as Congressman and Governor.

FLINT, Mich., June 6.—Ex-Gov. Josiah W. Begale died here. He served a term in congress and was elected governor on the fusion ticket in 1882. He was a democrat.

His Health Was Poor.

DAYTON, O., June 6.—Wm. Hoff, well known and wealthy, father of 11 children, bank director and thirty-second degree mason, shot himself. Ill health the cause.

Mistaken for a Burglar and Killed.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., June 6.—Paul Greene shot and instantly killed Josh Walker, colored, a family servant, mistaking him for a burglar.

GROVER VETOED IT.

The President Hits the General Deficiency Bill

'WHERE THE CHICKEN GOT THE AX.'

He Sends His Regrets Along With the Message—His Reasons—The House Sustains the Executive By a Vote of 40 to 169.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The president has sent a veto message to the house of representatives on the general deficiency appropriation bill.

He explains briefly the criticisms of his exercise of the veto power, and says he has hurried the preparation of the message in order that congress may take action in the matter without delay. The ground for the veto is the provision relating to the payment of the French spoliation claim. In his message the president says, in part:

"It is difficult to understand why, under the constitution, it should be necessary to submit proposed legislation to executive judgment and invite independent legislative action."

"The unpleasant incidents that accompany the use of the veto power would tempt its avoidance if such a course did not involve an abandonment of constitutional duty and an assent to legislation for which the executive is not willing to share the responsibility."

"I regret that I am constrained to disapprove an important appropriation bill so near to the close of the present session of congress. I have, however, by immediate action on receipt of the bill, endeavored to delay as little as possible a reconsideration of this proposed legislation, though I am thus obliged to content myself with a less complete explanation of my objections than would otherwise be submitted. This bill is in many of its features far removed from a legitimate deficiency bill, and it contains a number of appropriations which seem to me to be exceedingly questionable."

Sustained By the House.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The house, by a vote of 40 to 169, sustained the president's veto of the deficiency appropriation bill.

FROM ENGLAND.

A Ship With Arms and Men On the Way to Cuba.

NEW YORK, June 6.—A letter was received

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

The friends of Col. W. T. Smith announce him as a candidate to represent Shelby county in the lower house of the next legislature, subject to the action of the democratic party.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce W. A. Thompson as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. S. Farrell as a candidate for Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of W. L. Davis authorize The Chronicle to announce him as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce A. E. Smith as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. H. Hammond as a candidate for Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR SHERIFF.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Amos Daniel as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce S. W. Nelson as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce J. P. Christian as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Rev. C. W. O'Hara as a candidate for Superintendent of Education of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR COMMISSIONER—FIRST DISTRICT.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce Hosen Pearson as a candidate for Commissioner of Shelby county, from the Columbiana District, No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

FOR CONSTABLE.

The Chronicle is authorized to announce A. S. Liles as a candidate for the office of Constable of Beat No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic party.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JOSEPH E. JOHNSTON,
Of Jefferson.

For Secretary of State,
JAMES K. JACKSON,
Of Lauderdale.

For Treasurer,
GEORGE W. ELLIS,
Of Montgomery.

For Auditor,
WALTER S. WHITE,
Of Colbert.

For Attorney-General,
WILLIAM C. FITTS,
Of Tuscaloosa.

For Superintendent of Education,
JOHN O. TURNER,
Of St. Clair.

For Commissioner of Agriculture,
I. F. CULVER,
Of Bullock.

The Advocate's elasticity of imagination is immense.

The pop organs are like other organs now: they are full of stops (my paper).

It is evident W. W. Walls regards the Advocate as a fine work of fiction.

Many autographs are commanding a high rate. Ours can be had for \$1 and The Chronicle for a year.

Winn's people meet, they simply communicate with each other. When The Chronicle comes out, it talks to thousands.

Hanna figures prominently in republican, national politics. There is nothing the matter with Hanna that we can find out.

McKINLEY will not be in St. Louis when the convention meets. The convention proceedings will be wired to him at Canton, Ohio.

An Iowa editor's reputation has been ruined by a compositor leaving "u" out of window where the editor was trying to explain he had slept too near it.

NO MATTER how the supreme court may look upon what is in the briefs and abstracts that come before them, they must admit that the print of those from The Chronicle office is "clear."

THERE is agitation to take the tariff out of politics and create a non-partisan tariff commission, whose duty it shall be to pass upon the details of all tariff schedules and report upon the same to congress.

THE Talladega Mountain Home expresses its high regard sweetly, for amiable, beautiful and intelligent woman but it most emphatically comes down on her when she proposes to ascend into the pulpit. Is this the effect of the She-talk-qua?

THE friends of Col. W. T. Smith announce him as a candidate for the legislature, in this issue of The Chronicle. Col. Smith is a gentleman of acknowledged force of character, and has once before represented the county with marked ability and entire satisfaction to his constituents. His views on the silver question are in hearty accord with the present state platform and there is no doubt of the fact that he would add strength to the ticket if nominated by the democratic party.

The following items appear in the order in which we give them, in "Our Mountain Home," Talladega, 3d inst.: Gov. Oates is expected in Talladega today to attend a meeting of the board of trustees of the state schools, located here.

Get 5 plugs tobacco for 15c at Enterprise.

For heaven's sake, gentlemen of the press, please let up a little on those long-winded editorials on finance and politics generally. The people know as much on those subjects as you do and, collectively, more. But, if you will persist in the obnoxious course you have the satisfaction of knowing that each article is read by one person at least—the writer.

THAT DECOY DUCK AGAIN.

W. W. Walls Takes the Floor to Explain. I will state to the TUCK Republicans of Shelby county (not to those who have recently joined the populists, or rather who Mr. S. S. Holbrook traded off to Mr. Deans) that I am acting in conjunction with the Republican Party of Shelby county, and that we have not had anything to do with the Democratic Party. We made arrangements with The Chronicle office to have our printing done and paid for same. Now, Mr. Advocate, if there is a decoy duck in the pond, it must be in Yellow Leaf creek, near the bridge, anchored out by the populists to decoy the republicans into the populist snare. Now, as to making a trade with the democrats, I fully believe if we were to make a trade, they would not go back on their bargain as the populists did. Can, or will, anybody deny that the leading populists came to me and asked me to get the republicans together and they would take Mr. Longshore down and let the republicans head the ticket? and did they not agree to do so in Calera at a former meeting? and did they stand to their agreement? *No!* The fact is Mr. Deans wants to go to the senate and he had to get Mr. Longshore out of the way. Also, Mr. Holbrook wanted to be superintendent of education and the two men got together early on the morning of the 9th and made the deal, ignoring every promise they had made.

Now, as to me asking the populists for the nomination, I never did it. It is true I was left off in 1892 by Bob Mosley, and did run in the primary for the nomination, as it was understood in a caucus in Columbiana that out of the two evils, they, the populists, would take the least, and said let Walls run in place of Mr. Hardy. Mr. Holbrook will tell you, as well as all others with whom I talked on the day of that famous convention, that I cared nothing for the nomination, but as it seemed it would be forced on me, I concluded to make the race. I also told Mr. Holbrook that if there was any opposition to me not to press my claim; that all I asked was for a republican at the head of the ticket; that I would vote for him if only a "yaller dog," so the nominee came from our family. Can anybody truthfully deny it? *No.*

I will not trouble the newspapers with any more letters but will meet all the issues you can bring on the stump, at the proper time, with a full republican ticket in the field. I hope the Wilsonville correspondent, with his gigantic brain, will be merciful to me, a poor little, cast-off republican, when he comes to the throne; and while I admit that Henry Clay is no more, yet his spirit lives and is the guiding star that leads all true republicans today.

W. W. WALLS.

AN OUTING FOR FISH.

Prof. Greek, J. P. Spencer, M. W. McGraw, J. T. Leeper, A. M. Elliott and C. C. DuBose constituted a party who left here Monday to go fishing. They first went to Browning's mill, five miles east, and offered Mr. B. \$10 to turn off the water of the pond, which he declined to do, on the ground that the notice was too short, but he said that he would do so the latter part of this week or the first of next, if desired. Messrs. Elliott, Leeper, McGraw and DuBose remained there having a good time, notwithstanding the rain, and returned Tuesday evening. The great city scales being out of order the fish they brought in were therefore not weighed and the number of tons not ascertained.

"NO GENTLEMAN."

An amusing, and at the same time an annoying case of mistaken identity occurred here the latter part of last week. An elderly gentleman was bowing very politely and smiling his sweetest every time he met a lady whom he had mistaken for another lady who resides a short distance out of the city. The lady here must have thought the old gentleman either supercilious or a little eccentric, at least. Yet he had some foundation for his mistake: the two ladies are related and both are married women. What puzzled him was that the lady never spoke to him, as he expected she would; and if he had not discovered his mistake, he might have been tempted, for the supposed breach of etiquette, to have said to himself: "Madam, you are no gentleman."

There is serious trouble ahead about the colored delegates to the St. Louis national republican convention. None of the hotels, and also none of the better class of boarding houses, will entertain them. Threat of prosecution has had the effect of developing a thorough organization among the hotel and boarding house men against the negroes. An attempt even to get a large steamer, on the river, for their accommodation, proved a failure when the owners of it found out what it was wanted for.

OUR COUNTRY COUSINS.

Their Weekly Budget of High Spiced Sandwiches—Also, Some Very Fine Condensed Milk of Human Kindness.

DEARLY BELOVED: When you Chronicle that a preacher delivered a very fine sermon, please give us the theme, if you can. Also, a point or two, if possible. Too, please write the names of persons as distinctly as you can. Furthermore, we generally omit "Mr." before the initials of a gentleman's name. We take it for granted they are all famous. Think of saying Mr. Julius Caesar.—Ed.

SAGINAW.

Health good. Will-Full still survives. Miss Edna Galoway and Mr. Temple have been visiting here.

Mrs. H. T. DeBardelaben left recently to visit home folks in Atlanta, Ga.

Miss Annie Blisby, who has been visiting at Verbena, has returned home.

E. H. Wingate and H. C. Fulton transacted business in Birmingham this week.

Miss Alice Anchors, of Columbiana, is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. A. Walburn, of this place.

Dr. M. W. Leonard can be seen both early and late wending his way to the residence of W. C. Benton.

Congratulate J. A. Fulton on taking to himself one of Columbiana's charming belles. 'Rah for John!

Rev. L. F. Goodwin was an honored guest of our town a few days ago. Standing invitation to come again.

Dr. Nation of Birmingham, preached a most excellent sermon at 1st M. E. church, west side, Sunday evening.

Misses Walker have been doing a wholesale "pleasure" entertaining foreign and domestic young gentlemen of prominence. 'Nough said.

J. R. Dixon, bookkeeper of the Saginaw Lumber Company, has gone to Birmingham, where he will take charge of the Birmingham ice factory.

Miss Mamie Brown of Nebraska, who is visiting her sister, Mrs. Brinkhoff, finds ample entertainment at the establishment of the Ganadurque Mercantile Co.

The recent Sunday school celebration at Elliottsville is remembered with pleasure. The program was very interesting. The closing remarks of Rev. Goodwin were both practical and impressive.

WILL FULL.

LIBERTY.

General health is not remarkably good.

Hon. Rufus A. Lester, of Columbiana, was in our community last Sunday.

Ticks are active; pay strict attention to business and "go in head first."

Lonon Powell and E. D. Martin of Pelham attended the funeral services here last Sunday.

Rev. J. D. Martin of Pelham preached the funeral sermon of J. B. Nivens at Liberty, last Sunday, to a good congregation.

T. A. Nevins and J. R. Adams, two pleasing young gentlemen, passed a part of last Sunday with the family of J. F. Cram.

This is a scientific community, and now we have under consideration the possibility of raising a strain of "frizzle-headed girls." Further details later.

T. A. Nivens and S. W. Blackerby gave a very select courting bee last Saturday night. These entertainments are very popular. The young ladies are considered quite interesting. "A girl of beauty is a joy forever."

We sniff an approaching wedding on the air. (Wouldn't tell for the world. "Best man" will soon be hunted up and the bridesmaids are already studying what they shall wear. I am studying up all the technicalities of a wedding report to give a full description.)

S. W. Blackerby and Miss Carrie Holcomb, and C. W. Blackerby and Miss Emma Holcomb are going to publish a book, with illustrations, of the haps, mishaps, adventures and escapades on their recent berrying expedition. It will be for private circulation only. No agents need apply.

It must be startling to be aroused out of a profound slumber and be told that your best fellow is sitting in the parlor as perpendicular as a ramrod awaiting the glow of your genial look to light up the sacrum of his heart, but such an occurrence did happen here last Sunday. The young lady came to quite rapidly and went to the young man the same way.

The Chronicle covers a "multitude of mystery," and a new use has been found for it which should run its circulation away up into the high figures. An innocent looking couple, with two hearts that beat as one, get a copy of the paper, retire to some cozy nook, and as each holds one side of the paper and it all before them, leave it to the other belle and beau to guess whether they are reading each others thoughts or one of the pieces in the paper. It would be sacrilege to invade the privacy of the situation to try and satisfy mere curiosity.

Tim, Jr., (Of the firm of Timothy & Clover.)

WILSONVILLE.

W. R. Smith went to Columbiana last week.

Miss Bessie Nimmo spent a few days in Alpine last week.

Miss Purdie Pope is visiting friends and relatives at East Lake.

Misses Blossom Densler and Juddie Kilpatrick spent seemingly two weeks (but perhaps only four days) in Columbiana last week.

A. G. Weldon made a business trip to Columbiana last Saturday.

The Wilsonville base ball team will probably cross bats for their first time this season with Harpersville on June 16th.

Quite a number of young people went to Shelby last Monday evening to hear the grand lecture, which far exceeded our expectations.

The regular quarterly conference of the Methodist church was held last Saturday and two excellent sermons were preached by the presiding elder Sunday.

Mr. Widows Benefactor Lee, was again noticed in our city Sunday. The climate, pure water, the fine architectural buildings, the most beautiful shades in the country, or something about this place must be very attractive indeed to him.

A shooting took place at the colored Baptist church last Sunday; five guns were fired but no one seriously hurt. The negro who begun the shooting was arrested and placed in the hands of three other darkers who were unfortunate enough to let him escape.

The S. P. L. League met at the Wilsonville institute last Friday night. The program was brief but well executed. It was carried that the league shall meet every Friday evening in the future; and I trust that each member will do his or her duty assigned, and not flood the house with excuses. If each member will do his duty combined with some other improvements that have been made we think that our league will undoubtedly progress more rapidly than it has ever done before. We cordially invite all gentlemen and ladies to attend our league and will promise to have a quiet and peaceful time in the future.

BOURGEOIS.

CRESWELL.

L. A. Cosper boasts of a cotton bloom the 5th inst, the earliest we have known in this section.

Educating your children is investing at a high rate of dividend. Lay up in them, and they will lay up for themselves.

Irene Denney, accompanied by her little cousin, Annie Jordan, is visiting her sister, Mrs. D. Fitch, and will spend several weeks there.

When one is low enough down to insult you wantonly, be high enough of a christian not to let him reach you by paying any attention to him.

K. Smith returned from Fayetteville Sunday, where he had spent a few weeks. He will leave in a few days for Talladega Springs, where he will spend some months.

We have had two Mormon preachers in our vicinity for the last two weeks and we learn they will preach somewhere in the neighborhood, if they have an opportunity.

We learn some of our neighbors are about to have a law suit relative to a cow being shot, it not being known definitely who did it. As the result of a suit, in a case of that kind, the lawyers get the value of another cow, and sometimes more, and the principals never for-get the experience.

(Continued on next page, 4th column.)

Register's Sale.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County. American Mortgage Company, of Scotland, Limited, Complainant, vs. H. R. Wells, Administrator et als, Defendants.

In Chancery, at Columbiana, Alabama, Sixth District, Northeast Chancery Division.

By virtue of a decree rendered at the Spring Term, 1896 of the Chancery Court, at Columbiana, Shelby County, Alabama, in said cause, I shall proceed to sell to the highest and best bidder, for cash, at public auction, in front of the court house door in the town of Columbiana, Alabama, within the legal hours of sale, on Monday, the twenty-ninth day of June 1896, the following described property, to-wit: w¹/₂ of sw¹/₄ of section 2, the sw fractional quarter of section 3, w¹/₂ of se¹/₄ of section 3, the e¹/₂ of ne¹/₄ and e¹/₂ of se¹/₄ and the sw¹/₄ of ne¹/₄ of section 4, all in township 24 range 12. Also the w¹/₂ of sw¹/₄ of section 8 and the ne¹/₄ of ne¹/₄ of section 11, all in township 24 range 13, containing in all six hundred and forty acres, more or less, to satisfy said decree.

GORDON DEBOSE, Register in Chancery.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County. Fronie McClellan, Pro and Complainant, vs. S. R. McClellan, Defendant.

In Chancery, Sixth District, Northeastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of W. T. Johnson attorney of record for the said complainant, that the defendant S. R. McClellan, is a non-resident of Alabama and resided, when last heard from, in Indian Territory, and further that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that publication be made in the Chronicle, a newspaper published in the County of Shelby once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said S. R. McClellan to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 3rd day of July, A. D. 1896 or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office, in Columbiana this 26th day of May A. D. 1896.

GORDON DEBOSE, Register.

Non-Resident Notice.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY. Ann E. Perry, Complainant, vs. William T. Perry Defendant.

In Chancery Sixth District, North-Eastern Chancery Division.

In this cause it is made to appear to the register by the affidavit of J. E. Holmes, that the defendant, William T. Perry, is a non-resident of Alabama, and resides in Denison, Grason County, Texas; and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the register, that publication be made in the Chronicle, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said William T. Perry to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 3rd day of April, A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office in Columbiana, this 3rd day of March, A. D. 1896.

GORDON DEBOSE, Register.

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.
Castoria allays Feverishness.
Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Card.
Castoria cures Diarrhoes and Wind Colic.
Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.
Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air.
Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.
Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.
Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk.
Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."

See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of *Cast H. Pitcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A STRAIGHT LINE

Is the shortest way to do it. Illustrated: The World going to The Chronicle Office

One of the largest establishments in the world, that of Wannamaker & Brown, use type like this and talk to their customers naturally.

There is no florid ornamentation or embeoidery of words, but a plain and simple statement of facts verified when customers visit their store.

As with Wannamaker & Brown so with The Chronicle. When it says this office is prepared to do First Class Job Work you can depend on it that it is so.

The facilities of the office are such that anything can be printed from a tiny card to a mammoth poster and each done well, quickly.

The Chronicle newspaper speaks for itself. It is newsy, spicy, racy, reliable. During the campaign it can be had for 10 cents a month, cash; 3 monts, 25c.; year \$1.

W. L. C. SHOES

\$4.00 \$3.00 \$2.50

These shoes fit to perfection and wear as only the best of leather can. They're shapely, pliant—the most comfortable of footwear. They always manage to let in air and keep out water.

Surely Your Dealer Sells Them.
FOR SALE BY
Lester, Mason & Co.

Notice

TO DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.

To whom it may concern: The tax collector of said county has filed in the office of the probate judge of said county a list of delinquent tax payers and real estate upon which taxes are due. The following names of persons are reported therein as delinquent and the following lands and lots are reported as assessed to the following named persons: Therein is reported assessed to "owner unknown" the following mentioned real estate and lots. This is to notify you to appear before me on Monday, the 9th day of June, 1896, then and there to show cause why a decree for the sale of said lands and lots should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed against you and the fees and costs.

This 18th day of May 1896.
D. R. McMillan,
Judge of Probate.

BEAT 1.

Barber, E. T., one acre, lot 16 in Shelby, tax \$2.00, printer's fee \$1.75.

Bennett, P. G., lots 24 and 25, block 119, lot 1 block 90, lot 26 block 116 in Shelby, tax \$90, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

Bell, L. A., lot 5 block 60, lot 25 block 90 in Shelby, tax \$50, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.75.

Bridges, John M., one lot in Shelby, tax \$50, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.75.

Cummings, A., lot 12 block 115 in Shelby tax \$20, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

Caton, A. S., lots 6 and 8 block 115 in Shelby tax \$50, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.75.

Clark, John, R., lots 1 and 2 in Shelby, tax \$20, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

Dendman, Mrs. M. A., one house and lot at Shelby Springs, tax \$10, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

Kirkman, Francis, 5 acres in the NW¹/₄ of the sec. 5 of sec. 24 T. 24 S. W. tax \$40, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.75.

Lawrence, D. H., lot 32 block 98 in Shelby tax \$20, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

Levy Phelix, lots 8 and 16, block 98, lots 4 and 6 block 100, lot 12 block 113 in Shelby, tax \$12, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.75.

Lee, G. T., 8¹/₂ of the NW¹/₄ of sec. 24 T. 24 S. W. tax \$14, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

Perkins, O. H., lots 7 and 8 block 114, lot 20 block 116 in Shelby, tax \$70, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

McLean, Mrs. Fannie, one vacant lot in Columbiana,

With Variations Viewed Vividly of Velvety Venuses' Visits; Political Vermilion, Veneer and Varnish Ventilated; Vim Velocipedes in the Van; Valedictories, Vacation; Social Vermicelli, Violets and Vintage; Vanity, Verbalty, Vapor and Vertebra in-Velvet.

The pops are up and working hard To try and get the goats.
The Dens lay low, keep quiet, goslow, But they'll get there all the same!

Those who Advertise in the

Chronicle are "in the swim."
Fast T coms in god now;

"The rainy season" has set in.
"Addict" is short for business local.

Printers kick off setting anti-"fat" ads.
A. M. Elliott is going to rebuild soon.

Z. H. Clardy & Son have a "kilo" business.

The rain has laid the dust—and the cluster aside.

Next Sunday, Rev. Dr. Teague of Helates here.

The Christian Endeavors are about 75 strong here.

The maws of the confusionist freaks are still working.

The new proprietor of the old hotel will treat you White.

Mrs. A. E. Jackson, of Anniston, is visiting relatives here.

"Jordan" is knocked out. The hymn runs now: "Roll, biker, roll."

Malarial fever is prevailing to some extent on the outskirts of the city.

It's the plaster that has the pull when you come to try and get it off.

The straightout republicans say their confidence has been debauched.

The new fruit season being on, the doctors are getting in their antidotes.

Mrs. Nettie Leeper, of Anniston, is spending the week with friends here.

The northern people are welcome but we can dispense with their storms.

Fox's cat is an aristocrat. It has its meals sent to it from The White House.

The colored people are taking a greater interest in base ball here than the whites.

Some outpour of fishermen were caught in the downpour of rain, Monday.

M. T. Jugg was in town this week. The barren of Braunes had him by the hand(le).

A connoisseur and bon vivant is having some geese raised here for patie de fois gras.

John Ugnaw, Sr., of Coosa county, was a visitor in our town Friday and Saturday.

We have two watchmen—one is jeweler T. J. Weaver. He is the day watchman.

Sam Green, a student of the military college at Marion, is at home for the summer.

The rich can ride their costly bikes, And much of the time can gain;
The folks without bikes still go afoot, But they get there all the same.

The White House got out a dandy advertising card last week. Chronicle did the work.

Tan shoes become a tanned complexion. Then wear a tan belt, and you have full zebra.

Trust in the Lord for your daily bread, but bear in mind he don't run a delivery wagon.

The ladies missionary societies hold stated meetings and contribute to mission work.

Mrs. Jim Hand and Miss Mattie Hand, of Jemison, are guests of their aunt, Mrs. B. L. Moore.

When the conversation flags, don't look at your girl's hands and say: "Oh! what a paws" (pause).

Bible says: "Feed my lambs," but the first thing many people do hereabouts daily is to feed the hogs.

The work on the new brick building was delayed somewhat by the rain but still it is progressing rapidly.

Fox is going to put in a full line of furniture in his new store. There will be beds there "till you can't rest."

The Shelby County Medical society meets 1st Tuesday of every month; C. C. Oliver, pres., J. Reed Morgan, sec.

A leading Methodist says the Christian Endeavors are the "pusher" of the church on the threshold of practical work.

The weeds are jubilant, and winking and blinking at the farmers because they cannot get at them readily now.

Attorneys Browne, Longshore and Reavers left Sunday for Montgomery to attend to business in the supreme court.

The museum of The Chronicle is open now for the reception and exhibition of agricultural freaks, prodigies, etc.

The California seedless lemon is coming upon the market. It is a bright, healthy, thick-skinned fruit and is said to hold its own with that from the Mediterranean.

Mrs. D. A. Cromwell and children, with Wm. Fraser, of Montgomery, are spending sometime with Mrs. M. P. Huyett.

Mrs. Armstrong entertained quite a number of the little folks Saturday afternoon, in honor of Master Arthur's birthday.

White House (guest) — "How do you like Birmingham?" "Tother — 'T was good, but the Vespallian ham was better."

Those sending in fine specimens of early vegetables will please tag them so we shall not forget to give credit to whom it is due.

Prof. Kilpatrick and wife, of Wilsonville, spent Friday and Saturday in our town, taking in the commencement exercises.

Misses Blossom Densler and Juddie Kilpatrick, of Wilsonville, are visiting friends in Columbiana.—Montgomery Advertiser.

When you buy on credit, you have to be very polite to the storekeeper. When you buy for cash, the storekeeper is very polite to you.

Some men have had their hair cut short, To cool the massive brain;
Others have fixed the moustache too, But we know them all the same.

Rev. T. M. Wilson, pastor of the M. E. church here, will begin a protracted meeting on the 21st of the third Sunday in this month, 21st.

"Where are you, dear?" "Here, my love." "What are you doing?" "Enjoying my otium cum dig." "Oh cum dig the potatoes." He dug.

Dr. Parker has been commissioned official shoot-off of the bikers. No shooting is genuine without his signature. Examine the cork carefully.

Latest marriage licenses issued: Charley N. Owen to Elta Nobles; James D. Owen to Ollie Baldwin; Spencer Freeman to Harriett Boggs.

As in Washington so here, the Cleveclands are in The White House. Mr. White's mother was nee Cleveland, and Miss Betty Cleveland is there too.

A messenger came in to Dr. Parker, Monday, for liniment for Cal Thomas, four miles west of the city, who had had his head cut with an ax, by accident.

The lumber for a sample room for the White House has been purchased and the building will be erected adjacent to the store of Johnston & White.

Vivian McLane, of Avondale, gladdened the hearts of her many little friends here by coming over for a visit. She is a guest of Belle Cromwell.

Council has under consideration in electing teachers for the next term of school the proposition to be sure and get one who can teach bike grandly. Our children must be thoroughly educated.

Grandma scowls at the bicycle girl, And says she is too game;
If grandma hadn't rheumatix now She'd get there all the same.

The youth whom it was rumored set fire to the lively stable barn accidentally has been giving Columbiana a wide berth ever since the fire. He was farming last week.

A foreigner, an alleged ex-priest, preached here one night last week. Next morning he was congratulating himself he did not lose his hat when he took out his microscope to try and see the collection.

Rev. W. I. Sinnott, Presbyterian, filled his regular appointment here last Sunday. Theme: "Crucifixion of Christ;" text: Luke, 22:37: "And he was reckoned among the transgressors." Communion was administered.

When a man who regards the Sabbath day as one of rest, literally, and feeling languid by reason of the hot weather, takes a siesta in church, know that he is aware of the fact that our preachers are all reliable and don't need watching.

Our stylish girls wear tiara hats, With ribbons all aflame;
The other girls wear a plainer sort, But they get there all the same.

"I don't care how much merchants advertise articles that will draw," said Dr. Parker, "they cannot compete with me. I have an article that draws all the time." Then he joyfully wanted to put a fly blister on the reporter's back to convince him it was so.

Remember, when you eat oatmeal, that Schumacher, who introduced the eating of it into America, was once a mere grocer's clerk in Germany. He started here in a barn, subsequently built the finest oatmeal mill in the world and spent \$150,000 a year advertising.

The mayor is up in arms against those who address the head of the city government and spell his name wrong. He don't want to be classed as "light" brown or "dark" brown, but Browne with a final E. Hereafter, those who have business with the mayor will "do it up Browne."

The agent of the Northwestern Yeast Co., of Chicago, Ill., has been distributing FREE SAMPLES of the celebrated Magic Yeast among our people. This is one of the most popular articles manufactured in this country and is sold by all grocers in the Northern States and on account of a growing demand for a pure Hop and Malt yeast in the Southern States, the manufacturers are introducing it by distributing FREE SAMPLES. The goods can be found hereafter in all first class groceries. This yeast is the only one that was awarded a diploma at the Chicago World's Fair. Nothing equals it for producing a healthy wholesome bread.

It Matting is going down—in price.

"LIFE IS WHAT WE MAKE IT."

WRITTEN FOR THE CHRONICLE.

[Time, similar to "Sweet Marie."] In the golden days of youth, when ev'ry thing seems truth,
We're as careless and as merry as a clown,
All our life is filled with joy, it's a beautiful bright day,
As certain as the sun goes down.

As the years go gliding by, we are forced to heaven's sigh,
And discover that all nature has a frown,
That the sweetest joys of life have the bitter side called strife,
As certain as the sun goes down.

Let us lead such gentle lives in the path where wisdom thrives,
The reward which comes in time will be a crown;
And in the world beyond, when the spirit form we've donned,
No regretting that our sun went down.

WHITE HOUSE, CLARA LOUISE, Columbiana, June 10, 1895.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS CLOSED.

The Frisky Students Are Now Free to Oozeze Themselves and Lay a Good Physical Foundation for Next Term's Arduous, Mental Work.

The first term of the Columbiana Graded school closed last Friday, with eclat. Last year, there was what was denominated a "Fitting school," and previous to that the ordinary mixed school.

There were three regular teachers and one assistant, during last term. These taught primary, secondary and High schools. The grammar school work was done by the assistant High school teacher.

The highest enrollment during the term was over two hundred. The pupils were about equally divided as to sex. The ages of the oldest girl and boy pupils were over twenty years. The law limits the age of the youngest to seven years, but there were some pupils in the primary department not over four years old.

The attendance was good every day until the first measles scare came in. After that there were other scares, but as a matter of fact, while some of the school children got the measles, none took them in the school, rigid sanitary precautions having been taken to keep them out.

There are patent desks, and as far as the school furniture goes, it is good in every room but the primary.

A look about the building, reveals that the windows are in bad shape, and were left that way by the builder. The doors don't work good, either. The city council, as the board of education, will have to attend to this matter. The outside door don't lock, affording opportunity for tramps to rest in there over night and say next day they had the opportunity of sleeping with the city in their knowledge box.

The outbuildings must be looked after before next term. This is imperative. Grading and leveling should be attended to. The well is not "well enough;" it is out of shape.

The teachers during the last term were all experienced. The principal had held the position three years.

CLOSING EXERCISES. The forenoon of the four previous days were devoted to public oral examinations. The afternoons were given to preparatory work.

Friday, commencing at 9 a. m., the program was carried out as advertised, without a break. The audience commenced gathering early. The stage was nicely adorned with plants and flowers, and the motto of the school, "Not how much, but how well," was conspicuous.

Invocation was made in an impressive manner by Rev. T. M. Wilson, of the M. E. church.

Both the vocal and instrumental music throughout was fine. There was a school choir, a quartet and string band. Quartet: Mrs. Gordon DuBose, soprano; Miss Kate Huyett, alto; W. B. Browne, tenor; J. P. Spencer, bass. Columbiana String band: E. W. Chapman, 1st violin; W. F. Thetford, violoncello; J. M. Spencer, mandolin; Clem Greek, guitar; Ed. Spencer, guitar; J. T. Leeper, guitar.

"Course of Science," an address, by George R. McNeal, Ph. D., president of Isbell college, Talladega, was both instructive and interesting, and listened to throughout with close attention.

All the pupils did well, showing that the term work had been both practical and thorough. The salutatory, by Will A. Weaver, and valedictory, by Ethel Greek, were all the occasion called for, and produced an impression.

At the proper time, Principal Greek came forward and made some closing remarks. He was pleased to see so many out; it showed they took an interest in the school. He had taught school for many years, but this was the first time when, and place where, the merchants had closed up their stores, and the entire city had put on gala attire, to do honor to an occasion of this kind. It was encouraging and another bright star in the firmament of the progress of education.

A high-flyer drummer lit here Monday arrayed in tan shoes and carrying a white grip. He would have nothing to do with the hotels or their representatives at the deppo. When Wilhelmj Marphij approached him with one of Mr. White's information cards he waived him aside with: "Take it away; my eyes are sore with reading." Then he packed his own grip up town. It is not often so economical a drummer comes along. This drummer was a shoeman, representing a New Orleans house. He did not sell a bill of goods in town.

Columbiana is not only running a full line of editors in active eruption daily but it has also on cold storage several ex-editors ready for any emergency.

OUR COUNTRY COUSINS.

[Continued from Second Page.]

CRESWELL.

After spending some weeks with her father's family here, Mrs. Georgia Smith left Monday for Irondale, where she will join her husband for a few weeks, who has charge of the floating gang on the railroad.

Rev. W. J. Ray, formerly one of our "boys," but now a Howard student, will preach at the Baptist church next Sunday. Let all come out and give him a good congregation. Will is a fine fellow and we wish him success.

The heavy rain which fell on Monday of the 1st instant, was accompanied in places by a heavy hail, which did great damage to the crops, and in other places by a severe wind which did much damage to the oat crop. The rain continuing at intervals, some of the farmers are getting very badly behind with their crops. Some have but little cotton chopped, while others are up and have their crops in good condition.

CHOCTAW.

HARPERSVILLE.

Colonel Kidd transacted business in Birmingham last week.

We are pleased to state that Prof. Florey will teach school for us another year.

Miss Sallie Martin who has been teaching music at the Athenaeum returned home last week.

Miss Katie Gorman of this place graduated with full honors at the Athenaeum last Tuesday.

Willie Agee and family, of Perdue Hill, Ala., are visiting Mrs. Agee's mother, Mrs. Florey this week.

Wonder who will be the next to marry. Don't all speak at once, but as Mr. Bailey started the ball to rolling it should be kept going.

Misses Sallie Martin, Stella Posey and Meedda Kidd, also Earl Martin, attended the closing exercises of the Columbiana school last week and report a delightful time.

Our miller, L. M. Moore, is having some trouble with them chills. One thing that is certain about his mill whenever it mashes one grain of corn it starts on another.

The hail did considerable damage to growing crops last week on Spring Creek above Vincent. Some of the farmers lost their entire oat crop and corn and cotton were damaged considerably.

The Baptist people sent a large quantity of meal, hams, etc., to their pastor, Rev. Mr. Giles, last week. Who would object to being a preacher when such favors as these come in at such a critical time?

Our ball team are to play Childersburg Saturday evening, so I have been informed; then Birmingham next.

There was not any preaching in town last Sunday, nor won't be next Sunday. Wonder what is the matter with our preachers?

Two Mormon elders passed through our community last week, and judging from the literature they sent to W. B. Hubbard, they have made him their agent at this place.

We are reliably informed that Mr. David Whitfield, a life long republican and one of the best citizens of Vandiver beat, says that he cannot and will not support the fusion ticket under no circumstances. Mr. Whitfield is well known throughout the county as a good citizen, and what he says you may rely on.

"JAKE."

CITY ITEMS.

The Masonic lodge will elect officers for the ensuing year next Saturday night. These officers will be installed 22nd inst., St. Johns Day. Several members in the lodges about here were once members of this lodge. It is under consideration to have a large and appropriate celebration on the 22nd by having several lodges unite in the work.

The County Matrimonial Bureau, in charge of Cupid Horace Hammond, does a good average business, although it does not advertise very extensively. Whether he is prepared to furnish a buxom young lady, a well preserved old maid or a dashing widow with each license, is still in the realm of the mysterious. Cupid has on file a license which was issued, paid for but not used. The young gentleman who took it out had the misfortune not to bring down his angel; he merely winged her.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Cailloute, Druggist, Beaverville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headache yields to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only fifty cents at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

ALWAYS IN THE LEAD! FOLLOW THE PROCESSION!

COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE COO.

DRY GOODS. CLOTHING. SHOES. HATS.

All Seasonable Goods at all times

H. FOX, Manager.

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES.

Silks, Satins, Chally, Dimities, Henriettas, Nuns Veiling, and Lawns,

And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnishings We're Headquarters as Usual.

Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00. Wishing every body success, we beg to remain, Yours Respectfully,

THE RACKET STORE, SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA. J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Propr's.

That Tired Feeling!

Nobody is particularly anxious to spend their money. Everybody has to. Your wants must be satisfied and it takes money to do it. A person is not apt to look cheerful over the prospect of spending money. Lots of buying is done with a long face. This is all wrong. I offer a change for the better.

You Feel Relieved—

The minute you see our Grand Stock of New and Popular Goods it looks fresh and desirable. The first glance shows you that you are on the right track. No mistake about this being a modern up-to-date line of goods. You wake up to the fact that you have got into the right store.

The Feeling Grows—

When you commence to go into details, you find as if the goods were bought on purpose for you. No trouble to make a satisfactory selection; it gets down to a question which is the most satisfactory.

Trouble is Forgotten

When you learn our prices, they are always at the low-water mark. We don't give goods away—we can't. We can sell goods very low—we do. This is a fact. We might brag about it, but what's the use—a word to the wise is sufficient. It's as true as truth that we sell goods cheap—we prove it.

Happiness is Supreme

When you get just what you want at less than you expected to pay—we are treating customers to this kind of a surprise every day. We sell you a good article and let you off cheap. You will find our selections choice, our goods reliable, and prices satisfactory. A fair deal makes the buyer happy—we give it. To spend money and be happy at the same time go to

S. STARK. Shelby, Ala.

Columbiana's TONSORIAL PARLOR: E. W. CHAPMAN, Proprietor.

Neat, clean shop, elegant chairs, the best of tools and the cleanest of towels. Having had 16 years experience, I do not hesitate to say I can give as good service as you can get in any city. Ladies work a specialty. Prices reasonable. A trial is all I ask. If you want to buy a first-class razor I have a lot just received.

E. W. Chapman.

W. F. THETFORD, JR., ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWNE, J. T. LEEPER, BROWNE & LEEPER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the books of the assessment of real and personal property of poll taxes have this day been filed in my office by the tax assessor, and that the same shall be open to inspection, for the ascertainment of any errors in assessments and for taking memoranda thereof by tax-payers, until the first Monday in June, 1896.

This May 1, 1896. D. R. McMillan, Judge of Probate.

may 7 4t.

Scientific American Agency for PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, ETC.

For information and free booklet write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American.

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Speedily illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year; six months, \$1.50. Address, MUNN & CO., Publishers, 361 Broadway, New York City.

Notice of Application to Sell Real Estate

TROBRIAT COURT, MAY 11, 1896. THE STATE OF ALABAMA, Shelby County. Estate of W. L. Dickerson, deceased. This day came Sarah D. Hall and W. T. Hall, administrators, with the will annexed of said estate, and filed their application in due form and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therein and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of division, upon the ground that same cannot be equitably divided without a sale thereof. It is ordered that the 22nd day of June, 1896, be appointed for the hearing of such application, at which time all parties in interest may appear and contest the same, if they think proper. D. R. McMillan, Judge of Probate.

MAY 14-96

CURRENT COMMENT.

THE New York board of health announces that tetanus antitoxin is a sure remedy for lockjaw.

COUNTY clerk hire, mileage and incidentals, a member of congress now receives a total of about \$12,650 for his two years' service.

THE children's subscription for a monument to the late Eugene Field, the western author, amounted a few days ago to \$834.56, and 1,319 subscribers were represented.

ALICETON, Wis., the town without a woman, has lost its distinction. Its postmaster, Mr. F. H. Metcalf, has recently married a wife, and other citizens are expected to follow his example.

THE new watch is to have a phonographic cylinder hidden away at the hour and at each quarter of an hour a tiny voice will be heard giving you the exact time. You will simply touch a spring, hold the watch to your ear and it will whisper the hour.

THE invention of a new calculating machine in France has demonstrated its triumph by practical work. One of the remarkable results achieved was when 6,232,333,444 was multiplied by 6,888,111,224. The answer appeared on the register in less than three seconds.

It appears from statistics just published that there are about 2,500 newspapers and periodicals printed in Paris every week, more than appear in all the rest of France. Of these 107 are political, 106 illustrated, 108 devoted to fashions, 190 to medicine, over 200 to finance and 60 to sport.

BUTTER-MAKING in one minute, with economy and with many valuable safeguards from disease, as compared with the old-fashioned churning system is something that Consul O'Neill at Stockholm tells of in a report to the state department. This is done by a simple machine known as the radiator. It makes the butter directly from sterilized milk. The machine promises to revolutionize butter-making.

THE newest fad in jewelry is an engraved diamond and a prominent Parisian jeweler has turned out a bicycle scarfpin made out of two single diamonds. The result is an exact representation of a bicycle in miniature, made entirely of diamonds. Hitherto it has been considered impossible because no tool could be found hard enough to cut the stone. The use of electricity, however, renders this possible.

GEORGE SIMPSON, aged eight; Robert Simpson, nine; Charles Larson, ten; John Fitzgerald, ten, and Edward Fitzgerald, nine, were locked up at Chicago recently on charges of burglary. The children were the confessed leaders and senior members of a gang of infant burglars to whose doors have been traced several robberies. So skillfully was their work executed that the police inclined to the belief that it was the work of experienced crooks.

EDWARD M. BENTLEY, of New York, has just patented an electric plow, which runs back and forth across a field and turns up the soil in a fashion that would have made pioneer farmers of a hundred years ago stand dumb with amazement. His invention calls into use the most recent developments in the line of transmission of electric power. A power house in a centrally-located village can furnish motive force for all the farm work to be done within a radius of many miles.

A gigantic project, that of building a second pipe line from the Indiana oil fields to Whiting, Ind., has just been made public. The new line will be 160 miles in length, beginning in the fields of Wells, Blackford, Jay, Adams and Grant counties and extending northwest through Huntington, Wabash, Miami, Kosciusko, Fulton, Cass, Marshall, White, Pulaski, Starke, Laporte, Jasper, Porter, Newton and Lake counties to Whiting, where immense refineries are to be erected at an outlay of several millions. Work on the right of way is being pushed rapidly.

In the North American Review Mr. M. B. Morton says that no intelligent man has had opportunities for observation can doubt that the "agricultural problem" is the most vital in American politics to-day, though it has been thrust aside by issues that are at most only corollaries to the main proposition. The situation is anomalous and unparalleled. The country has had profound peace for 80 years. There have been no famines. In fact this period has been one of wonderful productiveness. Yet every year the farmers as a class have become poorer.

"Fifty years hence not a big town in the southwest will be without a tornado trap," says Prof. H. A. Hazen, of the weather bureau. "The hazard has arrived when serious attention must be given to finding means of defense against these whirling storms." His belief is that any town would be rendered safe against tornadoes by a series of look-out stations, so as to interpose a barrier on the west side, from which the revolving storm invariably comes. On seeing a funnel cloud approaching the operator would simply touch off some dynamite bombs, which would blow it to smithereens.

THE railroad systems of the country are about to be revolutionized and it will be no strange thing if we are able to rush about at an unconceivable speed within a few months, writes a Washington correspondent. To New York in two hours from the capital; to breakfast in Gotham and lunch in Chicago, and take our next breakfast in view of the promised waters of the Pacific, are what is placidly said. The latest invention, is what is known as the Great Rapid Transit Bicycle railway. It combines the principles of the most improved electric motors and the track is constructed with a single rail.

HON. CHAUNCEY DEPEW

Gives His Ideas in Regard to Some of the Leading Factors

IN THE POLITICAL BATTLE JUST BEGUN.

Silver Sentiment in the West, He Says is Very Strong, But There are Other Issues, and the Western Republicans are Protectionists.

St. Louis, June 13.—Mr. Chauncey M. Depew was asked by a United Press representative if he thought any bitterness that might be engendered by the New York contests would operate to the detriment of the republican success in the state next autumn. He replied: "With a gold plank—I don't mean literally gold in the platform, but as the phrase is understood in commercial circles—a substantial sound money declaration which will satisfy our people in the east, we can carry New York state for the republican candidate by 150,000 majority. There isn't any doubt about that."



Hon. Chauncey M. Depew.

"Do you think Mr. Platt will bolt the convention if the contests in the New York delegations are decided against him?"

"I have just arrived," replied Mr. Depew, "I haven't seen Mr. Platt. I can't say anything about that."

"Are the republicans likely to carry the old republican states in the west where the silver sentiment is now very strong, in the event that a gold platform is adopted?"

"In April last," replied Mr. Depew, "I made an extended trip through the western states. I passed through a number of states. I found the silver sentiment very strong. The people told me that they wanted free silver at 16 to 1. But they said, at the same time, that they were protectionists, and they assured me that they did not intend to give up the substance for the shadow. In other words, there will be other issues in this campaign besides the money question, and the tariff is one. I think that the western republicans will be loyal to the ticket without regard to silver."

It has been repeatedly reported around the hotel during the past few days, it was suggested to Mr. Depew, "that the silver republicans and populists would endorse the free silver candidate if one be nominated at Chicago. Would not that greatly weaken the republicans in the west?"



H. Clay Evans.

"I have discovered from a long experience," said Mr. Depew, smilingly, "that the atmosphere which localizes around the convention, and which is intensified by men meeting each other constantly, is not the actual sense of the country."

Gov. Morton's positive refusal to permit his name to be considered for the vice-presidency, it is said, has greatly strengthened the chances of H. Clay Evans, of Tennessee, for nomination for that office. It was asserted this morning by one of the McKinley managers that Mr. Evans would be nominated by acclamation, and practically without a competitor."



Ex-Gov. Foraker of Ohio.

Ex-Gov. Foraker, of Ohio, is one of today's arrivals. He is staying at the St. Nicholas hotel. About 11 o'clock he drifted into the Southern, where most of the politicians are located. From the moment of his appearance at the main entrance he created a sensation. The loungers at the great portico on the ground floor at once recognized the Ohio man and crowded about him to give him a cordial greeting. Everybody seemed to know Foraker, and he in turn, apparently knew all those who addressed him, in most

THE FINANCIAL PLANK.

No Agreement Has Yet Been Reached Upon It.

EX-GOVERNOR FOSTER AIRS HIS VIEWS.

He Favors the Indiana Plank, With the Sixteen to One Clause, Which He Believes to an Interpolation, Eliminated.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

Business is Awaiting the Action of the National Conventions.

New York, June 13.—Bradstreet's weekly review says: "There is little or no effort to push business at present, so much uncertainty as to the precise terms of the financial plank to be adopted by the great political parties in national convention. The general merchandise movement continues as dull and conservative as heretofore, with few exceptions, buying only for immediate necessities. Money collections continue slow and unsatisfactory, and there is no gain in the cotton, woolen goods, iron or steel industries."

Western speculators are buying wool above a parity with prices offered from the east. There is little likelihood of higher prices for wool while so much machinery is idle. Nearly all branches of dry goods are somewhat depressed. The contest continues between iron and steel consumers."

General trade in central western states remains quiet. No improvement is reported from Chicago, as compared with the unsatisfactory records of recent weeks. Improved demand for staples at St. Louis is among dealers in paints and drugs. Kansas City and Omaha report relatively the best demand among western jobbing centers, notably among wholesalers of dry goods, shoes and hats and agricultural implements."

Reports from southern distributing centers announce an almost uniformly quiet trade, although good rains in the territory tributary to Charleston and New Orleans have improved the crop outlook and wholesale trade. In Texas corn is suffering for want of rain."

Exports of wheat (four included as wheat) from both coasts of the United States amount to 2,920,000 bushels, against 3,376,000 bushels last week, 1,761,000 bushels in the week one year ago, 2,234,000 in the week two years ago and 3,834,000 three years ago."

The total number of business failures throughout the United States this week is 234, compared with 236 last week, 222 in the second week of June, 1895; 227 in the corresponding week of 1894, and as contrasted with 303 in the like period of 1893."

There are 33 business failures reported from the Dominion of Canada this week, compared with 29 last week, 31 in the week a year ago, and 30 in the week two years ago."

RODNEY FISKE, The Spendthrift Millionaire, Dying Penniless in Boston.

New York, June 13.—A Recorder special from Boston says: Rodney Fiske, the famous young millionaire from California who started Wall street a few years ago by his wild speculations, and who disappeared mysteriously a few years ago, after squandering his original legacy of \$1,200,000 and the millions he added to it, is dying in this city, penniless, and dependent upon the hospitality of comparative strangers."

The wrecked Napoleon of finance is harbored in the humble residence of Otis Cunningham, and only disclosed his identity when informed that death was near."

Young Cunningham became acquainted with Fiske at the Candee rubber works in New Haven, where the broken-down millionaire was working as an ordinary factory hand. They roomed together, and when Fiske became ill Cunningham brought him to his home in this city."

Fiske tells an interesting story of his wanderings all over the face of the earth, with his "roll" steadily diminishing, and he sinking lower and lower."

HON. CARL SCHURZ Thinks the Political Outlook is Very Uncertain.

New York, June 13.—Mr. Carl Schurz, who has been identified with the dominating issue of the campaign, and conspicuous in all that the Honorable Money league has done in relation to the financial question, said, regarding the coming campaign:

"The outlook seems to me very uncertain. The silver movement is apparently stronger than has been anticipated. There are indications that the silver forces will unite upon one ticket, with the hope of carrying enough states west of the Alleghenies to win the election."

"The gold men ought not to be overconfident. The success of the silverites will largely depend upon the management of the campaign. Those make a very serious mistake who think that they can sidetrack the money question by an attempt to bring any other issue to the foreground. It would be downright folly to overlook the fact that the money question is at present altogether uppermost in men's minds. In fact it is almost the only thing people think of."

JUST BY CHANCE The Youngstown Delegation Captured the Canton Major.

CANTON, O., June 13.—Five sleeping cars containing the Youngstown delegation to St. Louis passed through Canton via the Pennsylvania railroad. Maj. McKinley was at the depot to meet friends. He did not know the delegation was there. The latter discovered McKinley as he was about to drive away and they made a break for his carriage, which was soon surrounded by several hundred people. McKinley stepped from his vehicle and shook hands with the crowd, the train being held some minutes. The steamer on the train bore the words: "Youngstown delegation; we have voted for McKinley for twenty years, and will continue to do so."

Funeral of Jules Simon.

PARIS, June 13.—The funeral of M. Jules Simon, the distinguished French statesman, who died last Monday, was attended by a large gathering of notable politicians. President Faure, Emperor William of Germany and King Leopold of Belgium were represented at the obsequies.

Women Harried Out.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 13.—The supreme lodge of the Knights of Honor decided this morning not to admit women to the order by a vote of 51 to 36.

THE FINANCIAL PLANK.

No Agreement Has Yet Been Reached Upon It.

EX-GOVERNOR FOSTER AIRS HIS VIEWS.

He Favors the Indiana Plank, With the Sixteen to One Clause, Which He Believes to an Interpolation, Eliminated.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

Business is Awaiting the Action of the National Conventions.

New York, June 13.—Bradstreet's weekly review says: "There is little or no effort to push business at present, so much uncertainty as to the precise terms of the financial plank to be adopted by the great political parties in national convention. The general merchandise movement continues as dull and conservative as heretofore, with few exceptions, buying only for immediate necessities. Money collections continue slow and unsatisfactory, and there is no gain in the cotton, woolen goods, iron or steel industries."

Western speculators are buying wool above a parity with prices offered from the east. There is little likelihood of higher prices for wool while so much machinery is idle. Nearly all branches of dry goods are somewhat depressed. The contest continues between iron and steel consumers."

General trade in central western states remains quiet. No improvement is reported from Chicago, as compared with the unsatisfactory records of recent weeks. Improved demand for staples at St. Louis is among dealers in paints and drugs. Kansas City and Omaha report relatively the best demand among western jobbing centers, notably among wholesalers of dry goods, shoes and hats and agricultural implements."

Reports from southern distributing centers announce an almost uniformly quiet trade, although good rains in the territory tributary to Charleston and New Orleans have improved the crop outlook and wholesale trade. In Texas corn is suffering for want of rain."

Exports of wheat (four included as wheat) from both coasts of the United States amount to 2,920,000 bushels, against 3,376,000 bushels last week, 1,761,000 bushels in the week one year ago, 2,234,000 in the week two years ago and 3,834,000 three years ago."

The total number of business failures throughout the United States this week is 234, compared with 236 last week, 222 in the second week of June, 1895; 227 in the corresponding week of 1894, and as contrasted with 303 in the like period of 1893."

There are 33 business failures reported from the Dominion of Canada this week, compared with 29 last week, 31 in the week a year ago, and 30 in the week two years ago."

RODNEY FISKE, The Spendthrift Millionaire, Dying Penniless in Boston.

New York, June 13.—A Recorder special from Boston says: Rodney Fiske, the famous young millionaire from California who started Wall street a few years ago by his wild speculations, and who disappeared mysteriously a few years ago, after squandering his original legacy of \$1,200,000 and the millions he added to it, is dying in this city, penniless, and dependent upon the hospitality of comparative strangers."

The wrecked Napoleon of finance is harbored in the humble residence of Otis Cunningham, and only disclosed his identity when informed that death was near."

Young Cunningham became acquainted with Fiske at the Candee rubber works in New Haven, where the broken-down millionaire was working as an ordinary factory hand. They roomed together, and when Fiske became ill Cunningham brought him to his home in this city."

Fiske tells an interesting story of his wanderings all over the face of the earth, with his "roll" steadily diminishing, and he sinking lower and lower."

HON. CARL SCHURZ Thinks the Political Outlook is Very Uncertain.

New York, June 13.—Mr. Carl Schurz, who has been identified with the dominating issue of the campaign, and conspicuous in all that the Honorable Money league has done in relation to the financial question, said, regarding the coming campaign:

"The outlook seems to me very uncertain. The silver movement is apparently stronger than has been anticipated. There are indications that the silver forces will unite upon one ticket, with the hope of carrying enough states west of the Alleghenies to win the election."

"The gold men ought not to be overconfident. The success of the silverites will largely depend upon the management of the campaign. Those make a very serious mistake who think that they can sidetrack the money question by an attempt to bring any other issue to the foreground. It would be downright folly to overlook the fact that the money question is at present altogether uppermost in men's minds. In fact it is almost the only thing people think of."

JUST BY CHANCE The Youngstown Delegation Captured the Canton Major.

CANTON, O., June 13.—Five sleeping cars containing the Youngstown delegation to St. Louis passed through Canton via the Pennsylvania railroad. Maj. McKinley was at the depot to meet friends. He did not know the delegation was there. The latter discovered McKinley as he was about to drive away and they made a break for his carriage, which was soon surrounded by several hundred people. McKinley stepped from his vehicle and shook hands with the crowd, the train being held some minutes. The steamer on the train bore the words: "Youngstown delegation; we have voted for McKinley for twenty years, and will continue to do so."

Funeral of Jules Simon.

PARIS, June 13.—The funeral of M. Jules Simon, the distinguished French statesman, who died last Monday, was attended by a large gathering of notable politicians. President Faure, Emperor William of Germany and King Leopold of Belgium were represented at the obsequies.

Women Harried Out.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 13.—The supreme lodge of the Knights of Honor decided this morning not to admit women to the order by a vote of 51 to 36.

Charles W. Fairbanks.

"I am of the opinion that the convention will declare unequivocally for sound money. I should not be at all surprised to see it adopt the financial plank of the Indiana platform."

"With the ratio clause left in."

"No; I rather expect to see the ratio clause stricken out if the convention adopts the plank. As it stands now, the plank pronounces emphatically against the free coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1. My opinion is that if the convention sees fit to adopt that plank it will simply obliterate the words 16 to 1. That will place it squarely against the free coinage of silver at any and every ratio."

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

A cyclone struck Del Rio, Tex. No lives were lost.

Company D, Sixth infantry, I. N. G., at Cambridge, Ill., has been disbanded.

Judge Baker sentenced seven Indian territory murderers to death at Fort Smith, Ark.

The trustees of the University of Illinois will have to stand trial for violation of the flag law.

Dr. David Jordan, of San Francisco, has been appointed president of the Behring Sea commission.

The body of Henry Schwartz, of the New York Catholic News, was found in the Mississippi near Davenport, Ia.

Senator Hill will write the New York democratic platform and hopes that its financial plank will be adopted at Chicago.

The list of bills passed during the last ten days of the session of congress just closed which were "pocket vetoed" numbers 13.

The congress of chambers of commerce of the British empire passed resolutions that the empire should adopt the decimal money system.

One Italian is dead and another critically ill at Providence, R. I., as the result of drinking wood alcohol, intended for mechanical purposes.

Robert Grieve, one of the wealthiest pioneers in that section, died at Kewanee, Ill., aged 80 years. Mr. Grieve was born at Roxburyshire, Scotland.

An attempt was made by an incendiary to burn the Adams county (Ind.) courthouse. The fire was started among the records in the auditor's office.

Barney Barnato offered his check for the \$250,000 necessary to secure the release of Rhodes and Hammond at Pretoria, but the matter had already been arranged.

An organized band of cattle thieves is engaged in running off stock in South Dakota, altering brands and shipping cattle east. Wholesale lynching is threatened.

The old Lamar house at Knoxville, Tenn., caught fire, and it was several hours before the blaze was extinguished. The damage will amount to several thousand dollars.

At Home City, Kas., the drug store of T. R. Ross, the dry goods house of S. S. Sheldahl and millinery store of Mrs. A. B. Hunt were burned. Loss in buildings total; stock saved.

John Layton, a brakeman on the Choctaw & Oklahoma railway, is under arrest at South McAlester, I. T., charged with breaking into a freight car and stealing a case of beer.

Charles Saylor, of Pittsfield, Ill., aged 32 and married, while plowing was shot by a rifle in the hands of a boy hunting doves. The ball took effect in the left lung, and he will die.

The twenty-eighth annual Saengerfest closed at Pittsburgh, Pa., with a business session, at which a permanent organization was formed, to be called "The North American Saengerbund."

The Bank of Palmer, Kas., was entered by burglars, the safe blown open and entirely destroyed, and the cash box robbed of \$1,100. The damage to the safe and building amounts to about \$1,800.

Miss Lena Fullenhouse is under arrest at New Albany, Ind., for perjury. It is alleged that she falsely testified concerning the age of Miss Jennie Schindler, who eloped with and married Ben Freeman.

An action has been brought in the supreme court of New York city in behalf of Sarah Ann Angell, who says she is the widow of Jay Gould, to recover her dower right in two pieces of property in that city.

Gideon Senechal, who went to Oregon in 1840 for the Hudson Bay Co., committed suicide at Dufur, Ore., by taking a dose of strychnine. He was 85 years old, and left a letter saying he had lived long enough.

At Tobaccoport, Tenn., a river landing, a house in which a number of white and colored boys had taken shelter was struck by lightning and four were killed—Robert Brandon, white, and three colored boys.

Fire broke out in the oil room at the bottom of the Taylorville (Ill.) Coal Co.'s pit and spread to the top, completely burning up the hoisting apparatus, engine and boiler rooms and blacksmith shops, entailing a loss of about \$50,000.

According to police reports, the suffering occasioned by the tornado at St. Louis is much greater than is generally supposed, and the relief thus far extended has been purely of a temporary nature, and so far as the relief committees are concerned, niggardly in extent.

RELEASED REFORMERS.

Phillips and Farrar Given an Ovation at Johannesburg.

JOHANNESBURG, June 13.—Lionel Phillips and George Farrar, the reform committee leaders, who, with John Hays Hammond and Col. Francis Rhodes, were released from custody in Pretoria on Thursday, have arrived here. They received an ovation on their arrival, and were carried into the stock exchange upon the shoulders of their friends.

Cable From John Hays Hammond.

NEW YORK, June 13.—The following cablegram was received in this city this morning by a friend of John Hays Hammond:

"JOHANNESBURG, June 13.—Will leave for London in a few days. We are all well."

[Signed] "JOHN HAYS HAMMOND."

Recommendation.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—The president has recommissioned Wm. B. Childers as United States attorney for New Mexico, his nomination having failed of confirmation by the senate.

A Dead Editor.

TORONTO, Ont., June 13.—Gordon Brown, formerly editor of the Toronto Globe, died to-day.

Cal. North's Fortune.

LOS ANGELES, June 13.—The fortune left by the late Col. North, the "Nitrate King," is much less than \$200,000. The famous kennel of greyhounds owned by Col. North has been sold.

Released Pending Appeal.

PHILADELPHIA, June 13.—The case of Herman Keck, the diamond merchant of Cincinnati, who is under sentence of one year in the eastern penitentiary for alleged diamond smuggling, has been appealed to the United States supreme court. Meantime Keck has been released from jail on \$10,000 bail pending the hearing of the appeal.

Cal. North's Fortune.

LOS ANGELES, June 13.—The fortune left by the late Col. North, the "Nitrate King," is much less than \$200,000. The famous kennel of greyhounds owned by Col. North has been sold.

CHAIRMAN CARTER.

Wisdom of His Calling the Republican National Committee

TO MEET A FULL WEEK IN ADVANCE

Clearly Demonstrated by the Amount of Work the Committee Finds on Its Hands to Perfect the Preliminary Organization.

St. Louis, June 13.—When the members of the national committee were assembling preparatory to a fourth day's siege in the matter of the contesting delegations, there was an informal exchange of opinions regarding the advisability of holding one or more sessions on Sunday. It was admitted that the work of the body was badly in arrears, and that unless means could be found of expediting it, the temporary roll would be still in

abeyance when it became the duty of Chairman Carter to call the convention to order at noon on Tuesday. When the senator from Montana originally issued his summons for the committee to assemble at this place a week in advance of the date fixed for the convention there were considerable criticisms of his course, and it was said that the committee ought to get through with the business before it in a couple of days. The developments have demonstrated the wisdom of the national chairman's course. Although the committee has been in session for three days, sitting until midnight and later, scarcely more than half of the contests have been acted upon, the most important remaining to be heard. Chief among them are the contests from New York. It has already been informally agreed that the time limit will not be enforced against the New Yorkers, and the

expected occupy at least one, if not two sessions of the committee. Notwithstanding the state of the calendar, however, it was apparent that strenuous objections would be offered to any proposition looking to the transaction of business Sunday, and some of the committee men went so far as to say that they would cease to participate in the deliberations at the stroke of midnight, no matter what the pending questions.

NOT FOR MORTON.

He Declines in Advance the Vice-Presidential Nomination.

HEADQUARTERS THE UNITED PRESS, Southern Hotel, St. Louis, June 13.—Mr. Chauncey M. Depew, who has arrived in St. Louis, makes public the following telegram from Gov. Morton, declining in advance a nomination for the vice-presidency:

"NEW YORK.—Flour—State and western, quiet, about steady and unchanged. Wheat—July, 63.50-64.00; September, 63.00-63.50; December, 62.50-63.00; Corn—No. 2, 24.00-24.50; No. 2, 24.00-24.50; Oats—No. 2, 17.00-17.50; Hay—Prairie, \$5.00-5.25; mixed timothy, 16.00-17.00; clear timothy, 16.00-17.00; Butter—Creamery, 14.00-15.00; dairy, 12.00-13.00; Eggs—Fresh, 20.00-21.00; Lard—July, 4.00-4.25; Pork—New standard mess, 7.75-8.00; Bacon—Long, 4.25-4.50; clear ribs, 4.50-4.75; clear, 4.25-4.50; all boxed, Wool—Choice tub-washed, 16.00-17.00.

"Futures closed: July, 54.00; August, 54.00-54.50; September, 54.00; Corn—Futures closed: July, 25.00-25.50; September, 25.00-25.50; Oats—Futures closed: July, 17.00-17.50; September, 17.00-17.50; December, 17.00-17.50; Corn—Futures closed: July, 24.00-24.50; September, 24.00-24.50; December, 24.00-24.50; Oats—Futures closed: July, 17.00-17.50; September, 17.00-17.50; December, 17.00-17.50; Hay—Prairie, \$5.00-5.25; mixed timothy, 16.00-17.00; clear timothy, 16.00-17.00; Butter—Creamery, 14.00-15.00; dairy, 12.00-13.00; Eggs—Fresh, 20.00-21.00; Lard—July, 4.00-4.25; Pork—New standard mess, 7.75-8.00; Bacon—Long, 4.25-4.50; clear ribs, 4.50-4.75; clear, 4.25-4.50; all boxed, Wool—Choice tub-washed, 16.00-17.00.

"Chicago.—Opening quotations: Wheat—July, 57.00-57.50; September, 56.00-56.50; Corn—July, 27.00-27.50; September, 26.00-26.50; Oats—July, 17.00-17.50; September, 17.00-17.50; December, 17.00-17.50; Corn—Futures closed: July, 24.00-24.50; September, 24.00-24.50; December, 24.00-24.50; Oats—Futures closed: July

THE CHRONICLE

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, JUNE 18, 1896.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

The friends of Col. W. T. Smith announce him as a candidate for re-election to the office of Representative of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

The friends of Col. W. T. Smith announce him as a candidate for re-election to the office of Treasurer of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

The friends of Col. W. T. Smith announce him as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

The friends of Col. W. T. Smith announce him as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Assessor of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

FOR SHERIFF.

The friends of Col. W. T. Smith announce him as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

The friends of Col. W. T. Smith announce him as a candidate for re-election to the office of Superintendent of Education of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

FOR COMMISSIONER—FIRST DISTRICT.

The friends of Col. W. T. Smith announce him as a candidate for re-election to the office of Commissioner of the First District of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

FOR CONSTABLE.

The friends of Col. W. T. Smith announce him as a candidate for re-election to the office of Constable of Shelby county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JOSEPH F. JOHNSTON,
Of Jefferson.

For Secretary of State,
JAMES K. JACKSON,
Of Lauderdale.

For Treasurer,
GEORGE W. ELLIS,
Of Montgomery.

For Auditor,
WALTER S. WHITE,
Of Colbert.

For Superintendent of Education,
JOHN O. TURNER,
Of St. Clair.

For Commissioner of Agriculture,
I. F. CULVER,
Of Bullock.

That Hot Blast-ed paper at Anniston is racy.

T WADDE is an extensive writer in the big dailies.

Over 5,000,000 papers printed in the United States annually. We're in it.

It is a mooted question in Tennessee if a villain should be hung "before breakfast."

That settles it. We are to have peace. More war vessels are to be built at once.

COUNTRY people who lead a hard "grub"-bing life, don't generally have the dyspepsia.

METHODISTS north propose a great, church, life insurance company. No fire risks in the next world taken.

THE "Editor's Table" is as it appears in the paper but in reality it is sometimes only a dry goods box.

WHEN the pops undertook to buy out the republicans here they failed to get included the "good will."

No MAN over had everything his own way in this world.—Longshore in Alabama Leader.

The confusionists see their fate.

Don't "sit down" on The Chronicle unless the rear elevation of your pantalons is protected against the penetration of sharp points.

Those who strayed over on the confusionist side of the fence and remain there, will be judged by the company they keep and characterized as "lad" men.

THE confusionist machine squeaks and is afflicted with lost motion. There has been the slipping of a cog somewhere.

THERE is no doubt that the increase of crime is due to some extent to what is published in the newspapers. It is too suggestive.

The question is going the round of the press: "Will the 'new woman' like to pay alimony when her husband sues for divorce?"

It is said that President Cleveland is ready to spring another surprise on the country. He is probably going to show again, the white house being out of meat.

All through life we are wanting something and, at last, we want to go to heaven. Through Columbiania is the straight road. Stop, and subscribe for The Chronicle, before you go.

A DISPATCH from Dothan, Ala., tells of a physician who was called in to prescribe for a pretty woman. He diagnosed her case and found out exactly what she needed. They eloped.

CANVASSERS for enlarging of pictures make a mistake going to the houses of editors soliciting work. Editors get their "pictures" enlarged upon every week for the opposition papers, for nothing.

HOMESPUN.

Tire confusionists are now denominated: "Longshoremen."

The confusionists are "short in their accounts" to the public.

"Carné assassinado" is one way to call for a rare beefsteak in Havana.

Probably having got tired of being asked: "Have you got a match?" one of the Goulds has become chief stockholder in a new match factory.

John L. Sullivan fought 2,000 rounds with a fly. He came near dislocating his arm twice and finally got out of wind. The fly now wears the belt.

BEFORE that secret convention, the pop-repubs were like Damon and Pythias. Now the repubs are Damon the pops and the pops are Pythian (dity'n) the off wing.

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results follow its use; that he would not be without it if procurable. G. A. Dykeman Druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best cough remedy that he has used in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles free at Parker & Armstrong Drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

LATEST GENERAL NEWS.

The republican national convention opened in St. Louis on Tuesday last. There was a vast attendance. J. D. Lawson, of Alabama, was appointed on the committee on permanent organization; H. A. Carson of Alabama, on committee on rules; Nathan L. Alexander, committee on credentials; H. V. Casbin of Alabama, committee on resolutions. McKinley boom ran high. Morton men were opposing McKinley. The free silver men were organized for a fight. Free Cuba was at the alumni banquet, Tuscaloosa, Tuesday, 16th, Vice-president Stevenson's address was universally complimented.

The following are extracts from the summary of the weekly weather crop bulletin of the agricultural department:

Alabama.—Montgomery: Rains of the week retarded work, but subsequently dry and cool weather, while checking growth, allowed rapid advance in crop clearing; cotton is becoming lousy and making too much stalk, but fruiting well; corn fine and practically half by; cane and minor crops flourishing.

Gen. Martinez Campos is to go back to Cuba!

Democratic state convention, Sacramento, California, 10th, went for silver.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

(Continued from Local page.)

The favorite hymn on the crough-keigh ground is: "After the ball."

The prisoners in jail here are not only behind the bars but also under Seal's.

The erection of the White House sample-room building was commenced yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Christian, of Besemer, are on a visit to the family of W. R. A. Milner.

There is a minister at one of the hotels here who plays kro-ka. He is always after the wicke(d)t.

Three in jail; all colored, including the one charged with cutting Charley Elliott's throat at Vincent.

At the stereopticon exhibition in the court house Tuesday night a moth got on the exterior surface of the lens and was magnified on the wall to about a six-inch size in length.

One of those tobacco sign backers-up got in town yesterday and illuminated fences, etc., with his signs much to the indignation of some of the citizens whose property he attacked.

Rev. Aiken, of Kynulga, will assist Rev. Wilson at the revival services commencing next Sunday at the M. E. church here. Those who have a soul to be saved will be known by their presence there.

"Tonight! (Wednesday, 18th)!" "Ben Hur" lecture, with illustrations, will be repeated at the court house, in part for the benefit of the public school fund, which gets half the receipts after the first \$100 has been deducted. There are elevating features about this exhibition highly valuable for children (and particularly interesting to them) as well as adults. Go.

OUR COUNTRY COUSINS.

WILSONVILLE.
J. F. Pope made a pleasure trip to Birmingham and East Lake last week. Miss Purnie Pope has returned home after several days sojourn with friends and relatives at East Lake.

Miss Bessie Nimmo has accepted a position about six miles north of this place, as teacher. I have been informed that she began teaching last Monday morning.

The S. F. L. meeting was postponed on account of the death of Mrs. Arnett. But will meet next Friday night in full blast.

The Wilsonville base ball club will play Harpersville on the ground near Col. W. T. Smith's next Friday afternoon, June 19th. All are requested to be present to witness this "wonderful" game.

C. Butler's mother-in-law, Mrs. Arnett, after several days severe illness died at the residence of Mr. Butler's last Friday afternoon. The funeral services were held at the M. E. church and the remains buried in the Wilsonville cemetery. The bereaved have our sympathies.

W. J. Weldon and sister, Miss Mattie, have returned home from Howard where they have been attending college since September '95. But nature compels us to look forward to the autumn months, very sadly, when they will leave us to share our loneliness for months and months again.

June, oh lovely June has come. With all she's brought that's sad; She's brought dear John and Mattie home. For which we're awfully glad.

Mr. Editor, strictly obeying your "dots" to your country cousins, I will not mention the sermon nor the preacher that preached here last Sunday. As I was feeling very "miserable, miserable" consequently have forgotten the choicest themes that he gave, and I am afraid to undertake to quote the text, as I am not very good in direct quotation. I think you are too severe in this respect anyway, suppose the preacher didn't have any "choicest themes" then we would be "left."

THE OLD KOLB HORSE.

What horse is that that Goodwin's on Making so much clamor To run the race for Governor Of old Alabama?

He looks much like the horse I saw In eighteen and ninety; And then in ninety-two and four, When he took the scenery.

Kolb rode that horse almost to death. Thought he was a racer, But when the third time he got left 'Twas him a deceiver.

Kolb rode him twice with Jones you know And once with William Oates; But never could with all his crew Secure the white house votes.

So Kolb, he gave it up at last And turned the old horse loose To live as best he could on grass For he couldn't do the Oates.

It was supposed that he was dead, Nor now he shows his old gray head Under A. T. GOODWIN.

His pedigree's not right, He's a black republican, His skin's a poplar.

You never can tell where he'll be For he will not stand hitched, And every race he runs you see He's completely ditched.

And now he's old and blind and stiff, And has the sweeny too; He'll fall and break good Goodwin's neck Before this race is through.

That poor old horse, he's now quite gray, And all over flea-bitten. He never yet had a race, Nor never will I'm certain.

Among the many things that's wrong, He's a bad stump sucker— He wants to leave on every stump, Be it sound or rotten.

Surprising thing it is, to see This horse back on the track. He's lame behind, stiff in both knees And awful sore in his back.

He has the epizootic now, With it a mighty cough; He gets along about like a cow, His ears are badly flopped.

This horse may live on through the spring. Possibly through harvest, But he's a tired and scolded thing He will die in August.

And when he's surely dead and gone, We'll hear him grunt no more! He'll be laid in the tomb By Adams and Longshore.

This horse and rider once sold out For fifty thousand sure; This was to break the solid South And negro votes secure.

And then they opened wide their mouths From whence came fire and smoke; With wrath and spleen and groans and froth, Mixed with threats severe.

The two great men that's stumped the state On this old horse before, Are his old sure back again, Both Adams and Longshore.

They have tried to "rouse the darkies Against the Democrats; Have preached to them like anarchists, And almost worse than that.

They would sink loved Alabama, A thousand feet below To make good Goodwin Governor And down with him to go.

There's Crow and Bowman and Adams, Colored men and black and white, Who are whooping up the darkies Just as they did before.

Colored brethren don't believe them, They only want your votes; And make us a good Governor, And so did Mr. Oates.

Then why not vote for Johnston Joe, Whose record's clean and bright; He's trusted, tried and always true, You know he will do right.

Then Democrats of Alabama! Stand firmly for our Joe, And when the day comes he a MAN And vote for him you know.

Oh! Brother Goodwin don't you know You'd better clear the track For Johnston's now too far ahead, And riding Democrat.

That same fast horse that cleared our state Of scawagash rule; That promised all the colored folks A forty and a mule.

My colored friends of Alabama Believe these tales to be a lie; They're only told by such men As Bowman and Longshore.

Behold and see Tom Democrat On which Joe Johnston rides— He's smooth and sleek and fairly fat, With sprightly step he glides.

He makes 'bout forty miles a day; The old Kolb horse but ten. He's just as sure to win this race As five and five make ten.

Then three loud cheers for Joe Johnston, Next Gov'nor Alabama! One of her best and bravest sons— In the full sense a MAN.

A. T. Goodwin perhaps may be As harmless as a sheep, But I don't like the horse he rides Nor company he keeps.

So I shall vote for Joe Johnston And stand right to his back, For he's a tried and honest man And a true DEMOCRAT.

BOURNEON.

LEWIS.

Mrs. Jno. Ray is on the sick list this week.

Amos Adams has been quite sick but is now convalescent.

Lewis and Four-Mile are unfortunately afflicted with fleas, flies and crab-grass.

Messrs. Lyons and Powell of Four-Mile attended services at Mt. Tabor Sunday.

The many friends of Prof. J. A. Spearman will regret to learn of his illness.

Gleaves Jackson is a constant visitor to Lewis.

Our young people are anticipating a nice trip to Union, the fourth Sunday in this month.

Have you noticed The Advocate's local writer from Beeswax? He will certainly be left in August.

J. L. Riddle's threshing is in operation and he is able to give general satisfaction to the public.

George Powell, after two months stay at Childersburg, returned to his father's, on Four-Mile, Tuesday.

Horace Hammond and his pleasant sister Miss T., passed through here Sunday en route to Yellow Leaf.

Miss Anna Jackson of Lineville college, is at home spending the summer vacation, much to the delight of some of our "boys."

Rev. Ben Hughes filled the pulpit at Four-Mile, Sunday, and delivered a very able and interesting sermon to a small congregation.

Died, on 30th of May, at this place, Radolph, little son of J. R. Ray. His suffering was of short duration but severe. Aged 6 years, 7 months.

The way some of our young men visit around reminds me of an anecdote. A chap called at Mrs. McGinty's. He rapped and Mrs. McG. came to the door. "Good afternoon, Mrs. McGinty," he said with superabundant cordiality; "I'm so glad to see you," extending his paw. She drew back and eyeing him archly she said: "Glad to see me? You are? Ah judge! It's me darter Mary Ann you want to see. Come in!" He came.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

A FOOLISH MAN

Is he who declares he never pays any attention to statements made in newspaper advertisements. What other way have I of attempting to convince you that I can show your horse in up-to-date style, and at a price so moderate that you will be ready with the cash the moment the job is done.

Repair Work

a Specialty.

Nothing but good, honest work turned out of my shop. Can sharpen a plow while you wait. In fact I do any and all kinds of work that any blacksmith or woodworkerman is supposed to do; and, further, I will appreciate your patronage.

TRY ME ONCE FOR LUCK

W. W. ALBRIGHT,

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Register's Sale.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County. American Mortgage Company, of Scotland, Limited, Complainant, vs. H. R. Wells, Administrator et als, Defendants.

In Chancery, at Columbiana, Alabama, Sixth District, Northeast Chancery Division.

By virtue of a decree rendered at the Spring Term, 1896 of the Chancery Court at Columbiana, Shelby County, Alabama, in said cause, I shall proceed to sell to the highest and best bidder, for cash, at public auction, in front of the court house door, in the town of Columbiana, Alabama, within the legal hours of sale, on Monday, the twenty-ninth day of June 1896, the following described property, to-wit: w/4 of sw/4 of section 2, w/4 of section 3, the e/4 of n/4 of section 4, all in township 24 range 12. Also the w/4 of sw/4 of section 8 and the n/4 of w/4 of section 14, all in township 24 range 13, containing in all six hundred and forty acres, more or less, to satisfy said decree.

GORDON DEBOSE, Register in Chancery.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County. Front McLellan, Pro and Complainant, vs. S. R. McLellan, Defendant.

In Chancery, Sixth District, Northeastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of W. T. Johnson attorney of record for the said complainant, that the defendant S. R. McLellan, is a non-resident of Alabama and resided, when last heard from, in Indian Territory, and further that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that publication be made in the Chronicle, a newspaper published in the County of Shelby once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said S. R. McLellan to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 3rd day of July, A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office, in Columbiana this 26th day of May A. D. 1896.

GORDON DEBOSE, Register.



for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You KNOW

that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Pitcher and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of Dr. H. Pitcher is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A STRAIGHT LINE

Is the shortest way to do it. Illustrated: The World going to—The Chronicle Office

One of the largest establishments in the world, that of Wannamaker & Brown, use type like this and talk to their customers naturally.

There is no florid ornamentation or embroidery of words, but a plain and simple statement of facts verified when customers visit their store.

As with Wannamaker & Brown so with The Chronicle. When it says this office is prepared to do First Class Job Work you can depend on it that it is so.

The facilities of the office are such that anything can be printed from a tiny card to a mammoth poster and each done well, quickly.

The Chronicle newspaper speaks for itself. It is newsy, spicy, racy, reliable. During the campaign it can be had for 10 cents a month, cash; 3 months, 25c.; year \$1.

Illustration of a shoe.

These shoes fit to perfection and wear as only the best of leather can. They're shapely, pliant—the most comfortable of footwear. They always manage to let in air and keep out water.

Surely Your Dealer Sells Them.

FOR SALE BY
Lester, Mason & Co.

Notice

TO DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.

To whom it may concern:

The tax collector of said county has filed in the office of the probate judge of said county, a list of delinquent tax payers and real estate upon which taxes are due. The following named persons are reported therein as delinquent and the following lands and lots are reported therein as being assessed to "owner unknown." The following mentioned real estate and lots, to-wit: the following, appear before me on Monday, the 8th day of June, 1896, then and there to show cause why a decree for the sale of said lands and lots should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed against you and the fees and cost.

This 18th day of May 1896.

D. R. McMillan, Judge of Probate.

Becker, R. T., one vacant lot in Shelby, tax \$84, cost \$2.00, price \$82.00.

Bennett, P. G., lots 24 and 25, block 119, lot 4 block 90, lot 20 block 116 in Shelby, tax \$90, cost \$2.50, price \$87.50.

Bell, L. A., lot 4 block 60, lot 25 block 86 in Shelby, tax \$45, cost \$2.50, price \$42.50.

Bridges, John M., one lot in Shelby, tax \$45, cost \$2.50, price \$42.50.

Cummings, A., lot 12 block 115 in Shelby tax \$25, cost \$2.50, price \$22.50.

Caton, A. S., lots 6 and 8 block 115 in Shelby tax \$45, cost \$2.50, price \$42.50.

Clark, Robt. E., lot 10 block 119 in Shelby, tax \$25, cost \$2.50, price \$22.50.

Deedman, Mrs. M. A., one house and lot at Shelby Springs, tax \$1.50, cost \$2.50, price \$1.00.

Kirkman, Francis, 5 acres in the n/4 of the sec. 4 of sec. 5 tp. 22 r. 3 w. tax \$45, cost \$2.50, price \$42.50.

Lazarus, D. B., lot 32 block 88 in Shelby, tax \$25, cost \$2.50, price \$22.50.

Levy Phelix, lots 8 and 16, block 104, lots 4 and 6, block 106, lot 8 block 123 in Shelby, tax \$112, cost \$2.50, price \$109.50.

Lee, G. T., 1/4 of the sec. 4 of sec. 25 tp. 19 r. 3 w. tax \$45, cost \$2.50, price \$42.50.

McLean, Mrs. I. C., one vacant lot in Columbiana, tax \$50, cost \$2.00, price \$48.00.

Newton, J. H., 1/4 of the n/4 of sec. 6 tp. 24 r. 13 e. tax \$45, cost \$2.50, price \$42.50.

<

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, JUNE 19, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Primary
Next Saturday.
Vote, Dems., VOTE!
Where's your hammock?
Several picnics are talked of.
Drab de Ete coats are about.
Who will orate on the Fourth?
"Tekel! tekell!" confusionists.
A Farmer won a bike last week.
Rev. Sinnott is quite a stock raiser.
"Never tell business lies." Roth-child.

Vote the handsomest man in town a cane.
Hanging flower-baskets DO look so pretty.
Fruit jars are in demand. Family jars, not.

Dinner-bell ringing is up to a science here.
The "setter" politicians are also "point-ers."
The porter of one of the hotels here is a preacher.

The "passing" of the confusionists is in progress.
A day is less than a day when the time is wasted.
Have you seen the bridal chamber at The White House?

The marshal catches the ball—and the players occasionally.
The humane practice of playing foot-ball is proposed here.

No "striking for your fire-sides" now—it's the ice house.
Inmates of Chateau Nelson are lively vocalists sometimes.

Grass linen is cool—and looks appropriate on a grass widow.
Freshness in the tout ensemble of ladies toilettes is exhilarating.

Returned students have brought with them their mortar-boards.
W. S. Cary one of Montevallo's solid democrats was in town Monday.

W. S. Meroney and family, of Avondale, are on a visit to relatives here.
Fine cotton blooms have been coming in during the last two weeks.

Mrs. Nettie Leeper left Saturday after a week's visit to friends here.
Frank Jackson, of Kymulga, was a visitor in town several days last week.

The Shelby ball team walloped our boys here Monday to the tune of 21 to 9.
Rev. Dr. Teague contemplates giving attention to farming in the near future.

Don't sneeze or your children may inherit the practice and become sneezers.
Fishermen lie out and when they come back li— Lay down a while and rest.

The ladies tierra hats are stylish and not expensive unless they make them so.
Merchants returned from Birmingham and Bessemer say business is dull there.

J. W. Johnston superintended threshing his wheat Monday. Ten bushels to the acre.
Oh! that the skill was as great in the preparation of food as the abundance of it.

Geo. Mason came home Friday from Auburn college to recuperate during the vacation.
Miss Sadie Williams is at home for the summer vacation from Bailey Springs college.

Men's crash linen suits are nobly, and if you want to be in the crush, put on the crash.
The new woman is disposed to "go behind the returns" when hubby comes in late now.

J. R. Hill and Will Parker, of Calera, spent the latter part of last week with relatives in town.
Total number of delegates to the democratic convention next Wednesday at Calera, 24th, 105.

Bikers here have a fresh "meet" every day; householders get fresh meat only occasionally.
Unmarried young ladies are like our territories: always looking to be admitted into the union.

Henry Milner left Monday for Tuscaloosa to attend commencement exercises at the University.
Messrs. Smith, Williamson, Tinney and Weldon, of Wilsonville, came down Tuesday to play ball.

The Great Comforter sent us some weather lately that called for the bed comforter before morning.
C. L. Meroney and wife, of Montevallo, were guests of relatives here the latter part of last week.

Merchants selling honey are liberal; give you the comb and if you are very exacting, throw in a brush.
Mrs. Emma Roper and Chester Browne visited relatives in Montevallo Saturday and Sunday.

The straightout republicans are still brandishing their tomahawks in the faces of the confusionists.

Most of the young Shelbyites brought over their best girls with them as mascots for their team, Monday.

Many lead a "checker"ed life here in front the stores. The bank has the "single" on the championship.

Columbiana kro-ka teams are out with a challenge to all other krokyakers within a radius of fifty miles.

The attention of persons engaged in "nailing a lie" is called to the fact that nails are advancing in price.

W. F. Thetford, Jr., class '94, left Monday to attend alumni banquet, Alabama University, Tuscaloosa.

Don't interrupt a politician when he is telling you his claims, if you don't want him to commence over again.

Mayor Browne is in circulation again here after his sojourn in Montgomery on supreme court business.

The pumps are working (politically). When a politician takes you by the handle know then what is coming.

As the Chinese actually produce an alcoholic drink from mutton, that is probably why mutton is so scarce here.

No detective work is required to discover where to buy cheapest when merchants come out and publish prices.

Miss Myrtle Swain returned home last week from Livingston, having graduated at the Alabama Normal college.

Bro. Doolittle is in town. He left his country seat and came here because the seats are more pleasantly situated.

We want more brain food; bring in some fresh fish for sale. A big string is wanted immediately at the Advocate office.

John Brown, who is canvassing South Alabama for a Kentucky nursery, spent Sunday here with his sister Mrs. Cruce.

W. J. O'Hara came home last week from Howard College to spend a portion of the summer vacation with his father's family.

Elihue Green and Miss Lizzie returned Saturday from Danville, where Miss Lizzie has been teaching and Elihue attended school.

Miss Annie McMillan returned Friday from Livingston, having completed a post graduate course at the Alabama Normal college.

The church people say it is sinful, and illegal, to shoot off bikes but think of the number who shoot off their mouths every day!

"In our boyhood we learned something besides addition and subtraction at school."—Longshore. Anything afterwards, politically?

Prayer used to be: "Lord, give us our daily bread." Judging by appearances it is enlarged to include the other necessity of life now—the bike.

Manager H. Fox went to Bessemer Sunday and returned Monday night accompanied by Sam Lefkowitz, one of the firm of the Columbiana Mercantile Co.

A. P. Longshore in Alabama Leader: "How many wealthy white men would pay the expense of educating one poor white child in a primary school?"

Ed C. Parker came home Friday from East Lake, being now a full-fledged graduate of Howard college, and is now ready to enter active business life.

The way the doctors are flying in and out of town it must not be distressingly healthy in the surrounding country or else the census is increasing rapidly.

The longest day in the year (sunlight) will be next Sabbath, but the younger school children thought the longest was the one preceding the closing of the term.

The Columbiana base ballists have probably discovered at last that games are not won by main strength alone but that it also needs persistent practice to attain perfection.

Ye miserable dyspeptics "go to the dogs" for an appetite. A dog's stomach contains six times as much pepsin and twice as much hydrochloric acid as the stomach of a man.

The case of Len Cottingham, colored, recently tried and convicted in the county court here, having been appealed to the supreme court, it has reversed and remanded it.

Tonsorialist Chapman does not "draw the long bow" while he is shaving you but he draws the rosinod bow when he makes his bow among the bucks (beaux) who impressario the orchestra.

The White House will not use the horse-pistol on dead-beats. The office now possesses a stomach pump, as this is the most painful instrument that can be used on the impecunious.

Mrs. Nettie Leeper, of Anniston, came down on a visit to her son, last week, and enjoyed a few days outing and rusticating at The White House amidst the willow rockers and the trees.

Owing to an error of Tax Collector Smith in not giving the required number of days notice to delinquent taxpayers, the day set for issuing decrees has been postponed until Monday, July 13th.

Every democrat should vote in the primary election Saturday, both for the candidates and for delegates to the county convention to be held in Calera the following Wednesday, (June 24th).

Notwithstanding the rain, "Ben Hur" was given with one hundred and nineteen illustrations (stereoscopic)

in the court house, Tuesday night. The lecture was written by Rev. Oscar Haywood of the 1st Baptist church Huntsville, Ala. Capt. J. A. Rider delivered it. The captain is suffering severely from asthma.

Dress warm when you go fishing, ladies. Men provide themselves with an antidote against cold, chill, rheumatism, etc. Perhaps they will favor you with the recipe, or a dose in an emergency.

Literature is commencing to come in from abroad relative to the Fifteenth International Convention of Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, Washington, D. C., July 7th to 13th.

It is expected the new brick, now under construction, will have the walls up, and probably the roof on, in about two weeks. The work is getting along finely.

Miss Lloyd, a sister of the famous sage of Rocky Creek, Rufus Sanders, who has been teaching school at Danville, Ala., is on a visit to her friends the Misses Green.

"Why don't the farmers sing on their way to the fields, as they did a few years ago."—Longshore. Some of them have lost their voices, and others having caught a little "colt," are a little "horse."

It is the belief among the legal fraternity that the negro confined in jail here for wife murder stands a fair chance of being discharged eventually under the highest interpretation of the law, or technicalities.

The co-operative campaign committee have "hired a ball" that is to say they have a room here. There is a skeleton in the closet. It was brought down from the court house, where the mysterious convention was held.

The interest taken in the ball game Monday afternoon was manifest when the merchants were seen late at night attending to their store work and the bank was lighted up brilliantly while the posting of the books was in progress.

When the distinguished visitors from Shelby rolled in on their bikes, and came in buggies, Monday, to attend the base ball services, it gave the city a very lively appearance. It looked as though a state fair was in progress.

Fox has made the buying of feathered live stock quite an extensive business here. A few days ago he gave three hundred chickens an excursion to Bessemer, where they were to remain until courtmartialed and Weylered (assassinated).

The following cases were submitted to the supreme court, last week: J. H. Gunn vs. J. B. Hardy; Alabama Mineral Railroad vs. Mary Jones, administratrix; A. M. R. vs. R. L. Marcus; Thomson Grocery Co. vs. M. T. and Mary Mitchell.

Fox is going to turn the building he is at present occupying into furniture, hardware and country produce departments, and concentrate the clothing, shoe, notion, dry goods and millinery departments in the brick now under construction, and run both stores right along.

The tickets for the democratic primaries, next Saturday, 20th instant, were printed last week at The Chronicle office and sent out last Friday and Saturday by Secretary White. The county convention will be held in Calera on Wednesday, the 24th inst.

There was a surprise party at the White House last Friday night, in which Ethel Greek, Mary Wagner, Miss Greene, Pearl Norris, Anna Milner, Nellie Parker, and others, participated. The string band furnished the music, with piano accompaniment.

Among the drummers here this week were two selling soap, two clothing, and groceries, saddlery, shoes, life insurance, drugs, hats, jean pants, flour, and tobacco, one each, exclusive of P. M. Rowland, groceries, and W. R. Buchanan, snuff, both of Anniston.

The marriage licenses taken out during the past week show that R. F. Gunn has taken unto himself a wife and that in the course of human events we may expect a little son of a Gunn. One Dollar has got married, and if they are silverites, we look for 15 to 1. The Sams of Roberson are in it, too.

One of our wisacres was saying this week that "advertising does not attract attention. We offered to publish FREE: "Dog wanted immediately. Five dollars. Bring to," etc., but he objected on the ground that he did not want the store overrun with dogs if the vaccine took.

Dr. Sheldon H. Talcott, the medical superintendent of the Middletown State Insane asylum, New York, recently started the theory that nothing conduced so much to insanity as early rising. Many, particularly young men, are practicing here to show he is right. They will never become insane.

Kroka stood no-show when the base ball teams met this week. Ditto checkers. The stores were almost deserted during the progress of the game. A lone clerk could be seen occasionally. The Chronicle office would have been closed entirely but that the foreman had the gout. He couldn't go (o)ut.

"Bottle fishing" is to take a bottle (empty—be sure it's empty) and after seeing that it is tightly corked put it in the pond with a line and baited hook attached. The movement of the bottle tells when the piscatorial meanderer has lunched. Row out, take a puff (at the line, of course) and bring the fish in.

A citizen who was formerly in business here, says he stands ready to open a daily market for the sale of fresh meat, fish, fruit and vegetables as soon as the city council will guarantee protection against the peddlers by imposing a tax on sales within their jurisdiction.

Misses Myrtle Swain, Pearl Norris, Ethel and Elva Greek, the two Misses Greene and Mary Wagner, and Messrs. George Mason, Thetford, Leeper, Williamson, Smith, Weldon, Greene and Tinney were among the flock who settled on Farmer Hall's place Tuesday night and gave the family a surprise.

Rev. Dr. Teague's theme last Sunday in the Baptist church was: "The woes and wants of humanity." He showed how great were the blessings of Christianity at a time like this, when there was so much disquietude and uncertainty in temporal affairs.

The sermon in the evening was on "Unostentatious religion."

E. D. Hall will have ripe water-melons in about two weeks. Some are of considerable size already. He has had his friend, Herr Krup, send him from Germany a beautiful, curvilinear cannon which fires with great accuracy around the corner of the house. Farmer Hall now does chores and pulls weeds while he is resting between meals.

Licentiate Wm. Murphy preached to a congregation of about two hundred colored people at Talladega Springs, last Sunday. During his absence his brother, Prince, unsettled the universe, with the bell, at the hotel and got the grip on the drummers' luggage. Hotels generally entertain princes, but in this instance a Prince helped to entertain the guests.

Watty Wallack, relating his experience at Childersburg, tells how he mistook a gorgeously arrayed drummer with his hair parted in the middle, and his brain departed entirely, for Mine Host Seabrook, the genial proprietor of the hotel. He got a rebuff that was paralyzing, for supposing that the commercial tramp was a mortal. Desiring "persecution," Watty wanted some soap to take a bath.

Rev. T. K. Roberts' booklet, antagonizing dancing, is among the books on the center-table at one of the hotels here, and is picked up and scanned by the drummers. Their comments are widely divergent and sometime emphatic. An Atlanta tobacco man said Monday: "Oh pshaw! the writer of that book is off. No gentleman hugs a woman when he is dancing with her; there is only a nice, little, gentle squeeze. It is the cream of life. It is elysium. The author is evidently unsophisticated and never got in the 'squeeze.'" The portly appearance, the suave manner and oleaginous voice, together with the smart attire of the drummer, all surmounted by a merry twinkle in the eyes, indicated he is unquestionably a fit meteor to get in many of them.

When Wilsonville young ladies come over here for a change of ozone it is evident from recent Wilsonville correspondence that they should not leave their best young men behind to endure a four days agony of loneliness that seems to them at least two weeks in duration. The heartless practice of young ladies going off and leaving no substitutes to take their place is one of such a frightful and heart-rending character it is beyond description. In other words, it is appalling.

Tax Assessor J. H. Hammond met with an accident last week that will probably lay him up for some time. He had gone over to the vicinity of Wilsonville to see a friend, was standing on a stump talking with his face turned from his horse, raised his wooden leg to get on the horse, but the horse having moved slightly away without his noticing it, he came down heavily on the other leg, and that being injured too, sustained very painful effect. The bones of his ankle were shattered.

The biped with the cultivated auricular who does the music act for The Chronicle made a mistake when he said, last week, that Prof. Leeper manipulated a guitar at the public school closing term exercises. The professor's forte is the triangle, and he held that forte on that occasion.

Prof. Leeper always had a taste for triangles, and therefore, in acquiring a thorough musical education, used up a large quantity of oil, and several nightgowns, in the study of trigonometry and triangulation.

Watty Wallack, who was here the first of this week, is a "globe trotter." He has been around the world and gave a dramatic entertainment in Columbiana several years ago. Mayor Browne and many others remembered him. He still wears a magnate plug hat. The pictures for the Ben Hur exhibition Tuesday night cost over \$400 in Europe. The light is 1,500 candle-power, and not quite as large as an ordinary green pea. Yet it is so brilliant, it is blinding. The exhibition went from here to Calera.

The string band struck some fine cake while out serenading last Saturday night and hereafter when they sent newly made fine cake they may be expected to alight there after the daylight has disappeared and the bewitching hour of midnight has come on. The taste which they have now cultivated for cake is unconquerable; no hope for them, and no cake-cure to which they can be sent. It is deplorable. Their music takes the whole confectionary, and subsequently, some of them may be expected to return and take the girls.

Rev. T. K. Roberts, of Montgomery, is a guest at the White House. He is here simply on a visit. Tom, as we like to call him for we have known him intimately from youth, has been peculiarly blessed in his revival work and he can be counted on to use all the zeal and energy at his command in that line. He will preach here to-night (Thursday) is able physically.

The casualties at the ball game Monday were numerous. Jo M. Spencer got the hand he uses to walk with his girl injured severely; one of our doctors, a spectator, was hit with the ball while a considerable distance from the players, and the umpire, attorney Thetford, got a severe shock from a ball on that member of the legal profession most useful in addressing juries. No alarm having been turned in, the ambulance corps were not called out, and no restoratives were administered.

Eug. L. Spencer had only one wing Monday morning. His wife had gone to Talladega Springs. He looked timid. Suppose a burglar had got in the house the night before, and no one to get up and show him around? Besides, he didn't know where the pie and cake were. Saturday night he came over to The White House, and Mrs. White condoled with him on his grasswidowship and made him as comfortable as possible with some vivacious vocal soothing syrup. He has the sympathy of the entire community, as also have the other married men who will soon be in the same fix. A home ought to be established for these half orphans during the absence of their protectors.

The case of Walter McAdams, now in jail here charged, tried and convicted of murder more than a year ago in the circuit court, is a peculiar one. He was sentenced by Judge Cobb, before whom he was tried, to be hung until dead, but the judge neglected to fix the time for his execution. The case has been twice before the supreme court, and lately was stricken from the file for the above reason. At the next term of the circuit court Judge Brewer will be called upon to again pass sentence upon the prisoner and fix the day for his execution, and then the case will be carried for the third time to the supreme court. Rather a striking illustration of the delays incident to the trial of cases in our courts.

Competition for the principalship of the academy here is becoming intense. Over fifteen applications were on file last Monday morning for teacherships. One came in that day from Indiana. The applicant inclosed his photo; 24 years of age and good looking. It is expected now that Professor Greek will file his presentment so that the council can make a wise selection from the photos. We certainly must have a very handsome man for principal of the academy next term (one who will interest the ladies) and as it is the unanimous opinion of the connoisseurs of beauty that

Prof. Greek grades high among the beautiful men in the city, his reelection is assured.

PROBATE COURT.

HON. D. R. McMILLAN, JUDGE.

Proceedings were had on Monday by Robert Carter to have Mrs. Mary A. Armstrong declared non compos mentis for the purpose of having a guardian appointed. Jury disagreed; mistrial entered. Case will probably be brought up again.

NECROLOGICAL.

MRS. H. C. REYNOLDS.

This estimable lady departed this life at Montevallo last week, much to the profound regret of her relatives and a wide circle of friends. She stood high as an example of christian character. It is understood the incipient cause of her death was cancer, from which she had suffered during a long time past. The remains were interred impressively, and followed to their last resting place by a large concourse of mourners.

County Matrimonial Bureau.

Cupid Hammond's weekly report is as follows:

B. F. Gunn and Tella Collier, who reside near Shelby Springs.

George Butler and Niele Swiney, of near Montevallo.

Eliza Cunningham and Kettie Dollar, of near Montevallo.

Henry Roberson and Ola Sams, of Shelby.

Summer Homes and Resorts.

The Southern railway is the first of our great railway systems to give information to the public and to fix low excursion rates for a summer outing good for return until October 31st, by issuing, with usual promptness, its Summer Home and Resort Book.

It is handsome in design and artistic in every respect, having thirty-two beautifully illustrated pages containing the most complete and conveniently arranged information calculated to answer fully and satisfactorily every question likely to be propounded, such as routes and distances, hotels and boarding houses, names of proprietors how to reach them, rates of board by day, week and month, etc.

The Southern offers a choice of mountain and seaside resorts, the surf bathing and sea breezes of some of the most delightful resorts on the Atlantic Coast or the cool mountain breezes of Swannanoa, Asheville. Lookout Mountain and others 2,600 feet above the sea level.

For copy of guide call at office of any prominent coupon agent or send 2-cent stamp to C. A. Benscoter, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agent, Chattanooga, Tenn.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES.

Silks,
Satins,
Chally,
Dimities,
Henriettas,
Nuns Veiling,
and Lawns,

And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnish-

ings We're Headquarters as Usual.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS

Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00.

Wishing every body success, we beg to remain,
Yours Respectfully,

THE RACKET STORE,

SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Prop'rs.

That Tired Feeling!

Nobody is particularly anxious to spend their money. Everybody has to. Your wants must be satisfied and it takes money to do it. A person is not apt to look cheerful over the prospect of spending money. Lots of buying is done with a long face. This is all wrong. I offer a change for the better.

You Feel Relieved—

The minute you see our Grand Stock of New and Popular Goods it looks fresh and desirable. The first glance shows you that you are on the right track. No mistake about this being a modern up-to-date line of goods. You wake up to the fact that you have got into the right store.

The Feeling Grows—

When you commence to go into details, you feel as if the goods were bought on purpose for you. No trouble to make a satisfactory selection. It gets down to a question which is the most satisfactory.

Trouble is Forgotten

When you learn our prices, they are always at the low-water mark. We don't give goods away—we can't. We can sell goods very low—we do. This is a fact. We might brag about it, but what's the use—a word to the wise is sufficient. It's as true as truth that we sell goods cheap—we prove it.

Happiness is Supreme

When you get just what you want at less than you expected to pay—we are treating our customers to this kind of a surprise every day. We sell you a good article and let you off cheap. You will find our selections choice, our goods reliable, and prices satisfactory. A fair deal makes the buyer happy—no grief. To spend money and be happy at the same time go to

S. STARK.

Shelby, Ala.

Columbiana's TONSORIAL PARLOR,

E. W. CHAPMAN, Proprietor.

Neat, clean shop, elegant chairs, the best of tools and the cleanest of towels. Having had 16 years experience, I do not hesitate to say I can give as good service as you can get in any city. Ladies work a specialty. Prices reasonable. A trial is all I ask. If you want to buy a first-class razor I have a lot just received.

E. W. Chapman.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWNE,
J. T. LEEPER,
BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

COLUMBIANA, - - - ALABAMA.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the books of the assessment of real and personal property of poll taxes have this day been filed in my office by the tax assessor, and that the same shall be open to inspection, for the ascertainment of any errors in assessments and for taking memoranda thereof by tax-payers, until the first Monday in June, 1896.

This May 1, 1896.
D. R. McMILLAN,
Judge of Probate.

may 7 4t.

Scientific American Agency for PATENTS

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Terms: \$3.00 a year, \$1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., Publishers, 361 Broadway, New York City.

Notice of Application to Sell Real Estate

PROBATE COURT, MAY 11, 1896.
THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
Shelby County.

Estate of W. L. Dickerson, deceased.
This day came Sarah D. Hall and W. T. Hall, administrators, with the will annexed of said estate, and filed their application in due form and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain land described therein and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of division, upon the ground that same cannot be equitably divided without a sale thereof.

It is ordered that the 22nd day of June, 1896 be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time any parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

D. R. McMILLAN,
Judge of Probate.

may 14-5t

WILLIAM MCKINLEY,
OF OHIO.
GARRETT A. HOBART,
OF NEW JERSEY.
The Nominees of the Republican
National Convention

For President and Vice President of the
United States—The Platform De-
clares for the Gold Mon-
etary Standard.

The Nominations Made After a Contin-
uous Session Lasting Over
Nine Hours.

St. Louis, June 18.—The battle has
been fought in the Republican na-
tional convention. William McKin-
ley, of Ohio, is the nominee of the
party for president and Garrett A.
Hobart, of New Jersey, for vice-presi-
dent on a platform distinctly declar-
ing for a gold monetary standard.

The only really sensational feature
of the convention was the withdrawal
of some of the western silver leaders,
headed by Senator Teller, of Colorado,
an event that had been discounted
by a previous declaration of inten-
tion. The proceedings, as a whole, were
of the cut-and-dried order, the results
being practically as they were mapped
out by the McKinley managers; so that
while there has been a certain amount
of enthusiasm manifested, it has been
as nothing compared with other his-
toric republican conventions.

Following is a synopsis of the pro-
ceedings:

FIRST DAY.

Convention Proceedings.

At 12:20 p. m. Senator Carter, chairman
of the Republican national committee,
called the convention to order. The
chaplains—Rabbi Salt—opened with
prayer—the whole assemblage standing.
At the conclusion of the invocation Senator
Carter said the delegates were assembled
in compliance with the terms of a call
issued by the national committee on the 14th of
December, 1896, "which he requested the secretary to
read."

Chairman Carter then said: "Gentlemen
of the convention: By direction of the national
committee, I present for your approval for
four temporary chairmen, Hon. Charles W.
Fairbanks, of Indiana."

The selection of the committee was approved
without a dissenting voice.
Upon taking the stand temporary Chairman
Fairbanks delivered an address touching upon
national prosperity, the significance of the
democratic administration, the financial rec-
ord of the republic and the free silver
heresy. An allusion to Blaine produced a
genuine demonstration, the delegates rising
and cheering repeatedly.

The roll of states was accordingly called and
the members of the various committees named.
At the conclusion of the call Powell Clayton,
of Arkansas, sent up a resolution relating to
the determination of election contests, which
he asked to have read and referred; but ob-
jection being made it was referred without
being read.

A resolution from colored people of Illinois
affecting their rights as a race was treated in
a like manner.
After an announcement of the places and
times of meeting of the four committees the
convention, at 1:47 p. m., adjourned until
Wednesday morning at ten o'clock.

SECOND DAY.

St. Louis, June 17.—The convention was
called to order at 10:45. Prayer was offered by
Rev. Dr. William G. Williams.

Mr. Lodge, of Massachusetts, from the com-
mittee on resolutions, reported that the com-
mittee had recommended that the convention
asked further time, which was unanimously
granted.

The committee on credentials was called
upon for its report and not ready.
The committee on permanent organization
made similar report.
A motion to take recess until 8:10 o'clock
was rejected.

The report of the committee on permanent
organization was submitted and adopted.
A committee was appointed to conduct Per-
manent Chairman Thurston to the platform.
On motion of Gov. Bushnell, of Ohio, the
convention adjourned until 2 p. m.

At 2:40 p. m. the convention was opened
with prayer by Bishop Arnold, of Wilberforce col-
lege, O.

Mr. Madden, of Chicago, presented a gavel
made from wood which formed a part of
the homestead of Henry Clay, father of pro-
tection.

The report of the committee on credentials
in favor of seating the Higgins delegates from
Delaware and the delegates at-large and the
delegates from Texas, on the list headed by
John Grant was presented. The report also
recommended that the roll of delegates and
alternates of the convention be taken from the
states and territories, as prepared by the na-
tional committee for the temporary organiza-
tion, be approved as the permanent roll of this
convention.

Mr. Hepburn presented a minority report
recommending the seating of the Adkins dele-
gation from Delaware and of the Coney dele-
gation from Texas, and that the other con-
tested cases acted upon by the national com-
mittee be referred to the credentials commit-
tee for full investigation.

The majority report was, after some discus-
sion, adopted: Yeas, 568; Nays, 339.
The chairman of the committee on resolu-
tions was recognized and reported that the
platform would be ready at 3 p. m.

Discussion was then commenced under the
previous question on the majority and minority
reports, each side being allowed 30 min-
utes.

After the close of the discussion the majority
report of the committee on credentials was
adopted without dissent.
Gen. Bingham, of Pennsylvania, submitted
the report of the committee on rules, which was
promptly adopted.

The convention then, on motion of Gen.
Grosvenor, adjourned until 10 a. m. Thursday.

THIRD DAY.

An All Day Session.

At 10:35 the president, Senator Thurston, an-
nounced that the divine blessing would be in-
voked by Rev. John R. Scott, of Florida.

Mr. Foraker read in a clear voice, with dis-
tinct enunciation. He gave a pointed empha-
sis to the indorsement of President Harrison,
which was received with cheers.
The reading of the platform as a whole was
listened to with marked attention, and at the
close it was greatly cheered. The reading oc-
cupied 25 minutes.

Mr. Foraker moved the adoption of the re-
port as the republican national platform for
1896.

Then the chair, amid the breathless atten-
tion of the convention, recognized Senator
Teller, who sent to the secretary's desk and
had read the following minority report:

We, the undersigned members of the com-
mittee on resolutions, being unable to agree
with that portion of the majority report which
treats on the subject of coinage and finance,
respectfully submit the following paragraph as
a substituted therefor:

"The republican party favors the use of both
gold and silver as equal standard money, and
pledges its power to secure the free un-
restricted and independent coinage of gold and
silver at our mints at the ratio of 16 parts of
silver to one of gold."

Mr. Teller, of Colorado, then moved the
adoption of the foregoing resolution, which was
received with a shout of approval.

Mr. Teller then advanced to the front and
commenced to address the convention in ex-
planation of his course. He denied that his
advocacy of free silver was in any manner
controlled by the fact that he represented a
state which produces silver. He contended
for it because he believed that no country
could prosper without it, and because he
believed that it was the great
weight which was now weighing
down the country. Professing tolerance
from those who differed from him, he said his
decision had been arrived at after many years
of deliberate thought. The great contest
whether there should be one flag or two in this
country was not more important than the
contest for the first time in the history of
this glorious party of ours with the danger of a
financial system which in our judgment would
be destructive to the country. They were called
upon to decide whether to adhere to it or re-
ject it.

He asked the convention to pardon him if he
closed with some personal allusions. He had
formed his opinion on the subject of silver
to such an extent that this became blinding on his
conscience. He believed the morality, the civiliza-
tion—nay, the very religion—of this country
were at stake in this contest. Men in distress
were neither patriotic nor brave. This was
what made him a republican, because he be-
lieved its principles were calculated to build
up and sustain the unfortunate and distressed.
He did not believe this could be done on the
gold standard. With this solemn recognition
upon him he must sever his connection with
the political organization with which he had
been so long associated.

He recognized the jibes and sneers that
would follow him, but he was used to them.
Before the republican party was organized he
stood for the doctrine of free silver, free homes
and equal rights. [Cheers.] There were few
men in the party who had been so sincerely
attached to its principles than he, and he
could not go out of it without heart-
burning and regret. "If I go out of the repub-
lican party," he said, "I go out with the con-
science of a man who has sacrificed his
political life for what he believes to be the
good of his country. I go out with a feeling
that I maintain my consistency and man-
hood, and my conscience approves the sacrifice,
for sacrifice it is."

Mr. Foraker, of Ohio, chairman of the com-
mittee on resolutions, moved to lay Senator
Teller's substitute on the table, which motion
was seconded by Mr. Lodge, of Massachusetts,
prevailed: Yeas, 519; Nays, 1054.

Mr. Foraker was recognized to demand the
previous question on the passage of the resolu-
tions.

Senator Dubois, of Idaho, rising in the body
of the hall, asked that a separate vote be taken
on the resolution to lay the plank.
Cries of "No."

The previous question was ordered with only
a few feeble noes. Mr. Dubois demanded a
roll-call of the states, and the roll was called.
The roll-call was ordered, resulting: Yeas,
519; Nays, 1054.

The platform as a whole was then adopted
by viva voce vote.

Mr. Frank Cannon, the youthful senator
from Utah, moved that the reading of the
platform be deferred until the morning, which
motion was seconded by Mr. Foraker, of Ohio,
and the motion prevailed.

When Mr. Cannon had nearly finished the
reading of the platform, the reading was in-
terrupted by a shout of "No; let him finish,"
which was received with a shout of approval.

The chair again appealed for respectful at-
tention to the protest, which he said was
nearly finished.

The names of the signers to the protest, as
read by the secretary, were greeted with
cheers, and a vote in the rear called out
"Good-by, my lover, good-by," as Senator
Mantle and his associates flung out of the hall,
marking the end of the main state.

At the accompaniment of the band, and shouting
till they were hoarse. The chair, when the
tumult had in some measure subsided, said in
his slow, deliberate way:

"I desire to say that a majority of the dele-
gation from the state of Montana has not yet
been received. Under the circumstances surround-
ing this occasion, they were justified in actually
going out of the convention. [Applause.] But,
Chairman, I am bound to say, in deference to
the opinions and wishes of the majority of the
republicans of the state of Montana, that we
can not give our approval or our indorse-
ment to the financial plank this day adopted."

Senator Brown, of Utah, speaking from the
platform, said:

Mr. Chairman—The delegation from Utah

does not bolt. [Cheers.] We do not believe
that the republican party is the oppressor of
the people, but the guardian of liberty and the
protector of honest government. [Applause.]
Three cheers for the platform, and I am
here to express our sorrow at their departure.
Senator Brown concluded by asking that the
three alternates he had named be allowed to
sit in the convention in place of the delegates
who have left.

The chairman said unless objection was
made this would be so ordered.

No dissenting voice being raised, the three
alternates, Lindsey Rogers, Web Greene and
Joseph A. Smith, were seated as delegates
from Utah.

Washington.
The next recognized Mr. Burleigh, of
Idaho, speaking from the platform, said the
young state of Washington yields her
place for patriotic devotion to loyal allegiance
to this government, and the tenets of this party
to none. We did not come here, he said,
for inspiration on the silver question. We
brought our inspiration with us.
We believe in the gold and silver standard
because we believe that the money
which pays the banker in Wall street his in-
terest is none too good to pay the laborer in
Montana. Then he added that with protec-
tion, reciprocity and the chosen standard-
bearer, Wm. McKinley, Washington would
give a good account of herself in November.
This was the first time McKinley's name had
been publicly mentioned in the proceedings,
and it was received with cheers.

The states were then called for their choice
of members of the national committee, and the
names were sent up.

Nominations Begin.

The president then directed the call of states
for nominations for the presidency. The first
state to respond was Iowa, when Mr. R. M.
Baldwin, of Council Bluffs, came to the plat-
form and nominated Senator W. B. Allison, of
Iowa.

The next state to respond was Massachu-
setts, and Senator Lodge, of that state, came
to the platform and nominated Thomas B. Reed,
of New Hampshire.

When the state of New York was called, Mr.
Sutherland, of Rochester, rose and said that
his decision had been arrived at after many years
of deliberate thought. The great contest
whether there should be one flag or two in this
country was not more important than the
contest for the first time in the history of
this glorious party of ours with the danger of a
financial system which in our judgment would
be destructive to the country. They were called
upon to decide whether to adhere to it or re-
ject it.

He asked the convention to pardon him if he
closed with some personal allusions. He had
formed his opinion on the subject of silver
to such an extent that this became blinding on his
conscience. He believed the morality, the civiliza-
tion—nay, the very religion—of this country
were at stake in this contest. Men in distress
were neither patriotic nor brave. This was
what made him a republican, because he be-
lieved its principles were calculated to build
up and sustain the unfortunate and distressed.
He did not believe this could be done on the
gold standard. With this solemn recognition
upon him he must sever his connection with
the political organization with which he had
been so long associated.

He recognized the jibes and sneers that
would follow him, but he was used to them.
Before the republican party was organized he
stood for the doctrine of free silver, free homes
and equal rights. [Cheers.] There were few
men in the party who had been so sincerely
attached to its principles than he, and he
could not go out of it without heart-
burning and regret. "If I go out of the repub-
lican party," he said, "I go out with the con-
science of a man who has sacrificed his
political life for what he believes to be the
good of his country. I go out with a feeling
that I maintain my consistency and man-
hood, and my conscience approves the sacrifice,
for sacrifice it is."

Mr. Foraker, of Ohio, chairman of the com-
mittee on resolutions, moved to lay Senator
Teller's substitute on the table, which motion
was seconded by Mr. Lodge, of Massachusetts,
prevailed: Yeas, 519; Nays, 1054.

Mr. Foraker was recognized to demand the
previous question on the passage of the resolu-
tions.

Senator Dubois, of Idaho, rising in the body
of the hall, asked that a separate vote be taken
on the resolution to lay the plank.
Cries of "No."

The previous question was ordered with only
a few feeble noes. Mr. Dubois demanded a
roll-call of the states, and the roll was called.
The roll-call was ordered, resulting: Yeas,
519; Nays, 1054.

The platform as a whole was then adopted
by viva voce vote.

Mr. Frank Cannon, the youthful senator
from Utah, moved that the reading of the
platform be deferred until the morning, which
motion was seconded by Mr. Foraker, of Ohio,
and the motion prevailed.

When Mr. Cannon had nearly finished the
reading of the platform, the reading was in-
terrupted by a shout of "No; let him finish,"
which was received with a shout of approval.

The chair again appealed for respectful at-
tention to the protest, which he said was
nearly finished.

The names of the signers to the protest, as
read by the secretary, were greeted with
cheers, and a vote in the rear called out
"Good-by, my lover, good-by," as Senator
Mantle and his associates flung out of the hall,
marking the end of the main state.

At the accompaniment of the band, and shouting
till they were hoarse. The chair, when the
tumult had in some measure subsided, said in
his slow, deliberate way:

"I desire to say that a majority of the dele-
gation from the state of Montana has not yet
been received. Under the circumstances surround-
ing this occasion, they were justified in actually
going out of the convention. [Applause.] But,
Chairman, I am bound to say, in deference to
the opinions and wishes of the majority of the
republicans of the state of Montana, that we
can not give our approval or our indorse-
ment to the financial plank this day adopted."

Senator Brown, of Utah, speaking from the
platform, said:

Mr. Chairman—The delegation from Utah

does not bolt. [Cheers.] We do not believe
that the republican party is the oppressor of
the people, but the guardian of liberty and the
protector of honest government. [Applause.]
Three cheers for the platform, and I am
here to express our sorrow at their departure.
Senator Brown concluded by asking that the
three alternates he had named be allowed to
sit in the convention in place of the delegates
who have left.

The chairman said unless objection was
made this would be so ordered.

No dissenting voice being raised, the three
alternates, Lindsey Rogers, Web Greene and
Joseph A. Smith, were seated as delegates
from Utah.

Washington.
The next recognized Mr. Burleigh, of
Idaho, speaking from the platform, said the
young state of Washington yields her
place for patriotic devotion to loyal allegiance
to this government, and the tenets of this party
to none. We did not come here, he said,
for inspiration on the silver question. We
brought our inspiration with us.
We believe in the gold and silver standard
because we believe that the money
which pays the banker in Wall street his in-
terest is none too good to pay the laborer in
Montana. Then he added that with protec-
tion, reciprocity and the chosen standard-
bearer, Wm. McKinley, Washington would
give a good account of herself in November.
This was the first time McKinley's name had
been publicly mentioned in the proceedings,
and it was received with cheers.

The states were then called for their choice
of members of the national committee, and the
names were sent up.

The next state to respond was Massachu-
setts, and Senator Lodge, of that state, came
to the platform and nominated Thomas B. Reed,
of New Hampshire.

When the state of New York was called, Mr.
Sutherland, of Rochester, rose and said that
his decision had been arrived at after many years
of deliberate thought. The great contest
whether there should be one flag or two in this
country was not more important than the
contest for the first time in the history of
this glorious party of ours with the danger of a
financial system which in our judgment would
be destructive to the country. They were called
upon to decide whether to adhere to it or re-
ject it.

He asked the convention to pardon him if he
closed with some personal allusions. He had
formed his opinion on the subject of silver
to such an extent that this became blinding on his
conscience. He believed the morality, the civiliza-
tion—nay, the very religion—of this country
were at stake in this contest. Men in distress
were neither patriotic nor brave. This was
what made him a republican, because he be-
lieved its principles were calculated to build
up and sustain the unfortunate and distressed.
He did not believe this could be done on the
gold standard. With this solemn recognition
upon him he must sever his connection with
the political organization with which he had
been so long associated.

He recognized the jibes and sneers that
would follow him, but he was used to them.
Before the republican party was organized he
stood for the doctrine of free silver, free homes
and equal rights. [Cheers.] There were few
men in the party who had been so sincerely
attached to its principles than he, and he
could not go out of it without heart-
burning and regret. "If I go out of the repub-
lican party," he said, "I go out with the con-
science of a man who has sacrificed his
political life for what he believes to be the
good of his country. I go out with a feeling
that I maintain my consistency and man-
hood, and my conscience approves the sacrifice,
for sacrifice it is."

Mr. Foraker, of Ohio, chairman of the com-
mittee on resolutions, moved to lay Senator
Teller's substitute on the table, which motion
was seconded by Mr. Lodge, of Massachusetts,
prevailed: Yeas, 519; Nays, 1054.

Nominations Begin.

The president then directed the call of states
for nominations for the presidency. The first
state to respond was Iowa, when Mr. R. M.
Baldwin, of Council Bluffs, came to the plat-
form and nominated Senator W. B. Allison, of
Iowa.

The next state to respond was Massachu-
setts, and Senator Lodge, of that state, came
to the platform and nominated Thomas B. Reed,
of New Hampshire.

When the state of New York was called, Mr.
Sutherland, of Rochester, rose and said that
his decision had been arrived at after many years
of deliberate thought. The great contest
whether there should be one flag or two in this
country was not more important than the
contest for the first time in the history of
this glorious party of ours with the danger of a
financial system which in our judgment would
be destructive to the country. They were called
upon to decide whether to adhere to it or re-
ject it.

He asked the convention to pardon him if he
closed with some personal allusions. He had
formed his opinion on the subject of silver
to such an extent that this became blinding on his
conscience. He believed the morality, the civiliza-
tion—nay, the very religion—of this country
were at stake in this contest. Men in distress
were neither patriotic nor brave. This was
what made him a republican, because he be-
lieved its principles were calculated to build
up and sustain the unfortunate and distressed.
He did not believe this could be done on the
gold standard. With this solemn recognition
upon him he must sever his connection with
the political organization with which he had
been so long associated.

He recognized the jibes and sneers that
would follow him, but he was used to them.
Before the republican party was organized he
stood for the doctrine of free silver, free homes
and equal rights. [Cheers.] There were few
men in the party who had been so sincerely
attached to its principles than he, and he
could not go out of it without heart-
burning and regret. "If I go out of the repub-
lican party," he said, "I go out with the con-
science of a man who has sacrificed his
political life for what he believes to be the
good of his country. I go out with a feeling
that I maintain my consistency and man-
hood, and my conscience approves the sacrifice,
for sacrifice it is."

Mr. Foraker, of Ohio, chairman of the com-
mittee on resolutions, moved to lay Senator
Teller's substitute on the table, which motion
was seconded by Mr. Lodge, of Massachusetts,
prevailed: Yeas, 519; Nays, 1054.

Mr. Foraker was recognized to demand the
previous question on the passage of the resolu-
tions.

Senator Dubois, of Idaho, rising in the body
of the hall, asked that a separate vote be taken
on the resolution to lay the plank.
Cries of "No."

The previous question was ordered with only
a few feeble noes. Mr. Dubois demanded a
roll-call of the states, and the roll was called.
The roll-call was ordered, resulting: Yeas,
519; Nays, 1054.

The platform as a whole was then adopted
by viva voce vote.

Mr. Frank Cannon, the youthful senator
from Utah, moved that the reading of the
platform be deferred until the morning, which
motion was seconded by Mr. Foraker, of Ohio,
and the motion prevailed.

When Mr. Cannon had nearly finished the
reading of the platform, the reading was in-
terrupted by a shout of "No; let him finish,"
which was received with a shout of approval.

The chair again appealed for respectful at-
tention to the protest, which he said was
nearly finished.

The names of the signers to the protest, as
read by the secretary, were greeted with
cheers, and a vote in the rear called out
"Good-by, my lover, good-by," as Senator
Mantle and his associates flung out of the hall,
marking the end of the main state.

At the accompaniment of the band, and shouting
till they were hoarse. The chair, when the
tumult had in some measure subsided, said in
his slow, deliberate way:

"I desire to say that a majority of the dele-
gation from the state of Montana has not yet
been received. Under the circumstances surround-
ing this occasion, they were justified in actually
going out of the convention. [Applause.] But,
Chairman, I am bound to say, in deference to
the opinions and wishes of the majority of the
republicans of the state of Montana, that we
can not give our approval or our indorse-
ment to the financial plank this day adopted."

Senator Brown, of Utah, speaking from the
platform, said:

Mr. Chairman—The delegation from Utah

does not bolt. [Cheers.] We do not believe
that the republican party is the oppressor of
the people, but the guardian of liberty and the
protector of honest government. [Applause.]
Three cheers for the platform, and I am
here to express our sorrow at their departure.
Senator Brown concluded by asking that the
three alternates he had named be allowed to
sit in the convention in place of the delegates
who have left.

The chairman said unless objection was
made this would be so ordered.

No dissenting voice being raised, the three
alternates, Lindsey Rogers, Web Greene and
Joseph A. Smith, were seated as delegates
from Utah.

Washington.
The next recognized Mr. Burleigh, of
Idaho, speaking from the platform, said the
young state of Washington yields her
place for patriotic devotion to loyal allegiance
to this government, and the tenets of this party
to none. We did not come here, he said,
for inspiration on the silver question. We
brought our inspiration with us.
We believe in the gold and silver standard
because we believe that the money
which pays the banker in Wall street his in-
terest is none too good to pay the laborer in
Montana. Then he added that with protec-
tion, reciprocity and the chosen standard-
bearer, Wm. McKinley, Washington would
give a good account of herself in November.
This was the first time McKinley's name had
been publicly mentioned in the proceedings,
and it was received with cheers.

The states were then called for their choice
of members of the national committee, and the
names were sent up.

The next state to respond was Massachu-
setts, and Senator Lodge, of that state, came
to the platform and nominated Thomas B. Reed,
of New Hampshire.

When the state of New York was called, Mr.
Sutherland, of Rochester, rose and said that
his decision had been arrived at after many years
of deliberate thought. The great contest
whether there should be one flag or two in this
country was not more important than the
contest for the first time in the history of
this glorious party of ours with the danger of a
financial system which in our judgment would
be destructive to the country. They were called
upon to decide whether to adhere to it or re-
ject it.

He asked the convention to pardon him if he
closed with some personal allusions. He had
formed his opinion on the subject of silver
to such an extent that this became blinding on his
conscience. He believed the morality, the civiliza-
tion—nay, the very religion—of this country
were at stake in this contest. Men in distress
were neither patriotic nor brave. This was
what made him a republican, because he be-
lieved its principles were calculated to build
up and sustain the unfortunate and distressed.
He did not believe this could be done on the
gold standard. With this solemn recognition
upon him he must sever his connection with
the political organization with which he had
been so long associated.

He recognized the jibes and sneers that
would follow him, but he was used to them.
Before the republican party was organized he
stood for the doctrine of free silver, free homes
and equal rights. [Cheers.] There were few
men in the party who had been so sincerely
attached to its principles than he, and he
could not go out of it without heart-
burning and regret. "If I go out of the repub-
lican party," he said, "I go out with the con-
science of a man who has sacrificed his
political life for what he believes to be the
good of his country. I go out with a feeling
that I maintain my consistency and man-
hood, and my conscience approves the sacrifice,
for sacrifice it is."

Mr. Foraker, of Ohio, chairman of the com-
mittee on resolutions, moved to lay Senator
Teller's substitute on the table, which motion
was seconded by Mr. Lodge, of Massachusetts,
prevailed: Yeas, 519; Nays, 1054.

Nominations Begin.

The president then directed the call of states
for nominations for the presidency. The first
state to respond was Iowa, when Mr. R. M.
Baldwin, of Council Bluffs, came to the plat-
form and nominated Senator W. B. Allison, of
Iowa.

Following is the detailed vote for
president:

STATES.	McKinley	Morton	Quay.	Reid.	Allison.
Alabama	19	1		2	.....
Arkansas	16				.....
California	18				.....
Colorado	16				.....
Connecticut	16			5	.....
Delaware	6				.....
Florida	6		2		.....
Georgia	22			2	.....
Idaho	6				.....
Illinois	46			2	.....
Indiana	30				.....
Iowa	20				26
Kansas	26				.....
Kentucky	20				.....
Louisiana	11		1½		1½
Maine	6			1	.....
Maryland	10			6	.....
Massachusetts	23			29	.....
Michigan	18				.....
Minnesota	18				.....
Mississippi	17				.....
Missouri	17		1		.....
Montana	34				.....
Nebraska	16	*			.....
Nevada	3				.....
New Hampshire	16			8	.....
New Jersey	17				.....
New York	17	66		2½	.....
North Carolina	19½				.....
North Dakota	6				.....
Ohio	6				.....
Oregon	6				.....
Pennsylvania	6		58	8	.....
Rhode Island	18				.....
South Carolina	8				.....
South Dakota	8				.....
Tennessee	21			5	3
Texas	24				3
Utah	6				3
Vermont	6				.....
Virginia	23			1	.....
Washington	8				.....
West Virginia	12				.....
Wisconsin	6				.....
Wyoming	6				.....
Arizona	6			1	1
New Mexico	4				.....
Oklahoma	4				.....
Indian Territory	4				.....
District of Columbia	6				1
Alaska	6				.....
Totals.	601½	66	61½	84½	35½

THE CHRONICLE

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, JUNE 25, 1896.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JOSEPH F. JOHNSTON,
Of Jefferson.

For Secretary of State,
JAMES K. JACKSON,
Of Lauderdale.

For Treasurer,
GEORGE W. ELLIS,
Of Montgomery.

For Auditor,
WALTER S. WHITE,
Of Colbert.

For Attorney-General,
WILLIAM C. FITTS,
Of Tuscaloosa.

For Superintendent of Education,
JOHN O. TURNER,
Of St. Clair.

For Commissioner of Agriculture,
I. F. CULVER,
Of Bullock.

COUNTY DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Representative,
N. A. GRAHAM,
Of Calera.

For Sheriff,
AMOS DANIEL,
Of Wilsonville.

For Tax Collector,
A. F. SMITH,
Of Shelby.

For Assessor,
J. H. HAMMOND,
Of Columbiana.

For Treasurer,
W. A. THOMPSON,
Of Columbiana.

For Superintendent of Education,
C. W. O'HARA,
Of Columbiana.

For Commissioner 1st District,
HOSEA PEARSON,
Of Shelby.

For Commissioner 3d District,
R. H. WALKER,
Of Helena.

SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

By direction of the Executive Committee of the Democratic party, for this, the Fifteenth Senatorial District of the State of Alabama, a convention of said party is hereby called to convene at the court house, in Wetumpka, Alabama, at 12 o'clock m., on Thursday, the second day of July, 1896, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for senator of said district, to be voted for at the next August election. The basis of representation in said convention has been fixed by said Executive committee as follows, to-wit:

Shelby county.....21 votes
Chilton county.....15 votes
Elmore county.....21 votes
This June 22nd, 1896.

H. L. WILLIAMS, Chairman.

The populists of Fulton county, Georgia, in which county Atlanta is situated, have resolved not to make any nominations until after the democratic national convention meets in Chicago. If a free silver man is nominated and a free silver platform adopted, they will not put out any ticket at all but support the democratic nominees; evidence that the disintegration of the pops has commenced. Dissolution has set in.

A. P. LONGSHORE'S poem in last week's Alabama Leader, headed "Free Soup," is exquisite and stamps Poet Longshore as one of the finest creators of the present century. It shows him to be a man of deep penetration (even into the dark recesses of the court house) and that what he don't know about being "in the soup" is not from lack of experience.

TENNESSEE has a bicycle corps in the national guard. They will never go out of the state except in case of invasion—of the state. And the rapidity with which they will make their exit will depend entirely on the rapidity with which the invading force comes in.

A WRITER in "Our Southern Home," Livingston, says: "It is only a matter of regret that the 'proper use' of the water is so little known in many sections of our country." A Calera gentleman who was in Columbiana this week, says they use it there to wash in.

A MOVEMENT is on foot to select twelve of the most eminent men of Alabama to represent the state abroad in a proposed great enterprise. There should be no difficulty in getting them at once. Columbiana can furnish the whole number.

SOME inmortals never give out more of their views than they think can be understood by the common herd. In this regard they are very considerate to themselves. It accounts for reticence that would otherwise be inexplicable.

The Anniston Hot Blast is fastidious. Its highly perfumed editor delicately refers to an article which ladies wear nights as "the slumber robe." We would like to know when and where he will present it.

The first scare heading in last week's Alabama Leader announces: "If the Devil Threw His Net?" He did here, recently, but it didn't scoop all the republicans.

New daily, "Anniston Republic," will be served up red hot (and read all over), 101 = in the shade.

To be a good politician now you must have a manager.

CONVENTION.

The Democracy of Shelby County,
Through their Regularly Accredited Delegates,

MEET IN CONVENTION AND HOIST
THE BANNER

That Will Be Carried to Victory in August.

"I know thy name full well, Lord James, and honored may I be.
That he who fought beside the Bruce, should fight this day for me.
Then take the leading of the van and charge the Moors again.
There is not such a lance as thine in all the hosts of Spain."

Special Correspondence of The Chronicle
CALERA, June 24, '96.

The Democratic county convention convened here for the purpose of nominating men, to fill the county offices, at noon today. Executive committee-man Martin called the meeting to order and nominated Hon. R. W. Cobb for temporary chairman; C. C. DuBoise and J. W. Wilder secretaries.

On motion, the temporary officers were made permanent.

A committee of one from each beat was appointed to cast up the ballot of the primary, which resulted in the following nominations: [See county ticket at head of this column.—Ed.]

This was one of the most enthusiastic and harmonious conventions ever held in Shelby county and from the talk indulged in by the delegates, to your correspondent, the banners of democracy will be carried to victory in August.

Calera furnished a large barrel of ice water (last winter's ice) in the ante-room for the benefit of "dusty" delegates and thirsty visitors, while ham sandwiches were offered on every corner for the refreshment of late comers.

Calera was much pleased to have the convention held with her, and the committee of arrangements, with Col. John P. West at the head, had perfected all arrangements for the comfort of the guests.

Come again gentlemen. We are pleased to gaze on your happy features, and to commend your gentlemanly appearance, for you are the representatives of the virtue and intelligence of the grand old State of Alabama.

NOTES.

Sheriff Nelson and would-be-sheriff Christian, Daniels and Nelson were seen promenading arm and arm.

Uncle Lija Fulton was on hand with a smile and a hand-shake for all. "Just let me sit down on a pop will you please." Weight 275.

"Pops" Longshore, Pitts and Deans were gazing around gazing with delight on the sturdy veterans of democracy.

Capt. Will C. Teague of the Jacksonville, Tampa and Key West Ry., was in attendance upon the convention.

Capt. Walter Meroney of the Southern Ry., took in the convention and enjoyed himself among the delegates. Maj. Jeff Christian, who was a close second in the race for sheriff, had more fun than any one at the convention. Come and see us often Jeff, we enjoy your hearty laugh.

Walter Duran, the "fat man" of the Anniston Lime Co., was here this morning shaking hands with his friends and talking about his "new son."

LATEST GENERAL NEWS.

A suit in New York develops that Jason Gould was a gay deceiver in his youth married a country girl and deserted her and her babe. Heaterwards became famous as Jay Gould.

A dog fell recently in California and broke his leg while climbing a ladder to go to work on a steamer. He was a regular "workman" of the Union Iron Company and went in and out of small holes with tools, etc.

This from an Anniston ad: Men and boys in Indiana straw hats, 5 cents; boys' leghorn straw hats, 8 cents; men's leghorn straw hats, 10 cents; boy's malaga straw hats, 9 cents; men's malaga straw hats, 10 cents.

A dispatch from the City of Mexico says: The news of McKinley's nomination and the bolt of the silver delegates excites great interest. Public opinion here, while strongly for silver, is also apprehensive of the United States going on a silver basis, as that would insure ruin to Mexico's growing manufacturing industry. Mexico fears her present prosperity would be imperiled by competition from the United States were it on a silver basis.

STATE OF CROPS.

Following is from the weekly weather crop bulletin of the Agricultural Department:

Alabama. Montgomery—Cool and cloudy week; heavy and, in places, damaging rains suspended work; hail doing damage in Coosa and Chilton counties; cotton grassy, making too much stalk and being injured by lice; corn and candor doing well, but all crops need warmth and sunshine.

FRUIT of the Press—Chronicle, 1 year, \$1.00.

MOBILE shipping reports include schooners of beer.

The Chronicle is no back number and don't have any outside the file.

Most editors are careful in the selection of enemies as well as friends.

CHRONICLE platform—\$1.00 a year, spot cash. Ten cents a month during the campaign.

The insurgent Cuban army ought to fill up rapidly. It has several companies of women in it.

The confederist is a singular animal; it has the head of one variety and the tail of another.

The x rays have been perfected so far to showing the beating of the heart. If they could be utilized by the politicians to see the beating of the public pulse, the boon would be inestimable to them.

OUR COUNTRY COUSINS.

HARPERSVILLE.

Hogs continue to die.
Crops are growing finely.
Watermelons will soon be ripe.
Prof. Florey is visiting Womack Hill.

The Chronicle list continues to grow.
Eighty-two votes were polled here last Saturday.

Miss Meeda Kidd is visiting relatives at Woodlawn.

Dr. Stone of Easonville, was in our community last week practicing dentistry.

Two Misses Woods of East Lake are visiting their aunt, Mrs. Dr. Nelson.

John Kidd, wife, and their little daughter Anne, attended preaching here Sunday.

We are glad to state that H. G. Self, who has been so very sick, is on the road to recovery.

Mack Self of Texas, Rev. Jim of the Greensboro University, and Mr. and Mrs. Casper of Woodard, Ala., are visiting at H. G. Self's.

Parson Kirkland is carrying the mail now from here to Vincent, and Wesley Wallace, colored, has the contract, commencing July 1st.

The democracy of Shelby county are not under any more obligations to vote for one man any more than another, provided he is competent and a democrat.

Henderson Wallace, colored, a democrat, and blacksmith at this place, died very suddenly last week. He had so worked, and conducted himself that he had won the respect of all the whites as well as the blacks among whom he lived, and we are all truly sorry that he is dead and will greatly miss him.

Lampkin Vandiver, the Napoleon and Chief Justice of Bear Creek, spoke at the negro school house near here last Saturday evening. I have been informed that the news present swallowed it, head, feathers, tail and all.

The learned and eloquent Mr. Giles filled his regular appointment here last Saturday and Sunday. His text Sunday was in Zacharia and subject was "Light." I have really forgotten all he said but, anyway, it was that he preferred light rather than darkness, and, of course, we all did in he made me think very strongly how bad some people were in the dark politically.

The ball team gave an ice cream supper at the academy last Friday night, proceeds to go towards paying for their uniforms. After supper was over, Baptists and Methodists, and those who do not belong to any church, all alike joined in a regular dance.

How bad, how lamentable it is for church members, who know that they are violating the rules of their respective churches, to indulge in such an amusement! The world is getting to be fast, and the young people are getting to be faster, and their parents, in this lovely land of ours, should all rise up, as one mighty phalanx, and put a stop to all such amusements. These remarks are not intended for any one, particular individual but for all those collectively whom the shoe fits. And now, in conclusion, let me say I sincerely hope that the young people of this country, whom we love and have much respect for, will not do so again.

"JAKE."

"Here endeth the first lesson." It pleases us to know that our correspondent really does love the young people, but it is still a mystery here whether he loves the male or female portion the most. About Ben Adhem (may his tribe increase) awoke, it will be remembered, from a sweet dream of peace, and an angel, making it electric bright, waving phonetically in a cloud of light. Exceeding peace had made Ben Adhem bold. So he inquired: "What writest thou?" The angel replied: "The names of The Chronicle subscribers and their greatest virtue respectively, so that I may properly reward them." "Then put me down," said Abou, "for another year's subscription and here's the dollar, and say I love my fellow man the most." The angel went off, presumably on her bike, and when the return came in of the truly good, the grand and noble old Abou Ben Adhem's name led all the rest! The dollar in advance did it. It always does.—Ed.]

WELDON.

Prof. J. P. Kinnett of Sterrett, visited Weldon last week.

The health of this community is reasonably good at this writing.

That cotton blossom found in J. H. R. Carden's patch must have been on his "pet stalk."

Old Mr. G. H. Moore and wife are helpless on account of age, both of whom are about 80 years old.

Crops are fine but there has been too much rain of late, and there is some complaint of rust on cotton.

Miss T. Hammond, one of Columbiana's most charming belles, was a pleasant visitor to Weldon the first of last week. None of the "boys" have looked so disconsolate since her departure it is evident they would be delighted to have her come again soon.

There are many items of a strictly personal character that I could give, but knowing the delicacy of the situation and the sensitiveness of the young people, I will be merciful and not go into details. And yet I cannot refrain from saying that when a young man goes to see his girl and afterwards becomes bewildered, and is next discovered roaming through a watermelon patch, there is food for reflection. "And further deponent saith not."

We cannot see where the pop-reps saved expense by co-operating. One of the leading pops was heard to say a few days ago that they would have to appoint a committee to keep things straight. Then it was said another committee would have to be appointed to keep the other one down to a trot.

JOSHE.

WILSONVILLE.

Franklin Edwards is spending a few days in Anniston.

A. A. Daniels made a trip to Columbiana last week.

H. A. Jackson went to Columbiana Monday on business.

J. R. Kilpatrick went to Columbiana last week on business.

John Daniel of Anniston was in our city last week on particular business.

E. Williamson and O. W. Tinney boarded the southbound train last Sunday and said their destination was Columbiana. They report a very pleasant trip, and quite a lengthy "trip" (as well as expensive) coming home through the mud at a late hour that night.

Embrow Weldon and M. P. Jackson are absolutely "carried away" with Harpersville or some sweet attraction in that locality. They spent three hours there last Sunday, as shown by their watches, but paw! it seemed only a few moments to them, according to their report.

Our "long looked for" Walter McGowan, who has been attending college for several months past, has returned home. His return has gladdened many hearts amongst the young people, the old people, single people, married people, and other hearts and sweethearts generally.

The Wilsonville base ball club was to cross bats with Harpersville last Friday afternoon, but the continued rain kept the boys "snowed under" until last Monday at 3:30 o'clock when the game was called, and all kinds of ball was played. In the absence of one of our best men, we were obliged to play a game of one-up with Harpersville, who had come to witness, or inspire the game, if called upon. We appreciate the kindness and good playing of Mr. Spencer. The score was 9 to 16 in favor of Wilsonville, while the score would show very careless playing on both sides. It was only this way for two and one-half innings. The Harpersville boys were closed out every inning but three or four, and the larger part of this work was done by the almost professional work of the pitcher and catcher of our club.

This was our first attempt for the season, and some of our players had not played ball in three years.

The S. P. L. League congregated last Friday evening as usual. The matter of meeting every Friday night was reconsidered. Voted and carried that we meet only semi-monthly. The program made two weeks previous, being too brief, we thought it well to have some voluntary recitations, which we were fortunate enough to get. Miss Mattie Weldon, though not a member, was so kind as to recite a beautiful piece. Miss Georgia Pope gave us the full history of "how she killed the mouse." This recitation was very comical indeed; nothing furnished the audience with more pleasure and hearty laughter. This in addition to the regular program made it a pleasant entertainment for all present. The program for next meeting is a debate exclusively; subject: "Resolved that the hope of the future affords us greater pleasure than the memory of the past." The entire league participates in this debate and I see no reason why it should not be very interesting.

BOURGEOIS.

INTERESTING NEWS ITEMS.
Boron and carbon combined make a substance harder than diamond and that will cut the latter readily.

Alabama's vote in the St. Louis convention was: McKinley, 19; Morton, 1; Reed, 2. Vice-president, Hobart, 10; Evans, 11; Buckley, 1.

An expert is of the opinion that cannon made from Alabama steel in which there was a mixture of Swiss steel, would be practically explosive proof.

Captain Joseph F. Johnston is spoken of as a possibility for the vice-presidency nomination on the democratic ticket.

In large cities, particularly Chicago, the churches are affected by the bike. Young people ride out instead of going to worship.

A letter has been received in Washington from British Guiana addressed: "His Excellency, James Monroe, President of the United States." It was sent to the "dead" letter office.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised druggist and get a trial bottle, free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills, free as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. For sale by Parker & Armstrong, Druggists, Columbiana, Ala.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

Non-Resident Notice.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.
John Auel, complainant vs. Joseph P. Condon, Defendant.

In Chancery. Sixth District, North-Eastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of Robt. Chisholm attorney and agent for John Auel, that the defendant Joseph P. Condon is a non-resident of the State or his residence is unknown and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Chronicle, a newspaper published in the County of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said Joseph P. Condon to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 26th day of July A. D. 1896 or, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office in Columbiana this 20th day of June A. D. 1896.

GORDON DUBOSE, Register.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County. Frankie McClellan, Pro and Complainant vs. S. R. McClellan, Defendant.

In Chancery. Sixth District, Northeastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of W. T. Johnson attorney of record for the said complainant, that the defendant S. R. McClellan, is a non-resident of Alabama and resided, when last heard from, in Indian Territory, and further that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Chronicle, a newspaper published in the County of Shelby once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said S. R. McClellan to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 2nd day of July, A. D. 1896, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office, in Columbiana this 25th day of May A. D. 1896.

GORDON DUBOSE, Register.

may 25-4t

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.
Castoria allays Feverishness.
Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.
Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic.
Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.
Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air. Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."

See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile
signature of *Cast H. Pitcher*
is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A STRAIGHT LINE
Is the shortest way to do it. Illustrated: The World going to The-Chronicle Office

One of the largest establishments in the world, that of Wannamaker & Brown, use type like this and talk to their customers naturally.

There is no florid ornamentation or embeoidery of words, but a plain and simple statement of facts verified when customers visit their store.

As with Wannamaker & Brown so with The Chronicle. When it says this office is prepared to do First Class Job Work you can depend on it that it is so.

The facilities of the office are such that anything can be printed from a tiny card to a mammoth poster and each done well, quickly.

The Chronicle newspaper speaks for itself. It is newsy, spicy, racy, reliable. During the campaign it can be had for 10 cents a month, cash; 3 months, 25c; year \$1.

Notice

TO DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.
To whom it may concern:
The tax collector of said county has filed in the office of the probate judge of said county, a list of delinquent taxpayers and real estate upon which taxes are due. The following named persons are reported therein as delinquent and the following lands and lots are reported as assessed to the following named persons and therein is reported as assessed to "owner unknown" the following mentioned real estate and lots. This is to notify you to appear before me on Monday, the 5th day of June, 1896, then and there to show cause why a decree for the sale of said lands and lots should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed against you and the fees and cost.

This 18th day of May 1896.
D. R. McMillan,
Judge of Probate.

BEAT 1.

Barber, R. T., one vacant lot in Shelby, tax 35c, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$1.75.

Bennett, P. G., lots 21 and 25, block 119, lot 2 block 90, lot 26 block 116 in Shelby, tax 90c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.25.

Bell, L. A., lot 5 block 60, lot 25 block 96 in Shelby, tax 45c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.10.

Bridges, John M., one lot in Shelby, tax 45c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.10.

Cummings, A., lot 12 block 115 in Shelby tax 22c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.83.

Caton, A. S., lots 6 and 8 block 115 in Shelby tax 45c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.10.

Clark, Robt. R., lot 10 block 70 in Shelby, tax 22c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.89.

Deadman, Mrs. M. A., one house and lot at Shelby Springs, tax \$1.80, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.96.

Kirkman, Francis, 5 acres in the n.w. 1/4 of the sec. 4 of T. 23 N. 3 E. tax 45c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.

Lazarus, D. W., lot 3 block 98 in Shelby, tax 22c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.83.

Lacy, Thelma, lots 3 and 14, block 98, lots 4 and 6 block 100, lot 8 block 113 in Shelby, tax \$1.12, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.89.

Lee, G. T., 1/2 of sec. 20 of T. 23 N. 3 E. tax 19 3/4 w. 1/2 of the sec. 20 of T. 23 N. 3 E. tax \$1.50, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.25.

McLean, Mrs. Fannie, one vacant lot in Columbiana, tax 85c, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$1.85.

Newton, J. H., 1/2 of the n.e. 1/4 of sec. 6 tp 24 r 15 e, tax \$4.02, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$2.24.

O'Brien, P. W., lot 1 of sec. 20 of T. 23 N. 3 E. tax 19 3/4 w. tax \$1.44, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.24.

Parker, O. H., lots 7 and 8 block 65, lot 29 block 115 in Shelby, tax 10c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.31.

Parker, W. C., and John Fry, lot 14 block 60 in Shelby, tax 22c, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.10.</

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, JUNE 25, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year, \$1.00
One copy six months, .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Southern Railway.

NEW SCHEDULE.
No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 7:28 p.m.
No. 16, passenger, leaves going north, 11:47 a.m.
No. 63, local, leaves going south, 7:45 a.m.
No. 64, local, leaves going north, 1:20 p.m.

Post Office.

Mail closes, 11:07 a. m.
Trains due, 11:37 a. m. and 3:28 p. m.
Mails open 1:30 p. m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 3:28 p. m.

LOCAL VIVISCOPE.

The foot-loose go fishing.
Phos-ferrates goes with soda.
Silveroons have boycotted Goldene.The women are for protection—to a man.
Make your home attractive. Get a bike.

The vibrant cornet is heard at The White.

Mrs. C. J. Christian, of Bessemer, is still visiting her father, W. R. A. Milner.

Compressed air is a good fire extinguisher.

The confounders have been assayed. Result: 0.

This being a dry town we have no "elevators."

Dandruff is due to an enfeebled state of the skin.

The Endeavors are wearing their new badges.

Special medicine for cyclers (!) is now advertised.

Many cyclers avoid intense thirst by chewing gum.

E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, spent Tuesday in town.

Jacksonville Advertiser: "Sell'm low and let 'em go."

"Price pruners" are at work in the stores—for spot cash.

There is a cry-sis when you can't keep the baby quiet.

D. C. Glenn, of Shelby, was among the callers Tuesday.

Stoves go off occasionally now but they are for "cooking."

The garden hose hasn't had a chance to squirt for some time.

Compressed air can be used for refrigerators instead of ice.

Less carelessness while smoking or we shall have more fires.

W. R. A. Milner made a flying trip to the Magic City Tuesday.

Columbiana is a good distributing point for political rumors.

James Reynolds, of Montevallo, spent last Friday in our city.

Temperance interpretation of it: "Come in and get your beer."

The bikers are disgusted with the weather. Too much moist road.

Mrs. R. B. Haney, of Poplarville, Miss., is visiting at J. P. Spencer's.

Mrs. I. W. Bailey, from Calera, is visiting home folks at the Central.

Rev. Aiken is a fine preacher and every one should attend the services.

Mrs. A. M. Elliott, Sr., of Anniston, is on a visit to her son, A. M. Elliott.

By working in harmony with nature's laws we get to understand them.

E. W. Chapman is a great hunter. He is after the hare (hair) all the time.

Austin Daniels, of Wilsonville, was a visitor in town the latter part of last week.

A combined belt and skirt holder has been invented for ladies. It is cheap.

Misses Lottie and Alma Duran, of Calera, are visiting relatives in our town.

Miss Rosa Graham, of Wilsonville, is visiting her friend, Miss Oza Hammond.

We are all liable to err but to do so on the base ball ground calls for autothema.

How to seat the auditorium in the public school building is under consideration.

As the procession of the days pass on, the focusing of definite political action nears.

Columbiana is well supplied with linens, embracing those from Ireland and Germany.

J. F. and A. H. Avery, two prominent Shelbyites, transacted business here Tuesday.

Miss Eloise Kifer, of Shelby, was a guest of her friend Miss Essie Mason, Saturday and Sunday.

The straight-touts characterize those who have gone over to the pops not as converts, but as perverts.

When the cadets wear only their gray pants they can be mistaken for free delivery postal men.

So many military uniforms are on the streets the Cubans must have a recruiting station hereabouts.

There are a few plug hats around that have evidently been handed down from generation to generation.

Hermann Ginsler, one of Fox's most efficient assistants, went to Birmingham this week on a short visit.

Blue Bells of Scotland, Sweet Marie, White House Bouquet and Beau d'Espagne, are advertised perfumes.

There is considerable demand for fine madras zephyr gingham and beautifully printed corded dimities.

Mrs. T. A. Rhodes of Montgomery and her little grandson are spending a week at Mrs. Laura C. Armstrong's.

Livernan A. M. Elliott has been grinning at the bikers who cannot get around pleasantly in moist weather.

Advertisements appear now in large cities: "Boy wanted; one who can ride a bike." It will soon be the same here.

It is not all to become the father of a baby; soon afterwards you have to become the father of a baby carriage also.

Frank Norris, foreman of the Leader, Longshore's Anniston paper, was in town this week with home folks.

Columbiana has been affected with the twice, recently, due to carelessness connected with smoking on the premises.

G. W. Cressett, one of Shelby's most prominent merchants, dropped in and gave us a nice order for job work Tuesday.

The greatest "fad" of the season is the coat suit. A checked skirt with a coat of solid color is considered just the thing.

I. D. Mason and wife left Saturday for Atlanta. Mr. Mason returned Tuesday. Mrs. Mason will remain some time.

Hop smoking is one of the latest fads of some end-of-the-century society women. The hop smoking will skip this town.

A big tally-ho is on the tapis for the "fishing grounds" when the weather becomes settled and will permit of camping there.

Mrs. Baggs with her charming daughter Miss Susie Baggs, now of Shelby Springs, were guests of Mrs. Hayett Tuesday.

Marshall Cromwell attended the protracted meeting not only to get religion but also to get any of the boys who might not behave.

Preserving manias are now looking around for fruit jars, jelly glasses, jar rubbers, sealing wax, preserve kettles, stone jars and skimmers.

The spasms of rain have retarded the brick work on the new building but it is expected it can be roofed by the latter part of next week.

Tom Ellis, of Birmingham, spent last week with his sister, Mrs. Farmer. Mr. Ellis passed quite a while here last summer. Friends were glad to see him again.

Now that school vacation is on, parents have a lengthened responsibility of taking care of their children themselves, and a monopoly of corporal punishment.

Merchants say "owing to the weather" prices are "melting". Pretty white dress fabrics can be bought cheap. Lawns are offered low. The patterns are many.

Notwithstanding the rain Sunday, Sheriff Nelson became the father of a bouncing young democrat, standard weight. Monday he was doing as well as could be expected.

A. B. Butler, the "station(e)ary" drummer of Selma, who is always "moving" around, was "on the town" Friday. He got some of the goose dinner at The White.

It is not the paper with the largest circulation that is the best to advertise in. That paper is best which circulates among those who have money to spend and who read it.

C. S. Leeper wheeled from Birmingham to Columbiana Monday morning and encased his legs under The White mahogany for dinner at the invitation of his brother.

Thursday, July 2nd, is set for the democratic senatorial convention according to the telegram received here Wednesday from Chairman H. I. Williams of Wetumpka.

Fox has got a new clock from Europe. It strikes the time in both German and English and is a very simple and neat affair, and shows how ingenuity and taste can be combined.

The Ben Hur exhibition took in \$4 the first and \$6 the second night. The rain knocked it out. Otherwise, there would have been a large attendance, including visitors from surrounding towns.

Licentiate Wm. Murphy will preach next Sunday, morning and evening, at the colored Baptist church in Columbiana. Many white persons contemplate attending church there on that occasion.

Calendar clocks, with barometer and thermometer attachment are highly valuable, and ought to be in use here extensively. When the barometer is going down we want to know it so we can get after it.

In colored dress goods, 40-inch all wool fancy mixtures; 42-inch all pure wool, in beautiful colorings (good wearing fabrics), 38-inch fancy figured beiges, and navy blue all wool serges, are sought after.

It was a coincidence that a doctor was the first elector to vote at the primary on Saturday and Dr. J. Reed Morgan cast the last vote. The medical fraternity were evidently in "attendance" on the primary.

The base ball team will not, for the present, put up a high fence around the diamond but will invite their lady friends to come and sit around on the outside of the players, wearing high and broad tortoise shell combs.

The way the luxuries of life were precipitated on the managers of the primary Saturday it was evident storekeepers regarded them as possessing well developed appetites and a penchant for fine flavored segars.

There was a patent suspender drummer in town this week. He had one of the best articles for holding up pants put upon the market. He was an eastern man, talked like a preacher and favored us with a good deal of it.

After close of campaign, the outs will go back to where they left off and continue their remarks on the psychophysiological indeterminate nongo, homogeneous heterogeneity and the latent mysterious psychical powers in man.

Miss Eva Weaver is very sick with fever at The Central. She had been afflicted before and becoming convalescent was one of the spectators at the recent base ball game. She exposed herself prematurely, which caused the relapse.

Boys who cannot resist talking in church should learn the deaf and dumb language. Besides, they should remember that the congregation lose the benefit of their conversation when they carry it on while the minister is preaching.

Ladies will be pleased to learn that linen note paper is offered at 10 cents a pound, which gives them an opportunity to write a letter at a cost not exceeding 40 cents, exclusive of the postscript, which would make the cost only 60 cents.

The Chronicle turned out this week printed in pamphlet form, the official proceedings of the Shelby Springs (colored) Baptist Sunday school convention held in Aldrich recently. There was no cutting of rate, and prompt pay-besides.

Fire broke out in one of Marshal J. T. Cromwell's outbuildings last Friday 11 a. m. The rain prevented extensive damage. Total loss, about \$50. The fire was caused by carelessness while smoking. It is believed on the part of a colored man.

It is a fact there are many more boys than girls in Columbiana. Therefore, boy stock is at a premium. A finely developed young man, with a bright countenance and all the attractiveness of youth, "commands" a girl with alacrity. He is always on a rising market.

J. T. Leeper and brother left 5 a. m. on Tuesday biking it to Anniston. They were very attractive in their short pants and bikers' hose. The question will arise before long whether an attorney-in-short-pants can jump off his bike, rush into court and rush through a case in that costume.

The largest stock of stationery ever received in Shelby county, and embracing the greatest variety also, was received at the Chronicle office this week, thus enabling the establishment to compete in prices, style and quality of stock with any other concern in the state. Our stock of envelopes is absolutely immense.

Rev. T. K. Roberts, of Montgomery, preached at the M. E. church Thursday night to a fair congregation, notwithstanding the unpleasantness of the weather. Text—Matt. 16: 26: "For what is a man profited if he shall gain the whole world and lose his own soul, or, what shall a man give in exchange for his soul?"

An authority says: In choosing a milk supply for the baby it is better to select that furnished by ordinary cows, and not by Jersey, Alderney or any other highly bred animals. Ordinary cows are less liable to disease. The highly bred animals are generally delicate, and it is among them that tuberculosis is especially found.

The Chronicle is getting out the annual catalogue for the Wilsonville Male and Female Institute. It will be neatly printed on fine paper, with an elegant cover. There was lively competition for the work but The Chronicle got it, without cutting rates, solely on the merit of the typography and presswork done here.

There has been talk of throwing the second floor of the new brick building now in course of erection, into a nice, cozy little hall that would hold all the people who generally attend exhibitions here and other gatherings; provided however, that positive action is taken that the court room in the county conservatory of law cannot be secured to come in competition with the new enterprise.

It will interest Sunday school workers here to know that on last Tuesday the eighth triennial session of the International Sunday school convention assembled in the Mount Temple, Boston. Two thousand delegates were present. The convention closes tomorrow. The time is occupied in speech making, reports, discussions and plans for advancement in Sunday school work and Bible study.

While preaching was in progress last Sunday night at the colored Baptist church, Rev. Burton Hays officiating, Ella McMichael, a young colored girl fainting, The occurrence created considerable excitement. She remained on the floor of the church, wholly unconscious, for quite a while, the people gathering around her and expecting every moment she would revive. As she did not do so, she was removed from the building and laid on the ground in the open air. But that did not cause her to come to, so she was taken over to the home of Prince Jacobs, and a doctor was sent for. Up to that time she was still unconscious. She did not recover consciousness until about ten o'clock the following morning.

The subject of having a daily meat market here is discussed quite lively, and soon, frequently. There seems to be a wide diversity of opinion. Some hold that if the poodlers were taxed they would not trade here but go to neighboring towns. Others hold that the benefit and "concomitant" to the citizens who could get fresh meat daily is a consideration of importance. And thus the matter stands at present.

Persons here who want to protect their property can use the following fire extinguishing powder: Eight parts common salt, 6 parts sodium bicarbonate, 2 parts Glauber's salt, 2 parts calcium chloride, 2 parts sodium silicate. Also, common salt, 60 per cent; sal ammoniac, 60 per cent; sodium bicarbonate, 80 per cent. 3. Sal ammoniac, 100 per cent; sodium sulphate, 60 per cent; sodium bicarbonate, 40 per cent.

Sam Lefkowitz, of the Columbiana Mercantile Company, who came down from Bessemer to oozene and stretch his legs, returned the latter part of last week with his dinner belt left away out to the last hole. Ere his departure, being shown over the poultry farm, he expressed the great desire to have fat ducks in season, and the remarkable resemblance between him President Cleveland jibe exactly. Both of them are great (united) statesmen.

When the sound of planks was heard the middle of last week, next to Johnston & White's, the rumor went forth that the democratic party had at last decided to have a free (silver) lunch counter for the further development of sound democratic corporality. This is certainly a great step in a high order of civilization and will afford a fine opportunity for savory detective work. It will now be in order for the confusionists to open a pop-pery in the vicinity of the Advocate office.

There was a very recherche dinner at The White last Friday. The Lord Mayor of Columbiana presided and other eminent persons were present: the speeches generally in as good taste as the rich viands were palatable. One of the toasts was: "The women—God bless 'em; may their sleeves never grow less," which is just a shade off from the great Turkish expression: "May your shadow never grow less; Turtle was served a la mode; and one of Manager Fox's favorite geese was in the roast.

Judge McMillan, in going through the records of the probate court, has found several cases where there has been no accounting, or any other proceeding known to the court, for years. Citations have been issued to ascertain what has been done and close up administration as rapidly as possible. This work is elaborate and entails much labor in research. One party was cited this week who took out letters of administration four years ago and has never been heard from since. Other cases run back 15 years without settlement or report.

The following is for the benefit of those who occupy seats under the shade trees: Brain workers should arrange their hours of eating so that vigorous brain work should not come to a halt by the digestion of a hearty meal. While brain workers may require as much food as those who work with their muscles only, they should choose their food with special care so that it may be more readily digested, than where there is active exercise to assist the process. A good diet for brain workers is brown bread, cream, fresh butter, eggs, fish, oatmeal, cheese, a moderate amount of meat and fruit in abundance.

The competition for the principalship of the public schools here continues lively. The mayor and all the aldermen have been approached on the subject, individually and many applications have been filed, some of which are from abroad. There are also many applications for second position and the teachers generally. Prof. Greek is looked upon as a very desirable gentleman to re-elect but as he insists on an increase of salary over what it was last term, the council are in a quandry how they can comply with his proposition and thereby retain him. The whole matter comes before the council next week, Wednesday, July 1.

We had an illustration here last week of how the church is availed of to further purely selfish ends. The Ben Hur exhibition was an illustration of this kind in a very small way. The underlying object was not to aid the public schools primarily but "primarily" to give the owners of that exhibition an opportunity to avoid paying for a license to exhibit. This racket by which word quite brainlessly with other Ben Hur exhibitions, and as Ben Hur has a religious sentiment and connection running through it, it affords the exhibitors opportunity to play successfully on the religious emotion of churchmen and the pious generally.

THAT MURDER CASE.
In view of the case of the negro now in jail here, charged with wife-murder, the following is appropos:

"When a judge and jury have tried an offender and reached a verdict, the appellate court proceeds to try, not the prisoner for his guilt, but the trial judge for his procedure. Unless the latter can show that throughout the long and wearisome trial he made no mistakes, the case is sent back for new trial, and the time the witnesses have generally disappeared. The consequences of prolonged discussions and voluminous judicial essays on such details as the enpaneling of a jury, the spelling of a juror's name, the initials of a witness, or the omission or misstatement of some legal fiction or antiquated phrase, tend not only to move punishment far off from the criminal, but to depreciate the dignity and usefulness of courts. The decision of the court that tried the case comes to be so small consideration in public estimation, what may be said often is reversed by some distant judge who never saw the jury or heard a witness. The court above, after many months of delay, often decides on minute points, sometimes of mere practice, which nonprofessional persons can scarcely regard except with hilarity. Hence frequency of appeal in criminal administration has a mischievous tendency to minimize the respect with which every community should regard its local courts, and to impair the prudent reflection with which the people should select their judges. For what signify the qualities or capacity of a county judge, if he is to be a mere conduit through which all cases where the prisoner has any money must flow on to more distant courts for the only real and final decision?"—L. J. Wistar in June Lippencott's Magazine.

ST. JOHN'S DAY.

Shelby, Wilsonville, Calera and Columbiana Masonic lodges will have a public installation of their officers on Thursday, July 2, in this city. Sunday schools of each place will participate in the celebration. Picnic and band music.

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY.

Polls opened on Saturday at 8:30 a. m., and closed 5 p. m. Managers: A. M. Elliott, J. O. Farmer and J. T. Leeper. Everything passed off harmoniously.

CARD OF THANKS.

Undersigned hereby return thanks to all who so efficiently assisted at the fire last Friday.

MR. AND MRS. J. T. CROMWELL.

PROBATE COURT.

HON. D. B. McMILLAN, JUDGE.

Tuesday last, on petition, trial proceedings to show that Mrs. Armstrong who lives near Shelby, is of unsound mind. She is a widow and 47 years of age. The proceeding was brought to have a guardian appointed, and as the verdict of the jury was in the affirmative, W. R. Carter, of Shelby, was appointed guardian.

County Matrimonial Bureau.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Thomas Hope and Arbazena May (white).
Luke Thomas and Lucy Hale (colored).
George Boyd and Essie Smith (white).
Bingham Wallace and Mary Higgins (colored).
Boyd, Hope and Smith live near Calera; Wallace near Wilsonville.

PROPOSED MASONIC MOVEMENT.

It is under consideration here to organize a branch of the Eastern Star. There was recently held in New York a convention of the Order of the Eastern Star, which is woman's form of Free Masonry. And a very important organization it is, numbering 124,000 persons, constituting a secret society of women whose relations with each other are those of a sisterhood. They are pledged to perform acts of love, charity and religion, and a special object is the Eastern Star home, where members can live who have been overtaken by sickness, financial misfortune or old age. Meetings of the order are said to be exceedingly pleasing to the artistic sense, the grace and beauty of its members being augmented by the insignia they wear. The emblem of the order is a five-pointed golden star, studded with precious stones. The Order of the Eastern Star was founded about twenty-five years ago. Mrs. Jessie Ray, of New York, is grand matron of the society.

J. Milner has gone to Birmingham with fine, fat cows.

The broad smile, on their return, on the faces of the gentlemen who went to Calera Wednesday indicated everything was lovely and they got there with both legs up and a hoppin'.

The way drummers come in, and the orders they get, show present and prospective business lively, notwithstanding the weather.

GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE.

The Chance of a Life-Time to Get Married
In accordance with the custom, at this season of the year, to sell out below cost to make room for fall trade and stock, Cupid Hammond, ministering angel in charge of the Shelby County Matrimonial Bureau, has decided to make a sacrifice sale of marriage licenses in all shades, colors and designs; full weight; cut on the bias or straight; gored up the back; tucked; ruffled on the bottom or plaited on the sides, all a yard wide and warranted all wool, for the next thirty days. Come early and avoid the rush. These licenses are all guaranteed to wash (three times a day). No unmarried person should be without one. It is the chance of a life time. Don't forget the place. It is one of the two great monopolies in town; the other is the postoffice. Two dollars "in hand" to him paid," will secure one in a nice envelope with a beautiful and broad smile thrown in as a chromo.

PROTRACTED MEETING.

A protracted meeting was opened in the M. E. church here last Sunday. The attendance was good, notwithstanding the unsettled condition of the weather. Rev. T. M. Wilson preached morning and evening. The sermons were stirring and produced good and it is hoped lasting effect. Monday there were prayer meetings and preaching, Rev. F. S. Wilson, of Birmingham, assisting on this occasion. Tuesday great interest was manifested and some of the merchants closed their places of business in the morning and attended. Rev. Aiken arrived from Kynard Tuesday night and preached. All these ministers will be present and continue the meeting for several days yet.

Summer Homes and Resorts.

The Southern railway is the first of our great railway systems to give information to the public and to fix low excursion rates for a summer outing good for return until October 31st, by issuing, with usual promptness, its Summer Home and Resort Book.

It is handsome in design and artistic in every respect having thirty-two beautifully illustrated pages containing the most complete and conveniently arranged information calculated to answer fully and satisfactorily every question likely to be propounded, such as routes and distances, hotels and boarding houses, names of proprietors how to reach them, rates of board by day, week and month, etc.

The Southern offers a choice of mountain and seaside resorts, the surf bathing and sea breezes of some of the most delightful resorts on the Atlantic Coast or the cool mountain breezes of Swannanoa, Asheville, Lookout Mountain and others 2,500 feet above the sea level.

For copy of guide call at office of any prominent coupon agent or send 2-cent stamp to C. A. Benscoter, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agent, Chattanooga, Tenn.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWNE.

J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

That Tired Feeling!

Nobody is particularly anxious to spend their money. Everybody has to. Your wallet must be satisfied and it takes money to do it. A person is not apt to look cheerful over the prospect of spending money. Lots of buying is done with a long face. This is all wrong. I offer a change for the better.

You Feel Relieved—
The minute you see our Grand Stock of New and Popular Goods it looks fresh and desirable. The first glance shows you that you are on the right track. No mistake about this being a modern up-to-date line of goods. You wake up to the fact that you have got into the right store.The Feeling Grows—
When you commence to go into details, you feel as if the goods were bought on purpose for you. No trouble to make a satisfactory selection. It gets down to a question which is the most satisfactory.Trouble is Forgotten
When you learn our prices, they are always at the low water mark. We don't give goods away—we can't. We can sell goods very low—we do. This is a fact. We might brag about it, but what's the use—a word to the wise is sufficient. It's as true as truth that we sell goods cheap—we prove it.Happiness is Supreme
When you get just what you want at less than you expected to pay—we are treating customers to this kind of a surprise every day. We sell you a good article and let you off cheap. You will find our selections choice, our goods reliable, and prices satisfactory. A fair deal makes the buyer happy—we give it. To spend money and be happy at the same time go to

S. STARK.

Shelby, Ala.

J. B. Lewis & Co. SHOES

\$4.00

\$3.00

\$2.50

These shoes fit to perfection and wear as only the best of leather can. They're shapely, plant—the most comfortable of footwear. They always manage to let in air and keep your water.

Surely Your Dealer Sells Them.
FOR SALE BY
Lester, Mason & Co.A FOOLISH MAN
Is he who declares he never pays any attention to statements made in newspaper advertisements. What other way have I of attempting to convince you that I can shoe your horse in up-to-date style, and at a price so moderate that you will be ready with the cash the moment the job is done.Repair Work
a Specialty.
Nothing but good, honest work turned out of my shop. Can sharpen a plow while you wait. In fact I do any and all kinds of work that any blacksmith or woodworker is supposed to do; and, further, I will appreciate your patronage.TRY ME ONCE FOR LUCK
W. W. ALBRIGHT,
COLUMBIANA, ALA.Scientific American
Agency for
PATENTS
CAVEATS,
TRADE MARKS,
DESIGN PATENTS,
COPYRIGHTS, etc.For information and free handbook write to
J. A. Herzfeld & Co., 361 Broadway, New York City.
Check returned for advertising notices in America.
Every patent taken out by us is known to be valid.
Write for a notice given free of charge in the
Scientific American
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. Weekly. 25¢ a copy. (Sample free without charge.) Address: J. A. Herzfeld & Co., 361 Broadway, New York City.

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods
Silks, Satins, Chally, Dimities, Henriettas, Nuns Veiling, and Lawns,
And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES,
For Clothing and Gents' General Furnishings We're Headquarters as Usual.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00.

Wishing every body success, we beg to remain,
Yours Respectfully,
J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Prop'r's.THE RACKET STORE.
SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Prop'r's.

THE GLORIOUS 4TH.

HE church bells are merrily clanging. At the first red flash of the morn, And cannon are flashing and banging. And hoarse peals the ear-splitting horn: On the air floats the banner of glory— New stars its bright azure adorn— And all of the day tells the story When a nation to freedom was born!

All day, through the heat, Sounds the tramp, tramp of feet! 'Tis the rampant small boy, In a frenzy of joy, Over crackers—cracking, And the snappy whack-whacking Of pistols, torpedoes, and such— Ah, for him there is never too much! No pleasure can thrill him, No music can fill him With rapture so sweet As the popping of powder! (Now softer, now louder) And the rub-a-dub beat Of the drum, and the life-stirring scream of the fife. But night, with her mantle of peace, At last shutteth silently down Over country and village and town; For awhile in the air The bright, sky-rendering flare Of the rocket, the sheen Of the candle's tumultuous glare, Out-shining the starlight, are seen— Then quietly, one by one, Like the points down of the sun, The tumult, the glory, the surcease, And the day, that so noisily rose, Sinks down to unbroken repose. Unbroken? Hah!—Bang! bang! bang! bang!— Bang! bang! bang!— Bang!— And the world sleeping is.— C. O. Thomas, in Christian Work.

JASON'S DOUBLE INDEPENDENCE

[Original.] ON'T be much of a holiday to-morrow, I'm afraid," remarked the storekeeper of the prairie settlement to the company gathered in his little room.

"Because the cattle's comin'?" put in a settler from across the creek. "Little thing like that hadn't ought to prevent Lone Prairie's havin' a good time on Fourth o' July."

"We'll have too much to do. The herd's a big one, or Jason Moore would not come in with it."

"His first trip to town in six years, I'm told. A woman was in it—wasn't there?"

"Yes, his girl married another man, or something like that."

Two well-dressed gentlemen, sharp contrast to the settlers, entered. They were buyers from the city at the mouth of the river, come to inspect the big herd of Texas cattle to come in on the range.

"What did you say this peculiar herder's name is?" one of them, tall and dark, asked.

"Jason Moore, the best-known herder on the grazing ground—an' the best one, too, I reckon."

The stranger seemed a little startled, but he only remarked: "Good day for him to come to town—Fourth of July."

"But there ain't much going on that I know of."

There was something going on, and each member of the settlement found out what it was the next morning early when a small boy on horseback made the rounds, firing a large torpedo at every cabin door and announcing to the startled inmates that a flag-raising would take place at noon out at the schoolhouse.

"Guess we might as well go out and see the fun," remarked George Harlan, the dark-visaged stock buyer. "It's mighty dull hereabouts."

"All right," added his friend, and the two went across the level plains with the rest toward the tiny schoolhouse, set in the midst of the prairie five miles away. A few cottonwood trees were making a brave effort to shade the yard, but were somewhat bent by the steady south winds.

A considerable company of farmers, ranchmen, boys and girls, wives and sweethearts, were gathered and the teacher, pretty, blue-eyed Anna Leland, was busied of all arranging the programme and preparing for the raising of the silk flag which some friends in her old home in western New York had sent to the school.

"Now, Mr. Graham," to the storekeeper, "I shall ask you for a speech."

"Don't do it—I'll break down," yet everybody knew that he could talk longer than any speaker on Lone Prairie.

As the strangers rode up they were closely watched by the settlers and the assembled families. Harlan was a graceful rider, and not even the Texas pony on which he was mounted could unseat him. He was not in time to see the school-teacher, for she had gone inside the building.

the ranches we've been lookin' for, an' it ain't a mile away."

Silently they gazed. Then, as if a commander had come out of the midst of an army, a single horseman was distinguishable in front of the wall of dust and was evidently advancing on the schoolhouse group, gaining rapidly on the herd, now visible, plodding along behind.

"It's the boss herder, comin' in to pick a camp," remarked Graham.

He was right. In a few minutes a wide-hatted, handsome cowboy dashed up and dismounted, his big spurs jingling merrily as he walked.

"Well," he began, with a light smile breaking over his naturally stern features, "are you here to give me a reception?"

"Hardly," said Graham, coming forward; "we didn't expect you quite yet."

"We're here, just the same, and the cattle are coming fast, too. They're anxious."

He was right. The herd had advanced very fast and the settlers were all on the opposite side of the schoolhouse watching the approach.

As the herder stood there beside the steps, with the bridle reins hanging loosely to his arm, suddenly came a vision in the doorway. It was a young woman, dressed in a fresh pink gown; she had laughing blue eyes and a pleasant face.

But the face grew pale and the girl started back nervously. "Applaud!" said the herder, in a voice which told of deep emotion.

"Jason!" Her words were as strangely spoken.

For a moment neither said more; then the herder went on:

"Why are you out here?"

"Why shouldn't I be? We couldn't all live on that little Illinois farm, and wages are better out here on the prairies than there."

"But—but they told me you were married—to Harlan."

"Who told you?"

"It came from him, I think, and if I find him—"

"Hush—you can find him, for he is not far off. I saw him pass the window a moment ago. He, too, is a westerner and is buying cattle."

"I've been raising them, out on the Texas plains, an' I have almost forgot I had a country, so long has it been since I saw civilization. This is my first trip in from the ranch in four years or more."

"Well, you'll know you have a country on this trip, for to-day is the Fourth of July."

"Is that why all these folks are gathered here?"

"Yes, and I'm to have a flag-raising."

Jason's brown face colored and with a bow in which Anna thought she realized some of his old-time courtliness, he leaped in the saddle, pressed the spurs deep into his pony's flanks and was off.

Faster and faster until the pony fairly flew over the level sod, but the herder was also advancing. The stranger who lay on the ground looked pitifully at the destroyers. The crowd of spectators at the schoolhouse was intensely interested and excited and wondered what the outcome was to be.

Boldly Jason rode and well. He plunged in ahead of the foremost cattle and with a speed which kept him in the lead made a direct course for Harlan. The latter had half risen and was, bewildered, awaiting his destiny. As Moore drew nearer he was recognized and Harlan felt deep down in his heart that his case was hopeless. For the in-

stant that the two men grazed into each others eyes the old fire of hatred shone—but Jason did not even tighten the reins. He felt for that instant how easy it would be to fall but he did not intend to.

Catching one spur safely in the cinch straps he leaned far over in the opposite direction until his brassy hand could sweep the grasses. The cattle were not ten feet away and a single slip meant a life.

But he did not make it. The trembling form of Harlan met the strong wrist and arm of his rival and Harlan was swung across the saddle bow. Then on and on like the wind, taking the precious lead to a place of safety. When he had reached it and the avalanche went roaring by, only to be stopped after miles of mad racing by the mere force of weariness, they rode more leisurely.

"Blessed if he ain't fainted," was Jason's first comment when he reached the schoolhouse and laid his burden on one of the long desks. But Harlan was not seriously disabled. Some water in his face revived him, an ex-physicsian among the settlers pulled a dislocated limb into place and he looked like himself again.

The rescuer, avoiding the crowd that came forward to praise him for his bravery, sought the blue-eyed woman whose heart he thought he now knew beyond a doubt.

"He's all right," Jason began. "Thanks to you, sir."

"I don't care to be thanked," bitterly. "I've sat up nights hating that man out there on the ranches—I don't hate him now, but I don't care to have too much glory out of this thing for fear I will."

Anna said nothing. She was a very clever woman. "Come," she called to the settlers. "It is 12 o'clock and the stars and stripes are waiting for the prairie breezes to kiss them." Several young people giggled.

In a moment all were seated on the grass in front of the building and the teacher stood before them. They sang

whistle of a quail—anything sudden and strange. In this case it was a Fourth of July firecracker, and it did its work well.

"Bang!" A thousand heads were raised. Bellowing sounds came from the leaders' throats; forefeet stamped angrily and then came the start! With heads thrown back, a dozen steers started off on their wild career. Hundreds followed them, and soon the herd was in motion. It became a blind, unreasoning horde, carrying death to whatever living thing came in its way and controllable only by adroit side-riding of the cowboys.

Jason and the school-teacher stood watching the transformation. They saw, besides the hurrying herders, a stranger in a light suit riding fast in front of the herd.

"That," spoke the girl, "is Harlan." Jason strained his eyes, gazing at the man. Then he turned to watch his companion jealously. Did she feel an interest in Harlan? He could not tell.

Then something happened. In an instant, the twinkling of an eye, the horse Harlan was riding gave a lurch and fell headlong, his rider partly under it. Coolly Jason watched them. The horse was evidently hurt, for it did not rise—neither did the man, though he freed himself from the saddle.

But why need Harlan rise—a dozen rods away came the wave of flesh which was to make of himself and horse an indistinguishable mass hammered into the sod by thousands of hoofs.

Jason knew this and he felt conscience-stricken that his heart contemplated the catastrophe rather gladly than otherwise. What could he do anyway?

That he could do something was evidently the school-teacher's view, for turning to the boss herder, she spoke clearly and firmly one little word—but its speaking meant life or death. It was: "Go!"

Jason's brown face colored and with a bow in which Anna thought she realized some of his old-time courtliness, he leaped in the saddle, pressed the spurs deep into his pony's flanks and was off.

Faster and faster until the pony fairly flew over the level sod, but the herder was also advancing. The stranger who lay on the ground looked pitifully at the destroyers. The crowd of spectators at the schoolhouse was intensely interested and excited and wondered what the outcome was to be.

Boldly Jason rode and well. He plunged in ahead of the foremost cattle and with a speed which kept him in the lead made a direct course for Harlan. The latter had half risen and was, bewildered, awaiting his destiny. As Moore drew nearer he was recognized and Harlan felt deep down in his heart that his case was hopeless. For the in-

stant that the two men grazed into each others eyes the old fire of hatred shone—but Jason did not even tighten the reins. He felt for that instant how easy it would be to fall but he did not intend to.

Catching one spur safely in the cinch straps he leaned far over in the opposite direction until his brassy hand could sweep the grasses. The cattle were not ten feet away and a single slip meant a life.

But he did not make it. The trembling form of Harlan met the strong wrist and arm of his rival and Harlan was swung across the saddle bow. Then on and on like the wind, taking the precious lead to a place of safety. When he had reached it and the avalanche went roaring by, only to be stopped after miles of mad racing by the mere force of weariness, they rode more leisurely.

"Blessed if he ain't fainted," was Jason's first comment when he reached the schoolhouse and laid his burden on one of the long desks. But Harlan was not seriously disabled. Some water in his face revived him, an ex-physicsian among the settlers pulled a dislocated limb into place and he looked like himself again.

The rescuer, avoiding the crowd that came forward to praise him for his bravery, sought the blue-eyed woman whose heart he thought he now knew beyond a doubt.

"He's all right," Jason began. "Thanks to you, sir."

"I don't care to be thanked," bitterly. "I've sat up nights hating that man out there on the ranches—I don't hate him now, but I don't care to have too much glory out of this thing for fear I will."

Anna said nothing. She was a very clever woman. "Come," she called to the settlers. "It is 12 o'clock and the stars and stripes are waiting for the prairie breezes to kiss them." Several young people giggled.

In a moment all were seated on the grass in front of the building and the teacher stood before them. They sang

"America," and then Miss Leland came forward.

"There are two kinds of independence," she began, "one of country and the other of heart. This flag we are about to raise will teach us the first, and yet the other is of as much importance. To-day a member of this circle, strangely brought among us, has thrown away a needless slavery which has bound his heart. He has a new independence that will make him better and worthier." Then she told them how the flag was sent her, the scholar of the school read the Declaration and amid the racket of a dozen of the largest firecrackers, the silken banner was pulled up the pole and its folds floated proudly in the breeze.

While Mr. Graham made his speech, Anna went to the other side of the schoolhouse—and Jason followed.

"Did you mean that?" he whispered. "Mean what?" Anna was very innocent, as well as clever.

"That word 'needless'?" "Did I say that?—probably I meant it."

A small boy who peeped around the corner was greatly shocked to see the big-boarded cowboy kiss the teacher.

"I don't believe," remarked Jason, a little later, "that my independence did me much good. I seem to have lost it again mighty quick."

Anna did not argue the question. CHARLES MOREAU HARGER.

OUR INDEPENDENCE DAY.

The Inspiring Effect of Its Observance Upon the Minds of the Young.

The Fourth of July stands to-day as it has stood some hundred and twenty years, the nation's chief holiday. We sing of our flag: "It made and preserves us a nation." The same might be said and sung of this gay anniversary.

It is a significant and inspiring fact that the day is so hugely enjoyed by the young. One unacquainted with its exact import might be led to suppose it was some great holiday especially appointed for the delectation of the youth of the land. Inherent in their rollicking hearts seems to lurk and live the impression that the day with its racket and din was created for the boys and girls of the country—rather more particularly for the boys. Yes, it is inspiring to see them, inscribed on every many little crest seem to glare the words: "Verily, we are the people!" and who betide the mistaken stranger who might on this auspicious day essay to take the spirit of independence out of them. It makes the tears start very often, it must be confessed, in older eyes, when the smart little company in knickerbockers and paper feathers goes racking by, the latent patriotism discernible in the very tramp of the juvenile heels, and the awful law of the responsive tin horn. The inevitable outcome of it all occurs to the older mind, and the question flashes: will the boy later on be on the right side in the tumult of life? It has been told that a father was once forcibly reminded of the strength of his influence with his son, when on seating himself at a hotel table the waiter inquired of the lad what he would have to drink: "What-ever my father has," was the swift response. The unquestioning faith and assurance of safety in following his parent's example might well give rise to caution and prudence on the parent's part.

"My father says so," is what forms the grand ultimatum of proof or conviction in the loyal hearts of most of our boys; and so, "what father says" should be guarded with exceeding care. It is true everything goes toward feeding and adding to the natural enthusiasm awakened by our Independence day. The flag floating from the schoolhouse; the observances and orations of Memorial day; the firecrackers, cannon and fireworks of the Fourth of July. Recently, also, in some of our public schools the Declaration of Independence has been repeated in concert by the scholars until its time-honored paragraphs are ineffaceably placed in the retentive memories. And the marching high-school battalions are highly suggestive of the spirit of the times. This spirit of patriotism and independence is as irrepressible as the waves that beat along the shore. It comes from way beyond any teaching the child has directly received concerning such matters, and is as spontaneous and natural as the breath he draws. It is as undeniably and evidently a God-given instinct as is love of the little innocent heart for those who are its nearest and its dearest.

Instincts in human beings need training, and even spontaneous impulses are to be molded and guided by those looked up to as examples. In the excitement of a rather fierce debate bearing on political matters two gentlemen were awhile ago checked by the presence of a little lad whose interest in the discussion caused him to throw in a word or two on his own account. The disputants suddenly paused, laughed a little at the anxious concern of the listening boy, and straightway proceeded to discuss matters in less heated terms. It would be an excellently good thing if many properly inclined men could so shape their conversation on absorbing topics as to render it entirely fit for the ears of their attentive children. He serves his country most worthily who lives purely and uprightly, and who by both precept and example leads those committed to his care into paths of rectitude and right. Living and teaching thus, the true man and patriot establishes for himself and for his children a basis of real independence enabling them to recognize, to love and to defend the right. It has been men of stamp who have helped to upbuild our glorious republic.

"He serves his country best. Who lives pure life, and doeth righteous deed. And walks straight paths, however others stray. And leaves his sons as uttermost bequest. A stainless record which all men may read: This is a better way."

—Pine Knot is the highest place in Kentucky, 1,428 feet.

DUN'S COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

The Monetary Market Awaiting the Chicago Nominations and Action on the Silver Question—Many Cotton Mills Closing Down—Good Crop Reports Cause a Reaction in Wheat—Hoot and Shoe Industry Booming—Leather Lower, Etc.

NEW YORK, June 27.—R. G. Dun & Co. in their commercial review today say:

Figures for the week have been 27 in the United States, against 250 last year, and 24 in Canada, against 23 last year.

The monetary outlook is not yet clear to some. The strength shown in recent conventions by advocates of silver coinage and expectation that all the elements favoring that policy may yet be concentrated, incline men to a waiting attitude. The uncertainty retards improvement, notwithstanding the more widely prevalent feeling that the monetary action of the St. Louis convention will be sustained by the people.

But many mills have waited as long as they can with safety and signatures have been given cotton mills of Fall River to insure a temporary stoppage, it is said, the nature of which is under discussion in conference with the Providence manufacturers. Meanwhile the Pacific, of Lawrence, and the Naumkeag, of Salem, have closed for a time and practically all the southern cotton mills will be represented at a meeting on Monday with the same object.

Woolen mills are active without concert, but 14 are mentioned in dispatches as having closed this week. There is no similar movement in other industries, though the period of summer closing is at hand in many of them and important controversies as to the wages of iron puddlers and other hands make it likely that the annual stoppage in that industry may last longer than usual.

The weakness of wheat, which has declined 2.10 cents, and of cotton, which is an eighth lower for spots, though loss for futures, have full explanation in decidedly good crop prospects.

It may be doubted whether the boot and shoe industry has ever been in better shape on the whole, though manufacturers complain that an advance in price is necessary, which dealers are very reluctant to pay.

Leather is slightly lower for kinds not controlled by the Leather company, and at Chicago packer hides are steady, while country have advanced a shade with small receipts. Copper is held at 11.75 cents. Lead is hardening at 3.05 cents, and American tin plates are well sold at 15 cents below foreign.

The great combinations which, the iron age wisely reasons, tended to cause disastrously low prices for labor, still control the market, both for material and finished products of iron and steel, though it is reported that lower prices will be soon made for coke, owing to better utilization of products, and for nails, owing to heavy decrease in consumption. The billet pool reports no large sales, but middlemen or outsiders continue to undersell them.

The new demand for finished products is very light, and while quotations average a shade lower, most of them are cut to secure business.

Bessemer pig is a shade lower at \$12.25 at Pittsburgh.

The textile manufacturers, as has been said, are generally devising curtailment of production, and the only change in prices is downward.

LANDLORDS' CLAIMS

Against the Tippecanoe Club of Cleveland, O.

CLEVELAND, O., June 27.—Landlord Miller, of the St. James Hotel, St. Louis, came to town yesterday and asked the Tippecanoe club to pay him a little over \$4,000.

"The committee having charge of the pilgrimage to the convention," said one of its members, "agreed to send him \$500 people. We sent five to him and they paid their own bills. We did not send more because the contract was cancelled."

"It was our intention to quarter a number of the colored delegates in the hotel. Mr. Miller sent us a written statement to the effect that he would not receive them. Then we notified him that we would not be bound by the contract."

Mr. Miller says he will bring suit if he does not get the money. The Lindell hotel, St. Louis has a claim for \$3,000 against the club. The members say they have a good defense, but are not ready to make it public.

TERRIFIC EXPLOSION.

Which Cost at Least Two Lives, Caused by a Child.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., June 27.—A terrific explosion of blasting powder occurred at the Petros (Tenn.) railway station for state convict mines at Brushy Mountain, Thursday afternoon. It demolished the general store and hotel kept by Sam Joyner. Several kegs of powder which were in the building were evidently ignited by Willie Joyner, the little son of the proprietor, who was burned to death. A stranger named Maiden was killed, and a number of persons in the building seriously injured. Mrs. Elizabeth Schubert, manager of the hotel, was perhaps fatally hurt. A relief train with physicians was dispatched to the scene from Harriman.

INVADE JAPAN.

American Green Goods Men Seek a New Field.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—American green goods men are operating in Japan and complaint has been made to the state department by some of the intended victims through McVoy, United States consul at Kanagawa.

Mr. McVoy has sent to the state department copies of green goods circulars sent to people in his consular district. The green goods operator directed that communications be addressed to Carlos Lopez Weston, Yu

A CRUSH AT CANTON.

Five Thousand Women Attend a Reception to Maj. McKinley and to His Wife and Aged Mother—Stirring Speech by Mrs. Alice Danno Jones, Which Brought Tears to the Eyes of Her Auditors—McKinley's Life Commended.

CANTON, O., June 27.—The reception by the ladies of Canton to Maj. and Mrs. McKinley and the venerable mother of Maj. McKinley, indicates that the candidate nominated at St. Louis appeals in some way with great power to the sentiment of the women of this community, for they came forth by the hundred and by the thousand, without regard to party or sect or color, to do honor to Maj. McKinley and the two ladies. For more than two hours an unbroken stream of women, two and sometimes three abreast, passed in at the front doors of the spacious Miller residence, thence to the receiving room and out by a side door. There were women of all ages and condition. Young girls of 12, grandmothers and great-grandmothers pushed in side by side. Substantial matrons of the city, wives of the great manufacturers were crowded between bevels of shop girls and typewriters. There were pretty girls, homely girls, stylish girls and girls plainly from the country and the country dressmaker.

It was a good-natured, smiling crowd, and it numbered 5,000. While the women walked through the house, the orchestra, concealed behind a great bank of ferns, palms and flowers played and the movement of 500 tongues did not wholly drown it. The house was a bower of bloom and verdure. Hundreds of roses, carnations and potted plants had been used with a happy skill by the decorators. The girl typewriters all said it was "simply elegant," and there is no doubt that the effect was a charming and satisfactory one. The flowers and palms were thickly studded with tiny electric bulbs. The light of day was excluded, and when the incandescent burners blazed forth amid bloom and leaves and from the ceiling, the spectacle was a radiant one.

The reception commenced with a speech. It was made by a Canton lady, Mrs. Alice Danno Jones. Mrs. Jones stood in the window of the reception room and spoke to the sea of bobbing parasols on the lawn. This was before the doors were opened and the assembling hosts of women had to listen to the speech or go away. None of them went, for the speech was good and is destined to have wide currency in the campaign. It was just the sort of speech the good people of Canton wanted to hear, and during its delivery many a woman indulged in the luxury of a furtive tear. Among other things Mrs. Jones said:

"Fourteen years ago, on the Sunday following his nomination, James A. Garfield walked into the old home church, bearing on his arm his aged mother, and on last Sabbath morning into the church of his early faith walked our future president, and with him walked his mother. With home anchorage such as this, we women have no fears that under the coming administration heartbreaks will burn dinner or counting rooms be closed. Our men may deal with questions of tariff and finance and political policy; we women believe that the importance of pure living is higher than all, and are satisfied that should you be called to preside over the destinies of the nation, we shall have a man at the head with a character so pure and a record so untarnished that any mother here to-day would feel proud to know that the steps of their little boys might be in lines parallel with his."

All the mothers with little boys felt the future glow with hope when the speaker uttered these words, and they applauded her vigorously when she finished.

Maj. McKinley in a dozen words thanked the ladies for their presence and took his place with his wife and mother to receive the women of his town. The reception to-day was the first formal expression on the part of the women of the liking they have for Maj. McKinley, and it was a very unique social and significant function.

WORKED FOR NAUGHT.

A Daring Attempt at Bank Robbery Cleverly Thwarted.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., June 27.—One of the most daring attempts at bank robbery ever perpetrated was discovered by the local police a few days ago, and the facts are just made public. A suit of mud-stained clothing was recently found in the rooms occupied by three noted crooks, which led the police to suspect that the trio were tunneling under some bank or safe deposit vault. Search was instituted, and it was discovered that the vaults of the First national bank had been undermined. A saloon, 100 feet distant from the bank building, was placed under surveillance and secret examination of the premises disclosed a tunnel two and a half feet square leading in a direct line from the cellar of the saloon to the basement of the bank. In the cellar was found a tub containing 31 sticks of dynamite and a quantity of gun powder. The tools used in digging were also found carefully concealed in the tunnel. The discovery was made none too soon, for another day's work would have sufficed to weaken the vaults enough to permit the use of explosives with certain success.

PROMPT JUSTICE

Meted Out to the Murderer of Elsie Kregle at Washington, D. C.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Irvin Ford, colored, was hanged in the district jail for the murder of Elsie Kregle, a 16-year-old white girl. His execution marked the culmination of the quickest case on record where the death penalty was legally indicted for a capital crime in the District of Columbia. The murder was committed on May 4. Ford was arrested May 7, indicted May 11, tried and convicted May 18 and sentenced on the 27th.

TENSION RELIEVED

By the Release of Crown Surveyor Harris on Response to Mr. Olney's Request, Although Clearly Arrested on Venezuelan Soil—English Claim in England Against Venezuela Expected to Subside and Arbitration to Preval.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Senator Rojas' dispatch announcing Surveyor Harrison's release relieved the state department and diplomatic circles of the tremendous tension they have been under for several days, notwithstanding the prevailing confidence that the blame would not be found to rest altogether with the Venezuelans.

The main question which is understood to have caused Secretary Olney the most concern was the exact location of Harrison's defiance of the written Venezuelan protest.

All doubts on this point were set aside when the geographical experts consulted decided that the proposed line of road from the upper Barima to the Cuyuni, where the surveying party was stopped, was clearly west of the Schomburgk line, and therefore in territory which the British had hitherto refrained from violating.

The Acaabari river and the Schomburgk line are identical at and near the Cuyuni, the Venezuelan district in which the arrest was made being named for the river.

A number of Englishmen and Americans are engaged in mining and other pursuits in this district, but they recognize Venezuelan jurisdiction and operate under Venezuelan licenses. The British Guiana police militia has not attempted to exercise authority in the district.

It is thought among officials that in view of the latest developments public clamor in England against the Venezuelans will promptly subside, and that in a spirit of fair play the authorities of the South American republic will be treated hereafter with much greater respect. Under such circumstances confidence is expressed that the incident will give a strong impetus to the movement in favor of settling the whole question through arbitration, instead of doing all that had been accomplished through Secretary Olney's firm and persistent demand that all boundary disputes on the American continent must be included in any general arbitration treaty between England and the United States. Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador, had an interview with Secretary Olney yesterday afternoon, presumably on that point.

YELLOW JACK IN CUBA.

The Drend Disease Has Made Its Appearance and Will Soon Become Epidemic.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The most alarming report from Cuba with respect to yellow fever comes from Sagua la Grande, where the marine hospital service is advised by its last report that there are 41 cases and four deaths. It is expected that within a very short time the fever will become epidemic, and if it does not become virulent in the city of Havana all previous experiences will be set aside. The department has, however, received no advice to the effect that cholera has appeared anywhere on the island.

The present war and its relation to the sanitary condition of Cuba is referred to in the last annual report of Surgeon-General Wyman and the statements then made will represent the conditions of this summer, only in a more aggravated form. On this subject Gen. Wyman then said that the insurance had interfered to a great extent in the transmission of exact information from the disturbed provinces and the normal condition of health in the island had been largely modified by the presence of a great body of non-immune Spanish soldiers. These persons have taken the disease, and added to the natural number of cases annually prevalent in that island. The difficulties experienced last summer will be met with again this year. Accurate knowledge as to the number of troops stricken with the disease is denied by the Spanish government. The reports from Havana last year showed a total of 1,593 cases, and a mortality of 30 per cent.

This summer special precautions will be taken to prevent the introduction from Cuba into the United States of yellow fever. Each of the four revenue cutters patrolling the Florida coast carries sanitary inspectors to intercept fishing smacks and other vessels coming direct from Cuba with no intent to enter legally any port of entry, and also for the purpose of intercepting any returning filibustering expedition or refugees seeking to land surreptitiously.

THE CHRONICLE

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, JULY 2, 1896.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JOSEPH E. JOHNSTON,
Of Jefferson.

For Secretary of State,
JAMES K. JACKSON,
Of Lauderdale.

For Treasurer,
GEORGE W. ELLIS,
Of Montgomery.

For Auditor,
WALTER S. WHITE,
Of Colbert.

For Attorney-General,
WILLIAM C. FITTS,
Of Tuscaloosa.

For Superintendent of Education,
JOHN O. TURNER,
Of St. Clair.

For Commissioner of Agriculture,
I. F. CULVER,
Of Bullock.

COUNTY DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Representative,
N. A. GRAHAM,
Of Calera.

For Sheriff,
AMOS DANIEL,
Of Wilsonville.

For Tax Collector,
A. F. SMITH,
Of Shelby.

For Assessor,
J. H. HAMMOND,
Of Columbiana.

For Treasurer,
W. A. THOMPSON,
Of Columbiana.

For Superintendent of Education,
C. W. O'HARA,
Of Columbiana.

For Commissioner 1st District,
HOSEA PEARSON,
Of Shelby.

For Commissioner 3d District,
R. H. WALKER,
Of Helena.

For Coroner,
J. M. BABB,
Of Vandiver.

SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

By direction of the Executive Committee of the Democratic party, for this, the Fifteenth Senatorial District of the State of Alabama, a convention of said party is hereby called to convene at the court house, in Wetumpka, Alabama, at 12 o'clock m., on Thursday, the second day of July, 1896, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for senator of said district, to be voted for at the next August election. The basis of representation in said convention has been fixed by said Executive committee as follows, to-wit:

Shelby county.....21 votes
Chilton county.....15 votes
Elmore county.....21 votes
This June 22nd, 1896.

H. L. WILLIAMS, Chairman.

"MARKED DOWN"—The confusionists.

THE confusionists are a two-headed monstrosity.

CAN it be that the "nigger" and the "buckra" have buried the hatchet?

THE straightout republicans are going to meet and lift the mortgage the pops put on their party.

IX August, the pops will weigh in at 1; repubs, 100; dems, 1,000.

THE Chronicle has no objection to a gold plank in its business platform.

THE silverites claim that sound money means "all sound" and little money.

Alabama Leader: "We are here for business. This paper cannot be run on wind." Other pop papers are doing it.

"NEVER put off till tomorrow what you can do today."—Proverb. Which applies to any one in arrears to this office.

WE see it stated that the western free silverites object to the new Jerusalem because its streets are paved with gold.

WE are sorry to announce that since the primaries several of the gentlemen who were candidates have got the lockjaw.

IT is evident Adam and Eve chawed, from the following: "Adam's Pepsin and Tutti Fruit Chewing Gum, all flavors, pkg, 4c."

POLITICAL lumber will go down after the great national conventions as then there will be a full number of planks in the platforms.

SOME of the general line of public speakers who will ascend the stump ere long have got their speeches well prepared and nicely packed in the form of compressed air.

AS now comes the assertion that says: "The cause of the hard times in most industries is owing to the bicycle." It takes a roll of greenbacks or its equivalent, to get a roll of bike.

ACCORDING to Leuwelock there are animalcules so small that 100,000 of them could be hidden under the finest grain of sand. If this is true the entire populists party of Shelby county could be completely hidden under one of said animalcules after the August election.

HARVARD COLLEGE has just conferred the honorary degree of Master of Arts upon Booker T. Washington, principal of the Tuskegee Normal & Industrial Institute. This is the first and only honorary degree ever bestowed by Harvard upon a colored man. A better subject among his race for such an honor could not have been selected.

HOBART.

The republican nominee for vice president may be unknown to the illiterate, but he can be easily located by us profound Latin scholars. He belongs to an irregular congregation and conjugation, whose present tense runs as follows:

Hobo, Hobamms,
Hobas, Hobatis,
Hobart, Hobant.

Translated into English it means: "I weary." "You weary," "He wearies," etc.—Cynthiana (Ky.) Democrat.

HERE in Alabama we see the populists, who everyone of them claim to be for free silver, hobnobbing with the gold bug republicans to defeat the democratic free coinage candidate for governor. Presto! At St. Louis we see the populist national committee in secret conclave with the bolting free silver republicans and issuing a call to their party to unite with the bolters to defeat the gold bug republican candidate for the presidency. What sort of a party is it, anyway?—Opelika News.

HAIR-SPLITTING on a legal technicality has released another alleged criminal, this time in Minnesota. The crime alleged was forgery, and the indictment charged the defendant with having fraudulently and feloniously uttered and disposed of a forged instrument then knowing the same to be forged. That would appear to the lay mind to be sufficiently definite. But it happens that the statute, in defining forgery, makes the crime to be the uttering of a forged document "as true." The words "as true" were omitted from the indictment, and this, in the opinion of the supreme court, was a fatal defect.

THE confusionists machinery has slipped another cog, and the executive committee has been called to meet today to patch up the break, oil up the joints, and start the rickety old combination to moving again. The republican nominee for county superintendent of education, S. S. Holbrook, or more properly speaking, the republican who nominated himself for the above office, has suddenly awakened to the fact that his health will not permit of his performing the duties of the office if elected, so he very promptly sent in his resignation. It will now devolve upon the committee to find another victim from the republican ranks. Dollars to doughnuts it will be Eugene Williams.

BILL STEPHENS, colored delegate to the St. Louis convention, and now boss of the republican party of Alabama, was asked while in St. Louis by an enterprising reporter to give his views on the money question. The following is his reply which you can figure out at your leisure:

WE ought to have a sound currency, an honest dollar, three in one and one in three. I favor both gold and silver, with malice toward none and good will to all mankind. And we ought to have a far-reaching employment of the material wealth of our urgent occasion so far as is consistent with conscientious regard for ultimate valuations and co-ordinate circumstances basically considered and gently, firmly treated. If our platform shall declare some simple point principle as this, the ticket will elect itself without anybody voting for it.

IMMENSE crowds are visiting the late residence of Mr. Jeff Wallace, a prominent planter in the Killingsworth neighborhood, in Bibb county, twelve miles south of Randolph, who died a short while ago. Mr. Wallis had dropsy, and before he died strange black spots appeared on his body. After the funeral, when the room in which he died was scoured out, black spots were found on the floor under the bed, exactly corresponding to the spots on the dead man's body, and no amount of scouring would bring them out. The strangest thing is the spots came and go and move from place to place about the floor, and no matter where the spots stop they cannot be scoured out. If a plank is put down in the track of the shadow, as it moves across the floor, the shadow does not show on the plank, but jumps to the other side apparently. The phenomenon is causing a great deal of excitement, and people from three counties have visited the house and viewed it. There is no denying the facts and no explanation has been found for the strange spots says the Lurven Journal.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a severe kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all kidney troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c for large bottle. At Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

THE POPS.

How They Talked About Fusion in Their Convention—The Bargain Four Years Ago to be Repeated.

The State Herald has had access to a full stenographic report of everything said in the populist convention at Montgomery on April 28th last, and gives extracts very interesting to democrats and populists. These extracts are the very words uttered:

Mr. Hobson of Tuscaloosa—"I feel it is my bounden" duty in view of the suspicion that exists * * * occasioned by the fact that there was a deal made in 1892 at Lakeview, unknown to the mass of the party, by which the entire electoral delegation of Alabama was to go to the goldbug Harrison.

Mr. Hobson—"The democrats of Alabama have adopted our platform in toto. Shall we let them crowd us out? Suppose the republican convention adopts a gold or straddle platform, as it will, and the national democratic convention declares for free silver? Gentlemen, where will that leave us? We will be tied (by fusion) to a goldbug party. They (the democrats) have also declared for fair elections. They can demoralize and disintegrate our forces if we put a republican on our ticket. They claim to be in favor of fair elections. What right have we to say they are not sincere? We thank the republicans for what they have done for us. We voted for their congressmen, we helped to elect their electoral ticket, and our debt of gratitude has been paid. We have 2,000 white men in Tuscaloosa. Put one republican on our ticket and we lose 1,000 of them. I don't want to lose a populist vote, and I know we would lose votes in Tuscaloosa county and they would vote for Joseph F. Johnston for Governor.

Sam Adams—No goldbug John Sherman republican is coming into this party to drive me out, and I want to say as certain as republicans are put on the populist ticket the very next demand is going to be to divide the electoral ticket, and if the republican convention adopts a goldbug platform at least half the populist ticket will be bound to stand by the nominee of that convention. There is more behind this than the mere question of the election in August.

Mr. Spear of St. Clair—"I have registered an oath in my heart never to vote for any man that belongs to a goldbug party.

Mr. Hobson—"We have had fusion in hundreds of instances. In every case it has proven disastrous * * * It has left a train of dissatisfaction in its wake; it has been as bloody as the battles of the Huns; it has disrupted the populist party in almost every instance. Nearly every populist paper in the United States opposes fusion.

Mr. Adams—"I think we had better re-organize the people's party in Alabama. It is about as good a time as we will ever get.

Mr. M. W. Whatley, Clay county—Mr. Grinnett says he is a republican and that he cannot afford to say he will not support the nominee of his party for president, no matter what the platform may be on silver.

Mr. Yearby, of Tuscaloosa—Mr. Grinnett said that the republican party was the party of his youth and he expected to vote for the nominees for president and vice president if nominated on a gold platform.

Mr. Longshore, of Shelby—He (Grinnett) stood by our ticket, but it is an utter impossibility in Alabama to elect a man on that ticket who says openly that he will vote for a goldbug.

The people where I live have declared they would not vote for any man who would vote for a goldbug. Mr. Grinnett has said he would support a candidate on a gold platform. It will lose him enough votes in North Alabama to defeat him, and it would be useless to put him on the ticket.

Dr. Crowe—"In 1892 when Chris McFee came to Alabama and persuaded the people's party to join with the republicans it made me sick at heart.

Mr. Oliver—"I asked him (Smith) if he was for free coinage of silver and he said he was, but was not a stickler for it.

Mr. Longshore—"And he said once positively that he would not endorse our platform.

Mr. J. H. Parsons, of Jefferson—"The populists aided in electing two republicans to congress. Didn't we know when we entered into the alliance with them four years ago what their views were.

Mr. Hobson—"It is better to lose the entire state and keep our organization intact, votes we will get in August than to drive off 1000 populists.

Delegate from Etowah—"We had a county convention on Friday and nominated a republican for tax collector. We called him before the convention and asked him: Mr. Stevens, are you a republican? He said he was. Then 200 of our men jumped up and said they would not support him, and furthermore, they said if that is to be the consequence we will vote for Joseph F. Johnston, and today if this convention puts men on the ticket who will vote for McKinley, Etowah county will be lost to us, and many other white counties up our way. I say today if we make the mistake of fusing with republicans we will lose more good populist voters than we will gain republicans.

Mr. Longshore—"Were there any men in that convention who would support Capt. Joseph F. Johnston? Delegate—"Yes, sir. They understand Johnston's situation exactly, but they have been democrats all their lives up to two or four years ago, and they say rather than support a John Sherman republican they will vote for Johnston.

WONDERFUL THINGS THAT ARE NEAR.

The Philadelphia Press says: "Flying is solved. The principle is known. A mechanical expedient is all that is now needed to make it successful. Practical flight is to-day not more than five or ten years off.

"A glowworm makes light with about one three-hundredth part of the force used in ordinary artificial light. When men know how to make light as cheap, streets and homes will be as light as day for a more fraction of what light now costs. This is near. Vacuum illumination without incandescence is already in full operation, and in a year or two should cut down the price of light to a sixth of its current cost, and in five or ten years light in a city may be, like water, turned on in every house at will.

"Compressed air has long been known to be the best way, theoretically, to store force for use in transportation. There is no waste and no deterioration. The need is a cheap and efficient motor to apply compressed air to city transportation. If this can be done, first the trolley poles and wires will come down, next the horseless, air-compressed motor carriage will do all the work of city delivery.

"When these changes come the only use for gas will be for cooking—if this is not done by electricity. Factories, also, before many years, will be run by transmitted electric power. This has begun to be done and in five or ten years will be completed, and the factory fire and boiler will be a thing of the past.

"The city of the future, and no very distant future, will have no trolley poles or wires and no horses. All movements will be on rails by silent air motors or by horseless carriages equally silent. All pavements will be asphalt. Unlimited light will be as cheap as unlimited water is today. No coal will be delivered at private houses and no ashes taken from them. With no horses, no coal and no ashes street dust and dirt will be reduced to a minimum. With no factory fires and no kitchen or furnace fires, the air will be as pure in the city as in the country. Trees will have a chance. Houses will be warmed and lighted as easily and cheaply as they are now supplied with water.

"A city will be a pretty nice place to live in when the first twenty years of the twentieth century are passed."

Low Rates for July 4th Over the L. & N.

"On account of the unusual preparation being made at Anniston for the fourth of July celebration the L. & N. R. R. has arranged for a special train service on that date, leaving Calera 6:30 a. m. in Columbiana 7:45 a. m. arriving at Anniston 10:30 a. m. Tickets will be sold at the remarkably low rate of one and one-third fare for the round trip. See agent at your station and get rate and time of trains as a good time is in store for all who attend."

Tickets will be on sale July 3rd and 4th, good returning until midnight July 25th, and these tickets will be honored on the regular as well as special trains."

For further information address,
W. E. KNOX,
Superintendent.

Election Notice.

The State of Alabama Shelby county.

Notice is hereby given that there will be an election held at the various voting places in Shelby county, Alabama, on Monday, the 3rd day of August, 1896, for the purpose of electing a Governor for the state of Alabama, Secretary of State, Attorney General, Treasurer, Auditor, Superintendent of Education and Commissioner of Agriculture. Also a Senator for the 15th Senatorial District and representative for Shelby county in the General Assembly of Alabama, a Sheriff, Tax Collector, Tax Assessor, County Treasurer, County Superintendent of Education, Coroner and one Commissioner each for the 1st and 3rd Districts of Shelby county, also two Justices of the Peace and one Constable for each Precinct in said county.

Witness my hand this 1st day of July, 1896.

H. W. NELSON,
Sheriff.

Non-Resident Notice.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.
John Auel, complainant vs. Joseph P. Condon, Defendant.

In Chancery. Sixth District, North-Eastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of Robt. Chisolm attorney and agent for John Auel, that the defendant Joseph P. Condon is a non-resident of the State or his residence is unknown and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Chronicle, a newspaper published in the County of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said Joseph P. Condon to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 26th day of July A. D. 1896 or, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office in Columbiana this 20th day of May A. D. 1896.

GORDON DEBOISE,
Register.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County. Frankie McClellan, Pro and Complainant, vs. S. R. McClellan, Defendant.

In Chancery. Sixth District, Northeastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of W. T. Johnson attorney of record for the said complainant, that the defendant S. R. McClellan, is a non-resident of Alabama and resided, when last heard from, in Indian Territory, and further that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that publication be made in the Chronicle, a newspaper published in the County of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said S. R. McClellan to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 3rd day of July A. D. 1896 or, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office, in Columbiana this 26th day of May A. D. 1896.

GORDON DEBOISE,
Register.

Notice

TO DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.
To whom it may concern:
The tax collector of said county has filed in the office of the Probate Judge of said county, a list of delinquent tax payers and real estate upon which taxes are due. The following named persons are reported therein as assessed to "owner unknown" the following mentioned real estate and lots. This is to notify you to appear before me on Monday, the 30th day of June, 1896, then and there to show cause why a decree for the sale of said lands and lots should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed against you and the fees and cost.

This 18th day of May 1896.
D. R. McMillan,
Judge of Probate.

Barber, R. T., one vacant lot in Shelby, tax \$30, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$1.75.
Bennett, P. G., lots 24 and 25, block 119, lot 2 block 20 lot 26 block 119 in Shelby, tax \$90, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.

Bell, T. A., lot 5 block 60 lot 25 block 60 in Shelby, tax \$32, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.

Bridges, John M., one lot in Shelby, tax \$50, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.75.

Cummings, A., lot 12 block 115 in Shelby, tax \$42, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.

Caton, A. S., lots 6 and 8 block 115 in Shelby, tax \$40, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.90.

Clark, Robt. L., lot 10 block 70 in Shelby, tax \$40, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.

Deardman, Mrs. M. A., one house and lot at Shelby Springs, tax \$1.80, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

Hickman, Francis, 3 acres in the n.w. 1/4 of the sec. 5 tp 22 r 3 w, tax \$50, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.

Lazarus, D. R., lot 32 block 48 in Shelby, tax \$20, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

Levy Phelix, lots 8 and 10, block 98, lots 4 and 6 block 100, lot 8 block 113 in Shelby, tax \$112, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.

Lee, G. T., 1/4 of the n.w. 1/4 of sec 25 tp 10 r 3 w, 1/4 of the sec. 25 tp 19 r 3 w, tax \$4.50, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.

McLean, Mrs. Fannie, one vacant lot in Columbiana, tax \$50, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$1.80.

Newton, J. H., 1/4 of the n.w. 1/4 of sec 6 tp 24 r 3 w, tax \$40, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$2.00.

O'Brien, F. P., 1/4 of the n.w. 1/4 of sec 25 tp 19 r 3 w, tax \$1.44, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.

Parker, O. H., lots 2 and 4 block 65, lot 29 block 116 in Shelby, tax \$70, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.

Parker, W. C., and John Fry, lot 14 block 90 in Shelby, tax \$22, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.00.

Riggs & Richards, lot 32 block 121, in Shelby, tax \$70, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.

Riggs and Jones, one lot in Calera, tax \$20, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.67.

Safford, E. S., lots 10 and 8 block 92, lot 6 block 82, lot 6 block 106 in Shelby, tax \$216, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.

Smith, J. W., n.w. 1/4 of the sec. 10 tp 18 r 2 e, tax \$50, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$2.00.

Spradlin, Abner, lot 2 block 100 in Shelby, tax \$20, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.75.

Schived, J., lot 2 block 121, lots 16 and 25 block 113 in Shelby, tax \$60, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.

Tabor, R. K., lots 1 and 2 block 81 lot 2 block 91, lot 14 block 93, lot 30 block 97, lot 1 block 75 in Shelby, tax \$1.35, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.

Vroom, B. W., lot 5 block 61, lot 9 block 91 lot 14 block 93, tax \$40, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.47.

Owner unknown—Vacant lot, No. 2, block 82, according to Leonard Plot in Calera; vacant lot in Calera; vacant lot in Calera; state tax, 35 cts., county tax, 30 cts., special tax, 5 cts., cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.50.

Interest to be charged on property sold, from January 1, 1896 and on all taxes from December 1895.

A. F. SMITH,
Collector of Shelby County.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby county.

Probate Court, June, 1896.

Estate of Joseph T. Dorrough, Deceased.

To Lydia M. Dorrough, who resides somewhere in Texas, but at what particular place is unknown, William D. Dorrough, who resides at Cloverland, Miss.; John C. Dorrough, of Middleton, Ky.; James W. Dorrough, of Columbus, Ga.; Francis Harden, wife of William Harden; Margaret, wife of J. H. Frankland; F. F. Dorrough; A. N. Dorrough; Donie, wife of J. Lee; Antisette, wife of W. G. Musick; Abner J. Dorrough; Hugh L. Dorrough; Julia A. William E. and L. A. Dorrough; Victoria, wife of N. D. Musick; Simon E. Dorrough; Johanna, wife of — Falkner, all of whose place of residence is unknown.

This day came W. F. Thetford, Jr., as administrator de bonis non of said estate, and filed his application to due form and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therein, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of division, upon the ground that the same cannot be divided equitably without a sale thereof. It is ordered that the 22nd day of June, 1896, be appointed a day for hearing said application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

D. R. McMillan,
Judge of Probate.

Register's Sale.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County. American Mortgage Company, of Scotland, Limited, Complainant vs. H. R. Wells, Administrator et als, Defendants.

In Chancery, at Columbiana, Alabama, Sixth District, Northeast Chancery Division.

By virtue of a decree rendered at the Spring Term, 1896 of the Chancery Court at Columbiana, Shelby County, Alabama, in said cause, I shall proceed to sell to the highest and best bidder, for cash, at public auction, in front of the court house door in the town of Columbiana, Alabama, within the legal hours of sale, on Monday, the twenty-ninth day of June 1896, the following described property, to-wit: w 1/4 of sw 1/4 of section 2, the sw fractional quarter of section 3, w 1/4 of sec 3, the e 1/2 of sec 4, and e 1/4 of sec 4 and the w 1/4 of sec 4, all in township 24 range 12. Also the w 1/4 of sec 4 of section 8 and the n 1/4 of sec 4 of section 14. All in township 24 range 15, containing in all six hundred and forty acres, more or less, to satisfy said decree.

GORDON THROSE,
may 28-31, Register in Chancery.

Administrator's Sale.

State of Alabama, Shelby County.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. D. R. McMillan, judge of probate for Shelby county, I will sell at public auction, in front of the court house of Shelby county, Alabama, on Monday, the 29th day of July, 1896, at twelve o'clock, all the following described real property belonging to the estate of Joseph T. Dorrough, deceased, to-wit: e 1/4 of sw 1/4 of sec 24 17 r 1 e, lying in the county of St. Clair, state of Alabama, and sw 1/4 of n 1/4 and w 1/4 of sec 4 and e 1/4 of sw 1/4 and sw 1/4 of sec 24 18 r 1 w, lying in Shelby county Alabama. Terms of sale—one third cash, one third Jan. 1 1897 and one third Jan.

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, JULY 2, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Southern Railway.

NEW SCHEDULE.
No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 3:25 p.m.
No. 16, passenger, leaves going north, 11:37 a.m.
No. 62, local, leaves going south, 7:45 a.m.
No. 61, local, leaves going north, 1:20 p.m.

Post Office.

Mail closes 11:07 a.m.
Trains due, 11:37 a.m. and 3:25 p.m.
Mails open 1:20 p.m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 3:25 p.m.

LOCAL VIVISCOPE.

A so't job—picking out work for the fool-killer.

Mrs. Chas. Sparks, of Shelby, visited friends here Monday.

After all, an aching heart does not hurt like a tight shoe.

The Commissioners court will meet in regular session Monday.

T. R. Wagner, of Syluria, transacted business here Tuesday.

A. F. Smith and wife, of Shelby, were visitors in town Sunday.

Miss Alma Duran, of Calera, is a guest of friends in town this week.

Robert Beavers, Esq., left Tuesday for a visit to his old home Vincent.

Frank Jackson, of Kynufga, spent Saturday with friends in our town.

Miss Mary Liles is spending the week at the Chautauqua in Talladega.

D. A. Cromwell, of Montgomery, spent Friday last with relatives here.

W. F. Thoford, Jr., left Tuesday for a visit to Talladega and Anniston.

Frank Spears and Robert Oliver, of Shelby, attended church here Monday night.

Mrs. S. L. Husbands, of Valdosta, Ga., is on a visit to her father, Rev. Mr. Liles.

Miss Georgia Leeper, of Birmingham is on a visit to friends in this her former home.

Miss Georgia Cromwell is visiting friends and relatives in Clanton and Maplesville.

The road to happiness like the straight and narrow way is apparently difficult to find.

J. S. Falkner spent Sunday with home folks at Sterrett, returning here Monday afternoon.

Representative N. A. Graham and wife, of Calera, spent Tuesday with Columbiana friends.

Miss Lucy Smith is in Talladega this week in attendance upon the meeting of the Alabama Educational Association.

Haller says that a single female house fly will lay 20,000, 320 eggs in one season. A partial explanation of the abundant crop this year.

Henry Milner has treated himself to a new bike, and by the way, it's a ladies bike. Does he hope to substitute it for a family carriage.

We are enjoying an abundant crop of blackberries this season, and our housewives are busy putting them up in various ways for winter use.

The protracted meeting closed Tuesday night, and the results are very encouraging. Twelve were added to the church, and great and permanent good, we trust, was done.

J. W. Dyke and Miss Emma Millstead, Geo. Mason and Miss Elva Greek, John Wilner and Miss Myrtle Swain, Horace Hammond and Miss Alma Duran, had a merry trip to Shelby Springs Tuesday afternoon.

Unintentionally the name of J. M. Babb, the democratic nominee for coronator, was omitted from the county ticket. However, as he will be the next coronator dead sure, he can readily forget the omission, and begin to feel good.

The matter of paying off the county scrip has repeatedly been brought before the commissioners court for action, and will be decided at the July term. There seems to be a strong sentiment in favor of favorable action by the court.

Another new building a certainty in the near future. J. G. Parker intends at an early day to tear down his present dwelling and put up in its stead a handsome five-room cottage residence. The plan is being drawn now, and in a short time the contract will be let.

The new watch is said to have a photograph cylinder hidden away, and at the hour and each quarter of an hour a tiny voice will be heard giving you the exact time. You will simply touch a spring, hold the watch to your ear, and the little fairy on the inside will whisper the hour.

Next Tuesday the city council will meet in regular session. The first important business to be transacted will be the selection of a principal and three assistants for the free school. There are quite a number of applications and a lively tussle for the positions is a certainty. We hope no mistakes will be made.

The masonic installation and Sunday school celebration to be held today in the grove near W. G. Parker's residence promises to be largely attended. Ex-Gov. Cobb will deliver an address to the Masons, and it is the intention of the committee on pro-

gram to have several short speeches to the children by the superintendents of the various Sunday schools represented. Shelby, Calera, Wilsonville, and people from other towns near by will, we hope, turn out in force. A most enjoyable day is promised all who attend.

Shelby County Matrimonial Bureau.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John Latham, of British, and Della Albright of near Columbiana; Wright Elliott and Mrs. Francis Williamson, of Shelby, the latter couple colored.

French Nabors, aged 78 years, died very unexpectedly at his home in Montevallo Sunday night. True he had been in feeble health several months, but Sunday afternoon he was up sitting on the porch. He was a staunch democrat, an esteemed citizen, a kind, affectionate husband and father. Our sympathies go out to the bereft family.

It is current rumor on our streets that the postmaster at Calera is thinking seriously of resigning. He says a certain chronic loafer of the town who spends most of his time about the office, and who is too indolent to shoo the flies off when they light on him, has so demoralized his lies that it is necessary to take a club and actually kill the pesky things in order to get rid of them.

As a fitting tribute of high esteem, and as a mark of confidence the democracy of Shelby county have again called Hon. W. B. Browne to the responsible position of chairman of the county executive committee. He has demonstrated his ability in former campaigns and has always come off victorious. That he will do so again goes without saying. He is a certain winner.

The county democratic executive committee held a meeting here Tuesday. Only two or three beats were not represented. Encouraging reports were brought from every portion of the county of daily accessions to our ranks. The committeemen are active, zealous democrats, many of whom wear the scars of many hard-fought political battles, and they are ready now to again buckle on the armor of democracy and fight gallantly for victory in August. And they'll win, too.

Mrs. D. A. Cromwell, who has been with her sister, Mrs. Huyett, received a telegram last Wednesday stating the sudden death of her brother, John Fraser. Mr. Fraser was attending the Baptist picnic from Montgomery at White Hall, and seemingly, was in perfect health, having spent all the forenoon in playing with the children and contributing generally to the happiness of the day. After dinner he was throwing rope for the little ones, and all at once complained of feeling tired, when he turned to sit down and immediately fell dead. It is conjectured he drank too much ice water, yet the cause must have been heart failure. Mr. Fraser has been in the cotton business for years in Montgomery, was a man well liked and of many noble characteristics. Mrs. Cromwell's many friends here deeply sympathize with her.

SHELBY.

Editor Chronicle—Please announce that President F. K. Eldridge, L.L.D., of the State Normal College of Alabama, is to be my guest July 11th and 12th, and he has kindly consented to speak while here on important topics relating to christian education. By arrangements with Rev. T. M. Wilson, Dr. Eldridge will speak on Saturday night and Sunday morning at the church of the Covenant Congregational, and on Sunday afternoon and night at the Methodist church.

Yours truly,
A. T. CLARKE.

STERRETT.

Joel H. Falkner "biked" up home Sunday.

Miss Lula Jarrett spent last week with her friend, Miss Bessie Harris, at Vincent, and returned Saturday accompanied by Miss Harris.

Miss Alice Kinnett, of Woodward, came over Sunday to visit relatives and friends, who welcome her in their midst.

J. S. Falkner, of Columbiana, spent Sunday with home folks and —

The protracted meeting here will embrace the fourth Sunday in July. It is to be hoped that we will have a good meeting.

The Cahaba Valley Association meets here Saturday before second Sunday in September.

SLY JERRY.

LEWIS.

A heavy rain fell Friday night on Four Mile.

Geo. Powell and wife, of Butler's mill, spent Saturday on Four Mile.

Died, at his home on Four Mile, June 26th inst. Hugh W. Elliott. He has been an invalid for several years, aged about 60 years.

Died, near this place on June 26th inst., infant of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Powell.

Hurrah for beat 9, it has one candidate in the round this time, which is Mr. Daniels. That will make a good run. Of course he is the man for the office.

Jas. W. Horsley will leave tomorrow for Sylacauga, to be absent several days.

The favorite hymn among our young people is: "He arose."

Bright and early Sunday morning Messrs. L. B. and G. W. Riddle, Jno. Lyon and Gleeves Jackson rigged up their wagon and accompanied by

Misses Myrtle and Alma Jackson, Florence Adams and Mattie Ray drove up to Union church about 5 miles north of here and witnessed a grand singing and happy occasion, of which all seem to be proud.

I am very sorry that the correspondent from Reeswax to the Advocate, has so plainly shown his ignorance to the public as to try to slur Nero, whom he know she cannot. He knows very well that it is not the man that boasts so much that gains the victory. I would like very well to buy Mr. X for what he really is worth, and then sell him for what he thinks his value is. As to politics he knows nothing of them. Mr. X may try to slur me again but you'll not find me a baby.

NERO.

LIBERTY.

Our farmers are laying by their crops as fast as they can.

Mrs. J. E. Crane who has been on the sick list, we are glad to say is improving some.

T. A. Nivens spent the latter part of week before last at Pelham, at the exhibition.

J. R. Adams staid in Weldon town last Saturday night and reports a fine time. Go again old boy.

Misses Luna and Velfa Jackson accompanied by T. A. Nivens and J. R. Adams went to the singing at W. A. Weldon's last Sunday night.

Miss Mary Weldon has accepted the position as school mistress, at Mt. Carmel high school.

Mrs. Nora Lester, who has spent the last two weeks with her many friends here, returned to her home in Columbiana last Saturday.

CRESWELL.

Miss Mattie Lowe, from the Kelley Creek neighborhood, spent last week with relatives and friends here, returning home Sunday.

G. W. Wallis, Jr., visited his brother, G. T. Wallis and family at Lawiers Sunday.

J. E. Stone, of Talladega, was down last week on business.

Mark the man or woman who see something good in everybody; there goes a magnificent soul. Also mark the one who seeks and sees something bad in everybody, there goes a dangerous soul.

Mrs. D. Fitch received a telegram a few days ago that her father at Birmingham was very low and she went over to see him. We are sorry to learn he is not improving any.

H. M. Judge came down from Birmingham Monday, to spend a few days.

May some of our beautiful young ladies be more thoughtful in the future and not talk and laugh so much in church especially during prayer and the preacher looking at them.

Rev. Mr. Warren will preach at the residence of Jack German (not Gorman) on Saturday night before the third Sunday in July. Let all go out and hear him.

A protracted meeting will commence at the Baptist church on Saturday before the fourth Sunday in July. Some have talked of making it a union meeting, and we hope they will do so. We are strong believers in union.

Rev. Mr. Sauls, of Childersburg, filled Rev. F. G. Mullen's place at the Baptist church last Sunday; but as the writer was neither here nor there we cannot give his theme, but all seem to be highly pleased with his sermon. So did Rev. Mr. Warren, Presbyterian, fill his appointment the third Sunday, and Rev. W. J. Ray filled his the second Sunday, both preaching good sermons to large congregations, but the writer being unavoidably late again failed to get their themes.

CHOCTAW.

WILSONVILLE.

Miss Willie Trennen, of Birmingham is the guest of Miss Sue Self.

Miss Mamie Taylor, of Talladega, is visiting Miss Lula Densler this week.

Come to the debate Friday night at the Wilsonville Institute.

Chas. Arnold was seen amongst the many drummers that were in town last week.

E. DuRamus is one of the Wilsonville bicyclist of the day. It is quite a sport to see him mount a twenty-eight inch wheel as it is almost as high as he is.

W. J. Tinney has accepted a position at the Pipe Works of Anniston, Ala. We were very sorry to see him depart for various reasons one of which is that he was our best ball player and it crippled our team very badly.

Rev. J. W. Cary has been assisting in a protracted meeting in Columbiana for several days past, but has at last returned home.

Messrs. Joe and Ed Spencer, Greeds, Thoford and H. C. DuBose spent last Friday and Friday night with us. There was an entertainment offered but on account of the heavy rain storm about dark it was a failure.

Prof. J. B. Kilpatrick preached two interesting sermons last Sunday. The subject or text, standpoint or golden rule or "simply," for morning was: "As a vesture shalt thou fold them up." For the evening same subject continued. We are always pleased to hear Professor preach and we never fail to give him a large congregation.

The "cross-eyed poet" (as I'm called by some of my Columbiana readers), will publish but few poems hereafter, the absence of these poems will no doubt meet the hearty approval of all the readers of my column. I know not who gave me the new name, but

they, he, she or it, must be a poplite or some kind of "lights" in the upper story." My appearance might make them think that my eyes are crossed. But my tongue and words of rebuke are not continuously falling around their pathway.

The ladies (both young and old) of our city treated the Wilsonville baseball team to an ice cream festival, for the benefit of their financial standing. This festival was an entire success in every respect. In addition to the people of our town the two Mr. Aveyerts and Messrs. Spears and Mosely, of Shelby, were present. While the cream was being served and it became a thing of the past, the entertainment was grand. This occurred Tuesday night beneath the spreading oaks; tangled vines and in the midst of the — at Mrs. Densler's.

The ball team having received and accepted a challenge from the Shelby ball club, to play us on our ground Friday caused a great deal of unnecessary trouble and expense, as they failed to show up. Our club was on the ground ready to play ball at the appointed hour, with the majority of the young people of Wilsonville to witness the game, accompanied by some of our Columbiana friends. We are sorry indeed that they did not appear as promised. Strictly obeying the rules the umpire declared the game 9 to 0 in our favor.

BOURGEOIS.

Democrats May Control the Senate.

Washington Star (Ind.).

The silver bolt at St. Louis makes it among the probabilities that the democrats will be in a decided majority in the upper house next winter. The short session from December to inauguration day promises, therefore, to be one of the most exciting and interesting ever held in the history of the country. The effect of the bolt, however, goes further than the coming winter and appears to jeopardize the chances of republican success in the effort that the party has been making to control both branches of the national legislature in the 55th congress, the first congress of the coming administration. According to the computation the chances appear to be against the republicans in this endeavor.

Delightful Summer Traveling. A Beautiful Route and an Attractive Schedule to the East.

The Southern Railway always on the alert to afford its patrons the best possible accommodation has inaugurated and placed in service a new solid train between Chattanooga and Norfolk, consisting of combination baggage car and coach, first class day coach and a elegant Pullman Drawing Room sleeping car, all of which are operated between Chattanooga and Norfolk without change.

Southern Railway train No. 16 leaving Columbiana 11:37 a.m. and arriving at Ooltewah Jet. 5:50 p.m. makes a close connection with this train; the through schedule being as follows: Leave Columbiana 11:37 a.m. arrive Rome 4:55 p.m., leave Rome 4:59 p.m., arrive Jet. 5:55 p.m., leave Ooltewah Jet. 5:59 p.m., arrive Knoxville 8:50 p.m., arrive Asheville 9:03 a.m., Greensboro 8:25 a.m., Raleigh 11:45 a.m., Norfolk 5:20 p.m. Close connection is made at Norfolk with boats for Washington, Baltimore, New York and Boston, thus affording one of the most delightful summer trips to eastern cities that can be obtained.

Westbound: this train will leave Norfolk 10:05 a.m., and arrive Ooltewah Jet. 7:45 a.m. next day, leave Ooltewah Jet. 8:45, arrive Rome 10:40 a.m., leave Rome 10:50 a.m., arrive Columbiana 3:28 p.m.

Alabama Chautauqua, Talladega. Reduced Rates Via Southern Railway.

The Alabama Chautauqua to be held at Talladega, Ala., July 2-31, 1896, promises to be very interesting, and an attractive programme has been arranged.

The Southern railway will sell tickets at rate of one fare for the round trip from all points in the state of Alabama, to Talladega and return from June 27th to July 28, 1896, inclusive, good to return on or before July 31, 1896.

Call on any agent of the Southern railway for further information.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else. Then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in coughs and colds. Free trial bottles sent by Dr. King's New Discovery drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

Cheap Rates to the Chautauqua.

In order to accommodate the people who desire to attend the exercises of the Alabama Chautauqua Assembly at Talladega, between July 2nd and 31st the Louisville & Nashville R. R. has arranged to put tickets on sale from all points in Alabama at one fare for the round trip. These tickets will be put on sale July 27th and will be good for return passage until July 31st. In addition to this the Alabama Mineral Division has arranged to run special trains on July 4th, 8th, 11th, 15th, 18th, 22nd, 25th, and 29th, leaving Atlanta at 7 a.m., arriving at Talladega 9:45 a.m., this train passing Anniston at 8:30 a.m.

Another train will leave Calera on these dates at 6:30 a.m. Columbiana 7:15 a.m., arriving at Talladega 9:30 a.m.

Returning trains will leave Talladega after the night exercises are over.

Tickets will be good on all regular or special trains.

Call on your nearest L. & N. agent for detailed programme or address the undersigned for other information.

W. E. KEOX,
Superintendent.

Courtesy.

From Tit-Bits.

"Did you see Broakton?" he asked as the bill collector came in.

"Yes, sir; I went in and told him I was a bill collector."

"And what did he say?"

"He said he was too, and that if I'd leave my bill he'd take pleasure in adding it to his collection."

A Reversible Name.

From the Washington Star.

"If this Mister Hanna gets to be the gre't man he promises now," said Mr. Dolan; "there'll be twice the number av babies named after him that there is named after most celebrities."

"Of see no rasyon for it," replied Mrs. Dolan.

"It's plain as day though. He's naturally qualified for the distinction. They kin name all the by babies 'Mark' an' all the girl babies 'Hanna,' an' there y'are."

He Knew Her.

From Tit-Bits.

Mr. Hardnut—I admit, sir, that my life has not been what it should be, but I truly and unselfishly love your daughter, and if ever I give her a moment's pain, I hope I'll be made to suffer torture for it.

Old Gentleman (warmly)—Oh, you will! You don't know her.

All the Same.

From the Chicago Tribune.

"Shall we go to the seashore or the mountains this year, Henry?"

"Whichever you please, dear."

"How good you are, Henry! Doesn't it make any difference to you?"

"Not the least. As I am dead broke you can have your choice."

Hard Lines.

From Truth.

"He is a mighty unlucky man."

"In what way?"

"Well, he married to get out of a boarding house."

"Yes?"

"And now his wife runs one to support him."

Returns Not In.

From the Chicago Record.

"I congratulate you, Wigginton, on having your three daughters married off."

"Just wait a while, Hopkins; I can't tell yet whether I have three daughters married off or three sons-in-law married on."

Tuffold Nutt—"Wot does all this talk about 16 to 1 mean, anyhow?"

Mosely Wraggs—"It means that when you git a gold dollar you kin take it to a bank an' git sixteen silver dollars for it. You're the derndest ignoramus I ever seen!"—Chicago Tribune.

Baptist Young People's Union of America. Milwaukee, Wis., July 16-18, 1896. Reduced Rates via Southern Railway.

For the occasion of the meeting of the Baptist Young People's Union of America, which will be held at Milwaukee, Wis., July 16-18, 1896, the Southern railway will sell tickets to Milwaukee and return at rate of one limited first class fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold July 13th, 14th and 15th, with final limit returning July 25, 1896, except that by deposit of tickets with joint agent at Milwaukee, on or before July 20, 1896, the limit may be extended up to and including August 5, 1896. Call on any Southern railway agent for further information.

Part of the Penalty.

From Puck.

Politics—The annexation of Cuba would be a costly piece of business.

Civics—Very! We'd have two more senators.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES,

Silks, Satins, Chally, Dimities, Henriettas, Nuns Veiling, and Lawns,

And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnishings We're Headquarters as Usual.

Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00.

Wishing every body success, we beg to remain,

Yours Respectfully,

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Propr's.

SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

W. E. KEOX, Superintendent.

From Tit-Bits.

"Did you see Broakton?" he asked as the bill collector came in.

"Yes, sir; I went in and told him I was a bill collector."

"And what did he say?"

"He said he was too, and that if I'd leave my bill he'd take pleasure in adding it to his collection."

W. E. KEOX, Superintendent.

From Tit-Bits.

"Did you see Broakton?" he asked as the bill collector came in.

"Yes, sir; I went in and told him I was a bill collector."

"And what did he say?"

"He said he was too, and that if I'd leave my bill he'd take pleasure in adding it to his collection."

W. E. KEOX, Superintendent.

From Tit-Bits.

"Did you see Broakton?" he asked as the bill collector came in.

"Yes, sir; I went in and told him I was a bill collector."

"And what did he say?"

"He said he was too, and that if I'd leave my bill he'd take pleasure in adding it to his collection."

W. E. KEOX, Superintendent.

</

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

The Brazilian sugar crop is reported to be an average one this year. Cedar wood is now being exported from Argentina to the United States by way of trial. The royal arsenal at Woolwich employs about 15,000 workmen, and has 40 miles of internal railways. There are 19,140,420 acres of timber lands in southern states, and the average yield of these forests is 3,000 feet per acre. The railway clearing house is one of the largest offices in Britain. It has a staff of 1,600 clerks and 450 out-of-door officers. The trade returns of Canada for the first nine months of the fiscal year show an increase in exports and imports of \$11,826,817 over the corresponding period of the last fiscal year.

THE WORLD OVER.

Eleven thousand brass bands play for the Salvation Army. England imports about 400,000 packs of playing cards yearly. From the latest census it seems that there are 2,741,949 gypsies in Hungary. In England there is only one place of worship to about every 4,000 persons. A flywheel in Germany is made of steel wire. The wheel is 23 feet in diameter and 250 miles of wire were used in its construction. One of the best-informed deputies in congress in Argentina says that there is a unanimous determination to insist upon the Argentine contention concerning the Chilian boundary, and that if it means war this will be accepted and that there will be no arbitration as to that point.

An Appeal for Assistance.

The man who is charitable to himself will listen to the mutts appeal for assistance made by his stomach, or his liver, in the shape of divers dyspeptic qualms and uneasy sensations in the regions of the glands that secrete his bile. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, my dear sir, or madam—is the case may be—is what you require. Hasten to use, if you are troubled with heartburn, wind in the stomach, or note that your skin or the whites of your eyes are taking a yellow hue.

EXAMPLES of vicious courses practiced in a domestic circle corrupt more readily and more deeply when we behold them in persons in authority.—Juvenal.

The Modern Mother

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only.

"But, waiter, if this is spring chicken, where is its wishbone?" Waiter (equal to the occasion)—"It was too young to wish, sir."—Detroit Free Press.

DR. CARLSTEDT'S German Liver Syrup is the Ideal Cathartic. Purely Vegetable. It promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. Sold in 81 Bottles at all Druggists or The Carlstedt Medicine Co., Evansville, Ind.

"The count seems to have no trouble in getting picked up by society." "Of course not. The handle to his name was such an aid."—Indianapolis Journal.

Firs stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free trial bottle & treatise. Dr. Kline, 939 Arch st., Phila., Pa.

AMONG THE BORISMAN.—"Where do you dine to-night?" "I do not dine—and you?" "Nor do I." "Very good. Let us dine together."—Courier des Etais Unis.

It is positively hurtful to use ointment for skin diseases. Use Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50c.

BIFKIN.—"Every one that rides in a Fifth Avenue stage pitches into them." Snifkin.—"Yes, and out of them."—Harlem Life.

FRANK.—"Do you always wait for inspiration before you write a poem?" Author.—"No. I always need ten dollars."—Somerville Journal.

"UNCLE BOB, what is a pedestrian?" "Why, he's the fellow who makes a row when a bicycle runs over him."—Chicago Record.

We have not been without Piso's Cure for Consumption for 30 years.—Lizzie Frazee, Camp St., Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, '94.

MR. BOODLES.—"You began life as a barefooted boy, I understand?" New Orleans.—"Yes, sir; I was born without shoes."—Tit-Bits.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c. WHEREVER the tree of beneficence takes root, it sends forth branches beyond the sky.—Saadi.

MOXEY is like manure, of very little use, except to be spread.—Bacon.

Econo-Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. Hood's Pills cure biliousness, headache.

Take a Trip on Lake Michigan

Scores of cities and resorts on either side of Lake Michigan offer to summer sojourners unrivaled inducements. The commodious steamships of the

Goodrich Line

sail daily from Chicago to all the principal ports and summer resorts on Lake Michigan and offer exceptional advantages to persons seeking a vacation of limited duration for health and rest.

H. A. BONY, General Passenger Agent. Foot of Michigan Ave., Chicago.

You can reach practically all the great resorts of America, by the through car lines of "America's Greatest Railroad"—

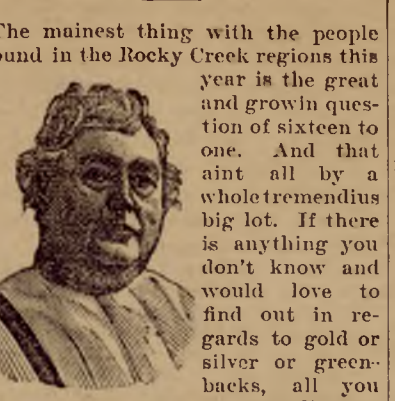
The New York Central.

HATS CLEANED and DYED. EQUAL TO NEW. ALFRED MEANS, 222 and 224 St. Louis, Mo.

"SIXTEEN TO ONE."

The "Mainest Thing" in the Rocky Creek Settlement.

A Follower of Fashion Who Bought Sixteen New Brides to One Poor Old Mule—Blev Scroggins Wanted to Move.



have got to do is to pack your wallet and come down into the most lovely strip of country in the round created world and mix and mingle around amongst the folks and live and listen and learn.

"Old Git" Sanders Now.

Now as for me, all I know—and you can stake your side whiskers and your Sunday boots I do know that for certain—is that at our house we most in generally always have about sixteen wants to one dollar. And it rales make but blame little difference with me whether it comes in gold or silver or paper so long as the feed bills and the store account stack up again us at the rates of sixteen to one. What shall we wear, what shall we eat, what shall we drink, and whereabout will we raise the necessary coinage—that covers all the ground for me.

Naturally, of course, I don't put my mouth up as anybody's prayer book, and there ain't no laws of compellment to make you believe everything I write and say. But I will bet sixteen good mules to one blind steer that I have got more than any livin' man in 17 states and territories. Every time I go to town it is daddly git this, and Rufus git that, and Rufe git somethin' else. Consequentially I have now took and changed my maiden name from Rufus to "Old Git." On my return back home the last time I went to town, when I first driv up I called mother and the children out to the wagon to help me unload the productions, and then I give out the new name and laid down the law. And I wouldn't be plum square and honest if I didn't own up to you that I used more plain United States language than Bible words by at least sixteen to one.

"By the seven stars and the Milky Way," says I to mother and the risin' generation of the Sanders race, "don't call me daddy and don't call me Rufus and don't call me Rufe any more. Dad blame it, that ain't my name nohow. By gattins give me a name that will fit the man and jest call me Old Git Sanders."

John Andrews Milligan is now out as a free silver candidate for the legislature, and he told me the other day if he wins his fight—which he thinks he will by a majority of somethin' like sixteen to one—he will work up and pass a law to make my new name stick.

"Sixteen to One" Connerway.

But let me write and tell you, white people, that old man Matthew Connerway—"Sixteen to One," as everybody calls him now—is way yonder the happiest as well as the most craziest mortal in all the regions round Rocky Creek this summer. He lives right over there in the hill country, and for the last three years—every day and every hour, wet or cold, hot or dry, at home or abroad, in sickness or in health—he has been preachin' forth the doctrine of free silver at the rates of sixteen to one.

And you, now, old man Connerway ain't the only sixteen to one free silver man in the settlement. You would have to burn the woods and sift the ashes to find sixteen men around here that ain't preachin' from the same text and fightin' under the same flag. But in the main time when "Sixteen to One" Connerway caught the disease he caught a tremendous bad case of it. And what was worse and still more of it, about the same time he was took down with a right hard spell of runnin' off at the mouth. He went forth into the highways and the hedges and talked free silver at sixteen to one so rapid and so constant, and preached the same old sermon from the same text over and over and over till now bless gracious he has went slap kerdab crazy on the question. He heft up under the strain right tolerable well till late along in the spring, when it come to pass that free silver was the winnin' card all around, and then it would seem like the old man couldn't stand it no longer. His head gearins jumped a cog, somethin' broke, and hereinafter after that "Sixteen to One" Connerway has been a standin' candidate for the Crazy Sileam.

To show you what a furious bad case of it the old man has got, the next day after we got the news that Tennessee had went a windin' for free silver he went to town, and I am all sorts of a liar if he didn't put in and buy sixteen new brides for one poor old mule. I took particular notice of the old man as he rid by our house on his return back home that evenin', and from general appearances I would judge that he had bit off about sixteen plugs of white whisky in one day.

Here we were last Luke Connerway's girl baby—which Luke and his wife live in the house with old "Sixteen to One," and they had three boys to one girl—she took sick with the slow fever and died. And whilst nobody would of thought it, the old man got up the next mornin' at first daybreak and took his spade and lit out and went over to the old Ebenezer graveyard. It was way up into the day before his folks could find him, and then, low and behold! he had dug sixteen graves for that one dead baby girl.

It is a real sad case if you think about it right sober like and serious, but, according to old man Connerway's present plans of government and money, and politics and religion, and life and death, everything in the whole discovered world must stack up and fill in and match out at the rates of sixteen to one.

A "Close Call" for Scroggins.

At the last regular meeting of the Rocky Creek Farmers' club Blev Scroggins—which you understand, Blev talks a whole passel sometimes jest simply

because the good Lord, in the wisdom of His grace and mercy, give him somethin' to talk with—Blev he spit it out as his private opinions in the Connerway case that when the old man went crazy he didn't have no very dur long journey to make. "The mainest trouble with the old man," says Blev, "was about sixteen ounces of skull to one spoonful of brains."

Of course, that is none of my business, and it wouldn't be right for me to say whether Blev was right or wrong in a general way. But there was two of the Connerway boys in the meetin', and it took some monstrous fast and fancy work to keep down the sheddin' of human blood and stave off a second-class funeral in the settlement.

You will take notice that my friend and fellow-citizen, Blev Scroggins, ain't no sixteen to one free silver man. He don't even sort half way make out like he is, and since the cards have been runnin' the other way like a shot, Blev has got his bristles up considerable. He gives it out in a crowd over at Cool Springs church on the last meetin' day that he was goin' to yoke up his oxen and pack his wagon and move off down into the cow country amongst the gall-berry thickets and see if he couldn't find a little patch of earth where everybody hadn't went crazy for free silver at sixteen to one. I reckon, though, that Blev was only talkin' that day to see how his voice would sound through his new straw hat. At any rates, I don't know where he would go to find that "little patch of earth" which he is lookin' for.

"No Such a Place on Earth."

That puts me in mind of Josh Maynard and the way in which he got wound up when the democratic cyclone struck this country—along in the fall of 1892, if I don't remember wrong.

You see Josh Maynard he lives up there in one of the mountain counties of North Alabama close to the Tennessee line. For years and years he had been servin' the people and the state as high constable of Stump Hill Beat, and since way back there before the war the republicans had been havin' their own way in Stump Hill by a round and safe majority. But in that election the democratic flag floated in triumph over all the ground from the mountains to the wiregrass country. Stump Hill smashed the records and swung over into the democratic columns. Consequentially when the storm was over and the smoke cleared away John Frank Adkins, a little red-headed school teacher, and a screamin' democrat, was high constable of Stump Hill Beat, and if there ever was a man which had the livin' socks beat off of him Josh Maynard went home barefooted that night.

Anyhow Josh went home foamatin', furious mad, and give it out that he was then ready to move his washin' right away immediately, and sooner than that if possible.

"Tear down and pack up, Miss Gracie," says Josh to his wife, "for to-morrow we will move and shake the dust of Stump Hill from our feet forever. For the first time since the battle of New Orleans were fit Stump Hill Beat has gone devil bent for the democrats and the old flag trails in the dust of desolation and defeat. By hokey I can't live and raise our children in such a lost and ruin'd country. I jest simply can't stand it, and I'll be durned if I don't move off somewhere else and find some spot where freedom still lives and the people ain't all fools."

Then Josh he got on his horse and rid over to the railroad station to hear the election news, thinkin' he might maybe stand the pain somewhat better if he could but only hear from a few points where the republicans had held their ground and whipped the fight. But all the news that come was set to democratic music, and from what Josh could hear and pick up it looked to him like the democrats had swept the earth as with a new broom. So presently he remounted and rid on back towards home. In the main time Miss Gracie she was tearin' down and packin' up to beat six bits.

"Wait, Miss Gracie, don't do that," says Josh, as he come in and found his wife turnin' the clothes chest wrong side out.

"What in the name of sense is the matter with you, Josh?" says Miss Gracie. "Didn't you tell me to tear down and pack up and we would move off somewhere else to a spot where everything ain't gone devil bent for the democrats?"

"That's what I said, but I reckon we mought as well live and die in Stump Hill Beat," responded Josh. "I would love to move, Miss Gracie, but, dad blame it, there is no such a place on earth."

Owin to bad seasons there is a right smart talk around amongst the farmers to the extent that corn has been overshot. Andy Lucens says his corn must of overshot itself, cause if it shot at all it "missed the whole darn field."

But in the main time our Aunt Nancy Newton she ain't gone nowhere. She has sent word by Andrew Jim that she will try and git in amongst us one day next week, fly bonnet, old pipe, thankay bad and all.

RUFUS SANDERS.

His Nerve Saved His Life.

Len Henry, a well-known pioneer, relates an adventure that is out of the usual order. He was traveling on a narrow rail above the raging Grande Bonde river when he came to a landslide about 20 feet across that left no trail or even a niche in the smooth, precipitous rock. The trail was so narrow that the horse could not turn back. He was trapped. Above the 20-foot break in the trail was a sharp crag of overhanging rock. On his saddle bow was a strong rope 60 feet long, and Henry is an expert in the use of it. He steadied himself upon the saddle, swung the rope over his head, and hurled it high in the air. It settled firmly over the crag. He tried to carefully. It was firm. His saddle was a new and strong one, with double cinches. Around the horn he wound the rope. He urged the horse on to the edge of the precipice. The faithful beast stood firm. He would not step over, but the rider drew up the slack and pulled with all his power. Inch by inch he drew the straining horse forward till his feet slipped and he swung over the chasm. The rider held his breath as he looked at the river below and the slender rope above, but he was across the gap. He sprang up the trail and tugged at the reins to aid the horse in gaining his feet. He pulled, and the horse leaped up into the trail with the chasm back behind.—Angonia Standard.

M'KINLEY HAS NO CINCH.

His Political Ambition May Yet Be Crushed to Earth.

The republican managers are already indulging in a beautiful pipe dream of success in November. They are quite unmindful of the known divisions within their party and of the recognized weakness of Maj. McKinley on the financial question in the east. They figure that his election is certain, and are already gossiping freely about the changes that he will make in the tariff schedules next March. One bright promise that they offer the business world is that in the event of his election he will summon congress in extraordinary session at once. One of the pilgrims that went out to the republican Mecca at Canton has returned, and says that it is the intention of the Ohio man, if elected, to call an extra session of congress immediately after his inauguration. This call will be made on the first day of March next, and will specify that the purpose of the session is to consider the tariff question. According to this statement congress would meet on the 15th day of next March, and be in session no one knows how long. The republican high tariff advocates who are counting upon so many chickens in advance of their hatching profess to be delighted with this promise of an early return of the high tariff agitation. But many conservative republicans, particularly from the eastern states, regard this advance declaration of what McKinley will do if elected as apt to prove very dangerous to republican prospects in this campaign. What the business interests of the country most desire at this time, according to these gentlemen, is an opportunity for rest and recuperation. The agitation of tariff and silver questions they hold to be mainly responsible for the desperate depression for the last three or four years. Except for the class termed "robber barons," eastern manufacturers and business men are well satisfied with the Wilson law. Even extremists among eastern republican manufacturers do not desire it changed in any important particulars. And even those who do wish to see it changed are not prepared for the wholesale tearing up that is proposed by McKinley enthusiasts.

Still another class of prominent republicans are much disgruntled with this announcement of the McKinley policy. They hold that no effort on the part of McKinley can put the tariff question ahead of the financial question. They believe the tariff question is settled, if not to the entire satisfaction of all, at least so that it meets the approval of a large majority of our people and should remain as it is for some years. The financial question, however, demands immediate adjustment, and its settlement should form the principal feature of any administration that comes into control of the government next March. The McKinley cry of protection and immediate prosperity is not popular in the east, however satisfactory it may be to that large element that hopes to get office in case the Ohio protectionist is elected, and that small class of tariff lords that wishes to resume its interrupted dominations over the people.—Detroit Free Press.

WHERE IS THE FLOOD?

A Republican Prophecy That Has Come to Naught.

In rebuttal of the oft-repeated statement that this country under the operation of the present tariff is being "flooded with foreign goods," it may be noted that the treasury statistics show that the value of the imports during 1895, both free and dutiable goods, was less than the average annual value during the four years 1891-94, inclusive. That the alleged "flood" will be found very much lower when the statistics for the fiscal year which ends on June 30 are made up is certified by the figures already made public.

The most noteworthy feature about the decline is as it affects dry goods, and in this respect in the figures for recent months the falling off is still further emphasized. During the current calendar year the dry goods entered at this port amounted in value to \$56,179,704, against \$66,432,240 during the corresponding period of 1895, a decrease of nearly \$10,000,000, or something like 20 per cent. On no class of goods is the decline so marked as in importations of woollens, which have shown a constant falling off during the present calendar year. * * * The sufficiency of the existing tariff as a revenue producer would probably be fully demonstrated in the event of a change to still higher duties being a "sure thing." The "flood of foreign merchandise" would then in reality set in, and while the change would be followed by a period of stagnation, for the time being the increased imports would clearly show the amount of revenue that could have been produced had prosperity but followed the enactment of the present scale of duties. And that prosperity would have been ours but for the reckless desire on the part of a portion of our citizens to upset the present standard of value.—Dry Goods Economist.

Lack of Discipline.

If the work of drilling and directing the McKinley cohorts during the campaign is to be assigned to Mr. Hanna, of Cleveland, he will have to instruct some of his recruits not to march before the order is given. The publication in the World of the McKinley letter of 1890 to the Stark County Farmers' alliance, favoring the use of all the silver product of the country, has caused a great deal of confusion in the ranks. Some of the supervisable editors of the McKinley organs rush forward to dispose of the question by calling it a "fake letter." This shows strange lack of discipline. The assertion is at variance with the statement of Mr. Hanna, who has probably known of the existence of the letter all the time. He contents himself with saying that "the letter was written in 1890. McKinley stands on his record."—N. Y. World.

The people are to be robbed in two ways. They are to receive 50-cent dollars at the rate of 100 cents as currency and are to pay from 50 to 100 per cent in the increased cost of goods produced by the tariff. This is the pernicious combination of silver and tariff designated as McKinleyism. It is the product of the Fifty-first republican congress, in the McKinley tariff and Sherman silver purchase act, which is to be revised in the election of McKinley as president.—Chicago Chronicle.

THE ADJOURNED CONGRESS.

Some Fine Specimens of Republican Statesmanship.

Congress is adjourned. With what brilliant promises the country was regaled for 13 months prior to December, 1895, of what would be done for business as soon as the republican congress assembled! And what a bitter and humiliating failure and worse than failure has to be acknowledged! Congressional capacity never before showed so small. Legislative ability never was so lacking. Statesmanship was altogether absent. Politicians were in the majority. The congress that promised so much good legislation devoted itself to playing politics with the result that it brought upon itself the greatest measures of discredit and contempt. Nothing was accomplished for the treasury, the nation's finances, the currency or the business prosperity of the country. It was a do-nothing congress, in every respect but one. It spent the people's money as it never was spent before. The total appropriations for this session of congress are upwards of \$515,000,000, according to republican figures. To this must be added more than \$100,000,000 which will have to be appropriated by future congresses to carry out works authorized by this congress. In river and harbor improvements alone the future appropriations necessary amount to \$65,000,000. So that while congress did nothing to replenish the treasury, nothing to increase the revenue, nothing to improve the currency system, it spent a greater sum than ever was spent at a first session before, and it mortgaged the treasury to the future for more than \$100,000,000.

That is republican statesmanship! The revenues last year amounted to \$300,000,000. The deficit was \$42,000,000. The total revenue this year will be something more. The deficit will be reduced to about \$25,000,000, because of economies in the last democratic congress. Congress knew the condition of the treasury. It is known that the revenues have not equaled the expenditures for several years. That has been the subject of unstinted republican complaint and criticism. But instead of addressing itself to the task of correcting the difficulty, the republicans went to work to increase the trouble. It spent \$515,000,000 on an income of \$325,000,000, and it will leave to the administration the task of finding the money. That is republican statesmanship as illustrated by the present congress, republican in both branches, and having in the lower house Thomas B. Reed for speaker, whose fame rests on his boast of "doing business." How long would it take such a congress to make a total wreck of this country if the firm, restraining hand of Grover Cleveland did not hold the executive pen?—Utica Observer.

THE RIGHT TO ISSUE BONDS.

Republicans Change Their Views to Suit Their Own Ends.

Since republican senators, as well as the populists, have raised the question whether the secretary of the treasury has the right to issue bonds under the resumption act, it is worth while to note what was the construction put upon the act about the time when it went into operation. Mr. Sherman, secretary of the treasury at that time, said in his report of 1878, shortly before the resumption of specie payments: "The power to sell any of the bonds described in the resumption act continues after as well as before resumption. Though it may not be often used, it is essential to enable this department to meet emergencies. By its exercise it is anticipated that the treasury at any time can readily obtain coin to reinforce the reserve already accumulated."

This was the contemporary construction put upon the act by the party in power and acquiesced in by the members of that party, including, no doubt, many of those that are now calling the power in question. Mr. Sherman goes on to say that the power to reissue United States notes was conferred by section 3579 of the revised statutes, and was not limited by the resumption act. A different opinion, however, prevailed in congress, for the act of May 31, 1878, was passed especially to prohibit the cancellation of greenbacks redeemed.

Mr. Sherman received great praise from his party on account of the successful resumption of special payments while he was secretary of the treasury. His construction of the law was generally acquiesced in then and ever afterward until the beginning of the present administration. Since then many republicans have vainly denounced the issue of bonds to maintain the public credit, simply because it was done by a democratic administration. Now, some of them go so far as to say that the issue of bonds is illegal.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

PARAGRAPHIC POINTERS.

—If it is all the same to Mr. Manley, Mr. Reed would like to cash in his own chips hereafter when he contemplates quitting the game.—Washington Star.

—McKinley mildly and theoretically disapproved trusts when running for governor of Ohio, but he has shown no symptoms of disapproving their contributions to his campaign fund.—N. Y. World.

—The alliance between McKinley and the leading members of the presidential trust, Platt and Quay, will make the men who preached of McKinley's abhorrence of bosses, feel sheepish.—Utica Observer.

—"Mars Hanna," said the colored delegate, "we wants to know how Mars McKinley stands on de money question. Our delegates is mighty uncertain, sah." And Hanna grinned. "Money question, eh? Well how much does de business?"—Albany Argus.

—Great is Hanna, of the hypnotized republicans! Just now and for a few months more he will be at the top of the heap. It will then rest with the electorate to determine whether the man whom they rejected shall become the ostensible head of the nation, with Mark Hanna, his maker, the real thing.—Detroit Free Press.

—It is interesting to see the inside workings of the republican machine, and to observe how the deal is put up which is supposed to carry with it the next presidency, without regard to the individual views of the millions of voters whose assent is necessary to success, and without a glimmer of devotion to those larger and truer and fiercer ideals, by which alone this country can prosper or be secure. It is the bosses, big and little, the machine men, who are now in the saddle. They are conducting this campaign from first to last as a heavy mercantile transaction. Will the deal work?—St. Paul Globe.

ASPIRING AUTHOR—"Do you run a 'Poet's Corner' in your paper?" Business Manager—"No. Our editor is a poet scorer."—Sourville Journal.

CONSTIPATION Cured by Dr. Carlstedt's German Liver Purgative. Samples and testimonials free. In Bottles only 25 cents. The Carlstedt Medicine Co., Evansville, Ind.

THE GENERAL MARKET.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 29.	
CATTLE—Best beefs.....	8 55 @ 4 50
Stockers.....	3 00 @ 3 75
Native cows.....	2 20 @ 3 35
HOGS—Choice to heavy.....	2 95 @ 3 25
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	82 1/2 @ 53
No. 2 hard.....	81 @ 81 1/2
CORN—No. 2 mixed.....	22 1/2 @ 23
OATS—No. 2 mixed.....	15 @ 15 1/2
RYE—No. 2.....	38 @ 37
No. 2 hard.....	38 @ 37
FLOUR—Patent, per sack.....	1 41 @ 1 00
Fancy.....	1 25 @ 1 50
HAY—Choice timothy.....	11 00 @ 11 50
Fancy prairie.....	6 50 @ 7 00
BRAN—(Sacked).....	32 @ 33
BUTTER—Choice creamery.....	12 @ 13
CHEESE—Full cream.....	10 1/2 @ 12 1/2
EGGS—Choice.....	74 @ 75
POTATOES.....	25 @ 31

ST. LOUIS.

CATTLE—Native and shipping.....	3 40 @ 4 25
Texans.....	2 40 @ 3 00
HOGS—Heavy.....	3 10 @ 3 35
SHEEP—Fair to choice.....	2 25 @ 3 55
FLOUR—Choice.....	8 00 @ 3 40
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	84 @ 84 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	27 1/2 @ 27 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	16 @ 16 1/2
RYE.....	31 @ 31 1/2
BUTTER—Creamery.....	11 @ 15
LARD.....	4 00 @ 4 05
PORK.....	7 05 @ 7 15

CHICAGO.

CATTLE—Common to prime.....	3 90 @ 4 40
HOGS—Packing and shipping.....	2 80 @ 3 25
SHEEP—Fair to choice.....	1 75 @ 4 55
FLOUR—Winter wheat.....	3 40 @ 3 00
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	57 @ 57 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	27 1/2 @ 27 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	16 @ 16 1/2
RYE.....	31 @ 31 1/2
BUTTER—Creamery.....	11 @ 15
LARD.....	4 00 @ 4 05
PORK.....	7 05 @ 7 15

NEW YORK.

CATTLE—Native Steers.....	3 40 @ 4 05
HOGS—Good to Choice.....	3 10 @ 3 30
FLOUR—Good to Choice.....	3 30 @ 3 40
WHEAT—No. 2.....	81 @ 81 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	27 1/2 @ 27 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	21 1/2 @ 22
BUTTER—Creamery.....	11 1/2 @ 15 1/2
PORK—Mess.....	8 80 @ 9 00

DRESSMAKERS

FIND THE ONLY ORIGINAL DESIGNS PUBLISHED in This Country

—IN— L'Art de La Mode, And all the most reliable information on the question of dress. Order of your News-dealer or send 35 cents for the last Number.

THE MORSE-BROUGHTON CO., 3 East 13th Street, Det. 5th Ave. and Broadway, NEW YORK.

When you come in hot and thirsty,—HIRES Root-beer. Made only by The Charles F. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A 25c. package makes 6 gallons. Sold every where.

ROOFING

Of All Kinds. GALVANIZED GUTTERS AND RIDGES. CRESTING FINALS, ETC. MANOQUE PIPE-IRON IRON CO., MEMPHIS, TENN.

OPION and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. FRANK J. WOODMAN, ATLANTA, GA. MEXICAN THIS PAPER every time you write.

STOPPED: HEART BURN, YUCATAN.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup, Dishes Good, Use in Time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION.

A. N. K. F. 1611

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the advertisement in this paper.

<

Mrs. HARRIET BEECHER STOWE, the author of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," died at her home in Hartford, Conn., on the 1st.

Vice-President STEVENSON arrived in Chicago, on the 1st, from Washington en route to his home in Bloomington. His wife and family accompanied him.

The debt statement, issued on the 1st, showed a net increase in the public debt, less cash in the treasury, during June, of \$1,820,853. Total cash in the treasury, \$853,905,635.

Turkish troops en route for Samarra, Syria, revolted at Jidda, on the 1st, and refused to go any further until their arrears of pay due, from 1894 to the present time, were received.

Ex-Congressman JOHN W. KILGORE died at his home in Lebanon, Pa., on the night of the 30th, from the effects of a carbuncle. He was a well-known republican, and spent many years in congress.

The funeral of Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe was held at her late home in Hartford, Conn., on the 2d. The services were of the simplest character. The remains were taken to Andover, Mass., for interment.

Col. JOSEPH C. McKIMBEN, ex-member of congress from California, died on the night of the 1st, at Marshall Hall, a resort on the Potomac river nearly opposite Mount Vernon, of which he was part owner.

In the British house of commons, on the 30th, Wm. St. J. Broderick, parliamentary secretary to the war office, stated, in reply to a question on the subject, that the total of the British forces now in South Africa was 5,920 men.

JUDGE COWING, in the court of general sessions, New York city, on the 29th, sentenced William Turner and William Robert Dunlop to nine years each in state prison on their plea of guilty of stealing \$60,000 worth of jewelry from L. Townsend Burden.

The board of officers appointed by Col. Andrews, commandant at Fort Niobrara, Neb., to investigate the killing of Private Weaver by a guard on orders of Lieut. Clark, reported to headquarters, on the 2d, that Lieut. Clark was perfectly justified in his action.

At St. Louis, it is said, "the choice of a candidate was settled in advance and the question was one of platform. At Chicago the platform is settled and the question is the man. What the Bland movement now needs and all that it needs is aggressive management."

A NEW political party was organized in Tacoma, Wash., on the 1st, immediately after the adjournment of the Bimetallic league of that state. The new organization is to be called the Free-Coinage Republican party, and it is composed of republicans who favor the free coinage of silver.

BLAND's candidacy is said to have interfered with the cleverly laid plans of any number of democratic leaders. Whether they be silver, gold or compromise leaders, the men addicted to the management habit are shy of Bland. The political management want somebody else, anybody else.

THE National Sunday School convention closed its first annual term of three weeks at Jackson, Tenn., on the 29th. The convention proved a decided success. Dr. L. H. Simmons, the originator, says that he has already made arrangements with some of the best lecturers in the country for next year.

THE July estimate of a Chicago statistician makes condition of winter wheat 71.8, against 74.3 June 1, and the condition in the six surplus states 82.4, against 86.4 last month; the average condition of spring wheat is estimated at 90.3, against 95.3 a month ago. Reserves of wheat put at 44,000,000 bushels—about the same as a year ago.

A PARTY of 13 business men, consisting of representatives of the National Association of Manufacturers of the United States, sailed from New York on the steamer St. Paul for Southampton, on the 1st, for a three months' trip through Argentina, Uruguay and Brazil, for the express purpose of cultivating closer trade relations with those countries.

At a meeting of democratic business men of Indianapolis, Ind., on the 29th, 42 of those present pledged themselves to go to Chicago on a special train and remain until after the Democratic National convention to work for sound money. A committee was dispatched to Chicago to secure headquarters, and a general invitation was extended to sound money democrats of the state to join them.

DR. MATILDA ADELE WALTER, W. H. Jemmett, father of Mrs. Walter, Ralph Creese, Walter Creese and Adam Miller, counterfeiters, were arrested in St. Louis on the 1st. At the home of Mrs. Walter a complete counterfeiting outfit was captured, consisting of photo engravings of a \$50 bill, some of the bills, the copper plates and all the necessary paraphernalia for etching the plates.

THE New York city jury which deliberated until a late hour, on the night of the 1st, over the evidence presented in the trial of John D. Hart, Emilio Nunez, Capt. O'Brien and Mate Edward Murphy, accused of having aided and abetted a military expedition to Cuba, came into the United States court, on the 2d, and told Judge Brown that they could not agree. They were discharged.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND left Washington, on the 30th, to spend the summer with his family at Gray Gables. With him went Private Secretary Thurber whose wife and children are at Marion, across the bay from the president's summer home.

THE CHRONICLE.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

VOLUME XI.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, JULY 9, 1896.

NUMBER 1.

JULY—1896.						
Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

CURRENT TOPICS.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

AFFIDAVITS were filed in Justice Tancey's court at Fort Wayne, Ind., on the 29th, against the players of the Fort Wayne and Saginaw baseball clubs, charging them with engaging in a game of baseball on Sunday in violation of the Indiana state law. The complaining witness was Rev. J. S. Ainslie, of the Congregational church. Rev. Mr. Ainslie is backed by the Ministerial association.

A NOTICE was posted in the Pemberton mills, at Lawrence, Mass., on the 30th, informing 200 operatives that the plant would shut down on Friday, July 3, and remain closed until September 8. Agent F. Clark explained that it was intended to make important repairs, and advantage is taken of the time to do this.

At Newport, Ky., on the 29th, Judge Helm overruled the motion for a new trial for Alonzo Walling, convicted as an accomplice of Scott Jackson, in the murder of Pearl Bryant. The appeals of Walling and Jackson can not be heard by the appellate court at Frankfort before the September term.

JOHN MCGINNEN and John O'Brien, both men of many aliases and both notorious bank robbers, were captured in Vancouver, B. C., on the 28th, by a Portland Ore., detective, and were housed in the Clark county jail. A man giving his name as Fred Martin, who was with the pair, was also arrested.

THREE unknown men near Muskogee, Okla., on the morning of the 29th, stole a work train engine, and ran it to Choctaw City, where they abandoned the engine and took to the woods. The railroad company has offered a reward for the capture of the robbers.

A PARTY of berry pickers, consisting of Alexander Anger, aged 40, his cousin Gene LaFornie and two nieces, Liza and Annie Anger, three girls of ten or twelve years, were struck by a train on the Massachusetts Central road near Worcester, Mass., on the 30th. They saw the train coming and ran for their lives, and had almost reached a place of safety when the engine struck them. The Anger girls were instantly killed, the LaFornie girl's leg was broken and the man's head was badly injured.

WORK on the largest fire engine in the world was completed, on the 30th, at the shops of a Cincinnati fire engine company. The boiler is 70 inches long and 40 inches in diameter. The two steam cylinders and two pumps are each, respectively, 10 inches long and 6 inches in diameter. The stroke is 9 inches. At full speed the engine's capacity is 1,300 gallons per minute. It was built for the Grand Rapids (Mich.) fire department.

FRANK IVES, the champion billiard player of the world, has made a will, in which he bequeaths his right arm to his physician for dissection. He does this in order that men of science may determine why he strikes a billiard ball harder than any other man living. Corbett, Fitzsimmons, Sandow and other athletes and strong men have competed with him and he has not been beaten yet.

THERE was no change in the situation in the Twin Shaft mine at Pittston, Pa., on the 30th. The rescuers continued to work hard in their endeavor to reach the entombed miners, and rapid progress was being made.

By the overturning of a boat in Lake Massapoag, near Sharon, Mass., on the 30th, Choir-master Brackett and four other boys of St. John's Episcopal church, Charlestown, Mass., who had gone there for a week's recreation, were drowned. Two other boys who were in the boat were saved.

It is stated that Gen. Jacques Nicolas Leger has been appointed minister to the United States from Hayti to succeed Mr. Clement Hietjacs, resigned. The new minister is expected to arrive during July.

The treasury deficit for the fiscal year ended on the 30th foots up \$25,500,000; for the past three years the deficit aggregates \$137,500,000.

FIDEL G. PERRA, a member of the Cuban junta and chairman of the Cuban Fair committee, called upon Gen. Tomas Estrada Palma in New York, on the 30th, and handed him a check for \$5,000, the first installment of the proceeds of the Cuban fair. "This is not all," said Mr. Perera. "As soon as we settle up completely, I expect to give you another check."

A DELEGATION of citizens of New York and Brooklyn called on Gov. Morton, on the 30th, and urged executive clemency in behalf of John W. McKane, the former Gravesend boss. A personal letter from McKane to the governor was presented by the delegation. It urged that McKane had fully atoned for his crime, and that outraged justice had been satisfied.

It is considered probable, at Havana, that Gen. Bradley Johnson, who has been acting as the correspondent of a New York newspaper, will have to leave Cuba on account of the reports which he has sent to the United States regarding Cuban affairs. By an explosion of ammunition during a fire in the arsenal near Fort Moselle, in the German province of Lorraine, on the night of the 30th, 42 men were killed and 199 others badly injured.

THE Cheyenne Indians in Montana have dawned their war paint and are holding pow-wows, preparatory to a general uprising. Several troops of the Tenth cavalry have been ordered from Fort Custer to the Cheyenne agency at Lame Deer, Custer county, Mont. The Cheyennes have been unusually indolent this spring.

CHARLES W. CLARK, son of W. A. Clark, the millionaire mine owner, banker and politician, and Miss Catherine Q. Roberts, of Helena, a young stenographer, were married at Butte, Mont., on the 30th. The groom's father presented him with a check for \$100,000.

The Confederate Veterans' reunion opened at Richmond, Va., on the 30th, with charming weather, clear and cool. An immense throng of people was present, and exposition grounds, where the reunion was held in a large auditorium erected for the purpose, was crowded. The auditorium was handsomely decorated.

By an explosion of gas in a man-hole of the Edison Electric Co., at Vabash avenue and South Water street, Chicago, on the 1st, two men were fatally burned and two seriously injured.

A DISPATCH from Kobe, Japan, dated June 15, received on the 1st, said the steamer Kawanoura Maru had collided with and sank the Hozui Maru off Hiroshima during a storm, and that 178 lives were lost.

The Red Star packet Rahmahneh, bound from Sukin for Suez, broke her shaft, on the 30th, and drifted upon a reef, where she foundered, and 60 persons, mostly Greeks, were drowned.

The progress of the unlawful demonstration growing out of the strike at the Brown housing works in Cleveland, O., was marked, on the 2d, by further bloodshed. Wm. Rettger, a young striker, who was pursuing a non-union workman, was shot dead by the latter, who was himself almost killed before being rescued by the police.

The police, while escorting the workmen to their homes, were followed and attacked by a mob numbering thousands. At the Fourth police district station they were ordered to charge and disperse the crowd, which they did, from 50 to 100 of the latter being seriously injured by the officers' clubs.

E. J. (LUCKY) BALDWIN, the millionaire horseman, had a narrow escape from assassination, on the 2d, at the hands of Miss Emma A. Ashley, the sister of Miss Lillian Ashley, whose suit for \$75,000 for alleged betrayal was in progress before Judge Slack in San Francisco. A bullet from the woman's revolver plowed through Baldwin's hair and buried itself in the wall of the court room near the bench.

THE Associated Society of the Red Cross of Philadelphia decided, on the 2d, to appeal to the public to aid the 33 widows and 180 orphans who are left penniless by the late mine disaster at Pittston, Pa.

GEO. A. R. LAWTON, of Savannah, Ga., died at the Clifton Springs (N. Y.) sanitarium on the 2d. He had a stroke of paralysis some days before, from which he did not rally. He was born in 1816.

THE Italian public revenue for the first half of the fiscal year just expired was 20,000,000 lire more than the revenue for the corresponding period of 1895.

THE German reichstag, on the 2d, passed the oleomargarine bill through second and third readings. The bill was ordered by the government.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

A DEADLY duel took place near Adairville, Ky., on the 5th. Dick Younger went to the town drunk and as he rode out of town he fired his pistol. H. H. Harmon, the town marshal, jumped on a horse and started after Younger. An hour later both men were found dead about one mile from the town.

THE natural gas production in the United States for 1895 is reviewed in a report of the geological survey compiled by Expert John D. Weeks. The total value was \$13,000,050, against \$13,954,400 in 1894.

DURING a thunder-storm on the 5th Arthur Poake, a farmer, was instantly killed by lightning in Knox county, Tenn.

The South Pittsburg (Tenn.) Pine Works has secured an order for 1,600 tons of cast iron water pipes for shipment to Costa Rica, Central America.

A TRAGEDY occurred near Fayetteville, Ark., on the 1st. Robert Wilkes and Robert Toney, brothers-in-law and neighbors, had been for some time enemies over the disputed ownership of a hog, which led to the tragedy.

RUFUS ROCK, Louis Davis, Lucky Davis, Maomi July and Sam Sampson, comprising what is known as the Buck gang, were executed at Fort Smith, Ark., on the 1st.

The director of the mint at New York on the 1st ordered the premium on assay of fine gold bars reduced to one-tenth of 1 percent.

THE indications are that the excess of government expenditures over receipts for the fiscal year will be about \$25,000,000, as compared with a deficit of about \$43,000,000 for the fiscal year 1895.

MANAGER DONNER of the National Tin Plate Works of Anderson, Ind., on the 30th discharged 500 men outright. The men and the company could not agree on a scale of wages.

HINDSALL BROS., woolen manufacturers of Pittsfield, Mass., whose plant employs 200 hands, made an assignment on the 30th. Dullness in the woolen market is given as the cause.

ON THE EVE OF BATTLE

The Silver Delegates Rest for Want of Material Upon Which to Impress Their Views the Question of Temporary Organization Receiving Attention—Roles Men Take Now Hope—The Coming Gold Dips from New York.

CHICAGO, July 2.—The proverbial calm before the storm prevailed today. Having accomplished everything possible in advance of the arriving of a respectable number of silver delegates on the ground, the democratic bimetallic national committee, and those co-operating with it took a rest from their labors, so far as meetings or conferences are concerned until tomorrow evening, when another round-up of all the white metal supporters then in Chicago will be in order.

The ranks of the 16 to 1 advocates were reinforced to-day by the arrival of Dr. J. J. Mott, of North Carolina, and who is chairman of the executive committee of the independent or new silver party, formed in Washington a year ago. For reasons which he deemed sufficient, and which he has not explained, the head of the silverites did not take up his abode at the Sherman house, where the silver headquarters have been established, but instead chose an hotel on the same street, but a couple of blocks away. From here, and without consultation with any of the silver people that preceded him, he sent an invitation for a conference on Saturday night of every representative or party favorable to silver, including populists, silver democrats and silver republicans.

As to what it was intended to accomplish by this conference, Dr. Mott was reticent, but the expressions of sentiment among those that flocked to his quarters during the day indicated a decided preference for the nomination next week of such a candidate as could be endorsed by the silver and populist conventions at St. Louis three weeks hence upon a platform dealing with no other issue than that of the free and unlimited coinage of silver. The executive committee of the independent silver party meets here Saturday, and at to-morrow night's meeting conference of the bimetallic committee and the silver delegates a committee will be appointed to meet the independents with a view toward united action.

Sentiment among the silver men crystallized to-day in favor of the selection of either Gov. Stone of Missouri or W. J. Bryan, of Nebraska, as temporary chairman of the convention with Senator John H. Harris, of Tennessee, and Maj. Towles, secretary of the bimetallic committee, as permanent chairman and secretary, respectively.

The story was published this afternoon that Senator Harris had been definitely chosen as permanent chairman, but at the headquarters in the Sherman house, the fact that no meeting had been held to-day was cited as proof positive that this was purely guesswork.

Through Senator Jones, the silver men went on record to-day as opposed to the suggestion made by members of the national committee that Senator David B. Hill might prove acceptable to both factions as temporary chairman. Senator Jones insisted that, while personally he had the highest regard for his New York associate in the senate chamber, he could not countenance the idea of a supporter of the gold standard presiding, even if for a short while only, over a convention that was opposed to his views toward gold. Senator Hill, he said, would not be acceptable to the silver people, and consequently there was nothing to be gained by a further consideration of his alleged availability.

In the absence of material—in the shape of delegates with votes—for the making of deals or the winning of converts, the boomers expended their stock of ammunition on the motley crowds that invariably invade the hotels on the eve of a national convention. Much of the fashion of the side-show men at the circus, they took possession of the rotundas of the hotels and held forth to those inclined to listen concerning the merits of their respective candidates.

At one time this afternoon four distinct booms were in process of advocacy on the ground floor of the Palmer house, and the cheers and yells and shouts and ironical ejaculations of the listeners combined to create a deafening din, as can well be imagined as described.

The friends of Mr. Bland were perhaps the most active. In addition to their headquarters at the Palmer and the Auditorium annex, they opened up rooms to-day in the entresol of the Sherman house, where a committee was appointed to corral such arriving delegates that first of all seek out the headquarters of the democratic silver committee.

Mr. Bland's friends were in high feather to-day, and while unable, on account of the paucity of delegates already in sight, to give out any definite figures, insisted that the prevailing sentiment in the city and the advice which they were receiving from outside warranted them in taking their stand that it was Bland against the field, and with the field already giving evidence of being decidedly on the run.

The friends of ex-Gov. Boies, however, were by no means discouraged by the claims of the Bland men, and fell back on the argument that it was votes rather than shouting that made nominees.

Delegate Brewster, of Ceston, one of the chiefs of the Boies bureau and who had a talk with Gov. Altgeld just before the latter left for Springfield last night, quoted him as declaring that he had not spoken a word on the subject of presidential possibilities; that he had no more friendly to Bland than to Boies, and that the time had not yet arrived when the Illinois delegation could fasten itself to any one candidate.

There was more or less talk about the hotels to-day concerning a ticket made up of the two B's—Bland and Boies—but the Iowa people frowned down any such suggestion.

HE WOULD GIVE AN ARM

For a Sight of His Country's Flag Once More, Says Owen Milton, a Prisoner in Cuba—How Gen. Olivera, Governor of Cabaneros Fortress, Tried to Bulldoze Him Into Revealing the Name of a Letter Writer.

NEW YORK, July 2.—A Herald special from Key West, Fla., says: There was a sensational scene in the Cabaneros fortress, Havana, on June 13, in which Owen Milton, the American captured on the Competitor, and Gen. Olivera, governor of the prison, were principals. Gen. Olivera had received an anonymous letter from Key West for Milton containing \$10, and had summoned the prisoner to his office. Describing what happened, Milton, in a letter to a friend here says: "Gen. Olivera showed the letter and money and said Consul-General Lee wanted to know the name of the writer. I refused to disclose the writer's name, and Gen. Olivera threatened to run his sword through me. Again he demanded the writer's name. I told Olivera I would furnish it to Gen. Lee in person. The Spaniard saw that I had penetrated his purpose, and stormed in a terrible manner, swinging his sword about my head. Finally he ordered me back to the prison, telling the guard not to let me escape. Olivera used Lee's name without authority and I have learned he has tried to trap other prisoners in a similar manner."

Milton says new prisoners are being thrust into the Cabaneros daily. Almost every new prisoner has a story of alleged Spanish atrocities to relate. Cipriano Perez, one of the late arrivals, tells of an alleged massacre near Cuernavaca. Spanish guerrillas, the prisoner says, raided an estate near that place on June 20, burning buildings and shooting Jose Gonzalez, Serafin Caravaja, Pedro Ilanero, Jose Castro, Juan Gonzalez, Merogito Perez and Julian Castaneda. Perez also reports that two women were killed.

Milton says he fears he will never live to return home. "I would give," he says, "one of my arms for a sight of the United States flag."

LIEUT. CLARK EXONERATED.

His Duty When He Ordered Private Weaver Shot.

OMAHA, Neb., July 3.—The board of officers appointed by Col. Andrews, commandant at Fort Niobrara, to investigate the killing of Private Weaver by a guard on orders of Lieut. Clark, have replied to headquarters that Lieut. Clark was perfectly justified in his action.

Weaver shot and killed Sergt. Livingston last Saturday morning and was shooting at others when Lieut. Clark called upon him to lay down his gun and surrender, and he refused. Lieut. Clark then ordered a guard to shoot and wound Weaver, which the guard did, but he struck a vital spot and Weaver died.

An officer at headquarters said that there never been a particle of suspicion, but that Lieut. Clark was right in his order, and had he not given it, thus placing the lives of other men in danger, he would have been court-martialed.

DEATH OF GEN. A. R. LAWTON.

Short Biographical Sketch of His Life.

CLIFTON SPRINGS, N. Y., July 3.—Gen. A. R. Lawton, of Savannah, Ga., died at the Clifton Springs sanitarium yesterday morning. He had a stroke of paralysis on Friday last, from which he did not rally.

Gen. Alexander R. Lawton was born in Beaufort district, S. C., in 1816. He entered West Point in 1835, having for classmates Generals Halleck, Stevens, Canby and Gilmer. He was colonel of the First Georgia volunteers when, in January, 1861, he took possession of Fort Pickens under state authority.

At the commencement of hostilities in the following April he received a commission as brigadier-general in the confederate army, and he was from that time up to the close of the rebellion in constant military service.

After the fall of Richmond Gen. Lawton returned to Savannah and engaged in the practice of law. He was minister to Austria under the first Cleveland administration.

JURY FAILED TO AGREE.

Mistrial in the Case of John D. Hart and Others at New York.

NEW YORK, July 3.—The jury which deliberated until a late hour Wednesday night over the evidence presented in the trial of John D. Hart, Emilio Nunez, Capt. O'Brien and Mate Edward Murphy, accused of having aided and abetted a military expedition to Cuba, came into the United States court and told Judge Brown that they could not agree.

His honor discharged the jury and then listened to a long argument about the bail bonds of the defendants. Excepting the case of Mate Murphy, Judge Brown directed that the bail remain \$2,500 in each case. Murphy's bail was reduced to \$500. The 11 men who have been detained as witnesses in Ludlow Street jail were ordered discharged.

THE RED CROSS

Will Aid the Widows and Orphans Left Penniless by the Pittston Mine Disaster.

PHILADELPHIA, July 3.—It was decided yesterday by the executive committee of the Associated Society of the Red Cross of Philadelphia to appeal to the public to aid the 33 widows and 180 orphans who are left penniless by the mine disaster at Pittston.

CROP CONDITIONS

As Summarized by the Cincinnati Price Current.

CINCINNATI, July 3.—The Price Current summarizes the crop conditions for the past week as follows: Moisture has been somewhat excessive in central regions, prejudicing the crop situation to some extent. There has been nothing in the later information suggestive of higher wheat estimates. Corn is mostly doing well. Oats maintain the promise of a larger crop. Spring wheat advances have been somewhat irregular.

"SPREADIN THE NEWS."

That Plain Old "Female Lady" from Down on Panther Creek.

Our Aunt Nancy Newton's Talkin Machinery in Cool Runnin Order—A "Tremendous Big Scandalation"—"Seein Things at Night."

Hit is so monstrous seldom like and rare in this present day and generation of American people that you can meet up with one of these plain old flint-and-steel women—with a head as long as a flour barrel and as level as a squash—"16 hand high, and heavy as buckshot"—till it raley looks to me like everybody and everything on the place, even to the cats and the dogs, was glad when Aunt Nancy Newton come up from Panther Creek and showed down at the appointed time one day last week. I do believe in my soul that Aunt Nancy—whilst she calls herself nothin more and nothin less than a "everyday, she woman"—would fight her weight in wildcats in case of a pusheney. And yet she has got the softest and most handiest way of any woman I have ever saw to make you laugh and forget—to let the sunshine in and shut the shadows out and wipe the tears away.

There will be a funeral then. She is so bright, and so newsey, and so fresh; and when she turns her mouth loose in a runnin conversation she can spit out more good sense to the square minit than three or four common women. With only two eyes and two ears, it is one of the most strange things in this green old world to me how Aunt Nancy can keep the general run of things for miles and miles around, and pick up so much news "comin and goin," as she is so wont to say.

But that dear, delightful old soul don't give out no news on her own hook, only that which she has seen with her own eyes. It might be that she will sometimes deal in second-hand news, but in that case she takes particular pains to tell you where she got the goods, so you can pay your money and take your choice.

"The Lord knows I do raley love to talk, Rufus," says Aunt Nancy to me that night when we gone out on the back porch to take a social family smoke. "And jest as long as I can keep my talkin machinery in good runnin order you are more than probable to hear from me onest in awhile. If it ever comes to pass that you might hear the news that Nancy Newton has quit talkin, you better saddle your horse or hitch up your mules and come on down to the Panther Creek settlement. The funeral will come off at the usual hour, with your Aunt Nancy ridin feet foremost at the head of the procession."

"I know you have lived a good long whet and learnt a whole passle in your day, Rufus, but if you don't know it already, by the time you have lived long and looked upon many sights and scenes as your Aunt Nancy, you will find out that it don't pay to talk outside of the family tochin the things that belong to the family. You can make a great big rucus out of little more than nothin if you only tell the news and heat it hot and keep it goin and growin. It might be a little fresh cut, or it might be a rale bad old ore, but many a time it would heal over and the people in general would forget it if you didn't keep on pickin at it and foolin with it."

Two Women in the Case. "Now, that puts me in mind of the roarin big confusionment which come to pass down in the old settlement last week," Aunt Nancy went on, torefore. "Big meetin was goin on over at old Elam church. There was two or three new preachers on hand, and w'th two sermons every day—one in the mornin and one at first candlelight. They had a great outpourin and a blessed good meetin."

"Over there on the other side of the creek—a mile and a half, or maybe a leetle better from the church—Joe Blevins and Lit Garvin live on joinin farms. Their families are thick and neighborly as you please, and they have got along together smooth and pleasant like white people ought to do. But one night in durin of the meetin at old Elam Misses Blevins was rather poorly to be out and one of the Garvin children was sick abed of a slow fever. Now, Lit Garvin is a shounth Methodist and never did b'lieve in much time over old Elam, where they stick to all over baptism as the right and proper way. Anyhow, Joe Blevins was goin to church that night, and it would seem like Misses Garvin she was likewise also most crazy to turn out and hear the 'gospel dispensed with' by the new preachers. "So it suited all around for Misses Garvin to go to church that night with Joe Blevins, and she went with him. So far all right. I couldn't see nothin wrong about that. I wouldn't say for certain how much religion they have got, but, at any rates, Joe Blevins and Misses Garvin have both got their names on the church books over at old Elam. Consequentially it was plain natural for both of them to want to turn out to meetin, and if it come handy and convenient for them to go together, that was all right. If it suited them, and suited Lit Garvin and suited Misses Blevins, to be certainly it ought to of suited other people."

"But it would seem like it didn't suit everybody. It didn't suit Misses Huggins, the wife of Nick Huggins. She was powerful bad pestered about it. To hear her tell the news, it took Joe Blevins and Lit Garvin's wife such a terrible long time to walk from home to the church and vicerly vicerly. She had come over the same road, and she would give her testimony on a stack of Bibles as big as the meetin house that it took them two mortal hours to walk a mile and a half. She told the news free and promiscuous to the sisters, and naturally of course it then leaked out amongst the men folks. By the next day it broke out in the general crowd and was spreadin like a prairie fire on a windy day in March."

"Now, in the name of free grace and common sense, what was the use of that? It was a pure family question, Rufus, and if Lit was willin, and Misses Blevins was willin, I was more than willin. But Misses Garvin she loved it took 'em such a terrible long time to go and come from church. But what of that? The weather hit was meltin hot, and they didn't have to burn the wind and make a race track out of the big road."

"When meetin turned out the next day Misses Garvin she had heard the news and went pizen mad. She got right out in the midst of the crowd, she did, and helt up Misses Huggins and pitched in and naturally helt the air sizzlin hot all around. She would give Misses Huggins to understand that she was a lady, and she wanted everybody to know for certain—onest and forever—that she was a lady, herself."

"And if your Aunt Nancy ain't all sorts of a fool, Rufus, right along there is where Misses Garvin dropped the jug and split her molasses. If a lady is a lady I never could see no reason for her to climb up on a high fence and tell everybody the news."

"But there they had it—Misses Garvin and Misses Huggins—up and down and over and under—till they bring on a pluperfect big scandalation in the settlement, and all because they didn't have no better sense than to turn their tongues loose in regards to things which the general public didn't have a blessed thing to do with."

THE CHRONICLE

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, JULY 9, 1896.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,

JOSEPH F. JOHNSTON,
Of Jefferson.

For Secretary of State,

JAMES K. JACKSON,
Of Lauderdale.

For Treasurer,

GEORGE W. ELLIS,
Of Montgomery.

For Auditor,

WALTER S. WHITE,
Of Colbert.

For Attorney-General,

WILLIAM C. FITTS,
Of Tuscaloosa.

For Superintendent of Education,

JOHN O. TURNER,
Of St. Clair.

For Commissioner of Agriculture,

I. F. CULVER,
Of Bullock.

COUNTY DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Representative,

N. A. GRAHAM,
Of Calhoun.

For Sheriff,

AMOS DANIEL,
Of Wilcoxville.

For Tax Collector,

A. F. SMITH,
Of Shelby.

For Assessor,

J. H. HAMMOND,
Of Columbiana.

For Treasurer,

W. A. THOMPSON,
Of Columbiana.

For Superintendent of Education,

C. W. O'HARA,
Of Columbiana.

For Commissioner 1st District,

HOSEA PEARSON,
Of Shelby.

For Commissioner 3d District,

R. H. WALKER,
Of Helena.

For Coroner,

J. M. BABE,
Of Vandiver.

WITH this issue The Chronicle passes the tenth mile-post, and starts on its journey through the eleventh year. Ten years ago today the paper was purchased by its present owner. During all these long years we have likely made many mistakes, but we lay the flattering unction to our soul that they were unintentional errors, and not committed with malice aforethought. We have striven at all times for the upbuilding of our town and county, and have expended all the talent and energy at our command to advance the cause of the only party in the South worthy the name—the democratic party. If we have made any mistakes in this direction, they were prompted by our intense zeal that democracy might triumph over its enemies. But enough. A large majority of our readers have been on our subscription book since the birth of the paper. They are competent to judge as to its merits or demerits, and on their verdict we are willing to stand or fall.

It is an undeniable fact that populists all over Alabama are leaving Goodwin and the republican party every day by the scores, and from present indications the ticket headed by Joseph F. Johnston will carry the state by not less than 50,000. In a recent issue of the Ozark Star, Dale county, eighteen leading populists came out in cards denouncing Goodwin, and stating that they would work for and vote the democratic ticket. Johnston's majority will be so overwhelming that the cry of fraud will be ridiculous.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat says: "One of the first effects of a free silver triumph at Chicago will be to show that the woods this year are full of democratic republicans. There are lots of big ones among them too."

DEMOCRATS of Shelby county, are you doing your full duty? If not, remember the election is near at hand. Victory is assured us if every member of the party will work as he should until election day is passed.

A GEORGIA editor, endowed with more wit than money, thinks the motto, "In God we trust," on our silver dollar ought to be changed to read "God be with us till we meet again!"

THE State Herald has figured it out and announces that Goodwin will not carry ten counties all told in the state. If this prophecy proves true it will hardly be a Good-win.

THE Rome Tribune speaking of the drought in that section says: "The ground is as dry as a populist political organ." Fearful beyond comprehension.

THE confusionists are playing in poor luck. Their voters are leaving them so rapidly that it amounts almost to a stampede.

THE next president of the United States will be nominated at Chicago before the week ends.

COMMISSIONERS' SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT.

Receipts and Disbursements of the Treasurer for Six Months Ending July 1, 1896.

RECEIPTS.

Am't on hand Jan. 1, 1896,	\$1,391 46
A F Smith, taxes,	3,729 92
D R McMillan, money for coal,	13 05
D R McMillan, redemption money,	8 92
D R McMillan, license for county,	10 00
D R McMillan, amount license for county,	160 87
A F Smith, taxes,	2,815 99
D R McMillan, license,	12 18
" " " " " "	73 12
" " " " " "	4 87
A F Smith, taxes,	96 92
D R McMillan, redemption money,	5 60
W R A Milner, judge and witness fees,	110 76
A F Smith, taxes,	420 06
D R McMillan, redemption money,	28 52
A F Smith, taxes,	138 19
D R McMillan, redemption money,	8 06
D R McMillan, red'p money,	4 57
" " " " " "	3 12
A F Smith, taxes,	262 97
Total	\$12,299 15

DISBURSEMENTS.

Industrial school for white girls at Montevallo, E. S. Lyman,	\$2500 00
Payment of \$1500 worth of registered claims against fine and forfeiture fund, Gordon DuBose,	900 00
Digging grave for Amos Robinson, Bird Teague,	2 00
One-half road services for 1896, H W Nelson,	45 00
Six months ex-officio services, H W Nelson,	125 00
Advertising, The Chronicle, " Advocate Publishing Co.,	31 50
Three months medical services, Dr. W. S. DuBose,	50 00
Lumber for foot bridge over Spring Creek, W E Brinkerhoff & Co.,	15 25
Five days and 44 miles as com'r, R H Walker,	17 20
Four days and 50 miles as com'r, W C Powers,	14 50
Five days and 44 miles as com'r, D C Davis,	17 20
Four days as commissioner, D R McMillan,	12 00
County court fees, D R McMillan,	35 00
Repairing grate and hearth, D R McMillan,	1 35
Postage, D R McMillan,	7 20
Stamps as Register, D R McMillan,	1 00
Postage and express, A F Smith,	10 15
Lodging jury and bailiff, A H Weaver,	13 00
Advertising, The Sentinel, Merchandise, Lester, Mason & Co.,	32 50
Work and material on road in beat 13, A L Deshazo,	20 00
Night-watchman, John T. Cromwell,	3 00
Keeping Elias Armstrong, L Q Gould,	9 00
Damage assessed by viewers on public road, E C Lide,	10 00
Material and covering Cahaba river bridge, C T Davidson,	25 00
Services for examining rock-work on Montevallo and Ashville road, N H Coo,	3 00
Repairing bridge, by David Farr,	10 00
Removing rock on Cahaba road, T M Denson & Baker Bush,	74 00
Stationery and printing, The Chronicle,	74 75
Ex-officio services, W R A Milner,	250 00
Postage, W R A Milner,	5 00
Coal for county, W R A Milner,	67 30
Recording deeds to right of way J. T. Leeper,	75
Lumber, W E Brinkerhoff & Co.,	2 88
Lumber, W B Morgan,	10 08
Merchandise, Johnston & White,	14 80
Merchandise, W R A Milner,	10 75
Repairing grate, Ed Butler,	1 25
Postage and express, Gordon DuBose,	2 25
Postage and express, J. H. Hammond,	10 00
Services in probate office during vacancy, Horace Hammond,	25 00
Writing deed to right of way, T C Griffin,	1 00
Lumber, S A Kindrick,	2 68
Feeding paupers one month, W L Davis,	130 50
Extra services and lumber, and coal for poorhouse, W L Davis,	23 44
Sewing for paupers, Mrs. W. L. Davis,	27 75
Rails, W L Davis,	4 25
Lumber bought of Ray & Jackson, J W Taylor,	4 23
Lumber, W B Morgan,	3 19
Five days and 9 miles as commissioner, James McGowan,	15 45
Lumber, W G Parker,	8 42
Pipe, and labor on same for county jail, Shelby Iron Company,	75
Supper for jury and bailiff, E D Hall,	3 25
Coffin and box and digging grave for Josie Comer, Jasper Holcomb,	41 00

Feeding paupers one month, W L Davis,	127 00
Night-watchman, John T. Cromwell,	3 00
Keeping Elias Armstrong, L Q Gould,	9 00
Lumber, W B Morgan,	5 76
Assessment book, Roberts & Son,	30 50
Stationery for tax assessor, Roberts & Son,	13 35
Nails and building foot bridge across Spring Creek, J T Harless,	12 00
State witness for August Term, 1895, Albert McKinsey,	3 08
Book and Stationery for Register, Geo D Barnard & Co.,	79 50
Book and Stationery for clerk, Geo D Barnard & Company,	56 40
Marriage License Record for Probate Judge, Geo D Barnard & Co.,	17 00
Blank Cabinet for Probate Judge, Geo D Barnard & Com'py,	21 00
Stationery for tax collector, Geo D Barnard & Co.,	37 94
One day's service as examiner of confederate soldier's application, F A Nelson,	3 00
Trial Docket for Register, Marshall & Bruce,	14 80
Paid county court jury Feb Term, 1896,	161 84
Paid state witnesses Feb Term, '96,	96 16
Paid bailiff, T L Seale,	8 00
Feeding paupers one month, W L Davis,	123 45
Keeping Elias Armstrong, L Q Gould,	9 00
Expenses of Lena Brasher from asylum, Bryce Insane Hospital,	6 70
Removing bridge and making ford across Bullis creek, W T Smith,	10 00
Night-watchman, John T. Cromwell,	3 00
Repairing bridge across Kelley's and Bear creeks, J C Dyke,	38 83
Paid circuit court jury, at Spring Term, '96,	925 00
Paid grand jury, Spring Term, '96,	366 70
Paid bailiffs, spring term, '96,	134 00
Paid court house bailiff, sp'g term, '96,	54 00
Registering electors, W H Sturdivant,	1 50
Holding inquest over body of Richard Beck, W H Sturdivant,	18 50
Night-watchman, John T. Cromwell,	3 00
Keeping Elias Armstrong, L Q Gould,	9 00
Sewing for paupers, Mrs. W L Davis,	22 70
Extra services for 3 months, W L Davis,	24 75
Feeding paupers one month, W L Davis,	112 50
Making two ladders, hooks, valley tin and repairing on court house W W Albright,	85
Stationery and printing, The Chronicle,	40 25
Repairing bridge in beat 8, Alex Evans,	28 00
Making land book, 1896, J H Hammond,	125 00
Making five sign-boards, E S Garrett,	1 65
Building bridge across Boliver creek, J A Shirley,	26 00
One-fourth year medical service for poor-house and jail, Dr. W S DuBose,	35 00
Stationery and printing, The Shelby Sentinel,	31 00
Publishing Treasurer's Report and 3 subscriptions, Advocate Pub Co.,	29 00
Repairing chair in office of probate judge, J T Barnett,	50
Transporting and guarding crazy negro to jail, L N Roy,	14 00
Merchandise, Lester, Mason & Co.,	177 70
Six days and 44 miles as commissioner, R H Walker,	20 20
Lumber, Eastman Lum. Co. Coffin for pauper Barrentine, I H Alexander,	4 35
Three days and 50 miles as com'r, W C Powers,	11 50
Postage, Gordon DuBose, reg fees as special judge of the county court, W F Thetford, Jr.,	5 00
Lumber, W D Raley,	29 22
Three mile-posts and two finger-boards, D L Baker,	1 40
Finger-boards and mile-posts, R. H. Jarrett,	5 72
Five days and 50 miles as commissioner, D C Davis,	17 50
Lumber, J W Rolin,	16 12
Six days and 9 miles as commissioner, Jas McGowan,	18 45
Hauling Lumber, Jas McGowan,	2 00
Three days as commissioner, D R McMillan,	9 00
Express charges, D R McMillan,	1 00
County court fees, D R McMillan,	44 00
Postage, D R McMillan,	9 40
Six months ex-officio services, D. R. McMillan,	100 00
Six months road services, D R McMillan,	45 00
Lumber, Mrs. L H Lyman, Lodging and breakfast for jury and bailiff, A H Weaver,	2 56
Lumber, W B Morgan,	6 50
Postage and pine for court house and holding chambers and county courts, H W Nelson,	6 90
For three mile-boards, D W Jones,	28 25

Lumber for road in beat 2, H E Horton,	28 41
Transfer paper for Register, Roberts & Son,	11 55
Mortgage and deed Record, Roberts & Son,	40 75
Binding county papers for clerk, judge and Register in Chancery, Roberts & Son,	39 40
Lumber, nails, post, and nails for road, J L Robinson,	10 00
Mortgage Record, Walker, Evans & Cogswell Co.,	12 00
Two sign-boards and two mile-posts, W J Nelson,	1 00
Lumber, J C Jackson & Son, Postage and attorneys fees in collecting tax of Alabama Iron & Steel Co., A F Smith,	4 62
Twenty pounds nails, J F Pope,	20 00
Nails for bridge on public road, J F Pope,	60
Night-watchman, John T. Cromwell,	5 36
Feeding paupers one month, W L Davis,	3 00
Keeping Elias Armstrong, L Q Gould,	112 50
Fees as special judge county court, R W Cobb,	9 00
Stationery, The Chronicle, Repairing bridge on short line road, A C Ellison,	1 00
Two days and 50 miles as commissioner, W C Powers,	125 25
Two days and 44 miles as commissioner, D C Davis,	8 50
Two days and 44 miles as com'r, R H Walker,	8 20
Merchandise, Lester, Mason & Co.,	8 20
Delivering registering supplies, 7 beats, J H Hammond,	54 55
Putting rock in road at Loney's Ford, Dave Harkins,	4 00
Lumber, Holcomb & Pratt Lumber Co.,	3 00
One day as commissioner, D R McMillan,	7 84
Lumber, H E Horton,	3 00
Two days and 9 miles as com., Jas McGowan,	6 42
Delivering registering supplies 5 beats, S W Nelson,	6 45
Seven days service on equalization board, W C Denson,	3 00
Paid state witnesses, May Term county court,	21 00
Paid jury, May Term county court,	276 61
Paid bailiff May Term county court,	248 07
Registering 596 voters, P B Harrell,	12 00
One day's work on Cahaba river bridge and expenses, J A Milner,	17 88
Registering 183 voters, E S Martin,	6 10
Registering 277 voters, A Leonard,	5 58
Registering 123 voters, Jas E Adams,	8 31
Registering 296 voters, Jno Russell,	3 69
Registering 529 voters, C B West,	8 88
Three subscriptions to Advocate, Advocate Publishing Co.,	15 87
Night-watchman, John T. Cromwell,	3 00
Feeding paupers one month, W L Davis,	3 00
One day on board of equalization, W C Denson,	112 50
Registering 92 voters, W C Denson,	3 00
One day and 9 miles as commissioner, Jas McGowan,	2 76
One day and 50 miles as commissioner, W C Powers,	3 45
Two days and 32 miles as com., R H Walker,	5 50
One day and 44 miles as com., D C Davis,	7 60
Fees as special judge county court, W P Thetford,	5 20
One day as commissioner, D R McMillan,	3 00
Three days service as pension examiner, Jno Russell,	3 00
Three days service as pension examiner, F A Nelson,	9 00
Keeping Elias Armstrong 1 month, L Q Gould,	9 00
Repairing Morgan bridge, Cater Bros,	41 50
Registering 374 voters, Austin Weldon,	11 22
Solicitor's fees, J L Peters,	58 36
Registering 105 voters, W H Falkner,	3 15
Registering 138 voters, N N Mosteller,	4 14
Expenses of Mrs M M Renshaw to asylum, J W Perry,	4 14
County court fees, May term 1896, D R McMillan,	26 85
Balance due on fees convicts to hard labor, H W Nelson,	69 00
Balance due on fees convicts to hard labor, H W Nelson,	11 85
Registering 190 voters, J J Vincent,	14 45
Registering 73 voters, J S De Lache,	5 70
State witness, A Worthey,	2 19
Registering 99 voters, A N Wilson,	1 60
Treasurers commission on \$9,918.15, W A Thompson,	2 97
By balance in treasury July 1, 1896,	495 90
	\$10,414.05
	\$1,885.10

JAMES MCGOWAN,
D. C. DAVIS,
R. H. WALKER,
W. C. POWERS,
Commissioners.

Election Notice.

The State of Alabama Shelby county.

Notice is hereby given that there will be an election held at the various voting places in Shelby county, Alabama, on Monday, the 3rd day of August, 1896, for the purpose of electing a Governor for the state of Alabama, Secretary of State, Attorney General, Treasurer, Auditor, Superintendent of Education and Commissioner of Agriculture. Also a Senator for the 15th Senatorial District and representative for Shelby county in the General Assembly of Alabama, a Sheriff, Tax Collector, Tax Assessor, County Treasurer, County Superintendent of Education, Coroner and one Commissioner each for the 1st and 3rd Districts of Shelby county, also two Justices of the Peace and one Constable for each Precinct in said county.

Witness my hand this 1st day of July, 1896.

H. W. NELSON,

Sheriff.

We, the undersigned, hereby appoint the following Inspectors and returning officers for each Beat in Shelby county, to hold and manage the election to be held in said county on Monday, the 3d day of August, 1896, two of whom in each case being members of opposing political parties, to wit:

- Beat 1, box 1—Inspectors: C. C. DuBose, John P. Spencer, H. M. Norris.
- Beat 1, box 2—Inspectors: John P. Avery, A. M. Piper, E. T. Brasher, Samuel J. Harrell, returning officer.
- Beat 2—Inspectors: E. C. Bristow, J. M. Carden, Thos. R. Lovett.
- Beat 3—Inspectors: A. S. Bristow, A. J. Powers, H. C. Moss.
- Beat 4, box 1—Inspectors: J. D. Latham, J. D. Farrington, Dr. J. W. Pratt.
- Beat 4, box 2—Inspectors: R. L. Rice, Newton Eddings, Charlie Frost.
- Beat 5—Inspectors: James L. Harmon, George Jacobs, James P. Doss.
- Beat 6—Inspectors: J. D. Ruffin, Dr. J. M. Powers, James Griffin.
- Beat 7—Inspectors: J. B. Adams, J. H. Nabors, J. L. Butler.
- Beat 8—Inspectors: Harmon Thomas, Wm. A. Weldon, N. M. Davis.
- Beat 9—Inspectors: J. W. Millstead, Jesse Taylor, Jr., J. F. Hill.
- Beat 10—Inspectors: T. G. Florey, J. P. Rowe, I. C. Shrader.
- Beat 11—Inspectors: J. S. Walton, John W. Moore, J. M. Spearman.
- Beat 12—Inspectors: A. C. DeShazo, N. H. Dunaway, R. F. Johnson.
- Beat 13—Inspectors: C. T. Lee, J. C. Farley, T. R. Kridler.
- Beat 14—Inspectors: R. E. Collins, Robert Black, W. A. Brasher.
- Beat 15—Inspectors: M. C. Vick, R. M. Hollis, R. H. Jarrett.
- Beat 16—Inspectors: E. C. Lide, C. C. Elliott, Eugene Williams.
- Beat 17—Inspectors: W. C. Denson, W. S. Cross, W. C. Powers.
- Beat 18—Inspectors: P. L. Holcomb, Job Morgan, John Berryhill.

Done this July 2, 1896.

Non-Resident Notice.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.
John AUEL, complainant vs. Joseph P. Condon, Defendant.
In Chancery. Sixth District. North-Eastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of Robt. Chisolm, attorney and agent for John Auel, that the defendant Joseph P. Condon is a non-resident of the State or his residence is unknown and further, that in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Chronicle, a newspaper published in the County of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said Joseph P. Condon to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 25th day of July, A. D. 1896 or, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office in Columbiana this 26th day of June A. D. 1896.

GORDON DUBOSE, Register.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County. Fronie McClellan, Pro and Complainant, vs. S. R. McClellan, Defendant.

In Chancery. Sixth District. Northeastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of W. P. Johnson, attorney of record for the said complainant, that the defendant S. R. McClellan is a non-resident of Alabama and resided, when last heard from, in Indian Territory, and further that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that publication be made in the Chronicle, a newspaper published in the County of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him the said S. R. McClellan to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 3rd day of July, A. D. 1896 or, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office, in Columbiana this 26th day of May A. D. 1896.

GORDON DUBOSE, Register.



CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.

Castoria allays Feverishness.

Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.

Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic.

Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.

Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air.

Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.

Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

COLUMBIANA, JULY 9, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Southern Railway.
NEW SCHEDULE.
No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 3:28 p.m.
No. 16, passenger, leaves going north, 11:37 a.m.
No. 63, local, leaves going south, 7:45 a.m.
No. 64, local, leaves going north, 1:20 p.m.

Post Office.
Mail closes 11:07 a.m.
2:58 p.m.
Trains close 11:55 a.m. and 3:28 p.m.
Mails open 11:30 a.m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 3:28 p.m.

LOCAL VIVISCOPE.

J. M. Spencer and Clem Creek biked it to Talladega Tuesday.

J. F. Pope, of Wilsonville, transacted business here Monday.

Miss T. Hammond is a guest of Wilsonville friends this week.

I. D. Mason left Saturday for Atlanta, to be absent several days.

Miss Leila Parker has returned from a visit to relatives in Anniston.

John Leeper, of Birmingham, is in town visiting his friend, Horace Hammond.

Mrs. Fraser and children, of Montgomery are visiting relatives in our town.

Miss Alice Porter left yesterday for Blocton to visit her brother John Porter.

Mrs. L. Armstrong is spending this week with Mrs. John C. Williams in Talladega.

Miss Susie Boggs, of Shelby Springs, is spending the week with her friend, Miss Belle Huyett.

The Page building is rapidly nearing completion. Only the inside work remains to be done.

J. E. Michael, of Talladega, an expert tinner, is here putting the roof on the Page building.

Ned Anchors, of Pratt City, spent two or three days of this week here with his father's family.

They say St. Jacob's Oil is the finest tonic for the eye-brows. For full particulars apply to Henry Anchors.

J. O. Farmer moved his family Monday into the elegant new residence of E. D. Hall on West College street.

Miss Nellie Lloyd, after a pleasant visit of several weeks to friends here, left Monday for her home in Danville.

Miss Vivian McLean left Tuesday for her home in Avondale, accompanied by her friend, Miss Belle Cromwell.

A gang of workmen are at the Southern depot engaged in remodeling it. When completed and painted it will be much more inviting and comfortable.

A. J. Lett, a thrifty farmer living near here, informed us Saturday that he had a Jersey heifer only two and a half years old that has never had a calf, but is giving half a gallon of milk per day. This is rather out of the ordinary.

A series of meetings will begin Sunday at the Baptist church. The pastor, Rev. E. B. Teague, informed us that Rev. W. J. O'Hara would assist him, and that he expected him to do most of the preaching. May success reward their efforts.

Earnest Avery, of Shelby, came over Tuesday to stand an examination as required by law to obtain a license as druggist. He passed a very creditable examination, and carried home with him the law's sanction to dish out drugs to heal the sick.

The colored people celebrated the glorious fourth at a picnic in the grove near the ball park. After dinner two games of ball were played: Wilsonville vs. Columbiana 16 to 15 in favor of the visitors; Columbiana vs. Calera 9 to 15 in favor of the home team.

We are under obligations to A. J. Lett, one of our farmer friends for an exceptionally fine cabbage. It weighed 54 pounds and measured 10 inches across the top, and he has plenty more just like it. Mrs. Chronicle and all of the supplements pronounced it elegant.

The Shelby County Medical Society met here Tuesday in regular monthly session. Besides local physicians Dr. J. H. Gunn, of Calera, Dr. E. G. Givhan, of Montevallo, Dr. H. C. McAdams, of Shelby, Dr. J. R. Morgan, of Shelby Springs, and Drs. Payne and Leonard of Cahaba valley, were in attendance.

The commissioners court was in session Monday and Tuesday, only routine business having been transacted. On next Monday the court will meet again to fix the tax rate for the coming year and also to confer a free scholarship to the Alabama Medical College, Mobile, upon some deserving young man who aspires to be an M. D.

The city council held a meeting Monday for the purpose of selecting teachers for the coming session of our Free school. Prof. W. B. Greck was again chosen as principal. Miss Lucy Smith will have charge of the intermediate department, and Misses Elva Greck and Ida O'Hara will take care of the little ones. This makes a strong faculty, capable and thoroughly in earnest, and we feel perfectly safe in saying that our school will boom as never before under their wise direction.

Shelby County Matrimonial Bureau.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John W. Lanham to Lula Bowdon, of Calera.

James Barrow to Savannah Hale colored, of Columbiana.

J. M. Spencer while biking Monday afternoon took a "header" which thoroughly demoralized his new wheel and caused him to look as though he had been dragged around the ragged ramparts of a deserted fort, and had been beat over the head with a sut bag. An innocent and unsuspecting swine taking a nap on the side-walk was the cause. Joe no doubt will give hogs a wide berth in future.

The masonic installation and Sunday school celebration last Thursday attracted a large crowd, and a most enjoyable day was spent by all. The dinner was immense, in every sense of the word. The officers of three lodges, Shelby, Wilsonville and Columbiana were installed by I. D. Mason. Rev. J. W. Cary, of Wilsonville, and Rev. W. J. O'Hara made short addresses to the children.

The following from Columbiana spent yesterday in Talladega at the Chataqua: W. B. Browne, D. R. McMillan and wife, Rufus Lester, Amos Elliott, Mrs. J. G. Parker and Nellie, Leila Parker, Gordon DuBose and wife, Essie and Pattie Mason, Anna Milner, Henry Milner and wife, Annie McMillan, George Mason, John Milner, Ed Parker, Sam Green, Guila Green, Belle Huyette and Susie Boggs.

Quite a romantic marriage took place in our city last Saturday. Two young people, Miss Lula Bowdon and West Lanham, of Calera, desired to celebrate the Fourth in an unusual way to them, so they eluded parental authority and came up, securing the services of Judge D. R. McMillan, they were made one. Miss Lula is a sister of Louis and Bob Bowdon two well known young men of our county. We wish much joy for this happy couple.

A sad and tragic death occurred in Anniston on the night of July 4th. J. F. Anchors, for many years a resident of this county, a son of our esteemed townsman S. T. Anchors, was instantly killed and his body horribly mangled in a collision between an Alabama Mineral excursion train and a street car of the Oxford Lake line, of which Mr. Anchors was conductor. Carelessness on the part of both mortals and an engineer and a total disregard of the law, which compels trains to come to a full stop before crossing another track, was the cause of the sad tragedy. Mr. Anchors leaves a wife and seven small children to mourn his horrible death. His aged father, brothers, sisters and family have our sincere sympathy in their sad bereavement.

Program of Sunday School Conference to be held at Chapel Church July 18th and 19th, 1896.

Song and prayer 9:30

Address of welcome by Earnest Huston.

Response by Dr. J. B. Boyer.

Song.

Address by Rev. T. M. Wilson, Subject, "How to get the older people to attend Sunday school."

Song.

Address by Isaac D. Mason, Subject "The advantages of using lesson helps in Sunday school work."

Address by D. M. Smith, Subject, "How to make a country Sunday school run through the winter."

Song.

DINNER.

Address by Dr. J. B. Boyer, Subject, "The best method of getting the little children interested in attendance."

Address by G. M. McCary, Subject, "The great benefit from having Bible questions in the Sunday school."

Address by John Farrell, Subject, "What is required in a successful Sunday school teacher."

Sermon Sunday at 11 o'clock, Subject, "Origin and good done by the Sunday school."

Every Sunday school worker of the various denominations is requested to attend and take part in discussing the subjects. We wish to make this conference of material help to the great Sunday school interest of the county.

J. W. Cary, Pastor in charge, Wilsonville, Ala., July 6, 1896.

Wilsonville Waits.

J. B. Kilpatrick and family are spending several days in Talladega.

W. J. Weldon went to Birmingham on business last Saturday.

Robert Fowler, of Birmingham, was in town visiting relatives last week, and returned to Birmingham Sunday.

Dave Fitzgibbon, with his oratorical jestures and smiling face, passed through our city going southward last Saturday.

Miss T. Hammond, of Columbiana, was the happy, happy guest of her Wilsonville companions the latter part of last and the former part of this week.

The protracted meeting will commence at the M. E. church the first Sunday in August.

Embrew Weldon and L. S. Smith departed for their destination to be the bordering edge of Harpersville last Sunday afternoon.

J. R. Black and I. D. Montgomery spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives in Oxford and Anniston.

"Jake," what am de natur, ain't you gwine to tel us no mur bout Harpersville?

Several of the young men and ladies are looking forward with fond anticipations to next Thursday when they will go to the Chataqua.

Misses Mary and Sallie Robin.

Georgia and Purdie Pope, Mattie and Laura Weldon, Mrs. Porter Bradley and Walter W. McGowan went to Talladega on a pleasure trip Tuesday, where they will spend several days. How long will it seem boys?

A large per cent of Wilsonville residents participated in the pleasures of the picnic at Columbiana. They all report a very pleasant time, especially who went in the wagon, as their fun was going and coming as well as when there.

Wilsonville base ball team defeated bats with Columbiana at five o'clock last Thursday afternoon. The game resulted 8 to 11 in favor of Columbiana. In the absence of four of our regular players we were forced to fill their places with boys who had never played much ball, and hadn't entered a single game this year. We hope to play them at an early date with our regular team. We agree that it takes scores to win a game, but Columbiana will think they have done a plenty when they keep our full team from making them.

The S. P. L. League congregated last Friday night as usual. The debate "Resolved that the hope of the future affords more pleasure than the memory of the past" was fully and nicely discussed and decided in the affirmative. I am pleased to say that we had the pleasure of enrolling Walter W. McGowan as an honorary member. An interesting program has been arranged for next meeting, part of which will be another debate, subject has not yet been chosen.

For further information address W. E. Knox, Superintendent.

Summer Homes and Resorts.

The Southern railway is the first of our great railway systems to give information to the public and to fix low excursion rates for a summer outing good for return until October 31st, by issuing, with usual promptness, its Summer Home and Resort Book. It is handsome in design and artistic in every respect having thirty-two beautifully illustrated pages containing the most complete and convenient arranged information calculated to answer fully and satisfactorily every question likely to be propounded, such as routes and distances, hotels and boarding houses, names of proprietors how to reach them, rates of board by day, week and month, etc.

The Southern offers a choice of mountain and seaside resorts, the surf bathing and sea breezes of some of the most delightful resort on the Atlantic Coast or the cool mountain breezes of Swannanoa, Asheville. Lookout Mountain and others 2,500 feet above the sea level.

For copy of guide call at office of any graduate coupon agent or send 2-cent stamp to C. A. Benscoter, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Ag't Chattanooga, Tenn.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and receive a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been found invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Parker & Armstrong, druggists.

Knights of the Maccabees.

The State Commander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: "After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it hereafter, as our experience proves that it cures where all other remedies fail."—Signed F. W. Stevens, State Com. Why not give this great medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at Parker & Armstrong's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

Delightful Summer Traveling. A Beautiful Route and an Attractive Schedule to the East.

The Southern Railway always on the alert to afford its patrons the best possible accommodation has inaugurated and placed in service a new solid train between Chattanooga and Norfolk, consisting of combination baggage car and coach, first-class day coach and a Pullman Drawing Room sleeping car, all of which are operated between Chattanooga and Norfolk without change.

Southern Railway train No. 16 leaving Columbiana 11:37 a.m. and arriving at Ooltewah Jet. 5:50 p.m. makes a close connection with this train through schedule being as follows: Leave Columbiana 11:37 a.m. arrive Rome 3:55 p.m., leave Rome 4:00 p.m., arrive Jet. 5:50 p.m., leave Ooltewah Jet. 5:56 p.m., arrive Knoxville 8:50 p.m., arrive Asheville 10:4 a.m., Greensboro 8:25 a.m., Raleigh 11:45 a.m., Norfolk 5:20 p.m. Close connection is made at Norfolk with boats for Washington, Baltimore, New York and Boston, thus affording one of the most delightful summer trips to eastern cities that can be obtained.

Westbound: this train will leave Norfolk 10:05 a.m., and arrive Ooltewah Jet. 7:45 a.m. next day, leave Ooltewah Jet. 8:45, arrive Rome 10:40 a.m., leave Rome 10:50 a.m., arrive Columbiana 3:28 p.m.

Alabama Chautauqua, Talladega. Reduced Rates Via Southern Railway.

The Alabama Chautauqua to be held at Talladega, Ala., July 2-31, 1896, promises to be very interesting, and an attractive programme has been arranged.

The Southern railway will sell tickets at rate of one fare for the round trip from all points in the state of Alabama, to Talladega and return from June 27th to July 28, 1896, inclusive, good to return on or before July 31, 1896.

Call on any agent of the Southern railway for further information.

Cheap Rates to the Chautauqua.

In order to accommodate the people who desire to attend the exercises of the Alabama Chautauqua Assembly at Talladega, the following rates have been fixed: Leave Talladega 7:15 a.m., arriving at Calera 8:30 a.m., this train passing Anniston at 9:20 a.m. fare for the round trip. These tickets will be put on sale June 27th and will be good for return passage until July 31st. In addition to this the Alabama Mineral Division has arranged to run special trains on July 4th, 8th, 11th, 15th, 18th, 22nd, 25th, and 26th, leaving Talladega 7:15 a.m., arriving at Calera 8:30 a.m., this train passing Anniston at 9:20 a.m. fare for the round trip. These tickets will be put on sale June 27th and will be good for return passage until July 31st. In addition to this the Alabama Mineral Division has arranged to run special trains on July 4th, 8th, 11th, 15th, 18th, 22nd, 25th, and 26th, leaving Talladega 7:15 a.m., arriving at Calera 8:30 a.m., this train passing Anniston at 9:20 a.m. fare for the round trip. These tickets will be put on sale June 27th and will be good for return passage until July 31st.

Call on your nearest L. & N. agent for detailed programme or address the undersigned for other information.

W. E. Knox, Superintendent.

Baptist Young People's Union of America. Milwaukee, Wis., July 16-18, 1896. Reduced Rates via Southern Railway.

For the occasion of the meeting of the Baptist Young People's Union of America, which will be held at Milwaukee, Wis., July 16-18, 1896, the Southern railway will sell tickets to Milwaukee and return at rate of one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold July 15th, 16th and 18th, with final limit return July 25, 1896, except that by deposit of tickets with joint agent at Milwaukee, on or before July 20, 1896, the limit may be extended up to and including August 5, 1896. Call on any Southern railway agent for further information.

Low Rates for July 4th Over the L. & N.

"On account of the unusual preparation being made at Anniston for the fourth of July celebration the L. & N. R. R. has arranged for a special train service on that date, leaving Calera 6:30 a.m. for Columbiana 7:15 a.m., arriving at Anniston 10:20 a.m. Tickets will be sold at the remarkably low rate of one and one-third fare for the round trip. See agent at your station and get rate and time of train as a good time is in store for all who attend." Tickets will be on sale July 3rd and 4th, good returning until midnight July 25th, and these tickets will be honored on the regular as well as special trains.

For further information address W. E. Knox, Superintendent.

Summer Homes and Resorts.

The Southern railway is the first of our great railway systems to give information to the public and to fix low excursion rates for a summer outing good for return until October 31st, by issuing, with usual promptness, its Summer Home and Resort Book. It is handsome in design and artistic in every respect having thirty-two beautifully illustrated pages containing the most complete and convenient arranged information calculated to answer fully and satisfactorily every question likely to be propounded, such as routes and distances, hotels and boarding houses, names of proprietors how to reach them, rates of board by day, week and month, etc.

The Southern offers a choice of mountain and seaside resorts, the surf bathing and sea breezes of some of the most delightful resort on the Atlantic Coast or the cool mountain breezes of Swannanoa, Asheville. Lookout Mountain and others 2,500 feet above the sea level.

For copy of guide call at office of any graduate coupon agent or send 2-cent stamp to C. A. Benscoter, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Ag't Chattanooga, Tenn.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and receive a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been found invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Parker & Armstrong, druggists.

Knights of the Maccabees.

The State Commander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: "After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it hereafter, as our experience proves that it cures where all other remedies fail."—Signed F. W. Stevens, State Com. Why not give this great medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at Parker & Armstrong's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

Delightful Summer Traveling. A Beautiful Route and an Attractive Schedule to the East.

The Southern Railway always on the alert to afford its patrons the best possible accommodation has inaugurated and placed in service a new solid train between Chattanooga and Norfolk, consisting of combination baggage car and coach, first-class day coach and a Pullman Drawing Room sleeping car, all of which are operated between Chattanooga and Norfolk without change.

Southern Railway train No. 16 leaving Columbiana 11:37 a.m. and arriving at Ooltewah Jet. 5:50 p.m. makes a close connection with this train through schedule being as follows: Leave Columbiana 11:37 a.m. arrive Rome 3:55 p.m., leave Rome 4:00 p.m., arrive Jet. 5:50 p.m., leave Ooltewah Jet. 5:56 p.m., arrive Knoxville 8:50 p.m., arrive Asheville 10:4 a.m., Greensboro 8:25 a.m., Raleigh 11:45 a.m., Norfolk 5:20 p.m. Close connection is made at Norfolk with boats for Washington, Baltimore, New York and Boston, thus affording one of the most delightful summer trips to eastern cities that can be obtained.

Westbound: this train will leave Norfolk 10:05 a.m., and arrive Ooltewah Jet. 7:45 a.m. next day, leave Ooltewah Jet. 8:45, arrive Rome 10:40 a.m., leave Rome 10:50 a.m., arrive Columbiana 3:28 p.m.

Alabama Chautauqua, Talladega. Reduced Rates Via Southern Railway.

The Alabama Chautauqua to be held at Talladega, Ala., July 2-31, 1896, promises to be very interesting, and an attractive programme has been arranged.

The Southern railway will sell tickets at rate of one fare for the round trip from all points in the state of Alabama, to Talladega and return from June 27th to July 28, 1896, inclusive, good to return on or before July 31, 1896.

Call on any agent of the Southern railway for further information.

Cheap Rates to the Chautauqua.

In order to accommodate the people who desire to attend the exercises of the Alabama Chautauqua Assembly at Talladega, the following rates have been fixed: Leave Talladega 7:15 a.m., arriving at Calera 8:30 a.m., this train passing Anniston at 9:20 a.m. fare for the round trip. These tickets will be put on sale June 27th and will be good for return passage until July 31st. In addition to this the Alabama Mineral Division has arranged to run special trains on July 4th, 8th, 11th, 15th, 18th, 22nd, 25th, and 26th, leaving Talladega 7:15 a.m., arriving at Calera 8:30 a.m., this train passing Anniston at 9:20 a.m. fare for the round trip. These tickets will be put on sale June 27th and will be good for return passage until July 31st.

Call on your nearest L. & N. agent for detailed programme or address the undersigned for other information.

W. E. Knox, Superintendent.

Annual Meeting National Educational Association, Buffalo, New York, July 7th to 15th, 1896. Reduced Rates via Southern Railway.

For the occasion of the Annual Meeting of the National Educational Association, to be held at Buffalo, N. Y., July 7th-15th, 1896, the Southern Railway will sell tickets to Buffalo and return at the rate of one fare for round trip, plus \$2.00. Tickets will be sold July 3, 4, and 5, final limit July 12th, 1896. Tickets, however, deposited with joint agent at Buffalo on or before July 10th, 1896, may be renewed for return passage, continuing on the date of such renewal, but in no instance will tickets be so renewed or honored for passage after September 1st, 1896.

Revised Psalm of Life.

From the Cameron Sun.

At twenty, when a man is young, he thinks he knows it all; he likes to wag his active tongue and exercise his gall; he struts around in noble rage; the world is all his own; he laughs to scorn the world of age, and lists to self alone. He wears a window in his eye to see his whiskers grow; he thinks the ladies pine and die because they love him so. At forty as you may suppose, he's knuckled down to big; 'tis not till sixty that he knows how big a clump he is.

Useful.

From the Chicago Record.

"Say, Dobbs, what your fanny are away; what do you keep your alarm clock going for?"

"I want to wake up every hour and realize that I don't have to walk the baby."

Meeting Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks of the United States, Cincinnati, Ohio, July 7-10, 1896. Reduced Rates via Southern Railway.

For the occasion of the grand lodge meeting of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks of the United States, which convenes at Cincinnati, Ohio, July 7-10, 1896, the Southern railway will sell tickets to Cincinnati, Ohio, and return, at rate of one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold July 5th and 6th, good to return until July 12, 1896. Call on any Southern Railway agent for information.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

Estray Notice.

To whom it may concern:

Notice is hereby given that S. F. Kendrick, of Calera, Ala., did on the 2nd day of July, 1896, take up about his plantation and estray one mare, color light bay, about fourteen hands high, and about seven years old. Said estray proceedings were had before P. N. Gilbert, Esq., of Calera, Ala., a Justice of the Peace. This July 4, 1896.

D. R. McMillan, Judge of Probate.

July 9-31.

Notice

TO DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.

To whom it may concern: The tax collector of said county has filed in the office of the probate judge of said county, a list of delinquent tax payers and real estate upon which taxes are due. The following named persons are reported therein as delinquent and the following lands and lots are reported as assessed to the following named persons and therein is reported as assessed to "owner unknown." The following mentioned real estate and lots. This is to notify you to appear before me on Monday, the 8th day of June, 1896, then and there to show cause why a decree for the sale of said lands and lots should not be made for the payment of the taxes assessed against you and the fees and cost.

This 8th day of May 1896.

D. R. McMillan, Judge of Probate.

BEAT 1.

Baiber, R. T., one vacant lot in Shelby, tax \$6.00, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$1.75.

Bennett, P. G., lots 24 and 26 block 119, lot 2 block 90, lot 26 block 116 in Shelby, tax \$90.00, cost \$30.00, printer's fee \$2.50.

Bell, L. A., lot 5 block 60, lot 25 block 60 in Shelby, tax \$45.00, cost \$25.00, printer's fee \$1.50.

Bridges, John M., one lot in Shelby, tax \$45.00, cost \$25.00, printer's fee \$1.50.

Cummings, A., lot 12 block 115 in Shelby, tax \$22.00, cost \$12.00, printer's fee \$1.00.

Carson, A. S., lots 6 and 8 block 115 in Shelby, tax \$45.00, cost \$25.00, printer's fee \$1.50.

Clark, R. H., lots 7 and 8 block 98, lot 29 block 220, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.50.

Deadman, Mrs. M. A., one house and lot at Shelby Springs, tax \$10.00, cost \$5.00, printer's fee \$1.00.

Edwards, J. H., 5 acres in the NW 1/4 of the sec. of sec 5, T. 23 N. R. 7 W., tax \$50.00, cost \$25.00, printer's fee \$2.50.

Edwards, P. H., lot 25 block 98 in Shelby, tax \$22.00, cost \$12.00, printer's fee \$1.00.

Levy, Phelix, lots 8 and 16 block 98, lot 4 and 6 block 100, lots 8 and 10 block 115 in Shelby, tax \$112.00, cost \$50.00, printer's fee \$2.50.

Lee, G. T., 1/2 of the NW 1/4 of sec 23 T. 19 N. R. 7 W. of the sec. of sec 23 T. 19 N. R. 7 W. tax \$24.00, cost \$12.00, printer's fee \$1.20.

McLean, Mrs. Fannie, one vacant lot in Columbiana, tax \$50.00, cost \$25.00, printer's fee \$2.50.

Newton, J. H., NW 1/4 of the NW 1

BRYAN AND SEWELL

The Standard-Bearers of the Free Silver Democracy.

Proceedings of the Democratic National Convention at Chicago That Nominated the Ticket on a Free Silver Platform.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Following are the proceedings of the Democratic national convention:

FIRST DAY.

The Proceedings.
At 12:30 Chairman Harbottle of the Democratic national committee called the convention to order. He requested the sergeant-at-arms to clear the aisles and see that everyone took their seats. Prayer was offered by Rev. E. Y. Sikes, rector of Grace Episcopal church, of Chicago. Then Chairman Harbottle, in slow, deliberate tones, said:

Gentlemen of the convention, by direction of the Democratic national committee, I desire to report the following as the temporary organization of the convention: Temporary chairman, David H. Hill, of New York; Y. Sikes, rector of Grace Episcopal church, of Chicago. Then Chairman Harbottle, in slow, deliberate tones, said:

For temporary secretary, Simon P. Sheelin, of Indiana; for sergeant-at-arms, Col. John I. Martin, of Missouri.

"What is the pleasure of the convention?" Mr. Harbottle asked, "on the report as made from the Democratic national committee?"

On that Mr. Clayton, delegate from Alabama, arose, advanced to the platform, and declared that the name of Hon. John W. Daniel, of Virginia, be substituted in the committee report for that of Hon. David H. Hill, of New York, and that the name of Hon. John W. Daniel, of Virginia, be substituted in the committee report for that of Hon. David H. Hill, of New York, and that the name of Hon. John W. Daniel, of Virginia, be substituted in the committee report for that of Hon. David H. Hill, of New York.

After a lengthy discussion participated in by half a score of delegates, Hon. Henry T. Clayton, of Alabama, moved that the name of Hon. John W. Daniel, of Virginia, be substituted in the committee report for that of Hon. David H. Hill, of New York, and that the name of Hon. John W. Daniel, of Virginia, be substituted in the committee report for that of Hon. David H. Hill, of New York.

When Chairman Daniel finished his speech Senator Jones, of Arkansas, presented a resolution of thanks to Chairman Harbottle for the able and impartial manner in which he had his duty while presiding.

Gov. Hogg of Texas, moved the appointment of committees on permanent organization, credentials, resolutions and rules, and a call of the roll of states for members of committees was at once begun.

After the announcement of the committees the convention adjourned until 10 a. m. Wednesday.

SECOND DAY.

First Session.

At a few minutes before 11 o'clock the temporary chairman called the convention to order and announced that its proceedings would be continued by prayer. Rev. Thomas Edwards, rector of Grace Episcopal church (Episcopal), Cedar Rapids, Ia., at this time the section of the New York delegates was still unoccupied.

Senator White, of Missouri, moved that the name of Hon. John W. Daniel, of Virginia, be substituted in the committee report for that of Hon. David H. Hill, of New York, and that the name of Hon. John W. Daniel, of Virginia, be substituted in the committee report for that of Hon. David H. Hill, of New York.

The temporary chairman announced that the first business in order was the report of committees, as no business could be done, except by unanimous consent, until the committee reported. He called the first committee in order, the committee on credentials, and there was no response. After an interval of about ten minutes it was announced that the committee on credentials were about to reassemble after their long night's session.

While awaiting the reports of committees the convention was addressed in response to calls, by ex-Gov. Hogg of Texas; Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky; Gov. Altgeld of Illinois; David Greengarden, of New York; Frederick Williams, of Massachusetts.

At this point (11 p. m.) the chair announced a partial report of the committee on credentials, recommending the name of Hon. John W. Daniel, of Virginia, be substituted in the committee report for that of Hon. David H. Hill, of New York, and that the name of Hon. John W. Daniel, of Virginia, be substituted in the committee report for that of Hon. David H. Hill, of New York.

In regard to Nebraska they were pleased to report that the delegates headed by Hon. W. Bryan should have their names placed in regard to Michigan they asked further time.

Mr. Mahoney, of Nebraska, rose in the body of the hall and gracefully offered to vacate the seats now occupied by the sitting delegates for the benefit of their successful contestants. The motion to adopt the report was declared carried by a viva voce vote a demand for a roll call, which was refused, and the report of the committee on credentials was adopted.

At 1:37 Mr. Aldrich moved that the convention take a recess till five o'clock. The proposition was met with loud shouts of disapproval. Thereupon the chairman (Mr. White, of California) declared that it had become manifest that there would be no report from the committee on credentials for some time, and that the motion just made was the result of that fact.

Mr. Finley, of Ohio, moved that the report of the committee on permanent organization be now read and that the convention proceed to its permanent organization, leaving the report of the committee on credentials to be disposed of subsequently.

The chair ruled that as there was no permanent roll of the body there could be no declaration of a permanent organization. He then put the question on the motion for a recess and declared it carried. So the convention took a recess till five o'clock.

Second Session.

The convention reassembled at 5:30 p. m. with a full attendance of delegates and with crowded galleries. Senator Daniel, of Virginia, was in the chair as temporary chairman.

At 5:15 p. m. the committee on credentials presented its report, admitting the delegates from the four congressional districts of Michigan—Messrs. Chamberlain and Hart, also admitting the contestants of the Michigan congressional district of Michigan—Messrs. Hoyt and White—and recognizing the right to their seats of all the other delegates from Michigan.

Mr. Crosby, of Massachusetts, offered an amendment to retain the four unseated delegates.

A long and somewhat acrimonious discussion followed which was finally brought to an end by the moving and recording of the previous question, when the minority amendment was rejected and the report of the majority declared adopted.

The report of the committee on permanent organization was then presented by Mr. Finley, of Ohio, naming Senator White, of California, as permanent president of the convention, and Thomas J. Cavan, of Ohio, as permanent secretary.

The report was adopted and a committee appointed to escort Senator White to the chair.

Senator Daniel in retiring from the temporary chairmanship expressed his deep sense of the honor which he had enjoyed and introduced Mr. White as "the distinguished senator from California." [Cheers.]

Senator White, of California, on taking the chair, spoke of the convention as an assemblage of men from every state and territory in the Union, and said that he was prepared to

extend full, equal, and absolutely impartial treatment to all. Every question before the convention was to be decided by the majority.

Mr. Clark, of Montana, rising in the body of the hall, produced a silver gavel from the mines of Montana, which he tendered to the presiding officer in the name of the delegates from that state. The chairman remarked that in the absence of objection, he would feel compelled to accept this handsome token from the Montana delegation. No objection being heard, the silver gavel was passed up to the chairman.

The convention then on motion of Senator Jones of Arkansas, adjourned until Thursday morning at ten o'clock.

THIRD DAY.

CHICAGO, July 8.—It was 10:55 when Senator White, of California, called the convention to order.

Rev. Thomas Green, of Grace Episcopal church, Cedar Rapids, Ia., offered prayer. Representative Richardson was called to the chair, and Senator Jones, of Arkansas, chairman of the committee on resolutions, once took the platform and read the report of the committee on resolutions.

He was followed by Senator Hill, of New York, who presented a memorial containing issues of the silver question, and in other ways endeavoring to modify the radical utterances of the majority. It was read by the secretary, and upon the question of the adoption or rejection of the minority report, the debate began, in which lasted the entire afternoon, participated in by both Hillman, of South Carolina, and Senator Hill, of New York; Senator Vilas, of Wisconsin; ex-Gov. Russell, of Massachusetts; and Representative Bryan, of Nebraska, during the progress of which there were occasional scenes of tumultuous applause particularly in the case of Senators Hill and Mr. Bryan.

At the close of the debate all amendments were rejected by a majority of 180 votes. The platform, as amended by the committee, was adopted: Ayes, 628; nays, 301; absent, 1.

Evening Session.
CHICAGO, July 8.—The mass of spectators at this evening's session was, if possible, denser and the excitement intenser than at any previous meeting of the convention because the other main candidates for the presidency were present, and the silver question was the subject of the debate.

It took the sergeant-at-arms and his assistants fully 15 minutes more to ally the uproar to order, and the convention was not in a very quiet condition, even though for only a very brief interval, for every moment, on one pretense or another, the crowds broke out into a riot.

The chairman informed the convention that the roll of states had been called, and that the names of the candidates for the presidency should be made. By an agreement, entered into by the friends of the several candidates, the chairman added, the nominating and seconding speeches would be limited to 30 minutes in length, which time might be used either when the nominations were made or when the state of the speaker was called.

Senator Vest, of Missouri, was the first delegate to address the convention, even before the call of states had got further in the alphabetical list than the state of Arkansas.

The chairman and the sergeant-at-arms appeared to be utterly unable to cope with the situation; and Mr. Vest went on with his speech nominating Mr. Bland. The only part of his speech that stirred the crowd was the closing phrase: "Give us Silver Dick and Silver quick."

This brought down the house and hats and flags were waved and great uproar made which lasted for some minutes. The band came to the help of the crowd, striking up "The Battle Cry of Freedom." All the silver delegates rose to their feet, cheered and indulged in all the usual manifestations of popular enthusiasm, so that what at first was a faint wave of applause grew into a tumultuous storm. In the thick of which a Bland banner was carried through the hall, with the motto "Silver Dick the people's choice." A band of music at either end of the hall added to the uproar, while the Bland band struck up, amid great applause, "Red, White and Blue," putting the rival musicians to silence.

By this time there were three handsome Bland banners unfurled and carried about with a likelihood of success. The band came to the help of the crowd, striking up "The Battle Cry of Freedom." All the silver delegates rose to their feet, cheered and indulged in all the usual manifestations of popular enthusiasm, so that what at first was a faint wave of applause grew into a tumultuous storm. In the thick of which a Bland banner was carried through the hall, with the motto "Silver Dick the people's choice." A band of music at either end of the hall added to the uproar, while the Bland band struck up, amid great applause, "Red, White and Blue," putting the rival musicians to silence.

By this time there were three handsome Bland banners unfurled and carried about with a likelihood of success. The band came to the help of the crowd, striking up "The Battle Cry of Freedom." All the silver delegates rose to their feet, cheered and indulged in all the usual manifestations of popular enthusiasm, so that what at first was a faint wave of applause grew into a tumultuous storm. In the thick of which a Bland banner was carried through the hall, with the motto "Silver Dick the people's choice." A band of music at either end of the hall added to the uproar, while the Bland band struck up, amid great applause, "Red, White and Blue," putting the rival musicians to silence.

By this time there were three handsome Bland banners unfurled and carried about with a likelihood of success. The band came to the help of the crowd, striking up "The Battle Cry of Freedom." All the silver delegates rose to their feet, cheered and indulged in all the usual manifestations of popular enthusiasm, so that what at first was a faint wave of applause grew into a tumultuous storm. In the thick of which a Bland banner was carried through the hall, with the motto "Silver Dick the people's choice." A band of music at either end of the hall added to the uproar, while the Bland band struck up, amid great applause, "Red, White and Blue," putting the rival musicians to silence.

By this time there were three handsome Bland banners unfurled and carried about with a likelihood of success. The band came to the help of the crowd, striking up "The Battle Cry of Freedom." All the silver delegates rose to their feet, cheered and indulged in all the usual manifestations of popular enthusiasm, so that what at first was a faint wave of applause grew into a tumultuous storm. In the thick of which a Bland banner was carried through the hall, with the motto "Silver Dick the people's choice." A band of music at either end of the hall added to the uproar, while the Bland band struck up, amid great applause, "Red, White and Blue," putting the rival musicians to silence.

By this time there were three handsome Bland banners unfurled and carried about with a likelihood of success. The band came to the help of the crowd, striking up "The Battle Cry of Freedom." All the silver delegates rose to their feet, cheered and indulged in all the usual manifestations of popular enthusiasm, so that what at first was a faint wave of applause grew into a tumultuous storm. In the thick of which a Bland banner was carried through the hall, with the motto "Silver Dick the people's choice." A band of music at either end of the hall added to the uproar, while the Bland band struck up, amid great applause, "Red, White and Blue," putting the rival musicians to silence.

By this time there were three handsome Bland banners unfurled and carried about with a likelihood of success. The band came to the help of the crowd, striking up "The Battle Cry of Freedom." All the silver delegates rose to their feet, cheered and indulged in all the usual manifestations of popular enthusiasm, so that what at first was a faint wave of applause grew into a tumultuous storm. In the thick of which a Bland banner was carried through the hall, with the motto "Silver Dick the people's choice." A band of music at either end of the hall added to the uproar, while the Bland band struck up, amid great applause, "Red, White and Blue," putting the rival musicians to silence.

By this time there were three handsome Bland banners unfurled and carried about with a likelihood of success. The band came to the help of the crowd, striking up "The Battle Cry of Freedom." All the silver delegates rose to their feet, cheered and indulged in all the usual manifestations of popular enthusiasm, so that what at first was a faint wave of applause grew into a tumultuous storm. In the thick of which a Bland banner was carried through the hall, with the motto "Silver Dick the people's choice." A band of music at either end of the hall added to the uproar, while the Bland band struck up, amid great applause, "Red, White and Blue," putting the rival musicians to silence.

By this time there were three handsome Bland banners unfurled and carried about with a likelihood of success. The band came to the help of the crowd, striking up "The Battle Cry of Freedom." All the silver delegates rose to their feet, cheered and indulged in all the usual manifestations of popular enthusiasm, so that what at first was a faint wave of applause grew into a tumultuous storm. In the thick of which a Bland banner was carried through the hall, with the motto "Silver Dick the people's choice." A band of music at either end of the hall added to the uproar, while the Bland band struck up, amid great applause, "Red, White and Blue," putting the rival musicians to silence.

By this time there were three handsome Bland banners unfurled and carried about with a likelihood of success. The band came to the help of the crowd, striking up "The Battle Cry of Freedom." All the silver delegates rose to their feet, cheered and indulged in all the usual manifestations of popular enthusiasm, so that what at first was a faint wave of applause grew into a tumultuous storm. In the thick of which a Bland banner was carried through the hall, with the motto "Silver Dick the people's choice." A band of music at either end of the hall added to the uproar, while the Bland band struck up, amid great applause, "Red, White and Blue," putting the rival musicians to silence.

By this time there were three handsome Bland banners unfurled and carried about with a likelihood of success. The band came to the help of the crowd, striking up "The Battle Cry of Freedom." All the silver delegates rose to their feet, cheered and indulged in all the usual manifestations of popular enthusiasm, so that what at first was a faint wave of applause grew into a tumultuous storm. In the thick of which a Bland banner was carried through the hall, with the motto "Silver Dick the people's choice." A band of music at either end of the hall added to the uproar, while the Bland band struck up, amid great applause, "Red, White and Blue," putting the rival musicians to silence.

By this time there were three handsome Bland banners unfurled and carried about with a likelihood of success. The band came to the help of the crowd, striking up "The Battle Cry of Freedom." All the silver delegates rose to their feet, cheered and indulged in all the usual manifestations of popular enthusiasm, so that what at first was a faint wave of applause grew into a tumultuous storm. In the thick of which a Bland banner was carried through the hall, with the motto "Silver Dick the people's choice." A band of music at either end of the hall added to the uproar, while the Bland band struck up, amid great applause, "Red, White and Blue," putting the rival musicians to silence.

By this time there were three handsome Bland banners unfurled and carried about with a likelihood of success. The band came to the help of the crowd, striking up "The Battle Cry of Freedom." All the silver delegates rose to their feet, cheered and indulged in all the usual manifestations of popular enthusiasm, so that what at first was a faint wave of applause grew into a tumultuous storm. In the thick of which a Bland banner was carried through the hall, with the motto "Silver Dick the people's choice." A band of music at either end of the hall added to the uproar, while the Bland band struck up, amid great applause, "Red, White and Blue," putting the rival musicians to silence.

By this time there were three handsome Bland banners unfurled and carried about with a likelihood of success. The band came to the help of the crowd, striking up "The Battle Cry of Freedom." All the silver delegates rose to their feet, cheered and indulged in all the usual manifestations of popular enthusiasm, so that what at first was a faint wave of applause grew into a tumultuous storm. In the thick of which a Bland banner was carried through the hall, with the motto "Silver Dick the people's choice." A band of music at either end of the hall added to the uproar, while the Bland band struck up, amid great applause, "Red, White and Blue," putting the rival musicians to silence.

By this time there were three handsome Bland banners unfurled and carried about with a likelihood of success. The band came to the help of the crowd, striking up "The Battle Cry of Freedom." All the silver delegates rose to their feet, cheered and indulged in all the usual manifestations of popular enthusiasm, so that what at first was a faint wave of applause grew into a tumultuous storm. In the thick of which a Bland banner was carried through the hall, with the motto "Silver Dick the people's choice." A band of music at either end of the hall added to the uproar, while the Bland band struck up, amid great applause, "Red, White and Blue," putting the rival musicians to silence.

By this time there were three handsome Bland banners unfurled and carried about with a likelihood of success. The band came to the help of the crowd, striking up "The Battle Cry of Freedom." All the silver delegates rose to their feet, cheered and indulged in all the usual manifestations of popular enthusiasm, so that what at first was a faint wave of applause grew into a tumultuous storm. In the thick of which a Bland banner was carried through the hall, with the motto "Silver Dick the people's choice." A band of music at either end of the hall added to the uproar, while the Bland band struck up, amid great applause, "Red, White and Blue," putting the rival musicians to silence.

By this time there were three handsome Bland banners unfurled and carried about with a likelihood of success. The band came to the help of the crowd, striking up "The Battle Cry of Freedom." All the silver delegates rose to their feet, cheered and indulged in all the usual manifestations of popular enthusiasm, so that what at first was a faint wave of applause grew into a tumultuous storm. In the thick of which a Bland banner was carried through the hall, with the motto "Silver Dick the people's choice." A band of music at either end of the hall added to the uproar, while the Bland band struck up, amid great applause, "Red, White and Blue," putting the rival musicians to silence.

By this time there were three handsome Bland banners unfurled and carried about with a likelihood of success. The band came to the help of the crowd, striking up "The Battle Cry of Freedom." All the silver delegates rose to their feet, cheered and indulged in all the usual manifestations of popular enthusiasm, so that what at first was a faint wave of applause grew into a tumultuous storm. In the thick of which a Bland banner was carried through the hall, with the motto "Silver Dick the people's choice." A band of music at either end of the hall added to the uproar, while the Bland band struck up, amid great applause, "Red, White and Blue," putting the rival musicians to silence.

By this time there were three handsome Bland banners unfurled and carried about with a likelihood of success. The band came to the help of the crowd, striking up "The Battle Cry of Freedom." All the silver delegates rose to their feet, cheered and indulged in all the usual manifestations of popular enthusiasm, so that what at first was a faint wave of applause grew into a tumultuous storm. In the thick of which a Bland banner was carried through the hall, with the motto "Silver Dick the people's choice." A band of music at either end of the hall added to the uproar, while the Bland band struck up, amid great applause, "Red, White and Blue," putting the rival musicians to silence.

By this time there were three handsome Bland banners unfurled and carried about with a likelihood of success. The band came to the help of the crowd, striking up "The Battle Cry of Freedom." All the silver delegates rose to their feet, cheered and indulged in all the usual manifestations of popular enthusiasm, so that what at first was a faint wave of applause grew into a tumultuous storm. In the thick of which a Bland banner was carried through the hall, with the motto "Silver Dick the people's choice." A band of music at either end of the hall added to the uproar, while the Bland band struck up, amid great applause, "Red, White and Blue," putting the rival musicians to silence.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

VOLUME XI.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, JULY 16, 1896.

NUMBER 2.

gate from Indiana suggested an adjournment. An attempt was made to restore order, and the sergeant-at-arms—who is quite a character in his way, and who delights in making speeches from the stand—addressed the audience, saying: "LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—I want your attention for a few moments. I want to say that the chairman of this convention desires that I shall announce to you that, unless there is here, feet order [cheers], the convention to-morrow will be without any guests. The delegations will be protected by the police, and the audience will not be permitted to come into the hall. Now keep order. [Shouts of laughter.]

Mr. Martin, of Kansas, indulged in some playful ridicule of the vain efforts of the chairman and sergeant-at-arms to maintain order, and said if the same disrespect was shown to other speakers as was shown Mr. Turpie he would move to adjourn.

Hon. Fred White, of Iowa, was recognized to nominate ex-Gov. Boies. Cheers of a comparatively mild type greeted the announcement, and the Boies banner was raised.

Mr. White was a vigorous voice and good delivery, and was listened to with attention. He closed a glowing tribute to Iowa's ex-governor by saying:

Gov. Boies does not believe in a dishonest fifty-cent dollar. As it would work an injury to the creditor class, neither does he believe in a two-hundred-cent dollar which is still more dishonest as it unquestionably involves the bankruptcy of the debtor class. Gov. Boies believes in a honest one-cent dollar, authorized not by the British parliament but by a law of the American congress and coined for use among the American people. He believes in a gold dollar of 22.2 grains of gold and in a silver dollar just sixteen times heavier.

The finger of a kind fate points to the election of Horace Boies. History seems to be anxious to reward him. Give us the man from Waterloo and allies will flock to his standard which will destroy Mark Hanna's Napoleon number two as effectually as the European allies destroyed the French Napoleon number one.

A Boies demonstration was started by the Iowa delegation, but made no progress till two young women dressed in white, in the south gallery stood up, and wildly waving their arms began shrieking for Iowa's governor. Somebody handed one of them a couple of flags, and by this time the attention of the whole convention was directed towards them, and every body faced that way. The Boies banner was handed to them, and between them they managed to wave a few times, and then sank back in their seats exhausted.

As soon as some slight degree of order was re-established the nomination of Mr. Boies was seconded by Mr. A. T. Smithson, of Minnesota.

Hon. John S. Rhea, of Kentucky, with a voice almost as resonant, and very closely resembling that of the senator he nominated, placed in nomination the name of Senator Joseph S. Blackburn, of Kentucky. He prefaced his remarks with the pledge that he would

ever be nominated. Kentucky would give him her vote. He spoke of his candidate as "Joe" Blackburn, because to Kentuckians he was "Joe" Blackburn and that meant everything. [Cheers.] It was true that he was from the south and had been a confederate soldier, but his candidacy was not a sectional one. [Cheers.]

Mr. W. F. Foot of California, seconded the nomination of Mr. Blackburn. He briefly but forcibly eulogized Mr. Blackburn's character and services, and his remarks were well received.

When Massachusetts was called the chairman of the delegation said Massachusetts had intended to present the name of Gov. Russell, but Mr. Russell declined to run on the platform.

Mr. Paul Jones, of Arkansas, also seconded the nomination of Mr. Bland, whom he said was no new convert or experiment in democracy. He had fought the battles of the party for 22 years, under the terrible blaze of a political searchlight, and no spot had been found upon his escutcheon, no flaw in his armor. He was the logical candidate on the great issue that now confronted the American people.

He pleaded, of Ohio, when the name of his state was called, put in nomination Mr. John R. McLean, of Cincinnati, and said:

"I shall pass by extravagant eulogy on the man. His whole life has been a life of honest, capable, he is a democrat. He is the son of a sire who did more to mold the democracy of this country than any other man. If you nominate John R. McLean I promise you that Ohio will be the Waterloo of McKinley."

Delegates, we hand over the claim of John R. McLean into your hands and into your hands, relying on the integrity and gratitude of the great democratic masses. [Cheers.]

Chairman Harbottle, of Pennsylvania, when his state was called, put in nomination Mr. John R. McLean, of Cincinnati, and said:

Mr. John H. Bankhead, of Alabama, one of the delegates who had relieved Congressman Richardson as temporary chairman, introduced the name of Senator Joseph W. Bailey, of Texas. Mr. Bailey was earnestly applauded on taking the stand. He earnestly seconded the nomination of Richard P. Bland.

Mr. Patrick, of Ohio, when the name of his state was called, put in nomination Mr. John R. McLean, of Cincinnati, and said:

"I shall pass by extravagant eulogy on the man. His whole life has been a life of honest, capable, he is a democrat. He is the son of a sire who did more to mold the democracy of this country than any other man. If you nominate John R. McLean I promise you that Ohio will be the Waterloo of McKinley."

Delegates, we hand over the claim of John R. McLean into your hands and into your hands, relying on the integrity and gratitude of the great democratic masses. [Cheers.]

Chairman Harbottle, of Pennsylvania, when his state was called, put in nomination Mr. John R. McLean, of Cincinnati, and said:

Mr. John H. Bankhead, of Alabama, one of the delegates who had relieved Congressman Richardson as temporary chairman, introduced the name of Senator Joseph W. Bailey, of Texas. Mr. Bailey was earnestly applauded on taking the stand. He earnestly seconded the nomination of Richard P. Bland.

Mr. Patrick, of Ohio, when the name of his state was called, put in nomination Mr. John R. McLean, of Cincinnati, and said:

"I shall pass by extravagant eulogy on the man. His whole life has been a life of honest, capable, he is a democrat. He is the son of a sire who did more to mold the democracy of this country than any other man. If you nominate John R. McLean I promise you that Ohio will be the Waterloo of McKinley."

Delegates, we hand over the claim of John R. McLean into your hands and into your hands, relying on the integrity and gratitude of the great democratic masses. [Cheers.]

Chairman Harbottle, of Pennsylvania, when his state was called, put in nomination Mr. John R. McLean, of Cincinnati, and said:

Mr. John H. Bankhead, of Alabama, one of the delegates who had relieved Congressman Richardson as temporary chairman, introduced the name of Senator Joseph W. Bailey, of Texas. Mr. Bailey was earnestly applauded on taking the stand. He earnestly seconded the nomination of Richard P. Bland.

Mr. Patrick, of Ohio, when the name of his state was called, put in nomination Mr. John R. McLean, of Cincinnati, and said:

"I shall pass by extravagant eulogy on the man. His whole life has been a life of honest, capable, he is a democrat. He is the son of a sire who did more to mold the democracy of this country than any other man. If you nominate John R. McLean I promise you that Ohio will be the Waterloo of McKinley."

amid much confusion Gen. Briggs again rose and claimed the attention of the convention to say:

"With your kind permission we will send out and make search for another straggler, and, on the successful Wisconsin may yet pledge its support to another candidate. [Laughter and hisses.]

At the close of the call of the roll of states the convention, at 12:35 a. m., adjourned till 10 a. m.

FOURTH DAY.

First Session.

CHICAGO, July 10.—At 10:55 Senator White, of California, the permanent chairman, took the chair and made an effort to establish some degree of quiet and order in the hall. After five minutes devoted to that purpose with very little success, prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Green, of the Episcopal church, Cedar Rapids, Ia., the same clergyman who officiated the last two days.

The chair immediately recognized Mr. Harbottle, of Pennsylvania, who, standing in the main aisle, was greeted with cheers. He said: "I desire to say that in obedience to instructions given by the Democratic state convention the Pennsylvania delegation presents the name of Robert E. Pattison, of Pennsylvania, as a candidate for the presidency."

Then the chair asked if there were any more nominations.

Mr. Mattingly, of the District of Columbia, from his place in the rear of the hall, seconded the nomination of that peerless champion of free silver, that true democrat and friend of labor, John R. McLean, of Ohio.

Mr. Miller, of Oregon, on behalf of that state nominated ex-Gov. Sylvester Penney.

No other names being presented, the chair declared the nominations closed, and first in voting order, directed the secretary to call the roll of states. But before this was commenced Mr. Smith, of Ohio, informed the convention of the sudden demise of Hon. Frank Hurd.

The chair asked if any action was desired and Mr. Smith said that at this time.

When the first state was called Chairman Lomax, of Alabama, rose to say that John B. Knox, H. B. Foster, S. J. Carpenter, J. H. Mingo and D. B. Burgess desired to vote for ex-Gov. Wm. E. Russell, of Massachusetts, but under the unite rule, he cast the 22 votes of Alabama for Horace Boies.

Several of the chairmen of the delegations interjected little stump speeches into the announcements of the votes of their delegations. Massachusetts said "the water hand," of Louisiana stood up and holding a silver dollar in his hand said something which was drowned in laughter and cheers.

Minnesota brought Adlai Stevenson's name placed in nomination, but not a solitary cheer greeted it.

When New Jersey was reached the chairman of the delegation rose and said: New Jersey respectfully declines to vote, whereupon there were cheers and hisses.

The state of New York adopted the same course, and the chairman of the delegation said: "I wish to say that New York respectfully declines to vote, whereupon there were cheers and hisses.

There was some curiosity to see how Ohio would vote, and the chairman of the delegation manifested a full desire to gratify it. Standing in the rear of the hall, he said: "I would like to see the delegates from Wisconsin to whom I would be the strongest candidate. If it shall at any time appear that my candidacy is the least obstruction to the nomination of any candidate, I will be glad to step aside."

There was some curiosity to see how Ohio would vote, and the chairman of the delegation manifested a full desire to gratify it. Standing in the rear of the hall, he said: "I would like to see the delegates from Wisconsin to whom I would be the strongest candidate. If it shall at any time appear that my candidacy is the least obstruction to the nomination of any candidate, I will be glad to step aside."

There was some curiosity to see how Ohio would vote, and the chairman of the delegation manifested a full desire to gratify it. Standing in the rear of the hall, he said: "I would like to see the delegates from Wisconsin to whom I would be the strongest candidate. If it shall at any time appear that my candidacy is the least obstruction to the nomination of any candidate, I will be glad to step aside."

There was some curiosity to see how Ohio would vote, and the chairman of the delegation manifested a full desire to gratify it. Standing in the rear of the hall, he said: "I would like to see the delegates from Wisconsin to whom I would be the strongest candidate. If it shall at any time appear that my candidacy is the least obstruction to the nomination of any candidate, I will be glad to step aside."

There was some curiosity to see how Ohio would vote, and the chairman of the delegation manifested a full desire to gratify it. Standing in the rear of the hall, he said: "I would like to see the delegates from Wisconsin to whom I would be the strongest candidate. If it shall at any time appear that my candidacy is the least obstruction to the nomination of any candidate, I will be glad to step aside."

There was some curiosity to see how Ohio would vote, and the chairman of the delegation manifested a full desire to gratify it. Standing in the rear of the hall, he said: "I would like to see the delegates from Wisconsin to whom I would be the strongest candidate. If it shall at any time appear that my candidacy is the least obstruction to the nomination of any candidate, I will be glad to step aside."

There was some curiosity to see how Ohio would vote, and the chairman of the delegation manifested a full desire to gratify it. Standing in the rear of the hall, he said: "I would like to see the delegates from Wisconsin to whom I would be the strongest candidate. If it shall at any time appear that my candidacy is the least obstruction to the nomination of any candidate, I will be glad to step aside."

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, JULY 16, 1896.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JOSEPH F. JOHNSTON,
Of Jefferson.

For Secretary of State,
JAMES K. JACKSON,
Of Lauderdale.

For Treasurer,
GEORGE W. KELLS,
Of Montgomery.

For Auditor,
WALTER S. WHITE,
Of Colbert.

For Attorney-General,
WILLIAM C. FITTS,
Of Tuscaloosa.

For Superintendent of Education,
JOHN O. TURNER,
Of St. Clair.

For Commissioner of Agriculture,
I. F. CULVER,
Of Bullock.

COUNTY DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Representative,
N. A. GRAHAM,
Of Calera.

For Sheriff,
AMOS DANIEL,
Of Wilsonville.

For Tax Collector,
A. F. SMITH,
Of Shelby.

For Assessor,
J. H. HAMMOND,
Of Columbiana.

For Treasurer,
W. A. THOMPSON,
Of Columbiana.

For Superintendent of Education,
C. W. O'HARA,
Of Columbiana.

For Commissioner 1st District,
HOSEA PEARSON,
Of Shelby.

For Commissioner 3d District,
R. H. WALKER,
Of Helena.

For Coroner,
J. M. BABB,
Of Vandiver.

The full proceedings of the Chicago democratic national convention will be found on the first page of this issue. Up to the meeting of the convention we were for sound money, and up to this good hour our views have not undergone the slightest change, but we cheerfully lay aside our personal opinions for the time being and shall give our enthusiastic support to the nominees of our party. That is democracy if we understand the term. The majority should rule, and we have no crow to eat, nor do we feel that we have made the slightest sacrifice of principle. In other words, to sum up the situation in a few words here is our position: We are a democrat; democracy means a cheerful and complete yielding to the will of the majority; we have done that, and there you have it. We have yet our first dish of crow to eat, for the reason that when our party speak we dry up and fall in line. The democratic party is far bigger than any question now before the people, and we are going to stay with it to the end.

If the colored voters of Shelby county want to know just how far they can depend on a republican-populist congressman to aid them or do anything whatever in their interest, they can inform themselves by reading the article elsewhere in this issue showing how he defeated the appropriation of government land to the colored school at Tuskegee. And if the populists will take the trouble to read the same article they will see how great a friend Aldrich is to the poor white girls of Alabama.

LONGSHORE'S Alabama Leader says Bryan is a good clean man, and is running on the correct platform, but it's the gang his training with that it dislikes. Just as we thought. Any excuse is better than none. The pop leaders would be out of a job if their followers should go back home. And isn't it a clear admission that their cry for free silver is only a delusion and a snare? It looks so to a man up a tree.

We hope bill collectors will give us a rest until after November. Of course we are going to get all the free silver we want, and of course we will have a barrel on tap in our office. If they will only exercise a little patience we will settle then in full. In the interim, however, you may send in your silver dollars, and we will place your names on our book for a year's subscription to The Chronicle.

So far as the election of Joseph F. Johnston and the entire state ticket is concerned, that is a foregone conclusion, and the only question is as to the size of the majority. The thing for us to do in this county is to look to our own interest. By systematic organized effort we can carry this county, and we must not neglect a single opportunity. Democrats of Shelby, hustle.

BRYAN is the youngest man ever nominated for the presidential chair, being only 36 years of age.

BRYAN may be honest, a great many enthusiastic democrats are honest, but the machine is just as bloodthirsty as it was in '94. Longshore's Alabama Leader.

Holy smoke, a democrat honest! What an admission for a pop paper. Surely there is a mistake somewhere.

MAJOR MCKINLEY has discovered a new kind of dollar, the full dollar. We have known for a long time that a dollar would buy enough white ink to get a man full, but now it seems the dollar must also be "full."

THE candidate for sheriff of Coosa county on the populist ticket was pulled last week and carried to Montgomery on the charge of running an illicit still. He is a "plum good un."

ONE of Calera's enthusiastic democrats says he's going to vote the ticket through from A to Z on down to and so forth. That's the proper stuff.

THE pops are pops no longer. Flops would fill the bill better. They are flopping every day, and are coming home in droves. Good nuff.

IT is only about two weeks until the election. Democrats should be on the move. Let no grass grow under your feet.

READ the democratic national platform on the fourth page of The Chronicle, and then get on it with both feet.

WE suppose "thesenate is delighted" at the ticket and the platform launched at Chicago.

GOODWIN's explanations don't seem to explain.

"No crown of thorns; no cross of gold."

POOR MAN'S MONEY.

Much has been said and is still being said by the free silver advocates about free silver being the poor man's money. A writer on the subject suggests free copper as the proper metal for the poor man's money, if he is to have a cheaper dollar than other people, and gives good reasons therefor when he says: "The farmers and laboring men should not be fooled by either the goldbugs or the silver bugs, as neither gold or silver can be called the poor man's money. If free silver will be a good thing for the working people, free copper will be better. There is no argument that can be advanced for free silver but applies with greater force to free copper. Copper has been used for money the world over for thousands of years. The widow's mite was copper, and the widow and children of the poor today have copper only to use for their necessities. If 53 cents worth of silver can be made into a government dollar and this action bring great prosperity and plenty of money for all, then 3 cents worth of copper can also be made into a government dollar and bring greater prosperity and more money for all. During the civil war in this country gold and silver both disappeared from circulation, and copper was the only one of the metals which remained in active circulation, and it supplied the only money which the poor man could use to buy his daily bread. Let us meet the issue boldly, and instead of giving 53 cents worth of silver for a dollar, use copper and give only 3 cents. Let the public save 97 cents on the debts which they have to pay rather than only 47 cents."

THE TROUBLE IN BUTLER.

From the Selma Times.

The Butler Piebalds held a primary some time ago, as you know, and their bosses, not satisfied at the nominations made by it for county offices, tore up the returns and ordered a new primary. This was held last Monday so far as it was held at all. The Greenville Advocate says 144 voted at Greenville in the first primary, and only 81 at the last one. It is also told by the Mobile Register that only about 400 voted in the whole county in this last deal. Whether or not the bosses will tear up these returns as they did the first remains to be seen. The fact is, however, that the hog has gone with his mouth tied in Butler.

And it is the end of a pitiful story. Perhaps no county in the state had a more wild and cantankerous lot of populists than Butler. They had it bad and all over; not only on the skin but in the flesh and bone. They would not talk to you. If you tried to reason with them they said you were in the pay of Wall street, though most of them didn't know where Wall street was. When folks lose their heads in that way they are in the best condition to be handled by a slick duck who knows how to humor them. "No fools no fun," and "a sucker is born every minute," is the motto of the slick duck. So the slick ducks got hold of the machinery and made the rantankerous vote them all the fat offices of the county. The rantankerous thought they were doing great things, and this sort of thing has gone on in Butler several years. Sensible people had to stand by, look on, and wonder how it would turn out. Well, there was only one way for it to turn out. The slick ducks run the thing in the ground. Even the rantankerous can see that they have made themselves foolish for the benefit of nobody but those who were slick enough to get the offices. So they are all to pieces down there now, and the democrats will win, hands down.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by Parker & Armstrong.

W. F. ALDRICH

The Man Who Is Responsible for Failure to Secure Public Lands

FOR INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS

He Tried to Make a Political Deal With Booker T. Washington.

The following letter from Washington to the Jacksonville Republican, written by F. W. Gist, formerly of this county, should be read by every white and colored citizen of Shelby county.

"The bill to donate 25,000 acres of public land to the Girls' Industrial School of Alabama failed of passage by the past congress. A brief history of the measures will be of interest to all Alabamians, and it is but just that they should know who is responsible for the failure.

It was introduced by Mr. Robbins, and was in the interest of the newly established school for the industrial training of the girls of Alabama. This school, as is well understood, is of the greatest importance to those girls who have not the means of acquiring a classic education and whose prospects for life make it desirable to fit them for self support.

Mr. H. C. Reynolds came to Washington and was granted a hearing by the committee on the public lands of the house. At the same time Booker Washington appeared in behalf of his school at Tuskegee and the committee unanimously agreed to report in favor of donating both schools an equal amount of land. Mr. Underwood reported the bills and they went on the calendar.

It was then only left to get unanimous consent for their passage. This could only be obtained from the speaker, and that functionary being a confirmed hater of all southern institutions refused his consent. Booker Washington was then called upon to use his influence with Mr. Reed. He did so, and was told by the speaker to take the bills to the senate, get them through that body, and they would then be allowed to pass the house.

At this point it was clearly seen that the scheme of the speaker was to get the bills both through the senate, and when they reached the house to let the Tuskegee bill go through and kill the white girls bill. However, it happened that in the senate Alabama is represented by a man of brains, who is more than a match for the wily schemes of Mr. Reed. Here Senator Morgan combined the two bills into one and had no trouble in getting them passed. They went over to the house and Mr. Reed was called upon to make good his promise to Washington. Here the cloven foot protruded from under the beery form of the speaker, and, characterizing the appropriation to the white girls as a "steal," he refused his consent to the passage of the bill.

This is the character of the man who presides over the house, and who wanted to be president. This is the character of all republicans when the interests of the South are at stake.

About this time Mr. Robbins was unseated, and it was hoped that the bill was being delayed to give Mr. Aldrich the credit of getting the bill through. It was known that this gentleman was opposed to the school on grounds of personal spite toward Montevallo, and that the donation of the public lands would be against his interests as a mine operator, but it was supposed that he would give away his personal feelings, as a statesman should, to the interests of his people. Again Booker Washington was called upon to exert his influence with a republican congressman. He willingly approached Mr. Aldrich and was as promptly met by an inquiry as to what he was willing to do in a political way in return for the passage of the bill. His evidence of shallowness and contemptible littleness so disgusted Washington that he gave up the fight.

The matter was rested for awhile, and Mr. Reynolds went to work among the populist friends of Mr. Aldrich. Several of these wrote Mr. Aldrich, importuning him to call up and secure the passage of the bill. This he had ample opportunity to do. Notwithstanding the opposition of Mr. Reed, his consent could have been secured by Mr. Aldrich with the proper effort. Finally Mr. Aldrich selected a day which had been set apart for the consideration of pension matters, and while the pension bill was before the house he asked unanimous consent to call up the bill. As he knew before hand the chairman of the committee on invalid pensions objected and the bill went back to the calendar. This virtually disposed of it for this session.

Mr. Aldrich will, of course, claim that he made every effort to call the bill up, but the fact is he purposely waited until he knew objection would be made. He is directly responsible for the defeat of the donation in aid of the daughters of the very people who gave him their support.

This is but another proof of the fact that when the white people of the South cast their vote for a republican they sacrifice their own interests. This man, given enough votes to justify a contest, and created by a partisan, house, has sacrificed the interest of his own supporters, white and black, to his own petty spite and pecuniary advantage. He has ignored the claims of the fair girls of Alabama, and those of the colored youths who are struggling for an education. He has in-

sulted the principle of the colored school by offering to barter his influence for political aid and found that person possessed of more intelligent principle than he could boast of. He has betrayed his own party by paying for his seat in congress with his support of a man whom the republicans of the district are opposed to. He has paid the fees of his lieutenants with the profits wrung from the brows of his laboring miners. The Fourth district and the entire state of Alabama is disgraced in having such a man represent it in congress. And he will ask a re-election at the hands of these people whose trust he has betrayed. Will they be fooled by him again?"

HOW TO VOTE IN AUGUST.

Below will be found a fac-simile of the ticket as prepared for the voter to be voted in the August election. The cross (X) must be placed at the left of the name of the person for whom you desire to vote. No names should be scratched, and no other marks placed on the ticket.

OFFICIAL BALLOT.

ELECTION AUGUST 3, 1896.

(Make a cross mark (X) before the name of the candidate of your choice.)

Vote for one:

FOR GOVERNOR.

ALBERT T. GOODWIN.

X JOSEPH F. JOHNSTON.

Vote for one:

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.

JAMES A. GRIMMETT.

X JAMES KIRKMAN JACKSON.

Vote for one:

FOR STATE TREASURER.

JOHN A. BINGHAM.

X GEORGE W. ELLIS.

Vote for one:

FOR STATE AUDITOR.

WILLIAM S. FORMAN.

X WALTER S. WHITE.

Vote for one:

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL.

WILLIAM C. FITTS.

X WILLIAM H. SMITH, JR.

Vote for one:

FOR STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

JOHN O. TURNER.

X WILLIAM M. WOOD.

Vote for one:

FOR COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE.

I. F. CULVER.

X JOSEPH H. HARRIS.

Vote for one:

FOR STATE SENATOR 15TH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

F. B. BALDWIN.

X GILBERT B. DEANE.

Vote for one:

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

N. A. GRAHAM.

X ADOLPHUS P. LONGSHORE.

Vote for one:

FOR SHERIFF.

AMOS DANIEL.

X EDWIN P. VEST.

Vote for one:

FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

JOHN H. HAMMOND.

X JOHN S. PITTS.

Vote for one:

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.

JOHN H. ROBERTSON.

X A. F. SMITH.

Vote for one:

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

WILLIAM A. THOMPSON.

X WILEY A. TALLANT.

Vote for one:

FOR COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

COLUMBUS W. O'HARA.

X EUGENE WILLIAMS.

Vote for one:

FOR CORONER.

P. M. ABERCROMBIE.

X J. M. BABB.

Vote for one:

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER 1ST DISTRICT.

JOHN E. DYKES.

X HOSEA PEARSON.

Vote for two:

FOR JUSTICES OF THE PEACE BEAT 1.

P. B. HARRELL.

X BARNETT L. MOORE.

WILLIAM E. SEALE.

X W. F. THETFORD, JR.

Vote for one:

FOR CONSTABLE BEAT 1.

A. S. LILES.

X WILLIAM A. LYONS.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Pitcher and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be **absolutely harmless?**

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of *Samuel Pitcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A STRAIGHT LINE

Is the shortest way to do it. Illustrated: The World going to The Chronicle Office

One of the largest establishments in the world, that of Wannamaker & Brown, use type like this and talk to their customers naturally.

There is no florid ornamentation or embeoidery of words, but a plain and simple statement of facts verified when customers visit their store.

As with Wannamaker & Brown so with The Chronicle. When it says this office is prepared to do First Class Job Work you can depend on it that it is so.

The facilities of the office are such that anything can be printed from a tiny card to a mammoth poster and each done well, quickly.

The Chronicle newspaper speaks for itself. It is newsy, spicy, racy, reliable. During the campaign it can be had for 10 cents a month, cash; 3 months, 25c.; year \$1.

Election Notice.

The State of Alabama Shelby county.

Notice is hereby given that there will be an election held at the various voting places in Shelby county, Alabama, on Monday, the 3rd day of August, 1896, for the purpose of electing a Governor for the state of Alabama, Secretary of State, Attorney General, Treasurer, Auditor, Superintendent of Education and Commissioner of Agriculture. Also a Senator for the 15th Senatorial District and representative for Shelby county in the General Assembly of Alabama, a Sheriff, Tax Collector, Tax Assessor, County Treasurer, County Superintendent of Education, Coroner and one Commissioner each for the 1st and 3rd Districts of Shelby county, also two Justices of the Peace and one Constable for each Precinct in said county.

Witness my hand this 1st day of July, 1896.

H. W. NELSON.

Sheriff.

We, the undersigned, hereby appoint the following Inspectors and returning officers for each Beat in Shelby county, to hold and manage the election to be held in said county on Monday, the 3d day of August, 1896, two of whom in each case being members of opposing political parties, to wit:

Beat 1, box 1—Inspectors: C. C. DuBose, John P. Spencer, H. M. Norris.

H. W. Nelson, Sheriff, returning officer.

Beat 1, box 2—Inspectors: John F. Avery, A. M. Piper, E. T. Brasher.

Samuel J. Harrell, returning officer.

Beat 2—Inspectors: E. C. Bristow, J. N. Cardon, Thos. B. Lovett.

Walter Hale returning officer.

Beat 2—Inspectors: A. S. Bristow, A. J. Powers, H. C. Moss.

John Pilgreen, returning officer.

Beat 4, box 1—Inspectors: H. S. Latham, J. D. Farrington, Dr. J. W. Pratt.

J. G. Harris, returning officers.

Beat 4, box 2—Inspectors: R. L. Rice, Newton Eddings, Charlie Frost.

John Harris, returning officer.

Beat 5—Inspectors: James L. Harmon, George Jacobs, James P. Doss.

John Harmon, returning officer.

Beat 6—Inspectors: J. D. Ruffin, Dr. J. M. Powers, James Griffin.

Daniel Lambert, returning officer.

Beat 7—Inspectors: J. B. Adams, J. H. Nabors, J. L. Butler.

C. E. Hale, returning officer.

Beat 8—Inspectors: Harmon Thomas, Wm. A. Weldon, N. M. Davis.

E. S. Martin, returning officer.

Beat 9—Inspectors: J. W. Millstead, Jesse Taylor, Jr., J. F. Hill.

George Taylor, returning officer.

Beat 10—Inspectors: T. G. Florey, J. P. Rowe, I. C. Shrader.

W. E. Millender, returning officer.

Beat 11—Inspectors: J. S. Walton, John W. Moore, J. M. Spearman.

J. E. Adams, returning officer.

Beat 12—Inspectors: A. C. DeShazo, N. H. Dunaway, R. F. Johnson.

Sam Dunaway, returning officer.

Beat 13—Inspectors: C. T. Lee, J. C. Farley, T. R. Kridor.

Charles Bass, returning officer.

Beat 14—Inspectors: R. E. Collins, Robert Black, W. A. Brasher.

W. H. Collins, returning officer.

Beat 15—Inspectors: M. C. Vick, R. M. Hollis, R. H. Jarrett.

Joel Falkner, returning officer.

Beat 16—Inspectors: E. C. Lide, C. C. Elliott, Eugene Williams.

J. E. Elliott, returning officer.

Beat 17—Inspectors: W. C. Denson, W. S. Cross, W. C. Powers.

John W. McWhorter, returning officer.

Beat 18—Inspectors: P. L. Holcomb, Job Morgan, John Berryhill.

Travel with a Friend
Who will protect you from those enemies—nausea, indigestion, malaria and the sickness produced by roving on the waves, and sometimes by inland traveling over the rough beds of the ill laid railroads. Such a friend is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Ocean voyages, yachtsmen, commercial and theatrical agents and tourists testify to the protective potency of this effective safeguard, which conquers all rheumatism, nervousness and biliousness.

"Miss Olden is one old maid who doesn't try to conceal her age." "Yes, but she knows it's no use." "Why?" "Her twin brother lives with her!"—Chicago Record.

In Olden Times
People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently overcome habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

Idleness is only the refuge of weak minds, and the holiday of fools.—Chesterfield.

Cheap Railroad Rates.
On July 21, 1894, half-rate excursions will be run to all points in the Great Southwest via the Cotton Belt Route. For full information and illustrated hand folders write to E. W. LaBauve, G. P. & T. A., St. Louis, Mo.

The truest health of the man of honor does for the sake of character.—Shenstone.

DR. CARLSTEDT'S German Liver Syrup is the Ideal Cathartic. Purely Vegetable. It promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. 34¢ and 67¢ Bottles at all Druggists or The Carlstedt Medicine Co., Evansville, Ind.

"Where does the weather forecast man go for his vacation?" "He doesn't go anywhere; he doesn't dare to come down out of that tower!"—Chicago Tribune.

Fits stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free 24 trial bottle and treatise. DR. KLINE, 935 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Good qualities are the substantial riches of the mind; but it is good breeding that sets them off to advantage.—Locke.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has no equal as a Cough Medicine.—F. M. Abbott, 1383 Seneca St., Buffalo, N. Y., May 9, 1894.

TEMPERANCE is but the atmosphere of character, while its groundwork is nature is fixed and unchangeable.—A. Helps.

Hall's Catarrh Cure. Price 75c. Is a Constitutional Cure.

Artifice is weak; it is the work of mere man, in the imbecility and self-disturb of his mimic understanding.—Hare.

The most enviable of all titles, the character of an honest man.—Washington.

Eat Hood's Sarsaparilla
Naturally, have a good appetite, keep your blood pure and your nerves strong by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.
The best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.
Hood's Pills cure biliousness, headache, etc.

A WOMAN
HESITATES

It isn't to be wondered at that there are so many sick and half-sick women. Most of them suppose their peculiar troubles can only be cured by the physician. That means local treatment and examinations. No wonder they hesitate. And hesitation gives disease a stronger foothold.

The truth is that local treatment and examinations are nearly always unnecessary. They are only to be submitted to till everything else fails.

McELREE'S WINE OF CARDUI

cures painful menstruation, irregularities, life-sapping drains, falling of the womb and flooding. It cures all the pains and troubles by making the feminine organs perfectly strong and healthy. Its action is wonderfully beneficial to girls just entering womanhood, and to women passing through the period known as the "change of life." No need to hesitate now. Cure can be had right at home.

SOLD AT \$1.00 A BOTTLE BY DRUGGISTS.

DRESSMAKERS

FIND THE ONLY ORIGINAL DESIGNS PUBLISHED In This Country

L'Art de La Mode.

And all the most reliable information on the fashion and the formation of trusts and pools. Order of your News-dealer or send 35 Cents for the last Number.

THE MORSE-BROUGHTON CO.,
3 East 19th Street,
Bet. 5th Ave. and Broadway, NEW YORK.

C. C. C. C.
CERTAIN CURE
PRICE 50¢ A BOTTLE
BEST IN THE WORLD.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup, Taste Good. Use in time of cold, whooping cough, croup, consumption.

THE PLATFORM.

Declaration of Principles of the Democratic Party

Presented by the Committee on Resolutions for Adoption by the National Convention at its Session in Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 8.—Following is the full text of the declaration of principles and platform presented by the committee on resolutions in the democratic national convention at its session in Chicago:

The Platform.
We, the democrats of the United States, in national convention assembled, do reaffirm our allegiance to those great essential principles of justice and liberty upon which our institutions are founded, and which the democratic party has advocated from Jefferson's time to our own—freedom of speech, freedom of the press, freedom of conscience, the preservation of personal rights, the equality of all citizens before the law, and the faithful observance of constitutional limitations.

During all these years the democratic party has been the champion of self-interest, and the centralization of government power, and steadily maintained the integrity of the dual scheme of government established by the founders of this republic. Under its guidance and teachings the great principle of local self government has found its best expression in the maintenance of the rights of the states and in its assertion of the necessity of confining the general government to the exercise of the powers granted by the constitution of the United States.

Free and Religious Liberty.
The constitution of the United States guarantees to every citizen the rights of civil and religious liberty. The democratic party has always been the exponent of political liberty and religious freedom, and it renews its obligations and re-affirms its devotion to these fundamental principles of the constitution.

The Money Question.
Recognizing that the money question is one of the most important of the day, and that the federal constitution names silver and gold together as the money metals of the United States, and that the first coinage law passed by congress under the constitution made the silver dollar the monetary unit of value and admitted gold to free coinage at a ratio based upon the silver dollar unit.

We declare that the act of 1873, demonetizing silver without the knowledge or approval of the American people, has resulted in the appreciation of gold and a corresponding fall in the price of commodities produced by the people; a heavy increase in the burden of taxation and of all debts, public and private; the enrichment of the money-lending class at home and abroad; the prostration of industry and impoverishment of the people.

Free and Unlimited Coinage.
We demand the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation.

We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be a full legal tender, equally with gold, for all debts, public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal-tender money by private contract.

We are opposed to the policy and practice of surrendering to the holders of the obligations of the United States, the option reserved by law to the government of redeeming such obligations in either silver coin or gold coin.

Bond Issues and Circulating Medium.
We are opposed to the issuing of interest-bearing bonds of the United States in time of peace, and condemn the trafficking with banking syndicates which, in exchange for bonds and at an enormous profit to themselves, supply the federal treasury with gold to maintain the policy of gold monometallism.

Congress alone has the power to coin and issue money, and President Jackson declared that this power could not be delegated to corporations or individuals. We therefore denounce the issuance of notes intended to circulate as money by national banks as in derogation of the constitution, and we demand that all paper which is made a legal tender for public and private debts, or which is receivable for dues to the United States, shall be issued by the government of the United States, and shall be redeemable in coin.

Tariff for Revenue.
We hold that tariff duties should be levied for purposes of revenue, such duties to be so adjusted as to operate equally throughout the country, and not discriminate between classes or sections, and that taxation should be limited by the needs of the government honestly and economically administered.

We denounce as disturbing to business the republican threat to restore the McKinley law, which has been twice condemned by the people in national elections and which, enacted into law, proved a prolific breeder of trusts and monopolies, enriched the few at the expense of the many, restricted trade and deprived the producers of the great American staples of access to their natural markets. Until the money question is settled we are opposed to any action for further changes in our tariff laws, except such as are necessary to meet the deficit in revenue caused by the adverse decision of the supreme court on the income tax. But for this decision by the supreme court there would be no deficit in the revenue under the law passed by a democratic congress in strict pursuance of the uniform decisions of that court for nearly one hundred years, that court having in that decision sustained constitutional objections to its enactment which had previously been overruled by the ablest judges who have ever sat on that bench. We declare that it is the duty of congress to use all the constitutional power which remains after that decision, or which may come from its reversal by the court as it may hereafter be constituted, so that the business of taxation may be equally and impartially laid, to the end that wealth may bear its due proportion of the expenses of the government.

Protection of American Labor.
We hold that the most efficient way of protecting American labor is to prevent the importation of foreign pauper labor to compete with it in the home market, and that the value of the home market to our American farmers and artisans is greatly reduced by a vicious monetary system which depresses the prices of their products below the cost of production, and thus deprives them of the means of purchasing the products of our home manufacturers, and as labor creates the wealth of the country, we demand the passage of such laws as may be necessary to protect it in all its rights.

We are in favor of the arbitration of differences between employers engaged in interstate commerce and their employees, and recommend such legislation as is necessary to carry out this principle.

The absorption of wealth by the few, the consolidation of our leading railroad systems and the formation of trusts and pools require a stricter control by the federal government of those arteries of commerce. We demand the enlargement of the powers of the interstate commerce commission, and such restrictions and guarantees in the control of railroads as will protect the people from robbery and oppression.

Oppressive Taxation.
We denounce the profligate waste of the money wrung from the people by oppressive taxation and the lavish appropriations of recent republican congresses, which have kept the tax on the people's property at a level which is unremunerative and the products of the people's toil are depressed in price till they no longer repay the cost of production.

We demand a return to that simplicity and economy which better a democratic government and a reduction in the number of useless offices, the salaries of which drain the substance of the people.

Federal Interference.
We denounce arbitrary interference by federal authorities in local affairs as a violation of the constitution of the United States and a crime against free institutions, and we especially object to government by injunction as a new and highly dangerous form of oppression by which federal judges, in contempt of the laws of the states and rights of citizens, become at once legislators, judges and executioners, and we approve the bill passed at the

last session of the United States senate and now pending in the house of representatives relative to contempt in federal courts, and providing for trials by jury in certain cases of contempt.

Government Discrimination.
No discrimination should be indulged by the government of the United States in favor of any of its citizens. We approve of the refusal of the Fifty-third congress to pass the Pacific railroad funding bill, and denounce the effort of the present republican congress to enact a similar measure.

Union Pensioners.
Recognizing the just claims of deserving Union soldiers, we heartily endorse the rule of the present committee of pensions that no names shall be arbitrarily dropped from the pension roll, and the fact of enlistment and service should be deemed conclusive evidence against disease and disability before enlistment.

Admission of Territories.
We favor the admission of the territories of New Mexico, Arizona and Oklahoma into the union as states, and we favor the early admission of all the territories having the necessary population and resource to entitle them to statehood, and while they remain territories we hold that the officials and agents who represent the government of any territory, together with the District of Columbia and Alaska, should be bona fide residents of the territory, and that the officials and agents who desire to be performed. The democratic party believes in home rule, and that all public lands of the United States should be appropriated to the establishment of a national system of public lands. We recommend that the territory of Alaska be granted a delegate in congress, and that the general land and timber laws of the United States be extended to said territory.

The Monroe Doctrine.
The Monroe doctrine as originally declared and as interpreted by succeeding presidents, is a permanent part of the foreign policy of the United States and must at all times be maintained.

Sympathy for Cuba.
We extend our sympathy to the people of Cuba in their heroic struggle for liberty and independence.

Tenure for Public Office.
We are opposed to life tenure in the public service. We favor subjecting all offices to merit, fixed terms of office, and such administration of the civil service laws as will afford equal opportunities to all citizens of ascertained fitness.

No Third Term.
We declare it to be the unwritten law of this republic, established by custom and usage of our fathers, that no president shall be elected for a third term, and we demand that no man should be eligible for a third term of the presidency.

National Waterways.
The federal government should care for and improve the Mississippi river and other great waterways of the republic so as to secure for the interior states easy and cheap transportation to the tidewater. When any waterway of the republic is of sufficient importance to demand aid of the government such aid should be extended upon the same basis as that of our water until permanent improvement is secured.

Confiding in the justice of our cause and the necessity of its success at the polls, we submit the foregoing declaration of principles and purposes to the consideration of judgment of the American people. We invite the support of all citizens, and we demand that they have them made effective through legislation for the relief of the people and the restoration of the country's prosperity.

FIGHTING RAILS.

A Hard Battle Between Two of the Birds for a Claim.

"I was hunting rail a few days ago," said a well-known sportsman, "when I heard the most terrific squawking and chattering over in the tules. From the sound I concluded that there must be at least a hundred rail, and each trying to make itself heard above the others. I worked my way cautiously through the tules and soon saw in a little opening ahead of me two muddy and bedraggled rails fighting over a clam, and it was the funniest fight I ever saw in my life.

"The birds glared at each other, with their feathers ruffled, and then sprang together. One went over on its back and lay there kicking its legs up in the air and yelling like a good fellow, while the other, in a more dignified looking for an opening. Finally he found it, and, jumping on the prostrate bird's breast, he stood and stamped with his big feet and stabbed with his sharp bill till the under bird had managed to struggle up. Then they stood over the clam and swore at each other. They didn't use cuss words, but still I could see that they were swearing. They looked like a couple of muddy teamsters quarrelling over the right of way. And the amount of noise they made was simply astounding.

"Finally one of the birds got a stab in the neck which made him turn and run, while the other, in a more dignified looking for an opening. Finally he found it, and, jumping on the prostrate bird's breast, he stood and stamped with his big feet and stabbed with his sharp bill till the under bird had managed to struggle up. Then they stood over the clam and swore at each other. They didn't use cuss words, but still I could see that they were swearing. They looked like a couple of muddy teamsters quarrelling over the right of way. And the amount of noise they made was simply astounding.

"Finally one of the birds got a stab in the neck which made him turn and run, while the other, in a more dignified looking for an opening. Finally he found it, and, jumping on the prostrate bird's breast, he stood and stamped with his big feet and stabbed with his sharp bill till the under bird had managed to struggle up. Then they stood over the clam and swore at each other. They didn't use cuss words, but still I could see that they were swearing. They looked like a couple of muddy teamsters quarrelling over the right of way. And the amount of noise they made was simply astounding.

Our Letter "X."
It has always been supposed that our letter y was a "lineal descendant" from the Roman y, which, in the time of Cicero, was borrowed from the Greek alphabet to represent upsilon in the translation of Greek names. It is shown, however, by late investigations, that the letter is only used to transliterate borrowed words which come to us directly from the Greek, or indirectly from the Latin or French. In the majority of cases our English y is a semiconsonant, corresponding in value to the continental European j. Y was adopted by the Anglo-Saxon, along with the other Roman letters, from the Latin alphabet, its value being approximately that of i. In fact, it is claimed that there is not a "lineal descendant" of the "Anglo-Saxon y" known. The modern English y is not a y at all, but a g, which the Romans evolved from a still earlier "c"—St. Louis Republic.

Lincoln Believed Himself Ugly.
Mrs. Benjamin Price lately told at the Woman's Literary club two anecdotes of Abraham Lincoln. In one of them she said that her father-in-law had at one time been appointed to a government position in place of Mr. Addison, who was a most polished man, but notably plain-featured man. The two gentlemen went together to call upon President Lincoln, who received them cheerfully in the midst of the somewhat embarrassing operation of shaving. His face a rather of soap, he extended a hand to each, and upon Mr. Addison enumerating the good qualities of his successor, and congratulating the president upon securing so eminent an officer, Mr. Lincoln exclaimed: "Yes, Addison, I have no doubt Mr. Price is all you say, but nothing can compensate me for the loss of you, for when you retire I shall be the homeliest man in the employment of the government."—Baltimore News.

—A Chicago policeman recently arrested a young woman and her husband because they had kissed each other in the public street as they were about to part. The sight of a man kissing his own wife is more than a Chicago policeman can stand.

"SUNRISE TO SUNSET."

Rufus Sanders Draws On the Stormy Past.

"Uncle Luke's Long Whip" Tangled the Boy and the "He Cow" And They "Tore Out from There."

Hit comes back to me to-day as clear as the ring of a thousand evening bells—the time when a gang of us boys went up to town along in the fall of the year and I give the old family graveyard a tremendous close shave. Nothing but the hand of Providence and pure nigger luck pulled me through the toils and snares and trials and troubles of that autumnal day, which then I got out of the hair of my head and the skin of my teeth, as it were.

"From Sunrise to Sunset."
Every livin' mortal man, born of woman—if he will but only stop and hunker down and look back along the line, and he didn't have no time to spare. He give a little snort and one loud below, and roached his back, and me and him tore out from there, and now, let me tell you, ladies and gentlemen, if there ever was a poor country boy in all this green and wicked old world that suffered the agonies of death in three shakes of a sheep's tail, it was me. I didn't have no time to think about what would come of me, and I didn't give a continental darn what went with the he cow. The mainest thing to my mind was Uncle Luke's fine whip, which I knewed he thought just a 1-ee-tle more of that whip than he did of his wife and children. I was skeered to pull on it much for fears it might slip off at the other end of the staff, and we would never lay mortal eyes on it no more henceforward and forever.

So I thought to myself I would better try to climb the staff, as it were, till I could get my hands on the leather part and then hang to it like grim death till something froze over. I felt exactly like I was to lose Uncle Luke's long, fine whip, it would be a whole lot better for me if I never had been borned, and I would then be ready to run away and go west, or slip off and drown myself in the biggest wash hole in the settlement. Up to that time it had always looked to me like the sun rose somewhere over there in the fat woods on the other side of Panther Creek, and then went down with a royal ballad flourish and set behind the old hills around Greenville.

In that day and generation the men folks didn't go to town as regular and frequent as they do now, and it was only about once a year that they would fill up with the milk of human kindness and let the boys go with them. And, mind you, with us boys a trip to town was the biggest thing in the deck—the happiest and most brightest spot in the records of a year. White people, according to the way I see things now and the way I saw things then, a railroad excursion all the way from New York to New Orleans nowadays ain't nothin' to a ride on our ox wagon from Panther Creek to the town of Greenville.

So in the large and lovely autumn, in the golden Indian fields were turnin' brown and red and pale in patches, the men folks they yoked up the oxen and loaded the wagons and took the boys with them and went to town. If it was given unto me to live right on for a hundred years to come I never could forget how tremendous big and broad and bright and beautiful the world looked to me on that frosty mornin' in October as the wagons rolled over the old stage road—men and oxen and boys all headed for town—from Panther Creek to Greenville—from sunrise to sunset.

Uncle Luke and His Whip.
If in case you have lived as long as I have you have took notice by this time that back there in them plain old days people had more oxen and thought more of their cow teams than they do now. On that trip I recollect that some of the men driv two oxen and some driv four, whilst Uncle Luke Willis he driv six without the sign of a rope on narry one. He had him a long keen whip, which he could take it and keep off the wheels to the horns of the lead ox way out there in front. And to hear Uncle Luke talkin' to his cows, sometimes kind and gentle and sometimes with a loud voice in the plainest and strongest United States language, and then see him handle his long whip till it would coil up and hiss and pop like a bunch of firecrackers—that was fun and show enough for me.

Soon as ever we got to town and sold out the cotton and other productions which we had took to market, the men folks driv around on the square and halted the wagons. Then they went off and left us boys there to look after the cows and keep loose stock away. You understand they didn't have no stock law in town then, and if you didn't look out the cows and hogs and things would eat up every blessed thing in the wagons.

So the men folks they left us boys with the wagons and teams, whilst they went off to "see about it," as I heard Uncle Luke say. As for me, I don't know for certain where they went, but from what little I could see and pick up around the edges I knowed blame well they didn't go off and drink any plain branch water or eat. Anyhow, we boys wanted to see some of the sights, so we took it time about in regards to mindin' the wagons, and it want no trouble at all that day to find two or three yearlin' boys fresh from the woods and hills strayin' and stragglin' around town steppin' high and awkward as a mule colt in a canebreak.

Finally at last I told the boys if they would leave Ben Chris Weaver with me and let me have Uncle Luke's long whip, I would mind the wagons and teams and they could make up a crowd and take in the town. If we only turned loose two or three at a time, you understand, they dassent go out of sight from the wagons for fears they never would get back to base. And that's how come me to take the job of mindin' all the wagons and keepin' the stock off with nothin' but Uncle Luke's long whip and Ben Chris Weaver to help me.

Now it come to pass that there was right one little woolly-headed he cow in town that day which was particularly mean and saery, and he mighty might pestered the life out of me and Ben Chris. He want me foddler, he did. He want foddler jest a little bit worse than anything else in town, and he kept me and Ben Chris so monstrous busy drivin' him away till we couldn't see no sights at all. By-and-by I told Ben Chris to let him alone till he hid his head in a pile of foddler when I would try and give him something to remember us by. Then I watched my time and slipped up behind him with Uncle Luke's long whip and tried my level blamdest to split him wide open with it. But instid of that bless gracious, I wrapped the whip around his tail fifteen or twenty times and it got tied there in a hard knot.

And there I was, in the biggest town on earth, with one end of Uncle Luke's whip in my hands, and the other end tied hard and fast to a he cow's tail. Naturally, of course, I didn't have time to think and talk over the general situation; but my mind was made up on the spot. I would hold to the whip and follow that infernal he cow all over town and clean on back there in the red hills to where the sun went, before I would turn loose and give up the fight and take my chances with the wrath to come.

Well, Bully—if that want his name I can't see why—I took up a notion about that time that he was goin' somewhere, and he didn't have no time to spare. He give a little snort and one loud below, and roached his back, and me and him tore out from there, and now, let me tell you, ladies and gentlemen, if there ever was a poor country boy in all this green and wicked old world that suffered the agonies of death in three shakes of a sheep's tail, it was me. I didn't have no time to think about what would come of me, and I didn't give a continental darn what went with the he cow. The mainest thing to my mind was Uncle Luke's fine whip, which I knewed he thought just a 1-ee-tle more of that whip than he did of his wife and children. I was skeered to pull on it much for fears it might slip off at the other end of the staff, and we would never lay mortal eyes on it no more henceforward and forever.

So I thought to myself I would better try to climb the staff, as it were, till I could get my hands on the leather part and then hang to it like grim death till something froze over. I felt exactly like I was to lose Uncle Luke's long, fine whip, it would be a whole lot better for me if I never had been borned, and I would then be ready to run away and go west, or slip off and drown myself in the biggest wash hole in the settlement. Up to that time it had always looked to me like the sun rose somewhere over there in the fat woods on the other side of Panther Creek, and then went down with a royal ballad flourish and set behind the old hills around Greenville.

In that day and generation the men folks didn't go to town as regular and frequent as they do now, and it was only about once a year that they would fill up with the milk of human kindness and let the boys go with them. And, mind you, with us boys a trip to town was the biggest thing in the deck—the happiest and most brightest spot in the records of a year. White people, according to the way I see things now and the way I saw things then, a railroad excursion all the way from New York to New Orleans nowadays ain't nothin' to a ride on our ox wagon from Panther Creek to the town of Greenville.

So in the large and lovely autumn, in the golden Indian fields were turnin' brown and red and pale in patches, the men folks they yoked up the oxen and loaded the wagons and took the boys with them and went to town. If it was given unto me to live right on for a hundred years to come I never could forget how tremendous big and broad and bright and beautiful the world looked to me on that frosty mornin' in October as the wagons rolled over the old stage road—men and oxen and boys all headed for town—from Panther Creek to Greenville—from sunrise to sunset.

Uncle Luke and His Whip.
If in case you have lived as long as I have you have took notice by this time that back there in them plain old days people had more oxen and thought more of their cow teams than they do now. On that trip I recollect that some of the men driv two oxen and some driv four, whilst Uncle Luke Willis he driv six without the sign of a rope on narry one. He had him a long keen whip, which he could take it and keep off the wheels to the horns of the lead ox way out there in front. And to hear Uncle Luke talkin' to his cows, sometimes kind and gentle and sometimes with a loud voice in the plainest and strongest United States language, and then see him handle his long whip till it would coil up and hiss and pop like a bunch of firecrackers—that was fun and show enough for me.

Soon as ever we got to town and sold out the cotton and other productions which we had took to market, the men folks driv around on the square and halted the wagons. Then they went off and left us boys there to look after the cows and keep loose stock away. You understand they didn't have no stock law in town then, and if you didn't look out the cows and hogs and things would eat up every blessed thing in the wagons.

So the men folks they left us boys with the wagons and teams, whilst they went off to "see about it," as I heard Uncle Luke say. As for me, I don't know for certain where they went, but from what little I could see and pick up around the edges I knowed blame well they didn't go off and drink any plain branch water or eat. Anyhow, we boys wanted to see some of the sights, so we took it time about in regards to mindin' the wagons, and it want no trouble at all that day to find two or three yearlin' boys fresh from the woods and hills strayin' and stragglin' around town steppin' high and awkward as a mule colt in a canebreak.

Finally at last I told the boys if they would leave Ben Chris Weaver with me and let me have Uncle Luke's long whip, I would mind the wagons and teams and they could make up a crowd and take in the town. If we only turned loose two or three at a time, you understand, they dassent go out of sight from the wagons for fears they never would get back to base. And that's how come me to take the job of mindin' all the wagons and keepin' the stock off with nothin' but Uncle Luke's long whip and Ben Chris Weaver to help me.

Now it come to pass that there was right one little woolly-headed he cow in town that day which was particularly mean and saery, and he mighty might pestered the life out of me and Ben Chris. He want me foddler, he did. He want foddler jest a little bit worse than anything else in town, and he kept me and Ben Chris so monstrous busy drivin' him away till we couldn't see no sights at all. By-and-by I told Ben Chris to let him alone till he hid his head in a pile of foddler when I would try and give him something to remember us by. Then I watched my time and slipped up behind him with Uncle Luke's long whip and tried my level blamdest to split him wide open with it. But instid of that bless gracious, I wrapped the whip around his tail fifteen or twenty times and it got tied there in a hard knot.

And there I was, in the biggest town on earth, with one end of Uncle Luke's whip in my hands, and the other end tied hard and fast to a he cow's tail. Naturally, of course, I didn't have time to think and talk over the general situation; but my mind was made up on the spot. I would hold to the whip and follow that infernal he cow all over town and clean on back there in the red hills to where the sun went, before I would turn loose and give up the fight and take my chances with the wrath to come.

Well, Bully—if that want his name I can't see why—I took up a notion about that time that he was goin' somewhere, and he didn't have no time to spare. He give a little snort and one loud below, and roached his back, and me and him tore out from there, and now, let me tell you, ladies and gentlemen, if there ever was a poor country boy in all this green and wicked old world that suffered the agonies of death in three shakes of a sheep's tail, it was me. I didn't have no time to think about what would come of me, and I didn't give a continental darn what went with the he cow. The mainest thing to my mind was Uncle Luke's fine whip, which I knewed he thought just a 1-ee-tle more of that whip than he did of his wife and children. I was skeered to pull on it much for fears it might slip off at the other end of the staff, and we would never lay mortal eyes on it no more henceforward and forever.

So I thought to myself I would better try to climb the staff, as it were, till I could get my hands on the leather part and then hang to it like grim death till something froze over. I felt exactly like I was to lose Uncle Luke's long, fine whip, it would be a whole lot better for me if I never had been borned, and I would then be ready to run away and go west, or slip off and drown myself in the biggest wash hole in the settlement. Up to that time it had always looked to me like the sun rose somewhere over there in the fat woods on the other side of Panther Creek, and then went down with a royal ballad flourish and set behind the old hills around Greenville.

In that day and generation the men folks didn't go to town as regular and frequent as they do now, and it was only about once a year that they would fill up with the milk of human kindness and let the boys go with them. And, mind you, with us boys a trip to town was the biggest thing in the deck—the happiest and most brightest spot in the records of a year. White people, according to the way I see things now and the way I saw things then, a railroad excursion all the way from New York to New Orleans nowadays ain't nothin' to a ride on our ox wagon from Panther Creek to the town of Greenville.

So in the large and lovely autumn, in the golden Indian fields were turnin' brown and red and pale in patches, the men folks they yoked up the oxen and loaded the wagons and took the boys with them and went to town. If it was given unto me to live right on for a hundred years to come I never could forget how tremendous big and broad and bright and beautiful the world looked to me on that frosty mornin' in October as the wagons rolled over the old stage road—men and oxen and boys all headed for town—from Panther Creek to Greenville—from sunrise to sunset.

ELECTRICAL SPARKS.

The most noted electrician is Edison, whose inventions in that line are numbered by hundreds.

A Russian medical man has noticed that the human eye naturally winks three or four times less often when reading by electric light than when a candle is used.

A temperature of 4,000 or 5,000 degrees can be produced only between the carbon points of an electric arc light. The next hottest place in the world is the crucible of an electric furnace.

"Let me take the blamed thing home," said the patient, as the dentist relieved him of his aching molar; "I want to take it home and poke sugar in it to see it ache!"—Truth.

CONSTITUTION Cured by Dr. Carlstedt's German Liver Powder. Samples and testimonials free. In Bottles only 25 cents. The Carlstedt Medicine Co., Evansville, Ind.

Mrs. NEWEN (to clerk): "Have you any wax for polished floors?" Clerk: "No; we only have sealing wax." Mrs. NEWEN: "Well, that will do. If it's for the ceiling I suppose it will do for the floor just as well!"—Washington Times.

Red, angry eruptions yield to the action of Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50 cents.

Or knowledge there is no satiety.—Bacon.

Words of love are works of love.—W. R. Alger.

The man who will not look ahead, will have to stay behind.—Rams' Horn.

The virtue of justice consists in moderation, as regulated by wisdom.—Aristotle.

HUMANITY is the equity of the heart.—Confucius.

The man works hard who spends his time looking for an easy place.—Rams' Horn.

They ride on a wheel that was built for two. When it's for a century run, But when he is calling, they use it, it is true, A chair that was built for one.—Chicago Evening Post.

A DANGEROUS TEXT.—"Well, Uncle Raabury, how did you like the sermon?" "Pardon me, Marse John. I didn't hear the preacher take his text." "From that portion of de Scripture whar de Postol Paul pints his pistol to de Pesions."—Washington Times.

"The truth," hissed the ossified man between his chronically set teeth, "is not in him!" "O, I think it is," soothingly cooed the bearded lady. "Yet in such case it is quite likely to be stretched a little." "Where did reader ought to be able to guess that it was the India rubber man of whom they spoke."—Indianapolis Journal.

The most profound joy has more of gravity than of joy in it.—

THE SOLID SILVERITES

The National Silver Party in Convention at St. Louis.

Synopsis of the Proceedings—A Solid Silver Platform Adopted and Bryan and Sewall Nominated by Acclamation.

St. Louis, July 22.—The conditions governing entrance to the silver convention were almost as rigorous as those at Chicago on the opening day of the democratic convention, although the demands for admittance were so few that at five minutes of twelve there was no one in the gallery but the band, and on the floor, scarcely more than 200 persons, including visitors.

At 12:15 Chairman Dr. Mott, of New York, and Secretary Kenney, of California, came on the platform, and arrangements for opening the convention were speedily made.

FIRST DAY.

The Proceedings.

At 12:30 Dr. Mott called the convention to order, announcing that proceedings would be opened with the reading of the call for the convention by J. M. Devine, secretary of the Democratic League, which was accordingly done by Mr. Devine.

At 12:35 Dr. Mott introduced Hon. Francis G. Newlands, representative in congress from G. Newlands, representative in congress from



Temporary Chairman Francis G. Newlands, Nevada, as the temporary chairman, who addressed the convention at great length.

Committees were then named by calling the roll of states. Some of them, which were represented, failed to respond, so it was impossible to tell how many states were in the convention.

After naming the committee on credentials, the chairman suggested that the state delegations get together and select their representatives on the several committees, and pending this, Miss Lillie Pierce, of St. Louis, was escorted to the platform. She was arrayed in a garb of white, over which was draped the American flag and with a liberty cap on her

head. On her left arm she wore shoulder and wrist bracelets connected with chains of gold coins and on her bosom a delegate's badge, the color of which was old gold. She stood in front of the presiding officer's desk. Miss Pierce carried a small flag, and waving it said: "Americans, under the folds of our grand old flag, I salute you." She then recited the Declaration of Independence.

The conclusion of the recitation, which was very effectively rendered, was marked by a wild outburst of applause, while the band played Red, White and Blue.

A delegate from Colorado, moved the thanks of the convention be given Miss Pierce for her recitation of the Declaration of American Liberty, and it was adopted by a rising vote and more cheering.

It was finally agreed that the state delegations should hand the names of the several members of committees to the secretary.

While the lists were being prepared Chairman Newlands read the following telegram from Senator Butler:

I. N. STEVENS, ST. LOUIS.—The money question overshadows all others. On its right determination depends the prosperity of the people and the perpetuity of republican institutions. All other questions must be subordinate to it. A vote for Bryan and Sewall is a vote for American independence and the financial independence of the American people from foreign domination and control, and they should have the support of all opponents of the gold standard."

(Signed) H. M. TELLER.

The sentiments contained in the telegram were vigorously applauded.

A recess until 4:30 p. m. was agreed to, and at 2:22 p. m. the convention separated.

Afternoon Session.

Most of the delegates were in their seats promptly at 4:30 and quite a sprinkling of visitors were in the galleries. At 4:50 Chairman Newlands dropped his ravel.

Mr. Williams, a delegate from Nebraska, moved that a committee of three be appointed to invite the delegates to the populist convention to take seats in the galleries for the afternoon, the populist not being in session. It was unanimously adopted.

The committee on rules made its report recommending that the rules of the present congress, be used in the conduct of the convention business.

The committee on credentials reported no contents, and suggested that any portion of a state delegation present in the convention could cast the full vote of the delegation. The report was adopted.

The permanent organization committee, through its chairman, Col. Bradshaw, reported in favor of Wm. P. St. John, of New York, as permanent chairman. As his name was mentioned the convention cheered vociferously.

At the request of the delegates during recesses.

Resolved, That in the present situation this organization, looking to the coming campaign, must be the peculiar representative of independent free silver republicans, and that the efforts of the national committee should be chiefly directed to combining and augmenting this republican element as an independent force co-operating with the others for the election of the candidates which this convention shall name for president and vice-president and a free silver congress.

The convention, at 12:45, took a recess until 2:30 p. m.

At the afternoon session, after preliminary work in closing up details, the platform was adopted and, nominations being declared.

In order, the nominees of the national democratic party, William J. Bryan, of Nebraska, and Arthur Sewall, of Maine, were placed in nomination and unanimously chosen as the standard bearer of the silver party.

Just before the sine die adjournment Col. Pace, of Nebraska, offered a resolution declaring it to be the sense of the convention that as the democratic party had arranged to notify Bryan and Sewall in New York, the silver party notify them in Bryan's home at Lincoln. The resolution was agreed to.

The Proceedings.

The National Committee.

Alabama—R. H. Walker.

California—G. W. Baker.

Colorado—F. N. Stevens.

Connecticut—A. Troup.

Florida—S. O. Harvey.

Georgia—C. Thornton.

Illinois—G. L. Emory.

Indiana—Anson Walcott.

Iowa—Amos Steele.

Kansas—R. W. Turner.

Kentucky—J. P. Hendrick.

Maryland—C. S. Darby.

Massachusetts—E. B. Newhall.

Michigan—E. E. Jarvis.

Minnesota—J. W. Griffin.

Mississippi—C. W. Bolton.

Missouri—W. T. Foster.

Montana—G. L. Post.

Nebraska—G. L. Post.

Nevada—Thomas Wrenn.

New Jersey—S. W. Reese.

New York—W. P. St. John.

North Carolina—B. B. Keith.

North Dakota—W. H. Standish.

Ohio—H. T. Niles.

Oklahoma—R. E. Diefenderfer.

South Carolina—J. W. Bowden.

South Dakota—Harry Sawyer.

Tennessee—E. E. Jarvis.

Utah—Richard Mackintosh.

Virginia—A. J. Wedderburn.

Washington—G. W. Thompson.

West Virginia—J. W. Bowden.

Wisconsin—R. E. Diefenderfer.

Wyoming—R. E. Diefenderfer.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1896.

VOLUME XI.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

NUMBER 4.

THE SILVER CRUSADE.

The Populist Wing of the White Metal Hosts in Session.

The Preliminary Proceedings—Address of Welcome by Gov. Stone of Missouri and Response by Ignatius Donnelly of Minnesota.

St. Louis, July 22.—The hall in which the populists met was the same in which the national republican convention was held last month. There were the same arrangements as to seats. The state delegations were located in the pit, each marked by a

guide, with letters on either side. The galleries reared themselves above the pit, on all sides. The platform in front was flanked by the press benches. The decorations were not elaborate.

FIRST DAY.

The Proceedings.

At 12:30 the convention was called to order by Mr. Taubeneck, chairman of the national committee, and the proceedings were opened with prayer by Rev. W. R. L. Smith, of the Third Baptist church of St. Louis.

Gov. William J. Stone of Missouri introduced by Taubeneck, and delivered an address of welcome.

Hon. Ignatius Donnelly, of Minnesota, responded to Gov. Stone's address of welcome.

The chairman asked such members of the executive committee as were in the body of the hall to step up to the platform. Among those who thus advanced was Mrs. Mary Ellen Leaso, who was warmly cheered. Chairman Taubeneck introduced as temporary chairman of the convention Senator Butler, of North Carolina, saying that he had been chosen by acclamation and without a dissenting vote, in a committee of 140 members, and expressing the belief that when the convention adjourned it would have accomplished its work just as unanimously. (Cheers.)

Senator Butler received with three cheers, which he characterized as "a cyclone of patriotism." All history taught, he said, that there always came a crisis in the affairs of men when humanity was raised to a higher level according as the men whose shoulders the responsibility rested were able to meet the crisis with wisdom and patriotism (cheers).

As soon as the vote was announced, the Bryan section of the convention broke out into a wild shout of triumph, delegates standing up and cheering, and waving hats and fans, and again a procession of golden-bearers took up the march through the convention hall, yelling demagogically. The band took part in

the performance with the strains of "Hail Columbia" and other patriotic airs.

Finally, at 8:30, some degree of order was restored, when Mr. Watkins, of California, stepped to the platform and said that the Campmen of (whom he was one) had fought a grand fight and had been squarely whipped, and now he moved to make the nomination of Senator Allen unanimous. The motion was adopted with a whoop. Senator Allen was escorted to the chair by Life Pence, "Gone with the Wind" and Ignatius Donnelly, and was greeted with cheers. He then addressed the convention at some length.

THIRD DAY.

Morning Session.

ST. LOUIS, July 24.

The convention was called to order by Senator Allen, permanent chairman, at 10:04 o'clock.

Prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Williams, of the Union Methodist church, St. Louis.

The chairman introduced Mrs. Marian Todd, who read a resolution expressing a regret for the death of Mrs. S. E. B. Emory, "one of our number," and read an address eloquently eulogizing the deceased lady. The resolution was unanimously adopted by a rising vote after which the reading clerk aided his tribute to the services of Mrs. Emory.

A gravel constructed in the state of Ohio out of 48 different kinds of timber, representing every state, was presented to the chairman by

the performance with the strains of "Hail Columbia" and other patriotic airs.

Finally, at 8:30, some degree of order was restored, when Mr. Watkins, of California, stepped to the platform and said that the Campmen of (whom he was one) had fought a grand fight and had been squarely whipped, and now he moved to make the nomination of Senator Allen unanimous. The motion was adopted with a whoop. Senator Allen was escorted to the chair by Life Pence, "Gone with the Wind" and Ignatius Donnelly, and was greeted with cheers. He then addressed the convention at some length.

THIRD DAY.

Morning Session.

ST. LOUIS, July 24.

The convention was called to order by Senator Allen, permanent chairman, at 10:04 o'clock.

Prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Williams, of the Union Methodist church, St. Louis.

The chairman introduced Mrs. Marian Todd, who read a resolution expressing a regret for the death of Mrs. S. E. B. Emory, "one of our number," and read an address eloquently eulogizing the deceased lady. The resolution was unanimously adopted by a rising vote after which the reading clerk aided his tribute to the services of Mrs. Emory.

A gravel constructed in the state of Ohio out of 48 different kinds of timber, representing every state, was presented to the chairman by

the performance with the strains of "Hail Columbia" and other patriotic airs.

Finally, at 8:30, some degree of order was restored, when Mr. Watkins, of California, stepped to the platform and said that the Campmen of (whom he was one) had fought a grand fight and had been squarely whipped, and now he moved to make the nomination of Senator Allen unanimous. The motion was adopted with a whoop. Senator Allen was escorted to the chair by Life Pence, "Gone with the Wind" and Ignatius Donnelly, and was greeted with cheers. He then addressed the convention at some length.

THIRD DAY.

Morning Session.

ST. LOUIS, July 24.

The convention was called to order by Senator Allen, permanent chairman, at 10:04 o'clock.

Prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Williams, of the Union Methodist church, St. Louis.

The chairman introduced Mrs. Marian Todd, who read a resolution expressing a regret for the death of Mrs. S. E. B. Emory, "one of our number," and read an address eloquently eulogizing the deceased lady. The resolution was unanimously adopted by a rising vote after which the reading clerk aided his tribute to the services of Mrs. Emory.

A gravel constructed in the state of Ohio out of 48 different kinds of timber, representing every state, was presented to the chairman by

the performance with the strains of "Hail Columbia" and other patriotic airs.

Finally, at 8:30, some degree of order was restored, when Mr. Watkins, of California, stepped to the platform and said that the Campmen of (whom he was one) had fought a grand fight and had been squarely whipped, and now he moved to make the nomination of Senator Allen unanimous. The motion was adopted with a whoop. Senator Allen was escorted to the chair by Life Pence, "Gone with the Wind" and Ignatius Donnelly, and was greeted with cheers. He then addressed the convention at some length.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1896.

VOLUME XI.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

NUMBER 4.

THE SILVER CRUSADE.

The Populist Wing of the White Metal Hosts in Session.

The Preliminary Proceedings—Address of Welcome by Gov. Stone of Missouri and Response by Ignatius Donnelly of Minnesota.

St. Louis, July 22.—The hall in which the populists met was the same in which the national republican convention was held last month. There were the same arrangements as to seats. The state delegations were located in the pit, each marked by a

guide, with letters on either side. The galleries reared themselves above the pit, on all sides. The platform in front was flanked by the press benches. The decorations were not elaborate.

FIRST DAY.

The Proceedings.

At 12:30 the convention was called to order by Mr. Taubeneck, chairman of the national committee, and the proceedings were opened with prayer by Rev. W. R. L. Smith, of the Third Baptist church of St. Louis.

Gov. William J. Stone of Missouri introduced by Taubeneck, and delivered an address of welcome.

Hon. Ignatius Donnelly, of Minnesota, responded to Gov. Stone's address of welcome.

The chairman asked such members of the executive committee as were in the body of the hall to step up to the platform. Among those who thus advanced was Mrs. Mary Ellen Leaso, who was warmly cheered. Chairman Taubeneck introduced as temporary chairman of the convention Senator Butler, of North Carolina, saying that he had been chosen by acclamation and without a dissenting vote, in a committee of 140 members, and expressing the belief that when the convention adjourned it would have accomplished its work just as unanimously. (Cheers.)

Senator Butler received with three cheers, which he characterized as "a cyclone of patriotism." All history taught, he said, that there always came a crisis in the affairs of men when humanity was raised to a higher level according as the men whose shoulders the responsibility rested were able to meet the crisis with wisdom and patriotism (cheers).

As soon as the vote was announced, the Bryan section of the convention broke out into a wild shout of triumph, delegates standing up and cheering, and waving hats and fans, and again a procession of golden-bearers took up the march through the convention hall, yelling demagogically. The band took part in

the performance with the strains of "Hail Columbia" and other patriotic airs.

Finally, at 8:30, some degree of order was restored, when Mr. Watkins, of California, stepped to the platform and said that the Campmen of (whom he was one) had fought a grand fight and had been squarely whipped, and now he moved to make the nomination of Senator Allen unanimous. The motion was adopted with a whoop. Senator Allen was escorted to the chair by Life Pence, "Gone with the Wind" and Ignatius Donnelly, and was greeted with cheers. He then addressed the convention at some length.

THIRD DAY.

Morning Session.

ST. LOUIS, July 24.

The convention was called to order by Senator Allen, permanent chairman, at 10:04 o'clock.

Prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Williams, of the Union Methodist church, St. Louis.

The chairman introduced Mrs. Marian Todd, who read a resolution expressing a regret for the death of Mrs. S. E. B. Emory, "one of our number," and read an address eloquently eulogizing the deceased lady. The resolution was unanimously adopted by a rising vote after which the reading clerk aided his tribute to the services of Mrs. Emory.

A gravel constructed in the state of Ohio out of 48 different kinds of timber, representing every state, was presented to the chairman by

the performance with the strains of "Hail Columbia" and other patriotic airs.

Finally, at 8:30, some degree of order was restored, when Mr. Watkins, of California, stepped to the platform and said that the Campmen of (whom he was one) had fought a grand fight and had been squarely whipped, and now he moved to make the nomination of Senator Allen unanimous. The motion was adopted with a whoop. Senator Allen was escorted to the chair by Life Pence, "Gone with the Wind" and Ignatius Donnelly, and was greeted with cheers. He then addressed the convention at some length.

THIRD DAY.

Morning Session.

ST. LOUIS, July 24.

The convention was called to order by Senator Allen, permanent chairman, at 10:04 o'clock.

Prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Williams, of the Union Methodist church, St. Louis.

The chairman introduced Mrs. Marian Todd, who read a resolution expressing a regret for the death of Mrs. S. E. B. Emory, "one of our number," and read an address eloquently eulogizing the deceased lady. The resolution was unanimously adopted by a rising vote after which the reading clerk aided his tribute to the services of Mrs. Emory.

A gravel constructed in the state of Ohio out of 48 different kinds of timber, representing every state, was presented to the chairman by

the performance with the strains of "Hail Columbia" and other patriotic airs.

Finally, at 8:30, some degree of order was restored, when Mr. Watkins, of California, stepped to the platform and said that the Campmen of (whom he was one) had fought a grand fight and had been squarely whipped, and now he moved to make the nomination of Senator Allen unanimous. The motion was adopted with a whoop. Senator Allen was escorted to the chair by Life Pence, "Gone with the Wind" and Ignatius Donnelly, and was greeted with cheers. He then addressed the convention at some length.

THIRD DAY.

Morning Session.

ST. LOUIS, July 24.

The convention was called to order by Senator Allen, permanent chairman, at 10:04 o'clock.

Prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Williams, of the Union Methodist church, St. Louis.

The chairman introduced Mrs. Marian Todd, who read a resolution expressing a regret for the death of Mrs. S. E. B. Emory, "one of our number," and read an address eloquently eulogizing the deceased lady. The resolution was unanimously adopted by a rising vote after which the reading clerk aided his tribute to the services of Mrs. Emory.

A gravel constructed in the state of Ohio out of 48 different kinds of timber, representing every state, was presented to the chairman by

the performance with the strains of "Hail Columbia" and other patriotic airs.

Finally, at 8:30, some degree of order was restored, when Mr. Watkins, of California, stepped to the platform and said that the Campmen of (whom he was one) had fought a grand fight and had been squarely whipped, and now he moved to make the nomination of Senator Allen unanimous. The motion was adopted with a whoop. Senator Allen was escorted to the chair by Life Pence, "Gone with the Wind" and Ignatius Donnelly, and was greeted with cheers. He then addressed the convention at some length.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1896.

VOLUME XI.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

NUMBER 4.

THE SILVER CRUSADE.

The Populist Wing of the White Metal Hosts in Session.

The Preliminary Proceedings—Address of Welcome by Gov. Stone of Missouri and Response by Ignatius Donnelly of Minnesota.

St. Louis, July 22.—The hall in which the populists met was the same in which the national republican convention was held last month. There were the same arrangements as to seats. The state delegations were located in the pit, each marked by a

guide, with letters on either side. The galleries reared themselves above the pit, on all sides. The platform in front was flanked by the press benches. The decorations were not elaborate.

FIRST DAY.

The Proceedings.

At 12:30 the convention was called to order by Mr. Taubeneck, chairman of the national committee, and the proceedings were opened with prayer by Rev. W. R. L. Smith, of the Third Baptist church of St. Louis.

Gov. William J. Stone of Missouri introduced by Taubeneck, and delivered an address of welcome.

Hon. Ignatius Donnelly, of Minnesota, responded to Gov. Stone's address of welcome.

The chairman asked such members of the executive committee as were in the body of the hall to step up to the platform. Among those who thus advanced was Mrs. Mary Ellen Leaso, who was warmly cheered. Chairman Taubeneck introduced as temporary chairman of the convention Senator Butler, of North Carolina, saying that he had been chosen by acclamation and without a dissenting vote, in a committee of 140 members, and expressing the belief that when the convention adjourned it would have accomplished its work just as unanimously. (Cheers.)

Senator Butler received with three cheers, which he characterized as "a cyclone of patriotism." All history taught, he said, that there always came a crisis in the affairs of men when humanity was raised to a higher level according as the men whose shoulders the responsibility rested were able to meet the crisis with wisdom and patriotism (cheers).

As soon as the vote was announced, the Bryan section of the convention broke out into a wild shout of triumph, delegates standing up and cheering, and waving hats and fans, and again a procession of golden-bearers took up the march through the convention hall, yelling demagogically. The band took part in

the performance with the strains of "Hail Columbia" and other patriotic airs.

Finally, at 8:30, some degree of order was restored, when Mr. Watkins, of California, stepped to the platform and said that the Campmen of (whom he was one) had fought a grand fight and had been squarely whipped, and now he moved to make the nomination of Senator Allen unanimous. The motion was adopted with a whoop. Senator Allen was escorted to the chair by Life Pence, "Gone with the Wind" and Ignatius Donnelly, and was greeted with cheers. He then addressed the convention at some length.

THIRD DAY.

Morning Session.

ST. LOUIS, July 24.

The convention was called to order by Senator Allen, permanent chairman, at 10:04 o'clock.

Prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Williams, of the Union Methodist church, St. Louis.

The chairman introduced Mrs. Marian Todd, who read a resolution expressing a regret for the death of Mrs. S. E. B. Emory, "one of our number," and read an address eloquently eulogizing the deceased lady. The resolution was unanimously adopted by a rising vote after which the reading clerk aided his tribute to the services of Mrs. Emory.

A gravel constructed in the state of Ohio out of 48 different kinds of timber, representing every state, was presented to the chairman by

the performance with the strains of "Hail Columbia" and other patriotic airs.

Finally, at 8:30, some degree of order was restored, when Mr. Watkins, of California, stepped to the platform and said that the Campmen of (whom he was one) had fought a grand fight and had been squarely whipped, and now he moved to make the nomination of Senator Allen unanimous. The motion was adopted with a whoop. Senator Allen was escorted to the chair by Life Pence, "Gone with the Wind" and Ignatius Donnelly, and was greeted with cheers. He then addressed the convention at some length.

THIRD DAY.

Morning Session.

ST. LOUIS, July 24.

The convention was called to order by Senator Allen, permanent chairman, at 10:04 o'clock.

Prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Williams, of the Union Methodist church, St. Louis.

The chairman introduced Mrs. Marian Todd, who read a resolution expressing a regret for the death of Mrs. S. E. B. Emory, "one of our number," and read an address eloquently eulogizing the deceased lady. The resolution was unanimously adopted by a rising vote after which the reading clerk aided his tribute to the services of Mrs. Emory.

A gravel constructed in the state of Ohio out of 48 different kinds of timber, representing every state, was presented to the chairman by

the performance with the strains of "Hail Columbia" and other patriotic airs.

Finally, at 8:30, some degree of order was restored, when Mr. Watkins, of California, stepped to the platform and said that the Campmen of (whom he was one) had fought a grand fight and had been squarely whipped, and now he moved to make the nomination of Senator Allen unanimous. The motion was adopted with a whoop. Senator Allen was escorted to the chair by Life Pence, "Gone with the Wind" and Ignatius Donnelly, and was greeted with cheers. He then addressed the convention at some length.

THIRD DAY.

THE CHRONICLE

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, JULY 30, 1896.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JOSEPH F. JOHNSTON,
Of Jefferson.

For Secretary of State,
JAMES K. JACKSON,
Of Lauderdale.

For Treasurer,
GEORGE W. ELLIS,
Of Montgomery.

For Auditor,
WALTER S. WHITE,
Of Colbert.

For Attorney-General,
WILLIAM C. FITTS,
Of Tuscaloosa.

For Superintendent of Education,
JOHN O. TURNER,
Of St. Clair.

For Commissioner of Agriculture,
I. F. CULVER,
Of Bullock.

COUNTY DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Representative,
S. A. GRAHAM,
Of Calera.

For Sheriff,
AMOS DANIEL,
Of Wilsonville.

For Tax Collector,
A. F. SMITH,
Of Shelby.

For Assessor,
J. H. HAMMOND,
Of Columbiana.

For Treasurer,
W. A. THOMPSON,
Of Columbiana.

For Superintendent of Education,
C. W. O'HARA,
Of Columbiana.

For Commissioner 1st District,
HOSEA PEARSON,
Of Shelby.

For Commissioner 3d District,
R. H. WALKER,
Of Helena.

For Coroner,
J. M. BABE,
Of Vandiver.

"Vote for Betsy and the baby" Monday.

Vote the democratic ticket next Monday.

Next Monday, August 3rd, is election day.

Next Monday is the day to lay the confusionists on the shelf.

The populists state ticket is doomed. Ditto their county ticket.

JOHN H. ROBERTSON should write another letter. His last one was a howling success.

DEMOCRATS, work like beavers and let's have a big majority. Work will give us the victory.

WANTED—Poll-bearers for the defunct populists party. Apply next Monday evening to A. T. Goodwyn.

DEMOCRATS of Shelby, victory is within easy reach if we put forth the proper effort. Let no man shirk his duty.

No use crying fraud this time. The majority will be too big. The confusionists may prepare to take their medicine.

NEXT Monday settles the fate of the confusionists in Shelby county. Make a good job of it and bury them deep—out of sight.

The entire confusion state ticket will be snowed under by 50,000 majority next Monday. Watch the figures and see how close we came.

NEXT Monday the confusionists will see snow-flakes in the air, icebergs hanging from the roofs, while the wind will whistle a mournful dirge through their whiskers.

COLORED voters if you want to fully realize the great love and high esteem John H. Robertson, confusionist candidate for tax collector, has for you, read his letter in another column.

A SPECIAL from Montgomery, which we reproduce elsewhere, says the republicans are disgusted and will throw Goodwin overboard. We will change our estimate, Mr. Advocate if you will allow us, and make Johnston's majority 75,000.

THERE is only one thing that can possibly defeat our county ticket next Monday, and that is apathy on the part of democrats. If every man will do his full duty, our word for it we will win in a trot. Go to hustling and keep at it till Monday night.

THE Advocate started last week that if the democrats could vote every negro in the county, the pops would still be ahead 300 votes. Is there a man in Shelby county so silly as to swallow such rot as that? Now, Mr. Advocate, we will say that we have no idea of getting the entire negro vote, but our ticket is a dead sure winner just the same. You will perhaps notice that our estimates vary widely, but the votes will decide it for us next Monday.

"I HAVE always been a true republican and worked for the party, but when it comes to this state of affairs that THE COLORED MAN PARTICIPATES IN OUR MEETINGS and SAYS WHO TO RUN, it is too much for me."—John H. Robertson's letter to The Chronicle in 1890.

Do the colored voters of Shelby county remember that in 1889, J. D. Hardy and John H. Robertson were delegates from this county and helped to organize the white republican league? Mr. Robertson says so in his letter published in this issue. Mr. Robertson refused the republican nomination in 1890 because ten negroes participated in the convention, but the pops put him on their ticket this year to catch the negro vote. Funny, isn't it?

We hear it hinted that there will be independent candidates in one or two of the beats for justice of the peace. Of course they will not be democrats, and can lay no claim to the support of democrats. Why? Simply because no man is or can be a democrat who runs independent. Whenever he takes that step he places himself out of the party, and is entitled to no consideration whatever at its hands. Every vote cast for an independent will be thrown away.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, of New York, has signalized its 50th anniversary by the publication of a very handsome 72 page special number, which consists of a review of the development of science and the industrial arts in the United States during the past 50 years. It was an ambitious undertaking, and the work has been well done. The many articles are thoroughly technical, and they are written in a racy and popular style, which makes the whole volume—it is nothing less, being equal to a book of 442 ordinary pages—thoroughly readable. It is inclosed for preservation in a handsome cover, and is sold at the price of ten cents.

It strikes us the populists ought to be doing some serious thinking about this time of year. The situation that confronts them is this: They are asked in this county and state to vote for republicans, gold bugs, of course, on next Monday. Then in November they are expected to tumble over on the other side of the fence and vote for a free silver democrat for president. The latter is decidedly in line with the views they have always held, and we see no good reason why they should not take the last tumble first and land back home where they belong and where a hearty welcome awaits them. Populists, think over this a little, and see if we are not right.

TO THE REPUBLICANS OF SHELBY COUNTY.

If there ever was a time when our grand old party needed our assistance and good judgment, it is now, when the populists are trying to gobble up and destroy our organization in the South. Worse still, they are trying to destroy the very principles upon which the republican party stands—sound money and plenty of it; protection to American labor. You cannot longer be deceived; the populists have endorsed Bryan the democratic nominee for president. They tell us here in Alabama they are our friends, and go to their national convention and declare against us. They tell us here in our state and county vote for us populists, but declare in their national convention we will forever bury your party beneath the silver wave and free trade so deep you will never rise. Now will you, can you as a true republican vote for a party whose platform and actions plainly speak out as they did only a few days ago in St. Louis, and say we will destroy the very principles that date back to the liberty of every American citizen both white and colored. Stear clear of such a party. We will get our president, and when the Napoleon of today, William McKinley, gets in the white house and the flag of our country waves over us under the old, that good old republican principle, backed up by a republican president, McKinley, who is the friend of the laboring people, he will remember us. Hoping you will keep your hands clean, stear clear, stand firm, and do not cast a vote to destroy us, I am, as ever, a true republican.

W. W. WALLS.

MORALITY VS. POLITICS.

YELLOW LEAF, Ala., July 24, '96.
MR. EDITOR—So far as we are able to comprehend, from what we see and hear, a great many of our people have got an over dose of politics. That is, they have got more politics than religion.

Now we wish to say through your columns to the citizens of Shelby county who are desirous to maintain good morals, that so long as our people spend the Sabbaths arguing politics and reading political papers, morals will be at a low ebb, and we will have turmoil, strife, confusion.

Now we do not intend to personate any one or wound their feelings, but we are intimately acquainted with some men who live not more than fifty miles from here, when going to church a few Sundays since, met and held an interview on governmental affairs, rather than go on and hear a sermon. You will understand this when I tell you that these men take advantage of the Sabbath to "spread the news." Some of them, when they start to church, stuff their pockets full of newspapers and their heads brimful of revellings for everybody who does not take the same medicine they take, but thanks be to God that everybody is not sick alike.

Some of these fellows got such a tremendous dose that it seems to me

they will never get able to go to church, and they stay at home all day on Sunday without putting on a clean shirt, and just keep on taking that awful medicine which is poisoning their minds, ruining their moral character, and spreading destruction everywhere.

What is our duty under such circumstances? Let every good citizen rise up in their might against desecrations of God's day and put it down, and do not, for the rising generation's sake, profane the Sabbath by reading and arguing politics. It is a burning shame upon our county the way some men spend the Sabbath.

Now let all who favor the best moralist take a firm stand against such a practice, and we shall soon have instead of Sabbath-breakers church-going men; instead of turmoil and strife, peace; instead of confusion, harmony; instead of poverty, prosperity.

Yours, respectfully,
"HILLBILLIE."

BEAT 5, SHELBY COUNTY.

EDITOR CHRONICLE—Permit me, a Jeffersonian democrat, to contribute a few items to your highly esteemed paper from beat 5. We are on the eve of a great battle, and it behooves every loyal citizen to shoulder his musket and fall into line and help elect the nominees of the Chicago convention. The question before the people today is one of principle and not of party, and the action of the populists convention at St. Louis will show how much love the populists party has for their country, and how much sincerity there is in their efforts to promote the prosperity of this country. The old adage is as true in politics as it is in religion: "By their fruits ye shall know them." And this reminds me of a populists meeting I attended a short time ago at Bamford. The speakers present were all candidates for office on the fusion ticket, but they signally failed to arouse any enthusiasm in the bosoms of their populists friends, and the action of the speakers on that occasion will be the means of increasing the democratic votes at the coming election in this beat. The candidate for superintendent of education on the fusion ticket was one of the speakers. He emphasized the fact that he is a republican, always was a republican, and expected to die a republican, and during his speech he proved to the satisfaction of his hearers that he was indeed a republican. Before the close of the meeting, at the request of this gentleman, an invitation was given to the colored part of the audience to speak. One colored man responded to the invitation, warning the voters of Shelby county against voting the democratic ticket. Some one has said that every body has an influence, and no doubt this colored man has his influence, but the influence of the speakers at this meeting will be the means of swelling the list of democratic voters in August and November.

How is it that men whose every lineament of their face tells that they are intelligent, that they are educated, that they are capable of reasoning from cause to effect, and yet the evidence before us shows that they are not able to see an inch before their nose. What is the cause of this anomaly? Is it prejudice? Is it selfishness? Is it unwise influence? or some other cause that makes men so blind to their best interests, and the interests of the country in which they live? The populists party today is afflicted with this blindness, they cannot see that they are drifting gradually and surely into the republican party. Republicanism is exercising a powerful influence over them, but many of them are having their eyes opened to this fact, and are coming back heart and hand to the democratic party just in time to speed the ship of state on to democratic victory in August and November. Men of Shelby county join me in giving three cheers for the democratic ticket, national, state and county. Hurrah for Bryan and Sewall. You will hear from me again some time in the near future.

W. H. B.

BOND, Shelby county.

Vandiver Locals.

Weather hot and dry.
Crops are suffering for rain.
A. Y. Brasher's baby is very sick.
Rev. W. I. Brasher is protracting a meeting at Pleasant Star church.

Kendrick & Dunlap thrashed wheat here last week.

Prof. J. A. Dorrough's school at Chestnut Grove is running at full speed, with about 60 pupils in attendance.

Prof. J. H. Hammond was around to see the boys last week. Boys, vote for the cripple. He is a good man for that place.

MARRIED—At the residence of E. Isbell, on the 26th inst., Mr. Eliza Parker and Miss Della Isbell, Rev. W. I. Brasher officiating.

The republicans of beat 14 can't all vote the fusion ticket this time by a whole big lot.

SMALL BOY.

Delightful Summer Traveling. A Beautiful Route and an Attractive Schedule to the East.

The Southern Railway always on the alert to afford its patrons the best possible accommodation has inaugurated and placed in service a new solid train between Chattanooga and Norfolk, consisting of combination baggage car and coach, dining car, day coach, and a Pullman Drawing Room sleeping car, all of which are operated between Chattanooga and Norfolk without change.

Southern Railway Train No. 16 leaving Columbia 11:37 a. m. and arriving at Ooltewah Jet. 5:30 p. m. makes a close connection with this train; the through schedule being as follows: Leave Columbia 11:37 a. m. arrive Rome 3:55 p. m., leave Rome 4:00 p. m., arrive Jet. 5:33 p. m., leave Ooltewah Jet. 5:56 p. m., arrive Knoxville 8:50 p. m., arrive Asheville 9:40 a. m., Greensboro 8:25 a. m., Raleigh 11:45 a. m., Norfolk 5:20 p. m. Close connection is made at Norfolk with boats for Washington, Baltimore, New York and Boston, thus affording one of the most delightful summer trips to eastern cities that can be obtained.

Westbound this train will leave Norfolk 10:05 a. m., and arrive Ooltewah Jet. 7:45 a. m. next day, leave Ooltewah Jet. 8:45 a. m., arrive Rome 10:40 a. m., leave Rome 10:50 a. m., arrive Columbia 1:25 p. m.

HOW TO VOTE IN AUGUST.

Below will be found a fac-simile of the ticket as prepared for the voter to be voted in the August election. The cross (X) must be placed at the left of the name of the person for whom you desire to vote. No names should be scratched, and no other marks placed on the ticket.

OFFICIAL BALLOT.
ELECTION AUGUST 3, 1896.
(Make a cross mark (X) before the name of the candidate of your choice.)
Vote for one:

FOR GOVERNOR.
ALBERT T. GOODWYN.
X JOSEPH F. JOHNSTON.

Vote for one:
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.
JAMES A. GRIMMETT.
X JAMES KIRKMAN JACKSON.

Vote for one:
FOR STATE TREASURER.
JOHN A. BINGHAM.
X GEORGE W. ELLIS.

Vote for one:
FOR STATE AUDITOR.
WILLIAM S. FORMAN.
X WALTER S. WHITE.

Vote for one:
FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL.
WILLIAM C. FITTS.
X WILLIAM H. SMITH, JR.

Vote for one:
FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.
X JOHN O. TURNER.
WILLIAM M. WOOD.

Vote for one:
FOR COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE.
X I. F. CULVER.
JOSEPH H. HARRIS.

Vote for one:
FOR STATE SENATOR 15TH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.
X F. B. BALDWIN.
GILBERT B. DEANS.

Vote for one:
FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY.
X N. A. GRAHAM.
ADOLPHUS P. LONGSHORE.

Vote for one:
FOR SHERIFF.
X AMOS DANIEL.
EDWIN F. VEST.

Vote for one:
FOR TAX ASSESSOR.
X JOHN H. HAMMOND.
JOHN S. PITTS.

Vote for one:
FOR TAX COLLECTOR.
JOHN H. ROBERTSON.
X A. F. SMITH.

Vote for one:
FOR COUNTY TREASURER.
X WILLIAM A. THOMPSON.
WILEY A. TALLANT.

Vote for one:
FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.
X COLUMBUS W. O'HARA.
EUGENE WILLIAMS.

Vote for one:
FOR CORONER.
P. M. ABERCROMBIE.
X J. M. BABE.

Vote for one:
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER 1ST DISTRICT.
JOHN E. DYKES.
X HOSEA PEARSON.

Vote for two:
FOR JUSTICES OF THE PEACE BEAT 1.
X P. B. HARRELL.
BARNETT L. MOORE.

Vote for one:
FOR CONSTABLE BEAT 1.
X A. S. LILES.
WILLIAM A. LYONS.

Vote for one:
FOR CONSTABLE BEAT 1.
X A. S. LILES.
WILLIAM A. LYONS.

Vote for one:
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER 1ST DISTRICT.
JOHN E. DYKES.
X HOSEA PEARSON.

Vote for two:
FOR JUSTICES OF THE PEACE BEAT 1.
X P. B. HARRELL.
BARNETT L. MOORE.

Vote for one:
FOR CONSTABLE BEAT 1.
X A. S. LILES.
WILLIAM A. LYONS.

Vote for one:
FOR CONSTABLE BEAT 1.
X A. S. LILES.
WILLIAM A. LYONS.

Vote for one:
FOR CONSTABLE BEAT 1.
X A. S. LILES.
WILLIAM A. LYONS.

Vote for one:
FOR CONSTABLE BEAT 1.
X A. S. LILES.
WILLIAM A. LYONS.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by Parker & Armstrong.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.
Lafayette Peel complainant vs. Marietta Peel defendant.

In Chancery, Sixth District, Northeastern Chancery Division.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Chronicle, a newspaper published in the county of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring her the said Marietta Peel to plead answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 31st day of September, A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter a decree pro confesso may be taken against her.

Done at office in Columbiana this 27th day of July, 1896.
GORDON DuBOISE, Register.

"Out of sight"
LYON & CO'S
PICK
LEAF
EXTRA
SMOKING TOBACCO

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.
LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Fitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Fitcher and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of *Sam. H. Fitcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Fitcher's Castoria.

A STRAIGHT LINE

Is the shortest way to do it. Illustrated: The World going to The Chronicle Office

One of the largest establishments in the world, that of Wannamaker & Brown, use type like this and talk to their customers naturally.

There is no florid ornamentation or embeoidery of words, but a plain and simple statement of facts verified when customers visit their store.

As with Wannamaker & Brown so with The Chronicle. When it says this office is prepared to do First Class Job Work you can depend on it that it is so.

The facilities of the office are such that anything can be printed from a tiny card to a mammoth poster and each done well, quickly.

The Chronicle newspaper speaks for itself. It is newsy, spicy, racy, reliable. During the campaign it can be had for 10 cents a month, cash; 3 months, 25c.; year \$1.

For copy of guide call at office of any prominent coupon agent or send 2-cent stamp to C. A. Townsend, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agt. Chattanooga, Tenn.

Done this July 2, 1896.

Administrators Sale.

State of Alabama, Shelby County.

Under and by virtue of an order and decree of the Hon. D. R. McMillan, Judge of Probate for Shelby county, I will sell at public auction, in front of the court house of Shelby county, Alabama, on Monday, the 29th day of July, 1896, at twelve o'clock m., all the following described real property belonging to the estate of Joseph T. Dorrough, deceased, to-wit: eas of sec 24 t 17 r 1 e, lying in the county of St. Clair, state of Alabama, and sev. of ac, and 1/4 of sec 4 and eas of sec 4 and sev. of sec 24 t 18 r 1 e, lying in Shelby county Alabama. Terms of sale—one third cash, on third Jan. 1 1897 and one third Jan. 1 1898, with interest added, deferred payment to be secured by the notes of the purchasers, with two good and sufficient securities.

W. F. THIEFFORD, JR., June 25th Administrator de bonis non.

Summer Homes and Resorts.

The Southern railway is the first of our great railway systems to give information to the public and to fix low excursion rates for a summer outing good for return until October 31st, by issuing, with usual promptness, its Summer Home and Resort Book.

It is handsome in design and artistic in every respect having thirty-two beautifully illustrated pages containing the most complete and convenient arranged information calculated to answer fully and satisfactorily every question likely to be propounded, such as routes and distances, hotels and boarding houses, names of proprietors how to reach them, rates of board by day, week and month, etc.

The Southern offers a choice of mountain and seaside resorts, the surf bathing and sea breezes of some of the most delightful resorts on the Atlantic Coast or the cool mountain breezes of Swannanoa, Asheville, Lookout Mountain and others 2,500 feet above the sea level.

For copy of guide call at office of any prominent coupon agent or send 2-cent stamp to C. A. Townsend, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agt. Chattanooga, Tenn.

Election Notice.

The State of Alabama Shelby county.

Notice is hereby given that there will be an election held at the various voting places in Shelby county, Alabama, on Monday, the 3rd day of August, 1896, for the purpose of electing a Governor for the state of Alabama, Secretary of State, Attorney General, Treasurer, Auditor, Superintendent of Education and Commissioner of Agriculture. Also a Senator for the 15th Senatorial District and representative for Shelby county in the General Assembly of Alabama, a Sheriff, Tax Collector, Tax Assessor, County Treasurer, County Superintendent of Education, Coroner and one Commissioner each for the 1st and 3rd Districts of Shelby county, also two Justices of the Peace and one Constable for each Precinct in said county.

Witness my hand this 1st day of July, 1896.

H. W. NELSON, Sheriff.

We, the undersigned, hereby appoint the following Inspectors and returning officers for each Beat in Shelby county, to hold and manage the election to be held in said county on Monday, the 3d day of August, 1896, two of whom in each case being members of opposing political parties, to wit:

Beat 1, box 1—Inspectors: C. C. DuBose, John P. Spencer, H. M. Norris.
H. W. Nelson, Sheriff, returning officer.

Beat 1, box 2—Inspectors: John F. Avery, A. M. Piper, E. T. Brasher.
Samuel J. Harrell, returning officer.

Beat 2—Inspectors: E. C. Bristow, J. N. Carden, Thos. R. Lovett.
Walter Hale returning officer.

Beat 2—Inspectors: A. S. Bristow, A. J. Powers, H. C. Moss.
John Polgreen, returning officer.

Beat 4, box 1—Inspectors: H. S. Latham, J. D. Farrington, Dr. J. W. Pratt.
J. G. Harris, returning officer.

Beat 4, box 2—Inspectors: R. L. Rice, Newton Eddings, Charlie Frost.
John Harris, returning officer.

Beat 5—Inspectors: James L. Harmon, George Jacobs, James P. Doss.
John Harmon, returning officer.

Beat 6—Inspectors: J. D. Ruffin, Dr. J. M. Powers, James Griffin.
Daniel Lambert, returning officer.

Beat 7—Inspectors: J. B. Adams, J. H. Nabors, J. L. Botter.
C. E. Hale, returning officer.

Beat 8—Inspectors: Harmon Thomas, Wm. A. Weldon, N. M. Davis.
E. S. Martin, returning officer.

Beat 9—Inspectors: J. W. Millstead, Jesse Taylor, Jr., J. F. Hill.
George Taylor, returning officer.

Beat 10—Inspectors: T. G. Florey, J. P. Rowe, I. C. Shrader.
W. E. Millender, returning officer.

Beat 11—Inspectors: J. S. Walton, John W. Moore, J. M. Spearman.
J. E. Adams, returning officer.

Beat 12—Inspectors: A. C. DeShazo, N. H. Dunaway, R. F. Johnson.
Sam Dunaway, returning officer.

Beat 13—Inspectors: C. T. Lee, J. C. Farley, T. R. Krider.
Charles Bass, returning officer.</

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, JULY 30, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year, \$1.00.
One copy six months, .50.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Southern Railway.
NEW SCHEDULE.
No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 3:28 p.m.
No. 15, passenger, leaves going north, 11:37 a.m.
No. 67, local, leaves going south, 7:43 a.m.
No. 61, local, leaves going north, 1:20 p.m.

Post Office.
Mail closes, 11:47 a.m.
Trains due, 11:37 a.m. and 3:28 p.m.
Mails open 1:30 p.m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 3:28 p.m.

LOCAL VIVISCOPE.
J. W. Dyke spent Sunday in Montevallo.

John Milner is visiting relatives in Leeds this week.

Clark McAlpine, of Talladega, is a visitor to our city.

James Evans was a guest of Wilsonville friends Sunday.

J. G. Parker and Rufus Lester spent Sunday in Talladega.

P. C. Falkner, of Sterrett, was a visitor in town Monday.

Jim Seale, of Childersburg, is on a visit to his father's family.

Remember the entertainment to-morrow evening at the school house.

W. F. Adams and family, of Weldon, are guests of the family of Rufus Lester.

After a month's stay in Atlanta, Mrs. I. D. Mason returned home Monday.

J. T. Leeper paid Harpersville a business visit the latter part of last week.

Miss Susie Wilson, of Birmingham, is a guest of her uncle, Rev. T. M. Wilson.

I. W. Bailey and wife, of Calera, spent Sunday with relatives at the Central.

Miss Essie Mason is visiting her friend, Miss Flossie Kifer, at Shelby this week.

Miss Luna Jackson, of Weldon, is on a visit here to her sister, Mrs. Rufus Lester.

W. F. Thetford returned Saturday from an extended visit to his old home in Talladega.

Robert Beavers, Esq., spent Saturday and Sunday in Talladega enjoying the Chautauqua.

We are glad to learn that a splendid meeting is in progress at Goodhope church, near here.

Rev. J. W. Cary, of Wilsonville, is conducting a revival meeting this week at Lester's Chapel.

J. Woods and wife, of Talladega Springs, spent Friday and Saturday with relatives in our city.

James Mason and family spent several days of the past week in Talladega county visiting relatives.

Miss Katie Reynolds, daughter of our friend James Reynolds of Montevallo, spent last week with friends here.

A jolly crowd of young people had a most enjoyable time Friday evening last at a moonlight picnic at Shelby Springs. Some contemptible car stole one of the teams and drove it here, consequently one of the boys had to make it home afoot. We presume this marked his fun to some extent at least.

You could not possibly spend a quarter that would bring you in a larger return of genuine enjoyment than by going to the entertainment tomorrow evening at the school house. We have heard Mrs. Hellen Brown-Ford several times in recent years, and we guarantee that she will give you full value for your money. Talk it up and let's have a big crowd.

A few days since we were shown a letter from Capt. T. G. Bush, superintendent of the Shelby Iron Co., to one of the contractors who has been supplying the furnace with charcoal, conveying the information that unless there was a decided increase in the demand for iron the furnace would be blown out inside of sixty days, and would remain out of blast indefinitely. Truly the outlook is blue for our Shelby friends.

Tomorrow evening Mrs. Hellen E. Brown-Ford will entertain our citizens at the school house with recitations both entertaining and humorous. The funds raised by this entertainment are to be applied towards buying more desks for the school, and every person in this community should contribute liberally to its success. The price of admission is low, only 25 cents for adults and 15 cents for children under the age of 12 years.

Yesterday we received an invitation to attend the marriage of Mr. T. J. Caldwell, of Birmingham, and Miss Neppa Hall, which happy event will take place August 4th at 711 Woodland street, Nashville, Tenn., at 7:30 o'clock in the evening. Mr. Caldwell is intimately known in Shelby county, his former home, where his noble traits of character are fully appreciated. May happiness and prosperity attend him in his earnest wish.

A peculiarly sad death occurred in our town Sunday night. Little Walker, only son of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Weaver, aged 8 years, after a protracted illness, was taken from his

fond parents to his home above. Only about two years since his little sister died. While we realize that their hearts are torn and bleeding, being left childless and lonely, we commend them to their Father to whose care they committed their dear ones. They have our sincere sympathy.

Wilbur Wallis, oldest son of W. W. Walls, is here with his wife on a visit to his father's family. When 16 years of age, Wilbur started out to earn a living in the railroad business. This programme did not meet the approval of his father, who tried first to persuade him out of the notion, and finally tried thrashing as a last resort.

During the progress of the aforesaid thrashing the determined youth told his father that he would live to punch his ticket. Having recently been promoted to the responsible position of conductor on the L. & N. R. R., he is now in a position to "punch" the old gentleman if he can get a chance at his ticket. Such are the ups and downs of life. The punched is now the puncher. We congratulate Wilbur heartily.

The building fever is raging in Columbiana. A regular cyclone has struck this week, and next week will see the dirt broken for three new houses. Yesterday Z. H. Clardy & Son told us that on Monday they would begin work on a one-story brick store-room on the lot between their building occupied by Parker & Armstrong and the store of Lester, Mason & Co., in other words the projected building will span the ditch. A renter has been secured for a term of years before a brick is placed on the ground. The same firm were also given the contract for a five-room cottage dwelling for J. G. Parker. Mr. Parker will move next Wednesday, and Thursday a force of hands will be put to work tearing down the old dwelling, and as soon as the material can be placed on the lot, the new house will be begun.

Lumber is also being cut this week for a new lively stable to be built by A. M. Elliott, on the vacant lot near his dwelling, the size of which will be 40 x 100 feet. Work on this building will begin next week. If this is not a good record for one week, then we are no judge. If you want to "get in the swim" move to Columbiana.

Shelby County Matrimonial Bureau.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John H. Dewberry and Sallie Thompson, of near Harpersville; Elijah Parker and Della Isbell; James M. Vines and Arta Buckner.

Another Lie Nailed.

I understand that a report is being circulated about Shelby, and perhaps elsewhere, that I said I did not want republicans or populists to vote for me. That is a lie. I would feel especially complimented by votes from the opposing parties, because they would be strictly for personal reasons, and not on party grounds.

AMOS DANIEL.

Wilsonville, July 29, '96.

Card of Thanks.

Mr. Editor:—We wish to use the columns of your paper to thank the good people of our town for the many acts of kindness shown us during the severe trials through which we have passed, in the sickness and death of our darling little boy.

We wish especially to mention the four little boys, Pierce Mason, Tommie Norris, John and Fleet Strickland, who were so kind in calling to see Walker during his sickness.

We also wish to mention the kindness of the pall-bearers, who so willingly carried the remains to the cemetery.

Respectfully,

MR. AND MRS. T. J. WEAVER.

Items from Creswell.

Pink Hambricht and wife returned to their home at Irondale last week, after spending a few weeks with relatives and friends here and at Fayetteville.

H. P. Baggett went over to Birmingham last week on business and to visit his old home.

Mrs. W. S. Lowe and family, accompanied by Miss Jennie Bates, is visiting in Coosa county this week.

Miss Viola Dentil, from near Vincent, is spending a few days here attending the meeting.

Tilden and Misses Vista, and Leona Blanchard, of Sycamore, are visiting relatives here this week.

Some of the rep-pop candidates were here last Monday telling some negroes and a few white folks that old memorized tale that always disgusts so many and kills so many pop-rep votes.

If there has been no more interest manifested in other parts of the county and at other speakings than there was here, we do not see how they have kept out of a hole long ago without waiting until next Monday.

As Judge Russell, at Harpersville, pulled down, L. H. Cosper, of this place, has been placed on the democratic ticket for justice of the peace in this beat. It is needless to say he is worthy of the place and will make a good officer, and all would do well to cast their vote for him.

The protracted meeting commenced here last Sunday, conducted by Rev. F. G. Mullen. We hope there will be much and lasting good done.

We would again hint that some of the young ladies might talk less in church; and we see it is not confined exclusively to the young ladies, but some of the young men as well. We do not wish to place any one's name before the public connected with a matter of this kind, but "a word to the wise is sufficient."

"CHORTAW."

NO NEGRO IN HIS!

John Robertson Refused the Republican Nomination in 1890

Because Ten Negroes Participated in the Convention

But He Was Put on the Populite Ticket This Year to Catch the Negro.

In 1890 a republican convention was held in the court house in Columbiana, presided over by John Brown, of Wilsonville, and a colored man as secretary. The convention was composed of 17 delegates, 10 of whom were colored. J. D. Hardy was nominated for the legislature and John Robertson for superintendent of education. The next week Mr. Robertson wrote the following letter to The Chronicle, which was published in the issue of June 4, 1890, and can be seen any day by reference to the files of said paper either in the court house or in the Chronicle office:

MR. ROBERTSON'S LETTER.

WILSONVILLE, ALA., June 2, 1890.

MR. EDITOR:—I have been reliably informed that there was a so-called republican convention held in Columbiana on the 29th inst., and that J. D. Hardy was nominated for the legislature and myself for superintendent of education. I want to say to the people of Shelby county that I will not accept the nomination by any means when it comes from such a source as the aforesaid convention.

I denounce the whole thing, and if it takes that sort of a crowd to make a republican, it leaves me out. It has been rumored that I was there. I can truthfully say that I was not. Had I been there I would have kicked out. I have put myself to some trouble to see some of the republicans and they all denounce it that I have seen or heard of. I have always been a true republican and worked for the party, but when it comes to this state of affairs THAT THE COLORED MAN PARTICIPATES IN OUR MEETINGS AND SAYS WHO TO RUN, IT IS TOO MUCH FOR ME.

The most of the people remember the meeting that was held in Birmingham on the 10th of April last year. J. D. Hardy and myself represented Shelby county and WE, with about 200 delegates, ORGANIZED THE WHITE REPUBLICAN LEAGUE. Now it seems to me that J. D. Hardy has gone back on the whole thing.

You will please pardon me for taking up your space, if you publish this, which I hope you will do, as I want to be set right before the good people of old Shelby.

Yours truly and with respect,

JOHN H. ROBERTSON.

Wilsonville Warblings.

Mrs. J. F. Pope has returned home after a several days visit to Talladega. Miss Georgia Pope surprised us very much by making her appearance in Wilsonville one day last week.

W. J. Timney and E. Williamson went to Talladega last Saturday, negotiating the wonders of the last days of the Chautauqua, and returned Sunday night.

Justin C. Jackson biked it to Talladega, 30 miles, Sunday morning while the minute hand of his watch was revolving three times, and returned Sunday night.

W. R. Smith, E. Dultamus and J. Taylor went to Antioch last Sunday. Boys, did you get your feet bathed?

Miss Lula Densler and mother participated in a trip to Talladega last Friday. Mrs. Densler returned Sunday, and Miss Densler Monday. They report a very pleasant time.

Miss Emma Taylor, one of the most cheerful and most fascinating young ladies that ever visited our city, was the guest of Miss Lula Densler a few days last week. She departed for her home Saturday. Boys, watch, eye watch that flying train; some day we'll see her sweet face again.

Don't forget the S. P. L. League meeting next Friday night. The majority of the members have taken their summer outing and we trust that each and every member will be present so as to make these meetings interesting. A nice program has been arranged, and I take the liberty of saying that if you will come you will not regret it.

I am pleased to state that Prof. J. B. Kilpatrick has just issued a beautiful catalogue of his school and surrounding locality, formation, health, climate, etc., also the industrial enterprises of our town. The professor is worthy of the patronage of every young man or lady who desires to attend school. Send for his catalogue.

We played an interesting game of ball with Harpersville last Friday afternoon. The outlook was gloomy for

us until the third inning when O. W. Timney resigned his position as pitcher and was succeeded by Weldon, which meant our game. The final score was 17 to 13 in our favor. We had the sweet pleasure of batting McLean, of Vincent, entirely out of the box in one inning. This makes our series of games, or two games that we have won in succession this season, with Harpersville.

"Wilsonville," which being interpreted means "Four Mile," I did not mean to offend you so you would not write any more in that Advocationality, but simply to ask you for an explanation which as yet you have failed to give. If I were you I would help that thing out all I could for I am under the impression that it needs something. It is very much like a little paper I used to take, has just about as much truth in it which I asked the editor to please send my paper blank.

A new prophesy made by a pop. Prophesying the effect of the gold standard. He stood on his tip-toes of eloquence canvassing the country, so I've been told, belching his poisonous doctrine upon hundreds of his kind and color. Says he, or in substance thereof: When it becomes a law we will have to pay our taxes in gold, and the poor people of the country can't get the gold, consequently cannot pay their taxes, and the able men for their gold will come forward, pay the tax and take possession of their property. Pity on the man and those who believe it. Their is not a negro in Shelby county but what has more common sense than to believe any such trash. I am afraid that a man like this when he knows that he is only fooling the people who never have thought anything about it, and leading them in this direction, will not be permitted to enter the transient golden streets, but at his death the power of gravitation will be so attractive that it will draw him to its centre.

BOURGEOIS.

Condensed Testimony.

Chas. B. Hood, Broker and Manufacturer's Agent, Columbus, Ohio, certifies that Dr. King's New Discovery has no equal as a Cough remedy. J. D. Brown, Prop. St. James Hotel, Ft. Wayne, Ind., testifies that he was cured of a Cough of two years standing, caused by La Grippe, by Dr. King's New Discovery. B. F. Merrill, Baldwinville, Mass., says that he has used and recommended it and never knew it to fail and would rather have it than any doctor, because it always cures. Mrs. Hemming, 222 E. 25th St., Chicago, always keeps it at hand and has no fear of Croup, because it instantly relieves. Free Trials Bottles at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES,

Silks, Satins, Chally, Dimities, Henriettas, Nuns Veiling, and Lawns,

And lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnishings We're Headquarters as Usual.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS. Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00.

Wishing every body success, we beg to remain, Yours Respectfully,

THE RACKET STORE,

SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Props.

WANT GOODWYN OFF.

Alabama Republicans May Ask Him to Drop Out of the Race.

JOHNSTON A SURE WINNER

A Montgomery special, 25th, says: A movement has been set on foot in the ranks of the republican party in this state to assemble a republican state mass meeting and annul the agreement to support Goodwyn and the populist state ticket in the elections next Monday.

The several republicans who were seen here today denied any positive knowledge of the movement, but intimated that they would be very glad to participate in it. One of them said: "The only objection I have to the proposed action is that it is unnecessary. Scarcely a corporal's guard of republicans will vote for Goodwyn. I think it would be well enough to put the party on record as against Goodwyn, however."

"We are certainly justified in throwing the populists overboard," suggested another. "The action of the populist and democratic national conventions proves out Nathan Alexander's (colored) definition of a populist as a sort of democrat. I think we ought to repudiate the action of the national people's party by withdrawing our promise of support to their state ticket. Goodwyn does not stand any chance of election, anyway."

A number of prominent republicans here have been asked for their opinion as to the probable national effect of the nomination of Mr. Bryan by the populists. For some reason they are all as dumb as oysters. One thing is evident, and that is that they are not a bit pleased.

BOURGEOIS.

Condensed Testimony.

Chas. B. Hood, Broker and Manufacturer's Agent, Columbus, Ohio, certifies that Dr. King's New Discovery has no equal as a Cough remedy. J. D. Brown, Prop. St. James Hotel, Ft. Wayne, Ind., testifies that he was cured of a Cough of two years standing, caused by La Grippe, by Dr. King's New Discovery. B. F. Merrill, Baldwinville, Mass., says that he has used and recommended it and never knew it to fail and would rather have it than any doctor, because it always cures. Mrs. Hemming, 222 E. 25th St., Chicago, always keeps it at hand and has no fear of Croup, because it instantly relieves. Free Trials Bottles at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES,

Silks, Satins, Chally, Dimities, Henriettas, Nuns Veiling, and Lawns,

And lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnishings We're Headquarters as Usual.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS. Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00.

Wishing every body success, we beg to remain, Yours Respectfully,

THE RACKET STORE,

SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Props.

Tax Sale.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.

Under and by virtue of decrees of the Probate Court from said county, rendered on the 13th day of July, 1896, I with on the 17th day of August, 1896, proceed to sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, for cash before the court house door of said county, within the legal hours of sale, the following described parcels of real estate assessed to the following named persons and to anyone known for the payment of the taxes, fees and cost, as shown opposite or under each parcel.

This the 13th day of July, 1896.

A. F. SMITH, Tax Collector.

BEAT 1.

Barber, R. T., one vacant lot in Shelby, tax \$3.50, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$1.50.

Beaumont, P. G., lots 24 and 25, block 119, lot 2 block 92, lot 25 block 110 in Shelby, tax \$98, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.

Bell, L. A., lot 5 block 92, lot 23 block 96 in Shelby, tax \$45, cost \$1.50, printer's fee \$2.10.

Bridges, John M., one lot in Shelby, tax \$45, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.50.

Cummings, A., lot 12 block 115 in Shelby, tax \$22, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

Carson, A. S., lots 6 and 8 block 115 in Shelby, tax \$85, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

Clark, Robt. K., lot 10 block 70 in Shelby, tax \$22, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

Deaham, Mrs. M. A., one house and lot at Shelby Springs, tax \$1.80, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

Kirkman, Francis, 5 acres in the NW 1/4 of the SE 1/4 of sec 3 tp 22 r 2 w, tax \$45, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

Lazarus, D. B., lot 32 block 98 in Shelby, tax \$22, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

Newton, J. H., NW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of sec 24 r 1 e, tax \$4.02, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$2.24.

Parker, O. H., lots 2 and 8 block 45, lot 20 block 116 in Shelby, tax \$70, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.31.

Rues & Richards, lot 32, block 121, in Shelby, tax \$27, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

Riggs and Jones, one lot in Calera, tax \$22, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

Smith, J. W., NW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of sec 16 tp 2 r 2 e, tax \$45, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$2.31.

Spratt, Albert, lot 2 block 104 in Shelby, tax \$22, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

Schived, J., lot 2 block 121, lots 16 and 24 block 119 in Shelby, tax \$70, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.31.

Fahner, R. K., lots 1 and 2 block 80, lot 2 block 91, lot 14 block 92, lot 30 block 15, lot 1 block 73 in Shelby, tax \$135, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$3.26.

Horrellson, Jno., 1 vacant lot at Shelby Springs, tax \$22, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

Kolin, Sol., lot 6 blk 93, in Shelby, tax \$22, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

Kolin, Mrs. Clara, lot 22 blk 114, in Shelby, lot in Calera, tax \$70, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.31.

King, Heberstern, lot 7, blk 119, in Shelby, tax \$22, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.80.

BEAT 3.

Owner unknown, vacant lot, No. 2, block 81, according to Leonard Plot in Calera; vacant lot in block 117, in Calera; vacant lot in block 55, etc., country tax, 30 cts., special tax, 5 cts., cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.50.

Campbell, J. D. and M. W., 2 lots in Calera, tax \$225, cost \$3.20, printer's fee \$1.15.

Dunnes, G. B., Adm., est. of R. M. Pilgreen, sec 4 of NW 1/4 of NW 1/4, less 5 acres sec 4 tp 24 r 13 e, NW 1/4 of NW 1/4, sec 17 tp 22 r 2 w, tax \$1.81, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.32.

BEAT 4.

Caldwell, M. C., 1 house and lot at Birmingham Junction, tax \$244, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$1.12.

Ronelle, Mrs. Elizabeth, NW 1/4 of sec 4, and NW 1/4 of sec 4 and NW 1/4 of sec 4, sec 6 tp 21 r 1 e, tax \$1.20, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$1.80.

BEAT 10.

Pitts & Norris house and lot in Cresswell with gin and fixtures, tax \$7.20, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$1.20.

BEAT 14.

Hays, E. W., NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of sec 18 r 1 e, tax \$2.40, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$1.12.

BEAT 15.

Goodwin, S. M., NW 1/4 of NW 1/4, sec 11 tp 19 r 1 e, tax \$22, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$1.00.

A. F. SMITH, Tax Collector of Shelby County.

Estray Notice.

To whom it may concern:

Notice is hereby given that S. F. Kendrick, of Covalie, Ala., did on the 2nd day of July, 1896, take up about his plantation and estray one square mile, color light bay, about four teen hands high, and about seven years old. Said estray proceedings were had before J. S. Gilbert, Esq. of Covalie, Ala., a Justice of the Peace. This July 4, 1896.

D. MC MILLAN, Judge of Probate.

BY THE FUNNY MEN.

"What a heap of style Jimmie Watson's wife throws on." "Oh, yes; Jimmie started a bicycle repair shop last week."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Deceived.—"Why did Constance refuse young De Riche?" "He deceived her. He told her he was worth a million, when in reality he was worth two millions."—Detroit Free Press.

Gobang.—"It seems to me that garment is too large for the baby." Mrs. Gobang.—"But you must remember that it will shrink from washing." Gobang.—"So does the baby."—Yonkers Statesman.

Judge.—"What is the ground for complaint in this divorce case?" Counsel.—"Please, your honor, the main plea is that the incompatibility of temper in regard to the merits of their respective bicycles."—N. Y. Evening Telegram.

"I should think it would irritate you, Dr. Pounder, to see members of your congregation falling asleep during your sermon." "Not at all, madam," replied the preacher; "on the contrary, it delights me. Sleep is a sign of an easy conscience. Those who can sleep do not need sermons."—Harper's Bazar.

A Great Industry.

The Stark Bros. Nurseries, this city and Rockport, Ill., is a veritable hive of propagating plants of the "Two Pikes," enlarged. "Old Pike's" salesmen work from New York Westward. The office force is hurrying out 5000 new style canvases, outfits, photos of fruits, trees, orchards, packing, fruit painted from nature, etc. Several departments give all their time to securing salesmen. Stark Bros. have room for energetic collectors. With such progress, and millions of fruit, full times unknown.—Louisiana Missouri Press.

Billson.—"I know where you can find a remarkably cheap piano mover." Briggs.—"How did you discover him?" Billson.—"I let my piano rest get behind."—Cleveland Plaindealer.

That Terrible Scurge.

Malarial disease is invariably supplemented by disturbance of the liver, bowels, the stomach and the nerves. To the removal of both the cause and its effects, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is fully adequate. It "fills the bill" as no other remedy does, performing its work thoroughly. Its ingredients are pure and wholesome, and it admirably serves to build up a system broken by ill health and short of strength. Constipation, liver and kidney complaint and nervousness are conquered by it.

CLARA.—"Oh! have you heard about Cora Carver? She is going to marry a rich widower with six children." Dora.—"She always was a greedy thing."—Tit-Bits.

The Modern Way

Commends itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectively what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by California Fig Syrup Company.

STRANGER.—"Well, boys, how did the game go to-day?" Boys.—"We lost." Stranger.—"What have you got in that bundle?" Boys.—"The umpire."—Chicago Record.

Dr. CARLSTEDT'S German Liver Syrup is the ideal Cathartic. Purify Vegetables; it promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. Buy and sell bottles at all Druggists or The Carlstedt Medicine Co., Evansville, Ind.

Children for Adoption.

If you desire to adopt a nice child of any age address I. C. Home Society, 234 La Salle St., Room 201, Chicago, Ill. Enclose 2-cent stamp for reply with circular.

KIND TO THE AGED.—"Isabel, why did you give your grandmother a pale-pink umbrella on her birthday?" "I expect to carry it pretty often myself."—Chicago Record.

CONSTITUTION Cured by Dr. Carlstedt's German Liver Powder. Samples and testimonials free. In bottles only 25 cents. The Carlstedt Medicine Co., Evansville, Ind.

"Everything is marked down these days," remarked Hunter. "Even plain ordinary goose feathers."—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

Hall's Cathartic Cure

Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 35c. The fatter the pig, the better it likes the mud.—Ran's Horn.

It is the talent of human nature to run from one extreme to another.—Swift.

FROM OLD ROCKY.

People and Things at the "Confluence of the Streams."

The American People as a Race of Politicians—The Story of the Widow Mixon and Her "Old Faded Umbrella."



So far as I can now recollect, and so far back as the family records run, American politics have always been American politics. And under the general circumstance of the surrounding it looks plum natural and right to me that we have been bred and bred and bringing up a race of politicians. If it now comes to pass that we have more elections, and more various and sundry different sorts of politics than anybody else in the round created world, it is because we live under the broadest flag and in the greatest country on the broad bosom of the earth perhaps.

They "Left the Umbrella."

"The weather is swelterin hot, Rufus, but if we can figger on the future from the general appearances of the present, there will soon be one more waddin match and two old fools made happy down in the Panther creek settlement," says Aunt Nancy Newton to me and mother at the dinner table one day.

"As for me, I don't make out like your Aunt Nancy knows everything for certain," the dear, delightful old soul went on, as she backed her coffee cup down to the tank for the third time; "but bless gracious I aint stone blind if I do wear specs. You know, and I know, and everybody knows that old Mises Mixon is now a poor, lone widder for the second time, whilst Elder Butler has already followed three wives to the graveyard over at Pilgrim's Rest. Now they are both full of years, as the Scriptures would put it, but they are likewise also full of fool notions, as your Aunt Nancy would say. On Tuesday before the Fourth of July the widder she went around to the Butler place to see if the elder didn't want to buy a fine young beef which she had to sell. From what I have since learnt they closed the beef trade quicker than you could say sent with your mouth open. But that wad the mainest thing, Rufus. When the widder started back home she left her old faded umbrella over there at the Butler place—went off and forgot it as clear as a whistle, you understand. Consequentially on the mornin of the Fourth when the elder started to the big barbecue and political raffication down at Tucker's mill he had to drive around by the widder's to take her umbrella home. Then naturally of course it just happened that the widder she was also fixin off to the barbecue, and so she got in the buggy with the elder and they rid on down to the mill together under that same old faded umbrella. To be certain I don't know everything for certain, Rufus, but human nature is powerfully human and anybody can put two and two together and count up four. And in the main time the widder Mixon's old faded umbrella aint gone nowhere."

In the general run of politics this year I have seen a right smart to put me in mind of Aunt Nancy's story of the Widder Mixon and her old faded umbrella. Way last spring the free silver demerats they wad over across the creek to see the third party people, and when they returned back home they left their umbrella over there. Here lately it would seem like the third party people have come over to fetch the umbrella home and return the visit, and from all the general appearances at the present writin you needn't to faint and fall over in it if you see a big political waddin match this summer. They are all under the same umbrella now and keepin step to free silver music at the rates of sixteen to one.

The Smell of Kosum Was There.

Some people thought maybe think that all the natural born fools and green goods on the earth live right down here in the Rocky Creek country. But I can tell you a whole lot better than that. Mind you, now, I don't say but what the fool killer could pick up a few scatterin jobs in this skirt of woods. But you must recollect that the whole entire human family don't live in the same settlement.

Once upon a time, some three or four years ago, I was laid up for general repairs at a little railroad town in the piney wood belt of East Texas. The people around town didn't have anything in particular to do but go down to the depot and see the cars, and come back by the post office and wait for the mail. One day a covered wagon rolled up in front of the post office loaded with a family of people. There was likewise three dogs and one tar bucket under the wagon. The man crawled out and walked in and said he would love to see the postmaster, which it wadn't no tremendous heavy job for him to find what he was lookin for.

"Me and my folks we live down here in the sawmill destrict, and we are now goin up yonder in the Turkey Creek settlement to see my brother Bill and his folks," says the man which had driv in in the covered wagon. "The old folks back in the states they writ us a letter nigh about three year ago, and I reckon as how we ought to drop them a few lines to let 'em know how we are comin on. Do you sell mail cards here, mister?"

"Do you mean postal cards?" asked the postmaster.

"I reckon I do," says the man from the sawmill country. "What do you ax for a card?"

"One cent."

"Golly, but aint that cheap. I'll jest take two at a pop so's me and Bill and the women folks can all drop a line back home."

"Do you want a pen and ink, or a pencil and paper to write with?"

"Nary one right now mister. Reckon my brother Bill and his folks have got some writin fixments and we can do 'em both up together and send 'em off when we come through on our return back home."

A week had went by when bright and early one mornin a covered wagon halted in front of the post office, and the man which hailed from the regions of tar, pitch and turpentine come bulgin right in and tackled the postmaster quest more.

"Homed if they aint fixed up new, mister, and fixed up accordin to law," says

he, as he shoved two postal cards through the window to the postmaster. "Bill's wife she writ 'em both, whilst Bill and me and my wife told her what to set down. Aint they fixed right, mister?"

"They are fixed right," says the postmaster.

"Now how much will it cost us to send 'em on through to the old folks back there in the states?"

"Not a continental red. The government will take them through for nothin."

"The native h'll you say! Well, durned if I ever would of thought it. And here like the blasted idiot which I am—I have been dead square agin the government for thirty-odd years. But blamed if I aint with her, right or wrong, henceforward from now on. Say, mister, the next time they git up a war you jest let us know, and durned if me and my brother Bill don't fight under the old flag till the evenin stars sing together."

The two postal cards are shuffled into the mail pouch and then tossed on the noon train. The covered wagon, the dogs and the tar bucket have moved on. The man with the smell of rosun in his clothes returns back home, whilst the wide and wicked world wags its way and all is well.

"Hit Was Old Mart's Treat."

My friend and fellow citizen, Mart Mayo is such a tremendous big liar till it would be mighty hard for people to believe the cold and solemn truth if he told it. Andy Lueves git it out free gratis as his public and private opinion that Mart Mayo couldn't tell the truth with a dead rest. But when Mart owns up to it that he has been and backed himself agin a great big snag and brings himself out as the under dog in the fight, I reckon you can sprinkle on a little salt and take it for truth.

For something better than a month past, old Mart has been off some wheres, and when he turned up in the settlement onest more last week all he would tell the boys as to where he went was to the general extent that he had been over in the mountains of Tennessee bruisin around for his health. But it has now leaked out in the settlement that he fetched back a wagon load of "the first runnins of the corn," which the boys tell me is particular smooth and fine.

Anyhow, Mart is now tellin a bully story, which the most funniest part to me is that it shows him as the under dog in the fight and brings him out way down at the little end of the horn.

"You understand, boys, I had come into town one day from the mountains, where they don't use nothin but pure spring water—I mean they don't use nothin else 'ummin off the corn—and consequently I was feelin mighty fresh and promiscuous. Then all at onest I thought I would mount the railroad cars and ride up to the next station and back, jest mainly to see how it felt. When I got on board of the cars I saw a man, which it seems to me like I must of seen him somewhere before that day. I looked at him and he looked at me, we did, till finally at last I couldn't stand it no longer. I went over there and slapped him on the shoulder, social like and friendly, and says I to him, says I: 'Mister, your face looks powerful famillious like to me. Where in the hell did I meet up with you?'"

"Raley I haven't got the answer to that question along with me," says he. "What particular place in hell do you hail from?"

"Well, I could see right where I had backed my fool self up agin a scandalous big snag," the great and gifted liar went on, "and I reckon you boys can see wherein it was then old Mart's treat."

News from the Settlement.

Squire Doggin and John Andrew Milligan have both cut a double back action summer set in politics. They are both out for the legislature, and to a man on the grand stand it looks like they are also out for the stuff. At the start John Andrew was a gold democrat, and the squire he was a free silver populist. But the democrats and the populites all got together on a sixteen to one free silver platform, and blamed if the squire and John Andrew didn't jest naturally tear up the earth and spit their under clothes to see which could slide onto the free silver plank first.

The Galloways and the Stinson boys got together at a picnic over on Huckleberry ridge last Saturday and had a lively shootin match. They didn't hit nothin but the open air and didn't hurt anybody to speak of. Jule Nabors, the deputy constable, run out from under his hat and tore down three panels of a stake-and-ridered fence in the general neglect of his official duty. Old Mises Galloway missed the foot log and waded to take a hand in the fight, whilst two of the Stinson women folks fainted and got run over in the general scatteration. But the storm has now blown over, and all is lovely at the confluence of the streams.

RUFUS SANDERS.

No Advantage.

Mr. James Moriarty, in the days of his bachelorhood, loudly maintained that a man should be the head of the family. Then, when he was 46 years old, he united his fortunes with those of a pleasing widow a few years his senior.

It soon became evident to their friends that Mrs. Moriarty governed her spouse with a firm and steady hand, and that the days of his freedom were over. When he had been married about a month he failed to appear one evening at a special meeting of a club of which he had long been an active member, and the next day he was taxed with this absence by a friend, Mr. Herlihy.

"Sure, and why weren't you at the club last evenin," James?" inquired Mr. Herlihy.

"Well, man, you see it's jist loike this," began Mr. Moriarty, shamefacedly; "me wife she—"

"An' what has your wife to do with it at all?" interrupted Mr. Herlihy, in apparent amazement. "Isn't it yer self that always said the man should be the head of the family, and not the wofe?"

"Yis, Michael, many's the time O've said that same," assented Mr. Moriarty, miserably. "And O'll not take back my words. But niver having enjoyed the advantages of matrimony, O forgot wan thing; the man may be the head; but if it's the wofe is the neck, Michael, that turns the head; or kapes it still, O'm thinking these days it'd be jist as well to be fut!"

Youth's Companion.

Suspicion is no friend to virtue, and always an enemy to happiness. —B. Tallow.

M'KINLEY'S IGNORANCE.

The Republican Nominee Has No Knowledge of Financiering.

McKinley's admirers made haste to give him an opportunity to make some remarks regarding the Coliseum permanence, and he improved the opportunity without hesitation in the style to which he is addicted.

The Coliseum crowd had just completed its unique job by nominating the Maine protectionist, all-around monopolist and bosom friend of Senator Frye and the late Mr. Blaine, when a Foraker club drew up before the Canton joss house and elicited a "timely" speech from the occupant of that shrine.

After uttering sundry words in very solemn and impressive style about a struggle greater than that of the civil war—a struggle to preserve the honor of the government, a contest in which "patriotism is above party and national honor is dearer than any party name"—the great orator went on to say:

"The currency and credit of the government are good now and must be kept good forever. Our trouble is not with the character of the money that we have, but with the threat to debase it. We have the same currency that we had in 1892, good the world over and unquestioned by any people."

Here we have the same ignorance of economic principles, the same ignoring of notorious facts, that have characterized all of McKinley's utterances on the currency question.

The republican candidate is unable to see anything amiss in the system which culminated in the act of 1890 providing for the purchase of silver with a new emission of legal tender notes and producing the disastrous panic of 1893.

Our currency was not good the world over and unquestioned by any people in 1892. The silver act of 1890, in the passage of which McKinley took an active part, had shaken confidence and caused a reduction of more than \$80,000,000 in the net treasury gold long before the presidential election of 1892.

By the admission of far abler republican leaders than McKinley that set produced distrust and was the immediate cause of the panic of 1893.

All competent judges know that our currency has been unsound ever since the war issues of legal tender notes. They know that its unsoundness was confirmed and perpetuated by the half repeal of the resumption act in 1878 and the provision that redeemed legal tenders should not be extinguished.

ME AND MARK.



They know that the endless chain thus forged was put in motion by the republican silver act of 1890. They know that the currency will never be sound until provision is made for the extinguishment of redeemed notes and for taking the government out of the business of providing credit currency.

They know that the republican doctrine that government should provide each citizen with the means of the whole brood of errors in regard to money which has kept the country in turmoil for 30 years and produced two great panics, not to speak of less serious ones.

McKinley knows none of these things. He actually believes, if we may credit his repeated utterances, that there is nothing wrong with our currency and that the only thing needed to make it absolutely perfect is more taxes for the enrichment of protectees.

Is this the kind of man to lead in a struggle to preserve the honor and credit of the government? Is he the man to guide those economic reforms which we must have before we can be rid of an unsound currency and the whole black brood of panic-breeding errors and heresies which always accompany an unsound currency?

Far from it. Sound financiers, sound democrats cannot support McKinley, the ignorant, more than they can support Bryan, the silver attorney and repudiator. They cannot vote for either of these "advances agents of prosperity" for classes at the expense of the masses.—Chicago Chronicle.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—Is McKinley still in favor of the McKinley bill? If not, does he favor lowering the protection of campaign-fund contributors?—N. Y. World.

—Modesty, of course, will prevent either Mr. McKinley or Mr. Hobart from voting for himself, but Mr. Hobart is going to vote for Mr. McKinley and Mr. McKinley is going to vote for Mr. Hobart.

—Candidate Hobart is a great deal more pronounced in his financial views than is Candidate McKinley, which is only another way of saying that Hobart is not so great a hypocrite as the head of the ticket.—Illinois State Register.

—Mr. McKinley appears to have an unfortunate connection with labor strikes. In 1892, with his prosperity bill in operation, the bloody Homestead labor war occurred, and now, only a week or two after his nomination as the prosperity candidate, bloody labor riots occur in Cleveland. This brand of prosperity is costly to people and candidate.—Harrisburg Patriot.

—Although a lower tariff prevails on tin plate than was levied by the McKinley act, the industry continues to gain ground. No less than 36 plants are now in operation making the black plates, which are the foundation of the product, and which have heretofore almost entirely been imported from England. In fact, the country is in a way of supplying its own needs in this respect.—Springfield Republican.

HANNA'S POOL AND PROFITS.

McKinley's Manager Has a Pull on the Trusts.

The Philadelphia Press recently complained because the new iron ore pool had increased the price of ore by 35 per cent, without increasing the wages of the mine workmen. This enthusiastic supporter of Mr. McKinley and Mr. Hanna was pointing out that the tariff duties on iron and steel products were in danger because of the number and the extent of the combinations recently formed in the iron and steel industry.

"The various iron and steel trades," said our McKinley contemporary, "which are raising prices by combination may find themselves stripped of all protection." We quote also the following:

"The iron ore combination has advanced prices and not wages. It is unjustifiable. The steel billet combination, like that in ore, by raising prices, has affected all branches of steel manufacture. It has added to the cost of the Carnegie steel wire. The steel of a long list of articles to the consumer will be advanced by its action."

But the Press must know that Mr. Hanna, who organized the iron ore pool, needed money for the expenses of Mr. McKinley's canvass. Mr. Hanna is the president of the Chapin iron company, which owns the great Chapin mine. This mine stands second on the list of ore producers, and its output last year was 635,000 tons. The pool advanced prices on the basis of an increase from \$2.90 to \$4.10 per ton for Bessemer ore. The Chapin mine had its allotted share of this increase, and Mr. Hanna is interested in other iron mines.

It is plain that the increase of about one dollar per ton has very perceptibly enlarged Mr. Hanna's income. As we have said, he wanted money for McKinley's canvass. He said a few days ago that the canvass had cost him \$100,000 and that only \$38,000 had been contributed by other friends of his candidate. Well, the additional profits of his investment in the Chapin mine and other iron mines and associated interests, procured by means of the pool's increase of price, have at least been equal, we presume, to his expenditures on McKinley's account.

If it is true, as the Philadelphia Press asserts, (and the Press is his friend and McKinley's friend,) that he and his pool associates did not increase wages, why should the Press complain? Was not the money, or a part of it, spent in procuring the nomination of "the advance

German Farmer.—"Do picture you hat haite is most butful; dere is only von word in do English lankidge vich describes it—and I haf forgotten it."—Tit-Bits.

What a subtle enemy to greatness is the newspaper portrait.—Ran's Horn.

THE MARKETS.

New York, July 28, 1891.

CATTLE—Native Steers \$ 3.30 4.05
COTTON—Middling 15 1/2 16 1/2
SHEEP—Fair to Choice 10 1/2 11 1/2
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard 1 1/2 1 3/4
WHEAT—No. 2 1 1/4 1 1/2
WHEAT—No. 3 1 1/4 1 1/2
FLOUR—New Mess 7 30 8 50

ST. LOUIS.
COTTON—Middling 15 1/2 16 1/2
BEEVES—Steers 2 75 4 10
Cows and Heifers 1 50 2 50

CALVES 2 00 3 00
HOGS—Fair to Select 2 00 3 00
SHEEP—Fair to Choice 10 1/2 11 1/2
FLOUR—Patents 2 75 3 35
FLOUR—Extra do. 2 25 2 85
FLOUR—No. 2 Winter 2 00 2 50
CORN—No. 2 Mixed 1 1/4 1 1/2
OATS—No. 2 1 1/4 1 1/2
COIN—No. 2 1 1/4 1 1/2
TOBACCO—Leaf Burley 4 50 12 00
HAY—Clear Timothy 8 10 12 00
BUTTER—Choice Dairy 15 1/2 16 1/2
EGGS—Fresh 15 1/2 16 1/2
POULTRY—Selling Mess 6 1/2 6 1/2
BACON—Clear Rib 11 1/2 12 1/2
LARD—Prime Steam 11 1/2 12 1/2

CHICAGO.
CATTLE—Shipping 3 25 4 50
HOGS—Fair to Choice 2 00 3 00
SHEEP—Fair to Choice 10 1/2 11 1/2
FLOUR—Winter Patents 2 75 3 35
FLOUR—Spring Patents 2 00 2 50
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring 1 1/4 1 1/2
WHEAT—No. 3 Red 1 1/4 1 1/2
OATS—No. 2 1 1/4 1 1/2
COIN—No. 2 1 1/4 1 1/2
KANSAS CITY.
CATTLE—Shipping 3 00 4 20
HOGS—All Grades 2 75 3 20
WHEAT—No. 2 Red 1 1/4 1 1/2
OATS—No. 2 1 1/4 1 1/2
COIN—No. 2 1 1/4 1 1/2

NEW ORLEANS.
FLOUR—High Grade 3 10 3 80
CORN—No. 2 1 1/4 1 1/2
OATS—No. 2 1 1/4 1 1/2
HA—Choice 15 1/2 16 1/2
POULTRY—Old Mess 6 1/2 6 1/2
BACON—Selling Mess 6 1/2 6 1/2
COTTON—Middling 15 1/2 16 1/2
LOUISVILLE.
WHEAT—No. 2 Red 1 1/4 1 1/2
OATS—No. 2 Mixed 1 1/4 1 1/2
OATS—No. 2 1 1/4 1 1/2
POULTRY—New Mess 6 1/2 6 1/2
BACON—Clear Rib 11 1/2 12 1/2
COTTON—Middling 15 1/2 16 1/2

Fire stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free \$2 trial bottle and treatise. DR. KLINE, 933 Arch St. Phila., Pa. Record.

THOMAS KNEW.—Teacher.—"Where is the capital of Great Britain, Thomas?" Thomas.—"Most of it's in this country."—Chicago Record.

Pain's Cure for Consumption is an A. No. 1 Asthma medicine.—W. R. WILLIAMS, Antioch, Ill., April 11, 1894.

The world needs not more men, but more man.—Rev. C. W. Guillelte.

Sea air roughens the skin. Use Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50 cents.

C. C. C. CERTAIN CURE FOR THE CURE PRICE 10 CENTS IN THE WORLD.

For sale at Druggist or Sent Free on receipt of price by CERTAIN CURE CO., Evansville, Ind.

STEADY WORK. WE PAY CASH WEEKLY and want men everywhere to sell. STARK TREES. Absolutely best. Superb quality, new system. STARK, ROCKFORD, ILL. LOUISIANA, MO., ROCKFORD, ILL.

HATS CLEANED AND DYED. EQUAL TO NEW. ALFRED MEANS, 309 1/2 2nd St., Memphis, Tenn.

OPION FREE. DR. B. H. Woolley, Atlanta, Ga.

DYSPEPSIA; YUGATAN KILLS IT.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISEES please state that you saw the advertisement in this paper.

Pill Clothes.

The good pill has a good coat. The pill coat serves two purposes; it protects the pill, enabling it to retain all its remedial value, and it disguises the taste for the palate. Some pill coats are too heavy; they will not dissolve in the stomach, and the pills they cover pass through the system as harmless as a bread pellet. Other coats are too light, and permit the speedy deterioration of the pill. After 30 years exposure, Ayer's Sugar Coated Pills have been found as effective as if just fresh from the laboratory. It's a good pill with a good coat. Ask your druggist for

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

More pill particulars in Ayer's Curebook, 100 pages. Sent free. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.



"It's a Good Thing. Push it Along."

Battle-Ax PLUG

Why buy a newspaper unless you can profit by the expense? For 5 cents you can get almost as much "BATTLE AX" as you can of other high grade brands for 10 cents.

Here's news that will repay you for the cost of your newspaper to-day.

—Gov. McKinley's adjutant general resigned to escape investigation; his inspector of factories was dismissed for dishonesty and forced to make restitution of several thousand dollars, some of which he confessed to have used as contributions to the republican campaign fund; the management of the Ohio penitentiary, as disclosed by Gov. Bushnell's investigations, was equally scandalous and corrupt. A competent executive could have presented all this and other irregularities and extravagances by the exercise of the supervisory authority vested in that office. Gov. McKinley permitted them to go on unchecked.—Boston Post.

—Mr. McKinley's satisfaction at a visit from a Foraker club the other day is entirely natural. A Foraker club is an improvement over the Foraker knife, which has been seeking soft spots in the McKinleyan anatomy for some years past.—Chicago Chronicle.

WINE OF CARDUI TREATMENT OF FEMALE DISEASES

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.	
One copy, one year	\$1.00
One copy, six months	.60

THE treasury deficit for July, as shown by the statement issued on the 1st, was, \$13,125,790.07.

THE national committee of the people's party, otherwise the populists, will make Washington the headquarters of the organization.

THE president, on the 29th, appointed John Sheridan, of West Virginia, a government director of the Union Pacific Railway Co., vice Fitzhugh Lee, now consul-general at Havana.

THE executive committee of the National Irrigation congress met in Denver, Colo., on the 31st, and arranged the program of the annual meeting to be held in Phoenix, Ariz., December 15, 16 and 17.

At Dayton, O., on the 29th, Henry Dipple, a night watchman, threw some water on a fire he had discovered in a frame house, and electricity from a crossed wire passed through the water and killed him.

FAILURES throughout the United States for the week ended on the 31st, as reported by R. G. Dun & Co., were 231, against 261 for the corresponding week of last year. For Canada the failures were 40, against 23 for last year.

MR. GLADSTONE was waited upon at Hawarden, on the 30th, by 100 members of the Philadelphia Manufacturers' club. He personally escorted the visitors about the grounds and narrated the history of the castle to them. The Americans were greatly pleased by the warmth of their reception.

A DISPATCH from Che-Foo, China, on the 29th inst., said that the little German gunboat Itis was lost in a typhoon on July 23 at a point 40 miles southeast of the Shang-Tung promontory. Only ten of those belonging to the war ship were saved. All the others, 75 in number, including the officers, perished.

COL. W. E. McARTHUR, clerk of Representative Herman, of Oregon, was found lying unconscious on the street in Washington, on the evening of the 29th, and died shortly after at the hospital. Cause, sunstroke. McArthur was from The Dalles, Ore., where he formerly published a paper.

ON the 29th Consul-General Fitzhugh Lee telegraphed the state department, in response to inquiries made at the instigation of Gen. Miles, that there was no information in Havana regarding the reported killing of Pierce Atkinson, who went to Cuba from this country to assist the rebels.

WILLIAM J. GILBERT, the well-known law-book publisher, and for many years a prominent resident of St. Louis, died, on the 27th, at his residence in that city, aged 61 years. He was at the head of one of the oldest law-book concerns in St. Louis, and was known to every lawyer in the city.

THE supreme court of California having affirmed the judgment of the superior court, S. D. Worden, the railroad striker, charged with wrecking the railway bridge near Sacramento, two years ago, and thereby causing the death of Engineer Clark and three United States soldiers, must hang.

AMONG the passengers who arrived at the port of New York on the 28th, by the steamer Caracas, from LaGuayra, was the son of Jose Maceo, who was killed in battle in Cuba recently. The young man is, together with ten other Cubans, on his way to the island to join the rebel army. He first learned of his father's death on landing at New York.

A DISPATCH to the Madrid Imparcial from Havana says that Capt.-Gen. Weyler had issued a decree in which he promises to the captains of vessels the sum of \$2,000 for each filibustering steamer, and \$9,000 for each filibustering sailing vessel they seize. The captains making seizures will be freed of all responsibility.

IT was announced in Madrid, on the 28th, that the shipbuilders of Genoa had repudiated the contract their representatives had made with the Spanish government to furnish the latter promptly with two cruisers of 7,000 tons. Great excitement prevailed in Madrid, as it was added that the vessels had been purchased by the United States.

THE International Socialist Trades congress, in session in London, met on the 28th and the question of the admission of anarchists as delegates, which precipitated a free fight the day before and caused the chairman to declare the congress adjourned, was again taken up for final action, and it was decided by a large majority not to admit them.

IN the British house of commons, on the 31st, Sir Matthew White Ridley, the home secretary, announced that Dr. Jamieson and the other prisoners who were convicted of taking part in the Transvaal raid, would be treated as first-class misdemeanants during their terms of imprisonment. Under this ruling the severity of their treatment as prisoners will be greatly modified.

EX-CITY ATTORNEY MORELAND, of Pittsburgh, Pa., who pleaded guilty to the charge of embezzling city funds, was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary on the 29th. W. H. House, assistant city attorney, convicted of aiding and abetting City Attorney Moreland in embezzling city money, was also sentenced to the penitentiary for two years and three months.

THE Montreal (Can.) exhibition buildings were almost totally destroyed by fire on the 29th. The total loss is estimated at \$190,000, with an insurance of \$100,000. The work of rebuilding the structures will be commenced immediately.

THE CHRONICLE.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

VOLUME XI.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 6, 1896.

NUMBER 5.

CURRENT TOPICS.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

A DESTRUCTIVE hailstorm struck Clay county, Minn., on the 27th, passing northwesterly across Sabin and as far north as Glydon on the west and Stockwood on the east. In many cases the destruction was complete.

While watching a game of ball at Youngstown, O., Oscar Gilchrist was struck in the eye by a foul fly with such force that the eye was knocked into a pulp and fell out of his head.

WILLIAM HENRY SMITH, late general manager of the Associated Press, died at his home in Lake Forest, Chicago, on the 27th. He had been sick for several days with pneumonia.

JAMES BYERS, agent for the Vandalia railroad and Adams Express Co., at Moran, Ind., committed suicide on the 27th. Byers was short in his accounts with the express company \$300, and with the railroad company, \$15.

THE correspondent of the United Press at Honolulu, writing under date of the 21st, says that the volcano Kilauea renewed its activity, during the night of the 11th, and was worse than ever.

THE destruction of crops, live stock and farm property in Yankton county, S. D., by the recent hail storm is now estimated to amount to \$100,000.

It is rumored in Constantinople that the Turkish government contemplates the issue of paper money.

A DISPATCH from Bulawayo, on the 28th, said: "A force of imperial troops is being hurriedly pushed to the front from Mafeking and Mafeking and Fort Tuli. The situation is becoming more serious every day."

BEING found guilty in the British high court of justice, on the 28th, of violation of the foreign enlistment act, Dr. Jamieson was sentenced to fifteen months' imprisonment without labor.

Maj. Sir John Willoughby to ten months; Maj. R. Wright to seven months; and Capt. Henry F. Coventry (son of the earl of Coventry), Col. R. Grey and Col. P. H. White to five months' imprisonment each. They were taken at once to Holloway prison.

CHARLES COREY and Miss Kate F. Mann, both of Boston, were drowned in the Niagara river, between Grand Island and the Canadian shore, above Niagara falls, on the 28th. The young couple had hired a small boat for a row, and in the rough water the boat became unmanageable.

THE gold standard democrats of Kentucky will hold a state convention on August 30, in Louisville, to perfect a thorough organization of their forces and select delegates to the national convention decided upon at the recent conference held in Chicago.

THE United States consuls at Vera Cruz and Acapulco telegraph the surgeon general of the United States marine hospital service the existence of yellow fever at those points.

THE fact has become known that the recent flood in Colorado entirely destroyed the Catskill branch of the Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf road, 40 miles in length.

PART of the town of Ilfracombe, Devonshire, one of the fashionable and most attractive seaside resorts in England, was burned on the 29th.

ONE of the three men who participated in the recent Colorado Springs and Cripple Creek (Col.) stage robbery, was captured by a deputy sheriff while leaving a Denver train at Colorado Springs, on the 28th, but for reasons unknown the arrest was kept a profound secret until the 29th.

EX-CONGRESSMAN JOHN T. BROWN died suddenly at his home in Fowler, Ind., on the 28th, of heart trouble. He leaves a widow and an adopted child in comfortable circumstances.

THE notification committee appointed by the Prohibition national convention, which met last May in Pittsburgh, called upon Joshua Levering at Baltimore, Md., on the 28th, and officially informed him of his nomination for the presidency upon the prohibition ticket.

A COMMITTEE from the University of Chicago called on Maj. McKinley at Canton, O., on the 29th, as representatives of the Republican club of that school to pay their respects to the republican candidate and to present to him a life-sized marble bust of himself, made by Hans Hirsche, the noted sculptor of that city.

ROBERT GARRETT, ex-president of the Baltimore & Ohio railway and head of the widely-known banking house of Robert Garrett & Sons, died at Deer Park, Md., on the 29th. Mr. Garrett had been in failing health for several years.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL WILSON has issued an order to all railway mail clerks, directing them not to take an active interest in the political campaign, such as would be involved in their attending political conventions as delegates, making political speeches or assisting in the management of political campaigns.

DR. JAMIESON and his fellow Transvaal raiders are to be treated as first-class misdemeanants in Holloway prison, London. They will receive their meals from the outside, wear their own clothes and have less distinguished prisoners detailed to perform menial offices for them.

AN express train from Philadelphia collided with a special excursion train of seven cars of Red Men near Atlantic City, N. J., on the 30th, the ponderous trains coming together at right angles, and causing a frightful wreck in which about forty persons were killed outright and twice that number injured, many of them fatally. The wife of one of the engineers who died at his post, upon hearing the sad news, fell dead from the shock.

A POWDER magazine at Funkirchen, Hungary, exploded, on the 30th, with fatal results. The shock of the explosion almost completely wrecked the town hall, and other buildings in the vicinity were badly damaged. More than one hundred persons were injured, and it was thought that a large proportion of them would die.

A body of striking miners went to the Hylers mines near Sullivan, Ind., on the 29th inst. Two or three of them covered the night watchmen with guns, marched them to the woods half a mile distant and stood guard over them while the balance of the crowd set fire to the plant which was totally destroyed. Burning timbers fell into the shaft and set fire to the mine also.

The boiler in Sullivan's big shingle mills at Cedar, Mich., burst on the 29th. Engineer Scott was badly mangled and scalded, and lived but two hours. Ten other employes were more or less seriously scalded and bruised.

JUDGE ORLEADY, of the Pennsylvania state superior court, on the 29th, granted an allocatur in the appeal of attorneys representing ex-Assistant City Attorney Wm. H. House, of Pittsburgh, who was sentenced to two years and three months in the penitentiary, for aiding and abetting in the embezzlement of city money.

The president has issued a proclamation bearing date of July 27, again commanding citizens to observe neutrality towards Cuba. The proclamation refers to the original proclamation of June 12, 1895, demanding an observance of the neutrality laws in respect to the Cuban insurrection, and gives notice that all violations will be vigorously prosecuted.

The commissioner of internal revenue has submitted to Secretary Carlisle a preliminary report of the operations of his bureau for the fiscal year ending June 30. It shows that the receipts from all sources of internal revenue for the year aggregated \$146,830,615—an increase of \$3,584,537 over the receipts of the preceding fiscal year.

MR. ANTHONY SEWALL, democratic nominee for vice-president, was interviewed as to the story that he intended to resign in favor of Mr. Tom Watson. He said: "Any man who for a moment entertains such an idea is not worthy of an answer."

FATHER MARTINELLI, superior-general of the Augustinians, has been appointed successor to Mgr. Satolli, as papal delegate of the Roman Catholic church in the United States.

LIVON CAMPBELL, one of the iron kings, died at his home at Hanging Rock, N.Y., on the 31st, aged 66.

A DISPATCH from Bombay, on the 31st, said: Except for the telegraph lines, Bombay is isolated from the outside world. Very heavy rains have fallen of late, and the country in the vicinity of the city is flooded. The railroads are so far under water that it is impossible to run trains over them.

A HURRICANE prevailed at Hong Kong, on the 30th, and considerable damage was done to shipping in the harbor. The British steamer Glen Oahadi was totally dismasted. The British steamer MacDuff dragged her anchors and collided with the Norwegian steamer Brand. Both vessels were damaged.

THE originating in Argull's opera house in Grass Valley, Cal., on the 30th, spread rapidly until the whole block was ablaze. Twenty-five houses and business premises were totally destroyed, and 13 others partly burned. Total loss, about \$150,000.

JUDGE GEORGE CARPENTER, of the United States district for Rhode Island and Massachusetts, died, on the 31st, in Keswick, Holland, of paralysis of the heart, while on a European pleasure trip.

THE Irish land bill passed its second reading in the British house of lords on the 31st.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

GEORGE CARDON, the 14-year-old son of a well-known farmer of Hixson, Tenn., met a horrible death on the 24 at Ilixon Station, on the Cincinnati Southern railroad.

MAYNARD COVANS and Miss Dovie Proctor were instantly killed and Miss Della Bishop, a friend of Miss Proctor, fatally injured by a falling building at Columbus City, Ala., on the 21.

AN order was issued at the Valentine Iron Company's works at Belle Font, Pa., on the 21 commencing with August 1, a 10 per cent. reduction of wages will be made.

ONE of the most heinous crimes ever committed in Austin, Tex., was brought to light on the 30th. W. E. Burt, a member of one of the most respected families of Austin, murdered his wife and two children, aged 2 and 4 years, and placed the dead bodies in a cistern.

FIFTY contractors, employing 2,000 garment workers, signed the agreement of the Brotherhood of Tailors at New York on the 31st.

Mrs. HENRY WEBSTER was fatally shot by John Webster, her son, at La Porte, Ind., on the 31st, because she refused him money.

DRIVEN to despair by different causes, six people attempted to end their own lives by suicide at Chicago on the 31st.

FAILURES for the past week have been 281 in the United States against 261 last year and 40 in Canada against 28 last year.

THE postoffice at Ullysses, in Lawrence county, Ky., was burned on the 30th, after having been robbed. The loss will aggregate \$2,500.

THE movement to secure a suspension of the distilleries of Kentucky for eighteen months has at last been successful. All preliminaries were finished at a meeting held at Louisville on the 31st.

FOUR deaths occurred at Louisville, Ky., on the 29th, from heat. The mercury reached a maximum of 95 degrees. Many prostrations were reported.

GEN. R. E. COLTON, who was an officer in the Confederate army and at one time commanded the Stonewall brigade, died at the Soldier's Home at Richmond, Va., on the 29th, in his 71st year.

COL. JAMES F. LILLY was shot down in the Baptist church at Metcalf Ga., on the 2d by John T. Ruskin.

JOINT DISCUSSION.

Senator Thurston, of Nebraska, and a Chicago lawyer open the campaign in Wisconsin—Free Silver the Subject of the Debate—The Question Logically and Learningly Discussed by the Speakers on Both Sides.

MADISON, Wis., Aug. 31.—Senator Thurston, of Nebraska, for the republican party, and Clarence S. Darrow, a Chicago lawyer, for the democrats and populists, contested with oratory and argument for presidential votes yesterday afternoon at Lakeside, the grounds of the Monona Lake assembly near this city.

Mr. Thurston said that it was among Wisconsin people that he grew to manhood and that in the first regiment of his cavalry he went out to fight and die, if necessary for his country. The senator continued:

We are here especially to discuss certain financial theories and views which are disturbing our people. This money question is a new one in this campaign. I was brought up to believe that the judgment of the man who had succeeded in life was better to follow than that of the man who had failed; that the word of the man who had never broken his promise was better to believe than that of the man who had broken his word. Therefore, I think it is safer for me to keep away from the leadership of such men as Altgeld and Tillman and Llewellyn and Waite, and follow the lead of Allison and Reed, and that greatest of all Americans, William McKinley, of Ohio. Four years ago the issue before the people made, for the most part, by the man who are now presenting another issue, was not the issue which they would have you believe should be the one on which to go to the polls in 1896.

William J. Bryan made no other argument and advocated no other issue four years ago than the tariff. He and his associates had no intention of bringing forth this new issue until they realized they were overwhelmingly defeated by the people on the issue of free trade on which they secured a majority of votes four years ago.

Don't you think, in view of the promises given four years ago and their default to pay, that it would be best to ask for a little collateral security on which to back up this new promise?

I am an American. The American traveling in foreign lands finds that his silver dollar is taken without one cent of discount. You can buy with it twice as much as you can with the silver dollar of any country which opens its mints to the free coinage of silver. I do not want to Mexicanize our American dollar or apologize for its cheapness.

Gold means free coinage. Did you stop to think that the free coinage of silver will increase the value of bullion, that it will not bring to the people higher wages or give them better prices for their products? Free coinage will either lower the standard of our dollar to the 50-cent Mexican dollar or else it will double the value of our neighbor's dollar without expense to them.

The senator mentioned that July 11 the Chicago Chronicle had charged Bryan with being the paid agent or spokesman of the Bonanza silver kings, who had really made the silver issue, and that he had not met the charge.

He closed by arguing that cheap money would not help the poor working man. Mr. Darrow was then introduced. He did not think the settlement of the free coinage question would ever give to labor that which labor never had under a democratic or republican administration, a full share of the product of his toil, nor lift from the farmer the great burden of debt and distress under which he lived. But it would do something. He repudiated the senator's prescription of four more years of the gold cure administered by McKinley instead of Cleveland. He accused the Cleveland democrats of working for McKinley, and asked the people to support what was Maj. McKinley's policy until he became a candidate for the presidency.

It was the first time that a national party in the United States asked that silver money be stricken down and gold alone used by our people. The proposition was so outrageous and un-answered that the men who framed it at St. Louis were afraid to openly advocate it, and added the international agreement clause as a sop which they and the people knew to be a trick and a lie. He repeatedly resented the senator's claim to being an American when he defended the proposition to become the bond slave of Lombard street and Wall street. The great creditor class had been the blighting curse on the earth for ages.

He created a sensational scene when he declared that if a dollar's worth of American wheat continued to be sold for 50 cent the Englishman will collect his interest from America, as he does from the Egyptians with cannon and with sword. The speaker was vigorously hissed and several men arose and shook their fists and cried, "Never." The chairman appealed for order and a fair hearing.

Senator Thurston, in closing, denounced the attempt to array class against class, and section against section. There was no such issue under the Stars and Stripes. A party was needed to build up, not tear down. Finally, he said:

"The man who holds the key to the situation is the officer who held the line for Sheridan at Shenandoah, Maj. McKinley, and please God he will be our next president."

AT WASHINGTON.

Senator Jones and the Democratic National Headquarters.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Senator J. K. Jones, chairman of the national committee, is expected to reach the city to-day. It is believed that he will early settle the question of the location of national headquarters, and will before he leaves Washington announce the names of the members of the national executive committee, a subject upon which he has been bestowing careful attention since he left Chicago.

DUN'S COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

Improvement in Business Conditions. Though None in Business—An Early and Large Foreign Demand for American Products Promised by Foreign Advances—Slight Further Advance in Boots and Shoes—Small Sales of Wool.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly review of trade to-day say:

Business conditions have clearly improved, though business has not. It is the torpid season and better prospects have little effect as yet. Gold exports have been stopped and foreign advances are more promising as respects an early and large demand for American products. The operations of foreigners in the stock market have reflected little beyond the troubles of speculators at the London settlements, and varying degrees of ignorance about American affairs. The prospect for large crops of cotton and corn is still excellent, and neither movements of wheat nor markets give countenance to low estimates. Wheat is going out with more freedom than is usual for the season, and Atlantic exports have been 1,901,119 bushels, flour included, for the week, against 900,248 last year, and for four weeks, 6,664,266 bushels, against 3,422,321 last year.

Lower rail rates helped men to make a new low record at 30.12 cents, and prospects are generally favorable. Cotton advanced a quarter on reports of injury, but there are really few who expect less than a large yield.

The woolen mills do not gain, light weights opening 5 to 7 1/2 per cent. lower in price than last year, and sales of wool now reported are less than a quarter of a full week's consumption. Orders taken in light weights have been very few and for low-priced goods.

The boot and shoe industry has secured slight further advances from the lowest point in brogans and calf boots and shoes; but new orders are scanty, the more because the permanence of the advance is questioned. Leather is stubbornly held without change in prices and some grades are really scarce, although manufacturers are buying only for actual needs; but hides have turned downward sharply at Chicago, declining five per cent. for the week, with heavy accumulation.

The iron industry is helped but little by the settlement which gives piddlers of the Ohio region 50c advance in wages, because the demand is so light that few mills can run.

A ray of encouragement comes to rail mills, two considerable sales having been made, 20,000 tons to a New England road and 10,000 by the Premier Steel Co. of Indianapolis; but otherwise sales are small.

Trade in wire nails has been so light that even the trifling allotment of 65,000 kegs for July is supposed to have exceeded sales, and the association is in session at Boston to consider the matter.

The billot pool has been constantly undersold by middlemen and open hearth steel, and had a session yesterday at which reduction of prices was discussed. Many contracts for structural work are being held back, and there is very little done in that line, and orders for plates and pipe are scarce.

It is not surprising that failures have been considerable in magnitude, and in 23 days of July defaulted liabilities were \$12,069,481 against \$3,392,757 in 25 days last year. Failures for the week have been 251 in the United States, against 261 last year, and 40 in Canada, against 28 last year.

CAS IS CAUTIOUS.

A Nebraska Bank Going Out of Business—Tide Over Troubled Times.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 1.—There is the greatest excitement among farmers of Box Butte county over a communication received Thursday from the First national bank of Alliance. The letter was received by persons who were obligated to the bank, and whose loan became due before November, and reads as follows:

ALLIANCE, Neb., July 27.
DEAR SIR: Owing to the constant agitation of the financial policy of the United States and the socialist feeling emanating from the Chicago convention, there has been a doubt thrown over the minds of the people that points to a possibility of a greater panic than we have yet seen. Should the remainder of the year be thrown into employment, now about half employed) there will be much labor trouble.

We prefer to do nothing till there is more stability rather than take the chances of losing what we have; and would advise all of our friends to stay out of debt. We will call in all our paper this fall. We have your note, please prepare to pay it promptly and do not ask for further time. Yours truly,
R. M. HAMPTON, Cashier.

AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS

Making a Tour of South America, Arrive at Montevideo.

MONTVIDEO, Aug. 1.—The party of American manufacturers that left Rio de Janeiro on the 28th of July on board the steamship Danube, on their way to the Argentine republic, arrived in this port yesterday, all in good condition.

The United States gunboat Castine is also at anchor in this harbor and her commander, Capt. Perry, went on board the Danube and placed himself and officers at the disposal of the party.

United States Minister Granville Stuart and United States Consul Schramm also boarded the Danube and welcomed the visitors, stating that the government of Uruguay had made arrangements for their entertainment upon their return from Buenos Ayres, which will be the 15th of August.

THE STRIKE ON AGAIN.

Union Men Again Walk Out of the Brown Hoisting Works.

CLEVELAND, O., July 31.—The strike is on again at the Brown hoisting works. To-night all the union men who had gone back under the agreement entered into Monday, were called out. The men claim they were deceived by the way in which the agreement was construed to them. The agreement, according to the company, was a complete surrender on the part of the men. Acting on this the shops were being filled with "scabs."

SOUTHERN GLEANINGS.

Mule-Thief Shot.

A negro mule-thief was killed near Dublin, Ga., by a deputy sheriff. Seven years ago Forum Troup stole a fine mule from a negro neighbor in Montgomery county. He immediately went off, and was not located until a few days ago. Sheriff McGregor, being apprised of his whereabouts, knowing that he was a desperate character. The sheriff concealed himself in the woods, while he sent two officers named Dunn and Miller. Dunn called the man to the gate. As soon as he reached the yard fence Dunn made a dash for him, but Troup picked up an ax. Dunn then fired, the ball entering Troup's body, killing him instantly.

Skeleton of a Missing Child Found.

About one year ago Walter, the eight-year-old son of a Tuscaloosa county (Ala.) farmer named Parsons, disappeared from his home and though a most diligent search, in which the whole neighborhood joined, was instituted, the little fellow could not be found. The other day a man was hunting in the swamps about five miles from the Parsons' farm, when he discovered lying in a lonely spot the skeleton of a child, which, by the tattered garments clung about it, was later identified as the remains of little Walter Parsons. The skeleton received Christian burial in the presence of a large assemblage of sympathizing friends of the family.

Murdered for His Money.

The dead body of Kiah Brown, a colored farmer, was found in a cow path on the Nettles plantation, about eight miles from Montgomery, Ala. There were five pistol balls in it, and the head had been kicked almost into a jelly by the heels of heavy boots. The pockets had been cut out of the clothes which the dead man wore. Brown was a thrifty negro and always had a sum of money in his pockets, and the motive of his murder was evidently robbery. Ely Ramsey, Pollard Williams and Frank Harde-man, who live in the neighborhood, were arrested, charged with the murder.

Top of His Head Shot Off.

Two young planters named Brewer and Henry had a difficulty at Henry's home near the village of Orinda, Tenn. Brewer went to the farm house, is said, and abused a woman there. He was ordered to leave by Henry, but instead of doing so he fired several shots at Henry with a revolver. One of the bullets took effect in the latter's arm. Henry, who was standing in his doorway, reached over the door and, using a wooden mallet, fired, shooting off the top of Brewer's head, killing him instantly.

Thomas H. Holt.

Thomas H. Holt died at his residence in Birmingham, Ala., recently. He was born in Westmoreland county, Pa., and moved south before the war, but during the strife took sides with the federal troops. He was a past grand of Alabama in the Odd Fellows, past dictator in the Knights of Honor, member of several branches of Masonry, Knights and Ladies of Honor, Knights of Pythias, Knights of the Essene Order, Woodman of the World, and other lodges.

Killed His Brother.

One of the most sensational killings ever recorded in Crawford county, Ark., was committed the other night, when Tom Hitchcock shot and instantly killed his brother, Perry. Tom has left the country and the only witness is Tom's wife. Tom came home and found Perry with his wife. Tom then took Perry's pistol, placed it to his head and blew out his brains. They were farmers, and have borne a good name.

A Virginia Veteran.

Gen. R. E. Colston, who was an officer in the confederate army and at one time commanded the Stonewall brigade, died at the soldiers' home, Richmond, Va. He was in his seventy-first year. Gen. Colston served six years in the Egyptian army, and received the decoration of knight commander of the Turkish order of Oshmanish for distinguished services.

First Bale of Alabama Cotton.

The first bale of Alabama cotton for the season 1896-97 was marketed at the market, July 28. It was raised by J. F. O'Brien, of Burnsville, and weighed 615 pounds, classed middling, and was sold to T. P. Gowan & Co. for nine cents. It is 20 days earlier than the first bale last year and breaks the record in Alabama.

Lumber Company Assigns.

The Letcher-Allis Lumber Co., of Anniston, Ala., has made an assignment. Liabilities are said to be \$26,000, and assets \$40,000. Poor collections the cause. The company was one of the largest lumber concerns in the country, and owned several big mills.

Georgia's First Bale.

The first bale of new Georgia cotton was received at Savannah, July 28, and was purchased by a prominent republican to be shipped north with gilded hoops inscribed "McKinley and gold."

Lockjaw Caused by Splinter.

Will C. Clark, the ten-year-old son of Rev. C. H. Clark, Baptist, died at Canton, Trigg county, Ky., from lockjaw, caused from running a splinter into his foot.

By Hanging.

Nelson Metcalf, a young man, committed suicide near Adams' station, Robertson county, Tenn., the other day, by hanging to a peg in the barn.

Hamilton College May Be Removed.

Hamilton college, located at Byhalia, Miss., may be removed to Water Valley, Miss. Overtures to that end will be made to the college trustees.

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, AUGUST 6, 1896.

The state election is now over and the question arises what are we going to do in national affairs. As long as the ticket remains Bryan and Sewall, The Chronicle is for it, first, last and all the time. This is all that can be done by a paper still claiming to be democratic, and by an individual still claiming to be a democrat.

To do otherwise is nothing more than Kolb and his clan did in 1892—simply bolting the party.

We condemn the course the Advertiser is taking, and the action the sound money meeting took yesterday in Montgomery in electing a delegate to the convention to be held next Monday night in Indianapolis.

Perhaps we do not approve of every plank incorporated in the democratic platform or of the candidates placed upon the ticket by the democratic convention, but the party, by its highest tribunal has spoken, and we must abide by it, or be traitors to the cause and bolt the party.

In participating in the beat meetings and primaries we morally, if not legally, bound ourselves to support the candidates nominated by the national convention, standing upon the platform there adopted. If there are evils in the platform, within the pale of the party is the place to remedy them, for if we now desert the party leaders we will have no voice in the future to remedy those evils that we think exist now.

The Advertiser, by the present flight she is waging on Bryan and Sewall, is giving up the power she might have wielded in the party ranks fighting those wrongs as she sees them. She has now placed herself without the folds of the party and the good she might have done is scattered to the four winds of heaven—and this in the face of the boasts she made while the fight was being made before the convention. When asked by other papers what she would do in the event the Chicago convention declared for free silver and placed free silver men as the standard-bearers, she raved back on her dignity and stated that her record as a democratic paper for the past forty years was sufficient to answer all such queries. She evaded the question and attempted to hide behind her reputation which she thought was as invulnerable as the rock of Gibraltar, in order to deceive the public. For she knew that if the Chicago convention declared for free silver, her democratic faith would not be strong enough to withstand the sting of defeat. But regardless of the influence of the Advertiser and of the bolters of the party, let us stand together and Alabama will give Bryan and Sewall such a majority as will allow all doubt of her democracy and adherence to the platform.

Two years from now old Shelby will join the procession of the democratic counties on their onward march to good government and white supremacy. The gain by the democrats in the white vote of the county is a favorable sign of the white voters in a re-united democracy. It is a sure sign that it is only a matter of a short time when the white people of Shelby will again grasp the right hand of fellow ship, and sit down together at the festive board of democracy to partake of the good things guaranteed to them by the grand old principles of the democratic party; and may that time soon come, for the white people of the south can't afford to be divided on political questions; and the best men of the state who strayed off with the poplite party four years ago, are now rapidly seeing the error of their way and returning to the home of their fathers. This step on their part was greatly hastened by the action of the state democratic executive committee in letting down the bars and inviting all those back who had strayed from the folds. This action has proven a most wise one, and will shortly finish the work of re-uniting the white people of Alabama.

JOHN B. KNOX, of Anniston, has added more lustre to his already brilliant career by his recent flight as chairman of the state democratic executive committee. Mr. Knox is one of the leading lawyers of the state, a man of great ability, comparatively young in years, but vastly aged in experience, and the glorious victory he has just won shows him to be a great leader among men. When the magnificent work he begun is completed, that is a complete re-uniting of the white people of the State of Alabama. Then it is that his praise will be upon the lips of every man in the state. When the committee under his leadership, saw proper to let down the bars, he was censured by almost all the Clark men, who said that this action would encompass the defeat of the nominees of the party. But how vastly different has it terminated than their prediction. As a good general marks out his plan of action, so Mr. Knox marked out his plan of campaign, and with the assistance of his committee, won a glorious victory. So we all drink to Knox, victory and good government.

The poplites have lost strength in almost every poplite county in the state since the election in 1894. In some of the counties that Kolb carried in 1894 by from two to eight hundred, Johnston carried this time by three or four hundred votes. This is conclusive of the fact that the poplites are losing ground all over the state, and that very rapidly.

This being the case, the next elec-

tion it will be useless for them to put out a state ticket or even a county ticket. In other words, in two years from now they will be very dead.

The election in Shelby county passed off very quietly, and from the best information we can get the poplites carried the county by about five hundred votes.

It is gratifying, however, to state that the democrats gained in the white vote of the county since the last election. But the poplites, by various false representations, carried the negro vote almost solidly.

The democrats had a good majority of the white people of the county, but the negro having the balance of power cast it for the poplites.

AN observer of Cuban affairs says that since the war broke out in Cuba, Spanish officers have reported 16,000 decisive victories. Taking the average victory as "officially" reported from day to day, the Spanish have had about 32,000 commissioned and non-commissioned officers killed and wounded and in the same way have had their forces crippled to the extent of about 80,000 soldiers killed and wounded.

CAPT. JOS. F. JOHNSTON was elected governor of the State of Alabama by about forty thousand majority. The entire state democratic ticket was elected. The democrats will have two thirds of the legislature.

THE SOUTHERN FARMERS.

MR. W. COLLIER ESTES, of Memphis, writes a cheering letter to the New York Evening Post, in which he shows that the farmers of the South are in a prosperous condition, despite the silver agitation. He says:

"While the remainder of the country is bitterly growing because of hard times, there is at least one section where the people are more prosperous than they have been in a long time. That section is the cotton-growing South. The money-bringing crop there is cotton, and a method of growing it has been generally adopted that enormously decreases the expense, and makes it a profitable crop at almost any price. The principal element in 'raising' cotton has been food for both negro and mule. Instead of being purchased from the West, it has been grown at home for little or nothing. This is the main reason for the very low current price of cereals and provisions. Instead of being an enormous customer of the West, the South now buys very meagerly.

"The coming cotton crop promises to bring real 'boom' times to the South. While a trifle less in acreage than the banner crop of two years ago, it is still very large—not, however, larger than the world can consume of American cotton. The season has been extremely propitious and has advanced the yield in time at least three weeks. If cotton brings only five cents per pound, as did the crop of 1894-95 (a price then below the cost of production), the profits will be good; general business will be magnificent. The price cotton will realize, however, promises much larger, as the conditions now are very different from those of two years ago. Settled opinion is, that the size of the present crop and the banner crop will be about the same—in the neighborhood of ten million bales. Then there was a large surplus of cotton on hand at the beginning of the crop year; now there will be none. The trade of the world is much better now than then. English and continental spinners are doing a large business. This year the planter does not have to pile his cotton all at once to market to liquidate his indebtedness, but can sell it evenly throughout the year as the price suits him—a thing in itself that will help maintain prices. It now looks as if the price would be about six cents, which will bring \$300,000,000 for a crop grown with incredible cheapness.

Summer Homes and Resorts.

The Southern railway is the first of our great railway systems to give information to the public and to fix low excursion rates for a summer outing good for return until October 31st, by issuing, with usual promptness, its Summer Home and Resort Book.

It is handsome in design and artistic in every respect having thirty-two beautifully illustrated pages containing the most complete and conveniently arranged information calculated to answer fully and satisfactorily every question likely to be propounded, such as routes and distances, hotels and boarding houses, names of proprietors how to reach them, rates of board by day, week and month, etc.

The Southern offers a choice of mountain and seaside resorts, the surf bathing and sea breezes of some of the most delightful resorts on the Atlantic Coast or the cool mountain breezes of Swannanoa, Asheville, Lookout Mountain and others 2,500 feet above the sea level.

For copy of guide call at office of any prominent coupon agent or send 2-cent stamp to C. A. Benscoter, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agt. Chattanooga, Tenn.

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had Lung trouble, following Typhoid Malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors who finally gave him up, saying: "Your son won't live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery, and knows it to be the best in the world for Lung trouble. Trial Bottles Free at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

He—By Jove, this weather's hot enough to kill a dog.

She—Yes, I'm surprised that you ventured out—Cleveland Leader.

SHE IS A JEWEL.

MRS. BRYAN, is a Versatile Woman. But Above All She is Wife, Mother and Daughter.

From the New York Journal.

Mrs. William Jennings Bryan is the most interesting member of her household, lacking none of her husband's brilliancy and acumen and possessing many traits which the candidate lacks.

Mrs. Bryan has for nearly twenty years had a husband of boundless activity, children with a surprising propensity for mischief, a blind father who desired to keep pace with the world, an invalid mother, who required much attention, and a thirst for reading and study. Among these conflicting interests she has divided her time. To keep up with them all has been the object of her life.

When Mary Baird, an American girl with American ideas, became Mrs. Bryan, she possessed as a foundation for her future knowledge, the same academic education and training that her husband had received. He, however, had studied law before they married, and, prompted by a desire to catch up and to have a share in all that interested her husband, Mrs. Bryan's first step after marriage was to take a course in law and obtain admission to the bar. Over the legal cases that occupied Mr. Bryan's attention they worked and studied together. She consulted books for him, cited precedents and outlined arguments.

His political career Mr. Bryan followed with his wife, not behind him, but at his side. No political leader ever studied more assiduously the constantly varying condition of political matters than did Mrs. Bryan. When the silver question sprang into prominence Mrs. Bryan studied it with her husband. They delved into the subject, not as master and pupil, but as equal students.

Mrs. Bryan's father, who took an absorbing interest in these matters, has, since his daughter's marriage, been unable to use his eyes. The newspapers and the fiction of the day had to be read to him, the changing conditions of the world had to be explained to him, and to satisfy the cravings of an active mind—all that he read had to be discussed with him. There was no one to do this but his daughter.

To Mrs. Bryan her children's welfare is her breath, her life. She fed them and dressed them and taught them and played with them. It was only when after the romping and mischief-making that make up a day's life of country children, the little ones fell asleep in sheer weariness, that the other life of Mrs. Bryan began. Then she discussed law and politics with her husband, read to her father, and, when there was nothing further to do, slipped into a corner of the library and read Hawthorne, her favorite American writer, or Hugo, whom she liked the best of the great novelists.

In order to preserve her health, Mrs. Bryan took to swimming and bicycling, but it was always at night, when the household work was done, that she indulged in this recreation. She was one of the founders of Sorosis, a local club composed of twenty-five of the leading women of Lincoln, but her object in joining this association was more to have an opportunity to discuss with other women matters that interested her than to obtain any mental relaxation.

The Bryan cottage is very small, and those who go there, if only for a moment, cannot help catching a glimpse of the domestic life within. In the morning, clad in a simple gown, Mrs. Bryan dresses the children, gives orders to the grocer, butcher and baker, and gets the household into order. Then she helps her husband attack the pile of letters that has accumulated, answers the door bell, and keeps as many people away from him as she can, and answers some of the many letters that come addressed to her. Photographers beg her to pose for them, interviewers, male and female from all parts of the country, request her to grant them an interview, neighbors and visitors from out of town call to gossip and to congratulate her. To all of them she is courteous and amiable, yet I hardly remember having heard her say a single sentence beyond: "You must really excuse me. I would like to talk to you, but I have so many things to do that I cannot spare a moment's time."

It is only necessary to suggest to her that the West is barbaric and uncivilized. Then her eyes flash, her face lights up, and all her other work is forgotten while she launches into a vigorous denial of this base slander, championing the West with an enthusiasm, supported by undeniable facts and unanswerable statistics that I have never seen surpassed. She has a warm sympathy for this section of the country, and has great hopes for its future.

THE MEDICINE OF SLEEP.

In No Country is it More Neglected Than in America.

From Harper's Bazar.

As a people American women sleep less and sleep worse probably, than the people of any other civilized nation. Indeed, our tendency to sleeplessness is due in a measure to the very fact of our civilization, which is in many respects, of the highest. We are more sympathetic, more anxious-minded, more occupied, above all, more nervous, than Europeans are, and less inclined to leisure, to take rest. Our native women, though not generally in any kind of business, are too intense, are keyed up too high, whatever their pursuit, be it pleasurable or serious, to adapt themselves readily to slumber when the strain has been removed. Too often the strain is not removed when they go to bed, and then they

toss for an hour or two on their pillows before nature's refreshment comes. They pervert their recreations or their duties, or both, to enervate too much on the time they should give to sleep, never remembering that a certain amount of sound sleep is absolutely essential to the preservation of really good health.

Many women think they are well so long as they can keep up and about. They may always feel tired; have frequent headaches, very little appetite, and suffer continually from migraines; but they are sure they are not ill. They say they do not take any medicine; that they do not need any. And they are right. If they mean drugs, but wrong if they need any kind of restorative, which, with them, should be sleep—the sleep they steadily deprive themselves of. Sleep, in many cases, notably in such cases as theirs, the best medicine, and the very best that is taken. It is prescribed by the great physician, Nature, has never been known to do harm, and usually does incalculable good.

If these tired, listless, headachy women would resolve to try to sleep at odd times, whenever they can, or regularly so many hours, say eight or nine, night after night for months, and execute their resolution inflexibly, their ailments would be apt to disappear. They might not succeed at first; they might be wakeful, have troubled dreams and feverish rest for some weeks. But perseverance will accomplish the unexpected. Sleep is commonly a matter of habit and regularity, and may be won by persistence.

Physical health and mental peace are worth everything else; too high a price cannot be paid for them. Life without these scarcely deserves preserving and they merit in and of themselves the consumption of a little time. Two or three hours more a day consecrated to rest and most judiciously expended, particularly since they may save years later on, and make all the difference between satisfaction and dissatisfaction, serenity and uneasiness. To get full and proper rest in due season, is one of the wisest and most profitable of economies, one well worth practicing.

In some of the oldest countries of the East, like China, people take to their bed and keep entirely quiet, though they may not sleep, as soon as they feel unwell, believing that in this way they will either recover or be the gainers ultimately. And experience is said to justify their belief. The American custom, far more of women than of men, is to avoid lying down so long as one can stand. We seem to think any cessation from labor or activity a serious discredit, and attachment to sleep a little short of disgrace. We appear to consider work the highest duty, and to have so little appreciation of pleasure as actually to work in its pursuits. Abstinence from labor of any sort impresses us as a species of surrender, and so we stick to it while we retain any degree of strength.

Women do not understand the amount of sleep they need, or if they understand it, they neglect what should be an obligation to themselves—altogether the more probable. They certainly do not know what a help more sleep would be to them mentally, sanitarily and personally—this in particular—or they would try to get more. A very large proportion of them who are virtually invalids, though they may not admit it; who are rarely cheerful or hopeful, through deranged nerves; who are complaining, fretful, nagging; who cannot imagine what ails them—are what they are from lack of adequate sleep. They ascribe their condition, their failings, to a variety of causes, but never to the right one—which is, so to speak, under their very eyes, and therefore unsuspected. Many, chiefly they who are overdone of society, recognize that incapacity to rest at night, and try to overcome it by narcotics or sedatives, without any permanent success. They substitute artificial for natural means and pay the penalty. As a rule, they sleep best who sleep most, and they sleep worst who sleep least. The true curatives are within ourselves, and this truth is steadily dawning on our minds.

The physical regeneration of American women depends on the quantity and quality of their sleep. Their general health has greatly improved in the last two generations by their adaptation to and comprehension of natural laws. But they sleep less—I always have in mind the women of the cities—than they did twenty-five years ago; and their complicated life now demands more sleep than ever before. Sleep is a negative blessing; a kind of delightful, temporary death; an oblivion of today, its cares, its disappointments, and its pains; an unconscious but complete preparation for the struggles and fatigues of the morrow. It heals; it refreshes; it consoles; it revivifies. It is what sleep and sleep alone can be—the very day witchcraft of common sense. Let all women yield to it its due need of time.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Parker & Armstrong, druggists.

"Dreams are the children of sleep," said the philosopher.

"That's transparent," replied the punster.—Boston Courier.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF—OF—

Chas. H. Fletcher

IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. J. C. FLETCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Aloes -
Rhubarb -
Sassafras -
Ginger -
Licorice -
Cinnamon -
Cloves -
Mace -
Nutmeg -
Peppermint -
Sage -
Tea -
Vanilla -
Water -

A Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

Fac-Simile Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

A STRAIGHT LINE

Is the shortest way to do it. Illustrated: The World going to—The Chronicle Office

One of the largest establishments in the world, that of Wannamaker & Brown, use type like this and talk to their customers naturally.

There is no florid ornamentation or embroidery of words, but a plain and simple statement of facts verified when customers visit their store.

As with Wannamaker & Brown so with The Chronicle. When it says this office is prepared to do First Class Job Work you can depend on it that it is so.

The facilities of the office are such that anything can be printed from a tiny card to a mammoth poster and each done well, quickly.

The Chronicle newspaper speaks for itself. It is newsy, spicy, racy, reliable. During the campaign it can be had for 10 cents a month, cash; 3 months, 25c.; year \$1.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY			
CONDENSED SCHEDULE.			
In Effect June 21, 1896.			
No.	Trains	Days	Times
No. 1	Atlanta to New York	Mon.	11:00 a.m.
No. 2	New York to Atlanta	Tue.	11:00 a.m.
No. 3	Atlanta to New York	Wed.	11:00 a.m.
No. 4	New York to Atlanta	Thurs.	11:00 a.m.
No. 5	Atlanta to New York	Fri.	11:00 a.m.
No. 6	New York to Atlanta	Sat.	11:00 a.m.
No. 7	Atlanta to New York	Sun.	11:00 a.m.
No. 8	New York to Atlanta	Mon.	11:00 a.m.
No. 9	Atlanta to New York	Tue.	11:00 a.m.
No. 10	New York to Atlanta	Wed.	11:00 a.m.
No. 11	Atlanta to New York	Thurs.	11:00 a.m.
No. 12	New York to Atlanta	Fri.	11:00 a.m.
No. 13	Atlanta to New York	Sat.	11:00 a.m.
No. 14	New York to Atlanta	Sun.	11:00 a.m.
No. 15	Atlanta to New York	Mon.	11:00 a.m.
No. 16	New York to Atlanta	Tue.	11:00 a.m.
No. 17	Atlanta to New York	Wed.	11:00 a.m.
No. 18	New York to Atlanta	Thurs.	11:00 a.m.
No. 19	Atlanta to New York	Fri.	11:00 a.m.
No. 20	New York to Atlanta	Sat.	11:00 a.m.
No. 21	Atlanta to New York	Sun.	11:00 a.m.
No. 22	New York to Atlanta	Mon.	11:00 a.m.
No. 23	Atlanta to New York	Tue.	11:00 a.m.
No. 24	New York to Atlanta	Wed.	11:00 a.m.
No. 25	Atlanta to New York	Thurs.	11:00 a.m.
No. 26	New York to Atlanta	Fri.	11:00 a.m.
No. 27	Atlanta to New York	Sat.	11:00 a.m.
No. 28	New York to Atlanta	Sun.	11:00 a.m.
No. 29	Atlanta to New York	Mon.	11:00 a.m.
No. 30	New York to Atlanta	Tue.	11:00 a.m.
No. 31	Atlanta to New York	Wed.	11:00 a.m.
No. 32	New York to Atlanta	Thurs.	11:00 a.m.
No. 33	Atlanta to New York	Fri.	11:00 a.m.
No. 34	New York to Atlanta	Sat.	11:00 a.m.
No. 35	Atlanta to New York	Sun.	11:00 a.m.
No. 36	New York to Atlanta	Mon.	11:00 a.m.
No. 37	Atlanta to New York	Tue.	11:00 a.m.
No. 38	New York to Atlanta	Wed.	11:00 a.m.
No. 39	Atlanta to New York	Thurs.	11:00 a.m.
No. 40	New York to Atlanta	Fri.	11:00 a.m.
No. 41	Atlanta to New York	Sat.	11:00 a.m.
No. 42	New York to Atlanta	Sun.	11:00 a.m.
No. 43	Atlanta to New York	Mon.	11:00 a.m.
No. 44	New York to Atlanta	Tue.	11:00 a.m.
No. 45	Atlanta to New York	Wed.	11:00 a.m.
No. 46	New York to Atlanta	Thurs.	11:00 a.m.
No. 47	Atlanta to New York	Fri.	11:00 a.m.
No. 48	New York to Atlanta	Sat.	11:00 a.m.
No. 49	Atlanta to New York	Sun.	11:00 a.m.
No. 50	New York to Atlanta	Mon.	11:00 a.m.
No. 51	Atlanta to New York	Tue.	11:00 a.m.
No. 52	New York to Atlanta	Wed.	11:00 a.m.
No. 53	Atlanta to New York	Thurs.	11:00 a.m.
No. 54	New York to Atlanta	Fri.	11:00 a.m.
No. 55	Atlanta to New York	Sat.	11:00 a.m.
No. 56	New York to Atlanta	Sun.	11:00 a.m.
No. 57	Atlanta to New York	Mon.	11:00 a.m.
No. 58	New York to Atlanta	Tue.	11:00 a.m.
No. 59	Atlanta to New York	Wed.	11:00 a.m.
No. 60	New York to Atlanta	Thurs.	11:00 a.m.
No. 61	Atlanta to New York	Fri.	11:00 a.m.
No. 62	New York to Atlanta	Sat.	11:00 a.m.
No. 63	Atlanta to New York	Sun.	11:00 a.m.
No. 64	New York to Atlanta	Mon.	11:00 a.m.
No. 65	Atlanta to New York	Tue.	11:00 a.m.
No. 66	New York to Atlanta	Wed.	11:00 a.m.
No. 67	Atlanta to New York	Thurs.	11:00 a.m.
No. 68	New York to Atlanta	Fri.	11:00 a.m.
No. 69	Atlanta to New York	Sat.	11:00 a.m.
No. 70	New York to Atlanta	Sun.	11:00 a.m.
No. 71	Atlanta to New York	Mon.	11:00 a.m.
No. 72	New York to Atlanta	Tue.	11:00 a.m.
No. 73	Atlanta to New York	Wed.	11:00 a.m.
No. 74	New York to Atlanta	Thurs.	11:00 a.m.
No. 75	Atlanta to New York	Fri.	11:00 a.m.
No. 76	New York to Atlanta	Sat.	11:00 a.m.
No. 77	Atlanta to New York	Sun.	11:00 a.m.
No. 78	New York to Atlanta	Mon.	11:00 a.m.
No. 79	Atlanta to New York	Tue.	11:00 a.m.
No. 80	New York to Atlanta	Wed.	11:00 a.m.
No. 81	Atlanta to New York	Thurs.	11:00 a.m.
No. 82	New York to Atlanta	Fri.	11:00 a.m.
No. 83	Atlanta to New York	Sat.	11:00 a.m.
No. 84	New York to Atlanta	Sun.	11:00 a.m.
No. 85	Atlanta to New York	Mon.	11:00 a.m.
No. 86	New York to Atlanta	Tue.	11:00 a.m.
No. 87	Atlanta to New York	Wed.	11:00 a.m.
No. 88	New York to Atlanta	Thurs.	11:00 a.m.
No. 89	Atlanta to New York	Fri.	11:00 a.m.
No. 90	New York to Atlanta	Sat.	11:00 a.m.
No. 91	Atlanta to New York	Sun.	11:00 a.m.
No. 92	New York to Atlanta	Mon.	11:00 a.m.
No. 93	Atlanta to New York	Tue.	11:00 a.m.
No. 94	New York to Atlanta	Wed.	11:00 a.m.
No. 95	Atlanta to New York	Thurs.	11:00 a.m.
No. 96	New York to Atlanta	Fri.	11:00 a.m.
No. 97	Atlanta to New York	Sat.	11:00 a.m.
No. 98	New York to Atlanta	Sun.	11:00 a.m.
No. 99	Atlanta to New York	Mon.	11:00 a.m.
No. 100	New York to Atlanta	Tue.	11:00 a.m.

No. 12 Pullman Sleeping car Knoxville to Asheville, and to Hot Springs to New York.

No. 13 Pullman Drawing Room, Dining car, and Pullman Sleeping car, connection at Norfolk with steamers for Baltimore, New York and Boston.

No. 14 Pullman Sleeping car, connection at Norfolk with steamers for Baltimore, New York and Boston.

No. 15 Pullman Sleeping car, connection at Norfolk with steamers for Baltimore, New York and Boston.

No. 16 Pullman Sleeping car, connection at Norfolk with steamers for Baltimore, New York and Boston.

No. 17 Pullman Sleeping car, connection at Norfolk with steamers for Baltimore, New York and Boston.

No. 18 Pullman Sleeping car, connection at Norfolk with steamers for Baltimore, New York and Boston.

No. 19 Pullman Sleeping car, connection at Norfolk with steamers for Baltimore, New York and Boston.

No. 20 Pullman Sleeping car, connection at Norfolk with steamers for Baltimore, New York and Boston.

No. 21 Pullman Sleeping car, connection at Norfolk with steamers for Baltimore, New York and Boston.

No. 22 Pullman Sleeping car, connection at Norfolk with steamers for Baltimore, New York and Boston.

No.

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, AUGUST 6, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year, \$1.00.
One copy six months, .50.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Southern Railway.

NEW SCHEDULE.
No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 3:28 p.m.
No. 16, passenger, leaves going north, 11:37 a.m.
No. 46, local, leaves going south, 7:43 a.m.
No. 61, local, leaves going north, 1:20 p.m.

Post Office

Mail closes, 11:35 a.m.
Trains due, 11:37 a.m. and 3:28 p.m.
Mails open, 1:30 p.m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 3:28 p.m.

LOCAL VIVISCOPE.

Chen Greck left for Anniston today.
E. S. Layman, of Montevallo, spent Tuesday in town.

Mrs. Carr, of Brandon, Miss., is a guest of Mrs. C. E. Parker.

Kennon Thetford, of Talladega, visited his brother last week.

Miss Belle Hand, of Jenison, is visiting relatives in our city this week.

Cotton has advanced three-fourths of a cent during the last 24 hours.

Pete Rowland, a handsome knight of the "grip" was in our city one day this week.

T. A. Huston and J. B. Kilpatrick, of Wilsonville, were visitors in our city Saturday.

T. H. Waterworth, of Burnsville, is visiting the family of J. T. Cromwell this week.

Frank Jackson, of Kynulga, was in town Wednesday, and played ball with our boys against Shelby.

Mrs. D. R. McMillan and Mrs. Henry Milner, with their children are spending this month in Shelby Springs.

Rev. John McLane and family, of Gainesville, Texas, are expected this week to spend sometime with the family of Rev. W. L. Shinnott.

For SALE—A fine farm of 120 acres. Will sell either 40 or 80 or both, to suit buyer. Terms easy. Apply for full particulars to editor of Chronicle.

W. F. Thetford and J. T. Leeper were guests of W. W. Wallace a few days last week, attending a house party, and they report a most elegant time.

F. W. Gist, of Washington, made us a pleasant call Saturday. Mr. Gist has a very lucrative position in the government printing office in that city. He having left Shelby county sometime since to accept the position.

Mrs. J. P. Anchors, of Oxford, visited the family of her father-in-law, S. T. Anchors, from Saturday until Monday. Mrs. Anchors is the widow of Frank Anchors, whom we all remember with sadness was killed in Anniston the fourth of July, in a railroad accident.

Mrs. Mary E. Brown-Ford gave two very enjoyable and instructive entertainments in the High School Auditorium last Friday and Saturday evenings. She is a very fine impersonator and has splendid control of her voice. On account of the inclement weather she did not have as large an audience as she would have had otherwise.

The Columbiana Mercantile Co. will move into their handsome new brick building on the corner of Main and College streets, next Monday. Under the defunct of its manager, Mr. H. Fox, the display of goods will be a "thing of beauty and a joy forever." Mr. Fox has brought with him to this town a spirit of enterprise that is commendable, and with the assistance of our other good merchants, will make things hum this fall.

In another column of this issue will be found a letter from F. W. Gist, of Washington, in reference to Mr. Aldrich, the republican congressman from this district. Mr. Gist, being in the employment of the government is in a position to know how Mr. Aldrich stands with other members of congress, and when he says he is regarded as a narrow minded, selfish and incompetent man, and that the Fourth district is both pitied and laughed at by her sisters on his account, it behooves all good citizens of the Fourth district to work together for the election of a man who will be an honor to her, and will represent her as the noble counties which compose her should be represented.

Why can't the city council pass an ordinance to keep stock off of the streets. There are no towns in the state, that amount to anything, where stock is allowed to roam the streets as here. It is an outrage perpetrated upon the public that such a nuisance is allowed by our city fathers. Those to whom we look for protection, and those who should have, and we are sure do have, the best interest of the town at heart. Our streets can never be made to look nice and clean as long as such a nuisance prevails. This should be done and our streets cleaned and we are confident it would prevent a good deal of the sickness we are now having in our town. We think this neglect is only an oversight in their part and they will pass such an ordinance as soon as their attention is called to it.

We want to buy 4,000 bales of cotton here this fall. There is no reason why we should not get that many bales here. Our merchants are industrious and wide awake, and there is plenty of cotton raised in a radius of fifteen miles. Then why shouldn't we get that many? We have the best town in the county, more store-houses filled with nice goods, more thriving merchants and cheaper goods, then there is no reason why we shouldn't get cotton from all over the county if our merchants will only work for it. The election is now over, so let us all settle down to business and hustle up our town. If we will do our part the farmers will do theirs, and this will be the largest cotton shipping point in this section of the country. We heard a farmer, who lives 16 miles from here, say a day or so ago, that he was going to bring his cotton here. So why can't we induce more of the farmers to say the same thing? Let us be up and do

The Columbiana and Shelby base ball teams crossed bats at Shelby last Wednesday. The score resulting 7 to 6 in favor of Columbiana. Kennon Thetford, of Talladega, did the twirling act for the Columbiana team and splendidly he did it. Joe Spencer assisting him in the battery work. Oliver and Smith were Shelby's battery. The game was thrown up by the Shelby team during the sixth inning. At the close of the fifth inning the score stood 5 to 6 in favor of Shelby. During the latter half of the sixth inning Shelby seeing that defeat was inevitable attempted to bluff the umpire into calling the game on account of darkness. Columbiana had been to the bat making two scores, placing the score 7 to 6 in her favor. Shelby was at the bat with two outs and no prospects of making a score, consequently she tried to force the umpire to call the game on account of darkness and he refused to do so because it was not dark enough. Besides Shelby had the advantage, being at the bat, for it is easier to work at the bat than in the field when it begins to get dark. But it was not dark enough to call the game and there were already two outs, consequently the umpire would not call the game. The Shelby team then threw up the game and the umpire gave it to Columbiana.

There are two brick store buildings and several residences in the course of construction here now, and A. M. Elliott will begin work on a large livery and feed stable next week. Columbiana is not on any boom, nor do we want any, but she is steadily improving, and getting within her midst citizens who are calculated to improve a town. On account of her absolutely free public school, a good many people are moving here in order to take advantage of a good school to educate their children. and this is the class of citizens we need.

Reports from Virginia, the two Carolinas, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Texas, Arkansas and Tennessee, show that the crops are injured very much by the drought and heat. In Alabama "excessive heat with light, scattered showers, causing cotton to open prematurely, which, with much rust and shedding will shorten the yield promised two weeks ago; picking under way and first bale was marketed on the 28th, which is very early; corn suffering and will be a short crop; other crops uninjured as yet."

Capt. T. J. Martin, the great mogul of the democratic party, of Harpersville, was in our city one day this week. You can depend on Capt. Martin to bring up his usual majority from beat 10.

Mrs. Ehrlick, who has been a guest of the White House for some time, leaves Sunday for Talladega Springs, where she will spend the remainder of the heated term.

Wilsonville Waifs.

J. F. Pope went to Anniston on business last week.

H. A. Jackson visited relatives and friends in Tallapoosa last week and returned home Tuesday.

Marvin Self came home last Sunday after a several months' sojourn in parts of Mississippi.

Mrs. H. A. Jackson returned home last Tuesday, from an extensive visit with relatives in Tallapoosa, Ga.

Frank Kelley, a modest young man of Selma, spent Monday and Tuesday with friends in our city.

H. D. Tatum, of West Point, Ga., spent several days in town with old friends the latter part of last, and the former part of this week.

Mrs. P. W. Terry, the "better half" of Protector of Widows Terry, life insurance agent, is spending several days in town and gaining many friends.

On account of the threatening storm Friday night though it would have been a welcome visitor, caused the League meeting to be postponed until this week, but as the protracted meeting is in progress at the M. E. church, we will not congregate until Friday after the meeting closes. Rev. Cary is conducting the services, assisted by Mr. Self, of near Weldon. Mr. Self is a promising young man and seems to be well fitted for the theological world before him. He is always a welcome friend in our community.

"Jake," I note what you say in regard to "me having so much to contend with," such as the "sleeves M. H. Coolers" etc. I am happy to say that you are mistaken in this matter. Have you not seen some things that pleased you so well that you wanted to tell everybody about it? Yes! and that is what caused me to speak as I have spoken. Now if you had spoken that paragraph vice-versa, you would have expressed yourself about right, I guess, i. e. to say that it is bad for the girls to have to contend with such a thing as me." Thanks for the advice, "Try, try again," but I have worn that out with my patient efforts trying, but have not succeeded. Don't desert us, Jake, come again.

The ladies of the Methodist church gave an ice cream festival Tuesday night, 28th ult. The night was clear and pleasant, the cream and lunches were delicious. It seems that every festival is the nicest and most enjoyed. The "Oak-Hill Park" was almost crowded, and the beautiful grove was furnished with comfortable seats and glittering lights. Beyond a doubt this was one of the most entertaining festivals that has ever been known in Wilsonville. Columbiana was well represented by Messrs. H. C. DuBose and Horace Hammond, and we extend to them a hearty welcome to visit us oftener. The proceeds of the supper went to decrease the liabilities of the Methodist church parsonage.

The election passed off here very quietly. We were honored with telegraphic bulletins until the wee small hours of the night, and when we retired from the office there were negroes lying around the polls of this beat waiting to hear who was elected governor, as it seemed that they thought when the official count was given in Wilsonville, the thing would be decided. Yes and there are thousands of their color that know just as much

about it as above, yet they can go to the polls the next step behind or first in front of the best counseled man in the United States, and kill his vote dead as a doornail. I heard a negro say last week (one with good common sense), "that if I could stretch forth my hand from one side of this universe to the other, I would forbid every negro from casting a vote in ten years, and then our men who know what they are doing would again get this old confused United States back to her standard." Says he: "Cap I tell you what you're ought to do—you ought to dig a deep trench fifty miles long and bury every one of these niggers alive."

Bourgeois.

Harpersville Echoes.

Cotton is opening very fast.

Fodder is being pulled this week.

Hurrah for Joe Johnston and the democratic ticket.

Prof. Strook, of East Lake, is over this week looking up a school here.

Messrs. Kidd and Darby carried a drove of beef cattle to Birmingham this week.

Miss Laura Davis, of Easonville, is visiting Harpersville relatives.

Miss Robbie Johnson, of Cropwell, is visiting friends in and around Harpersville.

The election passed off very quietly here, and went democratic of course. Can't go any other way at Harpersville.

E. V. Caldwell spent two days of last week at Alpine.

Our ball team (first nine) went over and cleaned up Childersburg last Thursday.

Now that the election is over with, let's all go to work and build up a good school at Harpersville.

Our second nine ball team played a match game with Vincent, Kelleys Creek and Seddon combined, at Vincent last Saturday, the score standing 13 to 15. The same game was played here Monday, score 15 to 18, both times in favor of Harpersville. Hurrah for the Joe Johnston team.

T. J. Martin, of this place, and Henry Cosper, of Creswell, were elected Justices of the peace for this beat, over Messrs. Lowry and McGraw, populist, by a large majority. Now we hope that "Square" Cosper won't have the court house moved from Columbiana to Creswell, but just ask the commissioners court to build him a small house, say something about 80 by 120 feet with a glass front, to hold court in, provided he don't hold his court at Harpersville.

Farmer Waifs.

Crops looking fine.

Bill Ryland has been very sick, but glad to state he is improving.

Mr. and Mrs. Jim Baldwin are on a visit to their brother, A. H. Merrell. Quite a crowd attended the pop speaking last Saturday from Farmer, claimed a nice time.

Mr. Venson, from Ishkood, is on a visit to the family of N. N. Mosteller. Charles Browning and Henry Busby took a flying trip to Talladega Springs last Sunday, to see the Mr. Beasley that was badly cut, at the pop speaking, report he is in a very bad condition.

Rev. Jack Jennings will fill his regular appointment at the Methodist church next Sunday.

H. D. Harris passed through Farmer on his bike, on his way to Mr. Cardons, this week.

We are glad to state that Miss Maud Merrell is able to be out again.

Miss Lithi Dooley is spending the week with Misses Mattie and Buto Mosteller.

Mr. and Mrs. John Merrell attended the singing at Rev. G. H. Holmes on last Sunday, says the singing was fine.

AN IMMENSE ICE CAVE.

One of the most remarkable natural phenomena that has been discovered in recent years has just been reported in the southwest corner of Brown county, Indiana. It is near the village of Elkinsville. The cave is one of those remarkable freaks of nature that puzzle the scientist. At its entrance, which is completely overlapped by the trees, the cold air is plainly perceptible. The opening appears not unlike a mine shaft long disused, but the steep, rocky descent shows nothing of an artificial construction. The winding way leads to a subterranean cavern fifty feet below the surface. This is very like a broad, vaulted corridor, and is known to the natives as the "devil's chamber." The air here is near the freezing point. From this point quite a number of halls lead off, but the one to the ice vault is evidently from the cold blast which comes from it.

The descent in this natural corridor is similar to the rocky decline at the entrance, but not over a dozen yards within the front from the ice vault is plainly visible, and farther on it is thick on all sides, like the crust that is formed on the pipes of an ice plant. A little farther on the descent entirely ceases, and here the walls are frozen hard, like the ground in the middle of the winter. Then the narrow way leads into a mammoth chamber, and this is known as the ice vault. In this great aperture, which is one hundred feet in width, the ice towers in a miniature mountain, appearing like a dozen icebergs heaped together. Here the ice stands in a solid mass, extending downward to an unknown depth.

Bucklen's Arnica Salvo.

The Best Salvo in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin eruptions, and positively Cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by Parker & Armstrong.

NO CONFIDENCE IN ALDRICH.

CALERA, August 3, 1896.
EDITOR CHRONICLE.—Having copied my article in regard to Mr. Aldrich's connection with the Montevallo school land bill from the Republican, in your valuable paper, I beg to use your columns for the purpose of noticing the editorial in last week's issue of the Montevallo News in reference to this matter.

I do not regard the editorial referred to as a denial of the charges made by me against Mr. Aldrich, but only a repetition of the promises made by him to the friends of this bill. The facts remain the same, and I have still no withdrawal to make. Mr. Aldrich may secure the passage of the bill at the next session in order to clear himself of the suspicion of opposition to the measure, but I doubt it. If he does so I shall be glad that my exposure has caused him to change his course, but no action in the future will be able to change the fact of his past connection with the matter.

It is not at all probable that he will be able to pass the bill at the next session. He has already failed to deliver the republican delegates from this state to Reed as his part of its compact that secured his seat in congress, and there will be no incentive for the speaker to give his consent to the passage of the "fiscal." The votes of the populists will not be delivered to the republican party as the other part of the deal, and when congress meets, these gentlemen who have been seated from this state as a matter of purchase and sale will have lost their prestige.

The institutions of Alabama are only properly protected and cared for by democrats, and what we get must come through them. I do not believe that Mr. Aldrich "stands ready and willing to forward the interests of the school at any time," notwithstanding his promises to do so. He is regarded as a narrow-minded, selfish and incompetent man, and the Fourth district is both pitied and laughed at by her sisters on his account.

There is no confidence to be placed in the promises of this class of men. In his case he has promised what he had neither the ability nor the purpose to perform, as both the failure of this bill and the discharge of employees who voted against him will attest.

He is a boiter from his own party and a self-confessed traitor to its tenets, and he is now trying to hoodwink the populists into supporting him for re-election. Should they succeed in sending him back he would turn his back on their demands for free-silver, and lend himself to every effort to oppress his people. His protestations for silver are a blind, as his vote to seat goldbugs republicans over silver democrats in every instance proves.

Not among the carpet bag representatives did Alabama have so worthless a congressman, is the opinion expressed to me by many public men in Washington.

I felt it my duty to tell the people of his course in this matter, and I have given the facts. His democratic opponent in the coming race will find it easy to prove his unfitness for the place he occupies now by fraud as apparent as that charged by him against the democratic party.

F. W. GIST

EARLY COTTON SEASON.

The cotton crop this year will be marketed much earlier than usual in this section and the following from the Atlanta Journal in reference to the crop and the supply on hand is of interest:

Seldom has a cotton crop begun to move so early as it has this year. Although it had a later start than usual the crop is maturing fully three weeks ahead of the usual time.

Although the cotton year does not begin until September 1st, it is certain that a great number of bales will be marketed before that date.

There has recently been a notable falling off in the estimates of the crop. Neal, the Englishman who has made so many close estimates, believe that the crop will not reach 10,000,000 bales and there are many experienced cotton men in the South who think 9,000,000 is an outside figure.

The general reduction of estimates and unfavorable reports from several quarters caused the advance of \$3 a bale in futures last week.

The unusually small visible supply is another important factor. It is far less than it has been at this season for three years past. The following statement shows the supply in Great Britain and on the continent a week ago and at the same date for the three preceding years:

1894.	1895.	1896.	1893.
1,271,200	2,365,200	1,955,200	2,010,300

The total visible supply including American, Asiatic, Brazil and other cotton for the same dates, was as follows:

1894.	1895.	1896.	1893.
1,670,933	2,014,182	2,420,930	2,560,210

It will thus be seen that there has been a decrease of 1,243,249 bales as compared with the same date of 1895, a decrease of 750,071 as compared with 1894 and a decrease of 893,297 bales from 1893.

Referring to this condition the Louisville Courier-Journal says: "As stocks are one and a quarter million bales below what they were last year, the nine or ten millions of 1896 will not so swamp the manufacturers as to make cotton sell for 4 cents on the plantation. Another circumstance is also to be noted. The selling value of cotton is fixed in Liverpool, and the enormous prosperity of England during the last two years will encourage higher prices."

"Finally, it should not be forgotten that this crop will probably be raised

cheaper than was ever done before. The South no longer pins its prosperity upon the one staple, but diversifies its farming and produces enough, or almost enough bread and meat to be self-supporting. Under such circumstances 5 cent cotton has not the terror it once possessed for the planter. When the big crop of '96 has gone into consumption the chances are that the South will continue to be more prosperous than any other section of the country."

AMPHIBIOUS RAILWAY TRAIN.

From the London Mail.

An "amphibious boat" now in practical operation in Denmark, would seem to have paved the way for a solution of the problem involved in the operation of boats on the Upper Nile. The idea of a boat that could be used as a carriage or run on rails over dry land was broached many years ago, but the scheme was looked upon as impracticable.

This latter day "amphibian" is no longer an experiment. It is a commercial success, and carried during the last summer 20,000 passengers.

This odd-looking craft is used on two large lakes, situated twelve miles from Copenhagen. The bodies of water are known as Furo So and Farum So, and are divided by a narrow strip of land, 1,100 feet in width.

It is to cross this isthmus that the boat leaves the water, and, for the time, becomes a locomotive. It is practical, although somewhat cumbersome. The inventor is a Swede, and the boat was built in Sweden. It is a small passenger steamer, forty-six feet in length, drawing from three feet to three feet six inches, according to the load. Her full complement of passengers is seventy. When loaded she weighs about fifteen tons.

Her engines and boiler are of ordinary build, and have a maximum of twenty-seven horsepower. The mechanism which propels the boat when on land is quite simple, but it may be improved upon.

The rails used are of regulations Danish pattern, and the gauge is four feet two inches.

When nearing the land the boat is guided into a funnel-shaped dock, which gradually tapers down to a width only two inches greater than that of the boat. When the narrowest portion of the dock is reached the boat enters a short parallel dock of the same width, and is allowed to advance slowly until the front wheels touch the rails, which extend below the water level for the purpose. Immediately the wheels are thrown into gear, and the boat begins its ascent. It is also assisted by the propeller which is in play.

In due time the back wheels find their way to the rails, and the boat advances on its upper course at the rate of about 200 feet to the minute.

Dr. Jalap—Let me see your tongue, please. Patient—Oh, Doctor, no tongue can tell how bad I feel.—Boston Transcript.

Notice is hereby given that R. F. Dawson, of Bridgton, Ala., did, on the 30th day of July, 1896, take up about his plantation an estray and horse, nate about 5 years old, nose color, about 13 hands high with a black stripe down the back and under the belly, and a light blue faced, and did estray proceedings were had before J. W. Farley, Esq., of Bridgton, Alabama, a justice of the peace.

This August 4th, 1896.
D. R. McMILLAN,
Judge of Probate.

Tax Sale.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA,
SHELBY COUNTY.

Under and by virtue of decrees of the Probate Court from said county, rendered on the 13th day of July, 1896, I will on the 17th day of August, 1896, proceed to sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, for cash before the court house door of said county, within the legal hours of sale, the following described parcels of real estate assessed to the following named persons and forever unknown for the payment of the taxes, fees and cost, as shown opposite or under each parcel hereinafter set out: This the 15th day of July, 1896.

A. F. SMITH,
Tax Collector.

BEAT 1.

Barber, R. T., one vacant lot in Shelby, tax \$30, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$1.75.
Bennett, P. G., lots 24 and 25, block 10, lot 2 block 10, lot 25, block 10 in Shelby, tax \$90, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.
Bell, L. A., lot 5 block 60, lot 25 block 96 in Shelby, tax \$40, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.
Bridges, John M., one lot in Shelby, tax \$40, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.
Cummings, A., lot 12 block 115 in Shelby, tax \$20, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.50.
Cotton, A. S., lots 8 and 9 block 115 in Shelby, tax \$40, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.
Clark, Robt. R., lot 10 block 76 in Shelby, tax \$20, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.50.
Deadman, Mrs. M. A., one house and lot at Shelby Springs, tax \$180, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.
Kirkman, Francis, 5 acres in the NW 1/4 of the sec. of sec. 3 tp 22 r 3 w, tax \$40, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.
Lazarus, D. B., lot 32 block 98 in Shelby, tax \$20, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.50.
Lory Phyllis, lots 8 and 16, block 98, lots 4 and 6, block 100, lots 8, block 113 in Shelby, tax \$142, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.
McLennan, Mrs. Fannie, one vacant lot in Columbiana, tax \$30, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$1.50.

Newton, J. H., 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of sec. 4 tp 24 r 15 e, tax \$4.02, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$2.24.
Parker, O. H., lots 7 and 8 block 95, lot 20 block 116 in Shelby, tax \$70, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.

Riggs & Richards, lot 32, block 121, in Shelby, tax \$20, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.50.
Riggs and Jones, one lot in Calera, tax \$20, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.50.

Sault, J. W., NW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of sec. 16 tp 18 r 2 e, tax \$40, cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$2.31.
Spratlin, Abbott, lot 2 block 194 in Shelby, tax \$20, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.50.
Schulze, J., lot 2 block 121, lots 16 and 24 block 113 in Shelby, tax \$70, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.

Tabor, R. K., lots 1 and 2 block 80, lot 2 block 91, lot 14 block 92, lot 20 block 93, lot 1 block 75 in Shelby, tax \$115, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.

Horrellson, Jno., 1 vacant, lot at Shelby Springs, tax \$20, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.50.
Kohn, Sol., lot 6 block 95, in Shelby, tax \$20, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.50.
Kohn, Mrs. Clara, lot 22 blk 114 in Shelby, 1 lot in Calera, tax \$70 cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$2.50.

Kling, Hebersham, lot 7, blk 119 in Shelby, tax \$20, cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.50.

BEAT 3.

Owner unknown, vacant lot, No. 2, block 80, according to Leonard Pitt in Calera; vacant lot in block 107, on 8th ave. in Calera, state tax, 55 cts., county tax, 30 cts., special tax, 5 cts., cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.50.
Campbell, J. D. and M. W., 2 lots in Calera, tax \$25 cost \$2.50, printer's fee \$1.50.
Peanes, G. B., Adm., est. of R. M. Pilgreen, sec. of NW 1/4 and NW 1/4 of sec. 9 tp 24 r 13 e, 1/2 interest in NW 1/4 of NW 1/4, less 5 acres sec. 4 tp 24 r 13 e, NW 1/4 of NW 1/4, sec. 17 tp 22 r 2 w, tax \$4.51 cost \$2.50 printer's fee \$2.92.

Caldwell, M. C., 1 house and lot at Birmingham Junction, tax \$2.44 cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$1.12.

Romelle, Mrs. Elizabeth, NW 1/4 of sec. 4 and NW 1/4 of sec. 15 of NW 1/4 of NW 1/4, sec. 4 tp 24 r 13 e, tax \$1.20 cost \$2.00, printer's fee \$1.80.

BEAT 10.

Pitts & Norris house and lot in Crosswell with gin and fixtures,

THE GREAT NURSERIES.

Louisiana, Mo., Rockport, Ill.—Visited by Gov. Culman, Ex-Sec'y Agri. and the Hort. Ed., Judge Miller.

"Oh, how insignificant all my fifty years of nursery business seems, all combined, when compared with this stupendous establishment, where they count by millions," said Judge Miller, that veteran horticulturist, as he, in company with the writer, were being driven to the various departments of this vast nursery.

In an experience of over forty years we do not remember to have passed through an establishment where so large a number of hands were employed whose duties were so thoroughly systematized, and where business capacity of a higher order was manifested.

It is not in the soil of every farm that one finds qualities essential to the growth of the different kinds of Nursery stock, hence it has developed upon these gentlemen, who were born to the Nursery business, to select from among the hills and valleys of the two Pike such portions as are adapted to their purposes. But in this very fact of selection of soil, we see their exceeding care for the future success of their stock.

Missouri and Illinois have no more worthy institutions than the Stark Nurseries, and surely no better or more representative men than the proprietors. The business is growing on their hands as it deserves to grow.

They have a system of 40,000 acres of commercial test orchards located in great fruit growing regions.

The canvassing force is being increased, 5,000 fine outfits ready. Stark Nurseries always have room for more active workers because they have millions of Stark trees to sell.—Colman's Rural World.

"What was the happiest moment of your life?" "It was the moment when the jeweler took her engagement ring back and allowed me half price for it."—Cleveland Leader.

By Steamer, Train or Boat?

Which of these have you selected as a means of travel? No matter. Whichever it is, recollect that for seasickness, disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, engendered by rough locomotion and bad food or water, and for malaria troubles, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the most useful specific you can take with you. It is invaluable also for rheumatism, kidney complaints and nervous trouble.

"There is a report that Burbee has a large floating debt," announced the cashier to the teller. "Yes, sir; as \$80,000 steam yacht."—Detroit Free Press.

Frs stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free \$2 trial bottle and treatise. DR. KLINE, 933 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

IN A DEPARTMENT STORE.—"I want something nice in oil for a dining room." "Yes, madam. A landscape or a box of sardines?"—Life.

Priso's CURE cured me of a Throat and Lung trouble of three years' standing.—E. CADY, Huntington, Ind., Nov. 13, 1894.

"What is the complexion of the Jersey coast?" asked the English geologist of Prof. Rox, of New York. "Sandy," said Prof. Rox.—Harper's Bazar.

"Why does Miss Anthony look in the glass so much?" "She is afraid of becoming vain."—Detroit Free Press.

Strong Hood's Sarsaparilla

Muscles, steady nerves, good appetite, refreshing sleep come with blood made pure by Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills.

IT CURES . . .

RHEUMATISM, HEADACHE and TOOTHACHE

every time. All dealers sell

Duncan's Liniment.

"Dead Shot" for COLIC HORSES and MULES.

Be wise and keep it in the house.

WEBB MANUFACTURING CO., Props. Nashville, Tenn.

Cotton.

With careful rotation of crops and liberal fertilizations, cotton lands will improve. The application of a proper fertilizer containing sufficient Potash often makes the difference between a profitable crop and failure. Use fertilizers containing not less than 3 to 4%

Actual Potash.

Kainit is a complete specific against "Rust."

Our pamphlets are not advertising circulars blooming special fertilizers, but are practical works, containing the results of latest experiments in this line. Every cotton farmer should have a copy. They are sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

BACKED

—BY—

GOLD!

We will pay \$100.00 in Gold for a case of Constipation not cured by the use of Dr. Carlstadt's GERMAN LIVER SYRUP. Has cured others, will cure you. Each bottle guaranteed. 50 cts. and \$1.00 bottles.

For sale by all Druggists.

Carlstadt Medicine Co. EVANSVILLE, IND.

CERTAIN CURE

PRICE \$1.00 PER BOTTLE. BEST IN THE WORLD.

For sale at Druggists or Sent Free on receipt of price by CERTAIN CURE CO., Evansville, Ind.

STEADY WORK

AN ILLUSION

Do you know that the sight of your face, Though I see you each of the seven, Can transfigure the commonest place Into something that seems to be heaven?

Do you know that the sound of your voice, When you utter a brief salutation, Bids the stars of the morning rejoice As they did at the dawn of creation?

Do you know that the clasp of your hand, In a purely conventional greeting, Makes this earth a mysterious land Where the fairies are holding a meeting?

Do you know that the ways you pass by, When the stream of the traffic is flowing, Are like the ladders which lead to the sky, Whereon angels are coming and going?

Do you know that your eye or your nay Lays its clasp on my soul like a fetter? Whilst regarding myself I can say That I know that I ought to know better.

—E. T. Fowler, in London Sun.

TESTING OF ANTHONY.

BY LEWIS W. SMITH

HERE were three weeks yet before we commenced our work, and in that time much could be done by hard practice; but what would that avail when Leon March would be sure to practice hard? Leon might not get the prize; there were three other competitors besides Anthony himself; but the chances were all in Leon's favor. Anthony jumped up and strode about his room angrily, as he thought of the foolish persistence with which Leon kept to himself and to his violin, foregoing the pleasures of the other boys and living only in his music. Why could he not be interested in the other things that appeal to the right-minded boy in general? How could one have any chance at all with a boy who didn't care for football or baseball or any other outdoor sport? It was so unnatural in a lad in his 17th year that his fellow students at the academy had given up trying to understand him, and had for him only that feeling of irritation that all of us have when we come into close contact with a thing altogether anomalous and beyond our fathoming. When he first saw him at prayers Anthony had conceived a liking for him; but as all his attempts at friendliness with him were one by one met coldly or repulsed, that early feeling had grown into something that was not dislike, but had yet all its bitterness.

Anthony began again the oft-repeated process of looking over his music, not yet decided as to which among his solos he should play at the great concert. While again balancing in his mind the merits of two compositions between which his decision wavered, there was a knock at the door; and in answer to his shouted invitation to come in, Roy Willett opened the door and poked his head in before entering.

"Perhaps I can stand it if you're only looking at the music and not playing," he said, as he pushed the door wider and came in. Anthony tossed the music over on the table with just a show of vexation in his manner. "I am tired enough of it to be glad you've come. What's the use in trying for that miserable prize when we all know that Leon will get it? I don't call it a fair show for the rest of us. We have something else to do, and can't be practicing all the time, as he is."

"You haven't heard about his violin, have you?"

"No; unless you mean that old story about his singing it to sleep."

Roy laughed, not at the story, but at the startled questioning on Anthony's face.

"I am afraid that he will cry it to sleep to-night, and himself, too. This afternoon he broke a hole in the back of it, and you can hardly call it a violin any longer. He wants to give up entering the contest, but Mandel won't hear of it. The rest of us have good violins, and it will be our fault if some one of us does not get the prize."

"After all, that's hardly fair," said Anthony, a sudden sympathy for his rival springing to life in his heart.

"It simply gives us an even chance with him," said Roy; "the disadvantages have all been ours so far, but now he's getting his share. That's all there is to it."

"And what have been our disadvantages?" said Anthony, with a guilty consciousness of having had the same feeling himself. Roy settled himself back lazily in his chair before answering.

"Oh, we haven't been given the natural abilities that we ought to have, and, besides that, we weren't born to spend all our time bending over a violin, as he does."

"No," said Anthony; "I am sure we were not. Even Mandel himself would agree to so much."

"It strikes me that if one does not inherit a capacity for work he ought certainly to be given its equivalent in some sort of good luck; and lo and behold! the gods are as wise in the matter as I am. Here comes the good fortune that is our portion."

"But even with that lucky chance to help you, you will still have to work hard. If you do not, I am sure to beat you."

"You forget that you can't play any," said Roy, lightly; and the boys laughed before drawing out the chessboard, to forget their musical incapacities in exercising their brains over the intricate maneuvers of knights and queens and bishops.

That night Anthony could not escape the remembrance that he had another violin which he was not using, stored

away in the little closet adjoining his sleeping-room. There was no reason at all why he should not let Leon have it until after the concert, save that by so doing he would be increasing his rival's chance for the prize. Leon could not afford to get a new violin, he knew that well enough; and of what use would the old one be with a hole punched in its back? Of course Leon deserved the prize, just as Roy of right had the honor of being captain of the ball club. Still it was none of his affair if he broke his violin. It was not a thing for which he should make reparation; and why should he trouble himself about one who had always repulsed his kindnesses, or at least had never invited them? He would be quite sure of the prize himself if—

—but Anthony could never bring himself to think of his being a party to Leon's failure. The old violin in his closet seemed to send out a faint but insistent music in its heart had been so long unvoiced. He could fancy that the spirits of those who in long-gone days had played upon it were waiting to whisper in its moving tones the joys and sorrows of a vanished time. And then—

—but Anthony would not think about it any more. He turned his thoughts resolutely to the next day's Virgil reading, a topic stimulating his fancy so lightly that he soon forgot it all in sleep.

It was three days later when Anthony went into Prof. Mandel's room before the latter had finished the lesson he was giving Leon. Both teacher and pupil were aggravated by the dull tones of the cracked violin; and at last Mandel handed Leon his own instrument, upon which no pupil had ever before been permitted to play. Anthony sat down and listened for the remainder of the lesson hour. At first his heart sank within him; he could not so much as dream of being able to play like that. Then gradually the music came over him with all its power. He wondered how so slight a form, so thin and etherealized, a face, should have for its soul so much strength and mastery. Directly he forgot to think about this, and by the time Leon had finished he knew what he should do. The shy boy hardly

understood him when he told him that he had an old violin of good quality, to the use of which he was welcome for the rest of the term; but Anthony himself played better that afternoon than he had for weeks.

Anthony did not enter the contest for the prize. His father would be disappointed, he knew; but he had not the heart to bring his fumbling with the bow into comparison with Leon's mastery of his instrument. Roy laughed at him, and even upbraided him a little for lending his violin; but Roy's laughter and upbraiding were alike harmless.

But after the concert, when the prize had been awarded, Leon's mother came to him without an introduction.

"I do not know how to thank you," she said, and her voice was not so steady as it might have been, "Leon has written me about you. Your giving him the violin was more to him than the prize."

Afterward, when they had gone to his room together, Anthony told his father why he had not played and with whose instrument it was that Leon had won.

His father seemed to be thinking of other things, only nodding his head slowly to show that he was listening. Then at the conclusion he spoke of from a distance, his eyes looking into a time of which Anthony knew not.

"Your uncle used to play that same fantasia on the old violin years ago, when we were boys together. I can see him dropping his head over the strings now. He used to linger over that Adagio until it seemed the melting tones were angel voices calling; and even the Andante's pain of human longing barely seemed to bring him back to earth. It is no wonder that your friend played well to-night."

Anthony was not thinking now of the possibility of having to meet his father's displeasure.—X. Y. Independent.

MEANING OF FLOWERS.

A Language That May Be Learned to Some Purpose.

Mint is symbolic of virtue. The peach blossom indicates submission.

The bell flower is symbolic of gratitude. The horse chestnut is indicative of luxury.

The American cowslip indicates devotion. The honeysuckle symbolizes a bond of love.

The candytuft is an emblem of indifference. The box is regarded as symbolic of constancy.

The culla lily is emblematic of feminine beauty. The primrose is in England an emblem of inconstancy.

The arbor vitae is indicative of unchanging friendship. The china aster is set down as indicative of remembrance.

The oat plant is in Italy regarded as emblematic of music. The red carnation is regarded in Spain as an emblem of despair.

The myrtle plant has always been regarded as an emblem of love. The pink is considered in the south of France symbolic of pure affection.

The lotus in India is emblematic of life; in ancient Egypt it was a death flower. The white daisy is emblematic of innocence.

The purple columbine, in both England and Scotland, is symbolic of determination. In the south of France the handling of a sweet pea by a young woman to a young man is a polite way of stating that she is tired of his company.—Detroit Free Press.

HUMOROUS.

"—Solitude.—"William," she said, "will you do something that is for your own good?" "What is it?" "I want you to give up smoking. You are simply ruining your health and my lace curtains."—Washington Star.

—Wrangles—"Well, Adam was a lucky man," Barker—"In what particular way?" "Wrangles—"He didn't have to prance around the garden like a blamed idiot holding Eve on a hundred-dollar bike."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

—Young Medical Student (to charity patient)—"I—I think you must have a—some kind of a—fever; but our class has only gone as far as convulsions. I'll come in again in a week, when we get to fevers."—Tit-Bits.

—That's a curious—typographical error," said Mrs. Partridge. "The title of this new book is printed 'The Viking Age.' " "Well, why not?" asked Partridge. "What ought it to be?" "Why—Biking, oughtn't it?"—Tit-Bits.

—"What would you say," she asked her dearest friend, "if I told you I was engaged to the count?" "I'm sure I don't know," replied the dearest friend absent-mindedly, "because I never did think much of his taste."—Chicago Post.

—Tramp—"Want your grass cut, mum?" Lady—"No; no one cuts their grass at this time of year." Tramp—"Well, I'll contract for next year." Lady—"Mercy! I may be dead by that time." Tramp—"I'll contract to see that your grave is kept green."—N. Y. Herald.

WONDERS OF BIRD MIGRATION.

Some Fly During the Day and Others at Night.

The manner of travel differs greatly among the birds. Nearly everybody has seen or heard the flocks of wild geese passing over in the night, making tremendous leaps, so to speak, across the country on their way south. That the shore birds bound to Patagonia travel in like fashion has already been told. Probably the great majority of birds travel south in great flocks at tremendous height from the earth. They are thus able in pleasant weather at least to see the landscape and so direct their way unvaryingly. In storms and fogs they lose their way, become confused, plunge about among the tree tops, fly through the streets of cities and dash themselves to death against the windows of lighthouses. To my mind this gathering of timid birds like the thrush—birds that live the summer through close to the ground and are never seen 100 feet above the soil—the gathering, I say, of birds like these in great flocks that go careening high in air for vast distances over the land by night is the greatest marvel of migration. It seems a matter of course that swallows should do so, for they are tireless.

On the other hand there are birds that are seen by day in "a ceaseless tide of migration." They pass leisurely from tree to tree, gleaming as they go, says one observer writing on the characteristics of warblers. It is worth noting that the birds who migrate in this fashion are peculiar in their habits as workers—they never waste any time in play. The robins, the orioles, the bobolinks make a picnic excursion of their annual flight, but the plodders of the feathered race must needs carry their knitting to camp meeting. It has been supposed that the birds who migrate by night do so to escape the attacks of predatory birds, but these plodding migrants are quite as subject to attacks as any. Besides, on the clear nights when the night flyers go they are certainly subject to attacks from owls. There are so many things we do not know about the habits of birds that it seems worth while to call attention to points that may be disputed in the hope that some who seek knowledge out of pure love of it may turn their attention to this most interesting part of life in nature.—Colette Smiley, in Chautauquan.

Wonderful suns.

Astronomers are not yet all agreed as to the causes of the variations of color and brilliancy which are exhibited by many stars. In the constellation Cepheus, in the northern sky, there is a star named Delta Cephei, which in the course of about three days alternately gains and loses a large part of its light. The spectroscopic has proved that Delta Cephei consists of two stars revolving around one another in a very elliptical orbit, although they never get far enough apart to be separately visible from the earth. Even when viewed with a telescope their light is blended into a single star disk, although if we could go near enough to them we should find that they are, in reality, millions of miles apart. When brightest, the united light of the twin stars is two or three times greater than when faintest. One of the explanations recently offered by astronomers to account for these changes is that one of the stars composing Delta Cephei has a very thick atmospheric veil, consisting of clouds of condensed metallic vapors, and that when the stars draw near one another in their orbital motion the increase of heat dissipates the obscuring veil, and permits the star to which it belongs to shine with a splendor that it cannot obtain when its rays are interrupted by its envelope of clouds. It is hard to believe that the inhabited worlds could exist in the neighborhood of such a pair of suns as that.—Youth's Companion.

The Real and the Poetical.

Sentential Johnnie Brother, have you ever known a time when all the world seems dark, when the midday sun cannot penetrate the gloom that gathers around you and all human aspirations are paralyzed for want of a ray of light?

Unsentimental Ditto—Oh, yes, often. Then tell me, tell me what you do to disperse the shadows that gather around you?

"Light the gas, dear boy, and wait till the beastly fog dries up."—London Punch.

Duty.

Mrs. De Style—Were you at church last Sunday? I didn't see you.

Mrs. De Fashion—I saw you. "Did you? How did you like my new bonnet?"

"Oh, it was perfectly lovely! It came from Paris. I'm sure."

"Yes, my dear friend, Miss Devout, smuggled it in for me."—N. Y. Weekly.

In Danger.

Jasper—I wonder why Jones whistles so much.

Jumpjumpy—Probably to keep up his courage. A man who whistles as badly as he does is in constant danger of death.

—Truth.

ISN'T IT STRANGE?

The "strained relations" often find their greatest strain among nearest relations. That in dwelling upon the wickedness of others, we often forget to dwell upon our own.

That the "mantle of charity" grows smaller and smaller as the world grows larger and larger.

That "love at first sight" is so dependent on "second sight" for a good sight at the real thing.

That the milk in the cocoanut, although having often been accounted for, doesn't always furnish the richest cream.

That "ideal husbands" and "ideal wives" are often found without ideas enough between the two for one good one of either kind.

That sassafras for the goose doesn't seem to have the same flavor as the sassafras for the gander, and at the same time that for the gander doesn't sometimes taste as good as does that for the goose.—Good Housekeeping.

RIDERS OF THE WHEEL.

Mr. Balfour now has an aluminum bicycle of American make weighing only 18 pounds.

Roumanian bicyclers must have their names and addresses not only on a plate fastened to their machines, but also on the glass of their lamps, so that they may be read at night. Cyclists in the streets of Bucharest must ride in single file.

A sedate wheelman, who is anxious to strictly follow the rules of etiquette, wrote to an Indianapolis paper, and asked this important question: "Would it be all right to ride a bicycle to the funeral of a distant connection by marriage, providing you keep behind the horse?"

A bicycle drowning accident has taken place in Wales. A fisherman named Conway rode down to lay his lines at low water, but could not keep ahead of the incoming tide. His body was carried out to sea, and his bicycle, found at low tide between two sand banks, was the only mark of what had become of him.

The members of the Fulton (Mo.) fire department receive one dollar per month salary.

A man usually has more respect for another man's size than his age.

STRANGER—"Is there a law in this town against selling liquor on Sunday?" Old Resident—"Yes, but don't let that worry you, my friend; there's no law against buying it."—Roxbury Gazette.

TOMMY (inquiringly)—"Mamma, is this hair oil in this bottle?" Mamma—"Mercy, no! That's glue." Tommy (nonchalantly)—"That's why I can't get my hat off."—Golden News.

FAIR INDICATION.—"Does Miss Gushington's father look with favor on your suit?" "I think so; he always lets me pay for the drinks."—Detroit Free Press.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is taken internally. Price 75c.

"The doctors seem always happy." "Oh, doctors don't take life seriously."—Detroit Tribune.

CRIMSONBEAK—"Do you know I haven't had a day's sickness since I moved into my new house?" Yeast—"How do you account for it?" "My wife gave up doing her own cooking the day we moved in."—Yankees Statesman.

THERE is in man's nature a secret inclination and motion towards the love of others, which, if it be not spent upon one or a few, will naturally spread itself towards many, and maketh men become humane and charitable.—Lord Bacon.

"Now, professor," said the ambitious young man, "you have tried my voice. I want you to tell me frankly what it is best adapted to." And without a moment's hesitation the eminent musician replied: "Whispering."—Tit-Bits.

We praise the things we hear with much more willingness than those we see; because we envy the present and reverence the past; thinking ourselves instructed by the one and overladen by the other.—Ben Jonson.

SHE—"Harry, tell me, do you love me for myself alone?" He—"Of course, darling; and I'm so glad to know that you are to come alone. I was a little afraid that your mother might be thrown in as a sort of handicap, you know."—Boston Transcript.

Is a picture daubed with many glaring colors, the vulgar eye admires it; whereas he judges very contemptuously of some admirable design sketched out only with a black pencil though by the hand of Raphael.—Dr. L. Watts.

HUMAN NATURE.—"There's one trouble about vacation," complained Johnny. "Why, what's that?" asked his surprised mother. "You can't have no fun playin' hooky, an' it's the excitin' game goin'," explained the aggrieved Johnny.—Harper's Bazar.

"Is he boss in?" asked the man with the three days' whiskers and the reversed dollar. "Hain't in to you," said the office boy. "Wot do you mean, hain't in to me?" "He ain't in to you because I am on to you," answered the boy, and went back to his penwork of "Redeem Rube, the Nicholson Detective."—Indianapolis Journal.

Syrup of Figs

It is a picture daubed with many glaring colors, the vulgar eye admires it; whereas he judges very contemptuously of some admirable design sketched out only with a black pencil though by the hand of Raphael.—Dr. L. Watts.

It is a picture daubed with many glaring colors, the vulgar eye admires it; whereas he judges very contemptuously of some admirable design sketched out only with a black pencil though by the hand of Raphael.—Dr. L. Watts.

It is a picture daubed with many glaring colors, the vulgar eye admires it; whereas he judges very contemptuously of some admirable design sketched out only with a black pencil though by the hand of Raphael.—Dr. L. Watts.

It is a picture daubed with many glaring colors, the vulgar eye admires it; whereas he judges very contemptuously of some admirable design sketched out only with a black pencil though by the hand of Raphael.—Dr. L. Watts.

It is a picture daubed with many glaring colors, the vulgar eye admires it; whereas he judges very contemptuously of some admirable design sketched out only with a black pencil though by the hand of Raphael.—Dr. L. Watts.

It is a picture daubed with many glaring colors, the vulgar eye admires it; whereas he judges very contemptuously of some admirable design sketched out only with a black pencil though by the hand of Raphael.—Dr. L. Watts.

It is a picture daubed with many glaring colors, the vulgar eye admires it; whereas he judges very contemptuously of some admirable design sketched out only with a black pencil though by the hand of Raphael.—Dr. L. Watts.

It is a picture daubed with many glaring colors, the vulgar eye admires it; whereas he judges very contemptuously of some admirable design sketched out only with a black pencil though by the hand of Raphael.—Dr. L. Watts.

It is a picture daubed with many glaring colors, the vulgar eye admires it; whereas he judges very contemptuously of some admirable design sketched out only with a black pencil though by the hand of Raphael.—Dr. L. Watts.

It is a picture daubed with many glaring colors, the vulgar eye admires it; whereas he judges very contemptuously of some admirable design sketched out only with a black pencil though by the hand of Raphael.—Dr. L. Watts.

It is a picture daubed with many glaring colors, the vulgar eye admires it; whereas he judges very contemptuously of some admirable design sketched out only with a black pencil though by the hand of Raphael.—Dr. L. Watts.

It is a picture daubed with many glaring colors, the vulgar eye admires it; whereas he judges very contemptuously of some admirable design sketched out only with a black pencil though by the hand of Raphael.—Dr. L. Watts.

It is a picture daubed with many glaring colors, the vulgar eye admires it; whereas he judges very contemptuously of some admirable design sketched out only with a black pencil though by the hand of Raphael.—Dr. L. Watts.

It is a picture daubed with many glaring colors, the vulgar eye admires it; whereas he judges very contemptuously of some admirable design sketched out only with a black pencil though by the hand of Raphael.—Dr. L. Watts.

It is a picture daubed with many glaring colors, the vulgar eye admires it; whereas he judges very contemptuously of some admirable design sketched out only with a black pencil though by the hand of Raphael.—Dr. L. Watts.

It is a picture daubed with many glaring colors, the vulgar eye admires it; whereas he judges very contemptuously of some admirable design sketched out only with a black pencil though by the hand of Raphael.—Dr. L. Watts.

It is a picture daubed with many glaring colors, the vulgar eye admires it; whereas he judges very contemptuously of some admirable design sketched out only with a black pencil though by the hand of Raphael.—Dr. L. Watts.

It is a picture daubed with many glaring colors, the vulgar eye admires it; whereas he judges very contemptuously of some admirable design sketched out only with a black pencil though by the hand of Raphael.—Dr. L. Watts.



The Governor of North Carolina said to the Governor of South Carolina

Battle Ax PLUG

"BATTLE AX" is the most tobacco, of the best quality, for the least money. Large quantities reduce the cost of manufacture, the result going to the consumer in the shape of a larger piece, for less money, than was ever before possible.



THE LONG AND THE SHORT OF IT.



THERE IS NONE JUST AS GOOD.

DO YOU SMOKE

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE DEALER? OR FOR YOUR OWN COMFORT AND PLEASURE?

IF FOR THE LATTER, YOU ARE ENTITLED TO THE VERY BEST TOBACCO YOUR MONEY WILL BUY.

THERE IS NONE JUST AS GOOD AS

OLD NORTH STATE

THEREFORE

C. C. DUBOSE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, AUGUST 20, 1896.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN,
of Nebraska.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
ARTHUR M. SEWALL,
of Maine.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORS.

First district—E. L. Russell.
Second district—John D. Barnett.
Third district—T. M. Espy.
Fourth district—W. H. Browne.
Fifth district—T. L. Bulger.
Sixth district—J. J. Mayfield.
Seventh district—M. D. Sibert.
Eighth district—E. B. Almon.
Ninth district—C. B. Powell.

STATE AT LARGE.
S. W. John, J. W. A. Sanford.

Let every good democrat stand true to Bryan and Sewall and we will give them such a majority as Cleveland received in 1892.

The Honorable Cecil Browne will be a candidate for speaker of the next house of representative. If Mr. Browne is honored with this position he will make a dignified and capable presiding officer.

THE MOBILE REGISTER in publishing a list of the democratic congressional aspirants in the state, gives out the following as candidates in the Fourth district: State Treasurer J. Craig Smith, of Dallas; Hon. Gaston A. Robbins, of Dallas, and Hon. Percy Clark.

THE CHRONICLE is informed that Hon. T. S. Ploverman, of Talladega, will be a candidate for congress from the Fourth district. Mr. Ploverman is a man of great ability and would represent well the interest of our district in congress. He is a man that would reflect great honor upon this, one of the greatest states in the Union, in the National Assembly Hall, and The Chronicle would like to see him there.

THE CHRONICLE notices a call for a state convention on August 27th to elect delegates to the Indianapolis convention. In this call Shelby county is entitled to seven delegates. It is hard to see how Shelby can comply and send seven delegates when there are not seven bolters in the county, and consequently not seven men in the county in sympathy with the movement. Though Shelby is a strong sound money county, still her democracy is as firm as the rock of Gibraltar and she does not believe in dishonoring herself by bolting the party after participating in her primaries and conventions.

THE CHRONICLE trusts that the good people of the State of Alabama will not be led astray from democratic paths by the sound money movement that is now agitating our country. Especially the South cannot afford for her solid phalanx to be broken. The money question, or any question is as vital to her as her white supremacy. In other words the white people of the South must stand together, or we will have days again fully as dark as the days of reconstruction. The money question may be important to us as a nation, the tariff may be an important question to us as a government, but the race question is important to us as a people, and when a blow is made that pierces through the solid phalanx of our white democracy, it strikes the very heart core of this beautiful South land of ours. We truly have the garden spot of the world. On no part of the globe does the sun shine brighter, the birds sing sweeter and the flowers grow prettier, and no section on the face of the earth has fairer women or braver men than here in the South. Therefore let us urge upon the white men of the South to stand together and maintain the glorious country that we have striven so hard to build up and beautify, and this can only be done within the ranks of the democratic party.

IT WAS A GREAT SPEECH.

From the Birmingham State-Herald.

Before an audience of more than 20,000 people night before last in New York, the brilliant leader of the democratic hosts formally accepted the commission as the national democratic standard-bearer. It was a grand scene and a great occasion. If there were those who hoped that the acceptance speech would not come up to that high standard the country naturally demands of the man who has been called upon to bear the banner of the national democracy, and we have reason to believe that some such exist, they were most certainly disappointed.

Those who have given a willing ear to the organs of the gold trust, in their effort to make believe that the national democratic convention had not nominated a statesman, but instead had nominated a school-boy orator for president, have only to read the acceptance speech made by Mr. Bryan to learn that the goldbug press has sought to deceive them. It is the speech of a patriot and a statesman. No man lives today on the American continent who can excel it. No nominee of any party in the past for any position can equal it.

Mr. Bryan's great speech in the Chicago convention and his subsequent nomination by that body electrified

the whole country, and from that day until the occurrence of the memorable event in Madison Square Garden Wednesday night, the electric shock has been growing in magnitude. The triumphant trip from Nebraska to New York, which a staff correspondent of the New York Journal, who made the trip with the party, says has never been equaled on this continent, and the success of the great Madison Square Garden meeting Wednesday night, leaves no doubt as to what the people have made up their mind to do. Bryan will be elected by the most overwhelming majority ever before given a candidate for president.

GIRL'S INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

Miss Julia Tutwiler Writes a Letter Explaining its True Status.

Upon the call of the governor, the trustees of the Girl's Industrial School of Alabama will meet in this city today.

The following letter from Miss Julia Tutwiler, the president, will be read with much interest just at this time, as it gives her position and the real status of the school, and is fully and plainly set out:

EDITOR BIRMINGHAM NEWS:—My attention has been called to a letter from Montevallo in your paper in reference to the Girl's Industrial School, which contains, I think, several errors, doubtless unintentional, on the part of the writer.

First—I have not resigned the position of president of the State Industrial School.

Second—I think the writer is mistaken in stating that it is the intention of the trustees to open that school this fall, for several reasons. First, I do not believe that the trustees would have failed to give official information of such an intention to the president-elect, and I have received none. Last year, I was requested to sign a paper releasing the trustees from the obligation of paying me a salary for that year, as there was no work for me to do, giving me at the same time, permission to continue my present work in the only existing State school for girls, the Alabama Normal College at Livingston, until such time as they should need my services. This spring, as I heard nothing from them, I wrote each of the fourteen members of the board, except the three members of the executive committee, (knowing that these had no power to act without instructions from the board) asking whether they expected to open the school this fall, and requesting if this was not the case a written permission to continue my present work for the coming school year, without doing any prejudice to my position as president-elect of the new school. It was necessary for me to do this, not only on my own account, but on that of the teachers employed in the Alabama Normal College for Girls, who wish to know whether I would continue in that position for another year, as otherwise they might have to seek new positions. All but one of the gentlemen to whom I wrote replied; and all but one informed me that they thought the school could not and should not begin this fall, and gave me besides the written permission which I had requested.

Second—A distinguished teacher and author, who is deeply interested in the Industrial School, is my neighbor here at Montevallo. She tells me that one of the most valuable and influential members of the executive committee said lately to her very emphatically: "Never will I give my consent to the erection of a building until we have the money to construct one worthy of the dignity of the State of Alabama and of the purpose for which it is intended."

Third—I received a letter lately from a lady of Atlanta, who desires a position in the Industrial School, and wrote to me to that effect. I referred her to the governor as president of the board of trustees. I received from her today, August 7, the following letter:

Miss Julia Tutwiler, Montevallo, Tennessee:

DEAR MISS TUTWILER:—Please allow me to thank you sincerely for your very prompt and kind reply to my letter. I wrote the governor as per your suggestion and today had a letter from his secretary, saying that the Industrial School would not be opened this winter, and it was uncertain as to when it would be. Again thanking you, and assuring you of my appreciation of your kindness in this matter, I am very truly,

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 5, 1896.

Fourth—Another reason why I doubt the accuracy of the information given by your correspondent, whose name is not signed to his letter, is the great unwisdom of such a course. The bill establishing this school was passed not in the interest of any place or of any persons, except the hundred thousand white girls of Alabama. It is their interests which must be considered to the exclusion of all others. Some time ago, it was proposed to take \$7,500 of the \$9,000, which alone can be used for building purposes, and erect with this sum a building for the Industrial School, using the remaining \$1,500 to repair the schoolhouse of the town to be used as an annex. The proposition was absurd on the face of it, and I supposed it had been long since entirely abandoned. There is scarcely a village in the State which cannot afford a better building for its school children than one costing only \$7,500. I heard lately of the erection of a \$20,000 school building by the young men of one of the smaller towns of the State. The city of Birmingham has three school buildings, each of which cost \$50,000.

I have been in correspondence with the industrial schools which have been established by other Southern States, and I think that not one of them has buildings costing less than \$100,000, nor an annual appropriation of less than \$20,000. The plant of the Mississippi Industrial School for Girls is valued at \$150,000. The industrial school for the colored girls of Alabama, at Anniston, has a building costing \$10,000. Every paper in the State would cry shame upon the trustees if they sanctioned such a course as erecting for the Industrial School of the white girls a building no better than the outhouses and offices of this colored school. A handsome brick livery stable would cost more than \$7,500. Certainly the white girls of Alabama deserve something better. To begin with, the school, in so cheap a building, would be humiliating to every one connected with it, and disgraceful to the State. The girls of Alabama have waited three quarters of a century for just recognition from the State. It is better for them to wait a little longer than to receive a gift unworthy of their merits. Nothing could be more injurious to the future interest of this school than for it to begin its work by the erection of mean, insignificant and insufficient buildings. A prejudice would be excited against it which it would take years to overcome. No institution should be handicapped in this way at its very start. Every new enterprise has at best a rough and thorny road to travel for some years. Its friends should try to remove difficulties from its path, instead of deliberately placing them there.

The wisest course for this school is to wait until at least the sum of \$100,000 is in the hands of the trustees before putting a stone in place. "Festinate" should be its motto. "Who goes slowly goes surely." The bill asking congress for twenty-five thousand acres of the public lands of Alabama for the white and colored industrial schools of the State, was brought too late to receive the attention which it deserved. If it is introduced at the very outset of the next session, there is no reason why it should not pass, for no one has any interest in opposing it. The erection of the buildings and the opening of the school should be postponed until the money for the sale of these lands is actually in the hands of the trustees.

The "mountain in the valley" is a beautiful location if the money to erect buildings worthy of the State can be secured. No place is a good location unless this can be done. The good people of Montevallo—some of the excellent of the earth—are not so selfish as to prefer their advantage for a year to the permanent benefit of the hundred thousand white girls of this generation of Alabamians, and that of the millions of the generations yet to come. When we build for ages, all petty, local, personal and temporary considerations must be laid aside.

Respectfully and sincerely yours,
JULIA STRUDWICK TUTWILER.

P. S.—I shall feel under obligations to any paper in Alabama which feels interest enough in the Industrial School for White Girls to re-publish this letter.

J. S. T.
MONTVALLO, Tenn., Aug. 7, 1896.

BART THRASHER.

The Noted Outlaw and Escort Within a Mile of Montevallo Sunday—Making for Cover.

Montevallo, Aug. 17.—(Special.)—Our peaceful and quiet village was thrown into a state of excitement yesterday when it was learned that Bart Thrasher, the now famous outlaw, with four other men, were seen about a mile from town, heavily armed and threatening the life of Mr. Charles W. Cary, who last year had Thrasher jailed at Jasper, charging him with robbery. Mr. Cary was held up by two armed men a little over a year ago and robbed of his watch and a small amount of money. Mr. Cary always contended that Thrasher was one of the men, and a short while afterwards had him arrested in Walker county. It could never be established satisfactorily, so he was discharged. Thrasher has on several occasions threatened to kill Cary.

Quite a crowd of determined and well armed men left last night, and are now scouring the woods near here for the outlaw. Should they come together some bloody work may be expected, as all are brave and determined men.

Mr. Bunk Harris, who is well acquainted with Thrasher, saw him Saturday coming in this direction. He met him at the river bridge on the Birmingham, Brierton and Blocton railroad and talked with him for some time. It is believed that Thrasher is going down to Stump Hills, a neighborhood south of Calera, where it is almost impossible to trace or capture anyone.

The prospects of the Columbiana High School are very flattering for a great and glorious year. Prof. W. B. Greek, our principal, is noted for his indomitable zeal and energy, and is a man fully capable of the high position he occupies. He is working nobly for the school and will have everything in readiness for the opening of the session. His assistants are very proficient in the different branches, and they all go to make up a very fine school.

It is absolutely a free school for all those living within the incorporated limits, and those contemplating moving here to get advantage of the school and to live in a thriving little city should move in at once.

With the aid of X-rays, one may do as Sidney Smith said he would do in hot weather—take off one's flesh and sit in one's bones—Daily Register.

Mining by Hog Power.

"I was riding through the mountains in Trinity county, California, a few days ago," said a prominent mining man yesterday, "when I happened to take a trail that led by old Barley Johnson's cabin. You know he has always been called Barley Johnson, because he was never known to wear a pair of boots, but always kept his feet sewed up in burlaps, like canvas-packs. I took dinner with Barley—corn bread and bacon, and then sat down for a smoke.

"Wouldn't you just as soon do your smoking outside, partner?" he asked. "Certainly," said I, "but you don't object to the smoke of a cigar, do you?" I was naturally surprised, for he was already pulling away at an old corn-cob pipe.

"No, of course not, seeing as I've smoked high on to 50 years, but I keep my hogs at work."

"My curiosity was aroused, but I said nothing. He took down a double barreled, muzzle-loading shotgun and his powder horn. Then he went out to a shed and got a pan of shelled corn. He sat down on a bench at the cabin door, rammed down a couple of charges of powder, and poured a handful of corn into each barrel. He put on a percussion cap, pressed it down with the hammer, cocked both barrels and blazed away at the side hill across the little gulch. The roar had not died away till a drove of hogs came running, grunting and squealing, and began to root the side hill in search of the corn. Whenever they slacked up in their work, the old man would fire out another charge of corn.

"That's a mean trick," I said. "Why don't you feed it to them in a trough?"

"Feed it to 'em?" he repeated, in amazement. "Then they wouldn't work. Besides, they don't need it."

"What do you want to make them work for, and why do you waste corn on them if they don't need it?"

"Why man alive! They do as much work as four men would. They root up the dirt, and when the rain comes I sluice it."

"Then I understood that he was using the hogs to help him mine."—San Francisco Post.

JOCKEY VERNON'S BRAVE ACT.

Stops a Pair of Runaway Horses and Saves the Lives of Two Women.

From the Chicago Times-Herald.
Harry Vernon, the jockey, is a hero now. A manly act, backed by prompt courage, stopped a pair of runaway horses on Michigan avenue yesterday noon and saved serious injury to the frightened occupants of a stylish equipage.

Vernon was seated in the carriage, which contained Mrs. Louise Conrad wife of a wealthy New York brewer, and her daughter. The coachman was driving south on the boulevard, and had just passed Congress street, when a passing member of the Riverside Wheel club accidentally struck one of the horses with his wheel. The team at once became unmanageable and ran away. Instead of dashing down Michigan avenue, the horses reared and plunged over the sidewalk near the lake front park, and finally rushed madly toward the lake. The park is literally torn up and blocked with construction material in this locality, and the occupants of the carriage were compelled to hold on to the seat for their lives.

The driver pulled desperately at the safety straps on the reins until they snapped, and he fell to the ground. While the horses were dragging the rig toward the lake young Vernon climbed over the seats, ran along the carriage pole and seizing the horses by the bits, swung himself into what seemed to be the jaws of death in an effort to stop the wild run of the horses. They dragged him 150 yards, when his heroic energy was crowned with success. People cheered him to the echo for his pluck, and he emerged from the incident without injury or damage, except the complete destruction of a suit of clothes. Mrs. Conrad and daughter were profuse in their gratitude, and commended Vernon for his bravery.

Summer Homes and Resorts.

The Southern railway is the first of our great railway systems to give information to the public and to fix low excursion rates for a summer outing good for return until October 31st, by issuing, with usual promptness, its Summer Home and Resort Book.

It is handsome in design and artistic in every respect having thirty-two beautifully illustrated pages containing the most complete and conveniently arranged information calculated to answer fully and satisfactorily every question likely to be propounded, such as routes and distances, hotels and boarding houses, names of proprietors how to reach them, rates of board by day, week and month, etc.

The Southern offers a choice of mountain and seaside resorts, the surf bathing and sea breezes of some of the most delightful resort towns on the Atlantic Coast or the cool mountain breezes of Swannanoa, Asheville, Lookout Mountain and others, 2,500 feet above the sea level.

For copy of guide call at office of any prominent coupon agent or send 2-cent stamp to C. A. Benscoter, Asst. Gen'l Pass Ag't, Chattanooga, Tenn.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Festered Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chills, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by Parker & Armstrong.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Is on the WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

Fac-Simile Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 Doses—35 CENTS.

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

A STRAIGHT LINE

Is the shortest way to do it. Illustrated: The World going to The Chronicle Office

One of the largest establishments in the world, that of Wannamaker & Brown, use type like this and talk to their customers naturally.

There is no florid ornamentation or embroidery of words, but a plain and simple statement of facts verified when customers visit their store.

As with Wannamaker & Brown so with The Chronicle. When it says this office is prepared to do First Class Job Work you can depend on it that it is so.

KEEP STEP! DON'T LAG!

If you are lagging behind with the struggle, step to the front and

"BEHOLD THE LIES OF THE FIELD."

If you are interested in botany, but if you are interested in the news of the day, behold The

Semi-Weekly Advertiser.

The best and newest twice-a-week newspaper published in the South.

EIGHT PAGES
T WICE A WEEK!

Contains reading for the politician, the farmer and the family. Special attention paid to the household and farming departments.

PRICE
\$1.00 A YEAR, 104 ISSUES.

Address
The Advertiser & Montgomery, Ala.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY									
CONDENSED SCHEDULE.									
In Effect June 22, 1896.									
No. 1					No. 2				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 3					No. 4				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 5					No. 6				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 7					No. 8				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 9					No. 10				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 11					No. 12				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 13					No. 14				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 15					No. 16				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 17					No. 18				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 19					No. 20				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 21					No. 22				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 23					No. 24				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 25					No. 26				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 27					No. 28				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 29					No. 30				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 31					No. 32				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 33					No. 34				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 35					No. 36				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 37					No. 38				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 39					No. 40				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 41					No. 42				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 43					No. 44				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 45					No. 46				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 47					No. 48				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 49					No. 50				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 51					No. 52				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 53					No. 54				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 55					No. 56				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 57					No. 58				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 59					No. 60				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 61					No. 62				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 63					No. 64				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 65					No. 66				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 67					No. 68				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 69					No. 70				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 71					No. 72				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 73					No. 74				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 75					No. 76				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 77					No. 78				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 79					No. 80				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 81					No. 82				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 83					No. 84				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.
4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	8 p.m.
9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.	9 p.m.	10 p.m.	11 p.m.	12 p.m.	1 a.m.
No. 85					No. 86				
11 a.m.	12 p.m.	1 p.m.	2 p.m.</						

THE CHRONICLE*

* PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY. *

COLUMBIANA, AUGUST 29, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year, \$1.00
One copy six months, .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Southern Railway.
NEW SCHEDULE.
No. 16, passenger, leaves going south, 3:28 p.m.
No. 16, passenger, leaves going north, 11:37 a.m.
No. 61, local, leaves going south, 7:43 a. m.
No. 61, local, leaves going north, 1:29 p. m.

Post Office.
Mail closes, 11:07 a. m.
Train days, 11:37 a. m. and 3:28 p. m.
Mails open 1:29 p. m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 3:28 p. m.

LOCAL VIVISCOPE.

FOR SALE.—A fine farm of 120 acres. Will sell either 40 or 80 or both, to suit buyer. Terms easy. Apply for full particulars to editor of Chronicle.

Maj. Huggins and N. A. Graham, of Calera, were in our city Monday.

John Caldwell, of Avondale, visited his girl here Monday and Tuesday.

Miss McGee, of Stanton, is visiting Miss Leila Parker on College street.

A. H. Avery and John Avery, of Shelby, came up to the land sale Monday.

Miss Venecia Vines, of Clanton, is visiting the family of John T. Cromwell.

Mrs. I. Edwards, of Childersburg, is a guest of her daughter, Mrs. I. D. Mason.

Messrs. Ham Dulose and Will Thomas visited Shelby Springs Saturday night.

Miss Essie Mason left last Saturday to visit the family of John Edwards, at Childersburg.

Miss Tommie Alexander is now visiting Miss Birdie Morrison on "Mountain Heights."

Walter Tinney was married to Miss Emma Davis at the residence of B. L. Moore on last Sunday.

Miss M. A. Bridges, of Mississippi, who has been visiting relatives here left Monday for her home.

Rev. T. M. Wilson is spending the week in Laniers, Ala., assisting Rev. Mr. Aiken with his meeting.

Mrs. Rodgers and children, with Miss Ida McLane, of Gainesville, Texas, are visiting Mrs. C. E. Parker.

All the newly elected officers have made their bonds and the same have been approved except Robertson and Williams.

Miss Georgia Cromwell returned home Saturday from a delightful visit to relatives in Clanton, Stanton and Maplesville.

Mrs. Joe Parker is now ill at her temporary home on College street. We trust she will be able to be out in a short time.

Hon. W. B. Browne, an elector, left yesterday morning to attend a meeting of the State Democratic Executive Committee.

There will be an ice cream supper at the residence of Mrs. L. C. Armstrong, Friday night, 21st, for the benefit of the Baptist church. Your patronage will be highly appreciated.

In another column will be seen the advertisement of Dr. G. W. Shackelford, dentist, and all those desiring good work done will find him at the White House.

Do not fail to attend the ice cream supper at the residence of Mrs. L. C. Armstrong on next Friday night, notice of which will be seen in another column. This is for a noble cause and our people should turn out en-masse to help it.

Misses Florie Lister and Lucie Leeper came up from Shelby Springs and spent Tuesday in our little city. They are two of the Spring's prettiest and most accomplished guests and add greatly to the pleasure of those visiting this most delightful and beautiful summer resort.

Miss Annie McMillan left Monday afternoon for South Alabama, where she contemplates teaching this winter. We are truly sorry to see Miss Annie leave our little city for so long a time, but trust she will have a successful and pleasant winter of it. Miss Myrtle Swain accompanied her as far as Calera.

E. L. Spencer came in on his wheel from Talladega Springs yesterday. Eugene is getting to be quite an expert wheelman. He left town a few days since on a trip and one of our townsmen passed him out in the woods laying down on his back with his feet propped up in a tree breathing as if his heart would break.

The young people of Columbiana, Calera and Wilsonville enjoyed a most delightful entertainment given in honor of Misses Tommie Alexander and Nellie Parker by Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Hall, at their beautiful home on East College street. Those in attendance from Calera were Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bowdon, Misses Alma Duran and Willie Bird, Messrs. Claude Duran and Elbert McCloud; from Wilsonville, Misses Georgia Pope, Lula and Blossom Denster, Juddie Kilpatrick, Mary and Sallie Hollin, Messrs. Will Tinney, Will Smith and Claude Jackson. We hope that the young people of our neighboring towns will come oftener, for we are always glad to have such brave sons and fair daughters with us.

Part Thrasher, the noted outlaw and desperado, of Bibb county, is again creating considerable excitement in the neighborhood of Blocton, and there is a considerable reward offered for his capture. It is strange how a man can go about in this civilized country of ours committing crimes of all kinds and not be captured.

Work on our new building is progressing very nicely. Columbiana is improving slowly but surely, and we now have the best town of its size in the state. Our merchants are enterprising and our people are most liberal and generous. Goods can be bought cheaper here than in any market in this section of country, and as good a price will be paid for cotton as in any other market. Anything can be bought in our stores from a pin to a fine suit of clothes. So let all our farmers in this section of country bring their cotton and other farming produce here, get a good price for it, and buy goods cheap.

Wilsonville Waifs.

"Shaky Jackie" where were you when the "pop-gun" shot?

Miss Lula Denster was treated to a handsome new bicycle by her mother last week.

Misses Sallie Wallace and Lizzie Phillips were welcome visitors in town last week.

Mrs. Wm. Tinney is visiting relatives in Columbus, Ga.

Mrs. Sommerville and children returned to Birmingham Saturday, after inhaling the balmy health giving arena of our village and vicinity.

A party of young people chartered a hay wagon Friday evening, bareheaded and headed for Columbiana and the party at Mr. Hall's. They returned at 3:30 next morning tired, sleepy and hungry too. They had a splendid time at the party, for how could it be otherwise among those hospitable Columbiana people.

The recent drouth has not only affected the corn and cotton crop, but has also checked the flow of milk. A man was heard to say that his cows didn't give enough milk for the cream to rise.

Miss Emma Milstead, of Columbiana, is visiting her brother's family.

Mr. and Mrs. Privette and son, of Dallas, are spending a while with Mr. McGowen's family, to allow their son to recover from an attack of typhoid fever.

Prof. J. B. Kilpatrick is conducting a series of meetings at Wallace's school house, alias "Possum Trot." Great manifestations have been and are being made and no doubt, if the meeting is continued, there will be great and mighty good come from this meeting.

Lend your presence to our Literary Society every other Friday night and hear the foreign, American, political, religious, practical, scientific, wise and otherwise questions discussed and debated by the future youth of our town. BOUTWAGES.

Harpersville Echoes.

Chills and fever are raging.

Dr. Nelson was sick all of last week, but is improving now.

Miss Mollie Corley, of Dallas county, is visiting her uncle, Rev. John Corley near here.

We are glad to state that the Darnell family are all improving after a long spell of sickness.

Talk for the school, work for it and let us make it one of the best schools in the county.

Dr. Fields was confined to his bed all of last week, but he is some better at this writing.

A very interesting meeting was held at the Vincent Baptist church last week. The pastor was ably assisted by Rev. W. J. Elliott, of Montgomery, son of C. F. Elliott, of near Vincent.

There was quite a large crowd of strangers at the Baptist church last Sunday, and all seemed to enjoy Mr. Whittle's sermon finely.

Sci Smith, aged about 35 years, died of a congestive chill last week. He leaves a wife and two children to mourn his loss, and to them we extend our sympathy.

The Green fell from a tree last week where he was gathering muscadines, about 40 feet and received injuries of which we are afraid will prove fatal.

Messrs. Prince and Jones have put up a brick kiln this summer and will supply our people with brick this winter. Democratic brick of course.

Mr. Hopkins and a Miss Waldrope, living near here eloped to Talladega county last Sunday and were made man and wife.

We had a severe wind here Sunday evening accompanied by a light rain. Fences and trees were blown down, and it looked at one time as if we were going to have a regular cyclone.

Harpersville Baptist church, and her funeral was preached here in the church Tuesday by the pastor, Rev. B. E. Giles, after which she was laid away in the cemetery to await the resurrection morn, witnessed by a large concourse of friends, who deeply sympathize with the bereaved ones in their sad bereavement.

Mr. Whittle's sermon Monday night was one of the best that we ever listened to, and all who heard it was perfectly carried away with it. Subject: "The soul that shineth shall surely die."

JACKS.

DR. COCHRAN DEAD.
Alabama's Famous Health Officer Passes Away After a Long Illness—Will Be Buried at Mobile.

Montgomery, Aug. 17.—(Special).—Dr. Jerome Cochran, health officer of Alabama since the creation of that office eighteen years ago, died here this afternoon, after a long illness. He will be buried in Mobile.

Dr. Cochran has a national reputation as a yellow fever expert and was considered to be better posted than any other man on matters of quarantine. He was 65 years old, and leaves two sons in Texas.

Press Account.

Montgomery, Aug. 17.—Dr. Jerome Cochran, president of the Alabama State Board of Health and Dean of the medical profession in this section, died here this afternoon from kidney trouble. Dr. Cochran was born in Tennessee in 1831, and passed his early life in Marshall county, Mississippi. He graduated in medicine at Memphis and also at Nashville, and began his reputation as surgeon in the Confederate army, western division. After the war he moved to Mobile, and there commenced a special study of hygiene and public health, having charge of the yellow fever epidemic in the summer of 1878. For some years he was a member of the national yellow fever commission, when he began to establish a national reputation.

Liberty Items.

Our farmers are having some fine weather for saving their fodder and hay.

Miss Luna Jackson is visiting relatives in Georgia.

Misses Carrie Holcomb and Carrie Crane are attending the protracted meeting on Four Mile, this week.

Prof. J. A. Spearman and wife, of Four Mile, are in our community last Sunday.

The protracted meeting which was to convene here last Sunday, was postponed until the second Sunday in September.

The singing at W. A. Weldon's last Sunday night was enjoyed by all who were present. It was the good luck of your little writer to be present.

Shelby Siftings.

H. C. Dulose, of Columbiana, paid our town a flying visit last Friday morning.

J. M. Kifer has been sick with chills for the last few days.

Miss Ella Phillips, a charming Sylacauga belle, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. K. Lanning.

Capt. J. P. Christian and A. H. Avery paid Birmingham a visit last week.

Several members of D. C. Glenn's family have been sick for the last few days, but we are glad to say they are improving.

Mr. and Mrs. Bremond Bristow and son, of Shelby Springs, are visiting the parents of Mrs. Bristow, Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Harrell.

Messrs. Spears and Mosely spent Sunday visiting young lady friends in Helena.

Miss Peoples, of Montevallo, and her guest, Miss Stout, of Mobile, were the guests of Mrs. John Hall last week.

C. A. Bowles left a few days ago to visit relatives in Michigan.

Mrs. Chas. Sparks, who has been very sick, is improving.

Our very accommodating depot agent, Mr. J. K. Lanning, has moved into his new cottage near the depot.

Much to the regret of one of our pretty young ladies, Frank Avery left last week to visit relatives in Benton, Ala.

Misses Bessie Carter and Catherine Owen left Sunday to visit friends and relatives in Antauga county, Ala.

Robert Oliver and his charming sister, Miss Helen, spent last Saturday at Talladega Springs. Robert has accepted a position there as telegraph operator.

Misses Belle and Kate Huyett and Anna Milner, of Columbiana, were welcome visitors to our town Tuesday. The most charming entertainment of the season was last Friday evening's reception, given at the beautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Avery, in honor of Mr. G. H. Avery and bride.

NOT UNTIL SEPTEMBER

With the Newly Elected County Officers Receive Their Commissions From the Secretary of State.

Montgomery, Aug. 13.—(Special). The county officers elected on the 3rd inst., will not be commissioned nor take charge of their offices until September 1st. A large number of them have written the Secretary of State, requesting that their commissions be forwarded them, but he is not authorized to send them out until the date mentioned, in conformity with the act of February 1, 1893. The provision applies to all officers from justice of the peace up to sheriff. It is in order, however, for the officers-elect to get their bonds ready, and arrange to take their new places promptly on the 1st.

Farmer Waifs.

Mrs. Ella Hale is spending a few days with her mother, Mrs. Robinson.

Mr. Charlie Browning and sister, Miss Sena, spent Saturday and Sunday in Coosa and attended a singing meeting.

Mrs. Mollie Gaston is spending a few days with her relatives in Fayetteville this week.

N. N. Mosteller was in Columbiana last Thursday.

Little Erby Robinson is improving. We are glad to state, after a long illness.

Mr. and Mrs. John Merrill have just moved into their new building.

A. Worthy and Mary Lovestor were married on the 15th inst. We wish the young couple a long and happy life.

Mr. John Smith was called to the bedside of his brother this week, but before he reached his residence the angel of death had visited their home and carried home another blooming flower. He leaves a wife and two children and a host of friends to mourn his death. May God bless them in my prayer, and may the wife raise her children so that some sweet day she will go shouting home, and thus meet her loved ones there to part no more.

Mr. H. I. Williams is in Farmer this week.

PACED BY AN ENGINE.

Anderson Wheeled a Mile in 1:03--Rode a Ninety-Two Gear Bicycle.

From the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The long expected attempt of Cyclists, E. B. Anderson, to ride a mile a minute, paced by an engine, was made on the Bluff Line tracks yesterday afternoon, at Oldenburg Station, in the presence of about five hundred people. A special train, carrying about three hundred St. Louisans, left Union Station at 1:30 o'clock. Nearly as many more people were at Oldenburg when the train arrived. Most of the enthusiasts found seats on the bluffs at the finish point. Anderson made two trials before he attempted his final one. On the first trial he went half a mile at a forty miles an hour clip, without a perceptible effort. His second attempt was expected to be his final, but after going a little over half a mile, Anderson stopped pedaling. The train was then going at almost a mile a minute gait. Anderson then returned to the starting point for another trial. He was attired in a red and white bicycle costume, and wore long, black gloves, reaching all the way up his arms. He wore a pair of smoked glasses to protect his eyes from cinders. At 3:50 o'clock he gave the signal to start, and the great run had begun in earnest. As the starting point was reached, the train was going at the rate of fifty miles an hour. Anderson was riding easily behind it. After going about half the distance, he dropped back about twelve feet. A quick spurt put him directly behind the train again. Anderson hung on like grim death, and when the engine had struck the torpedo, announcing that the finishing point had been reached, Anderson was less than fifteen feet behind the coach. He then began to back pedal, and in less than a sixteenth of a mile had brought the machine to a full stop. The train returned for him and he was carried aboard amid the cheers of his friends.

Douglas W. Robert and William P. Laing were chosen as the timers. An accident to Mr. Robert's watch prevented him from getting the correct time, but Mr. Laing, who is rated as one of the best timers in St. Louis, caught the cyclist's speed at one minute and three seconds. Anderson rode a 92-gear, and, barring the last sixteenth of a mile, he experienced no trouble in keeping up with the engine. His wheel weighed nineteen pounds. Engine No. 7, which paced Anderson, is one of the fastest locomotives in the West. In less than half a mile it had attained a speed of sixty miles an hour. William Buckner, Anderson's trainer, occupied a seat in the cab, and assistant engineer, Elderle, and fireman Adamson, keeping the pace at an even rate.

Anderson said after the race to a Globe Democrat reporter that, while he was well satisfied with the result of his ride, he felt confident that he could go a mile at a minute gait, if not even faster. There is not a person who saw his great ride yesterday who disbelieves this statement, as it was plainly evident that Anderson could have kept up with the pacing, even though it had been a few seconds faster. Anderson bore no marks or bruises. He said that he rode much smoother than he did in any of his trials. His wheel stood the journey well. The cement which held the rubber tires had melted, however, and as trainer Buckner carried the machine to Anderson's training quarters after the ride, the melted cement was seen to drop to the ground.

Anderson said after the race to a Globe Democrat reporter that, while he was well satisfied with the result of his ride, he felt confident that he could go a mile at a minute gait, if not even faster. There is not a person who saw his great ride yesterday who disbelieves this statement, as it was plainly evident that Anderson could have kept up with the pacing, even though it had been a few seconds faster. Anderson bore no marks or bruises. He said that he rode much smoother than he did in any of his trials. His wheel stood the journey well. The cement which held the rubber tires had melted, however, and as trainer Buckner carried the machine to Anderson's training quarters after the ride, the melted cement was seen to drop to the ground.

Anderson said after the race to a Globe Democrat reporter that, while he was well satisfied with the result of his ride, he felt confident that he could go a mile at a minute gait, if not even faster. There is not a person who saw his great ride yesterday who disbelieves this statement, as it was plainly evident that Anderson could have kept up with the pacing, even though it had been a few seconds faster. Anderson bore no marks or bruises. He said that he rode much smoother than he did in any of his trials. His wheel stood the journey well. The cement which held the rubber tires had melted, however, and as trainer Buckner carried the machine to Anderson's training quarters after the ride, the melted cement was seen to drop to the ground.

Anderson said after the race to a Globe Democrat reporter that, while he was well satisfied with the result of his ride, he felt confident that he could go a mile at a minute gait, if not even faster. There is not a person who saw his great ride yesterday who disbelieves this statement, as it was plainly evident that Anderson could have kept up with the pacing, even though it had been a few seconds faster. Anderson bore no marks or bruises. He said that he rode much smoother than he did in any of his trials. His wheel stood the journey well. The cement which held the rubber tires had melted, however, and as trainer Buckner carried the machine to Anderson's training quarters after the ride, the melted cement was seen to drop to the ground.

Anderson said after the race to a Globe Democrat reporter that, while he was well satisfied with the result of his ride, he felt confident that he could go a mile at a minute gait, if not even faster. There is not a person who saw his great ride yesterday who disbelieves this statement, as it was plainly evident that Anderson could have kept up with the pacing, even though it had been a few seconds faster. Anderson bore no marks or bruises. He said that he rode much smoother than he did in any of his trials. His wheel stood the journey well. The cement which held the rubber tires had melted, however, and as trainer Buckner carried the machine to Anderson's training quarters after the ride, the melted cement was seen to drop to the ground.

Anderson said after the race to a Globe Democrat reporter that, while he was well satisfied with the result of his ride, he felt confident that he could go a mile at a minute gait, if not even faster. There is not a person who saw his great ride yesterday who disbelieves this statement, as it was plainly evident that Anderson could have kept up with the pacing, even though it had been a few seconds faster. Anderson bore no marks or bruises. He said that he rode much smoother than he did in any of his trials. His wheel stood the journey well. The cement which held the rubber tires had melted, however, and as trainer Buckner carried the machine to Anderson's training quarters after the ride, the melted cement was seen to drop to the ground.

Anderson said after the race to a Globe Democrat reporter that, while he was well satisfied with the result of his ride, he felt confident that he could go a mile at a minute gait, if not even faster. There is not a person who saw his great ride yesterday who disbelieves this statement, as it was plainly evident that Anderson could have kept up with the pacing, even though it had been a few seconds faster. Anderson bore no marks or bruises. He said that he rode much smoother than he did in any of his trials. His wheel stood the journey well. The cement which held the rubber tires had melted, however, and as trainer Buckner carried the machine to Anderson's training quarters after the ride, the melted cement was seen to drop to the ground.

Anderson said after the race to a Globe Democrat reporter that, while he was well satisfied with the result of his ride, he felt confident that he could go a mile at a minute gait, if not even faster. There is not a person who saw his great ride yesterday who disbelieves this statement, as it was plainly evident that Anderson could have kept up with the pacing, even though it had been a few seconds faster. Anderson bore no marks or bruises. He said that he rode much smoother than he did in any of his trials. His wheel stood the journey well. The cement which held the rubber tires had melted, however, and as trainer Buckner carried the machine to Anderson's training quarters after the ride, the melted cement was seen to drop to the ground.

Anderson said after the race to a Globe Democrat reporter that, while he was well satisfied with the result of his ride, he felt confident that he could go a mile at a minute gait, if not even faster. There is not a person who saw his great ride yesterday who disbelieves this statement, as it was plainly evident that Anderson could have kept up with the pacing, even though it had been a few seconds faster. Anderson bore no marks or bruises. He said that he rode much smoother than he did in any of his trials. His wheel stood the journey well. The cement which held the rubber tires had melted, however, and as trainer Buckner carried the machine to Anderson's training quarters after the ride, the melted cement was seen to drop to the ground.

Anderson said after the race to a Globe Democrat reporter that, while he was well satisfied with the result of his ride, he felt confident that he could go a mile at a minute gait, if not even faster. There is not a person who saw his great ride yesterday who disbelieves this statement, as it was plainly evident that Anderson could have kept up with the pacing, even though it had been a few seconds faster. Anderson bore no marks or bruises. He said that he rode much smoother than he did in any of his trials. His wheel stood the journey well. The cement which held the rubber tires had melted, however, and as trainer Buckner carried the machine to Anderson's training quarters after the ride, the melted cement was seen to drop to the ground.

Anderson said after the race to a Globe Democrat reporter that, while he was well satisfied with the result of his ride, he felt confident that he could go a mile at a minute gait, if not even faster. There is not a person who saw his great ride yesterday who disbelieves this statement, as it was plainly evident that Anderson could have kept up with the pacing, even though it had been a few seconds faster. Anderson bore no marks or bruises. He said that he rode much smoother than he did in any of his trials. His wheel stood the journey well. The cement which held the rubber tires had melted, however, and as trainer Buckner carried the machine to Anderson's training quarters after the ride, the melted cement was seen to drop to the ground.

Anderson said after the race to a Globe Democrat reporter that, while he was well satisfied with the result of his ride, he felt confident that he could go a mile at a minute gait, if not even faster. There is not a person who saw his great ride yesterday who disbelieves this statement, as it was plainly evident that Anderson could have kept up with the pacing, even though it had been a few seconds faster. Anderson bore no marks or bruises. He said that he rode much smoother than he did in any of his trials. His wheel stood the journey well. The cement which held the rubber tires had melted, however, and as trainer Buckner carried the machine to Anderson's training quarters after the ride, the melted cement was seen to drop to the ground.

Anderson said after the race to a Globe Democrat reporter that, while he was well satisfied with the result of his ride, he felt confident that he could go a mile at a minute gait, if not even faster. There is not a person who saw his great ride yesterday who disbelieves this statement, as it was plainly evident that Anderson could have kept up with the pacing, even though it had been a few seconds faster. Anderson bore no marks or bruises. He said that he rode much smoother than he did in any of his trials. His wheel stood the journey well. The cement which held the rubber tires had melted, however, and as trainer Buckner carried the machine to Anderson's training quarters after the ride, the melted cement was seen to drop to the ground.

Anderson said after the race to a Globe Democrat reporter that, while he was well satisfied with the result of his ride, he felt confident that he could go a mile at a minute gait, if not even faster. There is not a person who saw his great ride yesterday who disbelieves this statement, as it was plainly evident that Anderson could have kept up with the pacing, even though it had been a few seconds faster. Anderson bore no marks or bruises. He said that he rode much smoother than he did in any of his trials. His wheel stood the journey well. The cement which held the rubber tires had melted, however, and as trainer Buckner carried the machine to Anderson's training quarters after the ride, the melted cement was seen to drop to the ground.

Anderson said after the race to a Globe Democrat reporter that, while he was well satisfied with the result of his ride, he felt confident that he could go a mile at a minute gait, if not even faster. There is not a person who saw his great ride yesterday who disbelieves this statement, as it was plainly evident that Anderson could have kept up with the pacing, even though it had been a few seconds faster. Anderson bore no marks or bruises. He said that he rode much smoother than he did in any of his trials. His wheel stood the journey well. The cement which held the rubber tires had melted, however, and as trainer Buckner carried the machine to Anderson's training quarters after the ride, the melted cement was seen to drop to the ground.

Anderson said after the race to a Globe Democrat reporter that, while he was well satisfied with the result of his ride, he felt confident that he could go a mile at a minute gait, if not even faster. There is not a person who saw his great ride yesterday who disbelieves this statement, as it was plainly evident that Anderson could have kept up with the pacing, even though it had been a few seconds faster. Anderson bore no marks or bruises. He said that he rode much smoother than he did in any of his trials. His wheel stood the journey well. The cement which held the rubber tires had melted, however, and as trainer Buckner carried the machine to Anderson's training quarters after the ride, the melted cement was seen to drop to the ground.

Anderson said after the race to a Globe Democrat reporter that, while he was well satisfied with the result of his ride, he felt confident that he could go a mile at a minute gait, if not even faster. There is not a person who saw his great ride yesterday who disbelieves this statement, as it was plainly evident that Anderson could have kept up with the pacing, even though it had been a few seconds faster. Anderson bore no marks or bruises. He said that he rode much smoother than he did in any of his trials. His wheel stood the journey well. The cement which held the rubber tires had melted, however, and as trainer Buckner carried the machine to Anderson's training quarters after the ride, the melted cement was seen to drop to the ground.

TO OPEN.

Girl's Industrial School Will Be Launched in September.

Special to the Birmingham News.
Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 15.—The meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Girl's Industrial School, to be located at Montevallo, met here yesterday, and after some discussion, decided to open the school in September. The brick building, donated by the City of Montevallo, will be used as a school room, and pupils will board in private families until dormitories can be erected, which will be done as soon as possible.

Miss Julia Tutwiler has resigned as president of the school, and Dr. B. F. Riley, late of Howard college, at East Lake, and at present occupying the Chair of Literature in the University of Georgia, was elected to the position. Indications for a good start for the school are bright, and the friends of the school are glad some definite action has been taken in the matter.

The above is very interesting reading matter to the people of Alabama, and especially to those of Shelby county. The indomitable pluck of the good citizens of Montevallo, has at last secured, without a doubt, the Girl's Industrial School of the State. This will be a great institution for the State, and Montevallo is exactly the place for it.

For its health, beautiful scenery, and intelligence of its people, Montevallo cannot be excelled by any place of its size in the State of Alabama. The moral influence which will surround the good girls of the State who go there to be trained in the industries suited to their sex, will be splendid, and The Chronicle predicts great success for the school.

Dr. G. W. SHACKELFORD, DENTIST.

Will be at Columbiana, commencing Tuesday, August 18, for fifteen days.

Teeth Extracted Without Pain, 50 Cents. Best Set Teeth, \$10.00.

Gold and Amalgam Fillings at reasonable prices.

All work done First Class and fully warranted.

Call at Once, at the WHITE HOUSE.

G. W. SHACKELFORD, Dentist.

aug 20 2c

Lawyer—Where did you say the land was situated?

Witness—Part of it in section 13 and part in the woods.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors

and
LL
ed,
ad,
ro-
ew
(S.
III.

S,
e
S,

N.

8

The director of the mint is endeavoring to increase the monthly coinage of gold and silver at all the mints.

OFFICIAL figures on government receipts and expenditures for the last fiscal year show a deficit of \$25,203,845.

EX-CONGRESSMAN RANSOM W. DUNHAM, of Chicago, died in Springfield, Mass., on the night of the 19th, of apoplexy.

The Ohio Oil Co., the Ohio branch of the Standard, will, it is said, reduce the wages of pumpers in all the Buckeye fields from \$55 to \$50 per month.

SINCE the opening of the presidential campaign the republican congressional committee has sent out more than thirteen million political documents.

ON the 21st the O'Hara Waltham (Mass.) Dial Co. notified its employees that after August 29 the dial works would be closed indefinitely pending the advent of better times.

AN entire absence of ostentation characterized the funeral of Miss Mary Abigail Dodge (Gail Hamilton), which was held from her late home in Hamilton, Mass., on the 20th.

GOV. MATTHEWS of Indiana was able to be at his office in the state house for a short time, on the 19th, but went home as soon as he had disposed of a little pressing business. He seemed, however, to be slightly better.

THE deadlock in the sixth democratic congressional convention at Los Angeles, Cal., was broken, on the 20th, after 130 ballots had been taken, by the withdrawal of two leading candidates, and later Harry Patton, editor of the Capital, was nominated.

THE air at Binghamton, N. Y., echoed with martial music on the 19th, the occasion being the grand parade of the Union Veterans' union, one of the features of the second day session of the national encampment. There were about 500 veterans in line.

TREASURY gold reserve at the close of business on the 21st stood at \$103,228,617. The day's withdrawals at New York were \$91,700. During the previous ten days the treasury lost more than \$3,000,000 in gold at San Francisco by redemption of legal tenders.

A THIRD edition of treasury circular No. 123 was issued on the 20th. This time 30,000 copies were printed, which, with two former editions of 15,000 copies each, swell the total printed to date to 60,000. There is no apparent diminution in the demand for the circular.

W. BOURKE COCHRAN, of New York, addressed an audience of 18,000 persons in Madison Square garden, New York city, on the night of the 18th. In answer to Wm. J. Bryan's speech accepting the presidential nomination delivered in the same place one week before.

THE St. Petersburg astronomical expedition which was sent to Tornea, Finland, to observe the recent total eclipse of the sun, was very successful. Members of the expedition have telegraphed that they were able to get ten excellent photographs of the eclipse.

AMONG the distinguished callers on Maj. and Mrs. McKinley, at Canton, O., on the 11th, were Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Bland, of Missouri. The time spent at the McKinley home by Mr. and Mrs. Bland was apparently very agreeable to both the callers and to Maj. and Mrs. McKinley.

THE Detroit (Mich.) law firm of Dickinson, Thurber & Stevenson, comprised of Hon. Don M. Dickinson, Henry T. Thurber, private secretary to President Cleveland, and Elliott G. Stevenson, late chairman of the Michigan democratic state central committee, has dissolved on account of political differences.

IT was announced, on the 18th, as an absolute fact, that the prince of Naples, the crown prince of Italy, had been betrothed to Princess Helene, third daughter of the prince of Montenegro. It was announced in February last with equal positiveness that Princess Helene had been betrothed to King Alexander of Serbia.

PROF. JOSHUA DWIGHT WHITNEY, of Harvard university, died in New London, N. H., on the 19th. He had been in poor health and went to New London for a rest. He had been Sturgis-Hooper professor of geology and metallurgy at Harvard since 1865, and was a prominent member of the American association and of the National Association of Science.

THE treasury gold reserve, on the 18th, declined to \$104,834,699, the day's withdrawals being \$155,100. At Philadelphia, on the 17th, the treasury received \$15,000 in gold in exchange for the new \$5 certificates. There was deposited at the assay office in Helena, Mont., on the 18th, \$10,000 in gold bullion, which came from the Yukon river mines in Alaska. It will be coined into eagles.

AN entire locomotive plant will shortly be taken from Philadelphia to St. Petersburg, on the British steamship Laleham, which has been chartered for the purpose. The plant is to be erected at Nijni Novgorod, the commercial metropolis of the interior of the Russian empire. Contracts for machinery for the plant amounting to over \$500,000 were awarded to American manufacturers, the bulk of them going to Philadelphia firms.

IT is said that Secretary Hoke Smith, just before he left Washington to join his family at Lincoln, N. C., received a letter from President Cleveland declining to accept Mr. Smith's proffered resignation of the interior department portfolio.

THE CHRONICLE.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

VOLUME XI.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 27, 1896.

NUMBER 8.

CURRENT TOPICS.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

PRIVATE advices received in Philadelphia, on the 18th, stated that out of the crew of 21 men on board the British bark Flora P. Stafford, which was burned at sea on June 8, while on a voyage from Newcastle, N. S. W., for Manila, the mate and five sailors were unaccounted for, and the general impression is that they have perished.

THE electric lighting companies of St. Louis promise to have all lights restored in the tornado district by the 25th.

FIRE at Lancaster, Ky., on the 18th, destroyed all the buildings on the east side of the public square, including the post office. Loss, \$50,000, two-thirds of which is covered by insurance.

A DISPATCH from Athens, on the 19th, said that insurgents in Macedonia had burned two villages in the Kostoni district and massacred eighty persons.

AMONG the passengers on the steamer St. Paul, which sailed from New York, on the 19th, for Europe, were Senator-elect Joseph B. Foraker and Postmaster-General Wilson.

THE democratic state convention assembled in Pueblo, Col., on the 19th. There was a large attendance. George Thomas, who had been looked upon as the probable candidate for governor, created a sensation by sending a formal letter to the chairman positively declining to accept any nomination from the convention.

MAJ. MCKINLEY denied himself to all callers, on the 19th, and devoted the hours to the work of reading the proof of that part of his letter of acceptance which had been put into type. Almost one-half the letter had been revised.

ON the 19th a deputy state bank commissioner posted a notice on the closed doors of the Argentine (Kas.) bank, announcing that he had taken possession and that application for a receiver would be made.

A TERRIFIC boiler explosion took place in Rockland park, Rochester, N. Y., on the 19th, where a new sewer was being constructed. Contractor Wm. Fuller was blown 100 feet and probably fatally injured. John Holliday and John A. Metzger were terribly hurt, and 20 others were slightly injured.

A FRAUD order was, on the 20th, issued by the post office department against the Creditors' Beneficial association of Rockford, Ill.

THE treasury gold reserve declined, on the 20th, to \$103,933,711. The day's withdrawals were \$129,700 and for the month they aggregated \$7,750,000.

PROF. M. A. GREEN, M. A., professor of geology of the University of Oxford, died in London on the 20th.

FIRE of an unknown origin, on the night of the 19th, destroyed the residence of John Felbach in Watertown, S. D. Mr. Felbach and two daughters, Tillie, aged 10, and Hattie, aged 15, were burned to death. The mother and another daughter escaped.

THE Tomhicken Powder Co.'s mills at Derringer, Pa., exploded, on the 20th, killing E. J. Whitebread and injuring Peter Shell, Oliver Ross and John Kiech. The mills were completely wrecked, and the country surrounding was alarmed by the shock.

A HEAD-ON collision occurred, on the 20th, on the Detroit, Lansing & Northern railroad, near Fowlerville, Mich., between two passenger trains. Both engines were dented and one fireman was seriously injured. Several cars were derailed. The accident was caused by the west-bound train failing to make a siding to let the east-bound train pass.

THE funeral of Sir John Mills, president of the Royal Society, who died in London on August 18, took place in St. Paul's cathedral on the 20th.

RAY SEWELL, who for a month had been confined in the Meade county jail at Sturgis, S. D., on the charge of cattle rustling, made a desperate effort to escape, on the 20th, and was killed in an encounter with Fred Willard, a butcher of that town.

JACOB L. LUCE, a well-known farmer, committed suicide by hanging at his home, near Arkadelphia, N. J., on the 20th. The farm hands returning from the field found him hanging from a beam in the hay mow. His mind was probably unbalanced by the silver agitation, which had given him great concern.

RANSOM W. DUNHAM, of Chicago, who was visiting friends at Springfield, Mass., died suddenly of apoplexy on the night of the 19th, aged 58 years. Mr. Dunham was an ex-congressman, having served in the national house in 1864-5. He was also ex-president of the Chicago board of trade.

THE Jerusalem Celebration society, whose object is a pilgrimage of American Sunday-school children to the Holy Land in 1900, has been launched. The project is Rev. Frederick Bliss, of Chicago. Mr. Bliss was the originator of the Youths' congress of the Columbian exposition.

HARRY N. WING, book-keeper at the State savings bank, Butte, Mont., was arrested, on the night of the 20th, on the charge of embezzling funds from the bank to the amount of \$5,408. Wing is a young man with a wife and child, having been in the employ of the bank a number of years.

THE 20th was the hottest day ever experienced in Oklahoma. From noon to five o'clock the mercury indicated from 105 to 113, and the people suffered intensely, but no fatalities were reported. For a few hours parching and almost unbearable hot winds prevailed from the south.

A NEW torpedo that gives promise of wonderful destructive possibilities, and which is claimed to possess many of the elements that have heretofore been striven after in vain by torpedo builders, will be given a trial in the Potomac river at Washington by the navy department.

THE national reunion of the Barlan family at Richmond, Ind., closed on the 20th, and the next meeting goes to Chester county, Pa., on the third Wednesday in August, 1897. Heretofore these reunions have only been held every two years, but it was decided to hold another reunion next year and then every two years thereafter.

CMRS. HULDA SNELL has renounced her claims to the millions of the late Andrew J. Davis, of Butte, Mont. Mrs. Snell claimed to be the wife of the millionaire, and that he had deserted her years ago. Detective Stillwell has been working on the case for three years in Mrs. Snell's interest, and has discovered that it was another Andrew J. Davis Mrs. Snell married.

GEN. RUGER, who is in command of the department of the east, and to whom has been assigned charge of arrangements for Li Hung Chang's reception in the United States, will announce the programme for the reception of the distinguished Chinaman during the present week.

A STRANGE double fatality occurred at the National Soldiers' home in Milwaukee, on the 10th. Richard Botfield, aged 78, late of the United States navy, and William I. Gordon, late of Company D, Ninth Ohio infantry, were assisting each other up the steps of the main building, when both fell backward to the stone flagging, and were so badly hurt that they died shortly afterward.

ON the 21st a cablegram was received from Santa Catharina, Brazil, saying that the American ship Willie Rosenfeld, which sailed from New York, April 23, for San Francisco, had foundered 400 miles off the southern Brazilian coast. Two boats containing 14 persons are missing. The Rosenfeld is owned by Arthur B. Sewall & Co., of Bath, Me.

ON the 21st Amanda Douglass, aged 18, daughter of Peter Douglass, of McMinnville, Tenn., committed suicide by shooting with a revolver. She was to have been married in a few days, and was buried in her bridal dress. Trouble about the engagement caused the act.

THE American ship Gov. Goodwin, Capt. Oakes, from New York, April 29, for Che-Poo, went ashore on Princess island, in the Malay archipelago, East Indies, and is a total wreck. The crew was saved.

GOV. MATTHEWS of Indiana, upon the advice of his physicians, left Indianapolis, on the 21st, for Mackinac, Mich. He will join Mrs. Matthews at Mackinac, where she has been spending the season.

ON the 21st a boiler in the Pennsylvania railroad car shops at PAVONIA, N. J., exploded from an unknown cause. Frank Smith, a fireman, was badly scalded and will probably die. The boiler house was wrecked.

ON the 21st Mr. and Mrs. Walter Damrosch, Mrs. Truxton Beale and another lady, while on their way to the "Village Improvement Concert," at Bar Harbor, Me., where Mr. Damrosch was to play, were thrown from their carriage by the horses running away. The carriage collided with a grocery team and the inmates were thrown beneath the upturned vehicle. All except the driver were extricated unharmed. The driver was badly cut.

THE government of Switzerland, at the request of the governments of Great Britain and the United States of Colombia, has appointed three Swiss jurists to arbitrate the differences arising out of a disputed railroad concession in the republic of Colombia claimed by a British subject.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

THE amount collected under the Raines liquor law in New York continues to swell. The returns from all counties up to August 15 shows the total to be \$10,801,095. Of this amount New York city contributed \$4,905,189, Kings county \$2,124,304 and Erie county \$833,977.

AT Kansas City, Kas., on the 21st, an unknown thief entered the branch of the American Bank during the momentary absence of the cashier, opened a desk and secured \$1,000 or more in currency and made his escape.

THE total business failures in the United States were 224 the past week, six more than last week, 72 more than in the week one year ago and 13 more than in the third week of August, 1894, the period of extreme depression after panic of 1893.

THE president on the 19th appointed Col. Charles G. Sawtelle to be quartermaster general of the army, vice Gen. Batchelder retired.

FARMERS in Brookfield (Ind.) township are greatly exercised over a new disease which has broken out there. The disease has spread in three herds of over 100 head, and many of the animals are hopelessly blind and many others rapidly losing their sight.

OSCAR NEENE, the Chicago anarchist, who was pardoned for his complicity in the Haymarket riots by Gov. Altgeld, on the 19th left his wife and eloped with another woman.

SIX cars of a Rock Island train were derailed near Topeka, Kas., on the 19th, and four men riding in the cellar or feed box underneath one of the cars were crushed to death.

FRED S. ROTHACKER, who was stabbed by Attorney Charles Lundey at Cincinnati on the 17th, died on the 19th at the hospital from the effect of the wound.

FIRE at Lancaster, Ky., on the 18th, destroyed every building on the east side of the square.

ACCORDING to advices received in Philadelphia on the 18th, ten of the crew of twenty-two men of the British bark Flora P. Stafford, which burned at sea several weeks ago, perished.

EUGENE BURT, who is wanted in Austin, Tex., for the murder of his wife and two children about a month, was arrested in Chicago on the 18th.

HENRY WILD, a peddler, shot and killed his wife at Louisville, Ky., on the 18th, and then blew out his own brains.

CANDOR OF MR. BRYAN.

The Democratic Candidate Is Above Deception and Dishonesty.

The republican organs parade as damaging to the democratic candidate the telegraphic correspondence of Mr. Bryan and Senator Jones concerning the populist nomination and the reports of his stubborn determination to let the populists know where he stands.

The effect of Mr. Bryan's attitude and utterances is undoubtedly the opposite of that hoped for by these organs. The publication of the Bryan-Jones correspondence did Mr. Bryan more good than harm, and all that he may say in line with his determination to meet the populists with perfect candor is beneficial to him.

The American people admire frankness and honesty. They abhor trickery and deceit in politics. The public man who speaks his mind and disdains to profit by deception or hypocrisy earns their respect, as the public man who shows himself willing to profit or trickery receives their contempt.

It may not have been good politics in the narrow sense of apparent temporary advantage for Mr. Bryan to tell the populists that he did not want and could not accept their nomination on the terms with which it was offered, but it was good politics in the broadest and best sense. It was the kind of politics that gains honor and confidence for a man and that wins in the long run.

Mr. Bryan's desire to deal frankly with the populists and to give them an opportunity to act with a clear conception of his own position was altogether creditable. It showed him to be a man of honest dealing rather than win it by consenting to a misconception or to a course that might savor of deception or dishonesty. The feeling of party resentment which might be felt

MR. HANNA CALLS ON MR. WANAMAKER.



against a man who is willing to sacrifice a political opportunity to conscience must yield to a feeling of respect for his courage and probity.

The populists know now that if their representatives voted for Mr. Bryan's nomination under a misunderstanding of the situation the democratic candidate was not a party to the misunderstanding. They know that if the populist convention acted without a clear knowledge of the consequences the convention was kept from securing that knowledge by its own officers and not by the man who was most concerned and most anxious that the convention should act with a full knowledge of all the circumstances bearing upon its action.

The revelation of Mr. Bryan's attitude and wishes cannot fail to win him the respect not only of the populists, who are chiefly concerned in this matter, but of all men who love honesty and courage.—St. Louis Republic.

Said William McKinley, speaking in the house of representatives on June 24, 1896: "I am for the largest use of silver in the currency of the country. I would not dishonor it; I would give it equal credit and honor with gold. I would make no discrimination. I would utilize both metals as money and disreput neither. I want the double standard." The official report of these words may be found on page 6,447 of volume 21 of the Congressional Record. Six years after uttering those words William McKinley turned his coat in order to get the republican nomination for the presidency. How much confidence can the people place in a man who will eat his own words in order to get a nomination?—Helena (Mont.) Independent.

Unfortunately "financial glutony" is not confined to mere business speculation, where its effects are bad enough, but has shown itself in politics, where its influence has been far more disastrous to the material welfare of the people and detrimental to national morals. The protective tariff system, started as a sincere, although misguided, effort to promote the general welfare, injected an element of greed into politics which soon turned a policy of mild incidental protection into a business of public plunder. Gluttony organized into trusts and combines, essayed to control the legislation of the country and culminated in the riot of bounty robbery which prevailed under the McKinley law.—St. Louis Republic.

"THE PAUPER CANDIDATE."

Despicable Methods of Republicans and Disgraced Democrats.

The enemies of democracy have already begun a campaign of abuse. No language is too vile, no epithet too coarse for them in speaking of the men nominated by the Chicago convention. Mr. James Gordon Bennett, editor and proprietor of the New York Herald, many times a millionaire and a resident of Europe because the country that made him rich is not good enough for him, has generally had the grace to support the democratic ticket. But, following the lead of the disgruntled Dana, his paper has bolted the nominations and left the democratic ranks. To make the defection more disgusting, it copied that perfect specimen of shifting sophistry, the Sun editorial declaring for McKinley, and added "me too," virtually acknowledging its inability to frame a declaration of its own, exhibiting bad judgment and lack of originality as well. But the climax was reached when the Herald printed the following sentence:

"Bryan is a pauper of the west; he has not a dollar and is proud of his poverty."

This vile and foolish attack gives to the democracy a campaign phrase of irresistible force. Mr. Bryan may not be rich, but he has never begged his bread and has always worked honorably for it. In this he is a typical American citizen. In this he is a representative of the true American ideal. In this, too, he differs from McKinley and his followers. He has not allowed other men to pay his debts. He has not sold himself, body and soul, to a syndicate of millionaires. He is not rich, it is true, and to be poor because he scorned the methods that have made his enemies rich is a thing to be proud of. To style him a pauper because he lacks the ill-gotten gains the Ohio syndicate is scattering broadcast for corruption pur-

POINTS AND OPINIONS.

The democratic campaign will be one of education. That of the republicans will be one of vilification.—St. Louis Republic.

The Hanna "object lesson" reached its zenith at Homestead in 1892, and there was a decided echo at the polls that year.—N. Y. Journal.

J. Pierpont Morgan as a McKinley advocate is a shining mark. The financier who shared in a profit of \$10,000,000 in one bond issue ought to be an effective campaigner for the gold standard.—St. Louis Republic.

Some people are going to vote for Mr. Bryan simply because they like a man with the courage of his convictions. Some people are going to vote against McKinley simply because they don't like a trimmer.—Albany Argus.

The campaign biography of McKinley traces his ancestry back to "Constantine Macduff, earl of Fife, who killed Macbeth, thus by heroic conduct creating the basis for Shakespeare's immortal tragedy." This ought to catch the jingo vote.—Utica Observer.

The republicans have not formally renounced their hope of carrying at least one southern state, but since the democratic victories in Alabama and Tennessee the talk of breaking the solid south has ceased, and mighty little is being said about the solid west.—Kansas City Times.

If the gold men thought they could elect McKinley thereby they could undoubtedly raise a campaign fund of \$100,000,000 in Europe alone, but the gold men keep pretty well informed and they know that the single gold standard has reached the end of its string in the United States.—Wheeling Register.

Mr. Hanna appears to be meeting with some success in trying out fat in New York. But some day those who are thus blackmailed may find that it is a good deal cheaper to pay a reasonable income tax in support of the government than it is to make unreasonable contributions to support political bossism.—N. Y. World.

DUN'S COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

Political Events Without Definite Influence on Business—Grain Advances by Speculation Owing to Reports of Injury to Growing Crops—The Boot and Shoe and Iron Industries Continue Depressed—Wool Dull.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—R. G. Dun & Co. say to-day in their weekly review of trade:

Failures for the week have been 280 in the United States, against 222 last year, and 27 in Canada, against 43 last year.

Political events of the week had no definite influence upon business prospects, for the phenomenal variations in sterling exchange and the beginning of imports of gold, although following the great meeting in Madison Square Garden on Tuesday, may be fairly attributed to the accumulating excess of merchandise exports over imports, to which attention has been repeatedly called; exports from New York for the past two weeks having been 20 per cent. larger, and imports here 21 per cent. smaller than last year. The rapid movement of grain and the unusually early marketing of cotton tend strongly to aid the banking syndicate which has undertaken to regulate foreign exchanges.

Withdrawals of money to the interior are rather large, and commercial loans are hard to place, and this difficulty checks many new enterprises and business in many departments. Bank clearings are small for the week, 13 per cent. less than last year. Railroad earnings are not as good as might be expected for the first half of August, exceeding those of last year by only 3.4 per cent.

Speculation has advanced wheat over one cent during the week; corn a small fraction and cotton five eighths, the principal motive power being reports of injury to growing crops.

The boot and shoe industry is rapidly nearing the end of past orders excepting in women's grain and buff shoes, of which there are still orders for some weeks to come, while others are constantly received; but in other branches the new business is light. Prices are a shade lower. Leather is weaker with a small demand, although restricted supplies have caused a shade of advance in some kinds. Hides at Chicago averaged more than three per cent. lower for the week again, the fall in the past five weeks having averaged about 25 per cent.

The iron and steel manufacture has only continued depression to report and Bessemer pig has sold at \$10.40 at Pittsburgh, while Southern No. 1 is offered at prices equivalent to \$10 at New York and nearly all finished products are being sold below the current quotations. There is rapid curtailments of production, but in spite of this the supply of finished products appears to greatly exceed the demand for them. The one bright spot is a sale of 9,000 tons steel rails to Japan, for refitting railways in that country, which makes an aggregate of 45,000 tons exported this year.

Nothing encouraging can yet be said regarding the woolen manufacture, and the demand for goods, even at recent reductions in prices, is still disappointingly small. A heavy auction sale of cotton goods brought prices which were considered quite encouraging, and the current demand is fairly maintained, although the mills are not inclined to make large contracts for the future in view of the rise in the raw material. In general the working force in the textile branches does not appear to have increased.

A HARROW-TOOTH CASE

In Which the Defendants Are Sustained in Violating Their Contract.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 22.—Judge Acheson, in the United States circuit court, yesterday rendered an opinion in favor of the defendants in the suit of the National Harrow Co., of Jersey City, N. J., against Hench & Drombold, of York, Pa. The suit was brought to enforce license contracts for the manufacture and sale of non-lever float spring to other harrows, and lever float spring to harrows. The decision is important to the entire harrow industry of the United States.

When the case was brought, attorneys for the prosecution contended that the defendants, after joining a combination which included practically all of the manufacturers of float spring tooth harrows, violated their agreements in a number of cases, and that they sold harrows at less than the prices fixed by the combination. The defendants urged that the combination was an illegal combination of manufacturers, and that the license contracts were illegal, as being in restraint of trade. The decision supports the contention of the defendants.

TO CARRY OIL

Proposed New Pipe Line From Northern Indiana to Chicago.

CHICAGO, Aug. 22.—It is stated that Michael and John Cudahy, the well-known millionaire packers of this city, have bought the entire plant of the Northern Indiana Oil Co. in Ams and Wells counties, Ind., and intend building a pipe line from the wells into this city. It is said they have already ordered 170 miles of six-inch pipe, and that work will be started on the line as soon as possible. It is understood that the investment, outside of the purchase price of the wells, involves about \$1,500,000. No details of the deal have yet been given out.

A WOUNDED PRISONER

Identified as One of the Most Notorious Burglars in the Country.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—The man who lies wounded in the Long Island hospital in Brooklyn, and who is believed to be one of the men engaged in the postoffice burglary at Bedford Station, N. Y., was identified yesterday morning by Detective Sergeant McCauley, of this city, as John Offshore, alias John Clare, alias George Price, one of the most notorious postoffice burglars in the country. The man is a prisoner at the hospital.

SOUTHERN GLEANINGS.

Severe Storm in Alabama.

A fearful wind storm passed near Terry, in Dublin beat, Dallas county, Ala. About three o'clock in the afternoon black clouds were driven over the heavens from the north, and in an incredibly short time the storm was on. Trees were uprooted and many were twisted from their stumps and carried through the air with fearful force. Fences and outhouses were blown down. William Morrow's smokehouse, kitchen and dining-room were carried away. Fortunately, the family was in the front of the house and escaped. Great damage was done on the plantations of Messrs. D. P. Miller and James Milson. The path of the storm was nearly half a mile wide, and crops were completely destroyed. It is considered miraculous that no lives were lost, and that no live stock was killed.

Held Up by the Thresher Gang.

Bart Thrasher, the noted Bibb county (Ala.) outlaw and desperado, who recently killed Deputy-Sheriff Griffin Bass at Hooton, Ala., accompanied by four companions, with red masks on, broke into the room of the officials at the Belle Ellen coal mines, in Bibb county, the other night, and ordered Timekeeper George Jackson, Physician John Hendrix and Superintendents Hubert, Charles and Arthur Debardeleben to throw up their hands. The robbers expected to find the money which is to be used on the monthly pay-rolls, but they only secured seven dollars out of the lot.

Wholesale Capture of Desperados.

In Franklin county, Va., revenue officers made a raid on a noted band of outlaws and captured 12 of them, including some of their leaders. No blood was shed, but the officers were repeatedly fired on by the remaining outlaws as they came out of the mountains.

An effort was made July 18 to capture these men, but they routed the officers, shooting the horses from under some of them and killing one of the guides. Among those in custody are the Martin and Atkins brothers, Calvin Moore and a man named Brogan, all of whom are noted outlaws in that section of the state.

Fell Asleep on a Track.

While out fox hunting, near Owensboro, Ky., a party of hunters, while exhausted, lay down alongside the Louisville, Henderson & St. Louis railroad tracks at 2 a. m. to wait for their hounds, which had gone in a thicket on a trail. The men were so tired they all fell asleep and were not awakened until west-bound freight train came along at 2:30 o'clock. William Coverts, white, was badly hurt about the leg, and lost an arm. Charles Watkins, a negro, was instantly killed. The others escaped.

Murdered His Fleeting Wife.

Henry Will, a peddler, shot and killed his wife in Louisville, Ky., and then blew out his own brains. He also made a desperate attempt to take the life of his son Willie, but the bullet went wide of its mark. The murder was a particularly atrocious one, and at the time she was shot the poor woman was pleading with her drunken husband to go home and try to do better. The son was the only witness of the tragedy.

Announced His Destination.

Frederick Higginbotham committed suicide, near Defunk Springs, Fla., by drowning in Yellow river. Higginbotham, with a number of friends, was bathing in the river, and he seemed to be in high spirits. Suddenly he sprang on the raft from which they had been diving and shouted: "Good-by, boys, I'm going to h—l."

Rain and Hail.

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, AUGUST 27, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year \$4.00
One copy six months \$2.00

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Southern Railway.
NEW SCHEDULE.
No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 3:28 p.m.
No. 16, passenger, leaves going north, 11:37 a.m.
No. 63, local, leaves going south, 7:45 a.m.
No. 64, local, leaves going north, 1:20 p.m.

Post Office.
Mail closes..... 11:57 a.m.
Trains close, 1:30 p.m. and 3:28 p.m.
Mails open 1:30 p.m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 3:28 p.m.

LOCAL VIVISCOPE.

W. J. Cannon, of Sylacauga, spent Wednesday here.

J. W. Kidd, of Harpersville, gave us a pleasant call this week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Bell, of Vincent, were in the city this week.

Miss Ethel McMath, of Montevallo, is a guest of Miss Edna Nelson this week.

Charley Seabrook, of Childersburg, is a guest of his aunt, Mrs. L. Armstrong.

Miss Eva Weaver returned home this week from a visit to relatives in Calera.

Miss Mary Brown, a charming young lady of Shelby Springs, spent Monday in our city.

Col. Bran and family, of Sylacauga, have moved into the Wimpee house on East College street.

Captain W. H. Bell, of Shelby, passed through town today on his way to visit his former home in Dallas county.

Miss Grace Walker who has been with her sister, Mrs. T. J. Weaver, left Wednesday for her home in Jacksonville.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Johnston returned home Tuesday from a week's visit to Rev. T. P. Roberts' family in Easonville.

FOR SALE—A fine farm of 120 acres. Will sell either 40 or 80 or both, to suit buyer. Terms easy. Apply for full particulars to editor of Chronicle.

County court has been in session all the week, and so far about twelve cases have been tried, besides a number not pressed and dismissed.

Jim Seale has returned to Columbiana to stay. Of course we are all glad. Jim is one of our boys, and has been in business in Childersburg for the past two years.

Rev. John McLane, of Marshall, Texas, filled the pulpit at the Methodist church Sunday morning and evening. He preached two most instructive sermons.

Married, this morning at 10:30 a. m. at the residence of James Evans in this place, W. B. Dever to Miss Nettie P. Leonard, both of Longview, Rev. C. W. O'Hara, officiating.

DIED.—At the home of her brother, Evander Morrison, on Monday last, Miss Maggie Morrison, daughter of the late Kenneth Morrison. The sympathy of the community goes out to the bereaved ones.

We hear it rumored that Goldburg & Lewis, of Talladega, contemplate opening a clothing store here, but as yet we can give no definite information as diligent inquiry has failed to develop anything positive.

The Columbiana Free School will open September 14th, so we were informed yesterday by Prof. Greek. There is little doubt that the attendance will be even larger than last year, and that wasn't bad by any means—200.

Dr. J. G. Parker, than whom cannot be found a cleverer, or more accommodating druggist, was taken seriously sick last week, but we are glad to learn that he is now on the road to recovery, and we trust will soon be at his post again.

City Tax Notice.

The taxes for the city of Columbiana, for the year 1896, will be due September 15, 1896. All persons due the city will call at the mayor's office and settle same. Tax will be delinquent after November 1, 1896, and extra cost will be added if not paid before.

JOHN T. CROWWELL,
City Marshal and Tax Collector.

Upon inquiry we ascertain that the following officers who were elected on August 3rd, have failed to qualify, and that the judge of probate has certified the vacancies to the Governor: W. P. Hale, justice peace beat 2; David B. Lacy, justice peace beat 6; W. E. Millender, constable beat 10; B. R. Smith, constable beat 11; Isaac W. Johnson, justice peace beat 12; E. W. Attaway, Jr., justice peace beat 13; W. P. Cox, constable beat 13; M. P. Nalors, constable beat 16; Job Morgan and S. D. Gunnels, justices peace beat 18; Sam Isbell, constable beat 18.

Shelby County Matrimonial Bureau.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Since the last issue of the Chronicle the following marriage licenses have been issued:

Thomas P. Read and Ella Saterwhite, of Saginaw.

W. B. Dever and Nettie P. Leonard, of Longview.

James F. Brown and Louisiana Morris, of Wilsonville.

Jake Harper and Margie Nelson, of Montevallo.

James McDaniel and Elizabeth Driskell, of Gurnee.

D. D. Atkinson and Abbie Horditch, of Gurnee.

Mitchell Evans and Elton Dickerson, of near Weldon.

Jeff Hale to Mary Wooley, (colored) of near Calera.

Wilsonville Waifs.

Miss Osie Wilson, of Fayetteville, is visiting the Misses Bolin.

Miss Grenna Wallace, of Sylacauga, is the guest of her cousin's family.

Dr. Lightcap, of Talladega, is in town this week plugging our peoples teeth, on "a gold and silver basis." In other words, he's taking the gold and silver out of their pockets and putting it in their mouths.

The Baptist meeting was begun here Sunday by the pastor, Rev. McCord.

Monday evening Rev. Wood, of Pratt City, came over to assist us in having a revival. There is much need of a good meeting here, and we hope this people will have one such as Harpersville experienced last week. With these two ministers of God at the front and the christian people to hold up their hands, the closing services will promise to be something grand, in the way of "gathering in the sheaves."

The Social Purity Literary League had a revival of interest last Friday night. The program drafted for next meeting may be rightly termed, "an hour among the poets and poetesses." Come out next Friday night, whether you belong to the poetic or prosaic class of people.

Henry Jackson biked it down to Columbiana last week.

Many nice hay rides were participated in by the young people during the protracted meeting at Harpersville last week.

Bourgeois.

Harpersville Echoes.

Cotton picking has begun in good earnest.

Miss Minnie Webb, of Atlanta, is visiting our community.

Ike Green is improving very fast and will be well in a few days.

Mr. Whittle did some powerful preaching last week, which will never be forgotten by a great many.

Deputy Sheriff was in town one day last week.

Miss Green, of Columbiana, who sold books here last spring, was around last week delivering them.

Mr. Whittle gave us one of his famous lectures at the Baptist church Monday night, to about 250 people. I shall not attempt to describe it, only say that it was splendid, but as for our part I had much rather hear him preach.

Rev. Mr. Roberts will preach at the Methodist church Sunday.

The splendid rain which fell here Monday night was thankfully received.

Everybody and his daddie is engaged today (Tuesday) sowing turnips.

Mr. Edrorn—I have been telling you some about politics and other different things which have happened in and around Harpersville. And now with your permission, I will tell of one of the best meetings which closed at the Baptist church Monday. The meeting was conducted by that man of God, Rev. W. A. Whittle, of Birmingham, who did all of the preaching (sixteen sermons), and such preaching we never listened to, nor our community was never blessed with the privilege of hearing. He captured the attention of the entire people at the beginning and held it until the ending. There were scores of conversions. Church members were greatly revived, and 26 additions to the church. Among the number was a man and wife who have a son that is a preacher and has been at the Howard three years. Men who had been at "outs" with each other for a long time, met and with tears in their eyes and love in their hearts agreed to forgive and forget. Mr. Whittle is a great preacher, a great revivalist, and has a warm place in the hearts of all our people, and may he live long, and may a bright light continue to illuminate his pathway and may he wear many crowns of which he so richly deserves. The greatest crowd that ever gathered at the pool was there Monday to witness baptism which was administered by Mr. Whittle, the pastor, Rev. Mr. Giles, having left on Saturday for his church at Eden, where he is holding a meeting this week. The congregations at night were estimated at between five and six hundred, and on several occasions there was over a hundred people who offered themselves for prayer. Better attention nor better order never prevailed anywhere.

JAKE.

A Valuable Prescription.

Editor Morrison, of Worthington, Ind., "Sun," writes: You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Steble, 2525 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat or digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents and \$1.00. Get a bottle at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

Things Said.

WOMAN AS SHE IS.

O woman, in our hours of ease, Uncertain, coy, and hard to please; But at rest, where men are few, You like each blessed thing we do.

—Chicago Record.

Chawley Gotocks—"My dearest Margaret, I love you tenderly, devotedly. Your smiles would shed—"

Margaret—"Never mind the wood-shed. How about a residence built for two?"—Washington Times.

THE CONSCIENCE FUND.

Penitents Square Their Honesty to the Government.

Washington Special to Chattanooga Times.

It was in 1867 that the books of the treasury were opened with an account which was labeled, "The Conscience Fund." Francis E. Spinner, then treasurer of the United States, received during his regime, the sum of \$6,000 in bonds, accompanied by a note stating that the amount was due to the government, having been improperly retained by the sender some years before, and that a troublesome conscience caused the restitution of the money. There was no fund into which the money could be turned, and so an account was opened, and has remained open until the present day, when, as the fact becomes more generally known, the contributions are increasing in proportion, until now many thousands of dollars are received annually by the treasury department in this way. Prior to this year amounts varying from \$5,000 to \$8,000 had been received, but the largest amount was sent several months ago. This consisted in a bill of exchange for £2,030, or nearly \$15,000, drawn on a New York bank in favor of the secretary of the treasury by the Rev. Mr. Barff, vicar of the church, of St. Giles, Cripplegate, London. The Rev. Mr. Barff, is not, however, the person whose conscience had been afflicted, for he stated in his note to the secretary of the treasury that he had been asked by a gentleman who would not reveal his identity, to forward the money to the United States.

There are many ways in which these conscience-stricken subjects of Uncle Sam return money to the treasury department, and not a few of the letters sent form most curious and interesting reading. In many cases the sums are enclosed in envelopes with nothing on the outside but the postmark of the town from which they were sent to reveal the whereabouts of the sender, most of them labeled simply, "Conscience Fund, Treasury Department, Washington." The envelopes frequently contain nothing else but the money in the form of notes and perhaps a piece of paper attached to them on which is roughly scrawled, sometimes in pencil in a disguised hand, "Conscience," "A Penitent," or "Money wrongfully taken." Many of the notes received at the treasury department would seem to indicate that the penitent is under the influence of some strong emotion, such as the effects of the confessional or the possibility of near approaching death, and indeed some of the notes have stated that such was the case. More recently, however, the money is returned to the government by people who, having been in doubt for some years as to the honesty of some past action, take this means of obeying the promptings of their better natures. The bulk of the letters are, of course, for small amounts, many of them so small and the cause of the sending so apparently needless that they indicate more than ordinarily sensitive natures. The people at the treasury department, however, by giving the amounts received occasional publication in the larger newspapers, are given publicity to the conditions of such an account at the department, and the result is that many consciences are having loads of various proportions lifted from them to the great good and benefit of the treasury department. The amounts of these receipts are, of course, small, but Francis E. Skinner, who started the "Conscience Fund," once said that if all the big rascals had followed the example of the smaller ones who have contributed to the "Conscience Fund," the national debt could easily have been lifted long ago. Unfortunately, Treasurer Spinner's statement has had no chance of verification at the treasury department, for the big rascals are not the ones to pass sleepless nights over their misdoings unless there is a chance of the discovery of their crimes.

The people in charge of the correspondence at the treasury department think that the mode in which the recent large \$15,000 contribution was sent is the most satisfactory one. In the cases of many of the persons who have sent to the treasury department envelopes containing money and no clue whatever to their identity, there would be no possible chance of identification should their previous misdoing be discovered and the fact of restitution be brought forward by them as a mitigating circumstance, or a recommendation to clemency should they be convicted. As it is, the government endeavors in some way to acknowledge the receipt of these sums of money by publication in a newspaper in the city or county printed on the postmark. This cannot, however, always be done, and more frequently than not the sender of the money has no knowledge that the sum of money forwarded has reached the destination for which it was intended. In the case of the \$15,000 recently received, should the unknown person who confided the money to the Rev. Mr. Barff be apprehended, he would be able to prove by identification by that gentleman that he had returned the money to the government and would, therefore, probably not suffer so severe a penalty as if he had disregarded the promptings of his better self. Small sums are now frequently received in this way, many of them from Catholic priests, whose penitents have made confession and desired to make restitution, the one being useless without the other. Several months ago a Boston priest wrote to the treasury department stating that one of his parishioners had wronged the government of the sum of \$50 some years ago, and that now, on the point of death, he could not die at peace with the

world without sending the money. The money was sent to the treasury department with compound interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum. The priest, however, did not reveal the name of the penitent, signing merely his own name at the bottom of the epistle.

The largest contribution received during last year was a note for \$465, drawn in Montreal on a bank in New York. The outside of the envelope bore the name of the secretary of the treasury in very good handwriting. Inside a name was signed, without doubt a fictitious one. Last year two notes, one for \$40 and the other for \$50 were received from the same person. The only other paper in the envelope was a slip bearing the fictitious name and the words: "The enclosed belongs to the United States." The smallest remittance ever received was one cent. This was sent by a person who called himself "Beggar Jimmy." Here is rather an amusing letter which accompanied a five-cent piece the other day:

"Sir—A clear conscience softens the hardest bed, a proverb says, and as I am a poor government clerk my bed is very hard and needs much softening, so I herewith return money which I cannot conscientiously keep, having loafed considerably the other day.

Yours, respectfully,

C. H. M.

Here is another one of a similar character, which was received several years after the conscience account was opened:

"Sir: The Enclosed Dilapidated 10 cent is from a Conscience Stricken Soldier who received just that money Bounty than he ought to in 1862, and as the last act Passed by our Noble and Generous Congress gives an extra 100 Dollars why he is afraid he will get too much under the last act you will oblige him very much by investing the Enclosed 10 cents Fractional Currency in the Great National Soldier's Gift-Concert and Draw a Brick House (if you can) and give it to the Penians. Yours truly,

Ho Bo."

The communications of not a few of the correspondents of the treasury department, if nothing else, indicate highly sensitive natures and a delicate appreciation of right and wrong. A little girl sent the following to the President of the United States: "To His Majesty, President Cleveland: "Dear President—I am in a dreadful state of mind and I thought I would write and tell you all. About two years ago, as near as I can remember it was two years, I used two postage stamps that had been used before on letters, perhaps more than two stamps, but can only remember of doing it twice. I did not realize what I had done until lately. My mind is constantly turned on that subject, and I think of it night and day. Now, dear President, will you please forgive me, and I promise you I will never do it again. Enclosed find cost of three stamps and please forgive me, for I was then but 13 years old, for I am heartily sorry for what I have done.

"From One of Your Subjects:"

A dime was sent into the fund the other day with a long letter, unsigned which stated that the penitent had, when a boy, received a letter upon which the 3-cent postage stamp escaped the canceller. He had removed the uncanceled stamp and used it, thus cheating the government out of 3 cents. This crime had been committed twenty years before, but the person wrote that it had never ceased troubling him. Ten cents was enclosed to pay the compound interest on 3 cents, which he imagined would amount to about 7 cents.

Whether the following letter would indicate a sensitive nature or not could better be answered by the hundreds of officers employed in the army, navy and civil life by the government whose offices carry with them certain perquisites:

"Boston, Feb. 15, 1866.—Sir:—Enclosed is a check for \$190. I will briefly explain why it is there. I have been in the United States service and a part of the time with rank which entitled me to two servants. I drew pay for two, but actually had but one. It was the common practice of officers to do this and the paymasters were well aware of it. But, though I do not think it exactly a wrong to the government, it is yet a wrong, and I have always regretted doing it. I entered the army poor and sick—too poor, in fact, to get along well without a clear conscience.

"But it is right for the government to hold up such a premium to her officers to evasion of the exact truth? Ask tens of thousands who have done as I did, this question. Very respectfully,

"JOHN L. MARKHAM."

"P. S.—The above is estimated for seven months, with interest at 7-10. I hardly need say that the name is assumed."

There follows another of the same character:

"To the Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.

"I transmit herewith \$91.30, money that my conscience tells me I cannot keep—commutation money for a servant that I exacted when I was not entitled to it and not having a servant employed. I was a quartermaster, captain and A. Q. M., and having 'contrabands' employed in the department, I used one as my servant also, which was wrong. I sent the money, with interest at 7-10 per cent. Also commutation for a servant for twenty days while I was not on duty and had no servant employed.

Respectfully,

"Amount, \$91.30."

"These letters are believed to have been inspired by a genuine sense of wrong, but the department is in receipt of a great number of communi-

cations enclosing very small amounts, which, from their general character, lead to a belief that they are the products of disordered and feeble minds, who imagine that they are under obligations to the government or have trumped up some fancied grievance or wrong-doing for which they take this manner of atoning. They are the reverse of the crank so familiar to the people of Washington, who has an imaginary claim on a fancied grievance.

No small amount of money is received annually from smugglers. In fact, it is believed that much money has been received from ladies and gentlemen who have succeeded, after returning from foreign countries, in passing through the custom house various prohibited articles in their baggage. Here is a letter from a smuggler at Hartford, Conn., who enclosed the sum of \$40:

"Dear Sir:—Though I disapprove as heartily as you of the recent tariff laws, I think it the duty of every honest man to declare fully the duty of articles subject to the same, as he can only avoid doing so by perjuring himself. I did so when I returned from Europe, with the exception of a few trifles, which, if examined, would have involved putting about the contents of my trunk to the injury of my property, but with the intention of sending the full duty thereon to you."

Continuing, the writer hopes that the secretary will have the present laws altered, and winds up by saying: "I hope this loss on account of economic ignorance which they display than because of the terrible demoralization which they have powerfully aided to bring about.

Very respectfully,

"A. B. C."

His Hard Luck.

The Kentucky coloney had just been rescued from a watery grave in the bottom of the Mississippi river.

"Where am I?" he asked, freely, as he opened his eyes.

"Safe on shore," replied one of the rescuers.

"On which side of the river?"

"The Iowa side."

For a moment the news seemed to overcome him, and he turned sorrowfully toward the river.

"Just my luck to land in a prohibition state," he said, with a sigh.

"Throw me in again."—Chicago Post.

"They must have had a cyclone over at Newriches' last week."

"What makes you think so?"

"Mr. Newriches said they had their monogram blown into every piece of glass in the house."—Detroit Free Press.

"Pa," said little Johnny, "what's a matrimonial bureau?"

"Oh," replied pa, "I guess it must be one in which the husband is allowed to put his things only in one corner of the top drawer."—New York Press.

"What's this I hear about the plumber and the paperhanger in the next square? Have they been exchanging houses?" "Not exactly. They did a lot of work for each other, and each had to take the other's house for his pay."—Tit-Bits.

IF YOU USE TOBACCO INVEST YOUR MONEY IN LYON & CO'S PICK LEAF EXTRA SMOKING TOBACCO

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the golden belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DUNHAM, N. C.

PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, COPYRIGHTS.

CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. \$3 a year. Single copies sent free.

Building Edition, monthly, \$5.00 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

Dr. G. W. SHACKELFORD, DENTIST.

Will be at Columbiana commencing Tuesday, August 15, for Fifteen Days.

Teeth Extracted Without Pain, 50 Cents. Best Set Teeth, \$10.00.

Gold and Amalgam Fillings at reasonable prices.

All work done First Class and fully warranted.

Call at Once, at the WHITE HOUSE.

G. W. SHACKELFORD, Dentist.

aug 20 21

Estray Notice.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Notice is hereby given that B. F. Dawson, of Bridgton, Ala., did, on the 30th day of July, 1896, take up about his plantation an estray one horse mule, about 8 years old, mouse color, about 13 hands high, with a black stripe down the back and under the belly, and a little white-faced. Said estray proceedings were had before J. W. Farley, Esq., of Bridgton, Alabama, a justice of the peace.

This August 14, 1896.

D. R. McMillan, Judge of Probate.

aug 7 9w

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES,

Silks, Satins, Chally, Dimities, Henriettas, Nuns Veiling, and Lawns,

And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnishings We're Headquarters as Usual.

Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00.

Wishing every body success, we beg to remain,

Yours Respectfully,

THE RACKET STORE,

SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Propr's.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWN, J. T. LEEPER,
BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

That Tired Feeling!

Nobody is particularly anxious to spend his money. Everybody has to. Your wants must be satisfied and it takes money to do it. A person is not apt to look cheerful over the prospect of spending money. Lots of buying is done with a long face. This is all wrong. I offer a change for the better.

You Feel Relieved—

The minute you see our Grand Stock of New and Popular Goods it looks fresh and desirable. The first glance shows you that you are on the right track. No mistake about this being a modern up-to-date line of goods. You wake up to the fact that you have got into the right store.

The Feeling Grows—

When you commence to go into details, you feel as if the goods were bought on purpose for you. No trouble to make a satisfactory selection; it gets down to a question which is the most satisfactory.

Trouble is Forgotten

When you learn our prices, they are always at the low-water mark. We don't give goods away—we can't. We can sell goods very low—we do. This is a fact. We might brag about it, but what's the use—a word to the wise is sufficient. It's as true as truth that we sell goods cheap—we prove it.

Happiness is Supreme

When you get just what you want at less than you expected to pay—we are treating customers to this kind of a surprise every day. We sell you a good article and let you off cheap. You will find our selections choice, our goods reliable, and prices satisfactory. A fair deal makes the buyer happy—we give it. To spend money and be happy at the same time go to

S. STARK.

Shelby, Ala.

J. B. Lewis & Co. SHOES

\$4.00 \$3.00 \$2.50

These shoes fit to perfection and wear as long as the best of leather can. They're cheap, the most comfortable of footwear. They always manage to let in air and keep out water.

Surely Your Dealer Sells Them.

FOR SALE BY
Lester, Mason & Co.

A FOOLISH MAN

Is he who declares he never pays any attention to statements made in newspaper advertisements. What other way have I of attempting to convince you that I can shoe your horse in up-to-date style and at a price moderate that you will be ready with the cash the moment the job is done.

Repair Work a Specialty.

Nothing but good, honest work turned out of my shop. Can sharpen a plow while you wait. In fact I do any and all kinds of work that any blacksmith or wheelwright is supposed to do; and, further, I will appreciate your patronage.

TRY ME ONCE FOR LUCK

W. M. ALBRIGHT,
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Scientific American Agency for PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York City. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American.

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No reselling can be done without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year; \$1.00 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York City.

Everybody Welcome
To take advantage of the lowest rate ever made to St. Paul and Minneapolis, on the occasion of the Thirtieth Annual Encampment of the G. A. R., the first week in September. Only one cent per mile for the round trip is the rate made, fought for and established by the Chicago Great Western Railway (Maple Leaf Route) for the "boys in blue" and their friends, who the tickets are good for return at any time within thirty days. This is your opportunity to visit the "Twin Cities" and the Great Northwest. The Chicago Great Western offers you a luxury on the journey—Compartment Sleepers, Free Chair Cars, Dining Cars on the European plan. Take your family with you and remember the most important part of your patronage is the Chicago Great Western. Full information as to rates, sleeping car reservations, special trains, etc., will be furnished by F. H. Lord, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago, Ill.

Sue—"Do you believe in long engagements?" "Well, I think an engagement should be long enough to test a man's constancy and to give the girl time to learn to cook."—Brooklyn Life.

"He saw a good deal of her." "Yes, she was often thrown in his company. The wiser, indeed, seemed to be the girl who modified it not entirely to suit the capriciousness of society."—Detroit Tribune.

Dishonored Drafts.
When the stomach dishonors the drafts made upon it by the rest of the system, it is necessary because its fund of strength is very low. Toned with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, one soon begins to pay out vigor in the shape of pure, rich blood, containing the elements of muscle, bone and brain. As a sequence of the new vigor afforded the stomach, the bowels perform their functions regularly, and the liver works like clock work. Malaria has no effect upon a system thus reinforced.

CRUTCHER—"Nothing impresses me more than the littleness of greatness." Gilleland—"The greatness of littleness impresses me more. Nothing can be more profound than the observations of unimportant men."—Truth.

When Traveling.
Whether on pleasure trip, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectively on the kidneys, liver, and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches, and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only.

When a painter claims to use nothing but first-class material, and yet mixes his paints with lye and water, water lye he is.—Texas Sifter.

The old axiom that two parallel lines never come together has been knocked into flinders by the railroad companies.—Texas Sifter.

A FAIR lady becomes still fairer by using Glenn's Sulphur Soap.
Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50 cents.

According to the way some folks talk, the only people who have ever been good are dead.—Ram's Horn.

JAGLETS—"Who invented work, Bill?" Raglets—"I don't know, but he ought to stayed and finished it."—Truth.

I COULD not get along without Piso's Cure for Consumption. It always cures.—Miss E. C. Moulton, Needham, Mass., Oct. 22, '94.

REMEMBER the serpent's head is to be bruised, no matter how big or black it may look.—Ram's Horn.

Hill's Catarrh Cure.
Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c.

Too MANY men praise their wives most after they bury them.—Ram's Horn.

Feed Hood's Sarsaparilla
The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, 50c.
Hood's Pills are always reliable. 25 cents.

WHAT LINE
made the rate one cent per mile to St. Paul for the THIRTIETH ANNUAL ENCAMPMENT G. A. R.?

WHAT LINE
alone granted a return limit of thirty days on all tickets to the next Encampment at St. Paul?

WHAT LINE
deserves the united support of all the members of the Grand Army and their hosts of friends?

WHAT LINE
will you patronize? Under these circumstances, other things being equal, surely it will be the

Chicago Great Western Railway.
"Maple Leaf Route"

F. H. LORD, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago, Ill.

EDUCATIONAL.
LORETTO ACADEMY
Loretto, Marion Co., Kentucky.
Acknowledges no superior in facilities for training. Known for its high standard of instruction. Terms moderate. For Catalogues apply to DIRECTOR OF STUDIES.

Virginia, Lexington.
VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE, MIL and Naval School, Courses in Artillery, Cavalry, and Engineering. Expenses reduced for members. Catalogues on request. Report Sept. 1. 1905. SCOTT SILLIE, Superintendent.

TUSCALOOSA FEMALE COLLEGE, TUSCALOOSA, ALABAMA. Fall session opens Sept. 1, 1906. Full course of instruction. Healthful and beautiful campus. REV. JOHN S. GILBERT, A. B., President. Catalogues on request.

JESSAMINE INSTITUTE, NICHOLSVILLE, KY. Ten month blue grass school for girls. REV. V. S. KAY, Principal. Catalogues on request.

C. C. C. CURE
For all ailments. In the World.

For all ailments. In the World.

For all ailments. In the World.

For all ailments. In the World.

For all ailments. In the World.

For all ailments. In the World.

For all ailments. In the World.

For all ailments. In the World.

For all ailments. In the World.

For all ailments. In the World.

For all ailments. In the World.

For all ailments. In the World.

For all ailments. In the World.

For all ailments. In the World.

For all ailments. In the World.

For all ailments. In the World.

For all ailments. In the World.

For all ailments. In the World.

For all ailments. In the World.

SQUIRE RUFUS SANDERS.

Some "Great Gobs" of Good Sense and Philosophy.

Sorry Crops and Hard Times—Three Funerals, But "Nary One" from Starvation—Angels as Wives and Saints as Husbands.

One day last week my friend and fellow servant Andy Lucas—which you will understand there is a man that will travel all the gaits and stand hitched—went on a horse-swapping trip down in the Flat Woods.

And then the next time I saw Andy he was on his return back home dismounted and afoot and totin of his saddle. In a general off-hand way Andy gave it out to me that he had sold his horse and come out thirty dollars ahead of the hounds.

But Andy's mouth ain't anybody's prayer book, and my private notion is that he struck a snag down there and got his socks swapped off of him. I will go out amongst the boys in a few days and see what I can pick up.

"Powerful Seldom Times."
"Don't you forget it we have been havin' some powerful seldom times down in the old settlement this summer, Rufus," says Aunt Nancy Newton to me after dinner when she got her pipe loaded and fired and runnin on full time.

"The crops are mighty spotted and sorry for a common thing, and money is skinner as hen teeth. But yet I don't reckon the times are so scandalous and outrageous hard as you hear some people makin out that they are.

"Just to set around and hear folks talk you mought think the whole discovered country was tremblin and totterin on the ragged edges of starvation and ruination. I have been stirrin about and visitin aroun considerable and keepin up with things as best I could, and to the best of my ability and belief the country is safe for a l-e-e-tle while longer anyhow.

We have had about the usual run of sickness in the settlement, but as yet I ain't heard tell of anybody that got down for the pure want of somethin to eat and wear. I did hear that one of the Tanner boys had to go to bed one day last week whilst his wife washed out his breeches, but he was up and about the next day as healthy and happy as ever.

"But we nint had but only three funerals in the settlement this summer—which you recollect we had four by this time last year—and so far as I know nary one of the three didn't die from pure hard times and natural starvation. Old man Seth Wallace died along in the first days of July, which the same it is a blessed pity he didn't go dead 20 years before he was ever borned into this world.

He was too farnal rotten mean and stingy to live in God's country and amongst the children of nature. He had a big chance of money loan out in the settlement on high intrust, and when the seasons all hit wrong and the crops put in to fail, and provisions went up whilst cotton went down, and the general appearments of things got blue and squally all around, the pore old thing took sick and went to bed. And then the more he thought about the hard times and sorry crops and that mighty percentum on his money the sicker he got till finally at last one day he keeled over and pegged out and went on—well, of course it aint for me to say for certain which way he went and I would some rather not spend my personal opinions on that pint. But at the same time it aint much probable to my mind that Seth Wallace had ever pestered old Saint Peter like he did the good people in the Panther Creek settlement.

"Little Sim Giddins lost his wife about the last of June, which the same he didn't deserve no better and she died with the slow fever. Now if it had been left with Sim Giddins I reckon maybe there would of been one death in the settlement from starvation, cause he is too lazy and triflin to make a livin for one, let alone two. But his wife she was a Simpkins and a good peart woman, though I always thought she must of been in a powerful good notion to marry when she took and tied herself up with little Sim Giddins. As it was, howsoever, she never suffered a day nor a minnit for somethin to eat and wear and that which was nice.

What she couldn't rustle up for herself, with her butter and her eggs and a little extrly sewin, her own folks put it down there for her, and whilst she was sick the neighbors chipped in together and waited on her and done for her the same as if she had been a member of every family in the settlement. Then after she died and was put away decent and proper her old daddy and brothers got right in behind Sim Giddins and het the ground so hot and made the track so heavy for him till he had to pack his wallet and move his washin off to some fureen country. I reckon by this time he has either joined the chain gang or put up at the pore house.

"And then one of the Rutherforders I forgot which one it was now—lost a baby, and it had the measles, though from all I could see and hear I have my doubts as to whether it died with the measles. I ruther think it was doctored to death. But anyhow it didn't die from hard times and natural starvation. It had all the milk it would take, not to mention the dead oodles of medicine which they stuffed it with. No, they ain't dyin up with starvation as yet down in the old settlement, Rufus, though you mought think so jest to ride through there and hear people talk.

"Angels and Babies."
"Talkin about hard times and skceer money and starvation, Rufus—it is a thousand wonders to me that some people don't starve to death." Aunt Nancy went on, after scratchin a match on the seat of her chair and strikin a fresh light. "I have been lookin and listenin all the summer to hear some stationin news from Mister and Miss William Lunkins. Rufus? Well, he married Sarah Ann Singleton somethin better than three year ago. Now for common I don't go around meddin and mixin myself up with every little love mess and weddin match in the settlement, but tha' was one weddin match which I tried my level best to oust up and break off. I had knew the Lunkinses and the Singletons all my life, and I knowed

well and good that William and Sarah Ann didn't have no business hookin themselves up together in the double harness for life. For why? Well, they was both jest naturally too good to go and get married. She was too good for him, and he was likewise also too good for her. She was too good to do anything in particular but wear white dresses and pick flowers and read book novels and look soft and sweet and love-sick, as it were, whilst as for William, he was born too good. He was a good baby, and then a good boy, and as he grewed older and bigger he got better and better till, when he come up to be a man, bless gracious, he was so over-lust in good till he was good for nothin'.

"When William took to rounn up regular and frequent at the Singleton place, and it looked out that a weddin match mought soon come to pass in the settlement, I picked my chances and tried to talk him out of it. But then when he went on to tell me that Sarah Ann was the apple of his heart and an angel on the earth I blowed off the dogs and quit the drive, though not till after I had give out my plain private opinions in the case without been mealy mouth with him.

"You are growin how and call yourself a man, William, and if you are bound to marry jest pitch in and go it, boots," says I. "But remember what your Aunt Nancy told you, William. I know a few things concernin this world and the people that live in it, and after you git married you will mought soon find out that your angel must eat victuals and wear clothes. Angels, that, William, some of these things, particular them that live in the flesh and wear dresses instid of wings—they have babies sometimes, and as the family grows the store account will grow with it. You are poor and she is poor, and about the next thing anybody knows you will have to go to the field, whilst your angel goes to the cook pot and then to the wash tub. Love is a good thing no doubts in its place, and everybody ought to be as good as they know how, but with poor folks and a growin family it takes and a whole passle of 'em to run expenses and make both ends meet. I can see now the way your head is sot, William, but in the main time I am bound to tell you the truth as my old eyes see it. When a poor man takes a notion to git married he don't need no angel for a wife. He needs a rale smart, stirrin, peart-motioned, healthy woman—that's what he needs. It will be time enough for you to mate yourself off with an angel when you reach that other and better country, where they don't have to eat victuals and wear clothes and work."

"Well, jest as I loved, what I said to William about Sarah Ann went in on one side of his head and come out on the other, and what other people told Sarah Ann about William went in and come out the same way. And so consequently it want very long before there was a second-class weddin in the settlement. They never had nothin to start with and they aint got nothin yet exceptin a few odd weddin clothes and a promise of children. They have been livin aroun and about from pillow to post and from hand to mouth, so to say. This year they are livin on a pore little old ore out farm over on the other side of the creek, and William calls himself runnin of a farm, but he ain't. He did make out to pitch a little crop, and, with some help from his angel, he did manage to work it over one time, and since then the pore little old farm has been runnin of itself. William has always been a mighty good man, everybody says, but it does look to me like if I was a man and had took and went and married myself off with an angel I wouldn't then turn around and make her work in the field. I don't think angels have got any business cookin and washin and tendin children, and it seems to me like they would look particular odd and curious like out in the hot sun with a fly bonnet on, chop-coin cotton. Now does your general opinion run along that line, Rufus?"

"They run right plum square with yours, Aunt Nancy," says I, and the good old soul went on in this way. "You know Nancy Newton, you have knowed her now high onto fifty years—and you know full well she never did give herself any tremendous big sight of worrimint about yokin up with a man. And yet, Rufus, you never heard me say I wouldn't marry any livin man that the sun shines on, and you never will. I never have so much as made out like I wouldn't git married if I got a good chance. I ain't no angel, as yet. I am nothin but a woman—jest a plain old female woman without any fly-wheels or fancy trimmings—and there aint no tellin what mought of took place before now if the right man and put in his credentials in the right way. But let me tell you something, Rufus Sanders. As I have said before, I aint no angel, but, even in my old days, if I was to take up a fool notion to git married I wouldn't want to marry no saint like William Lunkins. I hope to dwell in peace and unity with the saints sometime and somewhere in the future hereafter, but so long as I live in the flesh and remain over in this vain and fleetin world here below, the common run of people are good enough company for me. And if I must give me a man—give me a man. Plain, everyday men may not be as good as saints, but I ruther think they make better husbands and fathers for plain, everyday women and children.

"Too Good to Kill Grass."
"Don't you go and put it out now that your Aunt Nancy don't like good men, Rufus, cause she does," says the old lady, as she knockered the ashes out of her pipe on mother's new fire screen. "But at the same time I do like a regular, healthy, human man, and I don't like a good, eny good for nothin saint like William Lunkins, and I don't care a copper who knows it. Now, Sarah Ann Singleton allowed she wouldn't marry nothin but a piupert and upright man—one that was clean above doin anything that was wrong. And so far as I know, she got what she was lookin for when she took William. I have never yet heard tell of him doin anything wrong. He is too mortal lazy and triflin for that. He is so kind and gentle and tender-hearted and got till he won't even kill grass when the weather gets rale hot. I reckon he is still callin Sarah Ann his angel, whilst in the main-time the meat box and the meal barrel stand empty and the little children go hungry and dirty, but you know that wouldn't suit my style. If I had a husband—and for all we know I may have one some of these days, the Lord will—and he was to come home in a

callin me angel and foolin off his time whilst the grass run away with the crops and the porehouse loomed up in the near distance, I would spit on him—declare to gracious I would. I would a heap right ruther he would call me jest plain Nancy, and then go on about his business and keep up with the store account. It maybe mought not sound exactly right for me to say so, but as I'm a woman I would ruther have a man that would do wrong sometimes than to have one that wouldn't do nothin.

"I know it ain't none of my business, but as I started out to say, if it comes to pass that, you mought hear of anybody dyin from pure hard times and natural starvation in the Panther Creek settlement in these hard times you can jest go ahead and put on mourin for Mister and Miss William Lunkins. There ain't so very much danger of men and women starvin, but when crops are short and money is skceer and times are hard there ain't no tellin what will happen to the saints and angels in this country."

May the God of the orphan and the widow bless these plain old flint-and-steel women, which the same my Aunt Nancy Newton is one of whom.

RUFUS SANDERS.

QUEER MANIA OF A SICILIAN.

Kept a Regiment of Sculptors at Work on Grotesque Statues.

The Sicilian prince of Valguarnera at the beginning of this century was a monomaniac of a rare description. He succeeded to one of the largest fortunes in Europe, his habits were studious and economical, he had no children; but, in spite of these advantages for saving money, he contrived to ruin himself.

The prince had a fancy for grotesque statues, with which he adorned the stately mansion of his forefathers. Many descriptions of the place are extant, for it was renowned through Europe in its day. Brydone visited it and he has left us a pleasant picture. Approaching by a noble avenue, one found the palace encircled by an "army" of monsters. "The absurdity of the wretched imagination which created them is not less astonishing than their wonderful fertility," says Brydone.

"Some were a compound of five or six animals which have no resemblance in nature. In one instance the head of a lion was set upon the neck of a goose, with the body of a lizard, the eye of a goat and the tail of a fox. Upon the back of this object stood another with five or six heads and a grove of horns. There is no kind of a horn in the world that he has not collected, and his pleasure is to see them all flourishing on the same skull."

Of such horrors there were 600 in the avenue and the courtyard alone when Brydone saw the collection, and the prince maintained a regime of sculptors who were rewarded proportionately to their success in designing new and unparalleled combinations. The effect upon a superstitious peasantry may be imagined. So serious was the agitation that the government of Sicily threatened to demolish the wondrous array several times, but a prince of Valguarnera was not to be offended in those days without the gravest cause.

The inside of the house was eccentric in another fashion. Here the madman diverted himself with columns and arches and pyramids of cups and saucers, teapots and the like, cemented together. One column, for instance, started from a great porcelain vase of shape familiar in bedrooms, but not elsewhere; the shaft was teapots, with the spouts protruding, graduated in size up to a capital of flowerpots. The openings of the chimney pieces were encrusted in this manner, the chimney pieces were loaded up to the ceiling, and the magnificent rooms of the palace were divided by fantastic arches of the same construction. China was rare and fine in Sicily at that day, and most of the pieces thus treated had great value. The prince's bedroom was a chamber of supreme horrors. Reptiles awful beyond conception had their home there, intermixed with pleasing busts and statues which if turned, showed a skeleton or a hideous representation of decrepitude. We have never observed an illusion to these things in a modern work of travel. Perhaps the government destroyed them at the prince's death, beggared by his mania.—London Standard.

He Wanted a Change.
A prominent citizen of Dallas said to his wife the other day: "I believe I'll run down to Galveston for a change."

"You need a change badly, don't you?" she asked, anxiously.

"Yes, my love."

"Then take me with you for a change. You've left me behind you six seasons in succession."—Texas Sifter.

He Couldn't Help It.
Old Longnecker (severely)—Young man, do you love your neighbor as yourself?

Young Tutgill (enthusiastically)—You bet! And say, you just ought to see her—curly hair, dimples in her cheeks and not a day over 19!—N. Y. World.

Retraction.
"When are you and Miss Doughdone to be married?"

"Never, unless she retracts what she said last night."

"What did she say?"

"That she wouldn't marry me if I was the last man on earth."—Washington Times.

Working Well.
"By the way, Jackson, how are you getting along with your patent ice-making machine?"

Jackson—Great. We formed a stock company, and have already frozen out the president and ten stockholders.—Town Topics.

Protected by the Neighbors.
Agent—Can't I put a burglar alarm in your house?

Lady—No; we don't need it.

Agent—But—

Lady—No, I mean it; the family across the street watches the place so closely that even a burglar could not get in without being seen.—Tit-Bits.

It Sailed Him.
Nupop—That baby of mine is a wonder. It sleeps all day.

Singleton—I should not think you would like that.

Nupop—Why not? I work nights.—N. Y. World.

Heredity.
"That fellow seems to know the ropes pretty well."

"Yes, his grandfather died that way."—Town Topics.

FOREIGN GOSSIP.

—It is said by philologists that there are 13 original European languages, the Greek, Latin, German, Slavonic, Welsh, Biscayan, Irish, Albanian, Tartarian, Illyrian, Jazygian, Chaucian and Finnic.

—Cocoa butter, which has hitherto been on the free list in England, has been made subject to the same duty as cocoa or chocolate, as it is imported in quantities for the manufacture of chocolate.

—A miner in the Dolcouth mine at Camborne, Cornwall, recently fell 120 feet down a shaft without hurting himself. The explanation offered is that there was a strong current of air rushing up the shaft at the time.

—A German cable company, with a capital of \$890,000, has been formed under the name of the Deutsche Seefahrtsgesellschaft to lay a cable between Germany and Spain, which ultimately will be continued to the United States.

—Inside a bust of Victor Hugo, which is hollow, the leader of the anarchists of Prague imported a large quantity of anarchist writings for circulation in the country. The bust has been seized by the authorities, and the anarchist has been arrested.

—A Viennese shoemaker joined a party of English tourists visiting the steeple of St. Stephen's cathedral lately. When he reached the platform from which Count Starkerberg watched the Turks during the siege of 1683, he jumped off, landing on his neck on the roof below.

—A snuff box made for Linnaeus, the botanist, in Japan, of gold lacquered in several colors, has just been presented to the Natural History museum of Paris. It was made at the order of Linnaeus' pupil, Thunberg, but did not reach Stoen till a year after Linnaeus' death, when it went to his son.

—A queer strike is threatened in England. The government inspectors of factories, being dissatisfied with the way they are treated, have formulated their complaints and declare that unless they are heeded "a public protest will be made and a cessation of their duties will follow." They complain of too little salary and too hard work, of not having power enough over the factory employees, of having their reports to the chief inspectors ignored and not published as they are sent in.

ETIQUETTE IN SPAIN.

There the People Are Always Punctiliously Polite.

Spaniards have some rules of etiquette that would prove surprising to the average easy-going American. Take, for instance, the rules governing visits. When the first call is made by a lady she is expected to arrive in a carriage, that being considered a mark of high respect. Should the person called upon be absent from home, the visitor is expected to leave her card with one end turned over, and in one corner is to be written the initials E. P., meaning en persona, or in person. Upon ringing the bell the visitor is usually greeted by an unseen person with the words, "Quien es?" or "Who's there?" to which should be replied "Gente de paz," or persons of peace. Entering, the visitor is conducted to the best room in the house, led to a sofa and placed to the right of the hostess. On rising to take leave the proper form is to exclaim, in the case of a lady: "Sonora, I place myself at your feet." She will answer in a similarly figurative way by saying: "I kiss your hand; may you depart with God and continue well." Feminine visitors are saluted with a kiss, both upon their arrival and departure. It is considered an unpardonable breach of good manners for a gentleman to offer to shake hands with a Spanish lady. Another decidedly objectionable proceeding, in Spanish eyes, is to offer a lady one's arm when walking with her. Should a Spanish gentleman so far forget himself as to offer his arm to his wife he would be looked upon as lamentably ignorant of the laws of etiquette governing good society in the land of his birth.

Another noticeable custom is that when walking with a Spaniard, in Spain, it is considered the height of ill-manners to walk on the inside. This is the place of honor and should always be given to the native. When a well-bred Spaniard meets a lady on the street he always passes to the outside, thus making way for her; but with men this rule is not observed; whoever has the wall on his right hand in the narrow streets is entitled to keep it.

These are some of the most noted peculiarities of the rigorous rules governing Spaniards of polite breeding; they are punctilious almost to the point of absurdity in most things, but their politeness is of a kind that wears well.—Utica Observer.

Power of the Arctic Sun.

Sunburn is quite fashionable at summer resorts, but to hear of suffering from heat in the arctic regions seems almost incredible. Last winter, Glider related the experience of his party from this cause while one summer in King William's land, and declares that probably nowhere on earth is the traveler more annoyed by acute sunburn than in the frigid zone. The heat of ordinary exercise compels him to throw back the hood of his fur coat, and by thus exposing his head, not only his entire face becomes blistered, but—especially if he is fashionable enough to wear his hair thin on the top of his head—his entire scalp is affected as severely as if by a bucket of scalding water had been poured upon him. At a later period Lieut. Schwatka's entire party, while upon a sledge journey from Marble Island to Camp Daly, were so severely burned that not only their faces, but their entire heads were swollen to nearly twice their natural size. And a fine looking party they were! Some had faces so swollen that their eyes were completely closed on awakening from sleep. When one was fortunate enough to be able to see the others he could not refrain from laughing.—St. Louis Republic.

Objected.

The little boy began: "Onery, twoery, ickery Ann; Fillason, fillison, Nicholas Jan; queezy quavy, English navy—"

"Here!" shouted his father, "don't let me hear you sayin' that any more!"

"What's the matter with it, paw?"

"Everything's the matter with it. Here I am paying my taxes for battleships and cruisers and things and you haven't the respect for your father and your country to say 'Yankee navy'!"

I got half a notion to tan your jacket just to make you remember.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Firs stopped free and permanently cured. No hits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Resor. Free \$2 trial bottle & treatise. Dr. Kline, 935 Arch St. Phila., Pa.

Sue—"Was there any particular thing about the town which struck you?" "Ho—'Yes; a bicycle!'"

THE GENERAL MARKET.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 23.
CATTLE—Best beefs..... 3 40 @ 4 55
HOGS—Choice to heavy..... 2 00 @ 2 85
Native cows..... 2 00 @ 2 85
WHEAT—No. 2 red..... 50 @ 51
No. 2 hard..... 50 @ 51
No. 2 mixed..... 50 @ 51
CORN—No. 2 mixed..... 21 @ 21 1/2
OATS—No. 2 mixed..... 10 @ 10 1/2
RYE—No. 2 mixed..... 23 @ 23 1/2
FLOUR—Patent, per sack..... 1 40 @ 1 50
Fancy..... 1 15 @ 1 20
HAY—Choice timothy..... 6 00 @ 7 00
Fancy prairie..... 4 00 @ 4 25
BRAN—(Sacked)..... 32 @ 33
BUTTER—Choice creamery..... 12 @ 13
CHEESE—Full cream..... 9 @ 12 1/2
EGGS—Choice..... 8 1/2 @ 9
POTATOES..... 15 @ 20

ST. LOUIS.
CATTLE—Native and shipping..... 3 50 @ 4 30
Texas..... 2 40 @ 3 25
HOGS—Heavy..... 2 25 @ 3 10
SHEEP—Fair to choice..... 2 50 @ 3 25
FLOUR—Choice..... 3 00 @ 3 10
WHEAT—No. 2 red..... 61 @ 61 1/2
CORN—No. 2 mixed..... 22 @ 22 1/2
OATS—No. 2 mixed..... 18 @ 19
RYE—No. 2..... 29 1/2 @ 30
BUTTER—Creamery..... 14 @ 19
LARD—Western mess..... 3 50 @ 3 75
PORK..... 6 25 @ 6 75

CHICAGO.
CATTLE—Common to prime..... 4 15 @ 4 65
HOGS—Packing and shipping..... 2 75 @ 3 25
SHEEP—Fair to choice..... 3 15 @ 3 40
FLOUR—Winter wheat..... 3 15 @ 3 40
WHEAT—No. 2 red..... 58 @ 59
CORN—No. 2..... 22 @ 22 1/2
OATS—No. 2..... 18 @ 19
RYE..... 28 1/2 @ 30
BUTTER—Creamery..... 11 @ 16 1/2
LARD..... 3 37 1/2 @ 3 40
PORK..... 5 91 @ 6 00

NEW YORK.
CATTLE—Native Steers..... 3 85 @ 4 60
HOGS—Good to Choice..... 3 75 @ 4 11
FLOUR—Good to Choice..... 3 40 @ 3 75
WHEAT—No. 2 red..... 63 1/2 @ 63 3/4
CORN—No. 2..... 22 1/2 @ 22 3/4
OATS—No. 2..... 22 1/2 @ 22 3/4
BUTTER—Creamery..... 11 1/2 @ 12
PORK—Mess..... 6 75 @ 6 11 00

WANTED—AGENTS
McKINLEY and BRYAN
through portraits of 25, two color, with silver backed sample 10c. McKinley and Bryan cabinet photos, 25c. per dozen. Sample 5c. The biggest and best campaign book every voter wants one! 20 pages and full of portraits of national candidates for 1900. Big thing for agents. Outfit free. Send 10c postage for ORDER BLICK and make money while the campaign is hot. A. BARCLAY & CO., publishers, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

BACKED BY GOLD.
We will pay \$100.00 IN GOLD for a case of Consumption, Indigestion or Liver Disease not cured by the use of DR. CARL ELLIOTT'S.....

GERMAN LIVER MEDICINES
Have cured others, will cure you. Each bottle guaranteed

Address _____

The Advertiser Co.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, SEPT. 3, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year, in advance, \$1.00
One copy six months, .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Southern Railway.
NEW SCHEDULE.
No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 3:28 p.m.
No. 11, passenger, leaves going north, 11:37 a.m.
No. 61, local, leaves going south, 7:45 a.m.
No. 62, local, leaves going north, 1:20 p.m.

Post Office
Mail closes.....11:07 a.m.
Trains due, 11:37 a.m. and 3:28 p.m.
Mails open 1:30 p.m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 3:28 p.m.

LOCAL VIVISCOPE.

P. M. McKee, of Clanton, spent Sunday in our city with friends.

Mrs. E. Gardner, of Childersburg, is on a visit to Mrs. B. L. Moore.

Mrs. John Fulton, of Saginaw, is on a visit to Mr. Anchor's family.

C. B. Henderson, of Harpersville, gave us a pleasant call Monday.

J. T. Leeper left Monday for Birmingham to be absent several days.

V. H. Vines, of Clanton, is spending this week in our city with relatives.

Miss Minnie Foshee, of Maplesville, is visiting the family of J. T. Cromwell.

Dr. T. G. Nelson and wife, of Harpersville, are visiting among relatives here.

Miss Bessie Green left Monday for Danville, where she will teach school again.

Misses Mattie and Jennie Hand, of Jemison, are on a visit to Mrs. B. L. Moore.

Hardy Nelson, Jr., and wife have returned from a visit to Harpersville friends.

John Edwards and daughter, Miss Olie, of Childersburg, are on a visit to friends here.

Miss Daisy Canterbury, of Montevallo, came up Wednesday to attend the marriage.

All of the recently elected county officers took charge of their respective offices Tuesday.

The Shelby County Medical Association met here Tuesday in regular monthly session.

Mrs. Geo. W. Shackelford, of Atlanta, Ga., is a guest of the White House this week.

Miss Flossie Kifer, of Shelby, came over yesterday to attend the Dyke-Millstead nuptials.

J. W. Bran has moved from the Wimpee dwelling to the one just vacated by John B. Green.

W. H. Falkner, of Sterrett, a democrat of the old school, spent Tuesday here transacting business.

John Upshaw and wife, of Talladega Springs, visited A. D. Wortham's family Monday and Tuesday.

Dr. E. B. Teague is with us again after a month's absence, and is stopping with his friend W. G. Parker.

Capt. W. H. Bell and John Mosley returned to their homes in Shelby Friday from a visit to South Alabama.

John B. Green moved Monday into A. D. Wortham's residence. Both families will dwell under the same roof.

FOR SALE.—A fine farm of 120 acres. Will sell either 40 or 80 or both, to suit buyer. Terms easy. Apply for full particulars to editor of Chronicle.

E. F. Vest moved his family here Monday from Montevallo, and is occupying the county dwelling at the jail.

Miss Susie McGee, who has been here about two weeks with relatives, left yesterday for her home in Staunton.

The families of Hons. W. B. Browne and D. R. McMillan returned last week from Shelby Springs, where they remained about two weeks.

A. B. Milner, who recently entered the railway postal service, was in town Sunday. He is a bright young man and has a promising future.

We are glad to learn that J. G. Parker, who has been seriously ill for two weeks, is decidedly better, and the chances are good for his early recovery.

T. L. Seale, who has been deputy sheriff and jailer for the past four years, moved his family Monday into the Jones residence lately occupied by R. E. McLean.

The Shelby Baptist Association began its annual session yesterday with Kingdom Baptist church, five miles east of this place. Rev. P. M. Woods is moderator, and Rev. C. W. O'Hara, secretary.

A party was given Tuesday evening to the young people by Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Nelson, in honor of Miss Ethel McMath, a former resident of our town, but now of Montevallo. She is a cultured and charming young lady.

Tuesday night between 12 and 1 o'clock John Crawley, a farmer, who lives four and a half miles east of this place, was suddenly awakened from slumber to find his dwelling on fire. His family barely had time to escape with their lives. The dwelling and contents were destroyed, and are a total loss as there was no insurance. He certainly deserves the aid and sympathy of his neighbors.

Our neighboring towns furnished the following representatives last evening at the wedding: John Millstead and wife, E. DuTannus and Miss Susie Self, Walter McGowan and Miss Lula Densler, from Wilsonville. Sam Harrell, Robert Oliver, Robert Glenn, E. Christian and Miss Mary Riddle, from Shelby.

Z. H. Clardy & Son are rapidly pushing the two buildings in which they are interested to completion. The brick will be ready for occupancy by the first of next week. The residence of J. G. Parker will be completed by the end of next week. This is rapid work, but it is nevertheless being nicely done.

James R. White, the affable proprietor of the White House, is preparing to enlarge his already commodious hostelry. He has purchased the new addition to the Roper House and has let the contract to W. F. Stockdale, of Talladega, to roll the building and place it in position on the south side of the present building, and parallel with it, facing west. The building will begin to move early next week.

Last Thursday, early in the night, two or three men rode up to the gate of Alex McGinnis, a worthy negro who lives on the farm of W. W. Wallace, near Wilsonville, and called to Alex to come out. He did so, and in a few minutes went back into the house, got his hat and coat, and told his family he would be gone for a short time. Since then he has never turned up. Foul play is suspected, but for what motive no one can guess, as Alex was an honest, hard-working man, and prompt to discharge all his obligations. A vigorous search has been made for him, but so far without success. There is considerable excitement among the negroes over his strange disappearance.

DYKE-MILLSTEAD.

A Popular Young Couple Happily Married.

Last evening was an ideal one. The cloudless sky and delightfully pleasant breeze from the Gulf were inspiring. An important event that was to shape and mould the lives of two of our young people was to occur. Most of yesterday was spent by quite a number in decorating and trimming the Methodist church with flowers, evergreens, etc., in order that it might present a pleasing appearance to the large crowd whom they knew would assemble there to witness the ceremony.

C. E. Greck and H. C. DuBose, ushers, were at their posts early, to assist in seating the audience. And their task was no small one, for it puzzled them to find seats for all.

Not long did the eager throng have to wait after 8 o'clock, the appointed hour. Miss Essie Mason presided at the organ, and soon an inspiring wedding march announced the approach of the couple whose lives were to be blended into one. Instantly all eyes were turned toward the door.

The first to enter were the attendants, George Mason and Miss Emma Wilson, who marched down the right aisle; John Milner and Miss Nellie Parker to the left. Then the bride upon the arm of H. C. DuBose and groom steadied by the strong arm of C. E. Greck followed in the order given. Slowly, keeping graceful step to the inspiring march the contracting parties were escorted in front of the altar and took position under an artistically arranged and beautiful bell of flowers, hanging from the arch, the attendants and ushers standing on either side.

The bride was a picture of beauty, loveliness and purity, dressed in white henrietta, trimmed with white silk, lace and ribbon, veil of white silk tulle, and a wreath of orange blossoms. The groom looked stylish and the perfection of neatness in full dress suit.

Miss Nellie Parker was faultlessly attired in white henrietta, trimmed in satin and lace, white satin sash and flowers, and looked pretty, O my!

Miss Emma Wilson looked winsome and attractive in white organdie, trimmed in white satin ribbon, with flowers.

The male attendants and ushers were in full dress, and looked their best, of course.

Rev. T. M. Wilson, pastor in charge, in a brief but impressive ceremony joined them in holy wedlock, after which they marched out and were driven to the home of James Evans, where they and a large number of friends were given a reception. Congratulations were showered freely upon the happy couple, and they were not said as a mere matter of form, either, for we doubt if there are two more popular young people in town than they. Both are possessed of sterling characters and are liked by every one.

The Chronicle is only too glad to add its mite, and wishes them long lives of unalloyed happiness. May their cares be few and their joys reach their fondest anticipation.

Shelby County Matrimonial Bureau.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Bryant M. Smith and Katie Mardis, of Shelby Springs.
Emmett L. Lilly and Mattie McGinnis, of Sterrett.
John W. Alexander and Bessie McClinton, of near Calera.
J. W. Dyke and Emma Millstead, of Columbiana.
Lehman O'Neal and Malinda Singleton, colored, of Harpersville.
James Black and Ada Cross.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Skin Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

Wilsonville Waifs.

Miss Wagner, of Columbiana, was visiting many friends in town Sunday.

Ed Parker and his sister, Miss Leila, were among the pleasant visitors in town Sunday.

Rev. Will O'Hara came up Saturday to relieve Rev. Wood in the protracted meeting. He is a consecrated young man, and is preaching good sound doctrine of salvation, as all can testify who have heard him.

Mr. Lee, the life insurance partner of Mr. Terry, is registered at the hotel for a— for a— for a— for I don't know how long.

Pink Tatum, the hustling Georgia drummer, is spending a few days with his cousin, Mrs. Densler.

Will Smith spent a pleasant hour with Columbiana "friends" Sunday afternoon, returning on his wheel.

Miss Josie Skaggs is visiting Col. Smith and family.

The Wilsonville Institute opens next Monday. The school is catalogued to open September 2nd, but on account of the protracted services, it was deemed right and proper to wait until September 7th.

CYCLE CRAZE.

Wilsonville is in a roar.
For wheels both great and small
They're to us a grander sport
Than all the games of ball.

The reason why I will say
The girls are riding wheels,
This is why we're on a craze
To join the cycling field.

O, dear, the fun it was to us
To teach them how to ride,
Why 'twas fun I'll not discuss,
You may alone decide.

All our girls should own a wheel
And join our cyclone tour,
And all the boys of Wilsonville
Would then a wheel secure.

O what a thought 'tis to me
To think of a girl so fair
Riding upon the stylish wheel
Thus gliding on the air.

Riding alone is a pleasure,
Gliding by girls is joy.
This I hail as a treasure
In honor to a cycling boy.

Yes I love to see these girls
As on their wheels they glide,
But if they should chance to whirl
Oh how they want to hide.

I have almost watched them fly
As they go wheeling by,
Sleeves thus sailing high and wide
Beneath the earth and sky.

Boys let's work in unison,
And 'ere this season's o'er,
We will have a cycle club
That's never been here before.

BOTRGEIOS.

The money season has arrived at last and I take this means of urging my customers who owe me to come up promptly and settle their accounts in full. I have exercised all the patience I possess and now I must insist vigorously upon a settlement as I need the money. Do not delay longer. All I ask is that you treat me at least with the consideration I have shown you.

J. M. SPENCER.

THE HORSELESS CARRIAGE.

From the Review of Reviews.
In fact, it is so thoroughly accepted that the horseless carriage has come to stay, and that scores of manufacturers are already engaged in turning out these machines of many and varied types. Their first use will, of course, come in the cities where there are good roads and for such purposes as light expressage. The great value of the horseless carriage, as compared with the old style, is its far greater cheapness. The use of horses in our cities, for instance, is practically forbidden to all, except the very rich. But a team, fed with oil or naphtha, at a cost of a few cents a day, will perhaps eventually place a barouche for afternoon rides in Central Park within the reach of any book-keeper or clerk. When a man earning \$2,000 a year in New York city, can maintain an equipage which can trundle him twenty miles from his flat in an hour, a whole new class of citizens will become victims to the tennis, baseball, or golf habit, from which they are now sheltered by the mere inertia of time and space to be overcome. And with each advance in the art of moving rapidly, there will be a corresponding increase in out door sports, and a better opportunity to reach the fields and the woods in the short vacations allowed by the hurrying business struggles of today.

Cave Horsef Away.

"Maude" he said, as the carriage entered the shadowy lane, "Maude, are you sure you— you never had any man's arm around your waist, as mine is?"

"No, George, I never, never did! Why?"

"Oh, nothing," he replied, "only I wondered whether it was instinct or experience that made you take the reins from my hand just as we reached this secluded spot!"

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed, when the languid exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c and \$1.00 per bottle at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

WHERE WIVES ARE BOUGHT.

Countries in Which Marriage is a Matter of Barter.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

There are many countries in which, if a man wishes to be legally married, he has to go out and buy a wife, though the market price of that article varies considerably. In Uganda, you can get what you require for two or three bullocks, or even for six good sewing needles, or, perhaps, a box of pen-sion caps; while inferior wives can be picked up in exchange for a coat, and if one is indifferent to health and beauty, for a pair of shoes. In the Caroline Islands, wives are cheap. A father will let you marry his daughter if you will give him a little fruit or a small present of fish, while in Samon, matrimony runs you into pigs and canoes; and among the Fijians, into wharves and muskets. In Tartary, it is best to marry beneath you (you can do it on a few pounds of butter), because a man who has lordly notions of a marriage with one of the upper ten, must be the owner of horses. The aborigines of Australia manage their marriages upon a most equitable principle. If (A) wishes to marry (B's) sister, he allows him to marry his own; or if (B) happens to be a widow, then his daughter will do just as well. One of the most objectionable forms of gaining a wife is to work for her, a habit practiced among many uncivilized nations, its only advantage being that a man can get a wife "on credit," though his father-in-law takes good care that he serves his time. Among some races, you have to do your work before you get your wife, as Jacob had to serve for Leah and for Rachel. Marriage by exchange and purchase is not customary among uncivilized nations only. In Central America and in Peru a man has to work for his bride.

In China, a present is given by the father of the bridegroom, the amount of which is agreed upon by both families. The Japanese make use of a similar custom, though, in their case, the giving of presents is the most important part of the whole marriage ceremony, for after these have been delivered and formally accepted, then neither of the contracting parties is able to back. Wife purchase appears to have been the basis of Indo-European marriage before the separation of the peoples took place. Manu mentions the Asura form of marriage as one of purchase, and, according to Aristotle, the Greeks were in the habit of buying their brides; for in the Homeric age, a maiden was called by a name which signified "one who brings her parents many oxen."

The old Scandinavians believed that even the gods had paid a price for their wives, and in Germany the expression "to purchase a wife" was in vogue until the end of the middle ages. The old inhabitants of Ireland and Wales were accustomed to buy their wives with gold and silver or land. In Serbia, at the beginning of this century, girls had reached such a price that Black George reduced their value to one ducat.

Among many savage nations the equivalents of a wife are varied and grotesque. Poor Bashkirs purchase their wives with cart loads of wood or hay; the Indian Kisans with two baskets of rice and a rupee; a tribe in California with half a string of dentallium shells; and among the Padams, a rude people of India, the suitor will show his intentions by gifts of field mice and squirrels.

OBSERVATIONS IN MEXICO.

From the Constitution.
Mr. Wendell McLaughlin, of Wichita, Kansas, a life-long republican, has just returned home after a lengthy sojourn in Mexico. His observations in that country, where he had an opportunity to witness the workings of free coinage, have made him a firm believer in bimetalism. Speaking of his trip, Mr. McLaughlin said:

"A good many people from the United States are investing money in Mexico. The number of Americans in Monterey is estimated at 4,000. They have smelters, breweries, and plants for the manufacture of vitrified bricks, and I was told that a good many of these bricks were shipped to the western part of the United States. Some of these plants are run by Americans. They are now arranging to have the streets of that city paved with vitrified brick, and the work will be paid for as it is done. Monterey is a city without a bonded debt.

"Mexico is on a silver basis, and I heard no complaint about it being inconvenient. People who want exchange in this country buy American money at a premium. When I asked them if it would not be better to come to a gold standard, so that they would not have to pay this premium, they laughed at me, saying that if Mexico was not doing anything but trading in American dollars that might be true, but they called my attention to what they were doing in the way of developing their country, and they said that they wanted lots of silver money with which to do it.

"Everybody seems to be employed and there are no tramps in Mexico. No man could tramp over that country and claim that he was willing to work without finding plenty of it. While property in this country seems to be always going down, it is appreciating steadily in Mexico, and that is the reason it is a good place for investments.

"Mexico is becoming Americanized, but I found nobody down there who was in favor of taking the American money system along with the rest. Americans here need not be awake at night fearing that this country will be reduced to the standard of Mexico, for Mexico is all right. If present con-

ditions are maintained in this country we are going to see lots of American people and American money going to Mexico in the next ten years.

TREACHEROUS SHEET UNMASKED.

From the Montgomery Journal.

The Montgomery Morning Republican paper is today the most dangerous foe to the party in the state. It is dangerous because it still, despite its vile attacks upon the democratic national ticket and platform, has access to the homes and counting-rooms of many honest and confiding democrats, who continue to read it because of its past alleged devotion to the cause of true democracy. That it has always been a viper, warmed in the bosom of the democracy of Alabama is not a question now in dispute, but there is yet in many honest men's hearts, a kindly feeling for the paper they have deemed worthy of confidence, and they are daily being poisoned by its cruel fangs. It no longer conceals its work on democracy; it is as bitterly opposing the party as ever did Mosley and Wickersham and Parsons and other leaders in this state during the darkest days of reconstruction.

The Journal simply desires to warn the party against the paper and its insidious work in the interest of McKinleyism in this state. It must be read and recognized as a republican paper, which has no longer any right to speak for the democracy of Alabama, and whatever it says must be accepted merely as the utterances of a traitor and a marplot dangerous only as an unmasked enemy. Ex-Speaker Thomas H. Clark has boldly proclaimed the purpose of the "sound money movement" which the Advertiser is heading. He said: "If to refuse to support the ticket nominated on that platform is to become a bolter, I accept the phrase and acknowledge myself a bolter. I shall go with the sound money movement with the sole purpose to defeat Bryan," and of course to elect McKinley. He well defined the purpose of the Advertiser. Now that its mask is off, and it is seeking McKinley's election in an underhand way, not having the courage to do it directly, honestly and openly, there is no necessity for any one being deceived by its alleged professions of democracy. It is simply "stealing the livery of heaven to serve the devil in."

Honest and loyal democrats everywhere should recognize the Montgomery Morning paper now in its true colors as an open and avowed enemy to its party, to white supremacy and to its people.

"A feller down our way," said the farmer man, "is so dead sure" that Bryan is going to "get there," that he took a hundred silver dollars that he had buried in an old tin can and melted them into a lump of bullion.

"What did he do that for?" asked the city merchant.

"What did he do it for?" Why, so he could make \$47 coining them over again."—Indianapolis Journal.

The discovery that sunstroke is not sunstroke but blood poisoning is important only in so far as it leads to prevention or cure. When the victim of the heat lies in his coffin, he is unconcerned as to whether Old Sol tapped him with a trip-hammer or inserted a poisoned bodkin between his ribs. But if the learned pathologists who have identified this fell destroyer will discover how the malady may be cured, they will have conveyed a great service on the public. Of course this discovery is an important step in that direction, for the reason that a full understanding of a disease is an essential prerequisite to a cure. But, having taken the first step, the scientists ought not to relinquish their labor until the work is completed by the discovery of a certain cure.

Baren Rotheild's pet charity is the largest free school in the world. It is of course in the east end of London, and its 3,500 scholars are taken from the poorest class of Russian Jews. One hundred teachers do the instructing; breakfasts are provided each morning, and each child gets a suit of clothes and two pairs of shoes a year. There is a savings bank in connection, where sums up to \$50 may be deposited and which pays the young money-makers 10 per cent.

His Honor, (severely)—"How could you, sir, be so mean as to swindle people who put confidence in you?"

Prisoner—"Well, your honor, I'll make it worth something to you if you will tell me how to swindle them as don't."—Tit Bits.

An eastern exchange says: "Bets are being made all through New York State from \$10,000 to \$20,000 that Bryan will be the 'winning candidate' in the Presidential race."



W. F. THETFORD, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWNE,
BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.



Don't Feel Relieved—
The minute you see our Grand Stock of New and Popular Goods it looks fresh and desirable. The first glance shows you that you are on the right track. No mistake about this being a modern up-to-date line of goods. You wake up to the fact that you have got into the right store.

The Feeling Grows—
When you commence to go into details, you feel as if the goods were bought on purpose for you. No trouble to make a satisfactory selection; it gets down to a question which is the most satisfactory.

Trouble is Forgotten
When you learn our prices, they are always at the low-water mark. We don't give goods away—we can't. We can sell goods very low—we do. This is a fact. We might brag about it, but what's the use—a word to the wise is sufficient. It's as true as truth that we sell goods cheap—we prove it.

Happiness is Supreme
When you get just what you want at less than you expected to pay—we are treating customers to this kind of a surprise every day. We sell you a good article and let you off cheap. You will find our selections choice, our goods reliable, and prices satisfactory. A fair deal makes the buyer happy—we give it. To spend money and be happy at the same time go to

S. STARK.
Shelby, Ala.

J. B. Lewis & Co.
SHOES
\$4.00
\$3.00
\$2.50

These shoes fit to perfection and wear as only the best of leather can. They're shapely, pliant—the most comfortable of footwear. They always manage to let in air and keep out water.

Surely Your Dealer Sells Them.
FOR SALE BY
Lester, Mason & Co.

A FOOLISH MAN
Is he who declares he never pays any attention to statements made in newspaper advertisements. What other way have I of attempting to convince you that I can shoe your horse in up-to-date style, and at a price so moderate that you will be ready with the cash the moment the job is done.
Repair Work
a Specialty.
Nothing but good, honest work turned out of my shop. Can sharpen a plow while you wait. In fact I do any and all kinds of work that any blacksmith or woodworker is supposed to do; and, further, I will appreciate your patronage.
TRY ME ONCE FOR LUCK
W. W. ALBRIGHT,
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Scientific American Agency for
PATENTS
CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, ETC.
For information and free handbook write to
MUNY & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the
Scientific American
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Speedily illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly. \$3.00 a year. Single copies 10 cents. Address, MUNY & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.
Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers
The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods
Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES,
Silks,
Satin,
Chally,
Dimities,
Henriettas,
Nuns Veiling,
and Lawns,
And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.
For Clothing and Gents' General Furnishings We're Headquarters as Usual.
SHOES AND SLIPPERS Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00. Wishing every body success, we beg to remain,
Yours Respectfully,
THE RACKET STORE,
SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.
J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Propr's.

THE CHRONICLE.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

C. C. DuBOISE, Proprietor

Entered at the Postoffice at Columbiana, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy, one year, \$1.00
One copy, six months, .50

PALMER AND BUCKNER.

The Ticket Nominated by the Gold Democrats.

Synopsis of the Proceedings of the National Convention of the Gold Democrats at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 3.—The weather to-day is all that could be desired for the holding of the regular Democratic national convention. The hour fixed for the assembling of the convention was noon, but the passage of the noon hour was only marked by the rendering of "Old Hundred" by the band.

The Proceedings.
At 12:30 Senator Palmer, who had taken a seat on the stage as temporary chairman, rose and called the convention to order in a few appropriate words.

Rev. John Hazen White offered the opening prayer.

Representative Outwater, of Ohio, read the call for the convention, which was frequently interrupted by cheers. All reference to sound money was loudly applauded. Terrific applause followed mention of Cleveland's name in reading.

The call of the states being ordered and completed the secretary reported that 41 states had responded.

When the call was completed Senator Palmer remarked:

"The next business in order, as appears from the printed list, is remarks by me. Words are silver; silence is golden. I make no remarks, but call for a report from the national committee."

The report was read by Mr. Brennan, as follows:

"We recommend that until otherwise ordered, the rules of the last democratic national convention, which was held in 1892, shall govern the deliberations of this convention."

We recommend that the resolutions be referred to the appropriate committee without reading.

We recommend the following temporary officers of the convention:

Chairman—Ex-Gov. Roswell Pettibone Flower, of Watertown, N. Y.

Secretary—John D. Wilson, of Indianapolis.

President—Ex-Gov. Roswell Pettibone Flower, of Watertown, N. Y.

The report was adopted, and Senator Palmer designated Gov. Jones of Alabama and Geo. Foster Peabody of Connecticut as the chairmen of the committee on credentials, rules and resolutions, and also vice-presidents. When this was completed the convention took a recess till 4 p. m.

Second Session.
The convention opened at 4:30 with the full attendance of delegates and the galleries packed with spectators, a large proportion of whom were ladies.

The chairman of the committee on credentials, Mr. J. B. Brennan, of Wisconsin, made a report to the effect that there were 824 delegates present, representing 41 states and three territories, and recommending that the present be entitled to cast the full votes of their states and territories. As to the contest with reference to the delegation from Connecticut, the chairman of the committee on the action of the national committee in seating the delegates returned by the state convention be confirmed.

The report was agreed to without question.

Dr. Everett, of Massachusetts, was introduced to fill up the time with a speech until the report on permanent organization should be ready. He addressed the convention as yellow patriots and said Massachusetts had sent her delegation, nearly 60 strong, to aid in repelling the invasion which had arisen against the ancient and venerable republic, the whole country, [Cheers.] "Massachusetts," he continued, "is here against all class divisions. [Cheers.] Massachusetts democracy knows no distinction between classes, between rich and poor, and the man who raises the grain and the man who takes it to market. Massachusetts democracy knows no distinction between the capitalist and the wage earner. Massachusetts democracy knows no distinction between the north and south, between east and west. [Applause.] And, above all, the democracy of our state will not stand any insult against that man who has protected the credit and honor of America. We stand tonight by President Cleveland."

Here the convention rose to a man and there was a scene of great enthusiasm. Delegates cheered and shouted and waved hats, fans, handkerchiefs and flags, and the spectators in the galleries took part in the demonstration.

The report of the committee on permanent organization was presented by the chairman of the committee, James W. Eaton, of New York. He recommended Senator Donelson Caffery, of Louisiana, as permanent chairman, and Mr. J. R. Wilson, of Indiana, for permanent secretary. He also recommended the establishment of a permanent national organization. The report was adopted without a dissenting voice. Senator Caffery was escorted to the chair by a delegation from Pennsylvania, and Mr. Lawler, of Minnesota, addressed the convention, his remarks being delivered with much force and greeted with continued applause.

At the close of Mr. Caffery's speech Mr. John P. Irish, of California, was introduced and made a speech to the convention. Alluding to the democratic convention held in Indianapolis during the war under President Grant, he said, of physical determination, he remarked that they were here to-day under the threat of extermination of that which was dearer to their life. They were here to defend against further attack the public credit, the national honor and the private and personal honesty of the individual citizen. They were here to face a crisis more serious than any crisis that had been faced before. They represented that organization and those principles which, under the leadership of the great President, were in line of the ancient principles of human liberty. [Applause.] They were here to swear by Jackson "By the eternal" that the marrow and strength of the democracy of this country should not be obscured or belittled by populism. [Applause.] He did not care whether it was attempted by the populist convention at Chicago or the populist convention at St. Louis—the two conventions of the year—like to purpose, alike in declaration, alike in the folly of their principles, and in the contemptibility of their vagaries. [Applause.] These were in fact twin conventions of the year—and not "the heavenly twins" either. [Laughter.]

Mr. Irish spoke of Mr. Bryan's stock in trade being a denunciation of trusts, and went on to characterize Mr. Bryan as "the agent, propagandist and commercial traveler of a syndicate greeder than the cornucopia—[Cries of "Good" and cheers:] a syndicate which has gained millions upon millions from the silver mines of the west and of Mexico, a syndicate which stands confessed upon its tongue of its representative now traveling the country touring for custom for the "loud cheers." It is now in the field for the sole and only purpose of advancing the price of its products by making the people believe that it will be an advantage to them." [Applause.]

Mr. Irish's speech was received with enthusiastic demonstrations of applause throughout. As he resumed his seat the band played "Rally Round the Flag," and there was quite an ovation.

The committee on platform not being ready to report, the convention, at 5:50, adjourned until Thursday at 11 a. m.

SECOND DAY.
The Proceedings.

At 11 o'clock, the hour to which the convention yesterday adjourned, there were not 10 delegates present. Senator Palmer, of Illinois, was accorded an ovation on entering.

At 11:40 Chairman Caffery announced that the opening of the convention had been delayed to await the report of the committee on resolutions.

While the convention further waited Mr.

THE CHRONICLE.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

C. C. DuBOISE, Proprietor

Entered at the Postoffice at Columbiana, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy, one year, \$1.00
One copy, six months, .50

PALMER AND BUCKNER.

The Ticket Nominated by the Gold Democrats.

Synopsis of the Proceedings of the National Convention of the Gold Democrats at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 3.—The weather to-day is all that could be desired for the holding of the regular Democratic national convention. The hour fixed for the assembling of the convention was noon, but the passage of the noon hour was only marked by the rendering of "Old Hundred" by the band.

The Proceedings.
At 12:30 Senator Palmer, who had taken a seat on the stage as temporary chairman, rose and called the convention to order in a few appropriate words.

Rev. John Hazen White offered the opening prayer.

Representative Outwater, of Ohio, read the call for the convention, which was frequently interrupted by cheers. All reference to sound money was loudly applauded. Terrific applause followed mention of Cleveland's name in reading.

The call of the states being ordered and completed the secretary reported that 41 states had responded.

When the call was completed Senator Palmer remarked:

"The next business in order, as appears from the printed list, is remarks by me. Words are silver; silence is golden. I make no remarks, but call for a report from the national committee."

The report was read by Mr. Brennan, as follows:

"We recommend that until otherwise ordered, the rules of the last democratic national convention, which was held in 1892, shall govern the deliberations of this convention."

We recommend that the resolutions be referred to the appropriate committee without reading.

We recommend the following temporary officers of the convention:

Chairman—Ex-Gov. Roswell Pettibone Flower, of Watertown, N. Y.

Secretary—John D. Wilson, of Indianapolis.

President—Ex-Gov. Roswell Pettibone Flower, of Watertown, N. Y.

The report was adopted, and Senator Palmer designated Gov. Jones of Alabama and Geo. Foster Peabody of Connecticut as the chairmen of the committee on credentials, rules and resolutions, and also vice-presidents. When this was completed the convention took a recess till 4 p. m.

Second Session.
The convention opened at 4:30 with the full attendance of delegates and the galleries packed with spectators, a large proportion of whom were ladies.

The chairman of the committee on credentials, Mr. J. B. Brennan, of Wisconsin, made a report to the effect that there were 824 delegates present, representing 41 states and three territories, and recommending that the present be entitled to cast the full votes of their states and territories. As to the contest with reference to the delegation from Connecticut, the chairman of the committee on the action of the national committee in seating the delegates returned by the state convention be confirmed.

The report was agreed to without question.

Dr. Everett, of Massachusetts, was introduced to fill up the time with a speech until the report on permanent organization should be ready. He addressed the convention as yellow patriots and said Massachusetts had sent her delegation, nearly 60 strong, to aid in repelling the invasion which had arisen against the ancient and venerable republic, the whole country, [Cheers.] "Massachusetts," he continued, "is here against all class divisions. [Cheers.] Massachusetts democracy knows no distinction between classes, between rich and poor, and the man who raises the grain and the man who takes it to market. Massachusetts democracy knows no distinction between the capitalist and the wage earner. Massachusetts democracy knows no distinction between the north and south, between east and west. [Applause.] And, above all, the democracy of our state will not stand any insult against that man who has protected the credit and honor of America. We stand tonight by President Cleveland."

Here the convention rose to a man and there was a scene of great enthusiasm. Delegates cheered and shouted and waved hats, fans, handkerchiefs and flags, and the spectators in the galleries took part in the demonstration.

The report of the committee on permanent organization was presented by the chairman of the committee, James W. Eaton, of New York. He recommended Senator Donelson Caffery, of Louisiana, as permanent chairman, and Mr. J. R. Wilson, of Indiana, for permanent secretary. He also recommended the establishment of a permanent national organization. The report was adopted without a dissenting voice. Senator Caffery was escorted to the chair by a delegation from Pennsylvania, and Mr. Lawler, of Minnesota, addressed the convention, his remarks being delivered with much force and greeted with continued applause.

At the close of Mr. Caffery's speech Mr. John P. Irish, of California, was introduced and made a speech to the convention. Alluding to the democratic convention held in Indianapolis during the war under President Grant, he said, of physical determination, he remarked that they were here to-day under the threat of extermination of that which was dearer to their life. They were here to defend against further attack the public credit, the national honor and the private and personal honesty of the individual citizen. They were here to face a crisis more serious than any crisis that had been faced before. They represented that organization and those principles which, under the leadership of the great President, were in line of the ancient principles of human liberty. [Applause.] They were here to swear by Jackson "By the eternal" that the marrow and strength of the democracy of this country should not be obscured or belittled by populism. [Applause.] He did not care whether it was attempted by the populist convention at Chicago or the populist convention at St. Louis—the two conventions of the year—like to purpose, alike in declaration, alike in the folly of their principles, and in the contemptibility of their vagaries. [Applause.] These were in fact twin conventions of the year—and not "the heavenly twins" either. [Laughter.]

Mr. Irish spoke of Mr. Bryan's stock in trade being a denunciation of trusts, and went on to characterize Mr. Bryan as "the agent, propagandist and commercial traveler of a syndicate greeder than the cornucopia—[Cries of "Good" and cheers:] a syndicate which has gained millions upon millions from the silver mines of the west and of Mexico, a syndicate which stands confessed upon its tongue of its representative now traveling the country touring for custom for the "loud cheers." It is now in the field for the sole and only purpose of advancing the price of its products by making the people believe that it will be an advantage to them." [Applause.]

Mr. Irish's speech was received with enthusiastic demonstrations of applause throughout. As he resumed his seat the band played "Rally Round the Flag," and there was quite an ovation.

The committee on platform not being ready to report, the convention, at 5:50, adjourned until Thursday at 11 a. m.

SECOND DAY.
The Proceedings.

At 11 o'clock, the hour to which the convention yesterday adjourned, there were not 10 delegates present. Senator Palmer, of Illinois, was accorded an ovation on entering.

At 11:40 Chairman Caffery announced that the opening of the convention had been delayed to await the report of the committee on resolutions.

While the convention further waited Mr.

THE CHRONICLE.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

C. C. DuBOISE, Proprietor

Entered at the Postoffice at Columbiana, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy, one year, \$1.00
One copy, six months, .50

PALMER AND BUCKNER.

The Ticket Nominated by the Gold Democrats.

Synopsis of the Proceedings of the National Convention of the Gold Democrats at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 3.—The weather to-day is all that could be desired for the holding of the regular Democratic national convention. The hour fixed for the assembling of the convention was noon, but the passage of the noon hour was only marked by the rendering of "Old Hundred" by the band.

The Proceedings.
At 12:30 Senator Palmer, who had taken a seat on the stage as temporary chairman, rose and called the convention to order in a few appropriate words.

Rev. John Hazen White offered the opening prayer.

Representative Outwater, of Ohio, read the call for the convention, which was frequently interrupted by cheers. All reference to sound money was loudly applauded. Terrific applause followed mention of Cleveland's name in reading.

The call of the states being ordered and completed the secretary reported that 41 states had responded.

When the call was completed Senator Palmer remarked:

"The next business in order, as appears from the printed list, is remarks by me. Words are silver; silence is golden. I make no remarks, but call for a report from the national committee."

The report was read by Mr. Brennan, as follows:

"We recommend that until otherwise ordered, the rules of the last democratic national convention, which was held in 1892, shall govern the deliberations of this convention."

We recommend that the resolutions be referred to the appropriate committee without reading.

We recommend the following temporary officers of the convention:

Chairman—Ex-Gov. Roswell Pettibone Flower, of Watertown, N. Y.

Secretary—John D. Wilson, of Indianapolis.

President—Ex-Gov. Roswell Pettibone Flower, of Watertown, N. Y.

The report was adopted, and Senator Palmer designated Gov. Jones of Alabama and Geo. Foster Peabody of Connecticut as the chairmen of the committee on credentials, rules and resolutions, and also vice-presidents. When this was completed the convention took a recess till 4 p. m.

Second Session.
The convention opened at 4:30 with the full attendance of delegates and the galleries packed with spectators, a large proportion of whom were ladies.

The chairman of the committee on credentials, Mr. J. B. Brennan, of Wisconsin, made a report to the effect that there were 824 delegates present, representing 41 states and three territories, and recommending that the present be entitled to cast the full votes of their states and territories. As to the contest with reference to the delegation from Connecticut, the chairman of the committee on the action of the national committee in seating the delegates returned by the state convention be confirmed.

The report was agreed to without question.

Dr. Everett, of Massachusetts, was introduced to fill up the time with a speech until the report on permanent organization should be ready. He addressed the convention as yellow patriots and said Massachusetts had sent her delegation, nearly 60 strong, to aid in repelling the invasion which had arisen against the ancient and venerable republic, the whole country, [Cheers.] "Massachusetts," he continued, "is here against all class divisions. [Cheers.] Massachusetts democracy knows no distinction between classes, between rich and poor, and the man who raises the grain and the man who takes it to market. Massachusetts democracy knows no distinction between the capitalist and the wage earner. Massachusetts democracy knows no distinction between the north and south, between east and west. [Applause.] And, above all, the democracy of our state will not stand any insult against that man who has protected the credit and honor of America. We stand tonight by President Cleveland."

Here the convention rose to a man and there was a scene of great enthusiasm. Delegates cheered and shouted and waved hats, fans, handkerchiefs and flags, and the spectators in the galleries took part in the demonstration.

The report of the committee on permanent organization was presented by the chairman of the committee, James W. Eaton, of New York. He recommended Senator Donelson Caffery, of Louisiana, as permanent chairman, and Mr. J. R. Wilson, of Indiana, for permanent secretary. He also recommended the establishment of a permanent national organization. The report was adopted without a dissenting voice. Senator Caffery was escorted to the chair by a delegation from Pennsylvania, and Mr. Lawler, of Minnesota, addressed the convention, his remarks being delivered with much force and greeted with continued applause.

At the close of Mr. Caffery's speech Mr. John P. Irish, of California, was introduced and made a speech to the convention. Alluding to the democratic convention held in Indianapolis during the war under President Grant, he said, of physical determination, he remarked that they were here to-day under the threat of extermination of that which was dearer to their life. They were here to defend against further attack the public credit, the national honor and the private and personal honesty of the individual citizen. They were here to face a crisis more serious than any crisis that had been faced before. They represented that organization and those principles which, under the leadership of the great President, were in line of the ancient principles of human liberty. [Applause.] They were here to swear by Jackson "By the eternal" that the marrow and strength of the democracy of this country should not be obscured or belittled by populism. [Applause.] He did not care whether it was attempted by the populist convention at Chicago or the populist convention at St. Louis—the two conventions of the year—like to purpose, alike in declaration, alike in the folly of their principles, and in the contemptibility of their vagaries. [Applause.] These were in fact twin conventions of the year—and not "the heavenly twins" either. [Laughter.]

Mr. Irish spoke of Mr. Bryan's stock in trade being a denunciation of trusts, and went on to characterize Mr. Bryan as "the agent, propagandist and commercial traveler of a syndicate greeder than the cornucopia—[Cries of "Good" and cheers:] a syndicate which has gained millions upon millions from the silver mines of the west and of Mexico, a syndicate which stands confessed upon its tongue of its representative now traveling the country touring for custom for the "loud cheers." It is now in the field for the sole and only purpose of advancing the price of its products by making the people believe that it will be an advantage to them." [Applause.]

Mr. Irish's speech was received with enthusiastic demonstrations of applause throughout. As he resumed his seat the band played "Rally Round the Flag," and there was quite an ovation.

The committee on platform not being ready to report, the convention, at 5:50, adjourned until Thursday at 11 a. m.

SECOND DAY.
The Proceedings.

At 11 o'clock, the hour to which the convention yesterday adjourned, there were not 10 delegates present. Senator Palmer, of Illinois, was accorded an ovation on entering.

At 11:40 Chairman Caffery announced that the opening of the convention had been delayed to await the report of the committee on resolutions.

While the convention further waited Mr.

THE CHRONICLE.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

C. C. DuBOISE, Proprietor

Entered at the Postoffice at Columbiana, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy, one year, \$1.00
One copy, six months, .50

PALMER AND BUCKNER.

The Ticket Nominated by the Gold Democrats.

Synopsis of the Proceedings of the National Convention of the Gold Democrats at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 3.—The weather to-day is all that could be desired for the holding of the regular Democratic national convention. The hour fixed for the assembling of the convention was noon, but the passage of the noon hour was only marked by the rendering of "Old Hundred" by the band.

The Proceedings.
At 12:30 Senator Palmer, who had taken a seat on the stage as temporary chairman, rose and called the convention to order in a few appropriate words.

Rev. John Hazen White offered the opening prayer.

Representative Outwater, of Ohio, read the call for the convention, which was frequently interrupted by cheers. All reference to sound money was loudly applauded. Terrific applause followed mention of Cleveland's name in reading.

The call of the states being ordered and completed the secretary reported that 41 states had responded.

When the call was completed Senator Palmer remarked:

"The next business in order, as appears from the printed list, is remarks by me. Words are silver; silence is golden. I make no remarks, but call for a report from the national committee."

The report was read by Mr. Brennan, as follows:

"We recommend that until otherwise ordered, the rules of the last democratic national convention, which was held in 1892, shall govern the deliberations of this convention."

We recommend that the resolutions be referred to the appropriate committee without reading.

We recommend the following temporary officers of the convention:

Chairman—Ex-Gov. Roswell Pettibone Flower, of Watertown, N. Y.

Secretary—John D. Wilson, of Indianapolis.

President—Ex-Gov. Roswell Pettibone Flower, of Watertown, N. Y.

The report was adopted, and Senator Palmer designated Gov. Jones of Alabama and Geo. Foster Peabody of Connecticut as the chairmen of the committee on credentials, rules and resolutions, and also vice-presidents. When this was completed the convention took a recess till 4 p. m.

Second Session.
The convention opened at 4:30 with the full attendance of delegates and the galleries packed with spectators, a large proportion of whom were ladies.

The chairman of the committee on credentials, Mr. J. B. Brennan, of Wisconsin, made a report to the effect that there were 824 delegates present, representing 41 states and three territories, and recommending that the present be entitled to cast the full votes of their states and territories. As to the contest with reference to the delegation from Connecticut, the chairman of the committee on the action of the national committee in seating the delegates returned by the state convention be confirmed.

The report was agreed to without question.

Dr. Everett, of Massachusetts, was introduced to fill up the time with a speech until the report on permanent organization should be ready. He addressed the convention as yellow patriots and said Massachusetts had sent her delegation, nearly 60 strong, to aid in repelling the invasion which had arisen against the ancient and venerable republic, the whole country, [Cheers.] "Massachusetts," he continued, "is here against all class divisions. [Cheers.] Massachusetts democracy knows no distinction between classes, between rich and poor, and the man who raises the grain and the man who takes it to market. Massachusetts democracy knows no distinction between the capitalist and the wage earner. Massachusetts democracy knows no distinction between the north and south, between east and west. [Applause.] And, above all, the democracy of our state will not stand any insult against that man who has protected the credit and honor of America. We stand tonight by President Cleveland."

Here the convention rose to a man and there was a scene of great enthusiasm. Delegates cheered and shouted and waved hats, fans, handkerchiefs and flags, and the spectators in the galleries took part in the demonstration.

The report of the committee on permanent organization was presented by the chairman of the committee, James W. Eaton, of New York. He recommended Senator Donelson Caffery, of Louisiana, as permanent chairman, and Mr. J. R. Wilson, of Indiana, for permanent secretary. He also recommended the establishment of a permanent national organization. The report was adopted without a dissenting voice. Senator Caffery was escorted to the chair by a delegation from Pennsylvania, and Mr. Lawler, of Minnesota, addressed the convention, his remarks being delivered with much force and greeted with continued applause.

At the close of Mr. Caffery's speech Mr. John P. Irish, of California, was introduced and made a speech to the convention. Alluding to the democratic convention held in Indianapolis during the war under President Grant, he said, of physical determination, he remarked that they were here to-day under the threat of extermination of that which was dearer to their life. They were here to defend against further attack the public credit, the national honor and the private and personal honesty of the individual citizen. They were here to face a crisis more serious than any crisis that had been faced before. They represented that organization and those principles which, under the leadership of the great President, were in line of the ancient principles of human liberty. [Applause.] They were here to swear by Jackson "By the eternal" that the marrow and strength of the democracy of this country should not be obscured or belittled by populism. [Applause.] He did not care whether it was attempted by the populist convention at Chicago or the populist convention at St. Louis—the two conventions of the year—like to purpose, alike in declaration, alike in the folly of their principles, and in the contemptibility of their vagaries. [Applause.] These were in fact twin conventions of the year—and not "the heavenly twins" either. [Laughter.]

Mr. Irish spoke of Mr. Bryan's stock in trade being a denunciation of trusts, and went on to characterize Mr. Bryan as "the agent, propagandist and commercial traveler of a syndicate greeder than the cornucopia—[Cries of "Good" and cheers:] a syndicate which has gained millions upon millions from the silver mines of the west and of Mexico, a syndicate which stands confessed upon its tongue of its representative now traveling the country touring for custom for the "loud cheers." It is now in the field for the sole and only purpose of advancing the price of its products by making the people believe that it will be an advantage to them." [Applause.]

Mr. Irish's speech was received with enthusiastic demonstrations of applause throughout. As he resumed his seat the band played "Rally Round the Flag," and there was quite an ovation.

The committee on platform not being ready to report, the convention, at 5:50, adjourned until Thursday at 11 a. m.

SECOND DAY.
The Proceedings.

At 11 o'clock, the hour to which the convention yesterday adjourned, there were not 10 delegates present. Senator Palmer, of Illinois, was accorded an ovation on entering.

At 11:40 Chairman Caffery announced that the opening of the convention had been delayed to await the report of the committee on resolutions.

While the convention further waited Mr.

THE CHRONICLE.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

C. C. DuBOISE, Proprietor

Entered at the Postoffice at Columbiana, Ala., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy, one year, \$1.00
One copy, six months, .50

PALMER AND BUCKNER.

The Ticket Nominated by the Gold Democrats.

Synopsis of the Proceedings of the National Convention of the Gold Democrats at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 3.—The weather to-day is all that could be desired for the holding of the regular Democratic national convention. The hour fixed for the assembling of the convention was noon, but the passage of the noon hour was only marked by the rendering of "Old Hundred" by the band.

The Proceedings.
At 12:30 Senator Palmer, who had taken a seat on the stage as temporary chairman, rose and called the convention to order in a few appropriate words.

Rev. John Hazen White offered the opening prayer.

Representative Outwater, of Ohio, read the call for the convention, which was frequently interrupted by cheers. All reference to sound money was loudly applauded. Terrific applause followed mention of Cleveland's name in reading.

The call of the states being ordered and completed the secretary reported that 41 states had responded.

THE CHRONICLE

C. C. DUNN, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, SEPT. 10, 1896.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN,
OF Nebraska.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
ARTHUR M. SEWALL,
OF Maine.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORS.

First district—E. L. Russell.
Second district—John D. Burnett.
Third district—T. M. Espy.
Fourth district—W. B. Browne.
Fifth district—T. L. Bulger.
Sixth district—J. J. Mayfield.
Seventh district—M. D. Sibert.
Eighth district—E. B. Almon.
Ninth district—C. B. Powell.

STATE AT LARGE.

S. W. John, J. W. A. Sanford.

The anti-high-hat law is vigorously enforced in New Orleans theaters, to the great delight of every one, the ladies not excepted. If it works so well in theaters, why not in all public gatherings as well?

McKINLEY has come out flat-footed for the gold standard. The bankers refused to put up on him with the international agreement fringe, but since he has come out in a strong appeal for the 200-cent dollar they are expected to unload their chest into the lap of Hanna.

EX-PRESIDENT HARRISON, in a speech in New York lately appeals to the old soldiers to vote like they shut. If they did it would be very ineffective work, if you look into pension lists of the states and national records, for it took six hundred pounds of minnie balls to kill one southern soldier.

THE TIMES is a Presbyterian in belief. It believes that God and the people are on the side of Bryan. It believes that it was foreordained that the brainy young Nebraskan has been selected to free the toiling masses from the bondage that a few millionaires of the East would place them under.—Selma Times.

It is the duty of every man who can do a thing well, who makes a good thing, who sells a good thing, to tell people about it. The people can afford the expense of being told. The maker and dealer can afford to make the investment, which may be necessary to inaugurate a system or method of telling. In other words, any maker of a good thing, and any regular dealer in a line of good things, should consider the investment in advertising in this light. It is simply buying public favor. A business man buys what he wants.

GEN. JOHN M. PALMER, of Illinois, and Gen. Simeon Bolivar Buckner, of Kentucky, are the candidates for president and vice-president of the sound money bolters, who have the gall to call themselves "national democrats." And their ticket stands about the same chance of election as they would of catching fish from their mother's rain barrel. They might catch a few wiggle-wiggles, and the odds are two to one that a majority of them will wiggle wiggle square into the republican party before the November election. There can be but one possible result of this movement, and that is to insure, if in their power, McKinley's election. This is worse than to have voted the republican ticket straight, and it is not half so manly. The Chronicle wants to be distinctly understood as tottally, and immovably opposed to bolters under any and all circumstances. They show commendable zeal, but plagued poor judgment.

WILL the congressional dead-lock be broken tomorrow at Shelby Springs, or will Dallas and Calhoun tie up the convention indefinitely in their desperate effort each to down the other. Gentlemen, allow us to offer a suggestion that, if heeded, will speedily solve the problem, and leave no sores to breed dissension or ill feeling. Dallas county furnished the representative for four years and Calhoun twenty-four. Would it not be the proper thing to let Talladega county have at least a chance at the pie? She offers a good man, a clean man, a true man, an able man, and one who richly deserves the honor he seeks. Then why not unite upon the worthy son of Talladega and no bad results can possibly follow. He is the logical candidate, and is in a position to re-unite the party and carry the district by an old time majority. This is no time to be pig-headed or greedy. Self-interest should be laid aside for the good of the party, and if the delegates take this view of the matter a speedy nomination will result.

Few people realize the extent to which the agricultural products of the country find markets in Europe, every year. More than two-thirds of our exports last year were agricultural products. In the aggregate, these contributions, largely to Europe, from American fields west and south, amounted in value to more than \$553,000. Cotton, of which crop two-thirds was sold in Europe, was exported to the value of nearly \$205,000,000. The export of provisions, meat, hard, etc., was sold for \$133,700,000 nearly, while the breadstuffs sent over the water were appraised at \$114,000,000. True it is that this is an era of sharp competition in trade between nations. Russia and India have entered the field for the world's wheat provisioning. Nevertheless a great and grow-

ing business is done in the exportation of our products, and the figures above given clearly indicate that there is no class of producers in America who should feel more interest in our exporting trade with Europe than that including the planter and agriculturalist.

VERY PLEASANT—NIT.

Something of the Woes of Ye Poor Newspaper Man.

Editing a newspaper is a pleasant business—if you can stand it, says the Gainesville Georgia Cracker.

If it contains many advertisements the subscribers complain that they take up too much space.

If there is a scarcity of advertisements it is unpopular, and the people won't have it.

If we attend church regularly they say we go for effect.

If we stay away from church, they say we are heathenish.

If we accept an invitation to a wedding, they say we were only invited to "write it up."

If we go to a show they say we go on free tickets.

If we are seen on the streets often, they say we neglect our business.

If we avoid going on the streets, they say we don't hustle.

If we reject a long communication its author becomes enraged and discontinues his paper.

If we publish lengthy communications, our readers say we lack discretion and just put in anything "to fill up."

If we are single, they say we are too helpless to get married.

If we are not single, they say it is a pity for our wives.

If we publish a man who has brought disgrace upon his family, the friends of the family never forgive us.

If we, out of goodness of heart, decline to say anything on the subject, the man's enemies are disappointed, and we are branded as a white livered coward.

We are able to stand these raps and many more, and are always ready to receive visitors, whether accompanied by a dog or not. Of course we do not claim there is any work running a newspaper: every one knows it is a "soft place" with plush cushions and cold drinks always in reach.

WHERE WAS BRYAN?

From the New Orleans States.

Recently a New York illustrated weekly published a full page cartoon, one-half of which represented McKinley as a soldier boy in 1861, standing at attention, while shells were bursting above his head, and the other half pictured Bryan in a cradle, frantically shaking a rattle-box. The purpose of the cartoon is to show that while McKinley was at the front saving his country, Bryan, with perfect indifference as to the result of the war, remained in the security of his cradle playing with his toes and occasionally yelling for the pap bottle.

Shall we, under the circumstances, vote for a dodger, a shirker of duty, a stay-at-home in preference to McKinley, the soldier and patriot? Perish the thought. Where was Bryan when the field of Mannassas ran red with gore? Where was he when Philadelphia's liberty bell rang out the declaration of independence and patriots tossed their hats in the air and shouted for freedom? Did his bleeding feet stain the snow on the march to Valley Forge, or did he scramble up the rocky ramparts of Ticonderoga? Nixey, not much. Was he at Phillippi when the shields of the legion were clashing. Echo answers nit. Was he one of the heroes of Thermopylae? Did he perish at the Alamo under the weight of fifteen dead Mexicans. Never, and we say it advisedly.

Bryan has never fled for his country or any other fellow's, and for this reason the illustrated papers in bright colors are contrasting his record with that of McKinley, the battle-scarred warrior of Canton, champion of the trusts, and the beetle-browed knight of Hanna.

What a glorious opportunity Bryan had to win fame and the esteem of his countrymen, and how sad it is to know that he failed to embrace it. At the vigorous age of one year, instead of enlisting at the first blast of the bugle and shouldering his musket, he roosted contentedly in his cradle and did not care a fig, a copper, or even a sugar teat, whether the country went to the damnation how-woos or up in a balloon. Just think of it, this callous-hearted wretch now has the effrontery to aspire to the presidency of these United States and solicits the votes of the people. He dares to run against our own McKinley, the Napoleon of protection and the advance agent of prosperity. Oh what nerve! What cheek!

The Way to Do It.

From the Educational Exchange.

How can Alabama secure proper facilities for her rural schools? The first step in answer to this question must be the adoption of a new state constitution with adequate fundamental provisions for an efficient state system. For the past ten years the teachers of the state have been begging the politicians for action in this matter but the answer has been—"The time is not yet." The hour has come when those interested in the progress of the state must make this request a positive demand. Political expediency must no longer stand in impassable barrier to progress. Alabama today with all her marvelous undeveloped resources, is educationally behind every other southern state, simply because her organic law practically forbids an efficient system of state schools.

WONDERFUL

Is the Retentive Power of Helen Kellar's Mind.

A correspondent of the Nashville Banner writing from Tusculum, gives an interesting sketch of Helen Kellar, as follows:

North Alabama is rich in traditional history, and has been made famous by the deeds of her great men. Judges, congressmen, governors and great preachers, were born and raised in this section, all of which achieved more than a local reputation, and some even attained to national fame. Tusculum has had her quota of these illustrious ones, and while justly proud of their heritage, a good name and excellent deeds, she has produced one of whom any town, state or nation would be proud.

The world knows Helen Kellar perhaps even better than her own townsmen. The latter knew her as the blind, deaf and dumb daughter of the late lamented Captain Kellar, editor of the North Alabamian. The world knows her as a most wonderful prodigy.

When Helen Kellar was born, to all outward appearance, she was possessed of all her faculties. She is remembered as a bright babe, quick and alert, perceiving everything which was occurring about her. When a year old, she was stricken down by disease, which paralyzed her vocal chords and the senses of sight and hearing. With these infirmities she grew up to be a bright and vivacious child, walking about as if she could see perfectly.

Very early it was discovered that her sense of touch was abnormal. The instance remembered is that she could distinguish the several pups in a litter owned by Captain Kellar, never making a mistake in the selection of the right one. When she was eight years old her father employed a Miss Sullivan, of Boston, as governess for Helen. Miss Sullivan had once been blind, but had her sight restored by a very delicate and difficult operation. She was an expert teacher of blind children, and proved to be the proper person to take care of the youthful prodigy. She first taught her the deaf and dumb alphabet, and then combinations of the letters, with the object spelled, to show the child what such a formation of letters meant. For instance, she would spell apple, and then place in the child's hand an apple, thus impressing on her mind what she had spelled, as it is only through the touch of her most sensitive hand that she is able to grasp an idea.

She has learned to talk, and was taught this in a most unique way. Miss Sullivan would place Helen's hand on her throat and then make sounds of letters and words. These were conveyed to the child through her delicate and sensitive touch. Then Helen would place her fingers on her own throat and try to make the same vibrations. This has been kept up until now she can talk very well in a harsh and unmelodious voice.

The retentive power of her mind is truly wonderful. She never forgets anything she reads or which is read to her. Besides this, her mind is developed, and she is educated better than most people twice her age. She is well versed in history, ancient and modern, in mythology and in literature. She talks and writes about nature in a style that would do credit to a much older person. She writes beautiful letters to her friends and relatives, and has written one or two stories. Several years ago she wrote the story of her own life for the Youth's Companion, which attracted universal attention, not only because of the subject, but also by its literary merit. She has also written a little tale of nature, entitled "The Frost King," which has also brought forth the praises of critics in literary Boston and elsewhere.

The facial expressions of the child attract universal comment. She wears a sober look, which does not detract from her general appearance. At times, her blue and sightless eyes will dance and sparkle like dew drops in the sunlight. Her nature is jovial and she is said to have a keen sense of wit. When with children she talks of things pleasing to them, and when with older persons she converses like an older person. She has a wonderful stock of witticisms, puns and conundrums, which she uses at most opportune times.

As has been mentioned before, her sense of feeling is her medium of communication. She can talk intelligently and clearly, but she cannot hear you, except through her fingers. With her fingers placed on your throat she can hear every word uttered, every note sung. If she places them on a piano, she can distinguish one tune from another, and while she does not play any instrument, she has a "keen touch" for music, telling in an instant when a discord is made. The most remarkable thing about this sense of touch is the fact that she can distinguish colors, and has never made a mistake in telling the name of the color on which she places her fingers.

Another peculiar characteristic of this wonderful girl is her growth, which has also been abnormal. At 13 years of age, she was described as very large for her age, with every feature in proportion to her height. She lives ever in sunshine and has never been known to complain of her situation in life. For every one she has a pleasant greeting and a cheery smile. For the past two years she has been in school in New York City, under the special care of her devoted teacher and friend, Miss Sullivan. She has frequently made tours of the eastern cities, visiting especially all the schools for unfortunate children. At every place where she has stopped she has been surrounded by a coterie of

admirers and has been toasted by many of the distinguished people of the nation. She grows in every way, and if she lives and keeps her health, she is destined to be one of the most remarkable women ever produced by America.

"What this country needs to develop its business is confidence," said the local politician in the grocery store. "Mr. Briggs, will you trust me for a fortnight for a barrel of flour?" "No," said the grocer, "my terms are spot cash." "There you have it, gentlemen," exclaimed the local politician. "Mr. Briggs has not the confidence and I have not the flour. Consequently he misses an opportunity to do business, and does not sell the flour. It is the spirit he illustrates that compels many men to do whitewashing who otherwise would preach great and lasting truths to a waiting world."—Boston Transcript.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Cailloute, Druggist, Beaverville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

"Professor," said the fair leader of the reform delegation to the reticent neighborhood philosopher, who was supposed to know everything, "we're trying to make this world better, and have taken the liberty of seeking your advice. What is the surest way to prevent divorces in this country?" "Don't get married." And then the delegation fled out to look up another topic.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headache yields to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles 50 cents at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

"Where do you stand on the silver question, Mr. Schaumburg?" said a schoolboy, to a prominent Dallas merchant. "Not you mean?" "Well, are you in favor of a single or double standard of value of money?" "O, I am in favor of a double standard—you to buy with and von to sell with. Py schiminy gerashus! if der vas only one standard of value, vere vill de profits come in?"

Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.50 price offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Notice of Application to Sell Real Estate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.

Probate Court, September 1, 1896.

Estate of W. L. Dickinson, deceased. This day came G. W. Moore, administrator de bonis non, of said estate, and filed his application in due form and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therein, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of distribution. It is ordered that the 25th day of October, 1896, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

D. R. McILLAN, Judge of Probate.

Sept. 10th 3-4

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect June 21 1896.

No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6
4:45 pm	4:45 pm	11:15 am	11:15 am	11:15 am	11:15 am
6:25 pm	6:25 pm	9:00 am	9:00 am	9:00 am	9:00 am
8:35 pm	8:35 pm	6:00 am	6:00 am	6:00 am	6:00 am
10:45 pm	10:45 pm	3:45 am	3:45 am	3:45 am	3:45 am
12:55 pm	12:55 pm	1:15 am	1:15 am	1:15 am	1:15 am
1:15 pm	1:15 pm	3:45 am	3:45 am	3:45 am	3:45 am
3:15 pm	3:15 pm	5:45 am	5:45 am	5:45 am	5:45 am
5:15 pm	5:15 pm	7:45 am	7:45 am	7:45 am	7:45 am
7:15 pm	7:15 pm	9:45 am	9:45 am	9:45 am	9:45 am
9:15 pm	9:15 pm	11:45 am	11:45 am	11:45 am	11:45 am
11:15 pm	11:15 pm	1:45 pm	1:45 pm	1:45 pm	1:45 pm
1:15 am	1:15 am	3:45 pm	3:45 pm	3:45 pm	3:45 pm
3:15 am	3:15 am	5:45 pm	5:45 pm	5:45 pm	5:45 pm
5:15 am	5:15 am	7:45 pm	7:45 pm	7:45 pm	7:45 pm
7:15 am	7:15 am	9:45 pm	9:45 pm	9:45 pm	9:45 pm
9:15 am	9:15 am	11:45 pm	11:45 pm	11:45 pm	11:45 pm
11:15 am	11:15 am	1:45 am	1:45 am	1:45 am	1:45 am
1:15 pm	1:15 pm	3:45 am	3:45 am	3:45 am	3:45 am
3:15 pm	3:15 pm	5:45 am	5:45 am	5:45 am	5:45 am
5:15 pm	5:15 pm	7:45 am	7:45 am	7:45 am	7:45 am
7:15 pm	7:15 pm	9:45 am	9:45 am	9:45 am	9:45 am
9:15 pm	9:15 pm	11:45 am	11:45 am	11:45 am	11:45 am
11:15 pm	11:15 pm	1:45 pm	1:45 pm	1:45 pm	1:45 pm
1:15 am	1:15 am	3:45 pm	3:45 pm	3:45 pm	3:45 pm
3:15 am	3:15 am	5:45 pm	5:45 pm	5:45 pm	5:45 pm
5:15 am	5:15 am	7:45 pm	7:45 pm	7:45 pm	7:45 pm
7:15 am	7:15 am	9:45 pm	9:45 pm	9:45 pm	9:45 pm
9:15 am	9:15 am	11:45 pm	11:45 pm	11:45 pm	11:45 pm
11:15 am	11:15 am	1:45 am	1:45 am	1:45 am	1:45 am
1:15 pm	1:15 pm	3:45 am	3:45 am	3:45 am	3:45 am
3:15 pm	3:15 pm	5:45 am	5:45 am	5:45 am	5:45 am
5:15 pm	5:15 pm	7:45 am	7:45 am	7:45 am	7:45 am
7:15 pm	7:15 pm	9:45 am	9:45 am	9:45 am	9:45 am
9:15 pm	9:15 pm	11:45 am	11:45 am	11:45 am	11:45 am
11:15 pm	11:15 pm	1:45 pm	1:45 pm	1:45 pm	1:45 pm
1:15 am	1:15 am	3:45 pm	3:45 pm	3:45 pm	3:45 pm
3:15 am	3:15 am	5:45 pm	5:45 pm	5:45 pm	5:45 pm
5:15 am	5:15 am	7:45 pm	7:45 pm	7:45 pm	7:45 pm
7:15 am	7:15 am	9:45 pm	9:45 pm	9:45 pm	9:45 pm
9:15 am	9:15 am	11:45 pm	11:45 pm	11:45 pm	11:45 pm
11:15 am	11:15 am	1:45 am	1:45 am	1:45 am	1:45 am
1:15 pm	1:15 pm	3:45 am	3:45 am	3:45 am	3:45 am
3:15 pm	3:15 pm	5:45 am	5:45 am	5:45 am	5:45 am
5:15 pm	5:15 pm	7:45 am	7:45 am	7:45 am	7:45 am
7:15 pm	7:15 pm	9:45 am	9:45 am	9:45 am	9:45 am
9:15 pm	9:15 pm	11:45 am	11:45 am	11:45 am	11:45 am
11:15 pm	11:15 pm	1:45 pm	1:45 pm	1:45 pm	1:45 pm
1:15 am	1:15 am	3:45 pm	3:45 pm	3:45 pm	3:45 pm
3:15 am	3:15 am	5:45 pm	5:45 pm	5:45 pm	5:45 pm
5:15 am	5:15 am	7:45 pm	7:45 pm	7:45 pm	7:45 pm
7:15 am	7:15 am	9:45 pm	9:45 pm	9:45 pm	9:45 pm
9:15 am	9:15 am	11:45 pm	11:45 pm	11:45 pm	11:45 pm
11:15 am	11:15 am	1:45 am	1:45 am	1:45 am	1:45 am
1:15 pm	1:15 pm	3:45 am	3:45 am	3:45 am	3:45 am
3:15 pm	3:15 pm	5:45 am	5:45 am	5:45 am	5:45 am
5:15 pm	5:15 pm	7:45 am	7:45 am	7:45 am	7:45 am
7:15 pm	7:15 pm	9:45 am	9:45 am	9:45 am	9:45 am
9:15 pm	9:15 pm	11:45 am	11:45 am	11:45 am	11:45 am
11:15 pm	11:15 pm	1:45 pm	1:45 pm	1:45 pm	1:45 pm
1:15 am	1:15 am	3:45 pm	3:45 pm	3:45 pm	3:45 pm
3:15 am	3:15 am	5:45 pm	5:45 pm	5:45 pm	5:45 pm
5:15 am	5:15 am	7:45 pm	7:45 pm	7:45 pm	7:45 pm
7:15 am	7:15 am	9:45 pm	9:45 pm	9:45 pm	9:45 pm
9:15 am	9:15 am	11:45 pm	11:45 pm	11:45 pm	11:45 pm
11:15 am	11:15 am	1:45 am	1:45 am	1:45 am	1:45 am
1:15 pm	1:15 pm	3:45 am	3:45 am	3:45 am	3:45 am
3:15 pm	3:15 pm	5:45 am	5:45 am	5:45 am	5:45 am
5:15 pm	5:15 pm	7:45 am	7:45 am	7:45 am	7:45 am
7:15 pm	7:15 pm	9:45 am	9:45 am	9:45 am	9:45 am
9:15 pm	9:15 pm	11:45 am	11:45 am	11:45 am	11:45 am
11:15 pm	11:15 pm	1:45 pm	1:45 pm	1:45 pm	1:45 pm
1:15 am	1:15 am	3:45 pm	3:45 pm	3:45 pm	3:45 pm
3:15 am	3:15 am	5:45 pm	5:45 pm	5:45 pm	5:45 pm
5:15 am	5:15 am	7:45 pm	7:45 pm	7:45 pm	7:45 pm
7:15 am	7:15 am	9:45 pm	9:45 pm	9:45 pm	9:45 pm
9:15 am	9:15 am	11:45 pm	11:45 pm	11:45 pm	11:45 pm
11:15 am	11:15 am	1:45 am	1:45 am	1:45 am	1:45 am
1:15 pm	1:15 pm	3:45 am	3:45 am	3:45 am	3:45 am
3:15 pm	3:15 pm	5:45 am	5:45 am	5:45 am	5:45 am
5:15 pm	5:15 pm	7:45 am	7:45 am	7:45 am	7:45 am

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Southern Railway.

NEW SCHEDULE.
No. 19, passenger, leaves going south, 3:28 p.m.
No. 16, passenger, leaves going north, 11:37 a.m.
No. 61, local, leaves going south, 7:45 a.m.
No. 61, local, leaves going north, 1:39 p.m.

Post Office

Mail closes, 11:07 a.m.
Trains due, 11:37 a.m. and 3:28 p.m.
Mails open 1:39 p.m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 3:28 p.m.

LOCAL VIVISCOPE.

J. R. Hill, of Calera, was a guest of relatives here Monday.

Miss Elma Chapman is spending the week with Shelby friends.

J. W. Dyke and wife spent Sunday with relatives in Wilsonville.

W. W. Walls, of Anniston, spent Sunday at home with his family.

Supt. T. A. Huston, of Wilsonville, was in town a few hours Saturday.

V. H. Vines and sister, Miss Venecia, left for their home in Clanton Saturday.

A special meeting of the commissioners' court has been called for tomorrow.

Misses Mattie and Jennie Hand left Saturday afternoon for their home in Jonson.

Mrs. Augusta Wilson, of Montevallo, is on a visit to the family of J. L. Peters.

The tax assessor and collector have a notice in this issue of interest to taxpayers.

Prof. J. B. Kilpatrick, of Wilsonville, spent Saturday in town examining teachers.

Horace Hammond is spending a short vacation this week with relatives at Wedon.

Rev. George Mason and wife have returned from a six months stay near Talladega Springs.

The Misses Rodgers, of Virginia, spent Saturday and Sunday with Rev. W. I. Simnot's family.

Mrs. E. L. Spencer, who has been summering at Talladega Springs, returned home Saturday.

Rev. A. R. Hardy, a talented young divine from Greensboro, preached Saturday night at the Baptist church.

Maj. J. G. Harris, former state superintendent of education, was in town Tuesday, and gave us a pleasant call.

Miss Eloise Bell passed through our thriving city Friday on her return home from an extended visit to relatives in Mississippi.

For SALE—A fine farm of 120 acres. Will sell either 40 or 80 or both, to suit buyer. Terms easy. Apply for full particulars to editor of Chronicle.

Miss Mary Milner, who has been spending sometime with her cousin, Miss Anna, left for her home in Birmingham Monday.

The Columbiana Free School will open next Monday. A very large attendance and a profitable session are confidently looked for.

Ed. Bruce, an enterprising young Birmingham bicyclist, passed through town Monday on a tour to Talladega Springs, Anniston, Gadsden and other points.

Judge D. R. McMillan and wife gave our young people an entertainment at their residence Friday night in honor of Miss Essie Mason and her guest, Miss Flossie Kifer, of Shelby.

James Page and Miss Addie Cronwell, V. H. Vines and Miss Etta Page, Herman Ginzler and Miss Clem Cronwell, J. S. Falkner and Miss Venecia Vines, and Misses Georgia Cronwell, Minnie Foshee and Addie Page took a hay ride Friday evening last, out to Kingdom church to attend services.

The Columbiana Mercantile Company have a large advertisement in this issue. It will pay every reader of The Chronicle to scan it closely. The prices given therein speak for themselves. Of course you are supposed to know a bargain when you see it. This company have an immense stock of goods attractively arranged in their large new brick storeroom and they are in a position to command a large trade.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will give a leap year entertainment at the residence of Rev. W. I. Simnot, on Friday night, Sept. 11, at which ice cream and sherbet will be served at 5 and 10 cents a saucer, beginning at 5 o'clock. An interesting feature of the evening will be a number of leap year proposals made by the young ladies of the town. Prizes will be awarded to the young lady who makes the best proposal, and to the young gentleman who accepts or rejects it most gracefully.

The city fathers met Tuesday evening and passed upon a few matters connected with our school. They decided to require pupils living outside the school district to pay one month's tuition in advance, and to pay regularly the first of each month thereafter. Two janitors are needed and they propose to give two free scholarships to boys outside the district who will perform the duties of the office. A code of rules was also drawn up for the government of said school, which carried their sanction.

Shelby County Matrimonial Bureau.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John Brown to Nancy Brown; T. B. Dixon to Minnie Randall; Joseph Lowley to Laura Lowley.

Resolutions of Respect.

In view of the sad demise of Dr. Jerome Cochran, who was not only the originator and active supporter of the medical laws of the State of Alabama, but who was for years honored with the highest civic position which the state could confer upon a member of the medical profession, we, the members of the Medical Society of Shelby county, in order to attest in its demonstrative a way as we possibly can our appreciation of his lofty character, his wonderful intellect and his tireless energy to elevate the profession in the state, do pass the following resolutions:

WHEREAS, The Almighty has seen fit to end the career of that great and good physician, scholar and citizen, Dr. Jerome Cochran, senior censor of the Medical Association of the State of Alabama, we, the members of Shelby county Medical Society in meeting assembled, attest our heartfelt sorrow that he no longer lingers to advise, admonish and guide and counsel, and that we furthermore extend our sympathy to the bereaved family, and that we make known our action by sending a copy of these resolutions to the Montgomery Advertiser, Shelby Chronicle and Mobile Register, and as a further mark of respect the society do now adjourn.

C. C. OLIVER, M. D.
J. H. GUNN, M. D. (COCL.
J. R. MORGAN, M. D.

Wilsonville Waifs.

Sundays variation things—buggy rides.

Miss Grenna Wallace returned to her home in Sylacauga Saturday, via Vincent.

Mrs. Steadman and two little girls, of Montgomery, are visiting Mrs. Willington.

Miss Osie Wilson, after tantalizing all of our young men with her bewitching smiles, took her departure for Fayetteville Sunday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Dykes (formerly Miss Emma Millstead and Mr. James Dykes) spent a day in town, the guests of the bride's brother.

The Wilsonville Institute opened Monday morning with 32 matriculates. Others are expected to enter later, when the crops are harvested.

Miss Georgia Pope, the pepsin of longevity to our society, is visiting Fayetteville, the guest of her brother and his family.

We are glad to have the pleasure and privilege of noting the return of Miss Cora Smith from Maplesville, where she has been for three months instructing the youth of this progressive age.

Rev. J. W. Cary filled the Methodist pulpit Sunday morning and night.

Buck Daniels, we are sorry to announce, has met with a back-set since his return from Birmingham; but we earnestly hope it will be of small consequence.

The S. P. L. League meets Friday night week, to elect a full corps of officers, also to participate in the following subject for debate: "Resolved, that America has not approached her zenith." This is a question that every one should burst forth in the very elements of forensic oratory. Those that are not placed on for debate will have an opportunity to speak four minutes, extempore, at the second roll call.

Bourgeois overheard the following dialogue between a gentleman and lady in regard to the Girls' Industrial School, Montevallo: She—Did they elect Miss Tutwiler president of the Industrial school? He—No, Mr. Clay Reynolds has been elected temporary president. She—Well, sir, I imagine that it takes a man of firm and resolute jurisdiction to manage two or three hundred girls. He—You're right. I've been married 20 years and I find that it takes a good manager to manage even one girl.

A young men's prayermeeting was born out of the protracted meeting at the Baptist church. After the meeting closed the young men met and debated the question among themselves whether or not to continue this work. They finally decided to continue to worship God in this capacity, meeting every Tuesday night and urging all young men and boys (converted and unconverted) to be present with them in the spiritual edification of the noble high toned young men of Wilsonville and surrounding country.

Fourteen are to be baptized next Sunday, as the result of the meeting.

ATEMPS.

September dear has come again.
Arrived with cooling breeze,
Old summer's sun and summer's rain
For ninety-six have ceased.

Can we forget old spring's sodour
That blessed us all with rain,
Warned up last winter's work severe
And sprouted forth the grain.

Last spring alone, I can't forget.
For deeds that she has done,
Brought forth the sparkling violet
Nay—a "pansy blossom."

She folded up though leaf by leaf
Till summer days were here,
Unfolding with her scorching heat
And dust, you far and near.

And now kind autumn months so fair
Have come again at last,
How we rejoice to breathe her air
And on her gifts to feast.

She brings to us those many things
For which we've worked so long,
She reaps the plantings of the spring
The cotton and the corn.

Oh how happy these months must be
They have no work to do,
Except to open wide their wings
And scatter all that grows.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

We are pleased to state to the citizens of Columbiana and surrounding country that we are now open in our new two-story brick building with the largest, finest, best assorted stock ever shown in this section, consisting of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, the latest designs in Dress Goods, with trimmings to match, Clothing, Shoes, Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods, Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Capes, Furniture, Stoves, Crockery, Tinware, Saddlery, a full line of Staple and Fancy Groceries we will sell at prices never heard of before.

HERE ARE SOME OF OUR PRICES:

1 yard wide soft finished Bleaching per yard	5c
1 yard wide Sea Island, worth 10c, per yard	5c
Good Cotton Checks per yard	3c
Hickory Shirting per yard	5c
Anniston extra heavy Shirting per yard	4c
Anniston 1 yard wide Sheeting per yard	5c
Double width Cashmeres per yard	12c
Good quality outing Flannels suitable for Ladies and Children's	
Dresses per yard	5c
All wool filling worsted at	8c
Ladies fast black Hose per pair	5c
Pins 4 papers for	5c
Ladies and Childrens Handkerchiefs 2 for	5c
Ladies heavy Undershirts from	10c up
Ladies and Childrens Cloaks and Capes from	\$1 up



Ladies' Corsets 25 Cents.

We are sole agents in this country for the R. & G. Corsets, the best fitting and most comfortable corset on earth.

Our stock is too large to quote prices of every article, but it will pay you to come and examine our stock and get prices. So remember if you want to make cheap purchases do not fail to come to see us before going elsewhere. It will be to your own benefit.

WE ALWAYS DO AS WE ADVERTISE

and guarantee polite attention to all our customers. We handle all kinds of country produce, and will buy your Cotton at the highest market price. Respectfully.

COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE CO.

She'll gather everything that's made,
Through spring and summer too,
She'll even cause the leaves to fade
And gather them in too.

Oh how grand autumn is to me
What pictures she doth make,
She almost folds this old year up
And full possession take.

She strips the earth, she strips the tree
She drinks the streamlets dry,
She robs this year of all she has
And dressed in frost she dies.

Autumn, you see, has the pleasure
Both owning great and small,
Winding up ninety-six's treasures
Honored by autumn or fall.

And then old winter comes so cold,
Brings forth the snow and the rain,
Which makes the streamlets overflow
And fills up every vein.

BOURGEOIS.

Items from Creswell.

We are proud of the steps our citizens are taking in the direction of a school, and hope they will succeed in getting a good teacher and all come together and make a good school.

Some of the Childersburg beauties came over Monday and picniced at the residence of one of our bachelor boys while he was in Columbiana, and we learn that they spent a very pleasant day. They amused themselves tying his chairs to the house-top, tying old plows and hoes to his parlor doors, uncoupling and scattering his wagons about, and playing Christmas tricks generally. They walked over, and back, notwithstanding it was one of those hot, September days. Come again, girls, and call on some of the rest of us. We have more than one lonesome bachelor.

Do not bring up your girls, says Ruskin, as if they were meant for sideboard ornaments, and then complain of their frivolity. Give them not only noble teachings, but noble teachers, and give them the help which alone has sometimes done more than all other influences—the help of mild and fair nature. You cannot baptize them rightly in inch-deep church fountains unless you baptize them also in the sweet waters which the great Lawgiver struck forth from the rock of your native land. You cannot lead them faithfully to those narrow, axe-hewn church altars where the azure altars in heaven remain for you, without inscriptions; altars built, not to, but by, an unknown God.

Home Baggett is down from Argo, to spend a while with his father's family.

Mrs. G. A. Smith left Saturday to join her husband at Leeds, accompanied by her little sister, Jessie Coleman.

Mrs. M. E. Lipsey, of Irondale, is visiting friends and relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Lowe visited relatives in the Kelley's Creek neighborhood Saturday and Sunday.

L. W. and J. P. Butts were over from Childersburg a short while Sunday evening.

We learn that our worthy citizen, P. L. Chancellor, has rented out his farm and will move to some place where he will have access to a good school. We hate to lose such men from our neighborhood, but we wish for him a successful move.

CHOCTAW.

Another View of It.—Deacon Overplus—I assure you Mr. Shrewd, that I have, under all circumstances, a firm and unshaken trust in Providence. Mr. Shrewd—Oh, may be, but that is not the point, Brother Overplus. The question is, has Providence any trust in you?—Harlem Life.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillsblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by Parker & Armstrong.

"One of de great troubles 'bout some er de folks dat tries ter reform de human race," said Uncle Eben, "is dat dey doan wanten de nuffin but stand around and boss de job while udder people does all de wuk."

Mr. Freshly—"Did you hear of the terrible accident that occurred during the storm yesterday afternoon?" Miss Newcomer—"No, how distressing; what was it?" Mr. Freshly—"The wind blew up the lake."

"I wish we were rich, John, and could do something for the world," Mrs. Clericus remarked, half devotedly, half impatiently. "But, my dear, we can do good in a quiet way now." "Yes; but no one will ever hear of it."

Dick—"You know that feller working in shaft No. 17, who was always kicking for a raise?" Mick—"Yes." Dick—"Well, he kicked over a can of dynamite today and got it at last."

She—"Do you believe in long engagements?" He—"Well, I think an engagement should be long enough to test a man's constancy and to give the girl time to learn to cook."

Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WELDEBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$50 price-free list of two hundred inventions wanted.

We have a full line of Millinery Goods, Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats for Ladies and Misses. Also Feathers, Flowers, Ribbons, etc., to match.

Men's Good Pants at	75cts
Men's Good wool Coats at	\$1.25
Men's Suits complete all sizes at	\$2.50
Men's good heavy Overcoats at	\$2.50
Men's good Suspenders at	10cts
Men's good heavy undershirts from	10c up
Men's all wool undershirts from	50c up
Men's 30-inch Umbrellas Scotch gingham at	50c
Good pair Blankets for	65c
King's good Machine Thread 2 spools for	5c
Boys suits from 5 to 14, from	75c up
Boys Knee Pants good quality sizes from 5 to 14 at	25c
Youths Suits all wool, sizes 14 to 16, from	\$2.50 up

We have all kinds of Waterproofs and Ladies Cloth for making CLOAKS and Capes.



Don't forget to see our lines of Ladies, Misses and Children's Shoes. We carry the best of makes.

W. P. THETFORD, JR., ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWNE, J. T. LEEPER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.



That Tired Feeling!

Nobody is particularly anxious to spend their money. Everybody has to. Your wants must be satisfied and it takes money to do it. A person is not apt to look cheerful over the prospect of spending money. Lots of buying is done with a long face. This is all wrong. I offer a change for the better.

You Feel Relieved—

The minute you see our Grand Stock of New and Popular Goods it looks fresh and desirable. The first glance shows you that you are on the right track. No mistake about this being a modern up-to-date line of goods. You wake up to the fact that you have got into the right store.

The Feeling Grows—

When you commence to go into details, you feel as if the goods were bought on purpose for you. No trouble to make a satisfactory selection; it gets down to a question which is the most satisfactory.

Trouble is Forgotten

When you learn our prices, they are always at the low-water mark. We don't give goods away—we can't. We can sell goods very low—we do. This is a fact. We might brag about it, but what's the use—a word to the wise is sufficient. It's as true as truth that we sell goods cheap—we prove it.

Happiness is Supreme

When you get just what you want at less than you expected to pay—we are treating customers to the kind of a surprise every day. We sell you a good article and let you off cheap. You will find our selections choice, our goods reliable, and prices satisfactory. A fair deal makes the buyer happy—we give it. To spend money and be happy at the same time go to

S. STARK.

Shelby, Ala.



J. B. Lewis & Co. SHOES

\$4.00
\$3.00
\$2.50

These shoes fit to perfection and wear as only the best of leather can. They're shapely, pliant—the most comfortable of footwear. They always manage to let in air and keep out water.

Surely Your Dealer Sells Them. FOR SALE BY Lester, Mason & Co.

A FOOLISH MAN

Is he who declares he never pays any attention to stage advertisements. What other way have I of attempting to convince you that I can shoe your horse in up-to-date style, and at a price so moderate that you will be ready with the cash the moment the job is done.

Repair Work

a Specialty.

Nothing but good, honest work turned out of my shop. Can sharpen a plow while you wait. In fact I do any and all kinds of work that any blacksmith or woodworker is supposed to do; and, further, I will appreciate your patronage.

TRY ME ONCE FOR LUCK

W. W. ALBRIGHT, COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Scientific American Agency for PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, ETC.

For information and free handbook write to: J. A. Hertzfeld & Co., 200 Broadway, New York.

Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American.

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Specially illustrated. So suggestive that it would be useless to write a book. It is the only paper that can be read by all classes of people. Published weekly. Price 10 cents. Sent free on application.

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES.

Silks, Satins, Chally, Dimities, Henriettas, Nuns Veiling, and Lawns,

And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnishings We're Headquarters as Usual.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00. Wishing every body success, we beg to remain, Yours Respectfully,

THE RACKET STORE.

SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Hertzfeld & Co., Props.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year, \$1.00
One copy six months, .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Southern Railway.
NEW SCHEDULE.
No. 16, passenger, leaves going south, 7:28 p.m.
No. 16, passenger, leaves going north, 11:47 a.m.
No. 61, local, leaves going south, 7:45 a.m.
No. 61, local, leaves going north, 1:29 p.m.

Post Office.
Mail closes, 11:07 a.m.
Trains due, 11:37 a.m. and 3:28 p.m.
Mails open 1:30 p.m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 9:28 p.m.

LOCAL VIVISCOPE.

Frank Jackson, of Kynulga, arrived in town this afternoon.

Miss Alma Duran spent the week with relatives in our city.

Miss Essie Mason left Tuesday for Tuscaloosa, to enter school.

R. G. Weldon, of Wilsonville, transacted business in town today.

Miss Nellie Parker with E. C. Parker, spent Sunday in Wilsonville.

J. S. Falkner went home to Sterrett Friday and returned here Tuesday.

Frank Nelson and Walter Duran, of Anniston, spent Sunday in town.

J. L. Peters spent one day in Montevallo the latter part of last week.

George Mason left Saturday morning for Auburn, where he entered school.

Miss Sadie Williams left yesterday for Bailey Springs to re-enter college.

Jim Seale spent Sunday and Monday in his former home, Childersburg.

Algenon Milner was among his many friends here Saturday and Sunday.

H. J. Falls, of Birmingham, transacted business Monday at the court house.

Ex-Gov. Cobb, of Helena, spent Monday and Tuesday with his friend J. G. Parker.

Mrs. H. A. Smith left Monday to spend the week with Montevallo friends.

Miss Carrie Upshaw, of Talladega county, entered our public school Monday.

Will Smith and Morgan Fowler, of Wilsonville, were visitors in town yesterday.

Ed C. Parker departed for Birmingham yesterday to be gone three or four days.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Wortham are visiting relatives in Talladega county, this week.

Robert Beavers and E. W. Bell left yesterday for Vincent to be absent a couple of days.

Wanted by one of our young ladies, one handkerchief and 60c, which was lost Friday night.

Misses Anna Milner and Edna Nelson leave today for Tuscaloosa, where they enter college.

Hugh Shaw, a progressive farmer from Weldon, was in town yesterday and the day before.

Miss Cricket Phillips, of Sylacauga, was a guest of her friend, Miss Green, the first of this week.

Mrs. Walter Duran and son, of Anniston were guests of relatives here Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Gordon DuBose, Mrs. Wm. Calahan and Miss Myrtle Swain, spent Monday at Shelby Springs.

Chancery court will convene Monday with the recently appointed chancellor, J. R. Dowdell, presiding.

The ice cream supper Friday evening at Rev. W. I. Sinnott's residence was a success financially and socially.

Miss Isla Avery, of Shelby, passed through our city Friday, on her way to Eufaula, Ala., where she will teach this winter.

FOR SALE.—A fine farm of 120 acres. Will sell either 40 or 80 or both, to suit buyer. Terms easy. Apply for full particulars to editor of Chronicle.

Hon. W. B. Browne, presidential elector for this district, left yesterday for Birmingham to attend a meeting of the state democratic committee.

Circuit court will convene next Monday. There are 116 cases set for trial, which Clerk Milner says is the lightest docket since he has been in office.

John Milner left Monday for Princeton, N. J., where he will take a course in theology, preparatory to entering the ministry. May he be favored with heaven's richest blessings.

We are glad indeed to see our jolly druggist J. G. Parker once more at his post. His clothes fit him rather loose yet, being minus several pounds of flesh, but he will soon be himself again.

Attention is directed to the card of Cosper & Alford, of Childersburg, appearing in this issue. They carry a full line of undertakers' goods and are prepared to serve the public promptly and efficiently.

This is the most remarkable weather ever seen in Alabama at this season of the year. It is fully as hot as it has been at any time during the summer, and it has been ten weeks since we even had a shower. Two-thirds of the wells in town have failed.

W. E. Aldrich, representative from this district in congress, spent Monday in our city. It is reported that he had declined to make the race this fall in opposition to H. A. Wilson, the republican nominee.

Quite a number attended the prayer-meeting service at the poor house Sunday afternoon. As usual they had a good meeting. This committee, under the auspices of the C. E. Society is doing a grand work out there.

The new brick store will be completed today, and Parker & Armstrong will move their stock of drugs into it tomorrow. Their present stand will be occupied by Jim Seale, who is now receiving daily a complete stock of general merchandise.

The Columbiana Free School opened Monday with an attendance of 130 pupils. Prof. Greek, assisted by Miss Ida O'Hara, has charge of the high school department; Miss Lucy Smith, the intermediate, and Miss Elva Greek, the primary. There will be considerably over 200 pupils enrolled before the winter session begins. This school is the pride of our town, and it will be gratifying news to all to know that it has started out so favorably this fall.

Shelby County Matrimonial Bureau.
MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Walter Lawley and Miss Hattie Booth, both of near Montevallo.
C. G. Isbell and Mrs. Savannah Higgins, both of Vandiver.
Isam Moore and Sarah Ann Neely, (colored) of Shelby.
Wm. Ware and Collie Williams, (colored) of Calera.

Columbiana to Have Water Works.
At a special meeting of the board of commissioners on last Friday the question of how the county buildings could be put in better sanitary condition and thereby prevent injury to the health of the inmates and the town at large, came up for earnest consideration. John A. Edwards, of Childersburg, submitted a carefully prepared plan for a system of water works that would effectually remove this menace to our town, which has been neglected from year to year until it had grown to alarming proportions. His plan was accepted, the amount of his bid being \$3,100. He proposes to bring water from the Weaver springs on the side of the mountain through a 2-inch pipe sunk deep enough in the ground to be beyond the danger of freezing. A rock dam will be built below the springs to impound the water. A large cypress tank, capacity 17000 gallons, is to be erected on a brick tower 40 feet high between the court house and jail.

A sufficient number of closets will be placed in both buildings, fitted with automatic flush tanks, all of which will empty into a 8-inch sewer which will empty into the Verbot branch about 400 or 500 yards below town. The system is to be a very complete one put up in a thoroughly substantial manner, and the day of its successful inauguration will be a day of rejoicing in Columbiana. We all feel that a great burden has been lifted from our shoulders. Mr. Edwards has ordered all the material and will begin work at once upon its arrival. He says 60 days is all he wants to complete the job.

Thanks to the commissioners for this concession.

PROGRAM

Shelby County Teachers' Institute to be held at Columbiana, Oct. 2nd, 3rd, '96.

FRIDAY

9 a. m.—Opening Exercises, Song and Prayer.
Organization.

10 a. m.—Address of Welcome—Hon. W. B. Browne.
Response—J. B. Kilpatrick.
Music.

11 a. m.—Common Fractions—John Mooney.
Decimal Fractions—John Farrell.
Discussion on Decimals—Institute.

AFTERNOON SESSION

1:30 p. m.—Music.
English Grammar—J. B. Blalock.
Analysis and Parsing—W. B. Greek.
What should a child be taught the first year at school?—S. S. Crumpton.
What should a child be taught second year at school?—J. B. Kilpatrick.

3:30 p. m.—To whom the credit for the success and to whom the blame for the failure of the child's first years in school?—C. H. Florey, J. W. Ellenberg.

EVENING SESSION

7 p. m.—Music.
When does a Teacher's work reach the dignity of a profession?—C. N. Pritchard, J. P. Kinnett, W. C. Evans, Miss Lucy Smith.
Essays—Miss Mary Liles, Miss Ida O'Hara.

8 p. m.—The Hidden or Unwritten work of the Teacher—W. B. Greek, J. B. Kilpatrick.
Question Box.

SATURDAY

9 a. m.—Roll Call.
Physiology—John E. Strickland.
Hygiene—Miss Lucy Smith.
Precentage—R. L. Hill and E. B. Paul.

11 a. m.—When has a pupil completed a study? Chapman Pitts, C. H. Florey.

AFTERNOON SESSION

1:30 p. m.—The necessity of Teachers standing together and demanding better School Laws for Alabama.
J. B. Kilpatrick.
W. B. Greek.
T. A. Huxton.

Wilsonville Walls.

Mrs. Drennen, of Birmingham, is stopping with Mrs. Self for a few days.

Miss Sallie Wallace spent the greater part of last week in Alpine, the guest of her sick aunt.

Mr. and Mrs. Privett returned Friday to their home in South Alabama.

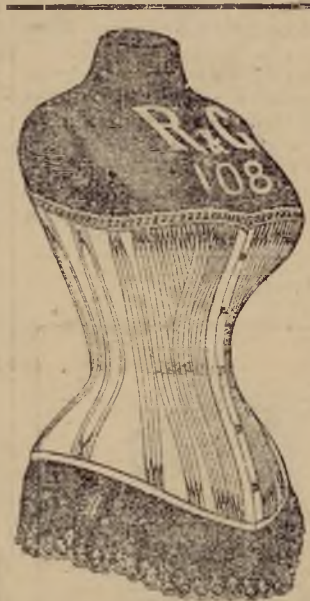
Mrs. Jackson, after a three days visit here, returned to her home in Tallapoosa, Ga., accompanied by her

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

We are pleased to state to the citizens of Columbiana and surrounding country that we are now open in our new two-story brick building with the largest, finest, best assorted stock ever shown in this section, consisting of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, the latest designs in Dress Goods, with trimmings to match, Clothing, Shoes, Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods, Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Capes, Furniture, Stoves, Crockery, Tinware, Saddlery, a full line of Staple and Fancy Groceries we will sell at prices never heard of before.

HERE ARE SOME OF OUR PRICES:

1 yard wide soft finished Bleaching per yard	5c
1 yard wide Sea Island, worth 10c, per yard	5c
Good Cotton Checks per yard	3 1/2c
Hickory Shirting per yard	5c
Anniston extra heavy Shirting per yard	4 1/2c
Anniston 1 yard wide Sheetting per yard	5c
Double width Cashmeres per yard	12 1/2c
Good quality outing Flannels suitable for Ladies and Children's	
Dresses per yard	5c
All wool filling worsted at	8c
Ladies fast black Hose per pair	5c
Pins 4 papers for	5c
Ladies and Childrens Handkerchiefs 2 for	5c
Ladies heavy Undershirts from	10c up
Ladies and Childrens Cloaks and Capes from	\$1 up



Ladies' Corsets 25 Cents.

We are sole agents in this county for the R. & G. Corsets, the best fitting and most comfortable corset on earth.

We have a full line of Millinery Goods, Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats for Ladies and Misses. Also Feathers, Flowers, Ribbons, etc., to match.

Men's Good Pants at	75cts
Men's Good wool Coats at	\$1.25
Men's Suits complete all sizes at	\$2.50
Men's good heavy Overcoats at	\$2.50
Men's good Suspenders at	10cts
Men's good heavy undershirts from	10c up
Men's all wool undershirts from	50c up
Men's 30-inch Umbrellas Scotch gingham at	50c
Good pair Blankets for	68c
King's good Machine Thread 2 spools for	5c
Boys suits from 5 to 14, from	75c up
Boys Knee Pants good quality sizes from 5 to 14 at	25c
Youths Suits all wool, sizes 14 to 19, from	\$2.50 up

We have all kinds of Waterproofs and Ladies Cloth for making CLOAKS and Capes.



Don't forget to see our lines of Ladies, Misses and Children's Shoes. We carry the best of makes.

Our stock is too large to quote prices of every article, but it will pay you to come and examine our stock and get prices. So remember if you want to make cheap purchases do not fail to come to see us before going elsewhere. It will be to your own benefit.

WE ALWAYS DO AS WE ADVERTISE

and guarantee polite attention to all our customers. We handle all kinds of country produce, and will buy your Cotton at the highest market price. Respectfully.

COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE CO.

son Claude, who is to be absent about two weeks, inspecting the coast of Tennessee and Georgia, thence he will drift back to "the girl he left behind."

Pat McGowan and John Weldon will leave Sunday for their respective schools; Southern University and Howard College.

A city well is being dug, which will be a great convenience to the town and people at large.

Messrs. E. DuRamus, Will Smith and Will Tinney took in the Leap Year ice cream supper Friday night. They almost made us green with envy when they told us the Columbiana girls footed the bills and set 'em up to taffy "free gratis for nothing."

The following were the creme de la creme of Columbiana's pleasant visitors in town Sunday afternoon: Misses Nellie Parker and Emma Wilson, Messrs. Ed Parker, Horace Hammond and Ham DuBose.

Mr. Editor, 38 was the number that made you the lucky editor, in the bicycle raffle.

Calbert Godden, of Alpine, and Mr. Avery, of Shelby, have entered school here and are boarding at Mr. Pope's.

Vales, vales it non simper (farewell, farewell but not forever).

Although the cotton fields are full of pupils as yet, last week's number of attendants was largely increased this morning, and the outlook is very encouraging right in the face of the shortest crops in years.

BOURGEOIS.

Items from Creswell.

Miss Lulla Perryman, accompanied by Prof. J. G. Dobbins, both of Fayetteville, were over last Friday and Saturday looking after establishing a school here. Miss Perryman comes well recommended by one of the leading colleges of the state, and by several leading teachers. We hope our people will see proper to employ her.

Miss Belle Coleman is visiting her brother, J. V. Coleman and family, in Coosa county.

J. C. Wallis and E. E. Cline were down from Talladega Saturday and Sunday.

Prof. Paul was up from Columbiana Saturday. He was also looking after a school here.

G. W. Wallis, Jr., visited in Talladega county Sunday.

J. L. Gardner, went over to Sylacauga on business Monday.

Mid Coleman came down from Leeds Monday to visit his father's family.

accompanied by his little sister, Jessie Coleman.

Mrs. M. E. Bates and Mrs. M. E. Lipsey are visiting friends and relatives at Sycamore this week.

CHOCTAW.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillsblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively Cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by Parker & Armstrong.

COSPER & ALFORD,

DEALERS IN

Furniture, Carpets, Trunks, Coffins and Caskets

ALSO

"NEW HOME" Sewing Machines, CHILDERSBURG, ALA.

Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas: they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.50 price offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Notice of Application to Sell Real Estate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.

Probate Court, September 1, 1896.

Estate of W. L. Dickerson, deceased. This day came G. W. Moore, administrator de bonis fidei, of said estate, and filed his application in due form and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therein, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of distribution. It is ordered that the 12th day of October, 1896, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

D. R. McMILLAN, Judge of Probate.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.

Probate Court, September 15, 1896.

Estate of E. H. Sawyer, deceased.

This day came E. S. Sawyer, administrator de bonis fidei of the estate of E. H. Sawyer, deceased and filed his account, vouchers, evidences and statement for a final settlement of the same. It is ordered that the 12th day of October, 1896, be appointed a day for making such settlement at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

D. R. McMILLAN, Judge of Probate.

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES,

Silks, Satins, Chally, Dimities, Henriettas, Nuns Veiling, and Lawns.

And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnish-

ings We're Headquarters as Usual.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS

Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00. Wishing every body success, we beg to remain, Yours Respectfully,

THE RACKET STORE.

SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Propr's.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
COLUMBIANA, ALA.
W. B. BROWNE, J. T. LEEPER,
BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.



That Tired Feeling!

Nobody is particularly anxious to spend their money. Everybody has to. Your wants must be satisfied and it takes money to do it. A person is not apt to look cheerful over the prospect of spending money. Lots of buying is done with a long face. This is all wrong. I offer a change for the better.

You Feel Relieved—

The minute you see our Grand Stock of New and Popular Goods it looks fresh and desirable. The first glance shows you that you are on the right track. No mistake about this. It is a modern up-to-date line of goods. You wake up to the fact that you have got into the right store.

The Feeling Grows—

When you commence to go into details, you feel as if the goods were bought on purpose for you. No trouble to make a satisfactory selection; it gets down to a question which is the most satisfactory.

Trouble is Forgotten

When you learn our prices, they are always at the low-water mark. We don't give goods away—we can't. We can sell goods very low—we do. This is a fact. We might brag about it, but what's the use—a word to the wise is sufficient. It's as true as truth that we sell goods cheap—we prove it.

Happiness is Supreme

When you get just what you want at less than you expected to pay—we are treating customers to this kind of a surprise every day. We sell you a good article and let you off cheap. You will find our selections choice, our goods reliable, and prices satisfactory. A fair deal makes the buyer happy—we give it. To spend money and be happy at the same time go to

S. STARK.

Shelby, Ala.



J. B. Lewis & Co. SHOES

\$4.00
\$3.00
\$2.50

These shoes fit to perfection and wear as only the best of leather can. They're shapely, plant—the most comfortable of footwear. They always manage to let in air and keep out water.

Surely Your Dealer Sells Them.

FOR SALE BY

Lester, Mason & Co.

A FOOLISH MAN

Is he who declares he never pays any attention to statements made in newspaper advertisements. What other way have I of attempting to convince you that I can shoe your horse in up-to-date style, and at a price so moderate that you will be ready with the cash the moment the job's done.

Repair Work

a Specialty.

Nothing but good, honest work turned out of my shop. Can sharpen a plow while you wait. In fact I do any and all kinds of work that any blacksmith or woodworker is supposed to do, and, further, I will appreciate your patronage.

TRY ME ONCE FOR LUCK

W. W. ALBRIGHT,

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Scientific American Agency for

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, ETC.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American.

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intellect can afford to be without it. Address MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York City.

CURRENT COMMENT.

TOWARD the close of this month a convention of Canadian annexationists is to be held in Toronto.

AUSTRALIA, which was nearly cremated with heat last January, is now struggling with snows that have broken down all the telegraph lines.

WHILE James Turner was watching a parade at Brooklyn the other night a rocket ignited by one of the paraders shot into his mouth and exploded, fracturing his jaw, from which he died the next day.

DRESS and other fabrics made from wood-silk, an artificial silk manufactured in France from wood pulp, are being sold extensively in London as among the leading features of this season's Paris novelties.

PROFESSORS of the new kite photography claim that they can send up eight cameras, in the form of an octagon, to the height of 800 feet at sea, and get a negative showing the smoke of an enemy's vessel 40 miles away.

It is announced that the Key Monument association, of Frederick, Md., has received over \$8,500 of the \$14,000 required to place a suitable monument over the grave of Francis Scott Key, the author of "The Star-Spangled Banner."

NIKOLA TESLA, the noted electrician, believes he can accomplish the feat before long which will enable the people of the United States to sit at home and watch the happenings in a street of London or Pekin. His theory has not yet been made public.

A STATEMENT by the mint bureau showed that the silver coinage during the month of August aggregated \$2,650,000. This yielded to the government a seigniorage of \$22,027.03, which represented the difference between the cost of the silver and coinage value.

ACCORDING to the Chinese consul at San Francisco, there are not more than 12,000 subjects of the Chinese emperor now living in that city, and they are leaving at the rate of 3,000 to 4,000 a year. The proportion of those who return to those who depart is small.

THE monument erected by the Philadelphia Brigade association to the memory of the 545 men of the old Philadelphia brigade who fell at Antietam was unveiled and dedicated on the Maryland battlefield recently. The exercises were participated in by the governors of Pennsylvania and Virginia.

THE steamer *Australis*, brought a statement to San Francisco from Minister Willis, of the Hawaiian islands, denying that President Cleveland empowered him to negotiate with the Hawaiian government for either annexation or return to a monarchical form of government. He said the matter had never even been referred to at Washington.

PETER WARNER, of Niles, Mich., recently sold some real estate for \$12,000 and, as he had no faith in banks, placed the money in a stove, which had been unused for the summer. One night recently his wife, who did not know the money was in the stove, built a fire, and the bills were destroyed. Warner was almost frantic over his loss.

THE St. James Gazette, of London, published a special dispatch from Washington in which it was asserted that President Cleveland was determined that the United States steamer *Lancroft*, on her way to Turkish waters, should enter the Bosphorus, and if the ships of the British fleet force the straits of the Dardanelles the American warships will follow and preserve order without engaging the Turkish forts.

THE largest chunk of gold that has ever been in New York was wheeled down Broadway recently. It was taken from the Grand Central depot to the United States assay office, in Wall street, in a common express wagon, guarded by five detectives. The big lump weighed 4,737 ounces, and it was worth \$100,000. It was delivered to the assay office by the Bank of Montreal, Can., and belonged to the Cariboo Mining Co. of British Columbia.

AT the recent convention of the Association of American Cemetery Superintendents at St. Louis William J. Stone, superintendent of Pine Grove, Linn, Mass., told of the "Modern Cemetery," drawing a picture of a Utopian city of the dead in which he scored those who wished to abolish the use of flowers in cemetery decorations, and deprecated the erection of monuments over the graves. He also entered a protest against Sunday funerals.

THE Indiana state board of health proposes to keep the public schools of that state free from microbes. It has ordered that every school room, every article used in the schools shall be washed with disinfectants every day and that unwashed and unhealthy children shall be kept out of school. Open water buckets for drinking are forbidden and water must be drawn from a faucet and a cup used. Slate and slate pencils must be kept and paper pads, pens and lead pencils are to be replaced them. The action of the board has created a sensation in school circles.

THE United States treasury has ready for issue a circular on national banks, state banks, savings banks, loan and trust companies, the number of depositors and amount of savings, profit on national bank circulation, based on the deposit of \$100,000 bond, tax on capital and all matters of interest relating to banking, besides articles on lawful money reserves, substitutes for money, clearing house loan certificates, revenue to the government, service to the public, etc. It will be furnished free to any one applying for it, but not more than one copy will be given to each applicant.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Gleaned By Telegraph and Mail.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.
CONGRESSMAN HOWARD stated at Birmingham, Ala., on the 14th that he had a letter from Senator Butler advising that the confusion in the matter of the nominees for vice president "will shortly be adjusted by the withdrawal of Sewall, which has been agreed upon."

SENATOR BUTLER has denied the report that he had written a letter stating that Sewall would be withdrawn from the democratic ticket.

A WASHINGTON dispatch stated that the publication of the populist campaign hand-book would not be delayed later than October 1. The book will especially emphasize the fact that Vice Presidential Candidate Watson has been endorsed by a large number of unions for his work in behalf of labor.

A REPORT was sent out from Little Rock, Ark., that Mr. Sewall would retire as the democratic nominee for vice president and that Chief Justice Clark, of North Carolina, would be placed on the ticket. The report also stated that Mr. Watson would also withdraw as a vice presidential candidate.

CAPT. JACK WHITE, the last survivor but one of the battle of Sabine pass, died at Houston, Tex., on the 15th.

A DISPATCH from Frankfort, Ky., stated that the republicans were determined to elect a successor to Senator Blackburn and that a deal had been arranged with the sound money democrats to cast lots as to whether Blackburn's successor shall be a democrat or a republican.

CONGRESSMAN RICHARDSON, of Tennessee, chief assistant of Senator Jones, denounced as without foundation the story that Senator Jones had said that both Sewall and Watson would be taken down and Judge Clark, of North Carolina, put up as the vice presidential candidate.

THE British foreign office has given out a semi-official notice stating that public feeling in Great Britain has been so outraged by the shocking events in Constantinople that the government would never be supported in siding with the Porte, and if the powers cannot see their way to adopt means to co-operate to end the carnage in the British dominions, the only course opened to Great Britain was to stand aside and hope for a more satisfactory state of affairs.

A DISPATCH from the 17th from Washington said that the national meeting of the campaign clubs organized under the auspices of the silver party was originally called for September 23 at Chicago, but it will be postponed until October 3 and will be held at St. Louis, at which time the democratic clubs will hold their convention at the latter place. Negotiations are in progress looking to a joint meeting.

THE press bureau at the national democratic headquarters at Chicago published on the 17th an estimate of what they thought would be Mr. Bryan's majorities in November. It gives Bryan 36 out of 45 states, with 324 electoral votes.

WILLIAM F. SHEEHAN, of New York, has resigned as a member of the democratic national committee.

IF Spain was to have a serious reverse in Cuba the Carlists claim that the downfall of the present regency would follow immediately, and that Charles VII. would be triumphantly placed upon the Spanish throne with little or no trouble.

MAJ.-GEN. CARLOS ROLOFF, Cuban secretary of war, was arrested recently on a warrant sworn out by the Spanish consul, and spent the night in Ludlow street jail in New York. The charge was on "information and belief" that the general had set on foot preparations for a military expedition to Cuba. Roloff was released from custody as soon as his friends learned of his arrest.

MR. SEWALL, candidate for vice president, at Bath, Me., on the 18th said: "There is absolutely nothing in this talk about my withdrawal. The thing is absurd. As for the statement that Senator Gorman or any of the democratic managers desire me to retire, or that the party leaders are bringing influence to bear on me for that purpose, it is pure falsehood. On the contrary all the pressure on me has been the other way."

THE formal opening of the campaign was inaugurated at Canton, O., on the 18th. Seventy-five train loads came into the city. Maj. McKinley rode in a carriage with some of the speakers during the first parade. Before the parade dozens of delegations, headed by their bands, marched to Maj. McKinley's residence and short speeches were made.

MISCELLANEOUS.
JAMES MICHAEL died 27 miles and 1,690 yards in one hour on his wheel at the circuit meet at Manhattan Beach, N. Y., smashing all the American records for one hour.

A BILL has been agreed upon by the Choctaw council at Antlers, I. T., to disfranchise all white intermarried citizens who were married there since 1873, all of the Choctaws who lately came from Mississippi and all adopted freedmen.

FAILURES for the week ended the 18th (Dun's report) were 317 in the United States against 213 last year, and 32 in Canada against 32 last year.

JAMES SWIMMER, a full-blood Cherokee Indian, and Henry Williams, a colored youth of 18, were hanged in the national jail yard at Tahlequah, I. T., on the 18th for murder.

A HEAVY charge of dynamite was exploded under the saloon of Mrs. Mattie Weisbord, of Sardinia, O., the building being totally wrecked. Several persons were injured. Anti-saloon workers were suspected, having failed to secure the passage of a local option ordinance.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN spoke at Richmond, Va., on the 18th and also at Wilson, Goldsboro, Manchester and other North Carolina towns.

JIMMY BRITT, once champion bantamweight of the Pacific coast, and Frank Lawler, another well known athlete, had a mill at San Francisco on the 18th. Both men were terribly punished and the referee called the fight a draw at the 28th round, as there seemed no prospect of it being finished.

M. BOSSU, the public prosecutor in charge at Boulogne-sur-Mer, France, of the case against P. J. P. Tynan, the alleged Irish dynamiter, received a violent letter on the 18th, informing him, in the name of a committee of invincibles and anarchist brotherhood, that unless Tynan was released within 24 hours he, M. Bossu, would be blown up with dynamite. The letter was written with a red fluid, believed to be blood.

TWO men were killed and a number of others badly injured on the 18th in a wreck on the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton, near Connorsville, Ind. A pay train was following a freight. The crew took the engine of the freight and started back and the wild engine met the pay car. It was down grade and impossible to stop. The two engines came together with a terrific crash and the pay car was thrown on its side into the ditch.

STAR POINTER at Mystic park, Massachusetts, not only beat two accredited fast horses, Robert J., 2:01½, and Frank Agan, 2:02½, but paced the three fastest heats ever made in competition, the time being 2:02½, 2:03½ and 2:03½, an average of 2:02¾. He also lowered the world's record for the fastest heat ever paced, 2:02¾, as well as the record for the fastest quarter and half, 2:09½ and 3:09½ respectively.

THERE was a conflict between whites and blacks in Colbert's reserve, near Florence, Ala., which resulted in one negro being instantly killed, with a good chance for further trouble. The trouble grew out of an assault upon a planter by a negro.

THE amount of the gold reserve in the federal treasury at Washington on the 18th was \$115,424,424.

FLORENCE HARRY, a Creek woman, received 80 lashes on the bare back at Wewoka, I. T., recently, for an ordinary offense against chastity. During the laying on of the 80 lashes she maintained a stoical indifference, uttering not a word of complaint. The blood was drawn in several places on her back and arms.

ACCORDING to official returns the number of men suffering from yellow fever in the military hospitals throughout Cuba was 1,155 on the 17th. The death rate was said to be about 15 per cent.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND on the 17th pardoned Samuel K. Obay, sentenced in Utah to five years' imprisonment for adultery, and Floyd Smith, sentenced in Iowa to two years in the penitentiary for violation of the postal laws.

A MONEY broker of Portland, Ore., a member of a hypnotic club, complained to the police that two magnetic professors had induced him to advance them \$1,000 on a bit of glass, which he thought was a diamond, while he was in a hypnotic state.

MANY hogs have recently died of cholera in the vicinity of Red Bud, Ill. The Cambria steel works at Johnstown, Pa., opened up on the 15th, giving employment to 3,000 men.

THE branch of the Illinois Steel Co. at Joliet started up on the 15th, giving work to 2,000 men.

THE "Alley L" road in Chicago was sold at auction for \$4,000,100. It was bought by representatives of the bondholders.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

ONE of the most destructive storms ever witnessed in Utah passed over Ogden on the 10th, leaving devastation in its path.

THE postoffice department on the 19th issued an order prohibiting the use of the mails to the bucketshop operators of Chicago.

GEORGE LANDRETH, farmer, 40 years of age, was found dead in his field on the 19th near Malvern, Ark.

A. A. BALL & Co., bankers at West Liberty, Iowa, made an assignment on the 19th. Inability to realize on assets was the cause of the failure.

THE monthly statement of collections of internal revenue issued on the 10th shows the total receipts for the month of August to have been \$11,527,074, as compared with \$12,102,355 during August, 1895.

THE Atlanta, Ga., cotton mills were placed in the hands of a receiver on the 19th.

JAMES T. SWIMMER, a full-blooded Cherokee Indian, and Harry Williams, colored, was hanged at Tahlequah, I. T., on the 18th.

CAPT. PITCHER, with Troop L of the First United States Cavalry, left Silver City, N. M., on the 18th for Deming to assist the marshal's posse in another attempt to capture a gang of border bandits which recently attacked the Mexican customhouse at Los Palomas.

TWO men were killed and a number of others badly injured on the 18th in a wreck on the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton near Connorsville, Ind.

THE private banking house of Gardner, Morrow & Co., the oldest bank in Central Pennsylvania, closed its doors at Hollidaysburg on the 18th owing to a general depression in business.

FAILURES for the past week have been 317 in the United States, against 213 last year, and 32 in Canada, against 32 last year.

F. J. FOWLER of Stillwell, Ok., who had been in search of his runaway wife, found her in St. Joseph, Mo., on the 18th, and shot her and then shot himself.

THE packing-house of Armour & Co., of Chicago, on the 16th, received an order direct from the Japanese government for eighteen car loads of corned beef.

PROSPERITY AND USURY.

Ground of the Struggle Between the Two Parties.

THE Public Ledger quotes Mr. McKinley as follows: "No matter what kind of money we have, we cannot get it unless we have work. Whether it is poor money or whether it is good money, whether it is gold or whether it is silver, we cannot get one dollar of it unless we have employment for our hands and heads."

How about issuing watered stock by the ton in Wall street?

How about the "unearned increment," as it is called, of the Astor real estate in the city of New York?

How about the railway that takes advantage of its monopoly to gouge the public out of fares ten times as high as other roads charge for the same service?

How about the stock and the produce gamblers who get a corner on wheat or something else, and sweat their victims out of untold millions?

Possibly Mr. McKinley considers all these and a thousand other ways of plundering the public—all of which, by the way, should rightly go to the producers who make such values possible—as a reward for the "employment of their heads."

But aside from Mr. McKinley's loose way of talking, the Ledger printed it to offset Mr. Bryan's attitude, that free silver will help the American workman. The Ledger adds that if Mr. Bryan were correct, there would be no opposition from intelligent people to "substituting the silver standard for the gold standard."

See right here how hard it is for the Public Ledger to confine itself to the truth. Neither the democratic platform nor Mr. Bryan has ever said word about such a substitution, and the Ledger knows such to be the fact;

A FEW REALLY PERTINENT QUESTIONS.



VICEROY LI HUNG CHANG TO VICEROY HANNA:
How rich are you?
Did you make any of your money reducing workmen's wages?
If the free coinage of silver would, as you say, tend to reduce the wages of the workmen, why are you opposed to it?

Who gives you all the money you are spending now?
What do you promise in return for it?

How do you make Mr. McKinley do what you tell him?
Will he keep on doing it when he is president?
How did you get hold of him first?
Do you consider that those notes are a good investment?

but it would falsify to seemingly make out a stronger case for itself than it has.

The Ledger then says that neither Mr. Bryan nor his supporters have produced a tittle of evidence to prove the truth of the quoted position, that free silver will help the American workman. That is false. But without going into history, the item will again explain a fraction of the facts showing Mr. Bryan to be perfectly correct.

Free silver increases employment. It enables the people to get work. It stops these closing down of mills. It stops these failings daily taking place. It causes a rising market, which is the chief stimulus to the extension of new and old enterprises. It tends in the direction of booming business of all kinds, for promoters see in it a chance to get a reward for enterprise. It tends to increase wages. It tends to give much more employment to all classes of hands. It promotes construction of all kinds. It gives the farmer fair returns for his labor. It enables him to live. It increases the value of farm property. It increases the security of the mortgages upon it. It enables the worker to save something from his wages. It increases the earnings of railways. It stops railway failures when failures are the result of insufficient earnings. It increases the sales of manufacturers. It increases the sales of the wholesaler. It increases the sales of the retailers in all lines. Consequently all these must employ more help, can afford to pay higher wages. Even the banks can earn greater dividends, because of the increase of general trade. Thus luxuries can be bought, and the trade dependent upon luxuries be stimulated.

All this and much more in the same direction is the result of an increase of the volume of money now circulating in the channels of trade. Also, in preventing a good many corners in the money market such as at present. Also, in the stoppage of this 100 per cent. bounty business in silver-basis countries, which, if continued, will also

lutely close nearly all the manufacturing in the United States.

Free silver means protection to American industry. Mr. McKinley and the Public Ledger in opposing it, oppose the republican principle of protection; thus they stultify themselves by pretending to support the very opposite of what they actually do support.

If free silver will not increase the money volume sufficiently, then without doubt Mr. Bryan will advocate a form of money in addition thereto, that will afford this nation a proper increase. The people, under the auspices of usurers which Mr. McKinley and the Ledger are sustaining, have starved long enough.—Philadelphia Item.

FOR MCKINLEY TO STUDY.

An Example of the Workings of the Trusts Tariff.

Mr. McKinley in his letter of acceptance declared the Wilson law to be a failure, among other reasons, because its duties do not cover the difference in the labor cost between this country and Europe. We have already shown that in the great industries of pig iron, steel rails and cotton cloth the existing duties are more than the entire labor cost. Here is another example:

The 53 stockholders of the window glass trust have been protected by a duty on foreign imports:
In 1880, revenue tariff..... 15 per cent
In 1891, war tariff..... 50 per cent
In 1894, republican commission tariff..... 120 per cent
In 1895, McKinley tariff..... 122 per cent
In 1896, Wilson tariff..... 126 per cent
The price per half box (18x24) in this country was \$3.60 in 1860 and \$3.12 in 1890. The trust kept the price steady. The foreign price of our imports was in 1890 per half box \$1.80, and we imported 10,097,057 pounds, for which we paid:
The foreign cost..... \$24,550
The custom house duty..... 42,963
So that to the original cost of the

FEAT OF A HYPNOTIST.

Man Buried for Two Days and Then Resurrected Without Awareness of Injury.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 19.—John Lawrence Douglass, of Indianapolis, who has been hypnotized and buried here since Wednesday afternoon, was taken from the grave yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock in the presence of a large crowd. The subject was quite pale. His face was warm, but the feet and hands were cold. Hypnotist Boone put him into the cataleptic state while he was being lifted from the grave and returned to the city. There were no signs of his having moved. The blanket in which he was wrapped was intact, and the impression showed that the arms and feet had remained still. The unruly crowd knocked a quantity of dirt in on him after the lid of the coffin had been removed, and there was no flinch of the flesh or quiver of the eye. Stories on hypnotism are mystified. The spell was not broken until eight o'clock in the opera house, he having remained in what the hypnotist terms the fourth state until that hour. The heart beat was about 40 when the subject reached the city, but was run up to 80, where it stood until the spell was relieved.

STORM IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Many Buildings Wrecked, Much Glass Broken and Orchards Laid Waste.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 19.—A severe storm of wind, hail and rain swept over the eastern part of Pennsylvania last night. Scores of buildings were wrecked or unroofed, thousands of panes of window glass and many skylights were shattered and apples and other late crops almost destroyed. The storm was the most severe in Chester, Montgomery, Berks, Bucks, Lehigh and Lycoming counties. In the vicinity of Hatfield, Montgomery county, about 30 houses and barns were unroofed and two grist mills owned by George Snyder were totally wrecked, together with his dwelling. All the apple orchards in the Catawasa valley were stripped of their fruit.

IT IS FIVE FEET LONG.

Li Hung Chang's Note of Introduction to President Cleveland.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—A personal letter from the emperor of China to President Cleveland, which formed the credentials of Li Hung Chang, has been placed on exhibition in the library in the department of state. The letter is written on a scroll of lemon colored parchment paper about five feet in length by a foot and a half in width, a portion being in ancient Chinese, and part in modern Chinese characters, with the royal red seal, and the emperor's autograph in the center.

NEW PACING KING.

Star Pointer Went the Three Fastest Heats Ever Made in Competition.

MEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 19.—Star Pointer at Mystic park yesterday not only beat two accredited faster horses, Robert J., 2:01½, and Frank Agan, 2:03½, but paced the three fastest heats ever made in competition, the times being 2:02½, 2:03½ and 2:03½, an average of 2:03¾. He also lowered the world's record for the fastest heat ever paced, 2:02¾, as well as the records for the fastest quarter and half, 2:09½ and 3:09½ respectively.

Sewall Will Not Withdraw.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—A dispatch to the World from Bath, Me., says: Mr. Sewall, candidate for vice president, last night answered the cry which has gone up all over the country for his retirement from the free silver ticket. "There is absolutely nothing in this talk about my withdrawal. The thing is absurd. As for the statement that Senator Gorman or any of the democratic managers desire me to retire, or that the party leaders are bringing influence to bear on me for that purpose, it is pure falsehood. On the contrary all the pressure on me has been the other way."

Religious Riots in Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 19.—A mob attacked the American Presbyterian church in Amusa, Calientes, and broke windows and doors with stones. Rev. D. Sharp's house was also attacked. A mob also attacked Morelos Protestant college in the same way Wednesday, breaking every window in it. Several arrests have been made and the authorities are anxious to identify the leaders. Minister Ransom has been appealed to by the government to secure the punishment of the offenders.

Cleveland's Return to Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—It is said at the White House that there is no prospect of an immediate return of the president and Mrs. Cleveland from their summer cottage on Buzzard's Bay. Unless the weather makes a decided change for the worse in the meantime, it is not believed that the presidential family will resume their residence at the white house much before the 1st of November. Such was the president's purpose when he started away on his vacation early in June.

World's Bicycle Record Loved.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—James Michael, the Irish wonder, smashed all the American records for one hour's competition paced race yesterday afternoon at the first annual circuit meet of the Quill wheelmen at Manhattan Beach. Twenty-seven miles and 1,690 yards stand to the credit of the foreigner for one hour. Frank Starbuck, of Philadelphia, was only 30 yards behind him at the finish.

No Silver for Senator Smith.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Sept. 19.—United States Senator Smith publishes the announcement that being unable to reconcile his views with the platform of the democratic national convention he will resign from both the state campaign committees.

Sweeping Choctaw Disfranchisement.

ANTLERS, I. T., Sept. 19.—A bill was agreed upon by the Choctaw council to disfranchise all white intermarried citizens who were married there since 1873, all of the Choctaws who lately came from Mississippi and all adopted freedmen.

GOLD IMPORTS.

They Are Caused by the Balance of Trade Being in Our Favor.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—"The present inflow of gold to the United States is the result of natural conditions. The balance of trade is now in our favor, and the prospects are that it will remain so until the cotton crop is moved, if no longer." This was the statement of Assistant Comptroller of the Treasury George M. Coffin yesterday, when asked to account for the large shipments of the yellow metal to this country. He continued:

The August statement of the bureau of statistics, covering the imports and exports of merchandise, gives the best possible explanation of the large imports of gold. The increase of more than \$12,600,000 in merchandise exports and the decrease of \$21,600,000 in merchandise imports, as compared with August last year, prove that the movement of gold to this country is the result of natural conditions. The trade balance in favor of this country in August amounted to more than \$19,000,000. In addition to this we have exported a large amount of silver bullion, which must be paid for in gold, and in the same time the sale of American securities by foreign holders has been trifling, while the title of American tourists is setting toward the United States, and with their return the spending of tourists' money abroad comes to an end. It is not surprising, therefore, that upwards of \$19,000,000 gold has already been imported, and that more than \$18,000,000 more is now on the way here or under engagement for importation.

The demand for money in New York now is very great, and one of the great needs of it is to move the cotton crop of the south, which is, at a rough estimate, worth \$800,000,000. In order to move this crop the traders in the interior towns must have ready money, and New York banks have to import gold to meet the demand. The reason why the premium put by the Bank of England on gold does not stop the exportation of the yellow metal from that country is that money there is very cheap, being advertised less than two per cent a year, while here six per cent is payable, and seven per cent is often secured. The problem of where the gold already imported has gone is puzzling. It is thought that a part of the imported gold has gone into the vaults of the trust companies and savings banks. A conservative estimate of the gold hoarding since the nomination of Bryan is \$20,000,000.

THE CANTON RALLY.

Over 100,000 People Attend the Meeting at Maj. McKinley's Home.

CANTON, O., Sept. 19.—The formal opening of the campaign was inaugurated here yesterday. Railroad men claimed at noon they had hauled 50,000 people into Canton. Seventy-five train loads came. State Republican Chairman Charles Kurtz last night estimated the crowds present on the streets in the afternoon parade, at the big tent meeting, and about the McKinley home at 100,000, and far ahead of anything in Ohio's history. Maj. McKinley rode in a carriage with some of the special delegates to the first parade. The regular programme in the afternoon included Gov. Bushnell's introduction address and speeches by Senators Cullom and Thurston. In the evening Gov. Bushnell spoke briefly and Gov. Hastings, of Pennsylvania, and Congressman McCleary, of Minnesota, made addresses. Before the parade dozens of delegations, headed by their bands, marched to Maj. McKinley's residence. Among those to whom he spoke were the Columbian county people, the Pittsburgh delegation headed by the American and Tariff clubs, and the Columbus Buckeye club, acting as escort to Gov. Bushnell and Supreme Judge Shauck. Maj. McKinley thanked the members of the different delegations most cordially for their visit.

ALBATROSS FLYING MACHINE

The First Free Test at Millers, Ind., Was Very Gratifying.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—The first free test of Octave Chanute's albatross soaring machine, invented and constructed by William Paul, was made at Millers, Ind., last evening, under unfavorable conditions. While the machine was heavily loaded with ballast so as to prevent it from flying any great distance, and was anchored by four ropes, each 200 feet long, the three points which the trial was to decide—were determined in a manner gratifying to its inventor and owner. The flight was less than 100 feet, but it was a descent and final alighting on the sand were as graceful and even as that of the bird from which the machine was patterned. The trial proved that the machine is perfectly safe, a proof which was the more acceptable inasmuch as it had been asserted that the machine was dangerous and an attempt to fly it would be sure to result in the death of the operator.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

No Distinct Improvement in Business, Although Conditions Favor It.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: There is still no distinct improvement in business, although conditions are favorable. Confidence slowly rises, speculative buying of ornamentals for future use continues. Imports of gold do not cease and the Bank of England has not tried to check them by further raising rates as the weight of the demand now falls upon France.

The one industry showing increase in working force is the cotton manufacturing. Restriction of output having secured more healthy demand for some goods. Most of the mills have started or are about to start, though the uncertainty of the cotton market hinders. The iron and steel manufacture is still waiting for business with nearly half its producing capacity idle, but hopefulness in the speculative buying of pig iron sustains prices. Failures for the week have been 317 in the United States, against 213 last

THE CHRONICLE

C. C. DABOSE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, SEPT. 24, 1896.

FOR CONGRESS—4TH DISTRICT.

THOMAS S. PLOWMAN,
OF Talladega.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:

WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN,
OF Nebraska.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

ARTHUR M. SEWALL,
OF Maine.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORS.

First district—E. L. Russell.
Second district—John D. Burnett.
Third district—T. M. Espy.
Fourth district—W. H. Browne.
Fifth district—T. L. Bulger.
Sixth district—J. J. Mayfield.
Seventh district—M. D. Sibert.
Eighth district—E. B. Ahon.
Ninth district—C. B. Powell.
STATE AT LARGE.
S. W. John, J. W. A. Sanford.

UNUSUAL facilities for matrimony are offered at Americus, Ga. Justice Graham while walking on the street one evening lately, was approached by a negro man and woman who asked to be united, and he joined them in the solemn bonds then and there.

CAPTAIN PLOWMAN is true to his name. He turns things over like a true plowman, cutting out the weeds and cultivating the useful growth, and every plowboy and plowman in the district will stand by him in November. —Talladega News-Reporter.

LISTEN to this from the Seal Register: "A political party, born of prejudice and disappointment, is of but a few days and full of worms and other small insects. It springs up in the morning like a hoppergrass and is cut down in the evening like a pepper grass, and lo, where is it at?"

THE Greensboro Beacon anxiously asks: "When the Bryan republicans, the McKinley democrats and the Cleveland populists meet the Sewall protectionists, the Watson agrarians and the Palmer and Buckner Blue and Grayites, who will care for the baby or see that the doors are locked at night?"

A MACHINE has been designed for affixing stamps to letters and circulars with extraordinary rapidity. The motions of detaching, damping and fixing are all performed by one revolution of a small wheel attached to the machine. From 4,000 to 5,000 letters an hour can be stamped, and the machine will register the number of letters thus treated.

A MAN in Lexington, Ky., has been hypnotized and buried alive for forty-eight hours. On Friday night he was dug up from the grave and released from the spell. He declared he felt all right, and still had the taste in his mouth of the sandwich he had eaten just before going into the grave. He further said that he remembered nothing after the hypnotizing process began. No time seemed to have passed since then. Oh, if we could only be in his condition till after the November election.

HON. HECTOR D. LANE, president of the American Cotton Growers' Association, has written an open letter to cotton growers, giving them the results of his investigations of the crop yield of this year, and also his advice as to the prices and how they should market their crops. He tells the planters that his investigations in each cotton state force him to the conclusion that the crop will not exceed 7,000,000 bales; that recent rains did no good; that long drouth makes the staple weigh light, and that therefore, because also of increased acreage the cost of production has increased. He therefore advises the slow marketing of the crop, so as to realize as good prices as possible, and claims the surplus on hand being smaller compared to demand, than ever before, places the situation in control of the planters instead of the buyers if the planters act prudently and judiciously. Again, he presses upon the planters the necessity of decreasing acreage and raising more food crops, insisting that the buyers make use of increased acreage to force prices down.

TAKE BACK THE LIE.

Under the above caption the Troy (Ala.) Citizens' Journal of the 19th contains the following, which should make some bolting democrats' blood boil. When this meets the eye of the old soldier, whether he wore the gray or wore the blue, his patriotism will turn to scorn as he reviews the history of comrade or foe:

"About five or six years ago, when General Palmer was elected commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, the ex-Confederate and ex-union soldiers were getting on real good terms, often having joint reunions and recounting again the times that tried men's souls, coming together as brothers, participating in the decorations of the graves of their fathers, floating both the Confederate and union flags. Old sectional feeling was rapidly being extinguished. One of the first orders that this commander-in-chief, General Palmer, issued, was that no member of the Grand Army of the Republic should take part in any procession or programme in which the Confederate flag was floated. He then characterized the Confederate flag as 'the emblem of treason.'

"When many members of the Grand Army of the Republic, by camps and individuals, arose and remonstrated against the insult, he, in a public speech delivered in New York, re-characterized the flag so dear to the south as that 'doubly damned rag of treason.' This is the man that General Ferguson, the commander-in-chief of the United Confederate Veterans of Alabama, is looking to and pushing for president. He is the man that he is trying to induce the old Confederates—the democrats of the south—to support for president.

"Upon reading the speech of General Palmer's, so insulting to the south, the patriotic and sweet poet of Alabama, Dr. O. T. Dozier, of Birmingham, wrote the following poem in reply to that execrable sentiment expressed in characterizing the sacred southern flag as 'the emblem of treason':

Take back the lie, craven wretch,
Which thy vile lips have dared to speak;
Such calumny from thy vile tongue,
But proves that thou art base as weak;
From coward lips such venom vile
Can only serve to make disgust.
In hearts of all true, noble men,
Who loathe such vipers of the dust,
Then take it back, thou snarling cur,
Insult not with thy lying breath
That ensign of a noble host,
Now tending in their camps of death;
Nor should thou dare with lying tongue,
To slander men whose dauntless might
Made for that flag a name and place—
The grandest on fame's utmost height.
Time is the craven coward's course,
Hyena-like that dares to tread,
And with thy foul, polluting breath
Insults the memory of the dead;
No faintest ray, nor spark of truth,
Doth to thy lying tongue give pause;
Else hadst thou not, poor, slimy worm,
Haved dared to slander such a cause,
How worse than fool, thou poltroon knave,
To base thy lie without a reason—
To let thy lying words imply
That our just cause was one of treason.
The banner that thou dar'st malign
Shall live through never ending glory,
While all such hissing toads as thou
Shall be unknown in song or story.
What valiant hero of the blue,
Who faced our warriors in the fray,
But knows that only patriots true
Ever fought so valiantly as they.
And knows, too, that no traitor hand
In treason's cause was ever fired
To such sublimely daring deeds
As our Confederate hosts inspired.
Then hush, yea, hush, thy putrid mouth,
Go kill thyself, thou needs to gash;
Less sin'd had Ananias when
God numbered him among the slain;
Nor such a crime since Judas' sin
Hath ever dammed with such just reason.
As that thou shouldst upon thy soul
In that foul, lying charge of treason.

DON'T TAKE DOWN THE FENCE.

From the Camden New Era.
As our readers know, we have all the while, during the long contest over our financial system, supported the democratic administration in its financial policy and the national democratic platform of 1892. We supported Governor Oates in 1894 because he supported the national democratic administration; in 1896 we supported Hon. R. H. Clarke for governor for the same reason. In the national convention in 1892, our silver friends supported and aided in the election of Mr. Cleveland when they knew he was opposed to the free coinage of silver; in our state election in 1894 the silver democrats supported Governor Oates after he was nominated; then in 1896, when the silver democrats were successful in nominating Governor Johnston, the sound money men or gold standard men, heartily supported and aided in the election of Governor Johnston, a silver democrat; then the national democratic convention met at Chicago and nominated the brilliant young Nebraskan and Mr. Sewall, of Maine. They are both free silver men, and the convention put them on a platform much contrary to our views, but the nominations were made in the regular way and by a clear majority of our party, and we have never been able to approve a bolt from the action of this convention, and have been giving and expect to continue to give it our decided support. But the ticket must stand as the convention made it. We note some tendency in some of the papers of the country and there has been some talk here, too, to take down Mr. Sewall and put Tom Watson, the populite, in his place. Already there is trouble in our ranks; this will make more, how much, no man can measure. The democratic party has no bitter enemy than Watson; daily he is denouncing our party; every vice president may and several have become president; no man should be voted for vice president whose political creed and personal character do not entitle him to fill the presidential chair, for he may be our next president. We have been fighting the populists for years, and that party had its birth in opposition to democracy. While we have made up our mind to swallow a great deal, and have given our word, which is our bond, to support the ticket as the regular convention made it, we freely and just as honestly say that if the ticket is robbed of its regularity by the taking down of Sewall and the putting up of Watson, then there will be no fence around our party to hold thousands of restless men in line.

The Anglo-Saxon in Paris is singularly conspicuous, if only for the extreme neatness of his Sunday go-to-meeting clothes, the perfectly fitting, smartly cut frock coat, the dapper cravat, immaculate linen and brilliantly shiny hat. The Englishman's button-hole, too, unlike that of his Gallic neighbor, is often brightened with a small posy of Neapolitan violets, and I noticed this season that dog-skin hand-covers were replaced, in most instances, by slate-gray gloves embroidered with black on the backs. Well-dressed, well-groomed and unusually well-built, the Englishman is a model to most Frenchmen.—Paris Letter to the London Telegraph.

Prof. Charles Mayer, as quoted from the Tennessee Journal of Meteorology, says: "Occasionally epidemic diseases seem to have been spread by clouds and the rain from them. The best authenticated case is that of a plague epidemic in the fifteenth century, which broke out most violently in a Swiss town immediately after a cloud, coming from an infected but distant region, discharged its rain upon that town."
The relations of the weather to the spread of epidemics are still involved in great obscurity. Without going back to the fifteenth century, there was an excellent opportunity to investigate the subject in 1889-90, when the grip spread over the whole civilized world. Its progress was so regular that for a long time there was a general belief that the active germs of influenza were carried as dust in the air by the winds, or perhaps by the upper currents. This idea was dissipated by several memoirs that established the fact that the wind and weather were entirely subordinate factors and that the spread of the disease followed the lines of travel, especially the principal steamboat and railroad routes, and that, therefore, the germs were carried by diseased individuals or by articles that had been used by or had come in contact with them, and not by the winds. Of course the wind, in the narrow sense, may have carried the germs a few feet or rods from one individual to another, but not for distances of many miles. Several epidemics, such as the yellow fever, small-pox or cholera, have been traced back to the direct importation of their contagia (whether animate or inanimate) by human agencies. Furthermore it appears probable from experimental data that few disease germs can maintain their vitality more than a few hours when freely exposed to the air and sunshine as would probably be the case if they were carried in the atmosphere as minute particles of dust. Therefore we think it probable that the winds and the rain must not be considered as the means by which diseases are spread between places that are a considerable distance apart. The limit to which living germs can be carried in the free air is not yet accurately known, but is believed to be quite small. The upper currents of air carried the vapor dust from Krakatoa, in 1883-84, over the whole Northern Hemisphere, but many months were required to do this, and what little we know of the life history of disease germs teaches that they could not survive the sunshine, the dryness, and, perhaps, the cold of the upper currents. This is not to deny that the winds and the ocean currents can carry the coarser seeds of plants and fungi for many miles without injury; but the bacterial disease germs have a far more delicate organism than those seeds, and what would seem to be an allowable analogy between the transportation of seeds and germs, fails when applied on a large scale. The wind may carry the germs to a great distance in the free air, but probably will kill them in so doing; local breezes may carry living germs a few hundred feet, but the diseased man or the convalescent, or the clothing and articles used by these, or the water we drink, or the food we eat, may carry them hundreds and thousands of miles. In the particular case of the spread of the epizootic and influenza epidemics of 1872-73 among horses and cattle, it was shown that they spread against the wind, or when there was a calm, quite as often as they spread with the wind.

HOW DO RAINS AND WINDS SPREAD EPIDEMICS.

Prof. Charles Mayer, as quoted from the Tennessee Journal of Meteorology, says:

"Occasionally epidemic diseases seem to have been spread by clouds and the rain from them. The best authenticated case is that of a plague epidemic in the fifteenth century, which broke out most violently in a Swiss town immediately after a cloud, coming from an infected but distant region, discharged its rain upon that town."

The relations of the weather to the spread of epidemics are still involved in great obscurity. Without going back to the fifteenth century, there was an excellent opportunity to investigate the subject in 1889-90, when the grip spread over the whole civilized world. Its progress was so regular that for a long time there was a general belief that the active germs of influenza were carried as dust in the air by the winds, or perhaps by the upper currents. This idea was dissipated by several memoirs that established the fact that the wind and weather were entirely subordinate factors and that the spread of the disease followed the lines of travel, especially the principal steamboat and railroad routes, and that, therefore, the germs were carried by diseased individuals or by articles that had been used by or had come in contact with them, and not by the winds. Of course the wind, in the narrow sense, may have carried the germs a few feet or rods from one individual to another, but not for distances of many miles. Several epidemics, such as the yellow fever, small-pox or cholera, have been traced back to the direct importation of their contagia (whether animate or inanimate) by human agencies. Furthermore it appears probable from experimental data that few disease germs can maintain their vitality more than a few hours when freely exposed to the air and sunshine as would probably be the case if they were carried in the atmosphere as minute particles of dust. Therefore we think it probable that the winds and the rain must not be considered as the means by which diseases are spread between places that are a considerable distance apart. The limit to which living germs can be carried in the free air is not yet accurately known, but is believed to be quite small. The upper currents of air carried the vapor dust from Krakatoa, in 1883-84, over the whole Northern Hemisphere, but many months were required to do this, and what little we know of the life history of disease germs teaches that they could not survive the sunshine, the dryness, and, perhaps, the cold of the upper currents. This is not to deny that the winds and the ocean currents can carry the coarser seeds of plants and fungi for many miles without injury; but the bacterial disease germs have a far more delicate organism than those seeds, and what would seem to be an allowable analogy between the transportation of seeds and germs, fails when applied on a large scale. The wind may carry the germs to a great distance in the free air, but probably will kill them in so doing; local breezes may carry living germs a few hundred feet, but the diseased man or the convalescent, or the clothing and articles used by these, or the water we drink, or the food we eat, may carry them hundreds and thousands of miles. In the particular case of the spread of the epizootic and influenza epidemics of 1872-73 among horses and cattle, it was shown that they spread against the wind, or when there was a calm, quite as often as they spread with the wind.

The following extract shows the result of an extensive investigation by the medical department of the Prussian army into the spread of the grip epidemic of 1889-90. It illustrates what we have above said, and shows that we must not exaggerate the influence of the lower winds or the upper currents:
"If we now collect together the results of experience as to the spread of the grip in the German army, we find that the view still holds good which prevailed at the beginning of the epidemic, to the effect that the influenza is a disease that owes its origin to certain miasmatic external causes. On the other hand, there does not appear to be any sure evidence of the influence of weather, climate, wind, or soil, or the season of the year. To the contrary, the number of those cases in which the spread and the mode of spreading of the grip is to be attributed to human intercourse, is considerably increased by the experience of the last epidemic. It is not yet clear whether in this intercourse there is a direct carriage of the infectious material from person to person, or whether the infection is carried by the intervention of inanimate objects through the air. We are still ignorant of the real germ that causes the disease. A correspondent from Bavaria gives the following example, which leads him to believe that inanimate substances may house the real germs of the disease and carry them far away. The medical officer of the garrison at Gernersheim, at a time when as yet not a single case of grip had occurred at that place, received a package from a place in Russia, at which the disease prevailed severely. A short time after opening this package he fell sick of the grip, and soon after also his whole family. If it should be further demonstrated that dead substances can thus contribute to the spread of the disease germs, then perhaps in this way we shall explain the appearance of the disease upon ships on the high seas. The germs attached to the cargo carried by a ship, can, by spreading among the seamen, give rise to a violent, sudden outbreak of the grip."

Never argue. In society nothing must be given only results. If any person differs from you, how and turn the conversation.—Public Ledger.
The biggest bet on record, according to Mr. G. R. Sim, was made a few years back by a young American, who was assistant at "a main," held in the grounds of a notorious young sporting marquis, now deceased. One bird was badly crippled, and the other was fighting with terrible force. "Twenty thousand to a pinch of snuff on that one," said the young American millionaire, which was taken. The American won.
A movement has been started in London for an international memorial in honor of Cyrus W. Field, Sir Jas. Anderson and Sir John Pender, as the promoters of submarine telegraphy.
He threw his newspaper on the floor and waved both hands over his head, while his clenched teeth refused to give exit to the remarks which seemed struggling to come out.
"What's the matter, Orlando?" his wife exclaimed, though with less agitation than the situation seemed to warrant, for she was used to his ways.
"Every time I am reminded of it," he muttered, in a voice which shook, "I am filled with indignation."
"Every time you think of what, Orlando?"
"Of the way Europe gets our money. Our heiresses marry noblemen. European actresses and singers come over here and ship money home in barrels. They take it in so fast they're too busy to count it. The outflow of wealth from this country is something awful!"
"Well, Orlando, I suppose it's pretty bad. But didn't you know that you haven't had the leaky faucet in the kitchen attended to yet?"
"That is not the topic under conversation," he exclaimed, savagely.
"Not exactly. But you know, dear, you aren't going to have nearly as much trouble with the outflow of money as you will with the outflow from that faucet if they find out about it and make you pay a fine for wasting water."—Detroit Free Press.
Li Hung Chang's visit to France has cost the people of that country nearly \$3,200, including the payments for his railway journeys and provincial excursions. The bill at the Grand hotel was just \$1,900. The French papers are now asking whether or not their country will receive sufficient returns to pay for all this effort and expenditure.
Among the recent gifts to the Pope, is a typewriter, inlaid with ivory and silver and bearing the papal arms. His holiness, however, is said to consider himself too old to undertake to master the machine.
Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas, they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN, C. Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 price offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

OF ALL SORTS.

Never argue. In society nothing must be given only results. If any person differs from you, how and turn the conversation.—Public Ledger.

The biggest bet on record, according to Mr. G. R. Sim, was made a few years back by a young American, who was assistant at "a main," held in the grounds of a notorious young sporting marquis, now deceased. One bird was badly crippled, and the other was fighting with terrible force. "Twenty thousand to a pinch of snuff on that one," said the young American millionaire, which was taken. The American won.
A movement has been started in London for an international memorial in honor of Cyrus W. Field, Sir Jas. Anderson and Sir John Pender, as the promoters of submarine telegraphy.
He threw his newspaper on the floor and waved both hands over his head, while his clenched teeth refused to give exit to the remarks which seemed struggling to come out.
"What's the matter, Orlando?" his wife exclaimed, though with less agitation than the situation seemed to warrant, for she was used to his ways.
"Every time I am reminded of it," he muttered, in a voice which shook, "I am filled with indignation."
"Every time you think of what, Orlando?"
"Of the way Europe gets our money. Our heiresses marry noblemen. European actresses and singers come over here and ship money home in barrels. They take it in so fast they're too busy to count it. The outflow of wealth from this country is something awful!"
"Well, Orlando, I suppose it's pretty bad. But didn't you know that you haven't had the leaky faucet in the kitchen attended to yet?"
"That is not the topic under conversation," he exclaimed, savagely.
"Not exactly. But you know, dear, you aren't going to have nearly as much trouble with the outflow of money as you will with the outflow from that faucet if they find out about it and make you pay a fine for wasting water."—Detroit Free Press.

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas, they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN, C. Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 price offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas, they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN, C. Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 price offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas, they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN, C. Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 price offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas, they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN, C. Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 price offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas, they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN, C. Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 price offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas, they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN, C. Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 price offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect June 21, 1896.

No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 9	No. 10	No. 11	No. 12	No. 13	No. 14	No. 15	No. 16	No. 17	No. 18	No. 19	No. 20	No. 21	No. 22	No. 23	No. 24	No. 25	No. 26	No. 27	No. 28	No. 29	No. 30	No. 31	No. 32	No. 33	No. 34	No. 35	No. 36	No. 37	No. 38	No. 39	No. 40	No. 41	No. 42	No. 43	No. 44	No. 45	No. 46	No. 47	No. 48	No. 49	No. 50	No. 51	No. 52	No. 53	No. 54	No. 55	No. 56	No. 57	No. 58	No. 59	No. 60	No. 61	No. 62	No. 63	No. 64	No. 65	No. 66	No. 67	No. 68	No. 69	No. 70	No. 71	No. 72	No. 73	No. 74	No. 75	No. 76	No. 77	No. 78	No. 79	No. 80	No. 81	No. 82	No. 83	No. 84	No. 85	No. 86	No. 87	No. 88	No. 89	No. 90	No. 91	No. 92	No. 93	No. 94	No. 95	No. 96	No. 97	No. 98	No. 99	No. 100	No. 101	No. 102	No. 103	No. 104	No. 105	No. 106	No. 107	No. 108	No. 109	No. 110	No. 111	No. 112	No. 113	No. 114	No. 115	No. 116	No. 117	No. 118	No. 119	No. 120	No. 121	No. 122	No. 123	No. 124	No. 125	No. 126	No. 127	No. 128	No. 129	No. 130	No. 131	No. 132	No. 133	No. 134	No. 135	No. 136	No. 137	No. 138	No. 139	No. 140	No. 141	No. 142	No. 143	No. 144	No. 145	No. 146	No. 147	No. 148	No. 149	No. 150	No. 151	No. 152	No. 153	No. 154	No. 155	No. 156	No. 157	No. 158	No. 159	No. 160	No. 161	No. 162	No. 163	No. 164	No. 165	No. 166	No. 167	No. 168	No. 169	No. 170	No. 171	No. 172	No. 173	No. 174	No. 175	No. 176	No. 177	No. 178	No. 179	No. 180	No. 181	No. 182	No. 183	No. 184	No. 185	No. 186	No. 187	No. 188	No. 189	No. 190	No. 191	No. 192	No. 193	No. 194	No. 195	No. 196	No. 197	No. 198	No. 199	No. 200	No. 201	No. 202	No. 203	No. 204	No. 205	No. 206	No. 207	No. 208	No. 209	No. 210	No. 211	No. 212	No. 213	No. 214	No. 215	No. 216	No. 217	No. 218	No. 219	No. 220	No. 221	No. 222	No. 223	No. 224	No. 225	No. 226	No. 227	No. 228	No. 229	No. 230	No. 231	No. 232	No. 233	No. 234	No. 235	No. 236	No. 237	No. 238	No. 239	No. 240	No. 241	No. 242	No. 243	No. 244	No. 245	No. 246	No. 247	No. 248	No. 249	No. 250	No. 251	No. 252	No. 253	No. 254	No. 255	No. 256	No. 257	No. 258	No. 259	No. 260	No. 261	No. 262	No. 263	No. 264	No. 265	No. 266	No. 267	No. 268	No. 269	No. 270	No. 271	No. 272	No. 273	No. 274	No. 275	No. 276	No. 277	No. 278	No. 279	No. 280	No. 281	No. 282	No. 283	No. 284	No. 285	No. 286	No. 287	No. 288	No. 289	No. 290	No. 291	No. 292	No. 293	No. 294	No. 295	No. 296	No. 297	No. 298	No. 299	No. 300	No. 301	No. 302	No. 303	No. 304	No. 305	No. 306	No. 307	No. 308	No. 309	No. 310	No. 311	No. 312	No. 313	No. 314	No. 315	No. 316	No. 317	No. 318	No. 319	No. 320	No. 321	No. 322	No. 323	No. 324	No. 325	No. 326	No. 327	No. 328	No. 329	No. 330	No. 331	No. 332	No. 333	No. 334	No. 335	No. 336	No. 337	No. 338	No. 339	No. 340	No. 341	No. 342	No. 343	No. 344	No. 345	No. 346	No. 347	No. 348	No. 349	No. 350	No. 351	No. 352	No. 353	No. 354	No. 355	No. 356	No. 357	No. 358	No. 359	No. 360	No. 361	No. 362	No. 363	No. 364	No. 365	No. 366	No. 367	No. 368	No. 369	No. 370	No. 371	No. 372	No. 373	No. 374	No. 375	No. 376	No. 377	No. 378	No. 379	No. 380	No. 381	No. 382	No. 383	No. 384	No. 385	No. 386	No. 387	No. 388	No. 389	No. 390	No. 391	No. 392	No. 393	No. 394	No. 395	No. 396	No. 397	No. 398	No. 399	No. 400	No. 401	No. 402	No. 403	No. 404	No. 405	No. 406	No. 407	No. 408	No. 409	No. 410	No. 411	No. 412	No. 413	No. 414	No. 415	No. 416	No. 417	No. 418	No. 419	No. 420	No. 421	No. 422	No. 423	No. 424	No. 425	No. 426	No. 427	No. 428	No. 429	No. 430	No. 431	No. 432	No. 433	No. 434	No. 435	No. 436	No. 437	No. 438	No. 439	No. 440	No. 441	No. 442	No. 443	No. 444	No. 445	No. 446	No. 447	No. 448	No. 449	No. 450	No. 451	No. 452	No. 453	No. 454	No. 455	No. 456	No. 457	No. 458	No. 459	No. 460	No. 461	No. 462	No. 463	No. 464	No. 465	No. 466	No. 467	No. 468	No. 469	No. 470	No. 471	No. 472	No. 473	No. 474	No. 475	No. 476	No. 477	No. 478	No. 479	No. 480	No. 481	No. 482	No. 483	No. 484	No. 485	No. 486	No. 487	No. 488	No. 489	No. 490	No. 491	No. 492	No. 493	No. 494	No. 495	No. 496	No. 497	No. 498	No. 499	No. 500	No. 501	No. 502	No. 503	No. 504	No. 505	No. 506	No. 507	No. 508	No. 509	No. 510	No. 511	No. 512	No. 513	No. 514	No. 515	No. 516	No. 517	No. 518	No. 519	No. 520	No. 521	No. 522	No. 523	No. 524	No. 525	No. 526	No. 527	No. 528	No. 529	No. 530	No. 531	No. 532	No. 533	No. 534	No. 535	No. 536	No. 537	No. 538	No. 539	No. 540	No. 541	No. 542	No. 543	No. 544	No. 545	No. 546	No. 547	No. 548	No. 549	No. 550	No. 551	No. 552	No. 553	No. 554	No. 555	No. 556	No. 557	No. 558	No. 559	No. 560	No. 561	No. 562	No. 563	No. 564	No. 565	No. 566	No. 567	No. 568	No. 569	No. 570	No. 571	No. 572	No. 573	No. 574	No. 575	No. 576	No. 577	No. 578	No. 579	No. 580	No. 581	No. 582	No. 583	No. 584	No. 585	No. 586	No. 587	No. 588	No. 589	No. 590	No. 591	No. 592	No. 593	No. 594	No. 595	No. 596	No. 597	No. 598	No. 599	No. 600	No. 601	No. 602	No. 603	No. 604	No. 605	No. 606	No. 607	No. 608	No. 609	No. 610	No. 611	No. 612	No. 613	No. 614	No. 615	No. 616	No. 617	No. 618	No. 619	No. 620	No. 621	No. 622	No. 623	No. 624	No. 625	No. 626	No. 627	No. 628	No. 629	No. 630	No. 631	No. 632	No. 633	No. 634	No. 635	No. 636	No. 637	No. 638	No. 639	No. 640	No. 641	No. 642	No. 643	No. 644	No. 645	No. 646	No. 647	No. 648	No. 649	No. 650	No. 651	No. 652	No. 653	No. 654	No. 655	No. 656	No. 657	No. 658	No. 659	No. 660	No. 661	No. 662	No. 663	No. 664	No. 665	No. 666	No. 667	No. 668	No. 669	No. 670	No. 671	No. 672	No. 673	No. 674	No. 675	No. 676	No. 677	No. 678	No. 679	No. 680	No. 681	No. 682	No. 683	No. 684	No. 685	No. 686	No. 687	No. 688	No. 689	No. 690	No. 691	No. 692	No. 693	No. 694	No. 695	No. 696	No. 697	No. 698	No. 699	No. 700	No. 701	No. 702	No. 703	No. 704	No. 705	No. 706	No. 707	No. 708	No. 709	No. 710	No. 711	No. 712	No. 713	No. 714	No. 715	No. 716	No. 717	No. 718	No. 719	No. 720	No. 721	No. 722	No. 723	No. 724	No. 725	No. 726	No. 727	No. 728	No. 729	No. 730	No. 731	No. 732	No. 733	No. 734	No. 735	No. 736	No. 737	No. 738	No. 739	No. 740	No. 741	No. 742	No. 743	No. 744	No. 745	No. 746	No. 747	No. 748	No. 749	No. 750	No. 751	No. 752	No. 753	No. 754	No. 755	No. 756	No. 757	No. 758	No. 759	No. 760	No. 761	No. 762	No. 763	No. 764	No. 765	No. 766	No. 767	No. 768	No. 769	No. 770	No. 771	No. 772	No. 773	No. 774	No. 775	No. 776	No. 777	No. 778	No. 779	No. 780	No. 781	No. 782	No. 783	No. 784	No. 785	No. 786	No. 787	No. 788	No. 789	No. 790	No. 791	No. 792	No. 793	No. 794	No. 795	No. 796	No. 797	No. 798	No. 799	No. 800	No. 801	No. 802	No. 803	No. 804	No. 805	No. 806	No. 807	No. 808	No. 809	No. 810	No. 811	No. 812	No. 813	No. 814	No. 815	No. 816	No. 817	No. 818	No. 819	No. 820	No. 821	No. 822	No. 823	No. 824	No. 825	No. 826	No. 827	No. 828	No. 829	No. 830	No. 831	No. 832	No. 833	No. 834	No. 835	No. 836	No. 837	No. 838	No. 839	No. 840	No. 841	No. 842	No. 843	No. 844	No. 845	No. 846	No. 847	No. 848	No. 849	No. 850	No. 851	No. 852	No. 853	No. 854	No. 855	No. 856	No. 857	No. 858	No. 859	No. 860	No. 861	No. 862	No. 863	No. 864	No. 865	No. 866	No. 867	No. 868	No. 869	No. 870	No. 871	No. 872	No. 873	No. 874	No. 875	No. 876	No. 877	No. 878	No. 879	No. 880	No. 881	No. 882	No. 883	No. 884	No. 885	No. 886	No. 887	No. 888	No. 889	No. 890	No. 891	No. 892	No. 893	No. 894	No. 895	No. 896	No. 897	No. 898	No. 899	No. 900	No. 901	No. 902	No. 903	No. 904	No. 905	No. 906	No. 907	No. 908	No. 909	No. 910	No. 911	No. 912	No. 913	No. 914	No. 915	No. 916	No. 917	No. 918	No. 919	No. 920	No. 921	No. 922	No. 923	No. 924	No. 925	No. 926	No. 927	No. 928	No. 929	No. 930	No. 931	No. 932	No. 933	No. 934	No. 935	No. 936	No. 937	No. 938	No. 939	No. 940	No. 941	No. 942	No. 943	No. 944	No. 945	No. 946	No. 947	No. 948	No. 949	No. 950	No. 951	No. 952	No. 953	No. 954	No. 955	No. 956	No. 957	No. 958	No. 959	No. 960	No. 961	No. 962	No. 963	No. 964	No. 965	No. 966	No. 967	No. 968	No. 969	No. 970	No. 971	No. 972	No. 973	No. 974	No. 975	No. 976	No. 977	No. 978	No. 979	No. 980	No. 981	No. 982	No. 983	No. 984	No. 985	No. 986	No. 987	No. 988	No. 989	No. 990	No. 991	No. 992	No. 993	No. 994	No. 995	No. 996	No. 997	No. 998	No. 999	No. 1000
.....																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, SEPT. 24, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Southern Railway.
NEW SCHEDULE.
No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 3:28 p.m.
No. 11, passenger, leaves going north, 11:57 a.m.
No. 63, local, leaves going south, 7:45 a.m.
No. 64, local, leaves going north, 1:20 p.m.

Post Office.
Mails close 11:07 a.m.
Trains due, 11:37 a.m. and 3:28 p.m.
Mails open 1:30 p.m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 3:28 p.m.

LOCAL VIVISCOPE.
Cabbage and onions at J. E. Seale.

John T. Shaughter, of Gadsden, was in town yesterday.

Mrs. J. P. Christian, of Shelby, spent Monday in town.

Miss Susie McGee is a visitor here among friends this week.

Miss Rosa Graham, of Wilsonville, entered the Free School Monday.

J. G. Parker moved today into his elegant new residence on Court Square.

Miss Pearl Norris, after an extended illness, is now rapidly recovering.

Mrs. I. W. Bailey, of Calera, is a guest of her father's family at the Central.

No preaching in any of our churches last Sunday. This does not occur often.

After a lengthy visit to Mallory, Miss Mary Wagner returned home Saturday.

We regret that J. S. Falkner is unable to be at his post this week on account of sickness.

Jesse Liles and daughter, Miss Dora, of Alexandria, are guests of Rev. Mr. Liles' family.

Chancery Court was in session the first three days of this week, Chancellor Dowdell presiding.

We hope all our subscribers who owe for the paper will call in and settle when they come to court.

W. D. Kaley, of Vincent, gave us a pleasant call yesterday, and placed an order with us for stationery.

J. W. O'Hara left Monday for Howard college to wrestle with his studies for another nine months.

Hon. Cecil Browne and wife, of Shelby Springs, were guests of W. B. Browne's family Wednesday.

We have in stock 50,000 envelopes to print for the business men of this section. Send in your order at once.

A. F. Wilson, who recently purchased the property of the Calera Land Company, spent several hours in town today.

J. W. Johnston left yesterday for Talladega Springs to recuperate and regain his strength after his protracted illness.

FOR SALE.—A fine farm of 120 acres. Will sell either 40 or 80 or both, to suit buyer. Terms easy. Apply for full particulars to editor of Chronicle.

Another new building is in progress in East Columbiana. It is a dwelling being built by J. W. Johnston, to be occupied when completed by Abe Pinion.

A considerable number of Gypsies arrived in town this week and struck camps. It is almost needless to add that the horse-swappers are making things pleasant for them.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Bell, of Shelby, were guests of friends in our city Monday. Mrs. Bell had been down to the burial of her brother, Mr. Louis Fort, of Marion Junction.

Lyman Clardy left yesterday for his home in Talladega, having completed his contracts here. He is a clever gentleman, does honest work and made many friends while here.

J. A. Edwards was here two or three days this week doing the preliminary surveying for the water works system, the contract for which having been signed, sealed and delivered.

J. O. Farmer will move next week into the Tom Milner dwelling in East Columbiana, and on Tuesday E. D. Hall will move into his new residence now occupied by Mr. Farmer.

Circuit court convened Monday afternoon, Judge G. E. Brewer presiding. The grand jury was organized with E. T. Witherby as foreman. Few cases have been tried so far this week.

Remember the poverty-stricken editor when you come to court. You cannot find a more convenient time to settle up. Our pathway has been thorny lately and we need the small amount each one owes.

Messrs. Joe and Ed Spencer, Clem Greek and Horace Hammond, accompanied by Misses Nellie Parker, Alma Duran and Myrtle Swain, gave several of their friends a delightful serenade Wednesday night.

We are informed that W. L. Davis has purchased from E. D. Hall the dwelling now occupied by the latter, and will move into his newly acquired property as soon as his contract at the poor house expires, which is October 1st.

J. L. Peters has moved his law office to the second floor of his two-story building on Main street, and carpenters are now at work on the lower floor putting it in shape to be occupied by W. A. Thompson and J. H. Hammond, who will open a mercantile business therein about October 1st.

There were quite a number of visiting attorneys in attendance upon circuit and chancery courts this week. We noticed J. B. Knox, of Anniston; Gen. E. W. Pettus and A. F. Reese, of Selma; Hons. Cecil Browne, S. J. Bowie and E. H. Dryer, of Talladega; Capt. W. C. Ward, Col. W. M. Bethea, Judge Pugh and J. P. Tillman, of Birmingham; Col. H. C. Tompkins and Chas. Jones, of Montgomery; Ex-Senator W. M. Lacey, of Dadeville; and Douglas Leger, of Centerville.

Mr. Bird and family, of Rockford, have moved to our city and are occupying the Smith dwelling in East Columbiana. A cordial greeting is extended them.

Jim Seale, the wide-awake hustler, who recently embarked here in the mercantile business, displays his sagacity by planting an advertisement in The Chronicle. He has a new stock of general merchandise and proposes to sell at a close margin. Read what he has to say this week.

To be out of style is the next thing to being out of the world. It is the rage now to send to The Chronicle job office for everything from a visiting card to a mammoth poster, and if you would "get in the swim" you must follow the procession. Call and see the stacks of work we are turning out. Seeing is believing, you know.

Shelby County Matrimonial Bureau.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

J. H. Cox and Mary E. Gardner, of near Vandiver.

Shed Lee and Mrs. Hattie Murphy, near Montevallo.

Reuben Townsend and Georgia Mathews, (colored) of Calera.

A serious but we trust not fatal accident befel Richard Cobb on Thursday last, near his home in Helena. He was standing on a trestle on the L. & N. railroad, holding a Winchester rifle, when he accidentally dropped the gun. In falling the gun struck a tie and was discharged, the ball striking Mr. Cobb in the right side bracing two ribs; then through his right lung and lodged under his shoulder. He is still in a critical condition, but the chances of his recovery are daily growing brighter. Richard is the youngest son of Ex-Gov. Cobb, and is a young man of rich promise. We, together with a host of friends here, earnestly hope he may soon fully recover.

Faculty of the Girls' Industrial School.

Chair of English and History—Miss Annie Kennedy, of Centerville.

Chair of Mathematics—Professor R. J. H. Simmons, of Ozark.

Department of Music—Miss Adie Lee, of Furman, Wilcox county.

Department of Art—Miss Edna McCombs, of Greenville.

Chair of Pedagogy—Miss Bessie M. Haley, of Jasper.

Typewriting, Telegraphy and Stenography—Miss Susie Fox, of Wytheville, Virginia.

Needlework, Millinery and Dressmaking—Mrs. G. Nelson, of Montgomery.

Domestic Economy, Scientific Cooking and Laundry Work—Miss Minnie A. Stoner, of Huxtertown, Ind.

A double wedding occurred yesterday morning at 9 o'clock at Stanton, Ala., in which one of our esteemed townsmen was a participant. The contracting parties were W. G. Parker, of Columbiana, and Mrs. E. A. McGee, of Stanton; W. T. Callen, of Clanton, and Miss Mary Phillips, of Stanton. They boarded the north-bound Southern train soon after the ceremony for this place. As they stepped upon the train a liberal sprinkle of rice was thrown by admiring friends and well-wishers. As the train passed through Maplesville a shower of old shoes greeted them. They arrived at 11:37, and were driven to the home of W. G. Parker, where a reception was given his friends. Mr. Callen and bride left on the afternoon train for their home in Clanton. The Chronicle extends cordial congratulations, and wishes both couples all the bliss possible in this world, and eternal bliss in the one to come.

Wilsonville Waifs.

To our surprise, we had the pleasure of noticing protector of widows, Terry, dismount the train at 11:54 on Sunday, and of course is spending a few days of pleasure at the place of luxury in the oaken grove.

How nice it is to have music taught in our little town, thereby having the pleasant smiles of the teacher glowing around our pathway.

Messrs. Mosely and Avery, of Shelby, attended the meeting at the Presbyterian church last Friday evening. The doors of our society are always open to you, boys. Come and be with us at the S. P. L. League Friday night and we will try and make it pleasant for you.

On account of illness, E. Williamson departed last Friday for Demopolis, thinking that the change would be beneficial to his health. We wish him a speedy recovery and an early return.

The series of meetings held at the Presbyterian church, began last Friday evening, conducted by Rev. W. I. Sinnott, of Columbiana, the regular pastor of the church. We trust that much good has been realized from this meeting, not yet visible. The services closed Sunday night with an addition of two members.

The regular monthly services will be held at the Baptist church next Sunday. Two more are to be baptized in the afternoon. The ordinance of baptism will be conducted by Rev. McCord, in Four Mile creek, near P. T. Ray's.

Justin C. Jackson, after a several days' visit to Tallapoosa, Ga., and thereabouts, has returned to the place of "loosest and wild honey."

W. W. McGowan, one of our most gallant young men, boarded the train last Thursday for Auburn, Ala., where he will pursue his regular course of study in his theological work. May he prosper to the very heights of theology and eloquence. We will miss him in many ways, and will often times long for his appearance before nine months shall have folded up her leaves of time. He was president of our S. P. L. League, leader in the Young Men's prayer meeting, aroma of our society, debater of our debates, and a helping hand in all that was to the upbuilding and welfare of our spiritual and mental faculties.

W. J. Weldon has resumed his course of studies at Howard college, leaving the fair ones to mourn his absence and weep for his presence.

Boys, we should have the courage

and ambition of the ones who have bidden us adieu, in order to make a star of sparkling light in the future. Who would not sacrifice a moment of pleasure in youth and devote it to hard study in order to reach a glorious manhood in the future?

Compare the school of this place with that of other places in this state and of Georgia, of same inhabitants, and see where the balance of enrollment seeks the centre of gravitation. Attendance is growing larger every week, and present indications are that we will have a full school in a very short time, though in the midst of the hardest times and shortest crops in years past. There must be some attraction more than an ordinary school room. Shall I reveal the secret to you? It is the good and faithful efforts of our industrious teachers. Come, young men and ladies, and lend them your minds at "Oak Hill Park," and you will never regret the time and money expended. **BOURGEOIS.**

Harpersville Echoes.

T. J. Martin has been on the sick list for several days.

There were four additions to the Baptist church last Sunday by experience.

The Methodists will protract their meeting next week and the pastor will be assisted by his son, T. K. Roberts, of Montgomery.

On account of his wife being sick, Prof. Struck did not commence his school last Monday, as was advertised sometime ago, but will commence the first Monday in October.

By a unanimous vote of the church, Rev. B. F. Giles was elected pastor again of the Baptist church last Sunday, for another year.

The cotton is almost gathered, and the yield is much shorter than last year.

Late corn is a failure. Ribbon cane and sorgum are very sorry.

Mr. Martin has moved his mill from the big spring to the gin house on Broad street.

R. L. Flippin, of Birmingham, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. R. M. Borum, and will probably remain two or three weeks.

Rev. J. F. Parker requests us to state that he will be at Vandiver Saturday night and Sunday. Go and hear him preach; he is an earnest worker in the Master's cause.

Messrs. C. H. Flory, R. B. Posey, W. E. Millender, R. M. Borum, C. B. Henderson, also Messrs. Sallie Martin, Stella Posey and Rosa Wallace, all attended the Baptist Association at Cropwell last week. They report the association a grand success, religiously and financially, and speak in the highest terms of the hospitality of the good people of Cropwell and Easonville, who kindly cared for them during their stay among them.

We have a few bolters up here who are going to help to elect McKinley, by voting that bolters ticket which was put out by that party, who call themselves national democrats. Well there was a democratic party before these bolters were born, and there will be one when they are dead. They have left a hole in the party by withdrawing from it, but I don't imagine that it is large enough for any one to fall into it and hurt himself. Rah! for Bryan and Sewall.

Mrs. Hardee, of Texas, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Caldwell.

James W. Kidd, Esq., better known as the Colonel, spent all of last week in Birmingham.

This community was visited by a good rain Monday evening.

It was our good pleasure to attend the Coosa River Baptist Association at Cropwell last week. The attendance was very large and much interest was manifested. Rev. R. A. Kidd preached the introductory sermon. Rev. L. Law was elected moderator; Mr. Joiner, of Talladega, clerk and Frank Pope, treasurer. All splendid officers. Mr. Law had been clerk of the Association for 17 years, but was honored with the moderatorship at this meeting, and he holds the reins for such a "machine" very nicely. The various reports on all questions pertaining to this august body, were all well written and ably discussed, and I never attended a more harmonious session. But how sad it made me feel when I missed so many faces that used to attend this association. A few I will mention: J. J. D. Renfro, S. Henderson, W. W. Wilks, W. W. Kidd, Jesse A. Collins, the Mynatts a great many more, all good men, who are dead and have crossed over the great beyond.

JAKE.

Many years ago, Prince Bismarck bought of a Bohemian peddler a meerschaum pipe, to which was ascribed a power of forecasting the future. The man said Bismarck would serve three emperors as minister, and three important changes in life would be foretold by accidents befalling the pipe. Bismarck has since served three emperors. Two days before the present emperor refused him an audience the stem of the pipe came to pieces. Later, he chipped a bit of the bowl, and within a month the emperor dismissed him. The third sign is yet to come.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Pever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chills, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively clears Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by Parker & Armstrong.

She—"Since my return from the south of France I'm another woman." Sarcastic Friend—"How delighted your husband must be."

PROGRAM
Shelby County Teachers' Institute to be Held at Columbiana, Oct. 2nd, 3rd, '96.

»FRIDAY.»

9 a. m.—Opening Exercises, Song and Prayer. Organization.

10 a. m.—Address of Welcome—Hon. W. B. Browne. Response—J. B. Kilpatrick. Music.

11 a. m.—Common Fractions—John Mooney. Decimal Fractions—John Farrell. Discussion on Decimals—Institute.

»AFTERNOON SESSION»

1:30 p. m.—Music. English Grammar—J. B. Kilpatrick. Analysis and Parsing—W. H. Greek.

What should a child be taught the first year at school?—S. S. Crumpton.

What should a child be taught second year at school?—J. B. Kilpatrick.

3:30 p. m.—To whom the credit for the success and to whom the blame for the failure of the child's first years in school?—C. H. Flory, J. W. Ellenberg.

»EVENING SESSION»

7 p. m.—Music. When does a Teacher's work reach the dignity of a profession?—C. N. Pritchard, J. P. Kilpatrick, W. C. Evans, Miss Lucy Smith.

8 p. m.—The Hidden or Unwritten work of the Teacher—W. H. Greek, J. B. Kilpatrick. Question Box.

»SATURDAY.»

9 a. m.—Roll Call. Physiology—John E. Strickland. Hygiene—Miss Lucy Smith. Percentage—R. L. Hill and E. B. Paul.

Pennmanship—A. W. Horton.

11 a. m.—When has a pupil completed a study? Chapman Pitts, C. H. Flory.

»AFTERNOON SESSION»

1:30 p. m.—The necessity of Teachers standing together and demanding better School Laws for Alabama.

J. B. KILPATRICK
W. H. GREEK,
T. A. HESTON.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Parker & Armstrong, druggists.

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had Lung trouble, following Typhoid Malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors who finally gave him up, saying, "Your son won't live a month." He used Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery, and knows it to be the best in the world for Lung trouble. Trial Bottles Free at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

COSPER & ALFORD,

DEALERS IN

Furniture,

Carpets,

Trunks,

Coffins

and Caskets

—ALSO—

"NEW HOME" Sewing Machines,

CHILDESBURG, ALA.

Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas. They may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 price offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Election Notice.

State of Alabama, Shelby County.

Notice is hereby given that I, E. F. Vest, as sheriff of said county, will cause to be opened and held at the various places of holding, in all the election precincts in said county, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1896, being the 3rd day of November, an election for electing eleven electors for president and vice-president of the United States from the state of Alabama, and a member of fifty-fifth congress, from the Fourth congressional district of the state of Alabama.

E. F. VEST, Sheriff.

Notice of Application to Sell Real Estate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.

Probate Court, September 1, 1896.

Estate of W. L. Dickinson, deceased.

This day came G. W. Moore, administrator de bonis non, of said estate, and filed his application in due form and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therein, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of distribution. It is ordered that the 15th day of October, 1896, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

D. R. McILLAN,
Judge of Probate.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.

Probate Court, September 13, 1896.

Estate of E. H. Sawyer, deceased.

This day came E. S. Sawyer, administrator de bonis non of the estate of E. H. Sawyer, deceased and filed his account, vouchers, evidences and statement for a final settlement of the same. It is ordered that the 15th day of October, 1896, be appointed a day for making such settlement at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

D. R. McILLAN,
Judge of Probate.

I have just opened a stock of

General Merchandise

in the brick house formerly occupied by Parker & Armstrong, druggists. I am prepared

To Meet all Competition,

and would be glad to have you call and examine my goods and get my prices before buying. If I cannot please you no harm is done. I have

No Prices to Make You

on a few articles AS A BAIT, but will sell anything in my house at the

CLOSEST PRICES.

I WILL DELIVER GOODS

FREE OF CHARGE

To all parts of the City.

Come and see me.

J. E. SEALE.

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES,

Silks, Satins, Chally, Dimities, Henriettas, Nuns Veiling, and Lawns,

And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnishings We're Headquarters as Usual.

Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00.

Wishing every body success, we beg to remain,

Yours Respectfully,

THE RACKET STORE,

SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Prop'r's.

W. E. THETFORD, JR., ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWNE, J. T. LEEPER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

That Tired Feeling!

Nobody is particularly anxious to spend their money. Everybody has to. Your wants must be satisfied and it takes money to do it. A person is not apt to look cheerful over the prospect of spending money. Lots of buying is done with a long face. This is all wrong. I offer a change for the better.

You Feel Relieved—

The minute you see our Grand Stock of New and Popular Goods it looks fresh and desirable. The first glance shows you that you are on the right track. No mistake about this being a modern up-to-date line of goods. You wake up to the fact that you have got into the right store.

The Feeling Grows—

When you commence to go into details, you feel as if the goods were bought on purpose for you. No trouble to make a satisfactory selection; it gets down to a question which is the most satisfactory.

Trouble is Forgotten

When you learn our prices, they are always at the low-water mark. We don't give goods away—we can't. We can sell goods very low—we do. This is a fact. We might brag about it, but what's the use—a word to the wise is sufficient. It's as true as truth that we sell goods cheap—we prove it.

Happiness is Supreme

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, OCT. 1, 1896.

FOR CONGRESS—4TH DISTRICT.

THOMAS S. FLOWMAN,
Of Talladega.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN,
Of Nebraska.FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
ARTHUR M. SEWALL,
Of Maine.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORS.

First district—E. L. Russell.
Second district—John D. Burnett.
Third district—T. M. Espy.
Fourth district—W. B. Browne.
Fifth district—T. L. Bulger.
Sixth district—J. J. Mayfield.
Seventh district—M. D. Sibert.
Eighth district—E. B. Almon.
Ninth district—C. B. Powell.STATE AT LARGE.
S. W. John, J. W. A. Sanford.

FLORIDA will have an election on October 6th.

On October 7th, Georgia will hold her state election.

THE Decatur Herald puts it this way: "Give us a silver dollar that can say: 'I know that my redeemer liveth.'"

THE New York World makes this important announcement: "If we do not build more school houses we must build more jails."

THE first steamer of the new direct line between Mobile and Hamburg, took on 10,000 barrels of resin as a part of her first cargo.

HON. JOSEPH WHEELER has been re-nominated for congress from the eighth district. This is Mr. Wheeler's ninth nomination.

THE enrollment of pupils at the state normal school for the deaf and dumb and blind, at Talladega, is larger than ever before.

QUEEN VICTORIA completed the 59th year of her occupancy of the British throne September 23. She has swayed the scepter of that vast realm longer than any other sovereign.

THE bolting fever seems to have taken possession of the country. Out in Colorado, for instance, a life-long democrat and patriot announces that he will support his mother-in-law in this campaign.

THEY have corn to burn out in Iowa. The school board of Buffalo Centre, in that state, has passed a resolution to use it for fuel this winter. Corn at 10 cents per bushel is cheaper than coal, they say.

FRUITFUL and Cleburne county is the place to grow grapes. One vine in a vineyard there produced 900 bunches of grapes this year, aggregating in weight 300 pounds. This vine is of the Concord variety, is 6 years old, and covers over 50 feet of trellis. All of the bunches were perfect, ripened evenly and were of excellent quality.

AN exchange that has had time to figure on the matter, says that it is probable that more than 2,000,000 young men will cast their first votes this year. During the last twenty years, the population of the country has increased about two-thirds. If the vote shows an equal increase it will reach nearly 14,000,000 in November.

INDIA'S cotton crop for this year will be the largest she ever raised. Last year she produced 3,296,000 bales of 400 pounds each. A significant fact is that of this crop her own manufacturers consumed 56 per cent, and only 44 per cent was exported. India cotton manufactures are largely exported to Asiatic and African countries. Here is a nut for England to crack.

THE Florida Daily Citizen, a paper of responsibility, and edited most carefully, says that "evidence is on record that the farmers of that state are more prosperous now than they were several years ago. A decade ago, between 800 and 900 crop mortgages were contracted in Leon county alone. This year the books at the court house show that less than 100 have been recorded."

THE appetite for alcohol can be dissipated by eating apples at every meal, says a physician, according to the Cincinnati Enquirer. Apples, if eaten in large quantities, possess properties which entirely do away with the craving that all confirmed drunkards have for drink. He says that in many bad cases which have come under his notice, he has been able to effect a cure by this means, the patient gradually losing all desire for alcohol.

THE officers of the agricultural experiment station of the Agricultural and Mechanical college offer their services to the farmers of Alabama and invite correspondence in regard to any subjects of interest, as to the use of fertilizers, injury to crops by insects, diseases of plants, and also diseases of horses and cattle, and generally in regard to any difficulties connected with agriculture that may admit of a scientific solution. All letters addressed to the Experiment Station, Auburn, Ala., will be referred to the proper officer for reply.

WILLIAM F. ALDRICH was nominated for congress at the Calera convention by the populists of this district. He claims to be the republican nominee also, and will support McKinley on a silver platform. On the other hand, H. A. Wilson says he is the regular republican nominee on a gold plank, and there is liable to be an entanglement somewhere along the lines.

DOMINIC I. MURPHY, commissioner of pensions, has made his annual report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, to Secretary Francis. He says that there were added to the rolls during the year 20,374 new pensioners, there were restored 3,873 who had been previously dropped—a total of 44,247. During the same period the losses were 29,393 by death; 1,141 by re-marriage, (widows); 1,684 by legal limitation (minors); 2,852 because of failure to claim pension for three years, and 9,323 for other causes, an aggregate of 44,093. The net gain over the previous year was only 134. The whole number of pensioners on the roll June 30, 1896, was \$70,678. While the rolls show a slight gain in numbers over the year immediately preceding, the amount disbursed for pensions was \$138,214,761, a decrease of \$1,592,576, as compared with the previous year.

A PECULIAR story comes from Worcester, Mass. When Bryan spoke there on Friday last his followers were aroused to a high pitch of indignation by the two flags which were displayed on the front of the building behind the speakers' platform. There was a big American flag bearing a portrait of McKinley and a red flag of even larger dimensions, emblematic of anarchy, on which was a portrait of Bryan. The silver men expressed their indignation forcibly, but no demonstration occurred. The building was occupied by W. H. Burns & Co., manufacturers of clothing. Sunday the factory was burned, the fire starting in the interior in some accidental manner. During the progress of the fire Dell S. Morgan, former chairman of the democratic city committee, sent the following telegram to Bath to candidate Bryan: "Thank God, justice has received her just dues! Burns' underwear factory which displayed the red flag in your honor Friday afternoon, is in flames."

BRYAN'S VOTE FOR WEAVER.

Much has been said about Mr. Bryan having voted for Weaver, populist candidate for president in 1892. That he did support Weaver he himself admits and nobody denies. But an explanation for his conduct is furnished by Senator Faulkner, chairman of the congressional democratic committee, who says:

"I have submitted the inquiries concerning Mr. Bryan's vote for Weaver in 1892 to Senator Gorman, who was a member of the democratic campaign committee in that year. He says that the national committee, of which Mr. Harrity was chairman, with Don M. Dickinson, chairman of the campaign committee, determined to request all the democrats in Nebraska and the states west thereof to unite with the Weaver people in carrying these states so as to prevent Harrison from receiving the electoral votes in Nebraska, Idaho, Montana, Wyoming, Oregon, Nevada and California, and as a rule the democrats followed the request of the democratic national committee. In addition to this, the New York World made an appeal for a special subscription to carry out the plan of the campaign determined on by the democratic committee; and therefore, whatever Mr. Bryan or any other democrat did in the support of Weaver, was at the request of the national democratic committee."

NO MONEY FOR ALABAMA.

Mark Hannah Comes to Town, But He Refuses to Listen to Southern Appeals for Financial Aid.

From the New York Journal.

Chairman Mark Hanna, of the republican national committee, arrived in the city yesterday. Mr. Hanna's coming was the signal for an unusual amount of activity at national headquarters. For the past week the return of Hanna has been anxiously awaited by a large number of southern republicans and bolting democrats, who desire financial aid, and who claim that if it is given they will be able to defeat Bryan in several of the southern states.

Two weeks ago, national committeeman Youngblood, of Alabama, called at headquarters and declared that, if given sufficient money, he could carry the state for McKinley. The money was not forthcoming, and he returned home. Yesterday, J. M. Faulkner, an attorney for the Louisville & Nashville railway, and ex-Governor Thomas G. Jones, of Alabama, arrived in the city to have a conference with Hanna. They are bolting democrats.

Mr. Hanna was too busy to talk with them. He was met at the depot by Secretary Osborne, of the national committee, who accompanied him to the Waldorf hotel. Shortly after 2 o'clock Mr. Hanna reached headquarters. He was joined there by General Horace Porter, Cornelius N. Bliss, committeeman Quay, Scott, Clayton, Secretary Osborn and Garret A. Hobart.

After the conference, it was stated that the subject of discussion had been the general situation. Mr. Hanna said McKinley would surely carry the middle West, and the feeling in the West was more favorable to him.

Teacher—"I find it impossible, sir, to keep your son from talking in school." Father—"Um! Some of these days that boy will be a United States Senator!"

Overproduction.

There's an over production of cotton.
An over production of corn.
Too much of everything is grown.
Too many people are born.
A surplus yield of wheat and bread.
Of potatoes, oats and rye.
Hog and hominy, ham and eggs.
And home-made pumpkin pie.
Too much to eat, too much to wear.
And cattle on too many hills;
Too many agricultural tools;
Too many plows and drills.
There's a surplus now of clothing.
Of every grade and kind;
Too many books and papers,
Too much thought and mind.
Too many men to do the work.
Too many women to weep.
More daylight than the people need.
Too much night for sleep.
Of Bonnets a surplus.
An over supply of wives.
Too many birds and blossoms.
More bees than there are hives.
More sunshine and more shadow,
Than is needed for the dell;
An over production of gravestones
More coffins than we'll sell;
An over production of ignorance,
A slight too many schools;
Too many poor, too many rich.
An lots too many fools.

—Exchange.

Within Four Hours Three Tons of Basic Iron Were Cast Into Excellent Soft Steel.

From the State Herald.

Birmingham iron will produce steel. The fact now stands undisputed, as the steel is to be seen at the Jefferson Steel Manufacturing company's plant in north Birmingham.

Twice have the officials of the above plant attempted to convert Birmingham iron into merchantable steel, but as often did they fail.

Determined, however, to give the formula a fair test, the cupola of the steel plant was charged yesterday with a little over three tons of low silicon, or basic iron, made at the Alice furnace, this city, out of Red mountain ore, and in the incredible space of four hours, unprecedented in the history of steel making, the molten metal was cast into pigs. As soon as possible thereafter the product was tested in the company's laboratory, and the result developed a first-class soft steel.

The officials, when the result was made known, were highly delighted, and well might they be, for the work of yesterday is but a forerunner of what is to come.

Mr. E. F. Eusen, in referring to the test of yesterday, said to a State Herald reporter that there is now no room for doubting the efficacy of the Hawkins process in converting Birmingham iron into first-class steel. He was more than pleased with the result of the test and said he would start east in a day or two with samples of the newly made steel to prove to eastern capital that Birmingham is what she has always claimed to be, "iron center of the world."

Items from Creswell.

Miss Linnie Mathews is visiting in this community.

Miss Classic Lowe is visiting relatives and friends here this week.

R. M. Speer was up from Coosa county Saturday and Sunday to see his daughter, Mrs. W. S. Lowe.

Rev. F. G. Mullen filled his regular appointment at the Baptist church last Sunday, with services in the afternoon by Rev. Saul, of Childersburg.

J. H. Lybrand and family were down from Cobb Saturday and Sunday visiting friends and relatives.

For some unknown reason Rev. M. N. Warren failed to fill his appointment the third Sunday.

Mrs. Meacham and Mrs. Lipsey went up to Vincent Monday to visit relatives.

T. P. Hambricht and wife came down from Irondale Monday to visit C. J. Gorman's family.

D. Fitch went down to Columbus, Ga., on business Saturday, returning Monday.

G. W. Wallis, Jr., and Miss Jennie Bates attended divine service at Harpersville Sunday night.

CHOCTAW.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alternative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

Hard to reach. His Wife—"I think you ought to preach against bicycle riding on Sunday." Clergyman—"But the people who ride on Sunday would not hear the sermon."

IF YOU USE TOBACCO INVEST YOUR MONEY IN LYON & CO'S PICK LEAF EXTRA SMOKING TOBACCO

Made from the purest, ripest and sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. package.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

FACTS VS FICTION.

In view of the numerous exaggerated statements constantly appearing in the newspapers I desire to impress upon the minds of the public the fact that

This Store Always Sells Goods Exactly as Advertised.

—NO DODGING HERE.—

Yard-wide with us means 36 inches. We give 16 ounces for a pound.

Yard-wide Sheetting, good quality 4½c
Good cotton Checks 3½c
Heavy Jeans for pants 9c
Blue and gray Flannels 10c. and up
Good Red Flannel, all wool 13cHandsome Line of Dress Goods,
... CONSISTING OF ...

Henriettas, all shades,

Woolenets, Basket Flannels, all-wool Brocades, Suitings, Mohairs, etc., etc., Draperies, beautiful designs, Eiderdown, best quality and lovely shades.

A Large and Well-Selected Stock of Millinery
... and prices to suit all.GALL AND SEE OUR BIG STOCK OF FURNITURE,
Beds, Bureaus, Dressers and Chairs. You will at all times find here a full stock of
Staple and Fancy Groceriesat prices that will sell them. Keep your eye on my advertisement and see the new arrivals. Tell your neighbors I want 10,000 bushels Cotton Seed. Will pay spot cash for same. I pay the highest market price for Cotton. Be sure to see my stock before you make your fall and winter purchases.
Respectfully,J. F. POPE,
Wilsonville, Alabama.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Tios Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in coughs and colds. Free trial bottles at Parker & Armstrong's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by Parker & Armstrong.

NOTICE.

Tax Assessor's and Tax Collector's Rounds.

We will attend at the following places at the times named below for the purpose of assessing the state and county taxes for the year 1897 and collecting the state and county taxes for the year 1896. Additional cost after the 1st day of January.

FIRST ROUND.

Bamford, beat 5, Tuesday, October 7.
Gurnee, beat 4, Wednesday, October 7.
Dogwood, beat 4, Thursday, October 8.
Montevallo, beat 4, Friday, October 9.
Calera, beat 3, Saturday, October 10.
Bridgeton, beat 13, Monday, October 12.
Highland, beat 12, Tuesday, October 13.
Helena, beat 6, Wednesday, October 14.
Pelham, beat 17, Thursday, October 15.
Bragg's Tank, beat 7, Friday, October 16.
Longview, beat 7, Saturday, October 17.
Columbiana, beat 1, Monday, October 19.
Spring Creek, beat 2, Tuesday, October 20.
Shelby, beat 1, Wednesday, October 21.
Wilsonville, beat 9, Thursday, October 22.
Harpersville, beat 10, Friday, October 23.
Vincent, beat 16, Saturday, October 24.
Weldon, beat 11, Monday, October 25.Martins, beat 8, Tuesday, October 27.
Vandiver, beat 14, Wednesday, October 28.
Dunnivant, beat 18, Thursday, October 29.
Sterrett, beat 15, Friday, October 30.

SECOND ROUND.

Bamford, beat 5, Tuesday, November 10.
Gurnee, beat 4, Wednesday, November 11.
Dogwood, beat 4, Thursday, November 12.
Montevallo, beat 4, Friday, November 13.
Calera, beat 3, Saturday, November 14.
Bridgeton, beat 13, Monday, November 16.
Highland, beat 12, Tuesday, November 17.
Helena, beat 6, Wednesday, November 18.
Pelham, beat 17, Thursday, November 19.
Bragg's Tank, beat 7, Friday, November 20.
Longview, beat 7, Saturday, November 21.
Columbiana, beat 1, Monday, November 23.
Spring Creek, beat 2, Tuesday, November 24.
Shelby, beat 1, Wednesday, November 25.
Wilsonville, beat 9, Thursday, November 26.
Harpersville, beat 10, Friday, November 27.
Vincent, beat 16, Saturday, November 28.
Weldon, beat 11, Monday, November 30.
Martins, beat 8, Tuesday, December 1.Vandiver, beat 14, Wednesday, December 2.
Dunnivant, beat 18, Thursday, December 3.
Sterrett, beat 15, Friday, December 4.

Tax payers will please meet us promptly with legal description of real estate. Otherwise the assessor cannot be responsible for error that may occur in land numbers. Have a correct list of personal property, and come prepared to pay taxes for 1896. Will be in Columbiana from December 19th to the last day of December, except the 25th. On all taxes not paid by the 1st of January 8 per cent interest will be charged. Tax books will positively be closed by March 1, 1897.

JOHN S. PITTS,
Tax Assessor Shelby county.
JOHN H. ROBERTSON,
Tax Collector Shelby county.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Write JOHN WELDEBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 price offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY
CONDENSED SCHEDULE.
In Effect June 21 1896.

No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----

900 Drops

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Aloe Sassa -
Rhubarb Sassa -
Sulphur Sassa -
Syrup of Marshmallows -
Syrup of Marshmallows -
Syrup of Marshmallows -
Syrup of Marshmallows -
Syrup of Marshmallows -
Syrup of Marshmallows -

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher

NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

**SEE
THAT THE
FAC-SIMILE
SIGNATURE
OF
Chas. H. Fletcher
IS ON THE
WRAPPER
OF EVERY
BOTTLE OF
CASTORIA**

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, OCT. 1, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....\$1.00
One copy six months.....\$1.00

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Southern Railway.

NEW SCHEDULE.
No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 3:28 p.m.
No. 16, passenger, leaves going north, 11:37 a.m.
No. 64, local, leaves going south, 7:45 a.m.
No. 64, local, leaves going north, 1:20 p.m.

Post Office

Mail closes.....11:07 a.m.
Trains due, 11:37 a.m., and 3:28 p.m.
Mails open 1:20 p.m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 3:28 p.m.

LOCAL VIVISCOPE.

John Upshaw, of Coosa county, spent Wednesday in town.

Miss Myrtle Swain spent Monday and Tuesday in Talladega.

Mrs. McConaughy, of Montevallo, was a guest of friends here last week.

Mrs. G. V. Teel, of Clanton, is visiting the family of J. W. Thompson.

Fred Rogan, of Montevallo, was in town Wednesday and gave us a pleasant call.

W. J. Cannon, one of Sylacauga's cleverest citizens, transacted business here Monday.

Will Thomas is handling the yardstick at Milner's during the illness of J. S. Falkner.

Miss Susie McGee left Monday for Thomas, where she will teach school during the winter.

T. J. Martin, of Harpersville, dropped into our office today and enlivened us for a short time.

BORN—On Tuesday to J. P. Spencer and wife, a 14-pound boy. John says he will soon have whiskers.

J. W. Millstead, of Wilsonville, cheered us Tuesday with his handsome, beaming countenance.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Wortham returned home Wednesday from a visit to relatives in Talladega county.

The young people had a delightful social gathering last Friday evening at the residence of W. G. Parker.

Miss Lucy Bachus spent Monday and Tuesday in town, showing the ladies a fine line of millinery from Love-man, Joseph & Leob, of Birmingham.

The grand jury handed in their report Tuesday and were discharged. Thirty-four indictments were returned. The report is published in full in this issue.

Dr. C. C. Oliver, of Shelby, left today with his wife for Hot Springs, Ark. Mrs. Oliver has been in feeble health for several months, and hopes to be benefited by the water.

R. B. Posey, of Harpersville, our hustling agent, was in town a few hours last Friday. He will call on our friends in his town and Vincent, and we trust all will respond promptly.

C. A. Schaffter, an artistic and accomplished job printer, who knows the printing business in all its details, has accepted a position as foreman of our job department. Pile in your work and give him a chance to exhibit his skill.

We have now on hand a large stock of stationery as you will usually find in a city office—complete in every line. Call and see some of our work. We down any of 'em when it comes to first class, neat work. A trial order is all we ask.

The Chronicle Job office turned out Tuesday as handsome a pamphlet as can be printed anywhere. If you contemplate having any kind of printing done, call and see samples, or write to us for samples and prices.

Eulton-Ferrell.

On last Sunday morning at 11 o'clock the Rev. L. F. Goodwin joined in the holy bonds of matrimony, Mr. H. C. Eulton and Miss Florence Ferrell. Mr. Eulton is one of Ganadarque's most conspicuous young men, and has won for himself one of Yellow Leaf's most precious jewels. The marriage took place at the residence of the bride's father. The happy couple will live in the future at Ganadarque, and they have the best wishes of a large circle of admiring friends and acquaintances.

A FRIEND.

EDMUND H. DRYER.

Tahadega Man Nominated for Congress at Calera.

Calera, Sept. 30.—The convention of the supporters of Palmer and Buckner this morning nominated Edmund H. Dryer, of Talladega, for congress by acclamation.

The convention met yesterday afternoon but adjourned until this morning.

The officers of the convention were H. L. Stevenson, of Calhoun, chairman, and Joe A. Savery, of Talladega, and F. A. Gullledge, of Chilton, secretaries.

REPORT OF GRAND JURY.

To the Hon. George E. Brewer, Judge Presiding:

The grand jury empanelled at this term of the court, having finished its labors, submit the following as its final report:

Our examination of the bonds of the county officers satisfies us that they are good and sufficient.

The books and papers entrusted to the county officials have been inspected by us and are neatly and properly kept.

We have viewed the county jail and find it in good condition, the prisoners being well cared for.

The special committee appointed by our body to examine into the condition of the poor-house, report the unfortunate inmates as receiving proper attention.

The public roads throughout the county seem to be in good condition.

We have investigated 49 cases and returned into court 34 indictments, several being of a serious character.

Our duty requires us to make special mention of the fact that the law stipulates that justices of the peace and notaries shall make their reports to the grand jury the first two days of the term. While some have failed to comply with the statute in important particulars, others have omitted compliance altogether. As so many of our officials have but recently entered upon their duties, this grand jury has not seen fit to indict for these delinquencies, but urges that it is of the utmost importance that subsequent grand juries should not overlook these shortcomings, threatening, as they do, delay and expense to the county.

We regret to report that the illegal sale of whisky is on the increase in many parts of our county, and we earnestly ask the law-abiding people of the county to assist in suppressing this nefarious traffic.

We find from the law and workings of the county court, as now constituted, said court to be of great expense to the county and an unnecessary burden upon the treasury, absorbing the county money without giving adequate returns in the suppression and punishment of crime to justify the expense.

We therefore recommend that the present law be changed, or amended, in such a manner as to prevent the payment of any part of the expenses of said county court from other than the fine and forfeiture fund, and that no preference shall be given, claimed or created by the county court over the claims of the circuit court. We believe the time past when this court is a necessity and think it should be abolished.

This body finds that the Commissioners' court has made a contract for a system of water-works; and it desires to report that it does not approve said contract, inasmuch as the same has been made and entered into, it suggests to the Commissioners' court that the contract be modified or altered in this particular, viz: That the county shall have full and complete control and ownership of said system, and that part of the contract which allows Mr. Edwards to tap the pipe in two places, be cancelled.

At the beginning of this court the treasurer had on hand five hundred and fifty-three and 20-100 (\$553.20) dollars.

We desire to return thanks to your Honor for the able and intelligent charge, and to the solicitor for his faithful services in attendance on this body, and also to our bailiff, Mr. Bailey, for careful attendance to his duties.

And, having finished our labors, we ask to be discharged.

Respectfully submitted.

E. T. WITHERBY,

Foreman.

Wilsonville Waifs.

Mr. P. W. Terry returned to his home in Birmingham last Thursday, but promises to be with us again on or about October 10th.

Miss Edna Waters, of Fayetteville, arrived in our city last Sunday and has entered school at the Wilsonville Institute in the Oak Hill Park. I wish her a pleasant and prosperous session.

William Waldrop, of Birmingham, spent last Sunday and part of Monday in our village; as the negro expressed it, "he was building mountains," I suppose.

Messrs. Will Tinney, DeRamus and Williamson, bided it to Columbiana last Sunday afternoon, and on their return one of them decided that the surest way to get home was to come in a buggy. His tire exploded.

If there was no other wheelman in

town Alfred Ray would be the champion rider.

Miss Mattie Weldon boarded the train last Monday for the Judson college, at Marion. We wish her a prosperous and lively session. We will miss her in almost everything in which we participate, but cheerfully look forward to next June, when she will return to part no more.

Miss Cora Smith departed last Monday for Maplesville, Ala., to her school. She will be absent about four months. We regret very much that she has bidden us all adieu, but "the best of friends must part."

Boys, if they leave town two at a click many days, girls will be as scarce as "hen's teeth" in this town, and some of the boys will be nearly dead, won't they?

These girls have bidden us farewell. They're missed where ere we go. Their pleasing looks, their charming ways. Set pleasure in a glow.

We miss them in the parlor now. Their homes, and churches too. And ah, 'tis sad for us to know They bade us all adieu.

I know I was a friend to them. I think they were to me. It stung my heart to see them leave. But soon at home they'll be.

I am sorry to report the illness of A. A. Daniels, who has been in bad health for several months, but nothing serious until a late date. He has the sympathies of the people of this community and the hearty wish for a speedy recovery.

Amongst the visitors at the Literary Society Friday night were H. C. Dulbese, accompanied by Miss Myrtle Swain, of Columbiana. We hope to have them with us oftener; also many other friends of Columbiana as well as other surrounding towns. We are only a few miles apart; why not work together in society more than we have done in the past?

The young men's prayer meeting is improving at every meeting. Boys, come out and lend us your helping hand and you will never regret it, both converted and unconverted, great and small, short and tall.

Rev. McCord conducted his regular meeting at the Baptist church last Sunday and Sunday night. Quite a number attended the ordinances of Baptism in the afternoon.

W. J. Tinney is spending the week in Columbiana.

Juo. M. Kyth went to Helena Monday on business.

The Social, Parity and Literary League assembled last Friday night at the Wilsonville Institute. Our president and vice-president having gone away, the following were elected before the regular time of election: Justin C. Jackson, president; W. J. Tinney, vice-president, and G. E. Weldon will continue the good work as secretary. After the election of officers, the program for the evening was very nicely rendered. The recitation, by Miss Georgia Pope, was simply "out of sight." The debate, "Resolved that America has not reached her zenith," was decided in favor of the negative.

Below is our program for the next meeting, which will be at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Pope, Friday night, Oct. 9:

PROGRAM.

Instrumental Solo.....By Miss Mary Bolin
Dialogue.....By Calvin Weldon and Ose Tinney.
Vocal Solo.....By Miss Sallie Bolin
Speech.....By Justin C. Jackson—Subject, Daniel R. Russell.
Duet.....By Misses Parnie Pope and Olive Densier.

Debate.....W. R. Smith and Miss Georgia Pope. Subject—"Are the mental capacities of the sexes equal?"
Quartet.....By Jackson and Kyle, Misses Georgia Pope and Ella Brown.

Then comes the "social" part of our meetings.

Harpersville Echoes.

The long looked for rain has come. Cotton picking is on a standstill this week.

There were quite a number of our people attended court last week.

W. A. Gorman, of Howard college, was here Saturday looking after his mother's business.

Miss Mattie Kidd has returned home from Louisiana, where she has been spending several months.

Mrs. George Downs had the misfortune to fall Saturday morning and broke one of her arms.

McKinley is a Republican. Palmer is something worse; Bryan is a democrat. And is going to be the boss.

Miss Laura Davis, of Easonville, is visiting Harpersville relatives.

Prof. C. W. Florey commenced his school at Vincent Monday morning.

B. F. Moore, of near Vincent, has rented our his river farm and is to become a citizen of our town, and will occupy the Seale residence on Water street.

Prof. Strock will commence his school next Monday, and persons who have children to educate would do well to patronize our school.

George Green, a young white man, was sent to Columbiana jail Tuesday, accused of breaking into Mr. Martin's store last Thursday night. He had some of the goods in his possession when captured.

The Methodist meeting is in progress this week. Revs. T. M. Wilson, Juo. Corley and James Self are assisting the pastor, and Rev. Tom Roberts is expected tonight (Tuesday) and we hope that much good will be accomplished.

W. B. Hubbard is transacting business in Columbiana today.

"JAKE."

No Wonder. Mrs. Talcot—"What does make you talk so much in your sleep, Joseph?" Joseph—"Gosh! It's the only chance I ever get."

He—"Darling, we'll have a lot to contend with when we are married." She—"Yes, my dear, we'll have each other."

I have just opened a stock of

General Merchandise

in the brick house formerly occupied by Parker & Armstrong, druggists. I am prepared

To Meet all Competition,

and would be glad to have you call and examine my goods and get my prices before buying. If I cannot please you no harm is done.

I have

No Prices to Make You

on a few articles AS A BAIT, but will sell anything in my house at the

CLOSEST PRICES.

I WILL DELIVER GOODS

FREE OF CHARGE

To all parts of the City.

Come and see me.

J. E. SEALE.

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES,

Silks, Satins, Chally, Dimities, Henriettas, Nuns Veiling, and Lawns,

And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnish-

ings We're Headquarters as Usual.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS

Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00.

Wishing every body success, we beg to remain,

Yours Respectfully,

THE RACKET STORE,

SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Propr's.

W. F. THETFORB, JR.,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWNE.

BROWNE & LEEPER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.



That Tired Feeling!

Nobody is particularly anxious to spend their money. Everybody has to. Your wants must be satisfied and it takes money to do it. A person is not apt to look cheerful over the prospect of spending money. Lots of buying is done with a long face. This is all wrong. I offer a change for the better.

You Feel Relieved—

The minute you see our Grand Stock of New and Popular Goods it looks fresh and desirable. The first glance shows you that you are on the right track. No mistake about this being a modern up-to-date line of goods. You wake up to the fact that you have got into the right store.

The Feeling Grows—

When you commence to go into details, you feel as if the goods were bought on purpose for you. No trouble to make a satisfactory selection; it gets down to a question which is the most satisfactory.

Trouble is Forgotten

When you learn our prices, they are always at the low-water mark. We don't give goods away—we can't. We can sell goods very low—we do. This is a fact. We might brag about it, but what's the use—a word to the wise is sufficient. It's as true as truth that we sell goods cheap—we prove it.

Happiness is Supreme

When you get just what you want at less than you expected to pay—we are treating customers to this kind of a surprise every day. We sell you a good article and let you off cheap. You will find our selections choice, our goods reliable, and prices satisfactory. A fair deal makes the buyer happy—we give it. To spend money and be happy at the same time go to

S. STARK.

Shelby, Ala.



J. B. Lewis & Co. SHOES

\$4.00
\$3.00
\$2.50

These shoes fit to perfection and wear as only the best of leather can. They're shapely, pliant—the most comfortable of footwear. They always manage to let in air and keep out water.

Surely Your Dealer Sells Them. FOR SALE BY Lester, Mason & Co.

A FOOLISH MAN

Is he who declares he never pays any attention to statements made in newspaper advertisements. What other way have I of attempting to convince you that I can shoe your horse in up-to-date style, and at a price so moderate that you will be ready with the cash the moment the job is done.

Repair Work

a Specialty.

Nothing but good, honest work turned out of my shop. Can sharpen a plow while you wait. In fact I do any and all kinds of work that any blacksmith or woodworker is supposed to do; and, further, I will appreciate your patronage.

TRY ME ONCE FOR LUCK

W. W. ALBRIGHT,

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Scientific American Agency for

PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American.

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$2.00 per year, \$1.00 in advance. Address, MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York City.

Fall Hood's Sarsaparilla

The Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Bile; easy to take, easy to operate.

ROUND ABOUT ENGLAND.

Two thousand Latter Day Saints missionaries are said to be in England just now.

Mosquitoes have appeared this season in England. It is supposed they made their way across the Atlantic in a cargo of lumber.

Only 11 per cent. of the larger and five per cent. of the smaller English gold coins bear an earlier date than 1870. The clean appearance of British coins is always a delight to a foreigner. This is true as well of Canadian coins.

The number of unmuzzled dogs seized in the streets of London between February 17 and June 13 was 20,942, and of those 4,962 were claimed at the police stations. The number of cases of rabies from the beginning of January to June 18 was 106.

Bedingham castle, the Essex stronghold of the earls of Oxford, and pronounced to be the finest Norman keep in the world, is in the market and will shortly be put up at auction in a London salesroom. Here Queen Matilda is generally believed to have died, and Henry VIII's visit to the property is well known in history.

FOREIGN PICKINGS.

Brussels contains a clock which is wound up by the wind, and never by human hands.

Soil was brought up from the depth of 320 feet, from a coal mine in Belgium, and from it sprouted weeds of a species unknown to the botanists.

Foreign Jews without distinction of calling will be admitted into Russia until further notice, after having their passports vided by Russian consuls.

A Buda-Pesth journal notes the fact that 32,000 season tickets were sold for the millennium exposition in that city, while at the last Paris exposition only 19,000 were sold.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac from your own druggist, who will guarantee a cure. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

"What shall I do with this article on the city drinking water?" said the Chicago editor's assistant. "Boil it down," was the reply.—Vogue.

Why suffer from Constipation, Indigestion and Sick Headaches when Dr. Cassell's Great German Liver Medicines will cure you. They do not weaken the organs on which they act but regulate the whole system, thereby bringing relief to the sufferer. Syrup 50 cts. and \$1 per bottle. Powder 25 cts. Every bottle guaranteed or money refunded. For sale by druggists.

FIRST CHICAGO MAN.—"What are your plans for the future?" Second Chicago Man—"I think I will stop getting married and settle down."—Truth.

We have not been without Pilo's Cure for Consumption for 30 years.—Lizzie Fennell, Camp St., Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, '04.

"My boy, it is high time a check was placed on your performances." "Thank you, father. Please make it payable on sight."

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sickens, weakens or gripes.

"No MADE, a middle-of-the-road candidate is not a bicyclist."—Norristown Herald.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are due to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the only remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

Floyd's Send \$1, \$2 or \$3 For a box of Pure Delicious Candies.

CASCARETS, CATHARTIC the ideal laxative and guaranteed constipation cure. sent FREE on receipt of five 2-cent stamps. Address: STEWART REMEDY COMPANY, Chicago, Montreal, Cal., New York.

SHED TEARS NOW.

There Is Sickness and Suffering Down on Rocky Creek.

Some Down with the Fever, Some with the "Mullygrubs" and a General "Messment of Summer Complaints"—Talk of Blood and War.

Rufus, I do not know for certain and would rather not try to say, what is the matter where the trouble comes from—whether it is the great question of free silver or the scandalous hot weather—but anyhow, everything put together makes it look tremendous foggy on the creek to me.

Rocky Creek still runs down stream and ain't gone nowhere, you understand, but when I go out amongst the people in the settlement I find if it don't look to me like all things are coming wrong side out and tail end foremost.

"Mortal Man and Female Woman."

There is sickness and sorrow in the land this fall. Of course I recollect what the Word says—mortal man, born of female woman, is of few days and no teeth and full of various and sundry troubles. So long as a man remains over and tumbles around in this valley of dry bones he is brought as well to look for his share of trials and temptations and troubles and tribulations. But to the common run of men and settlements trouble most in generally always comes in little drops and dribbles, whilst in the durin of the present fall season of the year and to the long-sufferin people around Rocky Creek it has come in great chunks and gobs and sluices.

Everybody is "down in the mouth," as old Miss Sukey Sellers use to say. Some are sick with one thing and some with another. Some have got the chills and fever, some have got the plain slow fever, whilst some have got the mullygrubs, with a general mixtry and messment of summer complaints.

My doctrine is that if a man will pay his debts, put his trust in the good Lord, keep his liver movin and be honest and virtuous, he is bound to be happy. But right here lately I have found out that the general circumference of the surroundings has got a whole lot to do with a man's feelins. The general calamity is catchin, and if I want to feel bad and look bad, all I have to do is to get out and stir round some amongst the sorrowful and the sick.

I use to think to pour some sperits down was about the best and only way to keep my droopin sperits up. But in this present case I have now learnt that salts and snakeroot tea is the mainest thing, and I have come to that pass where I need a big dose every time I start out to visit around amongst the people.

"Rumblings of War."

Sickness and sorrow and the thoughts of free silver has got old man Pleas Warner mightly bad rattled in a general way, but particular in regards to the next war. Some of these gay and giddy people—like Andy Lucas and little Bunk Weatherford—are now wont to laugh at old man Pleas and poke fun at his troubles. But to me it is one of the most saddest cases in the recorded history of Rocky Creek.

About this time last year old man Pleas lost his wife—which they had walked hand in hand together through all these many years. Then along in the Christmas his son Tony stole a breech-loadin shotgun from one of the Watson boys over in the hill country, and consequently had to move his washin in somehwere way out west unbeknownce to the old man. And finally at last his only daughter—which they called her Sweetie, and if she had any right and proper name I never heard it—she packed up a little wallet of duds one bright and beautiful spring day and lit out and run away with a lightning rod peddler.

About that time old man Pleas was took down with a furious bad case of breakbone fever, which held him to the bed for three long and weary weeks. It was a long time that the neighbors didn't think he would ever come across, but he did. Well, right on top of that politics warmed up fast and furious, and everybody went to talkin free silver so reckless and promiscuous like till by gracious they got old man Pleas so bad rattled till he is now about ready to put on his weapons and go to war. He aint sick and he aint crazy so far as anybody knows, but he is sufferin from some tremendous fool notions concernin free silver and the next war.

He Is Ready, "Dadblame 'em."

"Hills a comin, Rufus, and you mought as well be ready and waitin when you hear the drum beat," says old man Pleas the other day when I had rid around by there to see what I could see.

"Don't the Word say there will be wars and rumblin of wars till the evenin of the last day?" he went on talkin loud and walvin his hands and gesturin and goin on like a man out of his head. "Of course the Word says that, Rufus, and you know it. You can hear the rumblin now. There is sickness and sorrow and death and ruin in the land. There is hard times and sorry crops and skeerce money everywhere. Free silver is what we want, Rufus, and free silver we will have to fight for. But the next war must come before we can bring the general government to taw."

"And as for me, Rufus, dadblame 'em, I am ready and waitin. Let the rumblin of war go on, and let the war come. When they call for men and guns Pleas Warner will be there with his old army musket, and dadblame 'em he will pick his flints and try 'em one more barrel anyhow."

And with that the old man went out and chopped some wood and built on a roarin big fire—which you understand the weather was swelterin hot right then and I didn't need any fire. But by this time I could see that he was foam-in-mad and I loved it might be a good time of year for me to lay low and say nothin. He next went down into his clothes chest and got out his bullet molds and three new bars of lead, and went to moldin bullets. As to me I soon had to go out and look for a shady place on the back porch—which you understand I want nobody's partner in the bullet business. But the first hit roared and the bullet molds they rattled, and old man Pleas got so worked

up and hot till by gads he was sweat in like a free nigger on election day, whilst I could hear him talkin and goin on with himself at a high and scandalous rate:

"Let the rumblin go on and let the war come."

"There is plenty of lead in town, and my old army musket she ain't gone nowhere."

"We will fight 'em, dadblame 'em, till the cows come home and the evenin stars shint together."

"They call me old man Pleas Warner now, but I fit plume through one war and got my horse drowned in the Tennessee river, and dadblame 'em, I will pick my flints and try 'em another barrel."

When the sun went down the very native air was thick and hot. But in the main time I had throwed two buckets of water on the fire and got the old man in a notion to go down to the spring and cool off.

Now you mought maybe think old man Pleas Warner is crazy, and to be plum honest I don't raley think he knows anything for certain right now. But he don't have to do all the war talk for the settlement, and if he is crazy he can find lots of company around Rocky Creek. There are plenty of people in this pleasant skirt of woods talkin in about blood and war and the like of that. They haven't got it quite as bad as old man Pleas yet—which I believe he is the only one that's started to moldin bullets—but they have heard so much infernal fool talk about politics and free silver till they have come to the conclusion that somethin terrible is bound to drop.

It will take a whole passle of salts and snakeroot, and maybe a dose of calomel here and there, and then about three good frosts to bring this country around on her feet once more. But it will come. We must live in hopes if we die in the crazy Silliam.

"Pure Meanness and Pizen Stinginess."

The onlyst plain and reglar spell of crazy that has come to pass here lately was Jude Collins, which Jude he lives down in the old Panther Creek country, and he is the only one that's started to moldin bullets—but they have heard so much infernal fool talk about politics and free silver till they have come to the conclusion that somethin terrible is bound to drop.

"From what they tell me, Rufus, and from all the general appearments, I think it was pure meanness and pizen stinginess that made Jude's headgear jump a cog," said Ben Chris Weaver in givin out the mainest facts to me. "Of course you are bound to recollect the Collinses, which lived over there on the ridge and on yonder side of what we use to call Stinkin branch. Well, after the old folks died off Jude he turned out to be the mainest man in the family for business. The other boys was all wild and wayward, harum-scarum youngsters, but Jude he was reglar and steady as a rule old man before he got good grown. If the rest of the family made a livin Jude was dead shot to make some money, and if there was anything in the way of money—from ship plasters to free silver—floatin around the Collins place it was more than probable to land in Jude's flank pockets.

"Whereas naturally of course in the run of time it come to pass that the old Collins place belonged to Jude, and the other boys didn't have a blame thing to do but to pack up a few old clothes and move. Then I reckon it was somethin better than a year ago—some time in the fall of the year, at any rates—when a stranger from the city come bruisin around through the settlement and took up a notion all of a sudden that he would love to own the old Collins place. The stranger had plenty of money on him—which as everybody knows, Jude loves that stuff better than a town hog loves slops—and it didn't take him long to make a deal and close up the trade. He paid Jude \$900 smooth and even for the whole entire place.

"Well, Jude never did git married—he was too rotten mean and stingy for that—and, consequently, he didn't have no big store accounts and feed bills to pay off. With what money he had saved up and what the old place brought in he had a gracious plenty to make any one man feel easy in regards to this world's goods.

"But durin the winter the stranger which had bought the old place sold out to a big company for \$3,000, and all on account of that big spring up there at the head of Stinkin branch. You remember that big spring, Rufus, and you are bound to recollect how bad it smelt. We use to think somebody must of broke a hamper basket full of spoiled eggs into it about the first settlement of the country. Now, bless goodness, they say that water is out of sight for sick and sufferin humanity. They say it is chock full of soda and alum and iron and sulphur, and the Lord knows what not. And they are now buildin a fine hotel over there and boom in the old Collins place as the best place in the world for the sick and the sufferin to go and drink that water—which the old spring runs as free and smells as bad as ever—and git well.

"And that's what's the matter with Jude Collins, Rufus. Not that he needs any money, but jest to think of how he dropped the jug and spilt his molasses, whilst them town fellows come along and sopped it up. It is pure meanness and pizen stinginess, Rufus. But I reckon Jude is worth as much to the country ravin crazy, or even dead, as he would be livin and in his right mind."

At Least One in Rocky Creek.

The other day whilst I was layin around and lollin about—feelin worse than the outer edges of ruination—who you reckon rid up but old Misses Stinson? And that good old soul (may the tribe increase) loved she thought she would fetch me somethin that a sick man could eat. She fetched me three big baked yam potatoes, a quart of buttermilk and five corn killed eggs. Then by gracious she wanted to stay and see me clean up the pile, sayin how she did love to see me eat and enjoy myself. But I lied like a yaller dog and told her I had jest got through with a tremendous big dinner and would save the nice things she brought me for supper.

What about that buttermilk? Well, I soon climbed up on the outside of it. But you needn't to ask me what went with them yam potatoes. May the God of the widows and the orphans bless these plain old women like Miss Stinson. She was like the old lady that shot at her husband and missed him—her intentions was good.

But in the main time there is one man in the Rocky Creek settlement that ain't gone crazy by a whole tremendous big lot.

MR. BRYAN'S ACCEPTANCE.

The Democratic Candidate Hoidly Doth His Views.

Although the formal letter of acceptance made public by Candidate William J. Bryan, occupied but one-third of the space of that of his republican competitor, it managed to say ten times as much.

Mr. Bryan at the commencement of his letter takes his stand squarely upon the Chicago platform, and gives his assent to every plank. There is no doubt about his position; no hesitancy in defining his views.

In demanding that the expenditures of public money shall be conducted with economy, and in the interest of those of the people, irrespective of party.

In his denunciation of the recent bond issues, Mr. Bryan likewise appeals to the good sense of the American people. And when it is remembered that less than six months ago an issue of these bonds was marked by a gross favoritism which amounted really to a national scandal, Mr. Bryan's plain illustration of the pernicious system can be thoroughly appreciated.

In his reference to the national banking system, Mr. Bryan forcibly illustrates a bad feature of the American system of financing, which but few persons understand. This portion of Mr. Bryan's letter should be carefully studied by everyone who desires to vote intelligently. It will in a measure largely explain why the banking interests are solid for McKinley.

The hearty support of the Monroe doctrine is another feature of the letter, which will thoroughly please every true American. It is the doctrine of this country, and Candidate Bryan's reference to it shows that he is a keen observer of the hold it has upon public opinion.

By declaring his hearty support of liberal pensions for those who have suffered injury in the military and naval services of the country, Mr. Bryan reveals that the interests of the veterans can be safely confided to his care. It will nullify the effort of some to array the soldier against him.

BRYAN AND LINCOLN.

A Parallel Between the Two Great Champions of the People.

The Grand Rapids Workman draws an interesting parallel between the speech of Abraham Lincoln delivered in New York in 1860 and that of Bryan, recently delivered in the same city. Says the Workman: "The people of New York regarded Lincoln as a revolutionist and the organizer and leader of a black republican blood party."

He had denounced the supreme court in its Dred Scott decision as Bryan has denounced the same court in its income tax decision. Mr. Lincoln had behind him such men as Lovejoy, Wendell Phillips, Charles Sumner and William Lloyd Garrison, as Bryan has Altgeld, Tillman, Weaver and Teller. The slaveocracy of the nation, which included New York city, had its Brooks, who clubbed Sumner, as the moneyed plutocracy of to-day has its Herr Most.

The east looked askance at Lincoln, for they viewed him as an awkward backwoodsman, who talked with a nasal twang as pronounced as a Scotch bagpipe, wore No. 12 boots and had the facial make-up suitable for a comedian or clown. Lincoln was in the habit of speaking extempore and the eastern papers, when he spoke in Cooper union, were prepared to murder his speech, just as they had calculated to do with Bryan in Madison Square Garden, and Lincoln, to foil the duplicity of these scavengers of honesty, read his speech, just as Bryan did, for the same purpose.

The audience which Lincoln faced in Cooper union numbered 2,500, while that of Bryan was at least 12,000. Both complained of the rich and powerful, and both were ignored by that class. No Astors, Rhinelanders, Vanderbilts or Depews listened to Bryan, and the same class of men ignored Lincoln.

Lincoln was really more unfortunate than Bryan. The common people, with the exception of the blacks, were not his ardent admirers to the extent that Bryan has their good wishes, and the churches, largely the culture, and the seats of learning were against Lincoln, while many of that class are strong

"The great trouble that I notice about the bicycle," said Mr. Dolan after his first lesson, "is that you have fallen off before you get it on."—Washington Star.

Just try a 10-cent box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

Very few horses eat turned beef, but we saw one standing the other day with a bit in his mouth.

THE MARKETS.

New York, September 28, 1893.

CATTLE—Native Steers..... 3 50 4 17
COTTON—Middling..... 34 1/2
FLOUR—Winter Wheat..... 5 50 3 35
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard..... 2 75 2 34
CORN—No. 2..... 1 10 1 05
OATS—No. 1..... 1 00 90
POIK—New Mess..... 7 75 8 25

ST. LOUIS.

COTTON—Middling..... 7 1/2 7 1/4
BEEVES—Steers..... 2 10 4 15
HOGS—Fair to Choice..... 1 80 2 00
CALVES..... 5 00 8 25
HOGS—Fair to Select..... 2 75 3 35
SHEEP—Fair to Choice..... 2 25 3 40
FLOUR—Patents..... 3 40 3 00
WHEAT—No. 1 Extra do..... 2 50 3 10
SHEEP—No. 2 Mixed..... 1 10 1 05
OATS—No. 2..... 1 00 90
RYE—No. 2..... 1 00 90
TOBACCO—Lugs..... 3 00 4 00
HAY—Clear Timothy..... 6 00 10 00
BUTTER—Choice Dairy..... 9 12
EGGS—Fresh..... 15 12 13 50
POIK—Standard Mess (New)..... 6 10 6 10
BAKON—Clear Rib..... 4 40 4 10
LARD—Prime Steam..... 10 1/2 9 1/2

CHICAGO.

CATTLE—Native Steers..... 3 50 4 10
HOGS—Fair to Choice..... 2 10 4 15
SHEEP—Fair to Choice..... 2 25 3 40
FLOUR—Winter Patents..... 3 40 3 00
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring..... 2 75 2 34
CORN—No. 2 Red..... 1 10 1 05
OATS—No. 2..... 1 00 90
POIK—Mess (New)..... 7 75 8 25

KANSAS CITY.

CATTLE—Shipping Steers..... 3 20 4 75
HOGS—All Grades..... 2 75 3 15
SHEEP—Western..... 2 10 3 10
OATS—No. 2..... 1 00 90
POIK—Mess (New)..... 6 05 6 10

NEW ORLEANS.

FLOUR—High Grade..... 3 20 3 60
CORN—No. 2..... 27 28
WHEAT—No. 2..... 25 26
HAY—Choice..... 13 00 14 00
POIK—New Mess..... 6 00 6 25
BAKON—Sides..... 4 10 4 45
COTTON—Middling..... 11 1/2 11 1/4

LOUISVILLE.

WHEAT—No. 4 Red..... 20 21 1/4
CORN—No. 2 Mixed..... 18 19 1/4
OATS—No. 2 Mixed..... 15 16 1/4
POIK—New Mess..... 6 15 6 25
BAKON—Clear Rib..... 4 10 4 15
COTTON—Middling..... 11 1/2 11 1/4

A Household Necessity.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, acts gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispels colic, cures headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

"You will be married at high noon, I suppose!" said Tenspot to his free silver friend. "I shall be married at 10 minutes to 1," replied the white metal man.—Detroit Free Press.

Peace on Earth.

This is once more enjoyed by the rheumatic wise enough to counteract their progressive malady with Hostler's Stomach Bitters. No testimony is stronger than that which indicates it as a source of relief in this complaint. It is also eminently effective as a treatment for kidney trouble, dyspepsia, biliousness, liver complaint and constipation. Use it with persistence for the above.

"I told her I would lay the world at her feet." "What did she say?" "She said if I was that athletic I ought to be traveling with a snow."—Chicago Record.

Has Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price 50c.

Advice is seldom welcome. Those who need it most take it least.

When bilious or constive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c, 25c.

A PEN may be driven, but the pencil does better when it is lead.

STEADY WORK

WE PAY CASH WEEKLY, and want men everywhere to sell STARK FREEBORN "about 100,000" system. STARK BROTHERS, LOUISIANA, Mo., ROCKFORD, Ill.

HATS CLEANED AND DYED.

EQUAL TO NEW. ALFRED H. LANS, 100 Grand St., New York.

SHIP YOUR PRODUCE OF all kinds

Quick Sales! PROMPT RETURNS!

OPIMUM and WHISKY habits cured.

Book sent FREE. Dr. E. M. Woolley, Atlanta, Ga.

HAVE YOU TRIED YUCATAN?

A. N. K. F. 1624

When writing to advertisers please state that you saw the advertisement in this paper.

Prof. Babcock, the well-known Chemist, says:—

"I find that Walter Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa is absolutely pure. It contains no trace of any substance foreign to the pure roasted cocoa-bean. The color is that of pure cocoa; the flavor is natural, and not artificial; and the product is in every particular such as must have been produced from the pure cocoa-bean without the addition of any chemical, alkali, acid, or artificial flavoring substance, which are to be detected in cocoas prepared by the so-called 'Dutch process.'"

Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass.

PLANTATION

CHILL CURE

IS GUARANTEED.

IF Your Merchant Doesn't Handle, Send \$5.00 to VAN VLEET-MANFIELD DRUG CO., MEMPHIS, TENN.

IF Your Merchant Doesn't Handle, Send \$5.00 to VAN VLEET-MANFIELD DRUG CO., MEMPHIS, TENN.



"It Bridges You Over."

BattleAx PLUG

"Battle Ax" bridges a man over many a tight place when his pocket-book is lean. A 5-cent piece of "Battle Ax" will last about as long as a 10-cent piece of other good tobaccos. This thing of getting double value for your money is a great help. Try it and save money.

For 30 years the condition of the workingmen of England has been held up as a frightful example by the republican party. Now we are asked to adopt the same money standard that England has so we can enjoy the same magnificent prosperity that exists in that god-standard country.—Illinois State Register.

—The situation in Iowa has alarmed the gold brethren. And still the silver craze is on the wane.—Atlanta Constitution.

RHEUMATISM

HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, and PAINS generally, yield at once to the old reliable, tested remedy.

DUNCAN'S LINIMENT

For COLIC, HOBBS and PILES it is a "Dead Shot." Ask your druggist for it. WEBB MANUFACTURING CO., PROPHETSBURG, OHIO.

At the Massachusetts republican state convention in Boston, on the 1st, Hon. Roger Wolcott, was nominated for governor by acclamation.

The steamship Teutonic, which arrived at New York from Europe, on the 21st, brought \$3,538,000 in gold. Total arrivals for that day, \$4,541,550.

HATTIE HASKAGAN, an artist, whose decorative paintings have delighted thousands at the New York art exhibition, is now Mrs. Thunder Cloud, having married her Indian model, the handsomest warrior of the Sioux tribe.

The Franklin sugar refinery at Philadelphia is to close down for an indefinite period. The shut-down is due to the recent heavy importations from Germany of granulated sugars and the heavy stock of sugar on hand.

LIEUT. ROBERT E. PEARY, U. S. N., the Arctic explorer, arrived in New York city, on the 2d, on his return from his last Arctic voyage. His trip was very successful, as two carloads of valuable specimens of Arctic animal life, including two polar bears, were secured.

DUKE ALBERT of Wurttemberg was seriously injured by a wounded stag while deer-stalking in the Austrian Alps on the 1st. The wounded animal charged upon the duke, throwing him down, and but for the timely arrival of attendants would have killed him.

The correspondent of the United Associated Presses at Honolulu, writing under date of September 24, said that Consul-General Mills would send the remains of Kate Field to the United States for cremation, there being no facilities for that purpose in Honolulu.

The Vienna correspondent of the London Daily News telegraphed, on the 1st, that the powers had agreed upon a pacific settlement of the eastern question between the all parties. He added that the agreement amply guarantees the future security of the Armenians.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND's suburban home at Woodley, near Washington city, was badly wrecked, on the morning of the 30th, by the storm that swept over and wrought such havoc in the national capital. Roof and rafters were carried away and landed 500 yards distant.

A DISPATCH from Bombay, on the 30th, said: "The drought continues in northern and central India, where there has been no rain for many weeks. The crops in those sections have utterly failed, and grain riots have occurred in many places as the result of the scarcity of cereals."

It was announced in Paris, on the 29th, upon semi-official authority that foreign diplomats at Constantinople were unanimous in their support of the attitude taken by M. Cambon, the French ambassador to the porte, which they believe is likely to reduce the acuteness of the situation there.

A DISPATCH from Constantinople, on the 30th, said: "The Turkish government tribunal has sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment each a number of Mussulmans who were convicted of taking part in the recent riots. These are the first rioters who have been tried and found guilty since the late massacres."

LORD SALISBURY was at the foreign office, in London, on the 2d, and was called upon by Baron de Courcel, the French ambassador, and M. DeStael, the Russian ambassador, with whom he was in conference for some time. He afterward had a conference with Lt. Hon. George J. Goschen, first lord of the admiralty.

A DEVASTATING storm, said to have been worse than that of 1893, visited the coast of Georgia, on the 29th. At Savannah many lives were lost and \$1,000,000 damage to property, including shipping in the harbor, was done. At Brunswick loss of life and \$400,000 damage to property resulted. Many other places suffered severely.

At the coroner's inquest held in Montreal, Can., on the 29th, on the body of Lee Tung, a Chinaman who died the day before, medical evidence was presented showing that death had resulted from leprosy. Lee Tung had been living there for over a year. The jury asked the health authorities to take all precautions to prevent the dread disease from spreading.

The will of Edison Keith, a Chicago capitalist and business man, who recently committed suicide by drowning, was admitted to probate on the 29th. Mr. Keith left an estate valued at \$1,500,000, of which \$1,100,000 is personal property. The estate, with the exception of \$10,000, which goes to the Old People's home on Indiana avenue, is divided up among the family.

LATER intelligence from the destructive storm which swept over the southeastern portion of the United States, on the 30th, tells of awful loss of human life and property almost beyond compute. Over twenty towns and villages in Florida, including Cedar Keys, are reported to be wrecked, and from all directions come reports of death and devastation.

The treasury circulation statement, issued on the 2d, places the aggregate of all kinds of money in circulation October 1, in the United States, at \$1,552,802,289, or an increase during September of \$53,132,632. The per capita circulation is stated at \$22.03. The statement also reports the gold coin issued "general stock" from \$570,557,081 on September 1, to \$600,544,227 on October 1.

On the 29th the president completed the committee authorized by congress to determine the correct location of the boundary lines of the Klamath Indian reservation in Oregon, by the appointment of Richard P. Hammond, Jr., of San Francisco.

THE CHRONICLE.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

VOLUME XI.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1896.

NUMBER 14.

OCTOBER—1896.						
Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
....	....	....	....	1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

CURRENT TOPICS.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

LEWIS GEHRT, of Bridgeport, Pa., has made an innovation in grafting quinces. Two years ago he grafted a white thorn tree and grafted a quince bud upon it. This year his quince-thorn tree contains a dozen large quinces, and no worms have appeared.

KING HORV took the town of St. Louis on the evening of the 2d. The keys of the city were delivered to him by Mayor Walbridge in the presence of thousands of citizens and the merry monarch, the Prince of Fauntleroy, resumed his reign amidst loud acclamations.

The United Association of Journeymen Plumbers, Gas Fitters, Steam Fitters and Steam Fitters' Helpers opened their seventh convention at the Builders' and Trades' exchange in Milwaukee on the 28th. The convention represented both the United States and Canada.

ALL the railroad telegraph operators on the Pacific division of the Canadian Pacific railroad went on strike, on the 20th, in obedience to orders from T. H. Pierson, chairman of the grievance committee at Montreal. Trains were running as usual on the Pacific division, and it was not thought any serious stoppage of traffic would result.

FIRE, on the morning of the 20th, destroyed nine business houses in Cadillac, Mich., among them the telephone exchange, causing a loss of \$20,000, partly covered by insurance. The cause of the fire is unknown.

DURING the performance in the People's Palace variety theater in Aberdeen, Scotland, on the night of the 30th, a fire broke out and the audience was thrown into a panic and made a rush for the exits. It is stated that at least forty persons were injured, four of them fatally, while a number of others who are known to have been in the theater when the fire started were reported to be missing.

In Alexandria, the Virginia suburb of Washington, just across the Potomac river, the damage done by the storm, on the 30th, is estimated at not less than \$100,000, and at least two lives are known to have been lost. Nearly 200 houses were badly damaged by the tornado in its course.

ONE of the worst wrecks that ever occurred in that section happened on the Lehigh Valley railroad a short distance east of Batavia, N. Y., on the 30th. As a result one man was killed and another probably fatally injured.

FRANCE has concluded treaties with Austria and Italy in regard to Tunis, and now England's refusal to renounce her "most favored nation" rights alone prevents Tunis from becoming absolutely French territory.

At Harper's Ferry, W. Va., on the 30th, an old man pushed into the thick of the crowd, declaring that he wanted to hear "The Boy Orator." Several brassy fellows lifted him to their shoulders that he might see as well as hear. He suddenly collapsed, and an examination showed that he was dead.

ANDREW NELSON, who was herding 3,000 sheep on the eastern slope of the Cascade mountains in Washington, was buried beneath the carcasses of 1,100 of the animals who were trampled to death in a stampede.

An explosion of ammonia occurred at the Schmidt brewery, owned by the Indianapolis (Ind.) Brewing Co., on the 30th, which completely wrecked the cold storage plant, badly injuring eight men and causing great damage.

The fiftieth anniversary of the wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Tredway, of Dubuque, Ia., was duly celebrated on the 30th. They were married at Lyons, N. Y., September 30, 1846. They retired to Dubuque in 1851.

GEORGE BARNEY, an old hermit and hunter, was found, on the 30th, murdered in his hut near Harrison, Mich. He was a brother of the late P. T. Barnum, showman, and served in the late civil war.

An immense bed of ore, carrying rich deposits of gold and silver, has just been located on the west slope of Mount Tacoma, Wash., near the snow line. There are millions of tons, running \$30 per ton, in sight.

The reviewing stand of the Iowa semi-centennial parade at Burlington fell, on the 1st, injuring several persons.

JOHN C. BONEVIG and George W. Johnson, charged with having wrecked a mail train on the Chicago & Grand Trunk railroad at Battle Creek, Mich., on July 16, 1894, during the A. R. U. strike, in which the fireman was instantly killed and a number of persons were injured, were found guilty of conspiracy in the United States court at Detroit, on the 1st, after a trial lasting ten days.

The members of the Venezuelan commission will soon resume their discussion of the boundary question at their headquarters in Washington, when the evidence collected and studied independently by them during the past few months will be compared and arranged for incorporation in the final determination of the true division line.

A MALIGNANT fever similar to that which appeared in 1893 has prevailed in Turkistan for the past two months. Ten thousand persons have died from the fever.

MRS. ROSALIE J. ANDERSON, of Richmond, Ind., was awarded a verdict for \$17,000 damages against the North Chicago street railway company by a jury in Judge Chetlain's court in Chicago on the 1st. During the World's fair Mrs. Anderson was injured while attempting to board a car. She sued the company for \$50,000.

A BAND of rebels attacked the town of Canas, near Artemisa, in the province of Pinar del Rio, Cuba, on the 30th, but were repulsed by the Spanish garrison. Before retiring the insurgents looted a number of stores and burned several huts on the outskirts of the town.

The public debt statement, issued on the 1st, showed a net increase in the public debt, less cash in the treasury during the month of September of \$1,806,033. Total cash in the treasury, \$849,643,772.

On the recently expected 40,000 reinforcements to Cuba 30,400 had arrived up to the 1st.

The comparative statement of the receipts and expenditures of the government for the month of September shows the total receipts to have been \$24,534,244, and the expenditures \$26,575,535, leaving a deficit for the month of \$1,905,291. The deficit for three months of the present fiscal year is \$25,193,129.

MISS BRESSE, adopted daughter of C. H. Smith, of St. Paul, Minn., has gone to Nuremberg, Germany, to live with her grandmother, a Mrs. Schenck, who is worth \$2,000,000, and whose sole heir is the lucky Bessie.

GEORGE P. ANDERSON, an aeronaut with the Bozarth Balloon Co., of Clinton, Mo., fell from his balloon at the Miami county (Kas.) fair, a distance of fully 3,000 feet, and was crushed into a shapeless mass.

A LONDON cable, on the 1st, said there was good reason for believing that an important agreement had been arrived at between the great powers, and that all danger of a European war has for the present passed away.

MRS. HELEN HEGEMAN DEAN died at her home in Brooklyn, N. Y., on the 1st. Had she lived until the last week of January next she would have attained the age of 103 years.

POSTMASTER MOSES R. HOWELL of Sidney, Ia., is alleged to be a defaulter to the amount of \$500, and is a fugitive from justice.

SECRETARY CARLISLE has formally declined the invitation to divide time with Senator Blackburn in any speeches he may deliver in Kentucky during the pending campaign.

The treasury gold reserve at the close of business, on the 2d, stood at \$123,585,561.

The great parade of democratic clubs held in St. Louis on the evening of the 2d is said to have been the greatest political demonstration ever held in that city.

Large outlaws held up west-bound passenger train No. 2 on the Atlantic & Pacific railroad near Rio Puerco bridge, 30 miles from Albuquerque, N. M., on the night of the 2d. One of the robbers was shot by United States Marshal Loomis, which was followed by a general fusillade. After terrifying passengers into submission the robbers completed their work by blowing up the express safe with dynamite.

The democratic campaign book was received from the printers, on the 2d, at the headquarters of the congressional committee at Washington.

The telegraphic transfers of currency to the west and south through the sub-treasury at New York, on the 2d, amounted to \$1,025,000.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

A POOLROOM, patronized exclusively by women, was raided at Chicago on the 29th. When raided seventeen women and two men employed about the place as markers were placed under arrest.

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY and Mrs. Edith S. Randolph were married at Bar Harbor, Me., on the 29th, in the pretty little stone church of St. Saviours by Rev. C. S. Leffingwell, the pastor.

The Columbus (Ohio) Buggy Company assigns on the 29th filed their statement in court. The assets are \$948,000 and liabilities \$1,069,000.

The bursting of a barrel of oil in the British tramp steamer Sirrus, bound from Philadelphia to Norfolk, Va., caused the death of three sailors and an unknown stowaway.

ARTHUR J. KING, executive head of the firm of R. G. Dun & Co., died on the 28th in Bloomfield, N. J., aged 70 years. He had been connected with the firm of R. G. Dun & Co. for forty-seven years.

The Hamilton Woolen Mills, employing 600 operatives, started up at Amesbury, Mass., on the 28th, permanently after a shut-down of five weeks.

At the West Wisconsin Methodist conference the vote in favor of admitting women to general assemblies was 36 to 6.

A DASTARDLY assassination took place near Ruston, La., on the 27th, the victim being Edward Beatty, the top of his head being literally blown off by a load of buckshot fired from a shotgun while he was eating supper at his home with his family.

THREE big rats attacked the two-months-old baby of Isaac Asher at Baltimore, Md., on the 27th, gnawing its face, head and neck to such an extent that it died short time.

THOMAS KIDD, aged 14 years, was murdered at Balton, O., on the 27th by Carl McIlheny, aged 7 years.

Two men, carefully disguised, committed a daring robbery at the Union Foundry Company's office, on the outskirts of Brighton Park, at Chicago on the 26th, securing \$1,000 and making their escape.

EVERY department of the Pueblo steel plant of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, about which sensational reports of a general shut down were recently circulated has resumed full operation with a force of 2,000.

Two men, Thomas Gorman and Matt Gray, were cremated near Lansing, Ia., on the 27th.

CARLISLE'S COURSE.

Becomes the Mouthpiece of the Money Power.

It is fortunate for the people of this country that the money power, speaking through Mr. Carlisle, has announced the step that it proposes to take as soon as McKinley is elected. This announcement, as our readers know, is to the effect that if McKinley is elected, the money power will demand the redemption of the silver dollar and the silver certificates in gold, and that it will be able to enforce its demand.

It is fortunate that the announcement has been made at this time, for now the people of the country will be able to know precisely what they are voting for and what they are voting against. There is not a voter in the land so ignorant that he can fail to understand the nature of Mr. Carlisle's announcement.

Heretofore, the demand of the money power has been modestly confined to the redemption of the greenbacks and treasury notes in gold. It now declares, through Mr. Carlisle, that all forms of our circulating medium except gold are redeemable in gold.

In the even of McKinley's election, therefore, we confidently look forward to some very interesting experiences. Our people may imagine that they have had some very interesting experiences since 1893, when the country was placed in the mercy of the money power; but the experiences they have had during the past three years will not be remembered by the side of those they will pass through when the money power begins to contract the currency by presenting silver dollars and silver certificates for redemption in gold.

If Bryan is elected, Carlisle would not dare to carry out the policy of the gold owners, as outlined in his letter, for it would promptly lead to his impeachment. On the other hand, should McKinley be elected, the people may as well prepare for the tremendous squeeze which will depreciate the silver dollars so that, like the greenbacks and treas-

BRYAN PROGRESSING.

Success of the Representative of the Working People.

William Jennings Bryan is making splendid progress in his leadership of the forces of democracy to the victory that awaits them at the end of this campaign. He is convincing by force of clear, logical argument, and is winning votes by plain, simple statement of the truth. His speech delivered on Labor day to an enormous audience of voters was a striking indication of the temper of the time. No man is better fitted to speak to the laboring man on the subjects closest to his heart than this plain man of the people. Mr. Bryan is the friend of labor; and the men who make the strength of the great labor organizations of to-day recognize his friendship and respond to his efforts in their behalf.

The success of Bryan means the success of labor. His interests are the interests of the great working masses of the country. Their votes will elect the next president, and their votes are won for Bryan wherever he has opportunity to face and speak to them.

His efforts are meeting everywhere with success. He is educating the people. He clears away from the discussion of the financial question all the misunderstanding so cunningly created by the plutocrats. He tells the truth about silver so clearly and plainly that any man of common sense can understand it.

This is clearly a campaign of money against manhood, of plutocracy against the people. In spite of all the efforts of the millionaires, in spite of all the money so lavishly scattered by the Hanna syndicate, the party of the people is marching steadily on to success. Never in the history of this republic have the people had so splendid a leader as William Jennings Bryan.—Tammany Times.

GOLD STANDARD FRUITS.

High Time for the People to Assert Themselves.

Real estate mortgage debt of the

HIS "MARK."



Given under my hand and seal.—Mark Hanna.

[McKinley, the first syndicate candidate ever introduced to the American voter, will as certainly belong to the crowd that holds his commercial paper, if he is elected, as Thurston belongs to the Union Pacific or Calfory to the sugar-planting interests of Louisiana. There is a volume of argument in the above picture. Study it.—Chicago Dispatch.]

ury notes, they can be presented to the treasury for enforced redemption in gold.

This would mean that all the silver money and all the paper currency of the country would rest on the slender basis of our available stock of gold. The inevitable result would be to double the demand for gold, and thus make that metal twice as valuable as it is now—giving us a 400 instead of the 200-cent dollar we now have.

The most conservative of New York bankers admit that our available stock of gold, for redemption purposes, is not more than \$350,000,000 at the outside. On this slender basis would have to rest our whole supply of silver dollars, silver certificates, greenbacks, treasury notes, amounting to something like \$1,400,000,000. One of the first results of McKinley's election would be the "depreciation" of silver dollars and silver certificates. That is to say, the associated banks of that city would decline to receive them in exchange for greenbacks and treasury notes at their face value.

Following this, the silver dollar and silver certificates would be presented at the sub-treasury for redemption in gold. The sequel would be the issue of more bonds until the total available supply of currency had been brought down to the point represented by the small fund of redemption money.

Such a tremendous contraction of the currency as this, with the constantly increasing value of money, would produce such ruin and disaster as have never been experienced in a civilized country in time of peace. That is what Carlisle's announcement means, and as the policy outlined by him can only be carried out in the event of McKinley's election, the people of the country have an opportunity of choosing Bryan and prosperity, or McKinley and ruin.—Atlanta Constitution.

If the axel grease and the Hanna fertilizer do not accomplish the desired results, it will not be because they have not been supplied in abundance by the McKinley magnates.—St. Louis Record.

United States, as shown by the census of 1890, \$69,019,979,955. Annual interest on same, \$397,442,792. Increase in debt from 1880 to 1890, 140.53 per cent! This annual interest charge equals the home market value of all the wheat and oats produced in the United States in 1895.

Pennsylvania's share of this monstrous mortgage debt is \$312,105,893. Interest thereon annually, \$34,105,663. To pay this interest charge for a single year, at present home market prices, basing product on census report of 1890, would consume all the corn, wheat, barley, oats, rye and buckwheat produced in the state in 1890, and then there would still remain a balance unpaid of about \$2,800,000.

We submit that in the face of these facts it is high time for the cry of "demagogue, fanatic, rattle-brained fool and anarchist" to cease, and for the people to lay aside their partisan prejudice and as voters having the best interests of the whole country at heart to carefully study these figures and see if they cannot discover some of the reasons for the general depression in business that exists to-day.—Philadelphia Item.

To the popular recognition of this attitude of the leaders of democracy is doubtless due the great increase in democratic sentiment in this state. From present indications, this year will be one of democratic triumph in the Empire state. The progress of Bryan through New York is proof of this. Everywhere received with enthusiasm, everywhere assured of popular support, he was cheered because he was recognized by the great mass of the people as their friend.—Tammany Times.

Every trust which has contributed to the money that Hanna is said to have pledged for the Belshazzar fund is a violator of the laws of the United States. Is McKinley willing to have those laws enforced regarding the Belshazzar fund?—N. Y. World.

The best evidence that Mr. Bryan is a democrat, and a good and true one, is to be found in the study of his record in congress.—Los Angeles Herald.

DUN'S COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

Complete Report of Failures for the Quarter Exhibiting a Surprising Increase. Partly Accounted for by Political Causes.—Continued Advance in Wheat—Reviving Confidence in the Stock Market.—Better Times Near.

New York, Oct. 2.—R. G. Dun & Co. say to-day in their weekly review of trade:

The complete report of failures for the quarter which ended Wednesday shows an increase which would be surprising if political causes were not obvious. In number 6½ per cent. less than in the panic quarter of 1893, failures for the quarter show liabilities 11.1 per cent. less, amounting to \$73,285,349, against \$97,859,682 in the previous half year.

The continued advance in wheat may prove of the utmost importance. It has been 1.12 cents for the week and ten cents since September 2, and is mainly due to short crops abroad and unusual foreign demand. Cotton has weakened after its sudden rise, because the demand for goods has relaxed into hand-to-mouth buying and print cloths are lower at 2.56 cents. Some injury has been done by recent storms, but the market seems not now in the humor to magnify them.

Reviving confidence is felt in the stock market, which has slowly risen an average of 79 cents per share for railroads, though trusts are weaker. While east-bound tonnage is large, from Chicago, in September, 249,108, against 241,154 last year, the westward movement of merchandise is small and rates are cut, so that earnings reported for September fall 3.0 per cent. below last year's, and 8.6 per cent. below those of 1892.

There are unmistakable encouraging signs in the great industries, although the actual gain in working force employed or in new orders received is slight. But the strong demand for materials, for pig iron, hides and wool, does not diminish, and has already gone far to stiffen prices.

In wool quotations are scarcely stronger, but represent actual sales more nearly than in past weeks, when buyers with cash almost made their own prices.

Buying of Bessemer pig again lifts Pittsburgh quotations to \$11.75 without any general gain in the demand for finished products, and steel bars for the first time are sold at one cent, against 1.2 asked by the association for iron bars. Plates and rails are in less demand, but there is heavy buying of sheets at the west. Confidence that reviving business must bring a greater demand than all the works can meet induces the various associations to make no change in their prices. The minor metals are not strong, lake copper at 10½, tin at \$12.50, and lead about 2.9.

The movement westward of money continues, and for the quarter has exceeded interior receipts by \$31,000,000. The gold ordered for importation amounts to \$43,250,000, and arrivals thus far to \$40,544,550, besides \$2,000,000 expected from Australia, which will raise the treasury reserve to about \$130,000,000. Relief has been welcome in commercial markets, where seven per cent. is done more freely on west paper than eight per cent. recently, but October settlements cause momentary hardening.

Merchants and manufacturers are waiting, but there are not wanting signs that many have the confidence to invest and push forward as though the dawn of prosperity were close at hand.

FIVE OUTLAWS

Hold Up a Train on the Atlantic & Pacific—One of the Robbers Killed—A General Fusillade Ensues.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Oct. 2.—Atlantic & Pacific officials in this city have been advised that the west-bound passenger train No. 2, due here at 8:45 p. m., has been held up by five outlaws near Rio Puerco bridge.

United States Marshal Loomis, who was a passenger aboard, is reported to have shot and killed Cole Young, one of the robbers, directly after the train was stopped. Young's companions thereupon began shooting indiscriminately, and it is said, several passengers were either killed or wounded.

After terrifying the passengers and train hands into submission, the robbers cut the express car and engine from the train and ran them up the track a few hundred yards. An explosion followed, and it is supposed that the express car safe was blown open.

BISBEE, ARIZONA,

Washed Out by a Cloud-Burst—A Serious Disaster Feared.

TUCSON, Ariz., Oct. 3.—A report has just been received here that the mining town of Bisbee, Ariz., containing 2,500 inhabitants, has been almost entirely washed out by a cloud-burst. The telegraph wires are down, and the report cannot be verified, but a serious disaster is feared, as the town is located in a narrow canyon, which offers little chance of escape from floods.

Further meager reports from Benson confirm the death of Mrs. Ashburn and her children, Mrs. Zolk and her two boys and four Mexicans. The wires are still down, and the railway tracks are washed out in many places. The property loss will be heavy.

THOMAS E. WATSON

Confirms Not Neither Does He Deny Reports of His Retirement.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 3.—Thomas E. Watson will neither confirm nor deny the report that he contemplates retiring from the populist ticket. To a United Associated Presses representative he said this morning he had no comment to make as to the published reports further than to state that his retirement would defeat Bryan because the middle-of-the-road populists would vote for McKinley before they would for Bryan.

HARDWARE DEALER ASSIGNS.

W. A. Lyerly, wholesale and retail dealer, Meridian, Miss., made an assignment the other day to C. W. Robinson, of the First National bank.

DEATH CAME SUDDELY.

Louis Ahrens, well-known to Louisville, Ky., died in Hot Springs, Ark., suddenly, of hemorrhage of the lungs, falling on the sidewalk.

SOUTHERN GLEANINGS.

Joy Killed Her.

News of a strange and pathetic death comes from Tishomingo, Ala. Five years ago a young man named Charlie Vincent left home mysteriously, and during the years which followed there came no tidings of him to his anxious parents, who finally gave him up as dead. The other day young Vincent, who had been out west, came home, intending to give his parents a pleasant surprise. His mother was visiting at a neighbor's when he reached the house, so he sent another neighbor to tell her that a man wanted to see her at home. She came home immediately, and at the sight of her son, whom she had so long mourned as lost, she swooned away. Every effort was made to resuscitate her, but she died without having regained consciousness.

Did Not Go to Prison.

THE CHRONICLE

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, OCT. 8, 1896.

FOR CONGRESS—4TH DISTRICT.

THOMAS S. PLOWMAN,
OF Talladega.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN,
OF Nebraska.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
ARTHUR M. SEWALL,
OF Maine.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORS.

First district—E. L. Russell.
Second district—John D. Burnett.
Third district—T. M. Espy.
Fourth district—W. B. Browne.
Fifth district—T. L. Bulger.
Sixth district—J. J. Mayfield.
Seventh district—M. D. Sibert.
Eighth district—E. B. Almon.
Ninth district—C. B. Powell.

STATE AT LARGE.

S. W. John, J. W. A. Sanford.

The general assembly will convene at Montgomery on Tuesday, November 10—one week after the election.

KENTUCKY is sobbing over a whisky surplus of 90,000,000 gallons, whilst Philadelphia is experiencing a water famine. The human race is not easily satisfied.

DETROIT will be capable of irrigating fully 125,000 acres in course of construction in the Big Horn basin, in Wyoming.

THE French minister of agriculture estimates the wheat crop of France for 1896 at 118,965,093 hecto lites, against 119,967,745 in 1895.

THE pacing horse John R. Gentry now holds the world's record, one mile in 2:00, one second faster than Robert J. made last season.

THE letters of the illustrious John C. Calhoun, to the number of about 3,000, were recently found in an old box in the old home place.

THERE is a display of beets at the chamber of commerce, Los Angeles, each of which weighs six-five pounds and is four feet in length.

THE constitutionality of the Colorado law providing for the treatment and cure of indigent drunkards at public expense has been affirmed by the state supreme court.

"It only remains for me now," vociferated the fiery orator, "to say in the words of our eloquent leader, 'you shall not press the brow of corn upon the thorn of labor.'" And as he sat down the applause loosened the plastering.

IN the great fight this year between the people and the money power every man who desires relief from the curse of the single gold standard should cast his vote so that it will count. No man should allow his prejudice to lead him to throw his vote away.

GOVERNOR OATS has appointed the following commissioners for Alabama to the Tennessee exposition at Nashville: Mims Walker, Faunsdale; I. P. Culver, Montgomery; F. A. Vaughn, Dadeville; A. S. Fletcher, Huntsville; H. G. McCall, Montgomery; J. M. McCartin, Birmingham; and W. W. Garth, Madison.

THE recent advance in wheat is worth \$36,000,000 additional to wheat growers of the United States. The rise in cotton means \$60,000,000 more for cotton growers. While this has been going on the price of silver has fallen to an extent that means a loss of \$4,500,000 on the silver product of the United States.

THE speed with which electricity has been adopted as a motive force throughout the country is demonstrated by the fact that of the 14,470 miles of street railway in the United States only 1,219 miles are traveled by horse cars. Of the total mileage New England has 4,684 miles; the Central West, 4,600 miles; the south, 1,900 miles, and the West, 2,317 miles.

A PREHISTORIC city, which apparently had a population of over 200,000, was discovered recently in Mexico by J. R. Kelley, an American archaeologist. This ancient city is situated in a narrow valley between two high ranges of mountains. Nearly all the buildings are of brown stone, and are in a state of almost perfect preservation.

THE people of Mobile, says an exchange, are beginning to reap the benefit of improved roads. For several years the county authorities have pursued a systematic plan of road betterment until about 120 miles are in tip-top condition. It has been done too, at a comparatively small cost. The result is that farmers and others can haul about twice as much with a team as they could under the old plan.

THE Luerne Journal, lately supporting the "national" democrats, has changed hands and again resumes work in the ranks of the Bryan followers. Speaking of future policy, however, the new editor, H. Y. Brooks, says: "The new management of the Journal propose to devote the paper to the building up of, first, Crenshaw county, second, Alabama; third, the United States. Politics will be a secondary consideration."

A MOBILE special to the Birmingham News of recent date says: Articles have been filed for the incorporation of the Mobile and Tuscaloosa coal and transportation company, Mr. Stephen Touart manager. The object of this company is to bring coal barges from the Warrior coal fields at Tuscaloosa to Mobile and New Orleans. About thirty barges will be built and two boats will bring about 3,000 tons at a tow. The company intends to commence operations early in December, when the river will be high, and will transport coal for retail, wholesale and export purposes. It expects to bring coal at 25 cents a ton, landing it in Mobile, after giving the company a moderate profit at \$1.25 per ton. This is an important enterprise for Mobile. A barge line will realize the expectations of years.

ONE more flying machine has come to grief. The Albatross, the flying machine invented by William Paul, and with which he made a successful flight for a short distance, was put to a final test on the 27th ult. and smashed. The inventor said the wind was unfavorable. An ill wind has blown harm to many ambitious inventors and explorers. It prevented Andre from reaching the north pole in a balloon, so he says. It caused Dr. Nansen, who was bound for the same place, to turn back, he having expected to find an open current and drift with the wind in it to his destination. And it has smashed flying machines galore.

SAM JONES, the noted evangelist, made use of the following words in one of his sermons recently: "If I want to get a right square judgment I'd rather go into a newspaper office than a court of justice. No man whose life is true, pure and just, is afraid of all the newspaper presses in America. They are the best detective force in the country today. They have punctuated more shams, and as far as I am concerned, I say take the bridle off and let them go. The only ones that will be hurt will be the shams and frauds."

JOSE MARTINEZ, a Cuban, whose daughter and himself were nursed during illness by an American girl, Miss Elizabeth Almy, of New York state, about a year ago, died a few days ago and left to Miss Almy a sugar plantation in Cuba, said to be worth, even in its depreciated condition, \$1,500,000. Such are sometimes the eccentricities of owners of large fortunes, but surely it is a delight to know that now and then there is to be found in the world such a thing as gratitude.

McKINLEY ON SILVER.

"I am for the largest use of silver in the currency of the country. I would not dishonor it; I would give it equal credit and honor with gold. I would make no discrimination. I would utilize both metals as money and discredited neither. I want the double standard."—From a speech in House of Representatives, June 14, 1890.

W. W. LEGGETT and Dr. Geo. P. Tyler, of Ripley, O., have made the following agreement: If McKinley is elected Dr. Tyler is to shave his head, gilt it and walk the length of Main street bare-headed. In case Bryan is elected Mr. Leggett is to shave his head, silver it and walk the length of Main street bare-headed.

A HEN at Anniston has gone in for the curious. She laid an egg the other day that is really two eggs, soft shelled, connected together so as to look like a dumb bell. In one egg is the white and in the other the yolk.

THE Egyptian cotton crop promises a yield of 1,250,000 commercial bales of 400 pounds each, or about 250,000 bales, the largest crop ever grown there. The quality is exceptionally high.

BRYAN IN NEW YORK CITY.

Extracts from a Speech Delivered by Him in Tammany Hall.

"The very persons who are crying that they are afraid that the law would be violated with impunity are the ones who have violated law with impunity."

"While I do not wish to array class against class, I am willing to array all the people who suffer from trusts against the few people who compose them."

"If I am elected as the chief executive I shall use all the power I have to drive every trust in this country out of existence as quickly as possible."

"It has been left to free America to set the example of a national party proposing to surrender the right of self-government and bind the people to the will of a foreign power."

"If our opponents be afraid to discuss the money question and rest the verdict on that alone, we are willing to let the public decide whether those who believe in free coinage of silver can be trusted with the government instead of the stock exchange, the money grabbers and those who are banded together to run this country."

"My friends, there is a great contest in this country which must be settled, and that is whether a few people banded together are more powerful than all the people of the country."

"There is one great consolation that I find in the opponents that have arrayed themselves against me—that by not having their aid in the campaign, I won't have their domination after the campaign."

"The various trusts of this country

are collecting tribute from the people, and when we protest against it they call us disturbers of the peace and anarchists."

"I have such confidence in the justice of our cause that I believe that every day from now until election will add to the number supporting our candidates."

"Who is it that is so afraid that the law will not be enforced? It is those very persons who would suffer most if the law were enforced—the ones who have violated the law."

"Why is it that the great corporations are so solicitous about the welfare of their employees? Why is it that instead of paying wages and accepting their work as they would any obligation, they have commenced to teach financial school to those who are wiser than they are? Why do they also ask men to join clubs that are supporting the republican ticket, and why is it that they call them gold-standard clubs?"

"Mr. McKinley said in 1891 that the present president of the United States wanted to make money scarce and therefore dear, and now he stands by the platform which indorses the process and promises to carry it out and make money scarce, and therefore dear. He said in 1891 that the present president wanted to make money the master and everything else the servant, and yet he stands upon the platform that carries out the present policy which makes money the master and everything else the servant."

"If they tell you that the free coinage of silver will not increase the price of silver, ask them why it was that when India suspended free coinage the price of silver fell; and ask them why it was that when we suspended the purchase of silver under the Sherman law the price of silver fell, and ask them why it was that under the Sherman law of 1890 it increased the price of silver purchased by the government."

"There is nothing in the Chicago platform that would make the executive of the United States feeble in enforcing all of the laws of the nation, or feeble in defending the constitution of the nation, and there is nothing in that platform that assails the integrity or questions the honesty of the supreme court of the United States."

"No foreign nation has ever adopted such a policy as the republican party asks us to adopt. No party has ever gone before the country with such a proposition as the republican party now presents. So far as I know, no party has ever advocated a policy that would make the people of this nation dependent upon the decision of the people of some other nation."

"It seems to me that in the presence of the proposition made by the republican platform the people of this country ought to be awake to the dangers before them. What do we find? We find that a few men here are able to control the amount of gold, and that by sending it out of the country they are able to run down stocks, and that by bringing it back again they are able to raise the stocks and make a rich profit."

"We find that our financial system has been under the control of the stock gambler, the money-grabber, and that these men measure the prosperity of the country not by the happiness of the people, but by the stock market."

"I will call your attention to the fact that Senator Sherman, who has been the most successful politician in the republican party, declared that the people must have an increasing volume to accord with the increasing population. I said that Mr. Sherman was the most successful politician in the republican party. He has for twenty years or more borne almost alone the odium of having assisted in the demonetization of silver. His own party has not dared to commend him. The democratic party has time and again denounced him, and yet John Sherman has lived to see the day when he could make the republican party indorse his policy of twenty years. Aye, more than that he has lived to see the day when democrats who have been denouncing him for years get down upon their bended knees and kiss the dust and ask him to forgive them all that they have said against his policy."

"It is not many politicians who have the privilege of witnessing such a transformation."

"But why has he succeeded? Because he was the spokesman of a moneyed power."

"The power behind John Sherman himself has compelled the republican party to submit its neck to the yoke, and that power has taken in its grasp certain prominent democrats and torn them from their party."

A Valuable Prescription.

Editor Morrison, of Worthington, Ind., "Sun," writes: You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehle, 2625 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat or digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents and \$1.00. Get a Bottle at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

Estray Notice.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: Notice is hereby given that J. M. Brasher of Coalsville, Ala., did on the 1st day of October, 1896, take up about his plantation as estrays, one male and one female horse, both about nine years old, valued at \$50.00. Also one brown colored horse about six years old, four years high, valued at \$40.00. Said estray proceedings were had before P. S. Gilbert, Esq., of Coalsville, Ala., a Justice of the peace. This 2nd day of October, 1896. D. R. McMillan, Judge of Probate.

FACTS VS. FICTION.

In view of the numerous exaggerated statements constantly appearing in the newspapers I desire to impress upon the minds of the public the fact that

This Store Always Sells Goods Exactly as Advertised.

—NO DODGING HERE.—

Yard-wide with us means 36 inches. We give 16 ounces for a pound.

Yard-wide Sheetting, good quality 41c
Good cotton Checks..... 31c
Heavy Jeans for pants..... 9c
Blue and gray Flannels..... 10c, and up
Good Red Flannel, all wool..... 13c

Handsome Line Dress Goods,
... CONSISTING OF ...
Henriettas, all shades,
Woolenets, Basket Flannels, all-wool Brocades, Suitings, Mohairs, etc., etc., Draperies, beautiful designs, Eiderdown, best quality and lovely shades.

Ladies' CORSETS 23c and up.

SHOES! SHOES!

Don't fail to see our line of solid leather

Polkas at..... 69c
Ladies Dongolas, patent tip button, at..... 98c
Big line of Childrens' Misses and Boys' School Shoes. A well-selected stock of

Boy's and Men's Clothing!

at prices that will astonish you.

Men's good Jeans Pants at..... 59c
Double Mackintoshes, coat and cape..... \$2 49

Big stock Mens and Boys Hats

Boy's Wool Hats..... 23c, and up
Men's "..... 49c
Men's Fur Hats..... 98c, and up
A good Fur Hat, brand "J. F. Pope's Leader," \$1 39

A Large and Well-Selected Stock of Millinery

... and prices to suit all. ...

CALL AND SEE OUR BIG STOCK OF FURNITURE,

Beds, Bureaus, Dressers and Chairs. You will at all times find here a full stock of

Staple and Fancy Groceries

at prices that will sell them. Keep your eye on my advertisement and see the new arrivals. Tell your neighbors I want 10,000 bushels Cotton Seed. Will pay spot cash for same. I pay the highest market price for Cotton. Be sure to see my stock before you make your fall and winter purchases.

Respectfully,

J. F. POPE,

Wilsonville, Alabama.

The Ideal Panacea.

James L. Francis, Alderman, Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an Ideal Panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, to the exclusion of physician's prescriptions or other preparations."

Rev. John Burgess, Keokuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a Minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church for 50 years or more and have never found anything so beneficial, or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this Ideal Cough Remedy now. Trial Bottles Free at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by Parker & Armstrong.

NOTICE.

Tax Assessor's and Tax Collector's Rounds.

We will attend at the following places at the times named below for the purpose of assessing the state and county taxes for the year 1897 and collecting the state and county taxes for the year 1896. Additional cost after the 1st day of January.

FIRST ROUND.

Bamford, beat 5, Tuesday, October 6.
Gurnee, beat 4, Wednesday, October 7.
Dogwood, beat 4, Thursday, October 8.
Montevallo, beat 4, Friday, October 9.
Calera, beat 3, Saturday, October 10.
Bridgeton, beat 13, Monday, October 12.
Highland, beat 12, Tuesday, October 13.
Helena, beat 6, Wednesday, October 14.
Pelham, beat 17, Thursday, October 15.
Bragg's Tank, beat 7, Friday, October 16.
Longview, beat 7, Saturday, October 17.
Columbiana, beat 1, Monday, October 19.
Spring Creek, beat 2, Tuesday, October 20.
Shelby, beat 1, Wednesday, October 21.
Wilsonville, beat 9, Thursday, October 22.
Harpersville, beat 10, Friday, October 23.
Vincent, beat 16, Saturday, October 24.
Weldon, beat 11, Monday, October 26.

Martins, beat 8, Tuesday, October 27.
Vandiver, beat 14, Wednesday, October 28.
Dunnivant, beat 18, Thursday, October 29.
Sterrett, beat 15, Friday, October 30.

SECOND ROUND.

Bamford, beat 5, Tuesday, November 10.
Gurnee, beat 4, Wednesday, November 11.
Dogwood, beat 4, Thursday, November 12.
Montevallo, beat 4, Friday, November 13.
Calera, beat 3, Saturday, November 14.
Bridgeton, beat 13, Monday, November 16.
Highland, beat 12, Tuesday, November 17.
Helena, beat 6, Wednesday, November 18.
Pelham, beat 17, Thursday, November 19.
Bragg's Tank, beat 7, Friday, November 20.
Longview, beat 7, Saturday, November 21.
Columbiana, beat 1, Monday, November 23.
Spring Creek, beat 2, Tuesday, November 24.
Shelby, beat 1, Wednesday, November 25.
Wilsonville, beat 9, Thursday, November 26.
Harpersville, beat 10, Friday, November 27.
Vincent, beat 16, Saturday, November 28.
Weldon, beat 11, Monday, November 30.

Martins, beat 8, Tuesday, December 1.
Vandiver, beat 14, Wednesday, December 2.
Dunnivant, beat 18, Thursday, December 3.
Sterrett, beat 15, Friday, December 4.

Tax payers will please meet us promptly with legal description of real estate. Otherwise the assessor cannot be responsible for error that may occur in land numbers. Have a correct list of personal property, and come prepared to pay taxes for 1896. Will be in Columbiana from December 19th to the last day of December, except the 25th. On all taxes not paid by the 1st of January 8 per cent interest will be charged. Tax books will positively be closed by March 1, 1897.

JOHN S. PITTS,
Tax Assessor Shelby county.
JOHN H. ROBERTSON,
Tax Collector Shelby county.

Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.50 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect June 21 1896.

No. 40	No. 41	No. 42	No. 43	No. 44	No. 45	No. 46	No. 47	No. 48	No. 49
4:00 pm	4:00 pm	4:00 pm	4:00 pm	4:00 pm	4:00 pm	4:00 pm	4:00 pm	4:00 pm	4:00 pm
4:15 pm	4:15 pm	4:15 pm	4:15 pm	4:15 pm	4:15 pm	4:15 pm	4:15 pm	4:15 pm	4:15 pm
4:30 pm	4:30 pm	4:30 pm	4:30 pm	4:30 pm	4:30 pm	4:30 pm	4:30 pm	4:30 pm	4:30 pm
4:45 pm	4:45 pm	4:45 pm	4:45 pm	4:45 pm	4:45 pm	4:45 pm	4:45 pm	4:45 pm	4:45 pm
5:00 pm	5:00 pm	5:00 pm	5:00 pm	5:00 pm	5:00 pm	5:00 pm	5:00 pm	5:00 pm	5:00 pm
5:15 pm	5:15 pm	5:15 pm	5:15 pm	5:15 pm	5:15 pm	5:15 pm	5:15 pm	5:15 pm	5:15 pm
5:30 pm	5:30 pm	5:30 pm	5:30 pm	5:30 pm	5:30 pm	5:30 pm	5:30 pm	5:30 pm	5:30 pm
5:45 pm	5:45 pm	5:45 pm	5:45 pm	5:45 pm	5:45 pm	5:45 pm	5:45 pm	5:45 pm	5:45 pm
6:00 pm	6:00 pm	6:00 pm	6:00 pm	6:00 pm	6:00 pm	6:00 pm	6:00 pm	6:00 pm	6:00 pm
6:15 pm	6:15 pm	6:15 pm	6:15 pm	6:15 pm	6:15 pm	6:15 pm	6:15 pm	6:15 pm	6:15 pm
6:30 pm	6:30 pm	6:30 pm	6:30 pm	6:30 pm	6:30 pm	6:30 pm	6:30 pm	6:30 pm	6:30 pm
6:45 pm	6:45 pm	6:45 pm	6:45 pm	6:45 pm	6:45 pm	6:45 pm	6:45 pm	6:45 pm	6:45 pm
7:00 pm	7:00 pm	7:00 pm	7:00 pm	7:00 pm	7:00 pm	7:00 pm	7:00 pm	7:00 pm	7:00 pm
7:15 pm	7:15 pm	7:15 pm	7:15 pm	7:15 pm	7:15 pm	7:15 pm	7:15 pm	7:15 pm	7:15 pm
7:30 pm	7:30 pm	7:30 pm	7:30 pm	7:30 pm	7:30 pm	7:30 pm	7:30 pm	7:30 pm	7:30 pm
7:45 pm	7:45 pm	7:45 pm	7:45 pm	7:45 pm	7:45 pm	7:45 pm	7:45 pm	7:45 pm	7:45 pm
8:00 pm	8:00 pm	8:00 pm	8:00 pm	8:00 pm	8:00 pm	8:00 pm	8:00 pm	8:00 pm	8:00 pm
8:15 pm	8:15 pm	8:15 pm	8:15 pm	8:15 pm	8:15 pm	8:15 pm	8:15 pm	8:15 pm	8:15 pm
8:30 pm	8:30 pm	8:30 pm	8:30 pm	8:30 pm	8:30 pm	8:30 pm	8:30 pm	8:30 pm	8:30 pm
8:45 pm	8:45 pm	8:45 pm	8:45 pm	8:45 pm	8:45 pm	8:45 pm	8:45 pm	8:45 pm	8:45 pm
9:00 pm	9:00 pm	9:00 pm	9:00 pm	9:00 pm	9:00 pm	9:00 pm	9:00 pm	9:00 pm	9:00 pm
9:15 pm	9:15 pm	9:15 pm	9:15 pm	9:15 pm	9:15 pm	9:15 pm	9:15 pm	9:15 pm	9:15 pm
9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm
9:45 pm	9:45 pm	9:45 pm	9:45 pm	9:45 pm	9:45 pm	9:45 pm	9:45 pm	9:45 pm	9:45 pm
10:00 pm	10:00 pm	10:00 pm	10:00 pm	10:00 pm	10:00 pm	10:00 pm	10:00 pm	10:00 pm	10:00 pm
10:15 pm	10:15 pm	10:15 pm	10:15 pm	10:15 pm	10:15 pm	10:15 pm	10:15 pm	10:15 pm	10:15 pm
10:30 pm	10:30 pm	10:30 pm	10:30 pm	10:30 pm	10:30 pm	10:30 pm	10:30 pm	10:30 pm	10:30 pm
10:45 pm	10:45 pm	10:45 pm	10:45 pm	10:45 pm	10:45 pm	10:45 pm	10:45 pm	10:45 pm	10:45 pm
11:00 pm	11:00 pm	11:00 pm	11:00 pm	11:00 pm	11:00 pm	11:00 pm	11:00 pm	11:00 pm	11:00 pm
11:15 pm	11:15 pm	11:15 pm	11:15 pm	11:15 pm	11:15 pm	11:15 pm	11:15 pm	11:15 pm	11:15 pm
11:30 pm	11:30 pm	11:30 pm	11:30 pm	11:30 pm	11:30 pm	11:30 pm	11:30 pm	11:30 pm	11:30 pm
11:45 pm	11:45 pm	11:45 pm	11:45 pm	11:45 pm	11:45 pm	11:45 pm	11:45 pm	11:45 pm	11:45 pm
12:00 am	12:00 am	12:00 am	12:00 am	12:00 am	12:00 am	12:00 am	12:00 am	12:00 am	12:00 am
12:15 am	12:15 am	12:15 am	12:15 am	12:15 am	12:15 am	12:15 am	12:15 am	12:15 am	12:15 am
12:30 am	12:30 am	12:30 am	12:30 am	12:30 am	12:30 am	12:30 am	12:30 am	12:30 am	12:30 am
12:45 am	12:45 am	12:45 am	12:45 am	12:45 am	12:45 am	12:45 am	12:45 am	12:45 am	12:45 am
1:00 am	1:00 am	1:00 am	1:00 am	1:00 am	1:00 am	1:00 am	1:00 am	1:00 am	1:00 am
1:15 am	1:15 am	1:15 am	1:15 am	1:15 am	1:15 am	1:15 am	1:15 am	1:15 am	1:15 am
1:30 am	1:30 am	1:30 am	1:30 am	1:30 am	1:30 am	1:30 am	1:30 am	1:30 am	1:30 am
1:45 am	1:45 am	1:45 am	1:45 am	1:45 am	1:45 am	1:45 am	1:45 am	1:45 am	1:45 am
2:00 am	2:00 am	2:00 am	2:00 am	2:00 am	2:00 am	2:00 am	2:00 am	2:00 am	2:00 am
2:15 am	2:15 am	2:15 am	2:15 am	2:15 am	2:15 am	2:15 am	2:15 am	2:15 am	2:15 am
2:30 am	2:30 am	2:30 am	2:30 am	2:30 am	2:30 am	2:30 am	2:30 am	2:30 am	2:30 am
2:45 am	2:45 am	2:45 am	2:45 am	2:45 am	2:45 am	2:45 am	2:45 am	2:45 am	2:45 am
3:00 am	3:00 am	3:00 am	3:00 am	3:00 am	3:00 am	3:00 am	3:00 am	3:00 am	3:00 am
3:15 am	3:15 am	3:15 am	3:15 am	3:15 am					

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL LITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Alix. Senna -
Rhubarb Sals -
Alix. Seed -
Peppermint -
Alix. Cardamom -
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wangberg's Flavor.

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

**SEE
THAT THE
FAC-SIMILE
SIGNATURE
OF
Chas. H. Fletcher
IS ON THE
WRAPPER
OF EVERY
BOTTLE OF
CASTORIA**

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

COLUMBIANA, OCT. 8, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year \$1.00

One copy six months .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Southern Railway.

No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 3:23 p.m.
No. 16, passenger, leaves going north, 11:37 a.m.
No. 63, local, leaves going south, 7:45 a.m.
No. 64, local, leaves going north, 1:20 p.m.

Post Office

Mail closes 11:37 a.m.
Trains due, 11:37 a.m. and 3:23 p.m.
Mails open 1:30 p.m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 3:23 p.m.

LOCAL VIVISCOPE.

New crop molasses at J. E. Seale's.

John T. Slaughter, of Gadsden, is a visitor in town.

J. E. Seale's is the place to get something to boil, bake and fry.

John P. Spencer was absent Monday and Tuesday in Birmingham.

Will Seale, of Childersburg, spent Sunday and Monday in our city.

C. N. Pritchard, of Aldrich, was a welcome visitor in our city yesterday.

Mrs. Anna Burt, of Courtland, is a guest of her father, Dr. W. S. DuBose.

C. E. Greek and Horace Hammond spent Sunday with friends in Calera.

Seven pounds of coffee for \$1.00 at J. E. Seale's.

W. B. Hubbard and Renfro Martin, of Harpersville, are in town for a few days.

J. F. Pope, of Wilsonville's merchant prince, was in town a few hours yesterday.

Miss Fanny Longshore returned Monday from a four week's visit to Atlanta.

Dr. J. B. Boyer, one of Wilsonville's clever physicians, spent Monday in our city.

J. T. Leeper paid the Magic City a flying visit Tuesday, returning home Wednesday.

Miss Leila Parker left Saturday for Jemison, where she goes to visit her brother, J. R. Hill.

Katie Graham, who is one of our public school pupils, spent Sunday at her home in Wilsonville.

Miss Mary Nichols, one of Montevallo's fairest daughters, spent Friday and Saturday with friends here.

Steve and Bremond Bristow, of Calera, were up Tuesday inspecting Columbiana's many improvements.

John Porter, formerly of this place, but now a resident of Blocton, was a visitor here Sunday and Monday.

W. A. Walburn, of Ganadارقة, accompanied by his wonderful (?) X ray, has been in town several days attending court.

Mrs. Flora Lefkowitz, of Bessemer, came over last Friday and will remain here during the winter with her husband at the White House.

FOR SALE—At reasonable prices, for cash, two houses and lots opposite court house and jail Columbiana. Will sell one or both. Apply to Mrs. Lizzie S. Walls.

If there is any one who doubts the advancement and prosperity of our city they have but to go about and see for themselves living evidences thereof on every hand.

The case of the State vs. Will Hartsfield, charged with the murder of Reed Page, has been continued for lack of time. The jail cases will continue the balance of the week.

The Shelby county teachers' institute, presided over by Superintendent Huston, held a profitable session here last week. The attendance was good, and considerable interest was manifested.

Dirt was broken yesterday as a starter for Shelby county's water works. Most of the material has arrived, and in the course of sixty days we hope to see the system in successful operation.

The following young people went up to Wilsonville, Monday night, to church: E. C. Parker and Miss Green, H. C. DuBose and Miss Wagner, Will Tinney and Miss Emma Wilson. They report a good time.

J. S. Bridges, city editor of the Selma Evening Journal, was in the city Monday and paid us a pleasant visit. "Sprat" has a host of friends in Shelby county who are always ready to accord him a hearty welcome. He reports business brisk in the Central City.

Public Speaking.

Hon. T. S. Plowman, democratic candidate for congress, and Hon. W. B. Browne, democratic nominee for elector, will address the citizens of Shelby county on the political issues of the day at the following times and places:

Montevallo, Monday, October 12, 11 a. m.
Shelby, Tuesday, " 13, 11 a. m.
Wilsonville, Wednesday, " 14, 11 a. m.
Harpersville, " 14, 7:30 p. m.
Weldon, Thursday, " 15, 10 a. m.
Highland, " 15, 7:30 p. m.
Helena, Friday, " 16, 11 a. m.
Gurnee, " 16, 7:30 p. m.
Calera, Saturday, " 17, 11 a. m.
All persons, including ladies, are invited to attend these appointments.

T. W. AYERS, Chairman.

Shelby County Matrimonial Bureau.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Taylor Nesby and Mrs. Georgia Dunson.

Robert Darby and Mrs. Parthenia Keith.

Charles Hughes and Miss Ida Arnold, of near Wilsonville.

H. C. Fulton and Miss Florence Ferrell, of near Ganadارقة.

Joe Harrison and Miss Callie Mason.

Marion Daily and Miss Annie L. Hatcher, of Dogwood.

Aaron Watson and Miss Rhoda Brasher, of Vandiver.

Hal S. Forbes, of Pensacola, Fla., and Miss Pattie Booker, of Shelby Springs.

Wilsonville Waifs.

H. L. Sanders went to Calera last Saturday.

H. A. Jackson went to Columbiana on business Friday.

J. M. Kyle has returned from Helena.

Misses Virginia and Eula Mallory attended services at the Methodist church Monday.

Miss Rosa Wallace will teach a lesson in music at night, in addition to her day class, in the future. This will enable many to learn the art of music that could not otherwise, if they will only summon courage enough to engage in the study. We are glad of this, as she will be with us all the time, which means sweet music in Wilsonville.

Young men, do you know that we have a good school in Wilsonville? Board can be secured with nice families at reasonable rates, and you will have an opportunity to study music, book-keeping and short-hand at night, if desired.

The Methodists have been carrying on a series of meetings for the last week. The services were conducted by Revs. Cary and Wilson. We trust that much good has been derived from this meeting.

Protector of widows Terry, is again in our city. Present indications are that he is protecting many by means

of life insurance. "It's a good thing, push it along."

Messrs. DuBose, Thetford, Grandpa Parker and Tinney, of Columbiana, accompanied by Misses Swain, Wilson, Green and Wagner, attended services at the Methodist church Monday night. After the services they went to Mr. Pope's where they passed away a few fleeting moments socially, and sad was the hour of departure.

The literary society will congregate next Friday night, if the meeting is not in session. All that are interested in the program published in the last issue are cordially invited to be present, and we will try and make it pleasant for you. Come and be with us.

ROUGEBOIS.

Election Managers.

We, the undersigned, hereby appoint the following as inspectors and returning officers for the Federal election to be held in each of the precincts in Shelby county, on Tuesday, the 3d of November, 1896, to-wit:

For Beat No. 1—Box 1, Columbiana.

C. C. DuBose, Inspectors.

J. P. Spencer, Inspectors.

H. M. Norris, Inspectors.

Sheriff Returning officer.

For Beat No. 1—Box 2, Shelby.

John F. Avery, Inspectors.

A. M. Piper, Inspectors.

T. J. Wells, Inspectors.

Samuel J. Harrell, Returning officer.

Beat No. 2, Spring Creek.

E. C. Bristow, Inspectors.

J. N. Carden, Inspectors.

A. H. Merrell, Inspectors.

Walter Hale, Returning officer.

Beat No. 3, Calera.

A. S. Bristow, Inspectors.

A. J. Powers, Inspectors.

W. D. Bailey, Inspectors.

John Piigreen, Returning officer.

Beat No. 4—Box 1, Montevallo.

H. S. Latham, Inspectors.

J. D. Farrington, Inspectors.

Dr. J. W. Pratt, Inspectors.

J. G. Harris, Returning officer.

Beat No. 4—Box 2, Gurnee.

Newton Eddings, Inspectors.

H. W. Harrison, Inspectors.

A. J. Gentry, Inspectors.

John Harris, Returning officers.

Beat No. 5, Tylers.

W. H. Sturdivant, Inspectors.

James P. Doss, Inspectors.

George Jacobs, Inspectors.

John Harmon, Returning officer.

Beat No. 6, Helena.

J. E. Rudfin, Inspectors.

R. J. Griffin, Inspectors.

W. D. Lacey, Inspectors.

Daniel Lambert, Returning officer.

Beat No. 7, Elliottsville.

J. B. Adams, Inspectors.

J. H. Nobors, Inspectors.

M. L. Wilson, Inspectors.

C. E. Hale, Returning officer.

Beat No. 8, Yellow Leaf.

Harmon Thomas, Inspectors.

Wm. A. Weldon, Inspectors.

L. R. Kendrick, Inspectors.

E. S. Martin, Returning officer.

Beat No. 9, Wilsonville.

George W. Taylor, Inspectors.

J. F. Hill, Inspectors.

W. E. Riddle, Inspectors.

J. M. Fowler, Returning officer.

Beat No. 10, Harpersville.

R. B. Posey, Inspectors.

T. G. Flory, Inspectors.

J. F. McGraw, Inspectors.

W. E. Millander, Returning officer.

Beat No. 11, Weldon.

J. S. Walton, Inspectors.

John W. Mason, Inspectors.

C. S. Archer, Inspectors.

J. E. Adams, Returning officer.

Beat No. 12, Highland.

A. C. DeShazo, Inspectors.

N. H. Dunaway, Inspectors.

R. F. Johnson, Inspectors.

Sam Dunnaway, Returning officer.

Beat No. 13, Bold Spring.

C. T. Lee, Inspectors.

J. C. Farley, Inspectors.

E. W. Attoway, Sr., Inspectors.

Charles Bass, Returning officer.

Beat No. 14, Vandiver.

R. E. Collins, Inspectors.

Robert Black, Inspectors.

A. J. Holcomb, Inspectors.

W. H. Collins, Returning officer.

Beat No. 15, Sterrett.

M. C. Vick, Inspectors.

M. M. Hollis, Inspectors.

J. R. Dyke, Inspectors.

Joel Falkner, Returning officer.

Beat No. 16, Vincent.

E. C. Lide, Inspectors.

C. C. Elliott, Inspectors.

T. M. Clarkscales, Inspectors.

J. E. Elliott, Returning officer.

Beat No. 17, Pelham.

W. C. Denison, Inspectors.

W. S. Cross, Inspectors.

O. Cost, Inspectors.

John W. McWhorter, Returning officer.

Beat No. 18, Dunnivant.

Wm. Lowery, Inspectors.

Job Morgan, Inspectors.

W. F. Isbell, Inspectors.

J. M. Dorrough, Returning officer.

Done on this the 3d day of October, 1896.

D. R. McMillan, Judge of Probate.

W. R. A. Milner, Clerk Circuit Court.

E. F. Vest, Sheriff.

I have appointed the following as special deputy sheriffs at the various polling places for the above election, whose duty it shall be to maintain good order, and allow no one within fifty feet of the place of balloting, except while voting:

Beat No. 1—Box 2, H. W. Parker.

" " 2, W. M. Connell.

" " 3, J. W. Piigreen.

" " 4—Box 1, W. E. Harrison.

" " 4—Box 2, John D. Stripling.

" " 5, W. D. Seale.

" " 6, L. F. Lee.

" " 7, C. E. Hale.

" " 8, T. B. Holcomb.

" " 9, J. S. Jackson.

" " 10, M. M. Robertson.

" " 11, J. M. Spearman.

" " 12, James Johnson.

" " 13, R. F. Cox.

" " 14, J. L. Vandiver.

" " 15, J. W. Jarrett.

" " 16, H. D. Adams.

" " 17, A. W. Cost.

" " 18, J. M. Dorrough.

The law requires that the polls be opened in each precinct between the hours of eight and nine o'clock in the morning and kept open until the hour of five o'clock in the evening, and no longer.

E. F. Vest, Sheriff.

F. M. McEwen, of Wilsonville, and Jno. M. Lacy, of Maylene, were on Wednesday appointed county surveyors by the commissioners' court for the ensuing term of three years.

FREE SILVER CAMPAIGN SONG.

TUNE—"WAIT FOR THE WAGON."

We are going to elect a president. The gold bugs will see their fate; It will never be McKinley Nor a gold bug advocate.

CHORUS—Jump into the wagon, The free silver wagon. The Democratic wagon And let's all take a ride.

The good old time will come again Of our fathers in days of yore. With plenty of money through the land Made from silver ore.

CHORUS—Good old times will come again, Long enough hard times have been; We are going to rout the gold bugs out And elect free silver men.

CHORUS—Hard times we will no longer endure, The gold bugs have had their way; You bet we are going to rout them out On next election day.

CHORUS—The gold bugs have for advocates Such as Cleveland and Carlisle; We will march them out of office In quick time, double file.

CHORUS—The silver men are on the march Throughout the entire land; They are going to free themselves From the gold bug tyrant hand.

CHORUS—Our candidates now are in the field, The silver people will combine And will elect them sure. It's Sewall and William J. Bryan.

CHORUS W. G. NORWOOD.

Items from Creswell.

A thing of beauty is sometimes a jaw breaker.

E. E. Wallis came over from Childersburg and spent Saturday and Sunday with home folks.

Mrs. L. H. Cosper is on the sick list this week. We hope to see her up again soon.

Some men go through life on a single metallic standard—brass.

The farmers in this section are about done gathering. The cotton crop has made a better yield than many expected, but the corn crop is generally short.

The worst foe of a nation is the ignorance of the masses.

Our young friend, Joe Darlin, "one of the blind boys," has been very low for about six weeks with fever, but we are glad to say he is improving some, and hopes are entertained for his recovery.

The best day in the week is the one in which the most good deeds are done.

It was our pleasure to attend the Methodist meeting at Harpersville last week and we listened to several interesting and instructive sermons by Rev. T. K. Roberts, of Montgomery. His sermon last Sunday was grand, and we would that everybody could have just such a sermon before them every day of their lives.

There was no preaching at the Baptist church last Sunday on account of the feeble health of the minister.

Miss Lura Perryman, of Fayetteville, opened her school here Monday morning with a fairly good attendance. She is a well qualified and enterprising young teacher, and under her charge the school will surely flourish. We are pleased to welcome her in our midst.

CHOCATAW.

Harpersville Echoes.

The boltercrats are mighty few and very scattering up here.

Our little town was full of visitors last Sunday.

Prof. H. J. Willingham, of Lineville, Clay county, was here last week circulating among his many friends.

Frank Gorman, of Henry Ellen, was here last Sunday to see

SCRAPS OF INFORMATION.

A ton of rosebuds will produce only about two ounces of the attar of roses. The only gem in the world which cannot be counterfeited is the opal. Its delicate tints defy imitation.

The first watch ever made by machinery in the United States was made at Roxbury, Mass., in 1850.

If the word "boom" were not in existence now it would be hard to find a word to fitly take its place.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be headachy, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac from your own druggist, who will guarantee a cure. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

"JAMIE," called out his mother, sharply, "you've been loafing all day. Satan always finds some work for idle hands to do. Take this basket and bring in some kindlings."

"If I should die, you would never get another wife who would look after you as I have done." "No, not if you help it," Chicago Record.

No Time Should Be Lost

By those troubled with constipation in seeking relief from Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The disease is easily relieved in its earlier stage, and as it is utterly subversive of the general health, postponement of the remedy is unwise. The same holds good of delay in cases of fever and ague, kidney complaints, nervousness, debility and rheumatism, ailments to which the Bitters is particularly adapted.

Miss Janner (to Mr. Jabber): "Are you aware that you talk in your sleep?" Young Jabber (who has just been silenced): "What other chance does he get?"—Tit-Bits.

"Don't you think there should be music in every home?" "By all means; what I object to is music next door."—Chicago Record.

Why suffer with Constipation, Indigestion and Sick Headache when Dr. Carter's Great German Liver Medicines will cure you. They do not weaken the organs on which they act, but regulate the whole system, thereby bringing relief to the sufferer. Syrup 50 cts. and \$1 per bottle. Powder 25 cts. Every bottle guaranteed or money refunded. For sale by druggists.

MANY a man who wore shoulder straps during the war has been strapped ever since.

A Child Enjoys

The pleasant flavor, gentle action, and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use, so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

"What is this mental poison that women talk so much about nowadays?" "It is being able to look at caterpillars without feeling them crawling all over you."

I CAN recommend Piso's Cure for Consumption to sufferers from Asthma.—E. D. Townsend, Ft. Howard, Wis., May 4, '94.

THERE is too much said about love in this world, and not enough about the necessity of a marriage license.—Albion Globe.

When bilious or constive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c, 25c.

No one can make rheumatism or biliousness interesting. Therefore if you are sick, do not tell about it.

Hall's Cathartic Cure

Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c.

Fortify Pepples Lungs Against Winter with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

NOAH was an expert with the gloves. He boxed everything in the ark.—Texas Sifter.

Just try a 100-bos of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

The favorite string instrument of a Bostonian—string beans.—Texas Sifter.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe.

It is the telescope that distance lens enchantment to the view.—Texas Sifter.

Now Hood's Sarsaparilla

The Best—In fact the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills do not cause pain or gripe. All druggists, etc.



SUFFERING IN SILENCE.

Women are the real heroes of the world. Thousands on thousands of them endure the dragging torture of the ills peculiar to womankind in the silence of home. They suffer on and on—weeks, months, years. The story of weakness and torture is written in the drawn features, in the sallow skin, in the listless eyes, in the lines of care and worry on the face.

Inborn modesty seals their lips. They prefer pain to humiliation. Custom has made them believe the only hope of relief lies in the exposure of examination and "local treatment."

Take ten cases of "female weakness" and in nine of them "local treatment" is unnecessary. The reason why modest, sensitive women should submit to it. McLEER'S

WINE OF CARDUI

is a vegetable wine. It exerts a wonderfully healing, strengthening and soothing influence over the organs of womankind. It invigorates and stimulates the whole system. It is almost infallible in curing the peculiar weaknesses, irregularities and painful derangements of woman. Year after year, in the privacy of home—away from the eyes of everybody—it effects cures.

WINE OF CARDUI is sold for \$1.00 a bottle. Dealers in medicine sell it. Five bottles usually cure the worst cases.

This button with a ten cent box of **CASCARETS, CANDY CATHARTIC**, and guaranteed satisfaction, cost FREE. STARK TIES, proven "Tastes Good" system. STARK BROTHERS, LOUISIANA, MO., NEW YORK.

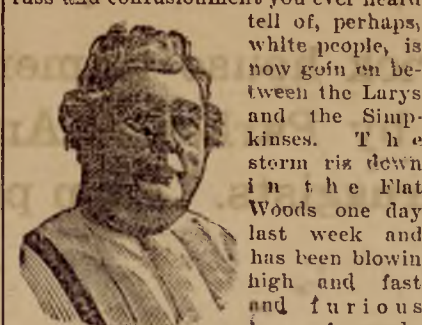
STEADY WORK

OUT OF THE WOODS.

Fresh from the People Around Rocky Creek.

Bill Simpkins and His Bird Dogs Make Trouble—Deacon Joiner Comes Up Most Feloniously Drunk.

The gonebyest and most tremendous fuss and confusion you ever heard tell of, perhaps, white people, is now going on between the Larys and the Simpkins.



It is all on account of a dead dog, which in the fullness of life and flesh belonged to Bill Simpkins. Whilst I haven't been down there in the thick of the fuss, as it were, the mainest facts in the case have come to me on the general rounds.

The Wherefores and Whencefores.

It would seem like Bill Simpkins sent the dog from town down there for Dan Lary to train in hunting.

"What little I don't know in regards to dogs and guns and such like must of been tore out of the books before my day and generation," says Dan, and that settled it. Bill sent his fine dog right on down to Flat Woods next day, and on the next return mail he got the news that the dog was well stricken with backshot from a shotgun in the hands of a man by the name of Lary.

Dan sent word to Bill that he was mighty sorry but the dog went mad and he was necessary compelled to kill him. But in the meantime Bill had lit out for Flat Woods to see about it—which, he says, that dog cost him \$15 as a puppy and \$50 wouldn't of bought him. Naturally of course he was a heap more sorry about it than Dan, but he didn't git mad till Dan put in to give him all the facts and general circumference of the calamity.

"You ought to know, Bill, that I did mortally hate to do it," says Dan, "but the blame dog was ravin mad. If there is anything in signs, and I felt like it was my private and public duty to kill him on the spot. It was rather early for huntin anyhow, and the weather was sweeter hot, but I got down my old musket that evenin and started over to the swamp, thinkin maybe I mought jump some rabbit or pick out a few squirrels. We had got way over there in my pea field nearly to the swamp, and the dog was runnin round and round like he had struck a hot trail and lost it, when all of a sudden like he stopped short and quick as if he was shot and straightened out his tail, tremblin all over, and froze stiff in his tracks. I loved at first maybe he had et somethin at dinner which went back on him—seen him tremblin all over that way like somethin was hurtin of him powerful. I called and called, and whistled and whistled till my mouth was tired, but he wouldn't budge nary inch. Then I thought I would go up close and look at him and see if I could tell what was the matter. And, man, sir, it did jest naturally beat anything I had ever saw. The blame dog was plun paralyzed from the end of his nose clean back to the tip of his tail, and he couldn't move a peg. I whistled and called, but he didn't move. I holloed at him and kiked him, but he didn't stir a hair. Bile, Bill, I don't believe the blame dog could move, and more than that I took particular notice that he was pantin and foamatin at the mouth considerable. If that want a mad dog, Bill, then I hope and trust I will never see one. At any rates, he was either foamatin mad or ravin crazy, and I loved his time had come to die. So I backed off a few steps and cocked my gun and let him have it—which you understand I had put in a load of buckshot that evenin so as to be ready if in case the dog mought jump a turkey or a deer. After that it was all over with the dog. He limbered up and fell when the load of buckshot struck him, but if it hadn't been for that I reckon no doubt he would be standin right there now stiff as a poker, or either ramblin around, creepin through the country, bitin everything in sight and given people the hidryphobus."

The Birds Were There.

"Did you see any birds around there?" says Bill.

"Birds?" says Dan. "Well, I should say. And right along there, Bill, is where my huntin luck shows up plum marvelous. When the gun fired a big drove of partridges flushed and riz and blamed if I didn't find three dead ones layin around there on the ground which I had killed with stray shot."

"That was a bird dog—the finest that ever went to the field—your long-haired, cream-eyed bird," says Bill, "and you are the dumdest biggest fool in 17 states and territories."

And from that the whole thing started. Bill got hotter and hotter as they went on till he said everything he could lay his tongue to except his Sunday school lesson, whilst Dan held out and maintained to the last that "the durn dog was either foamatin mad or ravin crazy."

The women folks have now put their fingers in the pie and stirred and talked and talked and stirred till such another mixtry and messment you never heard tell of. The dog is dead now, and I am in hopes that Bill will recover and let the rest bile down and cool off and quit. Dan Lary is hot stin and a whole passle of it anyhow, and when it comes to his shootin he not only can't tell a bird dog from a coon dog, but he wouldn't hardly know the difference between a dog and a man.

The Deacon "Feloniously Drunk."

One day week before last Deacon Joiner went to town and that night he came up "most feloniously drunk." That was none of my business, and no skin off my shins, you understand, and I wouldn't be spread in the news now if it hadn't already leaked out promiscuous in the settlement. Everybody in this country for miles and miles around knows that Deacon Joiner got drunk. A even to the deacon knows that to the extent that he don't sorter half way make out like he didn't git drunk.

But the most strangest part of the outness is that the deacon now swears and maintains that he didn't drink

"narry drop of spirit," so help him God. On Saturday night before the last Third Sunday, which is regular meetin day over at Bark Log—where for somethin better than 30 years the deacon has held forth as one of the shinin lights—he had the old rooster up before the church on a general, sweepin charge of drunk and disorderly.

Now, as I said before, it was nothin to me, and I am the last man in the world to be meddlin and mixin myself up with things that don't belong to me. But it so come to pass that I was over at Bark Log that day and heard the deacon give in his side of the strange and peccious case. From what the deacon says with his own mouth it was nothin more and nothin less than a plain and regular case of drunk, but the way in which he says it was bring on—that's where the rancid and fishy smell comes in.

The Deacon "Fesses Up."

"I will have to own up to it, brethren, that I was drunk—most feloniously drunk!"—says the deacon, as he went down into his side coat pockets after his old bandanna handkerchief and mopped out the salt water which had backed up in his eyes. "That I must go on and tell you and I would swear to it on a stack of Bibles ten feet thick and a mile high—that I never drunk nary single drop of spirit, so help me God. No doubts it will be hard for some of the brethren to believe that—particularly them that have traveled the downward road for lo these many years and are consequentially familiar with the common way of bringing on a plain, old-fashion drunk. But nevertheless, henceforth and notwithstanding, brethren, I never drank nary single drop of spirit. I have spoke the truth—the naked unwashed truth—and nothin but the truth, so help me God."

"But everybody says that Deacon Joiner was drunk. So he was—so he was—and it was the most filthiest and low downest drunk that has ever come to pass amongst the members of Bark Log church. And yet I never drunk nary single drop of spirit that day."

"How did it come to pass? Well, you see, brethren, I had went to town that mornin, and one of the hands on the place—which his wife and seven of the children was all sick abed with chills and fever—he ask me if I wouldn't be so kind, condescendin and obligin as to fetch him a quart of spirit. So I had got the spirit accordin, and as I rid along the road on my return back home that evening I broke out all over with the mad itch in spots as big as your hand. The more I scratched the worse I got with the itch till it did naturally look like I would go slap slam crazy. It was wrong, brethren. I know it was wrong, but I then got mad—mad to think that I had lived this way and had fleetin world clust up to 70 years, and then finally at last had to break out with the itch. Some people mought maybe call it skin rupture or the exemas, or by some other fancy name, but to me it was the itch—nothin but the itch, and a scoundin bad case of it. As I rid on I got so bad till I would have to dismount and git down along the road and rub and scratch myself agin the trees like a mangy, lousy hog. Then presently I thought about that quart of spirit which I had bought for the sick, and says I to myself, it maybe mought cure the itch. So I went down into my saddle bags and got out the bottle, hitched my horse and slipped off down in the woods, crawled out of my shirt and poured on the spirit, and rubbed, till my itchin skin soaked up all the spirit, and then I felt a whole lot better. I then mounted my horse and rid towards home. I didn't feel any more sufferin from the itch, but I didn't go more than a mile or so before I felt the spirit powerful. At first I didn't know what in the round created world was the matter with me—I did feel so tremendous loose and mellow and rich and good. But presently I was took with a powerful swimmin of the head, and then I got sick—so orful, mortal sick. About that time I reckon I must of fell off my horse, and henceforward after that I didn't know a blessed thing till I woke up at home next mornin with my head feelin as big as a hamper basket, and—and—but I reckon the brethren can see the pint I am drivin at. But the itch was gone—knocked sky high and cured on the first round."

"I have now give unto you all the mainest facts of the case, brethren, and I hope you will deal kind and gentle with me accordin. I am willin for you to know—I am willin for the whole discovered world to know—that Deacon Joiner got drunk—most feloniously drunk. But please remember that I never drunk nary single drop of spirit."

All Lovely at Bark Log.

The case was then turned over to a committee of 15. The committee went out and held a confabulation. Finally at last they reported back in favor of findin the deacon not guilty, providin he would promise on his word as a Christian man that he would never more use spirit in a plain case of itch.

Old Parson Travis was there, and whilst he want on the committee, he said if he was in order he would love to make a few scatterin remarks in passion. He was bound to believe what Deacon Joiner said in regards to the itch and the spirit, but yet still he thought it mought be the best thing they could do to withdraw church fellowship from the deacon for a few months at any rates. "If you don't do somethin along that line, brethren," says he, "I am fearfully afraid there mought be a general breakin out of the itch amongst the members at Bark Log."

But the committee stood footloot on their report. The deacon put on his long-meter face and gave his solemn vows accordin. And now once more all is lovely over at old Bark Log.

Searchlights as Riot Quellers.

The electric searchlight was used recently to put down a riot in Lancashire, England. A manufacturer, whose men had struck, was determined to keep his mill going and he promptly secured new hands and set them to work. At the same time he fixed a searchlight on the factory building to prevent the strikers from setting fire to the sheds erected for the new hands. During the continuance of the strike this light was used nightly in conjunction with the police established in the works, to scour the country and to illuminate the parts where pickets were placed. It was found so effective that a large number of temporary police were dispensed with.—Chicago News.

RUFUS SANDERS.

The Latest Form of Robbery.

A colon in the Indian army met with an unpleasant adventure recently while dining at a boulevard restaurant in Paris. A well-dressed young man, who was seated opposite him, suddenly rose and walked to a siphon over the colonel's shirt front, apparently by accident. The young man was profuse in his apologies and insisted on carefully wiping the officer's front and neck with his serviette. While the colonel was putting his collar and tie straight in front of a mirror, the stranger paid his bill and went out. When the officer came to his dinner he discovered that his pocketbook, containing about \$1 in French and English notes, had disappeared.—Westminster Gazette.

PITH AND POINT.

"Tubbs says he's been making a number of improvements about his home recently." "Yes, I noticed he's sold the piano."—Tit-Bits.

—Miss Bloomfield:—"Isn't Mr. Point Breeze an easy-going chap?" Miss Bloomer:—"When he calls on me he finds it very difficult to go."—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

"My son-in-law hadn't a cent of debts when he married my daughter." "Then he must have married out of pure bravado."—Fliegende Blatter.

"What kind of service do you get in the dining-room?" asked the newcomer. "I really don't know," replied Miss Smart. "I understand, though, that the head waiter is an Episcopalian."—Harper's Bazar.

A Reservation.—Father:—"Do you think you can support her in the style to which she has been accustomed?" Sufferer:—"Not in the style to which she has been accustomed since we became engaged."—Detroit Tribune.

Boggs' Old Friend.—"Great heavens, man! Do I find you reduced to a corner at the street corner to make a living?" Boggs:—"I ain't doing this to make a living. My wife won't let me practice in the house."—Tit-Bits.

Of the Future.—First Woman of the Future:—"Oh, just look at Mrs. De Style's swell new dog." Second Woman of the Future:—"Why, where can your eyes be? That isn't a new dog. That's her last season's dog trimmed over."—Detroit Tribune.

A young couple on their honeymoon are dallying languidly with the grapes at dessert. She (archly):—"And you don't find it tiresome all alone with me? You are quite sure you don't want to go back to your bachelor life again?" He (earnestly):—"Quite, my darling. You know, if you were to die to-night, I'd get married again to-morrow morning!"—Tit-Bits.

THOUGHT HURTS THE TEETH.

Brain Workers Have More Trouble with Molars Than Laborers.

A prominent New York dentist made the statement the other day, which he said was backed by the highest scientific authority, that intellectual pursuits play havoc with the teeth, and that the more a man toils with his brain the more likely are his teeth to disappear or become diseased before he reaches middle life.

The reason why people in this country have poorer teeth than those of any other country in the world is because they live at the highest possible pitch of nervous pressure. Savage races generally have teeth superior to those of civilized races.

There are many unusual occupations, too, that have a bad effect on teeth. Quicksilver miners, bleachers who use chloride of lime, people employed in soda factories are some of those who suffer. But the most harmful trade of all, not only in its effect upon the general health, but also upon the teeth, is that of making matches. The phosphorus used in their manufacture affects in some way the health of the teeth of those who handle it.

Artificial teeth are made of all sorts of strange substances nowadays, but probably the most curious of all materials used for this purpose is compressed paper. A dentist in Germany has been making them in this way for many years past. False teeth were never so cheap as they are to-day and at the same time never so dear. They can be purchased as low as three dollars per set, or they may cost as high as \$1,500. There are expensive dentists as well as expensive doctors, and it is not an uncommon thing for \$500 to be paid for a new outfit of molars.

When it comes to expensive teeth—or, rather, an expensive tooth—prob-ably the most costly and most highly prized in the world is that of the sacred monkey. It is in one of the temples of Siam, preserved in a gold box. The value the natives put upon it may be judged by the fact that they paid \$3,750,000 to Portugal for its ransom when the fortunes of war placed it in the possession of that nation. The Cingalese also venerate as sacred a monkey's molar, while the people of Malabar worship one of the elephant's grinders. In the Tonga islands a tooth from a shark's jaw is regarded with great reverence, and in India the faithful adore a tooth that is said to have once been in active service in the mouth of Buddha himself.

The first dentist, in fact, must have lived long before Buddha. At any rate there were dentists in plenty in Egypt and Greece 500 years B. C., who used gold for filling teeth and who were given for fixing artificial ones. Gold has even been discovered in the teeth of mummies known to be many thousands of years old.—N. Y. Times.

Effect of Open-Air Exercise on Longevity.

M. Sargent, of England, has published some remarkable facts showing the influence of outdoor occupations and exercise in lessening the rate of mortality; that of all indoor occupations, if long continued, in raising the rate of mortality among the classes following them. The greater longevity of persons living in the country appears to be almost wholly due to the fact that the greater portion of time is spent out of doors. Though occasionally exposed to all sorts of inclement weather, these ruralists attain a much greater average longevity than any class of professional men, tradesmen, shopkeepers or mechanics who spend the greater portion of their days working or sitting in a confined atmosphere. It is even shown by Mr. Sargent's splendid array of statistics that the city scavengers and sewer men, who are daily exposed to all kinds of foul odors, are longer-lived than the tradesmen and professional people, owing, no doubt, to the vital influence of the open air in which they spend most of their time.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The Latest Form of Robbery.

A colon in the Indian army met with an unpleasant adventure recently while dining at a boulevard restaurant in Paris. A well-dressed young man, who was seated opposite him, suddenly rose and walked to a siphon over the colonel's shirt front, apparently by accident. The young man was profuse in his apologies and insisted on carefully wiping the officer's front and neck with his serviette. While the colonel was putting his collar and tie straight in front of a mirror, the stranger paid his bill and went out. When the officer came to his dinner he discovered that his pocketbook, containing about \$1 in French and English notes, had disappeared.—Westminster Gazette.

SURPRISED HIS PHYSICIAN.

From the Courier-Journal, Louisville, Ky. "Yes, my name is A. J. Nicholson, and my address is the Bull Block, Louisville, Ky., and I am the man you have heard of as so persistently and so enthusiastically proclaiming the merits of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People."

"Up to the first of last March I can truthfully say that for twenty years I had suffered all the agonies of an inferno, and death would have at times been a welcome visitor. I had muscular rheumatism in its most vicious form, supplemented by what the doctors called tuberculosis of the bones. I was almost constantly under the treatment of a physician and spent a considerable portion of my time in the hospital. In 1892 I spent three months in that institution where I underwent severe surgical operations for relief. Almost all the money I could raise from whatever source went for medicines in one way or another. I would try any and every remedy that was suggested, but I finally concluded that the doctors were right in saying there was no hope for me as an invalid. My right leg became rigid and stiff, the joints refused to perform their functions in any degree. At length the pains attacked my left leg also, and my remaining life was in the lower limbs. I also suffered in the shoulders and arms, though not so badly as in the lower limbs."

"About the first of March last, I read an article on Pink Pills, and while very dubious as to the result, I concluded to give them a trial. I used one box without deriving any benefit, but the rigidity and stiffness soon began to disappear from my leg, the excruciating pains became gradually less, and my joints revived under the exhilarating prospect of getting well, and before a great while I was able to go to work. I have not yet discontinued the pills. I am just over the sixth box, which I think will be the last. I feel that I owe my life to this extraordinary preparation, for I don't see how I could have lived under the most incessant torture I was enduring. It is not strange, under the circumstances, that I should lose no opportunity to tell my friends about this remedy and to urge upon all afflicted as I was, to give it a trial."

(Signed) "A. J. Nicholson." Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th of May, 1894.

J. PETERS, Notary Public.

The physician who attended Mr. Nicholson is Dr. Jas. S. Chenoweth, one of the best distinguished in the city. His office is at 245 West Broadway, where a reporter found him and asked about Mr. Nicholson's condition while under his treatment. The doctor remembered the case and corroborated what Mr. Nicholson said in regard to the latter's deplorable condition and about the operation performed on him at the hospital. The doctor seemed surprised to learn that his former patient was now almost entirely well, since he did not believe when he last saw him, that he would ever be well again.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are sold in boxes (never in loose form, by the dozen or hundred, at 50 cents a box, or by mail for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists or directly by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

STRANGE THINGS ABROAD.

The "Giants' club" in Berlin admits to membership no one who is less than six feet in height.

In the city of Brussels there is a clock which is wound up by the wind, and never by human hands.

In Hamburg a dog is taxed according to his size; a little tax for a little dog, and a big tax for a big dog.

Red socks have just killed a hostler at Stamford, England. The dye entered a cut in his foot, causing blood poisoning.

Lothair von Faber, of the great pencil-making family of Nuremberg, left at his recent death \$500,000 to beautify that city.

Some of the towns of Germany have their water pipes made of glass, protected with an asphalt covering, to prevent fracture.

Globular lightning set fire to a woman's dress near Angers, in France, during a recent storm, the burns causing her death soon after.

A fire at a farmhouse near Axminster, England, was put out recently by pumping on it cider from hogsheads, as there was no water to be had.

Blondin's, the tight-rope walker's, stock in trade is offered for sale in Paris. Besides the tri-colored wheelbarrow, the harmonium, cornet and costumes, it includes the cable on which he crossed the river above the falls of Niagara.

Tiny, the smallest toy terrier in the world, died recently in London. He was less than four inches long. His late owner, Lieut. Gen. Sir Archibald Mac-laine, has had the body stuffed and has presented it to the London Zoological garden.

At Persian funerals the mourners are supplied with wads of cotton, which they use to wipe away their tears. The cotton is afterward collected and squeezed, and the tears are bottled and preserved. They are supposed to possess restorative qualities in fainting fits.

NURSERY HYGIENE.

An infant's thirst is not quenched by milk; it needs clean water to drink with regularity.

Plain, boiled water, given between feedings, will often aid the digestion, and satisfy the child when restless.

Never put a bottle nipple into your mouth and then into the baby's mouth; this will often prove dangerous.

An infant is a creature of habit, and usually responds to the wish of the mother, if the mother has order in her will.

More infant's lives are taken by over-feeding than by starvation; never liken an infant's digestion or diet to your own.

Cholera infantum would be of rare occurrence if proper attention was always given to the quality and quantity of the food.

Do not feed the baby because she cries; this may be due to pain, and it is harmful to fill an infant's stomach at such a time.

Regular habits, proper food, and long hours of sleep are necessary conditions to a healthy infant. The three prime essentials in the nursery are fresh air, good food and pure water.—N. Y. Ledger.

Queen Elizabeth of Roumania, Carmen Sylva, has written an opera libretto in French on a Turkish plot from M. Massenet. The queen is probably the only living author who has written verse in four languages, French, German, Swedish and Roumanian.

In Italy a new postal card is to be issued, on the occasion of the inauguration of the monument to Victor Emanuel. It will be of the value of ten centimes, and bear the effigy of that monarch.

A Household Necessity.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, acts gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispels colic, cures headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. 10-day, 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

A MAN'S idea of a good woman is one who thinks her husband doesn't need praying for.—Albion Globe.

THE GENERAL MARKET.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 5.
CATTLE—Best beefs..... \$ 30 @ 40
Stockers..... 3 15 @ 30
Native cows..... 2 25 @ 25
HOGS—Choice to heavy..... 2 85 @ 3 25
WHEAT—No. 2 red..... 70 @ 71
No. 3 hard..... 63 @ 64
CORN—No. 2 mixed..... 20 1/2 @ 20 3/4
OATS—No. 2 mixed..... 16 @ 17 1/2
RYE—No. 2..... 25 1/2 @ 26
FLOUR—Patent, per sack..... 1 70 @ 1 80
Panic..... 1 47 @ 1 50
HAY—Choice timothy..... 7 80 @ 8 00
LARD—Western mess..... 27 1/2 @ 28
BRAN—(Sacked)..... 29 @ 30
BUTTER—Choice creamery..... 12 @ 13
CHEESE—Full cream..... 14 1/2 @ 15
EGGS—Choice..... 23 1/

OCTOBER—1896.						
Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

CURRENT TOPICS.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

The great parade of democratic clubs held in St. Louis on the evening of the 2d is said to have been the greatest political demonstration ever held in that city.

HENRY H. EMORY has been appointed by the president interpreter to the United States consulate at Che-Foo, China.

JAMES COLAN was arrested in Chicago, on the 6th, by a private detective of the Wabash road, charged with selling forged passenger tickets on the Wabash system. Colan, it is said, succeeded in selling more than \$2,000 worth of tickets. Twenty forged tickets were found in his possession.

On the 6th United States Marshal Cron arrested a man named W. R. Smith, at Fargo, N. D., wanted by the Chicago authorities and charged with larceny. It is understood Smith is a member of the jewelry firm of Smith, Pratt & Co., Chicago. He disappeared from that city several months ago with several thousand dollars' worth of diamonds.

On the 6th inst. 30,000 strangers were present in Kansas City, Mo., to witness the opening parade of carnival week. The keys of the city were handed over to King Ki-Ki and Queen Karnation by Mayor Jones.

On the night of the 5th W. Bourke Cockran, of New York, addressed the largest assembly that had yet crowded its way into Convention auditorium in St. Louis. Fully 20,000 persons were wedged in. Outside thousands struggled unsuccessfully to gain admission.

On the 6th the convention of Good Templars of the United States opened at Chippewa Falls, Wis., at Agnew's hall, with a general reception. Addresses of welcome were made by members of the local lodges and responses were given by visiting delegates.

At Charleston, W. Va., on the 6th, ex-President Harrison was greeted by the largest crowd ever at a political meeting in that state. He arrived from Richmond, and spoke at 2 p. m. to an audience variously estimated at from 10,000 to 15,000. His appearance was greeted with tumultuous applause.

WILLIAM EDWARDS, Q. C., fourth Baron Kensington, died suddenly, on the 7th, while hunting at Roxburgh. PASSENGERS arrived at New Orleans, on the 6th, by the Royal Mail line steamer Breakwater, from Porto Cortez, say that a revolution is fomenting in Honduras and is liable to break forth at any moment.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL WILSON has issued an order prohibiting such notices as "Please send out" or "Please post up" being placed on the wrappers of third-class mail matter. Such notices will subject the matter to first-class rates.

The house of Henry Campbell, of Westford, Otsego county, N. Y., was burned on the morning of the 6th. Mr. Campbell and his wife, both about seventy years of age, living alone, perished in the flames.

The Ohio and Kanawha river packet Columbia struck a snag at Red House Shoals, W. Va., on the 7th, and sank, breaking in twain. The passengers had narrow escapes, but the expedition work of the party with yaws prevented any loss of life.

The Spanish authorities have arrested several persons in Madrid upon allegations of their having been implicated in the rebellion in the Philippine islands.

The prince of Montenegro and his ministers arrived in Rome, on the 7th, for the purpose of signing the provisions of the marriage contract between the prince of Naples, crown prince of Italy, and Princess Helene, daughter of the ruler of Montenegro.

MICHAEL university at Logansport, Ind., was burned to the ground, on the 6th, entailing a loss of \$50,000, with \$35,000 insurance. The 200 students escaped, but lost most of their clothing and considerable money.

In a collision, on the 8th, on the River Humber, England, between the steamers Alexander and Emden, the former sank, and ten of her crew were drowned.

By a decision of the Iowa state supreme court, rendered on the 7th, an injunction granted by the court below was set aside, and the trustees of the state soldiers' home are empowered to continue their former custom of deducting all in excess of \$50 a month from the pensions of inmates and using it for the support of the institution.

PETER B. TRUMBULL was elected president of the Leadville (Col.) Miners' union, on the 8th, to take the place of A. M. Barnes, former president, who had mysteriously disappeared. It is said that with this change in executive officers there may be a change in the policy of the Miners' union and possibly a settlement of the strike.

The United States cruiser Minneapolis, the flagship of the Mediterranean squadron, left Genoa, on the 8th, where she had her semi-annual docking, to rendezvous with the other ships of the fleet at Smyrna, where the United States dispatch boat Bancroft was expected to arrive in a few days.

EX-GOV. SHERAS WOODSON, one of the most prominent men in Missouri, died at his home in St. Joseph on the night of the 9th.

THE Norwegian bark Ariadne, Capt. Pelsen, in ballast for Bay Verte, ran ashore below Green Cove, five miles west of Ingonish, Nova Scotia, during an easterly gale, on the 7th, and went to pieces immediately. The captain and nine of the crew were drowned. Christian Johnson, the second mate, and a youth named Johannus Ravelburg, are the only survivors of the crew of 12.

The boiler in a steam feed mill exploded at Buckham, Minn., on the 8th, killing one man and fatally injuring two others. William Jereh, the engineer, was killed; Jacob Hulka was so badly injured internally that he will die, and Peter Oestrich had both legs blown off.

THE morocco factories of Garrett & Barr, Charles Baird & Co. and Washington, Jones & Co., at Wilmington, Del., were damaged by fire, on the 8th, to the extent of \$260,000. William McNeal, a fireman, was killed by falling walls.

GEN. ST. HERBERT KITCHENER, commander of the British-Egyptian expedition; Slatin Pasha, of the intelligence department, and other leading officers of the expedition have returned to Cairo.

MISS CLARA BARTON, the head of the Red Cross society, was given a welcome on her return to Washington, on the 8th, from her trip to Turkey. A reception in her honor at the Shoreham hotel was given.

A BOMBAY dispatch, on the 8th, said there had been 97 fresh cases of bubonic disease since October 2 and 76 deaths. A quarantine against Bombay has been declared at Aden and at the Egyptian ports.

A BERLIN dispatch says: The Kolnische Zeitung asserts that a written treaty of alliance is in existence between Russia and France, but that it is only defensive in its provisions.

GEORGE DU MATURIER, the artist and novelist, author of "Tribal," died in London on the 8th. His death was painless, and he passed away surrounded by friends.

REV. DR. ANDREW J. PURDY, pastor of the Asbury M. E. church in Buffalo, dropped dead on the street at Corning, N. Y., on the 8th. He was about fifty years old.

THE Victoria (Australia) assembly, on the 8th, after an all-night sitting, passed the second reading of the bill establishing female suffrage and "one man to one vote."

TEMPLE HOUNTON shot and fatally wounded J. B. Jenkins at Woodward, Okla., on the night of the 8th. The difficulty arose over the action of Jenkins in spitting in the face of Temple Hounston a few days before. Hounston was placed under arrest. He is a nephew of Gen. Sam Houston.

Near the village of Helleny, N. T., on the night of the 9th, two tramps tortured Joseph Colburn, aged 75, and his wife, aged 70, in a terrible manner to make them tell where their money was concealed. They were finally beaten into insensibility and the house robbed of \$42.

THE captain of a French steamer which took refuge at Holyhead from the fury of the gale on the 8th, reported having seen a large steamer founder off the Bishop and Clerks, in St. George's channel on that day.

H. M. HANNA, of Cleveland, O., owner of the steam yacht Comanche, which was alleged to have been sold to the Cubans for a war vessel, denied the story on the 9th.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND, on the 9th, positively denied the report that he had purchased 60 acres of land near Hempstead, L. I., which he intended to occupy as a summer residence.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

ACCORDING to unofficial, though trustworthy, information received at the department of agriculture, the German government has followed up its prohibition of the importation of American dressed beef and live cattle into Germany by a new regulation, which practically shuts out American canned beef from the German markets.

DILLARD E. RAGLAND, a messenger in the treasury department at Washington committed suicide on the 9th by inhaling gas.

A DESPERATE duel with knives between two determined men was fought at Henry Clay's timber camp, five miles below DeWitt's Bluff, Ark., on the 9th.

FAILURES for the week were 296 in the United States, against 268 last year, and 46 in Canada against 52 last year.

THE formal announcement was made on the 7th of the re-election of General Diaz as president of Mexico for the four year term beginning December 1st. Belis in the cathedral and churches were rung and there is general rejoicing.

TWO MASKED men, bicycle-mounted robbers, swept into the little town of Sherburne, Minn., on the 7th, dashed into the bank of Sherburne, murdered the cashier and a bystander, and securing \$1,000 from the cash tray, mounted their wheels and escaped before the eyes of the startled villagers.

DR. CARL P. NITZ, a German physician of Chicago, murdered his wife and then killed himself on the 7th.

THE Parsons' Horological Institute and the Ida Manufacturing Company of Peoria, Ill., was nearly destroyed by fire on the 7th. Loss about \$100,000; insurance, \$136,000.

A STATEMENT issued by the agricultural department shows that the total commerce of the United States, including exports and imports for the ten years ended June 30 last, was \$16,013,205,388, or a yearly average of more than \$1,600,000,000.

B. W. CLARIDGE, holder of the Dupont trophy and champion live bird shot of the United States, was defeated at Baltimore on the 5th in a match race at fifty birds by J. A. B. Elliott of Kansas City by a score of 49 to 47.

ON the night of the 5th Spencer Academy, contained miles west of Antlers, L. T., burned to ashes, together with all furniture, and four Choctaw boys perished in the flames.

A BLOODY SEQUEL.

To the Bank Robbery at Sherburne, Minnesota.

A Deputy Marshal Shot and Killed by John D. Sair, One of the Robbers, Who Flees, Hotly Pursued—Wounded by a Deputy, He Suicide in a Cornfield.

WELLS, Minn., Oct. 9.—John D. Sair, who no doubt engineered the robbery at Sherburne, Wednesday afternoon, is dead, as is also Marshal Gallion of Bancroft, Ia. This bloody sequel to the Martin county tragedy came a few minutes after nine o'clock this morning in a bloody battle near Elmore, Minn. A posse of 100 men, in command of Deputy Sheriff Ward, of Martin county, got on the trail of Sair shortly after daylight and tracked him to a farmhouse.

Deputy Ward knocked at the door and was answered by a woman, but before she had spoken three words Sair rushed up behind her and began firing over her shoulders at the officers. He fired seven times in quick succession, one of the bullets striking Marshal Gallion in the forehead and killing him instantly. The desperado then quickly ran out of the house by way of the back door, mounted his bicycle and dashed off toward the east.

The posse caught sight of him and followed close behind. This chase was kept up for four miles, when Sair broke a pedal on his wheel and took to the fields on foot. As he ran across a cornfield toward a clump of trees Deputy Sheriff Ward dashed up, dismounted and, resting his gun upon a tree, fired a shot from his Winchester, which took effect in the robber's shoulder. The latter fell, it was supposed from the shot from Ward's gun, but when the posse gathered around him it was found he had shot himself in the head, the shoulder wound only being a slight one.

Upon examining the body the officers found a portion of the money stolen at Sherburne in an inside pocket of his shirt, the amount being about \$600. Fastened to a belt around his body were two revolvers and a wicked-looking dirk knife.

The body was taken to Sherburne. The body of the dead marshal was taken to Bancroft, back to-night. Bicyclists are being held for identification at Preston, Blooming Prairie and Dubuque, Mo.

THE STEAMSHIP PARIS

Crossing the Atlantic with Her Starboard Engine Broken Down.

New York, Oct. 10.—Capt. Albers of the Hamburg-American express steamer Faerst Bismarck, from Hamburg, Cherbourg and Southampton, on arrival at quarantine at 7 a. m. reported that Thursday, October 8, at about noon, the American line steamer Paris was sighted in latitude 41, longitude 66, lying still. At 12:30 p. m. approaching near by the Paris, engines were stopped until the cause of the trouble could be learned. A boat was lowered from the disabled steamer and came alongside the Bismarck. The officer in charge reported that the starboard engine had broken down and asked that letters be taken to the New York agents. No assistance was required and Capt. Watkins sent word that he would proceed to his destination under the port engine.

Horrible Tragedy.
An Indiana Friend Butchers His Entire Family and Himself.
NOBLESVILLE, Ind., Oct. 10.—Evidence of a horrible tragedy were discovered at the home of Albert Bray, a farmer three miles from this city. A neighbor, on going to the house and failing to get a response to a rap, forced his way in and found the bodies of Bray, his wife and their two little children, aged three and six years, upon the floor of the bedroom in which they slept. Bray was still alive, but the others were dead. The father expired shortly after the discovery, without gaining consciousness. A bloody razor was lying at his side, and it is supposed that he committed the awful butchery with it.

Bray was 30 years of age, was a member of the Friends church and sect, and had always borne a good reputation.

RIFF PIRATES

Again Committing Depredations Upon Passing Vessels.

MADRID, Oct. 10.—News has been received by the government that the Riff pirates are again committing depredations upon passing vessels, having become bolder than ever. A strong band of Rifians boarded the French ship Corinto, off Athucena, and after plundering the crew plundered the ship's cargo. The Spanish steamer Sevilla, conveying Cuban exiles, to Cuba, appeared upon the scene and fired upon the pirates. The fire was returned and a fight ensued which lasted some time. Four men on board the Sevilla were killed, including a Cuban prisoner named Oscar. The pirates finally retired, but carried with them the captain of the Corinto.

THE TURKISH BUTCHER

Calls Back the Fugitive Armenians Under Penalties If They Fail.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 10. The porte has issued an irade declaring that all Armenians who shall hereafter flee from Turkey shall lose their citizenship and will not be permitted to return. Those who have already left the country are warned that if they do not return within two months they will be forever afterward debarred from returning, even though they may be provided with foreign passports, which will not be accepted.

A QUARTER CENTURY

Has Elapsed Since the Terrible Chicago Fire and A Great Celebration Was Held in Commemoration of the Progress Since Made—The Occasion Taken Advantage of to Make Political Demonstrations.

CHICAGO, Oct. 9.—Twenty-five years ago to-day the city of Chicago was laid waste by the greatest conflagration of modern times. To-day, in commemoration of that day of dreadful havoc and suffering and progress of what is now the second city of America.

The anniversary was taken advantage of by local managers of the presidential campaign to make a demonstration in advocacy of the continuance of the present financial system, republicans and gold democrats joining forces under the directions of the Business Men's Sound Money association of which has never been seen in this or probably any other American city. As a counter demonstration, the command free silver forces will to-night give a torchlight parade, which promises to be quite as notable as the day parade of the gold men.

Probably in the history of Chicago there has never been such a number of people congregated on its streets. The sidewalks along the entire route of the parade were a congested mass of humanity, which was with great difficulty kept from blocking the streets by the constant activity of an immense detail of police. The day was made a general holiday. The board of trade and nearly all business houses were closed, and to swell the crowds thousands of people came from the surrounding country, the railroads reporting the heaviest traffic since Chicago day at the World's fair three years ago.

Not a street car was allowed to cross the river from the north and west sides, nor were any south side cars permitted to invade the district set apart for the parades. Every bridge was closed to vehicles, and all traffic on downtown streets was suspended.

Banners and flags waving at intervals across the streets, and from every tall building other float, while the front of almost every structure is a mass of red, white and blue. Many of the show windows also are elaborately decorated in honor of the occasion.

From the thousands of paraders arose a mighty roar—cheers, yells, music of innumerable bands, the sounding of horns, little and big, the penetrating howling of immense megaphones, and the thousand and one other noises that mark the passing of a great political parade.

At two o'clock, along the line of march immense open-mouthed telephone receivers had been attached to wires leading directly to the homes of Wm. McKinley and Garrett A. Hobart, and to various eastern cities, into which were announced the names of each organization as the great column passed, and then a mighty shout went up that was intended to be and no doubt was heard a thousand miles away.

Observation stands were erected at frequent intervals, and not only were they filled to their utmost capacity, but every building had its throng of spectators filling its window spaces—some of the thrifty tenants even renting seats in desirable windows for half a dollar apiece. Many distinguished people from outside the city witnessed the great parade, among them being Mark Hanna, who reached the city Thursday, and who, in company with the members of the Republican national campaign committee, viewed the sights from the Union League, and Generals Palmer and Buckner, the anti-silver candidates for the presidency, who watched the parade from a stand in front of the Palmer house.

Depew, of New York, and Secretary of Agriculture Morton, who were to deliver addresses here to-night, were also interested spectators; as also were Senators Teller and Pettigrew and Congressmen Towne, Dubois and Lind, who addressed the free silver forces in the afternoon and evening.

The night demonstration in point of numbers and enthusiasm was a success. The streets through which the procession passed were crowded with spectators and they came prepared to accord the marchers the greatest encouragement.

As to display the procession was scarcely as gorgeous as that of the gold advocates in the day time, but this was not unexpected, as the silver people gave it out early in the week that they would attempt nothing in the way of spectacular effects.

The banners as a rule were of an impromptu order, and many of the mottoes were trite in their application and were wildly cheered at all points. One in particular, bearing the inscription: "Our bosses are watching," caught the crowds on the sidewalks, who, perceiving the point covered, were not slow to display their appreciation.

A very pretty sight was a float, on which were seated 17 young ladies of whom 16 were dressed in white, with silver adornments, and one decked with gold. The significance of this display created unbounded enthusiasm. The young ladies enjoyed the applause and responded by waving United States flags.

Bryan lithographs in profusion were noticeable, and cries of "What's the matter with Bryan? He's all right!" resounded on all sides.

About fifty bands, each of which discoursed patriotic and martial music, were in attendance.

Scarcely a man in the parade but had a horn or other sort of instrument to add to the noise of the occasion, and those who had none used their lungs to good advantage.

Over 30,000 men were in line, the north and south divisions moving first, the west side contingent joining in when the rear of the first two reached Randolph and Market streets.

HANNA AS A JOURNALIST.

A Great Money Collector But an Editorial Failure.

As the financial manager of a political canvass Mr. Mark Hanna is an imposing success, but as a managing editor he has not as yet exhibited the smallest ability. The gold-standard press of the east is being conducted with a stupidity that amazes, and necessity must soon compel a change in the plan of campaign if the fight is not to be given up. Hauling cannot be sustained at concert pitch with good results for months at a stretch, and so far Mr. Hanna's newspapers have given their strength to hauling. Unmistakable hoarseness has ensued, as a matter of course. Everybody who can read has been long aware that the single-standard press wishes to be understood that any man who offers an argument in favor of bimetalism is a fool, a lunatic, a repudiator, a rogue and a loathly foe of the national honor, of which Mr. Hanna and the contributing trusts and syndicates are, for this occasion only, the special guardians. If the gold-standard press has anything else to say on the subject of finance, the time has certainly arrived when it should utter itself with some effort at coherency.

The readers of Mr. Hanna's newspapers this side of the Alleghenies know a good deal more about the money question than they did a few months ago. They have learned that there is plenty of sanity behind the silver cause. For one thing, they have been listening to and perusing Mr. Bryan's addresses, and such of these readers as desire to remain gold men not unreasonably yearn for something better in reply than dull jeers and cheap abuse. The humblest man who has read Mr. Bryan's Brooklyn speeches is fully competent to answer everything that he has heard from the gold advocates, and to supply them with great stores of needed information besides. In those speeches Mr. Bryan exposed the dangers, the folly, the criminality of our existing system

of finance, gave sound reasons why he should reopen the mints to silver, and in his comprehensive, masterly way met and overthrew the objections, sincere and pretended, of his more rational adversaries. The average man can understand these clear presentations of fact and these strong arguments quite as well as any of the literary gentlemen who serve Mr. Hanna, and whose only response is mere yelling of the tiresome cries that insult the intelligence of the American voter.

That "ugly trail" which Mr. Bryan left behind him on his previous tour of this region, and that so alarmed the "sound money" men, is being broadened and made uglier each day. His appeal is to the good sense of his hearers, to their patriotism and the self-interest that is to be served by the general prosperity of the country. He leaves it to his opponents to make appeals to the prejudice and non-social self-interest of the rich and selfish. Votes against the gold standard, against the further manipulation of the currency, against more bond issues, against continued vassalage to Europe, by the thousand every 24 hours by these speeches. Mr. Hanna cannot, but be aware of this, yet such is his incapacity as a managing editor that he permits his press to pursue a course that enormously emphasizes the effect of the addresses. As a collector of money, Mr. Hanna is a Napoleon, but in journalism he is away down at the crossroads level, and should McKinley be beaten and himself by the loss of his fortune, find it needful to go to work, we fear that it would task all his journalistic powers to fill an editorial position.—N. Y. Journal.

WHY THIS SUDDEN SOLICITUDE?



Chorus of Capitalists and Employers (Quoting from Sound Money Pamphlet, "Facts for Working People," Form No. 6):—"The workingman who votes for free silver deliberately agrees to pay twice as much for everything he buys and to accept HALF PAY for all he sells, namely, HIS LABOR."

The Workingman—"That looks like a mighty good thing for you gentlemen who pay his wages! Why not let it stand?"

of finance, gave sound reasons why he should reopen the mints to silver, and in his comprehensive, masterly way met and overthrew the objections, sincere and pretended, of his more rational adversaries. The average man can understand these clear presentations of fact and these strong arguments quite as well as any of the literary gentlemen who serve Mr. Hanna, and whose only response is mere yelling of the tiresome cries that insult the intelligence of the American voter.

That "ugly trail" which Mr. Bryan left behind him on his previous tour of this region, and that so alarmed the "sound money" men, is being broadened and made uglier each day. His appeal is to the good sense of his hearers, to their patriotism and the self-interest that is to be served by the general prosperity of the country. He leaves it to his opponents to make appeals to the prejudice and non-social self-interest of the rich and selfish. Votes against the gold standard, against the further manipulation of the currency, against more bond issues, against continued vassalage to Europe, by the thousand every 24 hours by these speeches. Mr. Hanna cannot, but be aware of this, yet such is his incapacity as a managing editor that he permits his press to pursue a course that enormously emphasizes the effect of the addresses. As a collector of money, Mr. Hanna is a Napoleon, but in journalism he is away down at the crossroads level, and should McKinley be beaten and himself by the loss of his fortune, find it needful to go to work, we fear that it would task all his journalistic powers to fill an editorial position.—N. Y. Journal.

repudiating its principles, but they worship the shadow of democracy by falsely retaining its name. They should do openly what they are doing secretly. They should declare for McKinley and not try further to hoodwink the people.—Buffalo (N. Y.) Times.

THE ACME OF ASININITY.

Only Answer of Goldites to Bryan's Arguments.

The goldbugs have reached the acme of asininity. The renegade press gave much space the other day to an account of a meeting held by a republican club where a certain Mr. Wise, of West Virginia, took occasion to express himself. It is evident that his name is a misnomer, for this peculiar gentleman said that the only way to answer Mr. Bryan's argument was to throw back one's head and shout: "You're a liar! you're a liar! you're a liar!"

Precisely. That is the only way Mr. Bryan's arguments can be answered by his friends and supporters of plutocracy, and it is notoriously the only way in which they have attempted to answer them. We have had occasion so frequently to remind these gentlemen that abuse is not argument, and vituperation is always unconvincing, that it seems superfluous to do so now. But that is the truth of the matter, and it would be well for them to heed it.

Since they cannot advance any sane argument in support of their position, they should take refuge in silence. Their only sensible attitude is that of the Hanna automaton. To McKinley silence is golden, indeed.—Tammamny Times.

The goldbug press reminds one of the Satyr of Esop, who blew hot and cold with the same breath. At one moment they claim that the only effect of free silver would be to double the enormous wealth of the silver mine owners, by doubling the value of their product, and the next moment wail piteously that the country would be flooded with 53-cent dollars.—Nashville Sun.

One of the charges which Mr. Bryan is compelled to face is that he is not solemn enough for a presidential candidate. For that matter, Mr. McKinley is manifesting enough solemnity for all the presidential tickets in the field.—N. Y. Journal.

SECRET FRIENDS OF M'KINLEY.

Shallowness of the Gold Democrat Pretense.

What a hollow mockery is this third ticket movement, to be sure. Will anyone assert seriously that the men calling themselves democrats and shouting against Bryan will try to elect the third ticket? Such a thing is preposterous. They are McKinley men, every one, and advocacy of third candidates is the means by which they hope to retain the name of democrats, so as to participate in party affairs hereafter, should they, instead of the people, be in a position of party control.

If they were disinterested, if they believed in what they preached, if they were patriots, as they say they are, why should they refrain from doing openly and honestly what they are doing by stealth and deceit? In the name of democracy they are seeking to vitiate the will and do not the purpose of a vast majority of the party as represented in both the state and national conventions.

They say they are democrats, that supporters of Bryan are not democrats. Who is the judge of that which constitutes democracy? Does the possession of enormous wealth impart a superior intelligence? Is the man worth a million more a patriot than he who receives \$1.50 a day? Is Russell Sage, the miser, a better man than an honest, charitable farmer?

If, as the third ticket men say, they are the real democrats, why didn't they elect delegates to the regular democratic state convention? They did not elect a single delegate to the convention, although they attempted to do so. Why didn't they? Because they are a small minority. They don't represent popular feeling. They are a class. They form a coterie of dissatisfied and disgruntled democrats whose personal interests would be affected by expansion of the present close-fisted currency medium. They sacrifice the substance of democracy by

the shadow of democracy by falsely retaining its name. They should do openly what they are doing secretly. They should declare for McKinley and not try further to hoodwink the people.—Buffalo (N. Y.) Times.

HOT AFTER GEORGE TAYLOR.

Deputy Marshals Trailing Him in the Indian Territory.

GUTHRIE Okla., Oct. 10.—Deputy United States Marshal Frank Canton left yesterday morning with four assistants to try and locate George Taylor, the murderer of the Meeks family. The men are trying to keep all their movements secret, and it is impossible to learn the route they have taken. Taylor is supposed to be in hiding in the Creek nation, where Canton claims to have seen and spoken to him. The escaped murderer, it is said, has organized a gang of outlaws, which promises to become as dangerous as those headed by Dalton, Doolin and others. A few days since Canton reported that Taylor was living in an Indian camp, having taken up the life of the red man. He said that he had made an effort to get Taylor to talk, but did not succeed. Canton learned that the Meeks murderer appeared among the Indians on September 19, having gone into the nation by the way of the Sac and Fox agency. Canton had been given a tip that Taylor was located in the mountains near Hollings' mill, in southwest Missouri. The deputy, with a few men, started for the place, but the assistants changed their minds as to the advisability of hearing the lion in his den. Taylor, it is presumed, hearing of the intended raid, changed his quarters, going into the land of the Indian. A second raid was planned, but Taylor learned of it and again changed his location. Canton is a fearless man, and is determined to land his man and secure the reward.

CORNING, IOWA.

Visited by Destructive Fires—A Human Body Discovered in a Burned Box Car.

CORNING, Ia., Oct. 10.—Corning was visited yesterday morning with a terrible conflagration, involving the loss of a third of its business houses, of a total value of \$150,000.

At three o'clock the fire alarm awakened the sleeping inhabitants to discover that the large Reynolds grain elevator at the depot was ablaze. The waterworks being out of order, little could be done, and the high wind soon spread the fire in every direction.

At three o'clock the fire alarm awakened the sleeping inhabitants to discover that the large Reynolds grain elevator at the depot was ablaze. The waterworks being out of order, little could be done, and the high wind soon spread the fire in every direction.

At three o'clock the fire alarm awakened the sleeping inhabitants to discover that the large Reynolds grain elevator at the depot was ablaze. The waterworks being out of order, little could be done, and the high wind soon spread the fire in every direction.

At three o'clock the fire alarm awakened the sleeping inhabitants to discover that the large Reynolds grain elevator at the depot was ablaze. The waterworks being out of order, little could be done, and the high wind soon spread the fire in every direction.

At three o'clock the fire alarm awakened the sleeping inhabitants to discover that the large Reynolds grain elevator at the depot was ablaze. The waterworks being out of order, little could be done, and the high wind soon spread the fire in every direction.

At three o'clock the fire alarm awakened the sleeping inhabitants to discover that the large Reynolds grain elevator at the depot was ablaze. The waterworks being out of order, little could be done, and the high wind soon spread the fire in every direction.

At three o'clock the fire alarm awakened the sleeping inhabitants to discover that the large Reynolds grain elevator at the depot was ablaze. The waterworks being out of order, little could be done, and the high wind soon spread the fire in every direction.

At three o'clock the fire alarm awakened the sleeping inhabitants to discover that the large Reynolds grain elevator at the depot was ablaze. The waterworks being out of order, little could be done, and the high wind soon spread the fire in every direction.

At three o'clock the fire alarm awakened the sleeping inhabitants to discover

Probate Notice.

STATE OF ALABAMA. SHERIFF COUNTY.

Probate Court, September 13, 1896.

Estate of E. H. Sawyer deceased.

This day came E. S. Sawyer, administrator de bonis non of the estate of E. H. Sawyer deceased and filed his account, voucher evidences and statement for a final settlement of the same. It is ordered that the 21st day of October 1896, be appointed a day for making such settlement at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

D. R. McMICHAEL,
Judge of Probate.

sent 12-31

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS - CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITTMAN

Pumpkin Seed -
Aloe -
Rhubarb -
Aloe -
Aloe -
Aloe -
Aloe -
Aloe -
Aloe -
Aloe -

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

**SEE
THAT THE
FAC-SIMILE
SIGNATURE
OF
Chas. H. Fletcher
IS ON THE
WRAPPER
OF EVERY
BOTTLE OF
CASTORIA**

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

A GREAT OCCASION.

A Full Account of the Opening of the Girls' Industrial School - An Impressive Scene Well Painted.

Montevallo, Oct. 13.-(Special Correspondence State Herald)-Yesterday was a proud day for Montevallo. The occasion was the opening of the Industrial School for white girls. The day was all that could have been desired, and the spirit that permeated our people was in full keeping and sympathy with the surroundings. Everything was in readiness. All the members of the faculty were at their posts. The old college building had been renovated and renewed and with open doors was extending a cordial welcome.

Lovely girls from all sections of the state had been dropping into our town in beries and groups for a week or ten days. Visitors, parents and guardians were also on hand.

Early in the morning the citizens of the surrounding country began rolling in in buggies, carriages and wagons. Expectation was on tip-toe. Governor Oates and several members of the board of trustees were in town. Other prominent citizens of the state were present. It was evident long before the hour appointed for the opening that a red letter day for Montevallo was at hand. By 9 a. m. the streets were thronged, and shortly after that hour the throngs of people began to wend their way to the college building. By 10 o'clock the large chapel was full, and by 10:30 it was full to overflowing, standing room being at a premium. The overflow numbered 300 or 400, while those in the building were estimated at between 600 and 700.

At 10:30 o'clock President Reynolds rapped for order. Seated on the platform were the members of the faculty, Governor Oates, Messrs. Wadsworth, of Autauga, Plowman, of Talladega, Eager, of Montgomery, McQueen, of Jefferson, of the board of trustees of the school, and other prominent citizens. Immediately in front of the stage, arranged in three sections, were the pupils, the young ladies of the school, while in their rear were the citizens, ladies and gentlemen, friends of the school, who had turned out in large numbers to witness and take part in the interesting exercises. Order being secured, President Reynolds announced that the exercises would be opened with the singing of that grand hymn of praise, "All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name," and requested all to join in the singing. Miss Lee, the accomplished instructress in music, presided at the instrument. As the swelling notes pealed forth the entire audience rose to their feet and joined in the singing with spirit. At the conclusion of the singing Dr. Eager, of Montgomery, offered a fervent prayer, invoking the divine blessing upon the institution and the assembled audience. A charming piano solo by Miss Lee followed. President Reynolds then introduced Rev. P. L. Abernathy, of Montevallo, who delivered a chaste, beautiful, appropriate and cordial address of welcome. President Reynolds then introduced Alabama's distinguished and honored governor, Hon. William C. Oates, president of the board of trustees of the institution. Governor Oates addressed the assembly in his usual happy and forcible manner, delivering an able, instructive and interesting address.

Messrs. Wadsworth, Eager, McQueen and Gen. R. M. Nelson, of Selma, followed the governor in the order named with pleasing, instructive and entertaining talks, all tending to show the great benefits to be derived by the girls of our state from an education secured at this school—a school here it is proposed to train not only the minds, but the hearts and hands, and thereby fit the girls to meet the practical duties and responsibilities of life.

At the conclusion of the speeches Miss Lillian Aldrich, of Aldrich, sang a beautiful solo. President Reynolds then made a brief talk, thanking the governor and others for the compliments paid him and for their kind words in behalf of the school. He also thanked the citizens of Montevallo for their willing and cordial assistance and co-operation with him in discharging the responsible duties imposed upon him. He then announced that the enrollment of pupils was between 165 and 175—he could not give the exact number—and of this number about 130 were boarders.

Dr. Abernathy pronounced the benediction and the assembly dispersed.

The Strongest Sense.

The sense of touch is the least impaired by old age. The eye is the first sense to become impaired by old age, and the sense of touch in a great measure takes its place, so that it is not at all an uncommon thing for an old man whose sight has become defective to be able to recognize different coins and other small articles by the sense of touch alone, while a younger man is quite unable to do so. Rough work impairs the tactile sensibility of the hands, but with only light employment they retain their sense of touch almost unimpaired to extreme old age. The sense of taste is probably the next persistent, for, although it is generally blunted by age, yet it is not at all uncommon for the old to have a keen relish for the most dainty flavors. The sense of smell comes third, but taste and smell are so nearly allied that it is not easy to separate them.

If castor oil is applied to a wart once a day for a month the wart will entirely disappear. In many cases it will not require so long a time.

Wilsonville Waifs.

Rev. Neal, of Easonville, has entered the school in the Oaken Grove. We wish him a pleasant and prosperous term.

Miss Lizzie Pope, of Anniston, is the happy guest of Miss Georgia Pope. W. J. Finney went to Birmingham Monday on business.

W. R. Smith and E. DuRamus went to Columbiana Sunday evening on business, I suppose.

Rev. McCord filled his regular appointment at the Baptist church Saturday and Sunday.

The series of meetings at the M. E. church closed last Wednesday night. Messrs. Smith & McGee, of Childersburg, honored us by their presence at the literary society Friday night.

Quite a number of our young people participated in a hay ride out to Jackson's mill Saturday evening to preaching. Services conducted by Rev. McCord. The evening was pleasant, as well as the girls; the roads were rough, the distance far, but nevertheless we arrived at our doors, called home, before the wee small hours of the night.

Our city is honored by the presence of the bride and groom, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Smith, (the bride formerly Miss Ivey.) Judging from the immense crowd present on the arrival of the train from which they dismounted Friday, indicates that they are well known, and that their friends are numerous in this vicinity; and it gives me pleasure to congratulate them. May their pathway be strewn with roses and their future life overcast with just clouds enough to make a glorious and glittering sunset.

We have at last succeeded in organizing a choir at the Baptist church. We will congregated every Thursday night, and we request all who aim to take part to be present.

The S. P. L. League assembled last Friday evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Pope, and the program was gracefully executed. The subject for debate—"Are the mental capacities of the sexes equal?" was decided in favor of the negative side. After the arguments for the ladies by the ladies were produced, those who were at first on the affirmative and in fact produced arguments for the male sex, melted under the weight of the ladies' facts so forcibly, truthfully and oratorically delivered—the leader on the affirmative side of the question unexpectedly arose and declared to the judges that "he had been converted," and was ready to heartily cast his vote for the ladies.

The society will meet at the residence of Mrs. S. A. Deniser on Friday evening, Oct. 23. The program will be as follows:

Song.....By Society
Debate-Subject-Which is of the greatest benefit to his country, the Warrior, the Statesman or the Poet? The subject will be discussed by eight members of the society.
Recitation.....By Miss Juddie Kilpatrick
Instrumental Solo.....By Miss Olive Deniser
BUTRBOIS.

PAY YOUR MONEY AND TAKE YOUR CHOICE.

JEROME ARIZ., Oct. 3, 1896.

Editor Courier:—As your paper generally has the news of the world first, I don't want you to be left on the great sporting event that is to come off in about four weeks from now.

Here is a copy of the official programme:

"THE GREAT NATIONAL STEEPLE CHASE."

To be run over the course of the United States, Nov. 3, 1896; over forty-five hurdles.

ENTRIES:

1. The thorough bred racer, Billy Bryan, sired by patriotism; dam, popularity. To be ridden by intelligence.

2. The piebald back, Billy McKinley, sired by plutocracy; dam, boodle. Ridden by Mark Hanna.

3. The mongrel gelding, Jack Palmer, (a ringer), sired by corruption; damned by everybody. Ridden by cheek.

BETTING: 16 to 1 on Billy Bryan; 100 to 53 on Billy McKinley; any odd odds on the mongrel.

Entrance to race track by ballot only.

J. W. PEIRERTON,

Jerome, Arizona.

"There's just one thing about this financial question," said the confident young man, "that I don't understand." His father gazed at him and exclaimed: "There's no use, my son, in your coming to me for information. If you've gotten that subject mastered to such a degree that there's only one thing about it that you don't understand, it isn't my place to say a word. The only thing for me to do is to draw up a foolstool, sit down on it, look up into your eyes and drink in wisdom."

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed, when the languid exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, indigestion, constipation, dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c and \$1.00 per bottle at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

Mrs. Hendricks (proudly walking out of the sewing room)—Well, Perry, how do you like my bloomers? Mr. Hendricks—Oh, they do very well; but dear me, how much older than usual they make you look. On the following day a neat package, intended for the far-away heathen, was forwarded from the Hendricks home. Cleveland, London.

I have just opened a stock of General : Merchandise

in the brick house formerly occupied by Parker & Armstrong, druggists. I am prepared

To Meet all Competition,

and would be glad to have you call and examine my goods and get my prices before buying. If I cannot please you no harm is done. I have

No Prices to Make You . .

on a few articles AS A BAIT, but will sell anything in my house at the

CLOSEST PRICES.

I WILL DELIVER GOODS

FREE OF CHARGE

To all parts of the City.

Come and see me.

J. E. SEALE.

J. A. HERZFELD & CO.

Are not worrying themselves about the war in Cuba or Politics, but are continually studying their own business. To prove this fact we have put before our customers

The Prettiest Line of Spring Goods

Ever before brought to Sylacauga. Our stock consists of UP-TO-DATE STYLES,

Silks,
Satin,
Chally,
Dimities,
Henriettas,
Nuns Veiling,
and Lawns,

And Lace to match every piece of our fine Dress Goods. For Linen Goods, we're importers of them straight from Ireland, and will give our customers advantage of the Lowest Prices on them.

For Clothing and Gents' General Furnishings We're Headquarters as Usual.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS Our stock is complete. We send samples of Dress Goods on application, and will pay express on all mail orders over \$5.00. Wishing every body success, we beg to remain,
Yours Respectfully,

THE RACKET STORE.

SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

J. A. Herzfeld & Co., Prop'r's.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWN.

J. T. LEEPER.

BROWNE & LEEPER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

That Tired Feeling!

Nobody is particularly anxious to spend their money. Everybody has it. Your wants must be satisfied and it takes money to do it. A person is not apt to look cheerful over the prospect of spending money. Lots of buying is done with a long face. This is all wrong. I offer a change for the better.

You Feel Relieved—

The minute you see our Grand Stock of New and Popular Goods it looks fresh and desirable. The first glance shows you that you are on the right track. No mistake about this being a modern up-to-date line of goods. You wake up to the fact that you have got into the right store.

The Feeling Grows—

When you commence to go into details, you feel as if the goods were bought on purpose for you. No trouble to make a satisfactory selection; it gets down to a question which is the most satisfactory.

Trouble is Forgotten

When you learn our prices, they are always at the low-water mark. We don't give goods away—we can't. We can sell goods very low—we do. This is a fact. We might brag about it, but what's the use—a word to the wise is sufficient. It's as true as truth that we sell goods cheap—we prove it.

Happiness is Supreme

When you get just what you want at less than you expected to pay—we are treating customers to this kind of a surprise every day. We sell you a good article and let you off cheap. You will find our selections choice, our goods reliable, and prices satisfactory. A fair deal makes the buyer happy—we give it. To spend money and be happy at the same time go to

S. STARK.
Shelby, Ala.



J. B. Lewis & Co. SHOES

\$4.00

\$3.00

\$2.50

These shoes fit to perfection and wear as only the best of leather can. They're shapely, plant—the most comfortable of footwear. They always manage to let in air and keep out water.

Surely Your Dealer Sells Them.

FOR SALE BY
Lester, Mason & Co.

A FOOLISH MAN

Is he who declares he never pays any attention to statements made in newspaper advertisements. What other way have I of attempting to convince you that I can shoe your horse in up-to-date style, and at a price so moderate that you will be ready with the cash the moment the job is done.

Repair Work

a Specialty.

Nothing but good, honest work turned out of my shop. Can sharpen a plow while you wait. In fact I do any and all kinds of work that any blacksmith or wheelwright is supposed to do; and, further, I will appreciate your patronage.

TRY ME ONCE FOR LUCK

W. W. ALBRIGHT,

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Solentio American Agency for PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, ETC.

For information and the Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American.

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Address, MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York City.

*THE * CHRONICLE *

* PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY. *

COLUMBIANA, OCT. 15, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year.....\$1.00

One copy six months......50

* TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS. *

Southern Railway.

NEW SCHEDULE.

No. 19, passenger, leaves going south, 3:28 pm

No. 13, passenger, leaves going north, 11:37 am

No. 63, local, leaves going south, 7:45 a. m.

No. 64, local, leaves going north, 1:20 p. m.

Post Office

Mail closes.....11:07 a. m.

".....2:35 p. m.

Trains due, 11:37 a. m. and 3:28 p. m.

Mails open 1:30 p. m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 3:28 p. m.

LOCAL VIVISCOPE.

E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, spent today in our city.

J. G. Parker made a business trip to Birmingham last Friday.

W. D. Bell and P. B. Harrell, of Shelby, were in town Monday.

James Dyke and wife spent Saturday and Sunday in Montevallo.

S. Leftkowitz left Monday for Bessemer to be absent several days.

J. R. Hill the hustling lumber man of Calera, spent Saturday in town.

J. W. Harrell, of Bessemer, is on a visit to relatives in town this week.

Joe Spencer and Clem Greek paid Birmingham a flying visit Tuesday.

Presiding Elder Newman, of Talladega, spent Sunday evening in our city.

Mrs. Charles Sparks, of Shelby, spent Monday afternoon with friends in our city.

Dora Thomas and father, of Dadeville, are guests of A. D. Wortham's family.

Will Smith and E. Duramus, of Wilsonville, worshipped Sunday in Columbiana.

Mrs. S. W. Jones is again a guest of our town, and is stopping at the White House.

Judge D. R. McMillan and wife left this afternoon for Montgomery to be absent until Saturday.

John Farrell, better known as "Brother Watkins," has accepted a clerkship with Lester, Mason & Co.

Miss Kate Huyett left Saturday for Stanton to take charge of a class in music. Our very best wishes go with her.

J. L. Peters was one of Montevallo's guests on Monday to be present at the opening exercises of the Girls Industrial School.

Miss Leila Sentell came over from Birmingham Tuesday and remained until this morning with the family of Henry Milner.

Miss Lucy Smith is spending the week in Talladega, attending the ladies Missionary Union of the Presbyterian church.

FOR SALE—At reasonable prices, for cash, two houses and lots opposite court house and jail Columbiana. Will sell one or both. Apply to Mrs. Lizzie S. Walls.

Mr. J. W. Caldwell and Miss Tommie Alexander, both of Birmingham, were married here yesterday at the Palace hotel.—Goodwater correspondent Birmingham State Herald.

E. C. Parker left Monday for New Orleans, La., to enter medical college. We see no reason why Ed should not make a profound and dignified M. D., for already the hair on top of his pate is quite scattering.

Shelby County Matrimonial Bureau.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

O. A. Mosley and Miss Eva N. Bailey

Colored—John Gordon and Annie Cooper.

Dr. G. W. Shackelford will be at Columbiana, Monday October 26th,

27th and 28th only. All those having teeth to extract without pain or any other dental work, will do well to call on him while here. His work is first class and prices reasonable.

Important to Teachers.

The board of education will meet at Columbiana on Saturday, November 7th, for the purpose of examining teachers and transacting such other business as may come before the board.

EGORNE WILLIAMS,

County Supt. of Education.

The fruition of Montevallo's fondest hopes have been fully realized and today she is the happiest town in all Alabama. The Girls Industrial, the pride of the town, opened with 170 pupils. We congratulate our neighbors heartily, and hope the attendance will increase rapidly as the years go by. Montevallo richly deserves the prize she has won.

Public Speaking.

At Columbiana, on Tuesday, October 20, 1896, by Hon. R. F. Kolb. All persons, including ladies, invited to attend.

I will address the people at Columbiana on Tuesday, October 20, 1896, on the political issues of the day.

R. F. KOLB.

Public Speaking.

Hon. T. S. Plowman, democratic candidate for congress, and Hon. W. B. Browne, democratic nominee for elector, will address the citizens of Shelby county on the political issues of the day at the following times and places:

Helena, Friday, " 16, 11 a. m.

Gurnee, " 16, 7:30 p. m.

Calera, Saturday, " 17, 11 a. m.

All persons, including ladies, are invited to attend these appointments.

T. W. AYERS, Chairman.

Circuit court adjourned last Saturday.

In the case of the State vs. Anna F. Seale, charged with the murder of her husband, the jury failed to agree upon a verdict after being out four days, and nights, and were discharged by Judge Brewer Saturday morning. A mistrial was entered and the case continued. During the week convictions were had in other cases, and the parties sentenced to the penitentiary as follows: Will Floyd, robbery, thirty years; Will Jackson, robbery, seven years; Walter Harvey, robbery, seven years; Charley Wright, robbery, five years; Ellison Dennis, assault to murder, fifteen years; Charley Wyatt, grand larceny, eighteen months; Peyton Beasley, grand larceny, thirteen months; George Green, (white) plead guilty to a charge of grand larceny, and was sentenced to eighteen months in the penitentiary. Walter McAdams, (colored), who was convicted of wife murder at the spring term, 1895, was sentenced to be hung on the 20th day of November, but execution of the sentence was suspended pending an appeal to the Supreme court.

A New Lamp.

A new lamp which has just been invented by an Italian will, if all that is said of it be true, bring joy to the heart of the housewife. The lamp, which is declared to be no larger or heavier than one of the ordinary kind, generates its own gas. The cost, however, is only one-fifth that of ordinary gas, while the illumination is as bright as that of an electric lamp, and much whiter. A single lamp floods a large room with light, and as, in addition, it is clean and odorless, one cannot wonder that both the electric light and the gas companies dread its rivalry.

DR. JOHN B. HAMILTON, surgeon-in-chief of the Marine hospital service, tendered his resignation to the president, on the 15th, by telegraph, and it was promptly accepted.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND arrived at the Fifth Avenue hotel, New York city, on the 16th, to bid farewell to Cardinal Satolli, late papal delegate to the United States, who sailed for Europe on the 17th.

JOHN F. KRAVNEY and Thomas Haines, the two alleged Irish dynamiters who were arrested in Rotterdam September 13, arrived at Hoboken, N. Y., on the steamship Werken-dam on the 15th.

SECRETARY OF STATE CARSON of Wisconsin has sent out word to county clerks that the democratic gold ticket must be headed "National Democratic Ticket" and the Bryan ticket plain "Democratic Ticket."

The war department has rejected the bids for mortars and small guns, some 90 in all, and called for new proposals. The prices ranged from about 29 cents to 35 cents a pound, which was considered excessive.

The republicans of Louisiana have harmonized and there will be only one ticket out. The sugar planters have agreed to take down their electors, and the regulars will withdraw their congressional candidates.

The French steamer Cordoba, from New Orleans, September 23, for Havre, which passed the Lizard on the 13th, signalled that Capt. Reven, who was in command of the Cordoba when she sailed, disappeared on the night of the 5th.

A COMMUNICATION was received by the state department, on the 14th, from the German ambassador at Washington inviting the United States to take part in the international art exhibition which is to be held at Munich next year.

A CABLEGRAM from Vienna, on the 13th, announced the death of Herr Anton Backner, the noted musical composer. He was born September 4, 1824, at Ausfeld, Austria, and received his earliest musical instruction from his father, a village schoolmaster.

The Indiana state board of election commissioners, on the petition of the National democracy for a place on the ballots under that name, unanimously decided, on the 13th, to give the party a column on the ballots under the head "Gold Standard Ticket." No protest was entered to this decision.

The brouze tablet which has been erected at Judge's Cave, West Rock, Conn., where the regicides, Whalley and Goffe, were sheltered while they were fugitives from the wrath of King Charles II. of England, was formally presented to the city of New Haven, on the 14th, by the Society of Colonial Wars.

The funeral services over the body of Most Rev. Edward White Benson, archbishop of Canterbury and primate of all England, who was stricken with apoplexy during the services in the Hawarden (Wales) church, on the 11th, and died almost immediately afterward, were held in the cathedral at Canterbury on the 16th.

BANK EXAMINER COOK was, on the 15th, placed in charge of the failed Rockford (Ill.) bank. The bank has a capital of \$200,000; surplus and undivided profits, \$70,000, and individual deposits, \$320,000. The loans and discounts were stated at \$379,000. The cause of the failure is said to be due to inability to realize on assets.

The treasury receipts for the first half of October showed a deficit of \$5, 739,373, and for the fiscal year to date of \$30,934,009. The total receipts for the fiscal year to date have been \$91, 575,670, and the expenditures have aggregated \$122,509,679. The receipts for the month of October to date have been \$12,400,130, and expenditures \$19,140,000.

The trouble between the silver and gold monetary headquarters officials at Chicago over opening mail matter was settled in favor of the Palmer house headquarters, on the 14th, after a visit of a post office inspector to the Auditorium annex. In future the mail of the gold headquarters will be delivered to the Palmer and Buckner committee.

The Atterbury Glass Co., of Pittsburgh, Pa., and the Hazel Glass Co., of Washington, Pa., were reported, on the 13th, as having voluntarily advanced the wages of their employees, who are non-union men, 10 per cent. The action of these companies caused comment, since other glass manufacturers were demanding reductions, claiming inability to compete with non-union made goods.

The statement that the Venezuelan boundary commission had come to a decision sustaining the claims of Venezuela in the boundary dispute between that country and Great Britain is entirely without foundation. The commission is not yet in possession of all the facts necessary to form a definite judgment and will not be until the return of Prof. Burr from Europe about the end of this month.

On the 16th the proprietor of the Saratoga hotel in Chicago opened a trunk left as security for an unpaid board bill and found a package of railroad bonds and deeds to real estate in Iowa, Missouri and South Dakota, valued at \$25,000. The trunk was left by a race horse man, who gave his name as George Craft, shortly after the World's fair, and who had several times written to the hotel people to take great care of it.

FAILURES throughout the United States, as reported by R. G. Dun & Co. for the week ended on the 16th, numbered 328, against 263 for the corresponding week last year; for Canada the failures numbered 40, against 46 last year.

THE CHRONICLE.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

VOLUME XI.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1896.

NUMBER 16.

CURRENT TOPICS.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.
PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

THE treasury gold reserve declined, on the 15th, to \$129,996,116, the day's withdrawals being \$318,100.

BERTIE TRIPP, whose right name is supposed to be Helen Forsland, a member of the Salvation army, committed suicide at Butte, Mont., on the 12th, by taking poison. The girl was 23 years of age, and the daughter of a farmer living near Spokane.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND and his official advisers were in cabinet session for an hour and a half, on the 15th, discussing topics to be considered in the annual reports of the executive officers and in the president's message. All the cabinet officers were present except Secretary Carlisle.

An unknown man jumped into the water at Prospect Point, Niagara Falls, Y. Y., on the 12th, and was swept over the American falls. The only witnesses, two hackmen, described the stranger as a short man about 35 years old, weighing perhaps 135 pounds, and wearing a cinnamon-colored overcoat.

SCIENCE has a new discovery to announce to a grateful world. It is a sure cure for snake bite—the specific so long sought in vain. The honor of the achievement belongs to Dr. A. Calmette, of the Pasteur Institute at Lille, France. He has succeeded in obtaining an antitoxin by inoculating horses with progressive doses of the poison of the most deadly serpents, such as the cobra. Having at length rendered the animals proof against the venom, even in large quantities, he draws from them the serum, which he calls "anti-venom." This fluid, injected into the body of a person bitten by any kind of snake, will save life, if there has not been too much delay.

A SERIOUS subterranean disturbance, very much like an earthquake on a small scale, took place at Dumbarton, Scotland, on the 12th. The steamship Circassian, which was lying off a quay, was suddenly shaken and violently moved 30 feet by a commotion under her stern. The bank was heaved up for a distance of 100 feet and the ship yard was considerably damaged.

THE president denied the application for pardon in the case of F. S. Harding, alias Sam Harding, sentenced in Alabama to two years' imprisonment and \$100 fine for making counterfeit coin.

THE International Association of Fire Underwriters convened at the Clifton house in Niagara Falls, Ont., on the 13th. There were about forty-five representatives in attendance. Important questions regarding fire underwriting were discussed.

OWEN MCCARTHY, ex-city treasurer and ex-chief of police of Chicago, died in that city, on the 12th, of old age. He had lived in the city 60 years, and had been one of the leading politicians of Cook county.

THE city of Great Barrington, Mass., was visited, on the 13th, by the most destructive conflagration in its history. About sixty firms, representing all kinds of business, were burned out. The loss was estimated at from \$200,000 to \$300,000.

A DELEGATION composed of nearly 300 members of the Early Settlers' society of Cleveland and Cuyahoga county, O., called upon Maj. McKinley on the 14th. There were a great many very old people in the delegation, and there was a touch of pathos in the spectacle they made when they marched slowly up with their white locks and halting footsteps. Maj. McKinley's venerable mother was at her son's residence, and assisted in the reception of the visitors.

A SERIOUS battle occurred between the sophomore and freshmen classes of the State university at Madison, Wis., at the close of class meeting of freshmen on the 14th. As the latter class emerged from the gymnasium, they were set upon by the sophomores, and a severe struggle ensued, in which many were severely wounded. The victorious freshmen ducked several of the sophomores in the lake.

THREE men attempted to rob the bank at Meeker, Col., on the 13th. They succeeded in holding up the clerks and cashier and looted the bank; but when they reached the street in their effort to escape they were confronted by a crowd of citizens and a hot battle ensued. After the smoke had cleared away, the three robbers and one clerk were found lying dead.

A LONG train robber held up a Union Pacific train, about eight miles from Ogden, Utah, on the 14th. He caused the train crew and passengers to believe that he had confederates in hiding, and thus prevented resistance. After some time spent in an attempt to blow up the express safe, he contented himself with looting the mail car and carrying off a load of registered letters.

At Columbus, Ga., on the 14th, J. A. White, a colored man, and Henry White, his son, fatally murdered two policemen in that city and fatally wounded another. There was no cause for the commission of the crime other than the fact that both men had been summoned to appear before the recorder or some trivial offense.

The annual report of the third assistant postmaster-general for the past fiscal year shows that the total expenditures for the year were \$90,626,296, and receipts, \$82,469,308, leaving a deficiency of \$8,157,088, or a reduction of \$1,679,866 less than the preceding year. At two o'clock on the morning of the 15th the directors of the Bank of Commerce, one of the leading financial institutions of Buffalo, N. Y., announced that owing to the heavy withdrawals the bank was compelled to suspend business and place their affairs in the hands of the banking department for examination.

At the Manhattan state hospital on Ward's island, N. Y., on the 14th, Theodore Meyers, the chief baker of the institution, was murdered by Albert Durant, an inmate. The dead man was struck on the right side of the head with a big ax.

THE special postal delivery service made an increase of 13 per cent in business during the last fiscal year, 4,184,817 letters being delivered. The average time required for delivery was 17 minutes. The net profit of the system was about \$160,000. The number of postage stamps, stamped envelopes and postal cards issued was 4,195,663,553, an increase of seven per cent over issues of the previous year.

ADVISES from Juneau, Wis., on the 14th, stated that the liabilities of W. T. Bumbusch, the banker and financial agent who disappeared on the 10th, and for whom a warrant had been issued, would amount to \$300,000.

CAPT. EMIL POHLSON, Tony Maddy, Fritz Vogt and George Dushayne, of the Blue Island (Chicago) volunteer fire department, are charged with starting the disastrous fire of May 17, which destroyed the business section of the town. The object of the men was to induce the villages to employ a paid department.

On the night of the 14th a Delaware, Susquehanna & Schuylkill engine crashed into a crowded trolley car at Hazleton (Pa.) Junction, killing three men outright, probably fatally injuring two others and wounding a score more.

THE marriage of David Wells, second secretary of the United States embassy in London, to Miss Marietta Ord, daughter of a prominent London physician, was celebrated at St. George's, Hanover square, on the 15th. REV. J. M. CRAWFORD, a Presbyterian clergyman of Indianapolis, Ind., aged 60, who was visiting friends in Los Angeles, Cal., dropped dead from heart disease, on the 14th, while making a purchase in a clothing store.

J. D. KENNEDY, a banker, and one of the wealthiest citizens of Manchester, la., committed suicide, on the 14th, by hanging. Business reverses are said to have led to the suicide.

PEARSON & WETZEL's big wholesale queensware establishment at Indianapolis, Ind., was destroyed by fire on the 15th. The loss will be over \$75,000; insured.

It is reported that a railway train on the Saar Eifel line, Berlin, conveying a large number of recruits, was thrown from the tracks, on the 15th, and 50 persons killed and many more injured.

THE total registration in Detroit, Mich., this year foots up 54,368, which is a gain over four years ago of 4,500. The steamship Columbia, which arrived at New York from Southampton, on the 16th, brought \$1,632,500 in gold. Consignments of \$1,300,000 on the Normania and \$850,000 on the Etruria were expected.

THE treasury gold reserve at the close of business, on the 16th, stood at \$122,007,700. The day's withdrawals at New York city were \$276,200.

A SENATOR was created at Gloversville, N. Y., on the 16th, by the arrest of City Clerk Wilmarth on a charge of falsifying the city's accounts and converting money to his own use. Wilmarth, when arraigned, pleaded not guilty. He was released on \$10,000 bail.

THREE firemen were killed and several were seriously injured by a fire in Montreal, Can., on the 16th, said to have been the most disastrous conflagration occurring in that city for many years. HAROLD CAVELLE, alias Kimball, the matrimonial swindler, pleaded guilty, on the 16th, before Judge Taft in the United States court at Cincinnati, and was sent to the Ohio penitentiary for 17 months and heavily fined.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

A NEGRO dance near Scullyville, Ark., on the 15th broke up in a row. Two negro men were killed.

THE estimate for the running expenses of the war office in Washington is \$1,464,236, showing a reduction in the annual expenses for salaries and contingencies in that office of \$621,942 from the estimates of four years ago.

A SPECIAL from Sturgeon Bay, Wis., says the big steamer Australasia, owned by James Corrigan, of Cleveland, Ohio, was burned on the 18th on Lake Michigan and now lies at the bottom of White Fish Bay.

MAJ. S. T. DICKINSON, the well-known horseman and breeder of horses, died New York on the 17th.

FAILURES for the past week have been 328 in the United States, against 263 last year, and 40 in Canada, against 46 last year.

A TRIPLE tragedy occurred in Reynolds county, Mo., on the 15th. John Imboden, with an ax, brained his sister, his brother, who was sick in bed, and an old man named Jacob Wilhelm.

THE Merchants' Bank, one of the oldest and for many years one of the soundest financial institutions of Atlanta, Ga., closed its doors on the 16th, having made an assignment for the benefit of creditors.

Six children perished in a fire that destroyed the home of J. S. Miller, a farmer, near New Whatcom, Wash., on the 16th.

THE Butter, Egg and Poultry Association is the name of a new national organization formed at Chicago on the 15th.

MRS. COLONEL VERNON, of Bod Key, Ind., on the 14th, gave her two small children a dose of poison and then purchased 10 cents worth of morphine and took it herself.

THE annual report of the third assistant postmaster-general for the past fiscal year shows that the expenditures for the year were \$90,626,296 and receipts \$82,469,308, leaving a deficiency of \$8,157,088, or a reduction of \$1,679,866 less than the preceding year.

THE treasury on the 14th lost \$234,000 in gold coin and \$40,000 in bars, which leaves the true amount of the gold reserve \$123,534,355.

THOMAS W. FERRY, ex-United States senator from Michigan, died at Grand Haven on the 14th, of paralysis.

A DISASTROUS FIRE.

The Worst that Has Visited Montreal in Many Years.

Three Firemen Instantly Killed and Several Others Seriously Injured. Forty Streams of Water Have No Apparent Effect Upon the Floor Flames.

MONTREAL, Can., Oct. 17.—The most disastrous fire in this city for a long time occurred yesterday afternoon, having its beginning in the building at Thirty-first and Peter streets, occupied by Gilmore & Co., importers of chemicals. As a result, three firemen are dead and a dozen more or less seriously injured. The dead are: Firman Charpentier, of station No. 1. Fireman Laporte, of station No. 7. The injured are: Capt. Guthrie, of station No. 1; Capt. Morin, of No. 3; Firemen Benoit and Reynolds, of No. 3; Gordon, of No. 5, and Mirault and Caerst, of No. 11.

It is not yet possible to verify the report that 16 men were in the loft that went down, and possibly another day will be reached before the all missing are definitely accounted for.

The fire is attributed to the combustible nature of the stock handled in the building, and, once under way, the blaze spread with amazing rapidity. Before the first apparatus had reached the scene and those could be laid the flames from the fourth story of the building were reaching far out into the center of the street.

The building is a four-story stone structure, and was completely enveloped in fire before the department began effective work. The chemicals on the top floor burned with the fury of a furnace, and even after 40 streams had been brought into play, continued to blaze with unabated fierceness. Clouds of dense smoke followed the flames as the streams began to take effect, and the men on the extension ladder were for a large portion of the time enveloped in huge clouds of smoke.

The flames spread to Goldstein's cigar factory, and then smoke was seen coming out of the windows of Kearney Bros.' tea warehouse and the building occupied by Johnston's Fluid Beef Extract Co.

The arrival of the water tower was greeted with cheers by the enormous crowd of onlookers, and no time was lost in getting it to work.

A few moments later flames burst from a window immediately under a ladder on which half a dozen firemen were standing, thrusting the hose nozzles here and there. They did not cheer, however, and another great effort was made as they dropped a step on the ladder, placing themselves at once in the flames with the hose still in hand. Meanwhile another detachment was busily engaged inside with axes breaking out windows to let out smoke. No sooner did the flames appear to be under control in one place than they would break out with redoubled fury in another.

The fire was gotten under control by four o'clock, but was not entirely subdued. At 2:30 o'clock the floor of the upper loft in the Gilmore building gave way without warning and fell with a great crash. Sixteen men in all are said to have been in the place at the time, and as the smoke cleared for a moment shrieks could be heard.

At first the firemen were unable to get inside, but finally the rescuers made headway, and the first victim reached was Gordon, of No. 5 station. He was wedged down and apparently dead, but when taken to the open air he revived somewhat, and was quickly placed in an ambulance and removed to a hospital. Next came Fireman Benoit, of No. 3 station, who was not resuscitated before being taken away in the patrol wagon. Charpentier was the third rescued, and he was suffering internally. Capt. Guthrie, of No. 1 station was also found in an unconscious condition. He was taken to a hospital.

A fireman named Mirault, of engine No. 11 was rescued, but his face was so badly crushed that at first his identity could not be established. Edmund Laporte was taken from the ruins dead.

Another unidentified man was taken to the patrol hospital unconscious. He proved to be Benoit, of No. 3. Saul Carrest, of No. 11, was removed to Notre Dame hospital. Capt. Morin was rescued badly hurt. George Mirault, of No. 11, was also taken to Notre Dame hospital.

The bodies of Fireman King and Charpentier were recovered shortly after ten o'clock last night. The men were buried beneath many tons of debris and it took several hours to get at them. Both men had evidently been killed instantly.

The most seriously hurt was Fireman David Benoit, of No. 3, badly injured internally.

At the general hospital last night Bennett was reported resting easily. All the other men, who were only slightly hurt, were released from the hospital and sent to their homes.

All of the killed were married men with families. Laporte, who was regarded as one of the best men on the brigade, represented Montreal at the international tournament in London last summer.

The loss will reach \$150,000. The buildings are all owned by the Grey Nuns, and are insured.

FUGITIVE FROM JUSTICE.

Arrest of a Produce Merchant on a Serious Charge.

BOSTON, Oct. 17.—Edwin Wilson, of the firm of Wilson & Johnson, produce commission merchants, at No. 7 Blackstone street, was arrested yesterday, charged with being a fugitive from justice. The arrest was made as the result of an indictment brought from Kansas City, which charges him with larceny in May, 1896, of \$1,000 worth of property from S. B. Willock and other commission houses in Kansas City.

DUN'S COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

A Conservative Timidity and the Offer of the Cuban War—The President Will Not Hesitate to Act If It Should Become Apparent that the Spanish Are Unable to Suppress the Insurrection Within the Year.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—R. G. Dun & Co. in their weekly review of trade say: Gold commands a small premium. The most powerful force in business at present is a conservative timidity and the foreign bankers who have been offering for a small percentage to insure people against a premium on gold until December have made an easy and sure profit out of prevalent apprehensions. From Kansas, Nebraska and other states were the silver agitation is said to be stronger, come orders by many bankers and business men to get them gold at a small premium, and there has also been some demand for hoarding from individuals in other states who are afraid even of their own best judgment. One commercial change, which more than any other insures better business in the near future, is the excess of merchandise exports over imports.

In two weeks of October the exports from New York have increased 30.6 per cent, against 31.2 in September, while imports have decreased 24 per cent, against 33.2 in September. Continued shipments of gold from Europe, not including \$4,000,000 from Australia, now amount to \$59,250,000 since the movement began, of which \$52,250,000 has already arrived, and have not been arrested by measures taken by the great European banks.

The heavy movement of grain is the cornerstone. After an increase of \$5, 923,675 in exports of breadstuffs in September, there have been shipped during the past week from Atlantic ports alone 2,134,774 bushels, flour included, and 4,203,845 in two weeks of October, against 3,510,371 bushels last year. A more important fact is that all available grain freights have been engaged for months ahead here and on the Pacific coast. The minister of agriculture in India stated in council on Thursday that distress was expected in a large part of India as the result of droughts. A high official of Russia, now in this country, confirms accounts of shortness in the Russian yield. This estimates that Europe will fall 100,000,000 bushels short of last year in supply of wheat are strongly supported, and while department estimates of yield in this country are not credited, there is every reason to expect a remarkable foreign demand. Wheat has advanced 4½ cents for the week.

Boot and shoe makers get very narrow orders at old prices, or an advance less than one per cent.

Difficulties threaten the iron manufacturers, for pig is higher, Bessemer at \$11.50 and gray forge at \$9.75 at Pittsburgh, while plates, angles and beams are weaker, and various combinations hold prices only by leaving outside competitors to take the market as far as they can. Steel bars are largely sold at one cent, while 1½ is demanded for iron. All the nails that outsiders can produce are sold at less than the association asks. Billets are still sold for less than the pool price, and its shipments in September aggregated only 36,000 tons, mainly on sheet and tin plate, and the demand for rails is growing small.

Wool is stronger with continued speculative buying, and sales at eastern markets have been 14,530,300 pounds for two weeks, against 21,200, 700 last year, and 13,702,900 in 1892, but consigned wool has been mostly withdrawn until after the election. No gain is at present possible in goods, and though the number of mills starting for the week is 15, against seven stopping, much of the work done is in anticipation of a better demand than now exists.

Failures for the week have been 328 in the United States, against 263 last year, and 40 in Canada, against 46 last year.

ADVANCE IN WHEAT.

The Staple Cereal Goes Kiting at Chicago and San Francisco.

CHICAGO, Oct. 16.—December wheat continued to rise in price on the board of trade today. It advanced 1½ cents over the closing price of yesterday, the top price being 72½ cents. Only a few shorts were left in the market when it closed yesterday, and most of those hastily surrendered this morning when the advance continued to their bitter regret. The market started with a rise of one cent to 1½ cents. The bullish foreign quotations, particularly the advance in the Liverpool market, were considered the cause for the rise here. The American market, however, was considered strong enough to sustain the new price without the encouragement from abroad.

The Wheat Boom in Toledo.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 16.—This was the banner day of the present wheat boom. On the morning call December was forced to \$1.41 1-8, per cent, an advance of over seven cents on the best price obtained yesterday for the same option, and an advance of 17 cents since the first instant, when the best figures obtainable for December was \$1.24 1-4. The advance in May was even greater than December, the regular session this morning bringing it up to \$1.44 1-4, against \$1.39 3-4 as the best price obtainable yesterday.

At the afternoon session December gained three-eighths over best morning prices, but subsequently dropped to \$1.40. May gained three-eighths also.

DAUNTLESS CARGO.

A Portion of It Captured by a Party of Spanish Marines.

HAVANA, Oct. 17.—Gen. Molina reports that while on his way on the gunboat Contramaestre, in response to a request for assistance by the Spanish troops on account of the recent engagement with the rebels at Rio Honda, near Trinidad, he discovered a number of groups of insurgents. He landed with a party of marines and dispersed the rebels, capturing 500 rifles, a quantity of ammunition, a gun carriage, stores of medicines, etc.

THE ADMINISTRATION.

May Interfere If Spain Doesn't Soon End the Cuban War—The President Will Not Hesitate to Act If It Should Become Apparent that the Spanish Are Unable to Suppress the Insurrection Within the Year.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—A Herald special from Washington says: High officials of the administration agree that if the Spanish government does not succeed in crushing the Cuban insurrection by the first of the year it will be the duty of the United States, independently or in conjunction with the other powers, to stop the war.

A member of the cabinet said, Thursday, that the president fully appreciated the gravity of the situation in Cuba, and the great responsibility imposed upon the United States as the great power upon which would devolve the duty of deciding whether the Spanish cause in Cuba was hopeless and whether the war should be stopped in the interests of humanity. He said that no European power could be expected to take the initiative, as the geographical position of Cuba was such as to make the question practically an American question.

The president, he said, would not take any action looking to the change of policy in regard to Cuba until after the elections, but he believed that the president would not hesitate to act before the close of his administration if it should become apparent that the Spaniards were unable to suppress the insurrection within the present year.

Representatives of the Spanish government here are naturally considerably disturbed over the news from Cuba. Senor De Lora begged to be excused from an interview and sent Senor De Bosc, the first secretary, to see me.

The latter was loth to believe the report that Spain had reached a decision to let Cuba go if the rebellion should not be ended before March 1 next. He insisted that Spain would never relinquish control of Cuba, and that it was idle to talk about intervention if the war was not ended before that time, for in his opinion the rebellion would be crushed before many weeks had passed.

The belief is current here that the Spanish government would gladly abandon its so far fruitless attempt to put down the Cuban insurrection if it had an excuse for so doing that would be acceptable to the Spanish people. A high official of the government expressed the opinion that the Spanish government would be glad to give up the struggle in Cuba if it could be done without bringing on a revolution in Spain.

MONUMENT DEDICATED.

To the War Correspondents and Artists at South Mountain.

GAPLAND, Md., Oct. 17.—The army correspondents' and artists' memorial was dedicated on South Mountain with military, civic and social ceremonies. Gen. Lowndes, Gen. Boynton, George Alfred Townsend and others made speeches. Mrs. Thomas Noyes sang. The war department sent a bugler and drummer. Papers on war correspondence by S. Cadwallader, Junius Henri Browne, Henry Mosler and others were read and poems recited.

The monument is a battlemented feudal gateway of Maryland mountain stone, with one large horseshoe arch of Pennsylvania brown stone on the ground and three arches above of blue limestone from the battlefield of Cedar Creek, Va. In the rear are the names of 106 war correspondents, 11 southern correspondents and ten sketch artists. The monument is 50 feet high and 40 wide, and through its open arches affords extensive views of the battlefield country toward Washington and of Antietam and Harper's Ferry.

URGES ARBITRATION.

England's Venezuelan Claims Not Substantiated by Evidence.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—Sir Edward Clarke, Q. C., conservative member of parliament for Plymouth, and who was solicitor general in Lord Salisbury's previous ministry, in speaking publicly at York, expressed great anxiety over the outcome of the Venezuelan dispute in view of the approach of the presidential election. He said the decision of the American boundary commission would be against England, not because it was a hostile commission, but because, he believed, no honest and impartial arbitrator or commission could decide in favor of England's claims upon the evidence.

"We have not recognized the commission," he said. "We were not called upon to negotiate treaties with the United States with regard to Venezuela, but if the blue book containing the Venezuelan brief represented the real and moderate contention of Venezuela there ought to be immediate consent to arbitration. England should be prepared to accept the consequence of such arbitration in the limitation line, which, after all, matters very little.

"If the United States attempts to force upon us the ultimate decision of their commission, passionate resentment would be aroused here, serious for both countries. That is why we are taking what I conceive to be a serious risk."

Killed in Election Riots.

BERLIN, Oct. 17.—Election riots in Oldenburg have resulted in the murder of two liberal voters by national Catholic partisans.

NOT SO BAD.

No Lives Were Lost in the Saar-Eifel Line Accident.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—A dispatch from Berlin to the United Associated Presses states that the Cologne office of the Herald bureau circulated the report Wednesday that 50 persons were killed and many more injured by the derailing of a train on the Saar-Eifel line. A railway authority yesterday declared that no lives were lost in the accident. The train was carrying a large number of recruits to these parts.

SOUTHERN GLEANINGS.

Ex-Slave Sues for Wages.

An interesting suit was begun in the law and equity court in Louisville, Ky., recently. Annie

THE CHRONICLE

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, OCT. 22, 1896.

FOR CONGRESS—4TH DISTRICT.

THOMAS S. PLOWMAN,
Of Talladega.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN,
Of Nebraska.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
ARTHUR M. SEWALL,
Of Maine.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORS.

First district—E. L. Russell.
Second district—John D. Burnett.
Third district—T. M. Espy.
Fourth district—W. B. Browne.
Fifth district—T. L. Bulger.
Sixth district—J. J. Mayfield.
Seventh district—M. D. Sibert.
Eighth district—E. B. Almon.
Ninth district—C. B. Powell.

STATE AT LARGE.
S. W. John, J. W. A. Sanford.

LONGSHORE WILL NOT SUPPORT MR. ALDRICH.

The following from the Alabama Leader, A. P. Longshore's Anniston paper, is self-explanatory. The editor is certainly consistent in his position, and indeed his followers would all occupy the same ground if consistency cut any figure whatever. How a free silver populite can support a gold standard, high tariff republican is beyond our comprehension. But hear what Longshore says:

"Just before the populist convention met at Calera the Leader in an editorial came out favoring the nomination of Mr. Aldrich for congress. At that time we believed that he would either support the Bryan and Watson electors or occupy an independent position, as we have heard him say in a meeting of populist state executive committee that in the event his party nominated a gold standard man on a gold standard platform he would not support him. Since his nomination, however, he declared for McKinley and Hobart, and the writer has proclaimed on the stump and in the newspapers that he would not give his support to a man who would vote for a gold standard man for president; and believing as we do that the gold standard will impoverish and ruin the laboring people, we can not consistently support any man who advocates the election of a man for president who would foster this system upon the country for all time. Mr. Aldrich has made a good representative in congress, and if we could give him our support and be consistent we would cheerfully do so, but the Leader would not support Albert T. Goodwyn, S. M. Adams, or any other living man for congress if he proclaimed his allegiance to a gold standard man for president."

We again call attention to the fact that voters who do not commit the names of the democratic electors to memory will be in trouble when they come to vote on election day. The ticket that will be given them at the polling place will have the names of the electors of all the parties printed upon it in alphabetical order. There will be nothing on the ticket to show what electors are for Bryan and what for McKinley. The voter must be acquainted with the names of his electors and be able to pick them out and place cross marks opposite them on the ticket. Unless he can do this, he cannot vote intelligently. Every voter should study carefully the list of electors we print at the head of the editorial column, and be able to cast his ballot for that list. That is the democratic and conservative, Bryan and Sewall ticket. Use none other.

REGISTRATION figures in the big cities indicate that an enormously large vote will be cast this year. There are 300,000 voters already registered in Philadelphia, or 50 per cent more than usual. The first day of registration in New York City saw the names of 136,015 voters enrolled, against 99,315 last year and 95,813 in 1892, the last presidential election, an increase of 42 per cent. This would indicate a total registration of 400,000, and a total vote of 375,000 or more. In Brooklyn the registration sprang in the first day from 59,863 to 90,015, an increase of over 50 per cent. Registration in St. Louis shows an increase of 50 per cent.

WILL wonders never cease! Who would have thought that the republicans of Dallas county would ever endorse a democratic nominee for any office. Well, they did, strange as it may seem. The other day they passed a resolution endorsing T. S. Plowman for congress. What shall we look for next?

A CLOCK in a Terre Haute railway office stopped short last week at 16 to 1 and the boys are asking whether it was intended as a sign.

The republicans seem to be getting uneasy about Indiana and have engaged ex-President Harrison to make thirty-two speeches.

NEVER look for big business from a small ad. If a farmer planted a gill of wheat to the acre what kind of a crop could he expect.

figured the food products of ntry have advanced in value 30 in the past three months.

The attention of every voter must be given to the ticket which he will be called upon to vote on November 3. This ticket makes no distinction of political parties. The names of all the presidential electors appear on one ticket, arranged in alphabetical order, and the voter, if he wishes to cast his vote intelligently, must acquaint himself with the names of the eleven men for whom he is to vote, and be able to pick them out on the ticket and place a mark on the ticket opposite to them. The names of the democratic electors are printed every week at the head of our editorial columns. Let all democrats carefully commit these names to memory or otherwise take note of them, so that no trouble will be experienced and no mistake made on the day of the election.

SIXTY-FOUR senators hold over from the last congress. Of these twenty-eight are for silver and thirty-two for gold. Thirty senators will retire unless chosen as their own successors. Nineteen of these are for silver and eleven for gold. It is probable that seventeen of the nineteen will be succeeded by silver men, and that nine of the eleven will be succeeded by "sound money men." This is practically a distinction without a difference. This will give the silver men forty-seven and the gold men forty-three.

THERE is much truth in the following from the Columbus Enquirer-Sun: "The fate of this great country does not hinge on a presidential election. Its resources are too vast and its industries too varied for the success or defeat of any one party to seriously impede its growth and progress. Each faction predicts disaster and ruin in the event of the success of the other in the November election, but Uncle Sam is old enough, strong enough and versatile enough to take care of himself under any circumstances."

The natural colors of a leaf may be easily transferred to paper. Take a leaf of a tree or shrub, place over it a small piece of white linen soaked in spirits of nitre, and insert between the leaves of a heavy book, with a sheet of paper to receive the impression. Lay the book aside for a few days. The leaf will be found devoid of color which will have been transferred to the paper in all the original beauty of tint and outline of leaf.

THE process of law is seldom a matter for mirth, but the placing in the hands of a New Jersey deputy sheriff the other day of a warrant of attachment upon a hippopotamus, the only unattached chattel of a stranded circus and menagerie, with an order to see the beast safely bestowed for the behoof of creditors, passes the limit even of a farce-comedy jest.

IT is true that constant use of any organ of the human body tends to increase its size. Mr. McKinley's right hand must resemble a ham, and Mr. Bryan's tongue must be as large as a porterhouse steak.—Chicago Chronicle

A RINGING LETTER.

F. W. Cist Handles Aldrich Without Gloves and Shows Up His Record in Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 13, '96. EDITOR CHRONICLE: Two recent events in the political arena of the Fourth district cause me to offer, through your columns, some thoughts to the voters of Shelby county. They are such as will appear to your readers, as they do to me, as self-evident, and are only intended to remind our friends of their plain duty when they have found the true position of the different candidates for congress.

I refer to the nomination by the populists of Mr. Aldrich and the withdrawal of Mr. Wilson in favor of the gold candidate. The first of these is surprising; the second only a proof of the democracy of Mr. Plowman, and of the real interest of the bolting democrats.

It is both unreasonable and inconsistent that the populists should endorse the candidacy of a self-confessed republican, a man belonging to that party whose very fundamental principles are foreign to every demand made by the populists since their appearance as a political party, whose practices have all been in direct antagonism to the interests of the people of whom the populist party has been composed. Beyond a few untenable schemes the populists have demanded what the democratic party has always favored except when it has been controlled by the same power that has always controlled the republicans. Now that the great party of the constitution has shaken off this evil control, planted itself squarely upon the people's side, and presented a candidate in thorough accord with its principles—a guarantee of good faith—there is every reason why the populists should return to their allegiance to the party under which they long ago helped to tear the reins of government from the hands of such political vultures as Mr. Aldrich has proved himself to be. Instead their conventions endorse their greatest enemies and pledge their support to principles in which none of them believe. Evidently these conventions have been controlled by leaders more autocratic and domineering than were ever found in a democratic gathering. These leaders have given over their followers with as much assurance of proprietorship as the carpet-baggers ever gave over the negroes to the support of the deadliest enemy of their country. Fortunately, however, instead of an ignorant and vicious contingency, the rank and file of the populist party are white men of intelligence and character, men who help to

make up the real body politic. These in other places are rallying to the support of Bryan and democratic congressmen. Let us hope they will do so in our district.

I have before had occasion to tell our people something of Mr. Aldrich's political character. Occupying, as he does, the dual position of a bolting republican endorsed by a packed populist convention, I feel at liberty to at least remark upon his attitude in the present campaign. The resolutions of endorsement passed by the convention were a travesty, and no man of political honesty would have accepted them. Mr. Aldrich's comparison of himself to Mr. Bryan as the nominee of two parties was a really laughable piece of conceit. Mr. Bryan, in the first place, is a man of ability, firmness, and moral strength; Mr. Aldrich has neither. Mr. Bryan was nominated first by a body of representative men, and afterward endorsed by two great deliberative bodies; Mr. Aldrich was first nominated by a bolting crowd of hired negroes and white lieutenants and afterwards endorsed by a cut-and-dried convention of dissenters from their national body. Mr. Bryan stands upon a platform of principles, plain, unequivocal, promising relief from existing evils of finance and taxation and from the greed of corporate power. Mr. Aldrich stands upon a mixed conglomeration of nothing, promising nothing but a continuation of present evils and the fostering of others, a representative of corporate power.

Mr. Aldrich declares for honest elections, and yet he belongs to that party which is spending millions to purchase and binding every energy to coerce the votes of American freemen. His own record is not free from the charge of bribery and coercion, as is evidenced by his campaign of two years ago and the aid he lent in our recent county election.

Mr. Aldrich declares for silver, and yet he seeks to aid the election of a president who is pledged beforehand to maintain the existing gold standard and who would veto any measure of relief Mr. Aldrich might help to enact. In his brief career in congress he voted at every opportunity to replace silver democrats with gold republicans, and in several instances without any legal excuse for doing so. So he would bow to the party lash and vote with his party against a silver bill as readily as he would vote for the force bill which that party hopes to revive.

He cast his vote in the same direction which cost Mr. Goodwyn 20,000 white votes, and was one of the first to welcome the negro Murray into the house.

The only words he ever spoke in the house was when he called up, on April 23, the Girls' Industrial School bill and gave Mr. Pickler a chance to kill it. This I find on page 4,706 of the Record of that date, and on no other page does his name appear as having done anything, except where he presented one or two petitions and introduced a bill to provide an American register for some foreign coal barge.

He has not even given his allowance for clerk hire to some of his needy supporters; but, having no need for a clerk, he pockets the amount.

He is endorsed by a party which demands the abolition of trusts, and yet he supports a candidate for president who is owned by a syndicate and whose election would place the government at the mercy of an amalgamation of trusts. His personal interests are affected by a gigantic coal trust which is today making the people pay an advance of \$1.50 per ton on coal to repay the advance in the price of wheat.

These are some of the incongruities of his present political attitude. It is safe to predict that his candidacy will end in defeat—that end inconsistent politics merits.

Mr. Wilson's withdrawal is but a repetition of the aid the republican party has always been ready to give to anything as undemocratic as the insignificant aggregation of bolting democrats in Alabama. They are as inconsistent as Mr. Aldrich. They have a candidate for president who has belonged to every political body known in the history of his country since his time, and who has never in the senate squarely supported any measure that was really democratic. They are as great traitors to true democracy as Kolb ever was, and without half the excuse for it. I might call attention to many of their inconsistencies, but I presume no one seriously thinks of them in this fight except to record them for future scorn from the councils of the party.

Viewing the condition of our country, and believing that upon the success of the democratic party depends the hope of relief and brighter days, the comfort of our people and the happiness of their homes, the education of their children and the perpetuation of this civil and religious liberty. I have been impelled to suggest these reasons for giving an incontestable majority to Mr. Plowman, without entering into any of the details of our own platform.

Not a vote should be wasted, but every one should be polled for the ticket known to be democratic.

F. W. GIST.

Estray Notice.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: Notice is hereby given that J. M. Brasher of Coaleville, Ala., did on the 1st day of October, 1896, take up about his plantation as estrays, one bay mare about 14 hands high and nine years old, valued at \$80.00. Also one roan colored horse about six years old, fourteen hands high, valued at \$20.00.

Said estray proceedings were had before P. N. Gilbert, Esq., of Coaleville, Ala., a Justice of the peace.

This 2nd day of October 1896.

D. K. McMillan, Judge of Probate.

FACTS VS. FICTION.

In view of the numerous exaggerated statements constantly appearing in the newspapers I desire to impress upon the minds of the public the fact that

This Store Always Sells Goods Exactly as Advertised.

— NO DODGING HERE. —

Yard-wide with us means 36 inches. We give 16 ounces for a pound.

Yard-wide Sheetting, good quality 41c
Good cotton Checks 31c
Don't forget that we can sell you good heavy
Jeans at 9c
Blue and gray Flannels 10c. and up
Good Red Flannel, all wool 13c

HANDSOME LINE OF DRESS GOODS,
consisting of Henriettas, of all shades, Woolenets, Basket Flannels, all-wool Brocades, Suitings, Mohairs, etc., etc., Draperies, beautiful designs, Eiderdown, best quality and lovely shades.

SHOES! SHOES!

Don't fail to see our line of solid leather
Polkas at 69c
Another big lot of Ladies' Dongolas button,
worth \$1.50, our price 98c
Big line of Childrens' Misses and Boy's School
Shoes. A well-selected

Ladies' CORSETS 23c and up.

Stock of BOY'S AND MEN'S CLOTHING

Men's good Jeans Pants at 59c
Double Mackintoshes, coat and cape \$2.49

BIG STOCK

MEN'S : AND : BOY'S : HATS!

Boy's Wool Hats 23c. and up
Men's " 49c
Men's Fur Hats 98c. and up
A good Fur Hat, brand "J. F. Pope's Leader," \$1.39
Bedsteads \$1.25 and up

Have just purchased second bill of Dress Goods, consisting of black Fancy Brocades, in silk and wool plaid 35c
Henriettas, cream, pink and blue, (in boucle,) 50c

Handsome Ladies' Cloth, black and tan; such beautiful Feather Mufflers, fascinator for all the ladies.

Just received, more SHOES! SHOES. We can't keep them. Men's congress SUNDAY SHOES at \$1.00

The ladies are especially invited to call and see our complete line of Millinery.

A Large and Well-Selected Stock of Millinery

and prices to suit all.

... CALL AND SEE ...



MY BIG STOCK OF

FURNIURE!

BEDS, BUREAUS, DRESSERS and CHAIRS.

You will at all times find here a full stock of

Staple and Fancy Groceries

at prices that will sell them. Keep your eye on my advertisement and see the new arrivals. Tell your neighbors I want 10,000 bushels Cotton Seed. Will pay spot cash for same. I pay the highest market price for Cotton. Be sure to see my stock before you make your purchases.

Respectfully,

J. F. POPE, Wilsonville, Ala.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Cailloute, Druggist, Beaverville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

Wanted, another barrel—Mark Hanna.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by Parker & Armstrong.

NOTICE.

Tax Assessor's and Tax Collector's Rounds.

We will attend at the following places at the times named below for the purpose of assessing the state and county taxes for the year 1897 and collecting the state and county taxes for the year 1896. Additional cost after the 1st day of January.

FIRST ROUND.

- Bamford, beat 5, Tuesday, October 6.
- Gurnee, beat 4, Wednesday, October 7.
- Dogwood, beat 4, Thursday, October 8.
- Montevallo, beat 4, Friday, October 9.
- Calera, beat 3, Saturday, October 10.
- Bridgeton, beat 13, Monday, October 12.
- Highland, beat 12, Tuesday, October 13.
- Helena, beat 6, Wednesday, October 14.
- Pelham, beat 17, Thursday, October 15.
- Bragg's Tank, beat 7, Friday, October 16.
- Longview, beat 7, Saturday, October 17.
- Columbiana, beat 1, Monday, October 19.
- Spring Creek, beat 2, Tuesday, October 20.
- Shelby, beat 1, Wednesday, October 21.
- Wilsonville, beat 9, Thursday, October 22.
- Harpersville, beat 10, Friday, October 23.
- Vincent, beat 16, Saturday, October 24.
- Weldon, beat 11, Monday, October 25.

Martins, beat 8, Tuesday, October 27.

Vandiver, beat 14, Wednesday, October 28.

Dunnivant, beat 18, Thursday, October 29.

Sterrett, beat 15, Friday, October 30.

SECOND ROUND.

Bamford, beat 5, Tuesday, November 10.

Gurnee, beat 4, Wednesday, November 11.

Dogwood, beat 4, Thursday, November 12.

Montevallo, beat 4, Friday, November 13.

Calera, beat 3, Saturday, November 14.

Bridgeton, beat 13, Monday, November 16.

Highland, beat 12, Tuesday, November 17.

Helena, beat 6, Wednesday, November 18.

Pelham, beat 17, Thursday, November 19.

Bragg's Tank, beat 7, Friday, November 20.

Longview, beat 7, Saturday, November 21.

Columbiana, beat 1, Monday, November 23.

Spring Creek, beat 2, Tuesday, November 24.

Shelby, beat 1, Wednesday, November 25.

Wilsonville, beat 9, Thursday, November 26.

Harpersville, beat 10, Friday, November 27.

Vincent, beat 16, Saturday, November 28.

Weldon, beat 11, Monday, November 30.

Martins, beat 8, Tuesday, December 1.

Vandiver, beat 14, Wednesday, December 2.

Dunnivant, beat 18, Thursday, December 3.

Sterrett, beat 15, Friday, December 4.

Tax payers will please meet us promptly with legal description of real estate. Otherwise the assessor cannot be responsible for error that may occur in land numbers. Have a correct list of personal property, and come prepared to pay taxes for 1896. Will be in Columbiana from December 19th to the last day of December, except the 25th. On all taxes not paid by the 1st of January 8 per cent interest will be charged. Tax books will positively be closed by March 1, 1897.

JOHN S. PITTS,

Tax Assessor Shelby county.

JOHN H. ROBERTSON,
Tax Collector Shelby county.

Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 price offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.



SOUTHERN RAILWAY

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect June 21, 1896.

No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 9	No. 10	No. 11	No. 12	No. 13	No. 14	No. 15	No. 16	No. 17	No. 18	No. 19	No. 20	No. 21	No. 22	No. 23	No. 24	No. 25	No. 26	No. 27	No. 28	No. 29	No. 30	No. 31	No. 32	No. 33	No. 34	No. 35	No. 36	No. 37	No. 38	No. 39	No. 40	No. 41	No. 42	No. 43	No. 44	No. 45	No. 46	No. 47	No. 48	No. 49	No. 50	No. 51	No. 52	No. 53	No. 54	No. 55	No. 56	No. 57	No. 58	No. 59	No. 60	No. 61	No. 62	No. 63	No. 64	No. 65	No. 66	No. 67	No. 68	No. 69	No. 70	No. 71	No. 72	No. 73	No. 74	No. 75	No. 76	No. 77	No. 78	No. 79	No. 80	No. 81	No. 82	No. 83	No. 84	No. 85	No. 86	No. 87	No. 88	No. 89	No. 90	No. 91	No. 92	No. 93	No. 94	No. 95	No. 96	No. 97	No. 98	No. 99	No. 100	No. 101	No. 102	No. 103	No. 104	No. 105	No. 106	No. 107	No. 108	No. 109	No. 110	No. 111	No. 112	No. 113	No. 114	No. 115	No. 116	No. 117	No. 118	No. 119	No. 120	No. 121	No. 122	No. 123	No. 124	No. 125	No. 126	No. 127	No. 128	No. 129	No. 130	No. 131	No. 132	No. 133	No. 134	No. 135	No. 136	No. 137	No. 138	No. 139	No. 140	No. 141	No. 142	No. 143	No. 144	No. 145	No. 146	No. 147	No. 148	No. 149	No. 150	No. 151	No. 152	No. 153	No. 154	No. 155	No. 156	No. 157	No. 158	No. 159	No. 160	No. 161	No. 162	No. 163	No. 164	No. 165	No. 166	No. 167	No. 168	No. 169	No. 170	No. 171	No. 172	No. 173	No. 174	No. 175	No. 176	No. 177	No. 178	No. 179	No. 180	No. 181	No. 182	No. 183	No. 184	No. 185	No. 186	No. 187	No. 188	No. 189	No. 190	No. 191	No. 192	No. 193	No. 194	No. 195	No. 196	No. 197	No. 198	No. 199	No. 200	No. 201	No. 202	No. 203	No. 204	No. 205	No. 206	No. 207	No. 208	No. 209	No. 210	No. 211	No. 212	No. 213	No. 214	No. 215	No. 216	No. 217	No. 218	No. 219	No. 220	No. 221	No. 222	No. 223	No. 224	No. 225	No. 226	No. 227	No. 228	No. 229	No. 230	No. 231	No. 232	No. 233	No. 234	No. 235	No. 236	No. 237	No. 238	No. 239	No. 240	No. 241	No. 242	No. 243	No. 244</
-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	---------	-----------

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Dr. D. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Aloe Senna -
Rhubarb Sulfate -
Sage Seed -
Peppermint -
Oil of Peppermint -
Castor Oil -
Clarified Sugar -
Waterproof Vaseline

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and **LOSS OF SLEEP.**

Fac-Simile Signature of
Dr. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE

THAT THE

FAC-SIMILE

SIGNATURE

OF

Chas. H. Fletcher

IS ON THE

WRAPPER

OF EVERY

BOTTLE OF

CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, OCT. 22, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year \$1.00

One copy six months .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Southern Railway.

NEW SCHEDULE.

No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 3:28 p.m.

No. 14, passenger, leaves going north, 11:37 a.m.

No. 61, local, leaves going south, 7:45 a.m.

No. 61, local, leaves going north, 1:20 p.m.

Post Office

Mails close 11:07 a.m.

Trains due 11:37 a.m. and 3:28 p.m.

Mails open 12:31 p.m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 3:28 p.m.

LOCAL VIVISCOPE.

James Seale spent Sunday in Childersburg.

J. R. White paid Anniston a business visit Tuesday.

W. R. A. Milner spent two days of this week in Birmingham.

James Harris, of Montevallo, transacted business here Monday.

Rev. Mr. Liles left Tuesday for South Alabama on a business trip.

Mrs. C. C. Elliott, of Vincent, is on a visit to the family of J. G. Parker.

Mrs. A. S. Liles and daughter, Lilly, left Monday for a visit to Selma friends.

J. R. Ray, of Lewis, gave us a call yesterday and left an order for stationery.

W. J. Cannon, of Sylacauga, came over Tuesday to look after his insurance business.

Miss Myrtle Swain left Tuesday for Cincinnati, Ohio, to finish her musical education.

E. W. Bell left Sunday for Meridian, Miss., to engage in business. May success reward him.

Quite a number of our young people took in Wilsonville Sunday. Guess Wilsonville must be an attractive place.

Dr. G. B. Crow, populist candidate for congress in the Ninth district, spoke in the court house Tuesday afternoon.

Herman Ginsley has returned to his place in the Columbiana Mercantile Co's store, after a lengthy stay in Birmingham.

Rev. W. I. Sinnott and Judge D. R. McMillan left Tuesday for Lacon to attend the meeting of the North Alabama Presbytery.

Will Hester and family, of near Wilsonville, have moved into our town, and are living at the Jackson place on Main street.

J. F. Averyt, one of Shelby's cleverest and most substantial citizens, came over Tuesday to spend a few hours with Columbiana friends.

FOR SALE—At reasonable prices, for cash, two houses and lots opposite court house and jail Columbiana. Will sell one or both. Apply to Mrs. Lizzie S. Walls.

FOR SALE—A five room dwelling on East College street, near Academy. Almost new, just been newly painted. Will be sold at a bargain for cash. Apply to editor Chronicle for full particulars.

Lester, Mason & Co., are on the lookout for more business, and a careful reading of their advertisement in this issue will convince you that they are using the proper means. There is no blow or bluster, but solid facts are given you in an entertaining and convincing way. They have a very large stock, and do not propose to be undersold in quality of goods considered.

Miss Nora Leeper and H. E. Reynolds were married at Mrs. C. Roberts' residence in Birmingham, Tuesday afternoon at three o'clock. The Chronicle and many friends here, of both, extend good wishes.

Dr. G. W. Shackelford will be at Columbiana, October, 26th, 27th and 28th only. All those having teeth to extract without pain or any other dental work, will do well to call on him while here. His work is first class and prices reasonable.

W. F. Thetford and Miss Myrtle Swain, C. E. Greek and Miss Emma Wilson, Horace Hammond and Miss Ethel Greek, chaperoned by J. W. Dyke and wife took a hay ride to Shelby last Friday night. Stags—Joe and Ed Spencer and H. C. DuRose.

The colored Baptist association held a four days' session in the Baptist church here, beginning last Thursday. A very large crowd was in attendance every service, but on Sunday it took the court house in addition to the church to hold the immense throng.

Shelby County Matrimonial Bureau.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

James H. Vick and Minerva Jane Howell, of near Columbiana.

Colored—Nazareth Thomas and Hattie Johnson, of Montevallo.

We know of no more convincing proof of the fact that Columbiana is moving upward by leaps and bounds than to let the world know that we have a full-rigged, double-barrelled calaboose. Who will be the first to enter its inviting portals? Evil doers, lookout for "Long John."

Columbiana real estate is looking up. Monday W. R. A. Milner sold his residence to J. H. Robertson, of Wilsonville, for 1,250.00 cash. Tuesday a farm just east of town sold for 1,600.00 cash. What better evidence do you want that prices are good and men can be found who have the cash, and are ready to invest.

Public Speaking.

Hon. Tennant Lomax, one of Alabama's most gifted and fluent orators, will address the citizens of Shelby county at Columbiana, on next Wednesday, Oct. 28th, at 11 o'clock a. m. A large audience should greet this talented speaker, for his eloquence and logic will charm all who hear him.

Early Monday morning Alf Seale, a brakeman on the Southern, was thrown from a car at Childersburg, and sustained severe injuries. The train was making a running switch at the time of the accident. Alf was thrown off the car by its sudden stop with air brakes and fell on his feet. His ankles are fearfully swollen and bruised, but it is thought no permanent injury will result. He was brought here immediately after he was hurt.

Hon. R. F. Kolb spoke to a fair sized audience in the court house Tuesday at 11 o'clock. He advised his poplite friends to vote for Bryan and Sewall, and gave them a great many reasons why they should do so. He said he was a populist still, and that the course he was pursuing was strongly endorsed by all the national leaders of that party. He says his present position is perfectly consistent for he has always espoused the cause of free silver, and it is his anxiety for monetary reform that has caused him to sacrifice Watson. He told his hearers there was no possible chance to elect Watson, but there was a strong probability of Bryan's defeat if they would not lay aside their prejudice and vote the ticket that could and would be elected by their active support, and thus secure for them the reforms they have been advocating for years.

FOR SALE—At reasonable prices, for cash, two houses and lots opposite court house and jail Columbiana. Will sell one or both. Apply to Mrs. Lizzie S. Walls.

FOR SALE—A five room dwelling on East College street, near Academy. Almost new, just been newly painted. Will be sold at a bargain for cash. Apply to editor Chronicle for full particulars.

Lester, Mason & Co., are on the lookout for more business, and a careful reading of their advertisement in this issue will convince you that they are using the proper means. There is no blow or bluster, but solid facts are given you in an entertaining and convincing way. They have a very large stock, and do not propose to be undersold in quality of goods considered.

Wilsonville Waifs.

I wish that it would rain. Messrs. Averyt & Averyt, of Shelby, were in town Wednesday.

G. E. Weldon went to Harpersville and Vincent Sunday.

W. R. Smith and W. J. Tinney made a pleasant visit to Columbiana Sunday.

Messrs. Greek and Spencer, accompanied by Misses Swain and Greek, honored us by their presence at the Presbyterian church Sunday night.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Jackson are visiting relatives in Tallapoosa, Georgia, thinking the change might be beneficial to the ill health of Mrs. Jackson, who had been very ill for several weeks before she left this place.

I am informed that the school is increasing every day, while they could only enroll about thirty at the beginning of the term. They now number from sixty to seventy. This goes to prove the progress of our school.

Rev. W. I. Sinnott's appointment for Wednesday night was filled by Rev. Beddinger, after which the meeting was protracted for the remainder of the week. We are very much pleased with his sermons and insist on his coming again. Two additional members were enrolled.

The newly organized choir at the Baptist church will no doubt profit by its meetings from time to time. We met last Thursday night and made a start toward learning the many new songs which we have before us. We cordially invite all that will earnestly take a part in the practice, but those who only desire to disturb the singers and to have their fun will soon learn that they are not needed in the least.

The dust is not so heavy in the Columbiana road. My authority for saying this is that the negroes kept it continually flying all day Sunday, going to and coming from the negro "sosashun."

Come to the literary society Friday night, which will assemble at Mrs. S. A. Densler's. We will promise all who may attend a nice time socially, if possible, whether they enjoy the literary part or not.

On last Tuesday evening Messrs. DuRamus, Williamson, Smith and Jackson, accompanied by Misses Lizzie and Georgia Pope, Mary and Sallie Robinson and Lula Densler, responded to a kind invitation to an infare, given by Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Weldon in favor of the newly married couple, Mr. and Mrs. George Smith. This was one of the best arranged and most enjoyable festivals that has been given in this place for some time. We are sure that the remembrance of this occasion is indelibly stamped on the minds of all who were so fortunate as to be present. We cheerfully express our gratitude to Mr. and Mrs. Weldon. We are sorry to report the departure of this couple, after a six days' sojourn with kind relatives and friends at this place. Their future home will be "across the line in Tennessee."

BOURGEOIS.

Items from Creswell.

Homer Boggett returned to his old home at Irondale a few days ago.

Mrs. J. H. Coleman visited friends and relatives in Vincent Monday and Tuesday.

Miss Jennie Bates has been very sick for the past few days, but we are glad to learn she is improving.

We learn that our young friend, J. H. Lipsey, will leave in a few days for Texas, where he will make his future home. We regret to lose him from our midst, but hope that he will find his new home both pleasant and profitable.

Rev. M. N. Warren, (Presbyterian) filled his regular appointment here last Sunday, preaching an able and instructive sermon. We are sorry to be unable to give his theme. He proposes to protract the services the third Sunday in November, and we hope our people will give him a hearty welcome and lend him their aid and prayers, that much and lasting good may be done.

Miss Linnie Matthews returned to her home at Goodwater Tuesday, after spending several weeks with friends in our neighborhood.

S. V. Coleman and wife left Sunday for Parkdale where they will probably make their home.

Several of our young folks attended church at Vincent Sunday night, among whom were G. W. Wallis, Jr., and Miss Belle Coleman, Miss Laura Perryman, Miss Scottie Logan, J. F. Bates and others.

CHOCTAW.

Is wealth concentrating in the hands of the few? The sworn tax returns for the year ending April 30th, show that the net increase of the seven northeastern states was \$312,110,555, against a net decrease in the balance of the United States of \$412,910,985. This shows a net loss of over \$100,000,000 to the country at large and looks suspiciously like the East had made the West and South sacrifice that much in order to secure her increase. When it is considered that as a producer of new wealth the East is not self supporting, while the West and South make all the surplus, this idea that all the country's addition to the world's wealth should be taken from those who made it and given to those who added nothing sets hard with us. Something is rotten in Denmark.—Talladega News-Reporter.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headache yields to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only fifty cents at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

HOW TO VOTE.

The Law Relating to Marking Your Ballots November 3.

As there may be some of The Chronicle's many readers who are not familiar with the provisions of the existing election law, we print below a fac-simile of the ballot which said law requires must be used by voters in the election on the 3rd day of November. This ballot will be printed on thick, white paper with black ink, only, in plain type and must contain the names and candidates of all political parties on one and the same ballot. The names of candidates appear in alphabetical order without designation or distinction as to their politics.

In making out his ticket each voter must place a cross (X) mark on the left of each candidate he desires to support. The X mark on the right or in any other juxtaposition will make the ballot void.

OFFICIAL BALLOT.
Federal Election, Tuesday, Nov. 3, 1896.
(Make a cross mark (X) before the name of the candidate of your choice.)

For Electors for President and Vice President of the United States:

Vote for Eleven:

- NATHAN H. ALEXANDER.
- X EDWARD B. ALMON.
- JOHN ANDREWS.
- J. B. APPLETON.
- F. R. BALDWIN.
- J. M. BARNES.
- THOMAS B. BICKLEY.
- X WILLIAM B. BROWNE.
- CHARLES W. BUCKLEY.
- X THOMAS L. BULGER.
- JOSEPH W. BURKE.
- W. P. BURKS.
- X JOHN D. BURNETT.
- C. E. CRENSHAW.
- WILLIAM M. COLEMAN.
- O. E. COMSTOCK.
- J. B. CUMMING.
- ANTHONY R. DAVISON.
- L. O. DAWSON.
- C. E. DUNN.
- X THOMAS M. ESPY.
- FREDERICK S. FERGUSON.
- NELSON FULLER.
- H. P. GAINS.
- ALPHEUS B. GASTON.
- JOSEPH H. HARRIS.
- THOMAS L. HARVEY.
- S. A. HOBSON.
- DANIEL E. HUGER.
- X SAMUEL W. JOHN.
- A. B. JONES.
- LAURENCE S. KNIGHT.
- EDMUND B. LANGLEY.
- LAWRENCE H. LEE.
- J. C. LESTER.
- X JAMES J. MAYFIELD.
- J. P. MUDD.
- WILLIAM O. MULKEY.
- X CHARLES B. POWELL.
- CHARLES RATTERY.
- R. BARNWELL RHETT.
- X EDWARD L. RUSSELL.
- X JOHN W. A. SANFORD.
- R. L. SEALE.
- JOHN G. SEARCY.
- JOHN B. SHIELDS.
- X MARTIN D. SIBERT.
- JOHN A. STEELE.
- JOHN W. STEWART.
- A. S. STOCKDALE.
- J. J. TAYLOR.
- NICHOLAS M. WARE.
- ANDREW J. WARNER.
- MORRIS D. WICKERSHAM.

For Representative in the 55th Congress of the United States, from the Fourth District of the State of Alabama:

Vote for One:

- WILLIAM F. ALDRICH.
- EDMUND H. DRYER.
- X THOMAS S. PLOWMAN.

The candidates of the democratic party are marked with an X, just as you must to vote for electors and congressmen.

SPAIN TO LET CUBA GO.

A special from Cadiz, Spain, of the 15th inst., says: It is said that if Spain has not put down the insurrection in Cuba by the first of next March it is the intention to give up the struggle and let the island go. It is said that the policy is being adopted of exaggerating the magnitude of the trouble in the Philippines with a view of preparing the people for the ultimate design of letting Cuba go.

W. G. Foster, manager of the Eastern Telegraphic company at Cadiz, speaking of the situation, said: "There is no question that the government is trying to use Philippine troubles to distract the peoples attention from Cuba. There is no doubt that Spain intends to do her utmost to crush the Cuban insurrection between now and March. Failing that I am informed, she will give up the struggle."

"An important issue is the fact that Cuba has a debt of some \$500,000,000, and that if Spain put down the insurrection Cuba will have to pay that debt whereas, if Cuba wins, the payment of the debt will fall on Spain, who contracted it on behalf of Cuba. Naturally, the planters who have been driven from their half ruined plantations, however loyal they may appear to be to Spain, really want to see the Cubans succeed, as in that case they would not be taxed by Spain to pay the interest on the debt, and could then start again under more favorable auspices."

The Philippine Islands comprise 113,000 square miles, as against 49,000 for Cuba. In point of population the Philippines have 5,636,000, as against a population of 2,276,000 for Cuba and Porto Rico combined.

I have just opened a stock of

General Merchandise

in the brick house formerly occupied by Parker & Armstrong, druggists. I am prepared

To Meet all Competition,

and would be glad to have you call and examine my goods and get my prices before buying. If I cannot please you no harm is done. I have

No Prices to Make You

on a few articles AS A BAIT, but will sell anything in my house at the

CLOSEST PRICES.

I WILL DELIVER GOODS FREE OF CHARGE

To all parts of the City. Come and see me.

J. E. SEALE.

Seeing is Believing.

NOT MUCH.

YOU see too many circus posters nowadays. And the public sees too many flashy advertisements. Nay, seeing is not believing. Goods are not sacrificed at half of manufacturing cost. No honest, reputable merchant can exist with such false business methods. A plated wedding ring may be sold cheaper than one of solid gold, but where is its value after the flimsy outer plating wears away. What sane man would buy such a one, and what thinking man will buy trashy, plated, shoddy goods.

We won't sell you cotton for wool nor jute for flax. The meaner sorts of merchandise we have no time to bother with; neither have you, if we judge you aright.

Clean, Honest, Reliable Goods at Lowest Prices!

is what intelligent buyers are looking for. We keep none other, and wish you to inspect our stock by the clear light of day. By this truth-telling light you can make your selections with the utmost satisfaction.

When you are ready come in and investigate our goods, view them in every light, make your own comparisons as to prices and qualities, and we will cheerfully accord you every facility.

We have anticipated your every want in our several departments. Your needs can be supplied in our store at our usual prices, which are always right. All we want or ask is that you look over our stock and get our prices before you purchase anywhere.

Yours for Business,
LESTER, MASON & CO.

W. E. THETFORD, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWNE. J. T. LEEPER.
BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
COLUMBIANA. ALABAMA.

That Tired Feeling!

Nobody is particularly anxious to spend their money. Everybody has to. Your wants must be satisfied and it takes money to do it. A person is not apt to look cheerful over the prospect of spending money. Lots of buying is done with a long face. This is all wrong. I offer a change for the better.

You Feel Relieved—

The minute you see our Grand Stock of New and Popular Goods it looks fresh and desirable. The first glance shows you that you are on the right track. No mistake about this being a modern up-to-date line of goods. You wake up to the fact that you have got into the right store.

The Feeling Grows—

When you commence to go into details, you feel as if the goods were bought on purpose for you. No trouble to make a satisfactory selection; it gets down to a question which is the most satisfactory.

Trouble is Forgotten

When you learn our prices, they are always at the low-water mark. We don't give goods away—we can't. We can sell goods very low—we do. This is a fact. We might brag about it, but what's the use—a word to the wise is sufficient. It's as true as truth that we sell goods cheap—we prove it.

Happiness is Supreme

When you get just what you want at less than you expected to pay—we are treating customers to this kind of a surprise every day. We sell you a good article and let you off cheap. You will find our selections choice, our goods reliable, and prices satisfactory. A fair deal makes the buyer happy—we give it. To spend money and be happy at the same time go to

S. STARK.

Shelby, Ala.

JB Lewis & Co. SHOES

\$4.00
\$3.00
\$2.50

These shoes fit to perfection and wear as only the best of leather can. They're shapely, pliant—the most comfortable of footwear. They always manage to let in air and keep out water.

Surely Your Dealer Sells Them.
FOR SALE BY
Lester, Mason & Co.

A FOOLISH MAN

Is he who declares he never pays any attention to statements made in newspaper advertisements. What other way have I of attempting to convince you that I can shoe your horse in up-to-date style, and at a price so moderate that you will be ready with the cash the moment the job is done.

Repair Work a Specialty.

Nothing but good, honest work turned out of my shop. Can sharpen a plow while you wait. In fact I do any and all kinds of work that any blacksmith or woodworker is supposed to do; and, further, I will appreciate your patronage.

TRY ME ONCE FOR LUCK

W. W. ALBRIGHT,
COLUMBIANA, - - - ALA.

Scientific American Agency for PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 312 Broadway, New York. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by this bureau has the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. Published weekly. \$3.00 a year in advance. Address MUNN & CO., 312 Broadway, New York City.

NOVELTIES IN AMERICA.

There is a bedstead in the Whitney mansion, New York city, which was purchased by Col. Oliver Whitney in 1853, and which cost exactly \$10,000.

A village improvement society at Woodstock, Vt., encourages the keeping of neatly trimmed lawns by reading lawn mowers to residents. It is a woman's idea.

Paper coffins are the latest novelty in mortuary furniture. They are pressed into shape from a mass of pulp, and, when stained and varnished, look just like wood.

SAID BY THE SCIENTISTS.

Aluminum should always be used alone and pure, as it readily forms electric couples with every other metal, and is then easily attacked by water.

Lyell, the geologist, says: At a period comparatively recent all that portion of the United States south of the Black Hills was under from 500 to 900 feet of water.

Without solar fire we could have no atmospheric vapor, without vapor no clouds, without clouds no snow and without snow no glaciers. Curious, then, as the conclusion may be, the cold ice of the Alps has its origin in the heat of the sun.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

E. J. CRAWFORD, Proprietor, Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, price 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A GERMAN paper contains the following unique advertisement: "Any person who can prove that my typewriter contains any thing injurious to health will have three boxes of it sent to him free of charge."—Christian Register.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac from your own druggist, who will guarantee a cure. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

RELIGIOUS OBSERVANCE.—"You ride your wheel on Sunday, don't you?" "Yes, but I never run over anyone on that day."—Tit-Bits.

Her hat was large, but—joyous truth!—Revenge was waiting for her. Before her sat a football youth. With a head of flaming hair. —Washington Star.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an A. No. 1 Asthma medicine.—W. R. WILLIAMS, Author, Ills., April 11, 1894.

LELIE.—"We girls are getting up a secret society of our own." "George—indeed! What's the object?" "Lutie—I don't know yet, but I'll tell you all about it after I'm initiated."—Household Words.

"HATING tried Dr. Carlstedt's German Liver Powder in my family. I do not hesitate to pronounce it a most excellent remedy." H. R. GRAY, Nashville, Tenn.

The best cure for sorrow is to sympathize with another in his sorrow. The cure for despondency is to lift the burden from some other heart.

CURE your cough with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

YOUNG Mr. Punctuality was on a mountain top. He pulled out his watch. "Ah!" said he, "if the sun doesn't rise in just one minute and nine seconds, it will be late."

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe.

HE—"What do you think of young Jones?" Sue—"I think if he had lived in Biblical days, Balaam's ass would never have attained such prominence."—Harlem Life.

A MAN's word is worth more at all other times than when he tells his wife that he has no money.—Aitchison Globe.

The girl who has a beau is usually the first in the family to catch cold in the fall.—Aitchison Globe.

Take Hood's Sarsaparilla

The Best—In fact the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

IT CURES . . .

RHEUMATISM, HEADACHE and TOOTHACHE every time. All dealers sell.

Duncan's Liniment.

"Dead Shot" for COLIC in HORSES and MULES.

Be wise and keep it in the house.

WEBB MANUFACTURING CO., Props. Nashville, Tenn.

FIELD FLOWERS

The Eugene Field Monument Souvenir.

The most beautiful Art Production of the century. A small bunch of the most fragrant of blossoms gathered from the broad acres of Eugene Field's Farm of Love. Contains a selection of the most beautiful of the poems of Eugene Field. Handily illustrated by thirty-five of the world's greatest artists as their contribution to the Monument Fund. But for the noble contributions of the great artists this book could not have been manufactured for \$2.00. For sale at book stores or sent prepaid on receipt of \$2.00. The book is offered to the Child's Post Laureate, published by the Committee to create a fund to build the Monument and to care for the family of the beloved poet. Eugene Field Monument Souvenir Fund, 410 Monroe Street, Chicago, Ill.

ON OLD ROCKY.

The People Are Natural and the People Are Human.

A "Variegated Fool" in Love with a Young American Woman—Essay on the Human Brain—in the Valley and the Shadows.

It is a fact that I am already married, and if I didn't have what seems to me like the best woman in the world, what you reckon I would do this beautiful Sunday morning?

I would wash my lovely countenance, climb right up into my Sunday-go-to-meet-in-clothes, sprinkle a few cinnamon draps on my wayward, wanderin' locks and pitch out and go a courtin' over to the old Pollard place. For why? There is a young lady over there which could change her name and administer on the Sanders estate before the sun went down if she wanted to. Miss Susie Bell Pollard is her name, and you might ride three days and nights before you could find more good, pure womanhood done up in one bundle of dry goods.

One Fool on Her String.

White people, did you ever take any particular notice of a natural-born blonde girl in love with a rale handsome woman?

If you never did there is yet a whole passle for you to learn in regards to the ways and means of the human race. It never was no trouble for Miss Susie Bell Pollard to catch a beau. All she ever had to do was to put on the bait and fling out her hook and pull em in, comin' and a gwine. Blamed if I haven't seen her out at picnics and parties and candy pullins and protracted meetings and the like of that, with the boys so thick around her till she put me in mind of the band wagon on a circus day.

Understand me now, I couldn't blame the boys for that. No doubt if I had been a boy myself about that time I would have been the lead dog of the pack. But along in the fall of last year Miss Susie Bell caught a natural-born fool on her string—which, of course, it want her fault, and nobody couldn't blame her for that. Gabe Rankins is the only son of old man Lum Hankins and his wife, and they are tremondus well fixed in the way of this world's goods. The old man has got land on top of land all the way from Murder Creek to Caney Branch, and the general talk around amongst the people is to the extent that he is like-wise also plumb lousy with cash money. And as to the old Rankins stock of people, they have all got sense enough to eat when they are hungry, and go to bed when they get tired, and save money. But Andy Lucas was wobbilin' around powerful clost to the bull's eye when he give it out over at the cross roads on that day. Old man Lum Hankins was way out on a back seat when they landed round the brains. Well, you raley couldn't blame Gabe for that. And neither could you blame the old folks for havin' a fool in the family. He couldn't help it, and they couldn't help it. You couldn't blame nobody. There was nobody to blame.

The big break came in when old man Lum took up a notion that he could run his hand down into his flank pocket and take his money and do what the good Lord, in His own good time and way, didn't do—make a few brains and put em in Gabe's head. The human brain, fellow citizens and friends, is a powerful skeerce and peccurious thing. The world don't give it, money won't buy it and colleges can't make it. Bless God for that. Old man Lum Hankins beat me clean out of sight in regards to savin' money on general lines. But it would of been money in his flanks if he had only come over to see me about that college business.

But the old man had the money, and Gabe he went to college. When the money was gone and Gabe come back home he had a few fancy college clothes and yet no brains to speak of. If anything he was a bigger fool—or more different sorts of a fool—when he got back than when he went away. I never will forget the little piece of good advice which Blex Scroggins give him the first time they met up together after Gabe's return back from college: "Be off to college, have you, Gabe?" "Yes."

"Didn't git lost gwine or comin'?" "No."

"Go back safe and sound ouest more?" "Yes."

"Bully for you, Gabe. Go and elicit a tree, now, and fall out and break your neck."

Something Had to "Drap."

The next Sunday, it would seem, Gabe crawled into his fine college clothes and put out and went over the creek to see Miss Susie Bell Pollard. And apparitly, of course, he feel heels over an apple in love with Miss Susie Bell. Well, I couldn't blame him for that. I think a whole passle of that girl myself—just as much as the law allows. But Gabe, he did have a tremendus bad case of it. The more he saw of Miss Susie Bell the more he wanted to see. The more he went over to the old Pollard place, the more he wanted to go. It was every Sunday for a time, and then one night in the week for good measure. Finally, at last, it was every Sunday the Lord sent and two or three nights in the week till Gabe Rankins was stickin' more closer to the old Pollard place than a sick kitten to a hot brick. He was there so reglar and so frequent and so constant, and cut such a furious high dash with his college clothes on till the other boys laid down their hands gradually by degrees and quit the game.

In the main time anybody could see, with one eye shut, that Miss Susie Bell—kind-hearted and patient and long-sufferin' as she was—was weary of life and tired to death. All along for the last six months I have been lookin' for somethin' to git ripe and drap. It come to pass on Friday night before the last third Sunday—over at the old Pollard place. Gabe Rankins was there. I was not there. But two or three days after that Miss Susie Bell was over to our house. I could tell that somethin' had come to pass the minute she lifted the latch and come in the front gate—she did look so fresh and happy and bright and reged like. She put me in

mind of a young colt which had slipped the bridle and tumbled head first loose in a big pasture. And she didn't tarry around there long before she up and told me and mother the latest news—which was to the general extent that everything was over as between her and Gabe Rankins.

The Same Old Story.

"If he had told me he loved me onest, I reckon he had told me the same thing 40,000 times," says she. "But to save my life I never could respond back to him accordin'. He had went off to college and wore fine clothes, but he was such a mortal, monstrous fool. The Rankinses have got plenty of money, and I can see wherein money would be a mighty nice thing to have in the family. But Gabe he is such a variegated fool. He told me I was an angel on the earth—which, of course, anybody ought to know better than that—and it rhoved to me that he was either a fool for the want of sense, or couldn't tell the truth with a rest. I ain't nobody's angel so far as I know. I don't even make out like I am sproutin' any wings as yet. I am nothin' more and nothin' less than a young American woman in the plain and reglar way. If I ever do git to be an angel—which I hope and trust I may in the future hereafter—bless goodness I won't need any of these mutton-headed youngsters in my business. I give out my private opinions along that line to Gabe, but it was like sayin' your Sunday school lesson to a lazy mule."

"By-and-by he told me how it would jest naturally kill him to give me up—that he would die a slow and terrible death if I didn't marry him. To be certain, of course, I didn't want to break over the ten commandments and kill anybody. Yet still at the same time I felt like it would bodaciously kill me if I had to mix clothes through good and bad friends with such a unanimous fool as Gabe. Bless gracious, a man that didn't have no better sense than to turn loose and die for any livin' human woman on top side of the green earth—well, Susie Bell Pollard never was cut out to fit into a weddin' march with that sort of a man. So at last I told him I was mighty sorry, but the deed would have to be did. I had one consolation, anyhow—I loved if I killed him in a circumstantial way they never could prove it on me in the county court."

"But bless your sweet life, honey, Gabe didn't keel over and die. He poked off home and come back the next night. He come in sighin' and cryin' and blubberin' and goin' on powerful. I was good and tired by this time, but I had to stand and take it as best I could. I stood everything till the idiot fell down on his knees and went to beggin' me. That was really more than my sad and weary heart could bear. I hauled off once to spit on him, and I did at last tell him if he didn't git up and go on home I would sick the dogs on him. And he went."

"They tell me that for a common thing women are better than men. I don't know so much about that. But one thing I do know—I ain't a blessed bit better than the common run of women, and I don't reckon I am so awful much better than the right sort of men. Anyhow, I don't want no grown man cryin' and sighin' and kneelin' and prayin' around me. If I ever do git married—which I hope and trust I will in the fullness of time—give me a man as good as I am, and one that could tell the difference between a plain young American woman and a snow-white angel."

In the Valley and Shadows.

But the very next day after Miss Susie Bell came over to our house and talked a little bit and said a whole lot we got some sad and sudden news from the old Pollard place. From general appearances it would seem like Gabe had made out like he was goin' crazy—which everybody says he wouldn't have no long journey to make. But he didn't lay down and die accordin' to the promise he had made Miss Susie Bell. Instead of that he had brought the man Lum down into the valleys and shadows of death, whilst the old lady Rankins was flutterin' around on the outer edges of despair.

Right here I will have to switch off long enough to tell you that when the good Lord made Gabe Rankins—sense or no sense—He made him long for this world. Some people, you understand, jest naturally run to brains whilst others run to legs, and Gabe Rankins he is one of the others.

Nobody was there to tell the story straight, and as to Gabe he never did know anything for certain. But at any rates that night he had a bad dream or a fit, or a nightmare rid him in his sleep, and unbeknownce to everybody he straightened out them long legs too quick and sudden and kicked the bed down. The general noise and smash-up woke old man Lum, and he didn't know but what his own and only son Gabe had blowed things up with a keg of powder. Consequently he went tearin' in there to see what was what and who was who. In his big hurry, and in the dark and terrible confusion, he run headforemost into the door jam and fractured his skull. They now think he will pull through by the hair of his head and the skin of his teeth, as it were, but he had a scandalous cold call.

Come to find out about the young man Gabe, there want nothin' particular the matter with him—nothin' but the same old thing. He had run to legs instead of brains, and all the money and colleges in creation couldn't change the order. "What the good Lord has put together no man can take to pieces."

South Sea Island Nursery Rules.

When a South Sea island mother wishes to chastise her child she seldom resorts to slapping, and slippers, of course, she has none. Instead of using the forms of punishment customary among civilized mothers she pulls the child's hair or bites some part of the body, generally the fleshy part of the arm. In wandering about the village one sees many children having on their bodies sores produced by wounds inflicted by their mother's teeth. When a mother wishes to express her child she lefty draws her thumb across its eye-row or cheek or gently seizes its cheek between her teeth. The rubbing of noses is also a mark of affection among the Kingsmill islanders, as it is among the Maoris of New Zealand.—Detroit Free Press.

Tired Out.

"Aymer—Has Glibbin's novel sold very well?" "Glibbin—I understand the first edition is exhausted." "Indeed!" "Yes. She goes to the theater nearly every night to study the stars."—Detroit Free Press.

HE FOUND THE VENUS.

Death of a Man Once Famous, But Long Since Almost Forgotten.

The recent death on the Island of Melos of M. Henri Brest recalls the fact that his name, many years ago, was a celebrated one on account of his connection with the statue of Venus, now one of the greatest treasures in the Louvre museum, and brings to mind some interesting souvenirs in connection with that statue. It was, indeed, M. Henri Brest who discovered the wonderful statue just after it had been unearthed by a peasant in the island of Milo, and who bought it of him for a mere song in 1820. He soon sold it to M. de Marcellus, through whom it reached the Louvre.

The wonderful statue remained undisturbed in the gallery of the Louvre, of which it was the principal ornament, till the Franco-Prussian war in 1870, when the means of preserving it against the possible pillage of the Germans caused great anxiety to the curators. Few, probably, are aware that the Venus of Milo was on that occasion placed in an immense sort of padded oak coffin, and buried mysteriously in a great trench made to receive it in the courtyard of the prefecture of police. This was done in the middle of the night, in the presence of very few witnesses, with the object of keeping the hiding place of the statue perfectly secret.

It was thought by the officials of the Louvre that the statue was in perfect safety, but their anxiety for the fate of the treasure was relieved, after the signature of peace, by the outbreak of the commune and the setting fire to the prefecture of police and to the Palais de Justice opposite. Fortunately, however, when that insurrection had been put down the curators of the Louvre, on once more unearthing the statue, found it had suffered no deterioration. The inscription on the pedestal of the statue in the Louvre does not even mention the name of M. Henri Brest. It relates simply that it was bought by M. de Marcellus for the Marquis de Riviere, the French ambassador who presented it to King Louis XVIII. in 1821.

The Pall Mall Gazette says that the peasant who found the statue had no idea that he had dug up what has since proved to be the most remunerative effigy of a goddess that the world has ever known. M. Brest, having a pretty shrewd notion of her value, asked the peasant proprietor of the soil how much. The peasant proprietor could not understand what M. Brest could possibly want with a marble woman without arms, but this, instead of inducing him, as it would nowadays, to ask an exorbitant price, merely decided to sell his Venus for a song, and M. Brest took her gleefully to Paris.

There all sorts of attempts, by all sorts of eminent hands, were made to restore to her her missing members, but, as she persisted in looking ever so much better without arms than with them, the savants ultimately decided that she must have been built that way, and that way she must be left.

As is well known, this unarmed Venus has proved an immense commercial success. Millions of copies of her have been made and sold. She has adorned the virtuosos' gallery, the middle-class drawing-room, and the lodging-house back parlor. She has descended in bronze to the prosaic use of a paper weight. She has acquired a pile for many a peripatetic Italian image seller. But all M. Brest got out of her was the academic palm. No doubt, if he had lived a bit longer—he was only 102—his buttonhole would have flowered with the red ribbon. Only, the other day, on the very spot where he found his Venus, the end found him.—London Standard.

MEASURING ELECTRIC CURRENT

Consumption Registered by Meter, the Same as in the Use of Gas.

When electricity came to be sold it was necessary to measure it commercially. To this task Edison set himself in the course of his development of that remarkable series of inventions which gave to the world a perfect lighting system.

Electricity can be measured by the work it does, either chemically or mechanically. Edison's chemical meter depends on the simple fact that one ampere of electricity will deposit from sulphate of zinc under standard conditions a definite weight of metal. This type of meter is, in fact, a small electroplating battery, through which a certain proportion of the current used is carried—the proportion being accurately determined by the relative size of the meter wires and the shunts—with the result that one of the two plates is decreased and the other increased in weight, according to the amount of current consumed within the house. This meter does not give a visible record, which is an advantage of the mechanical meters. Of these there are many varieties, those most in use in this country being the Thomson-Houston watt-meter and the Westinghouse or Schallenger ampere-meter, both of which are small meters, driven faster or slower as the demand for current is greater or less, and communicating their action to a train of wheels with dials like those of the gas-meter, so that they may be verified by burning a given number of dials for an hour and comparing the dials at the beginning and end of the time. The meter record is taken usually once a month, by the supply companies, and bills are based upon these records with as much certainty as though electricity were a visible thing.—R. R. Bowker, in Harper's Magazine.

South Sea Island Nursery Rules.

When a South Sea island mother wishes to chastise her child she seldom resorts to slapping, and slippers, of course, she has none. Instead of using the forms of punishment customary among civilized mothers she pulls the child's hair or bites some part of the body, generally the fleshy part of the arm. In wandering about the village one sees many children having on their bodies sores produced by wounds inflicted by their mother's teeth. When a mother wishes to express her child she lefty draws her thumb across its eye-row or cheek or gently seizes its cheek between her teeth. The rubbing of noses is also a mark of affection among the Kingsmill islanders, as it is among the Maoris of New Zealand.—Detroit Free Press.

Tired Out.

"Aymer—Has Glibbin's novel sold very well?" "Glibbin—I understand the first edition is exhausted." "Indeed!" "Yes. She goes to the theater nearly every night to study the stars."—Detroit Free Press.

ECZEMA.

One Physician Pronounced It Ring-Worm and Prescribed for That Ailment, But the Patient Used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and Was Cured.

From the Free Press, Cornwall, Iowa.

"I was afflicted with what physicians named me eczema and began doctoring for that disease about two years ago." Said Mrs. Eva L. Evans, of Harris, Iowa, to a reporter a few days ago. "The first doctor I consulted did me no good at all. He pronounced the disease ring-worm and gave me remedies for that ailment, but soon found out his error."

"I then tried another physician, with some better success but did not succeed in obtaining permanent relief. On the contrary, I got worse and my face and body broke out badly and a severe itching sensation constantly tormented it. This physician pronounced the malady eczema and I believe now that his diagnosis was correct. My husband saw an article on Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the daily papers and of his solicitation I tried them."

"To make a long story short, I took twelve boxes of this wonderful remedy and am now cured of my ailment. I have not been troubled with the least sign of this disease since August, 1895. I had been taking the pills during the year. I am glad to testify to the worth of this excellent remedy. It not only cured me, but my father tried it for la grippe and was materially benefited. In fact he insists it relieves him at once. Many of my neighbors are using this remedy at my recommendation and are enthusiastic in its praise."

(Signed) Mrs. EVA L. EVANS.

To confirm this statement beyond all doubt, Mrs. Evans signed the foregoing.

Cornwall, Iowa.

Signed this 17th day of March, 1896, before me, W. E. HILL, Notary Public.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are now given to the public as an unfailing blood builder and nerve restorer, curing all forms of weakness arising from a watery condition of the blood or shattered nerves. The pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$3.00 (they are never sold in bulk or by retail), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

HUMOROUS.

—Indignant Butcher—"That dog of yours has been getting into my sausages."

—Point—"Well, he seems to know his place."—Yonkers Statesman.

—Papa, why do they call language the "mother tongue?" "Because the father so seldom gets a chance to use it."—Chicago Record.

—Nearing the Goal—"Your husband seems to be making money." "Yes; he says that by next summer he will be rich enough for somebody in the family to have hay fever."—Chicago Record.

—Gentleman—"My lad, can you direct me to the Bank of England?" Shoe-black (with withering scorn)—"Go on; do yer fink I should be doing this if I was a bank director?"—World's Comic.

—In reply to your inquiry as to hominy words there are in Nature's Cereal Story," wrote the country editor to his correspondent, "we confess, with a rye face, that we are fairly oen-cred."

—N. Y. Tribune.

—Mr. Point Breeze—"Young Homewood is always relating anecdotes, and they are invariably poor ones." Mr. Franktown—"Yes; Homewood has a good many poor relations."—Pittsburgh Chronicle.

—Wiggles—"Well, did you make him take his words back as you said you were going to do?" Waggles—"Yes, he took them back, but he used them over again more emphatically than he did before."—Somerville Journal.

ETIQUETTE AT THE BANKS.

Boston People Make the Life of the Teller an Easy One.

It would seem that most of the members of the large business concerns of our proud city understand to a degree the term "bank etiquette," as though they had basked in its element a lifetime and had been taught from childhood to understand its legitimate meaning. They arrange their deposits with a method the most satisfactory imaginable to the bank clerk, a delight to behold. This regularity, while it distinctly shows the training of a thorough business man, is attended with little or no effort on their part, but it means to the bank clerks the saving of an infinite amount of hard, trying labor. This method consists of placing all the bills, clean or ragged, of the larger denominations together on the top of whatever size package they chose to make, keeping the one and two dollar bills strictly to the bottom. Thus the clerk can, with little difficulty, make rapid headway through his arduous work, for he knows what he is facing. These deposits are meat to the eyes of the tellers on ordinary days, but more especially so on heavy days, when they have all they can do to finish up by six o'clock.

It is interesting to note the marvelous rapidity with which an expert goes through the bills, counting, sorting, straightening and proving, all at the same time. You observe that oftentimes he abruptly throws out a certain bill across the desk, far apart from the rest, with a "There!" most strongly emphasized, and immediately spurs up to resume his usual place, not the least disconcerted. The uninitiated is struck mute by the sudden exclamation, starts nervously and stares blankly at the man whom he supposes to have been bitten by an invisible scorpion or reptile. Closer scrutiny proves this particular bill to be a counterfeit, though it has taken the outsider fully 15 minutes to distinguish between it and the genuine bill, much to the disgust of the expert, who, at a single glance, detected it, going as he was at the rate of a mile a minute, and discarded it as quickly as though it burned him.—Boston Transcript.

Flies on Shipboard.

Among the things that furnish occupation for the eyes and minds of trans-Atlantic voyagers are the house flies which accompany the great steamships from one side of the ocean to the other. In fine, sunshiny weather the flies buzz cheerfully about sheltered places on the decks, and when the wind blows high they take refuge in the cabins and saloons. The flies often remain with her on her next trip, thus crossing the ocean several times in succession, and perhaps spending the entire season at sea.—N. Y. Sun.

Force of Habit.

The photographer busied himself arranging everything for the sitting. This was to be his masterpiece, he said, and he wished to have every detail perfect.

"There," he said at last, "that will do nicely, I think."

He took one last look to see that all was right.

"Now! All ready," he said, in sharp, incisive tones. "Look pleasant, please."

Then he began the actual work of photographing the fractured ankle by the Iodogen process.—Chicago Post.

A Tenacious Clutch.

Is that of dyspepsia. Few remedies do more to palliate this obstinate complaint. Try Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, however, and you will find that it is conquerable, along with its symptoms, heartburn, flatulence, nervousness, and loss of flesh and vigor. Bloating and constipation frequently accompany it. These, besides malarial, rheumatic and kidney complaints, are also subduable with the Bitters.

Howso—"I know how to govern my wife, sir." Cusmo—"Well, why don't you do it?" Howso—"She won't let me."—Brooklyn Life.

To Cleanse the System.

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds, or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

As the Persian proverb has it: "Do not turn the blanket to get rid of one flea." Burn the dog.

Tired, Could Not Sleep at Night.

"From overwork I became nervous, tired. I finally took Dr. O. A. Carlstedt's German Liver Syrup and now sleep soundly." E. A. CRAWFORD, Amo, Kan. At all druggists.

"HARRY" asked the teacher, "what is an outline?" "Well," replied Harry, who was taking his first lesson in drawing, "at our house the only outline is the clothes line."

When bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c, 25c.

"Have you an account at Jones?" "No, I did have; but he keeps a collector out with it now."—Up-to-Date.

Just try a 10c box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

These people should really take more pains to conceal what they know.

STEADY WORK

WE PAY CASH WEEKLY and maintain everywhere to \$100,000. STEADY STARK TREES, 10c, 25c.

To introduce, One Nursing Bottle Nipple and Teething Ring. Best ever offered. Send address and \$c. stamp for postage to MILLER MFG. CO., Akron, O.

EFFECTS OF A SMILE: YUCATAN KILLS IT.

The Nebraska supreme court decided, on the 21st, that gold demerits could use the party designation on the official ballot.

CHARLES F. CRISP, ex-speaker of the house of representatives, died at a private sanitarium in Atlanta, Ga., on the 23d, aged 51.

The Chinese legation at London is accused of seizing and detaining an alleged Chinese conspirator, and is under surveillance by the London police.

LI HING CHANG, the special envoy of the emperor of China, arrived at Peking, on the 20th, on his return from his tour of Europe, the United States and Canada.

HAMBLIN ANDRUS, one of the proprietors of the Empire medicine factory at Yonkers, N. Y., was instantly killed, on the 21st, by the explosion of some chemicals in his laboratory.

The executive council of the Federation of Labor, in session at Indianapolis, Ind., on the 20th, discussed the eight-hour amendment to the federal laws. The federation hopes to have a new and effective law enacted.

The sesquicentennial celebration of the foundation of Princeton college closed, on the 23d, with a remarkable gathering of educators at the festival board. President Cleveland was one of the principal speakers of the day.

DR. DARTY BERGIN, aged 70, a member of the Dominion parliament for Cornwall and Stormont, and one of the best-known men in that part of Canada, died, on the 23d, from the effects of injuries sustained by a fall.

On the 21st the Nelson column in Trafalgar square, London, was almost completely covered with floral anchors, wreaths, etc., which were more numerous than upon any previous anniversary of the battle of Trafalgar.

FAILURES throughout the United States, for the week ended on the 23d as reported by R. G. Dun & Co., aggregated 274, against 231 for the corresponding week last year. For Canada the failures were 60, against 38 last year.

The Old Bailey grand jury returned a true bill, on the 20th, against Lady Tina Scott, the mother of Countess Russell, who was arrested on the 9th, at the instance of her son-in-law, Earl Russell, on a charge of having criminally libeled him.

A NEWSPAPER and magazine writer named Eulenburg killed his wife, his three children and himself at Blawitz, near Dresden, on the 20th, by putting poison in their food. Eulenburg had become despondent and desperate through poverty.

FORTY bishops, representing the house of bishops of the Protestant Episcopal church of the United States, met in New York, on the 20th, to elect two bishops to preside over the next missionary jurisdictions at Duluth, Minn., and Asheville, N. C.

By a decision of the San Francisco court of appeals the Oregon & California railroad secures the right and title to over 200,000 acres of land lying in and adjacent to the city of Portland, Ore. The victory means a clear gain of several million dollars to the corporation.

MR. WILLIAM FRITCHARD MORGAN, liberal member of the British house of commons for Merthyr Tydvil, summoned a meeting of his constituents, on the 20th, for the purpose of discussing the question of his resigning his seat in parliament in favor of Mr. Gladstone.

The London Globe in its financial article says: The rise in the Bank of England's discount rate is not likely to affect trade, though it will hurt imprudent speculators, for a rise in the bank rate can stop the American drain of gold the moment it approaches the danger point.

THE Madrid Epoca denies that there is any foundation for the report that a coalition ministry will be formed at an early date. The paper adds that the cabinet will pursue its present policy, and if they are not supported by the country the ministers will retire from office.

The new British cruiser Diadem was successfully launched at Glasgow on the 21st. She is a ship of 11,000 tons, 455 feet long, and the contracts for her construction require her to show a rate of speed of 21½ knots an hour. Her armament will enable her to fire 1,000 rounds a minute.

A DISPATCH from Rome says: Torrential rains have fallen throughout upper Italy, and all railway traffic is delayed in consequence. High gales prevailed in the Venice district. The grand canal of Venice overflowed into the Piazza St. Mark, submerging it to the depth of two feet.

The marriage of Miss Gwendolin Caldwell, founder of the divinity college of the Catholic university in Washington, to Marquis de Monstres-Meriville took place in the church of St. Philippe du Roule, in Paris, on the 19th. The ceremony was performed by Rt. Rev. John L. Spalding, Roman Catholic bishop of Peoria, Ill., assisted by Rev. Father Coeur.

On the evening of the 23d Chicago & Alton train No. 48 was held up by four masked robbers at Blue Cut, between Glendale and Independence, Mo., the spot made famous by a former train robbery by the James gang. It was reported that the robbers secured \$20,000; though another account placed the amount at \$300 and some jewelry. The passengers were not molested and no one was hurt.

EX-PRESIDENT BENJAMIN HARRISON left Indianapolis for the Indianapolis & Vincennes road on his first Indiana speaking trip. He was accompanied by R. B. Pierce, H. H. Hanna and W. T. Durbin, representing the national committee, and others.

THE CHRONICLE.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

VOLUME XI.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1896.

NUMBER 17.

CURRENT TOPICS.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

THREE inches of snow fell in Hamilton county, N. Y., on the 20th.

SUP'T. RICHARD RUSK, in charge of the publication of the naval war records, says that during the past year the second and third volumes of the records have been published. The fourth volume is in the hands of the printer, and it is hoped that two more volumes will be ready for the press during the current fiscal year.

THE International Typographical union by voting down a motion to the effect that only printers, members of the union, shall be allowed to work as repairers or machinists on the linotype machines, left the matter precisely where it was before the annual session of the typographical union.

TWO LUMBER-LADEN schooners which were wrecked during the recent storm, with their entire crews, numbering in all 13 men, arrived at Philadelphia, on the 20th, both with loss of deck loads and sails and one with cabins flooded, and kept afloat only by the buoyancy of her cargo.

MARIET BLAINE BEALE, with her attorney, appeared quietly before Judge Whitehouse, of the supreme court of Maine, at Augusta, on the 20th, and asked for a divorce from her husband, TRUSTON BEALE. Mr. Cornish made a brief talk and the divorce was decreed.

In the case of Miss Celia Rose, on trial at Mansfield, O., for having caused the death of her father, mother and brother with poison, the jury returned a verdict acquitting the accused on the ground of insanity. She will probably be adjudged insane and sent to an asylum.

A COMPARATIVE statement of the receipts from internal revenue, issued on the 20th, shows the total receipts for September were \$12,009,136, a slight gain over September, 1895. For three months ended September 30, 1896, the receipts amounted to \$37,794,887, a gain of \$30,000.

LORD BRASSEY, the governor of Victoria, Australia, in a speech on imperial federation, on the 20th, said: "It would be wise, if possible, to bring America into a grand defensive league of the Anglo-Saxon races, which would effectively secure the peace of the world."

REV. CANON ANDERSON, principal of the Montreal diocesan college, died on the 21st.

JUSTIN S. MORRILL, of Stratford, Vt., was re-elected United States senator from Vermont on the 20th. In the senate no other name was presented, and Senator Morrill received the entire 30 votes. In the house he received 213 votes.

A DISPATCH was received at Juneau, Wis., on the 20th, from the coroner of Fredericksburg, Va., stating that W. T. Rammusch, the absconding banker, had committed suicide there. The dispatch asked what disposition should be made of the body.

The big distributing reservoir of the Oakland (Cal.) Water Co. broke through its walls, on the 20th, and 2,000,000 gallons of water were let loose with a rush. A wall of water seven feet high tore down Oakland avenue, but beyond flooding the streets no great damage was done.

A BERLIN dispatch says: The St. Petersburg Vedomosti gives details of the Van massacre, secured from fugitives who have arrived at Elchmiadin. They declare that no Armenians are left in the Van district.

Mrs. COLUMBUS DELANO, wife of the late secretary of the interior, fell and broke her hip at Columbus, O., on the 20th. She is old and ill, and the mishap may prove fatal.

POSTMASTER MOSES YOWELL, at Sidney, Ia., was removed, on the 21st, and his daughter was appointed to the place.

THE cornerstone of the American University Hall of History at Washington was laid on the 21st.

While endeavoring to locate a leak in house No. 954 North Halsted street, Chicago, on the 21st, Charles Calland opened the door of the room occupied by George McWhorley. Instantly there was a tremendous explosion, and Calland was thrown across the room, receiving injuries that may prove fatal. Upon investigation McWhorley was found dead.

ALMOST the entire business portion of the village of Lancaster, N. Y., was burned on the 21st; total loss, \$50,000, partly covered by insurance.

JOHN HOLLINGSHEAD, the Washington county (Ala.) farmer who participated in the lynching of Christopher Chambliss, several months ago, then turned state's evidence and convicted several of the lynchmen, who were recently sentenced to life imprisonment, was assassinated in the roadway near his home, on the 21st, being shot from ambush by a dozen men.

The Union Sugar Refining Co. of Camden, N. J., filed articles of incorporation, on the 23d, with the secretary of state. Capital stock, \$2,000,000.

THE Schnaubelt reported dead at San Bernardino, Cal., on the 23d, is not the Chicago Haymarket bomb thrower, but his brother, Henry Bernard Schnaubelt.

DR. JOHN L. YOLTON and Dr. Rhoda Galloway, two of the most prominent members of the medical profession in Bloomington, Ill., were married on the 23d.

The plant of the Summit Refrigerator Co. at Michigan City, Ind., was burned on the 23d. Loss, \$20,000; insurance, \$9,000. Spontaneous combustion was the cause.

The bank of England's rate of discount was advanced, on the 23d, from 3 to 4 per cent.

HEAVY snow storms were reported, on the 23d, in the north of England and Scotland.

The mounted police of St. Louis are drilling daily in order to creditably acquit themselves at the big horse show in that city in which they will take part.

SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY CARLISLE addressed an audience at Covington, Ky., on the evening of the 23d, on the political issues of the campaign. Some of his arguments were greeted with hisses, cries of "traitor" and a fusillade of rotten eggs.

ONE of the victims of the recent pottery fire at Akron, O., was Francis Harrison, who gained some fame under the name of "Dr. Tanner" by a long fast he once indulged in.

REPORTS from Spanish sources in Cuba say that Antonio Maceo is hemmed in in his mountain retreat by several Spanish columns, and is short of food and ammunition.

DAVID LEE, related to the Lees, of Virginia, and Mrs. Virginia Rous, daughter of the New York multi-millionaire, were secretly married in New York city, because they anticipated parental opposition.

A CONSTANTINOPLE dispatch says a conflict has occurred in the sultan's palace between the Turkish and Albanian guards; during which several were killed on both sides.

JOSEPH LUPINER, 20 years old, a student at the Western Reserve college at Hudson, O., who was assaulted and robbed by footpads, in Cleveland, died, on the 23d, from his injuries.

KATE CLAXTON's only daughter, Maud, died in Paris, October 19, shortly after the birth of a daughter. She was the wife of Julian F. Meuditt, and had resided in Paris since her marriage.

A LONDON cablegram says: A leading authority in Mark lane says that England will need at least 20,000,000 quarters of wheat in 13 months, and she will not be able to depend upon India or Russia for any of it.

THE missionary ship Day Spring has been wrecked on a rock north of New Caledonia island. The captain and seven men escaped in a boat, but the remainder, nine persons, perished.

NEAR Summerville, W. Va., the boiler of a saw-mill exploded, on the 23d, instantly killing three men and fatally injuring two others.

It was officially announced at Ottawa, Ont., on the 23d, that the government commission appointed to inquire into the operation of the tariff will begin its work on November 10. The inquiry will be conducted by Sir Richard Cartwright, Hon. W. S. Fielding and Hon. W. Patterson, who are members of the commission.

J. E. BASSETT, an employee and bookkeeper of Swift & Co., the big Chicago pork packers, was arrested at New Orleans, on the 23d, on the charge of having embezzled \$6,000 of the company's money.

HENRY FORBES, chief clerk to Manager Howe of the Palmer house in Chicago, was found dead, on the morning of the 23d, in a room at La Vita hotel. The gas was turned on, and letters to his wife and daughter showed that death was intentional.

EDWARD J. IVORY, alias Bell, the alleged Irish-American dynamite, who was arrested in Glasgow on September 12, was again arraigned in the Bow-street (London) police court on the 23d.

SUN YAT SEN, the Chinese physician who was kidnapped by emissaries of the Chinese legation in London, was released, on the 23d, on the demand of the British government.

M. AMIE ETIENNE BLAVIER, member of the French senate, representing the department of Maine-et-Loire, died, on the 23d, in Paris. He was 69 years of age.

HON. COLUMBUS DELANO, ex-secretary of the interior, died at Mount Vernon, O., on the 21st.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

By a vote of 15 to 8 the Presbyterian Synod of Illinois has expelled Rev. Frank B. Vrooman of Chicago. The charges brought against Rev. Vrooman were purely questions to his orthodoxy.

A FITCHER battle took place on the 23d between a squad of railroad detectives and freight-car thieves at Colliwood, Ohio. A fusillade of shots was exchanged and Michael Ryan, one of the thieves, was fatally shot.

FAILURES for the past week have been 274 in the United States, against 231 last year, and 60 in Canada, against 38 last year.

A SPECIAL from Fort Smith says that there has been another outbreak of the trouble between white and colored laborers employed on the Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf railway, under construction near Mena.

A PASSENGER and express train on the Chicago & Alton road was held up and robbed by four masked men on the 23d at Blue Springs cut, between Independence and Glendale, Mo.

HEAVY rains have fallen all over the section around Clarendon, Ark., in the past few days. Farmers have practically stopped work temporarily. These are the heaviest rains had since early last spring.

THE West Alabama Coal Association on the 23d inaugurated an important commercial movement when it made the first shipment of 3,500 tons of coal to Greenville, Miss., to be loaded in barges for transportation down the Mississippi river to Louisiana plantations.

A FARMER named Butka, who has a large income from oil leases, was murdered on his farm near Toledo, Ohio, by robbers on the 21st, and his wife was seriously injured. Two masked men opened the door as the family were at supper, shot Butka dead and Mrs. Butka through the wrist.

In the arrest of Henry T. Bashford, aged 78, together with several streetcar employes in Brooklyn, on the charge of passing counterfeit coin, the police believe they have a gang that has been operating extensively.

A HEAVY snow fell at Menominee and throughout the north central part of Michigan on the 19th.

CHARLES F. CRISP, ex-speaker of the house of representatives, died at Atlanta on the 23d.

EX-SPEAKER CRISP

Dies, After a Lingerin Illness, at an Atlanta Sanitarium.

He was Subject to Heart Disease, and His Fatal Illness Had Its Origin in the Excitement Attending His Joint Debate with Secretary Hoke Smith.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 23.—Ex-Speaker Charles F. Crisp died at 2:15 p. m. He had been at a private sanitarium here for 60 days.

The serious illness of ex-Speaker Crisp and the probability of its termination



Ex-Speaker Charles F. Crisp.

Crising fatally have been known to his intimate friends for some time, but he has only been spoken of confidentially. His ailment took its origin in the excitement arising out of his joint debate with Secretary Hoke Smith last summer, when he was forced to withdraw from that debate for physical reasons, his friends persuaded him to enter a sanitarium for treatment. He was subject to heart disease. Reassuring reports as to recovered health have appeared from time to time, but they have been largely discounted by those fully informed as to the facts.

Mr. Crisp was one of the best-liked men in congress. He commanded the respect of friends and opponents by his abilities and his generally unselfish judicial fairness, which was broken upon only once or twice, during the bitter controversy with Speaker Reed over the Reed rules.

He was born in Sheffield, England, where his parents had gone on a visit, in 1845, and this fact took him out of the category of vice-presidential possibilities when some years ago his name was suggested for that office. He was brought to the United States before he was a year old, was educated in Savannah and Macon, Ga., served in the confederate army and was made prisoner. He was admitted to the bar in 1866; became successively state solicitor, judge, congressman and speaker of the house of representatives in the fifty-second and fifty-third congresses. His congressional career in the lower house extended over 14 years, and he was the choice of his party for the United States senate when he died.

DUN'S COMMERCIAL REVIEW.
The Sensational Advance in Wheat the Event of the Week.

NEW YORK, Oct. 23.—R. G. & Co. in their weekly review of trade say: The event of the week has been the sensational advance of wheat to 83 cents for cash on Thursday, a rise of 5½ cents, and its fall to 77 on Thursday, gaining 1½ on Friday. The rise was magnified by covering of speculative sellers who imagined the advance had gone too far, but was at the bottom based on an extraordinary foreign demand, which has engaged grain vessels from all Pacific as well as Atlantic ports for months ahead. How great the shortage in ordinary European supplies may be is the point of doubt and speculation, but none now question that shipments from the Pacific coast to India and the decrease in Russian yield are important, and the buying of enormous quantities for export, with engagements of freight room at higher rates, express the belief of European dealers.

Wheat exports from the Pacific coast are large, and over 600,000 bushels per day have been engaged ahead for some time. The Atlantic exports about 900,000 bushels larger than last year for the week, have been, in October, 6,570,213 bushels, flour included, against 5,086,388 last year. Corn moves largely and at lower prices, having declined a cent for the week. Cotton has advanced a sixteenth to eight cents, with only moderate transactions and heavy receipts from plantations. Estimates of the yield vary all the way from Mr. Neil's 9,000,000 bales to much less than 8,000,000, but the impression grows that the yield will be large.

The most striking feature of industrial returns is the number of contracts conditioned upon the election. The movement of currency to the interior has been only \$8,500,000 for the week, and the market for commercial loans has been dull. The volume of business shown by exchanges has been 8.7 per cent. less than last year and 4.6 per cent. less than in 1893.

Failures for the week have been 274 in the United States, against 231 last year, and 60 in Canada, against 38 last year.

Escaped From the United States Jail at Fort Smith, Ark.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Oct. 24.—Nine prisoners confined in the United States jail here succeeded in making their escape some time during the night, and have not yet been recaptured. Their names and the crimes charged against them follow:

Phil Roberts, burglary; Ed. Rodgers, Bill Edmunds, Grant Prime, Warren Willis, robbery; Will Roberts, Jack Colbert, larceny; Bunk Parker, robbing a post office; and Henry Beecher, counterfeiting, all Indian territory criminals.

BRYAN'S ROUND-UP.

Beginning of the Week's Campaign in Illinois—Sixteen Speeches in One Day at Various Points—He Will Make Another Brief Trip Into Wisconsin the Latter Part of the Week, Going as Far as Madison.

PEORIA, Ill., Oct. 24.—Mr. Bryan's first day of his week of rounding-up in Illinois took him across the central part of the state, beginning at Danville in the morning and ending at Peoria last evening. Rain fell at some of the earlier places where he spoke, but beyond a rawness in the air the rest of the day was not bad for campaigning. There were some novelties introduced in the receptions given the candidate. He rode through the streets of Decatur in a horseless carriage and at Mattoon was carried from the train to the place where the speaking took place on a decorated platform on which he sat.

The wildness of the welcome given the candidate was almost unprecedented in his campaign. It was impossible to get through the throngs that pressed between his carriage and both the platforms from which he was expected to speak, and he addressed his audiences in each instance from the vehicle.

Two speeches were made at Springfield, the state capital and the home of Senator John M. Palmer, who is in the race for the presidency on the gold democratic ticket. Gov. Altgeld was fulfilling his engagements elsewhere in the state, and consequently could not welcome the head of the national ticket.

The meetings at Decatur, Springfield and Peoria were attended by great crowds and the enthusiasm shown was fairly rampant. Mr. Bryan spoke twice in each of these cities and also talked at Danville, Paris, Charlestown, Mattoon, Sullivan, Petersburg, Havana and Pekin.

The train was in charge of Col. W. S. Cantrell, railroad and warehouse commissioner of Illinois, and through his efforts Mr. Bryan was able to fulfill his engagements with greater promptitude than in other states where the committees persistently kept him behind the scheduled time. Sixteen speeches was the day's record. Three speeches were made by Mr. Bryan on his trip from Springfield to Peoria.

There were 3,000 people at Petersburg, about 5,000 at Havana, and 1,000 at Pekin.

At 11:30 last night Mr. Bryan left Peoria for Ottawa, where he will begin his speech-making this morning.

Another Trip Through Wisconsin.
NEWARK, Oct. 24.—The Democratic state central committee has perfected arrangements with the national committee whereby W. J. Bryan will again be heard in Wisconsin before the close of the campaign.

Mr. Bryan will make a number of speeches in Chicago and throughout the state during the latter days of the month. He will leave Chicago on the evening of Thursday, October 29, and proceed to Green Bay, where he will deliver an address at eight o'clock on the following morning. Mr. Bryan will then take a special train with Madison as the objective point, a on the trip stops will be made at De Pere, Kaukauna, Appleton, Neenah, Menasha, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Janesville, Watertown, Jefferson, Port Atkinson, Milton Junction and Janesville, at all of which places the presidential candidate will speak.

A time table announcing when Mr. Bryan's special will arrive at the several places will be made out and announced to-morrow. Mr. Bryan will be accompanied on the trip by Hon. E. C. Wall and ex-Gov. George W. Peck.

GOV. ALTGELD

Fires a Few Hot Shots at William R. Morrison.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—Gov. Altgeld was at first disposed to allow the published attack of Wm. R. Morrison upon him to pass with a general reference to the disappointed aspirations of Mr. Morrison, but the governor's friends insisted upon something more specific. In reply to the question asked by a reporter:

"Did or did not Mr. Morrison beg you to assist in making him president of the United States?"

The governor replied:

"Yes, he did, and I was rather surprised at the request, for I assure you I thought that Wm. R. Morrison knew that he was a political corpse until I heard that voice from the coffin last spring beseeching me to assist in making him president of the United States. It would not be proper for me to go into details, but Morrison's animus is easily discernible. I have not read his attack on me. I understand it is not worth reading. It is a wonder that Mr. Morrison did not reflect that the man he now abuses is the self-same man he asked to assist him to the highest office in the gift of the nation a few months ago. There are several suggestive epithets in common use which are appropriately applied to creatures who act like that. I need not particularize these epithets. They will come to the lips of every manly man who despises treachery, cowardice and malignity."

Gov. Altgeld almost collapsed at the close of a 40-minute speech at the People's institute Thursday evening, but after resting 15 minutes he was able to go to the Twelfth Street Turner hall, where he delivered another address.

SIR JULIAN PAUNCEFOTE,

The British Ambassador Returns to Washington.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The British ambassador, Sir Julian Pouncefote, has lost no time after his long absence in London in resuming his diplomatic functions in Washington. Within 24 hours of his return he had a short interview with the secretary of state, after which Sir Julian called at the executive mansion and left his card for the president.

Sir Julian's call Friday was merely one of courtesy.

HELD UP IN BLUE CUT.

The Spot Made Famous by the James Gang

The Scene of Another Train Robbery—Masked Men Capture the Engineer and Fireman and Rob the Express Car.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 24.—Blue Cut, between Independence and Glendale, Mo., was the scene of another train robbery at 5:40 o'clock last evening. Chicago & Alton passenger train No. 48 was held up by four bandits, who compelled the engineer to use his coal hammer to break open a safe. One of the robbers went through the passenger cars pretending to take a poll, while the others attended to the express messenger, fireman and engineer. It is said the robbers got but a small amount.

This is the second time that a Chicago & Alton train has been robbed in Blue Cut, which was made famous by a robbery by the James boys. Inspector Flahive, of Kansas City, left with a posse of eight men for the place where the robbery occurred. It is about twelve miles from Kansas City. The train robbed was a fast express en route from Chicago to Kansas City. None of the passengers were molested, and many of them did not know a robbery had occurred. The train was stopped by displaying a red flag. Not one shot was fired. The bandits had Winchester, and are supposed to have had horses hitched close at hand.

The train was in charge of Conductor A. J. Fell and Engineer James Walton. At the entrance to Blue Cut it was flagged. Walton reversed his engine and brought the train to a standstill in the midst of the cut. It was pitch dark. He looked out from his cab to ascertain the trouble when a gruff voice commanded him to get out of the cab and be quick about it. Walton looked into the muzzle of a shotgun and obeyed. Fireman Post did likewise. Two more men emerged from the darkness and mounted the engine. One of them picked up the fireman's coal pick.

The engineer and fireman were then marched to the express car. Messenger Andy Shields was commanded to open up. He at first refused, but finally complied when convinced that Post's life was in danger. The bandits then entered the car, rifled the money packages, securing \$300 and a quantity of jewelry. The hold-up occupied altogether about five minutes. The passengers knew nothing of it until long after the engine had been cut loose.

Conductor Fell describes the men as being short and heavy with dark hair. Their faces were masked. They carried shotguns and revolvers. Inspector Flahive and eight picked men left Kansas City on a special train immediately after the report of the robbery reached here. The robbers are supposed to be railroad men, from the fact that they knew how to handle the engine.

UNIVERSALLY CENSURED.

The Dastardly Assault Upon Secretary Carlisle at Covington Severely Criticized.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The treatment of Secretary Carlisle Thursday night was the subject of earnest talk among politicians of both parties in this city yesterday. Democratic leaders denounce and disavow the actions of those who assaulted the secretary, and republicans, while condemning the acts committed, profess the belief that the insult will help the cause of sound money in that state and elsewhere.

"The conduct of the crowd at Secretary Carlisle's meeting in Covington last night," said Chairman Babcock of the republican congressional committee, "cannot be condemned in terms too severe. Secretary Carlisle is an honored son of that state; one of her representative citizens, and went there to speak for the cause in which he believed. He was entitled to decent treatment under any circumstances, but especially in his own town and among the people with whom he was personally acquainted. The conduct of the crowd in assaulting the secretary was an attack not only upon the man, but upon the high office he holds."

"This rowdism," he said, "will lose the party represented by the men who committed this dastardly attack thousands of votes."

Chairman Butler, of the national populist committee, discussing the Carlisle incident, said:

"I regret any such conduct towards any man, however much I may oppose his position or however much I may object to his views."

"Good citizens cannot," said Mr. Butler, "indorse such proceedings."

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS

At Washington Thinning Out at Election Day Approaches.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The executive departments are beginning to show the thinning out incident to the approaching presidential election. All the departments have furnished campaign orators, and from the treasury alone no less than 15 officials or employees are actually engaged in campaign talk. Secretary Carlisle and the higher officials are supporting Palmer, while the under democratic officials are campaigning for Bryan.

SOUTHERN GLEANINGS.

The T. P. Leathers Bank.
At four o'clock the other afternoon, while the great lower river stern wheeler T. P. Leathers was on her way down the river with a cargo of 1,700 bales of cotton, 9,000 sacks of cotton seed and a lot of cotton seed oil, and was about three miles above Natchez, she began taking water. Her crew commenced to jettison her cargo, throwing overboard several hundred bales of cotton and several thousand sacks of cotton seed, in the hope of saving her. These efforts proved unavailing. She was run into the bank at Palo Alto point, and

THE CHRONICLE

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, OCT. 29, 1896.

FOR CONGRESS 4TH DISTRICT.

THOMAS S. FLOWMAN,
Of Talladega.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN,
Of Nebraska.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
ARTHUR M. SEWALL,
Of Maine.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORS.

First district—E. L. Russell.
Second district—John D. Burnett.
Third district—T. M. E. Sp.
Fourth district—W. B. Browne.
Fifth district—T. L. Bulger.
Sixth district—J. J. Mayfield.
Seventh district—M. D. Sibert.
Eighth district—E. B. Almon.
Ninth district—C. B. Powell.

STATE AT LARGE.

S. W. John, J. W. A. Sanford.

LET US REASON TOGETHER.

The campaign now rapidly drawing to a close, and so far as the Chronicle is concerned will end with this issue, has been a most remarkable one viewed from every standpoint. Never before in the history of American politics have the people as a whole been so tenacious of individual views, and showed so little disposition to fall in line, or to submit to coercion by the party lash. Even now at the close of this the most extraordinary political battle ever fought in this country there are hundreds, yea thousands of voters in Alabama who are undecided as to what course to pursue. They are completely at sea, and having no fixed opinion, and for fear of voting against their interest, many have concluded that rather than take the risk they will remain away from the polls. They lose sight of the fact that in failing to vote for Bryan they are in reality aiding McKinley to the extent of half a vote. This being true, and no one after due reflection will deny it, let us reason together and see if we cannot come to a better understanding of the situation that confronts us.

There are five presidential tickets in the field for Alabama voters to select from. Three of these however are mere side shows and stand on earthy show not only of election but even of polling a respectable vote. This leaves then only two from which to select—Bryan and Sewall or McKinley and Hobart. Choose you this day which you will serve. Of course you can vote for either of the three side-show tickets if you see proper, but the only thing accomplished would be an indirect half vote cast for McKinley. Surely a majority of the voters of Shelby county do not desire the election of McKinley and the return of the republican party to power. Yet if any considerable number fail to vote they will by so doing help to bring about this result.

Now a few words as to the democratic platform. It is not entirely as we would have it, but in comparison with the republican it is far preferable. There never has been nor never will be written a party platform that every individual can subscribe to in its entirety; neither is it possible in so large a country, each portion of which has interests directly at variance with other sections, to put forth a platform that would suit all of the varied interests of these different sections. It is an utter impossibility. A party goes before a nation with its platform, and not before the east, west, north or south. Therefore any man claiming to be a democrat who refuses to support the ticket because one or more planks in the platform does not meet his approval, could not find a more flimsy excuse behind which to hide. To be plain it is nonsense.

A word to the populists and we close. The democratic party offers you every reform you have been clamoring for since your defection from her ranks. If you were sincere in your demand for the free coinage of silver, it is now possible to obtain it, but only in one way. If you vote the Bryan and Sewall electoral ticket you will aid in the election of a man pledged to free silver. If you vote for Bryan and Watson, you virtually throw your vote away since their electors have no possible chance of carrying Alabama. Don't overlook the fact that Bryan is your nominee also, and in good faith you should support him. And don't persuade yourself that it would be dishonorable to abandon Watson for we can't conceive how you can so construe it when to vote for him is not only throwing your vote away, but indirectly aiding in

the election of McKinley. If you are sincere in the views you have always advocated your only consistent course is to vote for Bryan and Sewall.

A MOBILE special of recent date has this to say concerning the shipment of corn to Mexico: "Mobile has been supplying a quantity of corn to Mexico during the past few months on account of the drought, which left a large area of that country without a supply. Colonel Maguire stated that the receipts of corn from Mobile at Tampico had also been sent from Pensacola. He stated that Vera Cruz and Pueblo were free ports for sixty days longer. On account of the drought, the government had allowed the grain into the ports free of duty. Tampico had 5,000 tons free, San Luis Potosi had had her complement of 5,000 tons also, and now the only ports which have not yet received their complement free of duty are Vera Cruz, Pueblo and Guanajuata. The Colonel stated that there is a demand for at least 10,000,000 bushels."

Doctors say that an apple at night is the best kind of medicine. It is rich in phosphoric acid, excites the action of the liver, promotes sleep and disinfects the mouth. It relieves indigestion, and is one of the best preventives of throat disease. One doctor remarked to a patient who consulted him, that an apple eaten just before going to bed was so excellent in its effect upon the stomach and blood that it deserved to be called a beauty pill. Seldom is medicine prescribed in a more palatable form than as an apple, and so large is the crop that no one this year need deny himself this cure.

A DISCOVERY not pleasing has been made in regard to our crack naval cruisers. It has been found that they will not hold ammunition enough to carry them through a regular sea fight. This, after so much time and money having been spent on them, and so many reams of paper covered with mathematical calculations, looks as though there was not so much brains to the cubic inch in an expert's skull after all. It is not likely our cruisers will be called on to fight a battle. Still, we would like to think they could do so if they needed to, especially as they cost over \$1,000,000 apiece.

THE Louisville and Nashville Railroad is doing the biggest business just now that they have ever done—not only here at Montgomery, but all over the entire system. To give some idea of the immense business they are doing they handled over 5,000 car loads of freight from this city south during September. In addition to this big rush of freight business—which keeps every car on the line busy—they handle every day about 40 cars of slag to be used in ballasting the road between here and Pollard.—Montgomery Advertiser.

Those who are given to smoking will be glad to learn that smoking can be made free from ill effects. Dr. Cantrelet directs that a piece of cotton wool may be steeped in a 5 per cent. solution of pyrogallol acid and inserted in the pipe or cigar-holder. He claims that this method will neutralize any possible ill effect of the nicotine. Such ill effects as headache, furring of tongue and more serious ills can be avoided by the above process.

SPAIN is surely getting in a bad way when an attempt is made upon the life of its child king. An effort was made to wreck the train on which the 10-year-old monarch was traveling, but the plot was frustrated. This hereditary ruler is not in any sense to blame for Spanish oppression or suffering. It is brutal and fiendish to try to take his life because of something for which he is in no way responsible.

FIFTY prominent ladies of Brooklyn have combined in a Dress Culture club, pledged to wear dresses three inches from the ground in fair weather and six inches on rainy or snowy days. The way to begin is to begin, and this new departure seems moderate and sensible.

THE reign of the bicycle is threatened by the coming of a new kind of roller skate, made with pneumatic tired wheels, and giving to the user a speed of about twelve miles an hour. All sorts of distinguished people in Europe have taken to this form of recreation.

THE money in circulation increased \$43,132,655, in September. On October 1st, the total circulation outside the treasury holdings was \$1,582,392,289. Estimating the population at 71,744,000, the money supply would be \$22.61 per capita. It was \$21.10 on July 1st.

THERE is a vast difference between a man who will work and a man who is willing to work. The first will starve while waiting for something to turn up, while the other will turn something up or bust.

THERE are popocrats, Hanneocrats, democrats, gold bugs, silver bugs and water bugs. These last are the prohibitionists.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

WORK OF W. F. ALDRICH.

WOULD MAKE CHATTELED SLAVES OF HIS EMPLOYEES.

AFFIDAVIT OF W. R. WEAVER.

Swears He and Others were Discharged By Aldrich Because They Voted the Democratic Ticket—Had Worked in Montevallo Mine 25 Years.

In the contest in the Fourth district we have three candidates: Mr. E. H. Dryer, the nominee of the gold standard bolters; Mr. T. S. Plowman, the nominee of the democracy; and Mr. W. F. Aldrich, a republican, who intends to vote for McKinley, but who, strange to say, is the nominee of the populists. That scarcely any democrats, who participated in our primaries, and who from honor and from interest are bound by the result, will support Mr. Dryer is an assured fact. This narrows the race to Mr. Aldrich, a lifelong republican and supporter of McKinley, Hobart and Hanna on the one side and Mr. Plowman, a lifelong democrat and a supporter of Bryan, Sewall and reform on the other. The question naturally arises, which of these two is entitled to the support of the white people of this district, at least that portion of the white people which believe that the declaration of independence was not in vain, and that as our forefathers achieved their political independence from the mother country so shall we achieve our financial independence.

It is said, and it is true, that on the real issues involved in this campaign the democracy and the populists are in substantial accord and it is therefore of the utmost importance that their forces be not divided in the face of the common enemy. Mr. Aldrich is willing to accept the populist nomination, but he will not surrender his republican ties and associations. He may claim that he will vote for the free coinage of silver, but at the same time he provides in advance that his vote shall be fruitless by the election of Mr. McKinley, who is pledged to the veto of such a bill should it with Mr. Aldrich's help run the gauntlet of a republican house. Is this evidence of a sincere belief in the free coinage of silver?

The campaign committee of the populist party has recently denounced Mr. Kolb and Mr. Bowman for supporting Mr. Sewall for vice president on the ground that Sewall is a corporationist and the president of a national bank. Yet with stronger inconsistency the same men helped to procure the nomination, and are now actively promoting the candidacy of Mr. Aldrich, perhaps the wealthiest man in the district, the head of one of its largest corporations, and the vice president and director of the Berney National Bank of Birmingham. This is not said to the discredit of Mr. Aldrich, but it fully exposes the hypocrisy of those who have a case of mental hydrophobia at the mention of Sewall's name.

There is this difference, however, between Mr. Sewall and Mr. Aldrich. The one will vote for Bryan in order that his professed principles may be enacted into law; the other will vote for Mr. McKinley in order that it may be impossible for those principles to succeed.

There is another and a vital difference. We are now engaged in the most momentous struggle ever witnessed in this country. The war of rebellion was fought on the issue of black slavery. This war of ballots involves the question shall the white man be free? All over the country the cry has gone out that the corporations have ordered their employees to vote for McKinley on pain of dismissal. Men who are paid for their time must throw in their liberty. Every day we see instances of men forced to join McKinley clubs and wear McKinley badges against their will on the alternative that their wives and children shall be turned out to starve.

A sad day will it be for Alabama when such practices become general here. We have always been proud of the fact that if such things existed elsewhere we at least were free. But is it so? Not entirely.

When Mr. Aldrich was a candidate for congress two years ago he employed upwards of a hundred men. Many of them lifelong democrats who had spent their lives in his service, who had helped amass his splendid fortune and who were faithful and true. It is said that he assured his men before election that they could vote as they pleased. Whether that is true or not, this is certain: After the election every man that voted for Robbins, some sixteen in number, were discharged for no other cause than their refusal to betray the party to which they had belonged. One of them, Mr. William R. Weaver, than whom there is no more honorable in Shelby county, makes affidavit to the fact. Read it and also the certificate of Mr. C. B. West attached.

State of Alabama—Shelby County.—I, C. B. West, a justice of the peace in and for said state and county, hereby certify that I am the person before whom the affidavit of William Weaver was taken. I reside near Montevallo mines of which Mr. W. F. Aldrich is the owner. I know the affiant William Weaver and the other men mentioned in his affidavit relative to the discharge of men who voted against Mr. Aldrich when he ran for congress in 1894. The men were discharged for voting the democratic ticket. Mr. Weaver is an honorable, hard working man, one of the best

FACTS, FICTION.

In view of the numerous exaggerated statements constantly appearing in the newspapers I desire to impress upon the minds of the public the fact that

This Store Always Sells Goods Exactly as Advertised.

—NO DODGING HERE.—
Yard-wide with us means 36 inches. We give 16 ounces for a pound.

Yard-wide Sheetting, good quality 41c
Good cotton Checks..... 31c
Don't forget that we can sell you good heavy
Jeans at 9c
Blue and gray Flannels..... 10c. and up
Good Red Flannel, all wool..... 13c
HANDSOME LINE OF DRESS GOODS,
consisting of Henriettas, of all shades,
Woolenets, Basket Flannels, all-wool
Brocades, Suitings, Mohairs, etc., etc.,
Draperies, beautiful designs, Eiderdown,
best quality and lovely shades.

SHOES! SHOES!
Don't fail to see our line of solid leather
Polkas at..... 69c
Another big lot of Ladies' Dongolas button,
worth \$1.50, our price..... 98c
Big line of Childrens' Misses and Boy's School
Shoes. A well-selected

Ladies' Congress Suits and

Stock of BOY'S AND MEN'S CLOTHING
... at prices that will astonish you. ...
Men's good Jeans Pants at 59c
Double Mackintoshes, coat and cape..... \$2 49
—BIG STOCK—
MEN'S : AND : BOY'S : HATS!
Boy's Wool Hats..... 23c. and up
Men's " 49c
Men's Fur Hats 98c. and up
A good Fur Hat, brand "J. F. Pope's Leader," \$1 39
Bedsteads..... \$1.25 and up
Have just purchased second bill of Dress Goods,
consisting of black Fancy Brocades, in silk
and wool plaid..... 35c
Henriettas, cream, pink and blue, (in boucle), 50c
Handsome Ladies' Cloth, black and tan; such
beautiful Feather Mufflers, fascinator for
all the ladies.
Just received, more SHOES! SHOES. We
can't keep them. Men's congress SUNDAY
Shoes at \$1.00
The ladies are especially invited to call and see
our complete line of Millinery.

A Large and Well-Selected Stock of Millinery

... and prices to suit all. ... CALL AND SEE ...

MY BIG STOCK OF FURNITURE!
BEDS, BUREAUS, DRESSERS and CHAIRS.
You will at all times find here a full stock of

Staple and Fancy Groceries

at prices that will sell them. Keep your eye on my advertisement and see the new arrivals. Tell your neighbors I want 10,000 bushels Cotton Seed. Will pay spot cash for same. I pay the highest market price for Cotton. Be sure to see my stock before you make your purchases. Respectfully,

J. F. POPE, Wilsonville, Ala.

citizens in Alabama who is now farming on his place near here. He worked at the Montevallo mines for twenty-five years prior to his discharge in November, 1894.

Witness my hand this the 10th day of October, 1896.

C. B. West, J. P.

State of Alabama, Shelby county.
Before me, C. B. West, a justice of the peace in and for said state and county, personally appeared William Weaver, whom is known to me, and whom I certify to be a person of good moral character and worthy of credit, who being duly sworn deposes and says as follows:

I reside near Montevallo in Shelby county, Alabama, and have mined coal in Montevallo mines for twenty-five years, and worked there up to the second Monday in November, 1894. I have always voted the democratic ticket, and when Mr. W. F. Aldrich, the owner of the Montevallo mines, ran for congress in 1894, I voted against him as he was a republican. My sons, Richard, Frank and William T., also worked there and they voted against Mr. Aldrich also. We did not work against Mr. Aldrich as he was our employer, but simply voted the democratic ticket as we had been raised up to do.

The morning after the election we went to the mouth of the coal pit to work as usual, and found a notice posted at said entrance which read in substance as follows: "All the men who voted for Robbins cannot work until they see me. (Signed) W. F. Aldrich, President."

There were about sixteen of us who voted against him, and their names and residences are as follows: Myself and Robert Kenneman, who live at Aldrich, Ala.; Richard, Frank and William Weaver, who live at Maline, Ala.; Richard Nash, Blocton, Ala.; Mick Nash, Blocton, Ala.; Nuck Kuffner, John Kuffner, Belle Ellen, Ala.; Henry Harris, Imogene, Ala.; Buck Harris, Belle Ellen, Ala.; Jim Gentry, Jim Summer, Sr., and Jim Summer, Jr., Blocton, Ala.; and Bryant Ingram, Maline, Ala.

We saw Mr. Aldrich the second morning after the election at his office. We then asked him what he meant by that notice. After talking awhile Mr. Aldrich remarked you all say this is a free country. Well I reckon it is. You have done as you pleased and I will do as I please. Work is scarce and what employment I have, I will give it to my friends. We then went to the office and had a settlement.

The men Mr. Aldrich discharged were all good, reliable and law abiding citizens, who had worked many years for him.

W. R. WEAVER.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this the 10th day of October, 1896.
C. B. WEST, J. P.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by Parker & Armstrong.

Wilsonville Waifs.

Drummers were not a rarity last week.

Quite a number of people were present to witness the ordinances of baptism conducted by Rev. McCord last Sunday. His appointment for Sunday night was filled by Rev. Kidd of Vincent.

H. C. DuBoise, of Columbiana, and W. W. Wallace, of Harpersville, were present at the Literary Society Friday night. Though the Literary was almost a failure we trust that they will not desert us in the future.

Amongst the hearers of Rev. Whittle's lecture at this place Thursday night were several of Shelby's most promising young people. I regret not being able to give all their names. The lecture was, to say the least, one of the grandest orations that has ever been delivered from the rostrum of Wilsonville. We are waiting with overflowing anxiety to hear him lecture from the various subjects he presents. His eloquence and oratory are worthy of much praise.

The Literary Society will convene Friday night, November 6, at Capt. J. W. Bolin's. The programme will be as follows:
Recitation by Miss Georgia Pope.
Quartet—Miss Sallie Bolin, soprano; Miss Ella Brown, alto; J. M. Kyle, tenor; J. C. Jackson, bass.
Debate by entire Society. Subject—"Which has done the greater service to mankind, the printing press or the steam engine?"
Recitation by Miss P. Pope.

BOURGEOIS.

RE-PUBLICATION

...OF...

Pickett's History of Alabama.

So many inquiries have been made for information of where copies of this work, by the late Col. Albert J. Pickett, could be had, and so many applications received for the purchase of the few remaining copies in the possession of the members of the family, both from this and other states, and the work has attracted such general interest, alike from the character and accuracy of its contents, that it has been determined to re-publish a limited edition of this valuable work in improved form and perfect in illustrations, and offer it for sale at such a reasonable price that those desiring copies may, by becoming subscribers, procure them.

To the inhabitants of this State, Georgia, Mississippi and Florida, there is no work that can supply the place of Pickett's History of Alabama. The early history of the Southwest must ever remain a source of attractive and profitable study and entertainment to every scholar and public man.

A devotion of a lifetime of study and investigation, by the eminent author of this work, when the events were fresh in his patient scrutiny, has been rewarded by the ascertainment of the exact truth, and has given this History a value not always distinctive of such record.

This work is being printed by an Alabama establishment, and it is to be hoped that the limited edition of 3,000 copies will be all sold in this State. Every family in Alabama should possess a copy, in order that the history of our State should be made familiar to all of its people.

The book will contain about 650 pages, in one volume, fully illustrated. Price \$3.00 per copy, and will be ready for delivery about September 20.

RANDOLPH PUBLISHING CO.,
No. 10 SOUTH TWENTIETH ST.,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of some simple thing to patent?

Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth.

Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, 110 N. 3rd St., St. Louis, Mo., for a free order and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect June 21 1895.

No. 401	No. 402	No. 403	No. 404
1:00 pm	1:00 pm	1:00 pm	1:00 pm
6:20 pm	6:20 pm	6:20 pm	6:20 pm
9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm
No. 405	No. 406	No. 407	No. 408
1:00 pm	1:00 pm	1:00 pm	1:00 pm
6:20 pm	6:20 pm	6:20 pm	6:20 pm
9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm

No. 409	No. 410	No. 411	No. 412
1:00 pm	1:00 pm	1:00 pm	1:00 pm
6:20 pm	6:20 pm	6:20 pm	6:20 pm
9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm
No. 413	No. 414	No. 415	No. 416
1:00 pm	1:00 pm	1:00 pm	1:00 pm
6:20 pm	6:20 pm	6:20 pm	6:20 pm
9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm

No. 417	No. 418	No. 419	No. 420
1:00 pm	1:00 pm	1:00 pm	1:00 pm
6:20 pm	6:20 pm	6:20 pm	6:20 pm
9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm
No. 421	No. 422	No. 423	No. 424
1:00 pm	1:00 pm	1:00 pm	1:00 pm
6:20 pm	6:20 pm	6:20 pm	6:20 pm
9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm

No. 425	No. 426	No. 427	No. 428
1:00 pm	1:00 pm	1:00 pm	1:00 pm
6:20 pm	6:20 pm	6:20 pm	6:20 pm
9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm
No. 429	No. 430	No. 431	No. 432
1:00 pm	1:00 pm	1:00 pm	1:00 pm
6:20 pm	6:20 pm	6:20 pm	6:20 pm
9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm	9:30 pm

No. 12 Pullman Sleeping car Knoxville to Asheville and Hot Springs to New York.

No. 16 Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping car Knoxville to Norfolk, Connecticut and Norfolk with staterooms for Baltimore, New York and Boston.

Connection at Green Bay with U. S. East Mail train for Washington and New York.

NOTICE.

Tax Assessor's and Tax Collector's Rounds.

We will attend at the following places at the times named below for the purpose of assessing the state and county taxes for the year 1897 and collecting the state and county taxes for the year 1896. Additional cost after the last day of January.

SECOND ROUND.

- Bainford, beat 5, Tuesday, November 10.
- Gurnee, beat 4, Wednesday, November 11.
- Dogwood, beat 4, Thursday, November 12.
- Montevallo, beat 4, Friday, November 13.
- Calera, beat 3, Saturday, November 14.
- Bridgeton, beat 13, Monday, November 16.
- Highland, beat 12, Tuesday November 17.
- Helena, beat 6, Wednesday, November 18.
- Pellham, beat 17, Thursday, November 19.
- Bragg's Tank, beat 7, Friday, November 20.
- Longview, beat 7, Saturday, November 21.
- Columbiana, beat 1, Monday, November 23.
- Spring Creek, beat 2, Tuesday, November 24.
- Shelby, beat 1, Wednesday, November 25.
- Wilsonville, beat 8, Thursday, November 26.
- Harpersville, beat 10, Friday, November 27.
- Vincent, beat 16, Saturday, November 28.
- Weldon, beat 11, Monday, November 30.
- Martins, beat 8, Tuesday, December 1.
- Vandiver, beat 14, Wednesday, December 2.
- Dunnivant, beat 18, Thursday, December 3.
- Sterrett, beat 15, Friday, December 4.

Tax payers will please meet us promptly with legal description of real estate. Otherwise the assessor cannot be responsible for error that may occur in land numbers. Have a correct list of personal property, and come prepared to pay taxes for 1896. Will be in Columbiana from December 19th to the last day of December, except the 25th. On all taxes not paid by the last of January 8 per cent interest will be charged. Tax books will positively be closed by March 1, 1897.

JOHN S. FITTS,
Tax Assessor Shelby County.
JOHN H. ROBERTSON,
Tax Collector Shelby County.

900 Drops
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of **OLD DR. SAMUEL PITCHER**
Pumpkin Seed -
Aloes Senna -
Rhubarb Sulfate -
Aloe Sulfate -
Peppermint -
Syrup of Marshmallows -
Syrup of Gum Arabic -
Syrup of Gum Tragacanth -
Syrup of Gum Benzoin -
Syrup of Gum Myrror -
Syrup of Gum Gaiac -
Syrup of Gum Sassafras -
Syrup of Gum Turpentine -
Syrup of Gum Rosin -
Syrup of Gum Copal -
Syrup of Gum Benzoin -
Syrup of Gum Myrror -
Syrup of Gum Gaiac -
Syrup of Gum Sassafras -
Syrup of Gum Turpentine -
Syrup of Gum Rosin -
Syrup of Gum Copal -
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

**SEE
THAT THE
FAC-SIMILE
SIGNATURE
OF
Chas. H. Fletcher
IS ON THE
WRAPPER
OF EVERY
BOTTLE OF
CASTORIA**

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A. The fac-simile signature of **Chas. H. Fletcher** is on every wrapper.

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
COLUMBIANA, OCT. 29, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year, \$1.00
One copy six months, .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Southern Railway.
NEW SCHEDULE.
No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 3:28 p.m.
No. 16, passenger, leaves going north, 11:37 a.m.
No. 63, local, leaves going south, 7:45 a. m.
No. 64, local, leaves going north, 1:20 p. m.

Post Office
Mail closes 11:07 a. m.
Trains due, 11:37 a. m. and 3:28 p. m.
Mails open 1:30 p. m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 3:28 p. m.

LOCAL VIVISCOPE.

W. S. Cary, of Montevallo, spent Friday last in town.

W. R. A. Milner was a visitor to the Capitol city Tuesday.

Mrs. Tom Seales, of Selma, is a guest of Mrs. Porter's family.

The best 5-cent cigar in town.
HAMMOND & THOMPSON.

J. H. Weldon, of Wilsonville, paid our thriving town a visit Tuesday.

Miss Eva Weaver left Friday for a visit to friends in Birmingham and Calera.

Henry Anchors came home Tuesday from Anniston to remain until after the holidays.

Try Gold Dust Washing Compound—the best thing on earth for dishes or laundry.

HAMMOND & THOMPSON.

Mrs. J. D. Mason returned home Monday from a week's visit to relatives in Childersburg.

Mrs. M. Walker, of Benton, who has been visiting relatives here, returned home Monday.

Misses Nellie Parker and T. Hammond left Monday for Montevallo to enter the Industrial school.

Six pounds of best Rio coffee or five pounds of Arbuckle's coffee for \$1.00.
HAMMOND & THOMPSON.

Johnson & White have just completed an addition to their store-room, which will be used exclusively for their clothing and hat department.

FOR SALE—A five room dwelling on East College street, near Academy. Almost new, just been newly painted. Will be sold at a bargain for cash. Apply to editor Chronicle for full particulars.

Hon. Tennent Lomax, of Montgomery, delivered a magnificent speech to a small audience yesterday in the court house. He is a polished orator, and whether he made any converts or not, his speech was eagerly listened to.

We have a nice, clean, new stock of groceries which we propose to sell as cheap as any firm in town. Turkeys, onions, apples, coconuts, potatoes, pickles or in fact any edible you want cheap for cash. Give us a call.
HAMMOND & THOMPSON.

Editor N. A. Graham, of Calera, fell the latter part of last week and broke the small bone of his left arm near the wrist. Considering that he only fell about three feet the result is rather remarkable. We hope he may soon regain the full use of his arm.

We hustled like blazes this week for locals, but met with miserably poor luck finding any. Of course we will get roundly abused for their absence, but if people won't get a move on them and give us something to say about them, then we don't propose to fill the paper with stuff manufactured by our pen.

Prof. Greek informed us yesterday that during his recent illness the department of the scholars was almost perfect, so the teachers in charge reported to him. They were on their good behavior as a mark of respect to the principal. This is not intended to imply that the scholars usually misbehave, but a rumor to that effect recently gained currency, and being unfounded, called for this explanation.

Died, Friday night at 10 o'clock, Pauline, only child of Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Husbands, aged two years and one month. She was a bright interesting baby and the joy of her parents' lives. We deeply sympathize with the bereaved ones, but God alone can heal their broken hearts and to Him we commit them, remembering

"It was not in anger, not in wrath,
The reaper came that day;
'Twas an angel visited the earth,
And took the flower away."

A Card.

Before leaving for our lonely home, we wish to extend sincere thanks to the good people of Columbiana for their great kindness and sympathy for us during this the greatest trial of life.

The remembrance of you will ever be a sweet solace; and when the sunset of life is reached we desire to sleep among you by the side of our little darling.

Mr. & Mrs. L. P. HUSBANDS.
Columbiana, Oct. 27, 1896.

Shelby County Matrimonial Bureau.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Walter Ozley and Miss Jennie Lee Bailey, of Calera.

J. W. Maddox and Miss Laura E. Sullivan, of near Montevallo.

Theodore G. Florey and Miss Sallie Martin, of Harpersville.

Wm. C. Powell and Mrs. Bello Stone, of Four Mile.

COLORS.
Sidney Perry and Augusta M. Fisher of Montevallo.

Charley Lee and Ada Petty, of near Helena.

Joseph Sterrett and Mary McClanahan, of Columbiana, Rev. Wm Murphy officiating.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VOTERS.
COLUMBIANA, ALA., Oct. 26, 1896.

DEAR SIR:

The sudden and unexpected death of Hon. Martin D. Sibert, one of the Bryan and Sewall democratic electors renders it necessary that his alternate elector, Columbus C. Appleton, be voted for in his stead. His name will not appear on the ticket as it is too late to get it on, therefore pasters have been provided with the name of Columbus C. Appleton printed on it ready crossed, and gummed so that the voter can moisten the paster and paste it over the name of Mr. Sibert, thereby voting for Columbus C. Appleton instead of Martin D. Sibert. You will notice that Mr. Sibert's name is the last on the list of eleven democratic electors heretofore sent you. As heretofore instructed, make a cross mark in front of the other ten democratic electors, but when you come to this name (that of Mr. Sibert) moisten your paster and stick it right over Mr. Sibert's name. In this way you will vote for all eleven of the democratic Bryan and Sewall electors as they stand now.

The above is the plan adopted by the Democratic State Executive committee. However, if for any reason a paster should not be provided for you when you go to vote, you can still vote the entire democratic ticket by writing the name of Columbus C. Appleton in one of the blank spaces immediately under the names of the electors, and BE CERTAIN TO MAKE A CROSS MARK (thus X) BEFORE THE NAME SO WRITTEN, the same as you do before the other ten democratic electors, because you have not voted the written name

until you have made the cross mark before it. Don't make a cross mark before the name of Mr. Sibert, under any circumstances, as he is dead. Please post these notices conspicuously around the voting places, and also let the managers explain it thoroughly to the voters. Also let all democrats explain this matter to all voters desiring to vote for the Bryan and Sewall electors and see that they all vote for Columbus C. Appleton.
Don't forget to vote for your congressman, Thos. S. Plowman.
Yours truly
W. B. BROWNE.
Ch'n Dem. Ex. Com. Shelby Co.

TO THE PEOPLE.

An Appeal and Warning Issued by Chairman Jones.

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—The following appeal and warning, addressed to "The American People," was given to the Southern Associated Press last night by Chairman Jones on behalf of the democratic national committee:

"I note the fact that the great corporations, with scarcely an exception, and many of the larger employers of labor in the United States are engaged in a concentrated effort to coerce their employees into voting at the approaching election against their own convictions. I deem it my duty to call upon all those who believe in the supremacy of the law and the untrammelled freedom of the individual in the right of exercising the ballot, to use their utmost effort to prevent the success of this most flagrant act of lawlessness; for if this conspiracy succeeds, government by corporations will have succeeded government by the people.

"The corporations which thus appeal to force and fraud strike at the very foundations of republican government, and the lovers of free institutions must arouse themselves to save the country from its great peril. Especially should the workmen assert their manhood rights. If they vote their convictions and in accordance with their interests the democratic ticket is certain of election, and in that case the employing corporations will have no desire to embark upon a policy of punishment.

"In the contest that is raging the salvation of the working man lies in the assertion of the polls of his rights as a free and independent American citizen.

"The perpetration of this attempted outrage upon free suffrage will work its own cure. An indignant people, jealous of their rights, will demand that the legislatures, state and national, shall proceed at once by rigorous measures to prevent the possibility of repetition of such attempts hereafter.

"The national committee, backed by the full power of the democratic organizations in every state of the union, pledges itself that every scoundrel, whether public officer or private citizen, who is detected in any violation of the law shall be vigorously prosecuted and sent to the penitentiary, if possible.

"JAMES K. JONES,
"Chm'n Democratic Nat. Com."

Proceedings of Teachers' Institute.

The Shelby County Teachers' Institute met in Wilsonville, Ala., May 22, 1896. The subject, "Shall we have Free Schools in Shelby county," was discussed, and it was agreed that FREE SCHOOLS SHOULD BE ESTABLISHED.

The following motion made by C. H. Florey, was adopted by Institute:

RESOLVED, That we the teachers of Shelby county, in convention assembled, most heartily endorse the movement to secure a system of free public schools for our county, and do hereby earnestly petition the legislature of Alabama to grant the rights of privileges for the establishment of same in this county.

The following resolution in honor of Superintendent Houston was passed:

RESOLVED, That we heartily thank Superintendent Houston for the able manner in which he has managed the schools of the county during his entire administration. May he ever feel that he has the good will of all the teachers.

At the last Institute, which convened in Columbiana, Ala., October 2 and 3, 1896, the following resolutions were adopted:

1. RESOLVED, That we tender our thanks to Ex-Superintendent T. A. Houston for his fair and impartial treatment of the teachers of Shelby county during his term of office, and further, that we shall ever remember him for his kindness.

2. That we, the teachers of Shelby county assembled, do approve of the steps being taken to secure a constitutional convention for a new constitution of Alabama, which shall give us more liberal school laws.

3. That a committee of three be appointed to frame a bill incorporating the ideas set forth in Prof. Hammond's papers, and that we authorize that committee to subscribe our names to same, as a memorial to the legislature for public schools for Shelby county.

4. That we tender our thanks to the good people of Columbiana and highly appreciate the kind reception we have received at their homes.

5. That the thanks of the Institute be tendered the young men composing the string band for their excellent music. Also Misses Smith, O'Hara et al. for their beautiful songs.

6. That a copy of these resolutions be furnished all the county papers for publication.

EDNA GREEN Sec.

HOW TO VOTE.

The Law Relating to Marking Your Ballots November 3.

As there may be some of The Chronicle's many readers who are not familiar with the provisions of the existing election law, we print below a fac-simile of the ballot which said law requires must be used by voters in the election on the 3rd day of November. This ballot will be printed on thick, white paper with black ink, only, in plain type and must contain the names and candidates of all political parties on one and the same ballot. The names of candidates appear in alphabetical order without designation or distinction as to their politics.

In making out his ticket each voter must place a cross (X) mark on the left of each candidate he desires to support. The X mark on the right or in any other juxtaposition will make the ballot void.

OFFICIAL BALLOT.
Federal Election, Tuesday, Nov. 3, 1896.
(Make a cross mark (X) before the name of the candidate of your choice.)

For Electors for President and Vice President of the United States:

Vote for Eleven:

NATHAN H. ALEXANDER.

X EDWARD B. ALMON.

JOHN ANDREWS.

J. B. APPLETON.

F. B. BALDWIN.

J. M. BARNES.

THOMAS B. BICKLEY.

X WILLIAM B. BROWNE.

CHARLES W. BUCKLEY.

X THOMAS L. BULGER.

JOSEPH W. BURKE.

W. P. BURKS.

X JOHN D. BURNETT.

C. E. CRENSHAW.

WILLIAM M. COLEMAN.

O. E. COMSTOCK.

J. B. CUMMING.

ANTHONY R. DAVISON.

L. O. DAWSON.

C. E. DUNN.

X THOMAS M. ESKY.

FREDERICK S. FERGUSON.

NELSON FULLER.

H. P. GAINS.

ALPHEUS B. GASTON.

JOSEPH H. HARRIS.

THOMAS L. HARVEY.

S. A. HOBSON.

DANIEL E. HUGER.

X SAMUEL W. JOHN.

A. B. JONES.

LAURENCE S. KNIGHT.

EDMUND B. LANGLEY.

LAWRENCE H. LEE.

J. C. LESTER.

X JAMES J. MAYFIELD.

J. P. MUDD.

WILLIAM O. MULKEY.

X CHARLES B. POWELL.

CHARLES RATTERY.

R. BARNWELL RHETT.

X EDWARD L. RUSSELL.

X JOHN W. A. SANFORD.

R. L. SEALE.

JOHN G. SEARCY.

JOHN B. SHIELDS.

X MARTIN D. SIBERT.

JOHN A. STEELE.

JOHN W. STEWART.

A. S. STOCKDALE.

J. J. TAYLOR.

NICHOLAS M. WARE.

ANDREW J. WARNER.

MORRIS D. WICKERSHAM.

For Representative in the 55th Congress of the United States, from the Fourth District of the State of Alabama:

Vote for One:

WILLIAM F. ALDRICH.

EDMUND H. DRYE.

X THOMAS S. PLOWMAN.

The candidates of the democratic party are marked with an X, just as you want to vote for electors and congressmen.

Martin D. Sibert, one of the above democratic Bryan and Sewall electors, has died since his name was put on the ticket. You will therefore vote for his alternate, Columbus C. Appleton, though his name does not appear on the ticket. For full instructions as to how to vote for him see letter from Chairman W. B. Browne, published in this paper.

Condensed Testimony.

Chas. B. Hood, Broker and Manufacturer's Agent, Columbus, Ohio, certifies that Dr. King's New Discovery has no equal as a Cough remedy. J. D. Brown, Prop. St. James Hotel, Ft. Wayne, Ind., testifies that he was cured of a Cough of two years standing, caused by La Grippe, by Dr. King's New Discovery. B. F. Merrill, Baldwinville, Mass., says that he has used and recommended it and never knew it to fail and would rather have it than any doctor, because it always cures. Mrs. Hemming, 222 E. 25th St., Chicago, always keeps it at hand and has no fear of Croup, because it instantly relieves. Free Trials Bottles at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

Notice of Application to Sell Real Estate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.
Probate Court, October 23, 1896.

Estate of Jno. T. Cromwell, deceased.

This day came J. L. Peters, administrator of said estate, and filed his application in due form and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therein and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of paying debts, upon the ground that the personal property is insufficient for that purpose. It is ordered that the 14th day of December, 1896, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

D. R. McILLAN,
Judge of Probate.

BUSINESS IS GOOD.

Calmly, smoothly, successfully it goes on, bringing happier results each week than was ever a store's fortune in this town before. No need for us to resort to fake advertising to boost up our sales; no need for us to lie awake nights scheming, fretting, worrying about the trade that does not come. We strive every day to give you the best values our resources can command, and you naturally give us hearty responses. There is no mystery about the store—no signs and passwords—our doors are open wide and you can come and examine our prices and goods as critically as you wish, and when that is done the cause of our success will become instantly apparent. Other stores might do as we do if they would, and our sailing would not then be so smooth, but in their eager, short-sighted grasping after profits they select the wrong course and that allows us to forge ahead of them. We are ready to compare prices with any store in this town and to meet and go ahead of any quotations you may get from anybody. You have the money to spend—why not spend it wisely—here's the right place—we are at your service to

*** Help You Save Every Cent Possible. ***

Remember we deliver goods FREE to any portion of town.

Yours to serve,

J. E. SEALE.

Seeing is Believing. *

NOT MUCH.

YOU see too many circus posters nowadays. And the public sees too many flashy advertisements. Nay, seeing is not believing. Goods are not sacrificed at half of manufacturing cost. No honest, reputable merchant can exist with such false business methods. A plated wedding ring may be sold cheaper than one of solid gold, but where is its value after the flimsy outer plating wears away. What sane man would buy such a one, and what thinking man will buy trashy, plated, shoddy goods.

We won't sell you cotton for wool nor jute for flax. The meaner sorts of merchandise we have no time to bother with; neither have you, if we judge you aright.

Clean, Honest, Reliable Goods at Lowest Prices!

is what intelligent buyers are looking for. We keep none other, and wish you to inspect our stock by the clear light of day. By this truth-telling light you can make your selections with the utmost satisfaction.

When you are ready come in and investigate our goods, view them in every light, make your own comparisons as to prices and qualities, and we will cheerfully accord you every facility.

We have anticipated your every want in our several departments. Your needs can be supplied in our store at our usual prices, which are always right. All we want or ask is that you look over our stock and get our prices before you purchase anywhere.

Yours for Business,

LESTER, MASON & CO.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIANA, ALA.
W. B. BROWNE.
BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

That Tired Feeling!

Nobody is particularly anxious to spend their money. Everybody has to. Your wants must be satisfied and it takes money to do it. A person is not apt to look cheerful over the prospect of spending money. Lots of buying is done with a long face. This is all wrong. I offer a change for the better.

You Feel Relieved—

The minute you see our Grand Stock of New and Popular Goods it looks fresh and desirable. The first glance shows you that you are on the right track. No mistake about this being a modern up-to-date line of goods. You wake up to the fact that you have got into the right store.

The Feeling Grows—

When you commence to go into details, you feel as if the goods were bought on purpose for you. No trouble to make a satisfactory selection; it gets down to a question which is the most satisfactory.

Trouble is Forgotten

When you learn our prices, they are always at the low-water mark. We don't give goods away—we can't. We can sell goods very low—we do. This is a fact. We might brag about it, but what's the use—a word to the wise is sufficient. It's as true as truth that we sell goods cheap—we prove it.

Happiness is Supreme

When you get just what you want at less than you expected to pay—we are treating customers to this kind of a surprise every day. We sell you a good article and let you off cheap. You will find our selections choice, our goods reliable, and prices satisfactory. A fair deal makes the buyer happy—we give it. To spend money and be happy at the same time go to

S. STARK.
Shelby, Ala.

COSPER & ALFORD,
DEALERS IN
Furniture,
Carpets,
Trunks,
Coffins
and Caskets
—ALSO—
"NEW HOME" Sewing Machines,
CHILDESBURG, ALA.

Wanted—An Idea
Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for a list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Election Notice.
State of Alabama, Shelby County.
Notice is hereby given that L. E. F. Vest, as sheriff of said county, will cause to be opened and held at the various places of holding, in all the election precincts in said county, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1896, being the 3rd day of November, an election for electing eleven electors for president and vice-president of the United States from the state of Alabama, and a member of fifty-fifth congress, from the Fourth congressional district of the state of Alabama.
E. F. VEST, Sheriff.

Notice No. 18492.
Notice for Publication.
LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA.,
October 23, 1896.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on December 5, 1896, viz: James O. Andrew, Roper, Homestead entry No. 24,240 for the W. 1/2 of sec. 2, T. 2 S., R. 10 E., S. 1 E., sec. 25 19 s. 1 e. 1 east.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George W. Thompson, George W. Wheeler, Roland C. White, William Gill, all of Harpersville, Ala.
H. PURCELL,
Oct 23-96 Register.

Scientific American
Agency for
PATENTS
CAVEATS,
TRADE MARKS,
DESIGN PATENTS,
COPYRIGHTS, etc.
For information and free Handbook write to
MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.
oldest bureau for securing patents in America.
Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$2.00 a year; \$1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

How's This?
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.
W. A. CRAWFORD, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
W. A. KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

"Miss Yam isn't at all musical." "How do you know?" "I offered to sing 'Oh, promise me,' last night, and she said she'd promise me anything if I wouldn't."—Pittsburgh Chronicle.

Tired, Could Not Sleep at Night.
"From overwork I became nervous, tired. I finally took Dr. O. A. Carlsbad's German Liver Syrup and now sleep soundly."—E. A. CRAWFORD, Am. Kan. At all druggists.

There came a burst of thunder sound—
The boy! Oh, when was he let
He grabbed his water-cure and
Went scorching o'er the sea.
—Chicago Record.

Just try a 10c box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.
Being a gentleman is hiding your meanness.—Arlington Globe.

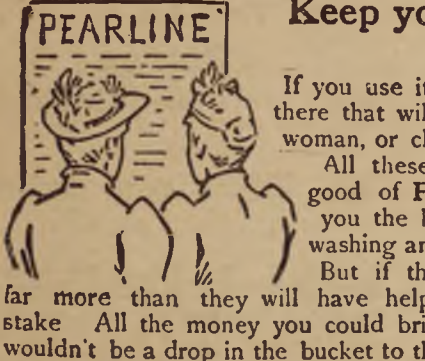
Sound Hood's Sarsaparilla

The Best—In fact the One True Blood Purifier
Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla. 25c.



Gladness Comes
With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.
If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

SHIP YOUR PRODUCE of all kinds to S. A. Andrews & Co., Memphis, Tenn. Quick sales! PROMPT RETURNS! BENEFIT TO MANKIND: YUCATAN.



PEARLINE Keep your eye on Pearlina "ads." If you use it already, you'll find hints here and there that will greatly help. There isn't a man, woman, or child but can be helped by Pearlina. All these advertisements are meant for the good of Pearlina, of course—to show you the best and easiest and cheapest way of washing and cleaning, and to lead you to use it. But if they do, they will have helped you far more than they will have helped Pearlina. You have more at stake. All the money you could bring to Pearlina, by using it, wouldn't be a drop in the bucket to the money you'd save by it.

Absolutely Pure-Delicious-Nutritious.



WALTER BAKER & CO. LIMITED
DORCHESTER, MASS.
COSTS LESS THAN ONE CENT A CUP.
NO CHEMICALS.
ALWAYS ASK YOUR GROCER FOR WALTER BAKER & CO'S BREAKFAST COCOA MADE AT DORCHESTER, MASS. IT BEARS THEIR TRADE MARK LA BELLE CHOCOLATIERE ON EVERY CAN.
•AVOID IMITATIONS•



ANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets
CURE CONSTIPATION
REGULATE THE LIVER
ALL DRUGGISTS
ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York. 317.

RHEUMATISM
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, and PAINS generally, yield at once to the old reliable, tested remedy
DUNCAN'S LINIMENT
For COLIC IN HORSES and MULES It is a "Dead Shot." Ask your druggist for it.
WEBB MANUFACTURING CO., PROPRIETORS, NASHVILLE, TENN.

ABOUT ROYAL CROWNS.

William the Conqueror, before the conquest of England, wore only the cap of a French duke, but after that event added a coronet with points.

The marquis's crown bears four strawberry leaves and four pearls. In France the strawberry leaves are replaced by leaves of parsley wrought in gold.

The oldest crown preserved among the royal regalia of Great Britain is that which was worn by Charles II., being made for him at his coronation in 1660.

The crosses on the English royal crown were introduced by Richard III., during his short and turbulent reign; the arches of the diadem were added by Henry VII. in 1485.

The mural crown, a Roman honor, was of gold, decorated with battle-memories. It was given to the soldier who, during the storming of a city, first mounted the enemy's walls.

The nephews and nieces of the English sovereign are entitled to wear strawberry leaves in their crowns instead of the fleurs-de-lis appropriated to the use of princes and princesses.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. It may take ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac from your own druggist, who will guarantee a cure. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Miss GOODY.—"What's the matter, my poor man? You look ill." Tramp.—"Madam, something I haven't eaten has disagreed with me."—London Truth.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe.
FORGOTTEN.—"Does Miss Wisely still ride that theosophy hobby of hers?" "I've really forgotten the name of her wheel."—Detroit Free Press.

Winey bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c, 25c.
Mrs. G. (as her husband departs for a club meeting)—"If you're any later than midnight, I shan't speak to you!" G.—"I hope you won't, dear!"—Bazett.

"Why is it called the honey-moon?" "Because it accompanies the tide."—Up-to-Date.

THE GENERAL MARKET.

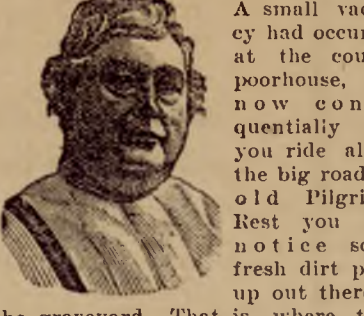
KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 25.	
CATTLE—Best beefs.....	3 30 @ 4 50
Stockers.....	2 00 @ 3 25
Native cows.....	2 25 @ 3 00
HOGS—Choice to heavy.....	3 20 @ 3 35
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	74 @ 75
No. 2 hard.....	65 @ 69
CORN—No. 2 mixed.....	22 1/2 @ 23
OATS—No. 2 mixed.....	10 @ 18
RYE—No. 2.....	31 @ 34 1/2
FLOUR—Patent, per sack.....	2 00 @ 2 10
Fancy.....	1 90 @ 2 00
HAY—Choice timothy.....	7 50 @ 8 00
Fancy prairie.....	4 00 @ 5 00
BRAN—Sacked.....	35 @ 36
BUTTER—Creamery.....	15 @ 16
CHEESE—Full cream.....	10 1/2 @ 12 1/2
EGGS—Choice.....	13 @ 14
POTATOES.....	20 @ 25
ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Native and shipping.....	3 25 @ 4 40
Texas.....	2 40 @ 3 70
HOGS—Heavy.....	3 10 @ 3 30
SHEEP—Fair to choice.....	2 00 @ 3 10
FLOUR—Choice.....	4 10 @ 4 20
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	74 1/2 @ 75
CORN—No. 2 mixed.....	21 1/2 @ 22 1/2
OATS—No. 2 mixed.....	10 1/2 @ 11
RYE—No. 2.....	29 1/2 @ 30
BUTTER—Creamery.....	15 @ 16 1/2
LARD—Western mess.....	4 05 @ 4 17 1/2
PORK.....	7 35 @ 7 50
CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Common to prime.....	4 75 @ 5 10
HOGS—Packing and shipping.....	3 10 @ 3 25
SHEEP—Fair to choice.....	3 10 @ 3 10
FLOUR—Winter wheat.....	3 50 @ 3 95
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	74 @ 74 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	22 1/2 @ 23 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	17 1/2 @ 18 1/2
RYE.....	29 1/2 @ 30
BUTTER—Creamery.....	15 @ 16
LARD.....	4 17 1/2 @ 4 25 1/2
PORK.....	6 90 @ 7 10
NEW YORK.	
CATTLE—Native Steers.....	3 25 @ 4 25
HOGS—Good to Choice.....	3 70 @ 4 15
FLOUR—Good to Choice.....	3 75 @ 4 05
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	81 1/2 @ 83
CORN—No. 2.....	20 1/2 @ 21
OATS—No. 2.....	23 @ 24
BUTTER—Creamery.....	12 @ 20
PORK—Mess.....	8 50 @ 9 25

QUAINT AND QUEER.

Some Pure Philosophy from the Backwoods.

Rufus Sanders Writes About the "Bullish Influence" of Death.—The Layin on of Hands and Practicing Physic.—The Money Question.

There was singin and slow walkin over at old Pilgrim's Rest church one day last week.



A small vacancy had occurred at the county poorhouse, and now consequently a you ride along the big road by old Pilgrim's Rest you will notice some fresh dirt piled up out there in the graveyard. That is where they buried old man Steve Hasseltine—

which so far as anybody knows he was the last of his generation and died with a bad case of the dropsy in the feet.

The Man and the Occasion.
There was considerable singin and cryin and carryin on at the graveyard that day, but I raley couldn't see how the people made it fit the case. I don't see how anybody could feel sorry just simply because old man Steve was dead and gone. I wouldn't be half way honest if I even sorter made out like I was sorry when I heard the news.

People have to die and be buried—somebody somewhere—every year and every day and every hour. And when the news come that there would be singin and slow walkin at Pilgrim's Rest, and who it was for, I thought to myself if there ever was a time when the man and the occasion met Steve Hasseltine was the name of the man.

Now don't you take a bad breakin out at the mouth and tell it around that the gentleman from Rocky Creek talked disrespectful of the dead. He didn't do it. From the bottom of my unholloved head to the top of my tangly feet, I respect the dead. Even to old man Steve Hasseltine, I respected him when he was dead—which that was a whole lot more than I could say—and more than anybody else could say—whilst he tarried around and remained over amongst us in the flesh. In life he didn't respect himself, and other people were most in generally of the same opinion. In the natural stage of life he never was known to do anything for the good of anybody. But when the last summons come he died for the good of his country and the whole entire human race.

I use to sometimes go over to the poorhouse induring of the campaign, whilst burning the woods and sifting the ashes for votes. And I never went there but what I found old man Steve Hasseltine at home. His mother she had died there about the time he was borned into this vale of years and tears, and it was always home to him. Many and many's the time I have heard the old man say he was sick and tired of livin—that he was nobody and no account to himself or any livin creature, and the old home want what it use to be nohow.

"I have been sick and pore and helpless and a general drug on creation from the cradle up, Rufe, and raley I can't see why I ever was borned into this world," says old man Steve to me once upon a time. "I ain't only sickly, but I am likewise also too infernal lazy to breathe free and easy, and as you know I just have got sense enough to come in the house when it rains. I am like unto a knot on a log. I don't give a darn for nobody and nobody gives a darn for me. So what's the use of livin?"

Well, as for me, I didn't git into any red-hot argification with the old man along that line. It looked to me like he was about three-thirds right, and I had the nerve to tell him so. It ain't for me to give the wherefores and the whences, and it is none of my business how it come to pass that old man Steve Hasseltine was borned and brung up to be such a tremendous big blunk in creation. I didn't make him, and you can't put the blame on me. He didn't create himself, and I raley don't see how you could put the blame on him. The good Lord don't make any mistakes, and I don't see how anybody is to blame in regards to old man Steve.

But anyhow, if he was too pore and too sickly, and too lazy and too triflin to live—if, as he was wont to tell it, he didn't give a darn for nobody and nobody didn't give a darn for him in the flesh—then what was the use of all that cryin and singin and slow walkin over at Pilgrim's Rest? If the poor old thing was raley glad to die, it looks to me like other people mought agree with him—"rejoice with them that rejoice," according to what the Word says.

The last time I was in town Bill Simpkins told me that the latest crop news had a powerful "bullish influence" on cotton. I didn't know for certain what he meant until he told me the news had thrown the price up. Now I can see how it is. Death had a powerful "bullish influence" on old man Steve Hasseltine. The last time I saw him—over at Pilgrim's Rest that day—he was as smart and as rich and as good as any dead man in all the round created world.

But to my dying day I never will see any use of all that cryin and carryin on and singin and slow walkin when they laid the old man down to rest.

A Practicing Physic.
Up to this present writin I never have had any particular use for doctors. They are most in generally mighty good men, no doubts, but somehow, I don't like their samples. But if it ever does come to pass that I mought take down sick and need a doctor I do hope they will send for old Dr. Stoudenmire. He don't claim to know so awful much about books and medicine, but he has got great goods of common sense, and what little he don't know about yerbs and roots and people and things wouldn't scarcely be worth the trouble of learnin.

They worked up a tremendous bad case over in the hill country the other day, and if it hadn't been for that good old doctor I reckon there would of been some more singin and slow walkin in the settlement before now.

Josh Galloway was a mighty sick man about that time from what they tell me. He had so many different things the matter with him in general, and yet nothin in particular, till nobody couldn't say for certain what it

was. But at any rates, he was sick, and his folks all thought he was sick unto death. He was mopin and droopin around tellin everybody that the dew damps of death was on him, and he was bound to go. He got worse and worse, till finally he laid out in bed and sent for all the family kinnery to come and tell him good-by, and look upon his face for the last time in this life.

Now, in the main time the Galloways have all got a strange and peccurious kind of religion to me. They don't believe in doctors, and medicine if they can help it. When Josh got to his worst they took and bought some sweet oil and "nointin" him, as they call it. Then they sent out and called in the elders to lay their hands on him. But with all of that Josh he got worse and worse. The good Lord looked on it and he would. So at last they sent for old Dr. Stoudenmire. Josh told the folks they needn't to send it. It was all vanity and vexation of spirit. His time had come. He was bound to die. But they sent unbeknowen to him.

And when the old doctor got there the women and the elders was crowded around the bed "nointin" Josh with sweet oil and layin on the hands. The old doctor he politely poked off and took his seat on the back porch and lit his pipe, and then took life easy for about two hours. And by and by the folks wanted to know what he was going to do for poor Josh.

"I got a dadblame thing," says he, "till the women and the elders take out and quit. When they quit layin on the hands I will then go to practicin."

From the Jaws of Death.
By this time, you will understand, it looked like every breath would be on the last one for Josh. But finally at last the women and the elders give up the case and went out, and the doctor he went in to practice.

"What's the matter with you, Josh?" says the doctor.

"I am dyin, doctor, dyin," says Josh. "Hanged if I don't believe you are," says the doctor. "though I can't find nothin particular the matter with you. But if you will die, Josh, dadblame it, straighten out them long legs and die like a man. I wouldn't die all curled up there like a wet and hungry dog."

Well, Josh he straightened out, he did, so as to die decent, but you could see he didn't love the doctor to talk so infernal plain and rough around his deathbed. But the doctor went on: "There, now. That looks a little more like a white man fixin to die. Now, see here, Josh, if nothin else will do you I reckon you will have to die, and the next thing is to take your proper measure so we can make the black box to fit the man."

And with that the old doctor went out and cut him a long stick to take the measure with. Then he came back and measured Josh all around and all over. Presently he put one end of the stick under the dyin man's nose so as to take his measure from that pint to his toes. Then all of a sudden like he jabbed Josh under the nose with that stick as hard as he could drive it.

Well, man, sir, from what they tell me, Josh Galloway riz up from there, he did. And when he riz he riz fightin mad and a cussin. Sick and weak as he was, it took three or four women and elders to hold him off of the old doctor. And then, bless gracious, by the time they could git him back on the bed he had give out the notion of dyin and forgot all he had ever heard about death and the grave.

The old doctor then told the women folks to give Josh a good, healthy dose of calomel that night, and follow it next mornin with plenty of salts and snakeroot tea. It was right after supper time that night when the old doctor rid by our house on his return back from the hill country to tell me the general difference between the layin on of hands and practicin.

Josh Galloway is now so as to be up and about and from all appearances I reckon it will be a long time before they will have to do any shgin and slow walkin for him.

And that's what makes me say what I do. If it ever comes to pass that I mought be took down rale bad sick give me a doctor that knows the difference between the layin on of hands and practicin. Send for old Dr. Stoudenmire.

Blissful Ignorance.
Now as for me and mine we don't know a blame blessed thing about the great question of free silver. And what difference does it make—whether they turn out gold or silver or paper—to the man that ain't got no money and no prospects to speak of.

Only the other day I heard Andrew Lucas and one of the Milligan boys havin the dadblamest most furious disputation in regards to gold and silver, when both of them put together would lack about four bits of havin enough money to pay spot cash for two square meals. They made me think of the old story wherein the two cats fell out and fit about the cheese whilst the monkey climbed up around the whole chunk. Blamed if I don't sometimes wish the politician to take the everlasting money question and fight it out in that foreign country where they don't have to wear overcoats nor shovel any snow.

GOT JUDGMENT.
Did the Grocer, But the Judge Came Out Ahead.

A Washington attorney is rather noted for the facility with which he forgets financial obligations. He has owed a certain grocer eight dollars a year or two. The other day the merchant concluded to try a new course with him. Meeting him in his store, he said: "Judge, I have a customer who owes me a small bill and has owed it for a long time. He makes plenty of money, but won't pay. What would you do?" "I'd sue him," said the lawyer, emphatically.

"Well, I will put the account in your hands," and the merchant presented a statement of the account against himself.

"All right. I will attend to it," said the disciple of Blackstone.

A few days later the merchant received the following note from the lawyer: "In the case of — against — I took judgment for full amount of your claim. Execution was issued and returned 'no property found.' My fee for obtaining judgment is ten dollars, for which amount please send check. Will be glad to serve you in any other matters in which you may need an attorney."—Washington Star.

HUMOROUS.

"Papa, why do they call language the 'mother tongue'?" "Because the father so seldom gets a chance to use it."—Chicago Record.

"How did the critics treat Jingo's music?" "Un. Well, the kindest thing they said about it was that it was not original."—Washington Star.

"Then she doesn't look with favor on your suit?" "No, I made a mistake in proposing to her in golf costume."—Philadelphia North American.

"Mother (instructing her little son's devotions)—"And, now, Willie, pray for grandma's safety." Willie—"Does she want a bike, too?"—N. Y. Herald.

"Wagman—"My wife says I'm a veritable kidnaper." Friend—"I'd resent that if I were you." Wagman—"Why resent it? That's a tribute to my ability to put the baby to sleep."—Boston Courier.

"Mrs. Ferry—"Don't you feel ashamed of wasting your time the way you do?" Perry Patetic—"I don't see how you kin call it wasted, m'n. How kin you wait anything that ain't worth nothin?"—Cincinnati Enquirer.

"Sore on the Wheel—"I see by the papers that they have the bicycle ambulance now," said Miss Grumpey at the dinner table. "There ought to be a law requiring an ambulance to go with every wheel," muttered old Grumpey, who is marked for life because of his one attempt to master the silent steed. —Detroit Free Press.

THIBETAN ANIMALS.

Marco Polo's Description of the Yak and the Musk Deer.

There are wild cattle in that country almost as big as elephants, splendid creatures, covered everywhere but on the back with shaggy hair a good four palms long. They are partly black, partly white, and really wonderfully fine creatures, and the hair or wool is extremely fine and white, finer and whiter than silk. Messer Marco brought some to Venice as a great curiosity, and so it was reckoned by those who saw it. There are also plenty of them tame, which have been caught young. These the people use commonly for burden and general work, and in the plow as well; and at the latter they will do full twice as much work as any other cattle, being such very strong beasts.

In this country, too, is found the best musk in the world; and I will tell you how it is produced. There exists in that region a kind of wild animal like a gazelle. It has feet and tail like the gazelle's, and stag's hair of a very coarse kind, but no horns. It has four tusks, two below, and two above, about three inches long, and slender in form, one pair growing upward, and the other downward. It is a very pretty creature. The musk is found in this way. When the creature has been taken, they find between the flesh and the skin some thing like an imposthume full of blood, which they cut out and remove with all the skin attached to it. And the blood inside this imposthume is the musk that produces that powerful perfume. There is an immense number of these beasts in the country we are speaking of. The flesh is very good to eat. Messer Marco brought the dried head and feet of one of these animals to Venice with him.

The people are traders and artisans, and also grow abundance of corn. The province has an extent of 60 days' journey. Pheasants are found twice as big as ours, indeed nearly as big as a peacock, and having tails of seven to ten palms in length; and besides them other pheasants in aspect like our own, and birds of many other kinds, and of beautiful variegated plumage. The people, who are idolaters, are fat folks with little noses and black hair, and no beard, except a few hairs on the upper lip. The women too have very smooth and white skins, and in every respect are pretty creatures.—Noah Brooks, in St. Nicholas.

A Queer Family.
On the farm of Amos M. Collins, near Bainbridge, O., dwells in undisturbed bliss a most curiously assorted family, presided over by a demure house cat. Several weeks ago Tabby gave birth to a pair of healthy kittens, who, in the course of events, grew apace. When old enough to get about they went on a foraging expedition in a woods near by, accompanied by the mother. In their peregrination they discovered a gray squirrel's nest in which two young squirrels lay sleeping. The curiosity of the kittens was aroused, and they soon found friends with the squirrels. Their overtures were received in the same spirit, and while the mother cat sat contentedly on a log kittens and squirrels enjoyed a frolic. When it finally became dusk the cat took one of the squirrels in her mouth and carried it to the farm, returning for the other one in a few minutes. The squirrels are now safely housed with the kittens, and the cat watches over the children of her adoption as carefully as over her own offspring.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

An African Salt Works.
Karembwe's is one of the salt-making villages; a sandy clay is dug out of the marshes, and placed in glass funnels; water poured on this dissolves the salt; this solution trickles through the green filter into a trough, after which it is boiled and strained, and a fine, large-crystal salt is obtained. It is a great trade in this part of the world. All villages make salt, which is put up in loads about five inches in diameter by four feet long. All these people, the Waitwa, are very polite; most of them hail you with "Mornin"; they do not seem to be able to manage the "good."—"Glave in the Heart of Africa," in Century.

That Was Different.
Maid—Shall madame wear her new gown to-night?
Madame—No, I guess not. This is the night my husband comes in from town, is it not?
Maid—Yes, madame; with a gentleman friend.
Madame—On second thoughts, Celeste, I think I will wear the new dress. —N. Y. Truth.

Impudence.
Laura—You remember Chollie Boggs, don't you?
Flora—I rather think I do. He is the impudent wretch who began whistling the koochee-koochee the time I got that bug down my back at the picnic.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Not a Successful Experiment.
Wiggles—Well, did you make him take his words back, as you said you were going to do?
Waggles—Yes, he took them back, but he used them over again more emphatically than he did before.—Somerville Journal.

Mind Reading.

You can read a happy mind to a happy countenance without much penetration. This is the sort of countenance that the quondam bilious sufferer or dyspeptic relieved by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters wears. You will meet many such. The great stomachic and alterative also provides happiness for the malarious, the rheumatic, the weak, and those troubled with inaction of the kidneys and bladder.

POOR YOUNG MAN—"Why do you treat me so unkindly?" Fashionable Girl—"Treat you unkindly. Why, what do you mean? I just told you that I wouldn't marry you!"—Somerville Journal.

"HAVING tried Dr. Carlstedt's German Liver Powder in my family, I do not hesitate to pronounce it a most excellent remedy." H. R. GRAY, Nashville, Tenn.

KIRSON—"A foolish New York artist has just married an Indian who posed for several of her pictures." Thacker—"Well, I suppose she was looking for a model husband."—Philadelphia North American.

I HAVE found Piso's Cure for Consumption an unfailing medicine.—F. R. Lutz, 1305 Scott St., Covington, Ky., Oct. 1, 1894.

KICKERBUCKER—"Were you knocked speechless when you collided with that stone?" Bloomer—"No; but my wheel was knocked speechless."—Norristown Herald.

Floyd's Send \$1, \$2 or \$3 For a box of Pure Delicious Candies.
...Sent by Express to all parts of the United States.
321 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.
Have Your Old Suit of Clothes Made New for \$1.75
JOHN HANSLER DYE AND CLEANER.
WE PAY CASH WEEKLY and want every body to BRILLIANTLY STARK THIES proven "absolutely not" Superb quality, new system. STARK BROTHERS, LOUISIANA, Mo., ROCKFORD, Ill.
STEARNS' CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
CURES WHILE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
A. N. K. F. 1628
WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the advertisement in this paper.

FREE Buttons
An Elegant Button Given Away With Each Package of
DUKE CIGARETTES
An Opportunity to make A COLLECTION OF BUTTONS WITHOUT COST.

PLANTATION CHILL CURE
IS GUARANTEED.
If Your Merchant Doesn't Handle, Send \$5 to VAN VLEET-MANSFIELD DRUG CO., Memphis, Tenn.



180,000 Copies of Demorest's Magazine

THE increasing popularity of Demorest's Family Magazine, a popularity extending over thirty years, is ample proof that each succeeding year finds it improved in its vitality, beauty and attractiveness. There must be something in a magazine that increases its subscription list from 80,000 to 180,000 names (a clear gain of 100,000) in less than a year. Don't you think so?

READ THIS.
"Demorest's Magazine is a literary conservator of the article and the useful. Got up in America, where it is the most remarkable work of the class that has ever been published, and combines the attractive and the useful. London Time."
"We have received another number of this delightful Magazine, and we find ourselves bound to reiterate with greater earnestness the high encomiums we have already pronounced on preceding numbers. We are not given to disparage unduly the literary and artistic publications which emanate from the London press, but we are bound, in simple fairness, to assert that we have not yet met with any publication pretending to a similar scope and purpose which can at all compare with this marvellous shining work."—London Budget.
The American Bookeller says: "There are none of our monthlies in which the beautiful and the useful, pleasure and profit, fashion and literature are so fully presented as in Demorest's."

ABSOLUTELY FREE TO YOU!

Upon receipt of a remittance of \$2.00 from you for one year's subscription to Demorest's Magazine we will send you FREE this beautiful Silver Sugar Shell as a premium and, in addition, you will receive a copy of Van Vredenburgh's exquisite oil painting, "Our Bench Show," representing a "yard" of playful puppies—shown above. The picture is 10x36 inches, and it is printed in 14 colors in the highest style of the plate-printers' art. It will be issued with the December number of the magazine.

This premium offer is only available to subscribers sending their subscriptions at once to us direct, using the Order Blank below, accompanied by a remittance of \$2.

CUT HERE AND RETURN COUPON PROPERLY FILLED OUT.

Demorest Publishing Co., 110 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.
For the enclosed \$2.00 please send Demorest's Family Magazine for one year. Also the Silver Sugar Shell and Van Vredenburgh's oil-color, "Our Bench Show," picture offered by you as premiums.
Name.....
Post Office.....
Date.....
State.....

Entered at the Postoffice at Columbiana, Ala., as second-class mail matter.
SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy, one year, \$1.00
One copy, six months, .50

A CABLEGRAM received from Bombay, on the 29th, said: The drought continues, with no signs of abatement; the crop situation in India is daily become more serious.

TERRIFIC storms have prevailed upon the Portuguese coast. A fishing boat foundered in the bay of Setubal, on the night of the 28th, and her crew of 14 men were drowned.

An official cablegram, received on the 28th, from Manila, the capital of the Philippine islands, said that a conspiracy against the Spanish government had been discovered in the Zooloo islands.

The Venezuelan government, on the 28th, appointed Drs. Eduardo Andrade-Penny, Acosta and Guardia to represent that country at the International Medical congress, to be held in the City of Mexico in November.

COAL has been discovered, near Sudbury, in the Algoma district, near Toronto, Ont., which is believed to be identical with the anthracite found in the Lehigh Valley, Pa., except that it contains no sulphur.

FAILURES throughout the country for the week ended on the 30th, as reported by R. G. Dun & Co., were 270, against 278 for the corresponding week last year. For Canada the failures were 40, against 52 last year.

SECRETARY HERBERT announced, on the 28th, that the unnamed ships now under construction will be named as follows: Battleships—Alabama, Illinois and Wisconsin. Gunboats—Annapolis, Marietta, Newport, Princeton, Vicksburg and Wheeling.

The Venezuelan commission adjourned, on the 29th, for one week, the interim to be devoted to independent study by the individual members and the preparation of his final report on the Dutch archives by Prof. Burr, the chief historical expert.

PASSENGERS by the steamer Mascotte, from Havana, arrived at Key West, Fla., on the 29th, report that Gen. Antonio Maceo, with 2,600 troops, broke through the trenches and is now in the Havana district. He went over to assist Gen. Gomez in his march to Havana.

CHARLES DORAN, a business man of Glendale, O., took a pinch of snuff for a cold on the 28th. So severe was the sneezing that followed that the inferior oblique muscle of the left eye was ruptured, and as he continued to sneeze the exertion forced the eye out of its socket.

MR. FREDERICK A. LUCAS, one of the scientists of the Smithsonian institution, who was sent to the Pribyloff islands, in the Behring sea, to investigate the condition of seal life, confirms all that has been said as to the danger of the utter extermination of the seal herd.

A COMPROMISE was reached, on the 28th, between the striking coal miners at Salsville, O., and the operators. The strike began in February, when 700 men walked out for a screen an inch and a half in size. Under the compromise a slight change is made in the screen, and the men are given 45 cents.

THE Long-Lochren pension case was dismissed by the supreme court of the United States, on the 26th, upon the authority of previous decisions of that court, abating proceedings against public officers who have died or left the service. Commissioner Lochren having resigned his office, Judge Long's case is dismissed.

THE cruiser Marblehead, on her way home from Turkey with the short-term men of Admiral Selfridge's fleet, reached Gibraltar, on the 27th, eight days out from Smyrna. The remaining ships of the squadron, the flagship Minneapolis, the San Francisco, Cincinnati and Hancock, were still at Smyrna, not having moved for two weeks.

A TORNADO, originating near Farmington, Tex., and passing three miles east of Sherman, and, 30 minutes later, passing east of Denison, was reported on the 28th. There were but meager accounts of the damage done, but calls for physicians, bandages, stimulants and other necessary articles indicated quite a number of casualties.

CHANCEY M. DEWEY, president of the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Co., said, on the 27th: "If I learn that any agent of this road attempts in any way to coerce an employee, no matter how high or low, I shall discharge him immediately. Every railroad man has a right to vote as he pleases, and so has everyone else the right to do so."

A CLASS rush between freshmen and sophomores of the Ohio state university at Columbus, that promised to end in bloodshed occurred on the university campus on the 30th. Professors who attempted to interfere were roughly handled by the enraged students, who were only controlled by a squad of police sent for by the president, and who presented drawn revolvers.

THE coroner's jury investigating the case of the Frisco wreck in the Meramec cut, near St. Louis, on the 25th, returned a verdict of carelessness against George Atwood, conductor, and J. A. Dryden, engineer in charge of the west-bound train, and the failure of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad Co. to exercise the proper supervision over the movements of its trains.

THE call for the next annual meeting of the Farmers' National congress has been issued by President B. F. Clayton, of Indianapolis, Ind., and Secretary John M. Stahl, of Chicago. The meeting will be held at Indianapolis, Ind., November 10-13.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

VOLUME XI.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1896.

NUMBER 18.

CURRENT TOPICS.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.
PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

THE preliminary inquiry into the case of E. H. Horner, the alleged European lottery swindler, arrested in Montreal, Can., recently, was continued on the 27th. It is said that letters are being received every day, alleging fresh instances of Horner's sharp practices.

MRS. CARRIE WHELEN, wife of Daniel Whelen, jumped from a bridge at Rochester, N. Y., with her infant child in her arms. She was rescued with a rake, but the babe was dead. She said she was moved to the act because her husband could not support her. She had been drinking.

THE treasury gold reserve at the close of business, on the 27th, stood at \$119,056,245. The day's withdrawals at New York were \$431,400.

THE battleship Oregon arrived at Monterey, Cal., on the 27th, to prepare for her final acceptance trial of 48 hours at sea.

THERE was filed in the Middlesex court of insolvency at East Cambridge, Mass., on the 27th, a voluntary petition of insolvency on behalf of Rev. Elmer H. Capan, D. D., president of Tufts college. There was no statement of assets and liabilities.

THE Illinois state supreme court, on the 27th, refused to grant a rehearing in the case of Julius Mannow, the self-confessed murderer of Carey B. Birch in Chicago.

AFTER a partial hearing in the case of Dugald Crawford, charged with attempting to intimidate voters, Acting Judge Smith, in the St. Louis court of criminal correction, discharged the defendant on the 28th.

THE treasury gold reserve at the close of business on the 28th stood at \$118,782,040. The day's withdrawals at New York were \$368,800.

THE three-year-old son of Oscar Marshall, a North Bend (Wis.) farmer, was murdered, on the 28th, at Galesville, by a hired man named Palmer. Marshall and the man had a quarrel, and to get even with his employer Palmer took the little boy to the barn and deliberately crushed his skull with an ax.

GOV. STONE of Missouri has offered a reward of \$200 for the arrest and sentence to the penitentiary of each person who robbed the Chicago & Alton train at Blue Cut, on the night of the 24th, and \$300 for each one sentenced to be hanged.

ELMER S. DUNDY, judge of the United States district court, for Nebraska, died at his home in Omaha, on the 28th, after a brief illness, aged 66. He was a native of Ohio and went to Nebraska in 1857. He leaves a valuable estate to his widow and three children.

DURING a political rally at Breeden, W. Va., on the night of the 28th, a riot occurred in which several persons were injured, among the number being two women.

A. B. HAMILTON died at Harrisburg, Pa., on the 28th, from the effect of a stroke of paralysis. He was 89 years old. Hamilton learned the printing trade with Simon Cameron, and held the position of assistant clerk of the state senate, printer to both houses of congress and state printer.

An explosion of natural gas at Avalon, a suburb of Allegheny, Pa., on the 28th, killed Bessie Osborne, aged 13 years, and seriously injured her brother Dale, aged nine years, and her sister Edith, aged six years. The house was badly wrecked.

THE marriage of Miss Helen Hoyt Sherman to Mr. William Ogilvie Griffith was solemnized at Des Moines, Ia., on the 28th, at St. Paul's Episcopal church. The bride is the youngest daughter of Maj. Hoyt Sherman, a brother of Senator Sherman and the late Gen. Sherman.

JOSEPH W. HAMBURGER, a wealthy business man of Harlem, N. Y., drank a pint of carbolic acid, on the 28th, and killed himself. Mr. Hamburger was 57 years of age, a member of the Columbia club, and was reputed to be worth \$500,000.

H. C. COCKRELL was convicted in the United States court at Louisville, Ky., on the 28th, on the charge of using the mails for fraudulent purposes, and sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment in the Jeffersonville (Ind.) penitentiary and fined \$500. This is the limit.

GEN. FITZGEREE LEE, the United States consul general to Cuba, informed a correspondent at Havana, on the 26th, that he would sail for New York on the 31st. Gen. Lee said that the purpose of his trip was to visit his family and attend to private business.

FRANK B. BUNCE, the manager of the Lyceum theater in New York, died in his office at the theater on the 29th.

By an explosion of gas in No. 3 shaft of the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal Co., at Wilkesbarre, Pa., on the 29th, four men were killed and two injured. Two members of a rescuing party who entered the mine soon after were overcome by fire damp and died in their tracks.

WILLIAM A. HARRIS, known all over the United States as the manufacturer of the Harris-Corless engine, died at the residence of his son in Providence, R. I., on the 29th, in the sixty-second year of his age. Death was due to a cancer in the stomach.

THE string of horses taken over from America by Duke and Wishard and entered in various events on the English turf during this year's racing season, were sold at auction at Newmarket, on the 29th, at prices ranging from 420 to 2,200 guineas.

THE treasury gold reserve at the close of business on the 29th stood at \$118,372,316. The day's withdrawals at New York were \$313,200. There were deposited \$301,000 gold in exchange for currency.

CHARLES O. KAISER, of Norristown, Pa., who reported that he and his wife had been attacked by highwaymen while out riding, his wife being killed by them, was, on the 29th, placed under arrest on suspicion of wife murder.

CONSUL-GENERAL LEE informed a newspaper correspondent at Havana, on the 29th, that he was returning to the United States for a conference with President Cleveland on affairs in Cuba, and that he had postponed his voyage from the previous date determined upon on account of the military operations going forward in Pinar del Rio.

A MEDAL of honor has been awarded to James M. Burns, late sergeant Co. B, First West Virginia volunteers (now captain in Seventeenth United States infantry). At the battle of New Market, Va., June 15, 1864, under a heavy fire from the enemy, he voluntarily assisted a wounded comrade from the field of battle.

THE Berlin correspondent of the London Daily News says he is able to confirm the statement made by the Hamburger Nachrichten that a written neutrality treaty between Russia and Germany did exist from 1884 to 1890.

WESTERN NEBRASKA was covered with ten inches of snow on the 29th, thinning out as it approached the eastern part of the state. In some sections of the state a high wind accompanied the snow, assuming the proportions of a blizzard.

LOUIS J. HANCETT, and Chauncey C. Foster were expelled, on the 29th, from the business college at Chicago at which they were students. They are the youths who threw eggs at William J. Bryan, and who were released by the police on Mr. Bryan's request.

JOHN K. LONG, a cattle dealer and a prominent mason from Pleasantville, Ia., committed suicide at Denver, Col., on the 29th, by shooting. In a note left he requested that the police be notified that he had been robbed of three drafts of \$1,000 each.

THE residence of a farmer named Robinson, living near Woodville, a short distance west of Jackson, Mich., was destroyed by fire on the 30th. Mrs. Robinson and a child were burned to death and Mr. Robinson was probably fatally burned.

THE jury in the case of Michael Brennan, charged with the murder of John A. Strathly, late manager of the branch of the Bank of Toronto in Barrie, Ont., returned a verdict of guilty, on the 30th, and he was sentenced to be hanged January 19.

By the explosion of a can of kerosene oil in Milwaukee, on the 30th, the three-month-old babe of William Altenbach, was burned to death, and Mr. and Mrs. Altenbach, the parents of the child, were so severely burned that recovery is extremely doubtful.

JOHN D. STILES, an ex-member of congress and the senior member of the Lehigh county bar, died, on the 29th, at Allentown, Pa. He was 73 years old and for half a century had been prominent in Pennsylvania politics.

EDWARD J. IVORY, alias Bell, the alleged Irish-American dynamiter, who was arrested in Glasgow, September 11, was again arraigned in the Bow-Street (London) police court, on the 30th, and remanded for another week.

THE German steamer Cordelia, from Guatemala, via Montevideo, was sunk in the harbor at Hamburg, on the 30th, by a collision with the sailing vessel Etna.

ON the 30th the war department awarded a medal of honor to Hillary A. Byer, Ninth Pennsylvania infantry, Co. H, for bravery at the battle of Antietam, Md., September 17, 1862.

GOLD bullion to the amount of \$500,000 was withdrawn from the Bank of England, on the 30th, for shipment to the United States.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

ON the 31st the steamer Courier, of the White Collar Line, coming down the river from Maysville, crippled as to one of her engines, while in tow of the Dick Brown, struck a pier of the new Louisville & Nashville Railway bridge.

A SPECIAL from Geneva, Ind., says 700 quarts of nitro glycerine in the Empire magazine near that city, exploded on the 31st. The concussion was felt for miles around.

WILLIAM YATES ATKINSON was on the 31st inaugurated the second time as governor of Georgia, amid ceremonies the most imposing seen in the State in a generation.

THE application for a receiver for a part of the Vandalia Railroad system was filed in the United States court at Indianapolis, Ind., on the 31st.

FIRE on the 31st destroyed the greater portion of the town of Manila, Ind. Loss \$40,000; insurance \$2,200.

THE president has appointed A. C. Elliott of New York United States consul at La Guayra, Venezuela, and Horace L. Washington, at present vice-consul general at Cairo, as United States consuls at Alexandretta, Syria, where the United States has heretofore been represented by a consular agent.

AN explosion of natural gas at Avalon, a suburb of Allegheny, Pa., on the 28th, killed Bessie Osborne, aged 13 years, and seriously injured her brother Dale, aged 9 years, and her sister Edith, aged 6 years. The house was badly wrecked.

A COMPROMISE was agreed on at East Liverpool, O., on the 28th, between the striking coal miners at Salsville and the operators. Under the compromise a slight change is made in the screen, and the men are given 45 cents.

THE American Loan & Trust Co. on the 27th, at Omaha, Neb., filed its application for permission to foreclose and sell the Oregon Short Line and Utah Northern Railroad.

JOSEPH W. HAMBURGER, a wealthy business man of Harlem, N. Y., drank a pint of carbolic acid on the 28th and killed himself.

THE coal miners in the Athens, Ohio, district went to work on the 27th at the 45-cent rate, with the expectation that the rate will soon be restored to 61 cents.

THE condition of the treasury on the 27th showed: Available cash balance, \$297,325,457; gold reserve, \$119,947,637.

DUN'S COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

A Market with Nothing but Politics to Rule and Business Almost Abolished—An Extraordinary Pressure for Money Prevailing, with an Inclination to Sell in Hopes of Soon Realizing Better Prices.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly review of trade, say:

A market without anything but politics to rule it is not often satisfactory. Business is almost abolishing until after the election by the extraordinary pressure for money, but the disposition of anybody to sell who thinks a great change for the better is near, by the feeling that it is now of no use to contract or buy when so little time remains before a decision and by the general absorption of business men in political activities. The indications show a gratifying confidence in probable things, but an enormous volume of contracts and orders depend upon the election, and while prices of materials are strong, with heavy speculative buying, the absence of demand makes products generally quiet in price, though with evident expectation of strength.

The feature of the week has been the pressure in the New York money market in spite of the heavy arrivals of gold. Quotations of call loans at 100 per cent. or more have no real meaning except that, with practically four holidays to come in succession, there is really no market. Commercial loans are almost a lost art, except as banks sustain their regular customers, which they do generally with a fair degree of liberality. The hoarding or engagement of gold to provide against contingencies has far exceeded the receipts and in exchange brought ahead gold actually withdrawn and contracts to deliver gold if required, probably exceeds in amount \$100,000,000. The makers of contracts to deliver gold on demand have imported over \$10,000,000, it is believed, and ordered \$500,000 more this week. These withdrawals of gold from banks for temporary deposit elsewhere, or by country banks at the demand of customers have been quite heavy, and the buying of foreign exchange has made the market entirely abnormal and quite out of relation to the existing state of foreign trade.

The railroad earnings in October have been 5.7 per cent. less than last year. Wheat has declined sharply, but is rising again, closing about one-half cent lower for the week. Heavy realizing on spot sales, extreme monetary pressure in carrying supplies and belief of foreigners that they can get what they want at lower prices by present abstention have materially helped the powerful Chicago influence which has labored to depress prices. But the evidence of great demand abroad grows clearer, and while western receipts are heavy, and the eastern receipts are light, 28,766,927 bushels for the week, and 28,766,944 for the past four weeks, against 31,150,964 last year, the enormous milking returns are of especial value, showing that foreign orders are preparing a great quantity of flour for export. These returns, not heretofore given elsewhere, will be especially instructive whenever the market turns on foreign demand. Atlantic exports for four weeks, flour included, have been 8,025,558 bushels, against 6,235,412 last year. Higher prices are really less important to the American market than the news of the decreasing supplies from Russia.

Cotton has held up remarkably well, in spite of trade estimates that the yield will be close to 9,000,000 bales. The trade believes such estimates erroneous and also believes that present prices will not be found too high if with such a crop there should be good business in this and other countries. The mills are selling staple goods somewhat preedy and print cloths are a shade higher, but there is neither much selling nor much effort to buy goods of this class. The demand in wool continues and has continued during the past four weeks 28,321,100 pounds, against 29,788,850 last year.

IRON has been bought largely by speculators, 25,000 tons of Bessemer at Pittsburgh raising the price to 11.90, large quantities of gray forge raising the price 10.40, and 200,000 tons, nearly all of iron, at Chicago.

FAILURES for the week have been 270 in the United States, against 278 last year, and 40 in Canada, against 32 last year.

THE MANITOBA SCHOOLS.

A Settlement Finally Reached in the Vexatious Matter.

MONTREAL, Oct. 31.—L'Union Des Cantons De L'est, the French paper published at Athabaskaville, where Premier Laurier resides, and where he now is, announces that the vexatious Manitoba school questions have been settled at last after a great deal of negotiation between the two governments. The understanding arrived at, the paper says, is that the present system of national schools will continue to exist, but that religious instruction is secure from Catholics as well as for the French, in districts where a majority is French, and Catholic teachers are to be employed in districts where the majority are Catholic. There will be no need now, the paper adds, of any federal remedial legislation. The full terms of the settlement will be made public as soon as it is formally ratified by the Manitoba cabinet.

ANTHRACITE COAL

Of Good Quality Discovered Near Sudbury, Ont.

TORONTO, Ont., Oct. 31.—Coal has been discovered near Sudbury in the Algoma district, which is believed to be identical with the anthracite found in the Lehigh Valley, Pa., except that it contains no sulphur. The extent of the deposit has not been definitely ascertained, but as far as investigation has progressed, it is known to cover an area of at least 100 acres. Samples brought to this city have been pronounced to be of good quality.

SPAIN'S CUP OF WOE.

The Possibility of Insurrection in Porto Rico—The Situation in the Philippines—More Awful Stories of Barbarities Practiced on Both Sides—A Scintillating Fight in the Province of Batagals.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—A Herald correspondent in Porto Rico, writing under date of October 22, says:

Spain's cup of woe will certainly be filled to overflowing if, as some suspect is possible, a spark from Cuban camp fires blows Porto Rico skyward and proves sufficient to start the flame of insurrection here.

Far from failing to realize the situation the government knows full well the inflammable nature of the material with which it is dealing, and carries its precautions almost to the verge of exaggeration. If the people tell the truth, however, there is no likelihood of any trouble here, at least while the struggle in Cuba goes on. That bitter contest won by the insurgents, their ends gained, there can be no doubt but that there would be an uprising in Porto Rico; but until that time comes the island is not likely to give Spain any trouble other than may be made by contributions to the cause of Cuba through the junta in New York.

The great difficulty in finding out what, if anything, is going on behind the scenes in Porto Rico is that the natives are too frightened to talk, even to the extent of telling the simple truth. I was told that it was equally dangerous to receive letters from abroad from friends, for if they contained any allusions to the state of affairs in Porto Rico or commented on the probable outcome of the Cuban trouble, the receiver would be summoned before the authorities and be called upon to explain why he was in receipt of correspondence of such a nature.

In Cavite, the position appears to remain as last reported, the rebels being in possession of the province with the exception of the town and arsenal.

More awful stories are circulated of shocking atrocities committed on both sides. A woman who confessed the plot to a priest is now under the protection of the government, while the priest who divulged the secret was among those caught in the convent at Imus, and he was flayed to death and then roasted.

Arrests of rich natives continue to be made and no one knows what their fate will be.

From the province of Batagals it was reported that late in September there had been a seditious rising in the parish of Tuy, in which it was estimated that 1,000 persons took part. Seventy men of the government forces stationed there defended themselves heroically and next day large reinforcements arrived, bringing the number up to 1,200, when the rebels were dispersed with great loss.

It was stated that the force in the provincial capital was sufficient for all contingencies. The convent was fortified and 23 priests from the surrounding parishes had taken refuge there. A volunteer force had been formed.

RUSSIA AND DENMARK.

An Entente Said to Be in Existence Between the Two Powers.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—A dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Copenhagen says an entente was concluded between Russia and Denmark during the premiership of M. Estrup, who resigned from the presidency of the Danish ministry in 1894, which places at the disposal of Russia, in the event of her engaging in war with Germany, or in a war involving France and Russia against the dreadnought, the whole of the available forces of Denmark, with power on the part of Russia to occupy Copenhagen and other Danish harbors and fortified works. In return Russia guarantees the integrity of Denmark with the restoration of Danish Schleswig to the kingdom. On the part of France and Russia the scheme in the event of an attack upon Germany makes Copenhagen the points of concentration for the allied fleets and army corps, the latter of which could be landed in Germany at an unexpected point within a single night.

The Pall Mall Gazette adds: "The government in Berlin has for a long time scented this danger, hence they expedited the completion of the Baltic-North Sea canal, and made other preparations. The agreement explains why, though the annual budget of Denmark was a little over \$3,000,000, millions were spent in fortifying Copenhagen, which is now provided with the best modern armament and the latest projectiles and fort works, thus securing to Denmark the key to the Baltic."

ONE KILLED AND TWO SERIOUSLY BURNED BY A KEROSENE EXPLOSION.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 31.—By the explosion of a can of kerosene oil yesterday afternoon the three-month-old baby of William Altenbach, 814 Greenfield avenue, was burned to death, and Mr. and Mrs. Altenbach, the parents of the child, were so severely burned that recovery is extremely doubtful.

In order to hurry the fire that was to cook his dinner, Altenbach started to pour a portion of the contents of a kerosene can into the stove. An explosion followed, with the result named. Mr. and Mrs. Altenbach were removed to the Emergency hospital.

SUDDEN DEATH

Of Michael Castle, a Pioneer Merchant of San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 31.—Michael Castle, a pioneer merchant and one of the founders of the house of Castle Bros., of this city, died suddenly at his home in this city Wednesday night. The family did not know of his demise until they called him for breakfast Thursday morning. The deceased was an uncle of Mrs. Castle, who is now waiting trial in the Clarksenwell sessions, London (charged with shoplifting).

SHORT STORIES.

Full of Quaint Humor and Rugged Philosophy.

Death of a Poor Old Man—The Bridgroom Didn't Know Where to Sleep—Andy Lucas and the Riddle.

Poor old man Luther Blanton is dead and gone the common way of all human flesh. He was way yonder the richest man in all the regions around Rocky Creek, and yet still I do reckon he was the gonestest man that ever breathed the breath of mortal life or planted his footsteps on the broad bosom of God's green earth. He had three or four big plantations—which for the most part was all swamp lands and just naturally turned to corn and cotton once a year—and made money over and under, givine eye in his front yard and down there under the ginhouse which had been there for years and years. And as to the cash he had put away in his old sock, and in the big family chest, and at the banks in town—nobody could tell the full extent thereof. And I doubt right serious if old man Luther could tell for certain how much he had raked and scraped together of this world's goods.

But all at the same time he was forever and eternally hard run and so blasted poor till, to hear him tell it, he didn't know how he would manage to keep out of the poorhouse. He was too poor to wear anything but the plainest clothes and but precious few of them. He was too poor to spare any money for the church or the cause, and as to the widows and the orphans, I valed don't reckon they had ever heard tell of a man by the name of Luther. He was too poor to eat enough when he was hungry, and too poor to sleep sound when he was tired and broke down.

What do you reckon made the old man so felonious poor with all that land and cotton and mules and money? I put that question to Blev Scroggins once upon a time, and Blev he answered it in his own plain, blunt way. "I can tell you what makes old man Luther suffer so from the aches and pains of poverty," says Blev. "He would walk across hell on a rotten rail for two bits."

She Thought He Must Be Drunk. Uncle Josiah Jernigan is one of the men which, owing to the scoundrelous hot weather and sorry crops and politics, got so melancholic and low down along in durin of the summer.

So Uncle Josiah he goes around to see old Dr. Leatherwood, and told him a great long rigamarole about his broke down and long-sufferin condition. After feelin and thumpin around considerable, tryin to find somethin the matter with the sick man, the old doctor had to give it up. "There aint a blame thing the matter with you, Josiah, exceptin a fearful bad case of the mull-y-bugs, with a little mixtry of pure meanness," says he. "Now you go on back home and eat and sleep and be virtuous and happy. Sing a scorp and two along the road as you go, and whistle a few tunes—somethin quick and devilish if you can, Josiah. And then, when you git home, look as jolly and cheerful like as you can. Kiss the children all around and then pitch in and hug and kiss your wife two or three times, like you used to some thirty or forty years ago. Play young and well—that's the idea, Josiah. I know you feel worse than the devil, but make out like you feel just simply bully, and the good feelin will grow on you as natural as dirt. You may not be so very young and well, but you aint too old to play the game that way for a few days anyhow, and that will be better than medicine and doctors for you."

Well, uncle he took the old doctor's advice and went home that evenin in a good humor with everybody and everything in the whole discovered world. He sung songs and whistled tunes along the road as he went—anything from "Amanin Grace" to "Mollie, Put the Kettle On."

And then when he rid up at home he dismounted and got down as quick and nimble as he ever did in his younger and gallin days, when he went-a-comin' Matilda Ann Dudley some forty years ago. He kissed the children one and all, and jest naturally loaded em down with sweet crackers and stick caudy. Then he paid his double-breasted regards to his good wife, Aunt Matilda Ann, and hugged her and kissed her, and kissed and hugged her over and over three or four times.

Aunt Matilda Ann she caught a long breath and sniffed the air and looked mighty bad puzzled and pestered and surprised.

"I can't smell no whiskey, Josiah," says she, "and it aint fer me to bring a scandalation on the family, but you do act to me powerful like you mought be drinkin, if not drunk."

But anyhow, the old doctor's head was as level as it was long. And Uncle Josiah Jernigan has now about recovered from his bad low-down spell.

Where They Do Run Trains.

Billy Trammel, one of the Murder Creek set of Trammel boys, has jest here lately returned from a long trip to the Pan-Handle country of Texas. "You hear people talk about railroads and railroad trains, Rufe, but they never will know a blame thing about it till they take a trip to the Pan Handle," says Billy to me the other day. "There is where they do run railroad trains to a dead hellacious certainty. You see, Rufe, they don't have no creeks and rivers to cross, and no hills and hol-

Official Organ of Shelby County.

AN EXCELLENT ADVERTISING MEDIUM

C. C. DuBose, Proprietor.
Advertising Rates on Application.

lows out there like you have got here. They don't have no up grades nor down grades, but everything on a smooth dead level. And when they start a train out on a trip all the engineer has got to do is to pull the darn thing wide open and let her go.

"One Sunday mornin out there in the Pan Handle I went down the road about 50 miles to the next station to see a young lady, which I was tremendous bad gone on about that time. I spent the day with her and that evenin she went to the station to see me on and off. I had got on the cars, you understand, Rufe, and jest as the bell rung and the train started I stuck my head out of the window to kiss the girl good-by. And what do you reckon, Rufe? Durned if I didn't kiss a cow in the mouth two miles up the road. Out there in the Pan Handle, Rufe—that is where they do run railroad trains."

He Didn't Know Where to Sleep.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS - CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of **OLD DR. SAMUEL PITCHEE**

Pumpkin Seed -
Aloes -
Rhubarb -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Elix. Carminative -
Warm Seed -
Cinnamon -
Vinegar -
Sugar -

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and **LOSS OF SLEEP.**

Fac-Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DROPS - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher

IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, NOV. 5, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year, \$1.00
One copy six months, .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Southern Railway.

NEW SCHEDULE.

No. 10, passenger, leaves south, 3:28 p.m.
No. 15, passenger, leaves going north, 11:47 a.m.
No. 68, local, leaves going south, 7:45 a.m.
No. 64, local, leaves going north, 1:20 p.m.

Post Office

Mail closes, 11:05 a.m.
Trains due, 11:35 a.m. and 3:28 p.m.
Mails open 1:30 p.m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 3:28 p.m.

LOCAL VIVISCOPE.

C. L. Meroney, of Montevallo, spent Sunday in town.

Frank Elliott left last Wednesday for Marshall, Texas.

John Miltstead, of Wilsonville, was in town Wednesday.

Louis and Roy Christian, of Shelby, were in Columbiana Tuesday.

Austin Weldon, of Wilsonville, was a caller at this office Saturday.

The best 5-cent cigar in town.
J. H. HAMMOND.

J. W. Bolin, of Wilsonville, was a pleasant caller at this office Saturday.

Miss Nellie Parker came up from the Industrial school Sunday to spend the day.

Miss G. Green returned home Saturday from a lengthy visit to relatives at Mallory.

Born, last Monday night to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Milner, a son. Congratulations are in order.

Mrs. John Upshaw, Sr., of Talladega county, is spending some time with her sister, Mrs. Wortham.

John Upshaw and wife, of Talladega Springs, spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives here.

Miss Alice Anchors, who has been on a protracted visit to relatives at Blocton, returned home Monday.

Six pounds of best Rio coffee or five pounds of Arbuckle's coffee for \$1.00.
J. H. HAMMOND.

Mrs. Anna Burt, who has been visiting relatives and friends here, returned to her home in Courtland Wednesday.

Rev. T. M. Wilson has been quite sick for several days, but his many friends will be glad to know he is now much better.

J. S. Faulkner, who left for his home in Sterrett about a month ago on account of bad health, returned last Sunday much improved.

Try Gold Dust Washing Compound - the best thing on earth for dishes or laundry.
J. H. HAMMOND.

Mayor W. B. Browne tendered his resignation to the city council Monday night and it was accepted. J. T. Leeper was elected mayor to fill the unexpired term.

The many friends of our clever and highly esteemed townsman, J. G. Parker, will regret to hear of his illness, and all join in wishing for him a speedy recovery.

Rev. T. P. Roberts and wife arrived in Columbiana the first of the week and have been close attendants at the bedside of their sick son, Rev. T. K. Roberts, ever since.

A new lively stable is being erected by A. M. Elliott on the site of the old one burnt last spring. It will be large and commodious when completed and convenient of access.

Rev. C. W. O'Hara left Tuesday for Huntsville to attend the meeting of the Alabama State Baptist Convention.

In the course of two weeks the court house and jail will be supplied with good spring water. The contractor, Mr. J. A. Edwards, is pushing the work on the water works and will soon have it completed.

Rev. T. K. Roberts, pastor of Dexter avenue Methodist church, Montgomery, is at his sister's, Mrs. J. R. White, quite sick. Mr. Roberts has many friends here who deeply sympathize with him, and pray earnestly for his recovery.

FOR SALE—A five room dwelling on East College street, near Academy. Almost new, just been newly painted. Will be sold at a bargain for cash. Apply to editor Chronicle for full particulars.

I have a nice, clean, new stock of groceries which I propose to sell as cheap as any firm in town. Turnips, onions, apples, coconuts, potatoes, pickles or in fact any edible you want cheap for cash. Give me a call.
J. H. HAMMOND.

Shelby County Matrimonial Bureau.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
James H. Walton and Miss Lula F. Adams, of near Weldon.
James H. Lee and Miss Addie Hughes, of near Wilsonville.
Wm. H. Davison and Miss Lula J. Hale, of Ganadurque.
George W. Armstrong, of Birmingham, and Miss Alice W. Fulton, of Ganadurque.

Colored—David Cunningham and Kitty Wilson, of Montevallo.
James Bell and Alice Lockett, of Montevallo.

Religious Rally.

There will be a religious rally at Chapel church on November 15, 1896. The history of Chapel church, running back from 1846 to 1896, will be given. All are invited to attend, especially the old people who were acquainted with the old camp meeting days.

PROGRAMME:
Saturday, November 14, 11 o'clock—Praying and church conference.
Sunday service will begin at 10 a. m.
Reading roll of chartered members and also roll of 1894, by Julius Nelson.
Reading obituary of Mrs. Richards, the only member that has died this year, by Napoleon Stinson.
The old time songs of early days will be sung.
Reading the history of the pastors and presiding elders and their work, by Miss Daisy West.
Benedictions by the brethren and sisters; also a short sermon by the pastor.

I hope to see a good attendance on this occasion. If politicians rally around their leaders ought not christian people to rally around the banner of the Lord Jesus Christ?
J. W. CARY.

The teacher who teaches the child self-control or rather develops the child's power to control himself, that teacher has learned the secret of true discipline. Almost unconsciously the child distinguishes between right and wrong. Cultivate this unconscious judgment and you teach self-control—New Education.

The Alabama Conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, south, will convene in Montgomery, December 2. Bishop J. C. Granberry, of Virginia, will preside. This is one of the largest bodies of church representatives in the state, having about two hundred and fifty members. The sessions of the conference will be held in Court street church and will last for nearly a week.—Advertiser.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.
The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by Parker & Armstrong.

Items from Creswell.

G. T. Wallis and family, of Laniers, visited relatives here recently.

H. P. Baggett returned from Birmingham Monday, where he has been looking for a location.

Miss Belle Coleman is visiting her sister, Mrs. G. A. Smith, at Leeds, this week.

A large double version bible and a large swinging lamp has been stolen from the Baptist church at this place. It is rather a peculiar case of burglary and we trust the guilty party will be apprehended and punished.

Mrs. M. E. Lipsey has returned to her home at Irondale, after spending a month with relatives and friends here.

Mrs. G. W. Butts returned Saturday after spending a few weeks in Talladega county.

Henry Coleman has been absent from school for several days on account of sickness, but we are glad to learn he is improving, and hope to see him in school again soon.

Mrs. Sarah Meacham returned to her home at Sycamore last Monday, after spending several weeks with relatives and friends here.

At best life is not very long. A few more smiles, a few more tears, some pleasure, much pain, sunshine and song, clouds and darkness, hasty greetings, abrupt farewells, then our little play will close, and injurer and injured will pass away. Is it worth while to hate each other?
CHOCTAW.

Harpersville Echoes.

Mrs. Bettie Phillips, of Ashville, is visiting relatives in our community.

Old Uncle Asa Bishop, one of our oldest citizens, died very suddenly one day last week. He was a good man, respected by all who knew him.

Our school is booming. It has fifty-two regular pupils.

Rev. Mr. Roberts will preach at the Methodist church Sunday.

Married, at the residence of the bride's father, on the 28th ult., Mr. Theodore G. Florey and Miss Sallie G. Martin, Rev. B. F. Giles officiating. Miss Sallie is the only daughter of our townsman T. J. Martin, Esq., and is beloved and respected by all who know her for her many good traits of character. Mr. Florey is one of our leading young men. The bridal presents were numerous. We wish them happiness.

Following is the vote for congressmen at this precinct: Plowman, 105; Aldrich, 84; Dryer, 7.

What is it?

The merchant can take an article worth 75 cents and sell it for \$1—that's business.

The mechanic can take a material worth \$5 and make it into a watch worth \$100—that's skill.

Vanderbilt can write a few words on a sheet of paper and make it worth five millions—that's capital.

The ditch-digger works ten hours a day and shovels three or four tons of earth for \$2—that's labor.

A lady can purchase a very comfortable bonnet for \$3.75, but she prefers one that cost \$2—that's foolishness.

The poet Tennyson could take a worthless sheet of paper and by writing a poem on it make it worth \$65,000—that's genius.

The United States can take an ounce and a quarter of gold and stamp upon it an "eagle bird" and make it worth \$20—that's money.

The editor of this paper can write a check for \$80,000,000, but it won't be worth a cent—that's tough.

What with the pneumatic tube project in Boston, the scheme for propelling street cars by compressed air, the prospect that a successful flying machine invention will be brought out in this vicinity, and the unquestioned pre-eminence of Boston as the centre for the manufacture of pneumatic bicycle tires, it is a question whether we shall not soon need to have a salaried official whose business it shall be to look after all kinds of machinery that has important relations to the atmosphere. In case of the creation of that office, The Boston Advertiser nominates to fill it, that eminent statesman celebrated by Mr. Lowell in the Bigelow Papers, Hon. Mr. Rag O'Wind.

An ingenious device for testing the purity of the air in workshops and other crowded places is on exhibition in Zurich. A closed vessel filled with a chemical solution, sensitive to carbonic acid gas, sends out a drop through a glass syphon every two minutes; the drop soaks through a cord suspended from the end of the syphon. If the air is very bad the drop changes its natural color—red—to white at once at the upper end of the cord. It keeps its color along the cord in proportion to the purity of the air, not changing at all if the air is perfectly pure. A graduated scale affixed alongside the cord marks the degree of impurity.

"How did this middle-of-the-road idea start, anyway?"
"Necessity! Pops had to devise some way to keep their whiskers from catching on the fences."

The daily paper says "Turkey is trembling." That is so, Thanksgiving is near at hand.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Parker & Armstrong, druggists.

An Appeal For The Orphans.

The executive committee of the Synodical Orphans' Home at Talladega, held its annual meeting today, and on review of the work for the fiscal year from October 1, 1895, to October 1, 1896, it is found that the cost of supporting the home has exceeded its income to the amount of \$1400, and the undersigned, chairman of the executive committee, was directed to make an earnest appeal through the religious and secular papers to the churches of the synod and of the charitable public for prompt contributions of money to meet this deficit. In order to show that this deficit has arisen under the strictest economy in administering the affairs of the home, we wish to note the following facts: 1. Additional room has been provided and the number of orphans in the home has been largely increased, and owing to the financial stringency of the times the contributions of money of the churches have greatly diminished. 2. There was a deficit in the support fund brought over from last year of \$800, which has been paid out of the income of this year. 3. It was absolutely necessary to build a new barn on the premises, and to make other repairs which could not be postponed without serious damage to the property and loss to the work of the home. The cost of these necessary works was over \$300, and it was paid out of the support fund for this year.

We have no paid agents in the field to raise funds for the support of our dependent orphans, therefore all our appeals are made by circulars and in the columns of newspapers, and every cent contributed goes directly to the benefit of the orphans. The money for which we now appeal is owed and due to generous merchants who, besides making generous donations, have supplied the daily necessities of the home, believing that the churches would replenish the treasury in time to have their bills paid this autumn. The balance is due to our faithful and self-sacrificing superintendent, who has contributed to the support of the home \$100 of his small salary of \$600. We do now most earnestly appeal to a generous public and to the churches throughout the synod, especially to such churches as have not paid in full the amounts subscribed at the last synod, for means to liquidate this debt, so that we will not have to draw upon the income for the coming year to pay back dues. In the percentage of the children now in the home every denomination in the State is represented, including Romanist and Israelites, and therefore we feel free in addressing this appeal in behalf of these fatherless and dependent children to all christians and to the generous public at large.

Let all contributions be presented to Mr. J. B. McMillan, treasurer, Talladega, Ala.

J. M. P. OTTS,
Chairman Ex. Committee.

Talladega, Ala., Oct. 14, 1896.

Punctuated.

From the Selma Journal.

The following sentence was recently given to one of our citizens prominent in banking circles and he was asked to punctuate it: "Ten one dollar bills—for such they were—were blown down the street." The aforesaid banker who is ever up to snuff replied: "I would make a dash after ten one dollar bills. Next!"

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had Lung trouble, following Typhoid Malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors who finally gave him up, saying: "Your son won't live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery, and knows it to be the best in the world for Lung trouble. Trial Bottles Free at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

Notice.

I have this day sold my entire interest with good will and all in the grocery business of Hammond & Thompson of this place to J. H. Hammond, who will continue the spot cash grocery business at the same place. He will pay all the claims for goods in transit upon arrival of same, and assumes all obligations of firm.

Thinking a generous people for their kind patronage and soliciting a continuance of same for J. H. Hammond, I am yours, &c.,
W. A. THOMPSON.

Nov. 3, 1896.

J. H. Hammond will continue the SPOT CASH grocery business at the old stand of Hammond & Thompson.

Notice No. 18511.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA. / October 28, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court, at Columbiana, Ala., on December 18, 1896, viz: Henry F. Howard, claimant, and J. B. Thompson, for the S. 1/2 of Sec. 8, T. 21 S. of R. 4 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Harmon, William A. Harmon, William Meaderson, James R. Burn, all of Bond, Ala. H. PURCELL, Register.

Notice No. 18522.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA. / November 2, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court, at Columbiana, Ala., on December 10, 1896, viz: Henry F. Howard, claimant, and J. B. Thompson, for the S. 1/2 of Sec. 8, T. 21 S. of R. 4 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: C. M. L. Fancher, Elijah C. Miller, George W. Carter, James M. Babin, all of Weldon, Ala. H. PURCELL, Register.

Notice No. 18523.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA. / November 2, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court, at Columbiana, Ala., on December 10, 1896, viz: Henry F. Howard, claimant, and J. B. Thompson, for the S. 1/2 of Sec. 8, T. 21 S. of R. 4 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: C. M. L. Fancher, Elijah C. Miller, George W. Carter, James M. Babin, all of Weldon, Ala. H. PURCELL, Register.

BUSINESS IS GOOD.

Calmly, smoothly, successfully it goes on, bringing happier results each week than was ever a store's fortune in this town before. No need for us to resort to fake advertising to boost up our sales; no need for us to lie awake nights scheming, fretting, worrying about the trade that does not come. We strive every day to give you the best values our resources can command, and you naturally give us hearty responses. There is no mystery about the store—no signs and passwords—our doors are open wide and you can come and examine our prices and goods as critically as you wish, and when that is done the cause of our success will become instantly apparent. Other stores might do as we do if they would, and our sailing would not then be so smooth, but in their eager, short-sighted grasping after profits they select the wrong course and that allows us to forge ahead of them. We are ready to compare prices with any store in this town and to meet and go ahead of any quotations you may get from anybody. You have the money to spend—why not spend it wisely—here's the right place—we are at your service to

*** Help You Save Every Cent Possible. ***

Remember we deliver goods FREE to any portion of town.

Yours to serve,

J. E. SEALE.

Seeing is Believing. *

NOT MUCH.

YOU see too many circus posters nowadays. And the public sees too many flashy advertisements. Nay, seeing is not believing. Goods are not sacrificed at half of manufacturing cost. No honest, reputable merchant can exist with such false business methods. A plated wedding ring may be sold cheaper than one of solid gold, but where is its value after the flimsy outer plating wears away. What sane man would buy such a one, and what thinking man will buy trashy, plated, shoddy goods.

We won't sell you cotton for wool nor jute for flax. The meaner sorts of merchandise we have no time to bother with; neither have you, if we judge you aright.

Clean, Honest, Reliable Goods at Lowest Prices!

is what intelligent buyers are looking for. We keep none other, and wish you to inspect our stock by the clear light of day. By this truth-telling light you can make your selections with the utmost satisfaction.

When you are ready come in and investigate our goods, view them in every light, make your own comparisons as to prices and qualities, and we will cheerfully accord you every facility.

We have anticipated your every want in our several departments. Your needs can be supplied in our store at our usual prices, which are always right. All we want or ask is that you look over our stock and get our prices before you purchase anywhere.

Yours for Business,

LESTER, MASON & CO.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, ALA.
W. B. BROWNE, J. T. LEEPER,
BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

That Tired Feeling!

Nobody is particularly anxious to spend their money. Everybody has to. Your wants must be satisfied and it takes money to do it. A person is not apt to look cheerful over the prospect of spending money. Lots of buying is done with a long face. This is all wrong. I offer a change for the better.

You Feel Relieved—

The minute you see our Grand Stock of New and Popular Goods it looks fresh and desirable. The first glance shows you that you are on the right track. No mistake about this being a modern up-to-date line of goods. You wake up to the fact that you have got into the right store.

The Feeling Grows—

When you commence to go into details, you feel as if the goods were bought on purpose for you. No trouble to make a satisfactory selection; it gets down to a question which is the most satisfactory.

Trouble is Forgotten

When you learn our prices, they are always at the low-water mark. We don't give goods away—we can't. We can sell goods very low—we do. This is a fact. We might brag about it, but what's the use—a word to the wise is sufficient. It's as true as truth that we sell goods cheap—we prove it.

Happiness is Supreme

When you get just what you want at less than you expected to pay—we are treating customers to this kind of a surprise every day. We sell you a good article and let you off cheap. You will find our selections choice, our goods reliable, and prices satisfactory. A fair deal makes the buyer happy—we give it. To spend money and be happy at the same time go to

S. STARK.
Shelby, Ala.

COSPER & ALFORD,
DEALERS IN
Furniture,
Carpets,
Trunks,
Coffins
and Caskets

—ALSO—
"NEW HOME" Sewing Machines,
CHILDERSBURG, ALA.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple way to protect your ideas? Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C. for their \$1.00 price offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Election Notice.

State of Alabama, Shelby County.

Notice is hereby given that I, E. F. Vest, as sheriff of said county, will cause to be opened and held at the various places of holding, in all the election precincts in said county, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1896, being the 3rd day of November, an election for electing eleven electors for president and vice-president of the United States from the State of Alabama, and a member of fifty-fifth congress, from the Fourth congressional district of the State of Alabama.

E. F. VEST, Sheriff.

Notice No. 18492.
Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA. / October 23, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court, at Columbiana, Ala., on December 3, 1896, viz: James O. Anderson, claimant, and J. B. Thompson, for the S. 1/2 of Sec. 8, T. 21 S. of R. 4 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George W. Thompson, George W. Wheeler, Roland T. White, William G. Hill, all of Harpersville, Ala. H. PURCELL, Register.

Scientific American
Agency for
PATENTS
CAVEATS,
TRADE MARKS,
DESIGN PATENTS,
COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Hand-Book, apply to
SUNNY & CO., 30 Broadway, New York.
Oldest bureau for securing patents in America.
Every patent taken out for us is a success before the public by a notice given free of charge in this
Scientific American
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year; \$1.50 six months. Address: SUNNY & CO., Publishers, 301 Broadway, New York City.

\$100 Reward \$100. The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

"Don't worry, says she, she was disappointed in England." "Why was that?" "Things didn't look so English as she thought they would."—Chicago Record.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac from your own druggist, who will guarantee a cure. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Miss Kennedy—"What an awful talker Mr. Gilley is, and how little he says when he speaks!" Miss Kittish—"The poor fellow is troubled with an impediment in his thoughts."—N. Y. World.

Left Destitute!

Set of worldly goods, but of all earthly comfort, is the poor wretch tormented by malaria. The fell scourge, however, shorn of its terrors in advance by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, its only sure, preventive and remedy. Dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, rheumatism, nervousness and kidney complaints are also among the bodily afflictions which this simple medicine cures with certainty. Use it systematically.

"There are no jokes like the old jokes," said the humorist, making any day. "And the jokes that now find favor pleased the folks of another day."—Philadelphia North American.

The Ladies.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Company, printed near the bottom of the package. For sale by all responsible druggists.

Mr. Horack—"Miss Tenspot must be surprisingly beautiful." Mr. Tomdick—"Indeed! What makes you think so?" "She looks well even in an amateur photograph."—Life.

"Having tried Dr. Carlistadt's German Liver Powder in my family, I do not hesitate to pronounce it a most excellent remedy." H. R. Gnat, Nashville, Tenn.

"How odd it is," said Pat, as he trudged along on foot one sultry day, "that a man never meets a cat going the same way as he is!"—Household Words.

Just try a 10c box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

Enrich Hood's Sarsaparilla

Your blood at this season by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and you will not need to fear pneumonia, fevers or the grip. Remember

Hood's Pills

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Hood's Sarsaparilla, 25c.

McELREE'S WINE OF CARDUI



WOMAN'S RELIEF
 for monthly pains in the sides, hips, back, neck, shoulders, head and limbs.
 These pains are symptoms of dangerous derangements peculiar to women.
 McElree's Wine of Cardui corrects these derangements, cures Whites and falling of the Womb, relieves Suppressed Menstruation and flooding, quiets the nerves and brings happiness to afflicted women.
 For Sale by Medicine Dealers at ONE DOLLAR A BOTTLE.

Corn

is a vigorous feeder and responds well to liberal fertilization. On corn lands the yield increases and the soil improves if properly treated with fertilizers containing not under 7% actual

Potash.

A trial of this plan costs but little and is sure to lead to profitable culture.

All about Potash—the results of its use by actual experiment on the best farms in the United States—is mailed free to any farmer in America who will write for it. GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

HATS CLEANED AND DYED.

EQUAL TO NEW. ALFRED FOULKS, 364 1/2 St. Louis, Mo.

PISO PURE CURE

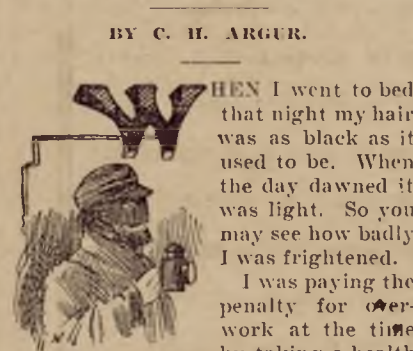
Cures where all else fails. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.

MY LITTLE QUEEN OF HEARTS.

My little queen of hearts is she—
 The loveliest of lasses!
 The rosy hours,
 The dewy flowers,
 Smile on her as she passes.
 I would that I were keen of wit
 And skilled in Cupid's arts,
 To ravish her,
 And capture her—
 My little queen of hearts!
 My little queen of hearts—Ah, me!
 All through summer weather,
 In shade and moon
 My little queen
 And I romped on together.
 Her saucy mouth was Cupid's bow,
 Her eyes were Cupid's darts,
 In cunning glee
 She wounded me—
 My little queen of hearts!
 My little queen of hearts is she,
 And yet I bow in sorrow,
 I'm forced—forthwith!
 To tell the truth—
 She's one year old to-morrow!
 Ah, there's the selfish reason why
 My little queen has imparted—
 I fear that she
 May some time be
 Another's queen of hearts!
 —S. Q. Laplus, in Ohio Farmer.

MY BURGLAR STORY.

BY C. H. ARGUR.



WHEN I went to bed that night my hair was as black as it used to be. When the day dawned it was light. So you may see how badly I was frightened.

I was paying the penalty for overwork at the time by taking a health trip, and I carried along \$475 to pay it with. I also took a fishpole and a north-westerly direction for the Michigan woods.

When I was leaving Detroit on the steamboat I wrapped up \$400 in a rubber band and stowed them away in the inside pocket of my vest, and I soon acquired the habit of touching myself every time I thought of it to see whether my cash balanced, or to speak more accurately, to see whether I still had the bulge on my vest.

As soon as I found this nervous habit fastening itself upon me I was sorry that I had not always carried large sums of money and got used to the sensation, but it was too late for vain regrets, and I determined to make the best of it. But I decided that I would always in the future have plenty of money.

It was a little too early in the season for the summer run of schoolma'ams on the lakes, and there were only a few passengers on board the steamboat. These were made up mostly of commercial travelers and a fair assortment of those dusty-booted, slouch-hatted, shoddy-clad men who travel on trains and boats everywhere without any apparent reason or object. There was one lady on board.

There was also another passenger—a red-headed man with a sinister eye and a smell of horse about him so pronounced that the lady passenger asked for "the radish" at dinner, thinking to avoid hurting his feelings by saying horse-radish in his presence.

If I had not been carrying a wad of money into a lonely country I should have paid little attention to this ill-favored person, but I was carrying a wad of money, and I suspected that he knew it. For the life of me I could not help pressing that wad with my fingers every time I met him or heard his voice or smelt horse. I was certain that he noticed this involuntary action and that he knew the reason of it, and I came to believe that he was on the boat because I was, and that he would get off when I did.

He did get off when I did, at 11 o'clock at night, on the lonely dock in the town of Gravelton, and no one left the boat there but us two. I saw him disappear in the darkness when I took my seat in the hotel bus.



ACQUIRED THE HABIT OF TOUCHING MYSELF.

Those large, cheaply-built houses which one will find in all the lumbering towns of the west where land is cheap and pine is cheap, and regular boarders are cheap and numerous, but my room was clean enough and reasonably secure. The window had no fastenings, but the sash had swelled, and the casement held it in a grip which all my strength could not loosen. The door was provided with a bolt and a lock, and the transom was too narrow to admit the body of a man. I felt pretty secure, but I was made nervous by the fact that the curtain failed to cover the lower part of the window. I was morally certain that my ugly fellow-traveler stood outside in the darkness, watching me with hungry eyes.

I did not feel sleepy enough to go to bed, neither did I find it particularly cheerful to sit in the one little wooden chair which the room afforded and gaze at the cheap wall paper covering the pine partition, or the "skied" picture of a flaming red, long tailed bird of paradise, with his head set backward on his neck. My books were in my trunk, and there was nothing at hand to read except an old newspaper, which was doing duty as a cover to the washstand.

Glancing at this paper, I saw that the page exposed to view was made up of "syndicate" matter, and that the prominent article was, by a startling coincidence, the story of an adventure with a burglar. I began reading it.

The narrator told how he found himself in a strange room seeking for a safe place to bestow his money for the night; how he determined to place it between the leaves of a dictionary, and wishing to remember the exact place he thought he would open the book

at the word money, but behold, when he opened it the first word he saw was murder.

Here the narrative was broken by a soap dish, which adhered firmly to the paper in spite of my careful efforts to remove it, and I read no further.

I arose and shook myself. "Pshaw!" I said, "what a fool I am. He's probably just an ordinary hostler come up here to work, or perhaps to see his old mother. No doubt he's as honest as I am. I wonder what word he would have found if he'd opened the dictionary at cash." I soliloquized, and out of mere idle curiosity I took from my handbag the nearest approach I had to a dictionary—a little paper-covered book of synonyms, and opened it at C.

Clutch—grasp—lay—hold-on—catch—seize.
 This was the line that met my gaze. I laughed, threw the book on the table and began to undress.

"If anyone enters my room to-night," I thought, as I folded up my vest and placed it under the pillow, "I'll clutch him, grasp him, lay hold on him, catch him, seize him, and yell for help."

When I went to sleep I dreamt that I was wading up a trout stream fishing for black bass with a wad of money for bait and that as fast as I caught fish I was robbed of them by a red-headed horse.

From the number of fish I had caught I judge that I must have slept two or three hours; then I found myself suddenly awake, listening intently, and anxiously sniffing the air. I was certain of two things. Some one was moving in the room, and I smelled horse.

It is easy to write of this thing now in a spirit of levity, but I had no such feeling as I lay there straining my eyes to no purpose in the inky darkness, but hearing that fellow move about the room boldly, without caution, as though it mattered nothing to him whether I slept or wakened.

"If I move," I thought, "he is ready with his knife or club to silence me forever."

I did not know whether or not he had already taken the vest from under my pillow and I did not care just then to investigate. I moved not a muscle, but when the first tumult of sudden fright



MY VISITOR.

had subsided I tried to think—to reason.

"I am here for my health," I thought, "Now won't it be healthier to lie still and let him take my money than to move a finger and let him take my life—what little I have? How did he get in here? Ah, of course! the window. I couldn't budge it, but he is muscular. I should have thought of that."

What was the man doing? The sounds he made were exactly such as a man makes in dressing. Heavens! would he exchange clothes with me, leaving his horse old suit in my room? He was at the wash-stand pouring out water—washing his hands. My fright was giving way to anger at the cool impudence of the man. Doubtless he had on my clothes now, including the vest, with the wad of bills in the inside pocket. Coward that I was to lie there and let him take my property!

I hesitated no longer, but sprang from the bed and with one cry of "Help!" rushed with resistless fury slam bang against the partition over where I thought the man stood.

Some one tried my door, then knocked on it for admittance. Backing toward it so as to guard myself from an attack by the burglar I found the bolt and lock and threw the door open. A flood of light filled the room; the window was closed and the only persons present were myself and my visitor—a gentleman fully dressed, with a lighted lamp in his hand and a trout basket slung over his shoulder.

"There was a burglar in my room," I began. "I couldn't see the scoundrel, but I heard him washing his hands and putting on my—"
 I stopped, for I saw my clothes hanging where I had left them.

"I think you must have heard me washing and dressing," said the gentleman, "and I must ask you to pardon me for disturbing you. I should have remembered that the walls between these rooms are very thin."

That is my burglar story. I might devise a better ending for it if my imaginative powers were equally distributed, but they seem mostly to center in my olfactory nerves. I could have sworn that I smelled horse.—Detroit Free Press.

Worldly Philosophy.
 You can't tell by the reserve of a peaceful man how much of fight there is in him. A piece of flint is an innocent-looking thing, but give it a good blow and you'll see the fire fly.
 It is not discreet to take too many liberties with our best friends. No one but a lion's keeper should thrust his head in the lion's mouth.
 Despotism enters the hut as well as the palace. The most disreputable of its kind is serving a tyrant misnamed Love.
 Lowliness may be nothing but supreme arrogance in disguise.
 If the jaunting-car of fashion should upset what a slopover there would be of etiquette!

Intellect is the uncrowned aristocracy of the mind that may be bestowed upon a peasant yet denied to his king.
 Too much of self-abnegation will crowd down hosts of ambitions. The patient doctor who makes a feast of thistles never forgets that he can kick.
 Resolutions that come of good impulses should be registered at white heat or they may cool in ashes.—N. Y. Recorder.

—The sunflower takes its name from its form and color, and not as commonly supposed because it inclines toward the sun, for it does not, as has been proven by observation.

A TIMELY INTERRUPTION.

Youth and Age Are Much the Same After All.

After Caspeley was through laughing to himself he consented to tell us the reason for his hilarity.

"I have two old uncles visiting me. One is 82 and a bachelor and the other 84 and a widower. Their conversation is of the courtly character that prevailed in the earlier part of the century, and neither the theater nor the club has any attraction for me when I can get within earshot of those old fellows. Last evening they thought themselves alone and positively grew sentimental in reviewing the experiences of some of their younger days."

"Josh," said Uncle Tom, "do you remember that stage coach trip we made up into Virginia? I'll never forget those mountain roads where we pitched from cushion to ceiling and from side to side as though in a storm at sea!"

"Yes, and then fell over a precipice. That was a strange experience, Tom, being taken in by the very first family of Virginia and being carried for until we were able to go home."

"You played possum, Josh, just because of that pretty daughter, and stayed three weeks longer than I did. You were pretty hard hit, my boy. Now own up."

"No harder hit than you were. You kept me awake at night talking about her. You declared her more beautiful than any of the pictured beauties of history and vowed that her movements were graceful enough to be set to music."

"Yes, and if I'd had a clear field I am satisfied that I could have won the peerless creature. But no, you must be haunting her like a shadow and I had no chance."

"See here, Tom, I flatter myself that my attentions were just as welcome as yours would have been and had you generously kept in the background I might have been accepted. You were clearly an annoyance to her as well as to me."

"Josh, you're becoming childish. I was always more popular with the ladies than you were, and you know it."

"Childish? Don't talk that way to me. That you should be jealous at your time of life suggests the probability that it is you who is in his dotage. It is no fault of mine that I took precedence in female society."

"I presume I will have to humor you."

"Don't anger me. Mine is like the Douglas blood."

"Uncle Tom had commenced a hot retort when I advanced from my hiding-place and talked them into a good humor. But they're a great old pair."—Detroit Free Press.

ATTRACTIVE SKIRTS.

The Newest Petticoats Abound in Many Ruffles.

The latest skirts abound in ruffles. One big ruffle often hides five or six smaller ones, and the whole petticoat looks as though it were made more for skirt dancing than ordinary wear. All the skirts are cut umbrella fashion, and are usually tight across the hips. The deepest ruffle is apt to measure 14 inches, and the others vary from this in depth to a tiny foot ruffle of two inches. Groupings of fine tucks are much used in the new skirts.

Besides the white skirts of muslin and fine cambric, there are many of delicately colored batiste trimmed with both lace insertion and lace frills, but these colored skirts are only suitable for home wear.

Each year the silk skirts, so dear to the feminine heart, grow more elaborate, and, consequently, more expensive. But no longer must they rustle—that is, if they are made according to the latest French idea. Soft broadcade is preferred to crisp taffeta. A ruching of pinked ribbon or silk is the newest trimming to head the ruffles.

A magnificent silk petticoat is of black satin brocaded with yellow flowers. It fits tightly over the hips, and begins to spread out just above the knees. It is made with a deep under flounce of black taffeta, finished with a pinked foot ruffle. Over the taffeta flounce is one of broadcade satin. This is made most elaborate by insertions of black silk lace headed by a group of silk cordings, while the bottom of the flounce is finished with a frill of the silk lace.

A number of new silk skirts to be worn with evening gowns have a series of different ruffles at the bottom. The inner one will be of taffeta, with the edges pinked; then will come a corded silk ruffle; over this one of chiffon accordion plaited, and then an outside ruffle of lace.

The latest drawers are so wide that it is hard to distinguish them from a short petticoat. In many of them each leg measures 20 inches around. They are trimmed not only with lace, but narrow beading, and generally a bow of ribbon.—St. Louis Republic.

Deviled Crabs.

The picked meat of one dozen boiled crabs, five tablespoonfuls of cracker dust, one tablespoonful of mustard, half a cup of sweet milk, one spoonful of vinegar, pepper and salt to taste. Beat the eggs and add to the crab meat; add all the other ingredients except the mustard and milk; these should be rubbed to a paste and added last of all. Wash the upper shells of the crabs, which should be removed with care, and hence not broken. Fill the above mixture with care in the upper shells, and put a speck of butter and a sprinkle of cracker dust on the top of them, and bake in a hot oven five minutes. These can be eaten either hot or cold.

Deviled crabs are suitable for breakfast, luncheon, dinner or tea. They are served at luncheon with a salad, at dinner as a course with green peas, and at tea as a side dish with rolls, or with bread and butter. Whoever served them form a most appetizing and satisfactory dish.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Dress Predictions.
 Fur will be seen on the gauziest of gowns this winter.

The all-violet hat promises to be decidedly popular this winter.

Black moire is being much used in combination with cloth on strictly tailor-made gowns.

And now the modiste blames the skirt for using up so much material. She can't put it on the sleeves, you know.

The hat that has not standing frills, coques, plumes of a bird of paradise feather is quite out of the general run this season.—Chicago Record.

—W. Lewis Fraser, art manager of the Century Magazine, made his start in live in Canada.

SATISFIED SISTERS.

What Postponed the Trip to Hot Springs.

From the Tribune, Cullman, Ala.

Two well-known ladies of Holly Pond, Cullman county, Alabama, are the Misses H. A. and M. F. Shepard, and they are held in the highest esteem.

Two years ago, Miss M. F. Shepard was stricken with terrible sickness, from which she suffered long. The history of the case is so interesting that we publish the lady's own version as it is every way worthy of perusal:
 "Two years ago last February, I was stricken with a terrible pain around my heart, which prostrated me for hours, and from then on I grew weaker until spring, when from impaired circulation and impoverishment of the blood, a stomach difficulty set in, bloating my body fearfully. Of course I was confined to my bed and to all sorts of sorrows a general attack of rheumatism followed, so that motion was painful, and locomotion impossible.

Several physicians were consulted but they gave me no relief until the last came who so helped my stomach difficulty, that after several months I was able to sit up. The rheumatism, however, stubbornly stayed, and I was advised that my only hope was the Hot Springs of Arkansas. I was preparing to make the journey when I was recommended to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

"During my illness, I had taken two boxes of these self-same pills, but not in the way recommended, as I was taking other remedies. Now, however, I determined to try them properly, as I was no longer under a physician's care, and could do as I pleased, and my sister, Miss H. A. Shepard, at my request, ordered six boxes of Pink Pills for me, as I could not leave the house and could only hobble about with the aid of crutches.

"By the time I had finished the pills, I had given up crutches, though I was still almost a skeleton from the ordeal through which I had passed. I am now quite fleshy, and the only agent that has caused the change is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, for I used no other medicine. My right hand is still drawn so that I can only use the thumb and first finger, and my back is still lame, but I am in better health than for many years.

"Now, having stated my own case, let me refer to my sister, Miss H. A. Shepard, who had a serious growth on her right temple. This was terribly inflamed and spreading so fast, that I prevailed upon her to order five boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and test their virtue as a blood cleanser, as the only means of arresting the rapid growth of the cancer. This she did, and has taken about seven of the boxes, and is still taking them. The sore has stopped spreading, and appears to be healing. When she began to take the pills she was the thinnest living being I ever saw, but now she is better than it has been in many years. God grant she may be spared the horrible death with which she was threatened.

"My case, moreover, my own, has induced me to write this statement, in order that it may be made public.

(Signed) M. F. SHEPARD, Cullman Co., Alabama.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood, and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50. Ask your druggist, or write to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

A Rich Man Talks of His Very Many Troubles.

"Do you know," said a rich man, seriously, to a Star representative, "that there is a good deal of discomfort on that score in the possession of great wealth? I presume I am worth a couple of millions, which, of course, in a general way, is supposed to be twenty or more, and it is at that figure the I pose in the minds of those cranks who make men sign big checks at pistol points, or make them whack up the cash on pain of dynamite. Five years ago, when I made a million on a lucky rise, it occurred to me that I might be made a victim, and as a precaution I instructed my bankers to pay no checks of mine that called for more than \$100, and to arrest the party presenting it. I did my business in three banks and carried blank checks on them all.

"Well, one day it came, and sitting in my private office two men popped down on me, and before I could make any outcry, or even get out of my chair, they had me covered with their revolvers. My office force consisted only of a typewriter and stenographer, and he was out for an hour, so the thieves had it all to themselves. Indeed, they had been waiting for the chance, because my stenographer took an hour off every day at the same time, and they had carefully acquainted themselves with the fact. In any event, there I was and there they were, and with the door locked and two guns staring at me I had little chance to do otherwise than as I was bidden. I tried to parley, but they would not permit my monkeying, so they informed me, neither would they give me 90 days, as was strictly a cash transaction, and I'd better hurry. They ran through my desk and safe and found no money, and at once demanded a check, putting the amount of their own free will at \$11,432.55, so that they would not overdraw my account nor excite suspicion by making an amount in round numbers. I had \$20,000 or more to my credit and told them so, but they were afraid I was putting up a job on them, and said that they weren't hogs, and would be satisfied with the amount they had selected.

"I drew up the check and signed it as they suggested, and then one of them took it and said he would go to the bank and see about it, while the other would remain and see to it. I hadn't quite expected this, and didn't know what might happen, but I braced myself and waited. The man with the check looked the door and as the bank was only half a block away he said he would be back in ten minutes. It wasn't that long, but it seemed to me like a month, and when I heard the key rattling in the door I could hardly sit in my chair. When the door opened, however, I was easy in a minute, for, instead of the thief there were two bank detectives and before the gentleman waiting with me could offer an objection they had him collared."

"But how did they get on?" inquired the reporter, whose wits were slightly dulled by the novelty of the story. "Easy," responded the millionaire. "The bank clerk knew something was crooked when he saw that big check, and without any disturbance at all he gave the tip to the men on the watch, and they had the fellow at the window before he knew he was even suspected. The rest of it was easy, for my office key, with its number, was in his pocket, and they had had experience enough to know what the layout was and how to finish the game to win."—Washington Star.

"I do not believe that I have a true friend in the world." "So you have been trying to borrow money, too, have you?"—Truth.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe.

TEACHER—"What is a straight line?" Pupils—"The picture of its own road which such company prints in the railroad map."—Boston Transcript.

When bilious or constive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c. 25c.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, October 31, 1904.
 CATTLE—Native Steers.....\$ 3 50 @ 4 00
 COTTON—Middling..... 17 1/2 @ 18
 FLOUR—Winter Wheat..... 3 40 @ 4 30
 WHEAT—No. 1 Hard..... 60 @ 81
 COIN—No. 2..... 22 1/2 @ 23 1/2
 OATS—No. 2..... 22 1/2 @ 23 1/2
 POIK—New Mess..... 8 50 @ 9 00

ST. LOUIS.

CATTLE—Middling

The Presbyterian Synod of Alabama will hold its annual session in Anniston, Nov. 16th and 17th. One hundred delegates will probably be in attendance.

FINANCIERS have been claiming that as soon as the presidential election is over that money matters will be restored to their normal condition. Now let us see how much of a prophet they are.

AN exchange gives the following wholesome advice: "Don't bet, don't cuss, don't get hot in the collar, nor try to prove that your neighbor stole a horse or he would do so if he had the chance, solely because he doesn't agree with you in politics."

The legislature of Alabama convened Tuesday in Montgomery. Hon. A. D. Sayre, of Montgomery, was chosen to preside over the senate, and Hon. N. N. Clements, of Tuscaloosa, will be the presiding officer of the lower house, both thoroughly competent men.

The work cut out for Major McKinley by the Washington newspaper men includes the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands, the building of the Nicaraguan canal, the stoppage of the Armenian atrocities and the freeing of Cuba. If the Venezuelan dispute is not settled before March 4, he will settle it, although it is intimated that President Cleveland may take the job off his hands. Arrangements are making by the newspaper men to provide the new president with a full line of interesting work to do.—Mobile Register.

The New York Sun excerpts Turkey only, saying: "If Turkey were out of the way Spain would form the most appalling spectacle of any nation in the world. Her name stands for the tragedy of the times. Her overwhelming vanity and abject poverty, her internal perils and external troubles, her Carlists and her Anarchists, the wrecking of her treasury, the baffling of her armies, the prostration of her power, and the cries of her people furnish material for chapters in the history of the age such as can be written of no other European power, Turkey excepted."

JOHN H. INMAN, head of the great cotton house of Inman, Swan & Co. died of heart failure in New York on the 5th. His estate is estimated at \$10,000,000. Mr. Inman was born in Tennessee and was fifty-three years old at the time of his death. He entered the Confederate service when he was seventeen years old. After the war, in 1865, he went to New York and embarked in the cotton business from which time his career has been a continued success. He has been a great investor in southern enterprises and it is believed that he has been instrumental in securing the investment in the south of more than \$100,000,000.

"Our whole currency system," says the New York World, "is chaotic in a degree that not only invites confusion and panic but renders their occurrence from time to time inevitable. It should be a first care of congress to reform it: to take the treasury out of the banking business; to destroy the 'endless chain' of greenback redemption and reissue which has been so disastrous; to reduce our nine kinds of currency to a coherent system, and to provide effectually for the permanent maintenance of all our dollars at par. A monetary commission would perhaps afford the best means of doing all this, but in some way the next congress must accomplish it or fail in the duty it accepts."

PRESIDENT-ELECT MCKINLEY it is pleasant to observe, has placed himself on record in opposition to sectionalism. In a letter to Mark Hanna recently he used the following patriotic words: "The victory is not to party or section, but of and for the whole American people. Not the least of the triumphs of the election is the obliteration of sectional lines in the republic. We have demonstrated to the world that we are a reunited people in purpose as in name. We have manifested in the great cause the spirit of fraternity and brotherhood that should always characterize our common and equal citizenship, and have proven conclusively that in a country of equal privileges and equal opportunities the insidious doctrine of hate or sectional distinctions cannot prevail."

Out for a dog law that will thin out the number of worthless curs in Alabama and enable our farmers to make sheep husbandry profitable. There is no reason why the wool crop every May should not bring into the country as much money as the cotton crop in November, except that our people think more of lazy dogs than they do of profitable sheep. These mountains the Almighty intended should be as useful to man as the valleys and if we do not make them so it is our fault. A law that would tax every dog a dollar for a sheep fund from which the sheep owner could draw three dollars for every sheep lost by dogs, would be a boon to all classes. There is no excuse for a family feeding three or four worthless dogs when the children have hardly enough to satisfy them. What will keep a dog will keep a hog, and every year the hog means 300 pounds of meat, while the dog means fleas, hydrophobia and death to sheep.

We long for the day when our people can see this matter in its true light and stop their foolishness worshipping dogs.—Talladega News-Reporter.

GROWING GOLD PRODUCTION.

Director of the Mint Preston announces that the gold production of the world will be \$220,000,000 for this calendar year. The United States will lead with a yield of at least \$50,000,000 and possibly several millions more. South Africa will come close to America and Australia will have about \$48,000,000 to its credit. Colorado is now at the head of the gold-producing states, and its mines are reckoned upon for \$16,000,000 or \$17,000,000. California will not be much behind, while Montana will produce \$4,500,000. South Dakota \$4,000,000 to 4,500,000 and Utah and Alaska will make increases over 1895. Mexico is counted upon for a gain of \$1,000,000 to \$1,500,000. Russia will add \$5,000,000 to the 1895 figures.

The outlook, too, is that the above production is but an indication of what the future has in store. The best engineering opinion is that there is gold enough in the world to occupy with profit the labor of man for hundreds of years. There is still an immense part of the earth unexplored, but the gold fields already in sight are extensive enough and rich enough to last a century and perhaps longer. There need be no apprehension of a lack of sufficient gold to maintain the gold standard in enlightened nations.

ALABAMA is beginning to realize fully the value of river improvements. The inauguration of navigation upon the Warrior river promises to be worth millions to the people of the state in the sale of coal alone. Referring to this the Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph, published in a rival region, says: "The claim is made that Mobile will henceforth be the cheapest coal port in the world. The mines opened are only 413 miles above tide, and the statement is made that coal can be set down in Mobile at a cost of \$1.25 a ton. This claim is based upon an estimated freight charge of only 25 cents a ton. Even if this is not attainable the margin up to \$2.20, the present figure of good steam coal, is so large that the profit will still be attractive to enterprising operators. Mobile is less than sixty hours' sailing from the new railroad across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, and it is by no means unreasonable to hope that not only Gulf ports, but also the Pacific coast will be opened to Alabama coal. This may show the way to New Orleans shippers for an extension of the coal trade to the same regions which now exclusively depend upon English coal, which is sold at from \$8 to \$14 a ton." The Pittsburg paper might have added that Alabama coal will also reach New Orleans and the lower Mississippi river region by water route from Greenville, Miss., and drive out the Pennsylvania product, thus taking its own rightful territory.

"Van Buren was elected over the whig candidates in 1836 by a majority of only 2,628 popular votes. General Harrison was elected in 1840 over Van Buren by a majority of 145,900 popular votes out of 2,400,000, yet he received 234 electoral votes to Van Buren's 60. Polk defeated Henry Clay in 1844 by only 97,370 popular votes in a total vote of over 2,500,000. Garfield in 1880 received only 7,028 more popular votes than Hancock, out of over 9,000,000. Cleveland in 1884 received only 2,005 more popular votes than Blaine, out of over 9,500,000, and Harrison in 1888 only 96,658 more popular votes than Cleveland, out of nearly 11,000,000. In the presidential election of 1892 eighteen states were carried by pluralities of less than 10,000 votes. They were: South Dakota, republican, by 8,344; Oregon, republican, by 8,047; Indiana, democratic, by 7,125; Washington, republican, by 6,657; Wisconsin, republican, by 6,544; Kansas, people's, by 5,874; Connecticut, democratic, by 5,370; Nevada, people's, by 4,453; West Virginia, democratic, by 4,174; Nebraska, republican, by 4,079; New Hampshire, republican, by 3,547; Rhode Island, republican, by 2,637; Montana, republican, by 1,270; Ohio, republican, by 1,072; Wyoming, republican, by 732; Delaware, democratic by 498; North Dakota, people's, by 181; California, democratic, by 147."

Is the Sun Burning up?

Thousands of curious and ingenious theories have been advanced to account for the effect that the sun, although he has whirled his burning disk across the heavens for untold ages, continues to burn without being consumed or his bulk being lessened in the least. Some of our most learned astronomers believe, or pretend to believe, that the great orb is a ball of gas, but even a great globe of gas would be consumed to its utmost atom in the course of a few thousand years. Others say that fires are kept up by the burning of the remains of wrecked worlds which are constantly falling into its mysterious, burning depths. But even this seems far from probable and those who take an opposite view declare that it is a monstrously absurd conclusion. In summing up his opinion on the last conclusion one of the most eminent astronomers of the day has figured that a mountain range consisting of 176 cubic miles could fall into the sun and yet not furnish fuel enough to keep up the present rate of heat for a single second, and that a mass equal to our earth would only furnish heat for 93 years. If these conclusions are correct, we may well ask, Of what wonderful, indestructible substance is our great light giver composed?—Exchange.

PROCLAMATION.

By the President, Setting Apart November 26th for Thanksgiving.

By the President of the United States. The people of the United States should never be unmindful of the gratitude they owe the God of Nations for His watchful care which has shielded them from dire disaster, and pointed out to them the way of peace and happiness. Nor should they ever refuse to acknowledge with contrite hearts their proneness to turn away from God's teachings and to follow with sinful pride after their own devices.

To the end that these thoughts may be quickened, it is fitting that on a day especially appointed, we should join together in approaching the throne of grace with praise and supplication.

Therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, do hereby designate and set apart Thursday, the 26th day of the present month of November, to be kept and observed as a day of thanksgiving and prayer throughout our land.

On that day let our people forego their usual work and occupation and assemble in their places of worship. Let them with one accord, render thanks to the Ruler of the Universe for our preservation as a nation and our deliverance from every threatened danger; for the peace that has dwelt within the year that has passed; for the pious rewards that have followed the labors of our husbandmen, and for all the other blessings that have been vouchsafed to us.

And let us, through the mediation of Him who has taught us how to pray, implore the forgiveness of our sins and a continuation of Heavenly favor.

Let us not forget on this day of thanksgiving the poor and needy, and by deeds of charity let our offerings of praise be made more acceptable in the sight of the Lord.

Witness my hand and the seal of the United States, which I have caused to be hereto affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this 4th day of November, in the year of the Lord, 1896, and of the independence of the United States of America 121.

GROVER CLEVELAND.
By the President, Richard Olney,
Secretary of State.

HOW A PRESIDENT IS ELECTED.

Considerable diversity of opinion exists among the masses as to the method of electing president and vice president. We vote for electors and the electors who receive the most votes cast the vote of the state for whomsoever they please. They are not required by law to vote for the party nominee, they usually do so. Each state electors for the state at large—also one elector for each congressional district.

The electors meet in their respective states on the first Wednesday in December next, and vote for president and vice-president. A certificate of the result is sent to the president of the senate at Washington.

On the second Wednesday in February the president of the senate in the presence of the senate and house opens the certificates and the votes are then counted. If any person has received more than half of the votes of the electors for president, he is elected to that office, otherwise the election of president is thrown into the house. When the house votes, it votes by states, each state casting but one vote, and a majority of states is necessary to a choice. The house must choose from the highest three in the electoral college. The house cannot take up a new man, but must make its selection from those already in the electoral college.

The house that is in session February next following the election is the one elected two years before, as the new house takes hold on March 4th. If no candidate for vice-president receives more than half of all the electors the election is thrown into the senate, which must select from the two receiving the highest numbers in the electoral college.—EX.

THEIR SONS MEET.

The other day at McMinnville, at the meeting of the Bimetallist League, Samuel Brown son of John Brown, of "soul goes marching on" fame, met William Booth, son of Sheriff Booth, who hanged John Brown. As is the custom of all conventions in Oregon, every delegate does his best to get acquainted with every other delegate, and all delegates speak, whether acquainted or not. Several delegates were going about introducing a rather handsome man of 40 or thereabouts, whom they called Mr. Booth, of McMinnville. They would say of him: "Mr. Booth is the son of the sheriff who hanged John Brown, of Osawatimie at Harper's Ferry."

All of which caused people to take more than a common interest in Mr. Booth. Finally Mr. Booth was introduced to a man of excellent appearance, whose name was Samuel Brown. After the introduction Mr. Booth and Mr. Brown chatted very pleasantly for a minute or two.

"Mr. Booth," said Mr. Brown, "was it your father who hanged John Brown at Harper's Ferry?"

"Yes," said Mr. Booth. "He was sheriff at that time, and it was his duty to officiate at the execution. No relative of yours, I hope?"

"Only my father," was the quiet reply.

She—Oh, Jack! Do you know, Mr. Gibson punctuated his tire yesterday?"

He—You mean punctured, my dear.

She—Well, anyway, he came to a full stop.

McKINLEY IS ELECTED

And "They Say" Good Times Are Ahead!

Good enough. I've no objection to that—I refer to the good times; but if they come I am ready, yes more than ready. This is no joke, but is a cold, solid fact. I have a very large stock of goods this fall, the largest and most complete ever seen in Shelby county, and I can

Suit the Taste and Purse of Everybody.

THE LADIES

Should see our beautiful DRESS GOODS, magnificently beautiful (the goods and the ladies), ribbons in abundance and pretty--don't mention it--draperies, eiderdown. See our beautiful fascinators and feather boas for the girls (pretty things). They should see all goods just mentioned, and a lot of candy, chewing gum and other nick-nacks bought especially for them.

THE MEN

Should inspect our CLOTHING department, Shoes, Hats, the latest and the cheapest, Furnishings, etc., to say nothing of the actual necessities which we have in almost endless variety.

THE BOYS AND GIRLS

Need my nobby and substantial Shoes, Hats, Caps, Hose and various and sundry small articles kept for their especial benefit.

COTTON AND CASH AT MY STORE
Mean GOODS THE BEST and Lots of Them For the Money.FURNITURE, * BEST,
* OR THE CHEAPEST, *
EVERYTHING IN THIS LINE WILL GO AT
ROCK BOTTOM FIGURES.

We have had a splendid trade so far this fall, but it looks now as though we had only gotten fairly started. Don't for a moment think of buying your fall bill until you see what I offer.

Bring me all your Cotton, also your Cotton Seed, for both of which I will pay the top market price.

Yours for better times,

J. F. POPE.
Wilsonville, Alabama.

A MEDICINE CRAZE.

An Englishman Who Swallowed Over 250,000 Pills.

A man in Vienna has developed a mania for medicine, of which he swallows large doses daily, although suffering from no illness, says The New York Journal. This is a form of lunacy not altogether unknown.

To Keckington, in England, belongs the honor of being the birthplace of the largest consumer of medicine the world has ever known. This was Mr. Samuel Jessup, a rich glazier, who died in 1817. He was in many ways eccentric, but in none so much as in pill-taking, or what a chronicler of the period describes as "a most inordinate craving for physic."

The following figures may be regarded as incredible, but there seems to be no reason to doubt their accuracy. In the twenty-one years from 1795 to 1816 Mr. Jessup consumed 228,934 pills which is at the rate of 10,806 a year, or twenty-nine a day.

Many more of these were taken in the earlier years. From 1811 to 1816, a period of five years, the rate of consumption averaged seventy a day, while in one single year, 1814, Mr. Jessup swallowed as many as 51,500 pills. These astounding figures came out in the course of an action tried at the Lincoln assizes in 1817, when an apothecary of Botesford, who had supplied the whole of the medicine, sued Mr. Jessup for the amount of his bill. In spite of taking all these pills, with the addition of 40,000 bottles of mixtures and juleps and electuaries, Mr. Jessup, who was unmarried, lived to the age of 65. The apothecary's bill for the amount of which he was sued, covered no less than fifty-five long and close-written columns.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else, then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of the medicine in coughs and colds. Free trial bottles at Parker & Armstrong's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

Mother—Charlie, you said you had been to Sunday school.

Charlie (with a far-away look)—Yes'm.

Mother—How does it happen that your hands smell fishy?

Charlie—I carried home the Sunday school paper, and the outside is all about Jonah and the whale.—Tid-Bits.

Now for an Election Machine That Can't Be Made to Lie or Cheat.

From the New York Evening Post.

There can be little doubt that future improvements in voting methods will be in the direction of machines. The adoption of the blanket ballot, with its parallel columns of party tickets, has been a long step in that direction for the machine simply hangs the blanket ballot on the wall and supplies a knob to be pressed in place of a pencil to mark with. The expense of printing ballots, the annoyance and delay of folding them, and mistakes in the counting are all eliminated by the machine. The counting becomes automatic and instantaneous. The result is ascertainable with unquestionable accuracy within a few minutes after the closing of the polls.

There can be no tampering with the count and no disputing of the returns, for there are no ballots in existence to be altered or wrangled over, nothing but the registered figures of the voting. No bribed voter can leave a trace or sign of any kind as evidence to his briber that he has kept his bargain. In fact, the perfected voting machine, when it shall have been secured, will give us the ideal secret ballot, and until we can get this it is scarcely worth while to experiment with further changes in our ballot laws beyond such amendments as will increase facility for the voter and give equal justice to all classes of candidates. All propositions for a radical change in the system of voting, other than by the adoption of machines, should be received with scant courtesy.

"It always depresses me greatly to meet a bicycle scorch."

"Why so?"

"I hate to see a man's legs work so much better than his brains."—Chicago Record.

She—Is it true that two people can live as cheaply as one?

He—Yes, if they are married. Not if they are engaged.—Puck.

A Chicago man is reported to have recently died of joy. He probably found a forgotten \$2 bill tucked away in the pocket of his winter overcoat.

A notice in a cheap restaurant in Chicago says: "Do not tip the waiter. He makes more than the boss, and has a half-day off."—Ran's Horn.

"I thought you said Tearem was given to the most lofty flights of fancy." "I did. He honestly thinks that he is an actor."

Southern Railway.

NEW SCHEDULE.
No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 2:31 pm
No. 16, passenger, leaves going north, 11:34 am
No. 63, local, leaves going south, 12:33 a. m.
No. 64, local, leaves going north, 12:33 p. m.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a Fa Fa, issued from the Circuit Court of Shelby county, and to me directed, I will proceed to sell, in front of the court house door, in the town of Columbiana on the 30th day of November, 1896, within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate to-wit:

Bounded on the north by land owned by R. A. Steele, on the east by the land known as the John B. Wilson place, on the south by the land known as the Isaac Wilks land, on the west by land of Isaac Thompson, being as believed to be the $\frac{1}{2}$ of sec. 16, and $\frac{1}{2}$ of the sec. 17, and a small part of the $\frac{1}{2}$ of sec. 18, section 16 township 24 range 12 east containing 166 acres more or less.

Levied upon as the property of C. C. Vandevitt, to satisfy said Fa Fa in my hands in favor of R. E. Bonar & Co.

This 19th day of October 1896.

nov 5-3t E. F. VEST, Sheriff.

Notice of Application to Sell Real Estate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.

Probate Court, October 26, 1896.

Estate of Jno. T. Cromwell, deceased.

This day came J. L. Peters, administrator of said estate, and filed his application in due form and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therein and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of paying debts, upon the ground that the personal property is insufficient for that purpose. It is ordered that the 14th day of December, 1896, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

D. R. McMILLAN, Judge of Probate.

RE-PUBLICATION

...OF...

Pickett's History of Alabama.

So many inquiries have been made for information of where copies of this work, by the late Col. Albert B. Pickett, could be had, and so many applications received for the purchase of the few remaining copies in the possession of the numbers of the family, both from this and other states, and the work has attracted such general interest, alike from the character and accuracy of its contents, that it has been determined to re-publish a limited edition of the work, in improved form and perfect illustrations, and to offer it for sale at such a reasonable price that those desiring copies may, by becoming subscribers, procure them.

To the inhabitants of this State, Georgia, Mississippi and Florida, there is no work that can supply the place of Pickett's History of Alabama. The early history of the South-west must remain a source of attractive and profitable study and entertainment to every scholar and public man.

A devotion of a lifetime of study and investigation, by the eminent author of this work, when the events were fresh in his patient scrutiny, has been rewarded by the ascertainment of the exact truth, and has given this History a value not always distinctive of such record.

This work is being printed by an Alabama establishment, and it is to be hoped that the limited edition of a 600 copies will be all sold in this State. Every family in Alabama should possess a copy, in order that the history of our State should be made familiar to all of its people.

The book will contain about 675 pages, in one volume, fully illustrated. Price \$3.00 per copy, and will be ready for delivery about September 20.

RANDOLPH PUBLISHING CO., No. 10 SOUTH TWENTY-SECOND ST., BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Liberal commission paid to good agent for Shelby county.

Subscriptions will be taken by the editor of the Chronicle for this valuable work until a regular agent is secured for this county.

NOTICE.

Tax Assessor's and Tax Collector's Rounds.

We will attend at the following places at the times named below for the purpose of assessing the state and county taxes for the year 1897 and collecting the state and county taxes for the year 1896. Additional cost after the 1st day of January.

SECOND ROUND.

Bamford, beat 5, Tuesday, November 10.

Gurnee, beat 4, Wednesday, November 12.

Dogwood, beat 4, Thursday, November 13.

Montevallo, beat 4, Friday, November 13.

Calera, beat 3, Saturday, November 14.

Bridgeton, beat 13, Monday, November 16.

Highland, beat 12, Tuesday, November 17.

Helena, beat 6, Wednesday, November 18.

Pelham, beat 17, Thursday, November 19.

Bragg's Tauk, beat 7, Friday, November 20.

Longview, beat 7, Saturday, November 21.

Columbiana, beat 1, Monday, November 23.

Spring Creek, beat 2, Tuesday, November 24.

Shelby, beat 1, Wednesday, November 25.

Wilsonville, beat 9, Thursday, November 26.

Harpersville, beat 10, Friday, November 27.

Vincent, beat 16, Saturday, November 28.

Weldon, beat 11, Monday, November 30.

Martins, beat 8, Tuesday, December 1.

Vandiver, beat 14, Wednesday, December 2.

Dunnivant, beat 18, Thursday, December 3.

Sterrett, beat 15, Friday, December 4.

Tax payers will please meet us promptly with legal description of real estate. Otherwise the assessor cannot be responsible for error that may occur in land numbers. Have a correct list of personal property, and come prepared to pay taxes for 1896. Will be in Columbiana from December 19th to the last day of December, except the 25th. On all taxes not paid by the 1st of January 8 per cent interest will be charged. Tax books will positively be closed by March 1, 1897.

JOHN S. PITTS,
Tax Assessor Shelby county.

JOHN H. ROBERTSON,
Tax Collector Shelby county.

900 Drops
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS, CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Aloe -
Rhubarb -
Sassa -
Sage -
Licorice -
Castor Oil -
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

**SEE
THAT THE
FAC-SIMILE
SIGNATURE
—OF—
Chas. H. Fletcher
IS ON THE
WRAPPER
OF EVERY
BOTTLE OF
CASTORIA**

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A. The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

COUNTY COURT.

The following is a list of jurors drawn for the November term of the County Court, commencing Nov. 23d, 1896:

FIRST WEEK.

Wm. Morrow, J. F. Bates,
Martin Gates, J. G. Frost,
W. A. Wilder, C. A. Bass,
B. B. McEwen, H. W. Lee,
T. M. Clinkscales, J. N. Warren,
Jas. P. Garrett, T. J. Sanders,
B. F. Moore, Henry Isbell,
J. B. Harmon, W. H. Bell,
F. M. Cost, G. W. Temple,
J. P. Atkinson, Wesley Ozley,
M. H. Martin, Wm. Merrell,
T. W. Tinney.

SECOND WEEK.

R. J. Ray, R. Leonard,
Thos. J. Williams, John W. Attaway,
M. A. Falkner, T. H. Howard,
G. A. Seale, R. E. Weaver,
W. A. Walburn, R. G. Weldon,
I. G. Gwin, Terrel Gaddy,
L. Deramus, C. W. Carey,
A. J. E. Cross, H. M. Alexander,
W. N. Lacey, W. C. Adams,
W. D. Boyd, J. S. Pearson,
A. B. Holcomb, Thomas Clary,
H. A. McClinton, A. J. Kendrick.

Columbiana Mourns an Honored Son.

We doubt if in the history of our town have our citizens been more deeply grieved than was the case Tuesday morning when the announcement was made that our honored druggist, Joseph G. Parker had passed peacefully away that morning at 6 o'clock. True his death was not unexpected, especially to many who had ministered constantly at his bedside, yet even these hoped against hope up to the last, and when the summons came, they were unprepared to realize fully at the time the irreparable loss they and the entire community had suffered.

Two weeks ago he took his bed and up to within a few hours of his death he suffered the most intense agony from a carbuncle on the back of his head, which was the primary cause of his death. The writer was at his bedside many times during his illness, and never once did we hear a murmur of complaint.

J. G. Parker was born in Griffin, Ga., March 27, 1850, and was therefore in his 47th year. When but a boy of seven years of age his parents moved from Georgia and settled in the Waxahatchie neighborhood, about three miles west of this place, where he spent most of his boyhood and young manhood behind the plow. Soon after they came to this county his father died, leaving Joe and his brother Henry, two youths, to care for their widowed mother—a task they faithfully performed until her death a few years later.

On September 1, 1875, the deceased was married to Miss Mary E. Nelson, daughter of Francis Nelson, Sr. From this union there were three children, only one of whom survive, Miss Nellie, a young lady of 16 years of age.

In 1876 Levi Armstrong and J. G. Parker formed a partnership, and embarked in the drug business here. By strict attention to business, close economy, rigid honesty and commendable promptness they each laid by a snug sum for their families, besides leaving a business record stainless and irreproachable.

Joe Parker was every man's friend. He had no enemies. His genial, jovial disposition, together with his kindness of heart and his goodness of nature made him friends everywhere and among all classes. No man worthy the name ever went to him for a favor and was refused, if it was in his power to comply with the request. As far as his means allowed he was a philanthropist, being known of all his acquaintances for his noble generosity. Upright, liberal, free-hearted friend, you have gone to your reward, but the memory of your genial, unselfish life will remain with us until we join you in the great beyond.

The funeral services were held in the Baptist church yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, conducted by Dr. E. B. Teague, pastor, and Rev. T. P. Roberts, of Easonville. The church was filled to overflowing with friends of the deceased, not alone from this place but from Shelby and other points. After a most impressive service the remains were taken to the grave to be laid away until the resurrection morn.

To the bereaved family, relatives and friends The Chronicle extends sincere, heartfelt sympathy, and commends them to the Holy Comforter who alone can heal their broken hearts.

IN MEMORY OF J. G. PARKER.

Leaves have their time to fall, flowers their time to bloom, but death hath all seasons in which to visit the human family and bear away from the fond embrace of loving relatives and friends those who are sent into this delusive world to cheer us but a short time with their presence and then to depart, leaving a void in ach-ing hearts which time alone can fill. The subject of this notice was a man of superior worth, noble in character and pure in mind. But notwithstanding all these excellencies of mind and character, death has no respect of persons and has entered this happy family circle and claimed as his victim the pride of a wife's heart.

Yes, our friend has gone, never again to cheer us with his bright presence, never to mingle again with those who loved him, but the memory of this true and noble friend will live fresh and green in our hearts forever. Weep not, dear friend, for thy lost one. No longer does pain and anguish wring his manly brow. He has entered into that rest beyond this vale of tears, and still lives in that bright and better world. Oh, what a glorious exchange for a Chris-

tian to leave this world of sin, suffering and temptation for the holy atmosphere of Heaven where he shall be near and like our God. It is hard to know that he is gone, but the will of the Lord be done.

We know, dear friend, that he is not far. We can see him waiting stand; And when the sunset gates unbar, He will welcome us with a beckoning hand. □ New Orleans, La. K. D.

Wilsonville Waifs.

A. L. Jackson has returned from quite an extensive visit to Tallapoosa, Georgia.

W. R. Smith went to Columbiana Sunday.

J. M. and A. N. Ray started on their "bikes" for Piedmont, last Saturday.

The election passed off very quietly here, and all was merry and gay until the general result became known, which was a surprise to many of our citizens.

Wilsonville has organized a minstrel troupe and the boys will give an entertainment in the near future.

Rev. McCord's appointment at the Baptist church last Sunday morning and night was filled by Prof. Kilpatrick of this place. He also conducted the Earnest Workers' meeting in the afternoon. We are always glad to have him preach to us from the pulpits of our churches.

The S. P. I. League participated in a jolly ride to Capt. Bolin's, last Friday night, where it had a kind invitation to meet. The program was a complete success. The recitation by Miss Georgia Pope, and the vocal solo by Miss Sallie Bolin, I am sure met the heartiest approval of every one present. The debate, "Which has been of more benefit to mankind the printing press or the steam engine?" was ably discussed and decided in favor of the press. The visitors, other than those from Wilsonville, were Messrs. Moseley and Avery, of Shelby, DuBose and Greek, of Columbiana, and Sam Wallace, of Harpersville.

We extend them a hearty welcome at any time they decide to honor us with their presence. The society will meet on November 20th at Mr. Pope's. The program will be as follows:

Instrumental solo—Miss Juddie Kilpatrick.
Recitation—Miss Purnie Pope.
Debate—"Which has the greater number of inconveniences, the old bachelor or the old maid?" by Embrew Weldon and Miss Blossom Densler.

Duet—Misses Mary and Sallie Bolin.
Song—Miss Georgia Pope.

Voluntary music.

BOURGEOIS.

CONTRACTOR'S SCHEME.

With a Hand Organ's Aid His Men Worked Faster.

From London Tit-Bits.

Standing in front of his uncompleted flat building, a contractor unasily watched the laborers as they slowly performed their work. The men who carried in the bricks and tiling from the street were especially annoying to him. They moved about at a sleepy and turtle-like pace, and did not appear to be worried in the least when their slowness was the cause of delay on the inside work.

While he was watching them in disgust an Italian with a barrel organ halted just across the way and began grinding out a lively march. He had been playing for several minutes before the contractor observed the mar-velous effect of the music on the men who were carrying the bricks. They came out of the building like circus horses in a grand entree, hurriedly filled their hods and then marched back into the building at double quick, stepping high.

The builder went across the street and gave the Italian a shilling, in return for which he played lively tunes for a half hour. During that half hour the laborers did half a day's work. Next day the contractor ran across another Italian, and sent him over to the corner to play. And the laborers never discovered what a shabby trick had been played upon them.

"That's a curious typographical error," said Mrs. Partridge. "The title of this new book is printed The Viking Age."

"Well, why not?" asked Mr. Partridge. "What ought it to be?"

"Why, biking, oughtn't it?"

Old brick are being used instead of sand to make lime mortar, in the re-building of the new Union station in Columbus, O. The refuse brick from the old walls are ground in a crusher. It is said that a quality of mortar for color work superior to that obtained with sand is produced.

Notice.

I have this day sold my entire interest, with good will and all in the grocery business of Hammond & Thompson of this place to J. H. Hammond, who will continue the spot cash grocery business at the same place. He will pay all the claims for goods in transit upon arrival of same, and assumes all obligations.

Thanking a generous people for their kind patronage and soliciting a continuance of same for J. H. Hammond, I am yours, &c., W. A. THOMPSON.

Nov. 3, 1896.

J. H. Hammond will continue the SPOT CASH grocery business at the old stand of Hammond & Thompson.

Notice No. 18511.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA. 1

October 28, 1896. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Columbiana, Ala., on December 18, 1896, viz: Henry N. Howard, Homestead entry, No. 2454, for the 32 ac. of sec. 8, Tp. 21 S. of R. 4 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Harmon, William A. Harmon, William Henderson, James R. Bum, all of Bond, Ala.

H. PURCELL, Register.

nov 5-96.

New Firm.
Having recently purchased the stock of Groceries of J. E. Seale, we want to announce to our friends and the public generally that we are not in business for our health, but to sell goods.
* No Man or Firm Shall Undersell Us. *
Bear that in mind please, and give us a trial. We will give you HONEST WEIGHT, a FULL YARD, and a HEAPING BUSHEL. Talk is cheap, it is true, but drop in and see if we don't do just what we say.
Yours in haste,
J. H. PAGE & SON,
Columbiana, Ala.

Seeing is Believing. *
NOT MUCH.
YOU see too many circus posters nowadays. And the public sees too many flashy advertisements. Nay, seeing is not believing. Goods are not sacrificed at half of manufacturing cost. No honest, reputable merchant can exist with such false business methods. A plated wedding ring may be sold cheaper than one of solid gold, but where is its value after the flimsy outer plating wears away. What sane man would buy such a one, and what thinking man will buy trashy, plated, shoddy goods.
We won't sell you cotton for wool nor jute for flax. The meaner sorts of merchandise we have no time to bother with; neither have you, if we judge you aright.
Clean, Honest, Reliable Goods at Lowest Prices!
is what intelligent buyers are looking for. We keep none other, and wish you to inspect our stock by the clear light of day. By this truth-telling light you can make your selections with the utmost satisfaction.
When you are ready come in and investigate our goods, view them in every light, make your own comparisons as to prices and qualities, and we will cheerfully accord you every facility.
We have anticipated your every want in our several departments. Your needs can be supplied in our store at our usual prices, which are always right. All we want or ask is that you look over our stock and get our prices before you purchase anywhere.
Yours for Business,
LESTER, MASON & CO.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIANA, ALA.
W. B. BROWNE, J. T. LEEPER,
BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

That Tired Feeling!
Nobody is particularly anxious to spend their money. Everybody has to. Your wants must be satisfied and it takes money to do it. A person is not apt to look cheerful over the prospect of spending money. Lots of buying is done with a long face. This is all wrong. I offer a change for the better.
You Feel Relieved—
The minute you see our Grand Stock of New and Popular Goods it looks fresh and desirable. The first glance shows you that you are on the right track. No mistake about this being a modern up-to-date line of goods. You wake up to the fact that you have got into the right store.
The Feeling Grows—
When you commence to go into details, you feel as if the goods were bought on purpose for you. No trouble to make a satisfactory selection; it gets down to a question which is the most satisfactory.
Trouble is Forgotten
When you learn our prices, they are always at the low-water mark. You don't give goods away—we can't. We can sell goods very low—we do. This is a fact. We might brag about it, but what's the use—a word to the wise is sufficient. It's as true as truth that we sell goods cheap—we prove it.
Happiness is Supreme
When you get just what you want at less than you expected to pay—we are treating customers to this kind of a surprise every day. We sell you a good article and let you off cheap. You will find our selections choice, our goods reliable, and prices satisfactory. A fair deal makes the buyer happy—we give it. To spend money and be happy at the same time go to
S. STARK.
Shelby, Ala.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your idea; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.
COSPER & ALFORD,
DEALERS IN
Furniture, Carpets, Trunks, Coffins and Caskets
—ALSO—
"NEW HOME" Sewing Machines, CHILDERSBURG, ALA.
Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your idea; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.
Notice No. 18492.
Notice for Publication.
LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA. 1
October 28, 1896. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Columbiana, Ala., on December 18, 1896, viz: James O. Anderson, Homestead entry, No. 2426, for the 32 ac. of sec. 8, Tp. 21 S. of R. 4 W. east.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George W. Thompson, George W. Wheeler, Roland T. White, William Gill, all of Harpersville, Ala.
H. PURCELL, Register.
oct 29-96
Scientific American
Agency for
PATENTS
CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, &c.
For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York. Oldest Bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the
Scientific American
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year; \$1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York City.
Notice No. 18522.
Notice for Publication.
LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA. 1
November 2, 1896. Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Columbiana, Ala., on December 18, 1896, viz: Berry F. Seacrest, Homestead entry, No. 2454, for the 32 ac. of sec. 8, Tp. 21 S. of R. 4 W. east.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: C. M. L. Faucher, Elijah C. Miller, George W. Carter, James M. Baldwin, all of Weldon, Ala.
H. PURCELL, Register.
nov 6-96

THE CHRONICLE.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, NOV. 12, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Post Office

Mail closes.....11:07 a. m.
.....2:58 p. m.
Trains due, 11:37 a. m., and 3:28 p. m.
Mails open 1:30 p. m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 3:28 p. m.

LOCAL VIVISCOPE.

Horace Hammond paid Montevallo a business visit yesterday.

The best 5-cent cigar in town.
J. H. HAMMOND.

Jas. Milner, of Birmingham, struck town this week with a drove of horses.

Mrs. C. C. Elliott, of Vincent, is spending a few days here with home folks.

W. A. Walburn, of Ganadarque, spent the latter part of last week with relatives here.

The new calaboose has been initiated, christened or—well it has had an occupant anyhow.

Miss Anna Duran, now a pupil of the Girls' Industrial school, was a visitor here Saturday and Sunday.

Six pounds of best Rio coffee or five pounds of Arbuckle's coffee for \$1.00.
J. H. HAMMOND.

Ex-Governor Cobb, of Helena, has purchased a residence at Fulton station, Woodlawn, near Birmingham.

C. L. Meroney and wife left yesterday for their home in Montevallo, after a visit of several days to relatives in town.

Rev. George Mason and wife, who have been out at Mrs. Seale's for some time, are again at their home at I. D. Mason's.

Columbiana needs a marshal, or the marshal needs a billy, or the billy needs somebody to handle it, or—we give it up.

H. H. Parker, formerly of our town, but now of Whitewright, Texas, arrived yesterday morning to attend his brother's funeral.

Will Thomas is duly installed behind the counters at J. H. Hammond's store, where he will be glad to see his numerous friends.

Miss Jessie Ellis, who has been spending some time with her sister, Mrs. J. O. Farmer, returned to her home in Birmingham Friday.

Miss T. Hammonds came home Friday from the Industrial school quite sick. We hope she may soon be restored to her usual good health.

Try Gold Dust Washing Compound—the best thing on earth for dishes or laundry.
J. H. HAMMOND.

E. L. Spencer took the road again yesterday for the Equitable Manufacturing Co., of Iowa City, Iowa, with which firm he has been connected some time.

FOR SALE—A five room dwelling on East College street, near Academy. Almost new, just been newly painted. Will be sold at a bargain for cash. Apply to editor Chronicle for full particulars.

S. H. Gist, of Calera, gave us a pleasant call yesterday. He was a candidate for doorkeeper of the state senate, and had a flattering following, but was defeated. However, Representative Burns, of Dallas, presented him with a handsome cane, and with this solace he takes his defeat philosophically. We would have been truly glad could he have secured the coveted position, for he richly deserves the honor.

Yesterday J. E. Seale sold his stock of groceries to J. H. Page & Son, who will continue the business at the same stand. The new firm have started off right by planting an ad in The Chronicle, and we bespeak for them a thriving business.

I have a nice, clean, new stock of groceries which I propose to sell as cheap as any firm in town. Turnips, onions, apples, coconuts, potatoes, pickles or in fact any edible you want cheap for cash. Give me a call.
J. H. HAMMOND.

J. F. Varderman, foreman of the water works gang, was called to his home in Sylacauga Sunday by the illness of his little boy, who has since died. Mr. Varderman, has only been with us a short time but has made many friends in our midst who deeply sympathize with him.

The official count last Saturday made Mr. Aldrich's majority in this county 814. McKinley's plurality was 102. E. H. Dryer, sound money democrat, received 64 votes in the county. The Bryan and Sewall, and Bryan and Watson vote combined, was 605 over McKinley.

A change of schedule went into effect on the Southern Sunday. Trains now pass here as follows: North bound passenger, 11:54 a. m.; south bound passenger, 2:51 p. m. The local freights, which carry passengers, meet here at 12:35. This schedule may suit the Southern, but it don't suit Columbiana a little bit.

The sad news reached us yesterday of the death at Wilsonville of Austin A. Daniel, aged about 25-years. He was a young man of exceptionally good character, and was universally admired and respected. The Masonic Lodge was invited as a body to participate in the funeral exercises, but owing to the burial of J. G. Parker on the same day it was impossible for them to attend. To his sorrowing relatives and friends we extend hearty condolence.

The city of Columbiana will swing her doors wide open on Saturday the 21st to that very large and thrifty class of gentlemen known as horse-swappers. On that day a convention of these gentlemen is to be held here to decide if it would not be advisable under existing circumstances to make a few swaps thereby enhancing their enjoyment and mutual profit. If they deem it expedient such will be the order of the day. Come, gentlemen, from every quarter, and welcome.

This is a good time, when Thanksgiving and Christmastide are in sight, to urge on the people to catch on and help up the town. Buy what you need at home. If you don't find just what you fancy, send for it through your local dealer. Keep your money at home and in use among your neighbors. If you don't then hold your peace when hard times come. The fellow that never helps his town, unless he can by the same token put money in his purse, deserves nothing but disappointment.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alternative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

ALEXANDER P. GARESCHE, aged 76, for half a century a member of the St. Louis bar, died of paralysis on the 10th.

ALL of the newly-elected republican members of the Kentucky legislature have been served with notices of contest by their late silver-democratic opponents.

PROF. JOHN AUGUSTUS HUGO GYLDEN, the celebrated Swedish astronomer, died in Stockholm on the 10th. Mr. Gyliden was born in Helsingfors, Finland, in 1841.

THE Transvaal government has decided to claim £1,000,000 indemnity from the British South Africa Co. to cover the damage sustained by the Jameson raid.

THE Madrid Epoca denies, upon official authority, the report that Senor Dupuy de Lome, Spanish minister to the United States, is to be replaced by another envoy.

ALL the Erie railway shops along the system are working full time for the first time in years, giving employment to 2,500 men. The shops at Meadville, Pa., resumed on the 10th.

CASH wheat, No. 3 red, the standard grade, sold in New York, on the 10th, at 94 cents a bushel. On August 14 last it sold at 94 cents. The gain, therefore, in less than three months, was 30 cents a bushel.

THE St. James Gazette says that Rt. Hon. H. E. Asquith, M. P., formerly home secretary, and Sir George Baden Powell, M. P., will be appointed to represent Great Britain on the Venezuelan arbitration tribunal.

JAMES A. WETMORE, of Hornellsville, N. Y., assistant chief of the treasury department, was, on the 13th, appointed chief of the law and record divisions in the supervising architect's office, to succeed W. B. Fleming.

A ROCHESTER (N. Y.) evening paper, on the 13th, published interviews with over fifty leading Rochester business men showing that confidence is restored, and that all look forward to plenty of work and better times.

FAILURES throughout the United States, as reported by R. G. Dun & Co., for the week ended on the 13th, were 276, as against 283 for the corresponding week last year. For Canada the failures were 44, against 49 last year.

PRESIDENT PRUDENTE DE MORAES of Brazil, who has been ill, though somewhat improved, is unable to continue at the head of public affairs, and has called Vice-President Manuel Victorino Pereira to assume his duties during his illness.

THE third day's session of the Farmers' National congress at Indianapolis, Ind., on the 12th, had two important features. One was an address by Gen. Harrison, and the other was the adoption of a memorial to congress. Gen. Harrison was in a happy mood and was greeted enthusiastically.

JAMES FAGIN, who threw a lighted cigar into the face of Secretary of the Treasury Carlisle after the gold democratic meeting held in Covington, Ky., last month, was fined \$20 and costs on the 12th. This was the meeting at which eggs were thrown at the secretary while he was speaking.

ROBERT PECONGEA, leading member of the remnant of the celebrated Miami Indian tribe, dropped dead at his home near La Fontaine, Ind., on the 9th. He was a grandson of the famous old Miami chief, Me-Shin-Go-Mesia, and a brother of William Pecongea, who, in 1875, was appointed chief by President Grant. He was 52 years old.

TO A friend who had mentioned the fact that there was talk of electing him to the senate Secretary Carlisle said, on the 11th: "I sincerely hope they won't do it. I have been in politics 30 years, and I am tired of it. My sincere desire and intention is to have nothing more to do with politics after the end of this administration."

THE sixteenth annual session of the Farmers' national congress began at the state house, Indianapolis, Ind., on the 10th, with about 500 delegates in attendance. Many more who were interested in the matters to be discussed by the congress were present. The body is a non-political organization, and its sessions were open to the public.

THE Columbian Liberty Bell is in the hands of the sheriff. The Henry McShane Manufacturing Co., of Baltimore, Md., which cast it, has never been paid for its work, and the firm's agent and Deputy Sheriff Goodman went to Evanston, Ill., on the 9th, loaded the nine tons of priceless relic into a six-horse truck and carried the bell to Chicago.

THE National Civil Service Reform league will hold its annual meeting in Philadelphia on December 10 and 11 next. Among those who are expected to be present are Carl Schurz, Theodore Roosevelt, Charles Bonaparte, Hon. Moorefield Storey, Richard Henry Dana, William Dudley Foulke, Richard Watson Gilder, Everett P. Wheeler and Lucius B. Swift.

MISS ANNIE HOWARD, daughter of the late Charles T. Howard, of New Orleans and New York, who was to have been married to Mr. Carter Harrison, mayor of Chicago, shortly after the date on which Mr. Harrison was murdered by Prendergast, was married, on the 11th, in London, England, to Mr. Walter Parrott, of that city, whom she met while traveling in Egypt.

Mrs. MARY SHREVE RANSON, who recently attained some notoriety on account of a \$4,000 plunge on McKinley's election, announced, on the 12th, that she had collected her bet, and stood ready to apply her winning to deserving charity.

THE CHRONICLE.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

VOLUME XI.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1896.

NUMBER 20.

NOVEMBER—1896.

Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	....	....	....	....	....

CURRENT TOPICS.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

THE president of Brazil, Dr. Prudente Moraes, is seriously ill.

NEARLY all the rivers of central and northern Italy have overflowed. A quarter of the town of Chi di Castello has been flooded, bridges have been swept away, several persons have been drowned and large tracts of land have been desolated.

PREPARATIONS have begun in Washington for the greatest inaugural fete, upon the occasion of the installation of President McKinley, March 4 next, that has ever taken place in the history of the national capital. Local republicans and gold democrats are already at work making arrangements.

DR. JARED D. WETMORE, who had been in jail at Grand Haven, Mich., for three months, charged with complicity in the murder of Enos Lawrence, at Holland, for which Ray Coates is serving life imprisonment, was discharged, on the 10th, on Mrs. Lawrence admitting that her testimony against him was perjured.

AT Bonner Springs, Kas., Peter J. Greenwald, a former preacher in the Reformed church, was found hanging from the rafters in his barn on the 9th. He had become despondent over business affairs. Greenwald was 48 years old, and had a wife and eight children.

THE Lowell astronomical observatory is to be removed from Flagstaff, Ariz., to the City of Mexico.

BELLEFONTAINE, the famous local option town in Ohio, which was recently compelled to discharge its police force, is now on the eve of giving up its electric lights. The electric light trustees have notified the city council that they must have at least \$3,000 immediately or shut the works down.

A TRAMP discovered dynamite on the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern track east of Washington, Ind., at one o'clock on the morning of the 10th. He signaled a passenger train with 300 people aboard. The train wreckers fired at the tramp, shooting him through the leg. The engineer saw the signal and stopped his train just in time. The train wreckers escaped.

ON the 10th the secretary of the interior approved a schedule of allotments of lands to 304 Chippewa Indians in Minnesota.

WINDY glass advanced 10 per cent. within three days, prior to the 11th, and an additional advance of 10 to 15 per cent. is expected soon.

THE new battleship Iowa went to sea from Lewes, Del., on the 11th, on her builders' trial trip.

A TERRIBLE railway disaster occurred at Sokolka, in the Russian government of Grodno, on the 11th. The St. Petersburg and Warsaw express, while running at a high rate of speed, collided with a freight train, completely wrecking the engine and all the cars comprising the express, and killing six persons and injuring 13 others, some of them fatally.

WALTER WALTERS, colored, was returned to New York city, on the 10th, from Providence, R. I., where he was arrested while attempting to pawn some of the jewelry stolen from the residence of Mrs. E. C. Jones, of New York city, on October 16. Walters later confessed to the burglary of the entire \$5,000 worth of jewelry, most of which was recovered.

THE treasury gold reserve, at the close of business on the 11th, had increased to \$22,000,492. The net gain at New York for the day was \$375,000, and the withdrawals were \$7,100.

ON the 11th Gov. Mitchell of Florida issued a call for a southern states harbor defense convention to assemble at Tampa, Fla., January 30, 1897.

THE Spanish war office is preparing to send 20,000 more troops to Cuba.

THE twenty-eighth annual meeting of the general missionary committee of the Methodist Episcopal church convened in Detroit, Mich., on the 11th. There was a full attendance.

ARTHUR PORTER, of Yukon, Okla., formerly residing at Wichita, Kas., was kicked in the head by a mule, on the 11th, while he was driving in Lincoln county, Okla., and was instantly killed.

FOURTEEN buildings in the business portion of Traverse City, Mich., were destroyed by fire, on the 11th, entailing a loss of \$50,000; partially insured. Ed Newberry, porter in the Front Street hotel, was burned to death.

SOME were brought down from the coast north of Vancouver, B. C., and assayed for gold or silver, but pronounced by the assayer at Vancouver to be cassiterite, or tin ore.

A SPECIAL dispatch from Bombay says that in 11 districts of the Deccan and Concan 1,250,000 people are believed to be on the verge of starvation.

WALTER M. CASTLE, of San Francisco, expected to sail from England for the United States on the 14th, accompanied by Mrs. Castle, on board the American line steamship St. Louis.

THE Penn Steel Casting Co., of Chester, Pa., has cast the ram for the battleship Kearsarge, now being built at Newport News, Va. This is believed to be the largest casting of the kind that turned out in this country, weighing when ready for shipment, about 70,000 pounds.

WENT ON THE ROCKS.

A Race of Destruction Between Fire and Water.

Loss of the Steamer Wallula—Twelve of Her Crew Taken Off by Life-Savers, but Two were Drowned—Ownership of the Vessel and Insurance.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 14.—The steamer Wallula, ore-laden, from Ashland, Wis., to Conneaut, O., went ashore while trying to make the latter port during the storm yesterday forenoon. When it appeared as though she was going to miss her pier, the crew scuttled her, hoping to make her right up. The effort was a failure and she went on to the rocks. She pounded heavily and it was with the greatest difficulty that part of her crew were rescued. Two seamen were drowned. Just as the last man was rescued the ship burst forth in a blaze and last night was still burning.

Shortly after eight o'clock the big steamer was first noticed coming in. She was laboring hard in the heavy seas, and as she bore down toward the harbor she sent up signals of distress. Two tugs tried to get out to her, but were beaten off by the seas, and finally were forced to return within the breakwater. So heavily laden was the Wallula that she rolled and rocked, and finally the crew entirely lost control of her. A rudder chain broke, and the big vessel became the plaything of every sea that rolled in. All efforts to steer with the wheel were in vain. A big crowd gathered on shore and watched the ship as she was tossed about.

As it became evident that nothing could save her from going ashore, the captain resorted to heroic measures to get her ashore as safely as possible. He ordered the sea-cocks opened in order to let water in. In this way he thought to steady her in her fierce battle with the seas. The ship was accordingly scuttled. Either the captain's orders were misunderstood, or else the sailors acted with too great energy, for too many sea-cocks were opened, and one was broken. The result was that the water rushed in in great volume, and the steamer rapidly settled. She was in great danger of going down more than one-half mile from shore. The crew were called to the pumps and ordered to pump for their lives. It became almost impossible to work the pumps, but the men clung to their work like grim death. She rolled and filled, the water gaining rapidly.

At this juncture a life-saving crew put off from shore. The captain gave orders to the men to abandon the pumps and look to their personal safety. The life savers neared and a wild scramble for their lives ensued among the members of the crew. Lines were sent aboard, and ten of the 12 men aboard were taken off. Two others, seamen, whose full names could not be learned, were lost overboard. The missing men were known as "Wilson" and "Pat."

After the ship was abandoned she remained up longer than had been anticipated and did not sink, but was driven hard ashore. Immediately after she struck a spiral flame shot up from her. This broke into a fierce blaze, which mantled her fore and aft. From the shore the fire appeared to be largely in the vessel's interior and continued to burn until darkness fell. The rescued seamen were cared for on shore.

The Wallula was owned by Thomas Wilson, of this city, and was valued at \$90,000. She carried an unusually large cargo of ore, the value of which is not known. The vessel is insured for \$75,000. She was in command of Capt. Holmes. Capt. Holmes said yesterday afternoon that the storm was the worst he had encountered for many years.

The Wallula was of wooden construction, and was built ten years ago. A dispatch received here at ten o'clock says that the ship was entirely destroyed by fire.

THE BATTLESHIP TEXAS.

Startling Developments About the Structural Weakness of the Vessel's Hull.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—It is stated at the navy department in extenuation of the fact that the court of inquiry on the battleship Texas is held behind closed doors, that it is not thought advisable to give publicity to the possible weaknesses in the ship just at the present juncture, when the eyes of other nations are directed to our naval and military establishments. It is learned that the investigation is developing evidence of a somewhat startling nature about the structural strength of the ship's hull which has caused so much concern since her keel was laid. The most remarkable thing about the recent flooding of the ship was that the watertight doors leaked and other compartments were flooded in addition to that in which the accident occurred. It is now developed that on account of lack of stiffness in all the bulkheads of the ship and consequent warping of the frames and plates, none of the doors when closed fitted hermetically, as they should, and the cellular system of the vessel is therefore practically worthless. This gives rise to doubts as to the utility of the vessel in action, as the wrecking of a single compartment might sink her.

MISS ANTHONY'S RETURN

From California, Where She Had Been Waging the Suffrage War.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 14.—Miss Susan B. Anthony, president of the Woman's Suffrage association, and head and front of the suffrage movement everywhere, reached Kansas City yesterday morning from California, where she has been waging the suffrage war. Speaking of that campaign, she said to a United Associated Presses correspondent:

"Well, we met defeat, but we made a magnificent battle."

THE VANDALIA SYSTEM,

Formerly One of the Most Prosperous Roads in the Country, to Go Into the Hands of a Receiver Against the Protest of Interested Parties, Who Claim that the Suit is a Collusive One and Intended as a Freeze-out.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 14.—Judge Woods of the United States circuit court last evening appointed a receiver for the Terre Haute & Indianapolis Railway Co., naming as receiver Volney T. Malott, president of the Indianapolis national bank. The receiver was appointed upon the suit of Mark T. Cox, James A. Blair and James W. Paul, Jr., against the company, and the ground for the receivership was the admission of the company in court that it is insolvent.

The Vandalia has been known as one of the most prosperous roads in the country, and until a year ago, when it passed into the control of the Pennsylvania company, which purchased a majority of its stock, it met its dividends and all charges with the utmost promptness.

During the hearing yesterday Judge Woods remarked in court upon the peculiar fact that all the attorneys seemed to desire a receiver and he did not make up his mind to appoint one until last evening. Some of the parties interested in securities of the system who were not made parties in interest are declaring that the suit is a collusive one for the purpose of freezing them out and selling the system to the Pennsylvania at a low figure. The plaintiffs in the suit were represented by John G. Williams, formerly general manager of the Vandalia system; George Wickersham, of New York; Samuel Dickinson, of New York, and Mr. Golden, of St. Louis. The defendant company was represented by S. O. Pickens, who is also attorney for the Pennsylvania Co.

The bill sets forth that in 1870 the defendant company acquired possession of the St. Louis, Vandalia & Terre Haute railroad, and that in 1892 it took charge of the Terre Haute & Peoria railroad, entering into a contract with it for 99 years. Prior to this latter consolidation—in 1897—the Terre Haute & Peoria had, by deed of the Union Trust Co. of New York, to secure first mortgage gold coupon bonds to the amount of \$1,000,000, due March 1, 1927, with interest at five per cent.

In 1892, while the negotiations for consolidation with the Terre Haute & Indianapolis were pending, the Terre Haute & Peoria authorized the issue of bonds to the amount of \$2,500,000, payable to the Union Trust Co. for the purpose of improving the road and for retiring the first issue of bonds. The consolidation was effected in October, 1892, and the bonds were issued.

By the terms of the contract entered into between the defendant company and the bondholders it was agreed that 30 per cent. of the gross earnings of the Terre Haute & Peoria railroad should be devoted to the payment of the interest on the Terre Haute & Peoria bonds, taxes and rentals, the remainder of the 30 per cent., if there be any, should first be paid to the Terre Haute & Peoria railroad. The complainants aver that the interest has not been paid, though the 30 per cent. of the gross earnings would have been sufficient to have paid it. The gross earnings since the defendant company took possession of the Terre Haute & Peoria have been as follows:

For the 13 months ending October 31, 1893, \$49,320.33; for the year ending October 31, 1894, \$99,014.69; for the year ending October 31, 1895, \$145,483; October 1895, up to September 1, 1896 (estimated), \$340,000; all of which money, it is alleged, has been appropriated by the defendant.

According to the complaint, the total amount due on the interest coupons September 1, 1896, and which still remains unpaid, is \$55,750, "and," continues the complaint, "our orators are the owners of \$5,000 of said bonds secured by the deed of trust of March 1, 1887, and of \$1,410,000 of said bonds, secured by the deed of trust of September 1, 1892, and as such, there is due them the principal sum of \$3,375, together with interest from September, 1896.

The bill recites that the defendant company is operating the Terre Haute & Logansport railroad, and has agreed to pay the interest and principal on \$1,500,000 of its bonds, that it is operating the Terre Haute & Indianapolis railroad, and has agreed to pay the interest and principal on an issue of first mortgage bonds to the amount of \$300,000. It is then shown that the Pennsylvania company owns about half of the stock of the Vandalia. It is set forth that interest to the amount of \$91,000 on bonds of the St. Louis, Vandalia & Terre Haute will fall due November 1, and that it is the belief of the complainants that it will not be paid. The complainants also aver "that the principal and interest on the first mortgage bonds due January 1, 1897, will not be paid when due; that upon this contingency the obligations of the Terre Haute & Indianapolis and of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis will become enforceable; that in that case the Terre Haute & Indianapolis will be unable to comply, and a claim will be created against the defendant for reimbursement of its secured proportion."

THOMAS BRAM,

Mate of the Barentine Herbert Fuller Charged With Triple Murder.

BOSTON, Nov. 14.—Thomas Bram, the first mate of the barkentine Herbert Fuller, was brought before the United States circuit court yesterday charged with the murder, on the high seas, of Capt. Nash, of the Fuller, his wife, Laura, and the second mate of the vessel, Augustus W. Bramberg. Judge Gill continued the case until today, when it is expected a decision will be rendered on a motion to quash the indictment.

DUN'S COMMERCIAL REVIEW

No Room for Doubt that a Brighter Day is Dawning—Greatest Change for the Better Ever Known in a Single Week.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—R. G. Dun & Co., say to-day in their weekly review of trade:

No one now doubts that a brighter day is dawning, and it is common remark that never before has business shown so great a change for the better within a single week. Dispatches telling of about 500 works which have opened or materially enlarged their forces, give only a partial report, for throughout the country the gain has been surprising even to the most hopeful. Foreign need of American wheat continues an important factor, and the price went to 80 cents, gaining six cents for one week, ten cents for two weeks, and 24 cents since early in September. The price is the highest since June, 1892. Western receipts were only 4,491,033 bushels, against 8,202,864 last year, but the election cut off much work during the days in which these receipts were started to market.

Many textile works have been started or increased in force, many on orders booked weeks ago. But there has not been much increase in the demand. After purchases of 46,000,000 pounds of wool in five weeks, the transactions fell to 6,243,700 pounds last week; but prices were strong and in some grades one cent higher, and even greater advance is demanded at the west, while foreign markets are higher and Australian fully one cent per pound up. The market for cotton goods is not yet active, but more liberal estimates of the cotton crop are generally credited causing an one-eighth cent decline to this. The output of iron furnaces in blast November 1 was 124,077 tons weekly, having increased 11,295 tons, or ten per cent. in the latter part of October by confidence in the future.

All the markets were stronger, although the enormous purchases of pig iron in advance of needs causes comparative inactivity at present.

The billet pool is in protracted meeting here this week to decide upon its course and is still undersold. The beam, bar, rail and wire nail associations meet this week, and the underselling of wire nails by outsiders has gone so far that a decline of 45 cents is openly quoted. It is noteworthy that the prevailing expectation, notwithstanding the general improvement in business, is that some if not all these combinations will decide to reduce prices. The coke combination, it now appears, has not prevented large contracts for future delivery at less than two dollars, its fixed price, and even less than \$1.75, but the output last week decreased. A heavy sale of copper to foreigners, said to cover 10,000,000 pounds, has raised the price to 1 1/2, and tin actually sells at 13, though less is quoted.

The change in the money market is striking. Instead of \$2,500,000 going out to the interior, as before, \$2,500,000 have come in this week; instead of 80 cents discount, New York exchange at Chicago is at 70 cents premium; instead of merchants and manufacturers vainly hunting lenders, banks are hunting for more commercial paper. Commercial rates are down to five per cent. on best paper. Foreign exchange is higher, owing to sales of \$4,000,000 of government bonds taken by the bank of England as a member of the syndicate, early in 1895; to payments of \$3,000,000 loans, and to foreign realizing on \$3,000,000 of securities; but all these are, in effect, taking profits for confidence in American honor.

Failures for the week have been 276 in the United States, against 283 last year, and 46 in Canada, against 49 last year.

THE TRUE VALUE

Of the Sultan's Promises of Reform Properly Estimated by the Ambassadors.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—The expression of English, French and continental opinion generally is a veritable chorus of celebration over the restored vigor of the powers in regard to Turkey as indicated by Lord Salisbury in his speech at the lord mayor's banquet in the Guild hall last Monday. The sultan's acceptance of the large scheme of reforms submitted to him is alleged to be due to the concert of the powers which the French press credits to M. Hanotaux's mastery seizure of the proper moment to coerce the Porte.

In London diplomatic circles all this talk of the sultan's acceptance of the reforms is considered to be extremely fishy, and the whole trend of the facts derived from official sources in Constantinople points to the certainty that the sultan is pursuing his old course of deceit.

Before the extraordinary tribunal trying the persons arrested for participation in the Galata riots was closed under the pressure exerted by M. Cambon, the French ambassador, the sultan's judges sentenced to death or to long terms of imprisonment the whole crowd of Armenians brought before them and liberated all of the Moslems, and M. Cambon now asks for the appointment of a European commission to report upon the sentences imposed by the tribunal. The ambassadors at Constantinople, view the sultan's promises of reforms in the light of taking a holiday upon the chiefs of their respective governments decide what to do next.

THE CAMPBELL BROTHERS

Soon to Meet After a Separation of Forty-Seven Years.

FORT SCOTT, Kas., Nov. 14.—James Campbell, the Sandwich Island millionaire sugar grower, who was kidnapped a few months ago at San Francisco and held for a \$50,000 ransom, is expected here soon to visit his brother, George Campbell. They have not met since they separated in Londonderry, Ireland, 47 years ago. Each was lost to the other until they were recently reunited by means of items in the newspapers.

SOUTHERN GLEANINGS.

The Mobile, Jackson & Kansas City.

President F. B. Merrill announces that work on the proposed railroad to Jackson, Miss., to be known as the Mobile, Jackson & Kansas City road, will begin at once. The road is to be 185 miles long, and passes through most valuable timber country in Mississippi. The enterprise has been ready for six months, but has been delayed by financial agitation. An outlay of \$1,800,000 is contemplated immediately. The road crosses the New Orleans & North-eastern at Hattiesburg and connects with the Illinois Central at Jackson, thence running west to Kansas City. There is practically a straight line of rail already in operation.

Fractured His Adversary's Skull.

William J. McMill, a wealthy old farmer of the Sulphur Springs community, 15 miles west of Armonist, Ala., died from injuries received in an altercation with Dan Boozer, a merchant and farmer of the same neighborhood. Boozer went to McMill's blacksmith shop to see a negro who owed him some money, and he and McMill began quarrelling over a charge by Boozer that McMill had been talking about him. McMill drew his knife and Boozer fractured his skull with a shop tool. Boozer surrendered, and claims that the killing was done in self-defense.

Threatened Insurance Boycott.

Selma, Ala., is on the verge of an insurance boycott. The city council has changed the insurance license from the present system, based on the amount of business done, to \$25 for each company. A score or more of special agents have started a movement to withdraw all of the 53 companies represented from the city. A few of the larger companies paid the license, and an effort is being made to have them sign the agreement to withdraw. If they sign the boycott will go into effect at once and all outstanding insurance will be cancelled.

Wrecked By Robbers.

A train on the Louisville & Nashville railway, bound for New Orleans, was wrecked four miles from Montgomery, Ala., in a very wild country, by train robbers. The engineer saw an obstruction on the track, but too late to stop the train, which went crashing down a steep embankment. A rail had been torn up and nailed down again, three or four inches out of line. The train was completely wrecked. The track was torn up for fully 200 yards. Three persons were seriously injured. Damage, \$50,000.

Killed Over a Small Debt.

O. J. Jackson shot and killed George Wade at Gainesville, Fla. Wade owed Jackson a small debt and became enraged when requested to pay. He drew a knife and started at Jackson, who ran to his office, where there was a gun. Jackson seized the gun and fired, as Wade was almost upon him. The entire charge entered Wade's left eye, tearing off his face from the nose up and causing instant death.

At the Age of 120.

Henry Blankinship, who claimed to be the oldest man in Kentucky, died at his home near Fairview, ten miles east of Hopkinsville, of a complication of diseases, aged 120 years. He was born in Virginia, and moved to Kentucky and married years before the war of 1812. He was the father of 15 children, 11 of whom are still living, the oldest being past 80.

The Negro and Consumption.

A medical paper prints statistics showing that in eight of our largest southern cities the proportion of deaths from consumption among the colored race, as compared with the total mortality, is more than 50 per cent. greater than that of the white population.

Death By Fire.

Incendiaries fired James Abbott's house, near Hamlin, Va. Cora, his daughter, aged 20, was burned to death. She was recently acquitted for alleged blowing up of Squire Vance's house with dynamite, killing one and injuring another.

The War Department Awakening.

Gen. Miles, commanding general of the United States army, urges the importance of further liberal appropriations for fortifications, and says that New Orleans was not at least \$450,000 during the coming year.

An Experiment.

China Grove, Rowan county, N. C., will be granted free delivery in accordance with the experiments now being made by the post office department for the establishment of such service for rural districts.

Young Murderer Burned to Death.

Near Empire, Ky., Mrs. Jerome Murphy was burned to death by her clothing catching fire from a grate near which she was seated, nursing her infant. She was 17 years old. The child escaped uninjured.

A Proud Warden.

The warden of the Missouri penitentiary claims that his Sunday school is one of the largest in the state. Between 700 and 800 of the members are convicts.

Killed Her Husband.

Mary White killed her husband, George White, at their home near Maplesville, Ala., shooting three pistol balls into his breast. He threatened her.

Lore Veal and Mutton.

The stockmen in the counties west of San Antonio, Tex., report heavy losses of young cattle and sheep from wolves and mountain lions.

Destructive Storms in Florida.

The storms in Florida are said to have destroyed about 1,200,000 acres of timber. The monetary loss to the state will reach \$1,

CONSIDERATION for others creates a like measure of respect for ourselves from the world around us.

No MAN should make himself, or allow himself to become a burden to his friends, if he expects to keep them.

CLOSE application, reflection and the experience of years are necessary to complete success in any legitimate business.

Last week a bill was introduced in the legislature to appropriate \$250,000 for the purchase of a mansion for the governor of Alabama. We're willing.

LAST Friday the house adopted a joint resolution raising a joint committee of the house and senate to prepare a bill calling a constitutional convention. It's a good thing, shove it along.

MISS HELEN GOULD has recently given \$250,000 to the Presbyterians of Roxbury, N. Y., for the purpose of building a new church. Her father, Jay Gould, was born in Roxbury, and Miss Gould has a beautiful home there.

THE net earnings of 133 railroads up to September 1st, show a gain of \$2,500,000 over the net earnings of the first eight months of 1895. These figures do not include the heavy cotton movement which has taken place since September 1st.

WHAT is claimed to be the most powerful locomotive in the world has just been completed by a firm at Liege. At a trial trip a speed of forty-six miles an hour was attained with a load of 100 tons, each containing a dead weight of twelve tons.

IF EACH man fully understood his fellow-man, there would be less anger and acrimony about politics. There is more patriotism among the people than is generally conceded. Let us forget the bitterness and anger of the campaign and return to the paths of peace and the ways of pleasantness.

ELLA WHEELER WILCOX sagely remarks: "The highly educated American men and women are more or less culminations of former generations." When the poetess of passion makes up her mind to think, remarks the New York World, something of permanent value is sure to be given to a thoughtless world.

NIAGARA has been harnessed at last and it is now engaged in turning the wheels of industry. Sunday night at 12 o'clock the machinery started to humming, and the street car system of Buffalo, N. Y., twenty-seven miles distant is being operated by electric power transmitted from the falls. The power will be furnished any plant in the city at the astonishingly low rate of \$36 a year per horse power. Truly this is a wonderful age we live in.

IT is General Pettus of Dallas no longer. He is now Senator Pettus of Alabama. This distinguished honor was conferred upon him by the caucus of the democratic members of the general assembly Monday night. He will succeed Senator Pugh whose term will expire March 4, 1897. General Pettus is a native Alabamian, but has never before, though a staunch and uncompromising democrat all his life, has been asked for an office of any kind as a reward. He has been a prominent figure in state politics for many years, and can be depended upon to represent Alabama creditably in the senate.

REPRESENTATIVE A. P. LONGSHORE has introduced a bill in the legislature entitled, "An act to regulate the trial of misdemeanors and certain felonies in Shelby county." We have not seen the bill, but we are informed that its object is to make our county court more useful and at the same time less expensive. The new bill if it becomes a law will save the county, it is estimated, about \$2,000. Following are the main features of the bill: Witnesses and jurors are to be paid the same as in circuit court. There are to be four courts a year, but only one week each. The solicitor has no claim except upon conviction. The court has jurisdiction of grand larceny, burglary and assault with intent to murder or rob. As we stated above we have not seen the bill but from what we can find out it repeats the present law almost in toto and we are inclined to the opinion that it is quite an improvement upon the one we now have.

ONE of the largest advertisers in London says: "We have hit upon a novel expedient for ascertaining over what area our advertisements were read. We published a couple of half column 'ads', in which we purposely misstated half a dozen historical facts. In less than a week we received between three hundred and four hundred letters from all parts of the country, from people wishing to know why on earth we kept such a consummate idiot, who knew so little about English. The letters came pouring in for three or four weeks. It was one of the best paying 'ads' we ever printed, but we do not repeat our experiment, because the one I refer to served its purpose. Our letters came from school boys, girls, professors, clergymen, school teachers, and in two instances from eminent men who have a world-wide reputation. I was more impressed with the value of advertising from these two advertisements than I should have been by volumes of theories."

DIFFERENCE OF OPINION.

F. W. GIST, Our Washington Correspondent, Takes Issue with the Sentinel.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 10, 1896.

To the Shelby Sentinel:

Permit me to differ with you in your views as to the result of the recent election, as expressed in your editorial in the issue of the 5th inst. I do not agree with you that there was only one issue in the campaign. While the financial issue was the one great question most prominently discussed, the democratic platform presented issues of vital importance to the people, all more or less hinging around the financial problem.

In the first place there was presented the same question of state sovereignty against concentrated federal power, an equal distribution of the weight and responsibilities of government and an equal enjoyment of its privileges and benefits as against the absorption of wealth and the control of the government by corporate power. Upon this issue no democrat could have mistaken his duty, and certainly none can but look with regret upon the election of Mr. McKinley, as the embodiment of all the republican party has stood for in the past and portends for the future.

The republicans do not even claim that their success is a victory for the gold standard or that they intend to perpetuate it. Mr. Hanna has declared that they are not gold monometallists, but favor international bimetalism. Of course in effect they will continue the present system so unfavorable to silver and which has contracted the volume of our currency to the extent of a burden upon the struggling masses. They will attempt to increase the revenue by an increase of tariff duties, thereby enhancing the price of commodities to the consumers, and benefiting neither the laborer nor the producer. The holders of great wealth and enormous incomes will continue to escape a proportionate share of the burdens of taxation; no effort will be made to destroy the evil effects of gambling in the necessities of life nor to break up the trusts and monopolies which have fastened their clutches upon the great body of legitimate business. The dealers in money and bonds; the large manufacturers; the stock brokers will be protected by all needed legislation, but no thought will be given to the great horde of small business concerns dependent upon the prosperity of the people for their success. These, with all the other contingencies of republican rule, will be the result of the election of Mr. McKinley. I can see in all this no cause for congratulation even by a gold-standard democrat.

Again, I do not agree with you that the agitation of the silver question was begun by the populists and taken up by the democrats. I have the authority of political history that the democratic party has always favored the equal use of gold and silver, or the double standard. Mr. Jefferson certainly favored it, as did Mr. Jackson, both of whom repeatedly raised their voices against the contraction of the currency and the power of concentrated wealth, and it was only left for a republican platform to denounce the democratic party under Mr. Cleveland for the hostility to the white metal. The declaration of the democratic platform of this year was only a repetition of that of 1892, upon which Mr. Cleveland was elected, only it spoke more certainly in the face of broken pledges. We heard no charges of fraud in the selection of delegates to the national democratic convention, and it was certainly a representative body, and the majority for silver overwhelming.

I do not agree with you that the election of Mr. McKinley is an endorsement of the present administration. That would be an anomaly. The republican platform was particularly severe upon this administration, and only for the sake of the large defection of democrats did they refrain from denouncing it upon the stump.

I do not agree with you that "it is a repudiation by a host of democrats of the populist heresy." You have but to look at the surroundings of these democrats to be convinced that they are influenced by personal interest in the perpetuation of corporate power and a small currency volume, and that they have nothing in common with the great body of toilers. I rather believe the facts show them to be repudiators of the democratic faith, in a spirit of rule or ruin. Of course I allow for an honest difference of opinion, always to be respected, but I have no respect for a difference carried beyond that point of settlement in convention by majority.

The stand taken by our party was right. There is no heresy, no repudiation of national honor, no unsoundness, and the same battle will be fought over again. The arguments of our leaders have been wholly unanswered, and I do not agree with you that the American people have spoken against silver. The facts do not show it. The loss of Indiana, Maryland and West Virginia are due to the solid negro vote for McKinley, which together with the irresponsible masses of unorganized and uneducated labor in Illinois and the middle west, defeated Mr. Bryan. Sixty thousand negroes in Maryland, 30,000 or 40,000 in Indiana and West Virginia, bought a great horde of unscrupulous laborers in Ohio and Illinois, bought.

It means that the American presidency has been bought, and the people will pay the interest on the purchase money. It means an increase of the cost of living, with no more money for the laborer—a few more days' work, perhaps, at starvation

wages—the denial of the right of self-protection by the workingman, the same old mortgage on the farm.

I fail to see any cause for congratulation by democrats in the election of a republican president.

F. W. GIST.

SOUTHERN INDUSTRIES.

Highly Encouraging Reports Received by The Tradesman.

The remarkable change for the better that has characterized trade since the election shows no sign of abatement, and advices received from the Tradesman's large coterie of southern correspondents as to industrial conditions are very encouraging. The number of idle mills resuming increases daily, and many concerns already in operation are working longer hours and adding to their forces. The wages of employees are also being increased. The change of feeling in the iron trade is fully confirmed and the tone of the market is decidedly stronger. The demand is good and prices continue to have an upward tendency. The output at the iron furnaces has been largely increased, but there seems to be no immediate danger of an accumulation of stocks.

The lumber industry is also feeding the good effects of the business revival and conditions are reported favorable for a more active trade, both among manufacturers and dealers. Yellow pine prices have been slightly advanced, and a still further advance is expected.

Cotton goods are firm, the tendency in print cloths being upward. Wool is higher and a more active demand is noted.

The prospect of further advance in prices has brought many orders into the markets during the past week that would not otherwise have been received.

THE INCREASED CONFIDENCE IN BUSINESS CIRCLES.

From the Scientific American.

There is a growing feeling that the tide of our commercial fortunes has turned and that the ebb which set in three or four years ago has brought us to a low water mark from which we are sure to see a flow of steady prosperity. As we go to press there are pleasant tidings of industrial establishments being started on full time, of others which have been long silent resounding with the busy hum of activity. Wholesale houses are sending out their travelers and conditional orders are being set in execution. One can hear a great sigh of national relief go up that the tremendous tension of the past few months is over, and there is a very distinct quickening of the national pulse and a general spirit of expectancy of good times to come.

How far these hopes are justified, how early will be their fulfillment, we do not undertake to say; but we wish to remind our readers that if the good times are to be permanent, they must come in a natural way, and not as the result of any artificial and therefore evanescent stimulus. There is a tendency in the daily press to push the thing along faster than is natural or expedient. The sick man must learn to walk before he can run. The credit of the country has been prostrated even to the point of death, and we must not expect that it will recover its full strength and vitality in a day. Indeed, the past commercial history of the country shows that recovery is very slow and it takes very little to give the patient a serious relapse. If we refer back to a period of which the present is strongly suggestive—the year 1873—it was not until the year 1880 that the country had fully recovered from its depression; and while we do not for a moment suppose that prosperity will be so belated in the present case, we do not believe that we are going to move at a bound from the one extreme to the other. Nor would it be desirable. "Boom times" are in some respects very bad times. Better a steady, legitimate growth than a hasty, artificially prompted, boisterous sprouting.

The nation has been learning valuable lessons during the last few years of depression, and we shall do well to make the present hour of restored confidence a starting point for a fresh growth in wealth and power whose motto shall be "make haste slowly."

MIGHT BE UNLUCKY.

If the year were divided into 13 instead of 12 months, with 28 days in each of them except the 13th, which should have 29 days in ordinary years and 30 days in leap years, then calendars would be practically unnecessary and many calculations, as of interest, the maturing of notes, etc., would be matters of great simplicity. For, with such a division of the year, each day of the week would come at the same dates in each month. If January 1, say, were Monday, the 1st, 8th, 15th and 22d of each month that year would be Monday; the 2d, 9th, 16th and 23d Tuesday, and so on. The advantages of this system are obvious, and scientific persons are seriously discussing what chance there is of persuading the world to adopt it in 1900.—New York Times.

Send your name for a Souvenir of the Works of Eugene Field.
FIELD & FLOWERS
The Eugene Field Monument Souvenir
The most beautiful Art Production of the century. "A small bunch of the most fragrant of flowers gathered from the broad acres of Eugene Field's 'Land of Love'." Contains a selection of the most beautiful of the poems of Eugene Field. Hand-colored by thirty-five of the world's greatest artists as their contribution to the monument fund. But for the noble contribution of the artist, this book could not have been so beautifully produced. For sale at book stores, or sent prepaid on receipt of \$2.00. The book is offered to the public by the publisher, published by the Committee to create a fund to build the monument and to care for the family of the beloved poet.
Eugene Field Monument Souvenir Fund.
150 Monroe Street, Chicago, Ill.

McKINLEY IS ELECTED
And "They Say" Good Times Are Ahead!

Good enough. I've no objection to that—I refer to the good times; but if they come I am ready, yes more than ready. This is no joke, but is a cold, solid fact. I have a very large stock of goods this fall, the largest and most complete ever seen in Shelby county, and I can

Suit the Taste and Purse of Everybody.

THE LADIES

Should see our beautiful DRESS GOODS, magnificently beautiful (the goods and the ladies), ribbons in abundance and pretty--don't mention it--draperies, eiderdown. See our beautiful facinators and feather boas for the girls (pretty things). They should see all goods just mentioned, and a lot of candy, chewing gum and other nick-nacks bought especially for them.

THE MEN

Should inspect our CLOTHING department, Shoes, Hats, the latest and the cheapest, Furnishings, etc., to say nothing of the actual necessities which we have in almost endless variety.

THE BOYS AND GIRLS

Need my nobby and substantial Shoes, Hats, Caps, Hose and various and sundry small articles kept for their especial benefit.

COTTON AND CASH AT MY STORE

Mean GOODS THE BEST and Lots of Them For the Money.



FURNITURE, * BEST,

* OR THE CHEAPEST, *

EVERYTHING IN THIS LINE WILL GO AT
... ROCK BOTTOM FIGURES. ...

We have had a splendid trade so far this fall, but it looks now as though we had only gotten fairly started. Don't for a moment think of buying your fall bill until you see what I offer.

Bring me all your Cotton, also your Cotton Seed, for both of which I will pay the top market price.

Yours for better times,

J. F. POPE,

Wilsonville, Alabama.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.50 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY
CONDENSED SCHEDULE.
In effect November 8, 1896.

No.	STATIONS.	No.	STATIONS.
1	Memphis	101	Memphis
2	St. Louis	102	St. Louis
3	Chicago	103	Chicago
4	Indianapolis	104	Indianapolis
5	Cincinnati	105	Cincinnati
6	Columbus	106	Columbus
7	Dayton	107	Dayton
8	Cleveland	108	Cleveland
9	Buffalo	109	Buffalo
10	New York	110	New York

No.	STATIONS.	No.	STATIONS.
11	Memphis	201	Memphis
12	St. Louis	202	St. Louis
13	Chicago	203	Chicago
14	Indianapolis	204	Indianapolis
15	Cincinnati	205	Cincinnati
16	Columbus	206	Columbus
17	Dayton	207	Dayton
18	Cleveland	208	Cleveland
19	Buffalo	209	Buffalo
20	New York	210	New York

No.	STATIONS.	No.	STATIONS.
21	Memphis	301	Memphis
22	St. Louis	302	St. Louis
23	Chicago	303	Chicago
24	Indianapolis	304	Indianapolis
25	Cincinnati	305	Cincinnati
26	Columbus	306	Columbus
27	Dayton	307	Dayton
28	Cleveland	308	Cleveland
29	Buffalo	309	Buffalo
30	New York	310	New York

W. H. GREEN, Gen. Supt. Washington, D. C.
J. M. CLEGG, Asst. Supt. Washington, D. C.
W. A. TERRY, P. A. Washington, D. C.
C. A. BENSON, Gen. Freight Agent, Tenn.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a Fa. Fa. issued from the Circuit court of Shelby county, and to me directed, I will proceed to sell, in front of the court house door, in the town of Columbiana on the 30th day of November, 1896, within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder for the cash, the following described real estate to-wit: Bounded on the north by land owned by R. A. Steele, on the east by the land known as the John B. Wilson place, on the south by the land known as the Isaac Wilks land, on the west by land of South Thompson, being as being believed to be the w. g. of n. w. 1/4 of section 9, township 24, range 12, east containing 160 acres more or less.

Landed upon as the property of C. C. Vandegraft, to satisfy said Fa. Fa. in my hands in favor of R. E. Bonar & Co.

This 19th day of October 1896.

nov 5-31 E. F. VEST, Sheriff.

Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.50 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Notice of Application to Sell Real Estate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.

Probate Court, October 26, 1896.

Estate of Jno. T. Cromwell, deceased.

This day came J. L. Peters, administrator of said estate, and filed his application in due form and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therein and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of paying debts, upon the ground that the personal property is insufficient for that purpose. It is ordered, that the 14th day of December, 1896, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

D. R. McMillan, Judge of Probate.

Notice.

I have this day sold my entire interest, with good will and all, in the grocery business, of Hammond & Thompson, of this place, to J. H. Hammond, who will continue the sport cash grocery business at the same place. He will pay all the claims for goods in transit upon arrival of same, and assumes all obligations of firm.

Thanking a generous people for their kind patronage and soliciting a continuance of same for J. H. Hammond, 444 years, etc.

Nov 3, 1896.

J. H. Hammond will continue the sport cash grocery business at the old stand of Hammond & Thompson.

Notice No. 18511.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court, at Columbiana, Ala., on December 18, 1896, viz: Henry N. Hammond, Homestead entry, No. 25,445, for the s. 1/4 of sec. 8, T. 24 S., R. 12 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Harmon, William A. Harmon, William Henderson, James R. Harmon, all of Bond, Ala.

nov 5-31 H. PETERSON, Register.

Closing Out Manufacturer's Cost

—MY ENTIRE STOCK OF—

CLOTHING, DRY GOODS!

BOOTS AND SHOES, AND FURNISHING GOODS.

I mean to save you 33 1-3 cents on each dollar. I keep only the best selected stock of goods, THE LATEST DESIGNS the market produces. No shoddy goods—only brand new goods.

Everything I Sell is Absolutely Guaranteed by Me.

My prices are the cheapest in the State of Alabama.

—I QUOTE YOU SOME OF MY PRICES:—

\$ 5.00 Mens Wool Suits, now only.....	\$ 3.33	\$2.00 Mens all grain Gaiter Shoes, now only.....	\$ 1.33
12.50 Mens fine Worsted Suits, now only.....	7.50	35c Children's Shoes, now only.....	15
15.00 Mens French Clay Worsteds, now only.....	8.15	30c Misses' Polkas, now only.....	25
1.50 Mens Wool Pants, now only.....	75	30c Ladies all-wool breakfast Shawls, now only.....	15
3.50 Mens fine wool Cassimere Pants, now only.....	1.50	15c Worsteds all-wool filling now only.....	7
75c Mens Jeans Pants, now only.....	35	35c Calicoes, now only.....	3
1.25 Mens Wool Jeans Pants, now only.....	75	45 yards Calicoes, in a bundle, only.....	90
2.00 Mens Fur Hats, now only.....	95	20 yards Ducking, in a bundle, only.....	90
75c Boys Hats, now only.....	35	25c Mens Suspenders, now only.....	5
50c Boys Hats, now only.....	25	Anniston Sheetting.....	5
1.75 Mens Shoes, now only.....	1.25	Anniston Shirting.....	1
1.25 Mens Shoes, now only.....	85	35c Good Cotton Checks, now only.....	30c
3.50 Mens Fur Hats, now only.....	2.00	35c best table Oil Cloth, now only.....	15c
1.50 Mens Shoes, now only.....	1.00	12 1/2 yard solid colors, Satens, now only.....	75c
1.50 Mens calf Brogan Shoes, now only.....	95	12 1/2 yard fancy colored Satens, now only.....	75c

—I ALSO KEEP A FINE LINE OF—

Men's Neckties and Silk Handkerchiefs, Cologne, Ladies Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, a fine line of Dress Goods, Trimmings and Laces, and 1,000 other articles.

Tell your neighbors that you know of a place where you can save them 33 1-3 cents on each dollar, if they will spend their money with S. Stark, Shelby, Ala., and you will in return get their blessings. When you come to Shelby look at the sign marked in plain figures:

—CLOSING OUT AT COST!—

S. STARK,

SHELBY, ALABAMA.

900 Drops
CASTORIA
Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Aloes -
Rhubarb -
Sage -
Pineapple -
Cinnamon -
Worm Seed -
Castor Oil -
Clarified Sugar -
Vanilla -
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

THE CHRONICLE.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
COLUMBIANA, NOV. 19, 1896.
SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year.....\$1.00
One copy six months......50
TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.
Post Office
Mail closes.....11:37 a. m.
Trains due 11:37 a. m. and 3:28 p. m.
Mails open 1:30 p. m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 3:28 p. m.
Southern Railway.
NEW SCHEDULE.
No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 2:51 p. m.
No. 16, passenger, leaves going north, 11:54 a. m.
No. 63, local, leaves going south, 12:35 p. m.
No. 61, local, leaves going north, 12:35 p. m.
LOCAL VIVISCOPE.
With dog and gun the hunters hold
Through marshy meadows trail.
To bag a big cold
And half a dozen quail.
Will Harper, of Calera, spent Sunday in town.
Editor Graham, of Calera, was in our city Saturday.
County court will meet Monday for a two weeks' term.
Jim Seale, spent Sunday and Monday in Childersburg.
J. P. Christian and wife, of Shelby, were guests of relatives here Sunday.
Dr. F. D. Dulose, one of Shelby's clever physicians, spent a few hours in town Monday.
E. S. Lyman, of Montevallo, came up Thursday and Friday last, to look after his legal business.
Miss O'Bryan, of South Alabama, is a guest of her uncle's family, Mr. O'Bryan, south of town.
Mrs. W. A. Walburn, of Ganadague, spent Saturday and Sunday here with her father's family.
Born, to Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Christian, Saturday morning last, a boy. Both parents so far are doing well.
Will Harper, of Texas, but who is on a visit to his mother's family near Montevallo, spent Sunday in town.
J. M. Kifer, of Shelby, made us a pleasant call Monday. He was on his return home from a trip to Birmingham.
Isaac D. Mason left Tuesday morning for Tuscaloosa to attend the annual conference of the Methodist church.
H. H. Parker left yesterday afternoon for his distant Texas home. Henry has many friends here who will always be glad to welcome him back home.
For Sale—A five room dwelling on East College street, near Academy. Almost new, just been newly painted. Will be sold at a bargain for cash. Apply to editor Chronicle for full particulars.
Advertising, like everything else must have something behind it—push. And the pushing man advertises in the way that he will get the best results—in the paper that has the largest subscription list.
Had you not as well forward your subscription to this paper now as later? It is indispensable to your home and you must have it. You will never be contented without it, and it is best for you to yield to the prompting to send for it now, than procrastinate and keep feeling lonesome without it.
The horse-wrappers are expected to own the town next Saturday, the 21st and if they don't run things to suit themselves they can lay the blame at their own door. We hope to see a big crowd and a jolly good time. Boys, if you get tired swapping horses, vary the program a little by swapping a few lies. Everything goes, you know.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF
Chas. H. Fletcher
IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA
Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.
The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

Memorial of a Worthy Brother.
WILSONVILLE LODGE NO. 510, A. F. AND A. M.
November 14, 1896.
WHEREAS, It pleased the Grand Master of the Universe to remove from us, on November 10th, from the residence of Brother J. H. Weldon, our faithful and beloved brother, Austin A. Daniel; therefore be it
RESOLVED, First, that we bow in humble submission to His will who doeth all things well;
Second, That the untiring nursing and earnest prayers of a faithful christian community and a burial with Masonic honors, beautifully attested his high christian worth;
Third, That our Baptist church has lost a devoted member, and its Sunday school a faithful secretary; that our lodge has lost a sympathetic, helpful counselor, our community a genial friend who was ever ready to assist in every laudable undertaking, and whose fidelity and practical advice will be greatly missed by all, and whose sweet christian influence can never die;
Fourth, That we tender our sincere sympathy to the bereaved brothers and sisters who have lost so noble a brother;
Fifth, That these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of our lodge, published in our county papers, and that a copy be furnished the bereaved brothers and sisters.
J. L. RAY,
WM. TIXNEY,
J. B. KILPATRICK,
Committee.
RESOLUTIONS OF S. P. L. LEAGUE.
On Tuesday night, Nov. 10, 1896, at 8:25 o'clock, the spirit of Austin A. Daniel took its flight from the tabernacle of clay to dwell forever in the presence of its Maker. He was indeed a model young man for purity of purpose and uprightness of character. He may have had equals, but no superiors. For some time the pendulum seemed to swing between life and death, and finally stopped on the other side of the river. His was certainly a beautiful life.
WHEREAS, It has pleased our Heavenly Father in His allwise providence to remove from our midst our beloved brother and associate, Austin A. Daniel; and,
WHEREAS, The intimate relation long held by the deceased with the members of the society render it proper that we should place upon record our appreciation of his services as an earnest worker and his merit as a man; therefore
RESOLVED, That we deplore the loss of Austin A. Daniel with deep feelings of regret, softened only by the confident hope that his spirit is with those who have fought the good fight here and are enjoying perfect happiness in the better world.
RESOLVED, That by his death the Social Purity Literary League has lost an earnest worker and beloved brother, and that the members of this society will ever cherish his noble character as a monument to his memory.
RESOLVED, That we hereby tender to his afflicted relatives our sincere condolence and our earnest heartfelt sympathy in their affliction in the loss of one who was a good citizen, a devoted christian and an upright gentleman.
RESOLVED, That as a mark of our respect, we send a copy of the foregoing resolutions to his sorrowing loved ones, and have them placed on the record of our S. P. L. League.
JUSTIN C. JACKSON, President.
Good for Wilsonville.
WILSONVILLE, ALA., Nov. 12, '96.
EDITOR CHRONICLE: I sold today to I. D. Mason a bale of cotton for seven cents. All the proceeds go to the missionary cause of our church. The cotton was raised and donated by J. P. Harkins, D. M. Smith, P. Minor and Z. C. Crowson. Respectfully,
J. W. CARV.
A Card of Thanks.
HARPERSVILLE, NOV. 14, '96.
MR. EDITOR: Please allow us space in your valuable paper to thank the good people, all who have so kindly given to us since our house was burned. May God's richest blessing be with each and every one is our prayer.
MR. AND MRS. J. KIRKLAND.
A Card of Thanks.
COLUMBIANA, ALA., NOV. 16, 1896.
EDITOR CHRONICLE: Please express to my many friends the high appreciation I have for their valued services and kind considerations shown myself and family during the last illness of my husband, J. G. Parker. Words are inadequate to convey to them our appreciation of their devotion and sympathy so kindly expressed. May the reaper deal gently with them.
Very respectfully,
MRS. MARY PARKER.
The Ideal Panacea.
James L. Francis, Alderman, Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an Ideal Panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, to the exclusion of physician's prescriptions or other preparations."
Rev. John Burgess, Keokuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a Minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church for 39 years or more and have never found anything so beneficial, or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this Ideal Cough Remedy now. Trial Bottles Free at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.
Tom—Are you sure you will never forget that it was I who gave you that locket?
Miss Bangles—Sure! I'm going to note it down in my memorandum book.

High court last Saturday.
Our school list has gone clean out of sight.
J. R. Hatcher visited Birmingham last week.
Miss Hannah Caldwell is assisting Prof. Strock in the school.
John Kirkland had the misfortune to get his dwelling and most all of its contents burned one night last week.
It seems now that McKinley is not in the cotton buying business at all, from the way that it has fallen in price since his election.
Tom Jones, R. H. Clark and Mark Hanna! Ye gods and little fishes what a trio! When will we meet again?
Captain J. L. Walball, of Irondale, is making arrangements to move back to his farm near here this winter. A cordial welcome is awaiting for him and family.
Well didn't Palmer, Buckner and E. H. Dryer cut a figure in the election? They were such small "frys" that no one missed them when they left the democratic party.
The young people of our town and vicinity met at the academy last Friday night and organized a literary society to be known as the "Robert Lee Literary Society." May success crown it.
To Mr. Bryan: You have been defeated, you made a grand fight, you have won a name that will remain on the pages of history, as long as this generation lasts. We haven't any tears to shed but are powerful sorry. The democracy of Harpersville beat did all it could for your election, and now the majority of the people have said that McKinley is the man, we will have to submit, and bid you adieu until 1900.
Well, say, in speaking of the election, how in the world came Columbiana beat to give Mr. Aldrich such a majority; surely Mark Hanna's boodle. Oh well—nuff sed.
G. M. McCary has rented out his farm near here and is going to Vincent to go into the mercantile business.
Rev. B. F. Giles filled his regular appointment at the Baptist church Saturday and Sunday last.
W. B. Hubbard and Miss Della Thompson visited Easonville Sunday.
Some of our people want a stock law and some don't, but we all need better fences and then we would be better neighbors.
JAKE.
Items from Creswell.
Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Stafford, of Woodlawn, visited Mr. and Mrs. D. Fitch recently.
Rev. M. N. Warren filled his regular appointment last Sunday, but for some reason did not protract the meeting as was announced.
If you can see nothing but the bad, shut your eyes. Better be blind than unable to see the beautiful and the good.
E. E. and G. W. Wallis, Jr., went to Talladega on business, last Saturday, returning home Sunday.
Misses Jennie Bates, Eva Hughston and Belle Coleman have new organs.
Not had luck, but had judgment; not ill condition, but ill thinking, make life a failure.
It won't help your own crop any to sit on the fence and count the weeds in your neighbor's field.
Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Wallis and little daughter Ada and Mrs. G. W. Butts, visited relatives at Cobb last Saturday and Sunday.
Our school, under the supervision of Miss Lura Perryman, is still booming. New pupils are still coming in and everybody is highly pleased. There are at present upwards of fifty in attendance.
CHOCTAW.
GOLD.
Huntsville Tribune.
Yesterday gold dollars were circulating freely in our city. The circumstances and amusing feature about it is this: The silver men said there was no gold in this country, that it never would circulate. Yesterday there was probably six hundred bales of cotton sold on the streets. Negro cotton raisers were paid off in gold twenty-dollar pieces. Absolutely paper money and silver were at a premium as no one felt easy with twenty dollars wrapped up in one gold piece, or in a five-dollar piece. A five-dollar piece felt too much like a silver quarter in a man's pocket. W. R. Rison & Co. were shoving the gold over their counters in great shape all day. We presume the other banks were too. The hoarding of this gold prior to the election, and the putting it in circulation since shows that the gold holders were simply protecting themselves against a financial craze. That gold has been out of circulation we cheerfully admit, that it is in circulation again, the free silver men must admit. That its absence from circulation was an order of contraction which produced hard times, we concede. That its return to circulation will relieve the contraction and give us good times the free silver men must admit.
A Valuable Prescription.
Editor Morrison, of Worthington, Ind., "Sun," writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can conscientiously recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehle, 2625 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat or digest food, had a headache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents and \$1.00. Get a Bottle at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.
A MEDICAL paper prints statistics showing that in eight of our largest southern cities the proportion of deaths from consumption among the colored race, as compared with the total mortality, is more than 50 per cent. greater than that of the white population.

New Firm.
Having recently purchased the stock of Groceries of J. E. Seale, we want to announce to our friends and the public generally that we are not in business for our health, but to sell goods.
*** No Man or Firm Shall Undersell Us. ***
Bear that in mind please, and give us a trial. We will give you HONEST WEIGHT, a FULL YARD, and a HEAPING BUSHEL. Talk is cheap, it is true, but drop in and see if we don't do just what we say.
Yours in haste,
J. H. PAGE & SON,
Columbiana, Ala.

Seeing is Believing. *
NOT MUCH.
YOU see too many circus posters nowadays. And the public sees too many flashy advertisements. Nay, seeing is not believing. Goods are not sacrificed at half of manufacturing cost. No honest, reputable merchant can exist with such false business methods. A plated wedding ring may be sold cheaper than one of solid gold, but where is its value after the flimsy outer plating wears away. What sane man would buy such a one, and what thinking man will buy trashy, plated, shoddy goods.
We won't sell you cotton for wool nor jute for flax. The meaner sorts of merchandise we have no time to bother with; neither have you, if we judge you aright.
Clean, Honest, Reliable Goods at Lowest Prices!
is what intelligent buyers are looking for. We keep none other, and wish you to inspect our stock by the clear light of day. By this truth-telling light you can make your selections with the utmost satisfaction.
When you are ready come in and investigate our goods, view them in every light, make your own comparisons as to prices and qualities, and we will cheerfully accord you every facility.
We have anticipated your every want in our several departments. Your needs can be supplied in our store at our usual prices, which are always right. All we want or ask is that you look over our stock and get our prices before you purchase anywhere.
Yours for Business,
LESTER, MASON & CO.

W. F. THETTFORD, JR.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
COLUMBIANA, ALA.
W. B. BROWNE, J. T. LEEPER,
BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.
NOTICE.
Tax Assessor's and Tax Collector's Rounds.
We will attend at the following places at the times named below for the purpose of assessing the state and county taxes for the year 1897 and collecting the state and county taxes for the year 1896. Additional cost after the 1st day of January.
SECOND ROUND.
Columbiana, beat 1, Monday, November 23.
Spring Creek, beat 2, Tuesday, November 24.
Shelby, beat 1, Wednesday, November 25.
Wilsonville, beat 9, Thursday, November 26.
Harpersville, beat 10, Friday, November 27.
Vincent, beat 16, Saturday, November 28.
Weldon, beat 11, Monday, November 30.
Martins, beat 8, Tuesday, December 1.
Vandiver, beat 14, Wednesday, December 2.
Dunnivant, beat 18, Thursday, December 3.
Sterrett, beat 15, Friday, December 4.
Tax payers will please meet us promptly with legal description of real estate. Otherwise the assessor cannot be responsible for error that may occur in land numbers. Have a correct list of personal property, and come prepared to pay taxes for 1896. Will be in Columbiana from December 19th to the last day of December, except the 25th. On all taxes not paid by the 1st of January 8 per cent interest will be charged. Tax books will positively be closed by March 1, 1897.
JOHN S. PITTS,
Tax Assessor Shelby county.
JOHN H. ROBERTSON,
Tax Collector Shelby county.
RE-PUBLICATION
OF
Pickett's History of Alabama.
So many inquiries have been made for information of where copies of this work, by the late Col. Albert Pickett, could be had, and so many applications received for the purchase of the few remaining copies in the possession of the members of the family, both from this and other states, and the work has attracted such general interest, alike from the character and accuracy of its contents, that it has been determined to republish a limited edition of this valuable work, in improved form and perfect illustrations, and to offer it for sale at such a reasonable price that those desiring copies may, by becoming subscribers, procure them.
To the inhabitants of this State, Georgia, Mississippi and Florida, there is no work that can supply the place of Pickett's History of Alabama. The early history of the South-west must ever remain a source of attractive and profitable study and entertainment to every scholar and public man.
A devotion of a lifetime of study and investigation, by the eminent author of this work, when the events were fresh in his picture gallery, has been rewarded by the ascertainment of the exact truth, and has given this history a value not always distinctive of such record.
This work is being printed by an Alabama establishment, and it is to be hoped that the limited edition of 3,000 copies will be all sold in this State. Every family in Alabama should possess a copy, in order that the history of our State should be made familiar to all of its people.
The book will contain about 575 pages, in one volume, fully illustrated. Price \$3.00 per copy, and will be ready for delivery about September 30.
RANDOLPH PUBLISHING CO.,
No. 10 South Twentieth St.,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
Liberal commission paid to good agent for Shelby county.
Subscriptions will be taken by the editor of the Chronicle for this valuable work until a regular agent is secured for this county.
COSPER & ALFORD,
DEALERS IN
Furniture,
Carpets,
Trunks,
Coffins
and Caskets
—ALSO—
"NEW HOME" Sewing Machines,
CHILDERSBURG, ALA.
Notice No. 18492.
Notice for Publication.
LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA., October 23, 1896.
Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on December 3, 1896, viz: James O. Andrews Roper, Homestead entry, No. 24340, for the W. 1/2 of Sec. 25, T. 10 N., R. 10 E., S. 1 E. 1st.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George W. Thompson, George W. Wheeler, Roland T. White, William Gull, all of Harpersville, Ala.
H. PURELL,
Register.
oct 29-96
Scientific American
Agency for
TRADE MARKS, PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS.
For information and free Handbook write to HUNN & CO., 150 N. 3rd St., New York, N. Y. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the
Scientific American
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No inefficient man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year; \$1.00 six months. Address, HUNN & CO., 150 N. 3rd St., New York City.
Notice No. 18523.
Notice for Publication.
LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA., November 2, 1896.
Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on December 3, 1896, viz: George W. Thompson, Homestead entry, No. 24340, for the W. 1/2 of Sec. 25, T. 10 N., R. 10 E., S. 1 E. 1st.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: G. W. Thompson, George W. Wheeler, Roland T. White, William Gull, all of Harpersville, Ala.
H. PURELL,
Register.
nov 4-96

Physicians Wise in Their Generation.
The above class of scientists recognize and have repeatedly borne testimony to the efficacy of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a remedy and preventive of fever and ague, rheumatism, want of vigor, liver complaints, and some other ailments and infirm conditions of the system. Experience and observation have taught them its value. They but echo the verdict long since pronounced by the public and the press. Only the benighted now are ignorant of America's tonic and alterative.

"You," shouted the long, lean man, "you sir, are no patriot." "Well, what if I ain't?" retorted the short, fat man. "Election's over, ain't it?"—Indianapolis Journal.

Catarrh Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.
Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy in effect. etc.

Cotton.

With careful rotation of crops and liberal fertilizations, cotton lands will improve. The application of a proper fertilizer containing sufficient Potash often makes the difference between a profitable crop and failure. Use fertilizers containing not less than 3 to 4% Actual Potash.

Kainit is a complete specific against "Rust."

All about Potash—the results of its use by actual experiment on the best farms in the United States—is told in a little book which we publish and will gladly mail free to any farmer in America who will write for it.

GERMAN LUMBER WORKS,
63 Nassau St., New York.

IT CURES . . .
RHEUMATISM, HEADACHE and TOOTHACHE
every time.
All dealers sell

Duncan's Liniment.

"Dead Shot" for COLIC in HORSES and MULES.
"Be wise and keep it in the house."

WEBB MANUFACTURING CO., Props.,
Nashville, Tenn.

Are the boys to pump water and cut feed by hand this winter, or have an Aermotor oil pump?
IT NEVER FREEZES OR THICKENS.
Sold in 1 & 5 gal. cans by impl. dealers. Or direct from us. One year's trial. AERMOTOR CO., Chicago.

Have Your Old Suit of Clothes Made New for \$1.75.
JOHN HANSLER DYE AND CLEANER.
624 MADISON ST., MEMPHIS, TENN.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.
as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surface. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

"I DUNNO which is de wust-o' de two," said Uncle Eben, "de man dat tinks he's too good ter be in politics er de man dat's too bad he has ter be put out."—Washington Star.

That Joyful Feeling
With the exhilarating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness, which follows the use of Syrup of Figs, is unknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old-time medicines and the cheap substitutes sometimes offered but never accepted by the well-informed.

A DISCOVERY.—"I've discovered something the most fractions broncho can't throw." "What's that?" "Kisses."—Chat.

"HAVING tried Dr. Carlsfeldt's German Liver Powder by my family, I do not hesitate to pronounce it a most excellent remedy." H. R. GRAY, Nashville, Tenn.

ASSON—"I believe male attire for women lowers her religious standard." Ganley—"Why so?" Asson—"Because in man's garb she looks like a he-then."—Washington Times.

Just try a 10¢ box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

SUPERSTITION FOILED.—"Somebody has invented a mirror that will not break." "Gracious! Now how are we going to tell when there is to be a death in the house?"—Chicago Record.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe.

MR. CRIMSONBEAK—"Do you think, my dear, that the time will ever come when the men will do the cooking?" Mrs. Crimsonbeak—"Not in this world, John."—Yonkers Statesman.

Love has a long way to go to reach the heart of the modern young man. When he looks for a wife, he expects a good deal. Probably he expects more than he deserves. He wants good looks, good sense, good nature, good health. They usually go together.

An observing man learns that a woman who is physically weak and nervous and incapable, is likely to be ill-natured too. The sweetest temper is ruined by continual sickness.

A woman whose nerves are constantly racked and dragged by debilitating drains and inflammation, cannot be a genial companion or happy wife; and she is totally unfitted to be a mother.

These troubles prevail almost universally among women largely because of carelessness and neglect. There is no real need of them. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a positive specific for the weaknesses and diseases of the feminine organism.

It cures them radically and completely. It heals, strengthens and purifies. It is the only scientific remedy devised for this special purpose by an educated, skilled physician. It is the only medicine that makes motherhood easy and absolutely safe.

Miss Lauretta McVee, of Reno (P. O. Box 723), Washoe Co., Nev., writes: "I have discontinued taking the 'Prescription' and will not take any more (at present). Last month I had no pain at all and worked every day without inconvenience whatever. It was the first time I never had pain during that period. I cannot say too much for your medicines, especially the 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Pleasant Pellets.' I know of a lady who took one bottle of your 'Favorite Prescription' and she says she was not sick like she was with her first baby. This was her second baby. She thinks it a grand medicine. So do I."

Dr. Pierce has had a life-time of experience in this particular field. His 100-page illustrated book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," contains several chapters devoted to woman's special physiology. A paper-bound copy will be sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay the cost of mailing only. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. For a cloth-bound copy send 31 stamps.

By the time they got into the house Dunk was comin around to his sober senses, but Miss Dixie took him in her lap, she did, like he was a baby, put the bottle to his mouth and held him down and drenched him to the last drop. Dunk kicked and he cursed, but it wint no use, and when she did let him go he raised a merry ruckus. He kicked over the chairs and tables and then went to the dinin-room and smashed the dishes right and left. Miss Dixie didn't say stop, but it made her blood boil and her heart bleed. She didn't do a blame thing, but take the ax and went out to Dunk's young pear orchard and lit into it with both hands. In less than two hours every tree in the orchard was cut down and chopped up in stovewood length.

So Dunk he slept on the kitchen floor that night, and when he woke up next mornin he was the sickest and sorest man in 17 states and territories. But when he walked out to the orchard and found his young pear trees—which stood white with blossoms the day before—cut up into stove wood and Miss Dixie's tracks all around, he lifted up his voice in waste places and cried like a schoolboy with his big toe stumped.

And that was Dunk's last spree. He told his wife if she would quit he would, and they swore off together henceforth and forever. In the run of time they bought some new dishes and planted another orchard. They have now got nine promisin children and you wouldn't find a happier family in a long day's drive.

Three Blessings.
An old clergyman who formerly lived in an old New Hampshire town was remarkable for his eccentric modes of speech. His way of asking a blessing was so peculiar as to sometimes affect the risibles of his guests, although he apparently was entirely unconscious of this fact. When he seated himself at the breakfast table, and saw spread upon it a meal greatly to his liking, he said: "Lord, we thank Thee for this excellent breakfast of which we are to partake." A more simple meal, but one which he still regarded as comparatively satisfactory, would cause him to say: "Lord, we thank Thee for this good breakfast set before us." But when the minister's eye roamed over the table and saw there nothing which was especially to his taste, although (as time in which he uttered his petition was not lacking in fervor, his sentiments were clearly to be discovered. "Lord," he invariably said on these occasions, "fill our hearts with thankfulness, we beseech Thee, for this meal set before us; for with Thee all things are possible."—Youth's Companion.

A Humane Man.
She handed him his evening clothes. They had been packed away all summer with a moth-extinguishing substance. As the odor of tar and camphor assailed him his face grew sad.

"What is troubling you?"

"I was thinking of these clothes."

"It seems to me that you ought to look pleased. There certainly is no moths in them."

"I can't help my sympathetic nature," he responded. "Sometimes it leads me to an absurd extreme. Of course, I'm glad that the moths are gone, but—and he sighed deeply—it must have been a horrible death."—Washington Star.

A Graceful Tribute.
It is not every man who knows how to compliment a woman gracefully. The following dialogue took place between a very pretty lady singer and a celebrated composer, who is by no means addicted to flattery:

"Tell me, my dear maestro, which would you like better, to be blind or deaf?"

"Def, madam, when I am looking at you, and blind when I hear you sing!"—Tit-Bits.

In Sunday School.
"The whale found Jonah a conundrum, didn't he, teacher?"

"What do you mean?"

"He had to give him up."—Towns Topics.

RUFUS SANDERS.

Writes About the Great American Crop of Fools.

A Fool Notion Breaks Up a Wedding Match—One Woman's Way of Bringing a Whisky Fool to His End.

Rain or shine—wet or dry—hot or cold—free silver or no free silver—every year the good Lord sends brings the usual crop of fools. The late cool snaps, the spring freshets, the sweeter heat of summer, the long dry droughts in the fall of the year and the tremendous cold spells in the dead of winter have all got nothing to do with the great American fool crop. It comes up and grows off and turns out its produce as regular as pig tracks in a plum thicket.

Two Hearts That Beat as One.
What makes a stop and tell you that? Well, mostly from the fact that we had one of the most proper and loveliest wedding matches you ever heard tell of perhaps fixed up in the settlement this fall, and everything was comin right on across in nice shape till old man Dave Bowen took up one of his fool notions and gummed up the cards and busted the game.

As everybody knows, old man Dave Bowen is one of the best-fixed men for miles and miles around. He lives on the old Bowen plantation down there on Deer Creek, where he was born and bred and brung up. The old stock of Bowen people passed away in the fullness of time, and then Dave's brothers and sisters died up one by one till finally at last he is the only one left. Consequently the whole plantation and everything on it belongs to him in his full name. He had went on for two or three long and weary years livin there all alone by himself with no better company than the niggers and his mules. And naturally of course everybody was glad when he lit out and put in visitin and courtin around Miss Mary Williamson—which I do know she is one of the best and most smartest women in the round created world. Miss Mary is like old man Dave in one regard—her people have all died up and left her alone in the world. But they left her without any home that she can call her own, or lands, or mules, or cattle, or anything. She is also way yonder different from old man Dave in regards to sense. She has got a gracious plenty of it, whilst he is a monstrous poor man in that way.

But anyhow it did look to me like the very best thing for them to do, under all the surroundin circumstance, was to go and get married. Dave had the money and the home, whilst Miss Mary had everything else. He was some the oldest, but she had also shed her colt's teeth, as it were, and it would raley seem like they had been predestinated to marry from the foundations of the world. Everybody in the settlement thought so. And at one time old man Dave and Miss Mary thought the same way. After a right smart fumbilin and foolin and visitin and courtin and carryin on, at last they give out the news and set the day—Friday evenin before the last Third Sunday.

The Machinery Silps a Cog.
But in the meantime Aunt Nancy Newton had heard the news and come bilin up from Panther Creek to see the show. She had been good close friends with Miss Mary for years and years, and the dear, delightful old soul jest simply couldn't keep her finger out of the weddin pie.

So that Friday mornin Aunt Nancy and mother they looked up and driv off down to Bunk Weatherford's where the weddin was to come off, to get Miss Mary dressed and ready. On the way down there Aunt Nancy had to tell everybody where she was goin and what she had to do. Whereas, durin the day old man Dave heard that mother and Aunt Nancy had went on down to Bunk Weatherford's to dress Miss Mary for the weddin.

Well, from then on the fat was in the fire and the weddin cake turned to dough. That wouldn't make a continental bit of difference with me and you. But old man Dave swore he'll be doubly dabburned if he would marry any woman under the sun that couldn't dress herself.

"Something is the matter with her if it takes two women to dress her," says old man Dave, "and by gollys that lets me out."

The neighbors soon got wind of how the machinery had jumped a cog, and some of them went over to see old man Dave to try and talk some sense into his head. But it was pluperfect vanity. He wouldn't move a peg. And he maintains till yet that if he ever does take unto himself a wife she must be a full grown woman and able to dress herself.

One Self-Made Fool.
There is at least one more man in the Rocky Creek settlement which come up with the general crop of fools, and his name is Dunk Strickland. To some extent Dunk was raley what you might call a self-made fool. He did have sense enough to squeeze through if he had but only kept it cool and sober all the time. But Dunk was powerful prone to look long and lovinly upon the early runnings of the corn. And moreover, a spoonful of brains and a pint of mean whisky, mixed and shook up together and taken before and after eatin and between meals, will soon make the goneyest biggest fool in the world. The devil couldn't beat that prescription if he tried day and night for a thousand years, and so long as men make the mixture the Fool Killer ain't in no danger of losin his job.

There was the trouble with Dunk. He went on makin that terrible mixtry till at last he bore the name and fame of a natural-born fool. But by and by he took and married Miss Dixie Standenmire, which she was about the most handsome young woman in the settlement, and presently she fetched him to law. Miss Dixie was tall and buxom and high strung, as well as good looking. Her arms was white as milk, but big as a bed post, and she had the keenest, pritiest blue eyes you ever looked into per-

haps.

Along at first Miss Dixie she would cry every time Dunk come up drunk, but that was such a regular thing till she had to get use to it, and I reckon her stock of tears run out. She tried and tried in her tender, womanly way to break Dunk from his fool ways. But Dunk he didn't do a blessed thing but make great promises and then went right on drinkin and rowdyin to beat six bits.

One bright and beautiful spring mornin some 15 years ago, Miss Dixie she called for a new deal and give it out that she would now play a different game with Dunk. So when he started to town that mornin she went out to the front gate with him and read the law in his hearin.

Taking Down the Check Rein.
"We are now standin at the forks of the road, Dunk," says Miss Dixie, "and the time has come for me and you to have a family reckonin together. I don't want any more of your promisin and quittin. You have been promisin and promisin and quittin and quittin till bless gracious I am sick and tired of that. You have now got to let down the check rein and change your gate, or I'll bless if there don't be a smash-up somewhere in the neighborhood. I am plum willin for you to play big and boss the concern if you will but only stay sober. But if you come home drunk to-night you will be the sorriest man in the county to-morrow."

It was deep dusk, with the stars shinin and the whippowills singin when Dunk got home—drunk as usual, if not a little drunker. But Miss Dixie she was standin there at the front gate when he rid up, and she want cryin any to speak of.

"Dunk Strickland," says she, "you dabbled, slow-footed, good-for-nothin set, got down off of that horse and give me a drink!"

"What smatter wid you sevenen, honey?" says Dunk.

"Don't come honeyin around me," says she. "You ain't fitten to honey a wet dog. Git off of that horse like I told you!"

And with that she went right on up into Dunk's shirt collar and landed him on the ground flat on his back. Then while he was scumblin to his feet she got holt of his whisky bottle, turned it up to her pretty mouth and bit off a good big plug.

"That is mighty sorry whisky, Dunk," says she, "but if you can stand it I can, and we will go on a regular family drunk together. If you won't stay sober and go with me, then bless the heavens I'll git drunk and go with you."

By the time they got into the house Dunk was comin around to his sober senses, but Miss Dixie took him in her lap, she did, like he was a baby, put the bottle to his mouth and held him down and drenched him to the last drop. Dunk kicked and he cursed, but it wint no use, and when she did let him go he raised a merry ruckus. He kicked over the chairs and tables and then went to the dinin-room and smashed the dishes right and left. Miss Dixie didn't say stop, but it made her blood boil and her heart bleed. She didn't do a blame thing, but take the ax and went out to Dunk's young pear orchard and lit into it with both hands. In less than two hours every tree in the orchard was cut down and chopped up in stovewood length.

So Dunk he slept on the kitchen floor that night, and when he woke up next mornin he was the sickest and sorest man in 17 states and territories. But when he walked out to the orchard and found his young pear trees—which stood white with blossoms the day before—cut up into stove wood and Miss Dixie's tracks all around, he lifted up his voice in waste places and cried like a schoolboy with his big toe stumped.

And that was Dunk's last spree. He told his wife if she would quit he would, and they swore off together henceforth and forever. In the run of time they bought some new dishes and planted another orchard. They have now got nine promisin children and you wouldn't find a happier family in a long day's drive.

Three Blessings.
An old clergyman who formerly lived in an old New Hampshire town was remarkable for his eccentric modes of speech. His way of asking a blessing was so peculiar as to sometimes affect the risibles of his guests, although he apparently was entirely unconscious of this fact. When he seated himself at the breakfast table, and saw spread upon it a meal greatly to his liking, he said: "Lord, we thank Thee for this excellent breakfast of which we are to partake." A more simple meal, but one which he still regarded as comparatively satisfactory, would cause him to say: "Lord, we thank Thee for this good breakfast set before us." But when the minister's eye roamed over the table and saw there nothing which was especially to his taste, although (as time in which he uttered his petition was not lacking in fervor, his sentiments were clearly to be discovered. "Lord," he invariably said on these occasions, "fill our hearts with thankfulness, we beseech Thee, for this meal set before us; for with Thee all things are possible."—Youth's Companion.

A Humane Man.
She handed him his evening clothes. They had been packed away all summer with a moth-extinguishing substance. As the odor of tar and camphor assailed him his face grew sad.

"What is troubling you?"

"I was thinking of these clothes."

"It seems to me that you ought to look pleased. There certainly is no moths in them."

"I can't help my sympathetic nature," he responded. "Sometimes it leads me to an absurd extreme. Of course, I'm glad that the moths are gone, but—and he sighed deeply—it must have been a horrible death."—Washington Star.

A Graceful Tribute.
It is not every man who knows how to compliment a woman gracefully. The following dialogue took place between a very pretty lady singer and a celebrated composer, who is by no means addicted to flattery:

"Tell me, my dear maestro, which would you like better, to be blind or deaf?"

"Def, madam, when I am looking at you, and blind when I hear you sing!"—Tit-Bits.

In Sunday School.
"The whale found Jonah a conundrum, didn't he, teacher?"

"What do you mean?"

"He had to give him up."—Towns Topics.

DANIEL BOONE.

A Descendant of the Pioneer "Pathfinder" of Tennessee Interviewed by a Reporter.

He Is a Firm Believer in the Efficacy of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. His Friends Also Have Used Them With Benefit. Recommends Them to Others.

From the Journal, Cleveland, Tenn.
Six miles south of Cleveland, Tenn., live the descendants of Daniel Boone, the pioneer "pathfinder" of Tennessee and Kentucky.

Probably the oldest descendant of the immortal Daniel is Mr. Jack Boone, of Black Fox Station, who is now an old man, seventy-six years of age. He is held in great esteem in his vicinity, having held at various times offices of honor in the county, which he has filled with honor.

Two years ago Mr. Boone was reported very ill, and his familiar figure was no longer seen in the streets. To the surprise of many, a few weeks ago Mr. Boone came to town looking as well as ever, and then it was reported that he owed his recovery to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

To verify this a reporter of the Journal was sent to interview Mr. Boone, and after a ride of six miles the Journal man found him sitting on his porch looking extremely well for a man of his years. With a quick, firm step the descendant of the pioneer descended the steps to greet his visitor, and after a few preliminary remarks the reporter came to the point by saying:

"Mr. Boone, I was told by Druggist Phillips and also by your brother, that you attribute your recovered health and strength to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I would like to hear your version of the tale."

"Well, young man," said Mr. Boone, "I don't usually have much to say about medicines, but this is one that I feel I can't praise too highly. If I could have seen me twelve months ago, and look at me now, it would not be necessary for me to say anything. Just ask the neighbors about the difference. And yet I don't feel that I have given the pills a thorough test. That is, I am still taking them, and feel that I am being benefited every day. And while you are down here, you might go by and see one of my neighbors, Mr. Daniel Atchley, he is also taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and he has been greatly benefited by them."

"Yes," said Mr. Atchley, "I am now taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and is also my daughter. I heard them so favorably spoken of and how they could give new life and vigor from general debility and rheumatism, that I thought I would give them a test. I have only taken a portion of one box, but I can see that they are giving me new life and vigor. If my daughter was at home she could speak even more highly than I can."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nervous system. They are sold in boxes (never in loose form), by 100 boxes or hundred boxes, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$3.00, and may be had of all druggists or directly by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

FROM BOBOLINK TO REED BIRD.

As They Fly South They Devastate the Rice Fields.

Pop! Bang! The swamps and marshes of the Atlantic coast are full of sportsmen these days, shooting reed birds. The drowned birds will ride along the shores of Delaware bay and the Chesapeake are vocal with their call of "Chink, chink!" Thanks to the pot hunters, great numbers of the feathered delicacies are now finding their way to the markets of the great cities, and no gourmet pauses while devouring a round dozen of them for breakfast to consider that he is attacking an ornithological problem of extraordinary interest.

The story of the reed bird is a romance. It is a tale of the most destructive feathered animal known to the continent—an animal against which man has waged vain war for more than two centuries. The rice fields of the south are well-nigh ruined by it every year. Its periodical migration from the far north to regions below the equator is one of the most astonishing performances credited to birds, part of the journey being a flight without pause or rest across 400 miles of sea. But strangest of all is the annual transformation which the creature undergoes from the reed bird into the bobolink, and again from the bobolink into the reed bird. It is like two birds in one.

Most people in the northern part of the United States are familiar with the bobolink—a bird of tuneful song and pretty plumage, black beneath and grayish white on the back, with a buff spot on the back of the neck. Its breeding grounds are north of the latitude of southern New Jersey, West Virginia and central Illinois, extending northward to Montreal and Lake Winnipeg and westward almost across the great plains. Over this wide area it feeds on seeds, insects and whatever it can pick up. It makes its grass nest in fields and meadows, building on the ground, and it lays from four to seven grayish-white eggs, blotched with olive and brown spots. The nest is so inconspicuous as to be very hard to find.

By the middle of July the bobolink is through breeding and has begun to molt. It doffs its pretty plumage and puts on a sober coat of mottled yellowish gray all over. At the same time it stops singing and for many months utters no other note than a call of "chink." In a word, it has assumed the guise or disguise of the familiar reed bird and now it is ready to start on its annual journey southward.

From north to south the birds wing their way in great flocks, all heading toward Florida. They are rapid travelers and pretty soon they strike the swamps and estuaries of the middle Atlantic coast. It is the season of the ripening of the wild rice and they pause for awhile to feed upon it.

The voracity of the birds is such that fear is secondary to the passion for eating. When disturbed in one part of a field they fly just far enough to be out of gunshot and alight again. Sometimes the entire crop is lost and the planter thinks he is doing very well if the damage amounts to only four or five bushels an acre. The aggregate loss runs up into the millions of dollars. At length the time arrives when the robbers must take their departure and they go almost as suddenly as they came, winging their way onward to the peninsula of Florida, whence they leave for a more southern clime—Philadelphia Times.

No Ungrateful Hosts.
"Your honor," said the policeman, "d'felly an' half a dozen odders was rushin' de can."

"Scuse me, judge," Mr. Dismal Dawson took occasion to say, "but while it is a fact that we was circulatin' the can all right, dey wasn't the least idee of rushin' it at any time."—Indianapolis Journal.

Iceland Shark Fisheries.
A fleet of 100 vessels is engaged from January to August each year in the capture of sharks near Iceland. Only the livers are sought. That of each yields five gallons of oil, which has medicinal virtues resembling those of cod liver oil.—Chicago Chronicle.

PASTOR AND TEACHER.

A lady, Dr. Winifred Dickson, has been appointed examiner in surgery in the College of Dublin.

Dr. Franz Muncker, well known by his work on Wagner, has been appointed professor ordinarius of modern German literature in the University of Munich.

Moody has made it known that he will largely withdraw from usual evangelistic work and devote himself to furnishing the 750,000 prisoners in the United States with good literature, chiefly religious.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, he made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 40,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac from your own druggist, who will guarantee a cure. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Miss SHARPE—"I celebrate my 24th birthday to-morrow." Miss OGDEN—"Indeed! And isn't it singular? So do I!" Miss SHARPE—"Oh, but I celebrate mine for the first time!"—Tit-Bits.

Tired, Could Not Sleep at Night.
"From overwork I became nervous, tired. I finally took Dr. O. A. Carlsfeldt's German Liver Syrup and now sleep soundly." E. A. CHAFFORD, Amo, Kan. At all druggists.

PASTOR AND TEACHER.

A lady, Dr. Winifred Dickson, has been appointed examiner in surgery in the College of Dublin.

Dr. Franz Muncker, well known by his work on Wagner, has been appointed professor ordinarius of modern German literature in the University of Munich.

Moody has made it known that he will largely withdraw from usual evangelistic work and devote himself to furnishing the 750,000 prisoners in the United States with good literature, chiefly religious.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, he made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 40,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac from your own druggist, who will guarantee a cure. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Miss SHARPE—"I celebrate my 24th birthday to-morrow." Miss OGDEN—"Indeed! And isn't it singular? So do I!" Miss SHARPE—"Oh, but I celebrate mine for the first time!"—Tit-Bits.

Tired, Could Not Sleep at Night.
"From overwork I became nervous, tired. I finally took Dr. O. A. Carlsfeldt's German Liver Syrup and now sleep soundly." E. A. CHAFFORD, Amo, Kan. At all druggists.

Don't Neglect a Cough. Take Some Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar Instantly.
Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

"I WENT to two receptions last night and lost my umbrella at the last." "It's a wonder you didn't lose it at the first one." "That's where I got it."—Ex.

I COULD not get along without Pike's Cure for Consumption. It always cures. E. C. MORTON, Needham, Mass., Oct. 22, '94.

A NUMBER of youngsters of this town engaged in a battle the other day. Not a stone was left unturned to make the affair a success.—West Union Gazette.

Being bilious or constipated, eat a Cascaret, canny cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c, 25c.

"Diary tells me he fears his wife is the victim of a wasting disease." "What is it?" "Bargain counter."—Chicago Record.

HATS CLEANED and DYED.
FOLLY TO NEW. ALER. 101 N. Main St. St. Louis, Mo.
IT IS THE BEST. YUCATAN.

PISCE'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.
CURES WHILE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

AYER'S ARGUMENT.

If there is any reason why you should use any sarsaparilla, there is every reason why you should use Ayer's. When you take sarsaparilla you take it to cure disease; you want to be cured as quickly as possible and as cheaply as possible. That is why you should use Ayer's: it cures quickly and cheaply—and it cures to stay. Many people write us: "I would sooner have one bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla than three of any other kind." A druggist writes that "one bottle of Ayer's will give more benefit than six of any other kind." If one bottle of Ayer's will do the work of three it must have the strength of three at the cost of one. There's the point in a nutshell. It pays every way to use

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

PLANTATION CHILL CURE IS GUARANTEED.

IF YOU WANT TO GET IT, SEND \$5 TO VAN VLEET-MANSFIELD DRUG CO., MEMPHIS, TENN.

MC FLEE'S Wine of Cardui

(PURE VEGETABLE EXTRACT.—NOT INTOXICATING.)
CURES FEMALE DISEASES!
ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT.



180,000 Copies of Demorest's Magazine

THE increasing popularity of Demorest's Family Magazine, a popularity extending over thirty years, is ample proof that each succeeding year finds it improved in its vitality, beauty and attractiveness. There must be something in a magazine that increases its subscription list from 80,000 to 180,000 copies (a clear gain of 100,000) in less than a year. Don't you think so?

READ THIS.

"Demorest's Magazine is a literary conservator of the art and the useful. Got up in America, where it has been the most successful work of the kind that has ever been published, and combines the attractions of several English magazines."—London Times.

We have received another number of this delightful Magazine, and we find ourselves bound to reiterate with greater earnestness the high encomiums we have already pronounced on preceding numbers. We are not given to disparage unduly the literary and artistic publications which emanate from the London press, but we are bound, in simple fairness, to assert that we have not yet met with any publication pretending to a similar scope and purpose which can at all compare with this marvelous shining work."—London Budget.

The American Bookeller says: "There are none of our monthlies in which the beautiful and the useful, pleasure and profit, fashion and literature are so fully presented as in Demorest's."

ABSOLUTELY FREE TO YOU!

Upon receipt of a remittance of \$2.00 from you for one year's subscription to Demorest's Magazine we will send you FREE this beautiful Silver Sugar Shell as a premium and, in addition, you will receive a copy of Van Vredenburg's exquisite oil painting, "Our Bench Show," representing a "yard" of playful puppies—shown above. The picture is 10x36 inches, and it is printed in 14 colors in the highest style of the plate-printers' art. It will be issued with the December number of the magazine.

This premium offer is only available to subscribers sending their subscriptions at once to us direct, using the Order Blank below, accompanied by a remittance of \$2.

CUT HERE AND RETURN COUPON PROPERLY FILLED OUT.

Demorest Publishing Co., 110 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.

For the enclosed \$2.00 please send Demorest's Family Magazine for one year. Also the Silver Sugar Shell and Van Vredenburg's oil-color, "Our Bench Show," picture offered by us as premiums.

Name.....
Just Office.....
Date.....

CUT HERE AND RETURN COUPON PROPERLY FILLED OUT.



Of course, you know the one I mean? They're Christmas an' Thanksgiving, An' on those days I'm very glad That I have kept on livin'.

I don't know I did know it is the best; But I p'posed I did know it? I wouldn't dare to tell my choice Nor anyway to show it: For Santa Claus or gran'ma would be jealous in a minute. I should say that either had More fun than 't'other in it.

But when I go to gran'ma's house An' smell the turkey cookin', An' see the yellow punkin' pie 'Till I'm most tired a-lookin', An' when the dinner comes at last, An' gran'pa asks the blessin', I think Thanksgiving's awful nice—An' pass my plate for dressin'.

An' when my gran'ma cuts the pie, I get a great big quarter. Ma says: "She oughtn't have so much." But gran'ma says: "She'd order." An' as my ma is gran'ma's girl She has to just keep quiet. While gran'ma laughs an' says to me: "I guess I want my pie et."

There's one thing, though, that makes me sad. I've got a little brother; He's only five months old, an' can't tell one day from the 't'other. Thanksgiving dinner doesn't mean A thing, for he can't eat it. So I'll just take one meal for him, Then for myself repeat it.

There's two days in the year I like, They're better than all others I like. That's when old Santa comes to me, An' I go to gran'mother's. One day I'm served by Santa Claus, An' one by gran'ma tend; I can't tell which day is the best Because they're both just splendid. —Stanley Wood, in Chicago Times-Herald.



"What is it?" Mrs. Matthews asked, as she regarded the oatmeal of Maude, the larger one of the twins.

"The day after to-morrow is Thanksgiving. Had you forgotten it?" Edith Matthews paused before replying to her husband's question. The pause might have been accounted for by the fact that Maude, the other twin, insisted that her oatmeal should likewise be resugared.

After attending to this, Mrs. Matthews said, listlessly: "No, I had not forgotten it. But it doesn't make any difference anyway."

"What, Thanksgiving not make any difference? Why, Edith, what is the matter?" and Hiram Matthews set down his coffee cup and stared at his wife.

She shrugged her shoulders. "Is it the dinner you mean? Well, send up anything you like. As to the real spirit of Thanksgiving, I've nothing to be especially thankful for. Oh, dear! The baby is crying," and leaving her breakfast, Mrs. Matthews hurried away.

"Poor little woman," thought her husband. "She has to work too hard. I wish I could afford to keep a girl for her. But nothing to be thankful for, that doesn't sound like Edith."

When baby Faye had been hushed to sleep it was time for Hiram to start for the store. He had lifted the twins from their high chairs and untied their bibs. He had also thoughtfully put the coffee pot on the stove and the steak in the oven, that Edith might not find her breakfast cold when she had time to finish it.

"Good-by, little wife," he said, drawing her to him. "I'll send up something for Thanksgiving, and see Mrs. Murphy about coming to help you to-morrow. Don't do much extra work, for there will be just ourselves. How I wish we could have gone to the old home. Still I feel like giving thanks, Edith, for my home, my babies and you."

Words like these are usually sweet to a wife. But Edith had been kept awake the greater part of the night by a teething baby, so she replied, wearily: "Get whatever you like. Perhaps I should feel thankful if we were rich."

"I hope we may be some day," Hiram began, but she interrupted him, impatiently.

"Some day! When I'm old and gray. It is now I want the things money can buy, luxuries for my babies, leisure for you and me, time to develop my nature. Well, I'll postpone my thanksgiving till I have something to give thanks for."

In spite of her flippant words, Edith clung for a moment to her husband. His face was grave, but he whispered, tenderly: "My darling," and going out attempted to close the door softly behind him.

But the sharp November wind caught it from his hand and it slammed so loudly that Faye started up with a fearful cry. At the same moment Maude managed to upset a glass of water for which she had been reaching, and added her cries to Faye's.

"Thankful indeed," Edith said, as after a few moments of alternate soothing and scolding she succeeded in quieting both children. She sat down at the sitting-room window with Faye in her

arms and looking at the house across the way.

"The nurse is dressing little Bernice Ashley," she thought. "I can see her. And there is the cook at the door giving the grocery boy his orders. Mrs. Ashley was at the ball last night. She is sleeping this morning, undisturbed by work or children. Plenty of money, three servants, the entrance into cultivated society, yes, I'm sure Mrs. Ashley can truly observe Thanksgiving."

"Oh, I fear I'm wicked," she went on as Faye nestled her curly head on her mother's shoulder. "But I'm so tired of being poor. Of course, I appreciate my husband, my babies, and my cozy home. These are just common blessings, though, everyone has them and some so many others."

The next day Edith was sitting by the window waiting for her husband's coming. Mrs. Murphy had just gone home, and in the pantry was the turkey all ready for the oven, mince and pumpkin pies, cranberry tarts, and a dainty rice cake.

The table was laid for tea in the dining-room. When Hiram came there would only be the oysters to cook. Little Faye was asleep while Maude and Mabel were building an imposing block house on the rug in front of the open fire.

"How happy they are!" the young mother thought. "If I could have a nurse to care for them and leisure to teach them! As it is I've hardly time to listen to their prayers."

Just then a loud cry reached her. The hall door of the house opposite was dashed open and a woman came flying down the steps shrieking for help. It was Mrs. Ashley, and close behind her came the half-dressed figure of a man. Edith could see his clenched fist uplifted while dreadful shouts reached her ears.

In a moment the scene was one of confusion. The servants rushed out screaming. Edith hurried to the door in time to see a policeman trip up the frantic man and to hear the nurse girl, who had the Ashley child in her arms, say:

"Oh, he'll be all right in the morning. I wish they'd hurry up and get things quiet. This baby is shivering with the cold."

"Will you bring the little girl in by the fire?" Edith asked.

"I'll be glad to, ma'am, for a minute. Was you scared, or did you know?" the girl continued, as she followed Mrs. Matthews into the sitting-room.

"Know what?" Edith asked, lighting a lamp. "Who was that man?"

"Land! It was the master, Mr. Ashley," and Nora proceeded to rub little Bernice's hands in hers. "I don't believe you understand," she went on. "Is it possible we have lived so near for three months and you never knew that Mr. Ashley had them times whenever he went on a spree? The mistress was

watching for him, too, but he most caught her."

"Oh, how terrible!" Edith cried. "He might have killed her."

"He come precious near it when this baby was three months old. He knocked her downstairs. There, there, dear," for little Bernice was crying.

"Let me get her a glass of warm milk," Edith hurried away.

When she returned she had regained her composure. She noticed Nora's tenderness with the child and also noticed what a wan little face it was that turned away from the milk to watch Maude and Mabel.

The child was dressed in a pink cashmere trimmed with costly lace. There were a couple of rings on her tiny hand. But Edith turned from these details to study the peculiar look in the dull blue eyes.

"Is she ill?" she asked, gently. "Her eyes are so heavy."

"They're always so," Nora answered, with a sigh. "I've nursed her since she was born, and I love her better than the mother who bore her does. But, ma'am, it's easy to see Bernice isn't just right. The doctor says she can't live long. There was two babies before her and they both went suddenly. No constitutions, you see."

An exclamation of horror broke from Mrs. Matthews' lips. "The poor mother!" How can she bear it!

Nora shrugged her shoulders and rose. "I must be going. You've been very kind, ma'am. As to the mistress, she has society and fine clothes. Don't blame her too much. I think that brute killed her woman's soul years

ago. We give a big dinner to-morrow night. The master will be sobered by that time. Giving thanks, you know. Now, Bernice, pet, Nora will take you home and put you to bed."

Edith accompanied her caller to the door. As she stood watching her cross the street a brisk step came up the walk.

"I'm late, little wife," and Hiram Matthews stooped for the kiss which he never forgot. "Why, Edith, you are crying."

"Oh, Hiram, I am so glad to-morrow is Thanksgiving! So glad. May the dear Father in Heaven forgive me for my wicked words and thoughts. I've so much to be thankful for. Come in by the fire and I'll tell you all about it."—Hope Daring, in Womankind.

WHAT HE WOULD DO.

Tommy—I wish I was president. Willie—What would you do first? Tommy—I'd issue a Thanksgiving proclamation every month.—Philadelphia Record.



The Spirit of Thanksgiving.

If there were nothing more to Thanksgiving than the cynics would have people believe the day would soon disappear from the calendar. Nine-century business methods will not tolerate the loss of any time for trifling reasons. The fact is that the atmosphere and spirit of this peculiarly American holiday are still felt deeply by the mass of people. The customs of an extremely practical age have not deprived the day either of its significance or of the sentiment which it awakens. There are thousands upon thousands who either in action or in thought accord to the period its original meaning as a day on which to return thanks for manifold blessings received. If this is true in the city it is far more so in the country, where the sentiment is fresher and old memories are kept green long after they have withered in the stale air of metropolitan life.

Let the people enjoy Thanksgiving

Further Accounts of Fighting—Unreason-able Spanish Claims.

HAVANA, Nov. 21.—It is officially announced that on Wednesday last the column commanded by Gen. Lopez Amor and the forces under Col. Arriaga, met 2,000 rebels, led by Sarandia Sanchez. The insurgents occupied good positions, which commanded the passage of the River Zazas. After an engagement which lasted two hours the troops forced their way across the river, dispersed the rebels and encamped in the position that had been held by them. The insurgents carried their wounded with them in their retreat. It is stated that the rebels buried 60 of their number killed in the fight.

Cuban sympathizers question the truth of the government report, and say it is incredible that the insurgents should stop to bury their dead. The Spanish losses are said to have been one lieutenant killed and two lieutenants and 20 privates wounded.

Several other reports of unimportant engagements, in which the Spaniards were uniformly victorious, are issued by government. Operations in the province of Pinar del Rio are apparently at a standstill. There has been no serious encounter with the rebels under Munoz. No information is vouchsafed regarding the movements of Gen. Weyler, and the impression grows that the authorities here know nothing about him. He is unofficially located at San Cristobal, but nothing more is known as to his whereabouts.

Gen. Leque reports that the rebel leaders Sanchez and Moles have been killed and Carrillo wounded.

CHARLES O. KAISER.

Will Have to Stand Trial for Wife Murder.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Nov. 21.—Charles O. Kaiser will have to stand trial for the murder of his wife, Emma P. Kaiser, who was shot and killed on the night of October 28. Kaiser was also wounded at the time, and claimed that he had been robbed by highway-men who shot him and his wife. Some of the alleged stolen articles were afterwards found, and Kaiser was arrested charged with the murder of his wife. The inquest took place yesterday morning and the evidence produced was decidedly against Kaiser.

The jury rendered a verdict that she came to her death as the result of a conspiracy entered upon by Kaiser and others.

Senator Gorman on Probable Legislation at the Short Session.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—Senator Gorman, in an interview accorded a representative of the United Associated Presses yesterday, on the tariff outlook, said:

"The chances are against any kind of legislation beyond the appropriation bills at a short session. The trouble in the present instance is that the republicans do not know exactly what they want. The only thing that the democrats can do is to quietly wait and see what the republicans propose."

Can We Do So?

EATEN BY CANNIBALS.

A Party of Gold Hunters on the Solomon Group

Betrayed by Their Native Guides, Surrounded, Killed and Probably Eaten—One of the Guides Captured—Property of the Prospectors Found.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 21.—The Bulletin prints the following: Following close upon the details of the massacre of Baron Von Norbeck and the party of scientists from the Austrian guardship Albatross by natives of the famous Solomon group of islands, comes another story of death and treachery at the hands of these violent cannibals.

News is received per steamship Alameda from Sydney that the steamship Titus was recently dispatched from Australia to visit the coast of New Guinea and the Solomons is now at Port Jackson on her return voyage from Mauru Sound, Solomon group. The vessel lay near Bougainville for some days and started a search for a party of gold hunters, six whites and five natives, who started in a whale boat for the new gold fields at Moubara from Samaria. The officers of the Titus, which arrived at Port Jackson on the 15th of October report that it is their opinion the entire party of whites were massacred, either on Bougainville by the head hunters or on the coast directly across the straits. The Titus fell in with the revenue cutter Lily Rock, which was also cruising on a search for the party and learned from Capt. Oates of that craft that investigation instituted by the government officers proved beyond the shadow of a doubt that the gold hunters had put ashore to pitch camp on the beach and were betrayed by their native guides, surrounded, killed and probably eaten.

The Lily Rock cruised along the coast of the several islands, and finally came across one of the natives who had acted as a guide for the miners. The fellow was surprised, seized and brought on board, and told a remarkable story about the whale boat having been capsized and all hands being drowned. He said he had floated across the straits for several days, and finally had been picked up by a native canoe.

The officers did not believe the story and sent a detail of men ashore to investigate. After a long search a Winchester rifle and a revolver were found in a native village, neither weapon showing any signs of having been in the water. The weapons were identified as the property of the gold hunters.

Later it was learned that the whaleboat was the possession of a chief on one of the Solomon islands and that various other property of the prospectors was scattered along the coast villages of the islands.

THE WAR IN CUBA.

Further Accounts of Fighting—Unreasonable Spanish Claims.

HAVANA, Nov. 21.—It is officially announced that on Wednesday last the column commanded by Gen. Lopez Amor and the forces under Col. Arriaga, met 2,000 rebels, led by Sarandia Sanchez. The insurgents occupied good positions, which commanded the passage of the River Zazas. After an engagement which lasted two hours the troops forced their way across the river, dispersed the rebels and encamped in the position that had been held by them. The insurgents carried their wounded with them in their retreat. It is stated that the rebels buried 60 of their number killed in the fight.

Cuban sympathizers question the truth of the government report, and say it is incredible that the insurgents should stop to bury their dead. The Spanish losses are said to have been one lieutenant killed and two lieutenants and 20 privates wounded.

Several other reports of unimportant engagements, in which the Spaniards were uniformly victorious, are issued by government. Operations in the province of Pinar del Rio are apparently at a standstill. There has been no serious encounter with the rebels under Munoz. No information is vouchsafed regarding the movements of Gen. Weyler, and the impression grows that the authorities here know nothing about him. He is unofficially located at San Cristobal, but nothing more is known as to his whereabouts.

Gen. Leque reports that the rebel leaders Sanchez and Moles have been killed and Carrillo wounded.

CHARLES O. KAISER.

Will Have to Stand Trial for Wife Murder.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Nov. 21.—Charles O. Kaiser will have to stand trial for the murder of his wife, Emma P. Kaiser, who was shot and killed on the night of October 28. Kaiser was also wounded at the time, and claimed that he had been robbed by highway-men who shot him and his wife. Some of the alleged stolen articles were afterwards found, and Kaiser was arrested charged with the murder of his wife. The inquest took place yesterday morning and the evidence produced was decidedly against Kaiser.

The jury rendered a verdict that she came to her death as the result of a conspiracy entered upon by Kaiser and others.

Senator Gorman on Probable Legislation at the Short Session.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—Senator Gorman, in an interview accorded a representative of the United Associated Presses yesterday, on the tariff outlook, said:

"The chances are against any kind of legislation beyond the appropriation bills at a short session. The trouble in the present instance is that the republicans do not know exactly what they want. The only thing that the democrats can do is to quietly wait and see what the republicans propose."

DEFENSE OF CANADA.

The Military Preparations Going On in the Dominion, According to a Montreal Special, Are of a Nature to Invite the Attention of the United States—Garri-guous at Halifax and Bermuda Being Strengthened.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—A Sun special from Montreal says:

The military preparations going on here in Canada are of a character to prove that England is not making ready merely for the defense of Canada against possible attack from the fleets or armies of any other power, or combination of powers. They are of such a nature that it is every day more evident that England is creating in Canada a great place of arms against the American republic.

So little attention is given by the American press to Canada and the inwardness of the policy pursued by the party that has been in power for over 40 years that it may come as a surprise to them to learn that it is seriously believed here that not only can Canada hold her own against the United States with the help of England, but that it is only a question of time as to when a large part of the New England states and a portion of the state of New York will be asking for admission into the Canadian confederation.

Reinforcements for the regiments in garrison at Halifax and Bermuda are on their way out from England, which will raise them to their full war strength. In connection with the warlike preparations England is making in Canada, it is noteworthy that some of the papers that have been most insulting in their language toward the United States now deprecate the idea being entertained that they can possibly be directed against them. They are only intended for a possible war with Russia and France. What the preparations going on for arming vessels on the upper lakes has to do with Russia or France requires an imperialist mind to discern.

According to a cablegram received here the Pacific cable conference now sitting in London will no longer issue reports of its proceedings. The reason given for this is the jealousy which the movement excites in other countries, notably, so says the cablegram, in France and the United States. The Canadian commissioners, it seems, assured the conference that the idea that has been entertained that the new Canadian government was lukewarm toward the scheme is an entire mistake, that on the contrary they have definite instructions to co-operate in the heartiest manner, "because of the imperial ends to be served by the cable."

FOUND HIS FATHER.

After a Separation of Twenty-Three Years from Infancy.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 19.—Perry C. Merriam, 24 years of age, yesterday succeeded in finding his father, from whom he has been separated since he was a babe 12 months old.

The young man was born at Mattoon, Ill., his mother being a daughter of C. C. Eggleston, a machinist of Cincinnati. According to Merriam's story, he and his mother were kidnapped one year after his birth by his grandfather, who strenuously opposed the marriage of his daughter to C. P. Merriam. The mother pined away and died at the home of her father six months afterward, and Perry was brought up on a farm near Athens, O., until his nineteenth birthday, when he started out to see the world and, if possible, find his father.

An aunt living in Marietta, O., gave him the clue which eventually resulted in the bringing together of father and son, at the home of the former, 344 Van Buren street, this city, yesterday.

C. P. Merriam, the father of the young man, is an engineer on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad.

FRIGHTFUL FATE.

Three Prominent Young People Dashed to Death at Concord, Ky.

CONCORD, Ky., Nov. 21.—A frightful accident occurred in this city at 11:17 Thursday night, in which three prominent young people were dashed into eternity. The unfortunate victims were the Misses Lulu and Lizette Lind, daughter of the proprietor of the Lind hotel in this town, and Al Pollick, a young attorney. They were returning home in a buggy from a party some miles west of town, and while crossing the Chesapeake & Ohio tracks at the First street crossing, "Flyer No. 4" struck the buggy, hurling the three occupants some 40 feet into the air and killing them almost instantly. The train was going at about 50 miles an hour, and as the depot was between them and the train, it is supposed they did not hear it coming.

RAILWAY CONDUCTORS.

Holding Their Annual Convention at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—The twenty-second annual convention of the Railway Passenger and Freight Conductors' Mutual Aid and Benefit association is in session at the Palmer hotel. The organization has a membership of 924. The secretary's report showed a loss in membership during the year of 194. There were 17 deaths and \$39,835 were paid out in death benefits. Since the organization of the association death benefits aggregating \$805,674.50 have been paid.

MANY PERSONS INJURED.

By the Collapse of an Immense Cotton Compress Platform at Macon, Ga.

DUN'S COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

The Gain in the Volume of Business Continues to be Entirely Without Precedent—Every Day Adds Thousands to the Numbers of Those Who Are Able to Buy a Week's Supplies.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly review of trade, say:

The gain in the volume of business continues entirely without precedent. More than 300 establishments have started work since the election, which were idle, and at least 300 have increased working force. Every day thus adds thousands to the number of those who are able to buy a week's supplies and then make up gradually for many months of enforced economy. Already this brings great increase in the volume of business and the clearinghouse exchanges, for the first time in several years, not only exceed those of last year by ten per cent. but also exceed those of the same week in 1892 by nine per cent. Business men are all anxious to prevent anything like the fictitious excitement of last summer, and in nearly all branches an excessive rise in prices is prevented.

But with more hands at work there is inevitably a greater demand for supplies, materials and products.

The speculative markets have been reacting, which is also natural. Wheat has risen with wonderful rapidity, so that exports had been checked by the higher prices, and realizing started a break which made the close 3½ lower for the week.

The demand for freight room, both here and on the Pacific coast, is still so large as to disclose an extraordinary foreign demand.

Cotton has declined from 8 to 7.62 cents in spite of the starting of many cotton mills, and the controlling factor for the moment is that reports of a yield smaller than 8,000,000 bales are now entirely discredited. The quantity coming into sight has exceeded last year by 820,000 bales, and it is noted that the decrease in the remaining months of the year will bring the aggregate below 8,500,000. The export demand does not abate, although temporarily checked while prices were above 8 cents, and the increase of \$3,400,000 in value of cotton exported in October contributed more than any other single item to make the aggregate exceed that of the same month in any previous year.

In a transition period industries record gains slowly, but the slight decline in prices of Bessemer pig iron and of finished products of iron and steel is partly due to realizing on speculative purchases before election, and partly to the selling of nails by jobbers below the combination price. For most manufactured products of iron there is a better demand and a slow advance in prices. Shipments of boots and shoes for three weeks of November have been 183,027, cases against 174,178 last year, but while the works have orders for some time ahead, neither manufacturers nor dealers are disposed to do much because of the uncertainty about prices, those of boots and shoes being about 11 per cent. above the lowest point; leather, 3.3 per cent., and hides 51.4 per cent., the latter again rising at Chicago. In cotton and woolen goods no serious change appears, though there is continued weakness in cottons, and print cloths are a sixteenth lower. Stocks of wool purchased before and immediately after the election now prevent a further advance, but to November 15 wool had risen 10 per cent. on the average.

Failures for the week have been 314 in the United States, against 320 last year, and 40 in Canada, against 42 last year.

THE FUR SEAL HERD.

Return of Dr. Jordan from His Investigations in Behring Sea.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Dr. D. S. Jordan, of the Leland Stanford university, California, the civilian member of the commission that has been engaged in examining the condition of the fur seal herd in Behring sea and adjacent waters, is here to make his report to the treasury and the state departments. Dr. Jordan was closeted with Assistant Secretary Hamlin Thursday evening and yesterday morning, but, acting upon the advice of the secretary, he declined to talk on the subject until he has submitted a preliminary report to Secretary Olney.

It is understood that the report bears out the contention of the United States in the seal question. Last summer the British government sent a commission to investigate the subject and this government then did likewise. If the two reports agree that the present regulations are insufficient to protect the seals it is not unlikely that new regulations will be agreed upon and possibly a revision made of the existing treaty between this government and Great Britain.

UGLY DEVELOPMENTS.

Succeeding the Disappearance of a Prominent Whiteboro (N. C.) Lawyer.

WHITEBORO, N. C., Nov. 20.—Mr. J. B. Buxton, a prominent lawyer of Wilkesboro, is missing. He disappeared from his home a few days ago and some very unpleasant developments have since been made. A warrant has been issued for his arrest charging him with forgery and embezzlement, signing the certificates of the county clerk and register upon a mortgage deed by which he obtained money from A. L. Richardson, of New York.

DAUGHTERS OF CONFEDERACY.

Give Their Sixth Annual Ball at St. Louis—Honored Guests.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 21.—The sixth annual ball of the Daughters of the Confederacy for the benefit of the ex-Confederate Home of Missouri was held Thursday night at the Merchants' exchange, and will long live in the memory of all who were present for one reason, if no other—Mrs. Jeffers Davis and her daughter, Miss Winnie Davis, were among the guests. The honored visitors were the recipients of marked attention.

A Large Pumpkin.

Bluff City, Tenn., boasts of a pumpkin 65 inches in diameter, which is still growing on a vine belonging to Mrs. William Berry.

SOUTHERN CLEANINGS.

Defense of Southern Harbors.

Gov. Mitchell of Florida has sent the following letter to the governors of states:

In view of the danger which threatens the defenseless gulf and South Atlantic seaports of the United States, we have deemed it proper to issue a call for a convention in the interests of the gulf and South Atlantic harbors, and their defenses and their improvement. The object of this convention, which will assemble at Tampa, Fla., on the 30th day of January, 1897, is to discuss methods for the proper defense of southern harbors, and also to devise means for their betterment.

The growing importance of southern seaports and their prospect in the near future of a large increase in maritime business should stimulate the citizens of the southern states to provide in season for the improvement and defense of their seaports. As loyal citizens of this republic, it behooves us to heed the admonitions of wisdom and endeavor to speedily place our defenseless southern ports in a condition to protect us from the possible peril of foreign invasion.

In the interest, therefore, of this important subject, we respectfully request your excellency to honor this convention with your presence, and also to send a delegate from your commonwealth to attend the same.

Kindly forward the names of such delegates when appointed by your excellency to H. J. Cooper, secretary of the board of trade, Tampa, Fla. Respectfully, H. L. MITCHELL, Governor of Florida.

Murdered by a Jealous Husband.

Charles Bowne was killed late the other night at New Smyrna, Fla., by T. H. Roberts. The shooting occurred while Bowne was sitting upon the piazza of Robert's house with the latter's wife. Roberts came up unexpectedly and shouted "Throw up your hands." Bowne cried out "Don't shoot," and drew his pistol. Roberts took aim with a double-barreled shotgun and fired. Bowne fired twice in reply, staggered down the steps and into the street, where he fell, and 20 minutes later was dead.

The suspicions of Mr. Roberts were aroused, it is said, by an anonymous letter which said: "If you keep a close watch you will find that your wife is receiving attentions from Bowne while you are away."

Roberts did not come out of the affair unscathed. A bullet from Bowne's pistol struck him in the breast, and ranged downward, but did not penetrate the abdomen.

Mr. Curry's Views.

Rev. Dr. J. M. Curry, ex-minister to Spain, and trustee of the Peabody and Slater funds, made an address recently before the colored students of Shaw university, Raleigh, N. C. Speaking of the negro, he said: "I never could understand why the negro population remains so compact in the south, instead of becoming scattered all over the Union. The northern men freed the negro. Why is it the negro does not go north to be with his friends, instead of staying in the south among his enemies?"

As to suffrage, Dr. Curry said: "I believe a man who can not read his ballot ought not to be allowed to put it into a box." (Applause among the negro students.)

Don't Exterminate the 'Possum.

It has remained for Representative McCook, of Chattanooga, Ga., to raise his voice for the protection as well as in praise of the 'possum. He insists that Georgia shall take the 'possum into her arms, so to speak, and give it a chance against its enemies. The quail, the snipe, the deer are all the objects of tender solicitude by Mother Georgia; yet not one of these, in point of excellence, from the gourmet's standpoint, are to be mentioned in the same breath with the delectable 'possum. Nevertheless, the unassuming, ever-merciful 'possum is left to the tender mercies of whomever may go out to seek and devour him.

"Wild Man" Hangs Himself.

George McDonald, known throughout the country about Chattanooga, Tenn., as the "Wild Man of Walden's Ridge," was found dead, hanging from the bough of a tree. The old man recently gave evidence of insanity, and it is thought that

THE United States cruiser Minneapolis sailed from Smyrna for Syrian waters on the 24th.

EX-SECRETARY JOHN W. FOSTER and wife returned from Honolulu by steamer City of Peking, which arrived at San Francisco on the 24th.

THE shah of Persia has announced that he will accept the post of prime minister and hereafter perform the functions of that office himself.

MISS MATILDA BLIND, the noted writer, died in London on the 27th. Miss Blind was born in 1847, and was educated chiefly in a London school for girls.

On the 26th the Queen Victoria conferred the honor of knighthood on Edward John Poynter, who, on November 4, was elected president of the Royal academy.

THE Naval Veterans' association unveiled its monument to the United States navy at Loudon park cemetery, Baltimore, Md., on the 26th, with appropriate exercises.

A MEDAL of honor has been awarded to Ordinance Sergeant Moses Williams, Fort Stevens, Ore., for distinguished gallantry in action with Apache Indians, August 10, 1881.

THE condition of Mr. James H. Roosevelt, first secretary of the United States embassy in London, who had been suffering from nervous prostration for several days, became very serious on the 24th.

FAILURES throughout the country for the week ended on the 27th, as reported by R. G. Dun & Co., were 300, against 297 for the corresponding week last year. For Canada the failures were 38, against 47 last year.

THE state department is meeting with ill-success in its efforts to induce Spain to pay or promise to pay the claims of American citizens who have suffered losses and personal outrages as a result of the Cuban rebellion.

A FORCE of men began, on the 23d, replacing the fences around Mr. McKinley's yard, which were destroyed by the visiting delegations and carried away for souvenirs. The front yard will be plowed up and replanted with grass seed.

SIR BENJAMIN WARD RICHARDSON, M. D., the celebrated English physician, and author of hygienic works, died in London, on the 21st, from apoplexy, with which he was stricken on the 18th, and from which he never rallied. He was 65 years of age.

GENERALS PALMER AND BUCKNER will be presented with a souvenir from the secretary of state of Kansas showing an abstract of the vote in Dudley township, Haskell county, Kas., the only township in the United States which they carried. The vote was Palmer, 8; McKinley, 2; Bryan, 1.

HATTIE SPAFFORD, a domestic, at Granville, Mich., whose mother died in poverty 15 years ago, when the child was but three years old, has just fallen heir to a fortune of \$1,000,000 left by her father, who recently died in Butte, Mont., after forsaking his wife and babe many years ago.

THE live stock show opened in Madison square garden, New York city, on the 23d, with an unusually full card of exhibits. Farm implements and dairy products were shown, as in the past, but only incidentally. The most important exhibits were cattle, sheep, swine, ducks and poultry. Farm horses and ponies were also included.

SECRETARY ORNEY has received a cablegram from Minister Terrell, at Constantinople, stating that 20 women, wives of naturalized American citizens, with their children, will leave Harport at once, under escort, for America. Twenty-three more women, also wives of naturalized American citizens, will leave in a few days.

THE Marquis de Montmorin and an American named J. H. Hutchinson became involved in a violent dispute a short time ago, which resulted in a challenge to fight a duel being sent and accepted. The duels met, on the 26th at Maison's Lafayette, a short distance from Paris, and exchanged six harmless shots from pistols at 25 paces.

SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR FRANCIS made a requisition on the secretary of the treasury, on the 24th, for \$11,320,000 for the next quarterly payment of pensions at the following agencies: Washington, \$2,150,000; San Francisco, \$770,000; Detroit, Mich., \$1,800,000; Columbus, O., \$3,850,000; Boston, Mass., \$1,900,000; Augusta, Me., \$750,000.

THE Thanksgiving dinner of the American society in London was given, on the night of the 26th, in the great hall of the Hotel Cecil. The decorations were American and British flags and the coats of arms of the different states of the Union. Ambassador Bayard was absent, having been summoned to Windsor castle by the queen. Among the toasts was one to President Cleveland, who was handsomely eulogized.

SECRETARY CARLISLE was recently asked by a friend if he had seen the reports printed that if he desired he could retain his position as secretary of the treasury in the next administration. He replied that he had, but the reports were too silly and absurd to require from him a thought, much less an answer. He claimed to be as good a democrat as he ever was, and said he could not hold office under the McKinley administration.

THE post office department has complaints against 50 or 60 presidential postmasters throughout the country, charged with violating the order of the president prohibiting them from taking an active part in politics.

THE CHRONICLE.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

VOLUME XI.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1896.

NUMBER 22.

CURRENT TOPICS.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

A BERLIN dispatch says that Russia is mobilizing the Caucasus army, with the intention of invading Asia Minor on the pretext that brigandage makes the occupation of the country a necessity.

On the 21st the associated banks of New York city held \$29,365,575 in excess of the requirements of the 25-per-cent rule.

The London Chronicle says that Mr. McKinley has written a letter to Sir Henry Irving, thanking him for his congratulations upon the election, and expressing the hope that Sir Henry will visit him in the White House.

WILLY HAAS, who cut the throat of Mrs. Emma Brader, his employer's wife, at Covadale, July 3, was convicted in Cincinnati, on the 21st, of first degree murder, and will be the first victim of the electrical chair in Ohio.

A riot occurred at Cleveland, O., on the night of the 23d, between a score of Hungarians and as many Irishmen, in which many men were stabbed, several of them fatally. The fight raged furiously for half an hour before the rioters were dispersed by the police.

The report that Gen. Weyler is to be superseded by Gen. Pando as captain-general of Cuba is pronounced upon semi-official authority to be without foundation.

THE Southern Pacific railroad steamer San Benito, from Tacoma for San Francisco with a coal cargo of 5,000 tons and a crew of 43 men, was driven ashore, on the 23d, two miles north of Point Arena in a heavy gale. Five of the crew were drowned, ten others were picked up by the steamer Point Arena and the captain and 27 men were left clinging to the rigging with slight hope of their being saved.

When the curtain was rung down at the Coates opera house in Kansas City, Mo., on the night of the 21st, the stage lost the oldest actor on the American coast, to which he had been a fixture for 50 years.

THE weekly statement of the New York city associated banks for the week ended on the 21st showed the following changes: Reserve, increase, \$5,861,650; loans, increase, \$9,553,400; specie, increase, \$1,206,500; legal tenders, increase, \$9,079,600; deposits, increase, \$21,928,800; circulation, decrease, \$162,200.

KING HUMBERT returned to Rome, on the 23d, and received a popular ovation to which he replied with a speech. His majesty received King Alexander of Servia on the 25th.

THE terms of settlement of the Manitoba school question, as agreed upon by the Dominion and Manitoba governments, are far from giving satisfaction to the Catholics of Quebec.

AFTER clinging to the rigging of the wrecked steamer San Benito 27 hours 14 men were rescued by the steamer Wyeat on the 23d, and transferred to the steamer Point Arena, which took them to Mendocino, Cal. Their rescue was a most hazardous undertaking.

A TELEGRAM from Madrid, on the 23d, said: "The government has instructed Capt. Gen. Weyler that it is expedient, for reasons of international and domestic politics, that he should not return to Havana until he has achieved something decisive against Maceo." On the same date a telegram from Havana announced the death of general's return to that city and his intention to postpone action against the insurgents.

N. J. D. MORRISON, of Ordensburg, N. Y., has decided to accept the bishopric of Duluth, Minn., to which he was elected last month.

SIR FREDERICK NAPER BROOKS, K. C. M. G., died in London on the 26th. Up to the 23d Mr. McKinley had received as presents, since his election, three eagles, four coons, two roosters, one jack rabbit and a lamb.

A FIRE on the 23d, in Charlton county, Ga., on the 3d, and it is said that the people did not know that one was in progress in the country.

THE dead bodies of Herman Meyers and Nora A. Richardson were found lying on the ground in front of a vacant house on Downey street in Indianapolis, Ind., on the 24th. Each was lying in a pool of blood, and a revolver was lying close to the corpse of Meyers. Two gaping wounds in the girl's back and one in her breast told the story of a murder, while a hole in Meyers' left temple indicated that he had killed himself after taking the girl's life.

IN the Prussian landtag, on the 24th, the bill providing for the conversion of the Prussian four per cent. consols into 3½ per cents. was taken up and referred to the budget committee. Several members spoke on the subject and were unanimous in expressing approval of the scheme. Dr. Miquel, minister of finance, said that another conversion was not likely to be made within the next 12 years.

HIGHWAYMEN held up a crowded street car in the heart of the retail section of Chicago, on the 24th, robbed two passengers of money and watches and made their escape, notwithstanding the pursuit of two policemen and other passengers on the car.

NO ADVICES, official or private, had reached Washington, up to the 24th, which shed any light upon the reported return of Gen. Weyler to Havana.

A DISPATCH from Manila, via Tokio, Japan, said the Spanish troops under Maj. Artega had defeated a body of Philippine insurgents, whose losses in killed and wounded were upward of 400 men.

THE steamers Alicante and Buenos Ayres, sailed from Barcelona, on the 26th, for Havana, having on board 2,800 troops and a quantity of ammunition and arms.

COVENTRY KEARSEY DUNSTON PALMER, the English poet, died at Limington, on the 26th, after a brief illness. He was born in 1819.

"BUNCH" McBE, the well-known southern railroad man who has William Jennings Bryan under contract to deliver a series of lectures, claims that he has already received an offer of \$25,000 bonus for his trade with Mr. Bryan.

THE total number of dock laborers on strike in Hamburg, on the 26th, was 8,000, and these had been joined by the lighter men. Ships arriving from England and Sweden were bringing men to replace the strikers.

A DISPATCH received from Manila, the capital of the Philippines, via Tokio, Japan, on the 26th, said the rebels had won a victory over the Spanish forces, and that an attack upon Manila was feared.

MRS. SARAH TILLOTSON, who was buried Thanksgiving day from the old ladies' home at Terre Haute, Ind., was perhaps the last survivor of those early settlers who took refuge in Fort Harrison, in September, 1812, when Tecumseh's braves were on the war-path.

"UNCLE BILL" CROFT, the pioneer centennial of eastern Kentucky, who lived at Rockhouse, died recently at the extreme age of 103 years. "Uncle Bill" claimed to be 107 years old. He was an odd character. He built his own coffin 13 years ago.

WALTER M. CASTLE, of San Francisco, with his wife and little boy, whose troubles abroad have been fully told in the dispatches from London, arrived at New York, on the steamer Havel, on the 26th.

TWO BRITISH subjects, from British Columbia, having been arrested in Cuba, the Spanish government will be called upon at once for an explanation by Colonial Secretary Chamberlain.

MRS. E. W. VANDERBILT entertained 360 news and messenger boys at a turkey dinner, Thanksgiving day, in a Turkish temple, Newport, R. I.

A DISPATCH from Breslau on the 20th said that 30 persons were killed in a colliery explosion at Zengrossee, Russian Poland.

AT 3:30 o'clock on the morning of the 27th, fire broke out in the Jackson county jail at Kansas City, Mo., and for awhile it appeared as if the structure would be destroyed and many of the prisoners, 168 in number, cremated. Prompt work by the fire department prevented an awful holocaust, and the damage to the prison was confined to about \$6,000.

CHIEF CLARK C. H. SCHLOTT, of the quartermaster's department at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., who disappeared a few days before, leaving letters intimating his intention to commit suicide, returned, on the 27th, looking very sheepish, and admitted that he had made a fool of himself.

VISCOUNT GOUCH, first secretary of the British embassy at Washington, has been appointed secretary of the British embassy at Berlin. Mr. Wm. do Hunsen, British charge d'affaires and consul-general at Bangkok, Siam, has been appointed to succeed Lord Gouch.

BENJAMIN APHORP GOULD, the well-known scholar and astronomer, died at Cambridge, Mass., on the night of the 26th, as the result of a fall.

THE Kentucky state canvassing board began the count of the presidential vote on the 27th.

GEN. HEREAUX was re-elected president of San Domingo at the late general election.

BOYER has been officially declared free from cholera.

HON. WM. S. FORDMAN, of Illinois, took the oath of office and assumed his duties as commissioner of internal revenue on the 27th.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

THE home of Luther Greenman, a farmer living near Perry, N. Y., was destroyed by fire on the 29th, and the entire family, consisting of five persons, were burned to death.

PRAGUE has made its appearance in Formosa and the Japanese there are dying in large numbers.

THE county treasurer of Dallas, Tex., was found wounded in his office on the 26th. He stated that masked men had entered and robbed him. When they were leaving he shot at them. They returned the fire and he was wounded in the head.

A SINGULAR malady baffling medical skill has broken out near Glasgow, Ky. The patients are seized with violent pains, the skin turns black and death quickly ensues. The disease is said to be contagious.

A VERY destructive cyclone struck the town of Rialton, Oklahoma, on the 29th, and nearly wiped out the town of about 200 houses. Nearly every house in town was blown down and several people were injured.

A TERRIBLE shooting affray in which one person was almost instantly killed and two others were so badly injured that they cannot recover, occurred at Duruya, Pa., on the 27th.

THE railroad miners in the Pittsburg (Pa.) district will get the advance they have asked for without trouble. The operators generally have agreed to pay the 61 cent rate after December 1.

FAILURES the past week have been 300, against 297 last year, and 38 in Canada, against 47 last year.

A BLIZZARD struck Montana on the 25th. The thermometer dropped at Butte from 30 above to 10 below zero.

ON the 24th C. Alexander, of Paris, Ky., shipped 650 head of Durham cattle, averaging 1,728 pounds, to the London market for Christmas hedges. They are the heaviest lot ever shipped from Kentucky.

THE differences between the window glass workers and manufacturers, which have kept the manufacturers of the co city idle since May 30, were settled at a conference at Pittsburg, Pa., on the 25th, and 15,000 men or more dependent on that industry will be at work again by December 15.

BENJAMIN ANTHORP GOULD, famous as a teacher and astronomer, died at Cambridge, Mass., on the 27th.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

Grover Cleveland's Official Farewell to the American People and to the Fifty-Fourth Congress Promises to be an Interesting State Paper and, Probably, the Most Notable of any Yet Issued by the Present Chief Executive.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—A Herald special from Washington says: President Cleveland has been devoting a great deal of time to his annual message during the last week, and how has it all in hand, so that it can be finished in a couple of days.

This message is expected to be one of the ablest public documents Mr. Cleveland has written during his two terms. It will be, in a sense, his farewell to the American people as their chief executive, and there is little doubt that he will embrace the opportunity to mark out the course he believes ought to be followed by the national government for the maintenance and advancement of the prosperity of the country.

Foreign affairs will naturally claim considerable attention, and the president will have an opportunity to congratulate congress and the country upon the solution of the Venezuelan boundary controversy as alike honorable to the United States, England and Venezuela. Affairs in Turkey will be discussed in detail, and the president will be able to show that the ordinary diplomatic agencies have sufficed for the protection of American life and property in the Turkish empire.

The last paragraph of the message to be written will be those dealing with the situation in Cuba. He will avail himself of the latest possible information as to the military situation in the island, and the prospects for the early success or failure of the insurgents may have much to do with shaping his policy. Present indications are that he will make no radical recommendations on this subject.

Although there is no prospect for the enactment of any revenue or financial legislation during the rest of his term, Mr. Cleveland is understood to be preparing for an elaborate discussion of those subjects, and will recommend legislation which, he believes, if carried out, will put the treasury and the financial system of the country on a sound basis.

The president will doubtless express his approval of recommendations for increasing the revenue by imposing revenue duties on tea and coffee and increasing the internal revenue tax on beer. The financial reform recommendations of the message will be along the lines of Mr. Cleveland's former recommendations, and will have as their basis the advocacy of the single gold standard as the foundation of the monetary system of the country.

The retirement of the greenbacks and the Sherman notes will be recommended, so as to take the government entirely out of the business of issuing promissory notes. Banking reform will be recommended at the same time, to enable the banks of the country to issue circulating notes which will be safe and which can be expanded or contracted in volume to meet the needs of the business of the country.

Mr. Cleveland is alive to the necessity of continuing the expansion of the navy and of constructing coast defense forts in the country in a condition to resist foreign aggression, and the recommendation on these lines made by Secretaries Lamont and Herbert in their annual reports will be seconded in the message.

FOR A PERMANENT HOME

President Cleveland Purchases the Most Desirable Location in Princeton, N. J. Princeton, N. J., Nov. 27.—Prof. Andrew West, of the university, returned yesterday afternoon from Washington, where he had been laying the claims of Princeton as a place for a residence before President Cleveland.

Prof. West, when seen last evening, authorized the following statement for publication:

"President Cleveland has to-day purchased the residence of Mrs. Sidel on the Princeton road, in Princeton, and will make Princeton his permanent home as president. Negotiations looking to this end have been in progress for about three weeks, and were consummated Friday by the purchase of the property. A number of reasons have attracted President and Mrs. Cleveland to Princeton.

"The president's father was educated for the Presbyterian ministry here. The quiet and independent home life of the place, its healthfulness, its convenience to New York, the attraction of a university society, as well as other reasons, have been influential in his decision."

The actual purchase price of the property could not be learned last night, but it is generally understood that the president paid between \$45,000 and \$60,000 for it. The property is beautifully located in the western part of the village and overlooks a picturesque stretch of farming country three or four miles in extent, directly across the avenue is the residence of Prof. William Mulligan Sloan, and the location is by far the most desirable one in town.

More Troops for Manila.

BARCELONA, Nov. 28.—A steamer sailing hence yesterday for Manila carried two battalions of troops to reinforce the Spanish columns operating against the insurgents in the Philippine islands. She also carried a quantity of war material.

Gold Certificates.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The treasury department has taken no action in the matter of issuing gold certificates, and it is not believed anything will be done for several days. Meanwhile applications from the bank for such certificates are accumulating.

Are an Extra Session Will Be Called.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Nov. 28.—Congressmen Wm. Aldrich, who returned from a visit to President-elect McKinley at Canton, Thursday night, says he is sure an extra session of congress will be called.

THOSE RECENT BATTLES

In Pinar del Rio Discussed by Horatio Reubens, Counsel for the Cuban Junta at New York.—The Accounts Probably Colored, But Substantially Correct.—Weyler Crowded Too Soon.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—The Jacksonville dispatch giving the details of the two bloody battles recently fought between Maceo's forces and those of Gen. Weyler in Pinar del Rio, caused great rejoicing among Cubans here yesterday. Official details of the fighting have not yet been received by the junta, but it is expected that Col. Jose Reyes, with Maceo's dispatches to the delegation, will be here to-day. Horatio Reubens, who is counsel for the junta and very close to Delegate Palma, talked to the reporter yesterday. Senator Palma himself was too busy.

"We do not care to boast of the victory," he said, "as we have only the newspaper accounts of it as yet to enable us to judge of its importance."

"There is no reason to doubt, however, that the report is substantially correct. Possibly there has been some exaggeration in the account of the Spanish losses. John Linn, the electrician who had charge of the dynamite mines, is a Jacksonville man. I notice the dispatch bears a Jacksonville date, and it is not unlikely that local pride may have caused Linn's share in the victory to be more or less magnified."

"We expect to have Maceo's own account of the engagements by to-day and will then be in better shape to discuss the campaign and its probable results. We are particularly anxious to hear of the conduct of Maceo's dynamite gun. It is quite certain that this gun has been brought into action and it may have wrought much of the havoc reported in Weyler's columns."

"This campaign shows how much Weyler amounts to in real warfare. He started out by saying that he was going to wipe Maceo and his army off the face of the earth. Now he is back in Havana saying he could not find him. He crowed too soon. According to his own statement Maceo had 6,000 men. Well, the earth has not swallowed them. It will be hard for Weyler to make the world believe but that he did find Maceo and is now sorry for it."

WEYLER'S TROOPS.

Badly Defeated by Maceo, Said to be Demoralized.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—A Times special from Key West, Fla., says: It is now positively known in Havana that Gen. Weyler and his army have been defeated by Maceo and his forces in the province of Pinar del Rio. Full details of the battle are lacking, but it is known to have been the fiercest and most disastrous of the revolution.

The battle was desperate, and Gen. Weyler, seeing his men were fighting at a disadvantage and were being slaughtered, ordered a retreat, leaving over 1,000 dead and taking his wounded men reached Havana Wednesday night, and several train loads are en route.

Weyler's troops are said to be demoralized.

FROM HAVANA.

Awful Mortality in the Spanish Army From Sickness—Sanjullia's Case.

HAVANA, Nov. 28.—Nothing special has been received concerning the operations in the field.

The official statistics show that there are now 17,340 soldiers sick in the various military hospitals. Of this number 1,458 are suffering with yellow fever. The mortality is said to be 163 per thousand.

One hundred and fifty persons who have been condemned for various political crimes and sentenced to exile will be sent to penal settlements.

The case of Julio Sangui, the American citizen, who is charged with conspiracy against the government, was called in the supreme court yesterday and trial set for December 21.

A rain which arrived here yesterday from Artemisa province of Pinar del Rio, brought 17 officers and 48 privates who are so sick that it was necessary to bring them here for hospital treatment. The steamer Bolivar brought yesterday seven officers and 240 privates, all sick, from the same province.

Gen. Weyler arrived safely at Artemisa by way of Mariel, yesterday, and it is stated that it is his intention to leave at once for the field.

CUBAN ENTHUSIASM

Aroused by Bourke Cockran and Other Speakers in Chickering Hall.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—W. Bourke Cockran addressed a meeting of Cuban sympathizers at Chickering hall last night, the occasion being the twenty-fifth anniversary of the execution of the eight medical students at Havana. He stirred the patriotism of the crowd to fever heat. He said he hoped the government would not interfere with view to annexation, but for liberation alone. When Cuba is independent she can wait without for annexation. This sentiment provoked terrific applause. Mr. Cockran criticised the administration earnestly.

Hon. Charles A. Dana, both in English and Spanish, addressed the meeting, and aroused intense enthusiasm. Gen. Sangui, a brother of Manuel Sangui, now in a Spanish prison, and several other gentlemen, spoke. Several of the speeches were in the Spanish language.

COMMANDER M'GOWAN

Assigned to One of the Most Eagerly-Sought Billets in the Navy.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Secretary Herbert has settled the succession of one of the most eagerly-sought billets in the entire navy, the command of the naval training station and training ship Constellation at Newport, by selecting Commander John McGowan for the post, and that popular officer, who is now chief of detail on Admiral Ramsay's staff, will receive his orders in a day or two. Commander Francis W. Dickins, at will succeed to the vacancy.

DUN'S COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

The Phenomenal Increase in Business Since the Election is Reasonably Well Sustained, Notwithstanding Combination and High Prices in Iron and Steel and Shoes Retard Orders—Money Coming Forward.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—R. G. Dun & Co. say to-day in their weekly review of trade:

When the rush of orders after the election slackened, many began to think business dwindling. But subsidence of deferred orders is not decrease in business. Disappointment is observed in the iron and steel industries, because various combinations have been and are still retarding orders by prices which buyers believe cannot be maintained, and the same is true in boots and shoes and in a few branches of textile goods. But business is on the whole, enlarging, and the employment of many more hands will extend purchasing power. The settlement of the window glass controversy, starting many thousand hands, and the collapse of some important iron combinations, with the same effect, give promise of more business. Broadly speaking, the gain has been greater than anybody expected, and it is not surprising if a small part of it is in excess of the present consuming demand.

Reports from all parts of the country show clearly the enlargement of trade, not at all points in the same branch, but everywhere helped by a more confident feeling. Monetary difficulties have vanished as if by magic and banks with an uncomfortable large supply of idle money are hunting borrowers, as the borrowers were recently hunting lenders. Enormous gains in bank deposits—\$37,000,000 in two weeks—indicate something of the amount of funds recently hoarded.

Wheat has risen over six cents for the week without material change in foreign advice, which have been, on the whole, less stimulating. Corn has sympathized with wheat only a little and is coming forward freely. The important factor in the wheat market is that the visible supplies do not gain as much as has been expected.

Cotton has gained only a sixteenth after its considerable decline, and the remarkably heavy movement puts the speculators for an advance in constant difficulties, and yet there is all the time to be remembered the fact that the crop was nearly one month earlier than usual, and the present excess over last year's movement may be materially reduced hereafter. Nevertheless the fact appears that northern mills are taking much less cotton than in previous years, and the demand for goods is evidently disappointing. It cannot be said that prices in this department are the hindrance, for even with some recent reduction in quotations the sales of staple cottons are comparatively small.

Wool was and is still bought largely for speculation and earlier purchasers are unloading, but the mills are not yet doing much more than in October. A few more have been started, but there is scarcely more demand apparent for staple goods. The boot and shoe industry is still hindered by the general refusal of dealers to pay the advanced prices demanded by manufacturers, except for the limited quantities which are immediately required, and while most manufacturers are working on orders taken weeks ago at lower prices, which will keep them busy for some weeks to come, very little new business is coming.

No further advance of importance has been made in leather, and the market for hides has sharply reacted, so that the average of prices is slightly lower than November 19. The collapse of the rail combination and probably of the beam combination and considerable reduction in quotations for nails and beams, give reason to look for a larger demand for products of iron and steel, but at present the sales against speculative purchases made some time ago are depressing prices, and Bessemer pig has sold at \$12.25, and according to some reports a little lower, at Pittsburgh. The demand for such products as are not controlled by the combinations is somewhat increasing, but by no means as rapidly as expected. In minor metals tin is scarcely as strong as it was a week ago, but copper and lead are stronger.

Failures for the week have been 300 in the United States, against 279 last year and 38 in Canada against 47 last year.

MARLEY'S MISTAKE

Liable to Land an Overzealous Partisan in the Centennial.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Several days ago the attention of the civil service commission was called to the case of William K. Marley, employed as engineer at the public building in Denver, Colo., who was charged with collecting political assessments for the democratic campaign fund. Investigation showed that several employees of the post office, who had been approached by Marley, had subscribed sums of money and had held meetings in Marley's rooms which were used as headquarters. The matter was laid before the secretary of the treasury, who at once ordered Marley's dismissal in accordance with the recommendation of the commission. The case will now be presented to the department of justice for action. The penalty for such an offense is a fine not to exceed \$5,000 or three years' imprisonment, or both.

THE FLOODS IN GREECE.

The Living Drowned and the Dead Washed From Their Graves.

ATHENS, Nov. 28.—The loss of life by the floods is much larger than was first reported. Forty bodies have been recovered at the Piræus, and boats are searching for persons who are missing and who are supposed to have perished. The cemetery at the Piræus was inundated. The water swept across the burial place with such violence that a number of bodies and skeletons were washed out of their resting places.

MACK AND THE FARMERS.

The farmers are after McKinley to give one of their number a cabinet position. This is right. It is high time that the farmers were represented in national affairs. Mack may not feel as we do on this subject. He may feel that his position will appear more effete and recherche by the admission of only full dress gold-bugs into his cabinet, and he may not care to associate with a man who wears his pants stuffed in his boots, and combs his hair with a curry comb, and brushes sweet new-mown hay out of his whiskers. Mack may rather have the idea that potato-bugs and gold-bugs can't mix up socially and order the drinks consecutively as it should be done.

But Mack should not allow such considerations as these to figure in this request of the farmers. He owes it to the farmers to reward them for their earnest toil in his behalf, and especially for their votes. He must have got near ten or fifteen votes from among the farmers. Surely he will not neglect this opportunity to repay such heroic devotion.

We hope that Mack will look at this thing from the right standpoint, and give us a real farmer as secretary of agriculture. Then let the secretary rehabilitate the broken down custom of sending us nice little installments of turnip seed that come up onions—mighty sorry onions at that—and cabbage seed that sprout up into mushrooms and dog fennel, and corn that prefers the quiet tomb to the excitement of industrious existence. We know those old seed. There are many needed reforms in the agricultural department that should be entrusted to a man who knows his business, but we are afraid that Mack will have to give the job to a democrat in order to secure a real farmer.

The inaugural ceremonies on the 4th of March, it is stated, will be on a magnificent scale. There will be pomp, pageantry and paint, and Mack will sail into the White House in a manner that will scare the servant into fits. The servant should not be treated like this. We can't blame her for being frightened if, as she is scouring the floor or dusting the cottage organ or the whatnot, or packing Grover's valise, or sweeping up the crumbs dropped by Little Ruth or Esther or the baby, or having a quiet talk with the policeman over the back fence, McKinley should burst in on her with all that noise and want to know why in thunder dinner isn't ready. We respectfully ask Mack's attention to this little matter. It may not seem of any great importance to him, but a servant should receive some consideration in such cases as this. And another thing, Mack: You might come bouncing into the sitting room too suddenly and find her in tears over the departure of the children, and your entrance in that manner will fall harshly upon her gentle nature. She will feel that you are hardhearted and cruel, and in after times when you get comfortably ensconced in the arm chair by the cheerful, popping, chestnut fire, and want to spend an hour with Hick's annual novel, this poor servant girl of yours will find a good many ways of getting even. You will have to move your chair about from spot to spot to allow her to sweep the floor clean. She will come in suddenly in the midst of your reveries over national affairs and tell you that the cow and the calf are together again and what must she do, or that the hired man has broken his leg playing with a mule out in the lot and must she go for the doctor. Servant girls are not bad people, but they feel most keenly any encroachments on their tender sensibilities. If you could arrange to let her know about what time she may expect you, and whether you will bring a few friends along with tin horns and red torches, she will be grateful and will no doubt have everything neat and clean for your arrival. Now, Mack, understand We want you to have all the fun you can, but do try to think of these little things.

Rev. IRL HICKS, who has been an ardent supporter of the silver idea, has this to say in the last issue of his paper, Word and Works: "The vital issues of the late campaign were thoroughly discussed—the people deliberately made up their minds and the verdict of the ballot box was clear and final. No real patriot or lover of humanity and peace, will now place one pebble under the wheels of the incoming administration. If its policy is right and righteous, in God's name let it triumph; if it is wrong and unrighteous, do not so interfere as to allow any of the consequences or blame to fall upon you. Give loyal support, give free and untrammelled swing. Let us as the greatest nation on the globe patiently and patriotically stand out the best way and then pursue it."

The dress reform movement at Montgomery reads like a lot of children playing doll baby. Let our legislators get to work on the commissary question, the bi-weekly pay question, the good road question, and the other needed reforms. The women of Alabama know best what they should wear, and they are not going to rush into pants without giving the country due and ample notice of the same. Until that time comes, our brainy representative should turn their attention to enacting their salaries.

In 1720 over 12,000 houses were burned in Constantinople and 7,000 lives were lost in the fire. In 1745 a fire again raged in the Turkish capital during five days, and a series of terrible calamities also occurred in the year 1750.

We notice in some of our exchanges that the editors are anxiously figuring on what sort of presents they will make to their families and friends on Christmas. In some instances lists are compiled showing anything from a transfer of real estate to a jumping-jack. We have also given this important matter some very serious thought and the result is about as follows:

We hope that our friends will appreciate our generosity. Now is the time to subscribe.

IN THE midst of the vacillations of political ambition, Grover Cleveland stands out prominently and pre-eminently a man of unswerving steadiness and unapproachable honesty. His name will rank with the world's greatest and noblest of men as long as there is history. Grand, magnificent and noble his figure stands out against the political sky, and man cannot change, or enemies destroy.

THE mayoralty contest is red hot. The candidates didn't have time to eat Thanksgiving dinner on account of all their time being occupied in answering questions put by the rival candidates. A man who runs for office these days, and comes up successfully ought to be speedily promoted to a position as editor-in-chief of the conundrum department of a great newspaper.

PRIME MINISTER CANOVAS of Spain says "Cuba is a nest of vipers." It is the habit of nations as with individuals to call names when they are getting licked. The "nest of vipers" in Cuba is making it interesting for the Spaniards who are trying to stamp them out.

WHEN McKinley gets settled back into the presidential chair, he will probably turn his attention to the settlement of some of his private debts. Or has Mr. Hanna already fixed that?

WHEN congress sends over a bill for President McKinley's approval, that little tin divinity will poke his head back behind the curtains and whisper: "Hanna, how is your maw?"

McKINLEY has been successively a silver man, a tin man, and a gold man. Mack ought to be a pretty good man to tie to. You can't phase him.

THE Armenians were amply revenged on Thanksgiving day. The Turks were slaughtered world without end.

WHEN Hanna takes snuff President McKinley will sneeze. Then the Lord help the nation standing under.

THE bowl of republican pap is brewing. Don't burn your fingers, gentlemen.

Why didn't Hanna buy the presidency for himself?

Now watch the scramble for pie.

SPAIN'S DESPERATION.

Spain is in a desperate situation, financially as well as otherwise. The fact that the country has exhausted its credit abroad, and was forced to the extremity of floating an internal loan give evidence of this desperation. A flat failure was made by the Madrid government in its efforts to borrow money of the French banks, though it was negotiating with them through September and October. National bankruptcy was only averted by the prompt subscriptions on the part of Spain's own citizens, many of whom even went so far as to sacrifice their jewelry in order to raise money for the government. This action, while highly patriotic, was only proper. But the loan just floated, amounting to \$50,000,000 with \$20,000,000 over-subscription, will afford only temporary relief.

The London Economist, in detailing the disposition to be made of the proceeds of the loan, says that the Spanish Trans-Atlantic Mail Steamship Company is to receive \$4,000,000 as part payment for carrying to Cuba 178,000 men and their supplies during the past twenty-one months. The Banque de Paris et Pays Bas must be paid \$10,000,000 in equal installments during this month and next for credits opened for the Cuban treasury in 1875, which the bank has refused to renew for another half year. The bank of Spain is to be paid another \$10,000,000 for advances to the Cuban war fund during October. As the monthly expenditure of the Cuban war exceeds \$15,000,000, the proceeds of the new loan will be exhausted by the latter part of February.

In view of the fact that the rebellions, both in Cuba and the Philippine Islands, are not diminishing in the least, but seem to be growing, the chances are that the expenses of carrying on the wars in both places will increase at such a rate as to deplete Spain's resources, even before the time named above. The return of General Weyler to Havana after his fruitless search for Maceo's army and the defeat of the Spanish forces in a battle on the Philippine Islands, where 300 Spaniards were slain, illustrates the headway the rebellious subjects are making in both colonies. Spain is in desperate straits. Unless something is done soon she will be forced to abandon Cuba from the lack of funds to prosecute the war further.

In 1720 over 12,000 houses were burned in Constantinople and 7,000 lives were lost in the fire. In 1745 a fire again raged in the Turkish capital during five days, and a series of terrible calamities also occurred in the year 1750.

THE POWER OF THOUGHT.

From Word and Works.

There are a number of invisible forces in the world, such as electricity and magnetism, whose power can scarcely be estimated. We stand awe-stricken before an electrical storm that generates the fearful tornado, which destroys everything in its path. Yet electricity is an unorganized force that is rapidly coming under the dominion of the power of human thought. Steam owes its discovery to thought, but more advanced, or vital thought, discovered something better and more powerful in electricity. This wonderful force is yet in its infancy, so far as its application to human wants have been made. But even now there are indications of a more powerful force than electricity. The Keely motor and the Roentgen X rays, are instances of this. Heretofore, thought has only been recognized as a wonderful power in organizing and applying the unorganized forces. But now it is fast coming to be recognized as the greatest power in the world. It is a living, intelligent substance. It is creative, which cannot be said of any of the unorganized, invisible forces.

"As a man thinketh in his heart, so he is." If man is the highest expression of Being, or God, and has dominion over all the forces of the world, and no one disputes this fact, then it follows that he has this power because he "thinks," or has reasoning faculties. He gets this power from being "created in the image and likeness of God." The right use of this power brings him only good, and the wrong use, or abuse of it brings him only evil. Then it follows, a man owes everything he is, or acquires, to his power of thought, whether it be good or evil. Thought can make sick and it can make well. Thought can make divinely beautiful the human face and form, and it can make it hideous in ugliness and deformity. Thought can make us rich, and it can make us poor. Thought can make conditions that are harmonious and pleasant, and it can make discordant conditions and surroundings. Thought can make a heaven on earth, where heaven ought to be, and it can make a hell, enough for any body on earth. We live in our thoughts. They make us just what we are. Vital thought based on absolute truth, or a correct understanding of our relation to the law of Being, or God, creates for us health, beauty, riches, harmonious conditions or surroundings, and heaven on earth. Thought based on error, or a misconception of the law of Being, or God, creates sickness, ugliness, poverty, discordant conditions or surroundings, and a hell on earth. The only way to escape disease, and discordant conditions is to "think God's thoughts after Him." "While you muse, the fire will burn."

THE CAMERA.

An unusual coincidence—twins. A wire puller—the trolley. A lofty purpose is nobler than success.

The side saddle and the new woman are antipodes.

A well treated horse has more gratitude than a whole town full of people. I would rather be a boy with a dog and a fishing pole than president of the United States.

Punctuality doesn't mean an hour ahead of time.

A nickel's worth of ink can get an editor into more trouble than a barrel of whiskey.

It takes a whole lifetime to find out which of our blessings were disguised.

A friend is an exalted human being of which there are blamed few.

When men forget to post their wives' letters, the trouble may always be attributed to irregularity in the males.

The next thing you know Timberlake will ask the legislature to prohibit women from wearing a smock.

The easiest pew in church is a back bench and a clear conscience.

Five men were killed in a game of poker last week. I am not surprised. Five of a kind are too many to have in any game of poker.

When a man strikes a match is any wonder that it flares up and gets hot about it?

The biggest part of misfortune is thinking it over.

The baby has a rattling good time of it.

A dog is better than a man, because he is more faithful.

HENRY CARR HORNADY.

Is There any Incentive to Live.

Not if you are going to waste your time in superficial work, or study, or reading works of fiction. Not if you look upon the theatrical side of life only. Not if you expect to live and grow on the dead thoughts of a dead past. Not if you think that the world owes you a living. Not if you are waiting and wishing for a relative to die and leave you a fortune. Not if you are living off your friends, or expect them to keep you in idleness. Not if you expect to be a political boss or a saloon keeper or both. Not if you expect to marry a rich young lady just for her money. Not if you are a libertine seeking to destroy the virtue of every young lady you meet. Not if you are a dude who parts his hair and name in the middle, wears toothpick shoes, eye glass and cane, stands on street corners and insults young ladies. Not if your thoughts do not rise higher than yourself, and your world is self. For any or all the above, there is no incentive to live, no necessity in fact.

McKINLEY IS ELECTED

And "They Say" Good Times Are Ahead!

Good enough. I've no objection to that—I refer to the good times; but if they come I am ready, yes more than ready. This is no joke, but is a cold, solid fact. I have a very large stock of goods this fall, the largest and most complete ever seen in Shelby county, and I can

Suit the Taste and Purse of Everybody.

THE LADIES

Should see our beautiful DRESS GOODS, magnificently beautiful (the goods and the ladies), ribbons in abundance and pretty—don't mention it—draperies, eiderdown. See our beautiful fascinators and feather boas for the girls (pretty things). They should see all goods just mentioned, and a lot of candy, chewing gum and other nick-nacks bought especially for them.

THE MEN

Should inspect our CLOTHING department, Shoes, Hats, the latest and the cheapest, Furnishings, etc., to say nothing of the actual necessities which we have in almost endless variety.

THE BOYS AND GIRLS

Need my nobby and substantial Shoes, Hats, Caps, Hose and various and sundry small articles kept for their especial benefit.

COTTON AND CASH AT MY STORE

Mean GOODS THE BEST and Lots of Them For the Money.



FURNITURE, * BEST,

* OR THE CHEAPEST, *

EVERYTHING IN THIS LINE WILL GO AT . . . ROCK BOTTOM FIGURES. . .

We have had a splendid trade so far this fall, but it looks now as though we had only gotten fairly started. Don't for a moment think of buying your fall bill until you see what I offer.

Bring me all your Cotton, also your Cotton Seed, for both of which I will pay the top market price.

Yours for better times,

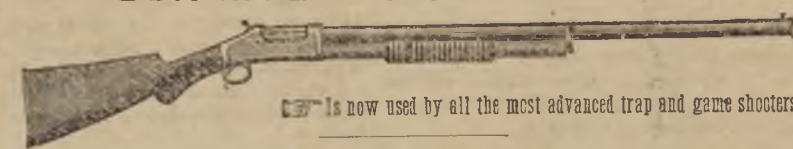
J. F. POPE.

Wilsonville, Alabama.

Everything that is NEWEST and BEST in REPEATING SINGLE-SHOT Rifles, Shot-Guns, Rifles,

ALL KINDS OF AMMUNITION, ARE MADE BY THE Winchester Repeating Arms Co.

OUR MODEL 1893 SHOT-GUN



Is now used by all the most advanced trap and game shooters.

Send for 100-page Illustrated Catalogue, FREE.

Winchester Repeating Arms Co., New Haven, Conn.

Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Notice.

I have this day sold my entire interest, with good will and all in the grocery business of Hammond & Thompson of this place to J. H. Hammond, who will continue the SPOT CASH grocery business at the same place. He will pay all the claims for goods in transit upon arrival of same, and assumes all obligations of firm.

Thanking a generous people for their kind patronage and soliciting a continuance of same for J. H. Hammond, I am yours, &c., W. A. THOMPSON.

Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

FIELD & FLOWERS

The Engine Field Monument Souvenir

The most beautiful Art Production of the century. "A full and complete record of the battle of Gettysburg, as it was fought on July 1st, 1863, as narrated from the broad acres of Eugene Field's 'Fare of Love.' Contains a selection of the most beautiful of the poems of Eugene Field. Handsomely illustrated by thirty-five of the world's greatest artists at their contribution to the Monument Fund. But for the noble contributions of the great artists this book could not have been manufactured for \$2.00. For sale at book stores, or sent prepaid on receipt of \$2.00. The love offering to the Child's Post Laureate, published by the Committee to create a fund to build the Monument and to care for the family of the beloved poet.

Eugene Field Monument Souvenir, 116 Monroe Street, Chicago, Ill.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Fleets, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Fetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a Fi Fa, issued from the Circuit Court of Shelby county, and to me directed, I will proceed to sell, in front of the court house door, in the town of Columbiana on the 30th day of November, 1896, within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate to-wit:

Bounded on the north by land owned by R. A. Steele, on the east by the land known as the John B. Wilson place, on the south by the land known as the Isaac Wilks land, on the west by land of Noah Thompson, being as being believed to be the w¹/₂ of n¹/₂ and e¹/₄ of the n¹/₂ and a small part of the w¹/₂ of n¹/₂ section (9) township (24) range (12) east containing 160 acres more or less.

Levied upon as the property of C. C. Vandeventer, to satisfy said Fi Fa, in my hands in favor of R. E. Bonar & Co.

This 15th day of October 1896.

E. F. VEST, Sheriff.

Notice of Application to Sell Real Estate.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.

Probate Court, October 26, 1896.

Estate of Jno. T. Cromwell, deceased.

This day came J. L. Peters, administrator of said estate, and filed his application in due form and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therein and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of paying debts, upon the ground that the personal property is insufficient for that purpose. It is ordered that the 14th day of November, 1896, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

D. R. McHILLAN, Judge of Probate.

Notice No. 18511.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA.

October 28, 1896.

Notices is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Columbiana, Ala., on December 18, 1896, viz: Henry R. Howard, Homestead entry, No. 25,555, for the S¹/₂ of sec. 8, T¹/₂ N 21 S of R 4 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Hammond, William C. Harmon, William Henderson, James R. Hunt, all of land. H. H. PROCELL, Register.

Closing Out—Manufacturer's Cost

MY ENTIRE STOCK OF

CLOTHING, DRY GOODS!

BOOTS AND SHOES.

—AND FURNISHING GOODS.

I mean to save you 33 1-3 cents on each dollar. I keep only the best selected stock of goods, THE LATEST DESIGNS the market produces. No shoddy goods—only brand new goods.

Everything I Sell is Absolutely Guaranteed by Me.

My prices are the cheapest in the State of Alabama.

I QUOTE YOU SOME OF MY PRICES:

\$ 3.00 Mens Wool Suits, now only.....	\$ 3.25	\$2.00 Mens oil grain Gaiter Shoes, now only.....	1.20
12.50 Mens fine Worsted Suits, now only.....	7.50	35c Childrens Shoes, now only.....	15
17.50 Mens French Clay Worsted Suits, now only.....	8.15	50c Misses Pulkas, now only.....	25
1.50 Mens Wool Pants, now only.....	75	50c Ladies all-wool breakfast Shirts, now only.....	15
3.50 Mens fine wool Cassimere Pants, now only.....	1.50	15c Worstad all-wool filling now only.....	7
.75c Mens Jeans Pants, now only.....	35	5c Calicoes, now only.....	3
1.25 Mens Wool Jeans Pants, now only.....	75	45 yards Calico, in a bundle, only.....	90
2.00 Mens Fur Hats, now only.....	95	20 yards Ducking, in a bundle, only.....	60
.75c Boys Hats, now only.....	35	25c Mens Suspenders, now only.....	5
35c Boys Hats, now only.....	25	Anniston Sheetling.....	5
1.25 Mens Shoes, now only.....	1.25	Anniston Shirting.....	4
1.25 Mens Shoes, now only.....	85	5c Good Cotton Checks, now only.....	3 1/2
3.50 Mens Shoes, now only.....	2.00	35c best table Oil Cloth, now only.....	15c
1.50 Mens Shoes, now only.....	1.00	12c solid colors, Sateens, now only.....	7 1/2
1.50 Mens calf Brown Shoes, now only.....	95	19c fancy colored Sateens, now only.....	7 1/2

—I ALSO KEEP A FINE LINE OF—

Men's Neckties and Silk Handkerchiefs.

Cologne, Ladies Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, a fine line of Dress Goods, Trimmings and Laces, and 1,000 other articles.

Tell your neighbors that you know of a place where you can save them 33 1-3 cents on each dollar, if they will spend their money with S. Stark, Shelby, Ala., and you will in return get their blessings. When you come to Shelby look at the sign marked in plain figures:

"CLOSING OUT AT COST!"

S. STARK,

SHELBY, ALABAMA.

The body of Mathilde Blind, the authoress and lecturer, who died recently, was incinerated in the crematory at Woking, England, on the 1st.

SECRETARY FRANCIS of the Interior department submitted his first annual report to the president on the 4th.

A LARGE majority of the English non-union laborers who went to Hamburg to take the places of the strikers, refused to unload vessels and returned to England.

The public debt statement, issued on the 1st, showed a net increase in the public debt, less cash in the treasury, during November of \$8,200,333. Total cash in the treasury, \$835,961,670.

It was announced, on the 1st, that Police Commissioner Theodore Roosevelt, of New York, would be willing to accept the office of secretary of the navy under the McKinley administration.

A DISPATCH to the London Daily Mail from Constantinople, on the 3d, said that another massacre had occurred at Erevak, in which 100 Armenians were reported to have been killed.

A DISPATCH from Bombay, on the 3d, said that the mortality from famine in the Belapur and Belaghat districts was steadily increasing. Hundreds of persons had died from starvation in the Gona district.

MR. HATCH, the Hawaiian minister to the United States, accompanied by Mr. Cooper, minister of foreign affairs of the republic of Hawaii, called upon Secretary Olney at the department of state on the 2d.

BISHOP KEANE, late rector of the Catholic university in Washington, will sail for Rome, on the 5th, in response to the commands of the pope to go to that city and perform such duties as may be there assigned him.

The fifth accident in three weeks in the wheel pit extension of the power tunnel at Niagara Falls, N. Y., occurred, on the 3d, when the fastenings in the bucket carrying some stone, gave way, fatally injuring two laborers.

The report published in the London Daily Mail, on the 1st, that Sir Matthew White Ridley, the home secretary, had ordered the release from Holloway jail of Dr. Jamieson, the Transvaal raider, is confirmed upon official authority.

The announcement was received in London, on the 4th, of the death, on November 11, of Joseph James Chesapeake, president of the republic of Liberia, and the inauguration, on November 13, of Vice-President W. D. Coleman as president.

THIRTEEN signed letters from George Washington to Arthur Young, the agriculturist, dated from 1780 to 1793, on farms in America, were sold at auction at Sotheby's (London) on the 1st. After some smart bidding the documents were sold for \$470.

The annual report of Postmaster-General Wilson will not be made public until after the president has submitted his annual message to congress. This is taken to indicate that matters of great importance pertaining to postal affairs are under consideration.

A BREATH of persons suspected of being concerned in plots against the Turkish government continue. Many of those taken into custody have been seized while in bed and taken at once to the central prison. The suffering and distress in Constantinople is increasing.

The cabinet meeting, on the 4th, was attended by all the members except Secretary Lamont, and Attorney-General Harmon. It is understood that such portions of the president's message as relates to foreign affairs were discussed and financial recommendations considered.

The Manchester Guardian says that Lord Salisbury, British prime minister and secretary of state for foreign affairs, will make very strong representations to the Spanish government with reference to the detention in Cuba by the authorities there of Richard and John Beatty, residents of British Columbia.

The state of Minnesota will probably realize \$10,000 by the seizure, on the 3d, of 30 tons of venison by the state game warden, because it was being illegally shipped from that state to Boston, New York and Chicago. The fines for the illegal transportation of the game will amount to over \$40,000. This seizure is said to be the largest ever made in the United States.

The United States court of claims has ordered a rehearing in the celebrated La Abra mining case, involving a claim for large amounts against Mexico, which was disputed on the ground of fraud, and referred by congress to the court of claims for final judgment. The rehearing will not take place until after the Christmas holidays, the persons chiefly interested in the claims being in New York.

BECAUSE of repeated unfriendly acts shown toward this nation President Cleveland, on the 3d, issued a proclamation revoking his former proclamation of January 26, 1888, suspending the collection of port duties imposed upon foreign vessels upon "vessels entered in the ports of the United States from any of the ports of the German empire; this revocation to take effect on and after the second of January, 1897."

FIVE HUNDRED young men, members or former members of the Virginia militia, have signed papers to go to Cuba at the first opportunity and assist the insurgent army. John W. Starke, editor of the Virginia Volunteer, organized the movement.

THE CHRONICLE.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

VOLUME XI.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1896.

NUMBER 23.

DECEMBER—1896.

Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
....	....	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31	....	....

CURRENT TOPICS.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

PETER BROSEAU, a Chicago commission merchant, was held up and robbed of \$3,000 on a Halsted-street electric car at Thirty-ninth street on the 30th. Charles Mathusek, who stole the wallet containing the money, was arrested after a severe struggle, but two companions who aided him snatched the pocketbook while Mathusek was struggling with his captors, jumped from the car and escaped.

The steamer City of Kalamazoo was burned at her dock at South Haven, Mich., on the morning of the 30th. Robert Van Ostrand and Joe Lang, firemen, were burned to death. The stewardess is missing, and it is feared she also has perished.

PRAGUE has made its appearance in Formosa, and the Japanese there are dying in large numbers. Cholera is prevalent in Tokio, and appears to be on the increase.

The home of Luther Greenman, a farmer, four miles northeast of Perry, N. Y., was destroyed by fire, on the morning of the 29th, and the entire family, consisting of five persons, was burned to death.

The Falls Cotton Co. at Norwich, Conn., resumed, on the 30th, after four and a half months' shut-down and some 500 employees began work.

WM. STEINWART, the well-known piano manufacturer, who had been ill for some time with typhoid fever, died in New York on the 30th.

A NEW bridge is to be constructed over the Hudson river at New York at a cost not to exceed \$25,000,000.

THE 650 employees of the Standard silk mill, at Philipsburg, N. J., who have been working on short time for several months, went to work on full time on the 30th. The knitting establishment of Seifert & Eitonheart, at the same place, which had been idle several months, has been purchased by Carly & Sanders, who also commenced operations on the 30th.

GEN. WEXLER, as acknowledged by himself in interviews with prominent Spaniards of the Junta de Defensa in his palace at Havana, has resolved to exterminate all the Cubans in the province of Pinar del Rio not engaged as soldiers in the Spanish ranks, and many have already perished. The prospects are for a very prosperous winter.

A FIRE ENGINE called out by a false alarm at Everett, Mass., on the 1st, was run into by a locomotive. The engineer of the steamer was killed, and the driver and both horses were fatally injured.

ALL the logging camps in the neighborhood of Manila, Mich., are making preparations to begin work, and many have already started. The prospects are for a very prosperous winter.

THE Wisconsin board of election canvassers completed its labors, on the 2d, finding that McKinley electors received 268,135, as against 102,528 for the Bryan electors.

The situation at Chippewa Falls Wis., was very critical, on the 2d, the entire city and much of the Chippewa valley being liable to destruction and devastation at almost any moment by the giving way of the immense ice gorges that had formed in the river at intervals for many miles. The residents were rapidly moving their merchandise and household effects to higher ground.

The official count of the votes cast in the recent election in the state of Rhode Island is 1,000 larger than at first supposed. The correct figures are: McKinley, 37,347; Bryan, 14,459; plurality for McKinley, 22,878.

The body of Sheriff William E. Herron of Plymouth county, Ia., was found, bruised and frozen, beside the railway track near Merrill, Neb., on the 2d, where he had evidently fallen from a train.

On the 2d Kansas City (Mo.) police officials arrested Jeff Paget and Albert Ellis, two of the bandits who held up and attempted to rob Alton express train at Blue Cut, near Independence, Mo., on the evening of October 24. Evidence against them is conclusive.

JOHN W. INOXS, secretary of the Fulton county board of health, reported to the Indiana state board of health, on the 3d, the death of five children in that county from diphtheria. Their parents belonged to the sanctified sect, and positively refused medical aid for the children. Finally, however, they submitted to allow a physician to prescribe, and the disease was broken up after five children had died.

The ladies' committee, which during the past year has been engaged in raising the \$100,000 endowment fund for a chair of English literature in Lawrence university, at Appleton, Wis., have completed their work. Mrs. J. T. Witter, of Grand Rapids, gave \$8,000, on the 3d, making \$110,000 raised, and thus securing Senator Sawyer's conditional gift of \$25,000.

ELIZA CUMMINGS, 55 years of age, of Hillsboro, O., a guest at the Empire hotel, Sixty-third street and Boulevard, New York city, while in a fit of insanity, on the 3d, jumped from the fifth story of the hotel to the yard, and was instantly killed.

News was received from Cuba, on the 3d, confirming the report that Maj.-Gen. Severin Sanchez was killed in an engagement at Las Damas, Santa Clara province.

JOHN TOD, of Cleveland, one of the prominent business men of northern Ohio, and a son of David Tod, one of Ohio's war governors, died suddenly of apoplexy at the Crittenden hotel in Columbus on the 3d.

DR. LOUIS PERAZA, Senor Figuerra, a druggist, and several other well-known residents of Cienfuegos, Cuba, have been arrested as political suspects.

HALF a dozen steamers are said to be bound tight in the ice along the north shore of Lake Superior, and it will be impossible to release them.

MR. AND MRS. WALTER M. CASTLE are in Philadelphia. The object of their visit is to have the afflicted woman undergo treatment for nervous disease. Mrs. Castle is in a private institution, and she has been examined by specialists. It is the intention of Mr. Castle to have his wife's mental and physical condition improved before starting for their home in California.

The ten-year-old son of E. B. Warder, a wealthy citizen, was strangled to death at his home near Antioch, Ky., on the 2d. He was weak from sickness, and was seized with a spell of coughing that resulted in death.

A COPY of the Book of Common Prayer of the Church of England, abridged and edited by Benjamin Franklin, at London, in the year 1733, was sold for \$1,250 at auction in Boston on the 3d.

The guns of the vanguard of the army of Gen. Maximo Gomez are thundering uncomfortably near the gates of Havana, while the captain-general is ostensibly in pursuit of Antonio Maceo in Pinar del Rio.

EUGENE W. HARRINGTON, deputy city comptroller of Buffalo, N. Y., has been arrested on a charge of grand larceny. An investigation had shown that Harrington had been "stuffing" a pay-roll.

HAVANA newspapers are urging the necessity for carrying on farming operations in the island to avert a disastrous famine.

It is claimed by the Uruguayan minister of foreign affairs that the threatened revolution in that country is unimportant.

ALL the candidates on the silver municipal ticket of Boston withdrew on the 4th.

The strike committee, on the 4th, called out all of the Hamburg harbor workmen, irrespective of the character of their employment, in order to assist the strike of the dock laborers. The men called out include the engineers, bargemen and others employed by the state and city.

The proposition of Englishmen, acting unofficially, to present Ambassador Bayard, at the close of his mission with a substantial recognition of the esteem in which he is held by individuals, is said to find no expression of disapprobation at the state department.

ECUADOR has had another disastrous fire, Daule, an important town in the province of Los Rios, being the scene. More than thirty houses in the business section of the town were destroyed, the losses aggregating hundreds of thousands of dollars.

ARTHUR PALMER, of Montezuma, O., and E. L. Godfrey, of Embleton, Pa., both oil men, were drowned in the reservoir at St. Mary's, O., on the 4th. Palmer broke through the ice and Godfrey went under while endeavoring to rescue his companion.

THE Milwaukee health department reported, on the 4th, a wholesale poisoning of families in the northern part of the city, supposed to have been caused by eating bread from a certain bakery, containing arsenic.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

ENORMOUS quantities of American corn are being shipped to Mexico, one hundred carloads having crossed the Rio Grande at Laredo, Texas, in one day.

SHERIFF MORFETT of Randolph county, N. C., was shot and killed in Ashboro on the 6th while making a raid on moonshiners.

A HEAD-ON collision between two freight trains on the Southern Pacific road near Waelder, Texas, on the 6th, resulted in the death of two engineers, two firemen and a brakeman.

THERE is practically no longer any doubt of the intention of President-elect McKinley to convene the fifty-fifth congress in extraordinary session early next spring.

ATLANTA pig iron is in such demand that shipping room at Mobile is not sufficient. January will probably witness more furnaces in blast than during any month since 1892.

A NEGRO named Davis murdered the two sons of Joe Williams, a planter near Pine Bluff, Ark. He has not been captured. The murder was committed because the negro desired revenge against the father.

DYNAMITE DICK, the notorious Territory outlaw, was shot and killed in a fight with deputy sheriffs near Newkirk, O. T., on the 4th.

NETUWON, the famous stallion, king of the Highland stock farm and sire of many noted race horses, died at Dubuque, Ia., on the 4th. His owners paid \$25,000 for him thirteen years ago.

FAILURES the past week have been 379 in the United States, against 324 last year, and in Canada 55, against 52 last year.

THE report of Secretary Francis, issued on the 4th, shows that \$2,034,818,769 have been paid out for pensions in the last thirty-one years.

THREE highwaymen went to a St. Louis brewery on the 3d and robbed the cashier of \$400. Half a dozen clerks stood by while the robbery was in progress.

A FIGHT between old man Harrison and two sons and Morgan and two sons, Tom and Caleb, occurred on the 3d in one of the mountain counties of Kentucky. As a result the elder Morgan is dead and both sons are dying.

AT Arcade, N. Y., on the 3d the thermometer registered from eight to twelve degrees below zero.

FRANCIS' REPORT

On Affairs and Condition of the Interior Department.

The Public Lands and Irrigation—The Indians and Their Needs—The Year's Penalties—Appropriations—Roads and Railroads—New Buildings—Accommodations.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—Secretary of the Interior, Mr. Francis has submitted his annual report to the president:

The Appropriation for the Last Fiscal Year.

Amounted to \$187,170,650. The estimates for the present fiscal year are about \$1,000,000 more than was appropriated last year. The actual public domain is now 1,549,072,867 acres. The public lands still vacant amount to over 600,000,000 acres, not including Alaska. About 85,726,761 acres have been patented to railroads, and there are yet, out of the railroad and wagon roads under their grants an aggregate of 114,788,039 acres. The total acreage segregated from the public domain was 146,319,180 acres.

Waste Acreage Should be Taken up by Actual Settlers.

Who should be given every encouragement, and says if the rate of settlement continues in the future in the past, little vacant land will be left in 13 years' time. He urges legislation for the preservation of forests, and states that a report will be submitted to congress by the forestry commission, which has lately returned from a tour of inspection.

The Des Moines river land grant matter has been adjusted. About \$188,854 in awards was agreed upon, of which \$117,638 has been paid, the remainder will be paid at the end of this year.

Secretary Francis calls the attention of congress to the necessity of legislation.

He speaks of the necessity of Act of Lands and says that out of 500,000 acres of arid lands, 100,000,000 acres might be reclaimed by the conservative use of water, but it is impossible under the laws in operation to control the aridity of the arid lands, and to prevent the improvident use of water over which the general government has no control.

This should be done by a system which centralizes the reclamation of the entire territories from a common source of supply and the utilization of that supply; or the adoption of the suggestion of the commissioner of the general land office, that the lands in the direct control of the states for reclamation. He briefly mentions the

Difficulties between the Otos and Missouri which he states is a complicated one. No settlement has yet been agreed upon.

In speaking of the decision of his predecessors that the eastern terminus of the Northern Pacific Railway Co. has been fixed at Duluth, he states that the effect of this decision was to exclude from the land grant of the company all lands lying east of that city. Prior to the adoption of this decision, the land grant of Duluth had been appropriated by settlers and paid at the double minimum rate of \$2.50 per acre, upon the assumption that they fell within the limits of the company's grant, and therefore within the operation of section 2,332 of the Revised Statutes.

After the Promulgation of These Decisions.

Numerous applications were made by persons who had paid the double minimum price for lands to have the excess of \$1.25 per acre refunded, pursuant to the provisions of the act of July 1, 1882.

Inasmuch as the railroad company had never acquiesced in the decision of the department, all such applications have been refused, and it is now being east of Duluth, he states that the effect of this decision was to exclude from the land grant of the company all lands lying east of that city. Prior to the adoption of this decision, the land grant of Duluth had been appropriated by settlers and paid at the double minimum rate of \$2.50 per acre, upon the assumption that they fell within the limits of the company's grant, and therefore within the operation of section 2,332 of the Revised Statutes.

The director recommends that authority be given the secretary to have experiments made to determine the best means of preventing the counterfeiting of silver coinage. At the prevailing price of silver, the difference between the bullion and the nominal value of our silver coins is about 100 per cent, and this constitutes a great temptation for the stamping of such coins by unscrupulous persons, affording them an opportunity to place in circulation counterfeit silver coins at about 100 per cent. profit as good as those stamped by the mints, and which cannot be distinguished from them, even by experts.

THE WORLD'S COINAGE.

Report of Director of the Mint Preston—An Important Recommendation.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The report of R. E. Preston, the director of the mint, shows in elaborate details the operations of the mints and assay offices during the fiscal year 1896, together with statistics of foreign countries, relative to the production, coinage and monetary conditions of each. The total coinage of gold and silver by the various countries of the world was as follows:

Gold, \$281,087,438; silver, \$121,610,219. Total, \$402,697,657. The total metallic stock and uncovered paper in the world was estimated, on January 1, 1896, to be \$10,938,800,000.

The director recommends that authority be given the secretary to have experiments made to determine the best means of preventing the counterfeiting of silver coinage. At the prevailing price of silver, the difference between the bullion and the nominal value of our silver coins is about 100 per cent, and this constitutes a great temptation for the stamping of such coins by unscrupulous persons, affording them an opportunity to place in circulation counterfeit silver coins at about 100 per cent. profit as good as those stamped by the mints, and which cannot be distinguished from them, even by experts.

MONEY FOR PENSIONS.

The Appropriation for the Next Fiscal Year Will be Fully \$140,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The appropriation for pensions for the next fiscal year will not be less than \$140,000,000, and it may exceed that sum. The subcommittee of the house appropriations committee, which is now drafting the measure, find that the most rigid economy will not enable them to reduce the amount necessary for the maintenance of the pension offices beyond the sum of \$50,000 in the appropriation for fees for examining surgeons. This saving will result not from reducing the fees, but because a surplus to that amount will remain unexpended from this year's appropriations.

The bill will be reported to the full committee to-day or Monday and will be placed on the house calendar with the executive and legislative bill next week.

IMPORTANT ISSUES INVOLVED

In a Series of Suits Just Begun at Wichita, Kas.

WICHITA, Kas., Dec. 5.—In the district court Thursday, the Anglo-American Land Mortgage and Agency Co., an English corporation, which owns a great deal of Lombard securities, begun suit against the Lombard Investment Co., of Kansas City, for \$200,000. The suit is the beginning of numerous suits against eastern stockholders of the latter company, and is attracting much attention because of the important issues involved. Eastern courts have held that the double liability which is imposed by the laws of this state upon corporations and stockholders applies with equal force to corporations and stockholders outside of the state. Both sides to the contest charge fraud.

Assigned.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Dec. 5.—The Rock City Falls Paper Co., doing business at Rock City Falls, this county, has made a general assignment. The company employed about fifty people, all of whom will be thrown out of employment.

Burned Without Insurance.

BANGOR, Me., Dec. 5.—Half a dozen small stores, a flat house and the post office at East Corinth, were burned yesterday. Loss, \$10,000; no insurance.

THE WAR IN CUBA.

The Movements of Gen. Weyler Still a Mystery—Many Rumors Regarding Gen. Maceo—Several Minor Engagements Reported in Which the Rebels are Said to Have Been Worst—Decision Against American.

HAVANA, Dec. 4.—The people of Havana are still in the dark so far as the movements of Gen. Weyler are concerned. If the authorities have heard anything definite from him since he went into camp near Los Palacios they are keeping their information to themselves. They state that they are ignorant of his present position, but that they know he is carrying out in detail the plan of campaign prepared before he left Havana.

Rumors regarding Maceo are many but little attention is paid to them. The only definite news from the province of Pinar del Rio is that the commands of Generals Melgizo and Incian have had encounters with the rebels.

The fight in the Gobernadora hills yesterday, mention of which was made in these dispatches last night, was between Gen. Incian's command and a band of rebels. No details of the engagement have been made public and it is not known which side was victorious.

SOLDIERS' HOME OFFICIALS

To Be Presented in Iowa for Violation of a United States Statute in Regard to Pensions and Pensioners.

DES MOINES, Dec. 5.—C. D. Fulton, federal attorney for the southern district of Iowa, announces that he will, next week, swear out warrants for the arrest of the commandant and trustees of the soldiers' home at Marshalltown for violations of federal statutes for the protection of pensioners. They will be charged with the violation of sections 4747 to 4749, Revised Statutes.

Two years ago a law was adopted requiring that all pensioners pay the home their pensions in excess of \$4 per month. The inmates took the matter to court, and the Marshall county court held against the rule. The supreme court reversed this, and the rule is now being enforced, the money raised being turned over to the support fund of the institution.

Attorney Fulton has discovered that the rule seems to be in violation of the statutes referred to, which make it a misdemeanor, punishable by fine and imprisonment, to hold or attempt to enforce any lien against a pensioner.

The rule in Iowa prevails in the homes of several other states, and if the court decides against the Iowa institution, it will apply to all alike. The only exception made by the federal statute is in the case of the national soldiers' and sailors' homes, which are allowed to hold in trust for pensioners all their pensions above five dollars per month, to be turned over to them at their discharge, or to their heirs in case of death; no part of it can be confiscated.

RUMORS OF A BATTLE

Between Weyler's Vanguard and Some of Gen. Maceo's Forces.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—A Times special from Tampa, Fla., says: Passengers who arrived from Havana Thursday evening report that a fight has taken place between the vanguard of Weyler's army and some of Maceo's men, a large force on each side being engaged. While no details are known, it was learned that the Spanish army did not come off with flying colors, and it is thought in Havana that Maceo has gained a victory, though to what extent it is impossible to say.

The palace people seemed more than usually vigilant and active Thursday, carrying out the impression gained by outsiders that something had been heard from the front. Over 200 sick and wounded Spanish soldiers were brought into the city hospitals Thursday from near Mariel and San Cristobal.

It is reported in Havana that Weyler has lost two railroad trains from dynamite explosions, losing much needed army supplies for his men that had been sent from Havana. Fifty persons arrested the past week were deported Thursday, their future residence being a mystery, though Africa is supposed to be the point of destination of the ship.

The rumors about regarding an attack on Havana by Gomez seem unfounded. From the best information obtainable, it is scattering guerilla bands who are hovering around Havana suburbs, ten to twenty miles out. These encounters are of daily occurrence almost.

SPANISH COMPLACENCY

That is Positively Amusing in the Face of Well-Known Facts.

HAVANA, Dec. 5.—The "Daily Comercio" has the following outlook for Cuban affairs and the attitude of foreign governments towards the question:

"Spain, during two years, has treated the rebels and their accomplices like gentlemen. We have made sincere protests, full of dignity, to the United States against their jingoism, calumniating Spain and calling us bloody tigers in spite of the noble conduct of the army toward the Cubans. These proceedings and the language of the press are reflections upon the Yankees."

The Comercio protests against the insulting and Spanish attitude of the American press and its favorable attitude toward the insurgents, and says: "Spain has gained no consideration through diplomacy, and must in future depend upon material force to command respect for its rights. Time has shown this and teaches us to sharpen our nails for the fray."

The paper criticizes the inconsistency and vacillating policy of the New York newspapers and of the London Times, and says:

"Americans are totally incapable of good faith, and it is time the Spaniards were convinced that only the army and navy will avail to settle the question. We suggest that a restored Spanish fleet and 300,000 men will be able to go anywhere."

Fears of Famine in Cuba.

MADRID, Dec. 5.—A dispatch from Havana to the Imparcial says that the local newspapers there are urging the necessity for carrying on farming operations in the island, otherwise a disastrous famine is inevitable.

In Aid of Struggling Cuba.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—The Daughters of Cuba opened a fair at Tuxedo hall, in this city, yesterday, to raise money for the relief of wounded and sick Cuban soldiers. There was a large attendance, with every promise of getting considerable money for the struggling Cubans.

Burned Without Insurance.

BANGOR, Me., Dec. 5.—Half a dozen small stores, a flat house and the post office at East Corinth, were burned yesterday. Loss, \$10,000; no insurance.

THE WAR IN CUBA.

The Movements of Gen. Weyler Still a Mystery—Many Rumors Regarding Gen. Maceo—Several Minor Engagements Reported in Which the Rebels are Said to Have Been Worst—Decision Against American.

HAVANA, Dec. 4.—The people of Havana are still in the dark so far as the movements of Gen. Weyler are concerned. If the authorities have heard anything definite from him since he went into camp near Los Palacios they are keeping their information to themselves. They state that they are ignorant of his present position, but that they know he is carrying out in detail the plan of campaign prepared before he left Havana.

Rumors regarding Maceo are many but little attention is paid to them. The only definite news from the province of Pinar del Rio is that the commands of Generals Melgizo and Incian have had encounters with the rebels.

The fight in the Gobernadora hills yesterday, mention of which was made in these dispatches last night, was between Gen. Incian's command and a band of rebels. No details of the engagement have been made public and it is not known which side was victorious.

SOLDIERS' HOME OFFICIALS

THE CHRONICLE

C. C. DUBOSE, Editor and Proprietor.
COLUMBIANA, DEC. 10, 1896.

It is painful to watch that struggle in Cuba.

MONTEGOMERY was covered with mud and glory on inauguration day.

MR. BRYAN will begin his series of fifty lectures, for which he is to receive \$50,000, on January 5, 1897, in Atlanta, Ga.

When people raise a hue and cry about lynching negroes who assault helpless women, we feel like extending the courtesy to the kickers.

The governor has reappointed Jno. H. Caldwell and M. L. Stansel trustees of the University and has appointed Wm. Richardson to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of R. B. Rhett.

TIMBERLAKE will have to take to tall timber when he gets back home, unless he comes down from his present position as head milliner of the state legislature. We are willing to bet a full page display ad against a three line local that Timberlake can't find the pocket in a woman's dress within three weeks from a given time.

It looks like a shame to see a big strapping fellow like Uncle Sam standing around with his hands in his pocket, whistling "The Star Spangled Banner," and bragging about the cute way in which he shook the society of big John Bull, while little Cuba is scrapping for dear life with Spain for the same thing that Uncle Sam got hot and licked Johnnie about. If Uncle Sam had the nerve that we always thought he had, we would hear something drop down about Cuba that would remind us of a soft squash slammed into the side of a barn.

The Chronicle believes in the soundness of democratic principles and policies, but it is not going to swear at the republicans until they break their promises of prosperity. We are going to give them a chance to perform all they have pledged themselves to perform, without frustrating or hindering their efforts by any harsh words of ours. We would not treat a yaller dog that way. We are going to lay right still and let the blamed galoots go ahead, and if they trot out a nice layout of assorted prosperity, as advertised, we won't do a thing but brag about it like the mischief and no questions asked. We believe in giving every party a chance to redeem its obligations in the coin of real performance. We are not going to howl hard times till they get harder than they were when the democratic party quit the nest. If the republicans hatch out a brood of prosperity with longer tails and better fighting qualities than the old democratic hen did, the Chronicle will be the first to call the people's attention to it. But we would be unkind if they try to work off any mellifluous eggs on us, labeled "good times." In that event we will arise in our awful might and make this republic tatter on its throne. We are not hard to please, but we won't stand any foolishness.

UNPARALLELED CALL.

We received one of those circulating "chains" the other day, with the usual request that we handle it carefully and not let it get broken. Also that we enclose a silver ten cent piece, with the names of three of our friends who would just love to give away a dime on any old thing and send it all back to Mr. Brown, of Bradford, Pa., and thereby help along a worthy cause and get our name embalmed in their memory like a happy dream. We don't want our name embalmed. It is not even dead. And even if it were dead, we would much prefer having it embalmed at the bottom of a big insurance policy, so our widow could marry the man she loves. We love our wife so well that we want her to be perfectly happy, even after we are laid away in the silent hereafter.

We wrote Mr. Brown as follows: My Dear Mr. Brown: I am sorry to have to break this chain. I am sorry for anything that gets broke, therefore I am most sorry for myself. But I would like to ask, as a matter of curiosity, why you are so infernally careless with your chains. It strikes me that they should not be sent about over the country, always imminently in danger of getting broken and causing you such enormous losses. You probably know your business, but it seems to me that if you incurred any great loss when one of your circulating chains got busted somewhere by some hard, unfeeling person, you would be more careful of them and keep them at home locked up in a casket with a padlock and a night watchman. I hate to see extravagance in any form, and the spectacle of your valuable chains leading a precarious existence in the mails and in the hands of people who have no respect for chains as a rule, unless they are gold chains with a watch tied to them, is harrowing in the extreme.

I am sorry that I have been referred to you as a man who takes an interest in chains. Your informant was probably the man who came through here several years ago, when I was quite young and irresponsible, and sold me a fountain pen for three dollars. I have led a different life since then. But the fact remains that I have no more respect for your chain than I have for a chained dog.

Sincerely trusting that you and your family are enjoying good health, and that your mother-in-law is not as robust as in former years, I beg to remain, as ever, &c.

THE OLD SONGS.

The songs my father sang were old.
But, O how sweetly tender,
And soft and low and brave and bold
They sound as I remember.

He sang the old and tender songs
Of love and war and story;
The song of him who feels and loves
For grand and martial glory.

And, O, his voice, 'twas sweeter far
Than fabled songs of angels,
Whenever he sang of love and war,
Of bravery and dangers.

'Twas like no sound that ever came
To my enchanted slumbers,
But sweeter far than songs of fame,
Of soft poetic numbers.

Then sing to me the songs of old,
So dear and sweet and tender,
And soft and low and brave and bold,
The old songs I remember.

—HENRY CARL HORNADY.

THE JAYVILLE JOSHER.

A Weekly Paper Published Just for Fun and Other Collateral.

Our esteemed fellow townsman, Johnnie Bloomfield, who used to be editor of the Josher, until we busted up his business by buying him out, is coming to the front as an orator. We are willing to give him credit for that much, although he couldn't get credit for a glass of beer at any saloon in town. He has at times been rather harsh on us, and at one time put out the erroneous assertion that we came into possession of the Josher by unfair and wholly arbitrary means. To use his own words "we tumbled into the Josher office one morning and broke up all the material, and wound up by throwing him out of the window into a barbed wire fence." Now, everybody in town knows that there isn't a barbed wire fence in the county. It is such statements as these that Bloomfield has been making that have kept us all the time at work informing the public of their entire falseness, instead of hitherto devoting our space and matchless genius to the work of supplying the news. But we do not feel badly over this. We never allow ourselves to feel badly. As soon as the feeling begins to come on we go down to the Spotted Alligator saloon, where we have a stand-off, and immediately proceed to quell all tendencies towards going off somewhere and weeping on the vest of a friend. We have been known to become absolutely happy in this way, notwithstanding the mean things Bloomfield said about us. But, as we stated before, we cherish no feelings of revenge regarding Johnnie, and now that he has become an orator that a much bigger town than Jayville might be proud of, we are not going to throw any bad eggs in his way, or in any manner cause him to feel that we are after him. In fact, we are going to do all we can for Johnnie. That is why we started out to write this article. We are going to give his speech in full, that not only those who heard his matchless eloquence may be his admirers, but the whole country, through the agency of the Josher, may acknowledge his forensic supremacy. There was a mass meeting of the citizens on Tuesday night to consider the matter of digging a bored well on the public square. It was at this meeting that Mr. Bloomfield came into prominence as an orator. Mr. Bloomfield spoke as follows, amid deafening applause and cries of "beer-beer!"

"Follow citizens: I want to state in the beginning that I am not a well bred man. Wells were never in my line at all, and I shall kill the man who attempts to saddle one on my premises. I am unalterably opposed to the infamous measure that a favored few are trying to inflict on an innocent and unsuspecting people. I shall strenuously oppose this measure that seeks to undermine the principles handed down to us by our fathers. Whoever says of them—those grand old heroes who now lie beneath the green sward, wrapped in eternal slumber and wooden overalls—that they ever surrendered to the vicious habit of digging artesian wells? I have heard my great uncle, who would now be several hundred years of age, had he not in a moment of mental aberration been induced by a strolling prohibitionist to taste of a gourd of water—I have heard him say many a time that that whiskey was good enough for him. Now, fellow citizens, if whiskey was good enough for my great uncle in those days when they only had the straight whiskey without any frills, why should we who live in an advanced age, and know how to mix a great many new drinks that were then unknown—why should we be hankering after bored wells? I ask you as a man who has a profound and everlasting reverence for the old customs and the old folks, why we should stoop to take a drink of water?"

In conclusion, I will say, with the immortal Patrick Henry, "give me whiskey, or give me beer!" (Wild applause, and Bloomfield taken on men's shoulders and carried about the hall.) Mr. Bloomfield will address the citizens in a few days on the subject of lynching. He will attempt to show up the fallacy of the argument advanced by some of the people that a man can be successfully lynched on a telegraph pole. He holds to the old custom of using a tree in all cases. Bloomfield is a stickler for the old customs. Come out.

The defunct patent medicine advertisements that appear in this week's issue of the Josher are no good. Our subscribers will please refrain from sending these concerns anything in the way of money, as the medicine has all been either sold out or the firms have busted since the cuts were first made. We use them this week to fill in a pious form, which was the result of a little altercation with Bill Corker, the lively stable man, in our office just as we were getting ready to put the forms on the press. Bill came in with a war whoop and a pair of six-

shooters and began to pepper up the office in fine style. But his aim was a little off if he was shooting at us, and we had to knock him down stairs with the door mat for fear he would hurt the office cat if he kept on shooting. In the small excitement incident to this little disturbance the office goat butted the local form off the stone and ran his broad intellectual forehead through the exhaustive account of the Smith-Stiggins wedding, and a lot of other local misfortunes that we had set up. If Bill comes back up here any more after he recovers from a broken nose and gets so he can sit down without using a feather bed for a cushion, we hope he will come in a little better practice than he was on this occasion. We don't want to have to bury our cat. Funerals cost too much to be pleasant.

In order to secure a large and constantly increasing subscription list before Christmas we will give away to every cash subscriber for the next three weeks a large crayon portrait of ourself or President McKinley, just as preferred. Some people say that we are better looking than the president, but that is a matter of taste, and you can have our broad, intellectual brow, or McKinley's handsome physiognomy, just as you like. We won't feel badly about it if you order Mack's. Now is the time to subscribe and be happy in the possession of a picture of a great man, along with a newspaper that is read by the nobility as well as the bourgeois.

We have a lot of spring poetry left over which we will sell to make room for the new stock now beginning to come in, at the low price of three cents per pound; reduced rates on carload lots. This poetry is nearly all written on both sides of the sheet, which renders it invaluable to the student who has to do chores. He can carry home a pound of steak wrapped up in this poetry and read as he runs. It is all good. The authors said so themselves.

We are going to leave the Josher in charge of the devil for one week before long, while we take a much needed hunt and fish over on the north side of Horn mountain. Our subscribers will please excuse any errors that may creep into that edition. Our devil slings a rather careless pen, but he says he doesn't believe there is anybody in the county who would wantonly lick a small boy like him for the little that he could say about them in just one issue.

HENRY CARL HORNADY.
THE CAMERA.

If the world was inhabited by only good men, how many political offices would be vacant?

It used to be the custom to say "God bless you" when a person sneezed. Now the one who sneezes says the other thing.

A man should not kick when told that he is on his last legs.

A bright fire, a good book, and a wife who doesn't love another man, are three things that I would like to have.

A good thing—the young lady Sunday school teacher.

The best man at a wedding is sometimes the worst man everywhere else. "Everything is coming my way," remarked the actor, as he dodged the decayed poultry-ware.

"People are giving me the cold shoulder now," said the lump of ice, as winter set in. "Yes, and they are making it devilish hot for me," replied the lump of coal.

If you love woman too well she gets disgusted; if you love her too little she gets mad. The blessings of a generation of men await the one who shows us the happy medium.

If killing time were a felony rope factories would prosper.

A train of thought is often derailed by an ass on the track.

A stationary engine makes as much noise as a moving locomotive.

A great many people in this country close the door in hot weather and leave it open in winter; and yet we are spending millions of dollars yearly for foreign missions. Twice-told tales are tedious, but they acquire an added gloom, not unmixed with that tired feeling, when told to the bill collector. A messenger boy may be slow, but he stays with the lightning just the same.

Gunns laughs at locksmiths, but the gunsmith is right in it when the old man arrives on the scene.

I look on every man as knowing his business until he interferes with mine. Hunting jail birds is one kind of sport that I never cared for.

We should not be too hard on the bigamist. The poor man has been sat on often enough.

"I will now take a change of air," remarked the bicyclist, as the rider got out the pump and began to work.

A woman said "yes" in a letter and mailed it before she changed her mind.

When introducing a new idea, don't give its full name unless it is patented. If I were a dead man I would regard it as highly insulting for a coroner's jury to sit on me.

Edison turned the X rays on the eyes of a blind girl. She saw his raise and went one better.

The "average man" is a world-beater.

—HENRY CARL HORNADY.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chills, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

McKINLEY IS ELECTED

And "They Say" Good Times Are Ahead!

Good enough. I've no objection to that—I refer to the good times; but if they come I am ready, yes more than ready. This is no joke, but is a cold, solid fact. I have a very large stock of goods this fall, the largest and most complete ever seen in Shelby county, and I can

Suit the Taste and Purse of Everybody.

THE LADIES

Should see our beautiful DRESS GOODS, magnificently beautiful (the goods and the ladies), ribbons in abundance and pretty--don't mention it--draperies, eiderdown. See our beautiful facinators and feather boas for the girls (pretty things). They should see all goods just mentioned, and a lot of candy, chewing gum and other nick-nacks bought especially for them.

THE MEN

Should inspect our CLOTHING department, Shoes, Hats, the latest and the cheapest, Furnishings, etc., to say nothing of the actual necessities which we have in almost endless variety.

THE BOYS AND GIRLS

Need my nobby and substantial Shoes, Hats, Caps, Hose and various and sundry small articles kept for their especial benefit.

COTTON AND CASH AT MY STORE

Mean GOODS THE BEST and Lots of Them For the Money.



FURNITURE, * BEST,

* OR THE CHEAPEST, *

EVERYTHING IN THIS LINE WILL GO AT
... ROCK BOTTOM FIGURES.

We have had a splendid trade so far this fall, but it looks now as though we had only gotten fairly started. Don't for a moment think of buying your fall bill until you see what I offer.

Bring me all your Cotton, also your Cotton Seed, for both of which I will pay the top market price.

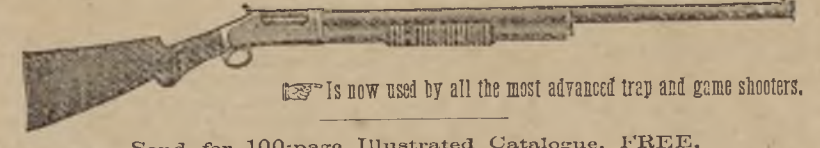
Yours for better times,

J. F. POPE.

Wilsonville, Alabama.

Everything that is NEWEST and BEST in
REPEATING RIFLES, SINGLE-SHOT RIFLES,
Shot-Guns, and Rifles.

ALL KINDS OF AMMUNITION,
ARE MADE BY THE
Winchester Repeating Arms Co.
OUR MODEL 1893 SHOT-GUN



Winchester Repeating Arms Co., New Haven, Conn.

ALL SORTS.

The fossil remains of a hog have been recently discovered in the "band lands" by an expedition led by Prof. J. E. Todd, state geologist of South Dakota, and are said to prove that the animal must have been as large as a medium-size elephant.

Inquiries as to the best preventives for hog cholera suggest the publication of the prescription recommended by Dr. Salmon, of the bureau of animal industry. It is: One part wood charcoal, one part sulphur, two parts sodium chloride (salt), two parts sodium bicarbonate (soda), two parts sodium hypophosphite, one part sodium sulphate, one part antimony sulphide. Pulverize and mix thoroughly. Dose, one tablespoonful for each 200 pound weight of hog once a day.

The picturesque gray moss which hangs from the trees of the south in great wisps is now an article of commerce. Within the last ten years it has been used extensively for packing by upholstering establishments. The demand has lately so increased that thousands of poor people in Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama make their living picking it off the trees and it forms a very important branch of business in New Orleans. It is most plentiful along the bayous and in the swamps, and the moss pickers with their flat bottomed boats are among the most picturesque sights of the south now.

A lady was telling us the other day in a very aggrieved manner about a little experience she had just had. She said she was walking across the street at a point where the street convicts were at work, one of them threw a big shovel full of mud in a puddle directly in front of her. The mud and water splashed all over her,

ruining a nice new cloak and a lot of other clothes the names of which have escaped us.

"Do you know what I would do to that man if I had that gang in charge?" we asked in a stern and angry tone of sympathy.

"No; what would you do?" the lady asked.

"Why, madam, I would discharge him on the spot."

We made our escape.

Condensed Testimony.

Chas. B. Hood, Broker and Manufacturer's Agent, Columbus, Ohio, certifies that Dr. King's New Discovery has no equal as a Cough remedy. J. D. Brown, Prop. St. James Hotel, Ft. Wayne, Ind., testifies that he was cured of a Cough of two years standing, caused by La Grippe, by Dr. King's New Discovery. B. F. Merrill, Baldwinville, Mass., says that he has used and recommended it and never knew it to fail and would rather have it than any doctor, because it always cures. Mrs. Hemming, 222 E. 25th St., Chicago, always keeps it at hand and has no fear of Cough, because it instantly relieves. For Trial Bottles at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO. Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C. for their \$150 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Closing Out Manufacturer's Cost

MY ENTIRE STOCK OF

CLOTHING, DRY GOODS!

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AND FURNISHING GOODS.

I mean to save you 33 1-3 cents on each dollar. I keep only the best selected stock of goods, THE LATEST DESIGNS the market produces. No shoddy goods—only brand new goods.

Everything I Sell is Absolutely Guaranteed by Me.

My prices are the cheapest in the State of Alabama.

I QUOTE YOU SOME OF MY PRICES:

\$ 3.00 Mens Wool Suits, now only.....	\$ 2.25	\$2.00 Mens oil grain Gaiter Shoes, now only.....	\$ 1.20
12.50 Mens fine Worsted Suits, now only 7.00		35c Childrens Shoes, now only.....	15
17.50 Mens French Clay Worsted Suits, now only.....	8.15	50c Misses Polkas, now only.....	25
1.30 Mens Wool Pants, now only.....	75	50c Ladies all-wool breakfast Shawls, now only.....	15
3.50 Mens fine wool Cassimere Pants, now only.....	1.50	45c Worsted all-wool filling now only.....	7
.75c Mens Jeans Pants, now only.....	35	45 yards Calico, in a bundle, only.....	30
1.25 Mens wool Jeans Pants, now only.....	75	20 yards Ducking, in a bundle, only.....	30
2.00 Mens Fur Hats, now only.....	95	25c Mens Suspenders, now only.....	5
.75c Boys Hats, now only.....	35	Anniston Sheetings.....	5
1.75 Mens Shoes, now only.....	1.25	Anniston Shirtings.....	4
1.25 Mens Shoes, now only.....	85	5c Good Cotton Checks, now only.....	34c
3.50 Mens Shoes, now only.....	2.00	25c Best table Oil Cloth, now only.....	15c
1.50 Mens Shoes, now only.....	1.00	12c solid colored Satteens, now only.....	74c
1.50 Mens calf Hogan Shoes, now only.....	95	10c fancy colored Satteens, now only.....	74c

—I ALSO KEEP A FINE LINE OF—

Men's Neckties and Silk Handkerchiefs,

Cologne, Ladies Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, a fine line of Dress Goods, Trimmings and Laces, and 1,000 other articles.

Tell your neighbors that you know of a place where you can save them 33 1-3 cents on each dollar, if they will spend their money with S. Stark, Shelby, Ala., and you will in return get their blessings. When you come to Shelby look at the sign marked in plain figures:

"CLOSING OUT AT COST!"

S. STARK,
SHELBY, ALABAMA.

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO. Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C. for their \$150 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Aloe Sassa -
Rhubarb Sassa -
Sassa Sassa -
Pineapple -
El Carbonado Soda -
Hemp Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

Fac-Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE
THAT THE
FAC-SIMILE
SIGNATURE
—OF—
Chas. H. Fletcher
IS ON THE
WRAPPER
OF EVERY
BOTTLE OF
CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
COLUMBIANA, DEC. 10, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year, \$1.00
One copy six months, .50

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS

Post Office
Mails close 11:07 a. m.
Trains close 11:37 a. m. and 3:28 p. m.
Mails open 1:30 p. m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 3:28 p. m.

Southern Railway.

NEW SCHEDULE.
No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 2:51 p. m.
No. 12, passenger, leaves going north, 11:54 a. m.
No. 63, local, leaves going south, 12:35 a. m.
No. 64, local, leaves going north, 12:35 p. m.

LOCAL VIVISCOPE.

Christmas goods, now opening at J. H. Hammond's Cash Store.

John Davis, of Avondale, is on a visit to friends here this week.

Mrs. Mary Parker spent Sunday and Monday with Montevallo relatives.

F. W. Lull, Esq., of Wetumpka, transacted legal business here yesterday.

Dr. Neill McMillan and Mrs. D. R. McMillan spent Tuesday with Shelby friends.

Miss Leila Parker returned yesterday from a three days' visit to friends in Calera.

Mrs. Kate Hendrix, of Munford, spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives here.

Harvey Nabors and family, of Longview, are on a visit to the family of E. W. Chapman.

Mrs. John Upshaw, of Talladega Springs, was a guest of Mrs. A. D. Wortham Sunday.

Mrs. M. A. Mooney, who has been visiting the family of E. W. Chapman, returned home Saturday.

E. W. Chapman left Monday for his former home, Loflin, Russell county, Ala., to be absent a week.

Mrs. John Edwards and little son Joe, of Childersburg, visited relatives here the first of the week.

Only two more weeks until Christmas. Why don't the merchants advertise their holiday goods?

Dr. F. D. DuRose passed through our city yesterday on his return home from a business visit to Selma.

Miss Mary Wagner left yesterday for Danville, Ala., where she will remain some time with relatives.

Flour in wood and sacks at 25 cents a barrel less than it now costs at J. H. Hammond's Cash Store.

Mrs. Martha Lee, of Pelham, is now a resident of Columbiana, and will live with her daughter, Mrs. A. W. Strickland.

Coffee at 7 pounds to the dollar. Also 5 pounds of Arbuckle's roasted coffee for one dollar at J. H. Hammond's Cash Store.

Frank Nelson, Jr., and little son Thea, accompanied by Miss Lucy Leeper, all of Anniston, came down yesterday to visit relatives here.

W. M. Calahan and wife returned yesterday from Virginia, where they were called by the illness of the former's father, who is still very low.

Mrs. J. W. Johnston returned from New Orleans Tuesday, where she visited her sister and mother. Her mother, Mrs. Armstrong, returned with her.

Mrs. H. Johnston, who has been here two or three weeks, under the treatment of Dr. H. I. Williams, left last week for her home in Abbeville, near Shelby.

Rev. T. K. Roberts left Saturday for Montgomery. He is very much improved in health, and his friends here wish him a speedy and permanent recovery.

A. M. Elliott has completed and moved into his large new livery barn. It is both commodious and conveniently arranged, and its proprietor is now strictly in it for all the business in sight.

J. K. Milner had his smiling countenance on exhibition here yesterday. He says that while he has not been able to do his house any great amount of good lately, he thinks he hasn't done it any harm. Perhaps so.

Captain H. C. Reynolds, president of the Montevallo Industrial school, passed through our city yesterday en route to Washington in the interest of his school. We hope he may be amply provided for by congress.

Messrs. T. L. Seale and James Milner have a drove of horses in town. Monday night one of their best horses fell in a well and was killed. It strikes us they could find less expensive material with which to fill up wells.

The young people of our city are hard at work getting up a dramatic entertainment to be given during the holidays. The proceeds are to be applied toward completing the Baptist church. They should be liberally encouraged.

A Card to the Public.

Having recently resigned the position of marshal of the city of Columbiana, I desire the public to know that on the day I handed in my resignation my books were thoroughly scrutinized and every dollar, yes, even every penny of money which passed through my hands was accounted for. I want this known as a simple matter of justice to myself.

JOHN T. CROWWELL.

BEAVERS-WALLACE.

Married, at the residence of the bride's father, Major W. W. Wallace, three miles north of Wilsonville, on Thursday night, Dec. 3, 1896, at 7:00 o'clock, by Rev. Dr. E. B. Teague, Mr. J. R. Beavers and Miss Sarah V. Wallace.

Mr. Beavers is a prominent young attorney of this place, and his charming wife was one of Wilsonville's fairest belles. The Chronicle joins their many friends in wishing for them a long and happy life.

Last Friday afternoon our town was taken completely by surprise by the announcement of the failure of Johnston & White. They were considered perfectly solvent, and their credit was A. 1. Their liabilities are \$12,000 and their assets \$20,000 or more. Poor collections was their sole trouble, as clearly appears from the above figures. Realizing fully the situation and being unable to force collections to meet their paper they made a voluntary assignment to L. D. Mason. It is believed by the firm that in a reasonable time their creditors will be paid dollar for dollar. The stock of goods is now being invoiced, and we can soon give the exact figures of assets and liabilities. We regret exceedingly that this firm has gone under, and we trust they may soon make satisfactory arrangements with their creditors and enter again into active business.

As our readers have noticed Mr. Henry Carr Hornady, one of the neatest, cleverest and withal the most original writers in Alabama, is a contributor to The Chronicle. To many of our patrons he needs no introduction as he was a resident of Shelby county several years, but to those unacquainted with him we say you will soon know and like him if you read his rich productions. He is no slouch as a humorist. If you think so read

the Jasher from week to week. Of course if your face is a yard long from having soured on the world and the inhabitants thereof, and you are incapable of a smile for fear you might not appear quite as sanctimonious as you would like, in that case his writings might appear too fresh for you. But to the average American (one of whom we are which) who is on the alert for all the fun he can find, Mr. Hornady will prove very entertaining. At any rate try him a whirl and be your own judge.

Yesterday afternoon Contractor Edwards informed us that the water works plant had been completed. In company with him we looked it over carefully and our opinion is that it is an unqualified success. It is the first and only water system we ever saw that was automatic and was supplied solely by gravitation. It is able to take care of itself without any assistance whatever. The water is piped from two springs on the mountain east of town, about a mile and a quarter, which are 116 feet higher than the base of the tower supporting the reservoir. The tower is forty feet high. The pressure is ample to throw a stream of water over any building in the town. The water is clear, pure, freestone, the finest and purest to be had anywhere. We are as proud of this plant as a child is of a new doll and we want to say of our own accord, without a suggestion or intimation from any one, that Mr. Edwards has not only fulfilled his contract to the letter, but he has done more. He has been even generous—a strange freak for a contractor. We congratulate him heartily on his success.

From Lewis and Four Mile.

Geo. W. Riddle has been very sick, but is convalescent.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Riddle attended services at Mt. Olive Saturday and Sunday.

J. S. Jackson's little son, McCoy, is quite sick, but hope he may recover.

Jap Ray, of near Wilsonville, spent Sunday in Lewis with his brother, J. R. Ray.

John Powell was in Vincent two or three days last week buying dry hides.

Died, at his home on Four Mile, December 1st, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Farr.

Miss Lula Milam, of Vincent, spent two weeks with her friend, Miss Jennie Hadaway, on Four Mile, returning home Sunday accompanied by Miss Hadaway.

B. R. Smith, of Weldon, spent a few days with relations in Lewis last week.

Wm S. McEwen spent Friday night with his sister, Mrs. Ida Jackson.

Fayette Ray has been quite sick for several days but is some better now.

John Hartsfield, who has been residing in Bessemer during the past year, has returned to his former home at Four Mile.

Wilsonville Waifs.

J. P. Pope went to Atlanta Monday to buy Christmas goods.

Miss Cora Smith, who has been teaching school at Maplesville, Ala., for some time, paid us a flying visit the latter part of last week and returned to her work Sunday.

Prof. J. B. Kilpatrick is now occupying his new "portable" dwelling. It is a perfect novelty.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Jackson, a 34 pound boy. It ain't got no teeth either, nor can't talk.

W. R. Smith and E. William/son went to Shelby Sunday to have their wool abstracted.

The minstrel troupe resigned their work in favor of the S. P. L. League, and the society is arranging a program for Christmas. The members are anticipating a pleasant and profitable undertaking. The society will meet Friday night, which will be the last meeting, except those who are given parts to practice, until after the entertainment.

The Sunday schools of Wilsonville have decided to have a Christmas "house," which will be different to anything we have ever had here. A short program will be prepared and we hope to have a house full of presents and a jolly up-to-date time.

Rev. Parrish, the new pastor of the M. E. church, arrived about 11:30 a. m., last Sunday, which was too late to fill the appointment that he had made a few days before. He preached an eloquent sermon at night. We trust that he will be pleased with his new field of labor and that much good may be done by his coming.

The S. P. L. League met at Mrs. S. A. Denler's Friday night. The Wilsonville Dispatch (a newspaper) was an entire success in every particular. It seemed to meet the hearty approval of all present.

WINTER.
She comes and finds the world so fair,
From autumn's pure and pleasant air;
She brings the cold unpleasant breeze
To all the lands to all the seas.

And then the winter days doth come,
They hide the brightest days of sun;
For days and nights with clouds o'ercast,
The rain, the snow falls thick and fast.

We have no cheering birds to sing,
The flowers all die from Jack frost's sting,
And nothing can revive these things
But golden days of lovely spring.

BOURGEOIS.
What's the matter with the English sparrows?—EDITOR.

Shelby County Matrimonial Bureau.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
J. R. Beavers and Miss Sarah V. Wallace.

F. W. Rogan and Miss E. B. Reynolds.

T. A. Niven and Miss L. C. Crane.

L. D. Horton and Miss J. Miller.

COLORED.
Ned Walker and Sallie Clark.

Newt. Thwatt and T. McCoy.

Harpersville Echoes.

They say that money is scarce.

That a good many of our farmers killed hogs last week.

That we have one of the best schools in the county.

That our young people are preparing for a grand entertainment on Wednesday night before Christmas.

That it is very probable that every vacant house in Harpersville will be occupied next year.

That a good many of our people attended meeting at Vincent Sunday.

That Mrs. Strock came over from East Lake last week to assist Prof. Stock in the school and the attendance now is somewhere between eighty and one hundred.

That if our young friend Tandy Key, of Vincent, will agree to treat to a dozen cigars Christmas I won't tell that he is seen down at Harpersville every day or two.

That the funniest thing that happened during the last campaign was the populists trying to fuse with the democrats and the boltercrats trying to fuse with the Mannacrats.

That the Presbyterians are speaking of having preaching at their church next year. They have been without a pastor seven or eight years, and there has not been any services of any kind held during that time.

That the colored Baptists bought two new stoves for their church last week.

That a drove of Tennessee horses paraded our streets several days last week.

That most of our farmers have sold their cotton and will plant a larger crop next year to buy more guano with.

That Dr. Sam Welch, of Alpine, was among his many friends here for a few hours one day last week. He was on his way home from Montgomery where he had been to see gallant Joe Johnston inaugurated governor.

That girls ought to throw their garters in the highways and hedges, for "aligators" are dangerous.

That Governor Oates made a splendid officer, and I believe that Governor Johnston will fill the place equally as well.

That a young lady was heard to ask, one day last week, what kind of coats those were that Messrs. Hubbard and Renfro were wearing. That they were very becoming to them, especially those large "bibbs."

That the Chronicle is always a welcome visitor to our fireside and for fear that these everlasting locals will find their way to the waste basket, I had better close until next week.

JAKE.

Resolutions of Regret on the Death of Brother A. A. Daniel.

WHEREAS, It has pleased God in his tender mercy and loving kindness to remove our beloved brother, A. A. Daniel, from his suffering here and transplant him in his heavenly mansion, therefore, be it

RESOLVED 1st, That in the death of our brother, the Sunday school of the Wilsonville Baptist church, has lost one of her brightest and most earnest workers and one who loved God's cause and filled the position of secretary with much credit.

RESOLVED 2nd, That we deeply deplore his death, at an age when his life seemed to be so full of promise; that the church has lost a conscientious member; that we murmur not at the will of our Heavenly Father, but bow in humble submission to His holy will, and live in expectation of meeting him in bright mansions above.

RESOLVED 3rd, That a copy of these resolutions be spread on our Sunday school records and a copy be also sent to the family of the deceased.

This Dec. 6th, 1896.

W. R. SMITH,
J. C. JACKSON, JR.,
MISS MARY BOLIN,
Committee.

TIMBER STEALING.

Alabama Mineral Land Company Making it Hot for Depredators.

The Alabama Mineral Land company, which owns much land in this county, is making it quite hot for those who steal timber from its lands. During this week one party was convicted of stealing tan bark from the company's land, and, after spending one night in jail, he paid \$49.00 fine and costs therefor; and another was convicted of stealing timber to make charcoal, and he was assessed \$37.00, fine and costs, a rather high price for the timber from about two acres.

It is an unusual thing for men to be convicted of timber theft, but the sentiment of the people seems to be changing, and ere long it is to be hoped that convictions for stealing timber will be as certain as for stealing a hog or a horse. People who own timber lands are entitled to the protection of the law as well as other people, and those who have been cutting timber for ties, saw logs or tan bark from other people's lands should realize that they have been stealing, and would do well to learn where the land lines are, and keep on land which they have bought. Ignorance of land lines does not excuse this offense, as some have paid dearly to learn.—Ex.

WINTER.
She comes and finds the world so fair,
From autumn's pure and pleasant air;
She brings the cold unpleasant breeze
To all the lands to all the seas.

And then the winter days doth come,
They hide the brightest days of sun;
For days and nights with clouds o'ercast,
The rain, the snow falls thick and fast.

We have no cheering birds to sing,
The flowers all die from Jack frost's sting,
And nothing can revive these things
But golden days of lovely spring.

BOURGEOIS.
What's the matter with the English sparrows?—EDITOR.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles. If you get a little row and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

NEW FIRM.

NEW PRICES!

Of course a few people know that we have gone into the drug business, but we want everybody to know it, and we also want them to know that

Our Prices Are 20 Per Cent Cheaper

than drugs were ever sold for before in Shelby county. We propose to put our prices down within the reach of all, and we are going to do the drug business if reasonable charges cut any figure.

Lots of New, Fresh Goods.

We have added largely to our stock recently, and it is our intention to keep every article likely to be called for. Our motto is "Live and Let Live." We don't want the earth, nor do we want all the land that "jines oun." All we want is a living profit. A purchase of us will prove our claims.

Hoping to merit your patronage we are
Yours to Serve,

J.E. SEALE & CO.

Seeing is Believing. *

NOT MUCH.

YOU see too many circus posters nowadays. And the public sees too many flashy advertisements. Nay, seeing is not believing. Goods are not sacrificed at half of manufacturing cost. No honest, reputable merchant can exist with such false business methods. A plated wedding ring may be sold cheaper than one of solid gold, but where is its value after the flimsy outer plating wears away. What sane man would buy such a one, and what thinking man will buy trashy, plated, shoddy goods.

We won't sell you cotton for wool nor jute for flax. The meaner sorts of merchandise we have no time to bother with; neither have you, if we judge you aright.

Clean, Honest, Reliable Goods at Lowest Prices!

is what intelligent buyers are looking for. We keep none other, and wish you to inspect our stock by the clear light of day. By this truth-telling light you can make your selections with the utmost satisfaction.

When you are ready come in and investigate our goods, view them in every light, make your own comparisons as to prices and qualities, and we will cheerfully accord you every facility.

We have anticipated your every want in our several departments. Your needs can be supplied in our store at our usual prices, which are always right. All we want or ask is that you look over our stock and get our prices before you purchase anywhere.

Yours for Business,

LESTER, MASON & CO.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

W. B. BROWNE,
BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

Notice No. 185111.
Notice for Publication.
LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA.
October 28, 1896.
Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court, at Columbiana, Ala., on December 18, 1896, viz: Henry N. Howard, Homestead entry, No. 25,443, for the 84 of sec. 1, sec. 8, 11, 21 & 34 of T. 4 N.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Harmon, William A. Harmon, William Henderson, James R. Bunn, all of Bond, Ala.
H. PURCELL,
Register.

Notice of Application to Sell Real Estate.
THE STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.
Probate Court, October 28, 1896.
Estate of Jno. T. Cromwell, deceased.
This day came J. L. Peters, administrator of said estate, and filed his application in due form and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain lands described therein and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of paying debts upon the ground that the personal property is insufficient for that purpose. It is ordered that the 14th day of December, 1896, be appointed a day for hearing said application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.
D. R. McMILLAN,
Judge of Probate.

Probate Notice.
STATE OF ALABAMA, SHELBY COUNTY.
Probate Court, Special Term; 30th day of November, 1896.
Estate of W. L. Dickerson, deceased.
This day came G. W. Moore, administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Wm. L. Dickerson, deceased, and filed his account, vouchers, evidences and statement for a final settlement of the same. It is ordered that the 14th day of January, 1897, be appointed a day for making such settlement at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.
D. R. McMILLAN,
Judge of Probate.

Send your name for a Souvenir of the Works of Eugene Field.
FIELD & FLOWERS
The Eugene Field Monument Souvenir
The most beautiful Art Production of the century. "A small bunch of the most fragrant of blossoms gathered from the broad acres of Eugene Field's 'Farm of Love.' Contains a copy of the most beautiful of the poems of Eugene Field. Handsomely illustrated by thirty-five of the world's greatest artists as their contribution to the monument fund. But for the noble contributions of the great artists this book could not have been manufactured for \$2.00. For sale at book stores, or sent prepaid on receipt of \$1.00. The love offering to the Child's Book League, published by the Committee to create a fund to build the Monument and to care for the family of the beloved poet.
Eugene Field Monument Souvenir Fund,
150 Monroe Street, Chicago, Ill.

RE-PUBLICATION
OF
Pickett's History of Alabama.
So many inquiries have been made for information of where copies of this work, by the late Col. Albert A. Pickett, could be had, and so many applications received for the purchase of the few remaining copies in the possession of the members of the family, both from this and other states, and the work has attracted such general interest, alike from the character and accuracy of its contents, that it has been determined to republish a limited edition of this valuable work, in improved form and perfect illustrations, and to offer it for sale at such a reasonable price that those desiring copies may, by becoming subscribers, procure them.
To the inhabitants of this State, Georgia, Mississippi and Florida, there is no work that can supply the place of Pickett's History of Alabama. The early history of the Southwest must ever remain a source of attractive and profitable study and entertainment to every scholar and public man.
A devotion of a lifetime of study and investigation, by the eminent author of this work, which the events were fresh in his practical scrutiny, has been rewarded by the ascertainment of the exact truth, and upon this history a value not always distinctive of such record.
This work is being printed by an Alabama establishment, and it is to be hoped that the limited edition of 3,000 copies will be all sold in this State. Every patriotic citizen should possess a copy, in order that the history of our State should be made familiar to all of its people.
The book will contain about 675 pages, in one volume, fully illustrated. Price \$3.00 per copy; and may be secured for delivery about September 20.
RANDOLPH PUBLISHING CO.,
No. 10 SOUTH BROADWAY,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
Liberal commission paid to good agent for Shelby county.
Subscriptions will be taken by the editor of the Chronicle for securing copies of this work, and a regular agent is secured for this county.

COSPER & ALFORD,
DEALERS IN
Furniture,
Carpets,
Trunks,
Coffins
and Caskets
—ALSO—
"NEW HOME" Sewing Machines,
CHILDERSBURG, ALA.

Scientific American
Agency for
PATENTS
CAVEATS,
TRADE MARKS,
DESIGN PATENTS,
RIGHTS, etc.
For information and free Handbook write to
MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.
Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the
Scientific American
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Scientific illustrations. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year; \$2.00 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York City.

Notice No. 185222.
Notice for Publication.
LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA.
November 2, 1896.
Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit court, at Columbiana, Ala., on December 10, 1896, viz: Terry F. Swindle, Homestead entry, No. 21,666, for the 84 of sec. 1, sec. 8 of T. 4 N. & 34 of E. 4 W.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: C. M. L. Fletcher, Elsie C. Miller, George W. Carter, James M. Baldwin, all of Weldon, Ala.
H. PURCELL,
Register.

Get Hood's Sarsaparilla

The Best—In fact the One True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy to take. 25 cents.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven, however, that it is a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hood's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., TOLEDO, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

YOUNG Medical Student (to charity patient)—"I think you must have a—a—some kind of a—a fever, but our class has only gone as far as convulsions. I'll come in a week when we get to fevers."

False Witnesses.

There are knaves now and then met with who represent certain local bilious and poisonous stimuli as identical with or possessing properties akin to those of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. These scamps only succeed in foisting their trashy compounds upon people unacquainted with the genuine article, which is as much their opposite as day is to night. Ask of any druggist for the grand remedy for malaria, dyspepsia, constipation, rheumatism and kidney trouble.

BAMBUKE—"I hear that Stimpson is dead. Did he leave his wife much?" Missah—"I suppose so. He always left her as much as he could while he was alive."—Boston Transcript.

FIRE STOPPED FREE AND PERMANENTLY CURED. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free \$2 trial bottle & treatise. DR. KLINE, 163 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

No METAPHYSICIAN over felt the deficiency of language so much as the grateful—Colon.

Ad. that have used Dr. Carlstedt's German Liver Medicines, recommend them highly.

A RIGHT state of heart cannot be maintained, without keeping a close watch on the tongue.—Ram's Horn.

FOR Whooping Cough, Piso's Cure is a successful remedy. M. P. DIERER, 67 Throop Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 14, '94.

True earnestness is wisdom warmed by love.—Chicago Standard.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with any families, and everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the only remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are not then needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

"Blight"

costs cotton planters more than five million dollars annually. This is an enormous waste, and can be prevented. Practical experiments at Alabama Experiment Station show conclusively that the use of

"Kainit"

will prevent that dreaded plant disease.

All about Potash—the results of its use by actual experiment on the best farms in the United States—is told in a little book which we publish and will gladly mail free to any farmer in America who will write for it.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.



OUR BUSINESS

IS TO...

MAKE FOLKS COMFORTABLE.

This Solid Oak Bed-Room Outfit Complete Consisting of one Dresser, one Bed, one Washstand, one Cotton Top Mattress, one Woven Wire Spring, two Case Seat Chairs, one Case Seat Rocker, one Center Table. Delivered, Freight Prepaid, to any point in Mississippi, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Arkansas and Kentucky, upon receipt of \$5.00 C.O.D.

FURNITURE & CARPETS. A. D. GIBSON & SONS, WHITE OAK MEMPHIS, TENN.

OPIUM HABIT DRUNKENNESS

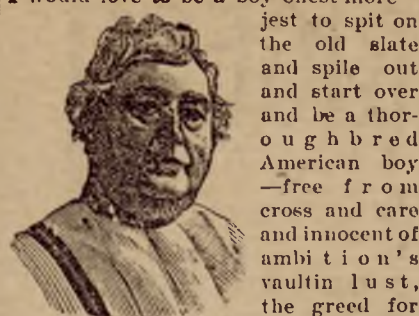
Cured by Dr. J. C. STEPHENSON, LEBANON, OHIO.

THE OLD SPRING.

Puts the Sage of Rocky Creek "In Mind" of Sundry Things.

Taking a "Tremendous Big Dost" of Fatherly "Chastisement"—The Old-Time Sweetheart—Fell Out and "Fit in a Dream."

Do you know, sometimes I think that I would love to be a boy once more—



—just to spit on the old slate and spill out and start over and be a thoroughbred American boy—free from crosses and care and innocent of ambition's vaulting lust, the greed for gain and gold and place and power—knowing nothing of the tumult and the strife, the toil and trials and struggles that come to all of us with man's estate. I do believe I would be happy to-night if I could but only turn round and go back once more to walk, with bounding step and bare feet and breeches rolled up, the windmill path that led us down under the hill where the old spring bubbled up and the wild flowers lifted their gay and bannered bosoms to the sun.

It Puts Him "In Mind."

Every time I return back to the old Panther Creek settlement—to the old home place where I was borned and bred and bring up—somehow my wanderer feet will tote me off down there to the old spring under the hill. A tremendous big change has come over the general appearance of everything around there—everything excepting the old spring. It is the same thing—then and now—henceforth and forever.

And it is plum marvelous, friends and fellow citizens, but there is nothing else in the round created world that puts me in mind of the dim and distant and dreamy past like the old spring down under the hill.

It puts me in mind of one time when me and Joe Nick Stringer had to stand up and take a large dose of fatherly chastisement. A gang of us boys had went possum hunting the night before and broke into old man Tom Jernigan's sugar cane patch. Sugar cane at home—plenty and to spare, you understand—but not much to do but we must break in way long in the dead hours of night and take something that didn't belong to us. Human nature was human then—like it always was to be and like it is still yet—and somehow old man Tom's sugar cane was a whole lot more softer and sweeter than any we could find at home. So, consequently, we went in and broke out with fifteen or twenty stalks, and then climbed up around the juice thereof and toted it off.

The next day Joe Nick he had come over to our house and me and him had slipped off down there to the spring to hold a private confabulation. But bless gracious the next news we got here come the paternal ancestor of your humble fellow servant and busted up the meetin'. He had heard the news in regards to the sugar cane crop, and he maintained that stealin' was stealin'. We found out that that it was all vanity and vexation of spirit to argify the case. Our time had come. We had to shed our coats and take the medicine, which it was particular hot stuff and a whole passel of it. It was then three or four days before I could tell for certain where it hurt me the worst, and Joe Nick he was troubled with the same complaint. Anyhow, I never go down to that old spring but what it puts me in mind of the time when me and Joe Nick Stringer had to balance accounts on the sugar cane crop.

That Old Sweetheart.

The old spring down under the hill—it likewise puts me in mind of the first sweetheart I ever had in this vain and fleetin' world below—which you recollect I have always held to it that the old-time sweethearts are the sweetest. And even unto this blessed day I can look down into them bubblin' waters and see the new sun bonnet, with pink llin and blue trimmin'—and the plain checkered dress, and the same similar face which I saw at the old spring down under the hill that day, when I kissed her for the first time, and hand in hand together we passed a joint resolution and loved to mix clothes for better or for worse, so long as we sought live. Years and years ago the wedding come to pass in pursuance of adjournment, but every time I see the old spring down under the hill it puts me in mind of heart leaves and honeysuckles, and the most loveliest, sweetest girl that ever run a reel or jumped a jig on the broad bosom of God's green earth.

A Little "Teckinallity."

The old spring down under the hill always puts me in mind of something tremendous funny which come to pass way back in my young and gallin' days, but in another settlement. It was way over there in the hill country, but at any rate the scandalization which followed was the old spring on the Hasseltine place.

It would seem like Wash Trammel and Miss Louisiana Hasseltine (flat-footed Lou, as us boys were wont to call her) had been playin' sweethearts, and courtin' and carryin' on to beat six bits. But all of a sudden like Wash he laid down his arms, as it were, and quit the fight. What next? Well, Miss Louisiana she went to court and put in heavy claims for damages, and took out papers of compellment to make Wash come to law. Then Wash he didn't do a blame thing but fight the case. Right now I can't remember all the wherefores and whenceness, but I recollect the same as if it was yesterday how Handy Stribblin' held his hand in a scrap with the judge and one of the lawyers.

It seems like Handy was on the witness stand and he wanted the lawyer to explain his questions. But the lawyer he wouldn't explain any to speak of.

"If the court please," he would say, "this is only a little legal technicality and the witness has nothing to do with it."

Now presently Handy give it in that he had saw Wash and Miss Louisiana down at the spring late one evening "lallagaggin' and carryin' on scandalous."

"What do you mean by lallagaggin' and carryin' on?" says the lawyer.

"Now judge," says Handy, "that is one of them little technicalities amongst us country folks and the lawyer ain't

got a dadblamed thing to do with it."

The crowd broke loose right there in the courthouse and laughed all over itself. The judge held that Handy was right about it, and so far as I know that little country "teckinallity" never has been explained.

They "Fit in a Dream."

One Sunday mornin' some two or three weeks ago old man Turner Simpkins and his wife showed over at Dark Log church—which their names, you understand, are written there—lookin' like they mought of rode a thrashin' machine through a cyclone.

The old man he had one arm in a sling and his face was scarred and scratched from Dan unto Habbersham, as it were, whilst one section of his whiskers had come up missin'. The old lady she was black and blue in spots as big as bed quilts so far as you could see, and she had all the general appearances of a female woman which had whipped her weight in wildcats.

To be certainly of course everybody wanted to know when and where the war had busted loose and what it was all about. The old lady didn't do any talkin' to speak of with her mouth, but the old man put in to explain the wherefores and the whences thereof, which you must remember explanations don't sometimes always explain.

"Me and Puss we had the gosh-byeest most a'traight dream the other night you ever heard tell of perhaps," says he. "I dreamt that I had went to the county fair and got into a scandalous bad fight with one of the Rankins boys 'n regards to a horse race, whilst Puss dreamt that she had met up with a felonious big wildcat down about the spring. So there we was in our dream—me a fightin' Puss for Newt Rankins and her a fightin' me for a wildcat. And there we had it—up and down and over and under—till presently the dogs they got to barkin' loud and furious and we woke up. When finally at last we did git woke and come to our senses there was Puss and there was me fightin' and scratchin' like 14 cats in one meal barrel. But we had jest simply got mixed up and fell out and fit in a dream."

News from the Settlement.

Old Misses Pepperfield has now fell out with the preacher and took her name off of the church books.

"The preacher preaches too many doctinal sermons, Rufus," says the old lady to me one day last week; "he preaches too everlastin' many doctinal sermons."

One of our old family niggers—John Sanders, colored person, married number, African gender—talked to me one way and voted the other in regards to congressmen. He was hangin' around the front door last night tryin' his level blametest to let a plug of my store-bought tobacco take up with him. When I hemmed him up in a corner on his vote he owned the corn. "Course I didn't raley vote for your man, Marse Rufus, but I knowed it would come out and count one for him anyhow in the general figgeration."

He got the plug of tobacco.

RUFUS SANDERS.

FAMOUS NATURAL CURIOSITY.

Vermont Has a Well Where Ice Forms at All Seasons.

One of the most famous natural curiosities in the United States—the wonderful "frozen well" at Brandon, Vt.—is the work of man played upon by a freak of nature. The well was dug in the year 1858 and has been a noted wonder since the first 15 feet of the excavation was made. It was started in gravel, which extended to a depth of ten feet, where a four-foot bed of sticky, yellow clay was encountered. After this clay stratum had been pierced and the total depth of the well was pronounced to be 14 feet a deposit of solidly frozen gravel was struck. Work which was done on the well during the next three or four weeks revealed the fact that this glacial deposit was exactly 15½ feet in thickness.

After the excavation had been extended through the frozen gravel a layer of sand (unfrozen) was revealed, and it was in this that water was found. A basin was then dug out (which gave the well a total depth of 25½ feet) and the hole was walled up. Since that time the water in this peculiar well has never been more nor less than two feet in depth, and this is always frozen over with a sheet of ice of greater or less thickness. During the summer of 1895 the temperature at the bottom of "Brandon's frozen well" was phenomenally low—so low in fact, that ice at one time formed to the depth of 22 inches on the two-foot sheet of water. At all times of the year there is ice from four to eight inches thick on the walls of the well, where they come in contact with the frozen stratum.—St. Louis Republic.

Unexpected Greeting.

The gentle Elsie sat drowsily in the gloaming in the front room. She was very miserable, for on the previous night she had words with her own, and now she fears her haughty Harold will not call.

She hears a step, a ring, a voice she knows, and some one speaking to the servants in the hall.

She will not wait until a light is brought, but gently calls "come in!"

The visitor enters, and, with a sigh of awful volume, the fair Elsie casts herself into his arms, and softly murmurs:

"Oh, my darling, I am so glad you have come! I have so wanted to make it up and settle."

And he of the embrace remarked:

"Well, miss, it's very nice of you, and I'm very glad, too, that you're going to settle up at last."

It was the gas collector.—Spare Moments.

Seemed Reasonable to Him.

"I am just tired to death," began Mrs. Whimper.

"I am not surprised at all," said her husband.

"Why should you be?" asked the lady, tartly.

"As I said before, I ain't. Some people might be surprised at your continuing to talk after you are dead, but I am not."—Indianapolis Journal.

How a Lobster Uses His Legs.

The lobster's legs, all told, are ten in number, but only eight of these are largely used for walking. The front pair, or big claws, have been specialized, as in the crab and most other of the higher crustaceans, into prehensile organs for catching and crushing the prey. Their use is obvious.—Chicago Tribune.

AN ENTHUSIASTIC GOVERNOR.

He Evidently Believes in the Natural Advantages of His Own State.

"Nowhere in all the republic can more prolific response be had from the soil to the intelligent cultivation of man. Nowhere can purer water, a more genial climate, or summer skies be found to bless contented homes."

These words were spoken of Alabama by her enthusiastic governor, Joseph E. Johnston, in his recent inaugural address, and one not living there, is tempted to believe it all when that one follows Gov. Johnston as he enumerates the resources and capabilities of his state:

"With an area of but little more than 50,000 square miles," says Mr. Johnston, "there is no territory of like size in the known world so prolific in the variety of its resources; were a wall erected around our state, cutting off all access, we could produce within our borders everything necessary for the comfort or convenience of man. Great veins of iron ore and seams of coal put at our command almost boundless resources in fuel, iron and steel. Splendid forests of yellow pine here stand ready to build homes for millions of people. Building stone and marble, fire clay, kaolin and lime exist in great abundance; walnut, maple, oak, cherry, ash and other hard woods, await the hand of man for manufacture or the adornment of his homes."

"In the production of pig iron we take rank as the fourth state in the union; in iron ore, third; in coal we stand fifth; in the production of cotton, fourth, and in its manufacture, fourth."

"In lumber we are near the head of the list."

"It would be unjust should I fail to include in our minerals copper, lead, graphite, marl and gold; indeed the only mineral that we seem to be without and to want most is silver."

"Leaving forest and mine and coming to our fields we find that they produce generously cotton, corn, wheat, rye, oats, tobacco, rice and the grasses, and here is the home of the pear, the peach, the grape and all small fruits. Vegetables are grown with great success, and this industry is steadily developing."

Our splendid rivers, the Alabama, Coosa, Tallapoosa, Warrior, Cahaba, Highbee and the Tennessee are the liquid arteries of the commonwealth, fed by innumerable creeks, all fruitful in power to convert our raw products into articles of merchandise.

"Over 3,000 miles of railroads traverse our state from north to south, and east to west, furnishing quick transportation to market for our products."

"When we come to our climate we find that the Giver of all good things has not stayed His hand, and that He has blessed us with opportunity to labor 12 months in the year without detriment to health or comfort. Indeed, we can scarcely appreciate the blessings we enjoy in this respect when compared with less favored regions, for even now we are seemingly unconscious that roses are blooming in our gardens, and the fragrant air is sweet with their perfume."

"The Piedmont region of our state shows that its average thermometer in summer and winter corresponds almost exactly with that of Berlin and Hamburg, whilst Mobile and the lower part of the state correspond largely with the climate of Frankfort-on-the-Main, and Karlsruhe. The average temperature for the whole state shows about 40 degrees Fahrenheit for January, 75 for July and 60 degrees for April and October."

"Our streams abound in fish, our woods are fragrant with flowers, and our beautiful seaport supplies an abundance of fish and oysters for all our people. Nowhere in all the republic can more prolific response be had from the soil to the intelligent cultivation of man. Nowhere can purer water, a more genial climate or sunnier skies be found to bless contented homes."

"These are our opportunities, these the substantial groundwork upon which a great commonwealth can be erected."

Of course all of this was not said without a direct object, and continuing he pointed the way in which his dream of a great commonwealth could be realized. This for citizens of the state, both actual and prospective. We wonder if the same, or similar, wise things might not be said of many another state, highly favored by natural resources and dormant wealth, of our great union.

"This is the age of industrial development, and to that task the legislator and citizen should bend their energies and weary not in well doing. When we consider that we are now cultivating and utilizing less than one-third of these resources, and that the other two-thirds produce taxes only, it behooves us to invite to our borders and give generous welcome to men and money to aid in awakening these dormant resources."

"Our pig iron should be melted and our cotton spun and woven at home, thus giving greater employment to labor and establishing home markets for our agricultural products."

"The smoke of our factories should be found rising in every county, and the furnaces like pillars of fire, should light the night."

"The production of grasses and the raising of cattle should be stimulated until we become one of the great beef raising states of the union."

"There seems to be no good reason why our productive lands should not become a great center for the manufacture of beet sugar, and by its exportation to sister states and further store to an increasing income; canning establishments should utilize fruits and vegetables that now too often rot on our farms."

"Behind these splendid resources we have a patriotic and hospitable people, equal laws and an incorruptible judiciary securing to those who may come amongst us generous welcome and ample protection to life, liberty and property."

Why He Lost.

"Speaking of getting lost in the streets," said a man with the double chin, "I had an experience of that kind, and it defeated me in a political race."

"The opposition said you were drunk?"

"No. I was only two years old when it happened."

"Will you please explain?"

"I will. I was two years old; I got lost; a policeman took me to the station. Thirty years afterward the story was brought out that I had once been arrested as a vagrant right in my own town."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

NEWS OF THE WHEEL.

In Spain bull fighting on bicycles is becoming popular. Not long ago Carlos Rodriguez, a famous cyclist, and Senor Badilla, a famous pleanor, mounted on bicycles, tackled a bull in the arena in Madrid. The bull won—in a canter.

It is said that one well-known English wheeler has earned \$10,000 in prizes alone during the past seven months apart from the heavy retainer which he receives from the tire and bicycle manufacturers whose properties he uses.

It is claimed for the Boston Bicycle club that it is the oldest in the country. It was founded February 11, 1878, and is still in vigorous existence, with a membership of about 100 riders, despite its rule that none but riders of at least ten years' standing are eligible for election.

In order to give the 1897 models a thorough road test, one company has had 15 bicycles of next year's pattern on the road daily since August 3. They have been ridden each day, and the company reports that it is fully satisfied with the tests. During that time wherever minor defects were discovered they were corrected in a second lot of 15 bicycles, which were subjected to the same kind of testing.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured by No-To-Bac from your own druggist, who will guarantee a cure. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

This setting of a great home is like the setting of the sun. The brightness of our life is gone, shadows of the evening fall around us, and the world seems but a broader shadow.—Longfellow.

Doctor—"Now, what did your father and mother die off?" Applicant for Life Insurance—"Well, sir, I can't say as I exactly remember, but it wasn't anything serious."

When constipated and want quick relief, use Dr. Carlstedt's German Liver Medicines.

ONE MATHON—"Since I have been married I have taught my husband good taste." Another—"Really? It is a good thing for you that you did not teach him before you were married."—Tit-Bits.

The devil can meet eloquence without trouble, but he has never been able to stand before love.—Ram's Horn.

THE GENERAL MARKET.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 7.	
CATTLE—Best heaves.....	\$ 3 50 @ 5 00
Stockers.....	3 35 @ 3 95
Native cows.....	2 00 @ 3 40
HOGS—Choice to heavy.....	3 00 @ 3 30
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	91 @ 94
No. 2 hard.....	81 @ 82
CORN—No. 2 mixed.....	18½ @ 19
OATS—No. 2 mixed.....	15½ @ 16
RYE—No. 2.....	32 @ 33½
FLOUR—Patent, per sack.....	2 25 @ 2 35
Fancy.....	2 10 @ 2 20
HAY—Choice timothy.....	9 00 @ 9 25
Fancy prairie.....	6 00 @ 6 50
BRAX—(Sacked).....	31 @ 35
BUTTER—Choice creamery.....	21 @ 21½
CHEESE—Full cream.....	9½ @ 12½
EGGS—Choice.....	18 @ 18½
POTATOES.....	20 @ 22½

ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Native and shipping.....	4 00 @ 4 81
Texas.....	3 50 @ 3 80
HOGS—Heavy.....	3 00 @ 3 35
SHEEP—Fair to choice.....	2 50 @ 3 75
FLOUR—Choice.....	3 01 @ 3 10
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	92½ @ 91
CORN—No. 2 mixed.....	21 @ 21½
OATS—No. 2 mixed.....	23 @ 21
RYE—No. 2.....	32 @ 36
BUTTER—Creamery.....	18 @ 24½
LARD—Western mess.....	3 67½ @ 3 80
PORK.....	7 30 @ 7 45

CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Common to prime.....	4 20 @ 4 81
HOGS—Packing and shipping.....	3 00 @ 3 31
SHEEP—Fair to choice.....	3 00 @ 3 40
FLOUR—Winter wheat.....	4 60 @ 4 73
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	92 @ 91
CORN—No. 2.....	23 @ 23½
OATS—No. 2.....	18 @ 18½
RYE.....	42 @ 43
BUTTER—Creamery.....	15 @ 23
LARD.....	3 75 @ 4 15
PORK.....	6 85 @ 6 91

NEW YORK.	
CATTLE—Native Steers.....	4 10 @ 4 91
HOGS—Good to choice.....	3 80 @ 4 10
FLOUR—Good to Choice.....	3 75 @ 4 15
WHEAT—No. 2 red.....	90 @ 88
OATS—No. 2.....	20 @ 29½
BUTTER—Creamery.....	13 @ 24
PORK—Mess.....	8 25 @ 8 75

Eternal Vigilance.

"Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty." It is the price of everything worth having.

It is the price of life itself. A man needn't be always looking for danger, afraid that something will happen to him; but a wise man will form a habit of care about the important things of life.

It isn't half so much trouble to take care of yourself as it is not to. A man who follows regular, healthy habits, feels good all the time. Life is worth living to him. But a man who "don't want to bother" with taking care of himself has more pain and misery crowded into one day than a good healthy, hearty man who lives right would ever know of in a whole year.

When a man's stomach is out of order, and his digestion don't work; when his liver gets to be sluggish and won't clear the bile out of his blood, it is time for him to look out for himself. He gets no nourishment out of his food. His blood gets thicker and thicker with impurities. His nerves get irritated. He loses energy and fighting force.

He may say, "I can stand it. I will feel better to-morrow," but the chances are he will feel worse to-morrow and worse still next day. He ought to put himself right at once. He needs Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is made for just this condition. It rouses up the digestive and nutritive organs, and gives them power to extract from the food all the nutritious elements and transform them into rich, nourishing blood. It enables the liver to cleanse out all bilious impurities and put into the circulation an abundance of highly vitalized blood, full of life-giving red corpuscles which build up healthy flesh, muscular strength, and nerve-energy. It does not make flabby flesh. It is the only suitable tonic and strength-builder for corpulent people.

RHEUMATISM

HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, and PAINS generally, yield at once to the old reliable, tested remedy

..DUNCAN'S LINIMENT..

For COLIC IN HORSES and MULES It is a "Dead Shot." Ask your druggist for it. WEBB MANUFACTURING CO., PROPRIETORS, NASHVILLE, TENN.

WALL PAPER

ONE MILLION ROLLS. Full Glades will be sold BELOW COST! In sending for samples describe rooms to be papered. Send large sample books, to sell from, (by express) 25 cents each, representing \$5.00 of retail stock.

THE CHRONICLE

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, DEC. 17, 1896.

The poetising of springtime and the joys that then are ours.
And the man who runs the paper groweth sad.
And long for days so joyful when there'll be no birds or flowers
To run the man who runs the paper mad.
—H. C. H.

LI HUNG CHANG has ordered 10,000 tons of steel rails from a Pennsylvania firm.

THE CHRONICLE will wish its readers a merry Christmas and a happy New Year next week.

You have eight days now in which to think up something pleasant to do for somebody Christmas.

WHEN you are making up a list of Christmas presents try to crowd something substantial and unusual in it for somebody who is too poor to buy it for themselves.

LET the yule log shine on bright faces. Something done for the poor will make your old bald head glow cheerfully, and your heart will expand like an inflated cracker bag.

A PLANTER in Lowndes had a tenant on his place who made forty bales of cotton with two mules. That is pretty good cropping. Another man out in west Dallas made sixteen bales with a \$30 mustang pony.

The growth of this country's products in iron during the last decade has been enormous, Tennessee and Alabama leading in the South. In 1895 the production was over 9,000,000 tons and of those the South produced over 500,000.

A GOOD deed is always a source of pleasure to the doer, but Christmas is a mighty auspicious time for that sort of thing. Try to make some poor child happy on that day. Jesus loved the "little children" and we are Christians. Shall we forget that?

JOHN SHERMAN has served thirty-two years in the senate, longer than any other senator. Thomas H. Benton, of Missouri, and William R. King, of Alabama, were each members of the upper house thirty years. Justin S. Merrill, of Vermont, has been there three decades, too, and has just been re-elected for six more years. Mr. Sherman has two more years to serve.

ALABAMA should not be behind in the matter of a constitutional convention. With the progress and changed conditions of a state it is necessary to adapt our laws and customs to the new conditions. Alabama is fast emerging from any second place, and is forging to the front as a state of progress and push. She needs a new constitution, and the sooner she gets it the better it will be for her varied interests.

A NEGRO, claiming to be from Washington, D. C., and an agent of the pension bureau, is producing a stir among the negroes of Clarke county, Mississippi. He claims that all the negroes born in slavery are entitled to pensions, and that by paying him a small fee he will collect for them. The poor, ignorant negroes are being defrauded, yet they won't allow their deceiver to be arrested. He is holding meetings every night and all that can possibly raise the fee are having their names enrolled on his pension list.

THE DAILY LEDGER of Birmingham is on our table, and it is a genuine pleasure to peruse its pages. By the adoption of the type-setting machines by the daily papers of Birmingham a number of old printers and good newspaper men were thrown out of employment, and having families there to take care of, they joined forces and started the Ledger. It is a clean paper all through, and its matter is dished up to the public in a crisp, breezy style that is refreshing. Its editorials teem with good things. The Ledger deserves the support of the people and will undoubtedly receive it. Although only a few weeks old it has taken a lasting place in the Birmingham newspaper field, and it is still growing. We wish the Ledger all sorts of success.

WE have all read that beautiful poem of Byron's that tells of the rude awakening from the delights of the dance to the hard fact of sudden warfare. We are reminded of this poem when we read of the brilliant social functions that marked Weyler's return to Havana from the front. According to the dispatches he was accorded a grand ovation on his entrance into the city. People cheered and Weyler made a speech from the front steps of the palace. After that there was a reception at the palace. No doubt the Spanish sympathizers are having royal old sport in Havana, but one of these nights when the fiddler is yelling: "On with the dance; let joy be unconfined," there is going to come to the ears of the revelers a sudden sound as of distant thunder, growing deeper and stronger, and the men whose gallant leader went down before the leaden hail of Spanish oppression will be upon them with all the fury of righteous revenge. There will be hurrying and scurrying, hasty farewells, and a vision of legs disappearing over the back fence. There will be the sound of booming cannon to take the place of the palace string band; there will be the sound of musketry to succeed the rhythm of waltzing feet; there will be cries of anguish where a little while before were smiles of joy. Cubans, remember that

stricken form of your brave Maceo. Remember how he fell—fighting with you and for you. He is dead. Gather in the shattered tents and join the march. You are going to Havana. Weyler is there. "Cuba, libre."

THE CHAIR IS HIS'N.

Now that Governor Johnston has been inducted into office, and his long-cherished ambition has been satiated, a brief history of his manly struggle to that end will not be amiss.

Joe Johnston has yearned for the governor's chair for a long time. He frequented all the furniture stores in the state so persistently that the proprietors have more than once put detectives to watching him, thinking that he was a bold, bad burglar or a newly married man on the lookout for a nice little trundle bed or a baby carriage. They both act in the same suspicious manner, and we cannot blame the furniture dealers. But our Joe was not contemplating breaking in and running away with a suit of walnut furniture; neither was he standing around whistling up the necessary courage to go boldly in and ask to see the trundle bed or baby buggy. His whole mind and heart was set on finding a governor's chair. At many places he made inquiries with the utmost recklessness right in the teeth of the dealers as to whether they could accommodate him with that chair. Some of them told him scornfully that they were not dealing in second-hand, cast-off furniture, and asked him to go away. Some men would have been discouraged at these set-backs. But Joe Johnston never felt that way. He had his heart set on that chair, and he resolved that he would set other sections of his anatomy on it if it took all summer. He went about his task with a determination that was rock-ribbed and imperturbable. His ambition vaulted like a young steer. He was not the man to "flee away ambition" simply because by it the angels fell. He did not care particularly about the example of the angels. He wanted that chair, and he wanted it bad.

He was getting tired, O so tired, of roaming about the world with no governor's chair on which to sit and beat rest. His whole being seemed to yearn and stretch and reach out after it; for he had for long and dreary years been obliged to content himself with ordinary swag-back, merry-go-round bank chairs with cushions only two inches thick, and it was hard upon his gentle nature. There was always before him the vision of the governor's chair, and it never left him, even when excursion trains were run at reduced rates. That vision was as faithful as a dog. It stayed with him when all else seemed to have forsaken him. It constituted his sole delight, and he was never known to travel without it. It was as necessary to his happiness as a full house is to a man when his opponent has three of a kind.

That vision has become a stern reality—the chair is his'n.

THE JAYVILLE JOSHER.

A Weekly Paper, Published Just for Fun and Other Collateral.

There is going to be the smoothest little orator in the world right here in Jayville pretty soon. Bloomfield is going to be he. The sensation he created on the bored well question had hardly died out before he came into prominence in this town again. Bloomfield is getting to be one of the swiftest off-hand public speakers on the stump today. The people used to tell him when he was in the newspaper business that he was on the fence. He wishes us to state to the public now that he has crawled down from the fence and is now adorning the stump. Last night his matchless forensic powers were again called into movement, and he startled the citizens considerably. The event was the grand opening of the new Jayville hotel. Bloomfield was on hand early and left next day. After he had imbibed champagne and raw oysters for about three hours the crowd called on him for speech. He arose slowly and addressed the assemblage as follows:

Ladies and gentlemen: On occasions of this variety a man ought to be excused from making a speech, because he cannot be expected to do as well as he could if he had not entwined himself about the affections of three or four kegs of champagne and did not feel real live, frisky little oysters wandering lonesomely around in the different avenues of his system. He should be excused when it can be seen with the nude eye that he is very busily occupied looking after a cute little menagerie in full sway all right in his own person. But I never was a man to kick on the demands of the public. I think my record as a newspaper man will show that I was always ready to respond to the call of duty to the party.

I have attended many social functions in bigger and sweller towns than Jayville. I have sat at feasts on the right hand of many eminent men at different times. I have conversed freely at such times with circuit judges. I have listened to the sparkling wit of deputy sheriffs, jailers and constables who had risen high in their chosen profession. At bounteous boards where effervescent beverages foamed amid brilliant men and women I have often had the pleasure of gracefully tendering my napkin to famous poets and authors who had absent-blowed their nose on their own. In the drawing rooms of great houses whose hospitality I have enjoyed, I have often borrowed a chew of tobacco of the host, and spit on the great brass fire dogs with perfect freedom and abandon, while the band behind the bushes played delicious music and all my soul was lifted within

me. I have basked in the smiles of the great ladies of the land—daughters and wives of wholesale grocers and commission merchants, head hoppers in great breweries, assistant train masters of railroads forty miles long, and others of equal eminence in the social swim. I have stood by silver fountains as the band played on and listened to the soft swish-splash of the sparkling water, while the moon shone clear and high and the voice of love came low and sweet to my ear. I have wandered through aviaries where the birds sang the plaintive songs of their native wood, and through conservatories filled with the rarest flowers. All this I have done, as the band still played on and on. That was probably the only tune the band knew at the time.

But I will take this occasion to state that never before have I drank as good booze and wobbled around under a greater pressure of joy than on the present occasion. Never in my eventful and chequered career have I sat down to a board at whose bounty lushed more eminent men, grander citizens or lovelier women than right here on this board. Never have I been accorded a more magnificent hospitality. Our host is a prince; and I don't mind letting him know now that I have entirely forgotten that little controversy we had last week with a couple of guns. Instead of one or the other of our noble forms being laid in the silent tomb, we have decided to simply bury the hatchet, with appropriate ceremonies, and let ourselves remain. I am glad tonight that I remained. I would have missed the most pleasant event of my life had the load of slugs that bulged out the barrel of my friend's gun penetrated my system at that time. I feel a great gratitude rising in my breast when I reflect that the half bushel of pot metal and soft solder that hung over the precipice of my own weapon at that time, from some unknown cause went wide of its mark and did no more serious harm than breaking two or three legs of an orphan boy who was passing. For the inaccuracy of our respective aim and the plenteousness of tonight's delights he has my sincere and unmitigated gratitude. This was considered a masterly effort on the part of Bloomfield, and he is now being mentioned for a position as justice of the peace in beat three.

There is a pretty mess down at Sam Gilmore's as we go to press. We dropped in there a few minutes ago and found Sam lying in one corner of the room too drunk to be interviewed. The kitchen stove was piled up where Sam had playfully kicked it over; the three chairs were tangled up in a lot of bedclothes on the floor, with the pet goat on top of them with one horn broken off and his front teeth falling out. Tin plates, coffee pots and sardine cans were sprinkled about over the place quite recklessly, and the cat was perched up on a rafters with her back up about something. Sam's wife was not there; neither were the children. We noticed some back hair and a set of false teeth clinging to an overturned and broken molasses jug, and judge that the poor woman left in rather a hurry without waiting to pack the band box. We suppose she has gone to maw. Gilmore ought to be ashamed of himself. No self-respecting man would act like that.

Felix Carter's joke of young steers ran away last Saturday and smashed the wagon up unmercifully. The load of cross-ties were distributed impartially along the street. That part of the population who did not witness the runaway came out later and thought that a new railroad was about to be built right through town. That old antiquated, broken down fossil, Josh Pegram, had a petition up before the mayor in less than an hour, praying that further work of building the road be stopped till he could find out whether or not it would increase the value of his little 3x2 lot over the creek, on which his wife has been paying the taxes for three years by taking in washing. Carter's steers when last seen were still clearing off a right-of-way and headed straight for the frozen north.

A strolling phonograph came to town Saturday. Old lady Simmons, the noted revival shouter and man tamer, walked up in front of it and began to talk. The phonograph gave a gasp and fell all to pieces in less than a minute.

George Logan, a valued subscriber, of Pang Creek settlement, sent us a wild cat last week as a mark of affection. The marks are on us yet.

Slosh Dickson is critically ill at his home. A man shot him yesterday.

The devil has got the measles. HENRY CARL HORNADY.

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son and nephew, Charles, had contracted Malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors who finally gave him up, saying: "Your son won't live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery, and knows it to be the best in the world for Lung trouble, Trial Bottles Free at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

Toys, toys of every description at J. M. Spencer's.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve for the cure of Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Eczema, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by Parker & Armstrong.

McKINLEY IS ELECTED
And "They Say" Good Times Are Ahead!
Good enough. I've no objection to that—I refer to the good times; but if they come I am ready, yes more than ready. This is no joke, but is a cold, solid fact. I have a very large stock of goods this fall, the largest and most complete ever seen in Shelby county, and I can
Suit the Taste and Purse of Everybody.

THE LADIES

Should see our beautiful DRESS GOODS, magnificently beautiful (the goods and the ladies), ribbons in abundance and pretty--don't mention it--draperies, eiderdown. See our beautiful facinators and feather boas for the girls (pretty things). They should see all goods just mentioned, and a lot of candy, chewing gum and other nick-nacks bought especially for them.

THE MEN

Should inspect our CLOTHING department, Shoes, Hats, the latest and the cheapest, Furnishings, etc., to say nothing of the actual necessities which we have in almost endless variety.

THE BOYS AND GIRLS

Need my nobby and substantial Shoes, Hats, Caps, Hose and various and sundry small articles kept for their especial benefit.

COTTON AND CASH AT MY STORE
Mean GOODS THE BEST and Lots of Them For the Money.
FURNITURE. * BEST, *
* OR THE CHEAPEST. *
EVERYTHING IN THIS LINE WILL GO AT
ROCK BOTTOM FIGURES.

We have had a splendid trade so far this fall, but it looks now as though we had only gotten fairly started. Don't for a moment think of buying your fall bill until you see what I offer.
Bring me all your Cotton, also your Cotton Seed, for both of which I will pay the top market price.
Yours for better times,
J. F. POPE,
Wilsonville, Alabama.

Everything that is NEWEST and BEST in
REPEATING RIFLES, REPEATING SHOT-GUNS, SINGLE-SHOT RIFLES,
ALL KINDS OF AMMUNITION,
Winchester Repeating Arms Co.
OUR MODEL 1893 SHOT-GUN
Is now used by all the most advanced trap and game shooters.
Send for 100-page Illustrated Catalogue, FREE.
Winchester Repeating Arms Co., New Haven, Conn.

I DREAMED OF YOU LAST NIGHT.
I dreamed of you last night;
I dreamed that you came to me
With the smile that I love to see,
And your eyes so dark and bright.
'Twas a wonderful dream, that dream,
And its memory haunts me still,
And I feel the same sweet thrill,
And the same eyes fondly gleam.
I thought that I lightly slept
On the shore of a placid stream,
And I dreamed that I had a dream
Of a face that o'er me wept.
I thought I awoke in pain,
And found on my cheek a tear;
'Twas an angel dropped it there—
Would the angel come again?
I sat in the dusk and gloom,
And dared not sleep again,
Lest the sweet face full of pain
Return when I could not see.
I dreamed that I waited there,
And my heart beat high and fast,
But the face came not, alas!
The face that was sad and fair.
But I sat there till the sky
Was ablaze with a million stars,
And then I saw Aurora's cars
Laden with morn came by.
A soft hand touched my brow,
And I heard a sweet voice say:
'My dear, get up and sleep all day;
Your breakfast is waiting now.'
—HENRY CARL HORNADY.
RICHES IN AN ENGINE.
An Inventor Perfects a Machine That Obviates the Crank Motion.
Hundreds of men have made steam and steam engineering a life study, but it has remained for a Sleepy Eye man to put into a practical working machine an idea that, although old, is yet so new that none of the thousands who have experimented with it have been able to work it.
Grant Bramble has recently received letters patent on a rotary engine which does away entirely with the crank motion of the steam engine. In the ordinary type of cylinder engines the steam enters at the end of the cylinder is cut off and used as expansion from the cut-off to the end of the stroke.
The Bramble rotary engine does away with the crank motion and uses its own plunger for a cut-off. The engine is steam tight and requires no packing. It can be either simple or compound. It weighs less and oc-

Closing Out Manufacturer's Cost
MY ENTIRE STOCK OF
CLOTHING, DRY GOODS!
BOOTS AND SHOES,
AND FURNISHING GOODS.

I mean to save you 33 1-3 cents on each dollar. I keep only the best selected stock of goods, THE LATEST DESIGNS the market produces. No shoddy goods—only brand new goods.
Everything I Sell is Absolutely Guaranteed by Me.
My prices are the cheapest in the State of Alabama.
I QUOTE YOU SOME OF MY PRICES:
\$ 5.00 Mens Wool Suits, now only \$ 3.25
12.50 Mens fine Worsteds Suits, now only 7.50
17.50 Mens French Clay Worsteds Suits, now only 8.15
1.50 Mens Wool Pants, now only .75
3.50 Mens fine wool Cassimere Pants, now only 1.50
7.50 Mens Jeans Pants, now only .35
1.25 Mens Wool Jeans Pants, now only .75
2.00 Mens Fur Hats, now only .95
7.50 Boys Hats, now only .35
50c Boys Hats, now only .25
1.75 Mens Shoes, now only 1.25
1.25 Mens Shoes, now only .85
3.50 Mens Shoes, now only 2.00
1.50 Mens Shoes, now only 1.00
1.50 Mens calf Brogan Shoes, now only .75
\$2.00 Mens oil grain Gaiter Shoes, now only \$ 1.20
35c Childrens Shoes, now only .15
50c Misses Polkas, now only .25
50c Ladies all-wool breakfast Shawls, now only .15
15c Worsteds all-wool filling now only .75
5c Calcees, now only .35
45 yards Calico, in a bundle, only .90
20 yards Ducking, in a bundle, only .50
25c Mens Suspenders, now only .50
Anniston Sheetings, .50
5c Good Cotton Checks, now only .35
25c best table Oil Cloth, now only .15c
12c solid colors, Satens, now only .75c
10c fancy colored Satens, now only .75c
I ALSO KEEP A FINE LINE OF
Men's Neckties and Silk Handkerchiefs,
Cologne, Ladies Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, a fine line of Dress Goods, Trimmings and Laces, and 1,000 other articles.
Tell your neighbors that you know of a place where you can save them 33 1-3 cents on each dollar, if they will spend their money with S. Stark, Shelby, Ala., and you will in return get their blessings. When you come to Shelby look at the sign marked in plain figures:
"CLOSING OUT AT COST!"
S. STARK,
SHELBY, ALABAMA.

Hope Hood's Sarsaparilla

With careful rotation of crops and liberal fertilizations, cotton lands will improve. The application of a proper fertilizer containing sufficient Potash often makes the difference between a profitable crop and failure. Use fertilizers containing not less than 3 to 4% Actual Potash.

Kainit is a complete specific against "Rust."

OPHIUM HABIT DRUNKENNESS AND ALL ITS EVILS CURED. DR. J. L. STEPHENS, LEANON, OHIO.

YUGATAN, KING OF GUMS.

The Same Old Sarsaparilla.

That's Ayer's. The same old sarsaparilla as it was made and sold 50 years ago. In the laboratory it is different. There modern appliances lend speed to skill and experience. But the sarsaparilla is the same old sarsaparilla that made the record—50 years of cures. Why don't we better it? Well, much in the condition of the Bishop and the raspberry. "Doubtless," he said, "God might have made a better berry. But doubtless, also, He never did." Why don't we better the sarsaparilla? We can't. We are using the same old plant that cured the Indians and the Spaniards. It has not been bettered. And once we make sarsaparilla compound out of sarsaparilla plant we see no way of improvement. Of course, if we were making some secret chemical compound, we might. But we're not. We're making the same old sarsaparilla to cure the same old diseases. You can tell it's the same old sarsaparilla because it works the same old cures. It's the sovereign blood purifier, and—it's Ayer's.

FREE BUTTONS An Elegant Button Given Away With Each Package of



DUKE CIGARETTES An Opportunity to make A COLLECTION OF BUTTONS WITHOUT COST.

Thousands of women are nervous, tired, have headache, sick stomach, fainting spells, dizziness, scanty or profuse menses, weak back, constipation, their sides, shoulders and limbs ache constantly—in fact, they suffer from general debility of the whole system. The superior tonic qualities of McFEE'S WINE OF CARDUI make it the leading remedy for this class of troubles.

L. D. Pangburn, New Virginia, Iowa, says: "My wife has suffered for years from general weakness, pain in top of head, back and neck—at times could not do her work. One bottle of McFEE'S WINE OF CARDUI has given her instant relief. The effect is wonderful."

How's This?
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out all obligations made by their firm. Warr & Thax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c, per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, he made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-Tobacco, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Free 400,000 cured. Buy No-Tobacco from your own druggist, who will guarantee a cure. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedies Co., Chicago or New York.

As soon as thought finds a body, it begins trying to move the world.—Rum's Horn.

Borne Down with Infirmities.
Aure finds its surest solace in the benignant tonic afforded by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which counteracts rheumatic and malarial tendencies, relieves growing inactivity of the kidneys, and is the finest remedy extant for disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. Nervousness, too, with which old people are very apt to be afflicted, is promptly relieved by it.

NOT ANSWERED YET.—Tommy—"How," says Mr. Flagg—"Well," "How can a solid fact leak out?"—Indianapolis Journal.

Firs stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free 2 trial bottle & treatise. Dr. Kline, 353 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Showing our best side to others will cause them to show their best side to us.—Rum's Horn.

The wise form right judgment of the present from the past.

ANNUAL MESSAGE.

How's This?
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out all obligations made by their firm. Warr & Thax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c, per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, he made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-Tobacco, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Free 400,000 cured. Buy No-Tobacco from your own druggist, who will guarantee a cure. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedies Co., Chicago or New York.

As soon as thought finds a body, it begins trying to move the world.—Rum's Horn.

Borne Down with Infirmities.
Aure finds its surest solace in the benignant tonic afforded by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which counteracts rheumatic and malarial tendencies, relieves growing inactivity of the kidneys, and is the finest remedy extant for disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. Nervousness, too, with which old people are very apt to be afflicted, is promptly relieved by it.

NOT ANSWERED YET.—Tommy—"How," says Mr. Flagg—"Well," "How can a solid fact leak out?"—Indianapolis Journal.

Firs stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free 2 trial bottle & treatise. Dr. Kline, 353 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Showing our best side to others will cause them to show their best side to us.—Rum's Horn.

The wise form right judgment of the present from the past.

THE TARIFF QUESTION.

I desire to recur to the statements elsewhere made concerning the government's receipts from the tariff. The tariff is the main source of revenue to the government, and upon some suggestions touching our present tariff law and its operation.

It is a matter of supreme importance. Considered as to its sufficiency in this aspect, the tariff is the main source of revenue to the government, and upon some suggestions touching our present tariff law and its operation.

Need Not Excite or Disturb Us. In the meantime no deficit has occurred or may occur need excite or disturb us.

Weakness and Vices of Our Present Method. This reference to the conditions and prospects of our revenue naturally suggests an allusion to the weakness and vices of our financial method.

Because we are enjoying a temporary relief from its depressing influence, this should not lead us to forget the suddenness of past visitations. I am more convinced than ever that we can have no security for our future unless we have government currency obligations upon which gold may be demanded from the treasury.

National Bank Notes. They should be allowed to issue circulation of the national bank notes, and the tax on their circulation should be reduced to one-fourth of one percent.

Trusts and Other Aggregations of Capital. Another topic to which our people rightly give a deep interest may be here briefly alluded. I refer to trusts and other large aggregations of capital, the object of which is to secure the monopoly of certain branches of trade, industry or commerce, and to stifle wholesome competition.

Exports of Farm Products. The secretary reports that the value of our exports of farm products during the last fiscal year amounted to \$70,000,000, an increase of \$17,000,000 over those of the year immediately preceding.

Gratuities Distribution of Seeds. In my opinion the gratuitous distribution of seeds by the department, as at present conducted, ought to be discontinued. No one can doubt the extravagance and questionable results of this practice.

THE WEATHER BUREAU.

The weather bureau, now attached to the department of agriculture, has continued to expand its usefulness and to improve its methods of forecasting the weather.

CIVIL-SERVICE REFORM.

A Cause for Congratulation. The progress made in civil-service reform has been a cause for congratulation.

There are now in the competitive classified service upward of 84,000 persons.

Inter-State Commerce. The interstate commerce commission has, during the last year, supplied abundant evidence of its usefulness and of the importance of the work committed to its charge.

Mormon Elders Expelled. Five Mormon elders have been chased out of Lawrence county, Mo., by a mob of 300 men.

Popular Young Man Killed. Will Coleman, a young business man of Rome, Ga., died from a pistol shot fired by Frank J. Evans.

THE GENERAL MARKET. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 14.

CATTLE—Best steers, 3 1/2 to 4 1/2; stockers, 3 1/2 to 3 3/4; native cows, 2 5/8 to 3 1/2; hogs—Choice to heavy, 3 1/2 to 4 1/2; sheep—No. 1, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; No. 2, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 3, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 4, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 5, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 6, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 7, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 8, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 9, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 10, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 11, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 12, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 13, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 14, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 15, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 16, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 17, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 18, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 19, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 20, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 21, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 22, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 23, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 24, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 25, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 26, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 27, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 28, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 29, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 30, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 31, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 32, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 33, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 34, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 35, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 36, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 37, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 38, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 39, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 40, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 41, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 42, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 43, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 44, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 45, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 46, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 47, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 48, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 49, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 50, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 51, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 52, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 53, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 54, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 55, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 56, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 57, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 58, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 59, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 60, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 61, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 62, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 63, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 64, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 65, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 66, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 67, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 68, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 69, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 70, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 71, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 72, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 73, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 74, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 75, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 76, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 77, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 78, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 79, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 80, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 81, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 82, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 83, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 84, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 85, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 86, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 87, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 88, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 89, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 90, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 91, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 92, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 93, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 94, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 95, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 96, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 97, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 98, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 99, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 100, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 101, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 102, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 103, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 104, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 105, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 106, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 107, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 108, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 109, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 110, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 111, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 112, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 113, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 114, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 115, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 116, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 117, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 118, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 119, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 120, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 121, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 122, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 123, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 124, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 125, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 126, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 127, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 128, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 129, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 130, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 131, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 132, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 133, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 134, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 135, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 136, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 137, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 138, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 139, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 140, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 141, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 142, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 143, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 144, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 145, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 146, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 147, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 148, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 149, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 150, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 151, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 152, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 153, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 154, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 155, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 156, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 157, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 158, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 159, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 160, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 161, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 162, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 163, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 164, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 165, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 166, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 167, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 168, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 169, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 170, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 171, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 172, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 173, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 174, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 175, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 176, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 177, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 178, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 179, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 180, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 181, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 182, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 183, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 184, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 185, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 186, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 187, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 188, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 189, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 190, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 191, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 192, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 193, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 194, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 195, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 196, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 197, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 198, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 199, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 200, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 201, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 202, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 203, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 204, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 205, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 206, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 207, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 208, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 209, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 210, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 211, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 212, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 213, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 214, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 215, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 216, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 217, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 218, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 219, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 220, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 221, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 222, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 223, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 224, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 225, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 226, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 227, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 228, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 229, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 230, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 231, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 232, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 233, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 234, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 235, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 236, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 237, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 238, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 239, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 240, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 241, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 242, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 243, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 244, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 245, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 246, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 247, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 248, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 249, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 250, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 251, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 252, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 253, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 254, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 255, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 256, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 257, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 258, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 259, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 260, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 261, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 262, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 263, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 264, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 265, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 266, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 267, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 268, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 269, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 270, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 271, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 272, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 273, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 274, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 275, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 276, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 277, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 278, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 279, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 280, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 281, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 282, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 283, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 284, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 285, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 286, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 287, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 288, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 289, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 290, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 291, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 292, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 293, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 294, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 295, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 296, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 297, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 298, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 299, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 300, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 301, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 302, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 303, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 304, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 305, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 306, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 307, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 308, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 309, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 310, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 311, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 312, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 313, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 314, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 315, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 316, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 317, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 318, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 319, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 320, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 321, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 322, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 323, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 324, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 325, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 326, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 327, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 328, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 329, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 330, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 331, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 332, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 333, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 334, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 335, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 336, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 337, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 338, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 339, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 340, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 341, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 342, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 343, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 344, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 345, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 346, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 347, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 348, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 349, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 350, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 351, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 352, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 353, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 354, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 355, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 356, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 357, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 358, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 359, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 360, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 361, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 362, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 363, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 364, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 365, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 366, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 367, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 368, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 369, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 370, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 371, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 372, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 373, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 374, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 375, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 376, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 377, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 378, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 379, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 380, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 381, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 382, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 383, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 384, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 385, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 386, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 387, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 388, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 389, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 390, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 391, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 392, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 393, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 394, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 395, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 396, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 397, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 398, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 399, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 400, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 401, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 402, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 403, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 404, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 405, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 406, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 407, 2 1/4 to 3 1/4; No. 408, 2

CURRENT TOPICS.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.
FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

Second Session.
In the senate, on the 15th, Mr. Morgan (Ala.) spoke for more than an hour advocating immediate intervention in behalf of Cuba, using very strong language in urging his point. The resolution previously offered by him requesting the president to communicate papers relating to the condition of affairs in Cuba was adopted. The pension bill of Nancy G. Alabach was passed over the president's veto, and the house joint holiday resolution was concurred in. In the house, consideration of the bill to amend the postal law relating to second class matter was begun. The bill to authorize purchasers of the Atlantic & Pacific railroad to form a new corporation, with the rights, privileges and obligations of the old, was passed.

In the senate, on the 16th, the resolution to take up the Dingley bill for consideration was the subject of a very warm discussion between several senators, which resulted in a complete acquiescence on both sides of the chamber in the fact that the Dingley bill could not possibly be passed at the present session. In the house nearly all of a four hours session was devoted to consideration in committee of the whole, of the army appropriation bill for the year ending June 30, 1898, and an amendment cutting off the Hot Springs (Ark.) hospital was agreed to. When the committee rose the point of no quorum was made and sustained and the house adjourned.

In the senate, on the 17th, the bill to amend the immigration laws occupied the attention of the senate during nearly the whole of the session. Among the amendments passed was one providing that the act shall not apply to Cuban refugees which occupied the subject of Cuba. The bill was passed and a conference asked. In the house the usual bills in furtherance of the inaugural were passed, as was an amendment cutting off the appropriation for the maintenance of the Hot Springs (Ark.) hospital. Half a dozen District of Columbia bills were passed, and the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was taken up in committee of the whole.

The senate was not in session on the 18th. In the house, it being private bill day, 37 private pension bills were passed, and the remainder of the afternoon was occupied in discussing war claim bills, one of which was passed. The report of the conferees extending the limit within which the joint congressional committee on regulations for the free use of alcohol in the arts and manufactures might report, was passed. In the evening session for the consideration of private pension bills, was held.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

The Washington Times was purchased, on the 15th, from C. G. Conn by Stilson Hutchins. Hon. John H. Oterly, formerly Indian commissioner, was placed in charge.

The steam schooner Edith, Capt. Edwards, with a crew of 30 men aboard, was, on the 15th, nine days overdue at Tacoma, Wash., from the Halibut banks off Hecate sound, and fears were entertained that some mishap had befallen her owing to the severe storms.

The French coasting steamer Marie Fanny was lost off the island of Alderney, in the British channel, on the 15th, and her crew of 14 men were drowned.

The lumbermen of the United States met in convention in Cincinnati on the 15th.

FIGHTING is reported west of the trocha in Pinar del Rio, Cuba, where the insurgents, under Maceo's successor, Gen. Luis Rivera, have taken the field against the Spanish forces left there by Gen. Weyler. No details have been received yet, but 50 wounded soldiers arrived at Havana, on the 15th, from the neighborhood of Artemisa.

It was stated in Havana, on the 15th, that Gen. Weyler had called in some of the troops stationed outside of the city, fearing an attack by Gen. Gomez, who was reported to be moving eastward with a large force, well armed and provisioned. The insurgents had already occupied several small towns held by the Spaniards in the eastern part of the province of Havana.

ALEX SALVINI, the well-known actor, son of the celebrated Italian tragedian, Tommaso Salvini, died at Florence, Italy, on the 15th.

FIRE in the Western Union Telegraph Co.'s building at Evansville, Ind., on the 15th, damaged Frondrich Bros., cigar manufacturers, whose factory occupies the top floor of the building, \$5,000. The Western Union office was not injured to any extent.

The London Gleaner of the 15th said that important negotiations were proceeding, if not completed, whereby Great Britain would derive considerable benefits in the opening up of China, adding that an English syndicate had obtained a concession to construct and maintain a long railroad, which would be a powerful counter check to Russian designs.

It is reported that an expedition from Honduras landed on the south side of the island of Cuba, recently, with large supplies of ammunition and arms, and that the cargo was safely delivered into the possession of Gen. Rivera.

A HEAVY wind and rain storm raged along the Atlantic coast on the 15th. At Atlantic City, N. J., the large Casino building, where the Elks' disaster happened two years ago, collapsed with a crash, carrying with it an untenanted cottage next door.

A DISPATCH from Cape Town says that Col. Cecil Rhodes' country house was destroyed by fire on the 15th. It may be presumed that the "country house" referred to in the dispatch is the South African palace of the ex-premier of Cape Colony.

ELINATH HALL, one of the largest buildings in connection with the Knoxville (Tenn.) college for colored students, was burned, on the 15th. The building was occupied by female students, all of whom escaped. The loss will reach \$25,000, and is said to be insured.

GEORGE WILSON and John Palmer were arrested in New York city on the 15th, charged with swindling pawnbrokers of that city and Brooklyn to the extent of thousands by means of alleged gold watches and chains presented as pledges.

On the 17th the federal assembly at Berne, Switzerland, elected Dr. Adolph Deucher president of the Swiss confederation for 1897, and Mr. Frauffy, the present minister of the interior, vice-president. Mr. Deucher was vice-president for 1895 and for 1896.

THE CHRONICLE.

VOLUME XI.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1896.

NUMBER 25.

Democratic at All Times and Under All Circumstances—Consequently Opposed to All Monopolies.

THE FIRST STEP

Towards Recognizing Cuba as an Independent Republic.

Senator Cameron's Resolution to That End Ordered Favorably Reported by the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The senate committee on foreign relations, by a practically unanimous vote, ordered a favorable report to be made to the senate, Monday, on the Cameron resolution recognizing the independence of the republic of Cuba. A verbal change was made in the text of the resolution so that, as finally agreed to, it reads as follows:

Resolved, By the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America, in congress assembled, that the independence of the republic of Cuba be and the same is hereby acknowledged by the United States of America.

Section 2. That the United States will use its friendly offices with the government of Spain to bring to a close the war between Spain and Cuba.

Secretary Olney, who had been requested to appear before the committee by Senator Sherman, was present for one hour and laid before the committee all of the information in the possession of the state department. He stated to the committee very fully the policy of the administration and the reasons that actuated it in its present attitude towards the insurrection in Cuba. No member of the committee is willing to make any statement as to what Mr. Olney said, except one looking upon his statement as a confidential matter between the secretary and the committee.

Sufficient is known, however, to show that Mr. Olney admitted before the committee the information received from Consul-General Lee and other sources that has been steadfastly kept from the general public.

The secretary was accorded the greatest respect throughout, and the dialogue was friendly.

Mr. Olney's argument did not appear to have much weight with the committee, if it was against the passage of the resolution, for immediately upon his withdrawal, the resolution was laid before the committee for action. There was no yea and nay vote, but the resolution was agreed to without a dissenting voice. The only point of difference was as to whether the action of the committee should be made public at once or withheld until Monday.

One senator thought action of any sort should be postponed until after the holidays, but the will of the majority prevailed and there was practical unanimity in the vote. Senators Gray and Daniel were both absent, but it is said that both of them are favorable to the action taken by the committee.

Senator Cameron was instructed to prepare the report that will be submitted to the senate. As a matter of fact the report was written and was submitted to the committee. It is looked upon as an exceedingly strong document, and goes into the diplomatic history of the United States very fully to show our policy in the matter of recognizing new states. Some few additions and alterations were suggested by other members of the committee, but the report as drawn by the senator is practically complete.

This report will be made to the senate Monday, but, as stated before in these dispatches, there is no prospect of decisive action in either house of congress before the holidays. Meanwhile the situation in Cuba, as it develops during the holidays, will undoubtedly affect the final action of congress on the resolution. Only two adverse suggestions were made in the committee on the Cameron resolution. Both of these counseled delay until after the holidays. These suggestions came, it is understood, from Senators Hale and Sherman.

News of the action of the committee spread abroad rapidly. The house was in session and the Cuban sympathizers crowded to the front. The parliamentary programme for the Cameron resolution is to pass the senate and the house, not until after the holidays, however, and then go to the president, where it is a foregone conclusion a veto awaits it. In the committee on foreign relations the sentiment was quite general that the president would veto the resolution. It is believed the senate and house will both pass it over the veto, if the Cuban cause does not receive a serious setback during the holidays. But it is expected that a long debate will be held on the resolution in both house and senate, and the day when the resolution will reach the president for his action is several weeks ahead.

In the present temper of congress, with public sentiment growing rapidly in favor of Cuba, there seems to be no doubt in the minds of the friends of Cuba of their ability to pass the joint resolution over the veto of Mr. Cleveland.

ONLY URGED DELAY.

Cautioned the Foreign Relations Committee to Go Slowly.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—The Post says: "The secretary of state has cautioned the members of the committee on foreign relations to go very slowly in regard to the Cuban question, and that all action be postponed in congress until the end of the present campaign, when, if the Spaniards are not successful, he believes, as recommended in the president's message, that some form of practical intervention should be applied by the United States."

THE UNITED STATES SENATE, NEWARK AND KALEIGH ARRIVED AT KEY WEST, FLA., on the 16th, after an unsuccessful chase after the alleged filibuster Three Friends.

MARION HATFIELD, a relative of the notorious Hatfields of Kentucky and West Virginia, was hanged in Sneedville, Tenn., on the 16th.

On the 16th there were 19 steamers due at New York from European ports, nine of which were from two to six days overdue.

MAJ. MCKINLEY went to Chicago, on the 16th, for a week's visit with friends. The beautiful and costly Casino building, together with the bridge which spanned Four-Mile run, at the main entrance to Schenly park, Oakland station, Pittsburgh, Pa., were destroyed by fire, on the 17th, at 1:55 a. m. The casino building and contents represented an investment of about \$540,000.

Mrs. J. COLEMAN DRAYTON, daughter of Mrs. William Astor, was married in St. Columbia's church, London, on the 17th, to Mr. George Haig, a member of the firm of Haig & Haig, whisky merchants.

HERMANN, the magician, who gave a performance at Rochester, N. Y., on the night of the 16th, at the Lyceum theater, died in his private car at Great Valley, N. Y., on the 17th, while en route to Bradford, Pa.

The contraband of the anarchists arrested for complicity in the recent disturbances at Barcelona was concluded on the 17th. The sentences imposed are kept secret, and anyone divulging them is to be severely punished. It is believed, however, that 28 of the anarchists have been sentenced to death and 59 others to penal servitude.

WHILE repairing the timbering in the shaft of the Virginian mine, near O'Leary, Col., on the 18th, the cage containing the five workmen became detached from the cable and dashed to the bottom of the 1,400 foot shaft, crushing the men into shapeless masses and breaking the cage into thousands of pieces. Each of the victims leaves a family.

The Virginia court of appeals, on the 18th, issued an order commanding the state election canvassers to award to J. Yost, republican candidate, the certificate of election to congress in the Tenth congressional district.

MAIL advices from South America bring details of a serious uprising of Indians in Peru. A terrible battle was fought between the Indians and government troops, on November 11, which proved a veritable slaughter, 500 Indians and 50 soldiers being killed.

INFORMATION has been received in Madrid of the intention of Gen. Polavieja, the new governor of the Philippines, to ask the government to send ten additional battalions of troops to the islands.

The Madrid La Pas asserts that it has been definitely proved that Japan has landed men and munitions of war upon the Philippine islands, and that the Philippine rebels are commanded by Japanese officers.

It is understood that the Spanish government has abandoned its intention to address a note to the government at Washington concerning that part of President Cleveland's message which refers to Spain and Cuba and will ignore the document altogether.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

THE Illinois Central freight depot at Jackson, Miss., was gutted by fire on the 20th. The loss is \$75,000 or more on building and freight.

In the neighborhood of Lamar, Col., on the 19th one hundred hunters killed 4,397 rabbits. The hunt was organized by Rob. Thomas Uzzell of Denver, to whom the game was given for distribution among the poor of that city.

THE latest attack upon American meat products comes from the canton of Zurich, Switzerland, where the meats have been about practically by the application of a regulation forbidding the use of borax to preserve them.

A CALL has been issued for a meeting of representatives of all wool growers and sheep breeders' associations in the United States at Washington on Jan. 4.

Mrs. MAHAR THOMPSON DAVIES died at Louisville, Ky., on the 19th in a coughing fit. She was a woman of literary attainments, a sister of the late United States Senator John B. Thompson, and ex-congressman Phil B. Thompson.

ALLEN C. ANDY, of Columbus, Ohio, who failed for half a million dollars in real estate, has been sentenced to the penitentiary for sixteen months for borrowing money in a way which seemed to be secured by first mortgage, when it was not.

OFFICERS are in pursuit of Mat Sanders, a notorious kidnapper, who is supposed to have kidnapped two children in South Florence, Ala.

SAUEL GOMPERS, the great labor leader, has been re-elected president of the American Federation of Labor. The next convention of that body will be held in Nashville, Tenn., during the centennial.

THE steamer American cleared from New Orleans for Liverpool on the 18th with 23,570 bales of cotton, the largest cargo of cotton ever floated. She also carried 54,800 pieces of oak staves and 4,483 sacks of cotton seed.

MARION HATFIELD has hanged at Sneedville, Ky., on the 16th for the murder of Jones Trail. Five thousand people were present. Hatfield confessed, implicating his wife and a woman named Haney Jordan.

A PASSENGER train on the Southern Railroad was held up near Berry, Ala., on the 15th. Several jugs of liquor were the only booty.

DUN'S COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

The Balance of Trade, Largely in Our Favor, Will Prevent the Export of Gold—Receipts of Cotton Heavy and Prices—Shade Lower—Light Receipts and Exports of Wheat—The Iron and Steel Trade—Stocks Weak.

NEW YORK, Dec. 19.—R. G. Dun & Co. say to-day in their review of trade: Cuban reports, unusual closeness of money in Germany and the decision that there will be no action on the tariff at this session have not really changed the situation, but have been talked about as if they might change.

The holiday trade is generally large, though at some points more confined to cheap goods than usual, and the influence of an increase in the working force is felt in other ways. But until the new year the only material changes expected are such as prepare for a large business next year. In the iron and steel industry these appear of the utmost importance.

Since events for some months to come will turn largely on the state of foreign trade, it is cheering that produce exports in November were \$109,009,937 in value, amounting for three months to \$307,749,577, more than double the value of imports, which were \$151,301,351.

The four months' excess, which has brought hither in three months net imports of gold amounting to \$68,640,143, besides establishing credits of many millions in London, which virtually pay in advance for future imports, has not prevented, it is believed, a special shipping of gold to Germany next week, for which the German bank pays a premium to meet demands January 1, supposed to be on Russian account. London affects the shipment by borrowing more millions here, so that the amount of such sterling advances is now reckoned at \$55,000,000.

More such borrowing must come advance in the rate of interest, realizing on exchange drafts, of which many become due before or shortly after January 1, and a sharper demand on London than will be convenient. But with two dollars' worth of produce going out for every one dollar's worth of goods brought in, nothing of an ordinary nature can cause gold exports of consequence. In two weeks of December exports from New York have been six per cent. larger, and imports here 12 per cent. smaller than last year.

Exports of cotton are naturally stimulated by lower prices and on forced liquidation of inventories and speculative operations cotton has declined to 7.12, recovering to 7.10 cents; July 15 the price was 7.08. Short crop stories raised it to 8.9 September 10, and it has now gone back about to the starting point. Receipts from plantations continue heavy, while commercial stocks here and abroad are only about as large as a year ago, and the movement had been 1,100,000 bales less.

The demand for goods in this country falls below the increased production, and the market is weak in tone, with prices of some jobbers' bleached goods sharply reduced.

Speculation in wool has halted, sales for the week being 4,721,200 pounds, against 5,180,000 last year. The control of the Messaba mountain iron mine has been leased for 50 years or purchased by the Carnegie interest from Mr. J. D. Rockefeller, the ore to be shipped by his new steamship line on the lakes and by the new railway which the Carnegie company is building to Lake Erie. This, with the erection of 16 new open hearth furnaces, making 36, insures enormous increase of product at extremely low cost, and will affect all combinations in steel products or in ore.

The billet pool has practically dissolved, and sales are reported at \$16 to \$17, the contracts to supply consumers through most of the whole of next year. The beam pool has revived and restored the price to \$1.55, but nails and steel bars are a shade lower. The rail association has been in session, and our Philadelphia dispatch states that rails were sold at \$25, against \$28, so long maintained.

Bessener pig and gray forge are a shade lower at Pittsburgh, Virginia. The Alabamians are offered 25 cents lower at the east, and with so much uncertainty regarding great changes in progress, very little is done in finished products and generally at concessions. A sale of 3,000,000 pounds lake copper is reported at 11 1/2 cents. Coke production is increasing with contracts reported at \$1.50.

Wheat rose about two cents Monday, but declined still further, and closed one-half lower for the week. The receipts in two weeks have been 6,625,382 bushels, against 11,609,387 last year, and Atlantic exports for two weeks have been, flour included, 6,231,144 bushels, against 5,907,824 last year.

Stocks have been weak. Almost a panic occurred on Friday, when the Cameron joint resolution was adopted by the senate committee. Speculators immediately felt the war with Spain beginning, and St. Paul, Burlington and Rock Island broke five points, while the whole list lost over a point. Failures for the week have been 387 in the United States, against 377 last year, and 41 in Canada, against 32 last year.

A Maryland Execution.

UPPER MARYLBOROUGH, Md., Dec. 19.—James Smith, a mulatto, was hanged here for the murder of Miss Margaret Drowns a white girl, with whom he claimed to be in love. He cut the girl's throat because she repulsed him.

Charges to be Investigated.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 19.—The house of representatives has ordered an investigation of the charges against Judges Rosen and Joel Sweet, accused by Senator Carter of being unfit to hold office. An extra session of the assembly will be held in February to investigate the charges.

Post Office Robbed.

ELMHURST, N. Y., Dec. 19.—The post office at Horseheads, six miles from here, was robbed of \$900 in postage stamps and \$74 in money. The thieves escaped.

PHILIPPINE REBELS.

Said to be Led by Japanese Officers—More Troops Called For.

MADRID, Dec. 19.—La Pas asserts that it has been definitely proved that Japan has landed men and munitions of war upon the Philippine islands, and that the Philippine rebels are commanded by Japanese officers.

Information has been received here of the intention of Gen. Polavieja, the new governor of the Philippines, to ask the government to send ten additional battalions of troops to the Philippines.

TRIPLE LYNCHING.

Three Kentucky Prisoners Blindly Murdered by a Mob.

One of Them Shot Down in His Cell, the Others Taken to a Tree and Hanged—The Mob General That One of the Men was Not Deserving of Death.

RUSSELLVILLE, Ky., Dec. 19.—A bloodthirsty, armed mob of men from Logan county, half of whom came from Adairville, came to this town from Adairville yesterday morning and killed three prisoners who were in jail waiting for trial on the charges of murder and conspiracy. Arch Proctor, who murdered Aaron and "Doc" Crafton at Adairville, October 24, was taken from the jail with his father, Dink Proctor, charged with conspiracy in the Crafton case, and both men were hanged to the same tree just outside the town. Bill Proctor, a half-brother of Dink, and credited with being a real desperado, who had terrorized the Adairville district for a score of years, was riddled with bullets in his cell, defying the mob to take him out alive and cursing them with his last breath.

The man hunters were pitiless and well organized. They refused to allow Arch Proctor to see his mother, who was sleeping in a neighboring hotel, before being deprived of life. The jailer pleaded with the mob not to lynch the men and then made a special plea for Dink Proctor, who had always been a quiet citizen, the Crafton murderers being the first trouble he had been mixed up in. But the only answer of the leaders was "Deal men out tales."

The Adairville mob came into town about a hundred strong and attacked the jail at 1:30 o'clock. The door of the main entrance soon gave way under their onslaught. The keeper of the jail was forced, on the peril of his life, to deliver the keys to the Proctor cells to the mob's leaders. The victims had been apprised of the coming of the lynchers and their intentions, none of the three being in bed at the time their cells were opened. They faced an excited, cursing mass of armed men, each one of whom was eager to lend a hand in giving the prisoners short shrift.

Bill Proctor, who was a powerful man, showed his desperate character when brought to bay. He swore no one should take him from his cell alive and no one cared to engage him in a test of physical strength, so one of the mob gave the signal for the murderer to be killed where he stood by shooting him with a pistol. A charge of buckshot entered the desperado's body the next second and he fell. As he lay on the floor writhing in pain a volley of lead from pistols was fired into the wretched man.

When he seemed to be dead a man entered the cell and placed a pistol barrel at Proctor's head, pulling the trigger to make sure that the most feared and murderous man of Logan county was no more.

Then the mob turned their faces and weapons toward the cells of Dink Proctor and his son Arch. They were taken from their cells without resistance, the jailer's pleas were unheeded and the hands of the victims bound. By this time there were fully 200 men in the mob, and no attempt was made to interfere with their lynchings plans. The prisoners were taken to a three-lined cedar tree on the Nashville road. The extra limb was intended for Bill Proctor, and on the other two limbs were strung father and son, without giving either any time for speeches, confessions or prayers.

A FRIGHTFUL DEATH

Overtakes Five Men Working in a Colorado Mine.

OURAY, Col., Dec. 19.—A frightful accident occurred in the Virginian mine, near here, yesterday morning, by which five men were instantly killed. The unfortunate men were at work repairing the timbering. They were working from the cage, having it raised and lowered as they progressed with their work. Just what caused the accident is not positively known. The men were several hundred feet below the shaft house at the time their last signal was given for the movement of the cage. The engineer, in answering the signal, was horrified to find the cable had become slack.

There was nothing to obstruct the descent of the cage, and it fell with lightning rapidity to the bottom of the shaft, which is 1,400 feet deep, and was broken into thousands of pieces, the men being crushed into shapeless masses in the wrecked cage, their bones being terribly mangled.

The dead men were well known in Ouray and all leave families.

WRECKING TRAIN WRECKED

While on the Way to Clear Another Wreck—A Tramp Killed and Three Men Hurt.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 19.—At 6:30 a. m. a wreck occurred at the crossing of the Wabash and Monon roads at Delphi, Ind. A wrecking train was hurried out over the latter road from Monon, and while running at a high rate of speed near Gurnsey, five miles south of Monon, a flat car of the wrecking train jumped the track and the entire train went into a ditch. One man was instantly killed and several were injured. Among the injured is Trainmaster McCannon, of the Monon road.

No Baggage to Speak Of.

That makes me think of something rare funny which I saw come to pass once upon a time out there in Texas. Me and one of these traveling preachers hit the same town on the same Sunday and took out and fed at the same hotel. I didn't know anything for certain about the preacher except what he up and told me with his own mouth free gratis for nothing—that he use to go all the gaits and cover all the ground, but he quit and was now preaching forth the doctrines to a lost and ruined world.

Now it likewise came to pass in them

"BIG TWISTIFICATION."

Life as They Live It in the Woods and Hills.

Santa Claus Is Coming in the Rocky Creek Settlement—A Preacher Troubled with a Bad Case of "Breakin' Out at the Mouth."

Right here lately I do reckon we have had some of the daddlamest, all-over-the-day-and-hour when you was borned into this valley of dry bones. The last big twistification we got into was all on account of a traveling preacher of some peccious faith and order, and them that didn't get killed or crippled got skered and moved their washin'. But anyhow, truth is mighty and bound to win, and old Santa Claus is comin' Christmas in his regular order.

Then the War "Bust Loose."

The preacher was holdin' forth day and night in the schoolhouse over at the Cross Roads. As for me, I was too tremendous busy with first one thing and then another to turn out and tend the meetins to any serious extent. But the next news I got it would seem like the preacher talked too free and plentiful with his mouth and the war had bust loose.

It was on a Tuesday night—which the weather was clear and pleasant and the moon shinin' bright like day—that the preacher had give it out that he would preach a sermon for the good of everybody, but the children in particular, and from that a pushin' big crowd was out to hear the news. Well, from what they tell me, the preacher did have a scandalous bad case of breakin' out at the mouth that night. And in the general run of his scatterin' remarks he pitched in he did and told the children a whole long rigamarole in regard to old Santa Claus. He lowed there never was and never would be such a man as Santa Claus. He went on and told the little folks that their fathers and mothers had been foolin' them every Christmas for lo these many years—which accordin' to proofs of holy writ he held that it was a sin and a shame. He didn't want to hear nobody talkin' about Santa Claus henceforth, when everybody knowed there want no sich a livin' human being in the round discovered world.

But the preacher didn't much more than git the word out his mouth before old man Bunk Weatherford riz up right there in open meetin' and give it the daddlam lie. Then old man Bunk and the preacher they had it in a red hot, rough-and-tumble argyfication—up-and-down and over and under. Sometimes the preacher was in the majority and sometimes old man Bunk had all the delegates.

But in the main time Andy Lucas had left the meetin' and rid off on his horse, and when he returned back to the schoolhouse me and Blev Scroggins we rid with him—three abreast and in a swingin' gallop. Old man Bunk had held the fort whilst Andy went out after recruits. When we got there the meetin' was in a uproar of confusion, but soon as Blev could put his hand into the game he sent up a resolution as follows here below:

Resolved, That the preacher who says there aint no sich a man as Santa Claus is a box-ankled, slew-footed, double-breasted liar, and all sorts of a liar.

The resolution was anonymously adopted with a standin' vote.

Then Andy he put the followin' resolution in nomination:

Resolved, That it is the general opinion amongst the people around Rocky Creek that in regards to Christmas and Santa Claus the new preacher couldn't tell the truth with a dead reed. Passed.

After that they sung a song, the meetin' broke up and we went out. Then presently a crowd of us boys chipped in together and we didn't do a blame, blessed thing but rub three quarts of cackle burrs into that preacher's hair, and ride him on a three-cornered rail to little Wolf creek bridge, where we cut him a fast walkin' stick and told him to burn the wind for parts unknown. And as he went a scorchin' off down the big road toards the Mississippi river with every foot up and coat tails flyin' the boys bid him a long farewell and went on their way rejoicin'.

It don't make a continental bit of difference with us, long-sufferin' readers, what you think about the general criticism of the calamity. We think it was perfectly all right. Everybody in this country loves a good preacher, but any man that would stand up and tell a big crowd of children that there is no such thing as Santa Claus, would not be a pleasant place to lay his head or rest his weary feet in the regions of old Rocky.

Next to the women folks we love the children, and when a man stands up and talks to them he must preach forth the unwashed truth and nothin' but the truth.

The Pines of Florida.

There are in Florida seven species of pine, which are most generally recognized by the names upland spruce, lowland spruce, pond, loblolly, shortleaf, longleaf and pitch. Of these, all but the last two are too worthless or too scarce to count for anything in the forest wealth of the state. But when we consider the timber resources of the entire south, the shortleaf is found to be only second in importance to the longleaf. As to the loblolly, its value will be appreciated better when better pine timber becomes scarce, and as it takes the lead in the reforesting of lands, it is likely to become quite abundant by the time that people will be glad to find such timber in the absence of better. That the supply of longleaf, or yellow pine, can meet the demand for more than two or three more decades seems out of the question. It is bound to go the way of the black walnut, and cease to be counted among the world's lumber resources.—Jacksonville Times-Union.

To save coal and also to avoid any killing draft, double doors should be put in the conservatory during winter.

Some of the boys went out after Doc Mulligan one night last week, and from all I can hear they ran him through a night sweat and knocked him out of seven years' growth.

Doc was born and brung up right around here in the settlement, and he use to be one of the Rocky Creek boys. But he calls himself a doctor. In the main time it would seem like Doc has took up with the whole passel of fool notions. He is smarter now than anybody in the settlement—smarter than his old mother and father and smarter than all the preachers put together. To hear him tell it, he don't believe in the church, nor the Bible, nor religion, nor spirits, and as for prayin', he lowed that man was a natural born fool to pray for somethin' he never saw and didn't know what he was after.

And so consequently the boys they went out after Doc that night. It might not be right for me to tell names, but I got the news from Handy Stribblin' and I can give it to you as it was give unto me.

There was four of us in the crowd, and when we rid off every man had a clean sheet tied up in a bundle and tucked under his arm. When we got down there to old Ebenezer church on yonder side of Panther creek we all dismounted and dressed out in white.

You see, Doc Mulligan had went over the creek late that evenin' to tend some of his sick, and we made our arrangements for him to fall in with four ghosts right there at the graveyard. We had a notion that Doc might maybe be changed in his mind and offer up a prayer in case of a pushoney, and we wanted to see if he had forgot how to approach the Throne of Grace.

COLUMBIANA, DEC. 24, 1896.

The editor sat in his chair one day.
And wrote as a man who writes for pay.
For a smile that was bright shone over his
face.

A smile that accompanied the goose quill's
pace.

What the editor wrote wasn't wrote for the
press:

No silver nor gold broke into his rest.
And he to never entered his mind.

And he wielded the pen with the speed of the
wind.

No social enigmas were being solved.
No meeting proceedings where all was "re-
solved."

No wedding receptions, no funeral rites.
No was and no pence, as the editor writes:

For his pen is proclaiming to good farmer
Brown.

The receipt of his letter just axin' him down
Next Sunday to dinner, and the old goose-
quill

Is saying in substance: "God bless you, I
will."

CHRISTMAS.

By consulting the almanac and taking a hasty, useful glance at our worldly possessions, we learn that tomorrow is Christmas. The readers of The Chronicle will excuse us, we hope, if we depart from the usual custom at this time, and refrain from writing a lengthy treatise on the uses and abuses of Christmas. All over the civilized world will appear the annual observations of the papers on this auspicious day. The great big dailies will come out in glaring colors and tell that Christmas is here, with all the seriousness due to the time. The day will look in upon you from all the points of the literary compass, and you must be either asleep or dead to keep from having it brought to your notice.

But that is all right. We want all to know when Christmas comes. We would feel slighted if it went by without our knowing it. Christmas is full of joy for the great world. The little tots who go barefooted up to that period of the winter are nearly all supplied with shoes. The man who has been living on saltless corn bread for the past year generally has at least a slice of bacon when Christmas comes. The sober, industrious man who hates the fumes of whiskey all the year round, suddenly finds a glorious hilarity in its spell. The dispeptic who won't let his little boy roll a marble across the floor at any other season of the year, gets out and pops fire crackers and yells like mad, in tune with the rejoicing world. The boys and girls are happy on Christmas, whether they have anything to be happy about at any other time or not. They love old Santa Claus (how do you spell that anyhow—it's been so long since we saw the old gentleman we've forgotten) with all the devotion of perfect trust and confidence. The old, old lady sitting in the corner by the fire place, looking dreamily into the glowing coals, wears a smile and a brightness on her wrinkled face that is lovely to see. She is thinking of other Christmases long ago, when she was a little girl. She looks up into the innocent faces of young and tender youths about her, and her old heart is warm with love. Who can solve the mystery of the old lady's thoughts, wandering far, far away into her own youth? A great poet might try, but we would fail.

In connection with the Christmas time is always a scene that passes in imagination before us. We would like to stand on this day at the tomb of Dickens, and see what happens there. The man who best tells us of this day is not forgotten. The children go there—the poor little ones whose friend he was always—and the sacred place is strewn with lovely flowers, winter though it be, and flowers very dear, and anointed with a holy tribute of tears. Who would ask a greatness better than this? The kindest heart that ever beat in sympathy with stricken childhood is remembered today, and will be remembered when the names of kings and queens are lost.

We wish all our readers a joyful Christmas.

Every intelligent American citizen who went to the polls November 3rd, squared his political views by his conscience and the will of the American people, which in the last analysis, is the law of the land. Now let us work as hard for the restoration of business, as we did for the success of our candidate, and the most gratifying results will surely follow. Bury the political hatchet and resurrect business. We take off our hat to the president elect, and will do our best to help make his administration a great success. We do not surrender our honest convictions in doing this, neither do we ask any man to do so, but that does not prevent us from honoring the chief magistrate of the greatest republic on earth.

The lower house of the fifty-fifth congress will be composed of 205 republicans, 137 democrats, 15 populists. The present congress stands 232 republicans, 92 democrats, 10 populists, and 3 vacancies.

THE JAYVILLE JOSHER.

A Weekly Paper Published Just for Fun and Other Collateral.

Mr. Johnnie Bloomfield, the noted orator, called at the Josher office one day last week to pay us his respects and to have his name written on our subscription book, so we could Josher him for the next year. After taking a large crescent-shaped bite off of our plug of tobacco, he took a seat on a pile of exchanges and began to talk in his own inimitable manner about his success as an orator. We asked him to what circumstances, if any, he owed the great success he has achieved.

"Well," said Mr. Bloomfield, as he squirted a streak of amber across the room, "I began in a small way. I have always had the idea that I ought to be an orator. I had that idea when I used to go fishing in the glorious old days of boyhood. I would take my fishing pole, my dog and my stone bruise out to the creek, and there I would begin to think of what I would say on certain occasions should I be called on to make a speech. Then I would get up on a stump and make the speech to the dog and the trees and the birds. In this way I acquired a sort of style that was entirely natural. No school-boy heroics about my speeches. They bubbled up as naturally as terrapin-bubbles in the creek. I will never forget the time that my father caught me making a speech in the woods. He happened one morning to be prowling about the woods looking for a stray cow, and he found me just about at the starting point in my speech. He hid himself behind some bushes and listened. I made an unusually brilliant effort at that time, and all unconscious of the nearness of the old gentleman, I spouted out my piece to the audience of young trees with all the ardor of genius. I think I made a very fine speech at that time. The passion was all there, the fire was like a furnace, the vehemence was all that I could wish; the gestures were far-reaching and grand. The trouble with that speech was only in the subject. Everything but the subject was right up to the limit. But I will repeat to you the speech as near as I can remember it now. I said:

"Friends, senators and congressmen: I come not here today to talk of laws for men. I come here to demand that you make some laws for boys. I was once a boy, but I have outgrown that. I said when I was a little boy and had to spend all the long days in school or toting wood at home, or running down town for something I had forgot, I said that when I got to be a man I would come up here to this house of representatives and make some laws for boys. I remember how an inhuman father sent me to school when I saw other boys going fishing. I remember how he used to make me saw wood when other boys were digging bait and chasing grasshoppers across the meadow. I remember how this cruel parent used to take me by the collar and lead me to the woodshed where I would shed bitter tears as he laid me across a barrel and spanked me with a leather strap. All his cruelty and harshness comes back to me now as I look back over the short, hard years of my youth, and I long to see the boys who are boys now be treated right. I am going to introduce a bill to send all fathers to jail when they won't let their boys go rabbit hunting. I want a bill passed that will punish the boy's father who licks him for staying away from school. I want boys to have some rights. They should not be jerked up and yanked across a barrel every time they try to have a little fun. I want the boys to put dead cats in the cellar for fun, to be given the power by law to send their fathers to the penitentiary if they get mad and whip them for such little things as that. My father used to lick me for nothing almost. I never could have any fun just on his account. He licked me for tying two cats together and hanging them over the clothes line to dry; he licked me for throwing a rock at a stray dog and accidentally breaking a window pane; he licked me for slapping my little sister when she took my new fishing line and sewed dead clothes with it; he licked me for letting the baby down in the well in the bucket, which was great fun; he licked me for playing policeman and using my club on my little brothers because they wouldn't come along to jail when I arrested them. I know you other senators and congressmen will think that I had a mean father, and you are right. The half has not been told. He was the meanest father I ever had. He run over me all the time, and never wanted me to have any fun. He wanted me to work and go to school all the time. I have heard him swear at my mother when she tried to take my part. I have seen him come home paralyzed drunk and—

"I never quite finished that speech. The old man had sneaked up behind me, and the first thing I knew I was revolving in the air at the rate of about sixty revolves to the second. I think a fence rail must have figured in the performance too. I felt greatly hurt. But I did not abandon my speech-making. I went as often as possible to the woods, being careful to select an open place where I could have a view of the surrounding country for several rods, and kept up my study of oratory."

Mr. Bloomfield reached out his hand for our plug and continued:

"An orator should be impervious to all external influences when he is making his speech. Internal influences will be all that he can take care of if it is of the right brand. An orator should not become discouraged

at the playful attempts at humor practiced by grocers and truck-farm proprietors. They are bad eggs, anyway. His oratory should appeal, not to the rude intellect of the cowboy, but to the enlightened understanding of the incomparable dude; not to the prejudices of ignorance, but to the broad, sweeping, overwhelming intellectuality of a picked jury. He should win his way into the hearts of his audience by an unshaken patience amid the storm of applause. When the over-wrought audience at last bursts forth in all the fury of frenzied admiration, and begin to ply your proud form with tokens of their everlasting, undying, unreasonable regard, see that thou standest like an oak amid the storm, and if there is any of you left when the last egg has smashed and the last shriek of the tortured has died away on the putrid air, then, O ye seekers after glory, walk proudly away from there and take a bath."

Bloomfield left the office in a fine frenzy, and the devil began to scour the floor.

We received a letter last week from Queen Victoria, asking that we send her a sample copy of the Josher. We take pleasure in doing so. It goes by next mail with a special delivery stamp on it. This ready compliance with the request of royalty may appear to some of our readers as a servile concession to England that should not mark the conduct of a citizen of this great republic of ours. To those we will say that our action in this matter is one of pure sympathy for the queen herself. After reigning for more than half a century without taking a vacation, or looking up the palace and going away somewhere where she could take off her reign cloak and be happy and free from care a little while, she must now in her old age feel the need of recreation and exercise. To reign without intermission, or layovers, or washouts on the road, or 29-minute stops for breakfast, is enough to flood anybody with weariness, and make them long for the day to come when all the reigning will be done and hung out on the back fence to dry. It is a solemn and awful thing to reign fifty years. As the queen says in her letter (which we refrain from publishing in full, as most of it is devoted to purely domestic details about the garden and the poultry.) "I am plum tired of it all. When I take off my crown and hide it under the center table at night I almost wish that death would release me before day. But even then I would not escape a crown, as I am told that one awaits me in another world. If that is true, I think it is very hard, don't you? I am dreadfully curious to see a copy of the Josher. Wales tells me that it is a rum sort of paper, but he lost his copy in a game of seven-up with the Czar of Russia the other night, and I did not get to see it. I have read 'Punch' and the other religious papers so long that I am sick and tired of them. They are too dense for me, queen or no queen. If I like the Josher you may put me down for six months anyhow, and I may renew after that if the taxes come in more freely. Wales has mightily near depleted my exchequer. He had better begin to settle down because if he doesn't he won't have enough money coming to him to buy him a clean shirt to reign in when he gets to be king."

The editor of the Josher has been mentioned for a position in McKinley's cabinet. Will we never get out of obscurity?

The monster demonstration by the citizens of Jayville in favor of free Cuba is crowded out of this issue. It was unanimously resolved, however, that the Jayville Military Company be sent down immediately to run the Spaniards out. We may now confidently expect an end to the war.

Squash Jones, the most successful farmer in this section, sent us a turnip weighing thirteen pounds last week. We thought it was a balloon till we tried to lift it.

Henry Munk, the grocer, has a full page ad in this issue. The statement contained in the Josher last week to the effect that Munk was a falsifier of weights and a liar in measure was inaccurate. We called at his store yesterday and found everything fresh and clean and saw him tip the scales a little in favor of his customers. Give him a trial.

HENRY CARR HORNADY.

TOOK EVERYTHING IN SIGHT.

Ed. Frier, a Wilsonville negro, was arrested in South Anniston last night by Policemen Bryan and Hamilton on a charge of bringing into Anniston a lot of goods stolen in Wilsonville about a week ago.

Henry Sanford, col., who suffered from Frier's theft, was with the officers and assisted in locating Frier.

The goods, which consisted of one woman, six quilts, two smoothing irons, one testament and one song book, were all recovered.

The woman, who is Sanford's wife, was arrested and locked up, too, but Sanford finally succeeded in having her released.

The only charge which can be brought against Frier is bringing stolen goods into the city and he is being held on that—Anniston Hot Blast.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the cure ready in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions.

Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at Parker & Armstrong's drug store.

McKINLEY IS ELECTED
And "They Say" Good Times Are Ahead!

Good enough. I've no objection to that—I refer to the good times; but if they come I am ready, yes more than ready. This is no joke, but is a cold, solid fact. I have a very large stock of goods this fall, the largest and most complete ever seen in Shelby county, and I can

Suit the Taste and Purse of Everybody.

THE LADIES

Should see our beautiful DRESS GOODS, magnificently beautiful (the goods and the ladies), ribbons in abundance and pretty--don't mention it--draperies, eiderdown. See our beautiful facinators and feather boas for the girls (pretty things). They should see all goods just mentioned, and a lot of candy, chewing gum and other nick-nacks bought especially for them.

THE MEN

Should inspect our CLOTHING department, Shoes, Hats, the latest and the cheapest, Furnishings, etc., to say nothing of the actual necessities which we have in almost endless variety.

THE BOYS AND GIRLS

Need my nobby and substantial Shoes, Hats, Caps, Hose and various and sundry small articles kept for their especial benefit.

COTTON AND CASH AT MY STORE

Mean GOODS THE BEST and Lots of Them For the Money.



FURNITURE, * BEST,

* OR THE CHEAPEST, *

EVERYTHING IN THIS LINE WILL GO AT
... ROCK BOTTOM FIGURES. ...

We have had a splendid trade so far this fall, but it looks now as though we had only gotten fairly started. Don't for a moment think of buying your fall bill until you see what I offer.

Bring me all your Cotton, also your Cotton Seed, for both of which I will pay the top market price.

Yours for better times,

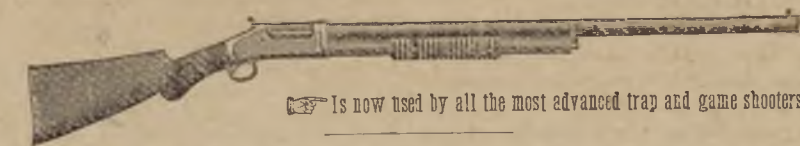
J. F. POPE,

Wilsonville, Alabama.

Everything that is NEWEST and BEST in
REPEATING RIFLES, SHOT-GUNS, SINGLE-SHOT RIFLES,

ALL KINDS OF AMMUNITION,
ARE MADE BY THE
Winchester Repeating Arms Co.

OUR MODEL 1893 SHOT-GUN



Is now used by all the most advanced trap and game shooters.

Send for 100-page Illustrated Catalogue, FREE.

Winchester Repeating Arms Co., New Haven, Conn.

NO HURRY ABOUT IT.

New Orleans States.

We see no earthly necessity for organizing the party at this time. The tone of the democratic press on both sides shows that the baleful fires of strife and hate which burned so fiercely during the late campaign are still red-hot. Let us wait. Let us preach true Jefferson-Jacksonian democracy, keep our swords sharp and bright and strike the republican party big and thigh at every turn. In a year or two, the bad passions will have cooled down: the free silver men will cease to denounce the sound money men as tools of Wall street and members of the McKinley aid society, and the sound money democrats will cease to reproach their brethren bearing the silver ensign as repudiators, anarchists and lunatics; and then when the democratic bugles ring out upon the air and the roll of the drums sound through the land, the old democratic banner will be displayed in all its original splendor on every hill and in every valley, and the country will tremble from ocean to ocean under the marching feet of millions of democrats, all once more united in defence of the constitution and the liberties of the country, and to crush out of existence robber tariffs, trusts and monopolies.

A Generous Physician.

Mrs. Binkers—Well, did you go to the doctor to see about that bee-sting on little Johnny?

Mr. Binkers—Yes. He said we should put mud on it. He charged me two dollars for the prescription, but he gave me the mud for nothing.

Nothing was saved from the recent fire at Randolph court house. All records were destroyed and lawyers see a harvest of fees in prospect.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 130 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in coughs and colds. Free trial bottles at Parker & Armstrong's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

Non-Resident Notice.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.
John E. Bobo Complainant vs. Ella Bobo Defendant.

In Chancery. Sixth District, Northeastern Chancery Division.

In this cause it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of W. B. Browne, attorney for John E. Bobo, that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on January 14th, 1897, viz: Maudie Fancher. Homestead entry, No. 23,571, for the 81 of sec. 22, tp. 19 south of r. 1 west.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Moses W. Chesson, William A. Blackberry, John E. Crane, William F. Adams, all of Wilson, Alabama.

Done at office at Columbiana this 22nd day of December, A. D. 1896.

dec-23-4 GORDON DUBOSE, Register.

Notice No. 18643.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA. 1

December 7, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on January 14th, 1897, viz: Maudie Fancher. Homestead entry, No. 23,571, for the 81 of sec. 22, tp. 19 south of r. 1 west.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Moses W. Chesson, William A. Blackberry, John E. Crane, William F. Adams, all of Wilson, Alabama.

Done at office at Columbiana this 22nd day of December, A. D. 1896.

dec-19-4 GORDON DUBOSE, Register.

Closing Out - Manufacturer's Cost

MY ENTIRE STOCK OF

CLOTHING, DRY GOODS!

BOOTS AND SHOES.

AND FURNISHING GOODS.

I mean to save you 33 1-3 cents on each dollar. I keep only the best selected stock of goods, THE LATEST DESIGNS the market produces. No shoddy goods—only brand new goods.

Everything I Sell is Absolutely Guaranteed by Me.

My prices are the cheapest in the State of Alabama.

I QUOTE YOU SOME OF MY PRICES:

\$ 5.00 Mens Wool Suits, now only.....	\$ 3.25	\$2.00 Mens oil grain Gaiter Shoes, now only.....	\$ 1.20
12.30 Mens fine Worsted Suits, now only.....	7.50	35c Childrens Shoes, now only.....	15
17.50 Mens French Clay Worsted Suits, now only.....	8.15	50c Misses Polkas, now only.....	25
1.50 Mens Wool Pants, now only.....	75	50c Ladies all-wool breakfast Shaws, now only.....	15
3.50 Mens fine wool Cassimere Pants, now only.....	1.50	15c Worsteds all-wool filling now only.....	7
75c Mens Jeans Pants, now only.....	45	50c Calicoes, now only.....	3
1.25 Mens Wool Jeans Pants, now only.....	75	45 yards Calico, in a bundle, only.....	90
2.00 Mens Fur Hats, now only.....	95	20 yards Ducking, in a bundle, only.....	90
75c Boys Hats, now only.....	35	25c Mens Suspenders, now only.....	5
1.25 Mens Shoes, now only.....	1.25	Anniston Sheetting.....	5
1.25 Mens Shoes, now only.....	85	Anniston Shirting.....	4
3.50 Mens Shoes, now only.....	2.00	50 Good Cotton Checks, now only.....	30c
1.50 Mens Shoes, now only.....	1.00	25c best table Oil Cloth, now only.....	15c
1.50 Mens calf Brown Shoes, now only.....	95	12c solid colors, Sateens, now only.....	75c
		10c fancy colored Sateens, now only.....	75c

I ALSO KEEP A FINE LINE OF

Men's Neckties and Silk Handkerchiefs,

Cologne, Ladies Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, a fine line of Dress Goods, Trimmings and Laces, and 1,000 other articles.

Tell your neighbors that you know of a place where you can save them 33 1-3 cents on each dollar, if they will spend their money with S. Stark, Shelby, Ala., and you will in return get their blessings. When you come to Shelby look at the sign marked in plain figures:

"CLOSING OUT AT COST!"

S. STARK,

SHELBY, ALABAMA.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. J.C. FLETCHER

*Pumpkin Seed - 1 lb.
Rhubarb Sals - 1 lb.
Sassafras - 1 lb.
Peppermint - 1 lb.
Cinnamon - 1 lb.
Cloves - 1 lb.
Nutmeg - 1 lb.
Mace - 1 lb.
Allspice - 1 lb.
Ginger - 1 lb.
Licorice - 1 lb.
Sage - 1 lb.
Thyme - 1 lb.
Marjoram - 1 lb.
Basil - 1 lb.
Parsley - 1 lb.
Dill - 1 lb.
Fennel - 1 lb.
Caraway - 1 lb.
Anise - 1 lb.
Coriander - 1 lb.
Mustard - 1 lb.
Turmeric - 1 lb.
Saffron - 1 lb.
Vermilion - 1 lb.
Madder - 1 lb.
Rosa - 1 lb.
Safflower - 1 lb.
Indigo - 1 lb.
Carmine - 1 lb.
Cochineal - 1 lb.
Madder - 1 lb.
Rosa - 1 lb.
Safflower - 1 lb.
Indigo - 1 lb.
Carmine - 1 lb.
Cochineal - 1 lb.*

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and **LOSS OF SLEEP.**

Fac-Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DROPS = 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Chas. H. Fletcher

IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The Fac-Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
is on every wrapper.

THE CHRONICLE

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

COLUMBIANA, DEC. 24, 1896.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy one year, \$1.00.

One copy six months, .50.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Post Office

Mail closes, 11:07 a. m.

Trains due, 11:37 a. m. and 3:28 p. m.

Mails open 1:30 p. m. on Sunday and on arrival train after 3:28 p. m.

Southern Railway.

NEW SCHEDULE.

No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 2:51 p. m.

No. 11, passenger, leaves going north, 11:54 a. m.

No. 61, local, leaves going south, 12:35 a. m.

No. 62, local, leaves going north, 12:35 p. m.

LOCAL VIVISCOPE.

Miss Nellie Parker is at home for the holidays.

James Harris, of beat 4, spent Monday in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Reynolds, of Shelby, spent Sunday here.

Maj. John B. Randall, of Calera, was a visitor in town Monday.

The Chronicle bids its readers adieu until the first week in January.

W. B. Brinkerhoff, of Newala, transacted business here Monday.

Dr. Neill McMillan left yesterday to visit relatives in South Alabama.

Joe Cronwell spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Selma visiting friends.

Miss Ethel McMath, of Montevallo, is a guest of friends in town this week.

Miss Sue McGee, of Thomas, Ala., is on a visit to her mother, Mrs. W. G. Parker.

James Reynolds, Esq., of Montevallo, paid our town a professional call Monday.

Miss Naldo Christian, of Shelby, will spend the holidays with Columbiana friends.

Last week J. T. Barnett purchased the home of E. T. Hunter, and will move into it soon.

Miss Mamie Seabrook, of Childersburg, is expected down tomorrow to spend the holidays.

Misses Kilpatrick and Densler, of Wilsonville, visited Misses T. and Oza Hammond last week.

Let's all forget that times are hard, for a few days at least and we'll have a jolly, merry Christmas.

Miss Anna Duran, a pupil of the Industrial school, will spend the week with relatives and friends here.

Miss Ola Parker, of Harpersville, spent three days of this week here with her cousin, Miss Leila Parker.

The Christmas tree will be tonight at the Academy. The indications are that it will be decorated with a bountiful supply of presents.

Miss Kate Huyett will arrive today from Stanton to spend the holidays at home. She will be accompanied by Miss Isla Reed, of Plantersville.

School closed yesterday for the holidays. It will reopen the first Monday in January. The scholars can, and we hope will, have a glorious time in the interim.

Col. E. T. Hunter, president of the Shelby County Horse, Mule, Ox and Yearling Association will move next week into the residence now occupied by J. O. Farmer, who intends moving to Chilton county.

Kraut, Pickles, Pigsfeet, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Sorghum, Meat, and in fact any article in the grocery line sold at a close figure. Try me before you buy elsewhere.

J. H. H. LAMOND, the Cash Grocer.

NOTICE.

We request every one indebted to the Columbian Mercantile Company to come in and settle their accounts promptly by the 10th day of January, 1897, or we will be compelled to force collections on all who do not settle by that date. Also all accounts against said firm must be presented by above date, and they will be promptly settled.

COLUMBIANA MERCANTILE CO.

By Enlick & Lefkowitz.

Harpersville Echoes.

Free Cuba.

That Christmas turkey.

McKinley is not buying cotton.

A happy Christmas to all.

Who will be next to marry.

Those pictures did "come."

Miss Hancock, of East Lake, is visiting Miss Hannah Caldwell.

H. G. Self spent last week with his children at Woodward, Ala.

Died, on the 15th inst., the infant child of Dr. and Mrs. Nelson.

Colds, colds, nearly everybody has a cold.

Hardy Nelson, Jr., and family spent last Thursday and Friday with Harpersville relatives.

R. M. Borum and L. J. Carden were elected deacons of the Harpersville Baptist church last Saturday and ordained Sunday. Rev. Mr. Wood, of East Lake, preaching the ordination sermon.

Lawyers Thetford and Leeper, of Columbiana, attended the entertainment here Tuesday night.

Married, near here, Tuesday the 22nd, J. C. Elliott and Miss Mollie Hatcher, Rev. T. P. Roberts officiating. We wish them a long and happy life.

A large majority of the voters in this beat don't want a stock law, but are perfectly willing to abide by an honest and fair election. There is too much free grass in beat ten for a stock law.

JAKIE.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chills, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by Parker & Armstrong.

There are fifty-two penitentiaries and over 17,000 jails in the United States. They cost \$50,000,000 to build. Over 950,000 persons were incarcerated in the year 1892. The criminal expense to the country is not less than \$100,000,000 annually.

Wilsonville Waifs.

Coward Gooden went to his home at Alpine, last Sunday, to spend the holidays.

A. L. and J. C. Jackson made a hasty trip to Tallapoosa, Ga., last week to visit sick relatives. A. L. Jackson will probably remain until after the holidays.

Misses Blossom and Olive Densler spent part of last week in Columbiana.

W. R. Smith went south on the train Sunday afternoon.

For various reasons the S. P. L. League will not give an entertainment this year, the absence of the program committee and by reason of the very short time in which we had to practice, we decided it best to surrender rather than make our first attempt a failure. We will have no entertainments other than the "Santa Claus mansion," or Christmas house, this week.

We were very much surprised by the non-arrival of the pastor of the Methodist church Sunday night. Quite a crowd was present and the services were turned into a prayer meeting conducted by Dr. Boyer.

Capt. J. W. Dolin went to Atlanta Sunday on business.

THE LAST DAYS OF '96.

The year has just and gone, With all its heat and cold. The things that in it have been done Will never all be told.

Thank God for all its bliss; Lord pardon all our sins, For many things we've done amiss Since ninety-six began.

Good-bye, good-bye, old year, We'll never see you more; Your last day's sun will soon go down, You'll see it rise no more.

When you have passed away And other years have come, We'll still remember many things You gave us all along.

You gave us many joys, And some things very sad; You filled our hearts with plenty For which our hearts are glad.

Again we say good-bye, And bless the year you've done, Ten thousand watchful eyes will view Your last day's setting sun.

—BOURGEOIS.

The Falstaffian Element in the Cuban War.

From The Chicago Chronicle.

What a roaring opera bouffe could be based upon the situation in Cuba! Everyone admits that Cuba should be free, and that the island has been treated outrageously by Spain, but the ridiculousness of the movements of both armies cannot but force itself upon any who read the dispatches. The most active men in Cuba are those who send out the "war" news. We never hear of skirmishes. Every meeting of opposing troops is a "battle" or an "engagement." The high-sounding titles and the higher-sounding names to which the titles are attached are incongruous considering what these Quixotic personages really accomplish.

"Lieut.-Col. Rodriguez de la Casino yesterday executed a brilliant flank movement upon the Las Pinas plantation and escaped without the loss of a man. He captured seven soap boilers. This will cripple the insurgents." "Gen. Antonio Maceo, the intrepid leader of the patriots, again displayed his brilliant strategy by crossing the trocha at the head of eighteen men and returned laden with spoils wrested from Weyer. Among the supplies secured were a live goat and four cans of tomato soup." "The most sanguinary battle of the war took place today, when Generalissimo Calixta Garcia with twenty-one men boldly attacked a Spanish force of nearly thirty under Col. Bobadilla. Each commander directed his men from a convenient tree. The Spaniards were completely routed, retreating to Havana. One was wounded by the discharge of his own weapon. A Cuban lieutenant sprained his ankle and Garcia was nearly wounded, the bullet lodging in the tree in which he sat. It is reported that Weyer has given up the struggle." Why, one good election scrap in the eighteenth ward contains more fatalities than a whole Cuban campaign.

The Aim of Christ's Work.

"Peace on earth" was the aim of Christ's work in this world, writes Edward Bellamy in The Ladies Home Journal. The whole gist of his doctrine and the burden of his teaching consisted in counsels to men how to put an end to strife with their fellow men and live together with them in mutual helpfulness. All this teaching, which was the whole content of his gospel, was grouped about and crystallized in the golden rule, whereon our modern world is founded as on an everlasting foundation. To believe in Christ and not to believe in the golden rule as the only plan for social organization seems to us a moral and rational impossibility—and an unthinkable proposition. Just this, however, our ancestors undertook to do, and it is fair to admit that they were very frank about it. They made no pretenses.

How Fashions Originate.

From Puck.

Mrs. Newrich—I never can remember how many cards to leave when calling.

Old Gentleman—The rules are very simple, madam. You hand one to the servant, and then on departing leave as many cards on the plate as there are adult members of the family, adding two of your husband's cards, and occasionally dumping in a few for good measure. Do not be signally in dealing out cards, as that suggests vulgar poverty.

"I am ever so much obliged. Are you Mr. McAllister?"

"No, madam. I am Mr. Bristol, the card manufacturer."

THE OLD ROCK SPRING.

There is many a well of water that is lauded by the poet.

There are fountains cool and shady that are lauded by the poet.

I have wandered in the woeland where I heard the brooklet sing.

But the best and coolest water is the Old Rock Spring.

O, it is like a diamond at the bottom of the hill.

And down into the valley spouts its messenger, the rill.

But the still, though quite delicious, to the thirsty cannot bring.

Half the joy and satisfaction of the Old Rock Spring.

Its waters are the clearest and its flavor is the best—

No place that's so delightful for the traveler to rest;

No water that's worth drinking though you've tasted everything.

When once you've wet your whistle at the Old Rock Spring.

—HENRY CARL HORNADY.

THE CAMERA.

The nail trust should be driven to the wall.

A great many pieces of advice are cut from the wrong bolt.

Would it be proper to call a deceased policeman a dead beat?

Women hate death because it places them in the silent tomb.

When a man gives himself away he feels cheap.

"Time is money," remarked the burglar as he put the watch in his pocket.

A cat ought to be a poet. Its meows never fails.

A man who committed suicide left this note: "I met my worst enemy and slew him."

Money may be the root of all evil, but I have often wondered where I got my own meanness.

Chronic kickers generally succeed in getting all the cover on the floor.

The faces by the old fireside at home are the best we ever know on earth.

George Washington is said to have never told a lie; and yet he is called the father of this country.

Flattery is one way of telling a man he is a fool.

The regular boarder sat down to his breakfast and said: "My life is now at stake."

Fashion note—The populists will wear their whiskers a little longer.

The Sharkey-Pittsingtons will ground out a good deal of loaf.

If water cost fifteen cents a glass and burnt a blister from thorax to zero when you drank it, prohibition would stand a much greater chance of success than it does at present.

It does not require personal magnetism to draw water.

HENRY CARR HORNADY.

Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In effect November 15, 1896.

No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 2:51 p. m.

No. 11, passenger, leaves going north, 11:54 a. m.

No. 61, local, leaves going south, 12:35 a. m.

No. 62, local, leaves going north, 12:35 p. m.

No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 2:51 p. m.

No. 11, passenger, leaves going north, 11:54 a. m.

No. 61, local, leaves going south, 12:35 a. m.

No. 62, local, leaves going north, 12:35 p. m.

No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 2:51 p. m.

No. 11, passenger, leaves going north, 11:54 a. m.

No. 61, local, leaves going south, 12:35 a. m.

No. 62, local, leaves going north, 12:35 p. m.

No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 2:51 p. m.

No. 11, passenger, leaves going north, 11:54 a. m.

No. 61, local, leaves going south, 12:35 a. m.

No. 62, local, leaves going north, 12:35 p. m.

No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 2:51 p. m.

No. 11, passenger, leaves going north, 11:54 a. m.

No. 61, local, leaves going south, 12:35 a. m.

No. 62, local, leaves going north, 12:35 p. m.

No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 2:51 p. m.

No. 11, passenger, leaves going north, 11:54 a. m.

No. 61, local, leaves going south, 12:35 a. m.

No. 62, local, leaves going north, 12:35 p. m.

No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 2:51 p. m.

No. 11, passenger, leaves going north, 11:54 a. m.

No. 61, local, leaves going south, 12:35 a. m.

No. 62, local, leaves going north, 12:35 p. m.

No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 2:51 p. m.

No. 11, passenger, leaves going north, 11:54 a. m.

No. 61, local, leaves going south, 12:35 a. m.

No. 62, local, leaves going north, 12:35 p. m.

No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 2:51 p. m.

No. 11, passenger, leaves going north, 11:54 a. m.

No. 61, local, leaves going south, 12:35 a. m.

No. 62, local, leaves going north, 12:35 p. m.

No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 2:51 p. m.

No. 11, passenger, leaves going north, 11:54 a. m.

No. 61, local, leaves going south, 12:35 a. m.

No. 62, local, leaves going north, 12:35 p. m.

No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 2:51 p. m.

No. 11, passenger, leaves going north, 11:54 a. m.

No. 61, local, leaves going south, 12:35 a. m.

No. 62, local, leaves going north, 12:35 p. m.

No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 2:51 p. m.

No. 11, passenger, leaves going north, 11:54 a. m.

No. 61, local, leaves going south, 12:35 a. m.

No. 62, local, leaves going north, 12:35 p. m.

No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 2:51 p. m.

No. 11, passenger, leaves going north, 11:54 a. m.

No. 61, local, leaves going south, 12:35 a. m.

No. 62, local, leaves going north, 12:35 p. m.

No. 10, passenger, leaves going south, 2:51 p. m.

No. 11, passenger, leaves going north, 11:54 a. m.

No. 61, local, leaves going south, 12:35 a. m.

No. 62, local, leaves going north, 12:35 p. m.

NEW FIRM. NEW PRICES!

Of course a few people know that we have gone into the drug business, but we want everybody to know it, and we also want them to know that

Our Prices Are 20 Per Cent Cheaper

than drugs were ever sold for before in Shelby county. We propose to put our prices down within the reach of all, and we are going to do the drug business if reason-charges cut any figure.

Lots of New, Fresh Goods.

We have added largely to our stock recently, and it is our intention to keep every article likely to be called for. Our motto is "Live and Let Live." We don't want the earth, nor do we want all the land that "jines ourn." All we want is a living profit. A purchase of us will prove our claims.

Hoping to merit your patronage we are Yours to Serve,

J.E. SEALE & CO.

Seeing is Believing. NOT MUCH.

YOU see too many circus posters nowadays.

And the public sees too many flashy advertisements.

Nay, seeing is not

ASTHMA,
Distressing Cough,
SORE JOINTS
—AND—
MUSCLES.
Despaired
OF RELIEF.
CURED BY
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

"Some time since, I had a severe attack of asthma, accompanied with a distressing cough and a general soreness of the joints and muscles. I consulted physicians and tried various remedies, but without getting any relief, until I despaired of ever being well again. Finally, I took Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and in a very short time, was entirely cured. I can, therefore, cordially and confidently commend this medicine to all."—J. ROSKINS, Victoria, Texas.

"My wife had a very troublesome cough. She used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and procured immediate relief."—G. H. PODICK, Humphreys, Ga.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
Received Highest Awards
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

THE CHRONICLE.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
COLUMBIANA, DEC. 26, 1895.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months50

SHELBY LODGE, No. 140, A. F. & A. M.
Regular communications at Columbiana the last Saturday night in each month. Visiting brothers in good standing cordially invited.
J. S. LEEPER, Sec. F. D. MASON, W. M.

SHELBY LODGE, No. 50, K. O. P.
Regular meetings first and third Monday nights of each month, at 7:30, at Shelby, Ala.
W. A. WALKER, C. C.
A. M. PIPER, K. of R. and S. and M. of P.

CORINTHIAN LODGE, 432, A. F. & A. M.
Meets at Shelby, Ala., the second Thursday night of each month, at 7:30. Visiting brothers cordially invited to attend.
J. F. McLEANE, Sec. A. H. AVERY, W. M.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

J. G. Parker spent Sunday in Calera.

Mrs. T. L. Seale visited Calera Thursday.

Dolls, dolls, and dolls, at
JOHNSTON & WHITE'S

P. B. Harrell, of Shelby, spent Thursday in town.

J. P. Spencer paid Birmingham a flying visit yesterday.

I. W. Bailey, of Calera, was a visitor in town Monday.

J. S. Walton, of Weldon, paid us an appreciated call Tuesday.

W. W. Walls, of Birmingham, spent Sunday with his family here.

W. R. Weaver, of Aldrich, paid our office a pleasant call Monday.

Air guns and wagons, for the boys, at
JOHNSTON & WHITE'S.

Miss Grace Walker, of Anniston, is visiting her sister, Mrs. T. J. Weaver.

We learn that Judge McMillan is quite ill, but we hope he may soon be at his office again.

Johnston & White have just received a new line of men's and boys' hats. Don't fail to see them.

E. D. Hall, mine host of the Colonial, was quite sick for several days, but has recovered.

Pure wines and whiskies for medicinal purposes can be found at Geo. W. Chambers', Talladega, Ala.

Miss Emma Looney will leave tomorrow for Fayetteville, her home, to spend the holidays.

For fruits, candies, currants, cocoanuts and holiday goods go to
JOHNSTON & WHITE'S.

Senator McEldery, of Talladega, was in town two or three days this week attending court.

J. W. Moore, of Weldon, we learn, has moved to our city. We congratulate him on his selection.

Isaac Cronwell, who moved from this place to Indian Territory about a year ago, is here on a visit.

Sam Strickland has moved into town, in order to take advantage of our superior school facilities.

Authors, dominoes, yacht races, steeple chase and other games.
JOHNSTON & WHITE.

Mrs. I. W. Bailey, of Calera, who has been on a week's visit to relatives in this place, returned home Sunday.

Johnston & White have just received a pretty line of Christmas goods. Don't fail to visit their store when in town.

We have just received a new stock of ladies' and children's shoes. Let us give you prices on them.
JOHNSTON & WHITE.

Look out for the Christmas tree and a real Santa Clause. Go, and take the children; but by all means make the little ones happy by putting a present on the tree for them on Christmas Eve.

Our genial tax assessor, J. H. Hammond, having sold his property in Wilsonville, has moved to this place and is occupying the residence of the late J. S. Leeper. Here's our hand, Brother Hammond.

H. W. O'Brien and family, of Orrville, Ala., are now citizens of our county. He has purchased the farm of J. W. Johnston, one mile south of town, and last week moved there. We extend them a hearty welcome.

Hon. R. W. Cobb has been quite sick the past two or three days, but is now improving.

J. H. Duran died this morning in Calera, after a long illness, and will be buried here tomorrow morning. For a number of years he was a resident of this place, but has lived in Calera for about ten years.

With this issue, we bid our friends adieu until 1896. There will be no paper Christmas week. We believe we have earned one week of rest, and we propose, as is our custom, to take it. A merry Christmas to all.

Joe M. Spencer has purchased E. D. Hall's stock of merchandise, and has moved into the brick store adjoining, owned by W. B. Browne. His stock is about straightened out and he is now ready for business.

Geo. W. Chambers, of Talladega, sells the best whisky for the money to be found anywhere. He buys in large quantities direct from the manufacturers, and therefore his goods are pure. Orders filled promptly by return train.

Do not spend your money for low proof high wines which are flavored with chemicals and called corn and rye, but let mesell you the pure juice, regular distilled from the grain, at \$2 to \$4 per gallon. Geo. W. Chambers, Talladega, Alabama.

We learn today on good authority that it is the intention of the Shelby Iron company to reopen their store in a short time. The date has not yet been settled upon, but it is not likely to be longer than six or eight weeks.

For your Xmas 'nog or for the holiday reunion, let me sell you your whiskies—something that will give satisfaction—as I buy all my liquors direct from the distillery, paying cash for same, I can sell you the pure juice.
Geo. W. Chambers,
Talladega, Ala.

Our Sunday Schools propose to unite and have a Christmas tree on the evening of the 21th. We have not been furnished with any further particulars, but this announcement will be sufficient to insure a large crowd of little ones. They will go to see the tree and get the presents, and not to hear speeches.

If you are in need of pure, unadulterated whiskies for medicinal purposes you can find ten-year-old Gibson rye whisky, oily and smooth as velvet; also Kentucky Yellow Stone, D. W. Harpers, McBrier, Rose Bud, Cognac, Apple and Peach brandies, imported Canadian Club, as well as brandies and gin, at Geo. W. Chambers', Talladega, Ala.

We have been requested by an active member of our city council and an earnest friend of our free school to urge our people to pay their city taxes at once. Quite a large number of our citizens agreed voluntarily to pay half in November, and the balance in January. Very few have paid a cent. The need of this money is urgent and all are requested to call now on the city treasurer and pay these taxes. The school must run, and it takes money to pay the teachers. They have been faithful in the discharge of their duties relying on the promises made. Now they must be paid. Every man in Columbiana should do all he agreed to do towards maintaining the school, and should do it promptly.

Card of Thanks.

Kindness has been compared to the light of a lamp or candle shining far out into the night, guiding and cheering the lonely traveler struggling through the darkness. So in affliction's trying hour a gentle word, a sympathetic glance, a friendly act, inspires courage and hope in the sinking heart, a strong faith in God, reminding us that there still lives in man something divine, a fragment of the great love that sees and pities all. In our recent affliction, and many times in the past, the same thoughtful, sympathetic friends have stood with us around the death bed of our loved ones, ministering so patiently and gently to every want; and although words can but feebly express our gratitude and appreciation, yet we would offer this small tribute to all who have contributed in any way to our comfort or assistance in our times of trouble. May He who comes not to be ministered unto but to minister, reward you; may the healing of His seamless robe be by your bed of pain and His rod and staff be your comfort and stay through the dark valley and shadow of death.
J. P. SPENCER.

Wilsonville Warblers.

Mr. Bolin's sawmill has been running under full headway.

The Methodists are talking of erecting a parsonage at this place.

Mr. James Ray is building a new cottage for Mr. Ed Niven at West End.

Mr. Wm. Kidd and Mr. Jas. Wilder, of Vincent, ran over Sunday on a visit to relatives.

Mr. Clem Butler is over at Birmingham for a few days looking after his sawmill interests.

Our young people are anticipating pleasant visits from various friends during the holidays.

Mr. J. H. Hammond has sold out his interests here and will leave us, with his interesting family, in a few days.

Miss Maude Williamson and Miss Lula Densler spent Saturday and Sunday at Mr. J. W. Bolin's, and report a large time.

All are enthusiastic upon the sub-

ject of our own Institute and the Girls' Industrial School. We must educate, we must educate.

Mr. George Smith's bright face and jolly good cheer will be missed from our midst, as he has returned to his enviable railroad position.

Mr. Bob Fowler is anxiously looked for, that he may tell us of his shipwreck and other marine experiences on his recent trip to Central America.

Mr. Charlie Adkins, of Calera, is visiting in Wilsonville. The great question among us girls is, Will he continue to visit here now or will his visits change other changes?

Mr. Brooks De Arman, the dear man unbluffable, will be missed one week from school and by our town; but grieve not, dear girls, for he will return all our own, as before, with the new year.

You should see the S. P. L. L.'s in their badges e're long. They are a fine looking company when on parade. The only question about their future success is that we now crowd any room about town.

Our late trio from the Exposition report a treat well worth any young man's time and money spent on such a trip. Mrs. Densler and daughter, Olive, have not returned.

The architecture of Mr. Pope's handsome new brick store is fully up with the most modern of our city stores. We learn that he will in a few days open up in his new house, just in time for the holiday trade.

As the new Methodist minister had not arrived, we had no preaching on Sunday, but instead, had an interesting prayer meeting at the Presbyterian church morning and evening.

Mr. Robert O'Hara will be a citizen of our town by January 1. He settles permanently among us for the purpose of educating his children, and will enter five at the Institute at our new year's opening.

Since witnessing the marvelous growth of our school since September 1, and in view of the fact that we are to be stormed with new pupils on the 1st of January, our entire people are stirred as never before upon the subject of adding an ample room to the Institute building. The Masonic lodge of this place has pledged itself to donate \$60 and a splendid heater; and, though all outsiders have not been seen as yet, we feel safe in assuming that when the field has been canvassed we will have a splendid house of seating capacity for 150 pupils. This is to be finished the first or second week in January.

Finally, Mr. Editor, look out for Santa Clause, and our wish for you and yours is that he may come to you in great shape. We hear it whispered that he's getting his "fixes" ready for our neighbors and our neighbors' children. A merry Christmas to you and to all.
W. S. S.

Harpersville Echoes.

There is a drove of mules in town. Mr. Giles filled his appointment here Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. R. L. Flippin, of Birmingham, is spending this week at Harpersville.

Dr. Corley, a prominent dentist of Talladega, was here Saturday and Sunday last.

Webb Martin, after spending several months in the far west, returned home last Sunday.

Tax Assessor Hammond and Collector Smith were here last Thursday looking after taxes.

Alvin Hitchcock has moved from the country to town and is occupying the Davis building, on North Highlands.

W. A. Gorman came over from East Lake last week and spent a few days here looking after his mother's business.

Who will be the first to try to have this whisky business stopped? It can be done, and why don't some one start the ball to rolling?

The great Henry Watterson struck the key-note a few days ago when he said that the democratic party would die unless new leaders took hold of it, and he might have added that churches, schools, societies, etc., would go the same way. The time has come for a change. The country needs it, and the people want it. Whenever this is done, the grand old democratic party will bloom again as a rose, all the churches will put on new life, the school-room will be overflowing, and societies will do much and lasting good. Let us have a change and let us have it now.

We notice that a great many newspapers of the state and, in fact, nearly all of them, are against Captain Joe Johnston for governor, and even our own much beloved CHRONICLE, is among the number. Why is all this fight against Mr. Johnston? Is it because he don't agree with Mr. Cleveland on the money question? Is he to be rid out of the democratic party simply because he don't agree with the president on that matter? Are Morgan and Pugh, the grand old war heroes of democracy, to be driven out of the party simply because their views and Mr. Cleveland's are not the same on the money issue? Surely not. I believe that we have just as good democrats that would make just as good presidents, if not better, than Mr. Cleveland. And now as the good-looking editor of THE CHRONICLE has declared himself on the situation, your humble servant will declare himself. I am for Joe Johnston for governor until the democratic convention speaks, and then if he is defeated fairly I am for the nominee, let him be who he may.

Wishing you and the many readers

of THE CHRONICLE a merry Christmas and a happy New Year, I will make my bow and step aside until January, when I will take up my pen and in my feeble way continue to give you the news from this part of the moral vineyard.
JAKE.

Vandiver Locals.

Abb Waldrop has left this place and gone south.

Boys, let's have a Christmas tree at Chestnut Grove.

Jimmie Whitfield has got a severe attack of the fever.

Dr. Lawley's sawmill is cutting a great deal of lumber at Vandiver.

The farmers have planted more wheat in this country than they ever did before.

We agree with the writer from Harpersville on the whisky business, and hope the guilty parties will be punished to the extent of the law.

Christmas is coming and the parties have commenced, but we hope that the teachers and leaders of this community will not take a part in such things.
SMALL BOY.

POSTAL SAVINGS BANKS, ETC.

From the Richmond Dispatch.

In the United States senate Mr. Quay, of Pennsylvania, has introduced a bill to establish postal savings banks. It provides for deposits of from ten cents to ten dollars at all money order postoffices, and for allowing interest on deposits which do not exceed \$500. This measure the founder of the Dispatch in his lifetime always supported when he had the opportunity to do so. The result of the passage of such a law as Mr. Quay proposes would be the transfer of the money now lying idle in old stockings and in safety-boxes to the custody of Uncle Sam. If such a law were now in force Mr. Carlisle would have no trouble in using these deposits in carrying on the government's financial operations. Such a law would encourage economy and tend to promote thrift amongst the small depositors, though \$500 is not a small sum looked at from Mr. Quay's point of view. It would cause many a dollar to be deposited in the postal savings banks which now goes into the drawer of the saloon keepers. The people have unbounded confidence in the national government; yes, all the people, whether they be plutocrats, laying up millions of dollars of bonds, or the masses of the people, possessing the means of depositing only a few dollars at a time. The money which would be deposited in postal banks under the proposed law would not have to remain idle. On the contrary, it might be and ought to be and would be employed by the government, and, as the rate of interest would probably be not over 2 per cent., the government would make or save money by the establishment of places of deposit which would always have on hand an abundance of money. The government would, of course, use this money, but Uncle Sam, as we have said, would nevertheless be always ready to pay his depositors.

Akin to Mr. Quay's proposition is the proposition to make the telegraph a part of the postal system of the country. We have heretofore called attention to the article of Justice Walter Clark, of North Carolina, in the American Law Review, in which he discusses the constitutionality of the proposition in question. One single point ought to suffice to satisfy the doubter. Judge Clark says that the same section of the constitution of the United States which empowers congress to declare war, raise and support armies and navy, coin money, regulate commerce, and borrow money on the credit of the United States includes the permission to establish postoffices and postroads, and if the power of the government is exclusive as to these other provisions, it is also exclusive as to the postoffice, for all these powers are conferred by the same section and by the same words. "Numerous decisions of the supreme court of the United States," says Justice Clark, "holding the power of congress over the postoffice and the carrying of mails to be exclusive render necessary any discussion of an undisputed point."

By all means let the thrifty people have postal savings banks. Rich and poor, the government and the people, will profit by them.

Notice to Non-Resident.

The State of Alabama, Shelby County.

Savannah Higgins, complainant, vs. Ed Higgins, defendant in Chancery. Sixth District, Northeastern Chancery Division.

In this cause, it is made to appear to the Register by the affidavit of J. N. Cook that the defendant, Ed Higgins, is a non-resident and that his place of residence is unknown, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years. It is therefore ordered, by the Register, that publication be made in the Shelby Chronicle, a newspaper published in the County of Shelby, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said Ed Higgins, to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the third day of January A. D. 1896, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office, in Columbiana, this 30th day of November A. D. 1895.
GORDON DUBOSE, Register.

Probate Notice.

State of Alabama, Shelby County.

Probate Court, December 10th, 1895.

Estate of James M. Johnson, deceased.

This day came C. W. O'Hara, administrator of said estate, and filed his application in due form and under oath, praying for an order of sale of certain lands and personal property described therein, and belonging to said estate, for the purpose of division among the heirs, upon the ground that said property cannot be equitably divided among said heirs without a sale. It is ordered that the 20th day of January, 1896, be appointed a day for hearing such application, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same, if they think proper.

D. R. McLELLAN,
Judge of Probate.

The January Number of "The Delineator."

Is called the Winter Holiday Number. The Fashion articles for the month are timely and complete, covering the entire field of styles for ladies, misses and children, millinery, lingerie, dress goods and trimmings. The rich holiday display in the shops is interestingly described. Mrs. Roger A. Pryor's article on The Social Code relates to society balls and to balls and parties for children. The space devoted to Woman's Work and Advancement includes a thoughtful conversation between Edith M. Thomas and Dr. S. R. Elliott on Woman in Business, an interesting paper by Miss Margaret McNaughton discussing Architecture as a profession for women, a graphic description by Lucia M. Robbins of Woman's Work at the Atlanta Exposition, Harriet Keith Forbes' directions for burnt decorations upon cardboard, and the continuation of Sara Miller Kirby's Kindergarten articles. The first of a brief series of papers on the Care of the Teeth, by a well known New York dentist, will be found exceptionally valuable. Mrs. A. B. Longstreet describes the carving of meats, and in seasonable cookery impromptu luncheon menus receive attention. In Mrs. Witherspoon's Tea-Table Gossip are noted some new home made holiday gifts. The review of holiday publications includes mention of many particularly intended for young readers. The novelties in knitting, tatting, crocheting and lace-making are illustrated and described.

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results follow its use; that he would not be without it if possible. G. A. Dykeman, Druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles free at Parker & Armstrong Drug store. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Parker & Armstrong.

BROWNE & LEEPER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA.

W. F. THETFORD, JR.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Notice No. 18,657.
Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE at MONTGOMERY, ALA., November 15, 1895.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Columbiana, Ala., on January 9th, 1896, viz: Armistead Mallory, Homestead entry, No. 24,828, for the ne. 1/4, Section 28, T. 23, S. 1, E. 2, Range 2 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Wm. W. Withers, of Wilsonville, Ala.; Thomas A. Goodenough, of Wilsonville, Ala.; Lemuel S. Bradford, of Harpersville, Ala.; John F. Pope, of Wilsonville, Ala.
H. PURCELL, Register.

Probate Notice.

Estate of James M. Johnson, deceased.

Probate Court.

Letters of administration of the estate of said deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 20th day of November, 1895, by the Hon. D. R. McMillan, Judge of the Probate Court of Shelby county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present same within the time allowed by law or the same will be barred.

C. W. O'HARA, Administrator.

We Make
the Only Mill
that will Grind
Cotton Seed
Satisfactorily

Capacity up to 200 bushels per hour. Power required about four horse power. We guarantee it fully. Price \$75.

MONTGOMERY IRON WORKS,
Montgomery, Alabama.

THE BEST WAY

—TO THE—
SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST,
NORTH AND NORTHWEST,
—IS VIA THE—

L. & N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Calera daily, running through MONTGOMERY, MOBILE AND NEW ORLEANS.

Connecting for all points in

Texas and the West

Also running through to NASHVILLE, EVANSVILLE, LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS.

Connecting for all points in the

North and Northwest.

Before purchasing tickets to any points write the agent of the Louisville & Nashville railroad at Calera, or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

1895 VICTOR BICYCLES:—\$100.00



There are eight Victor Models for ladies and gentlemen, practically any height frame furnished. Victors lead the cycling world. Send for catalogue.

OVERMAN WHEEL CO
Makers of Victor Bicycles and Athletic Goods.
BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO. DENVER. DETROIT.
SAN FRANCISCO. LOS ANGELES. PORTLAND.

HOOD MACHINE COMPANY,

J. A. HOOD and T. J. CALDWELL, Proprietors.
Cor. 1st Avenue and 15th Street,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Repairers of LOCOMOTIVES, BOILERS and MACHINERY of all Kinds.

Saw Mill Work a Specialty.

Special agents for Deatur Car Wheel Co. We fit up wheels and axles of every description. Gear wheels cut with perfect accuracy from solid cast ing. We buy and sell second hand engines, boilers, etc.

GORDON & DUBOSE,

BANKER,

COLUMBIANA ALA.

Conducts a general banking business on a safe, yet progressive policy.

Best of Facilities Offered to Customers.

Deposits received upon liberal terms. No pains spared to accommodate customers.

Your patronage solicited.

THE CHRONICLE



BOOK AND JOB OFFICE

Has one of the most complete plants in Alabama. We lead the procession when it comes to artistic work, and prices the very lowest.

I employ the best printers, keep the best stock and ask the city firms no odds, as my expenses are far less than theirs and I give my customers the benefit of the difference in low prices.

Samples of Work and Estimates Gladly Furnished.

Let me quote you prices on any class of work you need. I make a specialty of pamphlet and book work.

Correspondence invited. Address

C. C. DuBOSE, Prop'r.

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver
Neuralgia, Troubles,
Constipation, Bad Blood
Malaria, Nervous ailments
Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

THE CHRONICLE

C. C. DuBOISE, Editor and Proprietor.

COLUMBIANA, DEC. 26, 1895.

The republican national convention will be held at St. Louis June 10.

The Greenville Living Truth says that it is "a foregone conclusion" that Philander Morgan will be the populist nominee for governor next year.

Of the republican national committee 11 favor Reed for president, 10 favor McKinley, 9 favor Allison, 4 Cameron, 3 Morton and the rest, 9, scattering.

The Hartford Courant summarizes the opinions of the southern democratic newspapers upon the president's message and draws the conclusion that might have been drawn in advance, namely: "It comes to this, then, that Mr. Cleveland's revised financial programme commends itself to the southern democratic journals believing in a sound currency, and is angrily rejected by the southern democratic journals suffering from the free silver hallucination—which was to be looked for."

Within a short time the old home of Jefferson Davis in Richmond, Va., will be thrown open to the public as a Confederate museum. The "White House of the Confederacy," as it has been called, has been the property of the city for many years, and has recently been used as a school house. A room in the house will be assigned to each of the states that succeeded for a collection of relics, and the first response is from Georgia, which sends the cape, gauntlets and sword of General Lee, among other things.

A LAND GRANT ASKED FOR THE GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

A special to the State-Herald from Montgomery dated December 16, says: Governor Oates has, at the suggestion of the board of trustees of the White Girls' Industrial school, directed a letter to each of the Alabama senators and to all of the congressmen from this state, asking that they use their efforts to secure from congress a land grant as an endowment for the institution. The governor reminds them that the state appropriation is only \$15,000, which is not near sufficient to sustain the school, and he begs them to do all in their power to urge congress to act in the matter. The governor also calls their attention to the fact that the negroes have three flourishing industrial schools in the state, and the white people have, excepting the institution in question, not one. It is earnestly hoped here that the school will be handsomely endowed by congress, and that it will be made one of the foremost educational institutions of the state.

SIMPLE BUT WEIGHTY.

From the Union Springs Herald.

Two of our prominent citizens met near the postoffice one day last week, and were soon engaged in a discussion of the silver and gold questions, one favoring free silver and the other wanting nothing but sound money. The former seemed not to understand how the free silver and unlimited coinage of silver would depreciate the silver dollars at the 16 to 1 ratio, whereupon the other presented the simplest yet most forcible argument against free silver.

Taking the premises that a little scrap of paper has but little intrinsic value and that the amount of silver in a dollar is not worth its face value only by the indorsement of the government, the latter person asked the other to name the "meanest nigger" on his place.

"Now," said he, "if you endorse that negro's note for ten dollars, I'll cash it. If you endorse it for one hundred dollars, I'll cash it. You might go on

endoring it, I might cash it, but when you endorse that negro's note for fifteen thousand, or more, I wouldn't touch it, because you would simply endorse yourself beyond your means. It's the same with the government endorsing silver to a face value above its worth, and under present conditions the government is not proof against endorsing itself out."

Of course, you have all heard this argument before, but it will bear repetition, and is well worth anyone's time to consider it thoroughly. Consider, also, what the condition of the government would be when it endorsed itself beyond its means, and also consider what the dollars would be under such an event.

WHAT IT COSTS TO BE GOVERNED.

W. E. Earle's Washington Letter in Chicago Record.

According to Secretary Carlisle's calculations it will cost \$418,091,073.17 to run this government during the next fiscal year. The appropriations for the present year made by the last congress amount to \$412,752,264.81.

The president of the United States and his staff cost \$93,200 a year; congress is a luxury for which we pay \$7,958,817; our consular and diplomatic service, including the support of the state department, will require \$1,888,278; it costs \$24,526,968 to support the army and \$25,583,675 the navy; we pay \$8,750,453 to the Indians; the postal service costs \$150,000 less; the federal courts last year cost \$3,549,000, but the largest item of expense is the pensions we pay our old soldiers. They amounted last year to \$141,381,570, and \$3,000 more is asked for the next fiscal year. This money is distributed through a number of agencies and divided pretty evenly among the Northern states. Although the older states send larger quotas to the war, the general movement of immigration to the West has carried the old soldiers and their widows with it, so that they have become distributed over the North and West. Massachusetts has a smaller pension roll than Kansas, although she furnished more than 150,000 soldiers for the union army and Kansas less than 20,000; 20 per cent. of the population of Kansas enlisted and less than 10 per cent. of the population of Massachusetts.

Ohio gets the largest share of pension money, although Pennsylvania furnished more troops to the union army. There was distributed last year at the Columbus agency \$15,496,856. Pennsylvania got the next largest amount. There was disbursed at the agencies in Philadelphia and Pittsburgh last year \$14,594,624. A larger amount was disbursed at Topeka, Kan., but it was distributed among the veterans living in Missouri, Kansas, Colorado, New Mexico, Oklahoma and Indian Territory—\$14,948,887. The old soldiers in New York got \$13,799,710.

A larger amount of pensions is paid in Indiana than in Illinois, although the Illinois agency pays all the navy pensioners in the northwest. The total paid out in Chicago last year was \$10,792,514, while the Indianapolis agency disbursed \$10,922,860. Washington comes next, disbursing \$9,207,200 in New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia and the south Atlantic states. All pensioners residing abroad are also paid from the Washington agency. Iowa and Nebraska got \$8,362,895, while the Milwaukee agency divided \$7,647,587 among the pensioners of Wisconsin, Minnesota and the Dakotas. The old soldiers of the union army living south of the Ohio river and west of the Blue Ridge mountains are paid at Knoxville, Tenn., where \$7,374,226 was disbursed. The Boston agency paid out \$7,437,835 in Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut. Michigan soldiers got \$7,022,796. In Maine alone \$3,009,545 was disbursed and \$3,053,708 was divided between New Hampshire and Vermont. On the Pacific coast \$3,065,686 was paid through the San Francisco agency.

There are now 970,524 persons on the pension rolls. Of these 3,826 are widows and twenty-one surviving soldiers of the war of 1812, 3,911 are widows and 3,012 are survivors of the Indian wars, 7,868 are widows and 12,536 are survivors of the Mexican war.

During the last year 39,186 names were added to the pension rolls and 42,411 were dropped.

The average annual value of each pension last year was \$133.99. Of the total amount appropriated for pensions \$601,304 was given as fees to examining surgeons, \$71,866 as salaries to pension agents, \$466,923 as clerk hire, \$22,402 for rent of pension agencies, \$177 for fuel, \$395 for lights and \$22,818 for contingent expenses. The amount paid in actual pensions on account of the army was \$136,093,263 and the navy \$3,650,980. Under the general law \$58,906,628 was paid to dependent invalids, \$18,111,504 to dependent widows, parents and children and \$79,220 to army nurses.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at Parker & Armstrong's Drug Store.

WANTED!

An intelligent lady to act as our agent for this county. Easy work. Big returns. Address Box 310 Montgomery, Alabama.

THE GOVERNORSHIP.

What the Papers Have to Say About It.

Captain Joe Johnston is already in the field as a candidate for the democratic nomination for governor, and challenges all comers to the contest. There is more involved than the mere election of a governor. It is a matter of principle, and they have made it a national issue. They have made war upon the national administration of their own party and base their claims for support upon the abuse and sneering criticism of President Grover Cleveland and those who endorse him. Captain Joe says that "all who agree with Cleveland should receive scourges upon their backs," etc. His success carries with it the election of a legislature who would choose Senator Pugh's successor. We wish it distinctly understood that we wish him remanded to private life. He has outlived his usefulness. It also involves the election of delegates to the national democratic convention. We want a delegation of sound money, Grover Cleveland democrats, who are in line with the great majority of their party on the money question. For these and other reasons, we accept the challenge of these disorganizers and malcontents, who seek to divide and betray their party, and will place in the field very soon a man who will represent us, and call upon the true democrats of the state to rally to his standard. Who shall it be?—Tuskegee Reporter.

PUT ASIDE THE EXTREMIST. Party harmony seems to be the desire of the great majority of democrats these days, and they are casting about to find a man who will best unite the factions of the party. When he is found he will be nominated and elected by an old-time majority. At the present writing, Capt. Joseph F. Johnston seems to be the most available man for the position. Notwithstanding the bitter fight, even now made against him, he has no words of censure for any one. He is minding his own affairs, abusing no one, censuring no one, but on the contrary acting in every way as becomes a man who desires party peace and harmony. Contrasted with this attitude we find the press opposed to him wildly beating the air, in a vain attempt to prove him unfit for the nomination, and also they are wildly beating the bushes, trying to scare up an opposition candidate, and, in short, doing many things to stir up strife and discord, and bring a bitter fight to light within the ranks of the party. Such actions alone show that the opposition is not properly a faction which will promote harmony. By all means let this factional strife be ended. Put aside the extremist and let the people get together upon a platform, broad and liberal, and without duplicity.—Uniontown Herald.

THE CAPTAIN CALLED. Some days ago we asked Captain Johnston to disclaim responsibility for the repudiation doctrines enunciated by his organ, the Birmingham State-Herald. The captain remained silent, perhaps through the mistaken notion that he should not turn his back upon a faithful, even though fatally indiscreet friend. The organ, however, has done the proper thing, for it now declares that it is no organ, but a plain, every-day newspaper that is able to differ with Captain Johnston, if need be, and is not to be considered the captain's mouthpiece. This must be a relief to the captain. No feeling of delicacy can longer be urged as excuse for his failure to answer our question. Does he or does he not support the doctrines that the State-Herald enunciated when it was his organ.—Mobile Register.

ANOTHER VIEW. Of course, if the anybody-to-beat Johnston clique can have their obdurate and reckless way, they will get some one to serve their purpose. Indications are now adverse to the candidacy of Hon. Richard H. Clarke; but they are cunning and full of that variety of blandishment that often times misleads the ambitious. Mr. Clarke's reputation as an astute politician, as well as a patriotic citizen, raises strong presumption against his victimization. But they are bent and determined upon a wrangle, and the question of who will lead their little faction is altogether secondary. They could not possibly win the nomination, but they could sow seeds of discord such as would multiply with great rapidity before next August shall have rolled around.—Huntsville Argus.

ONE-SIDED HARMONY. The free silver or Johnston organs are shouting themselves hoarse, says the Florence Gazette, for harmony in the democratic party, but somehow, they want it all their own way. They seem to think the sound money men have no rights that they should respect only on a Johnston platform. But they should remember that there are a whole lot of fellows that don't want to swallow Johnston and all free silver vagaries, and "dog-goned" if they are going to do it, that's all, until he is nominated by the convention. The sound money men propose to have their say when the time comes. This thing called "harmony" is all very well when mutual, but when it's all one-sided, like the Johnston platform, it don't go down very well.—Scottsboro Citizen.

WILL HE ALLOW IT? The captain, if we can comprehend at all his mouthpiece's latest utterance, is opposed to a platform setting our people by the ears. If this is so he can be nominated and elected and the party saved. The captain is a

patriot and this is his duty. But the Times can fly no free silver flag. The democratic party in this state cannot do it. Besides, in the face of the coming national platform, such a flag would be comical in the extreme and would subject us to all manner of ridicule. We don't care to be ridiculed and we don't care to follow a flag that would attract the attention of a lot of humorists all over the country. It ought to be Johnston and harmony, if the captain will allow it to be so.—Eufaula Times.

CLARKE MAY BE COMPELLED. The sound money papers of the state have, almost as a unit, appealed to Hon. R. H. Clarke to enter the race for the gubernatorial nomination, and it looks as if circumstances will compel Mr. Clarke to relinquish for the time his senatorial aspirations. He, like the true democrat that he is, has announced that, while he hopes the change will not be forced upon him, yet he holds himself subject to the orders of his party.—Daphne Breeze.

STRICTLY A SILVER VIEW. The duty of the party in Alabama next year is very plain. It is to nominate Johnston and adopt a free silver platform. Then there will be a reasonable hope of success. Let the party in Alabama follow the example of the democracy of Mississippi, the only state carried by the democrats in the November elections and win. Let the party follow the example of the party in Kentucky, Maryland, Ohio and other states and it will lose.—Montgomery Journal.

A NERVE SPECIMEN. The greatest specimen of nerve exhibited of late is the request of Johnston men for harmony. They madly assert that the majority of the party should accede to their wishes for the sake of peace. We had plenty of harmony before they started their crusade against the administration, and we will have it after they are buried under the avalanche of public opinion.—Clanton View.

IT'S ALL OVER. The democracy has decided that Captain Johnston should have the nomination, and that same democracy is going to give it to him.—Russell Register. If this is true, we move that the party pass a vote of thanks to the Russell Register, editors to 1895 and save campaign expenses.—Mobile Register.

OF SILVER PROCLIVITIES. Captain Joe Johnston is solid with the people and grows in favor daily. He has the advantage of any man who has gubernatorial aspirations from the fact that he stands on a platform broad enough and liberal enough to accommodate all the people.—Tusculum North Alabamian.

VERY TOUCHING. The efforts of the State Herald to keep everybody off the gubernatorial track but Johnston are decidedly amusing, and its solicitude lest some good man should enter into the race and be sorry for it is very touching indeed.—Montgomery News.

ONE OF EACH KIND. Joe Johnston for governor, W. C. Oates for United States senator would be a team no one need dread but the ward politicians. It would most certainly please the people at large.—Prattville Progress.

BUT WILL HE DO IT? Mr. Johnston has it within his power to allay dissension and combine the party on healthy state issues—but will he do it?—Daphne Gulf Breeze.

Whisky and Pistols. From the Clarke County Democrat. If every man in Alabama would keep sober and carry no deadly weapons during the next three weeks there would be a great improvement in the moral record of murders and many less serious crimes prevented. If a man knew that a bottle of whisky and a pistol would make him a murderer, and probably without provocation, he would shudder at the sight of either, but lives will be taken during these weeks and pistols and whisky will be the cause. Either is bad, but the two taken together may well be compared with the pestilence that walketh in darkness and the destruction that wasteth at noonday. How glad and how thankful would be the editor of this paper to believe that he had influenced some one to discontinue the use of intoxicating liquors and the carrying of deadly weapons, and in this way had probably prevented the shedding of innocent blood and saved the tears and anguish of mothers and wives and daughters and sisters.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment Is a certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Granulated Eye Lids, Sore Nipples, Piles, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum and Scald Head, 25 cents per box. For sale by druggists.

TO HOUSE OWNERS. For putting a house in a healthy condition try Dr. C. C. Clark's Condition Powder. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, restore insatiable, correct kidney disorder and a dry worms, giving new life to an old or over-worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists.

PARKER & ARMSTRONG

Notice No. 16,717. Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Montgomery, Ala., on January 14th, 1896, viz: John O. Thomas, Homestead entry No. 22,256, for the 32 1/2 acres of section 24, tp. 20 south of range 2 west. He claims the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: James S. Forrell, Arthur S. Blanton, John C. Blanton, John W. Miner, of Pelham, Ala.; John W. Miner, of Pelham, Ala.; H. PERCELL, Register.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know

that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Fitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Fitcher and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fitcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE RACKET STORE.

THE BEST EFFORTS OF A RELIABLE STORE ARE BEFORE YOU WHEN YOU READ THIS AD.

If they do not appear as tempting as some other ads. in this paper, perhaps it is because we're a little more conscientious about what we say. You can take our goods all around to as many stores as you choose. If you can match them in

QUALITY AND PRICE.

You have the privilege to return them and have your money refunded.

Every article in our house is new. The price on every article is positively lower than the lowest.

Men's Overcoats, worth	\$ 9.00	our price	\$5.00
" " " "	11.00	"	6.00
" " " "	12.50	"	8.00
" " " "	15.00	"	9.00
Boys' " " " "	from	1.25	up

Our men's suits are too numerous to mention all the prices, but we will mention a few.

Men's suits, worth	\$ 5.00,	our price	\$ 3.00
" " " "	7.00,	"	4.00
" " " "	10.00,	"	7.00
" " " "	12.50,	"	9.00
" " " "	15.00,	"	10.00

Before selecting a suit elsewhere you want to do yourself justice and look at our fine line of Prince Alberts and Cutaway suits we are selling at \$12.50. For pants we are headquarters; from 50c up to \$4—28 different styles to select from. If you need anything in Boys' Clothing don't fail to call and examine our stock. We can suit you in sizes, quality and price.

Just received 14 cases of underwear straight from the manufacturers. If you need anything in this line it will be to your benefit to call and examine our stock. In Overshirts, Hats and Shoes we can't be beat, as we have all the makes, styles and prices to suit you. Our line of Dress Goods is complete in every respect, and compare with any first-class dry goods house.

In addition to our low prices, we give to every customer who buys \$40.00 worth of goods by January 1, 1896, 1 set chairs valued at \$6.00. Trade with us; it has paid others, and will pay you.

Yours for Low Prices,
J. A. HERZFELD & CO., PROPS.,
SYLACAUGA, ALABAMA.

"HOT SHOTS,"

BY
SAM JONES.

You Laugh and Cry When You Read This Great Book.

OVER THREE HUNDRED PAGES.

Superbly illustrated and bound in the most elegant English cloth.

DOLLARS FOR WORKERS.

This grand book is now out and will only be sold by Agents.

A WONDERFUL OFFER.

Any responsible man or woman sending us only ONE DOLLAR will receive by return mail POSTPAID a complete Agent's outfit, consisting of a full and complete copy of this noble book.

ORDER NOW

and get your territory or some one else will be ahead of you, and to miss selling this book means the loss of a big salary for the next year.

We pay the very best commissions. Order today.

ADDRESS

SOUTHWESTERN PUBLISHING HOUSE,

NO. 203 N. COLLEGE ST., - - - NASHVILLE, TENN.

STAND

By Those Who Stand by

YOU!

We have now completed arrangements for a sale of Popular Goods at prices which will make us

THE FRIEND OF

Every economical buyer.

We keep the best qualities and assortment in

DRY GOODS,

Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Hats, Caps, Gent's Furnishing, Laces and Embroideries.

SEE THE STOCK!

Cash bought it—

LOW PRICES WILL SELL IT

Our specialty—To please our customers. Our aim—To save money for our patrons. Our intention—To do better by you than any one else.

Stand up and tell us, if you can, where goods can be bought cheaper, for none are allowed to undersell

S. STARK,
SHELBY - - ALA.
TWO FOR ONE!

That is what is offered for

\$1.00 A YEAR

You can get the Montgomery Semi-Weekly

ADVERTISER

An eight-page paper issued twice a week, all the year round. No paper as complete and interesting for an Alabamian can be had in all the land at any price. It is full of instructive and entertaining matter for the

Farm, Fireside and Store.

Probate Notice.

State of Alabama, Shelby County.

Probate Court, 5th day of November, 1895.

Estate of W. R. Singleton, Deceased.

This day came John Russell, administrator de bonis non of the estate of W. R. Singleton, deceased, and filed his account, vouchers, evidence and statement for a final settlement of the same.

It is ordered that the 23th day of November, 1895, be appointed a day for making such settlement, at which time all parties in interest can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

D. R. McMillan,

Judge of Probate.

nov-7-3

Scientific American Agency for
PATENTS
CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.
For information and free Handbook write to
JUNES & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.
Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the
Scientific American
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year; \$1.50 six months. Address, JUNES & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

HAVE YOU READ THE * TIMES

PHILADELPHIA

THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and the prosperity of the country. It knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family newspaper.

THE TIMES aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent to any one sending their address.

TERMS: DAILY, \$3.00 per annum; \$1.00 for four months; 50 cents per month. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages—108 columns, elegantly illustrated, 12.00 per annum; 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, \$5.00 per annum; 50 cents per month. WEEKLY EDITION, 50 cents per copy.

Address all letters to
THE TIMES,
PHILADELPHIA



LIBRARY
ALABAMA COLLEGE
MONTEVALLO

